



Council of the European Union
General Secretariat

Brussels, 23 February 2026

**Interinstitutional files:
2025/0223 (COD)**

WK 2681/2026 INIT

LIMITE

PROCIV

IPCR

POLMIL

SAN

COCON

This is a paper intended for a specific community of recipients. Handling and further distribution are under the sole responsibility of community members.

WORKING DOCUMENT

From:	Presidency
To:	Working Party on Civil Protection
N° prev. doc.:	WK 15229/25, WK 1000/2026 REV 2.
N° Cion doc.:	ST 11689 2025 ADD 1 + ST 11689 2025 INIT
Subject:	Second partial Presidency Compromise on Cluster 2 of UCPM-HER

Delegations will find in annex the abovementioned document to be discussed on PROCIV 2/03.

WK 2681/2026 INIT

LIMITE

EN

Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on the Union Civil Protection Mechanism and Union support for health emergency preparedness and response, and repealing Decision No 1313/2013/EU (Union Civil Protection Mechanism) (Text with EEA relevance)

2025/0223(COD)

Non-versioned [Cluster 2]

23-02-2026 at 16h20

CLEAN	Commission Proposal	VS.EC	1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2	2nd compromise proposal
Formula					
14	Whereas:		Whereas: <u>cluster 2</u> <u>cluster 3</u>		Whereas:
Recital 11					
25	(11) While Member States are responsible for their health policies, they should prepare for and protect against serious cross-border threats to health in a spirit of European solidarity, cooperation and coordination. With a view to strengthening the capability in the Union in this respect, this Regulation should provide support in particular actions under Regulation (EU) 2022/2371 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 November 2022 on serious cross-border threats to health as well as under Council Regulation (EU) 2022/2372 on a framework of measures for ensuring the supply of crisis-relevant medical countermeasures in the event of a public health emergency at Union level. This Regulation should also ensure synergies with the crisis related mandates of the European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control and the European Medicines Agency, as well as relevant national and international organisations.		(11) While Member States are responsible for their health policies, they should prepare for and protect against serious cross-border threats to health in a spirit of European solidarity, cooperation and coordination. With a view to strengthening the capability in the Union in this respect, this Regulation should provide support in particular actions under Regulation (EU) 2022/2371 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 November 2022 on serious cross-border threats to health as well as under Council Regulation (EU) 2022/2372 on a framework of measures for ensuring the supply of crisis-relevant medical countermeasures in the event of a public health emergency at Union level. This Regulation should also ensure synergies with the crisis related mandates of the European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control and the European Medicines Agency, as well as relevant national and international organisations.		(11) While Member States are responsible for their health policies, they should prepare for and protect against serious cross-border threats to health in a spirit of European solidarity, cooperation and coordination. With a view to strengthening the capability in the Union in this respect, this Regulation should provide <u>financial support</u> in particular <u>to actions of operational nature foreseen</u> under Regulation (EU) 2022/2371 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 November 2022 on serious cross-border threats to health as well as under Council Regulation (EU) 2022/2372 on a framework of measures for ensuring the supply of crisis-relevant medical countermeasures in the event of a public health emergency at Union level. This Regulation should also ensure synergies with the crisis related mandates of the European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control and the European Medicines Agency <u>This would imply, for instance, funding for activities such as tools</u>

	CLEAN Commission Proposal	VS.EC 1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2 2nd compromise proposal
		cluster 3	<u>or capacities needed for surveillance, early warning, modelling, forecasting, or risk assessment</u> , as well as relevant national and international organisations <u>support to EU level coordination, capacity building and strengthening skills of health emergency stakeholders.</u> cluster 3 cluster 2
Recital 12			
26	(12) The Union medical countermeasures landscape still shows a dependence of the Union on third countries in ensuring the supply of raw materials, active pharmaceutical ingredients, medicinal products, medical devices and personal protective equipment needed in the Union during health crises, in particular pandemics. The Regulation should therefore provide support to actions that foster the procurement, management, stockpiling and deployment of crisis relevant products within the Union to strengthen the strategic autonomy of the Union and ensure better a security of supply of medical countermeasures.	(12) The Union medical countermeasures landscape still shows a dependence of the Union on third countries in ensuring the supply of raw materials, active pharmaceutical ingredients, medicinal products, medical devices and personal protective equipment needed in the Union during health crises, in particular pandemics. The Regulation should therefore provide support to actions that foster the procurement, management, stockpiling and deployment of crisis relevant products within the Union to strengthen the strategic autonomy of the Union and ensure better a security of supply of medical countermeasures.	(12) The Union medical countermeasures landscape still shows a dependence of the Union on third countries in ensuring the supply of raw materials, active pharmaceutical ingredients, medicinal products, medical devices and personal protective equipment needed in the Union during health crises, in particular pandemics. The Regulation should therefore provide support to actions that foster the procurement, management, stockpiling and deployment of crisis relevant products within the Union to strengthen the strategic autonomy of the Union and ensure better a security of supply of medical countermeasures. cluster 2
Recital 13			
27	(13) During a public health emergency at Union level, as referred to in Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2022/2371, the demand for crisis-relevant medical countermeasures could be greater than the supply. In such a situation, surge production and manufacturing of medical countermeasures are essential. Support should be provided to actions that reserve capacity of manufacturing for	(13) During a public health emergency at Union level, as referred to in Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2022/2371, the demand for crisis-relevant medical countermeasures could be greater than the supply. In such a situation, surge production and manufacturing of medical countermeasures are essential. Support should be provided to actions that reserve capacity of manufacturing for	(13) During a public health emergency at Union level, as referred to in Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2022/2371, the demand for crisis-relevant medical countermeasures could be greater than the supply. In such a situation, surge production and manufacturing of medical countermeasures are essential. Support should be provided to actions that reserve capacity of manufacturing for

	CLEAN Commission Proposal	VS.EC 1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2 2nd compromise proposal
	crisis-relevant medical countermeasures, including the needed raw materials and ancillary supplies and components.	crisis-relevant medical countermeasures, including the needed raw materials and ancillary supplies and components.	crisis-relevant medical countermeasures, including the needed raw materials and ancillary supplies and components. cluster 2
Recital 14			
28	(14) Unlike typical procurement activities, procurement activities related to preventing possible health crisis situations from escalating to actual crisis situations require a certain level of flexibility and reactivity. Hence, the Regulation should allow adding new contracting authorities without reaching the threshold required by Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2024/2509 in order to avoid that a potential serious health crisis unfolds.	(14) Unlike typical procurement activities, procurement activities related to preventing possible health crisis situations from escalating to actual crisis situations require a certain level of flexibility and reactivity. Hence, the Regulation should allow adding new contracting authorities without reaching the threshold required by Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2024/2509 in order to avoid that a potential serious health crisis unfolds.	(14) Unlike typical procurement activities, procurement activities related to preventing possible health <i>crisis</i> <i>emergency</i> situations from escalating to actual crisis situations require a certain level of flexibility and reactivity. Hence, the Regulation should allow adding new contracting authorities without reaching the threshold required by Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2024/2509 in order to avoid that a potential serious health crisis unfolds. cluster 2
Recital 14a			
28a			<u><i>(14a) The 2021-2027 EU4Health programme established Regulation (EU) 2021/522 has made significant contributions in key areas of prevention of, preparedness for and response to threats that can lead to health emergencies, among others. In order to build on the progress made, relevant actions previously eligible for funding under the EU4Health programme would continue to be eligible under this Regulation when such actions fall under scope of specific activities under this Regulation. Such specific activities under this Regulation would complement other specific activities supporting health emergency prevention, preparedness and response, which are carried out under Regulation (EU) [XXX] [European</i></u>

	CLEAN Commission Proposal	VS.EC 1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2 2nd compromise proposal
			<p><u>Competitiveness Fund] and Regulation (EU) [XXX] [Horizon Europe]. Such other specific activities under those Regulations cover actions to foster the development, production capacity, manufacturing and industrial deployment of medical countermeasures, as well as support to European Reference Laboratories in Public Health or for prevention, preparedness and response planning at national and EU level.</u></p> <p>cluster 2</p>
Recital 14b			
28b			<p><u>(14b) This Regulation is without prejudice to governance structures, missions and tools established under Regulation (EU) 2022/2371 on Serious Cross Border Threats to Health Regulation, Council Regulation (EU) 2022/2372 of 24 October 2022 on a framework of measures for ensuring the supply of crisis-relevant medical countermeasures in the event of a public health emergency at Union level, Regulation (EC) 851/2004 establishing the European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control and Regulation (EU) 2022/123 on the reinforced role of the European Medicines Agency, as well as the Commission Decision of 16 September 2021 establishing the Health Emergency, Preparedness and Response Authority (HERA).</u></p> <p>cluster 2</p>
Recital 37			
51	(37) rescEU has consistently proven its added value in Union coordinated response operations. To ensure coherence with the Strategy and	(37) rescEU has consistently proven its added value in Union coordinated response operations. To ensure coherence with the Strategy and	(37) rescEU has consistently proven its added value in Union coordinated response operations. To ensure coherence with the Strategy and

CLEAN	Commission Proposal	VS.EC	1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2	2nd compromise proposal
	<p>subject to availability of financial resources, the Commission should further strengthen rescEU by financing the maintenance of existing capacities and, where appropriate, scaling them up and creating additional ones. Development of rescEU capacities should include all forms of acquisition such as procurement, contracting, renting or leasing, including for medical countermeasures. In this context, and in line with Union law and international commitments, the use of solutions developed or produced in the Union should be promoted in order to reinforce the Union's strategic autonomy and the resilience of critical supply chains. Under exceptional circumstances, such as when the required medical countermeasures are not defined under rescEU, for example for active pharmaceutical ingredients or investigational products, stocks could be developed outside the Union Mechanism. Experience gained during deployments in the context of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Union's response to Russia's war of aggression against Ukraine and the recurrent wildfire seasons shows that the rules governing the management and rapid deployment of rescEU capacities need to be further streamlined to ensure rapid response.</p>	<p>subject to availability of financial resources, the Commission should further strengthen rescEU by financing the maintenance of existing capacities and, where appropriate, scaling them up and creating additional ones. Development of rescEU capacities should include all forms of acquisition such as procurement, contracting, renting or leasing, including for medical countermeasures. In this context, and in line with Union law and international commitments, the use of solutions developed or produced in the Union should be promoted in order to reinforce the Union's strategic autonomy and the resilience of critical supply chains. Under exceptional circumstances, such as when the required medical countermeasures are not defined under rescEU, for example for active pharmaceutical ingredients or investigational products, stocks could be developed outside the Union Mechanism. Experience gained during deployments in the context of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Union's response to Russia's war of aggression against Ukraine and the recurrent wildfire seasons shows that the rules governing the management and rapid deployment of rescEU capacities need to be further streamlined to ensure rapid response.</p>	<p>subject to availability of financial resources, the Commission <u>Union</u> should further strengthen rescEU by financing the maintenance of existing capacities and, where appropriate, <u>by</u> scaling them up and creating <u>developing</u> additional ones. <u><i>The Commission should produce every 5 years a strategic plan on the overall development of rescEU capacities, based notably on the risk assessment and gap analysis on that matter. This strategic plan should include an indicative target list of additional rescEU capacities that may be created. The Commission should, where appropriate, on the basis of that indicative target list, submit a proposal to the Council for the creation of new types of rescEU capacities. When these capacities are defined, the Commission should define their related quality requirements.</i></u> Development of rescEU capacities should include all forms of acquisition such as procurement, contracting, renting or leasing, including for medical countermeasures. In this context, and in line with Union law and international commitments, the use of solutions developed or produced in the Union should be promoted in order to reinforce the Union's strategic autonomy and the resilience of critical supply chains. Under exceptional circumstances, such as when the required medical countermeasures are not defined under rescEU, for example for active pharmaceutical ingredients or investigational products, stocks could be developed outside the Union Mechanism. Experience gained during deployments in the context of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Union's response to Russia's war of aggression against Ukraine and the recurrent wildfire seasons shows that the rules governing</p>		

	CLEAN	Commission Proposal	VS.EC	1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2	2nd compromise proposal
						<p><i>the management and rapid deployment of rescEU capacities need to be further streamlined to ensure rapid response.</i></p> <p>This new recital relates to rescEU, and specifically to Article 21(2), 21(2a), 21(2b) and 21(7).</p> <p>cluster 1 cluster 2</p>
Recital 50a						
64a				<p>(50a) In accordance with Regulation (EU) No 182/2011, each Member State should be represented in the committee and decide on the composition of its delegation. Such delegation can include, inter alia, experts from the competent authorities within the Member States, which hold the relevant expertise and knowledge for a specific issue presented to the committee.</p> <p>cluster 2</p>		<p>(50a) In accordance with Regulation (EU) No 182/2011, each Member State should be represented in the committee and decide on the composition of its delegation. Such delegation can include, inter alia, experts from the competent authorities within the Member States, which hold the relevant expertise and knowledge for a specific issue presented to the committee.</p> <p><u><i>In addition, the committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 established under this Regulation should, where appropriate, convene in configurations gathering the expertise and knowledge relevant for the matters to be considered by this committee. In particular, these matters shall regard the specific objectives of the Union funding provided under this Regulation when reflected in the draft work programme implementing such Union funding or the adoption of draft implementing acts pertaining to the functioning of the Union Civil Protection Mechanism.</i></u></p> <p>cluster 2</p>
TITLE I						
66		TITLE I		TITLE I		TITLE I

	CLEAN Commission Proposal	VS.EC 1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2 2nd compromise proposal
	GENERAL PROVISIONS	GENERAL PROVISIONS cluster 2 cluster 3	GENERAL PROVISIONS cluster 3 cluster 2
Chapter 1			
67	Chapter 1 Subject matter, scope and definitions	Chapter 1 Subject matter, scope and definitions cluster 2 cluster 3	Chapter 1 Subject matter, scope and definitions cluster 3 cluster 2
Article 1			
68	Article 1 Subject matter	Article 1 Subject matter cluster 2 cluster 3	Article 1 Subject matter cluster 2 cluster 3
Article 1(1)			
69	1. This Regulation provides for the Union Civil Protection Mechanism (the ‘Union Mechanism’) and lays down the Union support for health emergency preparedness and response. It sets out objectives, budget for the period 2028-2034, the forms of Union funding and the rules for providing such funding.	1. This Regulation provides for reestablishes the Union financial support in the area of civil protection Mechanism (the ‘Union Mechanism’) and lays down the Union support for, {cross-sectorial crisis coordination} and health emergency preparedness and response. It sets out objectives, budget [for the period 2028-2034]. It also lays down the objectives of that Union financial support, budget [for the period 2028-2034], the forms of Union funding and the rules for providing such funding. cluster 3 cluster 2	<i>deleted</i> <i>This has been moved below to 1b (row 74a), to come after the paragraph on the UCPM.</i> curly brackets cluster 3 MFF brackets cluster 2
Article 1(1a), first subparagraph			
70	2. This Regulation lays down in particular:	2. This Regulation lays down in particular: also provides for the Union Civil Protection Mechanism (the ‘Union Mechanism’). The	2. This Regulation also provides for the Union Civil Protection Mechanism, <u>which aims to strengthen the cooperation between the</u> the

	CLEAN Commission Proposal	VS.EC 1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2 2nd compromise proposal
		<p>Union Mechanism shall promote solidarity between Member States and support national civil protection actions in order to protect people, environment, animals and property, infrastructure, cultural heritage, against the consequences of all kinds of natural and human-induced disasters, including armed conflict. This is without prejudice to the Member States' primary responsibility in the field of civil protection.</p> <p>cluster 2</p>	<p>Union <i>Mechanism</i> and the Member States and to facilitate coordination in the field of civil protection. The Union <u>Civil Protection</u> Mechanism shall promote solidarity between Member States and support national civil protection actions in order to protect people, environment, animals and property, infrastructure, cultural heritage, against the consequences of all kinds of natural and human-induced disasters, including <u>the consequences of acts of terrorism, technological, radiological or environmental disasters, marine pollution, acute health emergencies, and</u> armed conflict <u>occurring inside or outside the Union. In the case of the consequences of acts of terrorism, radiological disasters or armed conflict, the Union Civil Protection Mechanism may cover only civil protection preparedness and response actions.</u> This is without prejudice to the Member States' primary responsibility in the field of civil protection <u>as well as their sole responsibility regarding their national security.</u></p> <p>cluster 2</p>
Article 1(1a), second subparagraph			
70a		<p>Title II of this Regulation lays down rules on the functioning of the Union Mechanism including specific measures on prevention, preparedness and response to disasters, in particular:</p> <p>cluster 2</p>	<p>Title II of this Regulation lays down rules on the functioning of the Union <u>Civil Protection</u> Mechanism including specific measures on prevention, preparedness and response to disasters, in <u>the area of civil protection, in</u> particular:</p> <p>cluster 2</p>
Article 1(1a), second subparagraph, point (a)			

	CLEAN	Commission Proposal	VS.EC	1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2	2nd compromise proposal
70b				(a) disaster prevention and preparedness actions in the Member States, cluster 2		(a) disaster prevention and preparedness actions in the Member States, cluster 2
Article 1(1a), second subparagraph, point (b)						
70c				(b) actions in third countries, relating to the mobilisation and dispatch of experts and European Union Civil Protection Teams ('EUCP Teams') that provide advice on prevention, preparedness measures, as well as cooperation on training, and sharing of knowledge and experience under the Union Civil Protection Knowledge Network ('Knowledge Network'), cluster 2		(b) actions in third countries, relating to the mobilisation and dispatch of experts and European Union Civil Protection Teams ('EUCP Teams') that provide advice on prevention, preparedness measures, <i>as well as cooperation on training, and sharing of knowledge and experience under the Union Civil Protection Knowledge Network ('Knowledge Network')</i> <u>contingent upon and following a request for assistance in accordance with Article 28,</u> cluster 2
Article 1(1a), second subparagraph, point (c)						
70d						<u>(ba) cooperation on training, and sharing of knowledge and experience under the Union Civil Protection Knowledge Network,</u> cluster 2
Article 1(1a), second subparagraph, point (d)						
70e				(c) actions to assist with the response to an imminent disaster or immediate adverse consequences of a disaster in the Member States or third countries, following a request for assistance in accordance with Article 28, and cluster 2		(c) actions to assist with the response to an imminent disaster or immediate adverse consequences of a disaster in the Member States or third countries, following a request for assistance in accordance with Article 28, and cluster 2
Article 1(1a), second subparagraph, point (e)						

	CLEAN Commission Proposal	VS.EC 1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2 2nd compromise proposal
70f		(d) rules on the functioning of the Emergency Response Coordination Centre ('ERCC'). cluster 2	(d) rules on the functioning of the Emergency Response Coordination Centre ('ERCC'). cluster 2
Article 1(1a), third subparagraph			
70g		Where applying the prevention, preparedness and response measures under this Regulation, the special needs of isolated, outermost and other regions or islands of the Union in terms of prevention, preparedness and response shall be taken into account. cluster 2	Where applying the prevention, preparedness and response measures under The Title II of this Regulation, <u>shall take into account</u> the special needs of isolated, outermost and other regions or islands of the Union in terms of prevention <u>of</u> , preparedness <u>for</u> and response shall be taken into account <u>to disasters</u> . cluster 2
Article 1(1a), fourth subparagraph			
70h		Response under this Regulation shall take into account the special needs of the overseas countries and territories in terms of response. cluster 2	Response under Title II of this Regulation shall take into account the special needs of the overseas countries and territories in terms of response . cluster 2
Article 1(1a), fourth subparagraph, point (a)			
71	(a) rules on the functioning of the Union Mechanism including specific measures on prevention, preparedness and response,	<i>deleted</i> cluster 2	<i>deleted</i> cluster 2
Article 1(1a), fourth subparagraph, point (b)			
72	(b) rules on the functioning of the Emergency Response Coordination Centre ('ERCC') as the Union Mechanism's coordinating body,	<i>deleted</i> cluster 2	<i>deleted</i> cluster 2
Article 1(1a), fourth subparagraph, point (d)			

	CLEAN Commission Proposal	VS.EC 1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2 2nd compromise proposal
74	(d) support measures for health emergency preparedness and response.	deleted cluster 2	deleted cluster 2
Article 1(1b)			
74a			<u>1b. This Regulation also establishes the Union financial support in the area of civil protection, {cross-sectorial crisis coordination} and for health emergency preparedness and response [for the period 2028-2034]. It also lays down the objectives of that Union financial support, budget [for the period 2028-2034], the forms of Union funding and the rules for providing such funding.</u> cluster 2 cluster 3 curly brackets MFF brackets
Article 1(1g)			
74i		7.This Regulation is without prejudice to the prerogatives of the Commission on security of the Commission personnel, assets and information. cluster 2 cluster 3	deleted cluster 2 cluster 3
Article 1(1h)			
74j		8.This Regulation is without prejudice to the application of other Union acts. In particular, it applies in complementarity with other Union acts laying down specific rules on preparedness, response or risk management relating to crises, including Regulations (EU) 2022/2371 and (EU) 2022/2372 in the area of health emergency preparedness and response. cluster 2	8.This Regulation is without prejudice to the application of other Union acts. In particular, it applies in complementarity with <u>alongside</u> other Union acts laying down specific rules on preparedness, response or risk management relating to crises, including Regulations (EU) 2022/2371 and (EU) 2022/2372 ##which concern the area of health emergency preparedness and response. <u>Specifically for this area, the respective tasks and missions of the Health</u>

	CLEAN	Commission Proposal	VS.EC	1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2	2nd compromise proposal
						<u>Security Committee (HSC) as referred to in Article 4 of Regulation (EU) 2022/2371, of the European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control (ECDC) as referred to in Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 851/2004 and of the Health Crisis Board as referred to in Article 5 of Council Regulation (EU) 2022/2372 remain unaffected by this Regulation.</u> cluster 2
Article 2						
75	Scope	Article 2		<i>deleted</i> cluster 2 cluster 3		<i>deleted</i> cluster 3 cluster 2
Article 2(1)						
76		1. This Regulation shall aim to ensure the protection of people, environment and property, cultural heritage, against all kinds of natural and human-induced disasters, including serious cross-border threats to health.		<i>deleted</i> cluster 2		<i>deleted</i> cluster 2
Article 2(3)						
78		3. This Regulation shall not affect obligations under existing legal acts of the Union or under existing international agreements nor the Commission competences on security of the Commission personnel, assets and information. It shall be applied without prejudice to and in complementarity with other legal acts of the Union laying down specific rules on response or risk management relating to crises, including health emergency preparedness and response.		<i>deleted</i> cluster 2		<i>deleted</i> cluster 2
Article 2(4)						

	CLEAN	Commission Proposal	VS.EC	1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2	2nd compromise proposal
79		4. Title II of this Regulation lays down the rules for:		<i>deleted</i>		<i>deleted</i>
			cluster 2		cluster 2	
<i>Article 2(4), point (a)</i>						
80		(a) prevention and preparedness actions in the Member States,		<i>deleted</i>		<i>deleted</i>
			cluster 2		cluster 2	
<i>Article 2(4), point (b)</i>						
81		(b) actions in third countries, relating to the mobilisation and dispatch of experts and European Union Civil Protection Teams ('EUCP Teams') that provide advice on prevention and preparedness measures, as well as cooperation on training, and sharing of knowledge and experience under the Knowledge Network, and		<i>deleted</i>		<i>deleted</i>
			cluster 2		cluster 2	
<i>Article 2(4), point (c)</i>						
82		(c) actions to assist with the response to an imminent disaster or immediate adverse consequences of a disaster in the Member States or third countries, following a request for assistance in accordance with Article 28.		<i>deleted</i>		<i>deleted</i>
			cluster 2		cluster 2	
<i>Article 2(5)</i>						
83		5. Title III of this Regulation lays down rules for Union support for health emergency preparedness and response, in particular for the implementation of Regulation (EU) 2022/2371 and of the Regulation (EU) 2022/2372.		<i>deleted</i>		<i>deleted</i>
			cluster 2		cluster 2	
<i>Article 2(6)</i>						
84		6. The establishment of stockpiles referred to in Title III shall be made in accordance with Article		<i>deleted</i>		<i>deleted</i>

	CLEAN Commission Proposal	VS.EC 1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2 2nd compromise proposal
	21, except for medical countermeasures that are not defined as rescEU.	cluster 2	Please see the guiding question for Member States, tabled by the Presidency in the Presidency Flash Note - WK 2682/26. cluster 2
Article 2(7)			
85	7. Where applying the prevention, preparedness and response measures under this Regulation, the special needs of isolated, outermost and other regions or islands of the Union in terms of prevention, preparedness and response.	<i>deleted</i> cluster 2	<i>deleted</i> cluster 2
Article 2(8)			
86	8. Response under this Regulation shall take into account the special needs of the overseas countries and territories in terms of response.	<i>deleted</i> cluster 2	<i>deleted</i> cluster 2
Article 3			
87	Article 3 Definitions	Article 3 Definitions cluster 2 cluster 3	Article 3 Definitions cluster 3 cluster 2
Article 3, first paragraph			
88	For the purpose of this Regulation, the following definitions apply:	For the purpose of this Regulation, the following definitions apply: cluster 2 cluster 3	For the purpose of this Regulation, the following definitions apply: cluster 3 cluster 2
Article 3, first paragraph, point (1)			
89	(1) ‘disaster’ means a situation, regardless of its origin, which has or may have a severe impact on people, public health, environment, critical	(1) ‘disaster’ means any situation, regardless of its origin, which has or may have a severe impact on people, public health, animals , environment,	(1) ‘disaster’ means any situation, regardless of its origin, which has or may have a severe impact on people, public health, animals, <u>the</u> environment, or <u>and</u> property, including

	CLEAN Commission Proposal	VS.EC 1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2 2nd compromise proposal
	infrastructure or property, including cultural heritage;	critical infrastructure or property, including infrastructure and cultural heritage; cluster 2	infrastructure public health, basic human needs and cultural heritage; To be further discussed later. cluster 2
Article 3, first paragraph, point (3)			
91	(3) ‘sector’ means a specific area of interlinked societal, governmental and economic activity, in particular health, environment, transport, energy, security, and other areas of activity vulnerable to disasters.	(3) ‘sector’ means a specific area of interlinked societal, governmental and economic activity, in particular health, environment, transport, energy, security, and other areas of activity vulnerable to disasters. ; cluster 2	(3) ‘ sector’ means a specific area of interlinked societal, governmental and economic activity; ’ This point 3 is moved to cluster 3 on cross sectorial crisis support cluster 2 cluster 3 curly brackets
Article 3, first paragraph, point (4)			
92	(4) ‘assistance’ means experts, modules, other response capacities or technical assistance and support teams, together with their equipment and in-kind assistance, including relief materials or supplies, as well as offers by Union institutions, agencies and bodies and other capabilities needed to mitigate the immediate consequences of a disaster or a crisis;	(4) ‘assistance’ means experts, modules, other response capacities or technical assistance and support teams, together with their equipment and in-kind assistance, including relief materials or supplies, as well as offers by Union institutions, agencies and bodies and other capabilities needed to mitigate the immediate consequences of a disaster or a crisis; cluster 2	(4) ‘assistance’ means experts, modules, other response capacities or technical assistance and support teams, together with their equipment and in-kind assistance, including relief materials or supplies, and other capabilities needed to mitigate the immediate consequences of a disaster for a crisis ; To be further discussed later, in particular when Article 28 and Article 30 are discussed. cluster 2 curly brackets cluster 3
Article 3, first paragraph, point (4a)			
92a		(4a) ‘response’ means any action taken upon request for assistance in the event of an imminent disaster, or during or after a disaster, to address its immediate adverse consequences;	(4a) ‘response’ means any action <u>under the Union Civil Protection Mechanism</u> taken upon request for assistance <u>pursuant to Article 28</u> in the event of an imminent disaster, or during or after <u>in the immediate aftermath of</u> a disaster, to address its immediate adverse consequences.

	CLEAN Commission Proposal	VS.EC 1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2 2nd compromise proposal
		cluster 2	<u>including actions to save lives, protect property and the environment, and meet basic short-term human needs, and excluding law enforcement, intelligence or other measures involving the use of force;</u> To be further discussed later, in particular when Chapter 4 of Title II is discussed. cluster 2
Article 3, first paragraph, point (5)			
93	(5) ‘preparedness’ means a state of readiness and capability of human and material means, structures, systems, communities and organisations enabling them to ensure an effective rapid response, obtained as a result of action taken in advance;	(5) ‘preparedness’ means a state of readiness and capability of human and material means, structures, systems, communities and organisations enabling them to ensure promote an effective rapid response, obtained as a result of action taken in advance; cluster 2	(5) ‘preparedness’ means a state of readiness and capability of human and material means, structures, systems, communities and organisations enabling them to promote an effective rapid response, obtained as a result of action taken in advance; To be further discussed later. cluster 2
Article 3, first paragraph, point (6)			
94	(6) ‘prevention’ means actions aimed at reducing risks or mitigating potential adverse consequences of a disaster for people, public health, the environment and property, including cultural heritage;	(6) ‘prevention’ means actions aimed at reducing risks or mitigating potential adverse consequences of a disaster for people, public health, the environment and property, including cultural heritage as defined in point 1, with respect to national competences and work done in other policy areas; cluster 2	(6) ‘prevention’ means actions aimed at reducing risks or mitigating potential adverse consequences of a disaster as defined in point 1, with respect <u>disasters, including public education, knowledge management, risk assessment, and risk management planning.</u> <i>This is without prejudice</i> to national competences and work done in <u>competencies and actions under</u> other policy areas, <u>such as intelligence, forensics, interdiction, detection or other activities intended to prevent, avoid or stop imminent acts of terrorism and other security threats;</u>

	CLEAN Commission Proposal	VS.EC 1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2 2nd compromise proposal
			To be further discussed later, in particular in relation to Chapter 1 of Title II. cluster 2
Article 3, first paragraph, point (7)			
95	(7) ‘Union disaster resilience goals’ means objectives established by the Commission in cooperation with Member States in the area of civil protection to support prevention and preparedness actions for the purpose of improving the capacity of the Union and its Member States to withstand the effects of a disaster which causes or is capable of causing transboundary effects;	(7) ‘Union disaster resilience goals’ means non-binding objectives established by the Commission in cooperation with Member States in the area of civil protection to support prevention and preparedness actions for the purpose of improving the capacity of the Union and its Member States to withstand the effects of a disaster which causes or is capable of causing transboundary effects; cluster 2	(7) ‘Union disaster resilience goals’ means non-binding objectives in the area of civil protection to support prevention and preparedness actions for the purpose of improving the capacity of the Union and its Member States to withstand the effects of a disaster which causes or is capable of causing transboundary effects; To be further discussed later, in particular in relation to Chapter 1 of Title II. cluster 2
Article 3, first paragraph, point (8)			
96	(8) ‘Common Emergency Communication and Information System’ (CECIS) means a web-based platform developed and maintained by the Commission that facilitates real-time exchange of information between Member States and the ERCC.	(8) ‘Common Emergency Communication and Information System’ (CECIS) means a web-based platform developed and maintained by the Commission that facilitates real-time exchange of information between Member States and the ERCC-; cluster 2	(8) ‘Common Emergency Communication and Information System’ (CECIS) means a web-based platform developed and maintained by the Commission that facilitates real-time exchange of information between Member States and the ERCC; To be further discussed later, in particular in relation to Chapter 3 of Title II. cluster 2
Article 3, first paragraph, point (9)			
97	(9) ‘early warning’ means the timely and effective provision of information that allows action to be taken to avoid or reduce risks and	(9) ‘early warning’ means the timely and effective provision of information that allows action to be taken to avoid or reduce risks and the	(9) ‘early warning’ means the timely and effective provision of information that allows action to be taken to avoid or reduce risks and the

	CLEAN Commission Proposal	VS.EC 1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2 2nd compromise proposal
	the adverse impacts of a disaster, and to facilitate preparedness for an effective response;	adverse impacts of a disaster, and to facilitate preparedness for an effective response; cluster 2	adverse impacts of a disaster, and to facilitate preparedness for an effective response; To be further discussed later, in particular when Article 23 is discussed. cluster 2
Article 3, first paragraph, point (10)			
98	(10) ‘module’ means a self-sufficient and autonomous predefined task- and needs-driven arrangement of Member States’ capabilities or a mobile operational team of the Member States, representing a combination of human and material means that can be described in terms of its capacity for intervention or by the task(s) it is able to undertake, and for which minimal technical requirements were defined;	(10) ‘module’ means a self-sufficient and autonomous predefined task- and needs-driven arrangement of Member States’ capabilities or a mobile operational team of the Member States, representing a combination of human and material means that can be described in terms of its capacity for intervention or by the task(s) it is able to undertake, and for which minimal technical requirements were defined; cluster 2	(10) ‘module’ means a self-sufficient and autonomous predefined task- and needs-driven arrangement of Member States’ capabilities or a mobile operational team of the Member States, representing a combination of human and material means that can be described in terms of its capacity for intervention or by the task(s) it is able to undertake, and for which minimal minimum technical requirements were defined; To be further discussed later. cluster 2
Article 3, first paragraph, point (11)			
99	(11) ‘technical assistance and support team’ (‘TAST’) means the human and material resources assigned by one or more Member States to fulfil logistical and support tasks;	(11) ‘technical assistance and support team’ (‘TAST’) means the human and material resources, including IT , assigned by one or more Member States to fulfil logistical and support tasks; cluster 2	(11) ‘technical assistance and support team’ (‘TAST’) means the human and material resources, including IT , assigned by one or more Member States to fulfil logistical and support tasks; To be further discussed later. cluster 2
Article 3, first paragraph, point (12)			

	CLEAN Commission Proposal	VS.EC 1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2 2nd compromise proposal
100	(12) ‘intervention team’ means a specialised group composed of trained personnel and equipped with resources to respond swiftly and effectively to the consequences of disasters, not pre-committed to the European Civil Protection Pool or established as part of rescEU;	(12) ‘intervention team’ means, within the Union Mechanism , a specialised group composed of trained personnel and equipped with resources to respond swiftly and effectively to the consequences of disasters, not pre-committed to the European Civil Protection Pool or established as part of rescEU; cluster 2	(12) ‘intervention team’ means, within the Union Civil Protection Mechanism, a specialised group composed of trained personnel and equipped with resources to respond swiftly and effectively to the consequences of disasters, not pre-committed to the European Civil Protection Pool or established as part of rescEU; Please see the guiding question for Member States, tabled by the Presidency in the Presidency Flash Note - WK 2682/26. cluster 2
Article 3, first paragraph, point (13)			
101	(13) ‘European Union Civil Protection Team’ (‘EUCP Team’) means a team composed of experts and, where necessary, a TAST, that is selected and deployed by the ERCC under terms of reference related to a request for prevention or preparedness expertise or an emergency response in the context of an ongoing request for assistance;	(13) ‘European Union Civil Protection Team’ (‘EUCP Team’) means a team composed of experts and, where necessary, a TAST, that is selected and deployed by the ERCC under terms of reference related to a request for prevention or preparedness expertise or an emergency response in the context of an ongoing request for assistance; cluster 2	(13) ‘European Union Civil Protection Team’ (‘EUCP Team’) means a team composed of experts and, where necessary, a TAST, that is selected and deployed by the ERCC under terms of reference related to a request for prevention or preparedness expertise or an emergency response in the context of an ongoing request for assistance; cluster 2
Article 3, first paragraph, point (15)			
103	(15) ‘risk assessment’ means the overall cross-sectoral process of risk identification, risk analysis, and risk evaluation undertaken at national or appropriate sub-national level;	(15) ‘risk assessment’ means the overall cross-sectoral process of risk identification, risk analysis, and risk evaluation undertaken at the Union , national or appropriate sub-national level; cluster 2	(15) ‘risk assessment’ means the overall cross-sectoral process of risk identification, risk analysis, and risk evaluation undertaken at the Union, national or appropriate sub-national level; To be further discussed later, during the discussion on Chapter 1 of Title II. cluster 2
Article 3, first paragraph, point (16)			

	CLEAN Commission Proposal	VS.EC 1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2 2nd compromise proposal
104	(16) ‘risk management capability’ means the ability of a Member State or its regions to reduce, adapt to or mitigate risks (impacts and likelihood of a disaster), identified in its risk assessments to levels that are acceptable in that Member State. Risk management capability is assessed in terms of the technical, financial and administrative capacity to carry out adequate risk assessments, risk management planning for prevention and preparedness, and risk prevention and preparedness measures;	(16) ‘risk management capability’ means the ability of a Member State or its regions to reduce, adapt to and/or mitigate risks (impacts and likelihood of a disaster), identified in its risk assessments to levels that are acceptable in that Member State. Risk management capability is assessed in terms of the technical, financial and administrative capacity to carry out adequate risk assessments, risk management planning for prevention and preparedness, and risk prevention and preparedness measures; cluster 2	(16) ‘risk management capability’ means the ability of a Member State or its regions to reduce, adapt to and/or mitigate risks (impacts and likelihood of a disaster), identified in its risk assessments to levels that are acceptable in that Member State. Risk management capability is assessed in terms of the technical, financial and administrative capacity to carry out adequate risk assessments, risk management planning for prevention and preparedness, and risk prevention and preparedness measures; To be further discussed later, during the discussion on Chapter 1 of Title II. cluster 2
Article 3, first paragraph, point (17)			
105	(17) ‘host nation support’ means any action undertaken in the preparedness and response phases by the country receiving or sending assistance, or by the Commission, to remove foreseeable obstacles to international assistance offered through the Union Mechanism. It includes support from Member States to facilitate the transiting of this assistance through their territory;	(17) ‘host nation support’ means, within the Union Mechanism , any action undertaken in the preparedness and response phases by the country receiving or sending assistance, or by the Commission , to remove foreseeable obstacles to international assistance offered through the Union Mechanism. It includes support from Member States to facilitate the transiting of this assistance through their territory; cluster 2	(17) ‘host nation support’ means, within the Union <u>Civil Protection</u> Mechanism, any action undertaken in the preparedness and response phases by the country receiving or sending assistance, to remove foreseeable obstacles to international assistance offered through the Union <u>Civil Protection</u> Mechanism. It includes support from Member States to facilitate the transiting of this assistance through their territory; cluster 2
Article 3, first paragraph, point (17a)			
105a			<u>(17a) ‘logistical hub’ means a facility established under the Union Civil Protection Mechanism to enable the pooling of assistance from several Member States or rescEU and its</u>

	CLEAN Commission Proposal	VS.EC 1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2 2nd compromise proposal
			<u>subsequent deployment, in line with operational needs.</u> cluster 2
Article 3, first paragraph, point (18)			
106	(18) ‘logistical support’ means the essential equipment or services required for response capacities to perform their tasks, including the establishment of logistical hubs;	(18) ‘logistical support’ means the essential equipment or services required for response capacities to perform their tasks, including the establishment of logistical hubs; cluster 2	(18) ‘logistical support’ means the <u>provision of</u> essential equipment or services required for response capacities to perform their tasks, including the establishment of logistical hubs; cluster 2
Article 3, first paragraph, point (19)			
107	(19) ‘medical evacuation’ means a series of coordinated actions allowing for organised transport of individuals in need of medical care from disaster-affected areas to appropriate medical facilities, either in a Member State and in case of Union citizens also in third countries;	(19) ‘medical evacuation’ means, within the Union Mechanism , a series of coordinated actions allowing for organised transport of individuals patients in need of medical care, and where relevant their companions , from disaster-affected areas to appropriate medical facilities; either in a Member State and in case of Union citizens also in third countries; cluster 2	(19) ‘medical evacuation’ means, within the Union <u>Civil Protection</u> Mechanism, a series of coordinated actions allowing for organised transport of patients in need of medical care, and where relevant their companions, from disaster-affected areas to appropriate medical facilities either in a Member State and in case of Union citizens also in third countries; <u>To be further discussed later, in particular during the discussion on Chapter 3 of Title II.</u> cluster 2
Article 3, first paragraph, point (20)			
108	(20) ‘medical evacuation hub’ means a transit facility established under the Union Mechanism that temporarily receives evacuated patients and their accompanying persons, provides medical triage, patients’ stabilisation and continuous (24/7) care, and if necessary organises their transport under the coordination of the ERCC, to healthcare facilities in a Member State; the	(20) ‘medical evacuation hub’ means a temporary transit facility established under the Union Mechanism that temporarily receives evacuated patients and their accompanying persons, provides medical triage, patients’ stabilisation and continuous (24/7) care, and if necessary organises their transport under the coordination of the ERCC, to healthcare facilities	(20) ‘medical evacuation hub’ means a temporary transit facility established under the Union <u>Civil Protection</u> Mechanism that receives evacuated patients and their accompanying persons, provides medical triage, patients’ stabilisation and continuous (24/7) care, and if necessary organises their transport under the coordination of the ERCC, to healthcare facilities

	CLEAN Commission Proposal	VS.EC 1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2 2nd compromise proposal
	<p>medical evacuation hub comprises the physical site, its medical and logistical personnel, the equipment and support services necessary to ensure the safe hand-over of patients from the requesting State to the country offering medical treatment;</p>	<p>in a Member State or in a third country; the medical evacuation hub comprises the physical site, its medical and logistical personnel, the equipment and support services necessary to ensure the safe hand-over of patients from the requesting State to the country offering medical treatment;</p> <p>cluster 2</p>	<p>in a Member State or in a third country; the medical evacuation hub comprises the physical site, its medical and logistical personnel, the equipment and support services necessary to ensure the safe hand-over of patients from the requesting State to the country offering medical treatment;</p> <p>To be further discussed later, in particular during the discussion on Chapter 3 of Title II.</p> <p>Please see the guiding question for Member States, tabled by the Presidency in the Presidency Flash Note - WK 2682/26.</p> <p>cluster 2</p>
Article 3, first paragraph, point (21)			
109	<p>(21) ‘operational costs’ means all the costs of running a capacity or deploying an expert or EUCP Team during an operation. Such costs may include costs related to personnel, international and local transport, logistics, security, consumables and supplies, maintenance, as well as other costs necessary to ensure the effective use of such capacities;</p>	<p>(21) ‘operational costs’ means all the costs of running a response capacity or deploying an expert or EUCP Team during an operation. Such costs may include costs related to personnel, international and local transport, logistics, security, consumables and supplies, maintenance, as well as other costs necessary to ensure the effective use of such capacities; operational costs may also occur after the conclusion of deployment and before the due date for the submission of the final report;</p> <p>cluster 2</p>	<p>(21) ‘operational costs’ means all the costs of running a response capacity or deploying an expert or EUCP Team during an operation. Such costs may include costs related to personnel, international and local transport, logistics, security, consumables and supplies, maintenance, as well as other costs necessary to ensure the effective use of such capacities; operational costs may also occur after the conclusion of deployment and before the due date for the submission of the final report;</p> <p>To be further discussed later.</p> <p>cluster 2</p>
Article 3, first paragraph, point (22)			
110	<p>(22) ‘transport costs’ means costs related to the movement of transport and logistical resources to</p>	<i>deleted</i>	<i>deleted</i>

	CLEAN Commission Proposal	VS.EC 1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2 2nd compromise proposal
	the place indicated by the requesting Member State, third country or organisation, including the costs of all services, fees, logistical, handling costs and other transport needs related to a response, fuel and possible accommodation costs as well as other indirect costs such as taxes, duties in general and transit costs;	cluster 2	<i>The Presidency does not oppose re-introducing this definition, but it has decided to discuss it later, when Section 4 of the Annex is discussed.</i> cluster 2
<i>Article 3, first paragraph, point (24)</i>			
112	(24) ‘medical countermeasures’ means medical countermeasures within the meaning of Article 3, point (10), of Regulation (EU) 2022/2371;	(24) ‘medical countermeasures’ means medical countermeasures within the meaning of Article 3, point (10), of Regulation (EU) 2022/2371; cluster 2	(24) ‘medical countermeasures’ means medical countermeasures within the meaning of Article 3 (10), of Regulation (EU) 2022/2371; cluster 2
<i>Article 3, first paragraph, point (25)</i>			
113	(25) ‘serious cross-border threats to health’ means threats referred to in Article 3(1) of Regulation (EU) 2022/2371 as well as radiological and nuclear threats.	(25) ‘serious cross-border threats to health’ means threats hazards referred to in Article 3(1) of Regulation (EU) 2022/2371 as well as radiological and nuclear threats. cluster 2	<i>deleted</i> cluster 2
<i>Article 3, first paragraph, point (25a)</i>			
113a			<u><i>(25a) ‘threats that can lead to health emergencies’ means serious cross-border threats to health as defined in Article 3(1) of Regulation (EU) 2022/2371, as well as threats to health of radiological or nuclear origin.</i></u> cluster 2
Chapter 2			
114	Chapter 2 Objectives and financial provisions	Chapter 2 Objectives and Financial Provisions for Union funding	Chapter 2 Financial Provisions for Union funding

	CLEAN Commission Proposal	VS.EC 1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2 2nd compromise proposal
		cluster 2 cluster 3	cluster 3 cluster 2
Article 4			
115	Article 4 Objectives	Article 4 Objectives of Union funding cluster 2 cluster 3	Article 4 Objectives of Union funding cluster 3 cluster 2
Article 4(1)			
116	1. The general objective of this Regulation shall be to strengthen cooperation between the Union and the Member States to prevent, prepare for and respond to all kinds of natural and human-induced disasters with a view to consequence management, and serious cross-border threats to health, that may occur inside or outside the Union, as well as situations where they impact several sectors simultaneously.	1. The general objective of this Regulation Chapter shall be to strengthen cooperation between the Union and the Member States to prevent, prepare for and respond to all kinds of natural and human-induced disasters with a view to consequence management, and serious cross-border threats to health, that may occur inside or outside the Union, as well as situations where they impact several sectors simultaneously. cluster 2	1. The general objective of <u>Union funding established under</u> this Chapter shall be to: cluster 2
Article 4(1), point (a)			
116a		(a) strengthen cooperation between the Union and the Member States to support and complement Member States actions to prevent, prepare for and respond to all kinds of natural and human-induced disasters with a view to consequence management, that may occur inside or outside the Union, cluster 2	(a) strengthen cooperation between the Union and the Member States to support and complement Member States State actions to prevent, prepare for and respond to all kinds of natural and human-induced disasters with a view to <u>civil protection</u> consequence management, that which may occur inside or outside the Union, cluster 2
Article 4(1), point (b)			
116b		(b) strengthen cooperation between the Union and the Member States to prevent, prepare for and respond to serious cross-border	(b) strengthen cooperation between the Union and the Member States to prevent, prepare for, and respond to serious cross-border threats <u>that</u>

	CLEAN Commission Proposal	VS.EC 1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2 2nd compromise proposal
		threats to health, that may occur inside or outside the Union, cluster 2	<u>can lead</u> to health <u>emergencies</u> , that may occur inside or outside the Union, cluster 2
Article 4(1), point (c)			
116c		(c) {situations where they impact several sectors simultaneously}. cluster 2 cluster 3 curly brackets	(c) {situations where they impact several sectors simultaneously}. curly brackets cluster 3 cluster 2
Article 4(2)			
117	2.The general objective referred to in paragraph 1 shall be pursued through the following specific objectives:	2.The general objective referred to in paragraph 1 shall be pursued through the following specific objectives: cluster 2 cluster 3	2.The general objective referred to in paragraph 1 shall be pursued through the following specific objectives: cluster 3 cluster 2
Article 4(2), point (a)			
118	(a) strengthen the understanding and anticipation of disaster risks and threats, including those linked to climate change and public health, and work proactively to prevent or mitigate their potential impacts; foster prevention and preparedness; and enhance collaboration between civil protection, health and other relevant authorities;	(a) strengthen the understanding and anticipation of natural or human-induced disaster risks and threats, including those linked to climate change and public health , and work proactively to prevent or mitigate their potential impacts; foster prevention and preparedness; and enhance collaboration between civil protection, health, environmental , and other relevant authorities; cluster 2	(a) strengthen the understanding and anticipation of natural or human-induced disaster risks and threats , and work proactively to prevent or mitigate their potential impacts; foster prevention and preparedness; and enhance collaboration between civil protection, health, environmental, and other relevant authorities; cluster 2
Article 4(2), point (b)			
119	(b) facilitate, notably through the Knowledge Network, capacity building at Union and Member State level, in particular by fostering and increasing the uptake and use of research and innovation results in disaster and crisis, by	(b) facilitate, notably through the Knowledge Network, capacity building at Union and Member State level, in particular by fostering and increasing the uptake and use of scientific research and innovation results in disaster and	(b) facilitate, notably through the <u>Union Civil Protection</u> Knowledge Network, capacity building at <u>the</u> Union and Member State level, in particular by fostering and increasing the uptake and use of scientific research and innovation

	CLEAN Commission Proposal	VS.EC 1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2 2nd compromise proposal
	providing and conducting capacity building programmes such as training and exercises, peer reviews, deployment of experts and EUCP Teams that provide advice on prevention and preparedness measures, as well as other expertise, as well as technical and financial assistance to support strategies, plans and investments, foster prevention, preparedness and resilience;	erisis risk management , by providing and conducting capacity building programmes such as training and exercises, peer reviews, deployment of experts and EUCP Teams that provide advice on prevention and preparedness measures, as well as other expertise, as well as technical and financial assistance to support strategies, plans and investments, foster prevention; and preparedness and resilience ;	results in disaster risk management, by providing and conducting capacity building programmes such as training and exercises, peer reviews, deployment of experts and EUCP Teams that provide advice on prevention and preparedness measures, as well as other expertise, as well as technical and financial assistance to support strategies, plans and investments, <u>and</u> foster <u>civil protection</u> prevention and preparedness;
		cluster 2	cluster 2
Article 4(2), point (c)			
120	(c) enhance preparedness at Member State and Union level, including all levels of society, to respond to disasters, in particular (i) with the support of the ERCC and the Hub, and their communication and information structures for coordination and situational awareness among authorities of the Member States and existing EU crisis management structures, (ii) by supporting the development and maintenance of effective early warning systems to detect and communicate imminent threats of disasters, allowing for timely action to be taken to prevent or mitigate impacts, (iii) by developing and maintaining response capacities, strengthening their interoperability and considering their potential dual use in case of crisis, (iv) by promoting the integration of disaster risk prevention and preparedness considerations into policies and financial frameworks at national and Union level, with the aim of strengthening long-term resilience, (v) by facilitating preparedness and resilience among all actors and stakeholders, including all levels of government, civil and military authorities, civil society, the private	(c) enhance preparedness at Member State and Union level, including all levels of society , to respond to disasters, in particular (i) with the support of the ERCC and the Hub, and their communication and information structures for coordination and situational awareness among authorities of the Member States and existing EU crisis management structures, (ii) by supporting the development and maintenance of effective early warning systems to detect and communicate imminent threats of disasters, allowing for timely action to be taken to prevent or mitigate impacts, (iii) by developing and maintaining response capacities, strengthening their interoperability and considering their potential dual use in case of crisis, (iv) by promoting the integration of disaster risk prevention and preparedness considerations into policies and financial frameworks at national and Union level, with the aim of strengthening long-term resilience, (v) by facilitating preparedness and resilience among all actors and stakeholders, including all levels of government, civil and military authorities, civil society, the private	(c) enhance <u>civil protection</u> preparedness at <u>the</u> Member State and Union level to respond to <u>all kinds of</u> disasters, in particular cluster 2

	CLEAN Commission Proposal	VS.EC 1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2 2nd compromise proposal
	sector, and the provision of vital societal functions with a view to strengthening overall population preparedness and societal resilience;	sector, and the provision of vital societal functions with a view to strengthening overall population preparedness and societal resilience; cluster 2	
Article 4(2), point (c)(i)			
120a		(i) by supporting the ERCC, and its communication and information structures for situational awareness and coordination among authorities of the Member States {and existing EU crisis management structures}, cluster 2 cluster 3	(i) by supporting the ERCC, and its <u>including its information management, resource support, and</u> communication and information structures for situational awareness and capabilities, to coordination among <u>Member State</u> authorities of the Member States {and existing EU crisis management structures}, curly brackets cluster 3 cluster 2
Article 4(2), point (c)(ii)			
120b		(ii) by supporting the development and maintenance of effective early warning systems to detect and communicate imminent risks of disasters, allowing for timely action to be taken to prevent or mitigate impacts, cluster 2	(ii) by supporting the development and maintenance of effective early <u>warning and public</u> warning systems to detect and communicate imminent risks of disasters, hazard occurrences, thus allowing for timely action to be taken to prevent <u>disasters</u> or mitigate <u>the impacts</u> , of hazards, cluster 2
Article 4(2), point (c)(iii)			
120c		(iii) by supporting the development and maintenance of response capacities, and strengthening their interoperability, cluster 2	(ii) by supporting the development and maintenance of response capacities, and strengthening their interoperability, cluster 2
Article 4(2), point (c)(iv)			

	CLEAN	Commission Proposal	VS.EC	1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2	2nd compromise proposal
120d				(iv) by promoting the integration of disaster risk prevention and preparedness considerations into policies and financial frameworks at national and Union level, with the aim of strengthening long-term resilience, cluster 2		(iv) by promoting the integration of disaster risk prevention and preparedness considerations into in policies and financial frameworks at <u>the</u> national and Union level, with the aim of strengthening long-term resilience <u>and building European capabilities, and</u> cluster 2
Article 4(2), point (c)(v)						
120e				(v) by promoting disaster risk preparedness and resilience among all actors and stakeholders, including all levels of government and society, in particular civil and military authorities, civil society, the private sector, and entities contributing to vital societal functions, with a view to strengthening overall population preparedness and societal resilience; cluster 2		(v) by promoting enhancing disaster risk preparedness and resilience, <u>in the field of civil protection</u> , among all actors and stakeholders, including all levels of government and society, in particular civil and military authorities, civil society, the private sector, and entities contributing to vital societal functions , with a view to strengthening overall population preparedness and societal resilience; cluster 2
Article 4(2), point (d)						
121		(d) facilitate rapid and efficient response inside the Union, including in the countries referred to in Article 9(1), as well as outside of the Union, following a request for assistance in accordance with Article 28;		(d) facilitate rapid and efficient response inside the Union, including in the countries referred to in Article 9(1), as well as outside of the Union, following a request for assistance in accordance with Article 28; cluster 2		(d) facilitate rapid and efficient response following a request for assistance in accordance with Article 28; cluster 2
Article 4(2), point (f)						
123		(f) to enhance Member States' and Union efforts in health emergency preparedness and response by:		(f) to enhance support the Member States' and enhance the Union's efforts in health emergency strengthening the preparedness and response to serious cross border threats to health by:		(f) to support the Member States' and enhance the Union's efforts in strengthening the prevention of preparedness <u>for</u> , and response to serious cross border threats <u>that can lead</u> to health <u>emergencies</u> by:

	CLEAN	Commission Proposal	VS.EC	1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2	2nd compromise proposal
				cluster 2		cluster 2
Article 4(2), point (f)(i)						
124		(i) strengthening the capability for prevention, preparedness and rapid response to serious cross-border threats to health, in particular by supporting health security policies and solutions, improving data collection, early warning and surveillance systems, and		(i) strengthening the capability for prevention, preparedness and rapid response to serious cross-border threats to health, in particular by supporting health security policies and solutions, improving data collection, early warning and surveillance systems, and;		(i) strengthening the capability for prevention of , preparedness for, and timely and rapid response to serious cross-border threats that can lead to health emergencies in accordance with relevant Union legislation;
				cluster 2		cluster 2
Article 4(2), point (f)(ii)						
125		(ii) improving the supply of medical countermeasures by enhancing their availability and accessibility of medical countermeasures, in particular through reservation capacities, procurement, stockpiling and deployment, as well as		(ii) improving the supply of medical countermeasures by enhancing their availability and accessibility of medical countermeasures, in particular through reservation capacities, procurement, stockpiling and deployment, as well as; and		(ii) improving the supply of medical countermeasures to prepare for, and respond to health emergencies by enhancing their affordability , availability and accessibility; and
				cluster 2		cluster 2
Article 4(2), point (f)(iii)						
126		(iii) coordination actions and strengthening capacity building.		(iii) coordination actions and strengthening capacity building.		(ii) strengthening capacity building.
				cluster 2		cluster 2
Article 4(2), point (fa)						
126a						(fa) facilitate response to threats that can lead to health emergencies falling under Regulation (EU) 2022/2371 and other relevant Union law.
						cluster 2
Article 10a						

	CLEAN	Commission Proposal	VS.EC	1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2	2nd compromise proposal
162a				Article 10a Eligible actions cluster 2		Article 10a Eligible actions cluster 2
Article 10a, first paragraph						
162b				Only actions that implement the objectives in Article 4(2) {,in particular the actions set out in Annex,} shall be eligible for funding. cluster 2 curly brackets		Only actions that implement the <i>specific</i> objectives <i>set out</i> in Article 4(2), f in particular the actions set out in Annex, f shall be eligible for funding. cluster 2
Article 12						
174		Article 12 Work programme		Article 12 Work programme cluster 2		Article 12 Work programme cluster 2
Article 12(1)						
175		The Regulation shall be implemented by work programmes referred to in Article 110 Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2024/2509.		1. The Regulation This Chapter shall be implemented by work programmes referred to in Article 110 Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2024/2509. cluster 2		<u>1. The Union funding established under</u> this Chapter shall be implemented by work programmes referred to in Article 110 <u>of</u> Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2024/2509. cluster 2
Article 12(2), first subparagraph						
175a						<u>2. The work programmes referred to in paragraph 1 shall implement the specific objectives set out in Article 4(2) and the eligible actions referred to in Article 10a, in particular the ones set out in the Annex, as well as the specific activities referred to in Article 34.</u> cluster 2
Article 12(2), second subparagraph						

	CLEAN	Commission Proposal	VS.EC	1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2	2nd compromise proposal
175b						<u>In addition to the requirements under Article 110 (2) and (3) of Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2024/2509, those work programmes shall contain at least:</u> cluster 2
Article 12(2), second subparagraph, point (a)						
175c						<u>(a) A dedicated section with the indicative amount allocated to each specific objective set out in Article 4(2),</u> cluster 2
Article 12(2), second subparagraph, point (b)						
175d						<u>(b) A dedicated section for the specific objectives set out in points (a) to (c) and {e} of Article 4(2),</u> cluster 2 cluster 3 curly brackets
Article 12(2), second subparagraph, point (b)(i)						
175e						<u>(i) with the indicative amount allocated to each action meeting the considered specific objective,</u> cluster 2
Article 12(2), second subparagraph, point (b)(ii)						
175f						<u>(ii) an indicative implementation timetable, and</u> cluster 2
Article 12(2), second subparagraph, point (b)(iii)						
175g						<u>(iii) where relevant, the indicative total amount for all actions meeting the considered specific objective;</u>

	CLEAN	Commission Proposal	VS.EC	1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2	2nd compromise proposal
						cluster 2
Article 12(2), second subparagraph, point (c)						
175h						<u>(c) A dedicated section for the specific objective set out in point (f) of Article 4(2),</u> cluster 2
Article 12(2), second subparagraph, point (c)(i)						
175i						<u>(i) with the indicative amount allocated to each specific activities meeting the considered specific objective, and</u> cluster 2
Article 12(2), second subparagraph, point (c)(ii)						
175j						<u>(ii) an indicative implementation timetable.</u> cluster 2
Article 12(2), third subparagraph						
175k						<u>Regarding the specific objective set out in point (d) of Article 4(2), no work programme shall be required for actions meeting this objective and falling under the response laid down in Chapter 3 of Title II, which cannot be provided for in advance.</u> cluster 2
Article 12(2), fourth subparagraph						
175l						<u>Regarding the specific objective set out in point (fa) of Article 4(2), no work programme shall be required for actions meeting this objective and falling under Regulation (EU) 2022/2371, which cannot be provided for in advance.</u>

	CLEAN Commission Proposal	VS.EC 1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2 2nd compromise proposal
			cluster 2
Article 12(3)			
175m		2.The Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, adopt the work programmes referred to in paragraph 1. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 35(2). cluster 2	2 3. The Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, adopt the work programmes referred to in paragraph 1. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 35(2). cluster 2
TITLE III			
387	TITLE III HEALTH EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE	TITLE III HEALTH EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE cluster 2	TITLE III HEALTH EMERGENCY PREVENTION OF, PREPAREDNESS FOR, AND RESPONSE TO <u>HEALTH EMERGENCIES</u> cluster 2
Article 34			
388	Article 34 Health emergency preparedness and response	Article 34 Specific activities related to health emergency preparedness and response cluster 2	Article 34 Specific activities related to health emergency prevention of, preparedness for, and response <u>to health emergencies</u> cluster 2
Article 34, 1.			
389	The Commission shall support Member States in strengthening capabilities for the prevention of, preparedness for, and response to serious-cross border threats to health, in particular through:	1.When establishing the work programmes referred to in Article 12, the Commission shall support Member States in strengthening capabilities for the prevention of, preparedness for, and response to serious-cross border threats to health, in particular through include the following activities for implementing the	1.When establishing the work programmes referred to in Article 12, the Commission shall include the following activities for implementing the specific objective referred to set out in Article 4(2), point (f), <u>may be implemented through specific activities in particular the following ones:</u>

	CLEAN Commission Proposal	VS.EC 1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2 2nd compromise proposal
		specific objective referred to in Article 4(2), point (f): cluster 2	cluster 2
Article 34, 1., point (a)			
390	(a) supporting data collection, information exchange, early warning and surveillance systems;	(a) supporting data collection and information collection and exchange, early warning and epidemiological surveillance systems; cluster 2	(a) supporting data and information collection and exchange, early warning and epidemiological surveillance; cluster 2
Article 34, 1., point (b)			
391	(b) enhancing the availability and accessibility of medical countermeasures, including through procurement, capacity reservations as well as their stockpiling and deployment;	(b) enhancing the availability and accessibility of medical countermeasures, including through procurement; and capacity reservations, as well as their stockpiling and through cost-effective management, including rotation, and distribution, aiming for synergies and complementarities with national stocks; cluster 2	(b) enhancing the availability, <u>affordability</u> and accessibility of medical countermeasures, including procurement and capacity reservations, as well as stockpiling <u>at national and Union level</u> , through cost-effective management, including rotation, deployment, and distribution, aiming for synergies and complementarities with national stocks; cluster 2
Article 34, 1., point (c)			
392	(c) capacity building;	(c) supporting coordination actions and capacity building through strengthening knowledge and skills, training and exercises; cluster 2	(c) supporting coordination actions, <u>including joint actions</u> , and capacity building through strengthening knowledge and skills, training and exercises; cluster 2
Article 34, 1., point (d)			
393	(d) support actions for the development, implementation and monitoring, including through cooperation between national authorities and with stakeholders, and the development and	(d) support supporting actions for the development, implementation and monitoring of health security policies , including through cooperation between national authorities and	(d) supporting actions for the development, implementation and monitoring of health security policies, including through cooperation between national authorities and with stakeholders, and

	CLEAN Commission Proposal	VS.EC 1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2 2nd compromise proposal
	deployment of the necessary tools and infrastructures, including IT infrastructures.	with stakeholders, and the development and deployment of the necessary tools and infrastructures, including IT infrastructures. cluster 2	the development and deployment of the necessary tools and infrastructures, including IT infrastructures. cluster 2
Article 34, 1. a			
393a		2.An indicative list of eligible actions is presented under Section 6 of the Annex. cluster 2	2.An <i>indicative non-exhaustive</i> list of eligible actions <u>meeting the specific objectives of point (f) and (fa) of Article 4(2)</u> is presented under Section 6 of the Annex. cluster 2
TITLE IV			
394	TITLE IV FINAL PROVISIONS	TITLE IV FINAL PROVISIONS cluster 2	TITLE IV FINAL PROVISIONS cluster 2
Article 35			
395	Article 35 Committee procedure	Article 35 Committee procedure cluster 2	Article 35 Committee procedure cluster 2
Article 35(1)			
396	1.The Commission shall be assisted by a committee. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	1.The Commission shall be assisted by a committee. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011. cluster 2	1.The Commission shall be assisted by a committee. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011; <u>and may convene in the following configurations:</u> cluster 2
Article 35(1), point (a)			
396a			<u>(a) General Committee for:</u>

	CLEAN	Commission Proposal	VS.EC	1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2	2nd compromise proposal
						cluster 2
Article 35(1), point (a)(i)						
396b						<u>(i) matters concerning the general objectives referred to in Article 4(1) {and the specific objective referred to in point (e) in Article 4(2)};</u> cluster 2 curly brackets cluster 3
Article 35(1), point (a)(ii)						
396c						<u>(ii) matters concerning, on one hand, the specific objectives referred to in point (f) of Article 4(2) and, in the other, any specific objective referred to in point (a) to {(e)} of Article 4(2);</u> cluster 2 cluster 3 curly brackets
Article 35(1), point (b)						
396d						<u>(b) Civil Protection Committee for:</u> cluster 2
Article 35(1), point (b)(i)						
396e						<u>(i) matters concerning specific objectives referred to in points (a) to {(e)} of Article 4(2);</u> cluster 2 curly brackets cluster 3
Article 35(1), point (b)(ii)						
396f						<u>(ii) the implementing acts referred to in Articles 19(7), 20(1), 20(3), 20(5), 21(2), 21(5), 21(7), 21(9) and 21(17), which concern the functioning of the Union Civil Protection Mechanism under Title II;</u>

	CLEAN	Commission Proposal	VS.EC	1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2	2nd compromise proposal
						cluster 2
Article 35(1), point (c)						
396g						<u>(c) Health Emergency Committee for matters concerning the specific objective referred to in points (f) and (fa) of Article 4(2);</u> cluster 2
Article 35(2)						
397		2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.		2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply. cluster 2		2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply. cluster 2
Article 35(2a), first subparagraph						
398		3. Where the opinion of the committee is to be obtained by written procedure, that procedure shall be terminated without result when, within the time-limit for delivery of the opinion, the chair of the committee so decides or a simple majority of committee members so request.		3. Where the opinion of the committee is to be obtained by written procedure, that procedure shall be terminated without result when, within the time-limit for delivery of the opinion, the chair of the committee so decides or a simple majority of committee members so request. cluster 2		3. Where the opinion of the committee is to be obtained by written procedure, that procedure shall be terminated without result when, within the time-limit for delivery of the opinion, the chair of the committee so decides or a simple majority of committee members so request. cluster 2
Article 35(2a), second subparagraph						
398a				Where the committee delivers no opinion, the Commission shall not adopt the draft implementing act and the third subparagraph of Article 5(4) of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply. cluster 2		Where the committee delivers no opinion, the Commission shall not adopt the draft implementing act and the third subparagraph of Article 5(4) of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply. cluster 2
Article 35(2b)						

	CLEAN Commission Proposal	VS.EC 1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2 2nd compromise proposal
398b		3a. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 8 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011, in conjunction with Article 5 thereof, shall apply. cluster 2	3a. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 8 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011, in conjunction with Article 5 thereof, shall apply. cluster 2
Article 35(4)			
399	4. In accordance with international agreements concluded by the Union, representatives of third countries and international organisations may be invited as observers in the meetings of the committee under the requirements laid down in its rules of procedure and taking into account security and public order of the Union or its Member States. Representatives of third countries or international organisations shall not participate in deliberations on matters related to the eligibility of third country entities or international organisations.	<i>deleted</i> cluster 2	<i>deleted</i> cluster 2
Annex, Section 6			
491a		Section 6 Possible eligible actions on health emergency preparedness and response cluster 2	Section 6 Possible eligible actions on health emergency prevention of , preparedness for and response <u>to threats that can lead to health emergencies (non-exhaustive list)</u> cluster 2
Annex, 5 paragraph a			
491b		Actions meeting the objectives laid down in point (f) of Article 4(2): cluster 2	Actions meeting the objectives laid down in point (f) <u>and (fa)</u> of Article 4(2): cluster 2
Annex, 5 paragraph a, point (a)			

	CLEAN	Commission Proposal	VS.EC	1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2	2nd compromise proposal
491c				<p>(a) Strengthening the critical health infrastructure to cope with health crises, by supporting the setup of tools for surveillance, forecast, prevention and management of outbreaks;</p> <p>cluster 2</p>		<p>(a) Strengthening the critical health infrastructure to cope with health crises, by Supporting the setup <u>and implementation</u> of tools, <u>capacities and capabilities for information gathering required for the prevention of and preparedness for health emergencies. This may include integrated for</u> surveillance, forecast, prevention and management of outbreaks; <u>early warning, modelling and forecasting, event analytics, and medical countermeasures intelligence.</u></p> <p>cluster 2</p>
Annex, 5 paragraph a, point (b)						
491d				<p>(b) Supporting actions to foster Union-wide health crisis prevention and preparedness, and the management capacity and response capacity of actors at Union and national level, including voluntary stress tests, contingency planning and preparedness exercises; mechanisms for the efficient coordination of preparedness and response, and the coordination of those actions at Union level;</p> <p>cluster 2</p>		<p>(b) Supporting actions to foster Union-wide health crisis prevention and preparedness, and the management capacity and the response <u>capacity of actors at Union and national level to a threat that can lead to health emergencies by ensuring rapid access to medical countermeasures through the procurement and deployment of goods and services,</u> including voluntary stress tests, contingency planning and preparedness exercises; mechanisms for the efficient coordination of preparedness and response, and the coordination of those actions at Union level; <u>through the adaptation of medical countermeasures during health emergencies as well as donations to Member States and international partners.</u></p> <p>cluster 2</p>
Annex, 5 paragraph a, point (c)						
491e				<p>(c) Supporting actions for setting up an integrated cross-cutting risk communication</p>		<p>(c) Supporting actions for setting up an integrated cross-cutting risk communication</p>

	CLEAN	Commission Proposal	VS.EC	1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2	2nd compromise proposal
				framework covering all phases of health crisis, namely prevention, preparedness, response and recovery; cluster 2		framework covering all phases to ensure access to medical countermeasures in times of health crisis, namely prevention, preparedness, response and recovery; <u>emergencies including through exchange of information and monitoring of supply chains, agreements with manufacturers in particular for the reservation of production capacity, the maintenance of 'ever-warm' production capacities, and emergency manufacturing scale-up.</u> cluster 2
Annex, 5 paragraph a, point (d)						
				(d) Supporting preventive actions to protect vulnerable groups from health threats and actions to adapt the response to and the management of health crises to the needs of those vulnerable groups; cluster 2		(d) Supporting preventive actions to protect vulnerable groups from health threats and actions to adapt the response to and the <u>the cost-effective establishment, replenishment, management and deployment of strategic stockpiles of medical countermeasures, with national authorities of Member States and relevant Union bodies.</u> of health crises to the needs of those vulnerable groups; cluster 2
Annex, 5 paragraph a, point (e)						
				(e) Supporting actions to address the collateral health consequences of a health crisis; cluster 2		(e) Supporting actions to address the collateral health consequences of a <u>promote regional, joint and other forms of pool procurement, including to strengthen the global</u> health crisis; <u>emergency preparedness and response.</u> cluster 2
Annex, 5 paragraph a, point (f)						

	CLEAN	Commission Proposal	VS.EC	1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2	2nd compromise proposal
491h				<p>(f) Supporting, in synergy with other programmes, training and educational programmes for the upskilling of healthcare and public health workforces, and programmes for temporary exchanges of staff, in particular with the aim of improving their digital skills;</p> <p>cluster 2</p>		<p>(f) Supporting <u>actions to strengthen the preparedness and response capacities of health crises stakeholders, which may include simulation exercises, voluntary stress tests, contingency planning, lessons learned reviews, the development of quality standards,</u> in synergy with other programmes, training and educational programmes, <u>exchange of best practices</u> for the upskilling of healthcare and public health workforces, and programmes for temporary exchanges of staff, in particular with the aim of improving their digital skills; <u>efficient coordination of preparedness and response, and the coordination of those actions at Union level.</u></p> <p>cluster 2</p>
Annex, 5 paragraph a, point (g)						
491i				<p>(g) Supporting the establishment and coordination of Union Reference Laboratories, Union Reference Centres, and Centres of Excellence;</p> <p>cluster 2</p>		<p>(g) Supporting <u>actions for the rapid deployment of public health measures to respond to threats that can lead to health emergencies, including adapting response to vulnerable groups. This may include risk and crisis communication campaigns and actions to address mis-/disinformation.</u> the establishment and coordination of Union Reference Laboratories, Union Reference Centres, and Centres of Excellence;</p> <p>cluster 2</p>
Annex, 5 paragraph a, point (h)						
491j				<p>(h) Auditing Member States' preparedness and response arrangements, for example regarding health crisis management, antimicrobial resistance and vaccination;</p>		<p>(h) Auditing Member States' <u>Developing and maintaining IT tools for prevention of,</u> preparedness <u>for</u> and response arrangements, for example regarding <u>to</u> health crisis management, antimicrobial resistance and vaccination;</p>

	CLEAN Commission Proposal	VS.EC 1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2 2nd compromise proposal
		cluster 2	<u>emergencies, including to ensure their interoperability with national systems.</u> cluster 2
Annex, 5 paragraph a, point (i)			
491k		(i) Communicating to the public in the context of risk management and health crisis preparedness; cluster 2	(i) Communicating to the public in the context of risk management and <u>Supporting actions to foster whole-of-society and whole-of-government approach within</u> health crisis <u>emergency</u> preparedness; and response, <u>including civil – military cooperation, in particular to ensure access to medical countermeasures, including dual use, and support a cooperation framework with industry and civil society.</u> cluster 2
Annex, 5 paragraph a, point (j)			
491l		(j) Supporting upwards convergence of national systems' performance through health indicator development, analysis and knowledge brokering and the organisation of voluntary stress tests of national healthcare systems; cluster 2	(j) Supporting upwards convergence of national systems' performance through health indicator development, analysis and knowledge brokering and the organisation of voluntary stress tests of national healthcare systems; <u>evaluation and monitoring frameworks of health emergency preparedness and response actions and policies, including through the provision of scientific advice to support evidence-based policymaking.</u> cluster 2
Annex, 5 paragraph a, point (k)			
491m		(k) Supporting investigation, risk assessment and risk management work on the link between animal health, environmental factors,	(k) Supporting investigation, risk assessment and risk management work on the link between animal health, environmental factors, and human diseases, including during <u>collaboration with</u>

CLEAN	Commission Proposal	VS.EC 1st compromise proposal	VS.AUX2 2nd compromise proposal
		<p>and human diseases, including during health crises.</p> <p>cluster 2</p>	<p><i><u>third countries, United Nations and other international partners fostering global health</u></i> crises <i><u>emergency preparedness and response initiatives, contributing to the objectives of the Regulation.</u></i></p> <p>cluster 2</p>