

Brussels, 24 April 2023

WK 5281/2023 INIT

LIMITE

ENER
ENV
CLIMA
COMPET
CONSOM
FISC
CODEC

This is a paper intended for a specific community of recipients. Handling and further distribution are under the sole responsibility of community members.

CONTRIBUTION

From:	General Secretariat of the Council
To:	Working Party on Energy
Subject:	NL comments on EMD (ST 7440/23)

Delegations will find in the annex the NL comments on EMD (ST 7440/23).

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
2023/0077 (COD)		
Proposal for a		
REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN		
PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL		*/
amending Regulations (EU) 2019/943 and (EU)		
2019/942 as well as Directives (EU) 2018/2001		
and (EU) 2019/944 to improve the Union's		
electricity market design		
(Text with EEA relevance)		
THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE		
COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,		
Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning		
of the European Union, and in particular Article		
194(2) thereof,		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
Having regard to the proposal from the		
European Commission,		
After transmission of the draft legislative act to		
the national parliaments,		
Having regard to the opinion of the European		
Economic and Social Committee,		
Having regard to the opinion of the Committee		
of the Regions,		
Acting in accordance with the ordinary		
legislative procedure,		
Whereas:		
(1) Very high prices and volatility in		
electricity markets have been observed since		
September 2021. As set out by the European		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Deadline: 21 April

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
Agency for the Cooperation of Energy		
Regulators ('ACER') in its April 2022		
assessment of EU wholesale electricity market		
design ¹ , this is mainly a consequence of the high		
price of gas, which is used as an input to		
generate electricity.		
(2) The escalation of the Russian military		
aggression against Ukraine, a Contracting Party		
of the Energy Community, and related		
international sanctions since February 2022		
have disrupted global energy markets,		
exacerbated the problem of high gas prices, and		
have had significant knock-on impacts on		
electricity prices. The Russian invasion of		
Ukraine has also caused uncertainty on the		
supply of other commodities, such as hard coal		
and crude oil, used by power-generating		
installations. This has resulted in substantial		

European Union Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators, ACER's Final Assessment of the EU Wholesale Electricity Market Design, April 2022.

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
additional increases in the volatility of price		
levels of electricity.		
(3) In response to this situation, the		7
Communication on Energy Prices presented by		
the Commission in October 2021 contained a		
toolbox of measures that the EU and its Member		
States may use to address the immediate impact		
of high energy prices on households and		
businesses (including income support, tax		
breaks, gas savings and storage measures) and		
to strengthen resilience against future price		
shocks. In its Communication of 8 March 2022		
entitled 'REPowerEU: Joint European Action		
for more affordable, secure and sustainable		
energy' ² the Commission outlined a series of		
additional measures to strengthen the toolbox		
and to respond to rising energy prices. On 23		
March 2022, the Commission also established a		
temporary State Aid regime to allow certain		

² Communication from the Commission to the European Parliament, the European Council, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions - REPowerEU: Joint European Action for more affordable, secure and sustainable energy, COM/2022/108 final

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Deadline: 21 April

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
subsidies to soften the impact of high energy		
prices. ³		
(4) On 18 May 2022 the Commission		
presented the REPowerEU plan ⁴ that introduced		
additional measures focusing on energy savings,		
diversification of energy supplies and		
accelerated roll-out of renewable energy aiming		
at ending the Union's dependency on Russian		
fossil fuels, including a proposal to increase the		
Union's 2030 target for renewables to 45%.		
Furthermore, the Communication on Short-		
Term Energy Market Interventions and Long-		
Term Improvements to the Electricity Market		
Design ⁵ , in addition to setting out additional		
short-term measures to tackle high energy prices		
identified potential areas for improving the		

Communication from the Commission Temporary Crisis Framework for State Aid measures to support the economy following the aggression against Ukraine by Russia C 131 I/01, C/2022/1890.

Communication from the Commission to the European Parliament, the European Council, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions - REPowerEU Plan, COM(2022)230.

Communication from the Commission to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions - Short-Term Energy Market Interventions and Long Term Improvements to the Electricity Market Design – a course for action, COM(2022) 236 final.

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
electricity market design and announced the		
intention to assess these areas with a view to		
change the legislative framework.		
(5) To address urgently the price crisis and		
security concerns and to tackle the price hikes		
for citizens, and based on a series of		
Commission proposals, the Union adopted a		
strong gas storage regime ⁶ , effective demand		
reduction measures for gas and electricity ⁷ ,		
price limiting regimes to avoid windfall profits		
in both gas and electricity markets ⁸ and		
measures to accelerate the permit-granting		
procedures for renewable energy installations ⁹ .		
(6) A well-integrated market which builds		
on the Clean Energy for all Europeans Package		

⁶

Regulation (EU) 2022/1032 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 June 2022 amending Regulations (EU) 2017/1938 and (EC) No 715/2009 with regard to gas storage (Text with EEA relevance), OJ L 173

⁷ Council Regulation (EU) 2022/1369 of 5 August 2022 on coordinated demand-reduction measures for gas, OJ L 206 and Council Regulation (EU) 2022/1854 of 6 October 2022 on an emergency intervention to address high energy prices, OJ L 261

⁸ Council Regulation (EU) 2022/1854 of 6 October 2022 on an emergency intervention to address high energy prices, OJ L 261.

⁹ Council Regulation (EU) 2022/2577 of 22 December 2022 laying down a framework to accelerate the deployment of renewable energy, OJ L 335, 29.12.2022.

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
adopted in 2018 and 2019 ¹⁰ should allow the		
Union to reap the economic benefits of a single		
energy market in normal market circumstances,		
ensuring security of supply and sustaining the		*/
decarbonisation process. Cross-border		
interconnectivity also ensures safer, more		
reliable and efficient operation of the power		
system.		
(7) The current electricity market design has		
also helped the emergence of new and		
innovative products, services and measures on		
retail electricity markets, supporting energy		
efficiency and renewable energy uptake and		
enhancing choice so as to help consumers		
reduce their energy bills also through small-		
scale generation installations and emerging		

^{1.0}

Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2018 on the Governance of the Energy Union and Climate Action, OJ L 328, 21.12.2018, p. 1; Directive (EU) 2018/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2018 on the promotion of the use of energy from renewable sources (recast), OJ L 328, 21.12.2018, p. 82; Directive (EU) 2018/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2018 amending Directive 2012/27/EU on energy efficiency, OJ L 328, 21.12.2018, p. 210; Regulation (EU) 2019/942 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 June 2019 establishing a European Union Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators (recast), OJ L 158, 14.6.2019, p. 22; Regulation (EU) 2019/943 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 June 2019 on the internal market for electricity (recast), OJ L 158, 14.6.2019, p. 54; Directive (EU) 2019/944 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 June 2019 on common rules for the internal market for electricity (recast), OJ L 158, 14.6.2019, p. 125.

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
services for providing demand response.		
Building on and seizing the potential of the		
digitalisation of the energy system, such as		
active participation by consumers, should be a		
key element of our future electricity markets		
and systems. At the same time, there is a need to		
respect consumer choices and allow consumers		
to benefit from a variety of contract offers.		
(8) In the context of the energy crisis, the		
current electricity market design has however		
also revealed a number of important		
shortcomings linked to the impact of high and		
volatile fossil fuel prices on short-term		
electricity markets, which expose households		
and companies to significant price spikes with		
effects on their electricity bills.		
(9) A faster deployment of renewable		
energy and clean flexible technologies		
constitutes the most sustainable and cost-		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
effective way of structurally reducing the		
demand for fossil fuels for electricity generation		
and for direct consumption through		
electrification and energy system integration.		*//
Thanks to their low operational costs, renewable		
sources can positively impact electricity prices		
across the Union and reduce direct consumption		
of fossil fuels.		
(10) The changes to the electricity market		
design should ensure that the benefits from		
rising renewable power deployment, and the		
energy transition as a whole, are brought to		
consumers, including the most vulnerable ones,		
and ultimately, shield them from energy crises		
and avoid more households falling into energy		
poverty trap. These should mitigate the impact		
of high fossil fuel prices, notably that of gas, on		
electricity prices, aiming to allow households		
and companies to reap the benefits of affordable		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
and secure energy from sustainable renewable		
and low carbon sources in the longer term.		
(11) The reform of the electricity market		
design should benefit not just household		
consumers but also the competitiveness of the		
Union's industries by facilitating their		
possibilities to make the clean tech investments		
they require to meet their net zero transition		
paths. The energy transition in the Union needs		
to be supported by a strong clean technology		
manufacturing basis. These reforms will support		
the affordable electrification of industry and the		
Union's position as a global leader in terms of		
research and innovation in clean energy		
technologies.		
(12) Well-functioning and efficient short-		
term markets are a key tool for the integration of		
renewable energy and flexibility sources in the		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
market and facilitate energy system integration		
in a cost-effective manner.		
(13) Intraday markets are particularly		
important for the integration of variable		
renewable energy sources in the electricity		
system at the least cost as they give the		
possibility to market participants to trade		
shortages or surplus of electricity closer to the		
time of delivery. Since variable renewable		
energy generators are only able to accurately		
estimate their production close to the delivery		
time, it is crucial for them to have a maximum		
of trading opportunities via access to a liquid		
market as close as possible to the time of		
delivery of the electricity.		
(14) It is therefore important for the intraday		
markets to adapt to the participation of variable		
renewable energy technologies such as solar and		
wind as well as to the participation of demand		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

	D C: C	Comments
Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
side response and storage. The liquidity of the		
intraday markets should be improved with the		
sharing of the order books between market		
operators within a bidding zone, also when the		
cross-zonal capacities are set to zero or after the		
gate closure time of the intraday market.		
Furthermore, the gate closure time of the		
intraday market should be set closer to the time		
of delivery to maximize the opportunities for		
market participants to trade shortages and		
surplus of electricity and contribute to better		
integrating variable renewables in the electricity		
system.		
(15) In addition, the short-term electricity		
markets should ensure that small-scale		
flexibility service providers can participate by		
lowering the minimum bid size.		
(16) To ensure the efficient integration of		
electricity generated from variable renewable		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
energy sources and to reduce the need for fossil-		
fuel based electricity generation in times when		
there is high demand for electricity combined		
with low levels of electricity generation from		*//
variable renewable energy sources, it should be		
possible for transmission system operators to		
design a peak shaving product enabling demand		
response to contribute to decreasing peaks of		
consumption in the electricity system at specific		
hours of the day. The peak shaving product		
should contribute to maximize the integration of		
electricity produced from renewable sources		
into the system by shifting the electricity		
consumption to moments of the day with higher		
renewable electricity generation. As the peak		
shaving product aims to reduce and shift the		
electricity consumption, the scope of this		
product should be limited to demand side		
response. The procurement of the peak shaving		
product should take place in such a way that it		
does not overlap with the activation of		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
balancing products which aim at maintaining the		
frequency of the electricity system stable. In		
order to verify volumes of activated demand		
reduction, the transmission system operator		*//
should use a baseline reflecting the expected		
electricity consumption without the activation of		
the peak shaving product.		
(17) In order to be able to actively participate		
in the electricity markets and to provide their		
flexibility, consumers are progressively		
equipped with smart metering systems.		
However, in a number of Member States the		
roll-out of smart metering systems is still slow.		
In those instances where smart metering systems		
are not yet installed and in instances where		
smart metering systems do not provide for the		
sufficient level of data granularity, transmission		
and distribution system operators should be able		
to use data from dedicated metering devices for		
the observability and settlement of flexibility		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
services such as demand response and energy		
storage. Enabling the use of data from dedicated		
metering devices for observability and		
settlement should facilitate the active		
participation of the consumers in the market and		
the development of their demand response. The		
use of data from these dedicated metering		
devices should be accompanied by quality		
requirements relating to the data.		
(18) This Regulation establishes a legal basis		
for processing of personal data in compliance		
with Article 6(1)(c) GDPR. Member States		
should ensure that all personal data protection		
principles and obligations laid down in the		
GDPR are met, including on data minimisation.		
Where the objective of this Directive can be		
achieved without processing of personal data,		
providers should rely on anonymised and		
aggregated data.		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(19) Consumers and suppliers need effective		
and efficient forward markets to cover their		
long-term price exposure and decrease the		
dependence on short-term prices. To ensure that		
energy customers all over the EU can fully		
benefit from the advantages of integrated		
electricity markets and competition across the		
Union, the functioning of the Union's electricity		
forward market should be improved via the		
establishment of regional virtual hubs with a		
view to overcome the existing market		
fragmentation and the low liquidity experienced		
in many bidding zones. Regional virtual hubs		
should cover multiple bidding zones while		
ensuring an adequate price correlation. Some		
bidding zones may not be covered by a virtual		
hub in terms of contributing to the hub reference		
price. However, market participants from these		
bidding zones should still be able to hedge		
through a hub.		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(20) Virtual hubs should reflect the		
aggregated price of multiple bidding zones and		
provide a reference price, which should be used		
by market operators to offer forward hedging		*//
products. To that extent, virtual hubs should not		
be understood as entities arranging or executing		
transactions. The regional virtual hubs, by		
providing a reference price index, should enable		
the pooling of liquidity and provide better		
hedging opportunities to market participants.		
(21) To enhance the possibilities of market		
participants for hedging, the role of the single		
allocation platform established in accordance		
with Commission Regulation (EU) 2016/1719		
should be expanded. The single allocation		
platform should offer trading of financial long-		
term transmission rights between the different		
bidding zones and the regional virtual hubs. The		
orders submitted by market participants for		
financial transmission rights shall be matched		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
by a simultaneous allocation of long term cross		
zonal capacity. Such matching and allocation		
should be performed on a regular basis, to		
ensure enough liquidity and, hence, efficient		*//
hedging possibilities to market participants. The		
long-term transmission rights should be issued		
with frequent maturities (ranging from month		
ahead to at least three years ahead), in order to		
be aligned with the typical hedging time horizon		
of market participants. The single allocation		
platform should be subject to monitoring and		
enforcement to ensure that it performs its tasks		
properly.		
(22) Network tariffs should incentivise		
transmission and distribution system operators		
to use flexibility services through further		
developing innovative solutions to optimise the		
existing grid and to procure flexibility services,		
in particular demand response or storage. For		
this purpose, network tariffs should be designed		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
so as to take into account the operational and		
capital expenditures of system operators or an		
efficient combination of both so that they can		
operate the electricity system cost-efficiently.		*//
This would further contribute to integrating		
renewables at the least cost for the electricity		
system and enable final customers to value their		
flexibility solutions.		
(23) Offshore renewable energy sources, such		
as offshore wind, ocean energy and floating		
photovoltaic, will play an instrumental role in		
building a power system largely based on		
renewables and in ensuring climate neutrality by		
2050. There are, however, substantial obstacles		
to their wider and efficient deployment		
preventing the massive scale up needed to		
achieve those objectives. Similar obstacles		
could arise for other offshore technologies in the		
future. These obstacles include investment risks		
associated with the unique topographical		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
situation of offshore hybrid projects connected		
to more than one market. In order to reduce		
investment risk for these offshore project		
developers and to ensure that the projects in an		*//
offshore bidding zone have full market access to		
the surrounding markets, transmission system		
operators should guarantee access of the		
offshore project to the capacity of the respective		
hybrid interconnector for all market time units.		
If the available transmission capacities are		
reduced to the extent that the full amount of		
electricity generation that the offshore project		
would have otherwise been able to export		
cannot be delivered to the market, the		
transmission system operator or operators		
responsible for the need to limit the capacity		
should, in future, be enabled to compensate the		
offshore project operator commensurately using		
congestion income. This compensation should		
only be related to the production capability		
available to the market, which may be weather		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
dependent and excludes the outage and		
maintenance operations of the offshore project.		
The details, including the conditions under		
which the measure may expire, are intended to		*//
be defined in an implementing Regulation.		
(24) In the day sheed!!!- (1		
(24) In the day-ahead wholesale market, the		
power plants with lower marginal costs are		
dispatched first, but the price received by all		
market participants is set by the last plant		
needed to cover the demand, which is the plant		
with the highest marginal costs, when the		
markets clear. In this context, the energy crisis		
has shown that a surge in the price of gas and		
hard coal can translate into exceptional and		
lasting increases of the prices at which the gas		
and coal-fired generation facilities bid in the		
day-ahead wholesale market. That in turn has		
led to exceptionally high prices in the day-ahead		
market across the Union, as gas and coal-fired		
generation facilities are often the plants with the		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
highest marginal costs needed to meet the		
demand for electricity.		
(25) Given the role of the price in the day-		
ahead market as a reference for the price in		
other wholesale electricity markets, and the fact		
that all market participants receive the clearing		
price, the technologies with significantly lower		
marginal costs have consistently recorded high		
revenues.		
(26) To reach the Union's decarbonisation		
targets and the objectives set out in REPowerEU		
to become more energy independent, the Union		
needs to accelerate the deployment of		
renewables at a much faster pace. In view of the		
investment needs required to achieve these		
goals, the market should ensure that a long-term		
price signal is established.		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(27) In this framework, Member States		
should strive to create the right market		
conditions for long-term market-based		
instruments, such as power purchase agreements		
('PPAs'). PPAs are bilateral purchase		
agreements between producers and buyers of		
electricity. They provide long-term price		
stability for the customer and the necessary		
certainty for the producer to take the investment		
decision. Nevertheless, only a handful of		
Member States have active PPA markets and		
buyers are typically limited to large companies,		
not least because PPAs face a set of barriers, in		
particular the difficulty to cover the risk of		
payment default from the buyer in these long-		
term agreements. Member States should take		
into consideration the need to create a dynamic		
PPA market when setting the policies to achieve		
the energy decarbonisation objectives set out in		
their integrated national energy and climate		
plans.		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(28) According to Article 15(8) of Directive		
(EU) 2018/2001 of the European Parliament and		
of the Council, Member States are to assess the		
regulatory and administrative barriers to long-		
term renewables PPAs, and shall remove		
unjustified barriers to, and promote the uptake		
of, such agreements. In addition, Member States		
are to describe policies and measures facilitating		
the uptake of renewables PPAs in their		
integrated national energy and climate plans.		
Without prejudice to that obligation to report on		
the regulatory context affecting the PPA market,		
Member States should ensure that instruments to		
reduce the financial risks associated to the buyer		
defaulting on its long-term payment obligations		
in the framework of PPAs are accessible to		
companies that face entry barriers to the PPA		
market and are not in financial difficulty in line		
with Articles 107 and 108 TFEU. Member		
States could decide to set up a guarantee scheme		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
at market prices. Member States should include		
provisions to avoid lowering the liquidity in the		
electricity markets, such as by using financial		
PPAs. Member States should not provide		
support to PPAs that purchase generation from		
fossil fuels. While the default approach should		
be non-discrimination between consumers,		
Member States could decide to target these		
instruments to specific categories of consumers,		
applying objective and non-discriminatory		
criteria. In this framework, Member States		
should take into account the potential role of		
instruments provided at Union level, for		
instance by the European Investment Bank		
('EIB').		
(29) Member States have at their disposal		
several instruments to support the development		
of PPA markets when designing and allocating		
public support. Allowing renewable energy		
project developers participating in a public		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
support tender to reserve a share of the		
generation for sale through a PPA would		
contribute to nurture and grow PPA markets. In		
addition, as part of these tender evaluation		*//
Member States should endeavour to apply		
criteria to incentivise the access to the PPA		
market for actors that face entry barriers, such		
as small and medium-sized enterprises		
('SMEs'), giving preference to bidders		
presenting a commitment to sign a PPA for part		
of the project's generation from one or several		
potential buyers that face difficulties to access		
the PPA market.		
(30) Where Member States decide to support		
publicly financed new investments ("direct price		
support schemes") in low carbon, non-fossil fuel		
electricity generation to achieve the Union's		
decarbonisation objectives, those schemes		
should be structured by way of two-way		
contracts for difference such as to include, in		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
addition to a revenue guarantee, an upward		
limitation of the market revenues of the		
generation assets concerned. New investments		
for the generation of electricity should include		*//
investments in new power generating facilities,		
investments aimed at repowering existing power		
generating facilities, investments aimed at		
extending existing power generating facilities or		
at prolonging their lifetime.		
(31) Such two-way contracts for difference		
would ensure that revenues of producers		
stemming from new investments in electricity		
generation which benefit from public support		
become more independent from the volatile		
prices of fossil fuels-based generation which		
typically sets the price in the day-ahead market.		
(32) However, to the extent that the		
limitation to set out direct price support schemes		
in the form of two-way contracts for difference		
		I .

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
narrows down the types of direct price support		
schemes that Member States can adopt as		
regards renewable energy sources, it should be		
limited to low carbon, non-fossil fuel		*//
technologies, with low and stable operational		
costs and to technologies which typically do not		
provide flexibility to the electricity system,		
while excluding technologies that are at early		
stages of their market deployment. This is		
necessary to ensure that the economic viability		
of generation technologies with high marginal		
costs is not jeopardised and to maintain the		
incentives of the technologies which can offer		
flexibility to the electricity system to bid in the		
electricity market based on their opportunity		
costs. In addition, the limitation to set out direct		
price support schemes in the form of two-way		
contracts for difference should not apply to		
emerging technologies for which other types of		
direct price support schemes may be better		
placed to incentivise their uptake. The limitation		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
should be without prejudice to the possible		
exemption for small-scale installations and		
demonstration projects pursuant to Article 4 (3)		
of (EU) 2018/2001 of the European Parliament		
and of the Council and consider the specificities		
of renewable energy communities in accordance		
with Article 22 (7) of that Directive.		
(33) In view of the need to provide regulatory		
certainty of producers, the obligation for		
Member States to apply direct price support		
schemes for the production of electricity in the		
form of two-way contracts for difference should		
apply only to new investments for the		
generation of electricity from the sources		
specified in the recital above.		
(34) Thanks to the upward limitation of the		
market revenues direct price support schemes in		
the form of two-way contracts for difference		
should provide an additional source of revenues		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
for Member States in periods of high energy		
prices. To further mitigate the impact of high		
electricity prices on the energy bills of		
consumers, Member States should ensure that		*//
the revenues collected from producers subject to		
direct price support schemes in the form of two-		
way contracts for difference are passed on to all		
final electricity customers, including		
households, SMEs and industrial consumers,		
based on their consumption. The redistribution		
of revenues should be done in a way that		
ensures that consumers are still to some extent		
exposed to the price signal, so that they reduce		
their consumption when the prices are high, or		
shift it to periods of lower prices (which are		
typically periods with a higher share of RES		
production). Member States should ensure that		
the level playing-field and competition between		
the different suppliers is not affected by the		
redistribution of revenues to the final electricity		
consumers.		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(35) Furthermore, Member States should		
ensure that the direct price support schemes,		
irrespective of their form, do not undermine the		
efficient, competitive and liquid functioning of		
the electricity markets, preserving the incentives		
of producers to react to market signals,		
including stop generating when electricity prices		
are below their operational costs, and of final		
customers to reduce consumption when		
electricity prices are high. Member States		
should ensure that support schemes do not		
constitute a barrier for the development of		
commercial contracts such as PPAs.		
(36) Thus, two-way contracts for difference		
and power purchase agreements play		
complementary roles in advancing the energy		
transition and bringing the benefits of		
renewables and low carbon energy to		
consumers. Subject to the requirements set out		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
in the present Regulation, Member States should		
be free to decide which instruments they use to		
achieve their decarbonisation objectives.		
Through PPAs, private investors contribute to		
additional renewable and low carbon energy		
deployment while locking low and stable		
electricity prices over the long-term. Likewise,		
through two-way contracts for difference, the		
same objective is achieved by public entities on		
behalf of consumers. Both instruments are		
necessary to achieve the Union's		
decarbonisation targets through renewable and		
low carbon energy deployment, while bringing		
forward the benefits of low-cost electricity		
generation for consumers.		
(37) The accelerated deployment of		
renewables necessitates a growing availability		
of flexibility solutions to ensure their integration		
to the grid and to enable the electricity system		
and grid to adjust to the variability of electricity		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
generation and consumption across different		
time horizons. Regulatory authorities should		
periodically assess the need for flexibility in the		
electricity system based on the input of		
transmission and distribution system operators.		
The assessment of the flexibility needs of the		
electricity system should take into account all		
existing and planned investments (including		
existing assets that are not yet connected to the		
grid) on sources of flexibility such as flexible		
electricity generation, interconnectors, demand		
side response, energy storage or the production		
of renewable fuels, in view of the need to		
decarbonise the energy system. On this basis,		
Member States should define a national		
objective for non-fossil flexibility such as		
demand side response and storage which should		
also be reflected in their integrated national		
energy and climate plans.		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(38) To achieve the national objective for		
non-fossil flexibility such as demand side		
response and storage investment needs, Member		
States can design or redesign capacity		*//
mechanisms in order to create a green and		
flexible capacity mechanism. Member States		
that apply a capacity mechanism in line with the		
existing rules should promote the participation		
of non-fossil flexibility such as demand side		
response and storage by introducing additional		
criteria or features in the design.		
(39) To support environmental protection		
objectives the CO2 emissions' limit, set out in		
Article 22(4) of Regulation (EU) 2019/943 of		
the European Parliament and of the Council,		
should be seen as an upper limit. Therefore,		
Member States could set technical performance		
standards and CO2 emissions' limits that restrict		
participation in capacity mechanisms to flexible,		
fossil-free technologies in full alignment with		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
the Guidelines on State aid for climate,		
environmental protection and energy ¹¹ which		
encourage Member States to introduce green		
criteria in capacity mechanisms.		*//
(40) In addition, if Member States do not		
apply a capacity mechanism or if the additional		
criteria or features in the design of their capacity		
mechanism are insufficient to achieve national		
objective for demand response and storage		
investment needs they could apply flexibility		
support schemes consisting of payments for the		
available capacity of non-fossil flexibility such		
as demand side response and storage.		
(41) The connection of new generation and		
demand installations, in particular renewable		
energy plants, often faces delays in grid		
connection procedures. One of the reasons for		
such delays is the lack of available grid capacity		

¹¹ Communication from the Commission – Guidelines on State aid for climate, environmental protection and energy 2022 (OJ C 80, 18.2.2022, p. 1).

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
at the location chosen by the investor, which		
implies the need for grid extensions or		
reinforcements to connect the installations to the		
system in a safe manner. A new requirement for		*//
electricity system operators, both at		
transmission and distribution levels, to publish		
and update information on the grid capacity		
available in their areas of operation would		
contribute to decision-making by investors on		
the basis of information of grid capacity		
availability within the system and thus to the		
required acceleration in the deployment of		
renewable energy.		
(42) Furthermore, to tackle the problem of		
lengthy reply times on requests for connection		
to the grid, transmission and distribution system		
operators should provide clear and transparent		
information to system users about the status and		
treatment of their connection requests.		
Transmission and distribution system operators		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
should endeavour to provide such information		
within a period of three months from the		
submission of the request.		
(43) During the energy crisis, consumers		
have been exposed to extremely volatile		
wholesale energy prices and had limited		
opportunities to engage in the energy market.		
Consequently, many households, have been		
facing difficulties when paying their bills.		
Vulnerable consumers and the energy poor are		
the hardest hit ¹² , but middle-income households		
have also been exposed to such difficulties. It is		
therefore important to update consumer rights		
and protections, allowing consumers to benefit		
from the energy transition, decouple their		
electricity bills from short term price		
movements on energy markets and rebalance the		
risk between suppliers and consumers.		

Particular groups are more at risk of being affected by energy poverty or more susceptible to the adverse impacts of energy poverty, such as women, persons with disabilities, older persons, children, and persons with a minority racial or ethnic background.

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(44) Consumers should have access to a wide		
range of offers so that they can choose a		
contract according to their needs. However,		
suppliers have reduced their offers, fixed-price		*//
contracts have become scarce, and the choice of		
offers has become limited. Consumers should		
always have the possibility to opt for an		
affordable fixed price and fixed term contract		
and suppliers should not unilaterally modify the		
terms and conditions before such contract		
expires.		
(45) When suppliers' do not ensure that their		
electricity portfolio is sufficiently hedged		
changes in wholesale electricity prices can leave		
them financially at risk and, result in their		
failure, passing on costs to consumers and other		
network users. Hence, it should be ensured that		
suppliers are appropriately hedged when		
offering fixed price contracts. An appropriate		
hedging strategy should take into account the		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
suppliers' access to its own generation and its		
capitalisation as well as its exposure to changes		
in wholesale market prices.		
(46) Consumers should be able to choose the		
supplier which offers them the price and service		
which best suits their needs. Advances in		
metering and sub-metering technology		
combined with information and communication		
technology mean that it is now technically		
possible to have multiple suppliers for a single		
premises. If they so wish, customers should be		
able to use these possibilities to choose a		
separate supplier notably for electricity to power		
appliances such as heat pumps or electric		
vehicles which have a particularly high		
consumption or which also have the capability		
to shift their electricity consumption		
automatically in response to price signals.		
Moreover, with fast-responding dedicated		
metering devices which are attached to or		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
embedded in appliances with flexible,		
controllable loads, final customers can		
participate in other incentive-based demand		
response schemes that provide flexibility		
services on the electricity market and to		
transmission and distribution system operators.		
Overall, such arrangements should contribute to		
the increased uptake of demand response and to		
consumer empowerment allowing them to have		
more control over their energy use and bills,		
while providing to the electricity system		
additional flexibility in order to cope with		
demand and supply fluctuations.		
(47) Due to the increasing complexity of		
energy offers and different marketing practices,		
consumers have often difficulties to fully		
understand what they sign up to. In particular,		
there is a lack of clarity on how the price is set,		
the conditions for the renewal of the contract,		
the consequences of terminating a contract or		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
the reasons for changing conditions by the		
supplier. Therefore, the key information on		
energy offers should be provided to consumers		
by suppliers or market participants engaged in		*//
aggregation in a short and easily understandable		
manner prior to signing the contract.		
(48) To ensure continuity of supply for		
consumers in case of supplier failure, Member		
States should be obliged to appoint suppliers of		
last resort which may be treated as the provider		
of universal service. That supplier might be the		
sales division of a vertically integrated		
undertaking which also performs distribution		
functions, provided that it meets the unbundling		
requirements of Article 35 of Directive (EU)		
2019/944 of the European Parliament and of the		
Council. However, this does not imply an		
obligation of Member States to supply at a		
certain fixed minimum price.		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(49) Energy sharing can create resilience		
against the effects of high and volatile		
wholesale market prices on consumers' energy		
bills, empowers a wider group of consumers that		*//
do not otherwise have the option of becoming		
an active customer due to financial or spatial		
constraints, such as energy poor and vulnerable		
consumers, and leads to increased uptake of		
renewable energy by mobilising additional		
private capital investments and diversifying		
remuneration pathways. With the integration of		
appropriate price signals and storage facilities,		
electricity sharing can help lay the foundation to		
help tap into the flexibility potential of smaller		
consumers.		
(50) Active customers that own, lease or rent		
a storage or generation facility should have the		
right to share excess production and empower		
other consumers to become active, or to share		
the renewable energy generated or stored by		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
jointly leased, rented or owned facilities, either		
directly or through a third-party facilitator.		
Energy sharing arrangement are either based on		
private contractual agreement between active		
customers or organised through a legal entity. A		
legal entity that incorporates the criteria of a		
renewable energy community as defined in		
Directive (EU) 2018/2001 of the European		
Parliament and of the Council or a citizen		
energy community as defined in Directive (EU)		
2019/944 of the European Parliament and of the		
Council can share with their members electricity		
generated from facilities they have in full		
ownership. The protection and empowerment		
framework for energy sharing should pay		
particular attention to energy poor and		
vulnerable consumers.		
(51) Energy sharing operationalises the		
collective consumption of self-generated or		
stored electricity injected into the grid by more		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
than one jointly acting active customers.		
Member States should put in place the		
appropriate IT infrastructure to allow for the		
administrative matching within a certain		*//
timeframe of consumption with self-generated		
or stored renewable energy for the purpose of		
calculating the energy component of the energy		
bill. The output of these facilities should be		
distributed among the aggregated consumer load		
profiles based on static, variable or dynamic		
calculation methods that can be pre-defined or		
agreed upon by the active customers.		
(52) Vulnerable customers should be		
adequately protected from electricity		
disconnections and should, as well, not be put in		
a position that forces them to disconnect. The		
role of suppliers and all relevant national		
authorities to identify appropriate measures, in		
both the short and the long-term, which should		
be made available to vulnerable customers to		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
manage their energy use and costs remain		
essential, including by means of close		
cooperation with social security systems.		
(53) Public interventions in price setting for		
the supply of electricity constitute, in principle,		
a market-distortive measure. Such interventions		
may therefore only be carried out as public		
service obligations and are subject to specific		
conditions. Under this Directive regulated prices		
are possible for energy poor and vulnerable		
households, including below costs, and, as a		
transition measure, for households and micro-		
enterprises. In times of crisis, when wholesale		
and retail electricity prices increase		
significantly, and this is having a negative		
impact on the wider economy, Member States		
should be allowed to extend, temporarily, the		
application of regulated prices also to SMEs.		
For both households and SMEs, Member States		
should be temporarily allowed to set regulated		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
prices below costs as long as this does not create		
distortion between suppliers and suppliers are		
compensated for the costs of supplying below		
cost. However, it needs to be ensured that such		
price regulation is targeted and does not create		
incentives to increase consumption. Hence, such		
price regulation should be limited to 80% of		
median household consumption for households,		
and 70% of the previous year's consumption for		
SMEs. The Commission should determine when		
such an electricity price crisis exists and		
consequently when this possibility becomes		
applicable. The Commission should also specify		
the validity of that determination, during which		
the temporary extension of regulated prices		
applies, which may be for up to one year. To the		
extent that any of the measures envisaged by the		
present Regulation constitute State aid, the		
provisions concerning such measures are		
without prejudice to the application of Articles		
107 and 108 TFEU.		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(54) The measures envisaged by the present		
Regulation are also without prejudice to the		
application of Directive 2014/65/EU,		
Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 and Regulation		
(EU) 648/2012.		
(55) D. 1. (FID 2010/042 C.1		
(55) Regulation (EU) 2019/942 of the		
European Parliament and of the Council,		
Regulation (EU) 2019/943 of the European		
Parliament and of the Council, Directive (EU)		
2019/944 of the European Parliament and of the		
Council and Directive (EU) 2018/2001 of the		
European Parliament and of the Council should		
be amended accordingly.		
(56) Since the objectives of this Regulation		
cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member		
States, but can rather be better achieved at		
Union level, the Union may adopt measures, in		
accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on European		
Union. In accordance with the principle of		
proportionality, as set out in that Article, this		
Regulation does not go beyond what is		
necessary to achieve those objectives.		
HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:		
Article 1		
Amendments to Regulation (EU) 2019/943 of		
the European Parliament and of the Council of 5		
June 2019 on the internal market for electricity		
Regulation (EU) 2019/943 is amended as		
follows:		
(1) Article 1 is amended as follows:		
[a] point (b) is replaced by the following:		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
'(b) set fundamental principles for well-		
functioning, integrated electricity markets,		
which allow all resource providers and		
electricity customers non-discriminatory market		
access, enable the development of forward		
electricity markets to allow suppliers and		
consumers to hedge or protect themselves		
against the risk of future volatility in electricity		
prices, empower consumers, ensure		
competitiveness on the global market, enhance		
flexibility through demand response, energy		
storage and other non-fossil flexibility solutions,		
ensure energy efficiency, facilitate aggregation		
of distributed demand and supply, and enable		
market and sectoral integration and market-		
based remuneration of electricity generated		
from renewable sources;'		
[b] the following point is added:		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
'(e) support long-term investments in		
renewable energy generation and enable		
consumers' to make their energy bills less		
dependent from fluctuations of short-term		*//
electricity market prices, in particular fossil fuel		
prices in the medium to long-term.'		
(2) In Article 2, the following points are added:		
'(72) 'peak hour' means an hour with the		
highest electricity consumption combined with a		
low level of electricity generated from		
renewable energy sources, taking cross-zonal		
exchanges into account;		
(73) 'peak shaving' means the ability of market		
participants to reduce electricity consumption at		
peak hours determined by the transmission		
system operator;		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(74) 'peak shaving product' means a market-		
based product through which market		
participants can provide peak shaving to the		
transmission system operators;		
(75) 'virtual hub' means a non-physical region		
covering more than one bidding zone for which		
an index price is set in application of a		
methodology;		
(76) 'two-way contract for difference' means a		
contract signed between a power generating		
facility operator and a counterpart, usually a		
public entity, that provides both minimum		
remuneration protection and a limit to excess		
remuneration; the contract is designed to		
preserve incentives for the generating facility to		
operate and participate efficiently in the		
electricity markets and complies with the		
principles set out in Article 4(2) and Article		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
4(3), first and third subparagraphs, of Directive		
(EU) 2018/2001;		
(77) 'power purchase agreement' or 'PPA'		
means a contract under which a natural or legal		
person agrees to purchase electricity from an		
electricity producer on a market basis;		
(78) 'market revenue' means realised income an		
electricity producer receives in exchange for the		
sale and delivery of electricity in the Union,		
regardless of the contractual form in which such		
exchange takes place, and excluding any		
support granted by Member States;		
(79) 'dedicated metering device' means a device		
attached to or embedded in an asset that sells		
demand response or flexibility services on the		
electricity market or to transmission and		
distribution system operators;		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(80) 'flexibility' means the ability of an		
electricity system to adjust to the variability of		
generation and consumption patterns and grid		
availability, across relevant market timeframes.'		
(3) Article 7 is amended as follows:		
[a] paragraph 1 is replaced by the following:		
[a] paragraph 1 is replaced by the following.		
'1. Transmission system operators and		
NEMOs, or an entity designated by them, shall		
jointly organise the management of the		
integrated day-ahead and intraday markets in		
accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/1222.		
Transmission system operators and NEMOs		
shall cooperate at Union level or, where more		
appropriate, at a regional level in order to		
maximise the efficiency and effectiveness of		
Union electricity day-ahead and intraday		
trading. The obligation to cooperate shall be		
without prejudice to the application of Union		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
competition law. In their functions relating to		
electricity trading, transmission system		
operators and NEMOs shall be subject to		
regulatory oversight by the regulatory		
authorities pursuant to Article 59 of Directive		
(EU) 2019/944 and ACER pursuant to Articles		
4 and 8 of Regulation (EU) 2019/942.'		
[b] paragraph 2 is amended as follows:		
(i) point (c) is replaced by the following:		
(c) maximise the opportunities for all market		
participants to participate in cross-zonal and		
intra-zonal trade in a non-discriminatory way		
and as close as possible to real time across and		
within all bidding zones;		
(ii) the following point (ca) is inserted:		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
'(ca) be organised in such a way as to ensure the		
sharing of liquidity between all NEMOs, both		
for cross-zonal and for intra-zonal trade;'		
		<i>"</i>
(4) the following Articles 7a and 7b are inserted:		
'Article 7a		
Peak shaving product		
1. Without prejudice to Article 40(5) and		
40(6) of the Electricity Directive, transmission		
system operators may procure peak shaving		
products in order to achieve a reduction of		
electricity demand during peak hours.		
2. Transmission system operators seeking		
to procure a peak shaving product shall submit a		
proposal setting out the dimensioning and		
conditions for the procurement of the peak		
shaving product to the regulatory authority of		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
the Member State concerned. The proposal of		
the transmission system operator shall comply		
with the following requirements:		
(a) the dimensioning of the peak shaving		7
product shall be based on an analysis of the		
need for an additional service to ensure security		
of supply. The analysis shall take into account a		
reliability standard or objective and transparent		
grid stability criteria approved by the regulatory		
authority. The dimensioning shall take into		
account the forecast of demand, the forecast of		
electricity generated from renewable energy		
sources and the forecast of other sources of		
flexibility in the system. The dimensioning of		
the peak shaving product shall be limited to		
ensure that the expected benefits of the product		
do not exceed the forecasted costs;		
(b) the procurement of a peak shaving		
product shall be based on objective, transparent,		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
non-discriminatory criteria and be limited to		
demand response;		
(c) the procurement of the peak shaving		
product shall take place using a competitive		
bidding process, with selection based on the		
lowest cost of meeting pre-defined technical and		
environmental criteria;		
(d) contracts for a peak shaving product		
shall not be concluded more than two days		
before its activation and the contracting period		
shall be no longer than one day;		
(e) the activation of the peak shaving		
product shall not reduce cross-zonal capacity;		
(f) the activation of the peak shaving		
product shall take place after the closure of the		
day-ahead market and before the start of the		
balancing market;		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
1 1	8 83	
(g) the peak shaving product shall not imply		
starting generation located behind the metering		
point.		
3. The actual reduction of consumption		
resulting from the activation of a peak shaving		
product shall be measured against a		
baseline, reflecting the expected electricity		
consumption without the activation of the peak		
shaving product. Transmission system operators		
shall develop a baseline methodology in		
consultation with market participants and		
submit it to the regulatory authority.		
4. Regulatory authorities shall approve the		
proposal of the transmission system operators		
seeking to procure a peak shaving product and		
the baseline methodology submitted in		
accordance with paragraphs 2 and 3 or shall		
request the transmission system operators to		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
amend the proposal where it does not meet the		
requirements set out in these paragraphs.		
Article 7b		
Dedicated metering device		
1. "Member States shall allow transmission		
system operators and distribution system		
operators to use data from dedicated metering		
devices for the observability and settlement of		
demand response and flexibility services,		
including from storage systems.		
2. Member States shall establish		
requirements for a dedicated metering device		
data validation process to check and ensure the		
quality of the respective data.';		
(5) Article 8 is amended as follows:		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(a) paragraph 1 is replaced by the following:		
'NEMOs shall allow market participants to trade		
energy as close to real time as possible and at		
least up to the intraday cross-zonal gate closure		
time. By 1 January 2028, the intraday cross-		
zonal gate closure time shall be at the earliest 30		
minutes ahead of real time.'		
(b) paragraph 3 is replaced by the following:		
'NEMOs shall provide products for trading in		
day-ahead and intraday markets which are		
sufficiently small in size, with minimum bid		
sizes of 100kW or less, to allow for the effective		
participation of demand-side response, energy		
storage and small-scale renewables including		
direct participation by customers.'		
[6] Article 9 is replaced by the following:		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
Article 9		
Forward markets		In general, The Netherlands supports the intention to strengthen long-term markes and the liquidity on these markets.
		Therefore, the Netherlands supports to further explore the concept of virtual hubs, but also stresses the experimental nature of the concept and possible challenges during the implementation.
		The current proposal is not sufficientely detailed and it remains to be unclear what all the (side-) effects of virtual hubs could be on long term markets and its liquidity. In part also because these effects depend on willingness of market parties to make use of the new virtual hub.
		Considering this, the Netherlands strongly suggest that the decision on the implementation of virtual hubs should be preceded by a thorough impact assessment based on an indicative implementation process.
		Finally, the Netherlands proposes a delegated act procedure to ensure council and parliament are consulted before final adoption of the proposal.

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
1. By 1 December 2024 the ENTSO for	By 1 December 2024 The ENTSO for	
Electricity shall submit to ACER, after having	Electricity shall submit to ACER, after having	
consulted ESMA, a proposal for the	consulted ESMA, a proposal for the	
establishment of regional virtual hubs for the	establishment of regional virtual hubs for the	*//
forward market. The proposal shall:	forward market. The proposal shall:	
(a) define the geographical scope of the		
virtual hubs for the forward market, including		
the bidding zones constituting these hubs,		
aiming to maximise the price correlation		
between the reference prices and the prices of		
the bidding zones constituting virtual hubs;		
(b) include a methodology for the		
calculation of the reference prices for the virtual		
hubs for the forward market, aiming to		
maximise the correlations between the reference		
price and the prices of the bidding zones		
constituting a virtual hub; such methodology		
shall be applicable to all virtual hubs and based		
on predefined objective criteria;		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(c) include a definition of financial long- term transmission rights from bidding zones to the virtual hubs for the forward market;	Draiting Suggestions	
(d) maximise the trading opportunities for hedging products referencing the virtual hubs for the forward market as well as for long term transmission rights from bidding zones to virtual hubs.	Following clauses to be added: (e) include an assessment analyzing the feasibility and effectiveness of the proposed regional virtual hub design. This study should at least analyze the impact of the introduction of the proposed virtual hub and associated methodology on expected forward market liquidity, market fragmentation, and the expected interest of market parties to use products based on the virtual hub.	An impact assessment should, amongst other, focus on the effect of virtual hubs may have on the liquidity in relevant timeframes of the virtual hubs, and the affected bidding zones, the fragementation of markets and what the interaction effect exisits between forward markets and virtual hubs. Such an impact assessment should also take into account the interest of marketparties and the various scenario's that could occur, e.g. various rates of adoption amongst traders or various rates of adoption in terms of geographical location. One of the risk the Netherlands sees is that partial adoption may lead to fragmentation and reduce liquidity on existing forward markets as well as the virtual hubs.

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
	(f) include an indicative implementation process	
	leaving sufficient time to market participants to	
	accommodate the new rules.	
2. Within six months of receipt of the	2. Within six months of receipt of the	
proposal on the establishment of the regional	proposal on the establishment of the regional	
virtual hubs for the forward market, ACER shall	virtual hubs for the forward market, ACER shall	
evaluate it and either approve or amend it. In the	evaluate it and either approve or amend it. In the	
latter case, ACER shall consult the ENTSO for	latter case, ACER shall consult the ENTSO for	
Electricity before adopting the amendments.	Electricity before adopting the amendments.	
The adopted proposal shall be published on	ACER will submit the proposal to the European	
ACER's website.	Commission, accompanied by the assessment	
	referred to in [the previous paragraph]. The	
	adopted submitted proposal shall be published	
	on ACER's website.	
	2.a The European Commission will submit the	
	proposal to the Council and Parliament in the	
	form of a delegated act.	
3. The single allocation platform		
established in accordance with Regulation (EU)		
2016/1719 shall have a legal form as referred to		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
in Annex II to Directive (EU) 2017/1132 of the		
European Parliament and of the Council.		
4. The single allocation platform shall:		ŷ.
(a) offer trading of long-term transmission		
rights between each bidding zone and virtual		
hub; where a bidding zone is not part of a virtual		
hub it may issue financial long-term		
transmission rights to a virtual hub or to other		
bidding zones that are part of the same capacity		
calculation region;		
(b) allocate long-term cross-zonal capacity		
on a regular basis and in a transparent, market-		
based and non-discriminatory manner; the		
frequency of allocation of the long-term cross-		
zonal capacity shall support the efficient		
functioning of the forward market;		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(c) offer trading of financial transmission		
rights that shall allow holders of these financial		
transmission rights to remove exposure to		
positive and negative price spreads, and with		*//
frequent maturities of up to at least three years		
ahead.		
5. Where a regulatory authority considers		
that there are insufficient hedging opportunities		
available for market participants, and after		
consultation of relevant financial market		
competent authorities in case the forward		
markets concern financial instruments as		
defined under Article 4(1)(15), it may require		
power exchanges or transmission system		
operators to implement additional measures,		
such as market-making activities, to improve the		
liquidity of the forward market. Subject to		
compliance with Union competition law and		
with Directive (EU) 2014/65 and Regulations		
(EU) 648/2012 and 600/2014, market operators		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
shall be free to develop forward hedging		
products, including long-term forward hedging		
products, to provide market participants,		
including owners of power-generating facilities		* >>
using renewable energy sources, with		
appropriate possibilities for hedging financial		
risks against price fluctuations. Member States		
shall not require that such hedging activity may		
be limited to trades within a Member State or		
bidding zone.		
(7) Article 18 is amended as follows:		
[a] paragraph 2 is replaced by the following:		
"2. Tariff methodologies shall reflect the		
fixed costs of transmission system operators and		
distribution system operators and shall consider		
both capital and operational expenditure to		
provide appropriate incentives to transmission		
system operators and distribution system		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
operators over both the short and long run,		
including anticipatory investments, in order to		
increase efficiencies, including energy		
efficiency, to foster market integration and		*//
security of supply, to support the use of		
flexibility services, efficient investments		
including solutions to optimise the existing grid		
and facilitate demand response and related		
research activities, and to facilitate innovation in		
the interest of consumers in areas such as		
digitalisation, flexibility services and		
interconnection";		
[b] paragraph 8 is replaced by the following:		
"8. Transmission and distribution tariff		
methodologies shall provide incentives to		
transmission and distribution system operators		
for the most cost-efficient operation and		
development of their networks including		
through the procurement of services. For that		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
purpose, regulatory authorities shall recognise		
relevant costs as eligible, shall include those		
costs in transmission and distribution tariffs, and		
shall introduce performance targets in order to		
provide incentives to transmission and		
distribution system operators to increase		
efficiencies in their networks, including through		
energy efficiency, the use of flexibility services		
and the development of smart grids and		
intelligent metering systems."		
[c] in paragraph 9, point (f) is replaced		
by the following:		
'(f) methods to ensure transparency in the		
setting and structure of tariffs, including		
anticipatory investments;'		
[d] in paragraph 9, the following point		
(i) is added:		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
'(i) incentives for efficient investments in		
networks, including on flexibility resources and		
flexible connection agreements.'		
- C		
[8] in Article 19, paragraph 2 is amended as		
follows:		
[a] point (b) is replaced by the following:		
(b) maintaining or increasing cross-zonal		
capacities through optimisation of the usage of		
existing interconnectors by means of		
coordinated remedial actions, where applicable,		
or covering costs resulting from network		
investments that are relevant to reduce		
interconnector congestion; or		
interconnector congestion, or		
[b] the following point (c) is added:		
'(c) compensating offshore generation plant		
operators in an offshore bidding zone if access		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
to interconnected markets has been reduced in		
such a way that one or more transmission		
system operators have not made enough		
capacity available on the interconnector or the		
critical network elements affecting the capacity		
of the interconnector, resulting in the offshore		
plant operator not being able to export its		
electricity generation capability to the market.'		
[9] The following chapter IIIa is inserted:		
Chapter IIIa		
Specific investment incentives to achieve the		
Union's decarbonisation objectives		
Article 19a		
Power purchase agreements		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
Member States shall facilitate power	Member States shall promote facilitate power	PPA's could play an important role in the forward markets. In NL we already see that PPA's are an effective instrument for the
purchase agreements ('PPAs') with a view to	purchase agreements ('PPAs') with a view to	
reaching the objectives set out in their integrated	reaching the objectives set out in their integrated	developers of offshore windfarms to obtain the
national energy and climate plan with respect to	national energy and climate plan with respect to	certainty they need for their investments. Moreover, the PPA's provide the off taker with
the dimension decarbonisation referred to in	the dimension decarbonisation referred to in	certainty about its electricity cost for a longer
point (a) of Article 4 of Regulation (EU)	point (a) of Article 4 of Regulation (EU)	period.
2018/1999, while preserving competitive and	2018/1999, while preserving competitive and	
liquid electricity markets.	liquid electricity markets.	
2. Member States shall ensure that	Member States shall promote ensure that	For NL it remains unclear whether there should
instruments such as guarantee schemes at	instruments such as guarantee schemes at	be a role for the government when the market cannot offer such guarantees itself.
market prices, to reduce the financial risks	market prices, to reduce the financial risks	Ç
associated to off-taker payment default in the	associated to off-taker payment default in the	NL would like to stress that the inability of certain off takers to conclude PPA's is in some
framework of PPAs are in place and accessible	framework of PPAs are in place and accessible	cases justified, as their creditworthiness posses
to customers that face entry barriers to the PPA	to customers that face entry barriers to the PPA	significant risks to producers. For NL is remain unclear why it is justifiable to socialize those
market and are not in financial difficulty in line	market and are not in financial difficulty in line	risks.
with Articles 107 and 108 TFEU. For this	with Articles 107 and 108 TFEU, and for which	Subsequently, NL finds it important to specify a
purpose, Member States shall take into account	member states determine that it is desirable that	clear definition of companies that find it difficult to trade on the PPA market but of which is it desirable that they are able to conclude PPA's.
Union-level instruments. Member States shall	these categoriers of customer have access to	
determine what categories of customers are	PPA markets. For this purpose, Member States	
	shall take into account Union-level instruments.	Additionally, we must not forget that off takers are already able to conclude long-term contracts

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
targeted by these instruments, applying non-	Member States shall determine what categories	in order to obtain certainty about the electricity
discriminatory criteria.	of customers are targeted by these instruments,	costs for a certain time period.
	applying non-discriminatory criteria.	
3. Guarantee schemes for PPAs backed by	3. Possible Gguarantee schemes for PPAs	
the Member States shall include provisions to	backed by the Member States shall include	
avoid lowering the liquidity in electricity	provisions to avoid lowering the liquidity in	
markets and shall not provide support to the	electricity markets and shall not provide support	
purchase of generation from fossil fuels.	to the purchase of generation from fossil fuels.	
4. In the design of the support schemes for		Although in general supportive of the idea to
electricity from renewable sources, Member		promote PPAs, the Netherlands values the non-
States shall allow the participation of projects		committal nature of this proposal, as it wants to
which reserve part of the electricity for sale		keep the room to steer tender criteria on other
through a PPA or other market-based		public interests such as system integration,
arrangements and endeavour to make use of		ecology, circularity, international corporate
evaluation criteria to incentivise the access to		social responsibility (IMVO), and financial
the PPA market for customers that face entry		aspects.
barriers. In particular, such evaluation criteria		
may give preference to bidders presenting a		
signed PPA or a commitment to sign a PPA for		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
part of the project's generation from one or		
several potential buyers that face entry barriers		
to the PPA market.		
		y
5. PPAs shall specify the bidding zone of		
delivery and the responsibility for securing		
cross-zonal transmission rights in case of a		
change of bidding zone in accordance with		
Article 14.		
6. PPAs shall specify the conditions under		
which customers and producers may exit from		
PPAs, such as any applicable exit fees and		
notice periods, in accordance with Union		
competition law.		
Article 19b		
Direct price support schemes for new		
investments in generation		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
1. Direct price support schemes for new	1. Direct price support schemes for new	NL is in general positive about designing
investments for the generation of electricity	investments for the generation of electricity	support schemes in a way to minimize excess
from the sources listed in paragraph 2 shall take	from the sources listed in paragraph 2 shall may	profits, from the perspective of spending public
the form of a two-way contract for differences.	take the form of a two-way contract for	money efficiently. However, NL would like to
New investments for the generation of	differences. New investments for the generation	retain flexibility in the choice of instruments to
electricity shall include investments in new	of electricity shall include investments in new	achieve this goal. Mandatory application of two-
power-generating facilities, investments aimed	power-generating facilities, investments aimed	sided CfD's will have serious implementation
at repowering existing power-generating	at repowering existing power-generating	challenges which may even delay the outroll of
facilities, investments aimed at extending	facilities, investments aimed at extending	renewables in the short term. Furthermore,
existing power-generating facilities or at	existing power-generating facilities or at	mandatory two-sided CfDs may limit member
prolonging their lifetime.	prolonging their lifetime.	states' options to respond to (changing) national
		circumstances in an optimal way. Therefore, NL
		proposes to make application of two-sided
		CfD's optional.
		In this context, NL would also like to address
		the importance of safeguarding a level playing
		field between Member States.
		Additionally, NL would like to highlight the
		importance of maintaining important market
		incentives for supply and demand.

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
		NL also takes the opportunity in this context to point out the CEEAG sub 90 and 121 and is interested in how these points relate to Article 19b of the present EMD proposal.
		Finally the definitions and criteria of repowering, rewiring, and lifetime extension would require further elaboration. NL would support more clear criteria for 'rewiring, 'extending' and 'prolonging their lifetime'.
2. Paragraph 1 shall apply to new		
investments in generation of electricity from the following sources:		
(a) wind energy;		
(b) solar energy;		
(c) geothermal energy;		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(d) hydropower without reservoir;		
(a) avalage en angre		
(e) nuclear energy;		
3. Direct price support schemes in the form	3. Direct price support schemes in the form	
of two-way contracts for difference shall:	of two-way contracts for difference shall:	
(a) be designed so that the revenues	(a) be designed so that the revenues	Firstly, we believe that redistribution of
collected when the market price is above the	collected when the market price is above the	revenues could potentially discourage
strike price are distributed to all final electricity	strike price are distributed to all final electricity	companies and consumers from saving of
customers based on their share of consumption	customers based on their share of consumption	electricity at times of high electricity prices.
(same cost / refund per MWh consumed);	(same cost / refund per MWh consumed);	Which in turn could lead to have a price driving
		effect.
		Secondly, NL believes the member states should
		retain the power to decide how any proceeds
		from two-way contracts are used. NL argues for
		flexibility for MS regarding the way collected
		excess profits are reallocated. In our view there
		are more efficient ways to redistribute the

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
		excess profits in such a way they can contribute
		more effectively to long-term affordable
		renewable energy for consumers and other end
		users as well as paving the way for the
		necessary acceleration of the wider climate
		transition than proposed in this article.
		Thirdly, we would like to reiterate the risks we
		see for the level-playing field between member
		states. Incentives could arise to design two-way
		CfDs in such a way that they support industrial
		policy goals instead of the needs of the
		European electricity system (flexibility).
		Finally, NL also has concerns about
		implementation, the fact that the proposal
		envisages that excess profits will be
		redistributed to end-users in proportion to
		consumption seems to suggest that this will
		have to be carried out (via energy bills) by
		energy suppliers. That seems very complex,

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
		inefficient as it also involves additional costs due to complex settlements and additional back office and admin. A route whereby this settlement/redistribution would take place via a government implementing organisation also seems very problematic to us
(b) ensure that the distribution of the	(b) ensure that the any distribution of the	
revenues to final electricity customers is designed so as not to remove the incentives of consumers to reduce their consumption or shift it to periods when electricity prices are low and not to undermine competition between electricity suppliers;	revenues to final electricity customers is designed so as not to remove the incentives of consumers to reduce their consumption or shift it to periods when electricity prices are low and not to undermine competition between electricity suppliers;	
Article 19c		
Assessment of flexibility needs		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
1. By 1 January 2025 and every two years		
thereafter, the regulatory authority of each		
Member State shall assess and draw up a report		
on the need for flexibility in the electricity		*//
system for a period of at least 5 years, in view of		
the need to cost effectively achieve security of		
supply and decarbonise the power system,		
taking into account the integration of different		
sectors. The report shall be based on the data		
and analyses provided by the transmission and		
distribution system operators of that Member		
State pursuant to paragraph 2 and using the		
methodology pursuant to paragraph 3.		
2. The report shall include an evaluation of		
the need for flexibility to integrate electricity		
generated from renewable sources in the		
electricity system and consider, in particular, the		
potential of non-fossil flexibility such as		
demand side response and storage to fulfil this		
need, both at transmission and distribution		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
levels. The report shall distinguish between		
seasonal, daily and hourly flexibility needs.		
3. The transmission and distribution system		
operators of each Member State shall provide		
the data and analyses needed for the preparation		
of the report referred to in paragraph 1 to the		
regulatory authority.		
4. The ENTSO for Electricity and the EU		
DSO entity shall coordinate transmission and		
distribution system operators as regards the data		
and analyses to be provided in accordance with		
paragraph 2. In particular, they shall:		
(a) define the type of data and format that		
transmission and distribution system operators		
shall provide to the regulatory authorities;		
(b) develop a methodology for the analysis		
by transmission and distribution system		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
operators of the flexibility needs, taking into		
account at least all existing sources of flexibility		
and planned investments at interconnection,		
transmission and distribution level as well as the		*//
need to decarbonise the electricity system.		
5. The ENTSO for Electricity and the EU		
DSO entity shall closely cooperate with each		
other regarding the coordination of transmission		
and distribution system operators.		
6. By 1 March 2024, the ENTSO for		
Electricity and the EU DSO entity shall jointly		
submit to ACER a proposal regarding the type		
of data and format to be submitted to regulatory		
authorities and the methodology referred to in		
paragraph 3. Within three months of receipt of		
the proposal, ACER shall either approve the		
proposal or amend it. In the latter case, ACER		
shall consult the ENTSO for Electricity and the		
EU DSO entity before adopting the		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
amendments. The adopted proposal shall be		
published on ACER's website.		
7. The regulatory authorities shall submit		
the reports referred to in paragraph 1 to ACER		
and publish them. Within 12 months of receipt		
of the reports, ACER shall issue a report		
analysing them and providing recommendations		
on issues of cross-border relevance regarding		
the findings of the regulatory authorities.		
Article 19d		
Indicative national objective for demand side		
response and storage		
Based on the report of the regulatory authority		
pursuant to Article 19c(1), each Member State		
shall define an indicative national objective for		
demand side response and storage. This		
indicative national objective shall also be		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
reflected in Member States' integrated national		
energy and climate plans as regards the		
dimension 'Internal Energy Market' in		
accordance with Articles 3, 4 and 7 of		*//
Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 and in their		
integrated biennial progress reports in		
accordance with Article 17 of Regulation (EU)		
2018/1999.		
Article 19e		
Flexibility support schemes		
1. Member States which apply a capacity		
mechanism in accordance with Article 21 shall		
consider the promotion of the participation of		
non-fossil flexibility such as demand side		
response and storage by introducing additional		
criteria or features in the design of the capacity		
mechanism.		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
2. Where the measures introduced in		
accordance with paragraph 1 to promote the		
participation of non-fossil flexibility such as		
demand response and storage in capacity		* //
mechanisms are insufficient to achieve the		
flexibility needs identified in accordance		
with19d, Member States may apply flexibility		
support schemes consisting of payments for the		
available capacity of non-fossil flexibility such		
as demand side response and storage.		
3. Member States which do not apply a		
capacity mechanism may apply flexibility		
support schemes consisting of payments for the		
available capacity of non-fossil flexibility such		
as demand side response and storage.		
Article 19f		
Design principles for flexibility support		
schemes		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
Flexibility support scheme for non-fossil		
flexibility such as demand response and storage		
applied by Member States in accordance with		*//
Article 19e(2) and (3) shall:		
(a) not go beyond what is necessary to		
address the identified flexibility needs in a cost-		
effective manner;		
,		
(b) be limited to new investments in non-		
fossil flexibility such as demand side response		
and storage;		
(c) must not imply starting fossil fuel-based		
generation located behind the metering point;		
(d) select capacity providers by means of an		
open, transparent, competitive, non-		
discriminatory and cost-effective process;		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(e) prevent undue distortions to the efficient		
functioning of the electricity markets including		
preserving efficient operation incentives and		
price signals and the exposure to price variation		* //
and market risk;		
(f) provide incentives for the integration in		
(f) provide incentives for the integration in		
the electricity market in a market-based and		
market-responsive way, while avoiding		
unnecessary distortions of electricity markets as		
well as taking into account possible system		
integration costs and grid stability;		
(g) set out a minimum level of participation		
in the market in terms of activated energy,		
which takes into account the technical		
specificities of storage and demand response;		
(h) apply appropriate penalties to capacity		
providers which do not respect the minimum		
level of participation in the market referred to in		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
point (g), or which do not follow efficient		
operation incentives and prices signals;		
(i) be open to cross-border participation.';		>
(10) in Article 37 (1), point (a) is replaced by		
the following:		
"(a), carrying out the coordinated capacity		
calculation in accordance with the		
methodologies developed pursuant to the		
forward capacity allocation guideline, the		
capacity allocation and congestion management		
guideline and the electricity balancing guideline		
adopted on the basis of Article 18(5) of		
Regulation (EC) No 714/2009;";		
(11) Article 50 is amended as follows:		
(a) the fellowing noncommunity to its add-1		
(a) the following paragraph 4a is added:		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
"4a. Transmission system operators shall		
publish in a clear and transparent manner,		
information on the capacity available for new		
connections in their respective areas of		
operation, including in congested areas if		
flexible energy storage connections can be		
accommodated, and update that information		
regularly, at least quarterly.		
Transmission system operators shall also		
provide clear and transparent information to		
system users about the status and treatment of		
their connection requests. They shall provide		
such information within a period of three		
months from the submission of the request ";		
(12) in Article 57, the following paragraph 3 is		
added:		
added.		
"3. Distribution system operators and		
transmission system operators shall cooperate		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
with each other in publishing information on the		
capacity available for new connections in their		
respective areas of operation in a consistent		
manner and giving sufficient granular visibility		*//
to developers of new energy projects and other		
potential network users.		
(13) in Article 59 (1), point (b) is replaced by		
the following:		
"(b), capacity-allocation and congestion-		
management rules pursuant to Article 6 of		
Directive (EU) 2019/944 and Articles 7 to 10,		
13 to 17, 19 and 35 to 37 of this Regulation,		
including rules on day-ahead, intraday and		
forward capacity calculation methodologies and		
processes, grid models, bidding zone		
configuration, redispatching and countertrading,		
trading algorithms, single day-ahead and		
intraday coupling including the possibility of		
being operated by a single entity, the firmness		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
of allocated cross-zonal capacity, congestion		
income distribution, the allocation of financial		
long-term transmission rights by the single		
allocation platform, cross-zonal transmission		*//
risk hedging, nomination procedures, and		
capacity allocation and congestion management		
cost recovery;";		
(14) The following Article 69a is added:		
Article 69a		
Interaction with Union financial legislation		
Nothing in this Regulation shall derogate from		
the provisions of Directive (EU) 2014/65,		
Regulation (EU) 648/2012 and Regulation (EU)		
600/2014 when market participants or market		
operators engage in activities related to financial		
instruments in particular as defined under		
Article 4(1)(15) of Directive (EU) 2014/65.		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Duofting Suggestions	Comments
Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	30
(15): A L : (12: L III d		
(15) in Annex I point 1.2 is replaced by the		
following:		
"1.2. Coordinated capacity calculation shall be		
performed for all allocation timeframes".		
Article 2		
Amendments to Directive (EU) 2019/944 of the		
European Parliament and of the Council of 5		
June 2019 on common rules for the internal		
market for electricity		
Directive (EU) 2019/944 of the European		
Parliament and of the Council of 5 June 2019 on		
common rules for the internal market for		
electricity is amended as follows:		
(1) Article 2 is amended as follows:		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(a) points (8) and (49) is replaced by the		
following:		
"(8) 'active customer' means a final		7
customer, or a group of jointly acting final		
customers, who consumes or stores electricity		
generated within its premises located within		
confined boundaries or self-generated or shared		
electricity within other premises located within		
the same bidding zone, or who sells self-		
generated electricity or participates in flexibility		
or energy efficiency schemes, provided that		
those activities do not constitute its primary		
commercial or professional activity.";		
"(49) 'non-frequency ancillary service' means a		
service used by a transmission system operator		
or distribution system operator for steady state		
voltage control, fast reactive current injections,		
inertia for local grid stability, short-circuit		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
current, black start capability, island operation		
capability and peak shaving;"		
(b) the following points are added:		<i>g</i>
(15a) 'fixed term, fixed price electricity supply		
contract' means an electricity supply contract		
between a supplier and a final customer that		
guarantees the same contractual conditions,		
including the price, while it may, within a fixed		
price, include a flexible element with for		
example peak and off peak price variations;		
(10a) 'energy sharing' means the self-		
consumption by active customers of renewable		
energy either:		
(a) generated or stored offsite or on sites		
between them by a facility they own, lease,		
rent in whole or in part; or		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(b) the right to which has been transferred to		
them by another active customer		
whether free of charge or for a price.		
(10b) 'peer-to-peer trading' of renewable energy		
means peer-to-peer trading as defined in point		
(18) of Article 2 of Directive (EU) 2018/2001.		
(24a) 'supplier of last resort' means a supplier		
who is designated by a Member State to take		
over the supply of electricity to customers of a		
supplier which has ceased to operate;		
(2) Article 4 is replaced by the following:		
"Article 4		
Free choice of supplier		
Member States shall ensure that all customers		
are free to purchase electricity from the supplier		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
of their choice. Member States shall ensure that		
all customers are free to have more than one		
electricity supply contract at the same time, and		
that for this purpose customers are entitled to		
have more than one metering and billing point		
covered by the single connection point for their		
premises."		
(3) Article 11 is amended as follows:		
(a) the title is replaced by the following:		
'Entitlement to a fixed term, fixed price and		
dynamic electricity price contract';		
(b) paragraph 1 is replaced by the following:		
1. Member States shall ensure that the national		
regulatory framework enables suppliers to offer		
fixed-term, fixed-price contracts and dynamic		
electricity price contracts. Member States shall		
cicculately price confidences. Member states shall		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
ensure that final customers who have a smart		
meter installed can request to conclude a		
dynamic electricity price contract and that all		
final customers can request to conclude a fixed-		*//
term, fixed-price electricity price contract of a		
duration of at least one year, with at least one		
supplier and with every supplier that has more		
than 200 000 final customers.		
(c) the following paragraph 1a is inserted:		
1a. Prior to the conclusion or extension of any		
contract, final customers shall be provided with		
a summary of the key contractual conditions in a		
prominent manner and in concise and simple		
language. This summary shall include at least		
information on total price, promotions,		
additional services, discounts and include the		
rights referred to in points (a), (b), (d), (e) and		
(f) of Article 10(3). The Commission shall		
provide guidance in this regard.		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Drafting Suggestions	Comments
\$ 28.	
	<u> </u>
Ť	

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
All households, small and medium sized		
, and the second		
enterprises and public bodies have the right to		
participate in energy sharing as active		
customers.		
(a) Active customers shall be entitled to		
share renewable energy between themselves		
based on private agreements or through a legal		
entity.		
(b) Active customers may use a third party		
that owns or manages for installation, operation,		
including metering and maintenance a storage or		
renewable energy generation facility for the		
purpose of facilitating energy sharing, without		
that third party being considered an active		
customer.		
(c) Member States shall ensure that active		
customers participating in energy sharing:		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(d) are entitled to have the shared electricity		
netted with their total metered consumption		
within a time interval no longer than the		*//
imbalance settlement period and without		
prejudice to applicable taxes, levies and network		
charges;		
(e) benefit from all consumer rights and		
obligations as final customers under this		
Directive, except in case of energy sharing		
between households with an installed capacity		
up to 10.8 kW and up to 50 kW for multi-		
apartment blocks using peer-to-peer trading		
agreements;		
(f) have access to template contracts with	f) have access to template contracts with	Agreements on leasing, renting or investing in
fair and transparent terms and conditions for	fair and transparent terms and conditions for	storage and renewable energy generation
peer-to-peer trading agreements between	peer-to-peer trading agreements between	facilities fall outside the Energy Act and belong
households, and for agreements on leasing,	households, and for agreements on leasing,	in de private domain.
renting or investing in storage and renewable	renting or investing in storage and renewable	

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
energy generation facilities for the purpose of	energy generation facilities for the purpose of	
energy sharing; in case of conflicts arising over	energy sharing; in case of conflicts arising over	
such agreements, final customers shall have	such agreements, final customers shall have	
access to out of court dispute settlement in	access to out of court dispute settlement in	*/
accordance with Article 26;	accordance with Article 26;	
(g) are not subject to unfair and		
discriminatory treatment by market participants		
or their balance responsible parties;		
(h) are informed of the possibility for changes in bidding zones in accordance with		
Article 14 of Regulation (EU) 2019/943 and of		
the fact that the right to share energy is		
restricted to within one and the same bidding		
zone.		
(i) Member States shall ensure that relevant		
transmission or distribution system operators or		
other designated bodies:		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(j) monitor, collect, validate and		
communicate metering data related to the shared		
electricity with relevant final customers and		
market participants at least every month, and in		* //
accordance with Article 23;		
(k) provide a relevant contact point to		
register energy sharing arrangements, receive		
information on relevant metering points,		
changes in location and participation, and,		
where applicable, validate calculation methods		
in a clear, transparent and timely manner.		
2. Member States shall take appropriate	2. Member States may shall-take	This measure should be voluntary
and non-discriminatory measures to ensure that	appropriate and non-discriminatory measures to	
energy poor and vulnerable households can	ensure that energy poor and vulnerable	
access energy sharing schemes. Those measures	households can access energy sharing schemes.	
may include financial support measures or	Those measures may include financial support	
production allocation quota.	measures or production allocation quota.	
"Article 18a		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
Supplier risk management		
National Regulatory Authorities shall		
ensure that suppliers have in place and		
implement appropriate hedging strategies to		
limit the risk of changes in wholesale electricity		
supply to the economic viability of their		
contracts with customers, while maintaining		
liquidity on and price signals from short-term		
markets.		
2. Supplier hedging strategies may include		
the use of power purchase agreements. Where		
sufficiently developed markets for power		
purchase agreements exist which allow effective		
competition, Member States may require that a		
share of suppliers' risk exposure to changes in		
wholesale electricity prices is covered using		
power purchase agreements for electricity		
generated from renewable energy sources		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
matching the duration of their risk exposure on		
the consumer side, subject to compliance with		
Union competition law.		
		"
3. Member States shall endeavour to ensure		
the accessibility of hedging products for citizen		
energy communities and renewable energy		
communities."		
(5) The following Article XX is inserted:		
"Article 27a		
Supplier of last resort		
1. Member States shall appoint suppliers of		
last resort at least for household customers.		
Suppliers of last resort shall be appointed in a		
fair, open, transparent and non-discriminatory		
procedure.		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
2. Final customers who are transferred to		
suppliers of last resort shall not lose their rights		
as customers, in particular those rights laid		
down in Articles 4, 10, 11, 12, 14, 18 and 26.		
3. Member States shall ensure that		
suppliers of last resort promptly communicate		
the terms and conditions to transferred		
customers and ensure seamless continuity of		
service for those customers for at least 6		
months.		
4. Member States shall ensure that final		
customers are provided with information and		
encouragement to switch to a market-based		
offer.		
5. Member States may require the supplier		
of last resort to supply electricity to household		
customers who do not receive market based		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
offers. In such cases, the conditions set out in		
Article 5 shall apply."		
Article 28a		2
Protection from disconnections for vulnerable		
customers		
Member States shall ensure that vulnerable		
customers are protected from electricity		
disconnections. This shall be provided as part of		
the concept of vulnerable customers pursuant to		
Article 28 (1) of this Directive and without		
prejudice to the measures set out in		
Article10(11).		
(6) in Article 27, paragraph 1 is replaced by the		
following:		
"1. Member States shall ensure that all		
household customers, and, where Member		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
States consider it appropriate, small enterprises,		
enjoy universal service, namely the right to be		
supplied with electricity of a specified quality		
within their territory at competitive, easily and		
clearly comparable, transparent and non-		
discriminatory prices. To ensure the provision		
of universal service, Member States shall		
impose on distribution system operators an		
obligation to connect customers to their network		
under terms, conditions and tariffs set in		
accordance with the procedure laid down in		
Article 59(7). This Directive does not prevent		
Member States from strengthening the market		
position of the household customers and small		
and medium-sized non-household customers by		
promoting the possibilities for the voluntary		
aggregation of representation for that class of		
customers."		
(7) In Article 31, paragraph 3 is replaced by the		
following:		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
"3. The distribution system operator shall		
provide system users with the information they		
need for efficient access to, including use of, the		
system. In particular, the distribution system		
operator shall publish in a clear and transparent		
manner information on the capacity available		
for new connections in its area of operation,		
including in congested areas if flexible energy		
storage connections can be accommodated, and		
update that information regularly, at least		
quarterly.		
Distribution system operators shall also provide		
clear and transparent information to system		
users about the status and treatment of their		
connection requests. They shall provide such		
information within a period of three months		
from the submission of the request."		
(8) Article 40 is amended as follows:		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
[a] a new paragraph is added after paragraph 6:		
The requirements in paragraphs 5 and 6 shall		
not apply with regard to the peak shaving		
product procured in accordance with Article 7a		
of Regulation (EU) 2019/943.		
(9) Article 59 is amended as follows:		
[a] In paragraph 1, subparagraph (c) is replaced		
by the following:		
(c), in close coordination with the other		
regulatory authorities, ensuring the compliance		
of the single allocation platform established in		
accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/1719,		
the ENTSO for Electricity and the EU DSO		
entity with their obligations under this		
Directive, Regulation (EU) 2019/943, the		
network codes and guidelines adopted pursuant		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

		Comments
Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
to Articles 59, 60 and 61 of Regulation (EU)		
2019/943, and other relevant Union law,		
including as regards cross-border issues, as well		
as with ACER's decisions, and jointly		*//
identifying non-compliance of the single		
allocation platform, the ENTSO for Electricity		
and the EU DSO entity with their respective		
obligations; where the regulatory authorities		
have not been able to reach an agreement within		
a period of four months after the start of		
consultations for the purpose of jointly		
identifying non-compliance, the matter shall be		
referred to the ACER for a decision, pursuant to		
Article 6(10) of Regulation (EU) 2019/942;		
[b] In paragraph 1, subparagraph (z) is replaced		
by the following:		
(z) The regulatory authority shall have the		
following duties: monitoring the removal of		
unjustified obstacles to and restrictions on the		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
development of consumption of self-generated		
electricity and citizen energy communities,		
including related to the connection of flexible		
distributed energy generation within a		
reasonable time in accordance with Article		
58(d).		
[c] paragraph 4 is replaced by the following:		
4. The regulatory authority located in the		
Member State in which the single allocation		
platform, the ENTSO for Electricity or the EU		
DSO entity has its seat shall have the power to		
impose effective, proportionate and dissuasive		
penalties on those entities where they do not		
comply with their obligations under this		
Directive, Regulation (EU) 2019/943 or any		
relevant legally binding decisions of the		
regulatory authority or of ACER, or to propose		
that a competent court impose such penalties.		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(10) the following Article 66a is inserted		
"Article 66a		
Access to affordable energy during an electricity price crisis		
The Commission may by decision declare a regional or Union-wide electricity price crisis, if the following conditions are met:		
(a) very high prices in wholesale electricity markets at least two and a half times the average price during the previous 5 years which is expected to continue for at least 6 months;		
(b) sharp increases in electricity retail prices of at least 70% occur which are expected to continue for at least 6 months; and		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(c) the wider economy is being negatively		
affected by the increases in electricity prices.		
2. The Commission shall specify in its		
decision declaring a regional or Union-wide		
electricity price crisis the period of validity of		
that decision which may be for a period of up to		
one year.		
3. Where the Commission has adopted a		
decision pursuant to paragraph 1, Member		
States may for the duration of the validity of		
that decision apply targeted public interventions		
in price setting for the supply of electricity to		
small and medium sized enterprises. Such		
public interventions shall:		
(a) be limited to at most 70% of the		
beneficiary's consumption during the same		
period of the previous year and retain an		
incentive for demand reduction;		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
Commission proposar	Draiting Suggestions	
(b) comply with the conditions set out in		
Article 5(4) and (7);		>
(c) where relevant, comply with the		
conditions set out in Paragraph 4.		
4. Where the Commission has adopted a		
decision pursuant to paragraph 1, Member		
States may for the duration of the validity of		
that decision, by way of derogation from Article		
5(7), point (c), when applying targeted public		
interventions in price setting for the supply of		
electricity pursuant to Article 5(6) or paragraph		
3 of this Article, exceptionally and temporarily		
set a price for the supply of electricity which is		
below cost provided that the following		
conditions are fulfilled:		
(a) the price set for households only applies		
to at most 80% of median household		
to at most 60/6 of median nousehold		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
consumption and retains an incentive for		
demand reduction;		
(b) there is no discrimination between		
suppliers;		
(c) suppliers are compensated for supplying		
below cost; and		
(d) all suppliers are eligible to provide offers		
for the price for the supply of electricity which		
is below cost on the same basis.		
(11) in Article 71, paragraph 1 is replaced by the		
following:		
'1. Member States shall bring into force the		
laws, regulations and administrative provisions		
necessary to comply with Article 2 points 8 and		
49, Articles 3 and 5, Article 6(2) and (3), Article		
7(1), point (j) and (l) of Article 8(2), Article		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
9(2), Article 10(2) to (12), Article 11(3) and (4),		
Articles 12 to 24, Articles 26, 28 and 29, Article		
31(1), (2) and (4) to (10; Articles 32 to 34 and		
36, Article 38(2), Articles 40 and 42, point (d)		
of Article 46(2), Articles 51 and 54, Articles 57		
to 58, Article 59(1) points (a), (b) and (d) to (y),		
Article 59(2) and (3), Article 59(5) to (10),		
Articles 61 to 63, points (1) to (3), (5)(b) and (6)		
of Article 70 and Annexes I and II by 31		
December 2020. They shall immediately		
communicate the text of those provisions to the		
Commission.		
However, Member States shall bring into force		
the laws, regulations and administrative		
provisions necessary to comply with:		
(a) point (5)(a) of Article 70 by 31 December		
2019;		
(b) point (4) of Article 70 by 25 October 2020.		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
Member States shall bring into force the laws,		
regulations and administrative provisions		
necessary to comply with Article 2 points 10a,		
10b, 15a, 24a, Article 4, Article 11(1), (1a) and		
(2), Article15a, Article 18a, Article 27(1),		
Article 27a, Article 28a, Article 31(3), Article		
40(7), Article 59(1) points (c) and (z), Article		
59(4) and Article 66a by six months after entry		
into force of this Regulation.		
When Member States adopt those measures,		
they shall contain a reference to this Directive or		
be accompanied by such a reference on the		
occasion of their official publication. They shall		
also include a statement that references in		
existing laws, regulations and administrative		
provisions to the Directive repealed by this		
Directive shall be construed as references to this		
Directive. Member States shall determine how		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
such reference is to be made and how that		
statement is to be formulated.'		
Article 3		<u> </u>
Amendment to Directive (EU) 2018/2001 of the		
European Parliament and of the Council of 11		
December 2018 on the promotion of the use of		
energy from renewable sources		
Directive (EU) 2018/2001 is amended as		
follows:		
(1) Article 4(3) is amended as follows:		
(a) the second subparagraph is replaced by the		
following:		
'To that end, with regard to direct price support		
schemes, support shall be granted in the form of		
a market premium, which could be, inter alia,		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
sliding or fixed. This sentence shall not apply to		
support for electricity from the renewable		
sources listed in Article 19b(2) of Regulation		
(EU) 2019/944, to which Article 19b(1) of that		*//
Regulation applies.'		
(2) in Article 36, paragraph 1 is replaced by the		
following:		
'1. Member States shall bring into force the		
laws, regulations and administrative provisions		
necessary to comply with Articles 2 to 13, 15 to		
31 and 37 and Annexes II, III and V to IX,		
by 30 June 2021. However, Member States shall		
bring into force the laws, regulations and		
administrative provisions necessary to comply		
with Article 4(3), second subparagraph, by [six		
months after entry into force of this Regulation].		
They shall immediately communicate the text of		
those measures to the Commission.		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
When Member States adopt those measures,		
they shall contain a reference to this Directive or		
be accompanied by such a reference on the		
occasion of their official publication. They shall		
also include a statement that references in		
existing laws, regulations and administrative		
provisions to the Directive repealed by this		
Directive shall be construed as references to this		
Directive. Member States shall determine how		
such reference is to be made and how that		
statement is to be formulated.'		
Article 4		
THUCK 4		
Amendments to Regulation (EU) 2019/942 of		
the European Parliament and of the Council of 5		
June 2019 establishing a European Union		
Agency for the Cooperation of Energy		
Regulators		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
Regulation (EU) 2019/942 is amended as	Draiting Suggestions	
follows:		
Total wis.		
(1) Article 2 is amended as follows:		
(1) Article 2 is afficiated as follows.		
(a) point (a) is replaced by the following:		
'(a) issue opinions and recommendations		
addressed to transmission system operators, the		
ENTSO for Electricity, the ENTSO for Gas, the		
EU DSO Entity, the single allocation platform		
established in accordance with Regulation (EU)		
2016/1719, regional coordination centres and		
nominated electricity market operators _on		
approving the methodologies, terms and		
conditions in accordance with Article 4(4),		
Article 5(2), (3) and (4); on bidding zones		
reviews as referred to in Article 5(7); on		
technical issues as referred to in Article 6(1); on		
arbitration between regulators in accordance		
with Article 6(10); related to regional		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
coordination centres as referred to in Article		
7(2), point (a); on approving and amending		
methodologies and calculations and technical		
specifications as referred to in Article 9(1); on		*//
approving and amending methodologies as		
referred to in Article 9(3); on exemptions as		
referred to in Article 10; on infrastructure as		
referred to in Article 11 point (d); on matters		
related to wholesale market integrity and		
transparency pursuant to Article 12;'		
(b) point (d) is replaced by the following:		
"(d) issue individual decisions on the provision		
of information in accordance with Article 3(2),		
Article 7(2), point (b), and Article 8, point (c);		
on approving the methodologies, terms and		
conditions in accordance with Article 4(4),		
Article 5(2), (3) and (4); on bidding zones		
reviews as referred to in Article 5(7); on		
technical issues as referred to in Article 6(1); on		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
arbitration between regulators in accordance		
with Article 6(10); related to regional		
coordination centres as referred to in Article		
7(2), point (a); on approving and amending		
methodologies and calculations and technical		
specifications as referred to in Article 9(1); on		
approving and amending methodologies as		
referred to in Article 9(3); on exemptions as		
referred to in Article 10; on infrastructure as		
referred to in Article 11, point (d); on matters		
related to wholesale market integrity and		
transparency pursuant to Article 12, on		
approving and amending proposals from the		
ENTSO for electricity related to the regional		
virtual hubs pursuant to Article 5(9); and on		
approving and amending proposals from the		
ENTSO for electricity and the EU DSO entity		
related to the methodology concerning the data		
and analysis to be provided as regards the		
flexibility needs pursuant to Article 5(10). ";		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(2) in Article 3(2), the following fourth		
subparagraph is added:		
"This paragraph shall also apply to the single		<u> </u>
allocation platform established in accordance		
with Regulation (EU) 2016/1719.";		
(3) in Article 4, the following paragraph 9 is		
added:		
"9. Paragraphs 6, 7 and 8 shall also apply to the		
single allocation platform established in		
accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/1719.";		
(4) in Article 5(8), the following second		
subparagraph is added:";		
ACER shall monitor the single allocation		
platform established in accordance with		
Regulation (EU) 2016/1719.		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(5) In Article 5, the following paragraph 9 is		
added:		
"9. ACER shall approve and where necessary		
amend the proposal from the ENTSO for		
electricity on the establishment of the regional		
virtual hubs for the forward market pursuant to		
Article 9(2) of Regulation (EU) 2019/943."		
(6) In Article 5. the following paragraph 10 is		
added:		
"10. ACER shall approve and where necessary		
amend the joint proposal from the ENTSO for		
electricity and the EU DSO entity related to the		
methodology concerning the data and analysis		
to be provided as regards the flexibility needs		
pursuant to Article 19e(5) of Regulation (EU)		
2019/943."		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
(7) in Article 15, the following paragraph 5 is		
added:		
"5. ACER shall issue a report analysing the		
national assessments of the flexibility needs and		
providing recommendations on issues of cross-		
border relevance regarding the findings of the		
regulatory authorities pursuant to Article 19e(6)		
of Regulation (EU) 2019/943.";		
Article 5		
Entry into force		
This Regulation shall enter into force on the		
[xxx] day following that of its publication in the		
Official Journal of the European Union.		
This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety		
and directly applicable in all Member States.		
Done at Strasbourg,		

Important: In order to guarantee that your comments appear accurately, please do not modify the table format by adding/removing/adjusting/merging/splitting cells and rows. This would hinder the consolidation of your comments.

Commission proposal	Drafting Suggestions	Comments
For the European Parliament For the Council		
The President The President		
	<u>End</u>	<u>End</u>