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CONTRIBUTION

From: To:	General Secretariat of the Council Working Party on Energy
Subject:	FI comments on EMD (ST 8106/23)

Delegations will find in the annex the FI comments on EMD (ST 8106/23).

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
2023/0077 (COD)		
Proposal for a		
REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN		
PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL		
amending Regulations (EU) 2019/943 and (EU)		
2019/942 as well as Directives (EU) 2018/2001		
and (EU) 2019/944 to improve the Union's		
electricity market design		
(Text with EEA relevance)		
THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE		
COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,		
Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning		
of the European Union, and in particular Article		
194(2) thereof,		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
Having regard to the proposal from the		
European Commission,		
After transmission of the draft legislative act to		
the national parliaments,		
Having regard to the opinion of the European		
Economic and Social Committee,		
Having regard to the opinion of the Committee		
of the Regions,		
Acting in accordance with the ordinary		
legislative procedure,		
Whereas:		
(1) Very high prices and volatility in		
electricity markets have been observed since		
September 2021. As set out by the European		

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Agency for the Cooperation of Energy		
Regulators ('ACER') in its April 2022		
assessment of EU wholesale electricity market		
design ¹ , this is mainly a consequence of the high		
price of gas, which is used as an input to		
generate electricity.		
(2) The escalation of the Russian military		
aggression against Ukraine, a Contracting Party		
of the Energy Community, and related		
international sanctions since February 2022		
have disrupted global energy markets,		
exacerbated the problem of high gas prices, and		
have had significant knock-on impacts on		
electricity prices. The Russian invasion of		
Ukraine has also caused uncertainty on the		
supply of other commodities, such as hard coal		
and crude oil, used by power-generating		

European Union Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators, ACER's Final Assessment of the EU Wholesale Electricity Market Design, April 2022.

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installations. This has resulted in substantial		
additional increases in the volatility of price		
levels of electricity.		
(3) In response to this situation, the		
Communication on Energy Prices presented by		
the Commission in October 2021 contained a		
toolbox of measures that the EU and its Member		
States may use to address the immediate impact		
of high energy prices on households and		
businesses (including income support, tax		
breaks, gas savings and storage measures) and		
to strengthen resilience against future price		
shocks. In its Communication of 8 March 2022		
entitled 'REPowerEU: Joint European Action		
for more affordable, secure and sustainable		
energy'1 the Commission outlined a series of		
additional measures to strengthen the toolbox		

Communication from the Commission to the European Parliament, the European Council, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions - REPowerEU: Joint European Action for more affordable, secure and sustainable energy, COM/2022/108 final

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and to respond to rising energy prices. On 23		
March 2022, the Commission also established a		
temporary State Aid regime to allow certain		
subsidies to soften the impact of high energy		
prices.1		
(4) On 18 May 2022 the Commission		
presented the REPowerEU plan² that introduced		
additional measures focusing on energy savings,		
diversification of energy supplies and		
accelerated roll-out of renewable energy aiming		
at ending the Union's dependency on Russian		
fossil fuels, including a proposal to increase the		
Union's 2030 target for renewables to 45%.		
Furthermore, the Communication on Short-		
Term Energy Market Interventions and Long-		

Communication from the Commission Temporary Crisis Framework for State Aid measures to support the economy following the aggression against Ukraine by Russia C 131 I/01, C/2022/1890.

² Communication from the Commission to the European Parliament, the European Council, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions - REPowerEU Plan, COM(2022)230.

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
Term Improvements to the Electricity Market		
Design ¹ , in addition to setting out additional		
short-term measures to tackle high energy prices		
identified potential areas for improving the		
electricity market design and announced the		
intention to assess these areas with a view to		
change the legislative framework.		
(5) To address urgently the price crisis and		
security concerns and to tackle the price hikes		
for citizens, and based on a series of		
Commission proposals, the Union adopted a		
strong gas storage regime ² , effective demand		
reduction measures for gas and electricity ³ ,		

Communication from the Commission to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions - Short-Term Energy Market Interventions and Long Term Improvements to the Electricity Market Design – a course for action, COM(2022) 236 final.

Regulation (EU) 2022/1032 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 June 2022 amending Regulations (EU) 2017/1938 and (EC) No 715/2009 with regard to gas storage (Text with EEA relevance), OJ L 173

Council Regulation (EU) 2022/1369 of 5 August 2022 on coordinated demand-reduction measures for gas, OJ L 206 and Council Regulation (EU) 2022/1854 of 6 October 2022 on an emergency intervention to address high energy prices, OJ L 261

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Deadline: 28 April 2023

Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
price limiting regimes to avoid windfall profits		
in both gas and electricity markets ¹ and		
measures to accelerate the permit-granting		
procedures for renewable energy installations ² .		
(6) A well-integrated market which builds		
on the Clean Energy for all Europeans Package		
adopted in 2018 and 2019 ³ should allow the		
Union to reap the economic benefits of a single		
energy market in normal market circumstances,		
ensuring security of supply and sustaining the		
decarbonisation process. Cross-border		

Council Regulation (EU) 2022/1854 of 6 October 2022 on an emergency intervention to address high energy prices, OJ L 261.

² Council Regulation (EU) 2022/2577 of 22 December 2022 laying down a framework to accelerate the deployment of renewable energy, OJ L 335, 29.12.2022.

Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2018 on the Governance of the Energy Union and Climate Action, OJ L 328, 21.12.2018, p. 1; Directive (EU) 2018/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2018 on the promotion of the use of energy from renewable sources (recast), OJ L 328, 21.12.2018, p. 82; Directive (EU) 2018/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2018 amending Directive 2012/27/EU on energy efficiency, OJ L 328, 21.12.2018, p. 210; Regulation (EU) 2019/942 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 June 2019 establishing a European Union Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators (recast), OJ L 158, 14.6.2019, p. 22; Regulation (EU) 2019/943 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 June 2019 on the internal market for electricity (recast), OJ L 158, 14.6.2019, p. 54; Directive (EU) 2019/944 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 June 2019 on common rules for the internal market for electricity (recast), OJ L 158, 14.6.2019, p. 125.

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
interconnectivity also ensures safer, more		
reliable and efficient operation of the power		
system.		
(7) The current electricity market design has		
also helped the emergence of new and		
innovative products, services and measures on		
retail electricity markets, supporting energy		
efficiency and renewable energy uptake and		
enhancing choice so as to help consumers		
reduce their energy bills also through small-		
scale generation installations and emerging		
services for providing demand response.		
Building on and seizing the potential of the		
digitalisation of the energy system, such as		
active participation by consumers, should be a		
key element of our future electricity markets		
and systems. At the same time, there is a need to		
respect consumer choices and allow consumers		
to benefit from a variety of contract offers.		

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(8) In the context of the energy crisis, the		
current electricity market design has however		
also revealed a number of important		
shortcomings linked to the impact of high and		
volatile fossil fuel prices on short-term		
electricity markets, which expose households		
and companies to significant price spikes with		
effects on their electricity bills.		
(9) A faster deployment of renewable		
energy and clean flexible technologies		
constitutes the most sustainable and cost-		
effective way of structurally reducing the		
demand for fossil fuels for electricity generation		
and for direct consumption through		
electrification and energy system integration.		
Thanks to their low operational costs, renewable		
sources can positively impact electricity prices		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
across the Union and reduce direct consumption		
of fossil fuels.		
(10) The changes to the electricity market		
design should ensure that the benefits from		
rising renewable power deployment, and the		
energy transition as a whole, are brought to		
consumers, including the most vulnerable ones,		
and ultimately, shield them from energy crises		
and avoid more households falling into energy		
poverty trap. These should mitigate the impact		
of high fossil fuel prices, notably that of gas, on		
electricity prices, aiming to allow households		
and companies to reap the benefits of affordable		
and secure energy from sustainable renewable		
and low carbon sources in the longer term.		
(11) The reform of the electricity market		
design should benefit not just household		
consumers but also the competitiveness of the		

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Union's industries by facilitating their		
possibilities to make the clean tech investments		
they require to meet their net zero transition		
paths. The energy transition in the Union needs		
to be supported by a strong clean technology		
manufacturing basis. These reforms will support		
the affordable electrification of industry and the		
Union's position as a global leader in terms of		
research and innovation in clean energy		
technologies.		
(12) Well-functioning and efficient short-		
term markets are a key tool for the integration of		
renewable energy and flexibility sources in the		
market and facilitate energy system integration		
in a cost-effective manner.		
(13) Intraday markets are particularly		
important for the integration of variable		
renewable energy sources in the electricity		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
system at the least cost as they give the		
possibility to market participants to trade		
shortages or surplus of electricity closer to the		
time of delivery. Since variable renewable		
energy generators are only able to accurately		
estimate their production close to the delivery		
time, it is crucial for them to have a maximum		
of trading opportunities via access to a liquid		
market as close as possible to the time of		
delivery of the electricity.		
(14) It is therefore important for the intraday		
markets to adapt to the participation of variable		
renewable energy technologies such as solar and		
wind as well as to the participation of demand		
side response and energy storage. The liquidity		
of the intraday markets should be improved with		
the sharing of the order books between market		
operators within a bidding zone, also when the		
cross-zonal capacities are set to zero or after the		

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gate closure time of the intraday market.		
Furthermore, the gate closure time of the		
intraday market should be set closer to the time		
of delivery to maximize the opportunities for		
market participants to trade shortages and		
surplus of electricity and contribute to better		
integrating variable renewables in the electricity		
system.		
(15) In addition, the short-term electricity		
markets should ensure that small-scale		
flexibility service providers can participate by		
lowering the minimum bid size.		
(16) To ensure the efficient integration of		
electricity generated from variable renewable		
energy sources and to reduce the need for fossil-		
fuel based electricity generation in times when		
there is high demand for electricity combined		
with low levels of electricity generation from		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
variable renewable energy sources, it should be		
possible for transmission system operators to		
design a peak shaving product enabling demand		
response to contribute to decreasing peaks of		
consumption in the electricity system at specific		
hours of the day. In addition, the peak shaving		
product should contribute to ensuring		
security of supply. The peak shaving product		
should contribute to maximize the integration of		
electricity produced from renewable sources		
into the system by shifting the electricity		
consumption to moments of the day with higher		
renewable electricity generation. As the peak		
shaving product aims to reduce and shift the		
electricity consumption, the scope of this		
product should be limited to demand-side		
response. The procurement of the peak shaving		
product should take place on a short notice so		
as to avoid booking demand response		
capacities that could otherwise participate in		

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wholesale electricity markets in normal		
conditions. Its activation should be limited in		
time to limit distortive effects on the		
electricity market. The procurement of the		
peak shaving product should in particular		
avoid any impact on the day-ahead price, and		
its activation should in such a way that it does		
not overlap with the activation of balancing		
products which aim at maintaining the		
frequency of the electricity system stable. In		
order to verify volumes of activated demand		
reduction, the transmission system operator		
should use a baseline reflecting the expected		
electricity consumption without the activation of		
the peak shaving product.		
(17) In order to be able to actively participate		
in the electricity markets and to provide their		
flexibility, consumers are progressively		
equipped with smart metering systems.		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
However, in a number of Member States the		
roll-out of smart metering systems is still slow.		
In those instances where smart metering systems		
are not yet installed and in instances where		
smart metering systems do not provide for the		
sufficient level of data granularity, transmission		
and distribution system operators should be able		
to use data from dedicated		
measurementmetering devices for the		
observability and settlement of flexibility		
services such as demand response and energy		
storage. Enabling the use of data from dedicated		
measurementmetering devices for observability		
and settlement should facilitate the active		
participation of the consumers in the market and		
the development of their demand response. The		
use of data from these dedicated		
measurementmetering devices should be		
accompanied by quality requirements relating to		
the data.		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(10) (71) D. 10: (11) 1. (1.1)		
(18) This Regulation establishes a legal basis		
for processing of personal data in compliance		~ * //
with Article 6(1)(c) GDPR. Member States		
should ensure that all personal data protection		
principles and obligations laid down in the		
GDPR are met, including on data minimisation.		
Where the objective of this Directive can be		
achieved without processing of personal data,		
providers should rely on anonymised and		
aggregated data.		
(19) Consumers and suppliers need effective		
and efficient forward markets to cover their		
long-term price exposure and decrease the		
dependence on short-term prices. To ensure that		
energy customers all over the EU can fully		
benefit from the advantages of integrated		
electricity markets and competition across the		
Union, the functioning of the Union's electricity		

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	Drutting Suggestions	Comments
forward market should be improved via the		
establishment of regional virtual hubs with a		
view to overcome the existing market		
fragmentation and the low liquidity experienced		
in many bidding zones. Regional virtual hubs		
should cover multiple bidding zones while		
ensuring an adequate price correlation. Some		
bidding zones may not be covered by a virtual		
hub in terms of contributing to the hub reference		
price. However, market participants from these		
bidding zones should still be able to hedge		
through a hub.		
(20) Virtual hubs should reflect the		
aggregated price of multiple bidding zones and		
provide a reference price, which should be used		
by market operators to offer forward hedging		
products. To that extent, virtual hubs should not		
be understood as entities arranging or executing		
transactions. The regional virtual hubs, by		

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providing a reference price index, should enable		
the pooling of liquidity and provide better		
hedging opportunities to market participants.		
(21) To enhance the possibilities of market		
participants for hedging, the role of the single		
allocation platform established in accordance		
with Commission Regulation (EU) 2016/1719		
should be expanded. The single allocation		
platform should offer trading of financial long-		
term transmission rights between the different		
bidding zones and the regional virtual hubs. The		
orders submitted by market participants for		
financial transmission rights shall be matched		
by a simultaneous allocation of long term cross		
zonal capacity. Such matching and allocation		
should be performed on a regular basis, to		
ensure enough liquidity and, hence, efficient		
hedging possibilities to market participants. The		
long-term transmission rights should be issued		

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with frequent maturities (ranging from month		
ahead to at least three years ahead), in order to		
be aligned with the typical hedging time horizon		
of market participants. The single allocation		
platform should be subject to monitoring and		
enforcement to ensure that it performs its tasks		
properly.		
(22) Network tariffs should incentivise		
transmission and distribution system operators		
to use flexibility services through further		
developing innovative solutions to optimise the		
existing grid and to procure flexibility services,		
in particular demand response or storage. For		
this purpose, network tariffs should be designed		
so as to take into account the operational and		
capital expenditures of system operators or an		
efficient combination of both so that they can		
operate the electricity system cost-efficiently.		
This would further contribute to integrating		

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renewables at the least cost for the electricity		
system and enable final customers to value their		
flexibility solutions.		
(23) Offshore renewable energy sources, such		
as offshore wind, ocean energy and floating		
photovoltaic, will play an instrumental role in		
building a power system largely based on		
renewables and in ensuring climate neutrality by		
2050. There are, however, substantial obstacles		
to their wider and efficient deployment		
preventing the massive scale up needed to		
achieve those objectives. Similar obstacles		
could arise for other offshore technologies in the		
future. These obstacles include investment risks		
associated with the unique topographical		
situation of offshore hybrid projects connected		
to more than one market. In order to reduce		
investment risk for these offshore project		
developers and to ensure that the projects in an		

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offshore bidding zone have full market access to		
the surrounding markets, transmission system		
operators should guarantee access of the		
offshore project to the capacity of the respective		
hybrid interconnector for all market time units.		
If the available transmission capacities are		
reduced to the extent that the full amount of		
electricity generation that the offshore project		
would have otherwise been able to export		
cannot be delivered to the market, the		
transmission system operator or operators		
responsible for the need to limit the capacity		
should, in future, be enabled to compensate the		
offshore project operator commensurately using		
congestion income. This compensation should		
only be related to the production capability		
available to the market, which may be weather		
dependent and excludes the outage and		
maintenance operations of the offshore project.		
The details, including the conditions under		

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which the measure may expire, are intended to		
be defined in an implementing Regulation.		
(24) In the day-ahead wholesale market, the		
power plants with lower marginal costs are		
dispatched first, but the price received by all		
market participants is set by the last plant		
needed to cover the demand, which is the plant		
with the highest marginal costs, when the		
markets clear. In this context, the energy crisis		
has shown that a surge in the price of gas and		
hard coal can translate into exceptional and		
lasting increases of the prices at which the gas		
and coal-fired generation facilities bid in the		
day-ahead wholesale market. That in turn has		
led to exceptionally high prices in the day-ahead		
market across the Union, as gas and coal-fired		
generation facilities are often the plants with the		
highest marginal costs needed to meet the		
demand for electricity.		

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(25) Given the role of the price in the day-		
ahead market as a reference for the price in		-
other wholesale electricity markets, and the fact		
that all market participants receive the clearing		
price, the technologies with significantly lower		
marginal costs have consistently recorded high		
revenues.		
(26) To reach the Union's decarbonisation		
targets and the objectives set out in REPowerEU		
to become more energy independent, the Union		
needs to accelerate the deployment of		
renewables at a much faster pace. In view of the		
investment needs required to achieve these		
goals, the market should ensure that a long-term		
price signal is established.		
(27) In this framework, Member States		
should strive to create the right market		

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Drafting Suggestions	Comments
	Drafting Suggestions

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(28) According to Article 15(8) of Directive		
(EU) 2018/2001 of the European Parliament and		
of the Council, Member States are to assess the		
regulatory and administrative barriers to long-		
term renewables PPAs, and shall remove		
unjustified barriers to, and promote the uptake		
of, such agreements. In addition, Member States		
are to describe policies and measures facilitating		
the uptake of renewables PPAs in their		
integrated national energy and climate plans.		
Without prejudice to that obligation to report on		
the regulatory context affecting the PPA market,		
Member States should ensure that instruments to		
reduce the financial risks associated to the buyer		
defaulting on its long-term payment obligations		
in the framework of PPAs are accessible to		
companies that face entry barriers to the PPA		
market and are not in financial difficulty in line		
with Articles 107 and 108 TFEU. Member		
States could decide to set up a guarantee scheme		

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at market prices. Member States should include		
provisions to avoid lowering the liquidity in the		
electricity markets, such as by using financial		
PPAs. Member States should not provide		
support to PPAs that purchase generation from		
fossil fuels. While the default approach should		
be non-discrimination between consumers,		
Member States could decide to target these		
instruments to specific categories of consumers,		
applying objective and non-discriminatory		
criteria. In this framework, Member States		
should take into account the potential role of		
instruments provided at Union level, for		
instance by the European Investment Bank		
('EIB').		
(29) Member States have at their disposal		
several instruments to support the development		
of PPA markets when designing and allocating		
public support. Allowing renewable energy		

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project developers participating in a public		
support tender to reserve a share of the		
generation for sale through a PPA would		
contribute to nurture and grow PPA markets. In		
addition, as part of these tender evaluation		
Member States should endeavour to apply		
criteria to incentivise the access to the PPA		
market for actors that face entry barriers, such		
as small and medium-sized enterprises		
('SMEs'), giving preference to bidders		
presenting a commitment to sign a PPA for part		
of the project's generation from one or several		
potential buyers that face difficulties to access		
the PPA market.		
(30) Where Member States decide to support		
publicly financed new investments ("direct price		
support schemes") in low carbon, non-fossil fuel		
electricity generation to achieve the Union's		
decarbonisation objectives, those schemes		

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should be structured by way of two-way		
contracts for difference such as to include, in		
addition to a revenue guarantee, an upward		
limitation of the market revenues of the		
generation assets concerned. New investments		
for the generation of electricity should include		
investments in new power generating facilities,		
investments aimed at repowering existing power		
generating facilities, investments aimed at		
extending existing power generating facilities or		
at prolonging their lifetime.		
(31) Such two-way contracts for difference		
would ensure that revenues of producers		
stemming from new investments in electricity		
generation which benefit from public support		
become more independent from the volatile		
prices of fossil fuels-based generation which		
typically sets the price in the day-ahead market.		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(32) However, to the extent that the		
limitation to set out direct price support schemes		
in the form of two-way contracts for difference		
narrows down the types of direct price support		
schemes that Member States can adopt as		
regards renewable energy sources, it should be		
limited to low carbon, non-fossil fuel		
technologies, with low and stable operational		
costs and to technologies which typically do not		
provide flexibility to the electricity system,		
while excluding technologies that are at early		
stages of their market deployment. This is		
necessary to ensure that the economic viability		
of generation technologies with high marginal		
costs is not jeopardised and to maintain the		
incentives of the technologies which can offer		
flexibility to the electricity system to bid in the		
electricity market based on their opportunity		
costs. In addition, the limitation to set out direct		
price support schemes in the form of two-way		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
contracts for difference should not apply to		
emerging technologies for which other types of		
direct price support schemes may be better		
placed to incentivise their uptake. The limitation		
should be without prejudice to the possible		
exemption for small-scale installations and		
demonstration projects pursuant to Article 4 (3)		
of (EU) 2018/2001 of the European Parliament		
and of the Council and consider the specificities		
of renewable energy communities in accordance		
with Article 22 (7) of that Directive.		
(33) In view of the need to provide regulatory		
certainty of producers, the obligation for		
Member States to apply direct price support		
schemes for the production of electricity in the		
form of two-way contracts for difference should		
apply only to new investments for the		
generation of electricity from the sources		
specified in the recital above.		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(34) Thanks to the upward limitation of the		
market revenues direct price support schemes in		
the form of two-way contracts for difference		
should provide an additional source of revenues		
for Member States in periods of high energy		
prices. To further mitigate the impact of high		
electricity prices on the energy bills of		
consumers, Member States should ensure that		
the revenues collected from producers subject to		
direct price support schemes in the form of two-		
way contracts for difference are passed on to all		
final electricity customers, including		
households, SMEs and industrial consumers,		
based on their consumption. The redistribution		
of revenues should be done in a way that		
ensures that consumers are still to some extent		
exposed to the price signal, so that they reduce		
their consumption when the prices are high, or		
shift it to periods of lower prices (which are		

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Presidency compromise text		
	Druring suggestions	Comments
typically periods with a higher share of RES		
production). Member States should ensure that		
the level playing-field and competition between		- 1//
the different suppliers is not affected by the		
redistribution of revenues to the final electricity		
consumers.		
(25) F d M 1 G 4 1 11		
(35) Furthermore, Member States should		
ensure that the direct price support schemes,		
irrespective of their form, do not undermine the		
efficient, competitive and liquid functioning of		
the electricity markets, preserving the incentives		
of producers to react to market signals,		
including stop generating when electricity prices		
are below their operational costs, and of final		
customers to reduce consumption when		
electricity prices are high. Member States		
should ensure that support schemes do not		
constitute a barrier for the development of		
commercial contracts such as PPAs.		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(36) Thus, two-way contracts for difference		
and power purchase agreements play		
complementary roles in advancing the energy		
transition and bringing the benefits of		
renewables and low carbon energy to		
consumers. Subject to the requirements set out		
in the present Regulation, Member States should		
be free to decide which instruments they use to		
achieve their decarbonisation objectives.		
Through PPAs, private investors contribute to		
additional renewable and low carbon energy		
deployment while locking low and stable		
electricity prices over the long-term. Likewise,		
through two-way contracts for difference, the		
same objective is achieved by public entities on		
behalf of consumers. Both instruments are		
necessary to achieve the Union's		
decarbonisation targets through renewable and		
low carbon energy deployment, while bringing		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
forward the benefits of low-cost electricity		
generation for consumers.		
(37) The accelerated deployment of		
renewables necessitates a growing availability		
of flexibility solutions to ensure their integration		
to the grid and to enable the electricity system		
and grid to adjust to the variability of electricity		
generation and consumption across different		
time horizons. Regulatory authorities should		
periodically assess the need for flexibility in the		
electricity system based on the input of		
transmission and distribution system operators.		
The assessment of the flexibility needs of the		
electricity system should take into account all		
existing and planned investments (including		
existing assets that are not yet connected to the		
grid) on sources of flexibility such as flexible		
electricity generation, interconnectors, demand		
side response, energy storage or the production		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
of renewable fuels, in view of the need to		
decarbonise the energy system. On this basis,		
Member States should define a national		
objective for non-fossil flexibility such as		
demand-side response and energy storage which		
should also be reflected in their integrated		
national energy and climate plans.		
(38) To achieve the national objective for		
non-fossil flexibility such as demand-side		
response and energy storage investment needs,		
Member States can design or redesign capacity		
mechanisms in order to create a green and		
flexible capacity mechanism. Member States		
that apply a capacity mechanism in line with the		
existing rules should promote the participation		
of non-fossil flexibility such as demand-side		
response and energy storage by introducing		
additional criteria or features in the design.		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(39) To support environmental protection		
objectives the CO2 emissions' limit, set out in		
Article 22(4) of Regulation (EU) 2019/943 of		
the European Parliament and of the Council,		
should be seen as an upper limit. Therefore,		
Member States could set technical performance		
standards and CO2 emissions' limits that restrict		
participation in capacity mechanisms to flexible,		
fossil-free technologies in full alignment with		
the Guidelines on State aid for climate,		
environmental protection and energy ¹ which		
encourage Member States to introduce green		
criteria in capacity mechanisms.		
(40) In addition, if Member States do not		
apply a capacity mechanism or if the additional		
criteria or features in the design of their capacity		
mechanism are insufficient to achieve national		

Communication from the Commission – Guidelines on State aid for climate, environmental protection and energy 2022 (OJ C 80, 18.2.2022, p. 1).

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Presidency compromise toyt Presting Suggestions Comments		Comments
Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
objective for demand response and energy		
storage investment needs they could apply non-		
fossil flexibility support schemes consisting of		
payments for the available capacity of non-fossil		
flexibility such as demand-side response and		
energy storage.		
(41) The connection of new generation and		
demand installations, in particular renewable		
energy plants, often faces delays in grid		
connection procedures. One of the reasons for		
such delays is the lack of available grid capacity		
at the location chosen by the investor, which		
implies the need for grid extensions or		
reinforcements to connect the installations to the		
system in a safe manner. A new requirement for		
electricity system operators, both at		
transmission and distribution levels, to publish		
and update information on the grid capacity		
available in their areas of operation would		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
contribute to decision-making by investors on		
the basis of information of grid capacity		
availability within the system and thus to the		
required acceleration in the deployment of		
renewable energy.		
(42) Furthermore, to tackle the problem of		
lengthy reply times on requests for connection		
to the grid, transmission and distribution system		
operators should provide clear and transparent		
information to system users about the status and		
treatment of their connection requests.		
Transmission and distribution system operators		
should-endeavour to provide such information		
within a period of three months from the		
submission of the request.		
(43) During the energy crisis, consumers		
have been exposed to extremely volatile		
wholesale energy prices and had limited		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
opportunities to engage in the energy market.		
Consequently, many households, have been		
facing difficulties when paying their bills.		
Vulnerable consumers and the energy poor are		
the hardest hit ¹ , but middle-income households		
have also been exposed to such difficulties. It is		
therefore important to update consumer rights		
and protections, allowing consumers to benefit		
from the energy transition, decouple their		
electricity bills from short term price		
movements on energy markets and rebalance the		
risk between suppliers and consumers.		
(44) Consumers should have access to a wide		
range of offers so that they can choose a		
contract according to their needs. However,		
suppliers have reduced their offers, fixed-price		
contracts have become scarce, and the choice of		

Particular groups are more at risk of being affected by energy poverty or more susceptible to the adverse impacts of energy poverty, such as women, persons with disabilities, older persons, children, and persons with a minority racial or ethnic background.

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
offers has become limited. Consumers should		
always have the possibility to opt for an		
affordable fixed price and fixed term contract		
and suppliers should not unilaterally modify the		
terms and conditions before such contract		
expires. This does not change the fact that		
dynamic price contracts remain essential and		
with an increasing penetration of renewable		
energy sources can help consumers to reduce		
their energy bills.		
(45) When suppliers' do not ensure that their		
electricity portfolio is sufficiently hedged		
changes in wholesale electricity prices can leave		
them financially at risk and, result in their		
failure, passing on costs to consumers and other		
network users. Hence, it should be ensured that		
suppliers are appropriately hedged when		
offering fixed price contracts. An appropriate		
hedging strategy should take into account the		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
suppliers' access to its own generation and its		
capitalisation as well as its exposure to changes		
in wholesale market prices. The existence of		
appropriate hedging strategies can be		
ensured by general rules overseen without		
undertaking a specific review of the positions		
or strategies of individual suppliers.		
(46) Consumers should be able to choose the		
supplier which offers them the price and service		
which best suits their needs. Advances in		
metering and sub-metering technology		
combined with information and communication		
technology mean that it is now technically		
possible to have multiple suppliers for a single		
premises. If they so wish, customers should be		
able to use these possibilities to choose a		
separate supplier notably for electricity to power		
appliances such as heat pumps or electric		
vehicles which have a particularly high		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
consumption or which also have the capability		
to shift their electricity consumption		
automatically in response to price signals. For		
this purpose, customers should be allowed to		
have more than one metering and billing		
point covered by the single connection point		
for their premises. The rules for the		
allocation of the associated costs should be		
determined at national level. Some smart		
metering systems may directly cover more		
than one metering point and therefore enable		
customers to have more than one electricity		
supply contract at the same time. Moreover,		
with fast-responding dedicated		
measurementmetering devices which are		
attached to or embedded in appliances with		
flexible, controllable loads, final customers can		
participate in other incentive-based demand		
response schemes that provide flexibility		
services on the electricity market and to		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
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transmission and distribution system operators.		
Overall, such arrangements should contribute to		
the increased uptake of demand response and to		- 1//
consumer empowerment allowing them to have		
more control over their energy use and bills,		
while providing to the electricity system		
additional flexibility in order to cope with		
demand and supply fluctuations.		
(47) Due to the increasing complexity of		
energy offers and different marketing practices,		
consumers have often difficulties to fully		
understand what they sign up to. In particular,		
there is a lack of clarity on how the price is set,		
the conditions for the renewal of the contract,		
the consequences of terminating a contract or		
the reasons for changing conditions by the		
supplier. Therefore, the key information on		
energy offers should be provided to consumers		
by suppliers or market participants engaged in		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
aggregation in a short and easily understandable		
manner prior to signing the contract.		
		~ * //
(48) To ensure continuity of supply for		
consumers-in particular in cases of supplier		
failure, Member States should be obliged to		
implement a supplier-of-last-resort regime.		
Such a supplier of last resort appoint suppliers		
of last resort which may be treated as the		
provider of universal service. <u>A</u> That-supplier of		
last resort might be the sales division of a		
vertically integrated undertaking which also		
performs distributionfunctions, provided that it		
meets the unbundling requirements of Article 35		
of Directive (EU) 2019/944 of the European		
Parliament and of the Council. However,		
this does not imply an obligation of Member		
States to supply at a certain fixed minimum		
price.		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(49) Energy sharing can create resilience		
against the effects of high and volatile		
wholesale market prices on consumers' energy		
bills, empowers a wider group of consumers that		
do not otherwise have the option of becoming		
an active customer due to financial or spatial		
constraints, such as energy poor and vulnerable		
consumers, and leads to increased uptake of		
renewable energy by mobilising additional		
private capital investments and diversifying		
remuneration pathways. With the integration of		
appropriate price signals and storage facilities,		
electricity sharing can help lay the foundation to		
help tap into the flexibility potential of smaller		
consumers.		
(50) Active customers that own, lease or rent		
a storage or generation facility should have the		
right to share excess production at a price or		
<u>free of charge</u> and empower other consumers to		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
become active, or to share the renewable energy		
generated or stored by jointly leased, rented or		
owned facilities, either directly or through a		
third-party facilitator. Any payment for		
sharing of excess production for a price can		
either be settled directly between active		
customers or automated through a peer-to-		
peer trading platform. Energy sharing		
arrangement are either based on private		
contractual agreement between active customers		
or organised through a legal entity. A legal		
entity that incorporates the criteria of a		
renewable energy community as defined in		
Directive (EU) 2018/2001 of the European		
Parliament and of the Council or a citizen		
energy community as defined in Directive (EU)		
2019/944 of the European Parliament and of the		
Council can share with their members electricity		
generated from facilities they have in full		
ownership. The protection and empowerment		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
framework for energy sharing should pay		
particular attention to energy poor and		
vulnerable consumers.		
(51) Energy sharing operationalises the		
collective consumption of self-generated or		
stored electricity injected into the grid by more		
than one jointly acting active customers.		
Member States should put in place the		
appropriate IT infrastructure to allow for the		
administrative matching within a certain		
timeframe of consumption with self-generated		
or stored renewable energy for the purpose of		
calculating the energy component of the energy		
bill. The output of these facilities should be		
distributed among the aggregated consumer load		
profiles based on static, variable or dynamic		
calculation methods that can be pre-defined or		
agreed upon by the active customers. Active		
customers engaged in energy sharing are		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
financially responsible for imbalances they		
cause. This should be without prejudice to		
the possibility for active customers to		
delegate their balancing responsibilities to		
other market participants Sshall be shall All		
consumer rights and obligations in this		
Directive apply to final customers involved in		
energy sharing schemes. However,		
households with an installed capacity up to		
10.8 kW for single households and up to 50		
kW for multi-apartment blocks should not be		
required to comply with the obligations of		
suppliers.		
(52) Vulnerable customers should be		
adequately protected from electricity		
disconnections and should, as well, not be put in		
a position that forces them to disconnect. The		
role of suppliers and all relevant national		
authorities to identify appropriate measures, in		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
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both the short and the long-term, which should		
be made available to vulnerable customers to		
manage their energy use and costs remain		- " //
essential, including by means of close		
cooperation with social security systems.		
(53) Public interventions in price setting for		
the supply of electricity constitute, in principle,		
a market-distortive measure. Such interventions		
may therefore only be carried out as public		
service obligations and are subject to specific		
conditions. Under this Directive regulated prices		
are possible for energy poor and vulnerable		
households, including below costs, and, as a		
transition measure, for households and micro-		
enterprises. In times of crisis, when wholesale		
and retail electricity prices increase		
significantly, and this is having a negative		
impact on the wider economy, Member States		
should be allowed to extend, temporarily, the		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
application of regulated prices also to SMEs.		
For both households and SMEs, Member States		
should be temporarily allowed to set regulated		
prices below costs as long as this does not create		
distortion between suppliers and suppliers are		
compensated for the costs of supplying below		
cost. However, it needs to be ensured that such		
price regulation is targeted and does not create		
incentives to increase consumption. Hence, such		
price regulation should be limited to 80% of		
median household consumption for households,		
and 70% of the previous year's consumption for		
SMEs. The Commission should determine when		
such an electricity price crisis exists and		
consequently when this possibility becomes		
applicable. The Commission should also specify		
the validity of that determination, during which		
the temporary extension of regulated prices		
applies, which may be for up to one year. To the		
extent that any such of the measures envisaged		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
by the present Regulation constitute State aid,		
the provisions concerning such measures are		
without prejudice to the application of Articles		
107 and 108 TFEU. The Council, acting on a		
proposal from the Commission, should		
determine by means of an implementing		
decision when an Union-wide electricity price		
crisis exists. The decision should also specify		
the validity of that determination, during		
which the temporary extension of regulated		
prices applies, which may be for up to one		
year. Conferring implementing powers on the		
Council adequately takes into account the		
political nature of the decision to trigger the		
extended possibilities for public interventions		
in price setting for the supply of electricity,		
which requires a delicate balancing of		
different policy considerations, as well as the		
horizontal implications of such a decision for		
Member States.		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(54) The measures envisaged by the present		
Regulation are also without prejudice to the		
application of Directive 2014/65/EU,		
Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 and Regulation		
(EU) 648/2012.		
(5.5) D. 1.1: (TH) 2010/042 C.1		
(55) Regulation (EU) 2019/942 of the		
European Parliament and of the Council,		
Regulation (EU) 2019/943 of the European		
Parliament and of the Council, Directive (EU)		
2019/944 of the European Parliament and of the		
Council and Directive (EU) 2018/2001 of the		
European Parliament and of the Council should		
be amended accordingly.		
(56) Since the objectives of this Regulation		
cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member		
States, but can rather be better achieved at		
Union level, the Union may adopt measures, in		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as		
set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on European		
Union. In accordance with the principle of		
proportionality, as set out in that Article, this		
Regulation does not go beyond what is		
necessary to achieve those objectives.		
HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:		
Article 1		
Amendments to Regulation (EU) 2019/943 of		
the European Parliament and of the Council of 5		
June 2019 on the internal market for electricity		
Regulation (EU) 2019/943 is amended as		
follows:		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(1) Article 1 is amended as follows:		
[a] point (b) is replaced by the following:		- 1
'(b) set fundamental principles for well-		
functioning, integrated electricity markets,		
which allow all resource providers and		
electricity customers non-discriminatory market		
access, enable the development of forward		
electricity markets to allow suppliers and		
consumers to hedge or protect themselves		
against the risk of future volatility in electricity		
prices, empower consumers, ensure		
competitiveness on the global market, enhance		
flexibility through demand response, energy		
storage and other non-fossil flexibility solutions,		
ensure energy efficiency, facilitate aggregation		
of distributed demand and supply, and enable		
market and sectoral integration and market-		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
based remuneration of electricity generated		
from renewable sources;'		
		- "//
[b] the following point is added:		
'(e) support long-term investments in		
renewable energy generation and enable		
consumers' to make their energy bills less		
dependent on from fluctuations of short-term		
electricity market prices, in particular fossil fuel		
prices in the medium to long-term.'		
(2) In Article 2, the following points are added:		
'(72) 'peak hour' means an hour with the		
highest electricity consumption combined with a		Definition of peak hour should take into account
low level of electricity generated from		the fact that peak hours for consumption and
renewable energy sources, taking cross-zonal		peak hours for the system are not necessarily the
exchanges into account;		same. For this reason, the peak hours should be
,		defined on the overall assessment of the system

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
		balance not just based on the sum of
		consumption and production of renewables.
(73) 'peak shaving' means the ability of market		
participants to reduce electricity consumption at		
peak hours determined by the transmission		
system operator;		
(74) 'peak shaving product' means a market-		
based product through which market		
participants can provide peak shaving to the transmission system operators;		
(75) 'virtual hub' means a non-physical region		
covering more than one bidding zone for which		
an index price is set in application of a		
methodology;		
(76) 'two-way contract for difference' means a		
contract signed between a power generating		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
facility operator and a counterpart, usually a		
public entity, that provides both minimum		
remuneration protection and a limit to excess		
remuneration; the contract is designed to		
preserve incentives for the generating facility to		
operate and participate efficiently in the		
electricity markets and complies with the		
principles set out in Article 4(2) and Article		
4(3), first and third subparagraphs, of Directive		
(EU) 2018/2001;		
(77) 'power purchase agreement' or 'PPA'		
means a contract under which a natural or legal		
person agrees to purchase electricity from an		
electricity producer on a market basis;		
(78) 'market revenue' means realised income an		
electricity producer receives in exchange for the		
sale and delivery of electricity in the Union,		
regardless of the contractual form in which such		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
exchange takes place, and excluding any		
support granted by Member States;		
		- "//
(79) 'dedicated <u>measurement</u> metering device'		
means a device attached to or embedded in an		
asset that provides sells demand response or		
flexibility services on the electricity market or		
to transmission and distribution system		
operators;		
(80) 'flexibility' means the ability of an		
electricity system to adjust to the variability of		
generation and consumption patterns and grid		
availability, across relevant market timeframes.'		
(3) Article 7 is amended as follows:		
[a] paragraph 1 is replaced by the following:		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
'1. Transmission system operators and		
NEMOs, or an entity designated by them, shall		
jointly organise the management of the		
integrated day-ahead and intraday markets in		
accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/1222.		~
Transmission system operators and NEMOs		
shall cooperate at Union level or, where more		
appropriate, at a regional level in order to		
maximise the efficiency and effectiveness of		
Union electricity day-ahead and intraday		
trading. The obligation to cooperate shall be		
without prejudice to the application of Union		
competition law. In their functions relating to		
electricity trading, transmission system		
operators and NEMOs shall be subject to		
regulatory oversight by the regulatory		
authorities pursuant to Article 59 of Directive		
(EU) 2019/944 and ACER pursuant to Articles		
4 and 8 of Regulation (EU) 2019/942.'		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
[b] paragraph 2 is amended as follows:		
(i) point (c) is replaced by the following:		
(c) maximise the opportunities for all market		We support adding the qualitative requirement.
participants to participate in cross-zonal and		
intra-zonal trade in a non-discriminatory way		
and as close as possible to real time across and		
within all bidding zones;		
(ii) the following point (ca) is inserted:		
(ii) the following point (ca) is inserted.		
'(ca) be organised in such a way as to ensure the		We fully support this provision.
sharing of liquidity between all NEMOs, both		
for cross-zonal and for intra-zonal trade;'		
(4) the following Articles 7a and 7b are inserted:		
'Article 7a		
Timolo /u		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
Peak shaving product		The provision has changed to a good direction. Cost benefit analysis on peak shaving product is a good addition as well as clearer optionality to the use of the product is a positive development. The use of the peak shaving product should be a Member State decision in case the product is used for resource adequacy. Also, there should be more flexibility for contracting so that there could be a framework agreement for the procurement of such products.
1. Without prejudice to Article 40(5) and 40(6) of the Electricity Directive, transmission system operators may procure peak shaving products in order to achieve a reduction of electricity demand during peak hours.		
2. Transmission system operators seeking to procure a peak shaving product shall submit a		In case the task to decide on the use of the peak shaving product is given to the TSO, it should

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		~
Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
proposal setting out the dimensioning and		be clear what is the system need the product
conditions for the procurement of the peak		fulfils. Currently, the proposal is quite loose on
shaving product to the regulatory authority of		the matter as the overall security of supply is not
the Member State concerned. The proposal of		a TSO task. Therefore the provision should be
the transmission system operator shall comply		formulated so that the product fulfils a system
with the following requirements:		need or the taks to define the need is given to
		the MS.
(a) the dimensioning of the peak shaving		
product shall be based on an analysis of the		
need for an additional service to ensure security		
of supply. The analysis shall take into account-a		
cost and benefits reliability standard and or		
objective and transparent grid stability criteria		
approved by the regulatory authority. The		
dimensioning shall take into account the		
forecast of demand, the forecast of electricity		
generated from renewable energy sources and		
the forecast of other sources of flexibility in the		
system. The dimensioning of the peak shaving		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
product shall be limited to ensure that the		
forcasted costs do not exceed pected the		
expected benefits of the product-do not exceed		
the forecasted costs;		
(b) the procurement of a peak shaving		
product shall be based on objective, transparent,		
non-discriminatory criteria and be limited to		
demand response;		
(c) the procurement of the peak shaving		
product shall take place using a competitive		
bidding process , with selection based on the		
lowest cost of meeting pre-defined technical and		
environmental criteria;		
(d) contracts for a peak shaving product	d) the contracting period for future	There should be more flexibility in the
		·
shall not be concluded more than two days	availability shall be no longer than one year;	contracting e.g. in the form of a framework
before its activation and the contracting period		agreement from which the product could be
shall be no longer than one day;		activated. This flexibility should of course be

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
		avaible for other market and it could be activated in case the bid in DA did not suggeed.
(e) the activation of the peak shaving product shall not reduce cross-zonal capacity;		
(f) the activation of the peak shaving product shall take place after the closure of the day-ahead market and before the start of the balancing market;		
(g) the peak shaving product shall not imply starting generation located behind the metering point.	Delete.	It would be of value that dispatcable generation could be included. Currently environmental permits prevents using reserve power plants for emergency situations and this could be a good mechanism to include those. The plants can be reverted later on for emission free gases. The activation should be also possible using another verification method.

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
3. The actual reduction of consumption		Also other verification measures than baseline
resulting from the activation of a peak shaving		should be possible.
product shall be measured against a		
baseline, reflecting the expected electricity		
consumption without the activation of the peak		
shaving product. Where a transmission system		
operator decides to procure a peak shaving		
product in accordance with paragraph 1 it		
Transmission system operators shall develop a		
baseline methodology in consultation with		
market participants and submit it to the		
regulatory authority.		
4. Regulatory authorities shall approve the		
proposal of the transmission system operators		
seeking to procure a peak shaving product and		
the baseline methodology submitted in		
accordance with paragraphs 2 and 3 or shall		
request the transmission system operators to		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
amend the proposal where it does not meet the		
requirements set out in these paragraphs.		
Article 7b		
Dedicated <u>measurement</u> metering device		
1. "Member States shall allow	Member State may require transmission	The requirement should be left for the
<u>‡Transmission</u> system operators and distribution	system operators and distribution system	discrection of the MS.
system operators <u>may</u> to use data from dedicated	operators to use data from dedicated	Monetary settlement to be kept separate from
measurementmetering devices for the	measurementmetering devices for the	balance settlement.
observability and settlement of demand	observability and monetary settlement of	
response and flexibility services, including from	demand response and flexibility services,	
storage systems.	including from storage systems.	
2. Member States shall establish		
requirements for a dedicated		
measurementmetering device data validation		
process to check and ensure the quality of the		
respective data.';		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(5) Article 8 is amended as follows:		
(3) Afficie o is amended as follows.		
(a) paragraph 1 is replaced by the following:		
1. 'NEMOs shall allow market participants to trade energy as close to real time as possible and at least up to the intraday cross-zonal gate		We support this amendmend.
closure time. By 1 January 2028, the intraday cross-zonal gate closure time shall be at the		
earliest 30 minutes ahead of real time.'		
(b) paragraph 3 is replaced by the following:		
3. 'NEMOs shall provide products for trading in day-ahead and intraday markets which are		
sufficiently small in size, with minimum bid		
sizes of 100kW or less, to allow for the effective participation of demand-side response, energy		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
storage and small-scale renewables including		
direct participation by customers.'		
[6] Article 9 is replaced by the following:		
Article 9		
Forward markets		
1. By 1 December 2024 the ENTSO for		
Electricity shall submit to ACER, after having		
consulted ESMA, a proposal for the		
establishment of regional virtual hubs for the		
forward market. The proposal shall:		
(a) define the geographical scope of the		
virtual hubs for the forward market, including		
the bidding zones constituting these hubs,		
aiming to maximise the price correlation		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
between the reference prices and the prices of		
the bidding zones constituting virtual hubs;		
		- "//
(b) include a methodology for the		
calculation of the reference prices for the virtual		
hubs for the forward market, aiming to		
maximise the correlations between the reference		
price and the prices of the bidding zones		
constituting a virtual hub; such methodology		
shall be applicable to all virtual hubs and based		
on predefined objective criteria;		
(c) include a definition of financial long-		
term transmission rights from bidding zones to		
the virtual hubs for the forward market;		
the virtual fluos for the forward market,		
(d) maximise the trading opportunities for		
hedging products referencing the virtual hubs		
for the forward market as well as for long term		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
transmission rights from bidding zones to virtual		
hubs.		
		- 7
2. Within six months of receipt of the		
proposal on the establishment of the regional		
virtual hubs for the forward market, ACER shall		
evaluate it and either approve or amend it. In the		
latter case, ACER shall consult the ENTSO for		
Electricity before adopting the amendments.		
The adopted proposal shall be published on		
ACER's website.		
3. The single allocation platform		
established in accordance with Regulation (EU)		
2016/1719 shall have a legal form as referred to		
in Annex II to Directive (EU) 2017/1132 of the		
European Parliament and of the Council.		
4. The single allocation platform shall:		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(a) offer trading of long-term transmission		
rights between each bidding zone and virtual		
hub; where a bidding zone is not part of a virtual		
hub it may issue financial long-term		
transmission rights to a virtual hub or to other		
bidding zones that are part of the same capacity		
calculation region;		
(b) allocate long-term cross-zonal capacity		
on a regular basis and in a transparent, market-		
based and non-discriminatory manner; the		
frequency of allocation of the long-term cross-		
zonal capacity shall support the efficient		
functioning of the forward market;		
(c) offer trading of financial transmission		
rights that shall allow holders of these financial		
transmission rights to remove exposure to		
positive and negative price spreads, and with		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
frequent maturities of up to at least three years		
ahead.		
5. Where a regulatory authority considers		
that there are insufficient hedging opportunities		
available for market participants, and after		
consultation of relevant financial market		
competent authorities in case the forward		
markets concern financial instruments as		
defined under Article 4(1)(15), it may require		
power exchanges or transmission system		
operators to implement additional measures,		
such as market-making activities, to improve the		
liquidity of the forward market.		
6Subject to compliance with Union		
competition law and with Directive (EU)		
2014/65 and Regulations (EU) 648/2012 and		
600/2014, market operators <u>may</u> shall be free to		
develop forward hedging products, including		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
long-term forward hedging products, to provide		
market participants, including owners of power-		
generating facilities using renewable energy		
sources, with appropriate possibilities for		
hedging financial risks against price		
fluctuations. Member States shall not require		
that such hedging activity may be limited to		
trades within a Member State or bidding zone.		
(7) Article 18 is amended as follows:		
[a] paragraph 2 is replaced by the following:		
"2. Tariff methodologies shall reflect the		
fixed costs of transmission system operators and		
distribution system operators and shall consider		
both capital and operational expenditure to		
provide appropriate incentives to transmission		
system operators and distribution system		
operators over both the short and long run,		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
including anticipatory investments, in order to		
increase efficiencies, including energy		
efficiency, to foster market integration and		
security of supply, to support the use of		
flexibility services, efficient investments		
including solutions to optimise the existing grid		
and facilitate demand response and energy		
storage, related research activities, and to		
facilitate innovation in the interest of consumers		
in areas such as digitalisation, flexibility		
services and interconnection";		
[b] paragraph 8 is replaced by the following:		
"8. Transmission and distribution tariff		
methodologies shall provide incentives to		
transmission and distribution system operators		
for the most cost-efficient operation and		
development of their networks including		
through the procurement of services. For that		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
purpose, regulatory authorities shall recognise		
relevant costs as eligible, shall include those		
costs in transmission and distribution tariffs, and		
shall introduce performance targets in order to		
provide incentives to transmission and		
distribution system operators to increase		
efficiencies in their networks, including through		
energy efficiency, the use of flexibility services		
and the development of smart grids and		
intelligent metering systems."		
[c] in paragraph 9, point (f) is replaced		
by the following:		
'(f) methods to ensure transparency in the		
setting and structure of tariffs, including		
anticipatory investments;'		
[d] in paragraph 9, the following point		
(i) is added:		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
'(i) incentives for efficient investments in		
networks, including on flexibility resources and		
flexible connection agreements.'		
[8] in Article 19, paragraph 2 is amended as		
follows:		
[a] point (b) is replaced by the following:		
(b) maintaining or increasing cross-zonal		
capacities through optimisation of the usage of		
existing interconnectors by means of		
coordinated remedial actions, where applicable,		
or covering costs resulting from network		
investments that are relevant to reduce		
interconnector congestion; or		
[b] the following point (c) is added:		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
'(c) compensating offshore generation plant	Delete.	We have dubios on this requirement and would
operators in an offshore bidding zone if access		delete. Congestion income should not be used
to interconnected markets has been reduced in		for this purpose.
such a way that one or more transmission		
system operators have not made enough		
capacity available on the interconnector or the		
critical network elements affecting the capacity		
of the interconnector, resulting in the offshore		
plant operator not being able to export its		
electricity generation capability to the market.'		
[9] The following chapter IIIa is inserted:		
Chapter IIIa		
Specific investment incentives to achieve the		
Union's decarbonisation objectives		
Article 19a		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
Power purchase agreements		
Member States shall facilitate power		
purchase agreements ('PPAs') with a view to		
reaching the objectives set out in their integrated		
national energy and climate plan with respect to		
the dimension decarbonisation referred to in		
point (a) of Article 4 of Regulation (EU)		
2018/1999, while preserving competitive and		
liquid electricity markets.		
2. Member States shall ensure that		
instruments such as guarantee schemes at		
market prices, to reduce the financial risks		
associated to off-taker payment default in the		
framework of PPAs are in place and accessible		
to customers that face entry barriers to the PPA		
market and are not in financial difficulty in line		
with Articles 107 and 108 TFEU. Such		
instruments may include guarantee schemes		

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Presidency compromise text at market prices. For this purpose, Member States shall take into account Union-level instruments. Member States shall determine what categories of customers are targeted by these instruments, applying non-discriminatory criteria. 3. If a gGuarantee schemes for PPAs is backed by the Member States it shall include provisions to avoid lowering the liquidity in electricity markets and shall not provide support to the purchase of generation from fossil fuels. 4. In the design of the Support schemes for electricity from renewable sources, Member States shall allow the participation of projects which reserve part of the electricity for sale through a PPA or other market-based arrangements. In the design of such support			
States shall take into account Union-level instruments. Member States shall determine what categories of customers are targeted by these instruments, applying non-discriminatory criteria. 3. If a gGuarantee schemes for PPAs is backed by the Member States it shall include provisions to avoid lowering the liquidity in electricity markets and shall not provide support to the purchase of generation from fossil fuels. 4. In the design of the Support schemes for electricity form renewable sources, Member States shall allow the participation of projects which reserve part of the electricity for sale through a PPA or other market-based arrangements, In the design of such support	Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
instruments. Member States shall determine what categories of customers are targeted by these instruments, applying non-discriminatory criteria. 3. If a gGuarantee schemes for PPAs is backed by the Member States it shall include provisions to avoid lowering the liquidity in electricity markets and shall not provide support to the purchase of generation from fossil fuels. 4. In the design of the Support schemes for electricity from renewable sources, Member States shall allow the participation of projects which reserve part of the electricity for sale through a PPA or other market-based arrangements. In the design of such support	at market prices. For this purpose, Member		
what categories of customers are targeted by these instruments, applying non-discriminatory criteria. 3. If a gGuarantee schemes for PPAs is backed by the Member States it shall include provisions to avoid lowering the liquidity in electricity markets and shall not provide support to the purchase of generation from fossil fuels. 4. In the design of the Support schemes for electricity from renewable sources, Member States shall allow the participation of projects which reserve part of the electricity for sale through a PPA or other market-based arrangements. In the design of such support	States shall take into account Union-level		
these instruments, applying non-discriminatory criteria. 3. If a gGuarantee schemes for PPAs is backed by the Member States it shall include provisions to avoid lowering the liquidity in electricity markets and shall not provide support to the purchase of generation from fossil fuels. 4. In the design of the Support schemes for electricity from renewable sources, Member States shall allow the participation of projects which reserve part of the electricity for sale through a PPA or other market-based arrangements. In the design of such support	instruments. Member States shall determine		
3. If a gGuarantee schemes for PPAs is backed by the Member States it shall include provisions to avoid lowering the liquidity in electricity markets and shall not provide support to the purchase of generation from fossil fuels. 4. In the design of the Support schemes for electricity from renewable sources, Member States shall allow the participation of projects which reserve part of the electricity for sale through a PPA or other market-based arrangements, In the design of such support	what categories of customers are targeted by		
3. If a gGuarantee schemes for PPAs is backed by the Member States it shall include provisions to avoid lowering the liquidity in electricity markets and shall not provide support to the purchase of generation from fossil fuels. 4. In the design of the Support schemes for electricity from renewable sources, Member States shall allow the participation of projects which reserve part of the electricity for sale through a PPA or other market-based arrangements. In the design of such support	these instruments, applying non-discriminatory		
backed by the Member States it shall include provisions to avoid lowering the liquidity in electricity markets and shall not provide support to the purchase of generation from fossil fuels. 4. In the design of the Support schemes for electricity from renewable sources, Member States shall allow the participation of projects which reserve part of the electricity for sale through a PPA or other market-based arrangements. In the design of such support	criteria.		
backed by the Member States it shall include provisions to avoid lowering the liquidity in electricity markets and shall not provide support to the purchase of generation from fossil fuels. 4. In the design of the Support schemes for electricity from renewable sources, Member States shall allow the participation of projects which reserve part of the electricity for sale through a PPA or other market-based arrangements. In the design of such support			
provisions to avoid lowering the liquidity in electricity markets and shall not provide support to the purchase of generation from fossil fuels. 4. In the design of the Support schemes for electricity from renewable sources, Member States shall allow the participation of projects which reserve part of the electricity for sale through a PPA or other market-based arrangements. In the design of such support	3. <u>If a g</u> Guarantee schemes for PPAs <u>is</u>		
electricity markets and shall not provide support to the purchase of generation from fossil fuels. 4. In the design of the Support schemes for electricity from renewable sources, Member States shall allow the participation of projects which reserve part of the electricity for sale through a PPA or other market-based arrangements. In the design of such support	backed by the Member States it shall include		
4. In the design of the Support schemes for electricity from renewable sources, Member States shall allow the participation of projects which reserve part of the electricity for sale through a PPA or other market-based arrangements. In the design of such support	provisions to avoid lowering the liquidity in		
4. In the design of the Support schemes for electricity from renewable sources, Member States shall allow the participation of projects which reserve part of the electricity for sale through a PPA or other market-based arrangements. In the design of such support	electricity markets and shall not provide support		
for electricity from renewable sources, Member States shall allow the participation of projects which reserve part of the electricity for sale through a PPA or other market-based arrangements. In the design of such support	to the purchase of generation from fossil fuels.		
for electricity from renewable sources, Member States shall allow the participation of projects which reserve part of the electricity for sale through a PPA or other market-based arrangements. In the design of such support			
States shall allow the participation of projects which reserve part of the electricity for sale through a PPA or other market-based arrangements. In the design of such support	4. In the design of the Support schemes		
which reserve part of the electricity for sale through a PPA or other market-based arrangements. In the design of such support	for electricity from renewable sources, Member		
through a PPA or other market-based arrangements. In the design of such support	States shall allow the participation of projects		
arrangements. In the design of such support	which reserve part of the electricity for sale		
	through a PPA or other market-based		
	arrangements. In the design of such support		
schemes Member States and shall endeavour	schemes Member States and shall endeavour		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
to make use of evaluation criteria to incentivise		
the access to the PPA market for customers that		
face entry barriers. In particular, such evaluation		
criteria may give preference to bidders		
presenting a signed PPA or a commitment to		
sign a PPA for part of the project's generation		
from one or several potential buyers that face		
entry barriers to the PPA market.		
5. PPAs shall specify the bidding zone of		
delivery and the responsibility for securing		
cross-zonal transmission rights in case of a		
change of bidding zone in accordance with		
Article 14.		
6. PPAs shall specify the conditions under		
which customers and producers may exit from		
PPAs, such as any applicable exit fees and		
notice periods, in accordance with Union		
competition law.		

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Drafting Suggestions	Comments
	Drafting Suggestions

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
2. Paragraph 1 shall apply to new		
investments in generation of electricity from the		
following sources:		
(a) wind energy;		
(b) solar energy;		
(c) geothermal energy;		
(d) hydropower without reservoir;		
(e) nuclear energy;		
3. Direct price support schemes in the form of two-way contracts for difference shall:		
(a) be designed so that the revenues		
collected when the market price is above the		
strike price are distributed to all final electricity		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
customers based on their share of consumption		
(same cost / refund per MWh consumed);		
(b) ensure that the distribution of the		
revenues to final electricity customers is		
designed so as not to remove the incentives of		
consumers to reduce their consumption or shift		
it to periods when electricity prices are low and		
not to undermine competition between		
electricity suppliers;		
Article 19c		
Assessment of flexibility needs		
Assessment of flexionity fleeds		Finland sees the flexibility measures presented
		in Article 19 c to f as a good way to promote
		flexibility and have a carve out from the
		capacity mechanism rules of the regulation.
		There is some room for improvement.

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
		There is the fear that the methodology will
		become as heavy as ERAA for capacity
		mechanisms and that may slow the use of
		flexibility significantly. This needs to be
		addressed somehow.
		For better usability of added flexibility, the
		system reliability should be added to the
		objectives. Therefore, the provisions should also
		cover behind meter dispatchable production
		such as gas turbines converted to emission free
		gases such as hydrogen. Such support should be
		limited to non-fossil flexibility without newness
		requirement.
1. By 1 January 2025 and every two years	By 1 January 2026 and every two years	There should be enough time to prepare the
thereafter, the regulatory authority of each	thereafter, the regulatory authority of each	methodology and assess the flexibility need /
Member State shall assess and draw up a report	Member State shall assess and draw up a report	potential. We should also avoid a very lengthy
on the need for flexibility in the electricity	on the need for flexibility in the electricity	process seen with ERAA in setting capacity
system for a period of at least 5 years, in view of	system for a period of at least 5 years, in view of	

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
the need to cost effectively achieve security of	the need to cost effectively achieve security of	mechanisms to ensure swift integration of
supply and decarbonise the power system,	supply and decarbonise the power system,	flexibility.
taking into account the integration of different	taking into account the integration of different	
sectors. The report may take into account the	sectors The report may take into account	
European Resource Adequacy Assessment	the European Resource Adequacy	
and national adequacy assessments pursuant	Assessment and national adequacy	
to Article 20 of Regulation 2019/943. The	assessments pursuant to Article 20 of	
report shall be based on the data and analyses	Regulation 2019/943. [] The report shall be	
provided by the transmission and distribution	based on European and national resource	
system operators of that Member State pursuant	adequacy assessments, European and	
to paragraph <u>3</u> 2 and using the methodology	national network development plans and all	
pursuant to paragraph <u>4</u> 3.	other relevant studies.	
2. The report shall include an evaluation of	The report shall include an evaluation of the	For level playing field for flexibility and for
the need for flexibility to integrate electricity	need for flexibility to integrate electricity	practical dispatchable production should be
generated from renewable sources in the	generated from renewable sources in the	included on way or another.
electricity system and consider, in particular, the	electricity system and consider, in particular, the	
potential of non-fossil flexibility such as	potential of non-fossil flexibility such as	
demand-side response and energy storage to	demand-side response and energy storage and	
fulfil this need, both at transmission and	dispatchable production capacity to fulfil this	

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
		0.1111.010
distribution levels. The report shall	need, both at transmission and distribution	
<u>include</u> distinguish between seasonal, daily and	levels. The report shall <u>include</u> distinguish	
hourly flexibility needs.	between-seasonal, daily and hourly flexibility	
	needs	
3. The transmission and distribution system		
operators of each Member State shall provide		
the data and analyses needed for the preparation		
of the report referred to in paragraph 1 to the		
regulatory authority.		
4. The ENTSO for Electricity and the EU	Delete.	We are afraid that setting up the methodology
DSO entity shall coordinate transmission and		will be demandin and time consuming as we
distribution system operators as regards the data		saw with ERAA methodology. Therfore a
and analyses to be provided in accordance with		simplier approach would be preferred.
paragraph 2. In particular, they shall:		simplier approach would be preferred.
paragraph 2. III particular, they shall.		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(a) define the type of data and format that		
transmission and distribution system operators		
shall provide to the regulatory authorities;		
(b) develop a methodology for the analysis		
by transmission and distribution system		
operators of the flexibility needs, taking into		
account at least all existing sources of flexibility		
and planned investments at interconnection,		
transmission and distribution level as well as the		
need to decarbonise the electricity system.		
5. The ENTSO for Electricity and the EU	Delete.	
DSO entity shall closely cooperate with each		
other regarding the coordination of transmission		
and distribution system operators.		
6. By 1 March 2024, the ENTSO for	Delete.	
Electricity and the EU DSO entity shall jointly		
submit to ACER a proposal regarding the type		

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· ·		
Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
of data and format to be submitted to regulatory		
authorities and the methodology referred to in		
paragraph <u>4</u> 3. Within three months of receipt of		
the proposal, ACER shall either approve the		
proposal or amend it. In the latter case, ACER		
shall consult the ENTSO for Electricity and the		
EU DSO entity before adopting the		
amendments. The adopted proposal shall be		
published on ACER's website.		
7. The regulatory authorities shall submit		
the reports referred to in paragraph 1 to ACER		
and publish them. Within 12 months of receipt		
of the reports, ACER shall issue a report		
analysing them and providing recommendations		
on issues of cross-border relevance regarding		
the findings of the regulatory authorities.		
Article 19d		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
r residency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
Indicative national objective for demand side		
response and <u>energy</u> storage		
		- 1/
Based on the report of the regulatory authority		
pursuant to Article 19c(1), each Member State		
shall define an indicative national objective for		
demand-side response and energy storage. This		
indicative national objective shall also be		
reflected in Member States' integrated national		
energy and climate plans as regards the		
dimension 'Internal Energy Market' in		
accordance with Articles 3, 4 and 7 of		
Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 and in their		
integrated biennial progress reports in		
accordance with Article 17 of Regulation (EU)		
2018/1999.		
Article 19e		
Non-fossil Fflexibility support schemes		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
1. <u>A Member States which appliesy</u> a		
capacity mechanism in accordance with Article		
21 shall consider the promotion of the		
participation of non-fossil flexibility, such as		
demand-side response and energy storage by		
introducing additional criteria or features in the		
design of the capacity mechanism.		
2. Where the measures introduced in		
accordance with paragraph 1 to promote the		
participation of non-fossil flexibility such as		
demand response and energy storage in capacity		
mechanisms are insufficient to achieve the		
flexibility needs identified in accordance with		
Article 19d, Member States may apply non-		
fossil flexibility support schemes consisting of		
payments for the available capacity of non-fossil		
flexibility such as demand side response and		
energy storage.		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
3. Member States which do not apply a		
capacity mechanism may apply non-fossil		
flexibility support schemes consisting of		
payments for the available capacity of non-fossil		
flexibility such as demand-side response and		
energy storage.		
Article 19f		
Design principles for non-fossil flexibility		
support schemes		
Non-fossil Fflexibility support schemes for non-		
fossil flexibility such as demand response and		
storage applied by Member States in accordance		
with Article 19e(2) and (3) shall:		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(a) not go beyond what is necessary to		
address the identified flexibility needs in a cost-		
effective manner;		
(b) be limited to new investments in non-	be limited to new investments in non-fossil	Similart to Article 19b, new investments should
fossil flexibility such as demand side response	flexibility such as demand side response and	include investments to new technology to
and energy storage;	energy storage including fuel convertion from	convert fossil fuel based dispatchable generation
	fossil to non-fossil fuels;	units to non-fossil based fuels and use existing
		back up generations for flexibility.
(c) must not imply starting fossil fuel-based		We understand that this limitation applies on to
generation located behind the metering point;		fossil fuel based production and not behind the
		metering point dispatchable generation that is
		fossil free. If that is the case, we are okay with
		this condition.
(d) select capacity providers by means of an		
open, transparent, competitive, non-		
discriminatory and cost-effective process;		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(e) prevent undue distortions to the efficient		
functioning of the electricity markets including		
preserving efficient operation incentives and		
price signals and the exposure to price variation		
and market risk;		
(f) provide incentives for the integration in		
the electricity market in a market-based and		
market-responsive way, while avoiding		
unnecessary distortions of electricity markets as		
well as taking into account possible system		
integration costs and grid stability;		
(g) set out a minimum level of participation		
in the market in terms of activated energy,		
which takes into account the technical		
specificities of the asset delivering the		
<u>flexibility</u> storage and demand response;		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(h) apply appropriate penalties to capacity		We understand the penalties to be contractual
providers which do not respect the minimum		penalties and not administrative. This could be
level of participation in the market referred to in		clarified.
point (g), or which do not follow efficient		
operation incentives and prices signals referred		
to in point (e);		
(i) he areas to areas harder participation?		
(i) be open to cross-border participation.';		
(10) in Article 37 (1), point (a) is replaced by		
the following:		
"(a), carrying out the coordinated capacity		ok
calculation in accordance with the		
methodologies developed pursuant to the		
forward capacity allocation guideline, the		
capacity allocation and congestion management		
guideline and the electricity balancing guideline		
adopted on the basis of Article 18(5) of		
Regulation (EC) No 714/2009;";		

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Drafting Suggestions	Comments
	- 1
	This is okay if it's on a sufficiently high level
	requirement. See:
	https://www.fingrid.fi/en/grid/grid-connection-
	agreement-phases/grid-scope/

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(12) in Article 57, the following paragraph 3 is added:		
"3. Distribution system operators and transmission system operators shall cooperate with each other in publishing information on the capacity available for new connections in their respective areas of operation in a consistent manner and giving sufficient granular visibility to developers of new energy projects and other potential network users.	Distribution system operators and transmission system operators shall cooperate with each other in publishing information on the capacity available for new connections in their respective areas of operation in a consistent manner and giving sufficient granular visibility to developers of new energy projects and other potential network users.	This is unclear. Is the idea to coordinate on the what is published. We would be against a infromation sharing provision going this far so please revise so that the content of the provision corrensponds to Article 50 and 31 (Directive).
(13) in Article 59 (1), point (b) is replaced by the following: "(b), capacity-allocation and congestion-management rules pursuant to Article 6 of Directive (EU) 2019/944 and Articles 7 to 10, 13 to 17, 19 and 35 to 37 of this Regulation,		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
including rules on day-ahead, intraday and		
forward capacity calculation methodologies and		
processes, grid models, bidding zone		
configuration, redispatching and countertrading,		
trading algorithms, single day-ahead and		
intraday coupling including the possibility of		
being operated by a single entity, the firmness		
of allocated cross-zonal capacity, congestion		
income distribution, the allocation of financial		
long-term transmission rights by the single		
allocation platform, cross-zonal transmission		
risk hedging, nomination procedures, and		
capacity allocation and congestion management		
cost recovery;";		
(14) The following Article 69a is added:		
Article 69a		
Interaction with Union financial legislation		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
Nothing in this Regulation shall derogate from		
the provisions of Directive (EU) 2014/65,		
Regulation (EU) 648/2012 and Regulation (EU)		
600/2014 when market participants or market		
operators engage in activities related to financial		
instruments in particular as defined under		
Article 4(1)(15) of Directive (EU) 2014/65.		
(15) in Annex I point 1.2 is replaced by the		
following:		
"1.2. Coordinated capacity calculation shall be		
performed for all allocation timeframes".		
Article 2		
Amendments to Directive (EU) 2019/944 of the		
European Parliament and of the Council of 5		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
June 2019 on common rules for the internal		
market for electricity		
Directive (EU) 2019/944 of the European		
Parliament and of the Council of 5 June 2019 on		
common rules for the internal market for		
electricity is amended as follows:		
(1) Article 2 is amended as follows:		
(a) points (8) and (49) <u>are is</u> -replaced by the		
following:		
"(8) 'active customer' means a final		
customer, or a group of jointly acting final		
customers, who consumes or stores electricity		
generated within its premises located within		
confined boundaries or self-generated or shared		
electricity within other premises located within		
the same bidding zone, or who sells self-		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
generated electricity or participates in flexibility		
or energy efficiency schemes, provided that		
those activities do not constitute its primary		
commercial or professional activity.";		
"(49) 'non-frequency ancillary service' means a		
service used by a transmission system operator		
or distribution system operator for steady state		
voltage control, fast reactive current injections,		
inertia for local grid stability, short-circuit		
current, black start capability, island operation		
capability and peak shaving;"		
(b) the following points are added:		
(15a) 'fixed term, fixed price electricity supply		
contract' means an electricity supply contract		
between a supplier and a final customer that		
guarantees the same contractual conditions,		
including the price, while it may, within a fixed		

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Drafting Suggestions	Comments
	Drafting Suggestions

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
		o minorio de la companya della companya della companya de la companya de la companya della compa
(24a) 'supplier of last resort' means a supplier		
who is designated by a Member State to take		
over the supply of electricity to customers of a		- " //
supplier which has ceased to operate;		
(2) Article 4 is replaced by the following:		
"Article 4		
Free choice of supplier		
Member States shall ensure that all customers	Member States shall ensure that all customers	The change is needed in order to ensure that the
are free to purchase electricity from the supplier	are free to purchase electricity from the supplier	same connection point does not have two
of their choice. Member States shall ensure that	of their choice. Member States shall ensure that	competing contracts on the same meter.
all customers are free to have more than one	all customers are free to have more than one	
electricity supply contract at the same time, and	electricity supply contract at the same time, and	
that for this purpose customers are entitled to	that for this purpose customers are entitled to	
have more than one metering and billing point	have more than one metering and billing point	
covered by the single connection point for their	covered by the single connection point for their	
premises."	premises. Each metering point that is used for	

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
	for billing must be its own separate electrical	
	installation and be clearly separated from	
	other metering points.	
(3) Article 11 is amended as follows:		
(a) the title is replaced by the following:		
'Entitlement to a fixed term, fixed price and		
dynamic electricity price contract';		
(b) paragraph 1 is replaced by the following:		
1. Member States shall ensure that the national		
regulatory framework enables suppliers to offer		
fixed-term, fixed-price contracts and dynamic		
electricity price contracts. Member States shall		
ensure that final customers who have a smart		
meter installed can request to conclude a		
dynamic electricity price contract and that all		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
final customers can request to conclude a fixed-		
term, fixed-price electricity price contract of a		
duration of at least one year, with at least one		
supplier and with every supplier that has more		
than 200 000 final customers.		
(c) the following paragraph 1a is inserted:		
1a. Prior to the conclusion or extension of any		
contract, final customers shall be provided with		
a summary of the key contractual conditions in a		
prominent manner and in concise and simple		
language. This summary shall include at least		
information on total price and its breakdown,		
promotions, additional services, discounts and		
include set out the rights referred to in points		
(a), (b), (d), (e) and (f) of Article 10(3). The		
Commission shall provide guidance in this		
regard.		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(d) paragraph 2 is replaced by the following:		
2. Member States shall ensure that final		- 1
customers are fully informed by the suppliers of		
the opportunities, costs and risks of <u>the</u>		
respective types of dynamic electricity price		
contracts, and shall ensure that suppliers are		
required to provide information to the final		
customers accordingly, including with regard to		
the need to have an adequate electricity meter		
installed. Regulatory authorities shall monitor		
the market developments and assess the risks		
that the new products and services may entail		
and deal with abusive practices.		
(4) The following Articles are inserted:		
"Article 15a"		
Right to energy sharing		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
1. All households, small and medium sized		
enterprises and public bodies shall have the		
right to participate in energy sharing as active		
customers.		
2. (a) Active customers shall be		
entitled to share renewable energy between		
themselves based on private agreements or		
through a legal entity.		
unough a legal chirty.		
3. (b) Active customers may use a third		
party that owns or manages for installation,		
operation, including metering and maintenance		
a storage or renewable energy generation		
facility for the purpose of facilitating energy		
sharing, without that third party being		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
considered an active customer.		
4.(e) Member States shall ensure that active		
customers participating in energy sharing:		
(<u>a</u> d) are entitled to have the shared electricity		
netted with their total metered consumption		
within a time interval no longer than the		
imbalance settlement period and without		
prejudice to applicable taxes, levies and network		
charges;		
(<u>b</u> e) benefit from all consumer rights and		
obligations as final customers under this		
Directive, except in case of energy sharing		
between households with an installed capacity		
up to 10.8 kW for single households [as		
specified in the reviewed Renewable Energy		
Directive 2021/557] and up to 50 kW for multi-		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
apartment blocks [as specified in the recast		
Energy Peformance of Buildings Directive		
2021/802] using peer to peer trading		
agreements;		
(<u>c</u> f) have access to template contracts with		
fair and transparent terms and conditions for		
peer-to-peer tradingenergy sharing agreements		
between households, and for agreements on		
leasing, renting or investing in storage and		
renewable energy generation facilities for the		
purpose of energy sharing; in case of conflicts		
arising over such agreements, final customers		
shall have access to out of court dispute		
settlement in accordance with Article 26;		
(dg) are not subject to unfair and		
discriminatory treatment by market participants		
or their balance responsible parties;		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(<u>e</u> h) are informed of the possibility for		
changes in bidding zones in accordance with		
Article 14 of Regulation (EU) 2019/943 and of		
the fact that the right to share energy is		
restricted to within one and the same bidding		
zone.		
<u>5.</u> (i) Member States shall ensure that		
relevant transmission or distribution system		
operators or other designated bodies:		
(<u>a</u> j) monitor, collect, validate and		
communicate metering data related to the shared		
electricity with relevant final customers and		
market participants at least every month, and in		
accordance with Article 23;		
(<u>b</u> k) provide a relevant contact point to		
register energy sharing arrangements, receive		
information on relevant metering points,		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
changes in location and participation, and,		
where applicable, validate calculation methods		
in a clear, transparent and timely manner:		
<u>6</u> 2. Member States shall take appropriate		
and non-discriminatory measures to ensure that		
energy poor and vulnerable households can		
access energy sharing schemes. Those measures		
may include financial support measures or		
production allocation quota.		
"Article 18a		
Supplier risk management		
1. National Regulatory Authorities, or		
where a Member State has designated an		
alternative independent competent authority		
for that purpose, such designated competent		
<u>authorities,</u> -shall ensure that suppliers have in		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
place and implement appropriate hedging		
strategies to limit the risk of changes in		
wholesale electricity supply to the economic		*
viability of their contracts with customers, while		
maintaining liquidity on and price signals from		
short-term markets.		
2. Supplier hedging strategies may include		
the use of power purchase agreements. Where		
sufficiently developed markets for power		
purchase agreements exist which allow effective		
competition, Member States may require that a		
share of suppliers' risk exposure to changes in		
wholesale electricity prices is covered using		
power purchase agreements for electricity		
generated from renewable energy sources		
matching the duration of their risk exposure on		
the consumer side, subject to compliance with		
Union competition law.		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
3. Member States shall endeavour to ensure		
the accessibility of hedging products for citizen		
energy communities and renewable energy		
communities."		
(5) The following Articles are XX is inserted:		
"Article 27a		
Supplier of last resort		
1. Member States shall implement a		
supplier of last resort regime to ensure		
continuity of supply appoint suppliers of last		
resort at least for household customers.		
Suppliers of last resort shall be appointed in a		
fair, open, transparent and non-discriminatory		
procedure.		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
2. Final customers who are transferred to		
suppliers of last resort shall not lose their rights		
as customers, in particular those rights laid		
down in Articles 4, 10, 11, 12, 14, 18 and 26.		
, , , , ,		~
3. Member States shall ensure that		
suppliers of last resort promptly communicate		
the terms and conditions to transferred		
customers and ensure seamless continuity of		
service for those customers for at least 6		
months.		
4. Member States shall ensure that final		
customers are provided with information and		
encouragement to switch to a market-based		
offer.		
5. Member States may require <u>athe</u>		
supplier of last resort to supply electricity to		
household customers who do not receive market		

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Drafting Suggestions	Comments
	Drafting Suggestions

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
"1. Member States shall ensure that all		
household customers, and, where Member		
States consider it appropriate, small enterprises,		
enjoy universal service, namely the right to be		
supplied with electricity of a specified quality		
within their territory at competitive, easily and		
clearly comparable, transparent and non-		
discriminatory prices. To ensure the provision		
of universal service, Member States shall		
impose on distribution system operators an		
obligation to connect customers to their network		
under terms, conditions and tariffs set in		
accordance with the procedure laid down in		
Article 59(7). This Directive does not prevent		
Member States from strengthening the market		
position of the household customers and small		
and medium-sized non-household customers by		
promoting the possibilities for the voluntary		
aggregation of representation for that class of		
customers."		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
information within a period of three months		
from the submission of the request."		
(8) Article 40 is amended as follows:		
[a] a new paragraph is added after paragraph 6:		
The requirements in paragraphs 5 and 6 shall		
not apply with regard to the peak shaving		
product procured in accordance with Article 7a		
of Regulation (EU) 2019/943.		
(9) Article 59 is amended as follows:		
[a] In paragraph 1, subparagraph (c) is replaced		
by the following:		
(c), in close coordination with the other	Delete addition of the single allocation platform.	The article should remain as it is as the changes
regulatory authorities, ensuring the compliance		in reagrds of the virtual trading hub should not
of the single allocation platform established in		be implemented at this stage.

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/1719,		
the ENTSO for Electricity and the EU DSO		
entity with their obligations under this		
Directive, Regulation (EU) 2019/943, the		
network codes and guidelines adopted pursuant		
to Articles 59, 60 and 61 of Regulation (EU)		
2019/943, and other relevant Union law,		
including as regards cross-border issues, as well		
as with ACER's decisions, and jointly		
identifying non-compliance of the single		
allocation platform, the ENTSO for Electricity		
and the EU DSO entity with their respective		
obligations; where the regulatory authorities		
have not been able to reach an agreement within		
a period of four months after the start of		
consultations for the purpose of jointly		
identifying non-compliance, the matter shall be		
referred to the ACER for a decision, pursuant to		
Article 6(10) of Regulation (EU) 2019/942;		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
[b] In paragraph 1, subparagraph (z) is replaced		
by the following:		
		~ * //
(z) The regulatory authority shall have the		
following duties: monitoring the removal of		
unjustified obstacles to and restrictions on the		
development of consumption of self-generated		
electricity and citizen energy communities,		
including obstacles and restrictions		
preventing related to the connection of flexible		
distributed energy generation within a		
reasonable time-in accordance with Article		
58(d) .		
[c] paragraph 4 is replaced by the following:		
4. The regulatory authority located in the		
Member State in which the single allocation		
platform, the ENTSO for Electricity or the EU		
DSO entity has its seat shall have the power to		

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Drafting Suggestions	Comments
	Drafting Suggestions

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(a) very high <u>average</u> prices in wholesale		
electricity markets at least two and a half times		- 1/
the average price during the previous 5 years		
which is expected to continue for at least 6		
months;		
(b) sharp increases in electricity retail prices		
of at least 70% occur which are expected to		
continue for at least 6 months; and		
(c) the wider economy is being negatively		
affected by the increases in electricity prices.		
2. The <u>decision</u> Commission shall specify		
in its decision declaring a regional or Union-		
wide electricity price crisis shall specify the		
period of validity of that decision which may be		
for a period of up to one year.		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
3. The Commission shall present a		
proposal for declaring a regional or Union-		
wide electricity price crisis, including the		
proposed period of validity of the decision,		
where it considers that the conditions in		
paragraph 1 are fulfilled.		
paragraph rare runneu.		
4 The Council acting by a qualified		
4. The Council, acting by a qualified		
majority, may amend the Commission		
proposal.		
<u>53</u> . Where the <u>Commission</u> <u>Council</u> has		
adopted a decision pursuant to paragraph 1,		
Member States may, for the duration of the		
validity of that decision apply targeted public		
interventions in price setting for the supply of		
electricity to small and medium sized		
enterprises. Such public interventions shall:		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(a) be limited to at most 70% of the		
beneficiary's consumption during the same		
period of the previous year and retain an		
incentive for demand reduction;		
(b) comply with the conditions set out in		
Article 5(4) and (7);		
(c) where relevant, comply with the		
conditions set out in Paragraph 4.		
64. Where the Council Commission has		
adopted a decision pursuant to paragraph 1,		
Member States may for the duration of the		
validity of that decision, by way of derogation		
from Article 5(7), point (c), when applying		
targeted public interventions in price setting for		
the supply of electricity pursuant to Article 5(6)		
or paragraph 3 of this Article, exceptionally and		
temporarily set a price for the supply of		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
electricity which is below cost provided that the		
following conditions are fulfilled:		
(a) the price set for households only applies		
to at most 80% of median household		
consumption and retains an incentive for		
demand reduction;		
(b) there is no discrimination between		
suppliers;		
(c) suppliers are compensated for supplying		
below cost; and		
(d) all suppliers are eligible to provide offers		
for the price for the supply of electricity which		
is below cost on the same basis.		
(11) in Article 71, paragraph 1 is replaced by the		
following:		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
1. Member States shall bring into force the		
laws, regulations and administrative provisions		
necessary to comply with Article 2 points 8 and		
49, Articles 3 and 5, Article 6(2) and (3), Article		
7(1), point (j) and (l) of Article 8(2), Article		
9(2), Article 10(2) to (12), Article 11(3) and (4),		
Articles 12 to 24, Articles 26, 28 and 29, Article		
31(1), (2) and (4) to (10; Articles 32 to 34 and		
36, Article 38(2), Articles 40 and 42, point (d)		
of Article 46(2), Articles 51 and 54, Articles 57		
to 58, Article 59(1) points (a), (b) and (d) to (y),		
Article 59(2) and (3), Article 59(5) to (10),		
Articles 61 to 63, points (1) to (3), (5)(b) and (6)		
of Article 70 and Annexes I and II by 31		
December 2020. They shall immediately		
communicate the text of those provisions to the		
Commission.		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
However, Member States shall bring into force		
the laws, regulations and administrative		
provisions necessary to comply with:		
(a) point (5)(a) of Article 70 by 31 December		
2019;		
(b) point (4) of Article 70 by 25 October 2020.		
Member States shall bring into force the laws,		
regulations and administrative provisions		
necessary to comply with Article 2 points 10a,		
10b, 15a, 24a, Article 4, Article 11(1), (1a) and		
(2), Article 15a, Article 18a, Article 27(1),		
Article 27a, Article 28a, Article 31(3), Article		
40(7), Article 59(1) points (c) and (z), Article		
59(4) and Article 66a by six months after entry		
into force of [this Regulation].		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
When Member States adopt those measures,		
they shall contain a reference to this Directive or		
be accompanied by such a reference on the		*
occasion of their official publication. They shall		
also include a statement that references in		
existing laws, regulations and administrative		
provisions to the Directive repealed by this		
Directive shall be construed as references to this		
Directive. Member States shall determine how		
such reference is to be made and how that		
statement is to be formulated.'		
Article 3		
Amendment to Directive (EU) 2018/2001 of the		
European Parliament and of the Council of 11		
December 2018 on the promotion of the use of		
energy from renewable sources		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
Directive (EU) 2018/2001 is amended as		
follows:		
(1) Article 4(3) is amended as follows:		
(a) the second subparagraph is replaced by the		
following:		
'To that end, with regard to direct price support		
schemes, support shall be granted in the form of		
a market premium, which could be, inter alia,		
sliding or fixed. Th <u>e first</u> is sentence shall not		
apply to support for electricity from the		
renewable sources listed in Article 19b(2) of		
Regulation (EU) 2019/94 <u>3</u> 4, to which Article		
19b(1) of that Regulation applies.'		
(2) in Article 36, paragraph 1 is replaced by the		
following:		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
'1. Member States shall bring into force the		
laws, regulations and administrative provisions		
necessary to comply with Articles 2 to 13, 15 to		
31 and 37 and Annexes II, III and V to IX,		
by 30 June 2021. However, Member States shall		
bring into force the laws, regulations and		
administrative provisions necessary to comply		
with Article 4(3), second subparagraph, by [six		
months after entry into force of this Regulation].		
They shall immediately communicate the text of		
those measures to the Commission.		
When Member States adopt those measures,		
they shall contain a reference to this Directive or		
be accompanied by such a reference on the		
occasion of their official publication. They shall		
also include a statement that references in		
existing laws, regulations and administrative		
provisions to the Directive repealed by this		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
Directive shall be construed as references to this		
Directive. Member States shall determine how		
such reference is to be made and how that		
statement is to be formulated.'		
Article 4		
Amendments to Regulation (EU) 2019/942 of		
the European Parliament and of the Council of 5		
June 2019 establishing a European Union		
Agency for the Cooperation of Energy		
Regulators		
Regulation (EU) 2019/942 is amended as		
follows:		
(1) Article 2 is amended as follows:		
(a) point (a) is replaced by the following:		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
Trestuciney compromise text	Draiting Suggestions	Comments
'(a) issue opinions and recommendations		
addressed to transmission system operators, the		
ENTSO for Electricity, the ENTSO for Gas, the		_ * <i>/</i>
EU DSO Entity, the single allocation platform		
established in accordance with Regulation (EU)		
2016/1719, regional coordination centres and		
nominated electricity market operators <u>-on</u>		
approving the methodologies, terms and		
conditions in accordance with Article 4(4),		
Article 5(2), (3) and (4); on bidding zones		
reviews as referred to in Article 5(7); on		
technical issues as referred to in Article 6(1); on		
arbitration between regulators in accordance		
with Article 6(10); related to regional		
coordination centres as referred to in Article		
7(2), point (a); on approving and amending		
methodologies and calculations and technical		
specifications as referred to in Article 9(1); on		
approving and amending methodologies as		
referred to in Article 9(3); on exemptions as		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
referred to in Article 10; on infrastructure as		
referred to in Article 11 point (d); on matters		
related to wholesale market integrity and		
transparency pursuant to Article 12;'		
(b) point (d) is replaced by the following:		
" (d) issue individual decisions on the provision		
of information in accordance with Article 3(2),		
Article 7(2), point (b), and Article 8, point (c);		
on approving the methodologies, terms and		
conditions in accordance with Article 4(4),		
Article 5(2), (3) and (4); on bidding zones		
reviews as referred to in Article 5(7); on		
technical issues as referred to in Article 6(1); on		
arbitration between regulators in accordance		
with Article 6(10); related to regional		
coordination centres as referred to in Article		
7(2), point (a); on approving and amending		
methodologies and calculations and technical		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
specifications as referred to in Article 9(1); on		
approving and amending methodologies as		
referred to in Article 9(3); on exemptions as		
referred to in Article 10; on infrastructure as		
referred to in Article 11, point (d); on matters		
related to wholesale market integrity and		
transparency pursuant to Article 12, on		
approving and amending proposals from the		
ENTSO for electricity related to the regional		
virtual hubs pursuant to Article 5(9); and on		
approving and amending proposals from the		
ENTSO for electricity and the EU DSO entity		
related to the methodology concerning the data		
and analysis to be provided as regards the		
flexibility needs pursuant to Article 5(10). ";		
(2) in Article 3(2), the following fourth		
subparagraph is added:		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
"This paragraph shall also apply to the single		
allocation platform established in accordance		
with Regulation (EU) 2016/1719.";		
(3) in Article 4, the following paragraph 9 is		
added:		
"9. Paragraphs 6, 7 and 8 shall also apply to the		
single allocation platform established in		
accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/1719.";		
(4) in Article 5(8), the following second		
subparagraph is added:";		
ACER shall monitor the single allocation		
platform established in accordance with		
Regulation (EU) 2016/1719.		
(5) In Article 5, the following paragraph 9 is		
added:		

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Duosidanay aamnyamisa tayt	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
"9. ACER shall approve and where necessary		
amend the proposal from the ENTSO for		
electricity on the establishment of the regional		
virtual hubs for the forward market pursuant to		
Article 9(2) of Regulation (EU) 2019/943."		
(6) In Article 5. the following paragraph 10 is		
added:		
"10. ACER shall approve and where necessary		
amend the joint proposal from the ENTSO for		
electricity and the EU DSO entity related to the		
methodology concerning the data and analysis		
to be provided as regards the flexibility needs		
pursuant to Article 19e(5) of Regulation (EU)		
2019/943."		
(7) in Article 15, the following paragraph 5 is		
added:		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
"5. ACER shall issue a report analysing the		
national assessments of the flexibility needs and		
providing recommendations on issues of cross-		
border relevance regarding the findings of the		
regulatory authorities pursuant to Article 19e(6)		
of Regulation (EU) 2019/943.";		
Article 5		
Entry into force		
This Regulation shall enter into force on the		
[xxx] day following that of its publication in the		
Official Journal of the European Union.		
1		
This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety		
and directly applicable in all Member States.		
7 11		
Done at Strasbourg,		
Don't at Buabouits,		

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Presidency compromise text	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
For the European Parliament For the Council		
The President The President		- //
	<u>End</u>	<u>End</u>