

Council of the European Union General Secretariat

Interinstitutional files: 2016/0231 (COD) Brussels, 21 March 2017

WK 3314/2017 INIT

LIMITE

CLIMA ENV ENER TRANS AGRI COMPET ECOFIN

This is a paper intended for a specific community of recipients. Handling and further distribution are under the sole responsibility of community members.

#### **MEETING DOCUMENT**

From:	General Secretariat of the Council
To:	Working Party on the Environment
Subject:	Non-ETS (ESR): WPE 21 March - Commission presentation on LULUCF distribution options

With a view to the WPE meeting on 21 March delegations will find attached a Commission presentation on the above



Proposal for a Regulation on Binding Annual Emission Reductions by Member States from 2021 to 2030 ("Effort Sharing Regulation")

# **Overview of options and proposals to allocate the LULUCF flexibility**

WPE, 21 March 2017

Commission



## Art 7(1) + annex II: Allocation of ESR LULUCF flexibility to individual MS

# Comparing options

• <u>Grouped</u> high-medium-low according to ESD share of the agricultural sector (Commission)

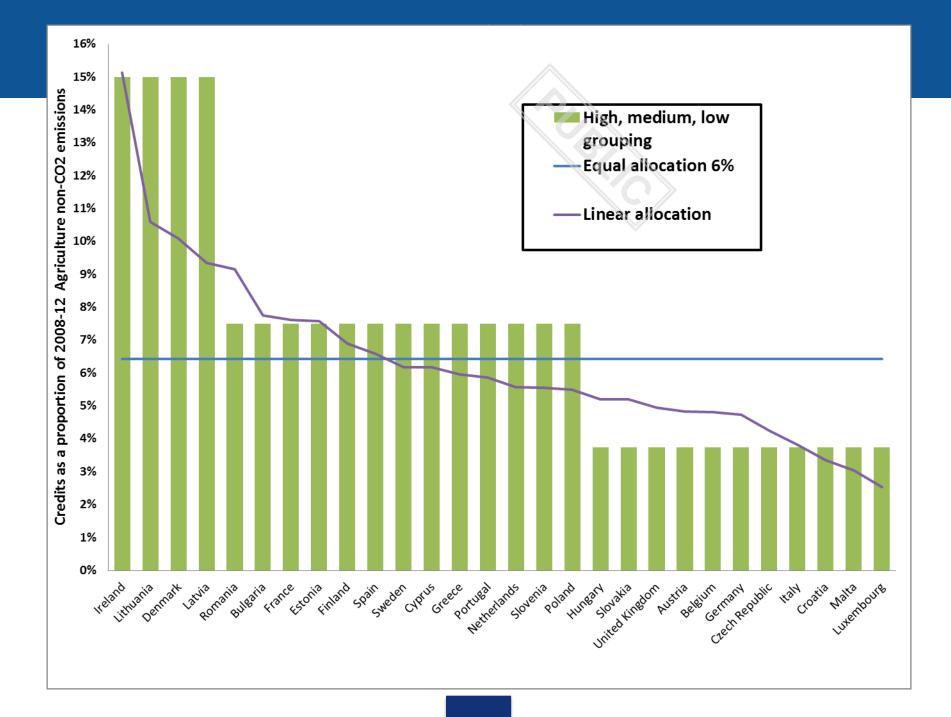
3 groups: 15%-7.5%-3.75% of 2008-12 agriculture non-CO2 emissions

 <u>Linear</u> (instead of grouped) allocation by share and importance of the sector (BE)

(agriculture non-CO2 emissions 2008-12 / ESD 2008-12) (ESR IA data) x agriculture non-CO2 emissions 2008-12 (ESR IA data) x scaling/correction factor (to scale to 280 MtCO2)

 Flexibility allocated proportional to agricultural emissions/on an <u>equal basis</u> (HU)

using Commission data corresponding to 6.43% of agriculture non-CO2 emissions 2008-12 per MS;





### **Assessment of other proposed LULUCF flexibility distribution options**

#### (More) <u>Linear allocation (ranking the Member States</u> by share and allocating pro-rata)

- broadly similar as Commission proposal, reflects relevance of lower mitigation potential of agriculture
- would create an allocation key sensitive to inventory recalculation and measurement accuracy

#### Proportional to agricultural emissions/<u>equal basis</u>

- allocation would not respond to the different relevance of lower mitigation potentials of the agriculture sector for different MS depending on their effort sharing share
- impact on overall balance of distributional impacts on Member States, would mainly benefit Member States with low share of agricultural emissions