



Council of the European Union
General Secretariat

**Interinstitutional files:
2021/0406 (COD)**

Brussels, 08 March 2023

WK 3297/2023 INIT

LIMITE

**POLCOM
COMER**

This is a paper intended for a specific community of recipients. Handling and further distribution are under the sole responsibility of community members.

WORKING DOCUMENT

From:	Presidency
To:	Working Party on Trade Questions
Subject:	ACI - 5-column document following the last technical meeting on 7th March for the meeting of the WPTQ on 13th March 2023

Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on the protection of the Union and its Member States from economic coercion by third countries

2021/0406(COD)

Non-versioned [LATEST TEXT]

07-03-2023 at 20h27

The lines that have been agreed (marked **green**) compared to the last version shared with the WPTQ (WK 2134/2023 INIT): 38e, 38f, 38g, 38j, 38k, 38l, 38m, 75a, 85a, 85b, 87, 96d, 99, 122, 124, 126, 127, 128, 131.

Yellow lines in which the PRES proposes to agree: 119, 133a-e.

PRES comments are in red.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
Formula					
1	2021/0406 (COD)	2021/0406 (COD)	2021/0406 (COD)	2021/0406 (COD)	2021/0406 (COD)
Proposal Title					
2	Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on the protection of the Union and its Member States from economic coercion by third countries	Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on the protection of the Union and its Member States from economic coercion by third countries	Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on the protection of the Union and its Member States from economic coercion by third countries	Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on the protection of the Union and its Member States from economic coercion by third countries No changes to 4th column text.	Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on the protection of the Union and its Member States from economic coercion by third countries
Formula					

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
3	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,
Citation 1					
4	Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 207(2) thereof,	Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 207(2) thereof,	Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 207(2) thereof,	Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 207(2) thereof,	Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 207(2) thereof,
Citation 2					
5	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,
Citation 3					
6	After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,	After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,	After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,	After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,	After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,
Citation 4					
7	Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,	Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,	Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,	Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,	Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
Formula					
8	Whereas:	Whereas:	Whereas:	Whereas:	Whereas:
Recital 1					
9	(1) Pursuant to Article 3(5) of the Treaty on European Union, in its relations with the wider world, the Union is to uphold and promote its values and interests and contribute to the protection of its citizens and, among other things, to solidarity and mutual respect among peoples and the strict observance and the development of international law, including respect for the principles of the United Nations Charter.	(1) Pursuant to Article 3(5) of the Treaty on European Union, in its relations with the wider world, the Union is to uphold and promote its values and interests and contribute to the protection of its citizens and, among other things, to solidarity and mutual respect among peoples and the strict observance and the development of international law, including respect for the principles of the United Nations Charter.	(1) Pursuant to Article 3(5) of the Treaty on European Union (TEU), in its relations with the wider world, the Union is to uphold and promote its values and interests and contribute to the protection of its citizens and is to contribute , among other things, to solidarity and mutual respect among peoples and the strict observance and the development of international law, including respect for the principles of the United Nations Charter (the "UN Charter").	(1) Pursuant to Article 3(5) of the Treaty on European Union (TEU), in its relations with the wider world, the Union is to uphold and promote its values and interests and contribute to the protection of its citizens and is to contribute, among other things, to solidarity and mutual respect among peoples and the strict observance and the development of international law, including respect for the principles of the United Nations Charter (the "UN Charter"). 29/11/22: Minor editorial changes. No changes to 4th column text.	(1) Pursuant to Article 3(5) of the Treaty on European Union (TEU), in its relations with the wider world, the Union is to uphold and promote its values and interests and contribute to the protection of its citizens and is to contribute, among other things, to solidarity and mutual respect among peoples and the strict observance and the development of international law, including respect for the principles of the United Nations Charter (the "UN Charter").
Recital 2					

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
10	(2) Pursuant to Article 21(1) of the Treaty on European Union, the Union's action on the international scene is to be guided by principles such as the rule of law, equality and solidarity, and respect for the principles of the United Nations Charter and international law. It also states that the Union is to promote multilateral solutions to common problems.	(2) Pursuant to Article 21(1) of the Treaty on European Union, the Union's action on the international scene is to be guided by principles such as the rule of law, equality and solidarity, and respect for the principles of the United Nations Charter and international law. It also states that the Union is to promote multilateral solutions to common problems.	(2) Pursuant to Article 21(1) of the Treaty on European Union, the Union's action on the international scene is to be guided by principles such as the rule of law, equality and solidarity, and respect for the principles of the United Nations Charter and international law. It also states that the Union is to promote multilateral solutions to common problems.	(2) Pursuant to Article 21(1) TEU, the Union's action on the international scene is to be guided by principles such as the rule of law, equality and solidarity, and respect for the principles of the UN Charter and international law. It also states that the Union is to promote multilateral solutions to common problems. No changes to 4th column text. 29/11/22: Minor editorial changes.	(2) Pursuant to Article 21(1) TEU, the Union's action on the international scene is to be guided by principles such as the rule of law, equality and solidarity, and respect for the principles of the UN Charter and international law. It also states that the Union is to promote multilateral solutions to common problems.
Recital 3					
11	(3) Pursuant to Article 1 of the United Nations Charter, the purposes of the United Nations include the purpose to develop friendly relations among nations based on respect for the principle of equal rights.	(3) Pursuant to Article 1 of the United Nations Charter, the purposes of the United Nations include the purpose to develop friendly relations among nations based on respect for the principle of equal rights. <u>Moreover, in accordance with the Declaration On Principles Of International Law</u>	(3) Pursuant to Article 1 of the United Nations Charter, one of the purposes of the United Nations include the purpose is to develop friendly relations among nations based on, among other things , respect for the principle of equal rights.	(3) Pursuant to Article 1 of the UN Charter, one of the purposes of the United Nations is to develop friendly relations among nations based on, among other things, respect for the principle of equal rights.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
		<u>Friendly Relations And Co-Operation Among States in accordance with the Charter Of The United Nations, international relations are to be conducted in line with the principles of sovereign equality and non-intervention^{1a}.</u> <u>1a UN General Assembly, Declaration on Principles of International Law concerning Friendly Relations and Cooperation among States in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations, 24 October 1970, A/RES/2625(XXV)</u>		29/11/22: Comprehensive combination of Council + EP, with editorial adjustments. 9/1/23: deleted text consolidated with and streamlined in recital 4a; 1.2 Relations with other instruments and policies	
Recital 4					
6	12	(4) Article 21(2) of the Treaty on European Union requires the Union to define and pursue common policies and actions, and work for a high degree of cooperation in all fields of international relations, among other things in order to safeguard its values, fundamental	(4) Article 21(2) of the Treaty on European Union requires the Union to define and pursue common policies and actions, and work for a high degree of cooperation in all fields of international relations in order to , among other things in order to ,	(4) Article 21(2) TEU requires the Union to define and pursue common policies and actions, and work for a high degree of cooperation in all fields of international relations in order to, among other things, safeguard its values, fundamental interests, independence and	(4) Article 21(2) TEU requires the Union to define and pursue common policies and actions, and work for a high degree of cooperation in all fields of international relations in order to, among other things, safeguard its values, fundamental interests, independence and

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
	interests, independence and integrity, consolidate and support the rule of law, and the principles of international law.	interests, independence and integrity, consolidate and support the rule of law, and the principles of international law.	safeguard its values, fundamental interests, independence and integrity, consolidate and support the rule of law, and the principles of international law.	integrity, consolidate and support the rule of law, and the principles of international law. No changes to 4th column text. 29/11/22: Minor editorial changes.	integrity, consolidate and support the rule of law, and the principles of international law.
Recital 4a					
12a		<u>(4a) The international law of state responsibility for internationally wrongful acts has been codified by the United Nations' International Law Commission in 2001^{1a} and should guide the Union's action where the Union faces economic coercion from a third country that constitutes an internationally wrongful act. The "Declaration on Principles of International Law concerning Friendly Relations and Co-operation among States in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations"^{1b} states that no</u>		<u>[(4a) The Declaration on Principles of International Law concerning Friendly Relations and Co-operation among States in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations, states that international relations are to be conducted in line with the principles of sovereign equality and non-intervention.^{1a} This Declaration also provides, in relation to the principle concerning the duty not to intervene in matters within the domestic jurisdiction of any State, that no State may use or encourage the use of economic, political or any</u>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
		<u>State may use or encourage the use of economic political or any other type of measures to coerce another State in order to obtain from it the subordination of the exercise of its sovereign rights and to secure from it advantages of any kind. Those codified rules of customary international law are binding.</u> ^{1a} <u>Internationally Wrongful Acts, adopted by the United Nations' International Law Commission at its fifty-third session, in 2001, and taken note of by the United Nations General Assembly in resolution 56/83.</u> ^{1b} <u>United Nations General Assembly Resolution 2625 (XXV) of 24 Oct 1970.</u>		<u>other type of measures to coerce another State in order to obtain from it the subordination of the exercise of its sovereign rights and to secure from it advantages of any kind. This reflects customary international law and is thus binding in the relations between third countries and the Union and its Member States. Rules of customary international law of state responsibility for internationally wrongful acts are reflected in the United Nations' International Law Commission's Articles on the Responsibility of States for Internationally Wrongful Acts^{1b} and are binding in the relations between third countries and the Union and its Member States.</u> ^{1a} <u>UN General Assembly, Declaration on Principles of International Law concerning Friendly</u>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				<u><i>Relations and Co-operation among States in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations, 24 October 1970, A/RES/2625(XXV).</i></u> <i>^{1b} Adopted by the United Nations' International Law Commission at its fifty-third session, in 2001, and taken note of by the United Nations General Assembly in Resolution 56/83.</i> 9/1/23: text consolidated and streamlined with minor editorial adjustments; Inclusion of EP amendment, with editorial adjustments. Transfer of the addition to Rec 3 to this new Rec 4a, so as to keep the "international law" references together.	
Recital 5					
13	(5) The modern interconnected world economy creates an increased risk of, and opportunity for, economic coercion, as it provides	(5) The modern interconnected world economy creates an increased risk of, and opportunity for, economic coercion, as it provides	(5) The modern interconnected world economy creates an increased increases the risk of, and opportunity for, economic coercion, as it	(5) The modern interconnected world economy increases the risk of economic coercion, as it provides countries with enhanced, including hybrid,	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	countries with enhanced, including hybrid, means to deploy such coercion. It is desirable that the Union contribute to the creation, development and clarification of international frameworks for the prevention and elimination of situations of economic coercion.	countries with enhanced, including hybrid, means to deploy such coercion. It is desirable that the Union contribute to the creation, development and clarification of international frameworks for the prevention and elimination of situations of economic coercion.	provides countries with enhanced, including hybrid, means to deploy such coercion. It is desirable that the Union contribute to the creation, development and clarification of international frameworks for the prevention and elimination of situations of economic coercion.	means to deploy such coercion. It is desirable that the Union contribute to the creation, development and clarification of international frameworks for the prevention and elimination of situations of economic coercion. 29/11/22: For discussion, the Council language has a slightly different emphasis from the original text accepted by the Parliament. No changes to 4th column text.	
Recital 6					
14	(6) Whilst always acting within the framework of international law, it is essential that the Union possess an appropriate instrument to deter and counteract economic coercion by third countries in order to safeguard its rights and interests and those of its Member States. This is particularly the case where third countries take	(6) Whilst always acting within the framework of international law, it is essential that the Union possess an appropriate instrument to deter and counteract economic coercion by third countries in order to safeguard its rights and interests and those of its Member States. This is particularly the case where third countries take.	(6) Whilst always acting within the framework of international law, it is essential that the Union possess an appropriate instrument to deter and counteract economic coercion by third countries in order to safeguard its rights and interests and those of its Member States. This is particularly the case where third countries take	(6) Whilst always acting within the framework of international law, it is essential that the Union possess an appropriate instrument to deter and counteract economic coercion by third countries in order to safeguard its rights and interests and those of its Member States. This is particularly the case where third countries take	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
	measures affecting trade or investment that interfere in the legitimate sovereign choices of the Union or a Member State by seeking to prevent or obtain the cessation, modification or adoption of a particular act by the Union or a Member State. Such measures affecting trade or investment may include not only actions taken on, and having effects within, the territory of the third country, but also actions taken by the third country, including through entities controlled or directed by the third country and present in the Union, that cause harm to economic activities in the Union.	<u><i>fail to take or threaten to take</i></u> measures affecting trade or investment that interfere in the legitimate sovereign choices of the Union or a Member State by seeking to prevent or obtain the cessation, modification or adoption of a particular act, <u><i>including any form of a particular policy choice or a stance with regard to a policy choice such as European Parliament resolutions</i></u> , by the Union or a Member State. Such measures affecting trade or investment may include not only actions taken, <u><i>failures to act, or actions threatened or to be taken</i></u> on, and having effects within, the territory of the third country, but also actions taken <u><i>or threatened to be taken</i></u> by the third country, including through entities controlled or directed by the third country and present in the Union, that cause harm to economic activities in the Union, <u><i>such as, among others, some extraterritorial effects of</i></u>	measures affecting trade or investment that interfere in the legitimate sovereign choices of the Union or a Member State by seeking to prevent or obtain the cessation, modification or adoption of a particular act by the Union or a Member State. Such measures affecting trade or investment may include not only actions taken on, and having effects within, the territory of the third country concerned , but also actions taken by the third country, including through entities controlled or directed by the third country and present in the Union, that cause harm to economic activities in the Union.	measures affecting trade or investment that interfere in the legitimate sovereign choices of the Union or a Member State by seeking to prevent or obtain the cessation, modification or adoption of a particular act by the Union or a Member State, <u><i>including an expression of a position by an institution or body of the Union or a Member</i></u> . Such measures affecting trade or investment may include not only actions taken on, and having effects within, the territory of the third country concerned, but also actions taken by the third country, including through entities controlled or directed by the third country and present in the Union, that cause harm to economic activities in the Union. <u><i>The terms "third country" should be understood to include not only a foreign State, but also a separate customs territory or other subject of international law because these entities are capable of</i></u>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
		<u>third country sanctions affecting EU businesses and individuals, and ultimately the sovereignty of the European Union's choices.</u>		<u>economic coercion. The utilisation of these terms and the application of this Regulation does not have any implication regarding sovereignty. This Regulation should also be applied in conformity with the Union's position in relation to the third country concerned.</u> 29/11/22: Consolidation 9/1/23: aligned with the article on definitions; final part to explain the definition of country;	
Recital 7					
15	(7) This Regulation aims to ensure an effective, efficient and swift Union response to economic coercion, including deterrence of economic coercion of the Union or a Member State and, in the last resort, countermeasures.	(7) This Regulation aims to ensure an effective, efficient and swift Union response to economic coercion, <u>including especially the</u> deterrence of economic coercion of the Union or a Member State and, in the last resort <u>where necessary because other instruments cannot protect the Union interest adequately.</u> <u>This</u> countermeasures.	(7) This Regulation aims to ensure an effective, efficient and swift Union response to economic coercion, including deterrence of economic coercion of the Union or a Member State and, in the as a last resort, countermeasures. This Regulation is without prejudice to other existing Union instruments and international agreements,	(7) This Regulation aims to ensure an effective, efficient and swift Union response to economic coercion, <u>including especially the</u> deterrence of economic coercion of the Union or a Member State and, as a last resort, countermeasures. This Regulation is without prejudice to other existing Union instruments and international agreements, as	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
		<u><i>Regulation complements Union law in the field of trade such as Regulation (EU)2021/167 of the European Parliament and of the Council^{1a}.</i></u> <u><i>^{1a} Council Regulation (EC) No 2271/96 of 22 November 1996 protecting against the effects of the extra-territorial application of legislation adopted by a third country, and actions based thereon or resulting therefrom, OJ L 309,29.11.1996, p. 1.</i></u>	as well as actions taken thereunder, in the area of the common commercial policy, and to other Union policies.	well as actions taken thereunder, in the area of the common commercial policy, and to other Union policies. 29/11/22: Combination of the 2 texts but requires discussion. Omission of the “where other instruments cannot adequately” because this impliedly would subject the ACI to a negative priority position in a hierarchy between Union instruments where the ACI would come last. Also omission of the last statement that ACI complements Union trade law, such as the ER amendment. The various Union instruments stand side-by-side, so “complements” is obviously correct, but not clear what the added value is of stating this, while creating a risk of misunderstanding. Regulation (ER amendment) and Reference (Blocking Statute) also don’t match. No changes to 4th column text.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				1.2 Relations with other instruments and policies	
Recital 7a					
15a			(7bis) Economic coercion by third countries may target foreign policy actions of the Union or a Member State, while a determination of the existence of economic coercion, and responses thereto, may have significant implications for relations with third countries. It is necessary to ensure consistent responses in distinct but related policy areas, and this Regulation is without prejudice to a possible Union action pursuant to specific provisions in Chapter 2 of Title V of TEU on the Union's common foreign and security policy, to which due consideration should be given when considering any response to economic coercion by a third country.	(7bis ^{7a}) Economic coercion by third countries may - target foreign policy actions of the Union or a Member State, while a determination of the existence of economic coercion, and responses thereto, may have significant implications for relations with third countries. It is necessary to ensure consistent responses in distinct but related policy areas, and this Regulation is without prejudice to a possible Union action pursuant to specific provisions in Chapter 2 of Title V of TEU on the Union's common foreign and security policy, to which due consideration should be given when considering any response to economic coercion by a third country.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				9/1/23: suggest to use the Council's text; with a correction; 1.2 Relations with other instruments and policies	
Recital 8					
16	(8) The objectives of this Regulation, in particular counteracting third countries' economic coercion of the Union or a Member State, cannot be sufficiently achieved by Member States acting on their own. This is because Member States as distinct actors under international law may not be entitled under international law to respond to economic coercion directed against the Union. Additionally, because of the exclusive competence conferred on the Union by Article 207 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, Member States are prevented from taking common commercial policy measures as a response to	(8) The objectives of this Regulation, in particular counteracting third countries' economic coercion of the Union or a Member State, cannot be sufficiently achieved by Member States acting on their own. This is because Member States as distinct actors under international law may not be entitled under international law to respond to economic coercion directed against the Union. Additionally, because of the exclusive competence conferred on the Union by Article 207 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, Member States are prevented from taking common commercial policy measures as a response to	(8) The objectives of this Regulation, in particular counteracting third countries' economic coercion of the Union or measures of economic coercion against a Member State, cannot be sufficiently achieved by Member States acting on their own. This is because measures of economic coercion against a Member State, cannot be sufficiently achieved by Member States acting on their own. This is because affect the Union's internal market and the Union as a whole. Member States, acting on their own cannot counteract third countries' economic coercion through measures falling under the area of common commercial policy. Given as distinct actors under international law may not be entitled under international law to respond to economic coercion directed against the	(8) Third countries' measures of economic coercion against a Member State affect the Union's internal market and the Union as a whole. Member States, acting on their own cannot counteract third countries' economic coercion through measures falling under the area of common commercial policy. Given the exclusive competence conferred on the Union by Article 207 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU), only the Union may. Moreover, Member States as distinct actors under international law, may not be entitled to counteract third countries' economic coercion directed against the Union.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	economic coercion. Therefore, those objectives can be achieved with greater effectiveness at Union level.	economic coercion. Therefore, those objectives can be achieved with greater effectiveness at <u>it is necessary that the means for effectively achieving those objectives are created at the</u> Union level.	Union. Additionally, because of the exclusive competence conferred on the Union by Article 207 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU), only the Union may. Moreover, Member States are prevented from taking common commercial policy measures as a response to distinct actors under international law, may not be entitled to counteract third countries economic coercion directed against the Union. This Regulation is without prejudice to the division of competences as defined in the Treaties. Therefore, those objectives can be achieved with greater effectiveness at Union level.	<u>Therefore, it is necessary that the means for effectively achieving those objectives are created at the Union level.</u> This Regulation is without prejudice to the division of competences as defined in the Treaties. 29/11/22: Combination 9/1/23: for reasons of readability the 5th column is the clean version of the 4th column text; 1.2 Relations with other instruments and policies	
Recital 9					
17	(9) In accordance with the principle of proportionality, it is necessary and appropriate, for creating an effective and comprehensive framework for Union action against economic coercion,	(9) In accordance with the principle of proportionality, it is necessary and appropriate, for creating an effective and comprehensive framework for Union action against economic coercion,	(9) In accordance with the principle of proportionality, it is necessary and appropriate, for creating an effective and comprehensive framework for Union action against economic coercion,	(9) In accordance with the principle of proportionality, it is necessary and appropriate, for creating an effective and comprehensive framework for Union action against economic coercion,	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	to lay down rules on the examination, determination and counteraction with regard to third countries' measures of economic coercion. In particular, the Union's response measures should be preceded by an examination of the facts, a determination of the existence of economic coercion, and, wherever possible, efforts to find a solution in cooperation with the third country concerned. Any measures imposed by the Union should be commensurate with the injury caused by the third countries' measures of economic coercion. The criteria for defining the Union response measures should take into account in particular the need to avoid or minimise collateral effects, administrative burdens and costs imposed on Union economic operators as well as the Union's interest. Therefore, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve the	to lay down rules on the examination, determination and counteraction with regard to third countries' measures of economic coercion. In particular, the Union's response measures should be preceded by an examination of the facts, a determination of the existence of economic coercion, and, wherever possible <u>and provided the third country also engages in good faith</u>, efforts to find a solution in cooperation with the third country concerned. Any measures imposed by the Union should be commensurate with the injury caused by the third countries' measures of economic coercion <u>and should primarily be aimed at obtaining the cessation of the economic coercion and, where appropriate, the reparation for the injury caused</u>. The criteria for defining the Union response measures should take into account in particular the <u>effectiveness of the</u>	to lay down rules on the examination, determination and counteraction with regard to third countries' measures of economic coercion. In particular, the Union's response measures should be preceded by an examination of the facts, a determination of the existence of economic coercion, and, wherever possible, efforts to find a solution in cooperation with the third country concerned. Any measures imposed by the Union should be commensurate with the injury caused by the third countries' measures of economic coercion. The criteria for defining the Union response measures should take into account in particular the need to avoid or minimise collateral effects, administrative burdens and costs imposed on Union economic operators as well as the Union's interest. Therefore, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve the	to lay down rules on the examination, determination and counteraction with regard to third countries' measures of economic coercion. In particular, the Union's response measures should be preceded by an examination of the facts, a determination of the existence of economic coercion, and, wherever possible <u>and provided the third country also engages in good faith</u>, efforts to find a solution in cooperation with the third country concerned. Any measures imposed by the Union should be commensurate with the injury caused by the third countries' measures of economic coercion <u>and should primarily be aimed at obtaining the cessation of the economic coercion and, where appropriate, the reparation for the injury caused</u>. The criteria for defining the Union response measures should take into account in particular the <u>effectiveness of the</u>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	objectives pursued, in accordance with Article 5(4) of the Treaty on European Union.	<u>measures in inducing the cessation of the economic coercion and the potential of the measures to provide relief to the economic operators within the Union affected by the economic coercion, including via internal measures such as an ad hoc compensation fund for those economic operators. The need for a precise indication of the next steps to be taken and</u> need to avoid or minimise <u>the risks of escalation in international trade relations,</u> collateral effects, <u>disproportionate</u> administrative burdens <u>complexity</u> and costs imposed on Union economic operators as well as the Union's interest <u>should also be taken into account.</u> Therefore, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve the objectives pursued, in accordance with Article 5(4) of the Treaty on European Union.	objectives pursued, in accordance with Article 5(4) of the Treaty on European Union TEU.	<u>response measures in inducing the cessation of the economic coercion and</u> the need to avoid or minimise collateral effects, <u>disproportionate</u> administrative <u>complexity</u> <u>and</u> burdens and costs imposed on Union economic operators as well as the Union's interest. Therefore, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve the objectives pursued, in accordance with Article 5(4) TEU. 29/11/22: Combination, but consistency with the segmentation in the Council version and without "the risks of escalation in international trade relations" as this is not related to proportionality. It could however be built into "effectiveness for cessation" or (better?) a different recital. 9/1/23: brackets deleted as this is aligned with Art 5 and 7 texts;	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				3.7 Union response: criteria Union Interest 4. Reparation of injury	
Recital 10					
18	(10) Any action undertaken by the Union on the basis of this Regulation should comply with the Union's obligations under international law. International law allows, under certain conditions, such as proportionality and prior notice, the imposition of countermeasures, that is to say of measures that would otherwise be contrary to the international obligations of an injured party vis-à-vis the country responsible for a breach of international law, and that are aimed at obtaining the cessation of the breach or reparation for it.¹ Accordingly, response measures adopted under this Regulation should take the form of either measures adhering to the Union's international obligations or measures constituting	(10) Any action undertaken by the Union on the basis of this Regulation should comply with the Union's obligations under international law. <u>The Union should continue to support the rules-based multilateral trading system, with the World Trade Organisation (WTO) at its core.</u> International law allows, under certain conditions, such as proportionality and prior notice, the imposition of countermeasures, that is to say of measures that would otherwise be contrary to the international obligations of an injured party vis-à-vis the country responsible for a breach of international law, and that are aimed at obtaining the cessation of the breach or reparation for it.¹⁰ Accordingly, response measures adopted under this	(10) Any action undertaken by the Union on the basis of this Regulation should comply with the Union's obligations under be consistent with international law, including customary international law. International law allows, under certain conditions, such as proportionality and prior notice, the imposition of countermeasures, that is to say of measures that would otherwise be contrary to the international obligations of an injured party vis-à-vis the country responsible for a breach of international law, and that are aimed at obtaining the cessation of the breach or reparation for it.¹ Accordingly, response measures adopted under this Regulation should take the form of either measures	(10) Any action undertaken by the Union on the basis of this Regulation should be consistent with international law, including customary international law. Among the international agreements concluded by the Union and the Member States, the Agreement establishing the World Trade Organization (WTO) is the cornerstone of the rules-based multilateral trading system. Therefore, it is important that the Union continue to support that system, with the WTO at its core, and to use its dispute settlement system where appropriate. 29/11/22: Recital split in two. See also line 18a/ EP amendments are consistent with Council amendments. No changes to 4th column text.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	permitted countermeasures. Under international law, and in accordance with the principle of proportionality, they should not exceed a level that is commensurate with the injury suffered by the Union or a Member State due to the third country's measures of economic coercion, taking into account the gravity of the third country's measures and the Union's rights and interests in question. In this respect, injury to the Union or a Member State is understood under international law to include injury to Union economic operators. 1. See Articles 22 and 49-53 of the Articles on Responsibility of States for Internationally Wrongful Acts, adopted by the United Nations' International Law Commission at its fifty-third session, in 2001, and taken note of by the United Nations General Assembly in resolution 56/83.	Regulation should take the form of either measures adhering to the Union's international obligations or measures constituting permitted countermeasures. Under international law, and in accordance with the principle of proportionality, they should not exceed a level that is <u>be</u> commensurate with the injury suffered by the Union or a Member State due to the third country's measures of economic coercion, taking into account the gravity of the third country's measures and the Union's rights and interests in question. In this respect, injury to the Union or a Member State is understood under international law to include injury to Union economic operators. ¹⁰ <u>See Articles 22 and 49-53 of the Articles on Responsibility of States for Internationally Wrongful Acts, adopted by the United Nations' International Law Commission at its fifty-</u>	adhering to the Union's international obligations or measures constituting permitted countermeasures. Under international law, and in accordance with the principle of proportionality, they should not exceed a level that is commensurate with the injury suffered by Among the international agreements concluded by the Union and the Member States, the Agreement establishing the World Trade Organization (WTO) is the cornerstone of the rules-based multilateral trading system. Therefore, it is important that the Union or a Member State due to the third country's measures of economic coercion, taking into account the gravity of the third country's measures and the Union's rights and interests in question. In this respect, injury to the Union or a Member State is understood under international law to include injury to Union economic	1.2 Relations with other instruments and policies	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
		<u><i>third session, in 2001, and taken note of by the United Nations General Assembly in resolution 56/83.</i></u> <i>1. See Articles 22 and 49-53 of the Articles on Responsibility of States for Internationally Wrongful Acts, adopted by the United Nations' International Law Commission at its fifty-third session, in 2001, and taken note of by the United Nations General Assembly in resolution 56/83.</i>	operators continue to support that system, with the WTO at its core, and to use its dispute settlement system where appropriate. <i>1. See Articles 22 and 49-53 of the Articles on Responsibility of States for Internationally Wrongful Acts, adopted by the United Nations' International Law Commission at its fifty-third session, in 2001, and taken note of by the United Nations General Assembly in resolution 56/83.</i>		
Recital 10a					
18a			(10bis) Customary international law, as reflected in Articles 22 and 49 to 53 of the Articles on Responsibility of States for Internationally Wrongful Acts ("ARSIWA"), adopted by the United Nations' International Law Commission at its fifty-third session in 2001 and taken note of by the United Nations General Assembly in resolution 56/83, allows, under certain conditions, such as	(10bis) Customary international law, as reflected in Articles 22 and 49 to 53 of the Articles on Responsibility of States for Internationally Wrongful Acts ("<u>ARSIWA</u>"), adopted by the United Nations' International Law Commission at its fifty-third session in 2001 and taken note of by the United Nations General Assembly in Resolution 56/83, allows, under certain conditions, such as proportionality and	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
			proportionality and prior notice, the imposition of countermeasures, that is to say of measures that would otherwise be contrary to the international obligations of an injured party vis-à-vis the country responsible for a breach of international law, and that are aimed at obtaining the cessation of the breach or reparation for it. Accordingly, Union response measures could consist, as necessary, not only in measures consistent with the Union's international obligations, but also in the non-performance of international obligations towards the third country concerned insofar as the measures of economic coercion of the third country constitute an internationally wrongful act. Under international law, and in accordance with the principle of proportionality, Union response measures should	prior notice, the imposition of countermeasures, that is to say of measures that would otherwise be contrary to the international obligations of an injured party vis-à-vis the country responsible for a breach of international law, and that are aimed at obtaining the cessation of the breach or reparation for it. Accordingly, Union response measures could consist, as necessary, not only in measures consistent with the Union's international obligations, but also in the non-performance of international obligations towards the third country concerned insofar as the measures of economic coercion of the third country constitute an internationally wrongful act. Under international law, and in accordance with the principle of proportionality, Union response measures should not exceed the level that is commensurate with <u>of</u> the injury suffered by the Union or a Member State	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
			not exceed a level that is commensurate with the injury suffered by the Union or a Member State due to the third country's measures of economic coercion, taking into account the gravity of the third country's measures and the Union's rights and interests in question. In this respect, injury to the Union or a Member State is understood under international law to include injury to Union economic operators.	due to the third country's measures of economic coercion, taking into account the gravity of the third country's measures and the Union's rights and interests in question. In this respect, injury to the Union or a Member State is understood under international law to include injury to Union economic operators. 29/11/22: Insertion of language from recital 18, editorial adjustments. Issue to discuss: "be commensurate" or "not exceed a level that is commensurate". 9/1/23: brackets deleted as text aligned with Art 9(1); 3.7 Union response: criteria Union Interest 4. Reparation of injury	
Recital 10b					
18b			10ter Where measures of economic coercion constitute an internationally wrongful	10ter Where measures of economic coercion constitute an internationally wrongful act, the Union	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
			act, the Union should, where appropriate, in addition to the cessation of economic coercion, request the third country concerned to make reparation of any injury caused to the Union or a Member State, in accordance with Articles 31 and 34-39 of the ARSIWA.	should, where appropriate, in addition to the cessation of economic coercion, request the third country concerned to make reparation of any injury caused to the Union or a Member State, in accordance with Articles 31 and 34-39 of the ARSIWA. No changes to 4th column text. 4. Reparation of injury	
Recital 11					
19	(11) Coercion is prohibited under international law when a country deploys measures such as trade or investment restrictions in order to obtain from another country an action or inaction which that country is not internationally obliged to perform and which falls within its sovereignty, when the coercion reaches a certain qualitative or quantitative threshold, depending on both the ends pursued and the means	(11) Coercion is prohibited under international law when a country deploys measures such as trade or investment restrictions in order to obtain from another country an action or inaction which that country is not internationally obliged to perform and which falls within its sovereignty, when the coercion reaches a certain qualitative or quantitative threshold, depending on both the ends pursued and the means	(11) Coercion is prohibited and therefore a wrongful act under international law when a country deploys measures such as trade or investment restrictions in order to obtain from another country an action or inaction which that country is not internationally obliged to perform and which falls within its sovereignty, when the coercion reaches a certain qualitative or quantitative threshold, depending on both the ends	(11) Coercion is prohibited and therefore a wrongful act under international law when a country deploys measures such as trade or investment restrictions in order to obtain from another country an action or inaction which that country is not internationally obliged to perform and which falls within its sovereignty, when the coercion reaches a certain qualitative or quantitative threshold, depending on both the ends	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
	deployed. The Commission should examine the third-country action on the basis of qualitative and quantitative criteria that help in determining whether the third country interferes in the legitimate sovereign choices of the Union or a Member State and whether its action constitutes economic coercion which requires a Union response.	deployed. The Commission should examine the third-country action on the basis of <u>qualitative and/or quantitative criteria that help in determining whether the third country interferes in the legitimate sovereign choices of the Union or a Member State and whether its action constitutes economic coercion which requires a Union response.</u>	pursued and the means deployed. The Commission should examine the third-country action on the basis of qualitative and quantitative criteria that help in determining whether the third country interferes in the legitimate sovereign choices of the Union or a Member State and whether its action constitutes economic coercion which requires a Union response. Among those criteria, there should be elements that characterise, both qualitatively and quantitatively, notably the form, the effects and the aim of the measures which the third country is deploying. Applying those criteria would ensure that only economic coercion with a sufficiently serious impact or, where the economic coercion consists in a threat, only a threat that is credible, would fall under this Regulation. In addition, the Commission should examine closely whether the third country	pursued and the means deployed. The Commission should examine the third-country action on the basis of <u>qualitative and quantitative criteria that help in determining whether the third country interferes in the legitimate sovereign choices of the Union or a Member State and whether its action constitutes economic coercion which requires a Union response.</u> Among those criteria, there should be elements that characterise, both qualitatively and quantitatively, notably the form, the effects and the aim of the measures which the third country is deploying. Applying those criteria would ensure that only economic coercion with a sufficiently serious impact or, where the economic coercion consists in a threat, only a threat that is credible, would fall under this Regulation. In addition, the Commission should examine closely whether the	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
			pursues a legitimate cause, because its objective is to uphold a concern that is internationally recognised, such as, among other things, the maintenance of international peace and security, the protection of human rights, the protection of the environment, and the fight against climate change.	third country pursues a legitimate cause, because its objective is to uphold a concern that is internationally recognised, such as, among other things, the maintenance of international peace and security, the protection of human rights, the protection of the environment, and the fight against climate change. 9/1/23: brackets deleted; 29/11/22: Combination of 2 positions. Suggested not to take the replacement of the “and” with the “or” because the qualitative analysis must always be done 1.2 Relations with other instruments and policies 1.1 Scope and definition	
Recital 12					
20	(12) Acts by third countries are understood under customary international law to include all forms of action that are attributable to a State under customary	(12) Acts by third countries are understood under customary international law to include all forms of action that are attributable to a State under customary	(12) Acts by third countries are understood under customary international law to include all forms of action or omission, including threats , that are	(12) Acts by third countries are understood under customary international law to include all forms of action or omission, including threats, that are	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	international law. International law qualifies as an act of a State, in particular: the conduct of any State organ, of a person or entity which is not an organ of the State but which is empowered by the law of that State to exercise elements of governmental authority, an organ placed at the disposal of a State by another State, a person or group of persons that are acting on the instructions of, or under the direction or control of, that State in carrying out the conduct, a person or group of persons that are exercising elements of the governmental authority in the absence or default of the official authorities and in circumstances such as to call for the exercise of those elements of authority, and conduct that the State acknowledges and adopts as its own.¹ 1. See Articles 2(a) and 4-11 of the Articles on Responsibility of States for Internationally Wrongful Acts, footnote 1 above.	international law. International law qualifies as an act of a State, in particular: the conduct of any State organ, of a person or entity which is not an organ of the State but which is empowered by the law of that State to exercise elements of governmental authority, an organ placed at the disposal of a State by another State, a person or group of persons that are acting on the instructions of, or under the direction or control of, that State in carrying out the conduct, a person or group of persons that are exercising elements of the governmental authority in the absence or default of the official authorities and in circumstances such as to call for the exercise of those elements of authority, and conduct that the State acknowledges and adopts as its own.¹ 1. See Articles 2(a) and 4-11 of the Articles on Responsibility of States for Internationally Wrongful Acts, footnote 1 above.	attributable to a State under customary international law. Articles 2(a) and 4-11 of the ARSIWA confirm that customary international law qualifies as an act of a State, in particular: the conduct of any State organ, of a person or entity which is not an organ of the State but which is empowered by the law of that State to exercise elements of governmental authority, an organ placed at the disposal of a State by another State, a person or group of persons that are acting on the instructions of, or under the direction or control of, that State in carrying out the conduct, a person or group of persons that are exercising elements of the governmental authority in the absence or default of the official authorities and in circumstances such as to call for the exercise of those elements of authority, and conduct that the State acknowledges and adopts as its own.⁴	attributable to a State under customary international law. Articles 2(a) and 4-11 of the ARSIWA confirm that customary international law qualifies as an act of a State, in particular: the conduct of any State organ, of a person or entity which is not an organ of the State but which is empowered by the law of that State to exercise elements of governmental authority, an organ placed at the disposal of a State by another State, a person or group of persons that are acting on the instructions of, or under the direction or control of, that State in carrying out the conduct, a person or group of persons that are exercising elements of the governmental authority in the absence or default of the official authorities and in circumstances such as to call for the exercise of those elements of authority, and conduct that the State acknowledges and adopts as its own.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
			1. See Articles 2(a) and 4-11 of the Articles on Responsibility of States for Internationally Wrongful Acts, footnote 1 above.	29/11/22: Combination. Additional text clarifies. No changes to 4th column text. 3.9 Union response: Natural and legal persons 1.1 Scope and definition	
Recital 13					
21	(13) The Commission should examine whether third-country measures are coercive, on its own initiative or following information received from any source, including legal and natural persons or a Member State. Following this examination, the Commission should determine in a decision whether the third-country measure is coercive. The Commission should communicate any affirmative determination to the third country concerned, together with a request that the economic coercion cease and a request, where	(13) The Commission <u>could and, in particular in the case of a substantiated complaint,</u> should examine whether third-country measures are coercive, on its own initiative or following information received from any source, including legal and natural persons, <u>the European Parliament</u> or a Member State. Following this examination, the Commission should determine in a decision whether the third-country measure is coercive. The Commission should <u>publicly communicate any the result of this examination. In the case of an</u> affirmative determination, <u>the</u>	(13) The Commission on its own initiative or upon a reasoned request of a Member State should examine whether third-country measures are coercive, on its own initiative or following . The Commission could carry out such examination on the basis of information received from any reliable source, including legal and natural persons or a Member State. Following this examination To determine if a third country applies or threatens to apply measures affecting trade or investment, the Commission's assessment should determine in be	29/11/22: No drafting proposal. Decision-making needs to be settled first. 9/1/23: the recital to be adjusted to reflect Articles 3 and 4 after they are agreed; alternative drafting of the recital is contained in the packages non-paper of 9/1/23; See packages non-paper of 9/1/23 on the decision-making question 5. Decision -making 5.1 Decision making: determination (stage 1)	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	appropriate, that any injury be repaired.	<u>Commission should communicate</u> to the third country concerned, together with a request that the economic coercion cease and a request, where appropriate, that any injury be repaired.	based on facts. In order to ensure uniform conditions for the implementation of this Regulation, and in view of the effects that a decision whether the third country measure is coercive. determining the existence of economic coercion by a third country has on the Union's overall relations with the third country concerned, implementing powers should be conferred on the Council. Therefore, following the Commission's examination and in the event that should communicate any affirmative determination to the third country concerned, together with a request applies or threatens to apply coercive measures affecting trade or investment, the Commission should submit a proposal to the Council to adopt an implementing act determining that the economic coercion cease and a request, where appropriate, that any injury		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
			be repaired third country is applying a measure of economic coercion. The Council should act expeditiously.		
Recital 13a					
21a			(13bis) In an effort to secure the cessation of economic coercion, the Union should seek an early and just settlement of the matter. Accordingly, the Commission should provide adequate opportunity for consultations with the third country concerned and, if that third country is ready to enter into consultations in good faith, engage with it expeditiously. In the course of such consultations, the Commission should endeavour to resort to means such as mediation, conciliation, good offices by a third party or submitting the matter to international adjudication, without prejudice to the	(13bis) In an effort to secure the cessation of economic coercion <u>and, where appropriate, reparation of injury</u> , the Union should seek an early and just settlement of the matter. Accordingly, the Commission should provide adequate opportunity for consultations with the third country concerned and, if that third country is ready to enter into consultations in good faith, engage with it expeditiously. In the course of such consultations, the Commission should endeavour to resort to means such as mediation, conciliation, good offices by a third party or submitting the matter to international adjudication, without prejudice to the division of competence between the	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
			division of competence between the Union and the Member States. In particular, when the third country suspends its actions and agrees to submit the matter to international adjudication, an international agreement with the third country should be concluded, as necessary. Such an international agreement could be concluded either by the Union, in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 218 TFEU, or by the Member State concerned.	Union and the Member States. In particular, when the third country suspends its actions and agrees to submit the matter to international adjudication, an international agreement with the third country should be concluded, as necessary. Such an international agreement could be concluded either by the Union, in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 218 TFEU, or by the Member State concerned. 9/1/23: square brackets deleted; 4. Reparation of injury 2.2 determination (contact with 3rd country conce) 2.3 engagement/consultations (conditions, scope)	
Recital 14					
22	(14) The Union should support and cooperate with third countries affected by the same or similar measures of economic	(14) The Union should support and cooperate with third countries <u>partners</u> affected by the same or similar measures of	(14) The Union should support and cooperate with third countries affected by the same or similar measures of economic	(14) <u>The</u> Union should support and cooperate with third countries affected by the same or similar measures of economic	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	coercion or other interested third countries. The Union should participate in international coordination in bilateral, plurilateral or multilateral fora that are geared towards the prevention or elimination of the economic coercion.	economic coercion or other interested third countries <u>partners</u> . The Union should participate in international coordination in <u>any</u> bilateral, plurilateral or multilateral fora that are geared towards <u>suitable for</u> the prevention or elimination of the economic coercion.	coercion or other interested third countries. The Union should participate in international coordination in bilateral, plurilateral or multilateral fora that are geared towards the prevention or elimination of economic coercion. The Commission should express the Union position after having consulted the Council in accordance with the Treaties, where appropriate, with the participation of the Member States the economic coercion.	coercion or other interested third countries. The Union should participate in international coordination in <u>any</u> bilateral, plurilateral or multilateral fora that are geared towards <u>suitable for</u> the prevention or elimination of economic coercion. The Commission should express the Union position after having consulted the Council in accordance with the Treaties, where appropriate, with the participation of the Member States. 29/11/22: The meaning of 'partner' taken up in the definition of a third country 9/1/23: brackets on deletion of 'support' deleted; 2.4 international cooperation (conditions, scope)	
Recital 15					
23	(15) The Union should only impose countermeasures when other means such as negotiations, mediation or	(15) The Union should only impose countermeasures when other <u>is encouraged to use proactively all available</u>	(15) The Union should only impose countermeasures when response measures if other means such as	(15) <u>It is desirable that</u> the Union should only impose response measures if other means <u>use proactively all</u>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	adjudication do not lead to the prompt and effective cessation of the economic coercion and to reparation of the injury it has caused to the Union or its Member States, and where action is necessary to protect the interests and rights of the Union and its Member States and it is in the Union's interest. It is appropriate that the Regulation sets out the applicable rules and procedures for the imposition and application of Union response measures and permits expeditious action where necessary to preserve the effectiveness of any Union response measures.	means <u>of engagement with the third country concerned</u> such as negotiations, <u>adjudication or mediation</u> or adjudication <u>and should impose measures in cases where such means</u> do not lead to the prompt and effective cessation of the economic coercion and to reparation of the injury it has caused to the Union or its Member States, and where action is necessary to protect the interests and rights of the Union and its Member States and it is in the Union's interest. It is appropriate that the Regulation sets out the applicable rules and procedures for the imposition and application of Union response measures and permits expeditious action where necessary to preserve the effectiveness of any Union response measures.	negotiations, mediation or adjudication do not lead to the prompt and effective cessation of the economic coercion and, where appropriate and requested by the Union from the third country concerned, to the to reparation of the injury it has caused to the Union or its Member States, and where action is necessary to protect the interests and rights of the Union and its Member States under international law and it is in the Union's interest to take such action. It is appropriate that the Regulation sets out the applicable rules and procedures for the imposition and application of Union response measures and permits expeditious action where necessary to preserve the effectiveness of any Union response measures.	<u>available means of engagement with the third country concerned</u> such as negotiations, <u>adjudication or mediation</u>, <u>and it should only impose response measures in cases where such means</u> or adjudication do not lead to the prompt and effective cessation of the economic coercion and, where appropriate and requested by the Union from the third country concerned, to the reparation of the injury it has caused to the Union or its Member States, and where action is necessary to protect the interests and rights of the Union and its Member States under international law and it is in the Union's interest to take such action. It is appropriate that the Regulation sets out the applicable rules and procedures for the imposition and application of Union response measures and permits expeditious action where necessary to preserve the effectiveness of	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				any Union response measures. 9/1/23: intro phrase revised as more appropriate; brackets deleted; 'only' kept as emphasis; 3.7 Union response: criteria 4. Reparation of injury Union Interest 3. Union response: substantive provisions and prod 2.4 international cooperation (conditions, scope) 3.2 Union response: deferral application 2.3 engagement/consultations (conditions, scope)	
Recital 16					
24	(16) Union response measures adopted in accordance with this Regulation should be selected and designed on the basis of objective criteria, including: the effectiveness of the measures in inducing the cessation of coercion by the third country; their potential to provide relief to economic operators within the Union affected by the	(16) Union response measures adopted in accordance with this Regulation should be selected and designed on the basis of objective criteria, including: <u>first and foremost</u> , the effectiveness of the measures in inducing the cessation of coercion by the third country; <u>the effectiveness of the measures in repairing the</u>	(16) Union response measures adopted in accordance with this Regulation should be selected and designed on the basis of objective criteria, including: the effectiveness of the measures in inducing the cessation of coercion by the third country; their the potential to provide relief to economic operators within the Union affected by the	(16) Union response measures adopted in accordance with this Regulation should be selected and designed on the basis of objective criteria, including: the effectiveness of the measures in inducing the cessation of <u>the</u> coercion by the third country <u>and, where appropriate, the reparation of the injury it has caused</u> ; the potential to	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	third-country measures of economic coercion; the aim of avoiding or minimising negative economic and other effects on the Union; and the avoidance of disproportionate administrative complexity and costs. It is also essential that the selection and design of Union response measures take account of the Union's interest. Union response measures should be selected from a wide array of options in order to allow the adoption of the most suitable measures in any given case.	<u><i>injury caused by the economic coercion; and</i></u> their potential to provide relief to economic operators within the Union affected by the third-country measures of economic coercion. <u><i>The Commission should also consider other relevant factors such as</i></u> the aim of avoiding or minimising negative economic and other effects on the Union; and the avoidance of disproportionate administrative complexity and costs. It is also essential that the selection and design of Union response measures take account of the Union's interest. Union response measures should be selected from a wide array of options in order to allow the adoption of the most suitable measures in any given case.	third-country measures of economic coercion; the aim of avoiding or minimising negative economic and other effects on the Union; and the avoidance of disproportionate administrative complexity and costs. It is also essential that the selection and design of Union response measures take account of the Union's interest, which includes, inter alia, the interests of both upstream and downstream industries and final consumers in the Union. When the Commission is considering Union response measures it should prioritise measures that would not have a disproportionate impact on legal certainty and predictability of the measures for economic operators, and on the administration of relevant national regulations. When the Commission is considering Union response measures affecting authorisations, registrations, licenses or	provide relief to economic operators within the Union affected by the third-country measures of economic coercion; the aim of avoiding or minimising negative economic and other effects on the Union; and the avoidance of disproportionate administrative complexity and costs. It is also essential that the selection and design of Union response measures take account of the Union's interest, which includes, inter alia, the interests of both upstream and downstream industries and final consumers in the Union. When the Commission is considering Union response measures it should prioritise measures that would not have a disproportionate impact on legal certainty and predictability of the measures for economic operators, and on the administration of relevant national regulations. When the Commission is	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
			other rights for the purposes of commercial activities, it should prioritise measures valid throughout the Union and based on secondary legislation, or, where no such measures are appropriate, measures in areas where extensive Union legislation exists. Union response measures should be selected from a wide array of options in order to allow the adoption of the most suitable measures in any given case.	considering Union response measures affecting authorisations, registrations, licenses or other rights for the purposes of commercial activities, it should prioritise measures valid throughout the Union and based on secondary legislation, or, where no such measures are appropriate, measures in areas where extensive Union legislation exists. Union response measures should be selected from a wide array of options in order to allow the adoption of the most suitable measures in any given case. 29/11/22: May need discussion - linked to Article 9 9/1/23: adjusted to reflect current draft of Article 9 and Union interest; Union Interest 3.7 Union response: criteria 4. Reparation of injury 3. Union response: substantive provisions and proc	
Recital 16a					

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
24a			(16bis) The Union should be able to designate natural or legal persons connected or linked to the government of the third country engaging in economic coercion and thereby make them subject to Union response measures in order to induce the prompt cessation of economic coercion. Such targeted response measures can effectively avoid or minimise the negative effects of such coercion on Member States' economies and Union economic operators and final consumers.	(16bis) The Union should be able to designate natural or legal persons connected or linked to the government of the third country engaging in economic coercion and thereby make them subject to Union response measures in order to induce the prompt cessation of economic coercion. Such targeted response measures can effectively avoid or minimise the negative effects of such coercion on Member States' economies and Union economic operators and final consumers. 9/1/23: would require additional subsequent recitals depending on decision regarding damages claims; see packages non-paper of 9/1/23; 29/11/22: Requires discussion and additional recital if the co-legislators were to decide to include provisions on damages claims - linked to Article 8 (separate document)	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				No changes to 4th column text;	
Recital 16b					
24b			(16ter) As part of the Union response in order to induce the cessation of economic coercion by third countries, the Commission could also adopt measures pursuant to other legal instruments that confer specific powers to the Commission, for example with regard to the granting of Union funding, following the applicable procedures set out therein. Measures adopted by the Commission pursuant to such other legal instruments should be synchronised with actions taken under this Regulation and be consistent with the Union's obligations under international law. In particular, such measures, together with Union response measures adopted under this Regulation, as the case	(16ter) As part of the Union response in order to induce the cessation of economic coercion by third countries, the Commission could also adopt measures pursuant to other legal instruments that confer specific powers to the Commission, for example with regard to the granting of Union funding <u>or possibilities to limit participation in Union framework programmes for research and innovation</u>, following the applicable procedures set out therein. Measures adopted by the Commission pursuant to such other legal instruments should be synchronised with actions taken under this Regulation and be consistent with the Union's obligations under international law. In particular, such measures, together with Union response measures adopted under this Regulation, as the	EP to provide new drafting on commensurate.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
			may be, should be commensurate with the injury caused by the third countries' measures of economic coercion. This Regulation is without prejudice to rules and procedures under such other legal instruments.	case may be, should be commensurate with <u>not exceed</u> the injury caused by the third countries' measures of economic coercion. This Regulation is without prejudice to rules and procedures under such other legal instruments. 29/11/22: Addition suggested address the deletion of point I) in Annex I; COM experts clarified that the Commission has powers to limit participation for example on the basis of Article 22.6 of Horizon Europe Regulation, even if such measures are not listed in the Annex; the same logic as for granting of Union funding; 9/1/23: brackets deleted; text aligned with Article 9(1); 1.2 Relations with other instruments and policies 3.7 Union response: criteria	
Recital 17					
25	(17) It is appropriate to set out rules on the origin or	(17) It is appropriate to set out rules on the origin or	(17) It is appropriate to set out rules on the origin or	(17) It is appropriate to set out rules on the origin or	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	nationality of goods, services and service providers, investment and holders of intellectual property rights, for the purposes of determining the Union response measures. The rules of origin or of nationality should be determined in the light of the prevailing rules for non-preferential trade and investment that are applicable under Union law and the Union's international agreements.	nationality of goods, services and service providers, investment and holders of intellectual property rights, for the purposes of determining the Union response measures. The rules of origin or of nationality should be determined in the light of the prevailing rules for non-preferential trade and investment that are applicable under Union law and the Union's international agreements.	nationality of goods, services and service providers, investment and holders of intellectual property rights, for the purposes of determining the Union response measures. The rules of origin or and of nationality should be determined in the light of the prevailing rules for non-preferential trade and investment that are applicable under Union law and the Union's international agreements. This regulation does not affect the division of competences between the Union and its Member States in the field of investment.	nationality of goods, services and service providers, investment and holders of intellectual property rights, for the purposes of determining the Union response measures. The rules of origin and of nationality should be determined in the light of the prevailing rules for non-preferential trade and investment that are applicable under Union law and the Union's international agreements. This regulation does not affect the division of competences between the Union and its Member States in the field of investment. No changes to 4th column text. 8. Rules of origin	
Recital 18					
26	(18) In pursuing the objective of obtaining the cessation of the measure of economic coercion, Union	(18) In pursuing the objective of obtaining the cessation of the measure of economic coercion <u>and</u> ,	(18) In pursuing the objective of obtaining the cessation of the a measure of economic coercion, Union	(18) In pursuing the objective of obtaining the cessation of a measure of economic coercion <u>and</u> ,	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	response measures consisting of restrictions on foreign direct investment or on trade in services should only apply with regard to services supplied, or direct investments made, within the Union by one or more legal persons established in the Union which are owned or controlled by persons of the third country concerned where necessary to ensure the effectiveness of Union response measures and in particular to prevent their avoidance. The decision to impose any such restrictions will be duly justified in implementing acts adopted pursuant to this Regulation in the light of the criteria specified in this Regulation.	<u>where appropriate, the reparation of the injury caused</u>, Union response measures consisting of restrictions on foreign direct investment or on trade in services should only apply with regard to services supplied, or direct investments made, within the Union by one or more legal persons established in the Union which are owned or controlled by persons of the third country concerned where necessary to ensure the effectiveness of Union response measures and in particular to prevent their avoidance. The decision to impose any such restrictions will be duly justified in implementing acts adopted pursuant to this Regulation in the light of the criteria specified in this Regulation.	response measures consisting of restrictions on foreign direct investment or on trade in services should only apply with regard to services supplied, or direct investments made, within the Union by one or more legal persons established in the Union and which are owned or controlled by persons of the third country concerned, where necessary to ensure the effectiveness of Union response measures and in particular to prevent their avoidance. The decision to impose any such restrictions willshould be duly justified in implementing acts adopted pursuant to this Regulation in the light of the criteria specified in this Regulation.	<u>where appropriate, the reparation of the injury caused</u>, Union response measures consisting of restrictions on foreign direct investment or on trade in services should only apply with regard to services supplied, or direct investments made, within the Union by one or more legal persons established in the Union and which are owned or controlled by persons of the third country concerned, where necessary to ensure the effectiveness of Union response measures and in particular to prevent their avoidance. The decision to impose any such restrictions should be duly justified in implementing acts adopted pursuant to this Regulation in the light of the criteria specified in this Regulation. 9/1/23: brackets deleted; 3.7 Union response: criteria 4. Reparation of injury	
Recital 19					

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
27	(19) After the adoption of Union response measures, the Commission should continuously assess the situation in relation to the third-country measures of economic coercion, the effectiveness of the Union response measures and their effects, with a view to adjusting, suspending or terminating the response measures accordingly. It is therefore necessary to set out the rules and procedures for amending, suspending and terminating Union response measures and the situations in which these are appropriate.	(19) After the adoption of Union response measures, the Commission should continuously assess the situation in relation to the third-country measures of economic coercion, the effectiveness of the Union response measures and their effects, with a view to adjusting, suspending or terminating the response measures accordingly. It is therefore necessary to set out the rules and procedures for amending, suspending and terminating Union response measures and the situations in which these are appropriate.	(19) After the adoption of Union response measures, the Commission should continuously assess the situation in relation to the third-country measures of economic coercion, the effectiveness of the Union response measures and their effects, with a view to adjusting, suspending or terminating the response measures accordingly. It is therefore necessary to set out the rules and procedures for amending, suspending and terminating Union response measures and the situations in which these are appropriate.	(19) After the adoption of Union response measures, the Commission should continuously assess the situation in relation to the third-country measures of economic coercion, the effectiveness of the Union response measures and their effects, with a view to adjusting, suspending or terminating the response measures accordingly. It is therefore necessary to set out the rules and procedures for amending, suspending and terminating Union response measures and the situations in which these are appropriate. No changes to 4th column text. 3. Union response: substantive provisions and proc3.3-4 Union response: amendment/suspension3.5 Union response: termination	(19) After the adoption of Union response measures, the Commission should continuously assess the situation in relation to the third-country measures of economic coercion, the effectiveness of the Union response measures and their effects, with a view to adjusting, suspending or terminating the response measures accordingly. It is therefore necessary to set out the rules and procedures for amending, suspending and terminating Union response measures and the situations in which these are appropriate.
Recital 20					
28					

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	(20) It is essential to provide for opportunities for stakeholder involvement for the purposes of adoption and amendment of Union response measures, and as relevant for the purposes of suspension and termination, in view of the potential impact on such stakeholders.	(20) It is essential to provide for opportunities for stakeholder involvement, <u>including businesses</u> , for the purposes of adoption and amendment of Union response measures, and as relevant for the purposes of suspension and termination, in view of the potential impact on such stakeholders.	(20) It is essential to provide for opportunities for stakeholder involvement for the purposes of the adoption and amendment of Union response measures; and, where-as relevant, for the purposes of their suspension and termination, in view of the potential impact on such stakeholders.	(20) It is essential to provide for opportunities for stakeholder involvement, <u>among which businesses</u> , for the purposes of the adoption and amendment of Union response measures and, where relevant, for the purposes of their suspension and termination, in view of the potential impact on such stakeholders. 9/1/23: brackets deleted only; the reference to businesses serves as clarification and as an emphasis of the importance of including them when the instrument is used; 3.6 Union response: information gathering	
Recital 20a					
28a		<u>(20a) In light of the evident increase in the use of economic leverages by foreign countries against the Union and the likely increase of the frequency and severity of these practices in the future, the Chief Trade Enforcement</u>		<u>(20a) In light of the evident increase in the use of economic coercion by foreign countries against the Union and its Member States and the likely increase of the frequency and severity of these practices in the future, the</u>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
		<u>officer (CTEO) should be overall responsible for the functioning and the implementation of this Regulation and including with a view to strengthening the preparedness for such instances, assessing Union's dependencies and assets, adopting the necessary coordinated measures and ultimately being able to react promptly when needed. Such a horizontal competence would provide necessary support to the Union in order to be able to better anticipate and effectively react to economic coercion.</u>		<u>Commission should be overall responsible for the functioning and the implementation of this Regulation and including with a view to providing necessary support to the Union in order to be able to better anticipate and effectively react to economic coercion.</u> 29/11/22: For discussion at political level. Adjustment in line with the EU institutional structures 9/1/23: brackets deleted; changes taken up, but recital aligned to the text of the corresponding article; 7. Horizontal provisions	
Recital 21					
29	(21) It is important to ensure an effective communication and exchange of views and information between the Commission on the one hand and the European Parliament and the Council	(21) It is important to ensure an effective communication and <u>regular dialogue</u> and exchange of views and information between the Commission on the one hand and the European Parliament and	(21) It is important to ensure an effective communication and an exchange of views and information between the Commission on the one hand, and the European Parliament and the Council,	(21) It is important to ensure effective communication and an <u>effective and regular</u> exchange of views and information between the Commission on the one hand, and the European	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
	on the other, in particular on efforts to engage with the third country concerned to explore options with a view to obtaining the cessation of the economic coercion and on matters that may lead to the adoption of Union response measures under this Regulation.	the Council on the other, in particular <u>regarding ongoing examinations or third country measures</u> , on efforts to engage with the third country concerned to explore options with a view to obtaining the cessation of the economic coercion <u>or, where appropriate, reparation of the injury caused</u> and on matters that may lead to the adoption of Union response measures under this Regulation, <u>including the stages of examination of third-country measures and determination with regard to measures of economic coercion and on the effectiveness on Union response measures</u> .	on the other, in particular on efforts to engage enter into consultations with the third country concerned to explore options with a view to obtaining the cessation of the economic coercion and on matters that may lead to the adoption of Union response measures under this Regulation.	Parliament and the Council, on the other, in particular on efforts to enter into consultations with the third country concerned to explore options with a view to obtaining the cessation of the economic coercion and <u>on the application of this Regulation, in particular regarding ongoing examinations of third-country measures, [determination with regard to measures of economic coercion,] efforts to enter into consultations with the third country concerned,</u> matters that may lead to the adoption of Union response measures under this Regulation <u>and any other relevant development at subsequent stages, including as regards the effectiveness of Union response measures</u> . 29/11/22: Consolidated 9/1/23: streamlined; brackets deleted; brackets added regarding determination – linked to the decision-making	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				and the packages non-paper of 9/1/23; 7. Horizontal provisions	
Recital 22					
30	(22) In order to allow the update of the range of Union response measures under this Regulation and the adjustment of the rules of origin or of other technical rules, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission to amend the list of Union responses set out in Annex I and technical rules necessary for the application of the Regulation, including rules of origin laid down in Annex II. It is of particular importance that the Commission carry out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance	(22) In order to allow the update of the range of Union response measures under this Regulation and the adjustment of the rules of origin or of other technical rules, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission to amend the list of Union responses set out in Annex I and technical rules necessary for the application of the Regulation, including rules of origin laid down in Annex II. It is of particular importance that the Commission carry out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance	(22) In order to allow the update adjustment of the range of Union response measures under this Regulation and the adjustment of the rules of origin or of other technical rules rules of origin or nationality to take account of relevant developments in international instruments , the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union TFEU should be delegated to the Commission to amend the list of Union responses set out in Annex I and technical rules necessary for the application of the Regulation, including rules of origin laid down in respect of amending Annex II. It is of particular importance that the	(22) In order to allow the adjustment of the rules of origin or nationality to take account of relevant developments in international instruments <u>and experience in the application of measures under this Regulation or other Union acts under this Regulation or other Union acts</u> , the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 TFEU should be delegated to the Commission in respect of amending Annex II. It is of particular importance that the Commission carry out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement on Better Law-Making.¹ In particular, to ensure equal participation in the preparation of delegated acts, the European Parliament and the Council should receive all documents at the same time as Member States' experts, and their experts systematically should have access to meetings of Commission expert groups dealing with the preparation of delegated acts. ¹ OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1.	with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement on Better Law-Making.¹ In particular, to ensure equal participation in the preparation of delegated acts, the European Parliament and the Council should receive all documents at the same time as Member States' experts, and their experts systematically should have access to meetings of Commission expert groups dealing with the preparation of delegated acts. ¹ OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1.	Commission carry out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement on Better Law-Making.¹ In particular, to ensure equal participation in the preparation of delegated acts, the European Parliament and the Council should receive all documents at the same time as Member States' experts, and their experts systematically should have access to meetings of Commission expert groups dealing with the preparation of delegated acts. 1. Interinstitutional Agreement between the European Parliament, the Council of the European Union and the European Commission on Better Law-Making (OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p.4 1).	on Better Law-Making.⁴¹ In particular, to ensure equal participation in the preparation of delegated acts, the European Parliament and the Council should receive all documents at the same time as Member States' experts, and their experts systematically should have access to meetings of Commission expert groups dealing with the preparation of delegated acts. <u>1. Interinstitutional Agreement between the European Parliament, the Council of the European Union and the European Commission on Better Law-Making (OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1).</u> <i>1. Interinstitutional Agreement between the European Parliament, the Council of the European Union and the European Commission on Better Law-Making (OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1).</i> 29/11/22: For discussion/to be adjusted in light of the outcome on delegated acts	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				9/1/23: current drafting of Article 13(2) reflected here. 5.5 Decision-making: delegated acts 8. Rules of origin 5. Decision-making	
Recital 23					
31	(23) In order to ensure uniform conditions for the implementation of this Regulation, implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission. Those powers should be exercised in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.¹ 1. Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February 2011 laying down the rules and general principles concerning mechanisms for control by the Member States of the Commission's exercise of implementing powers (OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13).	(23) In order to ensure uniform conditions for the implementation of this Regulation, implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission. Those powers should be exercised in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.¹ 1. Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February 2011 laying down the rules and general principles concerning mechanisms for control by the Member States of the Commission's exercise of implementing powers (OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13).	(23) In order to ensure uniform conditions for the implementation of Union response measures under this Regulation, implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission. Those powers should be exercised in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council.¹ ⁺ 1. Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February 2011 laying down the rules and general principles concerning mechanisms for control by the Member States of the Commission's exercise of implementing powers (OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13).	(23) In order to ensure uniform conditions for the implementation of <u>Union response measures under</u> this Regulation, implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission. Those powers should be exercised in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council.¹ 1. Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February 2011 laying down the rules and general principles concerning mechanisms for control by the Member States of the Commission's exercise of implementing powers (OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13). 29/11/22: Necessary recital because of retention of	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				comitology procedure. Bracketed language relates to discussions on decision- making. 9/1/23: linked to decision- making; No changes to 4th column text. 5. Decision -making 5.2 Decision-making: stage 2 5.3 Decision making amendment/suspension/termi nati	
Recital 24					
32	(24) The examination procedure should be used for the adoption of Union response measures and their amendment, suspension or termination given that those acts determine the Union's responses to economic coercion falling within the scope of this Regulation.	(24) The examination procedure should be used for the adoption of Union response measures and their amendment, suspension or termination given that those acts determine the Union's responses to economic coercion falling within the scope of this Regulation.	(24) The examination procedure should be used for the adoption of Union response measures and their amendment, suspension or termination given that those acts measures determine the Union's responses response to economic coercion falling within the scope of this Regulation and as determined by the Council. In exercising its implementing powers, special attention should be	(24) The examination procedure should be used for the adoption of Union response measures and their amendment, suspension or termination given that those measures determine the Union's response to economic coercion falling within the scope of this Regulation and as determined by the Council. In exercising its implementing powers, special attention should be	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
			given by the Commission to solutions which command the widest possible support among Member States. Considering the specific nature of this Regulation and the particular sensitivity attached to the Union response measures, the Commission should not adopt a draft implementing act on any Union response measures where the committee delivers a no opinion on that act. The particular sensitivity attached to the Union response measures necessitates finding a balanced solution at all times and solutions should avoid going against any predominant position which might emerge within the appeal committee against the appropriateness of a draft implementing act.	given by the Commission to solutions which command the widest possible support among Member States. Considering the specific nature of this Regulation and the particular sensitivity attached to the Union response measures, the Commission should not adopt a draft implementing act on any Union response measures where the committee delivers a no opinion on that act. The particular sensitivity attached to the Union response measures necessitates finding a balanced solution at all times and solutions should avoid going against any predominant position which might emerge within the appeal committee against the appropriateness of a draft implementing act. 9/1/23: linked to decision-making; See packages non-paper of 9/1/23. The bulk of the text needs to be retained irrespective of approach on	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				decision-making. To be adjusted after final decision on decision-making. 29/11/22: Necessary recital because of retention of comitology procedure. Bracketed language relates to discussions on decision-making. 5. Decision -making 5.2 Decision-making: stage 2 5.3 Decision making amendment/suspension/termination	
Recital 25					
33	(25) The Commission should adopt immediately applicable implementing acts of limited duration where, in duly justified cases relating to the adoption, amendment, suspension or termination of Union response measures, imperative grounds of urgency so require.	(25) The Commission should adopt immediately applicable implementing acts of limited duration where, in duly justified cases relating to the adoption, amendment, suspension or termination of Union response measures, imperative grounds of urgency so require.	(25) The Commission should adopt immediately applicable implementing acts of limited duration where, in duly justified cases relating to the adoption, amendment, suspension or termination of Union response measures, imperative grounds of urgency so require expedited action to avoid irreparable damage or to ensure consistency with international law.	(25) The Commission should adopt immediately applicable implementing acts of limited duration where, in duly justified cases relating to the amendment, suspension or termination <u>or suspension</u> of Union response measures, imperative grounds of urgency <u>require</u> expedited action to avoid irreparable damage or to ensure consistency with international law. Such	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
			Such expedited action could prevent the coercion from causing or worsening any economic damage, notably with a view to protecting acute and vital interests of the Union or a Member State.	expedited action could prevent the coercion from causing or worsening any economic damage, notably with a view to protecting acute and vital interests of the Union or a Member State. 9/1/23: brackets deleted; linguistic change; 5.4 Decision-making: urgency procedure 5. Decision -making 5.3 Decision making amendment/suspension/termi nati 5.2 Decision-making: stage 2	
Recital 25a					
33a			(25bis) Any action taken under this Regulation, including Union response measures with regard to natural or legal persons, should respect the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union. Moreover, any processing of personal data pursuant to this Regulation should be consistent with the applicable rules on the	(25bis) Any action taken under this Regulation, including Union response measures with regard to natural or legal persons, should respect the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union. Moreover, any processing of personal data pursuant to this Regulation should be consistent with the applicable rules on the	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
			protection of personal data. Processing of personal data by Member States' officials obtaining information under this Regulation should be carried out in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹. Processing of personal data by the Commission should be carried out in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council². 1. Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation) (OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1). 2. Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2018 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by the Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies and on the	protection of personal data. Processing of personal data by Member States' officials obtaining information under this Regulation should be carried out in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹. Processing of personal data <u>by the Commission</u> should be carried out in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council². 1. Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation) (OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1). 2. Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2018 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by the Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies and on the free movement of such data, and	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
			free movement of such data, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and Decision No 1247/2002/EC (OJ L 295, 21.11.2018, p. 39).	repealing Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and Decision No 1247/2002/EC (OJ L 295, 21.11.2018, p. 39). 29/11/22: Reference to the Commission in brackets – may not be the only institution, e.g. if the EP submits any info to the Commission for the examination under Article 3. No changes to 4th column text. 7. Horizontal provisions 1.2 Relations with other instruments and policies	
Recital 26					
34	(26) The Commission should evaluate measures adopted under this Regulation as to their effectiveness and operation and as to possible conclusions for future measures. The Commission should also review this Regulation after gaining sufficient experience with the existence or application of this Regulation. This review should cover the	(26) The Commission should evaluate measures adopted under this Regulation as to their effectiveness and operation and as to possible conclusions for future measures. The Commission should also review this Regulation after gaining sufficient experience with the existence or application of this Regulation, <u>and in particular in order to</u>	(26) The Commission should evaluate measures adopted under this Regulation as to their effectiveness and operation and as to possible conclusions for future measures. The Commission should also review this Regulation after gaining sufficient experience with the existence or application of this Regulation. This review should cover the	(26) The Commission should evaluate measures adopted under this Regulation as to their effectiveness and operation and as to possible conclusions for future measures. The Commission should also review this Regulation after gaining sufficient experience with the existence or application of this Regulation <u>and also its relationship to other</u>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	scope, functioning, efficiency and effectiveness of this Regulation. The Commission should report on its assessment to the European Parliament and the Council,	<u><i>ensure complementarity with the upcoming review of the Blocking Statute^{1a}. The review of this Regulation.</i></u><i>This review</i> should cover the scope, functioning, efficiency and effectiveness of this Regulation. The Commission should report on its assessment to the European Parliament and the Council, <u><i>^{1a} Council Regulation (EC) No 2271/96 of 22 November 1996 protecting against the effects of the extra-territorial application of legislation adopted by a third country, and actions based thereon or resulting therefrom, OJ L 309, 29.11.1996, p. 1.</i></u>	scope, functioning, efficiency and effectiveness of this Regulation and also its relationship to other Union policies and existing legal instruments. The Commission should report on its assessment to the European Parliament and the Council,	<u><i>Union policies and existing legal instruments, including the Blocking Statute^{1a}. The</i></u><i>This</i> review <u><i>of this Regulation</i></u> should cover the scope, functioning, efficiency and effectiveness of this Regulation. <u><i>The Commission should report on its assessment to the European Parliament and the Council</i></u><i>and also its relationship to other Union policies and existing legal instruments.</i> <u><i>^{1a} Council Regulation (EC) No 2271/96 of 22 November 1996 protecting against the effects of the extra-territorial application of legislation adopted by a third country, and actions based thereon or resulting therefrom</i></u><i>The Commission should report on its assessment to the European Parliament and the Council, OJ L 309, 29.11.1996, p. 1</i> 9/1/23: brackets deleted. 29/11/22: Reference to upcoming review of BS deleted	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				out of prudence, the reference to the BS suffices as it would cover the review when it comes. 1.2 Relations with other instruments and policies 9. Review clause and final provision	
Formula					
35	HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:	HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:	HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:	HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:	HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:
Article 1					
36	Article 1 Subject-matter	Article 1 Subject-matter	Article 1 Subject-matter	Article 1 Subject-matter	Article 1 Subject-matter
Article 1(1)					
37	1. This Regulation lays down rules and procedures in order to ensure the effective protection of the interests of the Union and its Member States where a third country seeks, through measures affecting trade or investment, to coerce the Union or a Member State	1. This Regulation lays down rules and procedures in order to ensure the effective protection of the interests of the Union and its Member States where a third country seeks, through measures <u>any form of action, failure to act or threat thereof</u> affecting	1. This Regulation lays down rules and procedures in order to ensure the effective protection of the interests of the Union and its Member States where a third country seeks, through measures affecting trade or investment, to coerce the Union or a Member State	1. This Regulation lays down rules and procedures to ensure the effective protection of the interests of the Union and its Member States where a third country seeks, through <u>any</u> measures affecting trade or investment, to coerce the Union or a Member State	Definitions 1.1 Scope and definition

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	into adopting or refraining from adopting a particular act. This Regulation provides a framework for the Union to respond in such situations with the objective to deter, or have the third country desist from such actions, whilst permitting the Union, in the last resort, to counteract such actions.	trade or investment, to coerce the Union or a Member State into adopting or refraining from adopting a particular act, <u>including a particular policy choice, legal act or a stance with regard to a policy choice.</u> This Regulation provides a framework for the Union to respond in such situations with the objective to deter, or have the third country desist from <u>of deterring, or obtaining the cessation of</u> such actions <u>and, where appropriate, repairing the injury caused, thereby permitting the Union,</u> whilst permitting the Union, in the last resort, to counteract such actions.	into adopting or refraining from adopting a particular act. This Regulation provides a framework for the Union to respond in such situations with the objective to deter, or have the third country desist from such actions, whilst permitting the Union, in the last resort, to counteract such actions.	into adopting or refraining from adopting a particular act. 29/11/22: Council text as a basis; EP additions to move to the definitions No changes to 4th column text. Definitions 1.1 Scope and definition	
Article 1(1a)					
37a			2. This Regulation establishes a framework for the Union to respond to economic coercion with the objective of deterring, or having the third country desist from such coercion, whilst enabling the Union, as a last resort,	2. This Regulation establishes a framework for the Union to respond to economic coercion with the objective of deterring, or having the third country desist from such coercion <u>coercion and, where appropriate,</u>	21a. [This Regulation establishes a framework for the Union to respond to economic coercion with the objective of deterring, or having the third country desist from such coercion <u>and, where appropriate, obtaining the reparation of</u>

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
			to counteract such coercion.	<u>obtaining the reparation of the injury caused</u> , whilst enabling the Union, as a last resort, to counteract such coercion. 4. Reparation of injury 1.1 Scope and definition	<u>the injury caused</u> , whilst enabling the Union, as a last resort, to counteract such coercion. COM/LS to come back with drafting on whether reparation should be an objective. 4. Reparation of injury 1.1 Scope and definition
Article 1(2)					
G	38	2. Any action taken under this Regulation shall be consistent with the Union's obligations under international law and conducted in the context of the principles and objectives of the Union's external action.	2. Any action taken under this Regulation shall be consistent with the Union's obligations under international law <i>and conducted in the context of the principles and objectives of the Union's external action.</i>	23. Any action taken under this Regulation shall be consistent with the Union's obligations under international law and be conducted in the context of the principles and objectives of the Union's external action. 1.2 Relations with other instruments and policies	32. Any action taken under this Regulation shall be consistent with international law and be conducted in the context of the principles and objectives of the Union's external action. 1.2 Relations with other instruments and policies
Article 1(2a)					
R	38a		4. This Regulation shall be without prejudice to other existing Union instruments and international agreements,	4. This Regulation shall be without prejudice to other existing Union instruments and international agreements, as well as	1.2 Relations with other instruments and policies

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
			as well as actions taken thereunder, in the area of the common commercial policy, and to other Union policies. This Regulation shall not affect the division of competences between the Union and its Member States as defined by the Treaties.	actions taken thereunder, in the area of the common commercial policy, and to other Union policies. This Regulation shall does not affect the division of competences between the Union and its Member States as defined by the Treaties. 9 1.2 Relations with other instruments and policies	
Article 1a					
38b		<u>Article 1a</u> <u>Definitions</u> <u>For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions apply:</u> <u>1. "coercion" means any third-country action or measure interfering in the legitimate sovereign choices of the Union or a Member State by seeking to prevent or obtain the cessation, modification or adoption of a particular act</u>		<u>Article 1a</u> <u>Definitions</u> Definitions Union Interest 1.1 Scope and definition	<u>Article 1a</u> <u>Definitions</u> Definitions Union Interest 1.1 Scope and definition

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
		<u>by the Union or a Member State;</u> <u>2. "third-country action or measure" means any type of action or measure, failure to act or threat thereof that is attributable to a third country;</u> <u>3. "particular act" means a particular policy choice, legal act or a stance with regard to a policy choice of the Union or a Member State;</u> <u>4. "failure to act" means failure by a third country to comply with its obligations under legally binding instruments of international law;</u> <u>5. "threat of coercion" means a substantiated threat of a third country action or measure that is credible, significant, and could be quickly and easily deployed;</u> <u>6. "economic coercion" means coercion through a third-country action or measure affecting trade or investment;</u> <u>7. "injury" means negative impact suffered by</u>			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
		<u>the Union or a Member State, including Union economic operators;</u> <u>8. "Union response measure" means any measure adhering to the Union's international obligations or permitted under international law vis-à-vis the third country responsible for economic coercion, which is commensurate with the injury suffered by the Union or a Member State and aims to obtain the cessation of economic coercion and, where appropriate, the reparation for the injury caused;</u> <u>9. "Union interest" means first and foremost the need to preserve the policy space of the Union or its Member States to take legitimate sovereign choices in ensuring the social, political, and economic cohesion of the Union, and the upholding of its strategic and economic interests.</u>			
Article 1a(1)					

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
G	38c			<u>1. For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions apply:</u> Definitions	1. For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions apply: Definitions
Article 1a(2)					
Y	38d			<u>1. "measure of economic coercion" means a third country interfering in the legitimate sovereign choices of the Union or a Member State by seeking to prevent or obtain the cessation, modification or adoption of a particular act by the Union or a Member State by applying or threatening to apply measures affecting trade or investment;</u> Definitions	1. [‘measure of economic coercion’ means any third-country measure affecting trade or investment which the third country is applying or threatening to apply to seek to prevent or obtain the cessation, modification or adoption of a particular act of the Union or of a Member State, thereby interfering in the legitimate sovereign choices of the Union or a Member State;] CLS is considering how if its possible to have both definition and scope in L41 Definitions
Article 1a(3)					
G	38e				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				2. <u>"measure" means any act or omission;</u> Definitions	<i>deleted</i> Definitions
Article 1a(4)					
38f				3. <u>"third-country measure" means any measure attributable to a third country;</u> Definitions	3. "third-country measure" means any action or omission attributable to a third country under international law; Definitions
Article 1a(5)					
38g				4. <u>"particular act" means any legal or other act, including an expression of a position by an institution or body of the Union or a Member State;</u> Definitions	4. "particular act" means any legal or other act, including an expression of a position, by an institution, body, office or agency of respectively, the Union or of a Member State, or of a third country; Definitions
Article 1a(6)					
38h					

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				<u>5. "injury to the Union" means injury to the Union or a Member State, including to Union economic operators;</u> Definitions	5. "injury to the Union" means a negative impact, including economic damage, to the Union or a Member State, including to Union economic operators; Definitions
Article 1a(7)					
G	38i			<u>6. "injury" means negative impact, including economic damage;</u> Definitions	deleted Definitions
Article 1a(8)					
G	38j			<u>7. "country" means any State, separate customs territory or other subject of international law;</u> Definitions	7. "third country" means any State, separate customs territory or other subject of international law, other than the Union or a Member State; Definitions
Article 1a(9)					
G	38k				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				<u>8. "third country" means any country other than the Union or a Member State;</u> Definitions	deleted Definitions
Article 1a(10)					
38l				<u>9. "Union response measure" means any measure listed in Annex 1 and adopted pursuant to Articles 7 and 8, or any measure adopted pursuant to other legal instruments that confer specific powers to the Commission as;</u> Definitions	9. "Union response measure" means a measure set out in Annex I; Definitions
Article 1a(11)					
38m				<u>10. "Union interest" means all the various interests taken as a whole, including the interest in avoiding interference in legitimate sovereign choices of the Union and the Member States, the interests of Union economic operators, including upstream and</u>	deleted Definitions

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				<u>downstream industries, as well as the interests of Union final consumers. The Union interest shall be determined in accordance with Article 7bis.</u> Definitions	
Article 2					
39	Article 2 Scope	Article 2 Scope	Article 2 Scope	Article 2 Scope	Article 2 Scope
Article 2(1), first subparagraph					
40	1. This Regulation applies where a third country:	1. This Regulation applies <u>only in the event of economic coercion</u> where a third country:	1. This Regulation applies where a third country:	1. This Regulation applies <u>only</u> where a third country: 29/11/22: No need to refer to economic coercion because that is in the definition in the new article No changes to 4th column text. 1.1 Scope and definition	1. This Regulation applies only where a third country: 1.1 Scope and definition
Article 2(1), first subparagraph, first indent					
41					

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	- interferes in the legitimate sovereign choices of the Union or a Member State by seeking to prevent or obtain the cessation, modification or adoption of a particular act by the Union or a Member State	- interferes in the legitimate sovereign choices of the Union or a Member State by seeking to prevent or obtain the cessation, modification or adoption of a particular act by the Union or a Member State	- interferes in the legitimate sovereign choices of the Union or a Member State by seeking to prevent or obtain the cessation, modification or adoption of a particular act by the Union or a Member State	- interferes in the legitimate sovereign choices of the Union or a Member State by seeking to prevent or obtain the cessation, modification or adoption of a particular act by the Union or a Member State 29/11/22: Common ground No changes to 4th column text.	- interferes in the legitimate sovereign choices of the Union or a Member State by seeking to prevent or obtain the cessation, modification or adoption of a particular act by the Union or a Member State
Article 2(1), first subparagraph, second indent					
G	42	- by applying or threatening to apply measures affecting trade or investment.	- by applying or threatening <u>applies or threatens</u> to apply measures affecting trade or investment.	- by applying or threatening to apply measures affecting trade or investment. No changes to 4th column text. 1.1 Scope and definition	- by applying or threatening to apply measures affecting trade or investment. 1.1 Scope and definition
Article 2(1), second subparagraph					
Y	43	For the purposes of this Regulation, such third-country actions shall be referred to as measures of economic coercion.	For the purposes of this Regulation, such third-country actions shall be referred to as measures of economic coercion. <u>deleted</u>	For the purposes of this Regulation, such third-country actions shall be referred to as 'measures of economic coercion'. 29/11/22: Not needed in view of the definitions No changes to 4th column text.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	Article 2(2)				
R 44	2. In determining whether the conditions set out in paragraph 1 are met, the following shall be taken into account:	2. In determining whether the conditions set out in paragraph 1 are met, the following <u>Commission</u> shall be taken <u>take</u> into account <u>the following</u> :	2. In determining whether the conditions set out in paragraph 1 are met, the following shall be taken into account:	2. In determining whether the conditions set out in paragraph 1 are met, the following <u>[Commission]/[Co mmission and the Council]</u> shall be take taken into account <u>the following</u> : 29/11/22: Two options given because of the current Council position in Article 4 that foresees that the Council determines the existence of coercion on the basis of a Commission proposal; The decision needs to be taken on the language in square brackets after the final decision on decision-making process. Alternatively, the original Commission proposal avoids having to name the institution. No change to the 4th column; depends on decision-making question; 2. 1st stage: substantive provisions and process 1st	2. 1st stage: substantive provisions and process 1st stage procedure

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				stage procedure 2.1 examination	
Article 2(2), point (a)					
Y	45	(a) the intensity, severity, frequency, duration, breadth and magnitude of the third country's measure and the pressure arising from it;	(a) the intensity, severity, frequency, duration, breadth and magnitude of the third country's measure and/or <u>failure to act or threat thereof as well as</u> the pressure arising from it; <u>the Commission shall assess whether such measures are part of a broader pattern of behaviour;</u>	(a) the intensity, severity, frequency, duration, breadth and magnitude of the third country's measure, including its impact on trade or investment relations with the Union, and the pressure arising from it on the Union or a Member State; 29/11/22: First EP amendment covered now in the definitions Pattern appears in letter b), suggest not to duplicate, it essentially means the same No changes to 4th column text. 2.1 examination	Y
Article 2(2), point (b)					
G	46	(b) whether the third country is engaging in a pattern of interference seeking to obtain from the	(b) whether the third country is engaging in a <u>clear</u> pattern of interference seeking to obtain from the	(b) whether the third country is engaging in a pattern of interference seeking to obtain from the	(b) whether the third country is engaging in a pattern of interference seeking to obtain from the G

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
	Union or from Member States or other countries particular acts;	Union or from Member States or other countries particular acts;	Union, a or from Member States or other countries particular acts;	Union, a Member State or other countries particular acts; 29/11/22: Adding “clear” would make it more stringent; Pattern already means that it has to be clear; No changes to 4th column text. 2. 1st stage: substantive provisions and process 2.1 examination	Union, a Member State or other countries particular acts;
Article 2(2), point (c)					
47	(c) the extent to which the third-country measure encroaches upon an area of the Union’s or Member States’ sovereignty;	(c) the extent to which the third-country measure <u>or failure to act or threat thereof</u> encroaches upon an area of the Union’s or Member States’ sovereignty;	(c) the extent to which the third-country measure encroaches upon an area of the Union’s or a Member States’ State’s sovereignty;	(c) the extent to which the third-country measure encroaches upon an area of the Union’s or a Member State’s sovereignty; 29/11/22: EP change covered now in the definitions No changes to 4th column text. 2. 1st stage: substantive provisions and process 2.1 examination	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
Article 2(2), point (d)					
48	(d) whether the third country is acting based on a legitimate concern that is internationally recognised;	(d) whether the third country is acting based on a legitimate concern that is internationally recognised <u>recognised as legitimate by international law and conventions</u> ;	(d) whether the third country is acting based on the basis of a legitimate concern that is internationally recognised;	(d) whether the third country is acting on <u>the basis of</u> a legitimate concern that is internationally recognised; 29/11/22: EP amendment would narrow the text in a way which would make it more difficult to find coercion and which could be an issue for the EU if a 3rd country were to mirror the ACI (given the EU often legislates beyond internationally required levels). 9/1/23: correction/typo – no change of meaning; 2.1 examination	(d) whether the third country is acting on <u>the basis of</u> a legitimate concern that is internationally recognised;
Article 2(2), point (e)					
49	(e) whether and in what manner the third country, before the imposition of its measures, has made serious attempts, in good faith, to settle the matter by way of international coordination or adjudication, either	(e) whether and in what manner the third country, before the imposition of its measures, has made serious attempts, in good faith, to settle the matter by way of international coordination or adjudication, either	(e) whether and in what manner the third country, before the imposition application of its measures, has made serious attempts, in good faith, to settle the matter by way of international coordination or	(e) whether and in what manner the third country, before the imposition or <u>application of</u> its measures, has made serious attempts, in good faith, to settle the matter by way of international coordination or	(e) whether and in what manner the third country, before the imposition or application of its measures, has made serious attempts, in good faith, to settle the matter by way of international coordination or

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	bilaterally or within an international forum.	bilaterally or within an international forum.	adjudication, either bilaterally or within an international forum.	adjudication, either bilaterally or within an international forum. 29/11/22: Imposition and application refer to different points in time, which may also coincide or not; it is not wrong to refer to either, it is a choice; the point is whether the coercer made any attempts at some point in advance; No changes to 4th column text. 2. 1st stage: substantive provisions and process 2.1 examination	adjudication, either bilaterally or within an international forum.
Article 3					
G	50	Article 3 Examination of third-country measures	Article 3 Examination of third-country measures	Article 3 Examination of third-country measures	Article 3 Examination of third-country measures
Article 3(1)					
R	51	1. The Commission may examine any measure of a third country in order to determine whether it meets the conditions set out in	1. The Commission may <u>or, in the case of a duly substantiated complaint, shall</u> examine any measure of a third country, <u>failure to</u>	1. The Commission may, on its own initiative or upon a reasoned request of a Member State , examine any measure of a third	1. The Commission may, on its own initiative, <u>or -or-</u> upon a reasoned <u>duly substantiated</u> request, <u>including</u> of a Member

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	Article 2(1). The Commission shall act expeditiously.	<u>act or threat thereof</u> in order to determine whether it meets the conditions set out in Article 2(1). The Commission shall act expeditiously.	country in order to determine whether it meets the conditions set out in Article 2(1). The Commission shall act expeditiously.	State, examine any measure of a third country in order to determine whether it meets the conditions set out in Article 2(1). <u>The Commission shall act expeditiously and its examination shall normally not exceed four months.</u> 6. Timelines 1st stage procedure 2.1 examination	

Article 3(2)

52	2. The Commission may carry out the examination referred to in paragraph 1 on its own initiative or following information received from any source. The Commission shall ensure the protection of confidential information in line with Article 12, which may include the identity of the supplier of the information.	2. The Commission may <u>shall</u> carry out the examination referred to in paragraph 1 <u>based on substantiated information collected</u> on its own initiative or following information received from any <u>reliable</u> source, <u>notably economic operators or trade unions. The European Parliament and a Member State may also provide such substantiated information to the Commission.</u> The Commission shall ensure the protection of	2. The Commission may <u>shall</u> carry out the examination referred to in paragraph 1 on its own initiative or following the <u>basis of</u> information received from any <u>reliable</u> source. The Commission shall ensure the protection of confidential information in line <u>accordance</u> with Article 12, which may include the identity of the supplier of the information.	2. The Commission shall carry out the examination referred to in paragraph 1 <u>based on substantiated information collected on its own initiative or on the basis of information</u> received from any reliable source, <u>including a Member State, the European Parliament, economic operators or trade unions.</u> The Commission shall ensure the protection of confidential information in accordance with Article 12, which may include <u>protecting</u> the identity of the supplier of	2. The Commission shall carry out the examination referred to in paragraph 1 based on substantiated information collected on its own initiative or received from any reliable source, including a Member State, the European Parliament, economic operators or trade unions. The Commission shall ensure the protection of confidential information in accordance with Article 12, which may include protecting the identity of the supplier of the information. The Commission shall set
----	--	---	---	--	---

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
		confidential information in line with Article 12, which may include <u>concealing</u> the identity of the supplier of the information. <u>The Commission shall set up publicly available secure tools with a view to facilitating the submission of relevant and substantiated information from external sources.</u>		the information. <u>The Commission shall set up publicly available secure tools with a view to facilitating the submission of information from external sources.</u> 1st stage procedure 2.1 examination	up publicly available secure tools with a view to facilitating the submission of information from external sources.
Article 3(2a)					
52a			2bis. Where there are reasonable grounds to suspect that the measure of the third country concerned meets the conditions set out in Article 2(1), the Commission shall expeditiously inform Member States and keep them informed about developments.	2bis.3 Where there are reasonable grounds to suspect that the measure of the third country concerned meets the conditions set out in Article 2(1), the Commission shall expeditiously inform Member States and keep them informed about developments <u>The Commission shall duly and in a timely manner inform the Member States of relevant developments as regards launched and ongoing examinations.</u> States and the Council.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				7. Horizontal provisions 2. 1st stage: substantive provisions and process 2.1 examination	
	Article 3(2b)				
Y	52b		<i>3. The Commission may request Member States to supply information on the impact of the measures of the third country concerned</i>	Moved to below 2.1 examination	Y
	Article 3(3), first subparagraph				
Y	53	3. The Commission may seek information about the impact of the measures of the third country concerned.	34. The Commission may shall seek information about the impact of the measures of the third country concerned.	4. The Commission shall seek information about the impact of the measures of the third country concerned, <u>where necessary. The Commission may request Member States to supply information on such impact and Member States shall act expeditiously.</u> 2.1 examination	Y
	Article 3(3), second subparagraph				
Y	54				Y

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	The Commission may publish a notice in the Official Journal of the European Union or through other suitable public communication means with an invitation to submit information within a specified time limit. In that event, the Commission shall notify the third country concerned of the initiation of the examination.	<u><i>The Commission shall inform duly, including in the form of an exchange of views, and in a timely manner the European Parliament and the Council of the launch of and of any development in the ongoing examination of third-country measures.</i></u> The Commission may publish a notice in the Official Journal of the European Union or <u>and</u> through other suitable public communication means with <u>of the launch of an examination procedure.</u> <u>The notice shall include</u> an invitation to submit information within a specified time limit <u>and an indication of the timeline for the determination referred to in Article 4, which shall not exceed four months.</u> In that event, the Commission shall notify the third country concerned of the initiation of the examination.	5. The Commission may publish a notice in the Official Journal of the European Union and, where appropriate, Official Journal of the European Union or through other suitable public communication means with an invitation to stakeholders to submit information within a specified time limit. In that event, the Commission shall notify the third country concerned of the initiation of the examination.	5. The Commission may publish a notice in the <u>the</u> Official Journal of the European Union <u>and,</u> where appropriate, through other suitable public communication means with an invitation to stakeholders to submit information within a specified time limit <u>taking into account the timeline indicated in paragraph 1. In the</u> In that <u>event of the publication of a notice,</u> the Commission shall notify the third country concerned of the initiation <u>launch</u> of the examination. 6. Timelines 2.1 examination 7. Horizontal provisions	
	Article 3(3), second subparagraph a				
y	54a				y

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
			6. The Commission and Member States shall act expeditiously throughout the examination.	Moved up. 2.1 examination	
Article 4					
G	55	Article 4 Determination with regard to the third-country measure	Article 4 Determination with regard to the third-country measure	Article 4 Determination with regard to the third-country measure	Article 4 Determination with regard to the third-country measure
Article 4, first paragraph					
R	56	Following an examination carried out in accordance with Article 3, the Commission shall adopt a decision determining whether the measure of the third country concerned meets the conditions set out in Article 2(1). The Commission shall act expeditiously.	Following an examination carried out in accordance with Article 3, the Commission shall adopt a decision, determining whether the measure of the third country concerned meets the conditions set out in Article 2(1). <u>Where no notice was published pursuant to Article 3 and in the case of a positive determination, the decision shall include an indication of the timeline for the adoption of the implementing act referred to in Article 7, which shall</u>	1. Following an examination carried out in accordance with Article 3, in the event that the Commission considers that the measure of the third country concerned meets the conditions of Article 2(1), it shall submit a proposal to the Council to adopt a decision on implementing act determining whether that the measure of the third country concerned meets the conditions set out in Article 2(1). The Commission shall, where appropriate,	No text proposed 5.1 Decision making: determination (stage 1)

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
		<u>not exceed six months. On duly justified imperative grounds in order to avoid irreparable damage to the Union or its Member States the Commission may extend that timeline by up to a further four months.</u> The Commission shall act expeditiously. <u>The Commission shall inform, including in the form of an exchange of views, the European Parliament and the Council about the decision and publish it in the Official Journal of the European Union and through other suitable public communication means.</u>	propose that the country concerned repair the injury suffered by the Union or its Member States act expeditiously.		
Article 4, first paragraph a					
R 56a				<u>The decision of whether it is appropriate to request that the third country concerned repair the injury caused shall be based on a consideration of the nature and extent of the damage caused and all other circumstances of the particular case.</u>	The [assessment] of whether it is appropriate to request that the third country concerned repair the injury caused shall be based on the general obligation under customary international law to make full reparation for the injury caused through an internationally wrongful act,

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
				<u>Specifically, the decision shall be guided by the overall relationship with the third country concerned, other aspects of Union interest, including the desirability for Union persons having suffered damage to have that damage repaired, and the general obligation under customary international law to make full reparation for the injury caused through an internationally wrongful act.</u> 4. Reparation of injury 5.1 Decision making: determination (stage 1) Union Interest	[consideration of the nature and extent of the damage caused and] all other circumstances of the particular case. Specifically, the decision shall be guided by [the overall relationship with the third country concerned, other aspects of Union interest], including the [desirability for Union persons having suffered damage to have that damage repaired].
Article 4, second paragraph					
57	Prior to adopting its decision, the Commission may invite the third country concerned to submit its observations.	Prior to adopting its decision, the Commission may invite the third country concerned to submit its observations <u>within a reasonable and specified period of time that shall not unduly delay the Commission's decision.</u>	decision the proposal referred to in paragraph 1, where useful for the purposes of the determination referred to in that paragraph, the Commission may shall invite the third country concerned to submit its	See the packages non-paper of 9/1/23.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
			observations within a reasonable period of time, without prejudice to Article 5.		
Article 4, second paragraph a					
R	57a		3. The Council shall act expeditiously throughout the process set out in this Article. The Council shall adopt the implementing act referred to in paragraph 1, acting by a qualified majority. The Council, acting by a qualified majority, may amend the Commission's proposal.	No text proposed. See the packages non-paper of 9/1/23. 5.1 Decision making: determination (stage 1)	R
Article 4, second paragraph b					
R	57b		4. The Council implementing act shall be published in the Official Journal of the European Union.	No text proposed. See the packages non-paper of 9/1/23. 5.1 Decision making: determination (stage 1)	R
Article 4, third paragraph					

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
Y	58	Where the Commission decides that the measure of the third country concerned meets the conditions set out in Article 2(1), it shall notify the third country concerned of its decision and request it to cease the economic coercion and, where appropriate, repair the injury suffered by the Union or its Member States.	Where the Commission decides that the measure of the third country concerned meets the conditions set out in Article 2(1), it shall notify the third country concerned of its decision and request it <u>that third country</u> to cease the economic coercion <u>immediately</u> and, where appropriate, repair the injury suffered by the Union or its Member States <u>within a reasonable and specified period of time</u> .	5. Where the Commission <u>Council</u> adopts the implementing act referred to in this Article, the Commission <u>Council</u> shall notify the third country concerned of that decision and request it to cease the economic coercion <u>immediately</u> and, where appropriate and <u>so decided by the Council</u> , request it to repair the injury suffered by the Union or its Member States. 6. Timelines 4. Reparation of injury 5.1 Decision making: determination (stage 1) 2.2 determination (contact with 3rd country conce)	Where the [Council adopts the implementing act referred to in this Article, the Commission] shall inform the third country concerned accordingly and request it to cease the economic coercion immediately and, where so decided by the [...], to repair the injury suffered by the Union or its Member States.
Article 5					
G	59	Article 5 Engagement with the third country concerned	Article 5 Engagement with the third country concerned	Article 5 Engagement with the third country concerned	Article 5 Engagement with the third country concerned
Article 5, first paragraph					
Y	60	The Commission shall be open to engage on behalf of	<u>Following the notice referred to in Article 4</u> , the	1. Following the adoption of an implementing act in	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	the Union with the third country concerned, to explore options with a view to obtaining the cessation of the economic coercion. Such options may include:	Commission shall be open to engage on behalf of the Union with the third country concerned <u>and, provided that the country concerned also engages in good faith, in a proactive manner</u>, to explore options with a view to obtaining the cessation of the economic coercion <u>and, where appropriate, reparation of the injury it has caused to the Union or its Member States</u>. Such options <u>shall not unduly delay the procedure and</u> may include:	accordance with Article 4, the Commission shall provide adequate opportunity for consultations The Commission shall be open to engage on behalf of the Union with the third country concerned, to explore options with a view to obtaining the cessation of the economic coercion. If the third country concerned enters into consultations with the Union in good faith the Commission shall expeditiously engage in such consultations. In the course of such consultations the Commission may explore options with the third country concerned including Such options may include:	accordance with Article 4, the Commission shall provide adequate opportunity for consultations with the third country concerned with a view to obtaining the cessation of the economic coercion <u>and, where requested, reparation of the injury it has caused to the Union or its Member States</u>. If the third country concerned enters into consultations with the Union in good faith, the Commission shall expeditiously engage in such consultations. In the course of such consultations, the Commission may, <u>without unduly delaying the procedure</u>, explore options with the third country concerned including:	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				6. Timelines 4. Reparation of injury 2.2 determination (contact with 3rd country conce) 2.3 engagement/consultations (conditions, scope)	
Article 5, first paragraph, first indent					
61	- direct negotiations;	- direct negotiations;	- direct negotiations;	- direct negotiations; No changes to 4th column text.	- direct negotiations;
Article 5, first paragraph, second indent					
62	- mediation, conciliation or good offices to assist the Union and the third country concerned in these efforts;	- mediation, conciliation or good offices to assist the Union and the third country concerned in these efforts; <u>deleted</u>	- mediation, conciliation or good offices by a third party to assist the Union and the third country concerned in these efforts;	No changes to 4th column text.	
Article 5, first paragraph, third indent					
63	- submitting the matter to international adjudication.	- submitting, <u>also in parallel to the other options</u> , the matter to international adjudication.	- submitting the matter to international adjudication.	- submitting the matter to international adjudication. 2.3 engagement/consultations (conditions, scope)	- submitting the matter to international adjudication.
Article 5, first paragraph, fourth indent					

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
G	63a	<u>- mediation, conciliation or good offices to assist the Union and the third country concerned in those efforts;</u>		<u>- mediation, conciliation or good offices by a third party to assist the Union and the third country concerned in those efforts;</u> 2.3 engagement/consultations (conditions, scope)	- mediation, conciliation or good offices by a third party to assist the Union and the third country concerned in those efforts;
Article 5, first paragraph a					
Y	63b			<u>In the event of the Commission or a Member State obtaining compensation from the third country concerned for the injury suffered, the Commission or the Member State shall be guided by the International Law Commission's recommendation that such compensation should be transferred to the injured persons, subject to reasonable criteria.^{FN}</u> <u>Footnote: Draft articles on diplomatic protection, Article 19, 2006.</u>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				4. Reparation of injury	
Article 5, second paragraph					
64	The Commission shall seek to obtain the cessation of the economic coercion by also raising the matter in any relevant international forum.	The Commission shall seek to obtain the cessation of the economic coercion by also raising the matter in any relevant international forum.	2. The Commission shall seek to obtain the cessation of the economic coercion by also by raising the matter in any relevant international forum, after having, in accordance with the Treaty, consulted the Council.	2. The Commission shall seek to obtain the cessation of the economic coercion by also by raising the matter in any relevant international forum, after having, in accordance with the Treaty, consulted the Council. 2.4 international cooperation (conditions, scope)	
Article 5, third paragraph					
65	The Commission shall keep the European Parliament and the Council informed of relevant developments.	The Commission shall keep the European Parliament and the Council <u>fully informed, in a regular and timely manner, including in the form of an exchange of views, and shall notify them of any-relevant developments in the engagement with the third country concerned.</u>	3. The Commission shall keep the European Parliament and the Council informed of any relevant developments pursuant to paragraphs 1 and 2.	3. The Commission shall keep the European Parliament and the Council informed of any relevant developments pursuant to paragraphs 1 and 2. Replaced by the horizontal reporting obligation in Article 16(1). 7. Horizontal provisions	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	Article 5, fourth paragraph				
G	66	The Commission shall remain open to engage with the third country concerned after the adoption of Union response measures pursuant to Article 7. The Commission may pursue these efforts, as the case may be, in conjunction with a suspension, pursuant to Article 10(2), of any Union response measures.	The Commission shall remain open to engage with the third country concerned after the adoption of Union response measures pursuant to Article 7. The Commission may pursue these efforts, as the case may be, in conjunction with a suspension, pursuant to Article 10(2), of any Union response measures.	4. The Commission shall remain open to engage enter into consultations with the third country concerned after the adoption of Union response measures pursuant to Article 7. The Commission may pursue these efforts and, as the case may be, in conjunction with a suspension, pursuant to Article 10(2), of any Union response measures pursuant to Article 10(2). 2.3 engagement/consultations (conditions, scope)	4. The Commission shall remain open to enter into consultations with the third country concerned after the adoption of Union response measures pursuant to Article 7 and, as the case may be, in conjunction with a suspension of any Union response measures pursuant to Article 10(2).
	Article 6				
G	67	Article 6 International cooperation	Article 6 International cooperation	Article 6 International cooperation	Article 6 International cooperation
	Article 6, first paragraph				
Y	68	The Commission shall enter into consultations or cooperation, on behalf of the Union, with any other country affected by the same or similar measures of	The Commission shall enter into consultations or cooperation, on behalf of the Union, with any other country <u>and partner</u> affected by the same or	The Commission shall enter into consultations or cooperation, on behalf of the Union, with any other third country affected by the same or similar	The Commission shall enter into consultations or cooperation with any third country affected by the same or similar measures of economic coercion or with

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	economic coercion or with any interested third country, with a view to obtaining the cessation of the coercion. This may involve, where appropriate, coordination in relevant international fora and coordination in response to the coercion.	similar measures of economic coercion or with any interested third country <u>and partner</u> , with a view to obtaining the cessation of the coercion. This may involve, where appropriate <u>coordination in sharing related information and experiences to facilitate a collective and coherent response to such coercive measures, and</u> ; coordination in relevant international fora and coordination in response to the coercion. <u>Such consultation or cooperation shall not unduly delay the application of this instrument. The Commission shall inform, including in the form of an exchange of views, the European Parliament and the Council about the consultation or cooperation.</u>	measures of economic coercion or with any interested third country, with a view to obtaining the cessation of the coercion, after having, in accordance with the Treaty, consulted the Council. This may involve, where appropriate, coordination in relevant international fora and coordination in response to the coercion. The Commission shall keep the European Parliament and the Council informed of any relevant developments and invite, where appropriate, Member States to participate in such consultation and cooperation.	any interested third country, with a view to obtaining the cessation of the coercion, after having, in accordance with the Treaty, consulted the Council. This may involve, where appropriate, <u>sharing related information and experiences to facilitate a coherent response to such measures of economic coercion,</u> -coordination in relevant international fora and coordination in response to the coercion. The Commission shall keep the European Parliament and the Council informed of any relevant developments and <u>Such consultation or cooperation shall not unduly delay the procedure under this Regulation. The Commission shall</u> invite, where appropriate, Member States to participate in such consultation and cooperation. 7. Horizontal provisions 6. Timelines 2.4 international cooperation (conditions, scope)	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
Article 7					
69	Article 7 Union response measures	Article 7 Union response measures	Article 7 Union response measures	Article 7 Union response measures	Article 7 Union response measures
Article 7(1), first subparagraph					
70	1. The Commission shall adopt an implementing act determining that it shall take a Union response measure where:	1. The Commission shall adopt <u>take a Union response measure by means of</u> an implementing act determining that it shall take a Union response measure <u>from among the measures provided for in Annex I</u> where:	1. The Commission shall adopt an implementing act in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2) determining that it shall take a Union response measure under this Regulation, where:	1. The Commission shall adopt <u>take a Union response measure by means of</u> an implementing act in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2) determining that it shall take a Union response measure under this Regulation, where: 29/11/22: Consolidation of the EP and Council texts; Reference to Annex I now exists in the first and the second subparagraphs which is a duplication to an extent – to make a choice, preference for the second subparagraph 9/1/23: reference to Annex I deleted here to avoid duplication with the second subpara.	1. The Commission shall take a Union response measure by means of an implementing act in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2) where:

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				5.2 Decision-making: stage 2	
	Article 7(1), first subparagraph, point (a)				
Y	71	(a) action pursuant to the Articles 4 and 5 has not resulted in the cessation of the economic coercion and reparation of the injury it has caused to the Union or a Member State within a reasonable period of time;	(a) action pursuant to the Articles 4 and 5 has not resulted in the cessation of the economic coercion and, <u>where appropriate, in the reparation of the injury it has caused to the Union or its Member States within a reasonable period of time set in the decision referred to in Article 4;</u>	(a) action pursuant to Articles 4 and 5 has not resulted in the cessation of the economic coercion and, where <u>requested, in appropriate</u> , the reparation of the injury it has caused to the Union or a Member State within a reasonable period of time; <u>and not exceeding the time period indicated in the implementing act pursuant to Article 4 where such period is indicated.</u> 6. Timelines 4. Reparation of injury	
	Article 7(1), first subparagraph, point (b)				
R	72	(b) action is necessary to protect the interests and rights of the Union and its Member States in that particular case, and	(b) action is necessary to protect the interests and rights of the Union and its Member States in that particular case, and	(b) action is necessary to protect the interests and rights of the Union and its Member States in that particular case; in light of the options available; and	(b) action is necessary to protect the interests and rights of the Union and its Member States in that particular case in light of the options available;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
				<u>Where the third country has ceased the economic coercion but has not repaired in full the injury as requested, the consideration of whether action is necessary to protect the interests and rights of the Union and its Member States in that particular case shall be based on the nature and extent of the damage caused and all other circumstances of the particular case. Specifically, the consideration shall be guided by the overall relationship with the third country concerned, other aspects of Union interest, including the desirability for Union persons having suffered damage to have that damage repaired, and the general obligation under customary international law to make full reparation for the injury caused through an internationally wrongful act.</u>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				-and Union Interest 4. Reparation of injury	
Article 7(1), first subparagraph, point (c)					
73	(c) action is in the Union's interest.	(c) action is in the Union's interest <u>in the particular case of economic coercion under examination.</u>	(c) action is in the Union's interest in accordance with Article 7bis.	(c) action is in the Union's interest, <u>as determined</u> in accordance with Article 7bis. Union Interest	
Article 7(1), second subparagraph					
74	In the implementing act, the Commission shall also determine the appropriate Union response from among the measures provided for in Annex I. Such measures may also apply with regard to natural or legal persons designated in accordance with Article 8. The Commission may also adopt measures which it can take pursuant to other legal instruments.	In the implementing act <u>referred to in the first subparagraph</u> , the Commission shall also determine the appropriate Union response from among the measures provided for in Annex I <u>justify that the conditions referred to in points (a), (b) and (c) are met. It shall also determine and justify the appropriate Union response.</u> Such measures may also apply	In the implementing act referred to in the first subparagraph , the Commission shall also determine the appropriate Union response from among the consisting in one or more measures provided for in pursuant to Annex I. Such measures may also apply with regard to natural or legal persons designated in accordance with Article 8. The Commission may	In the implementing act referred to in the first subparagraph, the Commission shall also determine the appropriate Union response consisting in one or more measures pursuant to Annex I <u>measures. The Commission shall pay particular attention to the requirement to explain that the conditions referred to in points (a), (b) and (c) are</u>	In the implementing act referred to in the first subparagraph, the Commission shall determine the appropriate Union response measures. The Commission shall explain how the conditions referred to in points (a), (b) and (c) are met and that the Union response measure is appropriate in accordance with Article 9(2). [Such measures may apply with

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
		with regard to natural or legal persons designated in accordance with Article 8. The Commission may also adopt measures which it can take pursuant to other legal instruments.	also adopt measures which it can take pursuant to other legal instruments.	<u>met and that the Union response measure is appropriate in accordance with Article 9(2).</u> Such measures may apply with regard to natural or legal persons designated in accordance with Article 8. 3.7 Union response: criteria 4. Reparation of injury	regard to natural or legal persons designated in accordance with Article 8.] COM/LS to draft on the relationship between article 7 and 8.

Article 7(1), third subparagraph

75	The implementing act shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2).	The implementing act <u>referred to in the first subparagraph</u> shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2). <u>The Commission shall inform, including in the form of an exchange of views, the European Parliament and the Council of the implementing act and publish it in the Official Journal of the European Union and through other suitable public communication means.</u>	Insofar as the measures of the third country concerned constitute an internationally wrongful act, Union response measures The implementing act shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2) under this Regulation may consist of measures implying the non-performance of international obligations towards the third country concerned.	Insofar as the measures of the third country concerned constitute an internationally wrongful act, Union response measures adopted under this Regulation may consist of measures implying the non-performance of international obligations towards the third country concerned. 29/11/22: EP amendment in part is moved up, the reporting and publication obligations are redundant given the existing obligations under the Comitology Regulation.	
----	--	---	--	--	--

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				No changes to 4th column text. 3.7 Union response: criteria	
Article 7(1), third subparagraph a					
G	75a	<u>The Commission may also adopt measures that are not listed in Annex I pursuant to other legal instruments. Any such adoption shall be coordinated and consistent with action under this Regulation.</u>		<u>The Commission may also adopt, pursuant to other legal instruments, measures that are not listed in Annex I. Any such adoption shall be coordinated and consistent with action under this Regulation.</u> 3.1 Union response: type of measures 1.2 Relations with other instruments and policies	Where other measures for the purpose of responding to the measure of economic coercion are adopted pursuant to other legal acts, Union response measures under this Regulation shall be coordinated with those measures.
Article 7(2)					
Y	76	2. The Union response measures shall apply from a specified date after the adoption of the implementing act referred to in paragraph 1. The Commission shall set this date of application, taking <u>and in any case within three months from its adoption.</u> The	2. The Union response measures shall apply from a specified date after the adoption of the implementing act referred to in paragraph 1. The Commission shall set this specify the date of	2. The Union response measures shall apply from a specified date after the adoption of the implementing act referred to in paragraph 1. <u>The specified date for application shall not be</u>	2. The Union response measures shall apply from a specified date after the adoption of the implementing act referred to in paragraph 1. The specified date for application shall not be later

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
	into account the circumstances, to allow for the notification of the third country concerned pursuant to paragraph 3 and for it to cease the economic coercion.	Commission shall set this date of application, taking into account the circumstances, to allow for the notification of the third country concerned pursuant to paragraph 3 and for it to cease the economic coercion <u>and, where appropriate, to repair the injury caused.</u>	application of the Union response measures, taking into account the circumstances, to allow for the notification of the third country concerned pursuant to paragraph 3 and for it to cease the economic coercion.	<u>later than three months from the adoption of the implementing act, unless the implementing act specifies a later date in light of the specific circumstances.</u> The Commission shall specify the date of application of the Union response measures, taking into account the circumstances, to allow for the notification of the third country concerned pursuant to paragraph 3 and for it to cease the economic coercion <u>or, where requested , to repair the injury caused.</u> 9/1/23: Three months might not be enough; necessary to have the flexibility in individual cases to set the period in a targeted manner; “and” becomes “or” as regards reparation, in line with Art 7(1). 6. Timelines 4. Reparation of injury 3.2 Union response: deferral application	than [three months] from the adoption of the implementing act, unless the implementing act specifies a later date in light of the specific circumstances. The Commission shall specify the date of application of the Union response measures, taking into account the circumstances, to allow for the notification of the third country concerned pursuant to paragraph 3 and for it to cease the economic coercion [or [and], where requested , to repair the injury caused.]
	Article 7(3)				
G 77					G

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	3. The Commission shall, upon adoption of the implementing act, notify the third country concerned of the Union response measures adopted pursuant to paragraph 1. In the notification, the Commission shall, on behalf of the Union, call on the third country concerned to promptly cease the economic coercion, offer to negotiate a solution, and inform the third country concerned that the Union response measure will apply, unless the economic coercion ceases.	3. The Commission shall, upon adoption of the implementing act, notify the third country concerned of the Union response measures adopted pursuant to paragraph 1. In the notification, the Commission shall, on behalf of the Union, call on the third country concerned to promptly <u>immediately</u> cease the economic coercion, offer to negotiate a solution <u>including, where appropriate, with regard to the reparation of the injury caused by the third country to the Union or its Members States</u> , and inform the third country concerned that the Union response measure will apply, unless the economic coercion ceases <u>or, where appropriate, that third country repairs the injury caused.</u>	3. The Commission shall, Upon adoption of the implementing act, notify the third country concerned of the Union response measures adopted pursuant to paragraph 1. In the notification, the Commission shall, on behalf of the Union, call on the third country concerned to promptly cease the economic coercion, offer to negotiate a solution, and inform the third country concerned that the Union response measure will apply, unless the economic coercion ceases. and:	3. Upon adoption of the implementing act referred to in paragraph 1, the Commission shall notify the third country concerned thereof and: No changes to 4th column text. 29/11/22: Consolidation, also in lines 77 a to c. 3.2 Union response: deferral application 2.1 examination	3. Upon adoption of the implementing act referred to in paragraph 1, the Commission shall notify the third country concerned thereof and:
Article 7(3), point (a)					
y	77a		(a) <i>call on the third country concerned to</i>	(a) call on the third country concerned to promptly cease the economic coercion; <u>call</u>	y

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
			<i>promptly cease the economic coercion;</i>	<u>on the third country concerned to immediately cease the economic coercion and, where appropriate, to repair the injury caused;</u> 9/1/23: language adjusted to take account of drafting of Art 7 (1); 4. Reparation of injury 2.1 examination	
Article 7(3), point (b)					
77b			(b) offer the third country concerned to negotiate a solution; and	(b) offer the third country concerned to negotiate a solution; and 9/1/23: brackets deleted; the negotiated solution can include the reparation; the provision is not limiting; 3.2 Union response: deferral application 4. Reparation of injury 2.2 determination (contact with 3rd country conce) 2.3 engagement/consultations (conditions, scope)	(b) offer the third country concerned to negotiate a solution; and
Article 7(3), point (c)					

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
77c			(c) <i>inform the third country concerned that the Union response measures will apply, unless the economic coercion ceases.</i>	(c) inform the third country concerned that the Union response measures will apply, unless the economic coercion ceases. <u>inform the third country concerned that the Union response measures will apply, unless the economic coercion ceases and, where appropriate, the third country repairs the injury caused.</u> 9/1/23: brackets deleted; linguistic change; language adjusted to fit with Art 7 (1); 4. Reparation of injury 2.1 examination	
Article 7(4)					
78	4. The implementing act referred to in paragraph 1 shall state that the application of the Union response measures shall be deferred for a period specified in that implementing act, where the Commission has credible information that the third	4. The implementing act referred to in paragraph 1 shall state that the application of the Union response measures shall be deferred, <u>but only</u> for a period <u>that is necessary for the Commission to verify the actual cessation of the coercion or threat thereof</u>	4. The implementing act referred to in paragraph 1 shall state that the provide for a deferred application of the Union response measures shall be deferred for a period of time specified in that implementing act, where the Commission has credible	4. The implementing act referred to in paragraph 1 shall provide for a deferred application of the Union response measures , <u>but only</u> for a period <u>that is necessary for the Commission to verify the actual cessation of the coercion and which needs</u>	4. The implementing act referred to in paragraph 1 shall provide for a deferred application of the Union response measures , but only for a period that is necessary for the Commission to verify the actual cessation of the coercion [or threat thereof] and which needs to

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
	country has ceased the economic coercion before the start of application of the adopted Union response measures. In that event, the Commission shall publish a notice in the Official Journal of the European Union indicating that there is such information and the date from which the deferral shall apply. If the third country ceases the economic coercion before the Union response measures start to apply, the Commission shall terminate the Union response measures in accordance with Article 10.	<u>and that needs to be</u> specified in that implementing act, where the Commission has credible information that the third country has ceased <u>taken concrete steps to cease</u> the economic coercion <u>or the threat thereof or, where appropriate, has repaired the injury caused</u> before the start of application of the adopted Union response measures. In that event, the Commission shall publish a notice in the Official Journal of the European Union indicating that there is such information and the date from which the deferral shall apply. If the third country ceases the economic coercion <u>or, where appropriate, repairs the injury caused</u> before the Union response measures start to apply, the Commission shall terminate the Union response measures in accordance with Article 10.	information that the third country has ceased the economic coercion before the start <u>date</u> of application of the adopted Union response measures. In that In the event, that the Commission has the information referred to in the first subparagraph, it shall publish a notice in the <i>Official Journal of the European Union</i> indicating that there is such information and the date from which the deferral shall apply. If the third country ceases the economic coercion before the Union response measures start to apply date of application of the Union response measures , the Commission shall terminate the Union response measures in accordance with Article 10.	to be of time specified in that implementing act, where the Commission has credible information that the third country has ceased <u>or has taken concrete steps to cease</u> the economic coercion <u>and, where appropriate, has repaired the injury caused</u> before the date <u>start</u> of application of the adopted Union response measures. In the event that the Commission has the information referred to in the first subparagraph, it shall publish a notice in the <i>Official Journal of the European Union</i> indicating that there is such information and the date from which the deferral shall apply. If the third country ceases the economic coercion <u>and, where appropriate, repairs the injury caused</u> before the date of application of the Union response measures, the Commission shall terminate the Union	be specified in that implementing act, where the Commission has credible information that the third country has ceased or has taken concrete steps to cease the economic coercion and, where appropriate, has repaired the injury caused before the start of application of the adopted Union response measures. In the event that the Commission has the information referred to in the first subparagraph, it shall publish a notice in the <i>Official Journal of the European Union</i> indicating that there is such information and the date from which the deferral shall apply. If the third country ceases the economic coercion [and, where appropriate, repairs the injury caused] before the date of application of the Union response measures, the Commission shall terminate the Union

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				response measures in accordance with Article 10. 29/11/22: Consolidated No need to mention threat because the reference to coercion encompasses threat situations as well as now indicated in the definition. 9/1/23: brackets deleted; this deferral is for the purposes of verifying that the coercion stopped, and, where appropriate, the injury was repaired; 6. Timelines 3.2 Union response: deferral application 4. Reparation of injury	response measures in accordance with Article 10.
Article 7(5)					
79	5. Notwithstanding paragraphs 2, 3 and 4, the Union response measures may apply without the Commission, on behalf of the Union, first calling, once more, on the third country concerned to cease the economic coercion or without the Commission	5. Notwithstanding paragraphs 2, 3 and 4, The Union response measures may apply without the Commission, on behalf of the Union, first calling, once more <u>again</u>, on the third country concerned to cease the economic coercion or without the Commission	5. Notwithstanding paragraphs 2, 3 and 4, the implementing act referred to in paragraph 1 may provide that Union response measures may shall apply without the Commission, on behalf of the Union, first calling, once more, on the third country	5. Notwithstanding paragraphs 2, 3 and 4, the implementing act referred to in paragraph <u>paragraph</u> 1 may provide that Union response measures shall apply without the Commission first calling, once more <u>again</u>, on the third country concerned to	5. Notwithstanding paragraphs 2, 3 and 4, the implementing act referred to in paragraph 1 may provide that Union response measures shall apply without the Commission first calling, again, on the third country concerned to cease the economic coercion

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
	first notifying it that Union response measure will apply, where this is necessary for the preservation of the rights and interests of the Union or Member States, notably of the effectiveness of Union response measures.	first notifying it that Union response measure will apply <u>pursuant to paragraph 3</u> , where this is necessary for the preservation of the rights and interests of the Union or Member States, notably of the effectiveness of Union response measures.	concerned to cease the economic coercion or without the Commission first notifying the third country concerned that Union response measure will apply, where in duly justified cases , this is necessary for the preservation of the rights and interests of the Union or a Member States State , notably of the effectiveness of Union response measures.	cease the economic coercion or, <u>where appropriate, repair the injury caused, or</u> without the Commission first notifying the third country concerned that Union response measure will apply <u>pursuant to paragraph 3</u> , where in duly justified cases, this is necessary for the preservation of the rights and interests of the Union or a Member State, notably of the effectiveness of Union response measures. 29/11/22: Need to clarify reason for EP deleting the opening phrase "Notwithstanding ..."; 9/1/23: Removed square brackets (Notwithstanding...); removed typo; Language on reparation – clarification regarding reparation, as requested by co-legislators. 3.2 Union response: deferral application 4. Reparation of injury 2.2 determination (contact with 3rd country conce)	or, <u>[where appropriate, repair the injury caused, or]</u> without the Commission first notifying the third country concerned that Union response measure will apply pursuant to paragraph 3, where in duly justified cases, this is necessary for the preservation of the rights and interests of the Union or a Member State, notably of the effectiveness of Union response measures.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	Article 7(5a)				
y 79a			5bis. Notwithstanding paragraphs 2 and 4, where economic coercion consists in a threat to apply measures affecting trade or investment in accordance with Article 2(1), the date of application of the Union response measures shall be the date when the third country starts applying such measures. The Commission shall specify such date of application in the implementing act referred to in paragraph 1. If the third country delays to a specific date the application of its measures, the Commission shall publish a notice in the Official Journal of the European Union indicating that the Union response measures shall apply on that date.	5bis. Notwithstanding paragraphs 2 and 4, where economic coercion consists in a threat to apply measures affecting trade or investment in accordance with Article 2(1), the date of application of the Union response measures shall be the date when the third country starts applying such measures. The Commission shall specify such date of application in the implementing act referred to in paragraph 1. If the third country delays to a specific date the application of its measures, the Commission shall publish a notice in the Official Journal of the European Union indicating that the Union response measures shall apply on that date. 3.2 Union response: deferral application	<u>5a.</u> [Notwithstanding paragraphs 2 and 4, where economic coercion consists in a threat to apply measures affecting trade or investment in accordance with Article 2(1), the date of application of the Union response measures shall be the date when the third country starts applying such measures. The Commission shall specify such date of application in the implementing act referred to in paragraph 1. If the third country delays to a specific date the application of its measures, the Commission shall publish a notice in the Official Journal of the European Union indicating that the Union response measures shall apply on that date.] COM/LS to draft on the issue of date.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
Article 7(6)					
80	6. On duly justified imperative grounds of urgency to avoid irreparable damage to the Union or its Member States by the measures of economic coercion the Commission shall adopt immediately applicable implementing acts imposing Union response measures, in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 15(3). The requirements set out in paragraphs 2 to 5 shall apply. Those acts shall remain in force for a period not exceeding three months.	6. On duly justified imperative grounds of urgency to avoid irreparable damage to the Union or its Member States by the measures of economic coercion the Commission shall adopt<u>take a Union response measure by means of an implementing act referred to in Article 7(1) as</u> immediately applicable implementing acts imposing Union response measures, in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 15(3).-The requirements set out in paragraphs 2 to 5<u>1 to 4</u> shall apply <u>and the conditions listed in paragraph 5 are considered to be met.</u> Those acts shall remain in force for a period not exceeding three months <u>after which the measures may be adopted by means of an implementing act referred to in Article 7(1) may be adopted as appropriate. The Commission shall inform, including in the form of an</u>	6. On duly justified imperative grounds of urgency to avoid irreparable damage to the Union or its Member States by the measures of economic coercion the Commission shall adopt immediately applicable implementing acts imposing Union response measures, in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 15(3). The requirements set out in paragraphs 2 to 5 shall apply. Those acts shall remain in force for a period not exceeding three months.	6. On duly justified imperative grounds of urgency to avoid irreparable damage to the Union or its Member States by the measures of economic coercion the Commission shall as adopt immediately applicable implementing acts imposing Union response measures, in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 15(3). The requirements set out in paragraphs [1 to 4 shall apply and the conditions listed in paragraph 5 are considered to be met.] Those acts shall remain in force for a period not exceeding three months. No text proposed Deleted. Would be deleted under package 1 and 2. See the packages non-paper of 9/1/23. 5.4 Decision-making: urgency procedure	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
		<u>exchange of views, the European Parliament and the Council about the implementing acts and publish them in the Official Journal of the European Union and through other suitable public communication means.</u>			
Article 7(7)					
R 81	7. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 14 to amend the list provided for in Annex I in order to provide additional types of measures to respond to a third country's measure. The Commission may adopt such delegated acts where the types of response measures would:	7. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 14 to amend the list provided for in Annex I in order to provide additional types of measures to respond to a third country's measure, <u>after having informed the European Parliament and the Council of the delegated acts</u> . The Commission may adopt such delegated acts where the types of response measures would:	deleted	No changes to 4th column text. No text suggested 5.5 Decision-making: delegated acts	
Article 7(7), point (a)					
R 82					

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	(a) be as effective or more effective than the response measures already provided for in terms of inducing the cessation of measures of economic coercion;	(a) be as effective or more effective than the response measures already provided for in terms of inducing the cessation of measures of economic coercion;	<i>deleted</i>	<i>No text proposed</i> <i>No changes to 4th column text.</i> <i>5.5 Decision-making: delegated acts</i>	
<i>Article 7(7), point (b)</i>					
<i>R</i>	83 (b) provide as effective or more effective relief to economic operators within the Union affected by the measures of economic coercion;	(b) provide as effective or more effective relief to economic operators within the Union affected by the measures of economic coercion;	<i>deleted</i>	<i>No text proposed</i> <i>No changes to 4th column text.</i> <i>5.5 Decision-making: delegated acts</i>	<i>R</i>
<i>Article 7(7), point (c)</i>					
<i>R</i>	84 (c) avoid or minimise the negative impact on affected actors; or	(c) avoid or minimise the negative impact on affected actors; or	<i>deleted</i>	<i>No text proposed</i> <i>No changes to 4th column text.</i> <i>5.5 Decision-making: delegated acts</i>	<i>R</i>
<i>Article 7(7), point (d)</i>					
<i>R</i>	85 (d) avoid or minimise administrative complexity and costs.	(d) avoid or minimise administrative complexity and costs.	<i>deleted</i>	<i>No changes to 4th column text.</i>	<i>R</i>

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				No text proposed 5.5 Decision-making: delegated acts	
Article 7bis					
85a			Article 7bis Union's interest	Article 7bis 7a <u>Article 7bis</u> <u>Determination of the</u> Union's interest Union Interest	Article 7a Determination of the Union's interest
Article 7a(1)					
85b			1. A determination as to whether it is in the Union's interest to act under this Regulation shall be based on an appreciation of all the various interests taken as a whole, including the interests of Member States, Union economic operators, including upstream and downstream industries, and final consumers. The general objective of deterring or having the third country desist from measures of	<u>1.</u> A determination as to whether it is in the Union's interest to act under this Regulation shall be based on an appreciation of all the various interests taken as a whole, including the interests of Member States, Union economic operators, including upstream and downstream industries, and final consumers. The general objective of deterring or having the third country desist from measures of economic coercion, whilst enabling	1. The determination of the Union interest in taking, suspending, amending or terminating Union response measures shall consist in an appreciation of the various interests at stake, taken as a whole. The various interests shall include, primarily, the preservation of the ability of the Union and its Member States to make legitimate sovereign choices free from economic coercion, as well as all other interests of the Union or the Member States specific to the particular

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
			economic coercion, whilst enabling the Union as a last resort to counteract such actions, shall be given special consideration. The determination shall be made on the basis of all the information available. Union response measures under this Regulation shall be taken where the Commission concludes that it is in the Union's interest to take such measures.	the Union as a last resort to counteract such actions, shall be given special consideration <u>in the determination</u>. The determination shall be made on the basis of all the information available. Union response measures under this Regulation shall be taken where the Commission concludes that it is in the Union's interest to take such measures. Definitions Union Interest 1.1 Scope and definition	case at stake, interests of Union economic operators, including upstream and downstream industries, and of final Union consumers, affected, or potentially affected, by the measures of economic coercion or by Union response measures. The determination shall be based on all information available.
Article 8					
86	Article 8 Union response measures with regard to natural or legal persons	Article 8 Union response measures with regard to natural or legal persons	Article 8 Union response measures with regard to natural or legal persons	Article 8 Union response measures with regard to natural or legal persons 3.9 Union response: Natural and legal persons	Article 8 Union response measures with regard to natural or legal persons
Article 8(1), first subparagraph					
87					

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
	1. The Commission may provide, in the implementing act referred to in Article 7(1), or in a separate implementing act, that:	1. The Commission may provide, in the implementing act referred to in Article 7(1), or in a separate implementing act, that:	1. The Commission may provide, in the implementing act referred to in Natural or legal persons which engage, or may engage in activities covered by Article 7(1), or in a separate implementing act, that: 207 TFEU and are connected or linked to the government of the third country concerned may be subject to Union response measures pursuant to Annex I.	1. Natural or legal persons which engage, or may engage in activities covered by Article 207 TFEU and are connected or linked to the government of the third country concerned may be subject to Union response measures pursuant to Annex I. 3.9 Union response: Natural and legal persons	1. Natural or legal persons which engage, or may engage in activities covered by Article 207 TFEU and are connected or linked to the government of the third country concerned may be subject to Union response measures pursuant to Annex I.
Article 8(1), first subparagraph, point (a)					
G	88 (a) legal or natural persons designated in accordance with paragraph 2 point (a) shall be subject to Union response measures; or	(a) legal or natural persons designated in accordance with paragraph 2 point (a) shall be subject to Union response measures; or	<i>deleted</i>	(a) 29/11/22: EP text moved up to line 87. Designation criteria moved to line 94a 3.9 Union response: Natural and legal persons	(a)
Article 8(1), first subparagraph, point (b)					
R	89 (b) without prejudice to the responsibility of the third country under international law, Union natural or legal	(b) without prejudice to the responsibility of the third country under international law, Union natural or legal	<i>deleted</i>	No text suggested. For political discussion	[(b) without prejudice to the responsibility of the third country under international law, Union

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	persons affected by the third country's measures of economic coercion shall be entitled to recover, from persons designated pursuant to paragraph 2, point (b), any damage caused to them by the measures of economic coercion up to the extent of the designated persons' contribution to such measures of economic coercion.	persons affected by the third country's measures of economic coercion shall be entitled to recover, from persons designated pursuant to paragraph 2, point (b), any damage caused to them by the measures of economic coercion up to the extent of the designated persons' contribution to such measures of economic coercion.		See packages non-paper of 9/1/23. 3.9 Union response: Natural and legal persons	natural or legal persons affected by the third country's measures of economic coercion shall be entitled to recover, from persons designated pursuant to paragraph 2, point (b), any damage caused to them by the measures of economic coercion up to the extent of the designated persons' contribution to such measures of economic coercion.] / new text of 9/1 from COM/ deletion
Article 8(1), second subparagraph					
y	90 Those measures shall apply as of the same date of application as the Union response measures adopted pursuant to Article 7, or as of a later date specified in the implementing act pursuant to this paragraph.	Those measures shall apply as of the same date of application as the Union response measures adopted pursuant to Article 7, or as of a later date specified in the implementing act pursuant to this paragraph.	deleted	29/11/22: Moved below, line 94b 3.9 Union response: Natural and legal persons	COM/LS to provide new drafting on the relationship between article 7 and article 8
Article 8(1), third subparagraph					
y	91 Those implementing acts shall be adopted in	Those implementing acts shall be adopted in	deleted		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2).	accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2).		29/11/22: Moved below, line 94b 3.9 Union response: Natural and legal persons	
Article 8(2)					
Y	92 2. The Commission may designate a natural or legal person where it finds:	2. The Commission may designate a natural or legal person where it finds:	deleted	2. 29/11/22: Moved below, line 94a 3.9 Union response: Natural and legal persons	Y
Article 8(2), point (a)					
G	93 (a) that such person is connected or linked to the government of the third country concerned; or,	(a) that such person is connected or linked to the government of the third country concerned; or,	deleted	29/11/22: Moved above 3.9 Union response: Natural and legal persons	G
Article 8(2), point (b)					
R	94 (b) that such person is connected or linked to the government of the third country concerned and has additionally caused or been	(b) that such person is connected or linked to the government of the third country concerned and has additionally caused or been	deleted	No text suggested. For political discussion. See packages non-paper of 9/1/23.	R

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	involved in or connected with the economic coercion.	involved in or connected with the economic coercion.		3.9 Union response: Natural and legal persons	
Article 8(2a)					
94a			3. Paragraph 1 shall only apply to natural or legal persons designated in accordance with this Article.	3. Paragraph 1 shall only apply to natural or legal persons designated in accordance with this Article. 29/11/22: Substantively equivalent to COM proposal/EP position. No changes to 4th column text. 3.9 Union response: Natural and legal persons	
Article 8(2b)					
94b			4. For the purposes of this Article, the Commission shall adopt implementing acts in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2). Such implementing acts shall designate persons falling under paragraph 1, and specify	4. For the purposes of this Article, the Commission shall adopt implementing acts in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2). Such implementing acts shall designate persons falling under paragraph 1, and specify the Union	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
			the Union response measures applicable to such persons.	response measures applicable to such persons. 29/11/22: Substantively equivalent to COM proposal/EP position. No changes to 4th column text. 3.9 Union response: Natural and legal persons	
Article 8(2c)					
y	94c		5. The implementing act referred to in paragraph 4 of this Article may be adopted simultaneously with the implementing act referred to in Article 7(1), or subsequently.	5. The implementing act referred to in paragraph 4 of this Article may be adopted simultaneously with the implementing act referred to in Article 7(1), or subsequently. 29/11/22: Substantively equivalent to COM proposal/EP position (line 90). No changes to 4th column text. 3.9 Union response: Natural and legal persons	COM/LS to provide new drafting on the relationship between article 7 and article 8
Article 8(2d)					

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
G 94d			6. <i>A natural or legal person may be considered as connected or linked to the government of the third country concerned pursuant to paragraph 1 where:</i>	6. A natural or legal person may be considered as connected or linked to the government of the third country concerned pursuant to paragraph 1 where: <u>A natural or legal person may be considered as connected or linked to the government of the third country concerned pursuant to paragraph 1 where:</u> 29/11/2022: Requires discussion (94 d-g) + 95 9/1/2023: square brackets removed 3.9 Union response: Natural and legal persons	EP will accept Council position in 94d-95 after checking coherence in language (hence green)
Article 8(2d), point (a)					
G 94e			(a) <i>that government beneficially owns more than 50 % of the equity interest in such legal person, exercises directly or indirectly more than 50 % of the voting rights in it, or has the power to appoint a majority of its directors or</i>	(a) that government beneficially owns more than 50 % of the equity interest in such legal person, exercises directly or indirectly more than 50 % of the voting rights in it, or has the power to appoint a majority of its directors or	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
			<i>otherwise to legally direct its actions;</i>	<i>otherwise to legally direct its actions;</i> <u><i>that government beneficially owns more than 50 % of the equity interest in such legal person, exercises directly or indirectly more than 50 % of the voting rights in it, or has the power to appoint a majority of its directors or otherwise to legally direct its actions;</i></u> 9/1/2023: square brackets removed 3.9 Union response: Natural and legal persons	
Article 8(2d), point (b)					
94f			<i>(b) such person benefits from exclusive or special rights or privileges granted in law or in fact by the government of the third country concerned, if it operates in a sector where that government limits to one or more the number of suppliers or buyers, or if it is allowed directly or indirectly by that government to exercise</i>	<i>(b) such person benefits from exclusive or special rights or privileges granted in law or in fact by the government of the third country concerned, if it operates in a sector where that government limits to one or more the number of suppliers or buyers, or if it is allowed directly or indirectly by that government to exercise</i>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
			<i>practices which prevent, restrict or distort competition; or</i>	<i>practices which prevent, restrict or distort competition; or</i> <u><i>such person benefits from exclusive or special rights or privileges granted in law or in fact by the government of the third country concerned, if it operates in a sector where that government limits to one or more the number of suppliers or buyers, or if it is allowed directly or indirectly by that government to exercise practices which prevent, restrict or distort competition; or</i></u> 9/1/2023: square brackets removed 3.9 Union response: Natural and legal persons	
Article 8(2d), point (c)					
g	94g		<i>(c) such person effectively acts on behalf of, or at the direction or instigation of the government of the third country concerned.</i>	<i>(c) such person effectively acts on behalf of, or at the direction or instigation of the government of the third country concerned.</i> <u><i>such person effectively acts on behalf of, or at the</i></u>	g

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				<u>direction or instigation of the government of the third country concerned.</u> 9/1/2023: square brackets removed 3.9 Union response: Natural and legal persons	
Article 8(3)					
95	3. In making this designation the Commission shall examine all relevant criteria and available information, including whether the persons concerned are known to effectively act on behalf of, or are beneficially owned or otherwise effectively controlled by the government of the third country.	3. In making this designation the Commission shall examine all relevant criteria and available information, including whether the persons concerned are known to effectively act on behalf of, or are beneficially owned or otherwise effectively controlled by the government of the third country.	deleted	3.9 Union response: Natural and legal persons	Deleted (EP will come back and most likely accept.
Article 8(4)					
96	4. Where the Commission has grounds to consider that persons should be designated pursuant to paragraph 2, point (a) or	4. Where the Commission has grounds to consider that persons should be designated pursuant to paragraph 2, point (a) or	48. Where the Commission has grounds to consider that persons believe that a person should be designated pursuant to	8. Where the Commission has grounds to believe that a person should be designated on the basis of paragraph 1, it shall inform such person	84. Where the Commission has grounds to believe that a person should be designated on the basis of paragraph 1, it shall inform such

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
	point (b) it shall publish a provisional list of persons and, where relevant, the possible measures pursuant to Annex I that they would be subject to. Before deciding on designation, it shall give any persons provisionally designated and other interested parties the opportunity to submit comments on the possible designation, in particular whether they fall under the conditions of paragraph 2, point (a) or point (b). The Commission may also seek additional information it considers pertinent concerning the potential designation.	point (b) it shall publish a provisional list of persons and, where relevant, the possible measures pursuant to Annex I that they would be subject to. Before deciding on designation, it shall give any persons provisionally designated and other interested parties the opportunity to submit comments on the possible designation, in particular whether they fall under the conditions of paragraph 2, point (a) or point (b). The Commission may also seek additional information it considers pertinent concerning the potential designation.	the basis of paragraph 2, point (a) or point (b) it shall publish a provisional list of persons1, it shall inform such person of its intention, including the grounds for designation, and, where relevant, the possible measures pursuant to Annex I that that person that they would be subject to. Before deciding on designation, it shall give any persons provisionally designated and other interested parties the opportunity to submit comments on the possible designation, in particular whether they fall under the conditions of paragraph 2, point (a) or point (b). The Commission may also seek additional information it considers pertinent concerning the potential designationThe Commission shall publish a notice in the Official Journal of the European Union to this effect and, whenever possible, notify directly the person concerned.	of its intention, including the grounds for designation, and, where relevant, the possible measures pursuant to Annex I that that person would be subject to. The Commission shall publish a notice in the Official Journal of the European Union to this effect and, whenever possible, notify directly the person concerned. 29/11/22: Consolidation, based on certain specifications developed in the Council position. No changes to 4th column text. 3.9 Union response: Natural and legal persons	person of its intention, including the grounds for designation, and, where relevant, the possible measures pursuant to Annex I that that person would be subject to. The Commission shall publish a notice in the Official Journal of the European Union to this effect and, whenever possible, notify directly the person concerned.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	Article 8(4a)				
G	96a		4a. Before deciding on the designation, the Commission shall give:	4a. Before deciding on the designation, the Commission shall give: 1 29/11/22: Equivalent to part of COM/EP text in line 96 No changes to 4th column text. 3.9 Union response: Natural and legal persons	4a. Before deciding on the designation, the Commission shall give: 1
	Article 8(4a), point (a)				
Y	96b		(a) any persons referred to in the first subparagraph the opportunity to submit observations on the possible designation, in particular on whether they fall under the conditions established in paragraph 1; within a reasonable period of time; and	(a) any persons referred to in the first subparagraph the opportunity to submit observations on the possible designation, in particular on whether they fall under the conditions established in paragraph 11; within a reasonable period of time; and 29/11/22: Equivalent to part of COM/EP text in line 96	(a) any persons referred to in the first subparagraph the opportunity to submit observations on the possible designation, in particular on whether they fall under the conditions established in [paragraph 1] ; within a reasonable period of time; and

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				No changes to 4th column text. 3.9 Union response: Natural and legal persons	
Article 8(4a), point (b)					
96c			(b) other interested parties the opportunity to submit observations on the possible designation.	(b) other interested parties the opportunity to submit observations on the possible designation. 9/1/2023: removal of square brackets 29/11/2022: [requires discussion] 3.9 Union response: Natural and legal persons	(b) other interested parties the opportunity to submit observations on the possible designation.
Article 8(4b)					
96d			4b. The Commission may also seek information it considers relevant concerning the potential designation under this Article, including by requesting such information from Member States.	4b. The Commission may also seek information it considers relevant concerning the potential designation under this Article, including by requesting such information from Member States.	4b. The Commission may also seek information it considers relevant concerning the potential designation under this Article, including by requesting such information from Member States.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				29/11/22: Same as COM/EP text – final sentence line 96 No changes to 4th column text. 3.9 Union response: Natural and legal persons 3.6 Union response: information gathering	
Article 8(4c)					
96e			9. Without prejudice to Article 10, the Commission shall review designations under this Article when new substantial evidence is submitted to the Commission and inform the designated natural or legal persons concerned accordingly.	9. Without prejudice to Article 10, the Commission shall review designations under this Article when new substantial evidence is submitted to the Commission and inform the designated natural or legal persons concerned accordingly. 29/11/2022: requires discussion 9/1/2023: removal of square brackets 3.9 Union response: Natural and legal persons	94c. <u>94c.</u> [Without prejudice to Article 10, the Commission shall review designations under this Article when new substantial evidence is submitted to the Commission and inform the designated natural or legal persons concerned accordingly.]
Article 9					

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
97	Article 9 Criteria for selecting and designing Union response measures	Article 9 Criteria for selecting and designing Union response measures	Article 9 Criteria for selecting and designing Union response measures	Article 9 Criteria for selecting and designing Union response measures No changes to 4th column text.	Article 9 Criteria for selecting and designing Union response measures
Article 9(1)					
98	1. Any Union response measure shall not exceed the level that is commensurate with the injury suffered by the Union or a Member State due to the third country's measures of economic coercion, taking into account the gravity of the third country's measures and the rights in question.	1. Any Union response measure shall not exceed <u>be commensurate to</u> the level that is commensurate with <u>to</u> the injury suffered by the Union or a Member State due to the third country's measures of economic coercion, taking into account the gravity of the third country's measures and the <u>economic impact that those measures are having on the Union or a Member State and shall be effective in preserving the Union and its Member States' rights in question making legitimate sovereign choices with regard to particular acts, policies or stances.</u>	1. Any Union response measure shall not exceed the level that is commensurate with the injury suffered by the Union or a Member State due to the third country's measures of economic coercion, taking into account the gravity of the third country's measures of economic coercion and the rights in question of the Union or a Member State.	1. Any Union response measure shall not exceed the level that is commensurate with <u>of</u> the injury suffered by the Union or a Member State due to the third country's measures of economic coercion, taking into account the gravity of the third country's measures of economic coercion and the rights of <u>economic impact that those measures of economic coercion are having on</u> the Union or a Member State <u>and the rights of the Union and its Member States</u> . 3.7 Union response: criteria Union Interest	1. Any Union response measure shall not exceed <u>shall be commensurate to</u> <u>the level of</u> the injury suffered by the Union or a Member State due to the third country's measures of economic coercion, taking into account the gravity of the third country's measures of economic coercion <u>economic impact that those measures of economic coercion are having on</u> -the Union or a Member State <u>and the rights</u>

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
					<u>of the Union and its Member States</u> . EP to provide new drafting.
Article 9(2)					
99	2. The Commission shall select and design an appropriate response measure taking into account the determination made pursuant to Article 4, the criteria set out in Article 2(2) and the Union's interest, on the basis of available information, including as collected pursuant to Article 11, and the following criteria:	2. The Commission shall select and design an appropriate response measure taking into account the determination made pursuant to Article 4, the criteria set out in Article 2(2) and the Union's interest ² , on the basis of available information, including as collected pursuant to Article 11, and the following criteria:	2. The Commission shall select and design an appropriate response measure taking into account the determination made pursuant to Article 4, the criteria set out in Article 2(2) and the Union's interest pursuant to Article 7bis , on the basis of available information, including as collected pursuant to Article 11, and the following criteria:	2. The Commission shall select and design an appropriate response measure taking into account the determination made pursuant to Article 4, the criteria set out in Article 2(2) and the Union's interest <u>determination</u> pursuant to Article 7bis, on the basis of available information, including as collected pursuant to Article 11, and the following criteria: Union Interest ^{3.7 Union} response: criteria	2. The Commission shall select and design an appropriate response measure taking into account the determination made pursuant to Article 4, the criteria set out in Article 2(2) and the Union's interest determination pursuant to Article 7bis, on the basis of available information, including as collected pursuant to Article 11, and the following criteria:
Article 9(2), point (a)					
100	(a) the effectiveness of the measures in inducing the cessation of the economic coercion;	(a) the effectiveness of the measures in inducing the cessation of the economic coercion <u>and, where</u>	(a) the effectiveness of the Union response measures in inducing the cessation of the economic coercion;	(a) the effectiveness of the Union response measures in inducing the cessation of the economic coercion <u>and,</u>	(a) the effectiveness of the Union response measures in inducing the cessation of the economic coercion <u>land,</u>

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
		<u>appropriate, reparation of the injury caused to the Union and its Member States</u> ;		<u>where requested, reparation of the injury caused to the Union and its Member States</u> ; 29/11/22: Consolidation 9/1/23: brackets deleted; addition not limiting; 3.7 Union response: criteria 4. Reparation of injury	<u>where requested, reparation of the injury caused to the Union and its Member States</u> ;
Article 9(2), point (aa)					
G	100a		(abis) the avoidance or minimisation of negative impacts	(abis) the avoidance or minimisation of negative impacts 29/11/22: Identical to COM/EP language in line 102 No changes to 4th column text. 3.7 Union response: criteria	(abis) the avoidance or minimisation of negative impacts
Article 9(2), point (ab)					
G	100b		- on Union actors affected by Union response measures, including the availability of alternatives	- on Union actors affected by Union response measures, including the availability of alternatives	- on Union actors affected by Union response measures, including the availability of alternatives

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
			for such affected actors, for example alternative sources of supply for goods or services,	for such affected actors, for example alternative sources of supply for goods or services, No changes to 4th column text. 29/11/22: Identical to COM/EP language in line 102 Union Interest	for such affected actors, for example alternative sources of supply for goods or services,
Article 9(2), point (ac)					
y	100c		- on the investment environment in the Union or a Member State, including the impact on employment and regional development policy;	- on the investment environment in the Union or a Member State, including the impact on employment and regional development policy; 29/11/22: To be discussed 9/1/23: brackets deleted; the assessment may become relevant in some circumstances; 3.7 Union response: criteria	L - on the investment environment in the Union or a Member State, including the impact on employment and regional development policy; L
Article 9(2), point (b)					
y	101				y

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	(b) the potential of the measures to provide relief to economic operators within the Union affected by the economic coercion;	(b) the potential of the measures to provide relief to economic operators within the Union affected by the economic coercion;	(b) the potential of the Union response measures to provide relief to Union economic operators within the Union affected by the economic coercion;	(b) the potential of the Union response measures to provide relief to Union economic operators within the Union affected by the economic coercion; No changes to 4th column text. 3.7 Union response: criteria Union Interest	(b) the potential of the Union response measures to provide relief to <u>Union</u> economic operators within the Union affected by the economic coercion; CLS to draft on language on bracket

Article 9(2), point (c)

102	(c) the avoidance or minimisation of negative impacts on affected actors by Union response measures, including the availability of alternatives for affected actors, for example alternative sources of supply for goods or services;	(c) the avoidance or minimisation of negative impacts on affected actors by Union response measures, including the availability of alternatives for affected actors, for example alternative sources of supply for goods or services;	(c) the avoidance or minimisation of negative impacts on affected actors by Union response measures, including the availability of alternatives for affected actors, for example alternative sources of supply for goods or services;	<u>(c)</u> 3.7 Union response: criteria Union Interest	<u>(c)</u>
-----	---	---	--	--	------------

Article 9(2), point (d)

103	(d) the avoidance or minimisation of negative effects on other Union policies or objectives;	(d) the avoidance or minimisation of negative effects on other Union policies or objectives;	(d) the avoidance or minimisation of negative effects on other Union policies or objectives by Union response measures;	(d) the avoidance or minimisation of negative effects on other Union policies or objectives by Union response measures;	(d) the avoidance or minimisation of negative effects on other Union policies or objectives by Union response measures;
-----	--	--	--	---	---

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				29/11/22: Consolidation No changes to 4th column text. Union Interest 3.7 Union response: criteria	
Article 9(2), point (da)					
Y	103a		(dbis) any relevant action in the Union's common foreign and security policy;	(dbis) any relevant action in the Union's common foreign and security policy; 29/11/22: To be discussed. 9/1/23: brackets deleted; may become relevant in some circumstances; 1.2 Relations with other instruments and policies 3.7 Union response: criteria CFSP	[(dbis) any relevant action in the Union's common foreign and security policy;]
Article 9(2), point (e)					
G	104	(e) the avoidance of disproportionate administrative complexity and costs in the application of the Union response measures;	(e) the avoidance of disproportionate administrative complexity and costs in the application of the Union response measures;	(e) the avoidance of disproportionate administrative complexity and costs in the application of the Union response measures;	(e) the avoidance of disproportionate administrative complexity and costs in the application of the Union response measures;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				No changes to 4th column text. 3.7 Union response: criteria	
Article 9(2), point (f)					
105	(f) the existence and nature of any response measures enacted by other countries affected by the same or similar measures of economic coercion, including where relevant any coordination pursuant to Article 6;	(f) the existence and nature of any response measures enacted by other countries affected by the same or similar measures of economic coercion, including where relevant any coordination pursuant to Article 6;	(f) the existence and nature of any response measures enacted by other third countries affected by the same or similar measures of economic coercion, including where relevant any coordination pursuant to Article 6;	(f) the existence and nature of any response measures enacted by third countries affected by the same or similar measures of economic coercion, including where relevant any coordination pursuant to Article 6; 29/11/22: Consolidation/clarification No changes to 4th column text. 3.7 Union response: criteria	(f) the existence and nature of any response measures enacted by third countries affected by the same or similar measures of economic coercion, including where relevant any coordination pursuant to Article 6;
Article 9(2), point (g)					
106	(g) any other relevant criteria established in international law.	(g) any other relevant criteria established in international law.	(g) any other relevant criteria established in international law.	(g) any other relevant criteria established in international law.	(g) any other relevant criteria established in international law.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				No changes to 4th column text.	
Article 9(2a)					
Y	106a		2a. In selecting Union response measures, the Commission shall give predominant weight to measures which most effectively ensure compliance with criteria (a) and (abis).	<u>2a.</u> In selecting Union response measures, the Commission shall give predominant weight to measures which most effectively ensure compliance with criteria (a) and (abis). 29/11/22: To be discussed. 9/1/23: brackets removed; text maintained in either package; it is in the interest of affected economic operators; 3.7 Union response: criteria Union Interest SE pres agrees	<u>2a.</u> In selecting Union response measures, the Commission shall give predominant weight to measures which most effectively ensure compliance with criteria (a) and (abis) <u>L</u> .
Article 9(2b)					
Y	106b		2bis. Without prejudice to paragraph 2, when selecting and designing an appropriate response measure that affects a procedure whereby a public authority in the	<u>2bis.</u> Without prejudice to paragraph 2, when selecting and designing an appropriate response measure that affects a procedure whereby a public authority in the Union	<u>2bis.</u> Without prejudice to paragraph 2, when selecting and designing an appropriate response measure that affects a procedure whereby a public authority in the Union

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
			Union grants authorisations, registrations, licenses or other rights to a natural or legal person for the purposes of their commercial activities, the Commission shall always consider measures according to the following hierarchy of steps:	grants authorisations, registrations, licenses or other rights to a natural or legal person for the purposes of their commercial activities, the Commission shall always consider measures according to the following hierarchy of steps: / No text suggested; see packages non-paper of 9/1/23; 29/11/22: To be discussed. 3.7 Union response: criteria	grants authorisations, registrations, licenses or other rights to a natural or legal person for the purposes of their commercial activities, the Commission shall always consider measures according to the following hierarchy of steps: /
Article 9(2b), point (a)					
106c			(a) measures affecting procedures duly initiated after the entry into force of the implementing act referred to in Article 7(1) or 8(1), respectively, or where no such measures are available	/ (a) measures affecting procedures duly initiated after the entry into force of the implementing act referred to in Article 7(1) or 8(1), respectively, or where no such measures are available / 29/11/22: To be discussed. 3.7 Union response: criteria	/ (a) measures affecting procedures duly initiated after the entry into force of the implementing act referred to in Article 7(1) or 8(1), respectively, or where no such measures are available /
Article 9(2b), point (b)					

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
y	106d		(b) measures affecting procedures not yet completed upon the entry into force of the implementing act referred to in Article 7(1) or 8(1), respectively.	<u>(b)</u> measures affecting procedures not yet completed upon the entry into force of the implementing act referred to in Article 7(1) or 8(1), respectively. 29/11/22: To be discussed. 3.7 Union response: criteria	<u>(b)</u> measures affecting procedures not yet completed upon the entry into force of the implementing act referred to in Article 7(1) or 8(1), respectively.
Article 9(2c)					
y	106e		2c. Where none of the measures referred to in points (a) and (b) of the first subparagraph are available, the Commission may, in exceptional circumstances consider other response measures, where it has been demonstrated, in light of the information-gathering exercise conducted pursuant to Article 11, that those other measures would not disproportionately affect the upstream industries, downstream industries or final consumers within the	<u>2c.</u> <u>[</u> Where none of the measures referred to in points (a) and (b) of the first subparagraph are available, the Commission may, in exceptional circumstances consider other response measures, where it has been demonstrated, in light of the information-gathering exercise conducted pursuant to Article 11, that those other measures would not disproportionately affect the upstream industries, downstream industries or final consumers within the Union or impose a disproportionate burden on	<u>[2c.</u> <u>[</u> Where none of the measures referred to in points (a) and (b) of the first subparagraph are available, the Commission may, in exceptional circumstances consider other response measures, where it has been demonstrated, in light of the information-gathering exercise conducted pursuant to Article 11, that those other measures would not disproportionately affect the upstream industries, downstream industries or final consumers within the Union or impose a disproportionate burden on

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
			Union or impose a disproportionate burden on the process of administration of relevant national regulations, whilst ensuring effectiveness.	the process of administration of relevant national regulations, whilst ensuring effectiveness. 29/11/22: To be discussed. 3.7 Union response: criteria Union Interest	the process of administration of relevant national regulations, whilst ensuring effectiveness. 29/11/22: To be discussed. 3.7 Union response: criteria Union Interest
Article 9(2d)					
106f			2d. In conjunction with the first subparagraph, when selecting and designing a response measure, the Commission shall always take into account the level of harmonisation while preferring measures affecting procedures applied on a Union-wide basis or measures affecting procedures applied in an area where extensive Union legislation exists.	2d. [In conjunction with the first subparagraph, when selecting and designing a response measure, the Commission shall always take into account the level of harmonisation while preferring measures affecting procedures applied on a Union-wide basis or measures affecting procedures applied in an area where extensive Union legislation exists.] 29/11/22: To be discussed. 3.7 Union response: criteria	2d. [In conjunction with the first subparagraph, when selecting and designing a response measure, the Commission shall always take into account the level of harmonisation while preferring measures affecting procedures applied on a Union-wide basis or measures affecting procedures applied in an area where extensive Union legislation exists.] 29/11/22: To be discussed. 3.7 Union response: criteria
Article 9(3), first subparagraph					
107					

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
	3. The Commission may decide to apply Union response measures under Articles 7 or 8 consisting of restrictions on foreign direct investment or on trade in services also with regard to services supplied, or direct investments made, within the Union by one or more legal persons established in the Union and owned or controlled by persons of the third country concerned where necessary to achieve the objectives of this Regulation. The Commission may decide on such application where Union response measures not covering such situations would be insufficient to effectively achieve the objectives of this Regulation, in particular where such measures could be avoided. In assessing whether to adopt such a decision the Commission shall consider, in addition to the criteria in paragraphs 1 and 2, amongst other things:	3. The Commission may decide to apply Union response measures under Articles 7 or 8 consisting of restrictions on foreign direct investment or on trade in services also with regard to services supplied, or direct investments made, within the Union by one or more legal persons established in the Union and owned or controlled by persons of the third country concerned where necessary to achieve the objectives of this Regulation. The Commission may decide on such application where Union response measures not covering such situations would be insufficient to effectively achieve the objectives of this Regulation, in particular where <u>the effect of</u> such measures could be avoided <u>or circumvented</u>. In assessing whether to adopt such a decision the Commission shall consider, in addition to the criteria in paragraphs 1 and 2, amongst other things:	3. Where necessary to achieve the objectives of this Regulation, the Commission may decide to apply Union response measures under Articles 7 or 8 consisting of restrictions on foreign direct investment or on trade in services also with regard to services supplied, or direct investments made, within the Union by one or more legal persons established in the Union and owned or controlled by persons of the third country concerned where necessary to achieve the objectives of this Regulation. The Commission may decide on such the application whereof such Union response measures where not covering such situations would be insufficient to effectively achieve the objectives of this Regulation, in particular where such measures could be avoided– by the third country or the person concerned.	3. Where necessary to achieve the objectives of this Regulation, the Commission may decide to apply Union response measures under Articles 7 or 8 consisting of restrictions on foreign direct investment or on trade in services also with regard to services supplied, or direct investments made, within the Union by one or more legal persons established in the Union and owned or controlled by persons of the third country concerned. The Commission may decide on the application of such Union response measures where not covering such situations would be insufficient to effectively achieve the objectives of this Regulation, in particular where <u>the effect of</u> such measures could be avoided <u>or circumvented</u> by the third country or the person concerned. In assessing whether to adopt the decision referred	3. Where necessary to achieve the objectives of this Regulation, the <u>Commission</u> may decide to apply Union response measures under Articles 7 or 8 consisting of restrictions on foreign direct investment or on trade in services also with regard to services supplied, or direct investments made, within the Union by one or more legal persons established in the Union and owned or controlled by persons of the third country concerned. The Commission may decide on the application of such Union response measures where not covering such situations would be insufficient to effectively achieve the objectives of this Regulation, in particular where the effect of such measures could be avoided or circumvented by the third country or the person concerned. In assessing whether to adopt the decision referred

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
			In assessing whether to adopt such a decision the decision referred to in the first subparagraph , the Commission shall consider, in addition to the criteria in under paragraphs 1 and 2, amongst other things:	to in the first subparagraph, the Commission shall consider, in addition to the criteria under paragraphs 1 and 2, amongst other things: 29/11/22: To be discussed. Consolidation/clarification No changes to 4th column text. 3.7 Union response: criteria 3.8 Union response: Intra-EU measures	to in the first subparagraph, the Commission shall consider, in addition to the criteria under paragraphs 1 and 2, amongst other things: L CLS to provide new drafting
Article 9(3), first subparagraph, point (a)					
108	(a) the patterns of trade in services and investment in the sector targeted by the envisaged Union response measures and the risk of avoidance of any Union response measures not applying to services supplied, or direct investments made, within the Union;	(a) the patterns of trade in services and investment in the sector targeted by the envisaged Union response measures and the risk of avoidance of any Union response measures not applying to services supplied, or direct investments made, within the Union;	(a) the patterns of trade in services and investment in the sector targeted by the envisaged Union response measures and the risk of avoidance by the third country or the person concerned of any Union response measures not applying to services supplied, or direct investments made, within the Union;	(a) the patterns of trade in services and investment in the sector targeted by the envisaged Union response measures and the risk of avoidance by the third country or the person concerned of any Union response measures not applying to services supplied, or direct investments made, within the Union; 29/11/22: Consolidation/clarification	(a) the patterns of trade in services and investment in the sector targeted by the envisaged Union response measures and the risk of avoidance by the third country or the person concerned of any Union response measures not applying to services supplied, or direct investments made, within the Union;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				No changes to 4th column text. 3.7 Union response: criteria 3.8 Union response: Intra-EU measures SE pres agrees (Council mandate)	
Article 9(3), first subparagraph, point (b)					
109	(b) the effective contribution of such intra-Union restrictions to the objective of obtaining the cessation of the measure of economic coercion;	(b) the <i>possible</i> effective contribution of such intra-Union restrictions to the objective of obtaining the cessation of the measure of economic coercion;	(b) the effective contribution of such intra-Union restrictions referred to in the first subparagraph to the objective of obtaining the cessation of the measure of economic coercion;	(b) the <i>possible</i> effective contribution of such intra-Union restrictions referred to in the first subparagraph to the objective of obtaining the cessation of economic coercion; 9/1/23: brackets deleted; 29/11/22: Consolidation/clarification 3.7 Union response: criteria SE pres agrees 3.8 Union response: Intra-EU measures	(b) the possible effective contribution of such intra-Union restrictions referred to in the first subparagraph to the objective of obtaining the cessation of economic coercion;
Article 9(3), first subparagraph, point (c)					
110	(c) the existence of alternative measures capable of achieving the objective of	(c) the existence of alternative measures capable of achieving the objective of	(c) the existence of alternative measures capable of achieving the objective of	(c) the existence of alternative measures capable of achieving the objective of	(c) the existence of alternative measures capable of achieving the objective of

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	obtaining the cessation of the measure of economic coercion that are reasonably available and less restrictive of trade in services or investment within the Union.	obtaining the cessation of the measure of economic coercion that are reasonably available and less restrictive of trade in services or investment within the Union.	obtaining the cessation of the measure of economic coercion that are reasonably available and less restrictive of trade in services or investment within the Union.	obtaining the cessation of the measure of economic coercion that are reasonably available and less restrictive of trade in services or investment within the Union. No changes to 4th column text. 3.7 Union response: criteria 3.8 Union response: Intra-EU measures	obtaining the cessation of the measure of economic coercion that are reasonably available and less restrictive of trade in services or investment within the Union.

Article 9(3), second subparagraph

111	Any decision to apply restrictions with regard to services supplied, or direct investments made, within the Union by one or more legal persons established in the Union shall be duly justified in the implementing act referred to in paragraph 1 of Article 7 in light of the above criteria.	Any decision to apply restrictions with regard to services supplied, or direct investments made, within the Union by one or more legal persons established in the Union shall be duly justified in the implementing act referred to in paragraph 1 of Article 7 in light of the above criteria.	Any decision to apply restrictions with regard to services supplied, or direct investments made, within the Union by one or more legal persons established in the Union shall be duly justified in the implementing act referred to in paragraph 1 of Article 7(1) and in Article 78(1) in light of the above criteria referred to in the third paragraph of this Article.	Any decision to apply restrictions with regard to services supplied, or direct investments made, within the Union by one or more legal persons established in the Union shall be duly justified in the implementing act referred to in Article 7(1) and in Article 8(1) in light of the criteria referred to in the third paragraph of this Article. No changes to 4th column text.	Any decision to apply restrictions with regard to services supplied, or direct investments made, within the Union by one or more legal persons established in the Union shall be duly justified in the implementing act referred to in Article 7(1) and in Article 8(1) in light of the criteria referred to in the third paragraph of this Article.
-----	---	---	--	--	--

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				3.8 Union response: Intra-EU measures SE pres agrees (Council mandate) 3.2 Union response: deferral application	
Y	111a	<u>The Commission shall inform the European Parliament and the Council about the criteria for selecting and designing the Union response measures.</u>		29/11/22:Part of the implementing act, and given the use of the examination procedure, Comitology Regulation applies No changes to 4th column text. 7. Horizontal provisions	Y
	Article 10				
G	112	Article 10 Amendment, suspension and termination of Union response measures	Article 10 Amendment, suspension and termination of Union response measures	Article 10 Amendment, suspension and termination of Union response measures No changes to 4th column text.	Article 10 Amendment, suspension and termination of Union response measures G
	Article 10(1)				
G	113				G

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
	1. The Commission shall keep under review the measures of economic coercion deployed by a third country that have triggered the Union response measures, the effectiveness of the Union response measures adopted and their effects on the Union's interests and shall keep the European Parliament and the Council informed thereof.	1. The Commission shall keep under review the measures of economic coercion deployed by a third country that have triggered the Union response measures, the effectiveness of the Union response measures adopted and their effects on the Union's interests and shall keep the European Parliament and the Council <u>regularly</u> informed thereof.	1. The Commission shall keep under review the measures of economic coercion deployed by a third country that have triggered the Union response measures, the effectiveness of the Union response measures adopted and their effects on the Union's interests and shall keep the European Parliament and the Council informed thereof.	1. The Commission shall keep under review the measures of economic coercion deployed by a third country that have triggered the Union response measures, the effectiveness of the Union response measures adopted and their effects on the Union's interests and shall keep the European Parliament and the Council <u>regularly</u> informed thereof.	1. The Commission shall keep under review the measures of economic coercion deployed by a third country that have triggered the Union response measures, the effectiveness of the Union response measures adopted and their effects on the Union's interests and shall keep the European Parliament and the Council regularly informed thereof.

Article 10(2)

114	2. Where the third country concerned suspends the economic coercion, or where it is necessary in the Union's interest, the Commission may suspend the application of the respective Union response measure for the duration of the third country's suspension, or as long as necessary in light of the Union's interest. The Commission shall suspend the Union response measures if the third country concerned has offered, and	2. Where the third country concerned <u>entirely</u> suspends the economic coercion, or where it is necessary in the Union's interest, the Commission <u>may shall</u> suspend the application of the respective Union response measure for the duration of the third country's suspension, or, where it is as long as necessary in light of the Union's interest, <u>the Commission may suspend the application of Unions response measures for as</u>	2. Where the third country concerned suspends the measures of economic coercion, or where it is necessary in the Union's interest referred to in Article 7bis , the Commission may shall suspend the application of the respective Union response measure for the duration of the suspension of the measures of economic coercion by the third country's suspension , or as long as necessary in light of the Union's interest.	2. Where the third country concerned _- suspends the measures of economic coercion, or where it is necessary in the Union's interest referred to in Article 7bis, the Commission shall suspend the application of the respective Union response measure for the duration of the suspension of the measures of economic coercion by the third country, or concerned or <u>for</u> as long as necessary in light of the Union's interest	2' [Where the third country concerned entirely suspends the economic coercion, the Commission shall suspend the application of the respective Union response measure for the duration of the third country's suspension or, where it is necessary in the Union's interest, the Commission may suspend the application of Unions response measures for as long as necessary.
-----	---	---	--	---	---

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	the Union has concluded, an agreement to submit the matter to binding international third-party adjudication and the third country is also suspending its measures of economic coercion. The Commission shall, by means of an implementing act, decide to suspend the Union response measure. These implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2).	<u>long as necessary</u> . The Commission shall suspend the Union response measures if the third country concerned has offered, and the Union has concluded, an agreement to submit the matter to binding international third-party adjudication <u>as referred to in Article 5 and if</u> and the third country is also suspending <u>has also discontinued</u> its measures of economic coercion <u>and commits to support and abide by the third-party adjudication</u> . The Commission shall, by means of an implementing act, decide to suspend the Union response measure. These implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2).	The Commission shall suspend the Union response measures if Where the third country concerned has offered, and the Union or the Member State concerned has concluded, an agreement to submit the matter to binding international third-party adjudication and the third country is also suspending also suspends its measures of economic coercion, the Commission shall, by means of an implementing act, decide to suspend the Union response measure. These implementing acts shall be suspend the Union response measures for the duration of the proceedings. The Commission shall, by means of an implementing act adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2), decide to suspend the Union response measure under this paragraph.	<u>determination pursuant to Article 7bis</u> . Where the third country concerned has offered, and the Union or the Member State concerned has concluded, an agreement to submit the matter to binding international third-party adjudication and the third country also suspends its measures of economic coercion, the Commission shall suspend the Union response measures for the duration of the proceedings. The Commission shall, by means of an implementing act, adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2), decide to suspend the Union response measure under this paragraph. Union Interest 3.3-4 Union response: amendment/suspension SE pres agrees 5.3 Decision	The Commission shall suspend the Union response measures if the third country concerned has offered, and the Union has concluded, an agreement to submit the matter to binding international third-party adjudication as referred to in Article 5 and if the third country has also discontinued its measures of economic coercion and commits to support and abide by the third-party adjudication. The Commission shall, by means of an implementing act, decide to suspend the Union response measure. These implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2). SE pres proposes to agree.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				making amendment/suspension/termi nati	
Article 10(3)					
115	3. Where it is necessary to make adjustments to Union response measures taking into account the conditions and criteria laid down in Articles 2 and 9(2), or further developments, including the third country's reaction, the Commission may, as appropriate, amend Union response measures adopted in accordance with Article 7, by means of an implementing act, in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2).	3. Where it is necessary to make adjustments to Union response measures taking into account the conditions and criteria laid down in Articles 2 and 9(2), or further developments, including the third country's reaction, the Commission may<u>shall</u>, as appropriate, <u>swiftly</u> amend Union response measures adopted in accordance with Article 7, by means of an implementing act, in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2).	3. Where it is necessary to make adjustments to Union response measures taking into account the conditions and criteria laid down in ArticlesArticle 2 and paragraphs 2 and 9(2)3 of Article 9, or further developments, including the third country's reaction, the Commission may, as appropriate, amend Union response measures adopted in accordance with Article 7Articles 7 and 8, by means of an implementing act, in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2).	3. Where it is necessary to make adjustments to Union response measures taking into account the conditions and criteria laid down in Article 2 and paragraphs 2 and 3 of Article 9<u>Articles 2 and 3 of Article 9</u>, or further developments, including the third country's reaction, the Commission may<u>shall</u>, as appropriate, amend Union response measures adopted in accordance with Articles<u>Article 7 and 8</u>, by means of an implementing act, in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2). SE pres agrees 3.3-4 Union response: amendment/suspension 5.3 Decision making amendment/suspension/termi nati	3. Where it is necessary to make adjustments to Union response measures taking into account the conditions and criteria laid down in Articles 2 and 9, or further developments, including the third country's reaction, the Commission shall, as appropriate, amend Union response measures adopted in accordance with Article 7 and 8, by means of an implementing act, in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2).

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
Article 10(4), first subparagraph					
G	116	4. The Commission shall terminate Union response measures under any of the following circumstances:	4. The Commission shall terminate Union response measures under any of the following circumstances:	4. The Commission shall terminate Union response measures under any of the following circumstances: No changes of 4th column text 3.5 Union response: termination	4. The Commission shall terminate Union response measures under any of the following circumstances:
Article 10(4), first subparagraph, point (a)					
R	117	(a) where the economic coercion has ceased;	(a) where the economic coercion has ceased;	(a) where the economic coercion has ceased <u>and the injury caused has been repaired, where requested;</u> 29/11/22: Suggested that there should be a flexibility that measures are terminated when the coercion is terminated but the injury not repaired. It would be difficult to always argue to keep measures in place when the coercion stops but the injury is not repaired. 9/1/23:; language on reparation developed as requested by co-legislators,	(a) <u>[where the economic coercion has ceased and the injury caused has been repaired, where requested;]</u>

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				guidance for consideration proposed 3.5 Union response: termination 4. Reparation of injury	
Article 10(4), first subparagraph, point (aa)					
R 117a				<u>(abis) where the third country has ceased the economic coercion but has not repaired in full the injury as requested, but it is nevertheless appropriate to terminate the Union response measures. The consideration of whether it is appropriate to terminate the Union response measures shall be based on the nature and extent of the damage caused and all other circumstances of the particular case. Specifically, the decision shall be guided by the overall relationship with the third country concerned, other aspects of Union interest, including the desirability for Union persons having suffered damage to have that</u>	R

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				<u>damage repaired, and the general obligation under customary international law to make full reparation for the injury caused through an internationally wrongful act;</u> 3.5 Union response: termination 4. Reparation of injury Union Interest	
Article 10(4), first subparagraph, point (b)					
G	118	(b) where a mutually agreed solution has otherwise been reached;	(b) where a mutually agreed solution has otherwise been reached;	(b) where a mutually agreed solution has otherwise been reached;	(b) where a mutually agreed solution has otherwise been reached;
				No changes to 4th column text.	
Article 10(4), first subparagraph, point (c)					
Y	119	(c) where a binding decision in international third-party adjudication in a dispute between the third country concerned and the Union or a Member State requires the withdrawal of the Union response measure;	(c) where a binding decision in international third-party adjudication in a dispute between the third country concerned and the Union or a Member State requires the withdrawal of the Union response measure <u>provided that the third</u>	(c) where a binding decision in international third-party adjudication in a dispute between the third country concerned <u>on the issue of the economic coercion</u> and the Union or a Member State requires the	<u>(c) where a binding decision in international third-party adjudication in a dispute covering the matter of the economic coercion</u> between the third country concerned and the Union or a Member State requires the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
		<u>country has taken concrete steps to implement the decision; or</u>		withdrawal of the Union response measure; <u>or</u> 3.5 Union response: termination	withdrawal of the Union response measure <u>l</u> SE pres suggests accepting but notes that the difference from COMs original position (Council mandate) is that measures most likely no longer need to be terminated when third party adjudication set up under the agreements (WTO/FTAs) in which the obligations that would “not be performed” (ie breached) by the counter measures, so requires.
Article 10(4), first subparagraph, point (d)					
y 120	(d) where it is appropriate in light of the Union’s interest.	(d) where it is appropriate in light of the Union’s interest.	(d) where it is appropriate in light of the Union’s interest referred to in Article 7bis.	(d) where it is appropriate in light of the Union’s interest referred to in <u>as determined pursuant to</u> Article 7bis. 9/1/23: editorial change. SE pres agrees (Council mandate) 3.5 Union response: termination Union Interest	(d) <u>l</u> where it is appropriate in light of the Union’s interest as determined pursuant to Article 7bis <u>l</u> .
Article 10(4), second subparagraph					

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
121	The termination of Union response measures adopted in accordance with Article 7 shall be decided, by means of an implementing act, in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2).	The termination of Union response measures adopted in accordance with Article 7 shall be decided, by means of an implementing act, in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2).	The termination of Union response measures adopted in accordance with Article 7 Articles 7 and 8 shall be decided, by means of an implementing act, in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2).	The termination of Union response measures adopted in accordance with Articles 7 and 8 shall be decided, by means of an implementing act, in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2). No change to 4th column text. SE pres agrees (Council mandate) 5.3 Decision making amendment/suspension/termination 3.5 Union response: termination	The termination of Union response measures adopted in accordance with Articles 7 and 8 shall be decided, by means of an implementing act, in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2).
Article 10(5)					
122	5. On duly justified imperative grounds of urgency, the Commission shall adopt immediately applicable implementing acts suspending, amending or terminating Union response measures adopted in accordance with Article 7. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 15(3) and they shall	5. On duly justified imperative grounds of urgency, the Commission shall adopt immediately applicable implementing acts suspending, amending or terminating or amending Union response measures adopted in accordance with Article 7. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 15(3) and they shall	5. On duly justified imperative grounds of urgency, such as avoiding irreparable damage to the Union or a Member State or continuing to ensure consistency with the Union's obligations under international law pursuant to the suspension or cessation of measures of economic coercion from the third country concerned , the Commission	5. On duly justified imperative grounds of urgency, such as avoiding irreparable damage to the Union or a Member State or continuing to ensure consistency with the Union's obligations under international law pursuant to the suspension or cessation of measures of economic coercion from the third country concerned, the Commission shall adopt	5. On duly justified imperative grounds of urgency, such as avoiding irreparable damage to the Union or a Member State or continuing to ensure consistency with the Union's obligations under international law pursuant to the suspension or cessation of measures of economic coercion from the third country concerned, the Commission shall adopt

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
	remain in force for a period not exceeding two months.	remain in force for a period not exceeding two months, <u>after which an implementing act referred to in paragraphs 2, 3 or 4 may be adopted as appropriate. The Commission shall keep the European Parliament informed without delay about the decision and its justification.</u>	shall adopt immediately applicable implementing acts suspending, amending or terminating Union response measures adopted in accordance with Article 7 Articles 7 and 8 . Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 15(3) and they shall remain in force for a period not exceeding two months.	immediately applicable implementing acts suspending, amending or terminating <u>or amending</u> Union response measures adopted in accordance with Articles 7 and 8. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 15(3) and they shall remain in force for a period not exceeding two months. 3.5 Union response: termination 5.4 Decision-making: urgency procedure 3.3-4 Union response: amendment/suspension 5.3 Decision making amendment/suspension/termination	immediately applicable implementing acts suspending, or amending Union response measures adopted in accordance with Articles 7 and 8. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 15(3) and they shall remain in force for a period not exceeding two months.
Article 11					
123	Article 11 Information gathering related to Union response measures	Article 11 Information gathering related to Union response measures	Article 11 Information gathering related to Union response measures	Article 11 Information gathering related to Union response measures No changes to 4th column text.	Article 11 Information gathering related to Union response measures

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
Article 11(1)					
124	1. Before the adoption of Union response measures or the amendment of such measures, the Commission shall, and before the suspension or termination of such measures, respectively, the Commission may, seek information and views regarding the economic impact on Union operators and Union's interest, through a notice published in the Official Journal of the European Union or through other suitable public communication means. The notice shall indicate the period within which the input is to be submitted.	1. Before the adoption of Union response measures or the amendment of such measures, the Commission shall, and before the suspension or termination of such measures, respectively, the Commission may, seek information and views regarding the economic impact on Union operators and Union's interest <u>as necessary</u>, through a notice published in the Official Journal of the European Union or through other suitable public communication means. The notice shall indicate the period within which the input is to be submitted.	1. Before the adoption of Union response measures or the amendment of such Union response measures, the Commission shall, and before the suspension or termination of such measures, respectively, the Commission may, seek information and views regarding the economic impact on Union economic operators and Union's interest, through a notice published in the Official Journal of the European Union and, where appropriate, Official Journal of the European Union or through other suitable public communication means. The notice shall indicate the period within which the input is to be submitted.	1. Before the adoption or amendment of Union response measures, the Commission shall, and before the suspension or termination of such measures, respectively, the Commission may, seek information and views regarding the economic impact on Union economic operators and Union's interest <u>as necessary</u>, through a notice published in the <i>Official Journal of the European Union</i> -and, where appropriate, through other suitable public communication means. The notice shall indicate the period within which the input is to be submitted. 29/11/22: Reference to Union interest not kept because indeed the information necessary for the appreciation of the various interest is already requested via 'economic impact', and in the consolidated UI definition, not all indeed is to be consulted	1. Before the adoption or amendment of Union response measures, the Commission shall, and before the suspension or termination of such measures, respectively, the Commission may, seek information and views regarding the economic impact on Union economic operators through a notice published in the <i>Official Journal of the European Union</i> -and, where appropriate, through other suitable public communication means. The notice shall indicate the period within which the input is to be submitted. SE pres has accepted the deletion of reference to Union interest here.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				upon (i.e. the sovereign choices, etc.) 9/1/23: text can be maintained and brackets deleted; same reasoning applies; 3.5 Union response: termination 3.6 Union response: information gathering 3.3-4 Union response: amendment/suspension Union Interest SE pres agrees	
Article 11(2)					
125	2. The Commission may start the information gathering at any time it deems appropriate.	2. The Commission may start the information gathering at any time it deems appropriate.	2. The Commission may start the information gathering at any time it deems appropriate.	2. The Commission may start the information gathering at any time it deems appropriate. No changes to 4th column text.	2. The Commission may start the information gathering at any time it deems appropriate.
Article 11(3)					
126	3. In conducting the information gathering under paragraph 1, the Commission shall inform and consult stakeholders, in particular industry	3. In conducting the information gathering under paragraph 1, the Commission shall inform and consult stakeholders, in particular industry	3. In conducting the information gathering under paragraph 1, the Commission shall inform and consult stakeholders, in particular industry	3. In conducting the information gathering under paragraph 1, the Commission shall inform and consult stakeholders, in particular associations	3. In conducting the information gathering under paragraph 1, the Commission shall inform and consult stakeholders, in particular associations

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	associations, affected by possible Union response measures, and Member States involved in the preparation or implementation of legislation regulating the affected fields.	associations <u>and Union social partners</u> , affected by possible Union response measures, and Member States involved in the preparation or implementation of legislation regulating the affected fields.	associations acting on behalf of Union economic operators , affected by possible Union response measures, and Member States' authorities involved in the preparation or implementation of legislation regulating the affected fields.	acting on behalf of Union economic operators <u>and Union social partners</u> , affected by possible Union response measures, and Member States' authorities involved in the preparation or implementation of legislation regulating the affected fields. No changes to 4th column text. 3.6 Union response: information gathering SE pres agrees Union Interest	acting on behalf of Union economic operators, <u>and trade unions</u> , affected by possible Union response measures, and Member States' authorities involved in the preparation or implementation of legislation regulating the affected fields. SE pres has accepted this addition since trade unions in any case might be stakeholders.
Article 11(4)					
127	4. Without unduly delaying the adoption of Union response measures, the Commission shall, in particular, seek information on:	4. Without unduly delaying the adoption of Union response measures, the Commission shall, in particular, seek information on:	4. Without unduly delaying the adoption of Union response measures, the Commission shall identify possible options for Union response measures and , in particular, seek information and views on:	4. Without unduly delaying the adoption of Union response measures, the Commission shall identify possible options for Union response measures and, in particular, seek information and views on: 3.6 Union response: information gathering	4. Without unduly delaying the adoption of Union response measures, the Commission shall identify possible options for Union response measures and, in particular, seek information and views on:
Article 11(4), point (a)					

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
128	(a) the impact of such measures on third-country actors or Union competitors, users or consumers or on Union employees, business partners or clients of such actors;	(a) the impact of such measures on third-country actors or Union competitors, users or consumers or on Union employees, business partners or clients of such actors;	(a) the impact of such measures on third-country actors or Union economic operators' competitors, users or consumers or on Union employees, business partners or clients of such actors;	(a) the impact of such measures on third-country actors or Union economic operators' competitors, users or consumers or on Union employees, business partners or clients of such actors; 29/11/22: Consolidation/clarification No changes to 4th column text. SE pres agrees (Council mandate) 3.6 Union response: information gathering	(a) the impact of such measures on third-country actors and their competitors in the Union, users , consumers or employees in the EU, business partners or clients of such third-country actors in the EU; SE pres has accepted following redrafting.
Article 11(4), point (b)					
129	(b) the interaction of such measures with relevant Member State legislation;	(b) the interaction of such measures with relevant <u>Union and</u> Member State legislation;	(b) the interaction of such measures with relevant Member State legislation;	(b) the interaction of such measures with relevant Member State legislation; 3.6 Union response: information gathering	(b) the interaction of such measures with relevant Member State legislation;
Article 11(4), point (c)					
130	(c) the administrative burden which may be	(c) the administrative burden which may be	(c) the administrative burden which may be	(c) the administrative burden which may be	(c) the administrative burden which may be

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	occasioned by such measures;	occasioned by such measures;	occasioned by such measures;	occasioned by such measures;	occasioned by such measures;
Article 11(4), point (d)					
G 131	(d) the Union's interest.	(d) the Union's interest <u>effect of such measures on diminishing the negative impact of the third country's coercive measures.</u>	(d) the Union's interest referred to in Article 7bis.	(d) the Union's interest referred to in Article 7bis. 3.6 Union response: information gathering	(d) the Union's interest referred to in Article 7bis. SE pres has agreed to the deletion of the information gathering on union interest here, since information gathering is now implied in article 7bis.
Article 11(5)					
Y 132	5. The Commission shall take utmost account of the information gathered during the information gathering exercise. An analysis of the envisaged measures shall accompany the draft implementing act when submitted to the committee in the context of the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2).	5. The Commission shall take utmost account of the information gathered during the information gathering exercise. An analysis of the envisaged measures <u>and their potential impacts</u> shall accompany the draft implementing act when submitted to the committee in the context of the examination procedure	5. The Commission shall take utmost account of the information gathered during the information gathering exercise. An analysis of the envisaged measures shall accompany the draft implementing act when submitted to the committee in the context of the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2).	5. The Commission shall take utmost account of the information gathered during the information gathering exercise. An analysis of the envisaged measures <u>and their potential impacts</u> shall accompany the draft implementing act when submitted to the committee in the context of the examination procedure	5. The Commission shall take utmost account of the information gathered during the information gathering exercise. An analysis of the envisaged measures and their potential impacts shall accompany the draft implementing act when submitted to the committee in the context of the examination procedure

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
		referred to in Article 15(2). <u>The Commission shall inform the European Parliament of such analysis in accordance with Article 10 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.</u>	That analysis shall include a thorough assessment of impact on both upstream and downstream industries and final consumers within the Union and, if relevant, point out any potential disproportionate effects.	referred to in Article 15(2). That analysis shall include a thorough assessment of impact on both upstream and downstream industries and final consumers within the Union and, if relevant, point out any potential disproportionate effects. 29/11/22: Consolidation/clarification 9/1/23: square brackets removed 3.6 Union response: information gathering Union Interest SE pres agrees	referred to in Article 15(2). That analysis shall include a thorough assessment of impact on both upstream and downstream industries and final consumers within the Union and, if relevant, point out any potential disproportionate effects. <u>[The Commission shall inform the European Parliament of such analysis in accordance with Article 10 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.]</u>

Article 11(6)

133	6. Prior to the adoption of an implementing act in accordance with Article 7(6) or Article 10(5), the Commission shall seek information and views from relevant stakeholders in a targeted manner, unless the imperative grounds of urgency are such that information seeking and consultations are not	6. <u>The Commission shall seek information and views from relevant stakeholders especially the economic operators affected by the economic coercion, as a general principle</u> prior to the adoption of an implementing act in accordance with Article 7(6) or Article 10(5), the Commission shall seek	6. Prior to the adoption of an implementing act in accordance with Article 7(6) or Article 10(5), the Commission shall seek information and views from relevant stakeholders in a targeted manner, unless the imperative grounds of urgency are such that information seeking and consultations are not	6. Prior to the adoption of an implementing act in accordance with Article 10(5), the Commission shall seek information and views from relevant stakeholders in a targeted manner <u>The Commission shall seek information and views in a targeted manner from relevant stakeholders prior to the adoption of an</u>	6. The Commission shall seek information and views in a targeted manner from relevant stakeholders prior to the adoption of an implementing act in accordance with Article 7(6) Article 10(5), unless the exceptional situation of imperative grounds of urgency are such that information seeking and
-----	---	--	--	---	--

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	possible or not needed for objective reasons, for instance to ensure compliance with international obligations of the Union.	information and views from relevant stakeholders in a targeted manner, unless the <u>unless the exceptional situation of</u> imperative grounds of urgency are such that information seeking and consultations are not possible or not needed for objective reasons, for instance to ensure compliance with international obligations of the Union.	possible or not needed for objective reasons, for instance to ensure compliance with international obligations of the Union.	<u>implementing act in accordance with Article 10(5)</u> , unless the <u>exceptional situation of</u> imperative grounds of urgency are such that information seeking and consultations are not possible or not needed for objective reasons, for instance to ensure compliance with international obligations of the Union. 9 3.6 Union response: information gathering SE pres agrees	consultations are not possible or not needed for objective reasons, for instance to ensure compliance with international obligations of the Union.
Article 11a					
133a		<u>Article 11a</u> <u>The Chief Trade Enforcement Officer</u> <u>The Chief Trade Enforcement Officer (CTEO) shall be responsible for the implementation of this Regulation and its coordination with other tools related to anti-</u>		<u>Article 11a</u> <u>Single contact point</u> 9/1/23: square brackets removed, editorial adjustment. 7. Horizontal provisions 1.2 Relations with other instruments and policies 3.6 Union response: information gathering	SE proposes to agree

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
		<u>coercion such as the Blocking Statute^{1a}. For the purposes of this Regulation, the CTEO shall:</u> <u>(a) gather information and provide cost and data analyses with a view to determining the nature of economic coercion measures;</u> <u>(b) act, in full compliance with the principle of confidentiality, as the main contact point for EU businesses and private sector stakeholders affected by economic coercion measures, including with regard to assistance to be provided in the context of ongoing economic coercion;</u> <u>^{1a} Council Regulation (EC) No 2271/96 of 22 November 1996 protecting against the effects of the extra-territorial application of legislation adopted by a third country, and actions based thereon or resulting therefrom (OJ L 309, 29.11.1996, p. 1.) (57).</u>			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	Article 11a(1)				
133b				<u>1. There shall be a single contact point within the Commission in relation to the implementation of this Regulation and its coordination with other tools related to anti-coercion policy such as the Blocking Statute^{1a}.</u> <u>^{1a} Council Regulation (EC) No 2271/96 of 22 November 1996 protecting against the effects of the extra-territorial application of legislation adopted by a third country, and actions based thereon or resulting therefrom (OJ L 309, 29.11.1996, p. 1.) (57).</u> 3.6 Union response: information gathering	<u>1. [There shall be a single contact point within the Commission in relation to the implementation of this Regulation and its coordination with other tools related to anti-coercion policy such as the Blocking Statute^{1a}.</u> <u>^{1a} Council Regulation (EC) No 2271/96 of 22 November 1996 protecting against the effects of the extra-territorial application of legislation adopted by a third country, and actions based thereon or resulting therefrom (OJ L 309, 29.11.1996, p. 1.) (57).]</u> COM/LS to provide new drafting. PRES proposes to instead propose and agree to “There shall be a single contact point within the Commission in relation to the implementation of this Regulation and its

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
					<i>coordination with the implementation of other EU legal instruments when used to respond to measures of economic coercion. tools related to anti-coercion policy such as the Blocking Statute 1a.</i>
	Article 11a(2)				
Y	133c			<u>2. For the purposes of this Regulation, the Commission shall:</u> 3.6 Union response: information gathering	<u>2. [For the purposes of this Regulation, the Commission shall:]</u> SE pres proposes to agree
	Article 11a(2), point (a)				
Y	133d			<u>(a) gather information and provide cost and data analyses with a view to determining the nature of economic coercion measures;</u> 3.6 Union response: information gathering	<u>(a) [gather information and provide cost and data analyses with a view to determining the nature of economic coercion measures;]</u> SE pres proposes to agree

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
Article 11a(2), point (b)					
Y	133e			<u>(b) act, in full compliance with the principle of confidentiality, as the main contact point for EU businesses and private sector stakeholders affected by economic coercion measures, including with regard to assistance to be provided in the context of ongoing economic coercion;</u> 3.6 Union response: information gathering	<u>(b) [act, in full compliance with the principle of confidentiality, as the main contact point for EU businesses and private sector stakeholders affected by economic coercion measures, including with regard to assistance to be provided in the context of ongoing economic coercion;]</u> SE pres proposes to agree, possibly with the exception of assistance.
Article 12					
G	134	Article 12 Confidentiality	Article 12 Confidentiality	Article 12 Confidentiality	Article 12 Confidentiality
Article 12(1)					
G	135	1. Information received pursuant to this Regulation shall be used only for the purpose for which it was requested.	1. Information received pursuant to this Regulation shall be used only for the purpose for which it was <u>supplied</u> , requested, <u>or obtained</u> .	1. Information received pursuant to this Regulation shall be used only for the purpose for which it was <u>supplied</u> , requested, <u>or obtained</u> . s 7. Horizontal provisions	1. Information received pursuant to this Regulation shall be used only for the purpose for which it was supplied, requested, or obtained.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
Article 12(2)					
136	2. The supplier of information may request that information supplied be treated as confidential. In such cases, it shall be accompanied by a non-confidential summary or a statement of the reasons why the information cannot be summarised. The Commission, the Council, the European Parliament, Member States or their officials shall not reveal any information of a confidential nature received pursuant to this Regulation, without specific permission from the supplier of such information.	2. The supplier of information may request that information supplied be treated as confidential. In such cases, it shall be accompanied by a non-confidential <u>but meaningful</u> summary or a statement of the reasons why the information cannot be summarised. The Commission, the Council, the European Parliament, Member States or their officials shall not reveal <u>are prohibited from revealing</u> any information of a confidential nature received pursuant to this Regulation, without specific permission from the supplier of such information.	2. The supplier of information may request thatsuch information supplied be treated as confidential. In such cases, it shall be accompanied by a non-confidential summary of the information concerned or a statement of the reasons explaining why the information concerned cannot be summarised. The Commission, the Council, the European Parliament, Member States or their officials shall not reveal any information of a confidential nature received pursuant to this Regulation, without specific permission from the supplier of such information.	2. The supplier of information may request such information be treated as confidential. In such cases, it shall be accompanied by a non-confidential <u>but meaningful</u> summary of the information concerned or a statement of the reasons explaining why the information concerned cannot be summarised. The Commission, the Council, the European Parliament, Member States or their officials shall not reveal any information of a confidential nature received pursuant to this Regulation, without specific permission from the supplier of such information. 29/11/22: Consolidation/clarification 'prohibit' is not suitable for this text. There is no divergence on the logic	2. The supplier of information may request such information be treated as confidential. In such cases, it shall be accompanied by a non-confidential but meaningful summary of the information concerned or a statement of the reasons explaining why the information concerned cannot be summarised. The Commission, the Council, the European Parliament, Member States or their officials shall not reveal any information of a confidential nature received pursuant to this Regulation, without specific permission from the supplier of such information.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				No changes to 4th column text. 7. Horizontal provisions SE pres agrees	
Article 12(3)					
137	3. Paragraph 2 shall not preclude the Commission to disclose general information in a summary form, which does not contain information allowing to identify the supplier of the information. Such disclosure shall take into account the legitimate interest of the parties concerned in not having confidential information disclosed.	3. Paragraph 2 shall not preclude the Commission to disclose general information in a summary <u>but meaningful</u> form, which does not contain information allowing to identify the supplier of the information. Such disclosure shall take into account the legitimate interest of the parties concerned in not having confidential information disclosed.	3. Paragraph 2 shall not preclude the Commission to disclose from disclosing general information in a summary form, which provided that such disclosure does not contain information allowing to identify the identity of the supplier of the information to be known. Such disclosure shall take into account the legitimate interest of the parties concerned in not having confidential information disclosed.	3. Paragraph 2 shall not preclude the Commission from disclosing general information in summary <u>but meaningful</u> form, provided that such disclosure does not contain information allowing the identity of the supplier of the information to be known. Such disclosure shall take into account the legitimate interest of the parties concerned in not having confidential information disclosed. 29/11/22: Consolidated No changes to 4th column text. SE pres agrees 7. Horizontal provisions	3. Paragraph 2 shall not preclude the Commission from disclosing general information in summary but meaningful form, provided that such disclosure does not contain information allowing the identity of the supplier of the information to be known. Such disclosure shall take into account the legitimate interest of the parties concerned in not having confidential information disclosed.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
Article 12(3a)					
Y	137a			<u>4. Member States officials obtaining information under this Regulation shall be subject to a duty of professional secrecy with regard to any confidential information which has come to their knowledge in the course of the performance of their official duties. A secure and encrypted system shall be provided by the Commission to support direct cooperation and exchange of information with Member States officials.</u>	Y
Article 13					
Y	138	Article 13 Rules of origin	Article 13 Rules of origin	Article 13 Rules of origin and nationality	Article 13 Rules of origin and nationality
Article 13(1)					
G	139	1. The origin or nationality of a good, service, service provider, investment or	1. The origin or nationality of a good, service, service provider, investment or	1. The origin or nationality of a good, service, service provider, investment or	1. The origin or nationality of a good, service, service provider, investment or

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
	intellectual property rightholder shall be determined in accordance with Annex II.	intellectual property rightholder shall be determined in accordance with Annex II.	intellectual property rightholder shall be determined in accordance with Annex II.	intellectual property rightholder shall be determined in accordance with Annex II. No changes to 4th column text.	intellectual property rightholder shall be determined in accordance with Annex II.
Article 13(2)					
Y	140	2. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 14 to amend points 2 to 4 of Annex II in order to amend the rules of origin and add any other technical rules necessary for the application of the Regulation, to ensure its effectiveness and to take account of relevant developments in international instruments and experience in the application of measures under this Regulation or other Union acts.	2. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 14 to amend points 2 to 4 of Annex II in order to amend the rules of origin and add any other technical rules necessary for the application of the Regulation, to ensure its effectiveness and to take account of relevant developments in international instruments and experience in the application of measures under this Regulation or other Union acts.	2. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 14 to supplement or amend points 2 to 4 and 3 of Annex II in order to amend the rules of origin and add any other technical rules necessary for the application of the Regulation, to ensure its effectiveness and to take account of relevant developments in international instruments and experience in the application of measures under this Regulation or other Union acts.. 5.5 Decision-making: delegated acts 8. Rules of origin	
Article 14					
G	141				G

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	Article 14 Delegated Acts	Article 14 Delegated Acts	Article 14 Delegated Acts	Article 14 Delegated Acts	Article 14 Delegated Acts
Article 14(1)					
G	142	1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.	1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.	1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article. No changes to 4th column text.	1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.
Article 14(2)					
R	143	2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Articles 7(7) and 13(2) shall be conferred on the Commission for an indeterminate period of time from [date of entry into force].	2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Articles 7(7) and 13(2) shall be conferred on the Commission for an indeterminate period of time from [date of entry into force].	2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Articles 7(7) and Article 13(2) shall be conferred on the Commission for an indeterminate period of time five years from [date of entry into force of this Regulation]. Such delegation of power shall be tacitly extended for periods of an identical duration unless the European Parliament or the Council opposes such extension not later than three months before the end of each period.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
			three months before the end of each period.	29/11/22: Bracketed text for discussion 9/1/23: suggested approach to delegation. 5.5 Decision-making: delegated acts SE pres agrees (Council mandate)	
Article 14(3)					
144	3. The delegation of power referred to in Articles 7(7) and 13(2) may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of the power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.	3. The delegation of power referred to in Articles 7(7) and 13(2) may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of the power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.	3. The delegation of power referred to in Articles 7(7) and Article 13(2) may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of the power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.	3. The delegation of power referred to in Article 13(2) may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of the power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force. 29/11/22: Bracketed text for discussion	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				9/1/23: alignment with other changes for delegated acts. 5.5 Decision-making: delegated acts SE pres agrees (Council mandate)	
Article 14(4)					
145	4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement on Better Law-Making of 13 April 2016.	4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement on Better Law-Making of 13 April 2016.	4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement on Better Law-Making of 13 April 2016.	4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement on Better Law-Making of 13 April 2016. No changes to 4th column text.	4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement on Better Law-Making of 13 April 2016.
Article 14(5), first subparagraph					
146	5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.	5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.	5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.	5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.	5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				No changes to 4th column text.	
Article 14(5), second subparagraph					
R 147	A delegated act adopted pursuant to Articles 7(7) and 13(2) shall enter into force only if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or by the Council within a period of two months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by two months at the initiative of the European Parliament or of the Council.	A delegated act adopted pursuant to Articles 7(7) and 13(2) shall enter into force only if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or by the Council within a period of two months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by two months at the initiative of the European Parliament or of the Council.	A delegated act adopted pursuant to Articles 7(7) and Article 13(2) shall enter into force only if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or by the Council within a period of two months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by two months at the initiative of the European Parliament or of the Council.	A delegated act adopted pursuant to Article 13(2) shall enter into force only if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or by the Council within a period of two months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by two months at the initiative of the European Parliament or of the Council. 29/11/22: Bracketed text for discussion 9/1/23: alignment with other changes for delegated acts.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				5.5 Decision-making: delegated acts SE pres agrees (Council mandate)	
Article 15					
G	148	Article 15 Committee procedure	Article 15 Committee procedure	Article 15 Committee procedure	Article 15 Committee procedure
Article 15(1)					
G	149	1. The Commission shall be assisted by a Committee. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Article 3 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	1. The Commission shall be assisted by a Committee. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Article 3 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	1. The Commission shall be assisted by a Committee. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Article 3 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011. No changes to 4th column text.	1. The Commission shall be assisted by a Committee. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Article 3 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.
Article 15(2)					
R	150	2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply. Where the Committee delivers no opinion, the Commission shall not	2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply. Where the Committee delivers no opinion, the Commission shall not adopt	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
			adopt the draft implementing act and the third subparagraph of Article 5(4) of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	the draft implementing act and the third subparagraph of Article 5(4) of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply. 29/11/22: For discussion; 9/1/23: appears in both packages in packages non- paper of 9/1/23; square brackets removed. 5.2 Decision-making: stage 2 SE pres agrees (Council mandate)	
Article 15(3)					
G	151	3. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 8 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 in conjunction with Article 5 thereof, shall apply.	3. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 8 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 in conjunction with Article 5 thereof, shall apply.	3. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 8 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 in conjunction with Article 5 thereof, shall apply. No changes to 4th column text SE pres agrees (Council mandate)	3. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 8 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 in conjunction with Article 5 thereof, shall apply.
Article 15a					
Y	151a				Y

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
			Article 15bis --		
Article 15a(1)					
151b			1. Member States officials obtaining information under this Regulation shall be subject to a duty of professional secrecy with regard to any confidential information which has come to their knowledge in the course of the performance of their official duties. A secure and encrypted system shall be provided by the Commission to support direct cooperation and exchange of information with Member States officials.	1. Member States officials obtaining information under this Regulation shall be subject to a duty of professional secrecy with regard to any confidential information which has come to their knowledge in the course of the performance of their official duties. A secure and encrypted system shall be provided by the Commission to support direct cooperation and exchange of information with Member States officials. Moved to Article 12 7. Horizontal provisions	
Article 16					
152	Article 16 Review	Article 16 <u>Reporting and</u> Review	Article 16 Review	Article 16 <u>Reporting and</u> Review 7. Horizontal provisions	Article 16 <u>Reporting and</u> Review

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	Article 16(1)				
153	1. The Commission shall evaluate any Union response measure adopted pursuant to Article 7 six months after its termination, taking into account stakeholder input and any other relevant information. The evaluation report shall examine the effectiveness and operation of the Union response measure, and draw possible conclusions for future measures.	1. The Commission shall evaluate any Union response measure adopted pursuant to Article 7 six months after its termination, taking into account stakeholder input, <u>and information provided by the European Parliament and the Council</u>, and any other relevant information. The <u>Commission shall publish every year an evaluation report</u> shall examine <u>in which it examines</u> the effectiveness and operation of the Union response measure, and draw possible conclusions for future measures. <u>The Commission shall present such report to the European Parliament and the Council.</u>	1. The Commission shall evaluate any Union response measure adopted pursuant to Article 7 Articles 7 and 8 six months after its termination, taking into account stakeholder input and any other relevant information. The and shall report to the European Parliament and the Council. In this evaluation report the Commission shall examine the effectiveness and operation of the Union response measure, and, where appropriate, draw possible conclusions for future Union response measures and the review of this regulation pursuant to paragraph 2.	1. <u>The Commission shall keep the European Parliament and the Council informed, regularly and in a timely manner, of relevant developments in the application of this Regulation at the stage of examination [of any acts proposed or adopted pursuant to Article 4], engagement and international cooperation, and in the period during which Union response measures are in force. The reporting obligation may include an exchange of views where appropriate or requested by the European Parliament or the Council. The European Parliament may express its views to [the Council and] the Commission via any appropriate means.</u> <u>1.</u> The Commission shall evaluate any Union response measure adopted pursuant to Articles <u>Article</u> 7 and 8 six	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				months after its termination, taking into account stakeholder input, <u>and information provided by the European Parliament and the Council</u>, and any other relevant information, and shall report to the European Parliament and the Council.. In this evaluation the<u>report</u>the Commission shall examine the effectiveness and operation of the Union response measure, and, where appropriate, draw <u>possible</u> conclusions for future Union response measures and the review of this regulation pursuant to paragraph 2. 7. Horizontal provisions	

Article 16(2)

154	2. No later than three years after the adoption of the first implementing act under this Regulation or six years after the entry into force of this Regulation, whichever is earlier, the Commission shall review this Regulation	2. No later than three years after the adoption of the first implementing act <u>under entry into force of</u> this Regulation, <u>and at the latest every four years thereafter</u> or six years after the entry into force of this Regulation,	2. No later than three years after the adoption of the first implementing act under this Regulation or six <u>five</u> years after the date of entry into force of this Regulation, whichever is earlier, and every five years thereafter,	2. No later than three years after the adoption of the first implementing act under this Regulation or five years after the date of entry into force of this Regulation, whichever is earlier, and every five years thereafter,	
-----	---	--	---	--	--

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	and its implementation and shall report to the European Parliament and the Council.	whichever is earlier , the Commission shall review this Regulation and its implementation, <u>in particular, in ensuring complementarity with the review of the Blocking Statute</u> and shall report to the European Parliament and the Council <u>notably in the relevant reporting of the Chief Trade Enforcement Officer</u> .	the Commission shall review this Regulation and its implementation and shall report to the European Parliament and the Council. In the course of such review, the Commission shall give particular consideration to any issues which may arise as regards the relationship of this Regulation to other existing Union instruments.	the Commission shall review this Regulation and its implementation and shall report to the European Parliament and the Council. In the course of such review, the Commission shall give particular consideration to any issues which may arise as regards the relationship of this Regulation to other existing Union instruments, <u>such as the Blocking Statute</u> . 29/11/22: Reconciled – taking ideas from each amendment 9/1/23: further revision to reconcile the positions, and to each scenario; reference to Blocking Statute as among the instruments that may be related. 1.2 Relations with other instruments and policies 9. Review clause and final provision 7. Horizontal provisions	
Article 17					
155	Article 17	Article 17	Article 17	Article 17	Article 17

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	Entry into force	Entry into force	Entry into force	Entry into force	Entry into force
Article 17, first paragraph					
156	This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union. No changes to 4th column text.	This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.
Article 17, second paragraph					
157	This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.	This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.	This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.	This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States. No changes to 4th column text.	This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.
Formula					
158	Done at Brussels,	Done at Brussels,	Done at Brussels,	Done at Brussels,	Done at Brussels,
Formula					
159				For the European Parliament	For the European Parliament

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	For the European Parliament	For the European Parliament	For the European Parliament		
	Formula				
G	160	The President	The President	The President	The President
	Formula				
G	161	For the Council	For the Council	For the Council	For the Council
	Formula				
G	162	The President	The President	The President	The President
	Annex I				
	162.1	Annex I			
	Annex I, first heading				
R	163	Union response measures pursuant to Articles 7 and 8	Union response measures pursuant to Articles 7 and 8	Union response measures pursuant to Articles 7 and 8 3.1 Union response: type of measures	Union response measures pursuant to Articles 7 and 8
	Annex I, first paragraph				
R	164				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
	Measures which may be adopted pursuant to Articles 7 and 8 are:	Measures which may be adopted pursuant to Articles 7 and 8 are:	Measures which may be adopted pursuant to Articles 7 and 8 are:	Measures which may be adopted pursuant to Articles 7 and 8 are: 3.1 Union response: type of measures	/ Measures which may be adopted pursuant to Articles 7 and 8 are: /
Annex I, first paragraph, point (a)					
R 165	(a) the suspension of any tariff concessions, as necessary, and the imposition of new or increased customs duties, including the re-establishment of customs duties at the most-favoured-nation level or the imposition of customs duties beyond the most-favoured-nation level, or the introduction of any additional charge on the importation or exportation of goods;	(a) the suspension of any tariff concessions, as necessary, and the imposition of new or increased customs duties, including the re-establishment of customs duties at the most-favoured-nation level or the imposition of customs duties beyond the most-favoured-nation level, or the introduction of any additional charge on the importation or exportation of goods;	(a) the suspension of non-performance of applicable international obligations as regards any tariff concessions, as necessary, and the imposition of new or increased customs duties, including the re-establishment of customs duties at the most-favoured-nation level or the imposition of customs duties beyond the most-favoured-nation level, or the introduction of any additional charge on the importation or exportation of goods;	(a) the non-performance of applicable international obligations as regards any tariff concessions, as necessary, and the imposition of new or increased customs duties, including the re-establishment of customs duties at the most-favoured-nation level or the imposition of customs duties beyond the most-favoured-nation level, or the introduction of any additional charge on the importation or exportation of goods; 29/11/22: Clarification No changes to 4th column text.	(a) / the non-performance of applicable international obligations as regards any tariff concessions, as necessary, and the imposition of new or increased customs duties, including the re-establishment of customs duties at the most-favoured-nation level or the imposition of customs duties beyond the most-favoured-nation level, or the introduction of any additional charge on the importation or exportation of goods; /

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				3.1 Union response: type of measures	
Annex I, first paragraph, point (b)					
R 166	(b) the suspension of applicable international obligations, as necessary, and the introduction or increase of restrictions on the importation or exportation of goods, whether made effective through quotas, import or export licences or other measures, or on the payment for goods;	(b) the suspension of applicable international obligations, as necessary, and the introduction or increase of restrictions on the importation or exportation of goods, whether made effective through quotas, import or export licences or other measures, or on the payment for goods;	(b) the suspension non-performance of applicable international obligations, as necessary, and the introduction or increase of restrictions on the importation or exportation of goods, whether made effective through quotas, import or export licences or other measures, or on the payment for goods;	(b) the non-performance of applicable international obligations, as necessary, and the introduction or increase of restrictions on the importation or exportation of goods, whether made effective through quotas, import or export licences or other measures, or on the payment for goods; 29/11/22: Clarification No changes to 4th column text. 3.1 Union response: type of measures	(b) <u>/</u> the non-performance of applicable international obligations, as necessary, and the introduction or increase of restrictions on the importation or exportation of goods, whether made effective through quotas, import or export licences or other measures, or on the payment for goods; <u>/</u>
Annex I, first paragraph, point (c)					
R 167	(c) the suspension of applicable international obligations, as necessary, and the introduction of restrictions on trade in	(c) the suspension of applicable international obligations, as necessary, and the introduction of restrictions on trade in	(c) the suspension non-performance of applicable international obligations, as necessary, and the introduction of restrictions	(c) the non-performance of applicable international obligations, as necessary, and the introduction of restrictions on trade in	(c) <u>/</u> the non-performance of applicable international obligations, as necessary, and the introduction of restrictions on trade in

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
	goods made effective through measures applying to transiting goods or internal measures applying to goods.	goods made effective through measures applying to transiting goods or internal measures applying to goods.	on trade in goods made effective through measures applying to transiting goods or internal measures applying to goods.	goods made effective through measures applying to transiting goods or internal measures applying to goods. 29/11/22: Clarification No changes to 4th column text. 3.1 Union response: type of measures	goods made effective through measures applying to transiting goods or internal measures applying to goods. /
Annex I, first paragraph, point (d)					
168	(d) the suspension of applicable international obligations concerning the right to participate in tender procedures in the area of public procurement, as necessary, and:	(d) the suspension of applicable international obligations concerning the right to participate in tender procedures in the area of public procurement, as necessary, and:	(d) the suspension non-performance of applicable international obligations concerning the right to participate in tender procedures in the area of public procurement, as necessary, and:	(d) the non-performance of applicable international obligations concerning the right to participate in tender procedures in the area of public procurement, as necessary, and: 29/11/22: Clarification No changes to 4th column text. 3.1 Union response: type of measures	(d) / the non-performance of applicable international obligations concerning the right to participate in tender procedures in the area of public procurement, as necessary, and: /
Annex I, first paragraph, point (d)(i)					

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
R 169	(i) the exclusion from public procurement of goods, services or suppliers of goods or services of the third country concerned or the exclusion of tenders the total value of which is made up of more than a specified percentage of goods or services of the third country concerned; and/or	(i) the exclusion from public procurement of goods, services or suppliers of goods or services of the third country concerned or the exclusion of tenders the total value of which is made up of more than a specified percentage of goods or services of the third country concerned; and/or	(i) the exclusion from public procurement of goods, services or suppliers of goods or services of the third country concerned or the exclusion of tenders the total value of which is made up of more than a specified percentage 50 % of goods or services of originating in the third country concerned; and/or	(i) the exclusion from public procurement of goods, services or suppliers of goods or services of the third country concerned or the exclusion of tenders the total value of which is made up of more than 50 % <u>a specified percentage</u> of goods or services originating in the third country concerned; and/or 29/11/22: Consolidation/Clarification; Some substantive changes for discussion 9/1/23: suggesting to use "specified percentage" rather than a fixed percentage to provide flexibility for the most appropriate Union response measures. 3.1 Union response: type of measures	(i) <u>the</u> exclusion from public procurement of goods, services or suppliers of goods or services of the third country concerned or the exclusion of tenders the total value of which is made up of more than 50 % <u>a [50%] [specified percentage]</u> of goods or services originating in the third country concerned; and/or <u>/</u> 09/02: [a specified percentage of 50%] as in the CL mandate in line with IPI
Annex I, first paragraph, point (d)(ii)					
R 170	(ii) the imposition of a mandatory price evaluation weighting penalty ¹ on	(ii) the imposition of a mandatory price evaluation weighting penalty ¹ on	(ii) the imposition of a mandatory price evaluation weighting penalty score	(ii) the imposition of a score adjustment ⁴¹ on tenders of goods, services or	(ii) <u>the</u> imposition of a score adjustment ⁴¹ on tenders of goods, services or

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
	tenders of goods, services or suppliers of goods or services of the third country concerned. 1. Mandatory price evaluation weighting penalty means an obligation for contracting authorities or entities conducting public procurement procedures to increase, subject to certain exceptions, the price of goods or services falling under this paragraph that have been offered in contract award procedures.	tenders of goods, services or suppliers of goods or services of the third country concerned. 1. Mandatory price evaluation weighting penalty means an obligation for contracting authorities or entities conducting public procurement procedures to increase, subject to certain exceptions, the price of goods or services falling under this paragraph that have been offered in contract award procedures.	adjustment¹ on tenders of goods, services or suppliers of goods or services of the third country concerned. 1. Mandatory price evaluation weighting penalty Score adjustment means an obligation for contracting authorities or entities conducting public procurement procedures to increase relatively diminish, subject to certain exceptions, the price of goods or services falling under this paragraph that have been offered in score of a tender resulting from its evaluation, on the basis of the contract award criteria defined in the relevant public procurement documents, by a given percentage. In cases where price or cost is the only contract award procedures criterion, the score adjustment means the relative increase, for the purpose of the evaluation of tenders, by a given percentage of the price offered by a tenderer.	suppliers of goods or services of the third country concerned. <u>1.Score adjustment means an obligation for contracting authorities or entities conducting public procurement procedures to increase relatively diminish, subject to certain exceptions, the score of a tender resulting from its evaluation, on the basis of the contract award criteria defined in the relevant public procurement documents, by a given percentage. In cases where price or cost is the only contract award criterion, the score adjustment means the relative increase, for the purpose of the evaluation of tenders, by a given percentage of the price offered by a tenderer.</u> 1. Score adjustment means an obligation for contracting authorities or entities conducting public procurement procedures to increase relatively diminish, subject to certain exceptions, the score of a tender resulting from its evaluation, on the basis of the	suppliers of goods or services of the third country concerned. <u>1.Score adjustment means an obligation for contracting authorities or entities conducting public procurement procedures to increase relatively diminish, subject to certain exceptions, the score of a tender resulting from its evaluation, on the basis of the contract award criteria defined in the relevant public procurement documents, by a given percentage. In cases where price or cost is the only contract award criterion, the score adjustment means the relative increase, for the purpose of the evaluation of tenders, by a given percentage of the price offered by a tenderer.]</u> 1. Score adjustment means an obligation for contracting authorities or entities conducting public procurement procedures to increase relatively diminish, subject to certain exceptions, the score of a tender resulting from its evaluation, on the basis of the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				contract award criteria defined in the relevant public procurement documents, by a given percentage. In cases where price or cost is the only contract award criterion, the score adjustment means the relative increase, for the purpose of the evaluation of tenders, by a given percentage of the price offered by a tenderer. 29/11/22: Consolidation/clarification; Some substantive changes for discussion 9/1/23: square brackets removed, aligned on Council position. 3.1 Union response: type of measures	contract award criteria defined in the relevant public procurement documents, by a given percentage. In cases where price or cost is the only contract award criterion, the score adjustment means the relative increase, for the purpose of the evaluation of tenders, by a given percentage of the price offered by a tenderer. 09/02: "score adjustment" in line with IPI
Annex I, first paragraph					
G	171	Origin shall be determined on the basis of Annex II;	Origin shall be determined on the basis of Annex II;	Origin shall be determined on the basis of Annex II; 3.1 Union response: type of measures	Origin shall be determined on the basis of Annex II;
Annex I, point (e)					
R	172	(e) the suspension of applicable international	(e) the suspension of applicable international	deleted	(e) [the suspension the non-performance] of applicable

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
	obligations, as necessary, and the imposition of restrictions on the exportation of goods falling under the Union export control regime;	obligations, as necessary, and the imposition of restrictions on the exportation of goods falling under the Union export control regime;		See package non-paper of 9/1/23. 3.1 Union response: type of measures	international obligations, as necessary, and the imposition of restrictions on the exportation of goods falling under the Union export control regime; /
Annex I, point (f)					
R 173	(f) the suspension of applicable international obligations regarding trade in services, as necessary, and the imposition of measures affecting trade in services;	(f) the suspension of applicable international obligations regarding trade in services, as necessary, and the imposition of measures affecting trade in services;	(f) the suspension non-performance of applicable international obligations regarding trade in services, as necessary, and the imposition of measures affecting trade in services;	(f) the non-performance of applicable international obligations regarding trade in services, as necessary, and the imposition of measures affecting trade in services; 29/11/22: Clarification No changes to 4th column text. 3.1 Union response: type of measures	(f) / the non-performance of applicable international obligations regarding trade in services, as necessary, and the imposition of measures affecting trade in services; /
Annex I, point (g)					
R 174	(g) the suspension of applicable international obligations, as necessary, and the imposition of measures affecting foreign direct investment;	(g) the suspension of applicable international obligations, as necessary, and the imposition of measures affecting foreign direct investment;	(g) the suspension non-performance of applicable international obligations, as necessary, and the imposition of measures affecting the access of	(g) the non-performance of applicable international obligations, as necessary, and the imposition of measures affecting / the	(g) / the non-performance of applicable international obligations, as necessary, and the imposition of measures affecting / the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
			foreign direct investment to the Union;	access of foreign direct investment to the Union; 29/11/22: For discussion See package non-paper of 9/1/23. 3.1 Union response: type of measures	access of foreign direct investment to the Union; L
Annex I, point (h)					
R 175	(h) the suspension of applicable international obligations with respect to trade-related aspects of intellectual property rights, as necessary, and the imposition of restrictions on the protection of such intellectual property rights or their commercial exploitation, in relation to right-holders who are nationals of the third country concerned;	(h) the suspension of applicable international obligations with respect to trade-related aspects of intellectual property rights, as necessary, and the imposition of restrictions on the protection of such intellectual property rights or their commercial exploitation, in relation to right-holders who are nationals of the third country concerned;	(h) the suspension non- performance of applicable international obligations with respect to trade-related aspects of intellectual property rights granted by a Union institution or agency and valid throughout the Union , as necessary, and the imposition of restrictions on the protection of such intellectual property rights or their commercial exploitation, in relation to right-holders who are nationals of the third country concerned;	(h) the non-performance of applicable international obligations with respect to trade-related aspects of intellectual property rights L granted by a Union institution or agency and valid throughout the Union. L as necessary, and the imposition of restrictions on the protection of such intellectual property rights or their commercial exploitation, in relation to right-holders who are nationals of the third country concerned; 29/11/22: For discussion	(h) L the non-performance of applicable international obligations with respect to trade-related aspects of intellectual property rights L granted by a Union institution or agency and valid throughout the Union. L as necessary, and the imposition of restrictions on the protection of such intellectual property rights or their commercial exploitation, in relation to right-holders who are nationals of the third country concerned; L

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				See package non-paper of 9/1/23. 3.1 Union response: type of measures	
Annex I, point (i)					
R 176	(i) the suspension of applicable international obligations with respect to financial services, as necessary, and the imposition of restrictions for banking, insurance, access to Union capital markets and other financial service activities;	(i) the suspension of applicable international obligations with respect to financial services, as necessary, and the imposition of restrictions for banking, insurance, access to Union capital markets and other financial service activities;	(i) the suspension non-performance of applicable international obligations with respect to financial services, as necessary, and the imposition of restrictions for banking, insurance, access to Union capital markets and other financial service activities;	(i) the non-performance of applicable international obligations with respect to financial services, as necessary, and the imposition of restrictions for banking, insurance, access to Union capital markets and other financial service activities; 29/11/22: Clarification No changes to 4th column text. 3.1 Union response: type of measures	(i) <u>the</u> non-performance of applicable international obligations with respect to financial services, as necessary, and the imposition of restrictions for banking, insurance, access to Union capital markets and other financial service activities; <u>l</u>
Annex I, point (j)					
R 177	(j) the suspension of applicable international obligations with respect to the treatment of goods, as	(j) the suspension of applicable international obligations with respect to the treatment of goods, as	<i>deleted</i>	No text proposed	(j) <u><i>the suspension of applicable international obligations with respect to the treatment of goods, as</i></u>

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	necessary, and the imposition of restrictions on registrations and authorisations under the chemicals legislation of the Union;	necessary, and the imposition of restrictions on registrations and authorisations under the chemicals legislation of the Union;		See package non-paper of 9/1/23. 3.1 Union response: type of measures	<u>necessary, and the imposition of restrictions on registrations and authorisations under the chemicals legislation of the Union;]</u>
Annex I, point (k)					
R 178	(k) the suspension of applicable international obligations with respect to the treatment of goods, as necessary, and the imposition of restrictions on registrations and authorisations related to the sanitary and phytosanitary legislation of the Union;	(k) the suspension of applicable international obligations with respect to the treatment of goods, as necessary, and the imposition of restrictions on registrations and authorisations related to the sanitary and phytosanitary legislation of the Union;	deleted	No text proposed See package non-paper of 9/1/23. 3.1 Union response: type of measures	(k) <u>[the suspension of applicable international obligations with respect to the treatment of goods, as necessary, and the imposition of restrictions on registrations and authorisations related to the sanitary and phytosanitary legislation of the Union;]</u>
Annex I, point (l)					
R 179	(l) the suspension of applicable international obligations, as necessary, and the imposition of restrictions on access to Union-funded research programmes or exclusion from Union-funded research programmes.	(l) the suspension of applicable international obligations, as necessary, and the imposition of restrictions on access to Union-funded research programmes or exclusion from Union-funded research programmes.	deleted	See recital 16ter 9/1/23: Removed from Annex I, referred to in recital 16ter, covered under Commission existing powers. 3.1 Union response: type of measures	(l) <u>[the suspension of applicable international obligations, as necessary, and the imposition of restrictions on access to Union-funded research programmes or exclusion from Union-funded research programmes.]</u>

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
Annex II					
179.1	Annex II				
Annex II, first heading					
180	Rules of Origin	Rules of Origin	Rules of Origin and Nationality	Rules of Origin and Nationality 29/11/22: Clarification SE pres agrees (Council mandate) 8. Rules of origin	
Annex II, point (1)					
181	1. The origin of a good shall be determined in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 952/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council.¹ 1. Regulation (EU) No 952/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 October 2013 laying down the Union Customs Code (OJ L 269, 10.10.2013, p. 1).	1. The origin of a good shall be determined in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 952/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council.¹ 1. Regulation (EU) No 952/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 October 2013 laying down the Union Customs Code (OJ L 269, 10.10.2013, p. 1).	1. The origin of a good shall be determined in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 952/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council.¹ 1. Regulation (EU) No 952/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 October 2013 laying down the Union Customs Code (OJ L 269, 10.10.2013, p. 1).	1. The origin of a good shall be determined in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 952/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council.¹ 1. Regulation (EU) No 952/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 October 2013 laying down the Union Customs Code (OJ L 269, 10.10.2013, p. 1). No changes to 4th column text.	1. The origin of a good shall be determined in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 952/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council.¹ 1. Regulation (EU) No 952/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 October 2013 laying down the Union Customs Code (OJ L 269, 10.10.2013, p. 1).

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
				8. Rules of origin	
Annex II, point (2)					
Y	182	2. The origin of a service, including a service supplied in the area of public procurement, shall be determined on the basis of the origin of the natural or legal person providing it. The origin of the service provider shall be deemed to be:	2. The origin of a service, including a service supplied in the area of public procurement, shall be determined on the basis of the origin of the natural or legal person providing it. The origin nationality of the service provider shall be deemed to be:	2. The origin of a service, including a service supplied in the area of public procurement, shall be determined on the basis of the origin of the natural or legal person providing it. The nationality of the service provider shall be deemed to be: 29/11/22: Clarification No changes to 4th column text. SE pres agrees (Council mandate) 8. Rules of origin	
Annex II, point (2)(a)					
G	183	(a) in the case of a natural person, the country of which the person is a national or where the person has a right of permanent residence;	(a) in the case of a natural person, the country of which the person is a national or where the person has a right of permanent residence;	(a) in the case of a natural person, the country of which the person is a national or where the person has a right of permanent residence; No changes to 4th column text.	(a) in the case of a natural person, the country of which the person is a national or where the person has a right of permanent residence;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	Annex II, point (2)(b)				
184	(b) in the case of a legal person any of the following:	(b) in the case of a legal person any of the following:	(b) in the case of a legal person any of the following:	(b) in the case of a legal person any of the following: No changes to 4th column text.	(b) in the case of a legal person any of the following:
	Annex II, point (2)(b)(i)				
185	(i) if the service is provided other than through a commercial presence within the Union, the country where the legal person is constituted or otherwise organised under the laws of that country and in the territory of which the legal person is engaged in substantive business operations;	(i) if the service is provided other than through a commercial presence within the Union, the country where the legal person is constituted or otherwise organised under the laws of that country and in the territory of which the legal person is engaged in substantive business operations;	(i) if the service is provided other than through a commercial presence within the Union, the country where the legal person is constituted or otherwise organised under the laws of that country and in the territory of which the legal person is engaged in substantive business operations;	(i) if the service is provided other than through a commercial presence within the Union, the country where the legal person is constituted or otherwise organised under the laws of that country and in the territory of which the legal person is engaged in substantive business operations; No changes to 4th column text.	(i) if the service is provided other than through a commercial presence within the Union, the country where the legal person is constituted or otherwise organised under the laws of that country and in the territory of which the legal person is engaged in substantive business operations;
	Annex II, point (2)(b)(ii)				
186	(ii) if the service is provided through a	(ii) if the service is provided through a	(ii) if the service is provided through a	(ii) if the service is provided through a	(ii) if the service is provided through a

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	commercial presence within the Union,	commercial presence within the Union,	commercial presence within the Union,	commercial presence within the Union, No changes to 4th column text.	commercial presence within the Union,
Annex II, point (a)					
187	(a) if the legal person is engaged in substantive business operations in the territory of the Member State where the legal person is established such that it has a direct and effective link with the economy of that Member State the origin of that legal person shall be deemed to be that of the Member State in which it is established	(a) if the legal person is engaged in substantive business operations in the territory of the Member State where the legal person is established such that it has a direct and effective link with the economy of that Member State the origin of that legal person shall be deemed to be that of the Member State in which it is established	(a) if the legal person is engaged in substantive business operations in the territory of the Member State where the legal person is established such that it has a direct and effective link with the economy of that Member State the origin of that legal person shall be deemed to be that of the Member State in which it is established	(a) if the legal person is engaged in substantive business operations in the territory of the Member State where the legal person is established such that it has a direct and effective link with the economy of that Member State the origin of that legal person shall be deemed to be that of the Member State in which it is established No changes to 4th column text.	(a) if the legal person is engaged in substantive business operations in the territory of the Member State where the legal person is established such that it has a direct and effective link with the economy of that Member State the origin of that legal person shall be deemed to be that of the Member State in which it is established
Annex II, point (b)					
188	(b) if the legal person providing the service is not engaged in substantive business operations such that it has a direct and effective link with the	(b) if the legal person providing the service is not engaged in substantive business operations such that it has a direct and effective link with the	(b) if the legal person providing the service is not engaged in substantive business operations such that it has a direct and effective link with the	(b) if the legal person providing the service is not engaged in substantive business operations such that it has a direct and effective link with the	(b) if the legal person providing the service is not engaged in substantive business operations such that it has a direct and effective link with the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
	economy of the Member State in which it is established, the origin of that legal person shall be deemed to be the origin of the natural or legal persons which own or control it. The legal person shall be considered to be "owned" by persons of a given country if more than 50 % of the equity interest in it is beneficially owned by persons of that country and "controlled" by persons of a given country if such persons have the power to name a majority of its directors or otherwise to legally direct its actions.	economy of the Member State in which it is established, the origin of that legal person shall be deemed to be the origin of the natural or legal persons which own or control it. The legal person shall be considered to be "owned" by persons of a given country if more than 50 % of the equity interest in it is beneficially owned by persons of that country and "controlled" by persons of a given country if such persons have the power to name a majority of its directors or otherwise to legally direct its actions.	economy of the Member State in which it is established, the origin of that legal person shall be deemed to be the origin of the natural or legal persons which own or control it. The legal person shall be considered to be "owned" by persons of a given country if more than 50 % of the equity interest in it is beneficially owned by persons of that country and "controlled" by persons of a given country if such persons have the power to name a majority of its directors or otherwise to legally direct its actions.	economy of the Member State in which it is established, the origin of that legal person shall be deemed to be the origin of the natural or legal persons which own or control it. The legal person shall be considered to be "owned" by persons of a given country if more than 50 % of the equity interest in it is beneficially owned by persons of that country and "controlled" by persons of a given country if such persons have the power to name a majority of its directors or otherwise to legally direct its actions. No changes to 4th column text.	economy of the Member State in which it is established, the origin of that legal person shall be deemed to be the origin of the natural or legal persons which own or control it. The legal person shall be considered to be "owned" by persons of a given country if more than 50 % of the equity interest in it is beneficially owned by persons of that country and "controlled" by persons of a given country if such persons have the power to name a majority of its directors or otherwise to legally direct its actions.

Annex II(iii)

189	(iii) By derogation from sub-paragraph (ii)(a), if it is decided that Union response measures should apply to legal persons falling under subparagraph (ii)(a), the origin of that person shall be the nationality or the place	(iii) By derogation from sub-paragraph (ii)(a), if it is decided that Union response measures should apply to legal persons falling under subparagraph (ii)(a), the origin of that person shall be the nationality or the place	(iii) By derogation from sub-paragraph (ii)(a), if it is decided that Union response measures should apply to legal persons falling under subparagraph (ii)(a), the origin of that person shall be the nationality or the place	(iii) By derogation from sub-paragraph (ii)(a), if it is decided that Union response measures should apply to legal persons falling under subparagraph (ii)(a), the origin of that person shall be the nationality or the place	(iii) By derogation from sub-paragraph (ii)(a), if it is decided that Union response measures should apply to legal persons falling under subparagraph (ii)(a), the origin of that person shall be the nationality or the place
-----	---	---	---	---	---

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
	of permanent residence of the natural or juridical person or persons who own or control the legal person in the Union. The legal person shall be considered to be "owned" by persons of a given country if more than 50 % of the equity interest in it is beneficially owned by persons of that country and "controlled" by persons of a given country if such persons have the power to name a majority of its directors or otherwise to legally direct its actions.	of permanent residence of the natural or juridical person or persons who own or control the legal person in the Union. The legal person shall be considered to be "owned" by persons of a given country if more than 50 % of the equity interest in it is beneficially owned by persons of that country and "controlled" by persons of a given country if such persons have the power to name a majority of its directors or otherwise to legally direct its actions.	of permanent residence of the natural or juridical legal person or persons who own or control the legal person in the Union. The legal person shall be considered to be "owned" by persons of a given country if more than 50 % of the equity interest in it is beneficially owned by persons of that country and "controlled" by persons of a given country if such persons have the power to name a majority of its directors or otherwise to legally direct its actions.	of permanent residence of the natural or legal person or persons who own or control the legal person in the Union. The legal person shall be considered to be "owned" by persons of a given country if more than 50 % of the equity interest in it is beneficially owned by persons of that country and "controlled" by persons of a given country if such persons have the power to name a majority of its directors or otherwise to legally direct its actions. 29/11/22: Clarification No changes to 4th column text.	of permanent residence of the natural or legal person or persons who own or control the legal person in the Union. The legal person shall be considered to be "owned" by persons of a given country if more than 50 % of the equity interest in it is beneficially owned by persons of that country and "controlled" by persons of a given country if such persons have the power to name a majority of its directors or otherwise to legally direct its actions.
Annex II, point (3)					
190	3. The nationality of an investment shall be:	3. The nationality of an investment shall be:	3. The nationality of an investment shall be:	3. The nationality of an investment shall be: No changes to 4th column text.	3. The nationality of an investment shall be:
Annex II, point (3)(a)					
191					

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
	(a) if the investment is engaged in substantive business operations in the territory of the Member State where the investment is established such that it has a direct and effective link with the economy of that Member State the nationality of the investment shall be deemed to be that of the Member State in which it is established;	(a) if the investment is engaged in substantive business operations in the territory of the Member State where the investment is established such that it has a direct and effective link with the economy of that Member State the nationality of the investment shall be deemed to be that of the Member State in which it is established;	(a) if the investment is engaged in substantive business operations in the territory of the Member State where the investment is established such that it has a direct and effective link with the economy of that Member State the nationality of the investment shall be deemed to be that of the Member State in which it is established;	(a) if the investment is engaged in substantive business operations in the territory of the Member State where the investment is established such that it has a direct and effective link with the economy of that Member State the nationality of the investment shall be deemed to be that of the Member State in which it is established; No changes to 4th column text.	(a) if the investment is engaged in substantive business operations in the territory of the Member State where the investment is established such that it has a direct and effective link with the economy of that Member State the nationality of the investment shall be deemed to be that of the Member State in which it is established;
Annex II, point (3)(b)					
192	(b) if the investment is not engaged in substantive business operations such that it has a direct and effective link with the economy of the Member State in which it is established, the nationality of the investment shall be deemed to that of the natural or legal persons which own or control it. The investment shall be considered to be "owned" by persons of a given country if more than	(b) if the investment is not engaged in substantive business operations such that it has a direct and effective link with the economy of the Member State in which it is established, the nationality of the investment shall be deemed to that of the natural or legal persons which own or control it. The investment shall be considered to be "owned" by persons of a given country if more than	(b) if the investment is not engaged in substantive business operations such that it has a direct and effective link with the economy of the Member State in which it is established, the nationality of the investment shall be deemed to that of the natural or legal persons which own or control it. The investment shall be considered to be "owned" by persons of a given country if more than	(b) if the investment is not engaged in substantive business operations such that it has a direct and effective link with the economy of the Member State in which it is established, the nationality of the investment shall be deemed to that of the natural or legal persons which own or control it. The investment shall be considered to be "owned" by persons of a given country if more than	(b) if the investment is not engaged in substantive business operations such that it has a direct and effective link with the economy of the Member State in which it is established, the nationality of the investment shall be deemed to that of the natural or legal persons which own or control it. The investment shall be considered to be "owned" by persons of a given country if more than

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate
	50 % of the equity interest in it is beneficially owned by persons of that country and "controlled" by persons of a given country if such persons have the power to name a majority of its directors or otherwise to legally direct its actions;	50 % of the equity interest in it is beneficially owned by persons of that country and "controlled" by persons of a given country if such persons have the power to name a majority of its directors or otherwise to legally direct its actions;	50 % of the equity interest in it is beneficially owned by persons of that country and "controlled" by persons of a given country if such persons have the power to name a majority of its directors or otherwise to legally direct its actions;	50 % of the equity interest in it is beneficially owned by persons of that country and "controlled" by persons of a given country if such persons have the power to name a majority of its directors or otherwise to legally direct its actions; No changes to 4th column text.	50 % of the equity interest in it is beneficially owned by persons of that country and "controlled" by persons of a given country if such persons have the power to name a majority of its directors or otherwise to legally direct its actions;
Annex II, point (3)(c)					
193	(c) by derogation from subparagraph (a), if it is decided that Union response measures should apply to legal persons falling under subparagraph (a), the nationality of the investment shall be the nationality or the place of permanent residence of the natural or juridical person or persons who own or control the investment in the Union. The investment shall be considered to be "owned" by persons of a given country if more than 50 % of the equity interest in it is beneficially owned by	(c) by derogation from subparagraph (a), if it is decided that Union response measures should apply to legal persons falling under subparagraph (a), the nationality of the investment shall be the nationality or the place of permanent residence of the natural or juridical person or persons who own or control the investment in the Union. The investment shall be considered to be "owned" by persons of a given country if more than 50 % of the equity interest in it is beneficially owned by	(c) by derogation from subparagraph (a), if it is decided that Union response measures should apply to legal persons falling under subparagraph (a), the nationality of the investment shall be the nationality or the place of permanent residence of the natural or juridical legal person or persons who own or control the investment in the Union. The investment shall be considered to be "owned" by persons of a given country if more than 50 % of the equity interest in it is beneficially owned by	(c) by derogation from subparagraph (a), if it is decided that Union response measures should apply to legal persons falling under subparagraph (a), the nationality of the investment shall be the nationality or the place of permanent residence of the natural or legal person or persons who own or control the investment in the Union. The investment shall be considered to be "owned" by persons of a given country if more than 50 % of the equity interest in it is beneficially owned by	(c) by derogation from subparagraph (a), if it is decided that Union response measures should apply to legal persons falling under subparagraph (a), the nationality of the investment shall be the nationality or the place of permanent residence of the natural or legal person or persons who own or control the investment in the Union. The investment shall be considered to be "owned" by persons of a given country if more than 50 % of the equity interest in it is beneficially owned by

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	COM proposal 9 January 23	Prov/tent. outcome tech. mtgs (Compared to Council mandate)
	persons of that country and "controlled" by persons of a given country if such persons have the power to name a majority of its directors or otherwise to legally direct its actions.	persons of that country and "controlled" by persons of a given country if such persons have the power to name a majority of its directors or otherwise to legally direct its actions.	persons of that country and "controlled" by persons of a given country if such persons have the power to name a majority of its directors or otherwise to legally direct its actions.	persons of that country and "controlled" by persons of a given country if such persons have the power to name a majority of its directors or otherwise to legally direct its actions. No changes to 4th column text. 29/11/22: Clarification	persons of that country and "controlled" by persons of a given country if such persons have the power to name a majority of its directors or otherwise to legally direct its actions.
Annex II, point (4)					
194	4. Regarding trade-related aspects of intellectual property rights, the term "nationals" shall be understood in the same sense as it is used in the paragraph 3 of Article 1 of the WTO Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights.	4. Regarding trade-related aspects of intellectual property rights, the term "nationals" shall be understood in the same sense as it is used in the paragraph 3 of Article 1 of the WTO Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights.	4. Regarding trade-related aspects of intellectual property rights, the term "nationals" shall be understood in the same sense as it is used in the paragraph 3 of Article 1 of the WTO Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS).	4. Regarding trade-related aspects of intellectual property rights, the term "nationals" shall be understood in the same sense as it is used in the paragraph 3 of Article 1 of the WTO Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS). 29/11/22: Clarification No changes to 4th column text.	4. Regarding trade-related aspects of intellectual property rights, the term "nationals" shall be understood in the same sense as it is used in the paragraph 3 of Article 1 of the WTO Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS).