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LIMITE

COVID-19	VISA	SCHENGEN
JAI	MI	AVIATION
POLGEN	SAN	PHARM
FRONT	TRANS	RELEX
FREMP	COCON	TOUR
IPCR	COMIX	CODEC

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#### **MEETING DOCUMENT**

From: To:	Commission services Ad hoc Working Party on the proposals for a Digital Green Certificate
N° Cion doc.:	5942/22, 5943/22
Subject:	Draft Regulations amending Regulation 2021/953 and Regulation 2021/954 amending the EU Digital Covid Certificate - presentation by the Commission

Delegations will find attached the presentation made by the Commission services at the meeting of the ad hoc Working Party on the proposals for a Digital Covid Certificate on 14 February 2022 on the above-mentioned subject.

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# Extension of the EU Digital COVID Certificate Regulations

Presentation of the Commission's proposals to the ad hoc Working Party of 14 February 2022

DG JUST and DG HOME

#### Background – why the extension? 1/2

- EU Digital COVID Certificate has been rolled out successfully it's a system that is widely available and reliably accepted
- More than 1 billion certificates already issued
- After a peak in Omicron cases, a high proportion of the population is expected to enjoy, at least for a certain period, protection from COVID-19
- However, we cannot predict the developments in the second half of 2022
- In addition, a worsening of the pandemic because of new variants cannot be ruled out



#### Background – why the extension? 2/2

- As a result, we do not know whether we will need the EU DCC during the winter of 2022/2023
- Without an extension, the legal basis to operate the EU DCC trust framework ceases to apply
- If the Regulation is not extended, we would thus deprive ourselves of the possibility to use the EU DCC in the second half of 2022
- An extension of the EU DCC Regulation does not require Member States
   to maintain travel restrictions on the contrary, they should be lifted as
   soon as possible



#### Proposed amendments - extension

- An extension of the EU Digital COVID Certificate Regulation by 12 months from 30 June 2022 to 30 June 2023 (amendment to Article 17 of the Regulation)
- An extension of the power to adopt **delegated acts** by 12 months (amendment to Article 12(2) of the Regulation)
- The application of the "twin" Regulation 2021/954 extending the scope of the EU DCC Regulation to third-country nationals legally staying or residing in the EU would be tied to the "main" Regulation 2021/953



#### Proposed amendments – antigen tests

- At the moment, the Regulation allows the issuance of test certificates based on NAAT tests (e.g. PCR) and rapid antigen tests in the EU common list
- The current definition does not cover laboratory-based antigen tests, which are faster than PCR and even more reliable than RAT
- The technical working group responsible for the EU common list has developed a separate list of laboratory-based antigen tests that meet the quality criteria of rapid antigen tests
- COM proposes to **expand the definition of antigen tests** to cover both rapid antigen tests and lab-based antigen tests included in the EU common list (Article 2(5), removal of the word 'rapid' from Articles 3(1), 6(2), 7(4) and Annex)

### Proposed amendments – clinical trial vaccines

- Current wording on the issuance and acceptance of vaccination certificates for vaccines undergoing clinical trials unclear
- Important to encourage participation in clinical trials
- New subparagraph to Article 5(5) proposed:
  - MS may issue vaccination certificates to persons participating in clinical trials that have been approved by Member States' ethical committees and competent authorities regardless whether the participants have received the COVID-19 vaccine candidate or the dose administered to the control group to avoid undermining the studies
  - MS may accept such certificates in order to waive free movement restrictions
- To ensure a coherent approach, HSC, EMA and ECDC may be asked for guidance



#### Proposed amendments – number of doses

- Already today, Article 5(2)(b) of the EU DCC Regulation provides that a vaccination certificate must contain "the number of doses administered to the holder", not just the doses administered in the MS issuing the certificate
- MS and citizens have regularly raised problems about vaccination certificates not containing correct information. COM effort to address situation – IPCR questionnaire, letters to MS
- Proposal to further **clarify** the number of doses is independent of the MS in which they have been administered in Article 5(2)(b)
- Previous doses in other MS can be proven with an EU DCC, and MS should not require other information such as the batch number of previous doses
- Acceptance of previous doses subject to Article 5(5)



#### Summary

- Time-limited extension with a few additional targeted amendments
- Proposals already now to allow for sufficient time for the legislative negotiations to conclude before June
- No change to the scope of the Regulation domestic use of the certificates remains a decision of the MS
- We urge you not to re-open provisions for which a careful balance has been found during the initial negotiations



## Thank you





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