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NOTE

From: To:	Presidency Delegations
Subject:	SMEI: Consolidated comments on articles 13-26

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
2022/0278 (COD)		
Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL establishing a Single Market emergency instrument and repealing Council Regulation No (EC) 2679/98		
(Text with EEA relevance)		
THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,		
Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Articles 114, 21 and 45 thereof,		BE (Comments): BE questions the proposed legal basis and would like the Commission to explain its decision to choose those articles and waits for the Council Legal Service to give its opinion on it.
Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,		
After transmission of the draft legislative act to		

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the national parliaments,		
Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee ¹ ,		
Having regard to the opinion of the Committee of the Regions ² ,		
Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,		
Whereas:		
		LU (Comments):
		Comments on recitals are preliminary.
(1) Past crises, especially the early days of the COVID-19 pandemic, have shown that the internal market (also referred to as the Single Market and its supply chains can be severely affected by such crises, and appropriate crisis management tools and coordination mechanisms are either lacking, do not cover all aspects of the Single market or do not allow for a timely	BE (Drafting): (1) Past crises, especially the early days of the COVID-19 pandemic, have shown that the internal market (also referred to as the Single Market) and its supply chains can be severely affected by such crises, particuliarly at cross-border level, and appropriate crisis management tools and coordination mechanisms are either	BE (Comments): The most obvious difficulties during the COVID crisis were cross-border and are not reflected in the text

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response to such impacts.	lacking, do not cover all aspects of the Single market or do not allow for a timely response to such impacts.	
(2) The Union was not sufficiently prepared to ensure efficient manufacturing, procurement and distribution of crisis-relevant non-medical goods such as personal protective equipment, especially in the early phase of the COVID-19 pandemic and the ad-hoc measures taken by the Commission in order to re-establish the functioning of the Single Market and to ensure the availability of crisis-relevant non-medical goods during the COVID-19 pandemic were necessarily reactive The pandemic also revealed insufficient overview of manufacturing capacities across the Union as well as vulnerabilities related to the global supply chains.		
(3) Actions by the Commission were delayed by several weeks due to the lack of any Union wide contingency planning measures and ofclarity as to which part of the national administration to contact to find rapid solutions to the impact on the Single Market being cause by the crisis. In addition it became clear that uncoordinated restrictive actions taken by the		

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Member States would further aggravate the impacts of the crisis on the Single market. It emerged that there is a need for arrangements between the Member States and Union authorities as regards contingency planning, technical level coordination and cooperation and information exchange.		
(4) Representative organisations of economic operators have suggested that economic operators did not have sufficient information on the crisis response measures of the Member States during the pandemics, partly due to not knowing where to obtain such information, partly due to language constraints and the administrative burden implied in making repeated inquiries in all the Member States, especially in a constantly changing regulatory environment. This prevented them from making informed business decisions as to what extent they may rely on their free movement rights or continue cross-border business operations during the crisis. It is necessary to improve the availability of information on national and Union level crisis response measures		
(5) These recent events have also highlighted the need for the Union to be better		

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prepared for possible future crises, especially as we consider the continuing effects of climate change and resulting natural disasters as well as global economic and geopolitical instabilities. Given the fact that it is not known which kind of crises could come up next and produce severe impacts on the Single Market and its supply chains in the future, it is necessary to provide for an instrument that would apply with regards to impacts on the Single Market of a wide range of crises.		
(6) The impact of a crisis on the Single Market can be two-fold. On the one hand, a crisis can lead to obstacles to free movement within the Single Market, thus disrupting its normal functioning. On the other hand, a crisis can amplify shortages of crisis-relevant goods and services on the Single Market. The Regulation should address both types of impacts on the Single Market.		IT (Comments): It is necessary to align the text with Article 3.
(7) Since any specific aspects of future crises that would impact the Single Market and its supply chains are hard to predict, this Regulation should provide for a general framework for anticipating, preparing for, mitigating and minimising the negative impacts		

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which any crisis may cause on the Single Market and its supply chains.		
(8) The framework of measures set out under this Regulation should be deployed in a coherent, transparent, efficient, proportionate and timely manner, having due regard to the need to maintain vital societal functions, meaning including public security, safety, public order, or public health respecting, the responsibility of the Member States to safeguard national security and their power to safeguard other essential state functions, including ensuring the territorial integrity of the State and maintaining law and order.		
(9) To this end, this Regulation provides:		
- the necessary means to ensure the continued functioning of the Single Market, the businesses that operate on the Single Market and its strategic supply chains, including the free circulation of goods, services and persons in times of crisis and the availability of crisis relevant goods and services to citizens, businesses and public authorities at the time of crisis;		

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 a forum for adequate coordination, cooperation and exchange of information; and 		
 the means for the timely accessibility and availability of the information which is needed for a targeted response and adequate market behaviour by businesses and citizens during a crisis. 		
(10) Where possible, this Regulation should allow for anticipation of events and crises, building on on-going analysis concerning strategically important areas of the Single Market economy and the Union's continuous foresight work.		
		BE (Comments):
		BE recalls the importance of consistency between this new proposal and pre-existing or future instruments, especially sectorial emergency instruments, as well as ongoing initiatives. A specific provision should be inserted in the text, notably in the recitals, specifying the articulation between the SMEI and the other emergency instruments.
(11) This Regulation should not duplicate the		AT (Comments):

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existing framework for medicinal products, medical devices or other medical countermeasures under the EU Health Security Framework, including Regulation (EU)/ on serious cross-border health threats [SCBTH Regulation (COM/2020/727)], Council Regulation (EU)/ on a framework of measures for ensuring the supply of crisis-relevant medical counter-measures [Emergency Framework Regulation (COM/2021/577)], Regulation (EU)/ on the extended mandate of the ECDC [ECDC Regulation (COM/2020/726)] and Regulation (EU) 2022/123 on the extended mandate of the EMA [EMA Regulation]. Therefore, medicinal products, medical devices or other medical counter-measures, when they have been placed on the list referred to in Article 6(1) of the Emergency Framework Regulation, shall be excluded from the scope of this Regulation, except in relation to the provisions relating to free movement during the Single Market emergency, and in particular those designed to re-establish and facilitate free movement as well as the notification mechanism.		Misleading, unclear and too broad phrasing of the conditions when the exemption clause for medicinal products etc does not apply. This exemption from the exemption leaves too much room for interpretation as to the applicability of the regulation for medicinal products. Needs to be reformulated to allow only very strict case by case basis of an exemption for an exemption. Otherwise the initial problem of too much overlap with other regulations and a confusion as to which applies where and when will remain. BE (Comments): Recitals 11 to 15 do not really clarify the SMEI's relationship with pre-existing and future EU emergency mechanisms, such as the Green Lanes Initiative, the Solidarity Corridors, the Chips Act, and the Raw Materials Act. BE would like to see a specific reference to coherence with both pre-existing and future mechanisms in the text and would welcome further clarifications in this regard in the recitals. For example, is it possible to build up semiconductor reserves on the basis of the SMEI when this is not foreseen by the Chips Act?
(12) This Regulation should complement the		BE (Comments):

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Integrated Political Crisis Response mechanism operated by the Council under Council Implementing Decision (EU) 2018/1993 as regards its work on Single Market impacts of cross-sectoral crises that require political decision-making.		BE would like to see a specific reference to coherence with both pre-existing and future mechanisms in the text and would welcome further clarifications in this regard in the recitals. For more details, see full comment on recital 11.
(13) This Regulation should be without prejudice to the Union Civil Protection Mechanism ('UCPM'). This Regulation should be in complementarity with the UCPM and should support it, where neessary, as regards availability of critical goods and free movement of civil protection workers, including their equipment, for crises that fall into the remit of that mechanism.		BE (Comments): BE would like to see a specific reference to coherence with both pre-existing and future mechanisms in the text and would welcome further clarifications in this regard in the recitals. For more details, see full comment on recital 11.
(14) This Regulation should be without prejudice to Articles 55 to 57 of Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 on the general plan on crisis management in the area of food and feed, implemented by Commission Decision (EU) 2019/300.		BE (Comments): BE would like to see a specific reference to coherence with both pre-existing and future mechanisms in the text and would welcome further clarifications in this regard in the recitals. For more details, see full comment on recital 11.
(15) The Regulation should be without prejudice to the European Food Security Crisis		BE (Comments):

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preparedness and response Mechanism (EFSCM). Nevertheless, food products should be governed by the provisions of this Regulation, including those concerning the notification mechanism and concerning restrictions to free movement rights. The measures concerning food products notified under this Regulation may be also reviewed for their compliance with any other relevant provisions of EU law.		BE would like to see a specific reference to coherence with both pre-existing and future mechanisms in the text and would welcome further clarifications in this regard in the recitals. For more details, see full comment on recital 11.
(16) In order to account for the exceptional nature of and potential far-reaching consequences for the fundamental operation of the Singe Market of a Single Market emergency, implementing powers should exceptionally be conferred on the Council for the activation of Single Market emergency mode pursuant to Article 281(2) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union.	CZ (Drafting): (16) In order to account for the exceptional nature of and potential far-reaching consequences for the fundamental operation of the Singe Market of a Single Market emergency, implementing powers should exceptionally be conferred on the Council for the activation of Single Market emergency mode pursuant to Article 291(2) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union.	CZ (Comments): Reference to the correct Article of the TFEU. DK (Comments): Receital on Council implementing acts updated to reflect suggestions on the activation of vigilance mode in article 9(1) – 9(1a). Proposal references wrong TFEU article. BE (Comments):
	DK (Drafting): (16) In order to account for the exceptional nature of and potential far-reaching consequences for the fundamental operation of the Singe Market of a Single Market emergency, implementing powers should exceptionally be conferred on the Council for the activation of	To ensure that the Member States are adequately involved in important decisions, BE considers there is a need for a Council Implementing Decision in order to activate the vigilance mode and delineate its scope. Such a Council Implementing Decision can be also objectively justified on the basis of the farreaching consequences of the vigilance mode

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	Single Market <u>vigilance and</u> emergency mode pursuant to Article 2 <u>98</u> 1(2) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union. BE (Drafting):	with regard to strategic reserves (Article 12). EE (Comments): Art 281 TFEU is the Statute of the ECJ
	(16) In order to account for the exceptional nature of Single Market emergency and potential far-reaching consequences for the fundamental operation of the Singe Market, implementing powers should exceptionally be conferred on the Council for the activation of Single Market vigilance and emergency modes pursuant to Article 281(2) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union.	
	EE (Drafting):	
	(16) In order to account for the exceptional nature of and potential far-reaching consequences for the fundamental operation of the Singe Market of a Single Market emergency, implementing powers should exceptionally be conferred on the Council for the activation of Single Market emergency mode pursuant to Article 291(2) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union.	
	IT (Drafting):	
	16) In order to account for the exceptional nature of and potential far-reaching consequences for the fundamental operation of the Singe Market of a Single Market emergency,	

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	implementing powers should exceptionally be conferred on the Council for the activation of Single Market emergency mode pursuant to Article 281(2) 291(2) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union	
(17) Article 21 TFEU lays down the right of EU citizens to move and reside freely within the territory of the Member States, subject to the limitations and conditions laid down in the Treaties and the measures adopted to give them effect. The detailed conditions and limitations are laid down in Directive 2004/38/EC. This Directive sets out the general principles applicable to these limitations and the grounds that may be used to justify such measures. These grounds are public policy, public security or public health. In this context, restrictions to freedom of movement can be justified if they are proportionate and non-discriminatory. This Regulation is not intended to provide for additional grounds for the limitation of the right to free movement of persons beyond those provided for in Chapter VI of Directive 2004/38/EC.		
(18) As regards the measures for reestablishing and facilitating free movement of		

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persons and any other measures affecting the free movement of persons provided under this Regulation, they are based on Article 21 TFEU and complement Directive 2004/38/EC without affecting its application at the time of Single Market emergencies. Such measures should not result in authorising or justifying restrictions to free movement contrary to the Treaties or other provisions of Union law.		
(19) Article 45 TFEU lays down the right to free movement of workers, subject to the limitations and conditions laid down in the Treaties and the measures adopted to give them effect. This Regulation contains provisions which complement the existing measures in order to reinforce free movement of persons, increase transparency and provide administrative assistance during Single Market emergencies. Such measures include setting up and making available of the single points of contact to workers and their representatives in the Member States and at Union level during the Single Market vigilance and emergency modes under this regulation.	CZ (Drafting): (19) Article 45 TFEU lays down the right to free movement of workers, subject to the limitations and conditions laid down in the Treaties and the measures adopted to give them effect. This Regulation contains provisions which complement the existing measures in order to reinforce free movement of persons, increase transparency and provide administrative assistance during Single Market emergencies. Such measures include setting up and making available of the single points of contact to workers and their representatives in the Member States and at Union level during the Single Market vigilance and emergency modes under this regulation. Member States and the Commission are encouraged to use existing instruments for the set up and operation of these contact points.	CZ (Comments): According to this recital, single points of contact both at national and Union level should provide information and assistance during vigilance and emergency modes. However, stemming from the wording of Arts. 21 and 22, and the fact that these Articles are part of the Title II (Free movement during the Single Market Emergency), they might not be operational outside the Single Market Emergency. For CZ, this would be undesirable. We see the merit in having them operational even outside the Single Market Emergency and thus would like to see this recital appropriately reflected in the operational part. Furthermore, it seems desirable to state in the recital that existing Single Market instruments should be used for the contact points to avoid

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		duplication. BE (Comments): Recital 19 is the only recital dealing with the Single Point of Contact and seems to only target workers and their representatives. BE would
		like the Single Point of Contact to be available also for service providers, consumers and citizen.
(20) If Member States adopt measures affecting free movement of goods or persons, goods or the freedom to provide services in preparation for and during Single Market emergencies, they should limit such measures to what is necessary and remove them as soon as the situation allows it. Such measures should respect the principles of proportionality and non-discrimination and should take into consideration the particular situation of border regions.	EE (Drafting): (20) If Member States adopt measures affecting free movement of goods or persons, goods or the freedom to provide services in preparation for and during Single Market emergencies, they should limit such measures to what is necessary and remove them as soon as the situation allows it but no later than the end of the Emergency mode. Such measures should respect the principles of proportionality and non-discrimination and should take into consideration the particular situation of border regions.	EE (Comments): To limit the time of temporary restrictions. LU (Comments): See comments on related articles.
	LU (Drafting): (20) If Member States adopt measures affecting free movement of goods or persons, goods or the freedom to provide services in preparation for and during Single Market	

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	emergencies, they should limit such measures to what is necessary and remove them as soon as the situation allows it. Such measures should respect the principles of proportionality and non-discrimination and should take into consideration the particular situation of border regions.	
(21) The activation of the Single Market emergency mode should trigger an obligation for the Member States to notify crisis-relevant free movement restrictions.		
(22) When examining the compatibility of any notified draft or adopted measures with the principle of proportionality, the Commission should pay due regard to the evolving crisis situation and often limited information that is at the disposal of the Member States when they seek to reduce the emerging risks in the context of the crisis. Where justified and necessary in the circumstances, the Commission may consider based on any available information, including specialised or scientific information, the merits of Member State arguments relying on the precautionary principle as a reason for adoption of free movement of persons restrictions. It is the task of the Commission to		

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ensure that such measures comply with Union law and do not create unjustified obstacles to the functioning of the Single Market. The Commission should react to the notifications of Member States as quickly as possible, taking into account the circumstances of the particular crisis, and at the latest within the time-limits set out by this Regulation.		
(23) In order to ensure that the specific Single Market emergency measures provided for in this Regulation are used only where this is indispensable for responding to a particular Single Market emergency, such measures should require individual activation by means of Commission implementing acts, which indicate the reasons for such activation and the crisis-relevant goods or services that such measures apply to.	CZ (Drafting): (23) In order to ensure that the specific Single Market emergency measures provided for in this Regulation are used only where this is indispensable for responding to a particular Single Market emergency, implementing powers should exceptionally be conferred on the Council for the individual activation of such measures pursuant to Article 291(2) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, which indicate the reasons for such activation and the crisis-relevant goods or services that such measures apply to.	CZ (Comments): We would be open to the NL suggestion to activate these measures by means of Council implementing acts on a basis of Commission's proposal. IT (Comments): Since it is the Council that may activate the Single Market Emergency mode, it should be for the Council, and not for the Commission, to indicate the crisis-relevant goods or services to which the emergency measures apply.
	IT (Drafting): (23) In order to ensure that the specific Single Market emergency measures provided for in this Regulation are used only where this is indispensable for responding to a particular Single Market emergency, such measures	

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	should require individual activation by means of Commission a Council's implementing act, which indicate the reasons for such activation and the crisis-relevant goods or services that such measures apply to.	
(24) Furthermore, in order to ensure the proportionality of the implementing acts and due respect for the role of economic operators in crisis management, the Commission should only resort to the activation of the Single Market emergency mode, where economic operators are not able to provide a solution on a voluntary basis within a reasonable time. Why this is the case should be indicated in each such act, and in relation to all particular aspects of a crisis.	AT (Drafting): (24) Furthermore, in order to ensure the proportionality of the implementing acts and due respect for the role of economic operators in crisis management, the Commission should only resort to propose the activation of the Single Market emergency mode, where economic operators are not able to provide a solution on a voluntary basis within a reasonable time and after consulting the Member States and the advisory group in an appropriate manner. Why this is the case should be indicated in each such act, and in relation to all particular aspects of a crisis. CZ (Drafting): (24) Furthermore, in order to ensure the proportionality of the implementing acts and due respect for the role of economic operators in crisis management, the Council should only resort to the activation of the Single Market emergency mode, where economic operators are not able to provide a solution on a voluntary	AT (Comments): See Art. 13 (1). CZ (Comments): Nevertheless if the individual measures are activated through Council or Commission Implementing Acts, it is the Council who activates the Single Market Emergency mode. EE (Comments): The Council activates the esmergency mode.

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	basis within a reasonable time. Why this is the case should be indicated in each such act, and in relation to all particular aspects of a crisis.	
	EE (Drafting): (24) Furthermore, in order to ensure the proportionality of the implementing acts and due respect for the role of economic operators in crisis management, the Council should only resort to the activation of the Single Market emergency mode, where economic operators are not able to provide a solution on a voluntary basis within a reasonable time. Why this is the case should be indicated in each such act, and in relation to all particular aspects of a crisis.	
(25) Information requests to economic operators should be used by the Commission only where the information which is necessary for responding adequately to the Single Market emergency, such as information necessary for procurement by the Commission on behalf of the Member States or estimating the production capacities of manufacturers of crisis-relevant goods the supply chains of which have been disrupted, cannot be obtained from publicly available sources or as a result of information provided voluntarily.	LU (Drafting): (25) Information requests to economic operators should be used by the Commission only where the information which is necessary for responding adequately to the Single Market emergency, such as information necessary for procurement by the Commission on behalf of the Member States or estimating the production capacities of manufacturers of crisis relevant goods the supply chains of which have been disrupted, cannot be obtained from publicly available sources or as a result of information provided voluntarily.	CZ (Comments): This recital will need to properly reflect the outcome of the discussion concerning Art. 24. LU (Comments): See comments on related articles. IT (Comments): The principle of proportionality should be mentioned together with the principle of necessity. Moreover, the recital should clarify that these principles must be applied not only to the mandatory information requests but also

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	IT (Drafting): (25) Information requests to economic operators by means of an invitation or of a formal decision should be used by the Commission only where the information which is necessary and proportionate for responding adequately to the Single Market emergency, such as information necessary for procurement by the Commission on behalf of the Member States or estimating the production capacities of manufacturers of crisis-relevant goods the supply chains of which have been disrupted, cannot be obtained from publicly available sources or as a result of information provided voluntarily.	when the Commission invites the economic operators to provide information on a voluntary basis.
(26) The activation of the Single Market emergency mode, where needed, should also trigger the application of certain crisis-response procedures which introduce adjustments to the rules governing the design, manufacture, conformity assessment and the placing on the market of goods subject to Union harmonised rules. These crisis-response procedures should enable products, designated as crisis-relevant goods to be placed swiftly on the market in an emergency context. The conformity assessment bodies should prioritise the conformity assessment of crisis-relevant goods over any	BE (Drafting): (26) The activation of the Single Market emergency mode, where needed, should also trigger the application of certain crisis-response procedures which introduce adjustments to the rules governing the design, manufacture, conformity assessment and the placing on the market of goods subject to Union harmonised rules. These crisis-response procedures should enable products, designated as crisis-relevant goods to be placed swiftly on the market in an emergency context. The conformity assessment	CZ (Comments): The logic of limited application of an authorisation to place certain crisis-relevant on the national markets ("Such authorisations shall be only valid on the territory of the issuing Member State and limited to the duration of the Single Market emergency") is potentially very problematic. The goods placed on the markets will probably remain there even after the Single Market Emergency but the free movement of such goods will be prohibited. It will therefore become an obstacle on the Single Market,

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other ongoing applications for other products. On the other hand, in cases, where there are undue delays in the conformity assessment procedures, the national competent authorities should be able to issue authorisations for products, which have not undergone the applicable conformity assessment procedures to be placed on their respective market, provided that they comply with the applicable safety requirements. Such authorisations shall be only valid on the territory of the issuing Member State and limited to the duration of the Single Market emergency. In addition, in order to facilitate the increase in supply of crisis-relevant products, certain flexibilities should be introduced with respect to the mechanism of presumption of conformity. In the context of a Single Market emergency, the manufacturers of crisis-relevant goods should be able to rely also on national and international standards, which provide an equivalent level of protection to the harmonised European standards. In cases where the later do not exist or the compliance with them is rendered excessively difficult by the disruptions to the Single Market, the Commission should be able to issue common technical specifications of voluntary or of mandatory application in order to provide readyto-use technical solutions to the manufacturers.

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bodies should prioritise the conformity assessment of crisis-relevant goods over any other ongoing applications for other products. On the other hand, in cases, where there are undue delays in the conformity assessment procedures, the competent authorities of the Member States should be able to issue authorisations for products, which have not undergone the applicable conformity assessment procedures to be placed on their respective market, provided that they comply with the applicable safety requirements. Such authorisations shall be only valid on the territory of the issuing Member State and limited to the duration of the Single Market emergency. In addition, in order to facilitate the increase in supply of crisis-relevant products, certain flexibilities should be introduced with respect to the mechanism of presumption of conformity. In the context of a Single Market emergency, the manufacturers of crisis-relevant goods should be able to rely also on national and international standards, which provide an equivalent level of protection to the harmonised European standards. In cases where the later do not exist or the compliance with them is rendered excessively difficult by the disruptions to the Single Market, the Commission should be able to issue common technical specifications of voluntary or of mandatory application in order

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especially after the Single Market Emergency ends. The aim of this proposal is, however, to dismantle such barriers, not to introduce new ones.

Nevertheless, this discussion has to take place in the Workin Party for Technical Harmonisation and only then we can reflect it in this recital and in Art. 26.

BE (Comments):

The term "National competent authorities" should be replaced by the term "competent authorities of the Member States", in order to reflect the complex division of powers in many Member States regarding this matter.

LU (Comments):

See comments on related articles.

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	to provide ready-to-use technical solutions to the manufacturers.	
(27) The introduction of these crisis-relevant	PL (Drafting):	PL (Comments):
adjustments to the relevant sectorial Union harmonised rules requires targeted adjustments to the following 19 sectorial frameworks: Directive 2000/14/EC, Directive 2006/42/EU, Directive 2010/35/EU, Directive 2013/29/EU, Directive 2014/28/EU, Directive 2014/29/EU, Directive 2014/30/EU, Directive 2014/31/EU, Directive 2014/32/EU, Directive 2014/33/EU, Directive 2014/34/EU, Directive 2014/35/EU, Directive 2014/53/EU, Directive 2014/68/EU, Regulation (EU) 2016/424, Regulation (EU) 2016/425, Regulation (EU) 2016/426, Regulation (EU) 2019/1009 and Regulation (EU) 305/2011. The activation of the emergency procedures should be conditional upon the activation of the Single Market emergency and should be limited to the products designated as crisis-relevant goods.	(27) The introduction of these crisis-relevant adjustments to the relevant sectorial Union harmonised rules requires targeted adjustments to the following 19 sectorial frameworks: Directive 2000/14/EC, Directive 2006/42/EU, Directive 2010/35/EU, Directive 2013/29/EU, Directive 2014/28/EU, Directive 2014/29/EU, Directive 2014/30/EU, Directive 2014/31/EU, Directive 2014/32/EU, Directive 2014/33/EU, Directive 2014/34/EU, Directive 2014/35/EU, Directive 2014/53/EU, Directive 2014/68/EU, Regulation (EU) 2016/424, Regulation (EU) 2016/425, Regulation (EU) 2016/426, Regulation (EU) 2019/1009 and Regulation (EU) 305/2011. The activation of the emergency procedures should be conditional upon the activation of the Single Market emergency and should be limited to the products designated as crisis-relevant goods.	Directives 2013/29/EU and 2014/28/EU, due to the specific characteristics of the these group of products, should be deleted from the list of the relevant sectorial Union harmonised rules which will require targeted adjustments and introduction of the emergency procedures. No simplified procedure should be adopted for the conformity assessment for the group of products the above directives relate to. LU (Comments): See comments on related articles.
(28) In cases where there are substantial risks to the functioning of the Single Market or in cases of severe shortages or an exceptionally high demand of goods of strategic importance,		

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measures at Union level aimed to ensure the availability of crisis-relevant products, such as priority rated orders, may prove to be indispensable for the return to the normal functioning of the Single Market.		
(29) In order to leverage the purchasing power and negotiating position of the Commission during the Single Market vigilance mode and the Single Market emergency mode, Member States should be able to request the Commission to procure on their behalf.		
(30) Where there is a severe shortage of crisis-relevant products or services on the Single market during a Single Market emergency, and it is clear that the economic operators that operate on the Single market do not produce any such goods, but would in principle be able to repurpose their production lines or would have insufficient capacity to provide the goods or services needed, the Commission should be able to recommend to the Member States as a last resort to take measures to facilitate or request the ramping up or repurposing of production capacity of manufacturers or the capacity of the service providers to provide crisis-relevant services. In doing so the Commission would		

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inform the Member States as to the severity of the shortage and the type of the crisis-relevant goods or services that are needed and would provide support and advice in relation to the flexibilities in the EU acquis for such purposes.		
(31) The measures ensuring regulatory flexibility would allow the Commission to recommend that Member States accelerate the procedures for granting permits that would be necessary for enhancement of the capacity to produce crisis-relevant goods or provide crisis-relevant services.		
(32) Additionally, to ensure that crisis-relevant goods are available during the Single Market emergency, the Commission may invite the economic operators that operate in crisis-relevant supply chains to prioritise the orders of inputs necessary for the production of final goods that are crisis relevant, or the orders of such final goods themselves. Should an economic operator refuse to accept and prioritise such orders, following objective evidence that the availability of crisis-relevant goods is indispensable, the Commission may decide to invite the economic operators concerned to accept and prioritise certain orders,		

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the fulfilment of which will then take precedence over any other private or public law obligations. In the event of failure to accept, the operator in question should explain its legitimate reasons for declining the request. The Commission may make such reasoned explanation or parts of it public, with due regard to business confidentiality.		
(33) Furthermore, to ensure availability of crisis-relevant goods during the Single Market emergency, the Commission may recommend that Member States distribute strategic reserves, having with due regard to the principles of solidarity, necessity and proportionality.		
(34) Where the activities to be carried out pursuant to this Regulation involve the processing of personal data, such processing should comply with the relevant Union legislation on personal data protection, namely Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council ³ and Regulation		

Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2018 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by the Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and Decision No 1247/2002/EC (OJ L 295, 21.11.2018, p. 39).

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(EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁴ .		
(35) In order to ensure uniform conditions for the implementation of this Regulation, implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission as regards the possibility to adopt supportive measures for facilitating free movement of persons, for establishing a list of individual targets (quantities and deadlines) for those strategic reserves that the Member States should maintain, so that the objectives of the initiative are achieved. Furthermore, implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission as regards activating the vigilance mode and vigilance measures in order to carefully monitor the strategic supply chains and coordinate the building up of strategic reserves for goods and services of strategic importance. Moreover, implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission as regards activation of specific emergency response measures at the time of a Single		
Market emergency, to allow for a rapid and coordinated response. Those powers should be exercised in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of		

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Regulation (EU) 2016/769 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1).

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the Council.		
rights and observes the principles recognised in particular by the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union (the 'Charter'). In particular, it respects the right to privacy of the economic operators enshrined in Article 7 of the Charter, right to data protection set out in Article 8 of the Charter, the freedom to conduct business and the freedom of contract, which are protected by Article 16 of the Charter, the right to property, protected by Article 17 of the Charter, right to collective bargaining and action protected by Article 26 of the Charter and the right to an effective judicial remedy and to a fair trial as provided for in Article 47 of the Charter. Since the objective of this Regulation cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States and can rather, by reason of the scale or effects of the action, be better achieved at Union level, the Union may adopt measures in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty. In accordance with the principle of proportionality as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve that objective. The Regulation should not affect the autonomy of the social partners as recognised by the TFEU.	(36) This Regulation respects fundamental rights and observes the principles recognised in particular by the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union (the 'Charter'). In particular, it respects the right to privacy of the economic operators enshrined in Article 7 of the Charter, right to data protection set out in Article 8 of the Charter, the freedom to conduct business and the freedom of contract, which are protected by Article 16 of the Charter, the right to property, protected by Article 17 of the Charter, right to collective bargaining and action, including the right to strike, protected by Article 28 of the Charter and the right to an effective judicial remedy and to a fair trial as provided for in Article 47 of the Charter. Since the objective of this Regulation cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States and can rather, by reason of the scale or effects of the action, be better achieved at Union level, the Union may adopt measures in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty. In accordance with the principle of proportionality as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve that objective. The	BE (Comments): BE finds that this recital does not sufficiently precise whether this regulation does not affect the right to strike, due to the repealing of Council Regulation (EC) 2679/98. This recital should at least mention that the right to strike is included in the art 28 of the Charter. For a better guarantee, it should be integrated in the articles of the proposal. Moreover the reference is incorrect: The right to collective bargaining and action is protected by Article 28 and not 26 of the Charter.

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	Regulation should not affect the autonomy of the social partners as recognised by the TFEU.	
(37) The Union remains fully committed to international solidarity and strongly supports the principle that any measures deemed necessary taken under this Regulation, including those necessary to prevent or relieve critical shortages, are implemented in a manner that is targeted, transparent, proportionate, temporary and consistent with WTO obligations.		
(38) The Union framework shall include interregional elements to establish coherent, multi-sectoral, cross-border Single Market vigilance and emergency response measures, in particular considering the resources, capacities and vulnerabilities across neighbouring regions, specifically border regions.		
(39) The Commission shall also where appropriate enter into consultations or cooperation, on behalf of the Union, with relevant third countries, with particular attention paid to developing countries, with a view to seeking cooperative solutions to address supply chain disruptions, in compliance with		

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
international obligations. This shall involve, where appropriate, coordination in relevant international fora.		
(40) In order to put in place a framework of crisis protocols the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 TFEU should be delegated to the Commission to supplement the regulatory framework set out in this Regulation by further specifying the modalities of cooperation of the Member States and Union authorities during the Single Market vigilance and emergency modes, secure exchange of information and risk and crisis communication. It is of particular importance that the Commission carry out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making. In particular, to ensure equal participation in the preparation of delegated acts, the European Parliament and the Council receive all documents at the same time as Member States' experts, and their experts systematically have access to meetings of Commission expert groups dealing with the preparation of delegated acts.		It would be helpful to clarify this point, in order to provide more detail on the type of delegated acts referred to.

nments):
al of Regulation (EC) No 2679/98 must at the right to strike. The inclusion of a eto Article 28 of the Charter of ental Rights in Recital 36 is in no way to guarantee the protection of the right. Therefore BE requests that the right to guaranteed by an article in the diregulation.
nments):
comment: In order to create a welling instrument in practice, the proposed as and the scope of such an instrument clear. Unfortunately, this is not the eyet. As the discussions in the WP show, most of the provisions contain terms and its application in practice is able. In our view, further in-depth ons as well as an appropriate involvment S needs to be foreseen in this on.

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
Title I Emergency mode		BE (Comments): BE would like a framework to be defined that would allow for more transparency and predictability when triggering the different modes and measures.
Article 13 Criteria for activation		SI (Comments): We would prefer a clearer outline of the criteria to allow for more legal certainty.
1. When assessing the severity of a disruption for the purposes of ascertaining whether the impact of a crisis on the Single Market qualifies as a Single Market emergency, the Commission shall, based on concrete and reliable evidence, taking into account at least the following indicators:	AT (Drafting): 1. When assessing the severity of a disruption for the purposes of ascertaining whether the impact of a crisis on the Single Market qualifies as a Single Market emergency, the Commission shall, based on concrete and reliable evidence, taking into account at least the following indicators and shall consult the Member States and the advisory group:	AT (Comments): It is questionable, if the EC should carry out such an assessment on its own. MS should be consulted. Furthermore, the indicators should be described more in detail. What would be a "concrete and reliable evidence"? CZ (Comments):
	CZ (Drafting): 1. When assessing the severity of a disruption for the purposes of ascertaining whether the impact of a crisis on the free movement of goods, persons and services on the Single Market qualifies as a Single Market emergency, the Commission shall, based on	It is important to assess whether the crisis affects the free movement on the Single Market because this proposal should have been an answer to the barriers enacted for the free movement by MSs during the covid pandemic. IE (Comments): The focus of the SMEI should be on ensuring

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	concrete and reliable evidence, take into account at least the following indicators:	free movement of goods, persons and services. PL (Comments):
	1. When assessing the severity of a disruption for the purposes of ascertaining whether the impact of a crisis on the free movement of goods, services and persons on the Single Market qualifies as a Single Market emergency, the Commission shall, based on concrete and reliable evidence, taking into account at least the following indicators: FI (Drafting): 1. When assessing the severity of a disruption for the purposes of ascertaining whether the impact of a crisis on the free movement of goods, services and persons on the Single Market qualifies as a Single Market emergency, the Commission shall, based on concrete and reliable evidence, taking into account at least the	The assessment should be carried out together with the advisory group. BE (Comments): Typo LU (Comments): The disruption of supply chains should not be the sole criterion to trigger the emergency mode. Indeed, the disruption of a supply chain does not necessarily mean that there is is a failure of the Single Market, it may simply indicate a shortage in the availability of the product. The focus should be on the disruption of the Single Market as a whole, how the 4 freedoms have been or may be impacted. This would
	following indicators: IE (Drafting):	ensure better consistency with the legal basis Art 114 TFEU and align with the objective of the proposal to ensure a fully functioning Single Market.
	1. When assessing the severity of a disruption for the purposes of ascertaining whether the impact of a crisis on the free movement of goods, persons and services in the Single Market qualifies as a Single Market emergency, the Commission shall, based on concrete and reliable evidence, taking into	IT (Comments): Our modifications intend to better align the criteria for activation to the definitions of "crisis" and "emergency". Moreover, we think that to activate the

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	account at least the following indicators: NL (Drafting):	"emergency mode" it is not sufficient to "take into consideration" certain criteria, but they should be "fulfilled".
	1. When assessing the severity of a disruption for the purposes of ascertaining whether the impact of a crisis on the free movement of goods, persons and services on the Single Market qualifies as a Single Market emergency, the Commission shall, based on concrete and reliable evidence, taking into account at least the following indicators:	Finally, as there is no definition of "vital societal or economic activities" and to create more coherence in the text, we suggest modifying the definition of 'Single Market emergency' in article 3 inserting the reference to "strategically importance areas" (in replacement to the (not defined) "vital societal or economic activities"). See below:
	PL (Drafting):	Article 3 para 1 3) Commission proposal:
	1. When assessing the severity of a disruption for the purposes of ascertaining whether the impact of a crisis on the Single Market qualifies as a Single Market emergency, the Commission and the advisory group shall, based on concrete and reliable evidence, taking into account at least the following indicators:	"Single Market emergency': means a wide- ranging impact of a crisis on the Single Market that severely disrupts the free movement on the Single Market or the functioning of the supply chains that are indispensable in the maintenance of vital societal or economic activities in the Single Market;
	BE (Drafting):	Article 3 para 1 3) Modification:
	1. When assessing the severity of a disruption for the purposes of ascertaining whether the impact of a crisis on the Single Market qualifies as a Single Market emergency, the Commission shall, based on concrete and reliable evidence, take into account at least the following indicators:	"Single Market emergency': means a wide- ranging impact of a crisis on the Single Market that severely disrupts the free movement on the Single Market or the functioning of the supply chains that are indispensable in the maintenance of "strategically importance areas" in the Single Market
	LU (Drafting):	We think that the word "sectors" is too generic

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	1. When assessing the severity of a disruption for the purposes of ascertaining whether the impact of a crisis on the free movement of goods, persons and services on the Single Market qualifies as a Single Market emergency, the Commission shall, based on concrete and reliable evidence, taking into account at least the following indicators: IT (Drafting): 1. When assessing the the severity of a disruption impact of a crisis on the Single Market for the purposes of ascertaining whether it qualifies as a Single Market emergency, the Commission shall, based on concrete and reliable evidence, taking into account at least verify the fulfilment of several of the following indicators:	and need to be specified. As we have modified the "Single Market emergency" definition inserting a reference to "strategically important areas", we have modified the criteria accordingly. SK (Comments): It is questionable whether the criteria are clear and precise to be used to assess the seriousness of the disruption in order to determine whether the impact of the crisis on the single market is considered an emergency. The criteria could be ambiguous and subjective, which could lead to different interpretations and applications among Member States. We would welcome more clarification on the concept of "concrete and reliable evidence" the assessment of the EC should be based on
	SI (Drafting):	PT (Comments):
	1. When assessing the severity of a disruption for the purposes of ascertaining whether the impact of a crisis on the free movement of goods, services or persons in the Single Market qualifies as a Single Market emergency, the Commission shall, based on concrete and reliable evidence, taking into account at least the following indicators:	Followig the COM'clarification at the SMEI Experts Workshop on 10 th of February that the indicators are not cumulative (one is sufficient to activate the emergency mode) and that the disruption can happen on one Member State as long as it affects others, we consider important that this clarification is included in the correspondent recital.
	LT (Drafting):	LT (Comments):

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	1. When assessing the severity of a disruption for the purposes of ascertaining whether the impact of a crisis on the free movement of goods, persons and services on the Single Market qualifies as a Single Market emergency, the Commission shall, based on concrete and reliable evidence, take into account at least the following indicators:	We support LU comments that the focus should be not on the disruption of supply chains but on the impact on the free movement in the Single Market. Technical suggestion to change "taking into account". In our view, either in the operational part or in the recitals a better explanation on how these indicators are to be assessed should be provided, e.g. explaning the prioretisation of the indicators. In addition each of the indicators requires elaboration (what has been meant by one or other indicator).
(a) the crisis has caused activation of any	CZ (Drafting):	CZ (Comments):
relevant Council crisis response mechanism, Union Civil Protection Mechanism or the mechanisms set up within the EU Health Security Framework, including [the proposal for] Regulation (EU)/ on serious cross- border health threats and [the proposal for] Council Regulation (EU)/ on a framework of measures for ensuring the supply of crisis- relevant medical countermeasures;	(a) the crisis has caused activation of any relevant Council crisis response mechanism, including Integrated Political Crisis Response, Union Civil Protection Mechanism or the mechanisms set up within the EU Health Security Framework, including [the proposal for] Regulation (EU)/ on serious crossborder health threats and [the proposal for] Council Regulation (EU)/ on a framework of measures for ensuring the supply of crisis-relevant medical countermeasures in case the free movement of goods, persons or services is	We need to ensure that the Single Market perspective is also taken into consideration when other crisis response mechanisms are activated, in order to avoid that events without any link to a disruption of free movement will lead to activation of a Single Market Emergency mode. Moreover, the IPCR should be specifically mentioned as well, it cannot be just implicit. DK (Comments): We need to ensure that the Single Market

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	affected; DK (Drafting): (a) the crisis has caused activation of any relevant Council crisis response mechanism, Union Civil Protection Mechanism or the mechanisms set up within the EU Health Security Framework, including [the proposal for] Regulation (EU)/ on serious crossborder health threats and [the proposal for] Council Regulation (EU)/ on a framework of measures for ensuring the supply of crisis-relevant medical countermeasures in case the free movement of goods, persons or services is affected; FI (Drafting): (a) the crisis has caused activation of any relevant Council crisis response mechanism, Union Civil Protection Mechanism or the mechanisms set up within the EU Health Security Framework, including [the proposal for] Regulation (EU)/ on serious crossborder health threats and [the proposal for] Council Regulation (EU)/ on a framework of measures for ensuring the supply of crisis-relevant medical countermeasures in case the free movement of goods, persons or services is affected; IE (Drafting):	perspective is also taken into consideration when other crisis response mechanisms are activated, in order to avoid that events without any link to a disruption of free movement will lead to activation of a Single Market emergency. FI (Comments): We need to ensure that the Single Market perspective is also taken into consideration when other crisis response mechanisms are activated, in order to avoid that events without any link to a disruption of free movement will lead to activation of a Single Market emergency. IE (Comments): There is a need to ensure that the Single Market perspective is also taken into consideration when other crisis response mechanisms are activated, in order to avoid that events without any link to a disruption of free movement will lead to activation of a Single Market emergency NL (Comments): We need to ensure that the Single Market perspective is also taken into consideration when other crisis response mechanisms are activated, in order to avoid that events without any link to a disruption of free movement will lead to activation of a Single Market emergency. PL (Comments):

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(a) the crisis has caused activation of any relevant Council crisis response mechanism, Union Civil Protection Mechanism or the mechanisms set up within the EU Health Security Framework, including [the proposal for] Regulation (EU) .../... on serious crossborder health threats and [the proposal for] Council Regulation (EU) .../... on a framework of measures for ensuring the supply of crisis-relevant medical countermeasures in case the free movement of goods, persons or services is impacted;

NL (Drafting):

(a) the crisis has caused activation of any relevant Council crisis response mechanism, Union Civil Protection Mechanism or the mechanisms set up within the EU Health Security Framework, including [the proposal for] Regulation (EU) .../... on serious crossborder health threats and [the proposal for] Council Regulation (EU) .../... on a framework of measures for ensuring the supply of crisis-relevant medical countermeasures in case the free movement of goods, persons or services is affected;

PL (Drafting):

(a) the crisis has caused activation of any relevant Council crisis response mechanism,

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IPCR as the political crisis response mechanism should be added in accordance with the recitle (12) "This Regulation should complement the Integrated Political Crisis Response mechanism operated by the Council under Council Implementing Decision (EU) 2018/1993 as regards its work on Single Market impacts of cross-sectoral crises that require political decision-making" as well as other targeted crisis specific legislation i.e.

EE (Comments):

IPCR should be mentioned as it covers all types of crisis. We also suggest leaving the list open in case there is another crisis response mechanism or there will be in the future.

LV (Comments):

Latvia is of view that indicators for activation of the Single Market emergency mode should also include crisis response mechanisms mentioned in IPCR and Regulation 178/2002 (food and feed).

SI (Comments):

IPCR should be mentioned while the relation between SMEI and IPCR as well as other crisis mechanisms is still not clear. We believe that a mapping outlining the interaction between SMEI and the rest of the crisis mechanisms

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	Union Civil Protection Mechanism or IPCR or the mechanisms set up within the EU Health Security Framework, including [the proposal for] Regulation (EU)/ on serious crossborder health threats and [the proposal for] Council Regulation (EU)/ on a framework of measures for ensuring the supply of crisisrelevant medical countermeasures; in the sector of food, transport and [the Chips Act], [Data Act], [Critical Raw Materials Act] EE (Drafting): (a) the crisis has caused activation of any relevant Council crisis response mechanism, such as Integrated Political Crisis Response, Union Civil Protection Mechanism or the mechanisms set up within the EU Health Security Framework, including [the proposal for] Regulation (EU)/ on serious crossborder health threats and [the proposal for] Council Regulation (EU)/ on a framework of measures for ensuring the supply of crisisrelevant medical countermeasures; LU (Drafting): (a) the crisis has caused activation of any	should clearly portray the logistics of such interactions. LT (Comments): The amendments are included to include the the Single Market aspect. MT (Comments): The Council has a single set of arrangements to respond to crises at political level, the EU Integrated Political Crisis Response Arrangements. For the sake of clarity, the text should refer to the mechanism by its proper title, as per Council Implementing Decision (EU) 2018/1993.
	relevant Council crisis response mechanism, Union Civil Protection Mechanism or the mechanisms set up within the EU Health Security Framework, including [the proposal	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	for] Regulation (EU)/ on serious cross- border health threats and [the proposal for] Council Regulation (EU)/ on a framework of measures for ensuring the supply of crisis- relevant medical countermeasures in case the free movement of goods, persons or services is impacted;	
	LV (Drafting):	
	(a) the crisis has caused activation of any relevant Council crisis response mechanism, Union Civil Protection Mechanism, Integrated Political Crisis Response Mechanism, Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down the general principles and requirements of food law, establishing the European Food Safety Authority and laying down procedures in matters of food safety, or the mechanisms set up within the EU Health Security Framework, including [the proposal for] Regulation (EU)/ on serious crossborder health threats and [the proposal for] Council Regulation (EU)/ on a framework of measures for ensuring the supply of crisis-relevant medical countermeasures;	
	LT (Drafting):	
	(a) the crisis has caused activation of any relevant Council crisis response mechanism,	

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Union Civil Protection Mechanism or the mechanisms set up within the EU Health Security Framework, including [the proposal for] Regulation (EU)/ on serious crossborder health threats and [the proposal for] Council Regulation (EU)/ on a framework of measures for ensuring the supply of crisis-relevant medical countermeasures in case the free movement of goods, persons or services is impacted;	
MT (Drafting):	
(a) the crisis has caused activation of any relevant Council crisis response mechanism, the Integrated Politicial Crisis Response Arrangements Union Civil Protection Mechanism or the mechanisms set up within the EU Health Security Framework, including [the proposal for] Regulation (EU)/ on serious cross-border health threats and [the proposal for] Council Regulation (EU)/ on a framework of measures for ensuring the supply of crisis-relevant medical countermeasures;	
CZ (Drafting): (b) an estimation of the number or market share of economic operations or users relying on the disrupted sector or sectors of the Single	CZ (Comments): Despite the letter f) below, it is important to reflect also here both the number of economic operations and their market share since there
	Union Civil Protection Mechanism or the mechanisms set up within the EU Health Security Framework, including [the proposal for] Regulation (EU)/ on serious crossborder health threats and [the proposal for] Council Regulation (EU)/ on a framework of measures for ensuring the supply of crisis-relevant medical countermeasures in case the free movement of goods, persons or services is impacted; MT (Drafting): (a) the crisis has caused activation of any relevant Council erisis response mechanism, the Integrated Politicial Crisis Response Arrangements Union Civil Protection Mechanism or the mechanisms set up within the EU Health Security Framework, including [the proposal for] Regulation (EU)/ on serious cross-border health threats and [the proposal for] Council Regulation (EU)/ on a framework of measures for ensuring the supply of crisis-relevant medical countermeasures; CZ (Drafting): (b) an estimation of the number or market share of economic operations or users relying on

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	provision of the goods or services concerned;	operators/users who rely on the disrupted sector.
	DK (Drafting):	DK (Comments):
	 (b) an estimation of the number of economic operations, market shares or users significantly relying on the disrupted sector or sectors of the Single Market for the free movement of or the provision of the goods or services concerned; FI (Drafting): (b) an estimation of the number of economic operations, market shares or users significantly relying on the disrupted sector or sectors of the Single Market for the free movement of or the provision of the goods or services concerned; NL (Drafting): (b) an estimation of the number or market shares of economic operations or users significantly relying on the disrupted sector or sectors of the Single Market for the free movement of or the provision of the goods or services concerned; PL (Drafting): (b) an estimation of the number of economic 	Amended following suggestion in Article 8a. FI (Comments): Amended following suggestion in Article 8a. PL (Comments): It must be specified which goods and services the provision is referring to, as the word "concerned" does not make it clear. EE (Comments): In case of consolidated markets, such as energy, aviation, pharmaceuticals or banking, the number of affected operators might be small, but the impact on the functioning of the single market can be major. In frangmented markets, high number of affected economic operators could have a low market share, but the impact on the free movement of services/goods or people could be huge and cause an unnatural market distortion. Point f could then be deleted because depending on the market structure, number or market share as an "and/or" importance when assessing the existance of a crisis.
	operations or users relying on the disrupted sector or sectors of the Single Market for the	LU (Comments):
	provision of the crisis relevant goods or	The number of economic operators is not a

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	services eoneerned; BE (Drafting): (b) an estimation of the number and/or strategic importance of economic operators or users relying on the disrupted sector or sectors of the Single Market for the provision of the goods or services concerned; EE (Drafting): (b) an estimation of the number of economic operations, market share or users relying on the disrupted sector or sectors of the Single Market for the provision of the goods or services concerned; LU (Drafting): (b) an estimation of the number of economic operations or users relying on the disrupted sector or sectors of the Single Market for the provision of the goods or services concerned; IT (Drafting): b) an estimation of the number the high number of economic operations or users relying on the disrupted sector or sectors of the Single Market for the provision of the goods or services concerned SI (Drafting):	reliable indicator. There can by economic operators who by their size or by their area of activity will be crucial, even if they are very limited in numbers. However, including any economic operator will defy the relevance of this criterion and should therefore be deleted. Plus, it is unclear what is meant under "goods and services concerned" and to what extent it constitutes a different list than "crisis-relevant goods" and "strategic goods and services"? LT (Comments): We do see a need for a better formulation of this indicator as the number of economic operations might not be relevant/ appropriate in all the cases.
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Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	(b) an estimation of the number or market share of economic operations or users relying on the disrupted sector or sectors of the Single Market from the perspective of free movement or for the provision of the goods or services concerned;	
	LT (Drafting):	
	(b) an estimation of the number of economic operations or users relying on the disrupted sector or sectors of the Single Market for the free movement of or the provision of the goods or services concerned;	
(c) the importance of the goods or services	DK (Drafting):	AT (Comments):
concerned for other sectors;	(c) the <u>critical</u> importance of the goods or	What "other sectors" are meant here?
	services concerned for other sectors the functioning of the Single Market, especially	DK (Comments):
	the free movement of goods, persons, and services;	Amended following suggested changes in Article 3.
	FI (Drafting):	FI (Comments):
	(c) the <u>critical</u> importance of the goods or services concerned for <u>other sectors</u> <u>the</u>	Amended following suggested changes in Article 3.
	functioning of the Single Market, especially	IE (Comments):
	the free movement of goods, persons, and services;	Amended following suggested changes in Article 3.
	IE (Drafting):	

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	(c) the <u>critical</u> importance of the goods or services concerned for <u>other sectors</u> <u>the</u> <u>functioning of the Single Market</u> , <u>especially the</u> <u>free movement of goods</u> , <u>persons and services</u> ;	PL (Comments): It must be specified which goods and services the provision is referring to, as the word "concerned" does not make it clear.
	NL (Drafting):	FR (Comments):
	(c) the importance of the goods or services concerned for the functioning of the Single Market, especially the free movement of goods, persons and services;	Matter of coherence with the definition of "goods and services of strategic importance"
	PL (Drafting):	
	(c) the importance of the crisis relevant goods or services concerned for other sectors;	
	LU (Drafting):	
	(c) the importance of the goods or services concerned for other sectors;	
	IT (Drafting):	
	(c) the importance of the goods or services concerned for other sectors strategically important areas	
	FR (Drafting):	
	(c) the strategic importance of the goods or services concerned for other sectors;	
	PL (Drafting):	PL (Comments):
	(ca) estimated shortage of goods and services	If dissrupted supply chains result in shortages, it seems necessary to add an indicator specifying

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	in the Single Market	the shortage of goods and services
(d) the impacts in terms of degree and	CZ (Drafting):	CZ (Comments):
duration on economic and societal activities, the environment and public safety;	(d) the impacts in terms of degree and duration on economic and vital societal activities, the environment and public safety;	To unify the provision with letter g). However, the term "(vital) societal activities" is not defined.
	DK (Drafting):	DK (Comments):
	(d) the <u>expected</u> impacts in terms of degree and duration on economic and societal activities, the environment and public safety;	It isn't plausible to have a precise indication on the impact of the situation in terms of degree and duration, whereby referring to an "expected impact" would be a more appropriate.
	FI (Drafting):	FI (Comments):
	(d) the <u>expected</u> impacts in terms of degree and duration on economic and societal activities, the environment and public safety;	It isn't plausible to have a precise indication on the impact of the situation in terms of degree
	IE (Drafting):	and duration, whereby refering to an "expected impact" would be a more appropriate.
	(d) the <u>expected</u> impacts in terms of degree and duration on economic and societal	IE (Comments):
	activities, the environment and public safety;	It is not plausible to have a precise indication on
	NL (Drafting):	the impact of the situation in terms of degree and duration, whereby referring to an "expected"
	(d) the expected impacts in terms of degree	impact" would be a more appropriate.
	and duration on economic and societal activities, the environment and public safety;	BE (Comments):
	BE (Drafting):	The impact on education should also be taken
	(d) the impacts in terms of degree and	into account: indeed education was particularly affected during the Covid crisis.
	duration on economic and societal activities, the environment, public safety and education;	SK (Comments):

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	IT (Drafting): (d) the high impacts in terms of degree and duration on economic and societal activities, the environment and public safety important areas	In our view this point is not in line with the definition of emergency mode, in which there is no reference to the environment and public safety FR (Comments):
	FR (Drafting): (d) the impacts in terms of degree and duration on economic and societal activities, public security, the environment and public safety, public order or public health;	Matther of coherence with the definition of "strategically important areas"
(e) the economic operators affected have not been able to provide a solution in a reasonable time to the particular aspects of the crisis on a voluntary basis.	NL (Drafting): (e) the economic operators affected have not been able to provide a solution in a reasonable time to the particular aspects of the crisis on a voluntary basis.	AT (Comments): Art. 13 para. 1 lit. e: what is a "reasonable time" for economic operators affected to provide a solution to the particular aspects of the crisis on a voluntary basis?
	FR (Drafting): (e) the economic operators affected have not been able to provide a solution within 36 hours in a reasonable time to resume the functioning of the supply chain the particular aspects of the erisis-on a voluntary basis.	DK (Comments): If economic operators have been consulted on providing a solutation <i>voluntarily</i> , what ground would the Commission have to repeat such a request pursuant to Article 24 and 27? FI (Comments): If economic operators have been consulted on providing a solutation <i>voluntarily</i> , what ground would the Commission have to repeat such a

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		request pursuant to Article 24 and 27?
		BE (Comments):
		This indicator should be a <i>sine qua non</i> condition for activating the emergency mode: if another indicator is met but economic operators have been able to provide a solution, is there still an emergency? Whether the economic operators have found a solution is the first step to check before assessing the mode.
		LV (Comments):
		Article 13 paragraph 1 subparagraph (e) should set out specific time period during which economic operators should provide a solution to the particular aspects of the crisis.
		FR (Comments):
		"Reasonable time" and "particular aspects" are too abstract
(f) the market position of affected economic	DK (Drafting):	DK (Comments):
operators in the concerned sector or sectors;	(f) the market position of affected economic	Too similar with paragraph (b).
	operators in the concerned sector or sectors;	Also, indicators should be based on Single
	FI (Drafting):	Market impact, not the impact on specific companies.
	(f) the market position of affected economic operators in the concerned sector or sectors;	FI (Comments):
	NL (Drafting):	Too similar to paragraph (b).

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	LU (Drafting): (f) the market position of affected economic operators in the concerned sector or sectors; IT (Drafting): f) the market position of affected economic operators in the concerned sector or sectors strategically important areas;	Also, indicators should be based on Single Market impact, not the impact on specific companies. IE (Comments): Would like clarification on why the Commission has inluded this text. NL (Comments): Too similar to paragraph b. Also, indicators should be based on Single Market impact, not the impact on specific companies. BE (Comments): Will European Commission look to the market position in a specific member state or only in the European Union? LU (Comments): We wonder why the market position should be taken into account? This is not a relevant factor, what matters is any disruption creating barriers to cross-border trade inside the EU, irrespective of market power of an economic operator. PT (Comments): The concept of market position of affected economic operators should be

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
		explained in more detail.
		LT (Comments):
		The concept of <i>market position</i> should be explained in more detail.
		MT (Comments):
		Request to flesh out and explain what CION had in mind when it comes to the indicator of 'market position' (point f), notably in CION's understanding of market position, and on how, and the kind of bearing that the affected operator's market position would have on CION's assessment
(g) the geographic area that is and could be	CZ (Drafting):	CZ (Comments):
affected, including any cross-border impacts on the functioning of supply chains that are indispensable in the maintenance of vital societal or economic activities in the Single	(g) the geographic area that is and could be affected, including any cross-border impacts on the functioning of systemic supply chains that	It is important to narrow down the supply chains which are to be assessed when deciding on the activation of the Single Market Emergency.
Market;	are indispensable in the maintenance of vital societal or economic activities in the Single	DK (Comments):
	Market;	Amended following proposed Article 8a.
	DK (Drafting):	FI (Comments):
	(g) the geographic area proportion of the	Amended following proposed Article 8a.
	Single Market that is and could be	IE (Comments):
	significantly affected by the disruption, including any cross-border impacts on the functioning of supply chains that are	This language needs to be more precise- too vague currently.

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	indispensable in the maintenance of vital societal or economic activities in the Single Market; FI (Drafting): (g) the geographic area proportion of the Single Market that is and could be significantly affected by the disruption, including any cross-border impacts on the functioning of supply chains that are indispensable in the maintenance of vital societal or economic activities in the Single Market; NL (Drafting):	LU (Comments): Geographical area is an unclear indicator. If size is what is meant, then this is not relevant: any disruption creating barriers to cross-border trade inside the EU should be treated equally.
	(g) the geographic proportion of the Single Market that is and could be significantly affected by the disruption;	
	(g) the geographic area that is and could be affected, including any cross-border impacts on the functioning of systemic supply chains that are indispensable in the maintenance of vital societal or economic activities in the Single Market;	
	IT (Drafting): (g) the large geographic area that is and could be affected, including any cross-border impacts	

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	indispensable in the maintenance of vital societal or economic activities in the Single Market strategically important areas;	
operator in maintaining a sufficient level of supply of the goods or services, taking into account the availability of alternative means for the provision of those goods or services; and (h) economic necessis services altern goods FI (D) (h) (h) (h) (h) (h) (h) (h)	economic operator in maintaining a sufficient necessary level of supply of the goods or services, taking into account the availability of alternative means for the provision of those goods or services; and FI (Drafting): (h) the critical importance of the affected economic operator in maintaining a sufficient necessary level of supply of the goods or services, taking into account the availability of alternative means for the provision of those goods or services; and	AT (Comments): Will economic operators be consulted? Which benchmarks will be taken into account when assessing the importance of economic operators? DK (Comments): Amended following suggested changes in Article 3. FI (Comments): Amended following suggested changes in Article 3. IE (Comments): Should problems one economic operator is
	NL (Drafting): (h) the critical importance of the affected economic operator in maintaining a necessary level of supply of the goods or services, taking into account the availability of alternative means for the provision of those goods or services; and	having be enough to trigger the ermergency mode? LU (Comments): Could a single economic operator be sufficient to activate the emergency mode, even if there is no cross-border trade that is impacted?

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
(i) the absence of substitute goods, inputs or services.	DK (Drafting): (i) the absence of non-diversifiable and non-substitutable of goods, inputs or services of critical importance. FI (Drafting): (i) the absence of non-diversifiable and non-substitutable of goods, inputs or services of critical importance. NL (Drafting): (i) the absence of non-diversifiable and non-substitutabl e goods, inputs or services of critical importance. PL (Drafting): (i) the absence of substitute the crisis-relevant goods, inputs or services LU (Drafting): (i) the absence of substitute goods, inputs or services. SI (Drafting): (i) the absence of substitute goods, inputs or services.	DK (Comments): It need to be defined to a greater extent which goods, inputs and service should be considered. Otherwise, the absence of just any substitute good, input or service will weigh positively into the potential triggering of the emergency mode. Furthermore, the term "input" is too ambigious and therefor not considered appropriate as an indicator. "Non-diversifiable" and "non-substituable" refers to the amended changes proposed in Article 3(5). FI (Comments): It need to be defined to a greater extent which goods, inputs and service should be considered. Otherwise, the absence of just any substitute good, input or service will weigh positively into the potential triggering of the emergency mode. Furthermore, the term "input" is too ambigious and therefor not considered appropriate as an indicator. "Non-diversifiable" and "non-substituable" refers to the amended changes proposed in Article 3(5).
		NL (Comments): It needs to be defined to a greater extent which

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
		goods, inputs and service should be considered. Otherwise, the absence of just any substitute good, input or service will weigh positively into the potential triggering of the emergency mode.
		Furthermore, the term "input" is too ambigious and therefore not considered appropriate as an indicator.
		"Non-diversifiable" and "non-substituable" refers to the amended changes proposed in Article 3(5).
		PL (Comments):
		It must be specified which goods and services the provision is referring to.
		SI (Comments):
		The expression "inputs" is unclear and could be removed if aiming for more legal certainty.
	FI (Drafting):	FI (Comments):
	(i) (new) the effect on the free movement of goods, services and persons IE (Drafting):	A very important indicator is missing in the form of "general" effects of the crisis on the functioning of Single Market, i.e. the free movement of goods, servives and persons.
	(j) the effect on the free movement of goods, services and persons	IE (Comments):
	NL (Drafting):	A very important indicator is missing in the form of "general" effects of the crisis on the
	j. the efect on the free movement of goods, services and persons.	functioning of Single Market, i.e. the free movement of goods, servives and persons.

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		NL (Comments):
		A very important indicator is missing in the form of "general" effects of the crisis on the functioning of Single Market, i.e. the free movement of goods, servives and persons.
Article 14	DK (Drafting):	DK (Comments):
Activation	(j) the effect on the free movement of goods, services and persons	A very important indicator is missing in the form of "general" effects of the crisis on the functioning of Single Market, i.e. the free movement of goods, servives and persons.
		BE (Comments):
		BE understands the need for the different time criteria but reminds the Commission that this article is about activating the emergency mode, i.e. there is an emergency. BE asks COM to carry-out a reality check. This could for example be based on the hypothesis of a cyberattack by a hostile power or a solar flare which would render IT systems inoperative.
		LV (Comments):
		Latvia is of view that Advisory group should have more significant role during emergency mode and at least 3 members of the Advisory group should have the rights to come up with a proposal to activate, review or deactivate emergency mode and these rights should be included in Article 4.

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		LT (Comments):
		We support a greater role of the MSs/Advisory group in the activation processs.
		ES (Comments):
		The procedural elements should be revised, in order to set up a "checks and balances" system that contemplates, for each specific scenario, the concrete powers and measures that could be applied.
		The involvement of Member States during the activation and implementation of the emergency mode should be reinforced.
1. The Single Market Emergency mode	NL (Drafting):	NL (Comments):
may be activated without the Single Market vigilance mode having previously been activated with regard to the same goods or services. Where the vigilance mode has previously been activated, the emergency mode may replace it partially or entirely.	1. The Single Market Emergency mode may be activated without the Single Market vigilance mode having previously been activated with regard to the same goods or services. Where the vigilance mode has	There is a lack of substantive criteria for determining the extent to which one of the modes applies
		PL (Comments):
	previously been activated, the emergency mode may replace it partially or entirely to the extent in which the criteria of article 13 apply.	We suggest deleting the entire paragraph because it relates to the Single Market vigilance mode which we proposed to delete.
	PL (Drafting):	BE (Comments):
	1. The Single Market Emergency mode may be activated without the Single Market vigilance mode having previously been	When the vigilance mode has been activitated, it should not replace the emergency mode as such. Those modes work completely separate from

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	activated with regard to the same goods or services. Where the vigilance mode has previously been activated, the emergency mode may replace it partially or entirely. BE (Drafting):	each other.(see also article 14, (4)). LV (Comments): It is unclear to us why vigilance and emergency modes should operate at the same time?
	1. The Single Market Emergency mode may be activated without the Single Market vigilance mode having previously been activated with regard to the same goods or services.	
	LV (Drafting): 1. The Single Market Emergency mode may be activated without the Single Market vigilance mode having previously been activated with regard to the same goods or services. Where the vigilance mode has previously been activated, the emergency mode may shall replace it partially or entirely.	
	DK (Drafting): 1a. Where the Commission, taking into consideration the opinion provided by the advisory group, considers there is a Single Market emergency, it shall propose to the Council to activate the Single Market emergency mode. Where the consideration of the Commission diverges from the opinion of the advisory group, the Commission shall	DK (Comments): Amended following changes in Article 9.

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	provide a valid justification.	
2. Where the Commission, taking into consideration the opinion provided by the advisory group, considers there is a Single Market emergency, it shall propose to the Council to activate the Single Market emergency mode.	AT (Drafting): 2. Where the Commission, taking into consideration the opinion provided by the advisory group, considers there is a Single Market emergency, it shall propose to the Council to activate the Single Market emergency mode. In its proposal, Commission shall include, on the basis of its assessment pursuant to Article 13, a list of crisis-relevant goods and services with regard to which it proposes Council to activate the Single Market emergency mode. NL (Drafting): 2. Where the Commission, taking into consideration the opinion provided by the advisory group, considers there is a Single Market emergency, it shall propose to the Council to activate the Single Market emergency mode. PL (Drafting): 2. Where the Commission, taking into consideration account the opinion provided by the advisory group, considers there is a Single	AT (Comments): It is appropriate that the emergency mode is to be activated by means of an implementing act of the Council. Only then, the MS are sufficiently involved. AT is sceptic towards horizontal Single Market emergencies being declared, without limitation either to areas or goods and services needed. In ATs view, a Single Market emergency mode declared should always relate to (a list of) specific crisis-relevant goods and/or services the EU is in need of in the particular emergency at hand (that may be subject to subsequent modifications). E.g. during COVID-19, masks and respiratory equipment were goods that were needed in many countries. IE (Comments): The advisory group must have a stronger role at all stages of the SMEI. PL (Comments): The role of the advisory group should be strenghtened.
	Market emergency, it shall propose to the Council to activate the Single Market emergency mode.	BE (Comments): It is important that the advisory group is able to work as an effective steering body for

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	BE (Drafting): 2. Where the Commission, taking into consideration the opinion provided by the steering committee, considers there is a Single Market emergency, it shall propose to the Council to activate the Single Market emergency mode. FR (Drafting): 2. Where the Commission, taking into consideration the opinion provided by the advisory group, considers there is a Single Market emergency, it shall propose to the Council to activate the Single Market emergency mode. The Council can also take the initiative to activate the Single Market emergency mode.	cooperation between the Commission and the Member States, to better reflect the fact that steering is done under the leadership of COM, but in close coordination with the MS. FR (Comments): Member States should be able at least to activate the emergency mode (without proposition from the Commission) on its own initiative. SI (Comments): The expression "taking into consideration" should be strengthened in order to allow for a stronger and more decisive role of the Advisory Group in the decision-making process. Something along the lines of "building upon" or similar could be used.
		DK (Comments): Why is reference made to "with regard to the same goods and services"? The wording is confusing in that it sounds like that the modes are activated with regards to certain goods and services, which is not the case. Instead, they are activated with regards to a specific crisis or a threat hereof. Hence, it could be considered to instead include the formulation "with regard to the same crisis or threat hereof".

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		Furthermore, it is somewhat peculiar to refer to scenarios where the goods and services considered in the two modes are the same, since there is a difference in the definition of which goods and services can be considered in the vigilance mode and emergency mode, respectively (goods and services of strategic importance vs. crisis-relevant goods).
3. The Council may activate the Single	AT (Drafting):	AT (Comments):
Market emergency mode by means of a Council implementing act. The duration of the activation, hall be specified in the implementing act, and shall be a maximum of six months.	3. The Council may activate the Single Market emergency mode by means of a Council implementing act. The Council shall adopt the implementing act acting by a qualified majority. The Council, acting by a qualified majority, may amend the Commission's proposal. The duration of the activation, shall be specified in the implementing act, and shall be a maximum of six months. CZ (Drafting): 3. The Council may activate the Single Market emergency mode by means of a Council implementing act. The duration of the activation, shall be specified in the implementing act, and shall be a maximum of six months. NL (Drafting):	AT drafting to include qualified majority as a voting rule in Council for Council implementing powers according to 291(2) TFEU to activate Single Market emergency mode. AT does not see this as a binary decision (activation/non-activation). In AT's view, the Single Market emergency mode should relate to specific crisis-relevant goods and/or services the EU is in need of in the particular emergency at hand. Therefore, AT drafting includes the possibility for Council to amend EC proposal. CZ (Comments): Typo correction. PL (Comments): Time is crucial during crisis and it is of utmost importance to act fast. Since there would be no time to adopt several implementing acts, the

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	3. The Council may activate the Single Market emergency mode by means of a Council implementing act. The duration of the activation, hall be specified in the implementing act, and shall be a maximum of six months. PL (Drafting): 3. The Council may activate the Single Market emergency mode by means of a Council implementing act. It will contain a list of crisis-relevant goods and services. The duration of the activation, hall be specified in the implementing act, and shall be a maximum of six months.	Council implementing act should already contain the list od crisis-relevant goods and services. BE (Comments): Suggestion to change "the activation" to "the emergency mode", as the time limit of 6 months refers to the mode. + Typo LU (Comments): The Council should be closely involved in establishing the list of crisis-relevant goods and services.
	BE (Drafting): 3. The Council may activate the Single Market emergency mode by means of a Council implementing act. The duration of the emergency mode, shall be specified in the implementing act, and shall be a maximum of six months. LU (Drafting): 3. The Council may activate the Single Market emergency mode by means of a Council implementing act. This implementing act shall include a list of crisis relevant goods and services. The duration of the activation, hall be specified in the implementing act, and shall be a	Moreover, including the list of goods and services in the first implementing act - without having to go through a second one - speeds up the procedure, which is vital in a crisis. LT (Comments): We support other MSs that the Council should be closely involved in establishing the list of crisis-relevant goods and services; this in addition would ensure a speedier process. Technical remark: we suggest changing a word activation to the emergency mode: the time limit of 6 months applies to the mode activated and not to the activation process (the latter ends up when implementing act is adopted).

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	maximum of six months. LT (Drafting): 3. The Council may activate the Single Market emergency mode by means of a Council implementing act. This implementing act shall include a list of crisis relevant goods and services. The duration of the emergency mode, shall be specified in the implementing act, and shall be a maximum of six months.	ES (Comments): As mentioned above, ES considers that the involvement of Member States during the activation procedure should be reinforced in order to allow them more participation than a mere procedural implication such as is the case with the current wording. In this sense, the current wording limits the role of Member States to a very preliminary and formal intervention, as paragraph 6 envisages the adoption of immediately aplicable implementing acts (Article 8 Regulation EU 182/2011).
		In order to increase their participation, Member States should be empowered to assess the list of crisis-relevant good and services or to evaluate the range of measures to be adopted during the emergency mode.
	DK (Drafting): 2. Where the Commission, taking into consideration the opinion provided by the advisory group, considers there is a Single Market emergency, it shall propose to the Council to activate the Single Market emergency mode.	DK (Comments): Moved to paragraph 1. Important that the first paragraph of the Article on activating the emergency mode, actually refers to the activation. Additionally, the proposed change will provide a similar structure to the activation of the vigilance mode in Article 9.
4. The activation of the Single Market emergency mode regarding certain goods and	NL (Drafting): 4. The activation of the Single Market	AT (Comments): How will this work in practice for economic

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services does not prevent the activation or continued application of the vigilance mode and deployment of the measures laid down in Articles 11 and 12 regarding the same goods and services.

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emergency mode regarding certain goods and services does not prevent the activation or continued application of the vigilance mode and deployment of the measures laid down in Articles 11 and 12 regarding the same goods and services.

PL (Drafting):

4. The activation of the Single Market emergency mode regarding certain goods and services does not prevent the activation or continued application of the vigilance mode and deployment of the measures laid down in Articles 11 and 12 regarding the same goods and services

LU (Drafting):

4. The activation of the Single Market emergency mode <u>identifying the crisis-relevant goods and services in accordance</u> <u>with paragraph 3</u> <u>regarding certain goods and services</u> does not prevent the activation or continued application of the vigilance mode and deployment of the measures laid down in Articles 11 and 12 regarding the same goods and services.

LV (Drafting):

4. The activation of the Single Market emergency mode regarding certain goods and services does not prevent the activation or

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operators?

PL (Comments):

We suggest deleting the entire paragraph because it relates to the Single Market vigilance mode which we proposed to delete.

LU (Comments):

See above.

LV (Comments):

We do not support Article 12 because we have concerns about the obligation to build strategic reserves, because no information has been provided on such important aspects as: a) where the Member States should stockpile goods that are identified as strategic and crisis-relevant b) what should be done with stockpiled goods when the emergency mode is not activated or is deactivated? and c) by which criteria the Commission will set individual targets for quantities of goods that the Member States should maintain?

Considering that certain goods are stockpiled through other crisis mechanisms such as UCPM and RescEU, and there are too many uncertainties and questions regarding strategic reserves, Latvia is of view that obligation to build strategic reserves of goods identified as crisis-relevant should rather be part of existing

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	continued application of the vigilance mode and deployment of the measures laid down in Articles 11 and 12 regarding the same goods and services. LT (Drafting): 4. The activation of the Single Market emergency mode identifying the crisis-relevant goods and services in accordance with paragraph 3 of this Article regarding certain goods and services does not prevent the activation or continued application of the vigilance mode and deployment of the measures laid down in Articles 11 and 12 regarding the same goods and services.	horizontal crisis mechanism, either UCPM or IPCR. LT (Comments): See comments above. ES (Comments): ES would welcome more clarity on the need for two separate implementing acts to trigger vigilance and emergency measures in cases where the activation of the emergency mode is not preceded by the vigilance mode.
	DK (Drafting): 3. The Council may activate the Single Market emergency mode by means of a Council implementing act. The duration of the activation, shall be specified in the implementing act, and shall be a maximum of six months.	DK (Comments): Typo.
5. As soon as the Single Market emergency mode is activated, the Commission shall, without delay, adopt a list of crisis-relevant goods and services by means of an implementing act. The list may be amended by means of implementing acts.	AT (Drafting): 5. As soon as the Single Market emergency mode is activated, the Commission shall, without delay, adopt a list of crisis relevant goods and services by means of an implementing act. The list may be amended by	AT (Comments): AT takes the preliminary view that "list of crisis-relevant goods and services" should be adopted by Council according to Article 291(2) in the same implementing act in which Council activates the Single Market emergency mode.

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	means of implementing acts. CZ (Drafting): 2a. When proposing the activation of the Single Market emergency according to paragraph 2, the Commission shallpropose a list of crisis-relevant goods and services which will	Therefore, the conferral to EC here of implementing powers to draw up the "list of crisis-relevant goods and services" may be deleted. → See AT comment on Article 14(3). CZ (Comments):
	be included in the implementing act as reffered to in paragraph 3. The list may be amended by means of implementing acts. NL (Drafting):	The list of crisis-relevant goods and services will be essential for all the measures which are inherent to the Single Market Emergency. It is therefore necessary to include MSs to the
	5. As soon as the Single Market emergency mode is activated, the Commission shall, without delay, adopt a list of crisis-relevant goods and services by means of an	process, especially when the Commission shall adopt the list "without delay" which implies the use of the urgent procedure according to Art. 42(3).
	 implementing act. The list may be amended by means of implementing acts. PL (Drafting): 5. As soon as the Single Market emergency 	This list could be part of the Council Implementing Act activating the Single Market Emergency. Thus, the Commission would propose this list when proposing to the Council the activation of the Single Market emergency.
	mode is activated, the Commission shall, without delay, adopt a list of crisis relevant goods and services by means of an implementing act. The list may be amended by	This of course does not in any way limit the Commission's right of initiative. PL (Comments):
	means of implementing acts. EE (Drafting): 5. Prior to the activation of the Single Market emergency mode, the Commission shall, without delay, present a list of crisis-relevant	The list of crisiss-relevant goods and services should be included in the Council implementing act which will activate the Single Market emergency mode.

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	goods and services to the Council. LU (Drafting):	BE (Comments): BE wants the feasability of the Council adopting
	5. As soon as the Single Market emergency mode is activated, the Commission shall,	the list of crisis-relevant goods and services be examined.
	without delay, adopt a list of crisis relevant goods and services by means of an implementing act. The list may be amended by	Moreover, freight transport should always be included as a crisis-relevant service in the implementing act.
	means of implementing acts.	EE (Comments):
	IT (Drafting): 5. As soon as the Single Market emergency mode is activated, the Commission Council shall, without delay, adopt a list of crisis-relevant goods and services by means of an implementing act. The list may be amended by	This list is the necessary proof in order to assess if there is a need for an emergency mode activation or not. The Council can add this list to the implementing act activating the mode. Maybe it could be together with or after para 2.
	means of implementing acts.	LU (Comments):
	FR (Drafting):	See above.
	5. As soon as the Single Market emergency	IT (Comments):
	mode is activated and the advirosy group consulted, the Commission shall, without delay,	The power to adopt a list of crisis-relevant goods or services, should stay on the Council
	adopt a list of crisis-relevant goods and services by means of an implementing act. The list may be amended by means of implementing acts.	SK (Comments):
		We are questioning why do we need second step
	LT (Drafting):	to adopt a list of crisis-relevant goods and services by an implementing act of the EC. We would prefer if this list was already part of the Council implementing act.
		LV (Comments):

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
		Article 14 paragraph 5 should set out specific time period during which the Commission adopts a list of crisis-relevant goods and services by means of an implementing act.
		FR (Comments):
		The definition of the list of crisis-relevant goods and services should be subject, <i>a minima</i> , to a consultation of the advisory group
		Alternatively, the implementing act listing the crisis relevant goods and services could be adopted by the Council
		LT (Comments):
		See comments above.
		ES (Comments):
		See comment on Article 14(3).
		DK (Comments):
		In line with the comment made for paragraph 1, it is unclear what is to be understood by the references to specific goods and services.
		Regarding the reference in the first part of the paragraph ("certain goods and services"), the wording is confusing in that it sounds like that the emergency mode is activated <i>with regards to</i> certain goods and services. Strictly speaking, this is however not the case. Considering the current structure of article 14 on activating the

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
		emergency mode, as a first step, the emergency mode is activated based on an assessment of a given crisis. And then only as a second and seperate step, a list of crisis-relevant goods and services is adopted.
		And regarding the reference in the final part of the paragraph ("same goods and services"), it is — as also highlighted for paragraph 1 - somewhat peculiar to refer to scenarios where the goods and services considered in the two modes are the same, since there is a difference in the definition of which goods and services can be considered in the vigilance mode and emergency mode, respectively.
6. The Commission implementing act	AT (Drafting):	AT (Comments):
referred to in paragraph 5 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 42(2). On duly justified imperative grounds of urgency relating to the impacts of the crisis on the Single Market, the Commission shall adopt immediately applicable implementing acts in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 42(3).	6. The Commission implementing act referred to in paragraph 5 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 42(2). On duly justified imperative grounds of urgency relating to the impacts of the crisis on the Single Market, the Commission shall adopt immediately applicable implementing acts in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 42(3).	In any case, AT fails to see a need for a conferral to EC of the power to adopt "list of crisis-relevant goods and services" via immediately an applicable implementing act. → See AT comment on Article 14(3).
		CZ (Comments):
		If the amendment suggested in para 5 is accepted, this paragraph will become redundant.
	CZ (Drafting):	PL (Comments):
	Deleted	There will be no need to adopt the Commission
	NL (Drafting):	implementing act if the list of crisiss-relevant goods and services is included in the Council

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions
	6. The Commission implementing act referred to in paragraph 5 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 42(2). On duly justified imperative grounds of urgency relating to the impacts of the crisis on the Single Market, the Commission shall adopt immediately applicable implementing acts in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 42(3).
	PL (Drafting):
	6. The Commission implementing act referred to in paragraph 5 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 42(2). On duly justified imperative grounds of urgency relating to the impacts of the crisis on the Single Market, the Commission shall adopt immediately applicable implementing acts in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 42(3).
	EE (Drafting):
	Deleted
	LU (Drafting):
	6. The Commission implementing act referred to in paragraph 5 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 42(2). On duly justified imperative grounds of urgency relating to the

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implementing act.

EE (Comments):

Due to para 5. Having everything in one act would also make reacting easier and faster.

LU (Comments):

For the sake of operational and legal clarity, we suggest to delete the urgency procedure. We should avoid exceptional procedures in an already exceptional situation.

SK (Comments):

In case to keep two steps approach, it is necessary to clarify para. 6, whether the second sentence applies only to the urgent adoption of the list of relevant goods and services for the crisis in para. 5 or even to activate the emergency mode itself. In addition, the emergency regime may replace or partially replace the previously activated vigilance regime, so this change must be properly justified and urgent. The activation of the emergency mode should be transparent and a response to the specific needs of the market, even with regard to its maximum duration of six months.

PT (Comments):

• It raises the question of when "duly justified imperative grounds of urgency" exist.

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	impacts of the crisis on the Single Market, the Commission shall adopt immediately applicable implementing acts in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 42(3).	It needs clarification. LT (Comments): See comments above.
	IT (Drafting):	ES (Comments):
	Delete LT (Drafting):	We consider necessary to clarify the concept of "duly justified imperative grounds of urgency relating to the impacts of the crisis on the Single Market", and to specify the cases in which the urgency will be considered to be justified, as we cannot forget we would be already dealing with an urgent procedure, and additionally, in these cases the comitology procedure provided for in Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011, which allows the Member States to participate in the process of this implementing act, would no longer apply, but the Commission would be allowed to have wide-ranging powers of action.
		On the other hand, from a joint analysis of this paragraph and Article 38 of the proposal, it remains unclear the nature of the coordination between the Commission and the MS, given that from the literal wording of this article it appears that any procurement in emergency mode requires some sort of prior validation within this consultative group, regardless of whether the MS in question is a participating MS in the EC framework agreement under which it will buy on behalf of the MS.

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	DK (Drafting):	DK (Comments):
	5. As soon as the Single Market emergency mode is activated, the Commission shall, without delay and following consultation of the advisory group , adopt a list of crisis-relevant goods and services by means of an implementing act. The list may be amended by means of implementing acts.	Considering the vital importance of scope, we are considering whether the adoption of the crisis-relevant goods and services should be part of the Council implementing act pertinent to paragaph 3.
Article 15		BE (Comments):
Extension and deactivation		BE would like more information on the processes for extending and deactivating the emergency mode. In particular:
		- How many time can the emergency mode be extended? If this is restrictive, it should be clarified as such in the text.
		- How will the deactivation be followed up? Will there be any form of monitoring?
		Who can refer an extension or deactivation project to the steering committee?
		LV (Comments):
		Latvia is of view that Advisory group should have more significant role during emergency mode. Please see comment regarding Article 14.
		LT (Comments):
		We support a greater role of the MSs/Advisory

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
		group in the extension and deactivation processs.
	DK (Drafting):	DK (Comments):
	6. The Commission implementing act referred to in paragraph 5 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 42(2). On duly justified imperative grounds of urgency relating to the impacts of the crisis on the Single Market, the Commission shall adopt immediately applicable implementing acts in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 42(3).	Considering the broad-reaching and potentially burdensome consequences of activating the emergency mode and identifying crisis-relevant goods and services through an implementing act, it is important that the Member States are included in the adoption of such implementing act.
1. Where the Commission considers, taking into consideration the opinion provided by the advisory group, that an extension of the Single Market emergency mode is necessary, it shall propose to the Council to extend the Single Market emergency mode. Subject to urgent and exceptional changes in circumstances, the Commission shall endeavour to do so no later than 30 days before the expiry of the period for which the Single Market emergency mode has been activated. The Council may extend the Single Market emergency mode by no more than six months at a time by means of an implementing act.	1. Where the Commission considers, taking duly into consideration the opinion provided by the advisory group, that an extension of the Single Market emergency mode is necessary, it shall propose to the Council to extend the Single Market emergency mode. Subject to urgent and exceptional changes in circumstances, the Commission shall endeavour to do so no later than 30 days before the expiry of the period for which the Single Market emergency mode has been activated. The Council may extend the Single Market emergency mode by no more than six months at a time by means of an implementing act. NL (Drafting):	AT (Comments): It is necessary to ensure, that the opinion of the advisory group is taken into account in an appropriate manner. PL (Comments): The role of the advisory group should be strenghtened. BE (Comments): Both to extend and to deactivate the emergency mode, the Commission as well as the Steering committee must ascertain whether or not the activation criteria set out in art. 13 still apply. Moreover, BE supports the idea that the steering committee may develop an opinion on its own

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	1. Where the Commission considers, taking into consideration the opinion provided by the advisory group, that an extension of the Single Market emergency mode is necessary, it shall propose to the Council to extend the Single Market emergency mode. Subject to urgent and exceptional changes in circumstances, the Commission shall endeavour to do so no later than 30 days before the expiry of the period for which the Single Market emergency mode has been activated. The Council may extend the Single Market emergency mode by no more than six months at a time by means of an implementing act. PL (Drafting): 1. Where the Commission considers, taking into eonsideration account the opinion provided by the advisory group, that an extension of the Single Market emergency mode is necessary, it shall propose to the Council to extend the Single Market emergency mode. Subject to urgent and exceptional changes in circumstances, the Commission shall endeavour to do so no later than 30 days before the expiry of the period for which the Single Market emergency mode has been activated. The Council may extend the Single Market emergency mode by no more than six months at a time by means of an implementing act.	initiative about extending the emergency mode and send it to the Commission. LU (Comments): Similarly as above, we suggest a parallelism in form and would advocate a Council implementing act for any extension or deactivation of the emergency procedure. SK (Comments): Can the emergency mode be extended repeatedly? Each time by 6 months? LV (Comments): Wording of Article 15 paragraph 1 should be improved to clearly indicate that the emergency mode can be extended for unlimited number of times (according to the provided information by the Comission in the meetings). PT (Comments): •Followig the COM'clarification at the SMEI Experts Workshop on 10th of February that there is no limitation to the number of times the emergency mode can be extded, we believe that this clarification as well as the reasons justifying such an extension should be included in the corresponding recital.

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	BE (Drafting): 1. Where the Commission considers, taking into consideration the opinion provided by the steering committee and the criteria listed in Article 13, that an extension of the Single Market emergency mode is necessary, it shall propose to the Council to extend the Single Market emergency mode. Subject to urgent and exceptional changes in circumstances, the Commission shall endeavour to do so no later than 30 days before the expiry of the period for which the Single Market emergency mode has been activated. The Council may extend the Single Market emergency mode by no more than six months at a time by means of an implementing act.	
2. Where the advisory group has concrete and reliable evidence that the Single Market emergency should be deactivated, it may formulate an opinion to that effect and transmit it to the Commission. Where the Commission, taking into consideration the opinion provided by the advisory group, considers a Single Market emergency no longer exists, it shall propose to the Council without delay the deactivation of the Single Market emergency mode.	AT (Drafting): 2. Where the advisory group has concrete and reliable evidence that the Single Market emergency should be deactivated, it may formulate an opinion to that effect and transmit it to the Commission. Where the Commission, taking duly into consideration the opinion provided by the advisory group, considers a Single Market emergency no longer exists, it shall propose to the Council without delay the deactivation of the Single Market emergency	AT (Comments): See above. Furthermore, it is necessary to ensure that the Council has the power to deactivate the emergency mode even if the Commission does not propose to do so. A sentence is missing to confer implementing powers to Council to deactivate the Single Market emergency mode. PL (Comments): The role of the advisory group should be

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	mode. The Council may also deactivate the emergency mode by means of an implementing act without a porposal of the Commission. NL (Drafting): 2. Where the advisory group has concrete and reliable evidence that the Single Market emergency should be deactivated, it may formulate an opinion to that effect and transmit it to the Commission. Where the Commission, taking into consideration the opinion provided by the advisory group, considers a Single Market emergency no longer exists, it shall propose to the Council without delay the deactivation of the Single Market emergency mode.	strenghtened. BE (Comments): Both to extend and to deactivate the emergency mode, the Commission as well as the Steering committee must ascertain whether or not the activation criteria set out in art. 13 still apply. LV (Comments): The first sentence of Article 15 paragraph 2 should be attached to Article 4 because it determines the functions of the Advisory Group.
	PL (Drafting): 2. Where the advisory group has concrete and reliable evidence that the Single Market emergency should be deactivated, it may formulate an opinion to that effect and transmit it to the Commission. Where the Commission, taking into consideration account the opinion provided by the advisory group, considers a Single Market emergency no longer exists, it shall propose to the Council without delay the deactivation of the Single Market emergency mode.	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	BE (Drafting): 2. Where the steering committee has concrete and reliable evidence that the Single Market emergency should be deactivated, on the basis of the criteria listed in Article 13, it may formulate an opinion to that effect and transmit it to the Commission. Where the Commission, taking into consideration the opinion provided by the steering committee, considers a Single Market emergency no longer exists, it shall propose to the Council without delay the deactivation of the Single Market emergency mode.	
3. The measures taken in accordance with Articles 24 to 33 and pursuant to the emergency procedures introduced in the respective Union legal frameworks by means of the amendments to sectorial product legislation set out in Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Regulation (EU) 2016/424, Regulation (EU) 2016/425, Regulation (EU) 2016/426, Regulation (EU) 2019/1009 and Regulation (EU) No 305/2011 and introducing emergency procedures for the conformity assessment, adoption of common specifications and market surveillance in the context of a Single Market emergency and Directive of the European Parliament and of the	CZ (Drafting): 3. The measures taken in accordance with Articles 24 to 33 and pursuant to the emergency procedures introduced in the respective Union legal frameworks by means of the amendments to sectorial product legislation set out in Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Regulation (EU) 2016/424, Regulation (EU) 2016/425, Regulation (EU) 2016/426, Regulation (EU) 2019/1009 and Regulation (EU) No 305/2011 and introducing emergency procedures for the conformity assessment, adoption of common specifications and market surveillance in the	CZ (Comments): Correction of some typos. If the measures taken in accordance with Articles 24 to 33 and pursuant to the omnibuses will cease to apply upon deactivation of the Single Market Emergency mode, will it mean that the free movement of goods introduced under the emergency procedure during the Single Market Emergency mode will be reinstated? In other words, will it be possible to market them even outside the MS where they were placed on the market? In our opinion, the wording of this Article might go against the explanation provided by the Commission on

Commission proposal

Council amending Directives 2000/14/EC, 2006/42/EC, 2010/35/EU, 2013/29/EU, 2014/28/EU, 2014/29/EU, 2014/30/EU, 2014/31/EU, 2014/32/EU, 2014/33/EU, 2014/34/EU, 2014/35/EU, 2014/53/EU, and 2014/68/EU and introducing as regard emergency procedures for the conformity assessment, adoption of common specifications and market surveillance in the context ofdue to a Single Market shall cease to apply upon deactivation of the duration of the Single Market emergency mode. The Commission shall submit to the Council an assessment on the effectiveness of the measures taken in addressing the Single Market emergency no later than three months after the expiry of the measures, on the basis of the information gathered via the monitoring mechanism foreseen by Article 11.

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context of a Single Market emergency and Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Directives 2000/14/EC, 2006/42/EC, 2010/35/EU, 2013/29/EU, 2014/28/EU, 2014/29/EU, 2014/30/EU, 2014/31/EU, 2014/32/EU, 2014/33/EU, 2014/34/EU, 2014/35/EU, 2014/53/EU, and 2014/68/EU and introducing emergency procedures for the conformity assessment, adoption of common specifications and market surveillance in the context of a Single Market emergency shall cease to apply upon deactivation of the duration of the Single Market emergency mode. The Commission shall submit to the Council an assessment on the effectiveness of the measures taken in addressing the Single Market emergency no later than three months after the expiry of the measures, on the basis of the information gathered via the monitoring mechanism foreseen by Article 11.

NL (Drafting):

3. The measures taken in accordance with Articles 24 to 33 and pursuant to the emergency procedures introduced in the respective Union legal frameworks by means of the amendments to sectorial product legislation set out in Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Regulation (EU)

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February 3rd.

PL (Comments):

We have serious doubts regarding the introduction of emergency procedures for the conformity assessment of 2 groups of products, the simplification of which may unintentionally increase the threat to the safety of people, property and the environment: Directive 2013/29/EU pyrotechnic articles and Directive 2014/28/EU explosives for civil uses.

BE (Comments):

This paragraph states that the Commission "shall submit [...] an assessment [...] on the basis of the information gathered via the monitoring mechanism foreseen by Article 11", however art.14 § 1 clearly states "The Single Market Emergency mode may be activated without the Single Market vigilance mode having previously been activated". In this regard, how is COM supposed to carry out this assessment?

IT (Comments):

It should be determined what happen to products introduced in the Single market pursuant to emergency procedures once the emergency is over

SK (Comments):

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	2016/424, Regulation (EU) 2016/425, Regulation (EU) 2019/1009 and Regulation (EU) No 305/2011 and introducing emergency procedures for the conformity assessment, adoption of common specifications and market surveillance in the context of a Single Market emergency and Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Directives 2000/14/EC, 2006/42/EC, 2010/35/EU, 2013/29/EU, 2014/28/EU, 2014/29/EU, 2014/30/EU, 2014/31/EU, 2014/32/EU, 2014/33/EU, 2014/35/EU, 2014/35/EU, and2014/68/EU and introducingas regard emergency procedures for the conformity assessment, adoption of common specifications and market surveillance in the context ofdue to a Single Market shall cease to apply upon deactivation of the duration of the Single Market emergency mode. The Commission shall submit to the Council an assessment on the effectiveness of the measures taken in addressing the Single Market emergency no later than three months after the expiry of the measures, on the basis of the information gathered via the monitoring mechanism foreseen by Article 11. PL (Drafting):
	3. The measures taken in accordance with

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We propose to also cover the situation when the vigilance mode does not precede the emergency mode and the EC will not be able to assess the effictiveness of the measures taken, based on the information from the monitoring (of Article 11), which can only be carried out in the vigilance mode.

LV (Comments):

There seems to be a technical error because words "ofdue" are written together.

PT (Comments):

It is important to better understand how cessation would work in practice. It needs clarification.

SI (Comments):

The following passage needs redrafting: "and introducing regard emergency procedures for the conformity assessment, adoption of common specifications and market surveillance in the context of due to a Single Market shall cease to apply upon deactivation of the duration of the Single Market emergency mode."

LT (Comments):

We still need a better understanding how *cessation* would work in practice, especially regarding Art 25 (Confidentiality – does it mean

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	Articles 24 to 33 and pursuant to the emergency procedures introduced in the respective Union legal frameworks by means of the amendments to sectorial product legislation set out in Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Regulation (EU) 2016/424, Regulation (EU) 2016/425, Regulation (EU) 2016/426, Regulation (EU) 2019/1009 and Regulation (EU) No 305/2011 and introducing emergency procedures for the conformity assessment, adoption of common specifications and market surveillance in the context of a Single Market emergency and Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Directives 2000/14/EC, 2006/42/EC, 2010/35/EU, 2013/29/EU, 2014/29/EU, 2014/30/EU, 2014/31/EU, 2014/35/EU, 2014/33/EU, 2014/34/EU, 2014/35/EU, 2014/33/EU, and2014/68/EU and introducingas regard emergency procedures for the conformity assessment, adoption of common specifications and market surveillance in the context ofdue to a Single Market shall cease to apply upon deactivation of the duration of the Single Market emergency mode. The Commission shall submit to the Council an assessment on the effectiveness of the measures taken in addressing the Single Market emergency no later than three months after the expiry of the	that an obligation to safeguard business secrets is no longer applicable after the deactivation of emergency?), Art 27 (Priority rated orders – the whole process requires building an infrastructure, proving investments, etc.; in other words it is not easy to just shut down the production line), Art 28 (Fines – does it mean that this article will not be applicable after the deactivation of emergency?). A remark regarding an assessment on the effectiveness of the measures. Monitoring under Art 11 is only applied during <i>Vigilance</i> mode. However, the emergency mode could be activated separately/in parallel. In addition, Art 11 only concentrates on monitoring of <i>supply chains and their disruption</i> . Having in mind the aforementioned and the fact that the list of possible measures is very broad (Articles 24 to 33+Omnibus), we suggest expanding the channels via which information will be gathered for an evaluation.

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	measures, on the basis of the information gathered via the monitoring mechanism foreseen by Article 11.	
	LV (Drafting):	<u>_</u> "//
	3. The measures taken in accordance with Articles 24 to 33 and pursuant to the emergency procedures introduced in the respective Union legal frameworks by means of the amendments to sectorial product legislation set out in Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Regulation (EU) 2016/424, Regulation (EU) 2016/425, Regulation (EU) 2016/426, Regulation (EU) 2019/1009 and Regulation (EU) No 305/2011 and introducing emergency procedures for the conformity assessment, adoption of common specifications and market surveillance in the context of a Single Market emergency and Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Directives 2000/14/EC, 2006/42/EC, 2010/35/EU, 2013/29/EU, 2014/29/EU, 2014/30/EU, 2014/31/EU, 2014/32/EU, 2014/33/EU, 2014/34/EU, 2014/35/EU, 2014/53/EU, and2014/68/EU and introducingas regard emergency procedures for the conformity assessment, adoption of common specifications and market surveillance in the context of due to a Single Market shall cease to apply	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	upon deactivation of the duration of the Single Market emergency mode. The Commission shall submit to the Council an assessment on the effectiveness of the measures taken in addressing the Single Market emergency no later than three months after the expiry of the measures, on the basis of the information gathered via the monitoring mechanism foreseen by Article 11.	
	DK (Drafting):	DK (Comments):
	2. Where the advisory group has concrete and reliable evidence that the Single Market emergency should be deactivated, it may formulate an opinion to that effect and transmit it to the Commission. Where the Commission, taking into consideration the opinion provided by the advisory group, considers a Single Market emergency no longer exists, it shall without delay propose to the Council without delay the deactivation of the Single Market emergency mode.	Amended following proposed changes in Article 10(1). BE (Comments): Art 15 § 4 does not exist although it is referenced in several articles (Articles <i>XXd</i> §1 (b)) of the omnibus directive (<i>Proposal for a DIRECTIVE OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL amending Directives 2000/14/EC, 2006/42/EC, 2010/35/EU, 2013/29/EU, 2014/28/EU, 2014/29/EU, 2014/30/EU, 2014/31/EU, 2014/32/EU, 2014/33/EU, 2014/34/EU, 2014/35/EU, 2014/53/EU and 2014/68/EU as regard emergency procedures for the conformity assessment, adoption of common specifications and market surveillance due to a Single Market emergency). ES (Comments):</i>
		ES (Comments):

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
		In some Emergencies, conformity assessment requirements for some products can be reduced or repealed, to avoid shortage. Thus, there could be stock of this products when the emergency measures have to be ceased. This should be taken into account for legal certainty.
		ES would propose a new paragraph with the following wording: When measures taken to address the Single Market Emergency have to be ceased, an adequate transitional period shall be clearly established, if appropriate, for the products that are in stock within the EU or have been placed on the market under emergency conditions, as well as their free circulation conditions post-emergency.
Title II		MT (Comments):
free movement during the Single Market emergency		General comment: Greater flexibility should be afforded to Member States to take into account national specificities when responding to a crisis.
		DK (Comments):
		The Omnibus proposals state that the <i>mandatory</i> common specifications shall continue even after deactivation. Therefore the statement provided in the paragraph isn't competely correct.
Chapter I		NL (Comments):
Measures for re-establishing and facilitating free		Redrafted suggestion to move articles 17-18 to

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
movement		Part I. General provisions and insert them in a title with the following name:
		Title III. Measures for safeguarding free movement
		The articles should apply in all modes as foreseen in the proposal.
		BE (Comments):
		Following the CLS's opinion about the legal incertainty of articles 16 and 17, a majority of Member States seemed to be in favor of deleting both articles. BE supports the CLS's opinion and therefore does not oppose their deletion.
		However, BE is aware that without articles 16 and 17 the known issues may not be solved. In this regard, BE invites to keep the meaning of these 2 articles in guidelines, as it exists in competition law.
		Nevertheless, if both articles are maintained, BE wants the following comments to be taken into consideration.
		IT (Comments):
		Italy largely shares the objectives aimed at guaranteeing free movement as well as greater transparency and coordination in times of crisis (administrative cooperation), also to coordinate public procurement, anticipate conformity

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		assessment and improve market surveillance.
		The measures of Part IV, Title II "Free movement during emergencies in the single market" are therefore acceptable, even if the permissive setting of the entire art. 16 could be interpreted ambiguously and paradoxically open the door to restrictions not allowed in the Treaty. The logic should be reversed so that national measures restricting freedom of movement are prohibited in principle unless they meet the strict exceptions provided by the Treaties and the additional conditions provided by the SMEI (prohibitive wording).
		MT (Comments):
		This chapter may need to be better aligned with the Schengen Borders Code that provides a procedure for the temporary reintroduction of border controls (i.e. restriction to free movement), and an obligation to notify of the controls/restriction.
	NL (Drafting):	NL (Comments):
	Add new Article	In order to avoid any misunderstanding that the
	Article 5a	Treaty and case-law with regard to free movement are not affected.
	Any restriction on the free movement of goods, persons and services is prohibited between Member States, unless when allowed by the Treaty and Union law.	

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Article 16 General requirements for measures restricting free movement to address a Single Market emergency	CZ (Drafting): Deleted IE (Drafting):	CZ (Comments): Also based on the CLS intervention on January 26 th , this Article does not provide any added value since no regulation can go beyond the
	Article 16 General requirements for measures restricting free movement to address a Single Market emergency	Treaties. Therefore we strongly suggest to delete the Article and specify these requirements more in the eventual guidelines.
	NL (Drafting):	IE (Comments):
	PL (Drafting):	This Article does not seem to add value to the proposal. It seems to reiterate obligations that already exist in the Treaties and Union law.
	Article 16	NL (Comments):
	General requirements for measures restricting free movement to address a Single Market emergency	Suggestion to delete this article and insert this text in guidelines with regard to restrictive measures which Member States may take in times of crisis.
	EE (Drafting):	PL (Comments):
	Delete LU (Drafting): Article 16 General requirements for measures restricting free movement to address a Single Market emergency LT (Drafting):	We propose to delete the entire article as in our opinion it has no added value. We have doubts whether provisions specifying the obligations of Member States, which are already set out in the Treaties, can be legitimately included in the regulation. In our opinion, there is no need to duplicate provisions even in the regulations to be applied during the crisis. Preventing Member States from imposing restrictions seems incompatible with the TFEU. Member States

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		can restrict the marketing of goods that have been lawfully marketed in another Member State, where such restrictions are justified on the grounds set out in Article 36 TFEU or on the basis of other overriding reasons of public interest, recognised by the case-law of the Court of Justice of the European Union in relation to the free movement of goods, and where those restrictions are proportionate to the aim pursued. Moreover, the rules resulting from the Treaty cannot be modified by a lower-order provisions of the regulation.
		EE (Comments):
		We propose deleting this article to avoid any misunderstanding that there are acceptable justifiations to the restriction of free movement in times of a crisis that go beyond the Treaties. As was also confirmed by the CLS on 26.01.23. We do not see the added value of this article as we are rather fond of the Treaties.
		LU (Comments):
		Although this article aims to reiterate well- established principles, the provisions are unclear and could be understood as being contratry to the provisions of the Treaty.
		We should avoid any provision that has even the hint of a margin of discretion for Member States to introduce restrictions in times of crisis.

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		For the sake of legal certainty, we therefore propose to delete this article.
		When it comes to areas of non-harmonised EU law, the criteria from the Treaty apply – these are not mentioned in this article.
		When it comes to areas of harmonised EU law, the colegislator has made an assessment as to when such restrictions, if any, may be introduced and with the necessary safegards established on a case-by-case basis. This Article disregards these safeguards and conditions and therefore carries the risk for Member States to de-harmonise and roll back the level of harmonisation and undermine the basic principles of the Treaty.
		IT (Comments):
		Article 16 should have the purpose of dissuading the Member States from introducing restrictions on the freedoms of the single market but as it is now, it risks legitimizing discretionary measures on the part of the Member States. Further clarifications should be introduced on the fact that the restrictions indicated can be adopted only exceptionally or better to reset the entire paragraph, avoiding mentioning the permitted restrictions.
		SK (Comments):

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		We share the view of the CLS on the Article 16 and 17 provided at the WP and also questionning the added value of these Articles. In our view it would be more usefull to clarify these requirements more precisely in the guideline.
		PT (Comments):
		• Article 16° in general seems to open the door for the introduction of restrictions in the Single Market by discretionary measures from Member States. Our understanding is that the whole article needs full clarification.
		SI (Comments):
		We have a reservation regarding such articles as they could introduce confusion. The proposal should be clearly building on the idea of any restrictions of free movement of goods, persons and services between Member States being prohibited if the Union law does not state differently. In order to avoid any such cofusions, this should also be clearly stated in the general introductory part of the proposal. As mentioned by the Council Legal Service, particular reference to the Treaty is not needed if Union law is being refered to already. We are also not certain whether it is necessary to be recalling the Union Law within the legislative act as that should be generally applicable and as

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		such does not provide added value as well as could introduce a legal technique that would bring lengthy legistlative proposals. We are also awaiting the legal opinion of the Council Legal Service on articles 16 and 17.
		LT (Comments):
		In our view, this article does not bring added value in ensuring the free movement in the Single Market but creates uncertainty and may even encourage Member States to impose restrictions during the time of crisis. Therefore, we propose deleting this article.
		As a compromise we could suggest to include a general requirement at the beginning of the Regulation stating that When applying the provisions of this Regulation [, including when adopting and applying national measures in response to a Single Market emergency,] Member States shall ensure full compliance with the Treaties and Union Law.
		Other provisions, e.g. on the information, could be included in the crisis protocols or the guidelines.
1. When adopting and applying national	CZ (Drafting):	FI (Comments):
measures in response to a Single Market emergency and the underlying crisis, Member	Deleted	The paragraph is unnecessary, as Member States always should ensure that their actions

Commission proposal

States shall ensure that their actions fully comply with the Treaty and Union law and, in particular, with the requirements laid down in this Article.

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FI (Drafting):

deleted

IE (Drafting):

1. When adopting and applying national measures in response to a Single Market emergency and the underlying crisis, Member States shall ensure that their actions fully comply with the Treaty and Union law and, in particular, with the requirements laid down in this Article

NL (Drafting):

PL (Drafting):

1. When adopting and applying national measures in response to a Single Market emergency and the underlying crisis, Member States shall ensure that their actions fully comply with the Treaty and Union law and, in particular, with the requirements laid down in this Article.

EE (Drafting):

Delete

LU (Drafting):

1. When adopting and applying national measures in response to a Single Market

AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments

fully comply with the Treaty and the Union law.

LU (Comments):

The wording "and, in particular with the requirements laid down in this Article" raises doubts and provides no legal certainty especially with respect to paragraph 2. It suggests that the requirements of this article may take precedence over the provisions of the Treaty: "any restriction" (as per paragraph 2) may be allowed, if limited in time and removed when possible, because this Article explicitly allows it (paragraph 1 read together with paragraph 2).

We understand that these provisions are meant to complement he provisions of the Treaty; however the principles of secondary legislation must obviously respect the provisions of the Treaty.

IT (Comments):

Article 16(1) deviates from strict definition of the "emergency mode" as per implementing decisions and adds a reference to "the underlying crisis", which expands the grounds for adoption of national measures. Coupled with a broad definition of "crisis", it may even become an article for inspiration on restrictions. As minimum, the "emergency mode" notion should be used as it is the case in Article 17(1).

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	emergency and the underlying crisis, Member States shall ensure that their actions fully comply with the Treaty and Union law and, in particular, with the requirements laid down in this Article.	PT (Comments): • What is the meaning of "underlying crisis" here? It does not bring clarity and promotes ambiguities.
	IT (Drafting): 1. When adopting and applying national measures in response to a Single Market emergency and the underlying crisis During the Single Market emergency mode, Member States shall ensure that their actions fully comply with the Treaty and Union law and, in particular, with the requirements laid down in this Article. LT (Drafting):	ES (Comments): ES would like to raise some doubts about the implications of this proposal in the implementation of two recent EU regulations on public procurement: Regulation of 23 June 2022 on access of economic operators, goods and services from third countries to the Union public procurement and concessions markets, (International Procurement Instrument-IPC), which allows to initiate the exclusion of economic operators participating ina public procurement procedures, and Regulation of 14 December 2022 on foreign subsidies that distort the internal market, which allows for the exclusion of tenders in public procurement procedures of economic operators from third countries that have received foreign subsidies that distort the internal market. It is understood that measures applied in relation to these
		regulations will not be altered in application of the SMEI, and in particular when dealing with strategic goods/services in the emergency activation mode of the single market, but an explicit response from the legal EC services

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		would be appropriate.
2. Any restriction shall be limited in time	CZ (Drafting):	LU (Comments):
and removed as soon as the situation allows it. Additionally, any restriction should take into account the situation of border regions.	Deleted IE (Drafting): 2. Any restriction shall be limited in time and removed as soon as the situation allows it. Additionally, any restriction should take into account the situation of border regions. NL (Drafting): PL (Drafting):	This paragraph appears to allow MS to adopt restrictions, if these are "limited in time and removed as soon as the situation allows it": given the sentence "and, in particular with the requirements laid down in this Article", it means that this provision will stand on par with "Treaty and Union law". It can therefore be interpreted as as opening the door to restrictions beyond what is foreseen by the Treaty and possibly could to introduce restrictions.
	2. Any restriction shall be limited in time and removed as soon as the situation allows it. Additionally, any restriction should take into account the situation of border regions.	In order to avoid any doubt, to preserve the hierarchy of norms and to limit the possibility to introduce restrictions, we suggest deletion. IT (Comments):
	EE (Drafting): Delete	"as soon as the situation allows" is too vague and risks creating legal uncertainty
	LU (Drafting):	PT (Comments):
	2. Any restriction shall be limited in time and removed as soon as the situation allows it. Additionally, any restriction should take into account the situation of border regions. IT (Drafting):	 "as soon as the situation allows it" is a vague concept. What is the meaning of the situation in border regions? It is not clear.

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	2. Any restriction shall be limited in time and removed as soon as the situation allows if at the earliest possible stage. Additionally, any restriction should take into account the situation of border regions. LT (Drafting):	
3. Any requirement imposed on citizens and businesses shall not create an undue or unnecessary administrative burden.	CZ (Drafting): Deleted IE (Drafting): 3. Any requirement imposed on citizens and businesses shall not create an undue or unnecessary administrative burden. NL (Drafting): PL (Drafting): 3. Any requirement imposed on citizens and businesses shall not create an undue or unnecessary administrative burden. EE (Drafting): Delete LU (Drafting):	LU (Comments): This provision is purely declaratory and does not carry any meaningful or legal value. IT (Comments): undue or unnecessary administrative burden is too vague and risks creating legal uncertainty. Member States shall justify the adoption of requirements on the basis of the transparency provisions laid down in Articles 19 to 22. PT (Comments): "undue or unnecessary administrative burden" is a vague concept.

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	3. Any requirement imposed on citizens and businesses shall not create an undue or unnecessary administrative burden. LT (Drafting):	
4. Member States shall inform citizens, consumers, businesses, workers and their representatives about measures that affect their free movement rights in a clear and unambiguous manner.	CZ (Drafting): Deleted IE (Drafting): 4. Member States shall inform citizens, consumers, businesses, workers and their representatives about measures that affect their free movement rights in a clear and unambiguous manner. NL (Drafting): PL (Drafting): 4. Member States shall inform citizens, consumers, businesses, workers and their representatives about measures that affect their free movement rights in a clear and	CZ (Comments): Should the Article eventually stay in the text, it would be useful to specify a channel through which the citizens, consumers, businesses, workers and their representatives are informed. This could be done centrally through the Your Europe portal where the MSs would keep their respective national information in English and their national language and up to date. It is not necessary and not desirable to develop a new portal. Therefore the Your Europe portal should be specifically mentioned in this paragraph. See also comment above on the existing instruments. BE (Comments): BE asks for clarification: does "their representatives" refer to only "workers" or also
	unambiguous manner. EE (Drafting): Delete	to "citizens, consumers, economic operators"? LU (Comments): Information of citizens, consumers, businesses,

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	LU (Drafting): 4. Member States shall inform citizens, consumers, businesses, workers and their representatives about measures that affect their free movement rights in a clear and unambiguous manner. LT (Drafting):	workers and their representatives shall be included in the crisis protocoles, coordinated by the Commission, as per Article 6(2)(d). SK (Comments): We welcome this para in order to increase transparency of the measures that affect the SM. However, it says that the information provided by the member states is also relevant for the citizens of other member states, but there is no requirement for the language in which this information should be provided. The language should be readable and understandable for citizens, consumers or translations must be provided.
		ES (Comments):
		After COVID experience, it has been identified that it is of paramount importance to inform consumers, not only about the measures taken in general, but when those measures affect to types of products. Consumers should also have the right to identify through the label and webpages which products have been placed on the market under exceptional conditions.
		ES would like to add the following paragraph:
		When conformity assessment procedures applicable to products are modified or temporary repealed according to article 26, that

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		information must be expressly indicated on all affected products so that it is visible to consumers on the label, including online sales. Member Sates shall establish the minimum conditions for this warning about the exceptional procedure that is applied for making those affected products available on the market, the period of time for said procedure, and other relevant information for the consumer depending on the product.
5. Member States shall ensure that all	CZ (Drafting):	CZ (Comments):
affected stakeholders are informed of measures restricting free movement of goods, services and persons, including workers and service providers, before their entry into force. Member States shall ensure a continuous dialogue with stakeholders, including communication with social partners and international partners.	IE (Drafting): 5. Member States shall ensure that all affected stakeholders are informed of measures restricting free movement of goods, services and persons, including workers and service providers, before their entry into force. Member States shall ensure a continuous dialogue with stakeholders, including communication with social partners and international partners. NL (Drafting):	Should the Article stay, it would be useful to specify a channel through which the citizens, consumers, businesses, workers and their representatives are informed. This could be done centrally through the Your Europe portal where the MSs would keep their respective national information in English and their national language and up to date. It is not necessary and not desirable to develop a new portal. Therefore the Your Europe portal should be specifically mentioned in this paragraph. See also comment above on the existing instruments.
	PL (Drafting):	LU (Comments):
	5. Member States shall ensure that all affected stakeholders are informed of measures restricting free movement of goods, services and	The urgency of a crisis may make it difficult to duly inform ahead of an adopted measure. An ongoing dialogue with all stakeholders will

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	persons, including workers and service providers, before their entry into force. Member States shall ensure a continuous dialogue with stakeholders, including communication with social partners and international partners. EE (Drafting): Delete LU (Drafting): 5. Member States shall ensure that all affected stakeholders are informed of measures restricting free movement of goods, services and persons, including workers and service providers, before their entry into force. Member States shall ensure a continuous dialogue with stakeholders, including communication with social partners and international partners. LV (Drafting): 5. Member States shall ensure that all affected stakeholders are informed of measures restricting free movement of goods, services and persons, including workers and service providers are publicly available, before their entry into force. Member States shall ensure a continuous dialogue with stakeholders, including communication with social partners and international partners and international partners. LT (Drafting):	ensure that planned measures will be shared. This can be included in the crisis protocoles under Article 6. LV (Comments): Competent authorities of the Member States should not ensure that each economic operator or service provider is informed of national measures restricting free movement of goods, services and persons, including workers and service providers. MT (Comments): With reference to the free movement of persons, the Schengen Borders Code provides that where a serious threat to public policy or internal security in a Member State is unforeseeable and requires immediate action, the Member State may, on an exceptional basis, immediately reintroduce border controls at internal borders.
	Li (Diaining).	

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	MT (Drafting): Member States shall ensure that all affected stakeholders are informed of measures restricting free movement of goods, services and persons, including workers and service providers, before their entry into force, where possible. Member States shall ensure a continuous dialogue with stakeholders, including communication with social partners and international partners.	
	AT (Drafting):	AT (Comments):
	6. Labour and social law provisions can under no circumstances constitute a restriction of free movement.	Addition of new paragraph: As "restriction of free movement" can potentially be interpreted in a broad sense, it must be ensured that labour and social law provisions are excluded from the scope of application of Article 16 and 17.
Article 17	CZ (Drafting):	AT (Comments):
Prohibited restrictions of free movement rights during a Single Market emergency	Deleted	General scrunity reservation
during a Single Warket emergency	NL (Drafting):	CZ (Comments):
	Article 17 Prohibited restrictions of free movement rights during a Single Market emergency PL (Drafting): Article 17	Again, similarily to the Art. 16, the added value of this Article is questionable with possible adverse effects. Although we strongly support the need to adhere to the Treaties, especially during the crisis, and not to enact new barriers on the Single Market, we fear that this Article

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	Prohibited restrictions of free movement rights during a Single Market emergency EE (Drafting):	does not fulfil the desired intention. On the contrary, because by establishing a "grey list" in paragraph 2, MSs could attempt to enact such barriers during the crisis.
	Delete	Moreover, the principles mentioned in this Article should not be limited to the Single Market emergency only as stated in the acquis.
		Therefore, we would suggest a deletion of this Article. Should the Article eventually stay, we would support further redrafting of the text aiming at ensuring that the "tresholds" for the MSs to enact new barriers are not lowered (compared to the Treaties). Furthermore, the existence of the "grey list" is a redline to us.
		FI (Comments):
		The article could be reworded in a more succinct way and also ensure to create overlaping rules with the current legislation.
		IE (Comments):
		The current text of this article could cause legal ambiguity. We suggest the deletion of a number of parts of the article.
		NL (Comments):
		The article could be reworded in a more succinct way. The details of the text of which deletion is suggested, could be part of

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
		guidelines.
		PL (Comments):
		We propose to delete the entire article as in our opinion it has no added value. We have doubts whether provisions specifying the obligations of Member States, which are already set out in the Treaties, can be legitimately included in the regulation. In our opinion, there is no need to duplicate provisions even in the regulations to be applied during the crisis. Preventing Member States from imposing restrictions seems incompatible with the TFEU. Member States can restrict the marketing of goods that have been lawfully marketed in another Member State, where such restrictions are justified on the grounds set out in Article 36 TFEU or on the basis of other overriding reasons of public interest, recognised by the case-law of the Court of Justice of the European Union in relation to the free movement of goods, and where those restrictions are proportionate to the aim pursued. Moreover, the rules resulting from the treaty cannot be modified by a lower-order provisions of the regulation.
		BE (Comments):
		To what extent is there an overlap between the prohibited restrictions in Art. 17 and those imposed by Union law?

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		EE (Comments): Similarly to art 16, we are afraid this Article will open a Pandoras box. The treaties forbid all restrictions that don't fall under the exceptions. Here, however, we list forbidden restrictions,
		which indicates that other restrictions are allowed. Moreover, as it is a "grey list" due to article 19, which allows these restrictions, SMEI would, essentialy, also allow restrictions in articles 16 and 17 beyond the exceptions in the
		Treaties. LU (Comments):
		As the title indicates, this article should only contain restrictions which are prohibited without any justification or nuance.
		However, the grey lists under Articles 17.2, 17.3 and 17.4 provide for measures that may be allowed in times of crisis when "to do so is inherent to the nature of the crisis". This is contrary to the principles of the Treaty and existing secondary legislation, which consider many of these measures as prohibited.
		The SMEI would therefore open the door for authorising - and even inviting - the introduction of national barriers during any type of crisis, which is in contradiction with the legal basis 114 TFUE. We therefore strongly question the compatibility of these provisions

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		with the objective of the SMEI to ensure a fully functioning Single Market in times of crisis.
		Beyond legal concerns, these provisions also give Member States room for interpretation and should therefore be deleted.
		IT (Comments):
		Article 17 on restrictions aims to define the blacklist of restrictions and thus reassure on the indisputable freedoms of the single market during the crisis. However, the blacklist of restrictions on the free movement of goods, services and persons gives MS the possibility to derogate from these bans, based on vague and uncertain requirements/conditions "inherent in the nature of the single market crisis/emergency".
		This approach leaves a large margin of discretion to the MS which could adopt additional interpretations on single market restrictions, probably introduced outside the scope of the emergency/SMEI in general.
		Any possible derogations should be limited and fully justified.
		SK (Comments):
		Same comment as on Article 16
		FR (Comments):

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		Article 17 could be deleted as it partly takes over the provisions of the Treaty. This would avoid creating a legal risk, in particular where certain Treaty provisions are not included in this Regulation
		ES (Comments):
		ES welcomes all measures aimed at strengthening the internal market during a period of crisis. However, more clarity would be desirable on the interaction between this Article and all the ordinary legal frameworks governing the 'four freedoms'.
		Since these frameworks already provide for exceptions for periods of crisis that allow Member States may introduce restrictions to the "four freedoms" (art. 25 and 28 Schengen Border Code or arts. 52(1) and 36 TFUE), there seems to be a contradiction with this Article 17.
		In particular, it is not sufficiently clear whether Article 17 restricts Member States' ability to limit the four freedoms for reasons of public order, public security or public health recognised under the previously existing legal fraworks governing the four freedoms. If so, this Article could be contrary to that existing acquis.
During the Single Market emergency	CZ (Drafting):	IT (Comments):

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
mode and when responding to a Single Market emergency, Member States shall refrain from introducing any of the following:	Deleted NL (Drafting): 1. Member States shall refrain from introducing any of the following: PL (Drafting): 1. During the Single Market emergency mode and when responding to a Single Market emergency, Member States shall refrain from introducing any of the following:	We prefer maintaining the reference to the formally defined "emergency mode", refraining from any supplementary wording that risk to expand the scope of the article LT (Comments): We do agree with the aim of the Art 17 – listed restrictions were prominent during the COVID times. However we have some doubts regarding the method where and how these restrictions are proposed.
	EE (Drafting): Delete LU (Drafting): 1. During the Single Market emergency mode and when responding to a Single Market emergency, Member States shall refrain from introducing any of the following: IT (Drafting): During the Single Market emergency mode and when responding to a Single Market emergency, Member States shall refrain from introducing any of the following: MT (Drafting): During the Single Market emergency mode and when responding to a Single Market emergency, Member States shall refrain from introducing	In all times Member States should refrain from imposing such restrictions according to the art. 26 of TFEU. The current wording could create misleading interpretation that only during the emergency mode prohibition to introduce the restrictions should apply (meaning that in nonemergency times restrictions can be introduced). In addition, a proposed wording, e.g. "unless to do so is inherent to the nature of the crisis" or "when responding to a Single Market emergency" might allow MSs to go beyond what is allowed under the TFEU and ECJ jurispudence when considering restrictions. Having said that, we would suggest deleting restrictions, listed in the Art, and including a provision that they will be listed in the COM guidelines/recommendations (in our opinion, the COM recommendations during COVID has

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	any of the following, unless to do so is	proven to be effective).
	inherent to the nature of the crisis:	If the debate on Art 17 were to continue, the text should be amended in such a way that it could in no way be interpreted differently from the TFEU / ECJ jurisprudence (e.g. by deleting unless to do so is inherent to the nature of the crisis; reconfirming the hierarchy of EU law).
		MT (Comments):
		Greater flexibility should be afforded to Member States to take into account national specificities, as long as any restrictions to free movement of persons are justified, temporary and proportionate to the threat.
		DK (Comments):
		We find that the current draft of the Commission risks creating more confusion about what prohibitions are possible, especially pertaining to legislations that falls under Article 2(3). For example:
		Can the Commission elaborate on whether Article 17 applies to intermediate products used in the manufacturing of e.g., critical products used in the healthcare sector, and if so, how do you distinguish between products with and without restrictions?
		Can the Commission elaborate on how the proposed Article 17(1) is supposed to be

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
		interpreted in light of Article 36 TFEU which allows restrictions on the free movement of goods that are justified on e.g., the protection of the health and life of humans?
		Can the Commission elaborate on whether the adoption of the proposed Article 17(4) potentially determines entry and exist restrictions of Member States e.g., in relation to healthcare staff?
(a) intraUnion export bans or other	CZ (Drafting):	LU (Comments):
measures having equivalent effect on crisis- relevant goods or services listed in an	Deleted	Any intra-Union export ban is prohibited. This
implementing act adopted pursuant to Article	IE (Drafting):	should not only be limited to crisis-relevant goods or services.
14, paragraph 5;	(a) intraUnion export bans or other measures having equivalent effect on erisis-relevant goods or services listed in an implementing act adopted pursuant to Article 14, paragraph 5;	LT (Comments):
		We support LU comments that any intra-Union export ban is prohibited. This should not only be limited to crisis-relevant goods or services.
	NL (Drafting):	
	(a) intraUnion export bans or other measures having equivalent effect on goods or services;	
	PL (Drafting):	
	(a) intraUnion export bans or other measures having equivalent effect on crisis-relevant goods or services listed in an implementing act adopted pursuant to Article	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	14, paragraph 5; EE (Drafting): Delete	
	LU (Drafting): (a) intraUnion export bans or other measures having equivalent effect on crisis-relevant goods or services listed in an implementing act adopted pursuant to Article 14, paragraph 5;	
	LT (Drafting): (a) intraUnion export bans or other measures having equivalent effect on goods or	
	services;	
(b) restrictions on the intra-EU export of goods or provision or receipt of services, or measures having equivalent effect, where those restrictions do any of the following	CZ (Drafting): Deleted IE (Drafting): (b) restrictions on the intra-EU export of goods or provision or receipt of services, or	
	measures having equivalent effect, where those restrictions do any of the following NL (Drafting):	
	(b) restrictions on the intra-EU export of goods or provision or receipt of services, or	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	measures having equivalent effect PL (Drafting): (b) restrictions on the intra-EU export of goods or provision or receipt of services, or measures having equivalent effect, where those restrictions do any of the following EE (Drafting): Delete LU (Drafting): (b) restrictions on the intra-EU export of goods or provision or receipt of services, or measures having equivalent effect, where those restrictions do any of the following LT (Drafting): (b) restrictions on the intra-EU export of goods or provision or receipt of services, or measures having equivalent effect;	
(i) disrupt supply chains of crisis-relevant goods and services that are listed in an implementing act adopted pursuant to Article 14, paragraph 5, or	CZ (Drafting): Deleted IE (Drafting): (i) disrupt supply chains of crisis-relevant goods and services that are listed in an implementing act adopted pursuant to Article 14, paragraph 5,	LU (Comments): The focus should be on cross-border intra-EU trade, not on supply chains. Furthermore, the details listed here do not need to be enshrined in legislation and could have counterproductive effects.

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	PL (Drafting): (i) disrupt supply chains of crisis-relevant goods and services that are listed in an implementing act adopted pursuant to Article 14, paragraph 5, or EE (Drafting): Delete LU (Drafting):	
	(i) disrupt supply chains of crisis-relevant goods and services that are listed in an implementing act adopted pursuant to Article 14, paragraph 5, or LT (Drafting):	
(ii) create or increase shortages of such goods and services in the single market;	CZ (Drafting): Deleted IE (Drafting): (ii) create or increase shortages of such goods and services in the single market;	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	NL (Drafting): PL (Drafting): (ii) create or increase shortages of such goods and services in the single market; EE (Drafting): Delete LU (Drafting): (ii) create or increase shortages of such goods and services in the single market; LT (Drafting):	
(c) discrimination between Member States or between citizens, including in their role as service providers or workers, based directly on nationality or, in the case of companies, the location of the registered office, central administration or principal place of business;	CZ (Drafting): Deleted or (c) discrimination between Member States or between citizens, including in their role as service providers or workers, based directly or indirectly on nationality or, in the case of companies, the location of the registered office, central administration or principal place of business;	CZ (Comments): Should the Article eventually stay as it stands now, it is important to ensure that also an indirect discrimantion is prohibited. FI (Comments): FI sees that the proposed ban to Member States problematic as according to the Finnish national law, our citizens always have a right to come back to Finland. In other words, the prohibition is clearly in conflict with the Constitution Act of Finland.

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	FI (Drafting):	BE (Comments):
	deleted IE (Drafting): (c) discrimination between Member States or between citizens, including in their role as service providers or workers, based directly on nationality or, in the case of companies, the location of the registered office, central administration or principal place of business; NL (Drafting):	BE asks for clarification: the term "citizen" seems to cover companies. In this regard, BE would like this term to be replaced by "natural and legal persons".
	PL (Drafting): (c) discrimination between Member States or between citizens, including in their role as service providers or workers, based directly on nationality or, in the case of companies, the location of the registered office, central administration or principal place of business;	
	BE (Drafting):	
	(c) discrimination between Member States or between natural and legal persons, including in their role as service providers or workers, based directly on nationality or, in the case of companies, the location of the registered office, central administration or principal place of business;	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	EE (Drafting): Delete LU (Drafting): (c) discrimination between Member States or between citizens, including in their role as service providers or workers, based directly on nationality or, in the case of companies, the location of the registered office, central administration or principal place of business; LT (Drafting):	
(d) restrictions on the free movement of persons involved in the production of crisis-relevant goods that are listed in an implementing act adopted pursuant to Article 14, paragraph 5 and their parts or in provision of crisis-relevant services that are listed in an implementing act adopted pursuant to Article 14 paragraph 5, or other measures having equivalent effect, that:	CZ (Drafting): Deleted IE (Drafting): (d) restrictions on the free movement of persons involved in the production of crisis-relevant goods that are listed in an implementing act adopted pursuant to Article 14, paragraph 5 and their parts or in provision of crisis-relevant services that are listed in an implementing act adopted pursuant to Article 14 paragraph 5, or other measures having equivalent effect, that: NL (Drafting):	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	PL (Drafting): (d) restrictions on the free movement of persons involved in the production of crisis-relevant goods that are listed in an implementing act adopted pursuant to Article 14, paragraph 5 and their parts or in provision of crisis-relevant services that are listed in an implementing act adopted pursuant to Article 14 paragraph 5, or other measures having equivalent effect, that: EE (Drafting):	
	Delete	
	LU (Drafting):	
	(d) restrictions on the free movement of persons involved in the production of crisis-relevant goods that are listed in an implementing act adopted pursuant to Article 14, paragraph 5 and their parts or in provision of crisis relevant services that are listed in an implementing act adopted pursuant to Article 14 paragraph 5, or other measures having equivalent effect, that: LT (Drafting):	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
(i) cause shortages of necessary workforce on the Single Market and thus disrupt supply chains of crisis-relevant goods and services or create or increase shortages of such goods and services in the Single market or	CZ (Drafting): Deleted IE (Drafting): (i) cause shortages of necessary workforce on the Single Market and thus disrupt supply chains of crisis-relevant goods and services or create or increase shortages of such goods and services in the Single market or NL (Drafting):	
	PL (Drafting): (i) cause shortages of necessary workforce on the Single Market and thus disrupt supply chains of crisis relevant goods and services or create or increase shortages of such goods and services in the Single market or	
	EE (Drafting):	
	Delete LU (Drafting): (i) cause shortages of necessary workforce on the Single Market and thus disrupt supply	
	chains of crisis relevant goods and services or create or increase shortages of such goods and services in the Single market or	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	LT (Drafting):	
(ii) are directly discriminatory based on	CZ (Drafting):	CZ (Comments):
nationality of the person.	Deleted or	Should the eventually Article stay as it is, it is important to ensure that also an indirect discrimantion is prohibited.
	(ii) are directly or indirectly discriminatory	FI (Comments):
	based on nationality of the person. FI (Drafting): deleted IE (Drafting): (ii) are directly discriminatory based on nationality of the person. NL (Drafting): PL (Drafting): (ii) are directly discriminatory based on nationality of the person.	FI (Comments): FI sees that the proposed ban to Member States problematic as according to the Finnish national law, our citizens always have a right to come back to Finland. In other words, the prohibition is clearly in conflict with the Constitution Act of Finland. LU (Comments): If retained, for the sake of completeness, the provision should also prohibit indirect discrimination.
	nationality of the person.	
	EE (Drafting):	
	Delete	
	LU (Drafting):	
	(ii) are directly discriminatory based on	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	nationality of the person. LT (Drafting):	
2. During the Single Market emergency mode and when responding to the Single Market emergency, Member States shall refrain from any of the following, unless to do so is inherent to the nature of the crisis:	CZ (Drafting): Deleted IE (Drafting): 2. During the Single Market emergency mode and when responding to the Single Market emergency, Member States shall refrain from any of the following, unless to do so is inherent to the nature of the crisis: NL (Drafting): 2. Member States shall refrain from any of the following, unless to do so is inherent to the nature of the crisis: PL (Drafting): 2. During the Single Market emergency mode and when responding to the Single Market emergency, Member States shall refrain from any of the following, unless to do so is inherent to the nature of the crisis: EE (Drafting): Delete	"Unless to do so is inherent to the nature of the crisis" is potentially very problematic because it could be perceived as a "grey list" of measures which are under certain circumstances allowed. By this, the perceived "treshold" for adopting such measure might be lower, than according to the Treaties. This is certainly not desirable. Should the Article stay as it is, the possibility for the abovementioned "grey list" should be limited. More specifically, the sentence "unless to do so is inherent to the nature of the crisis" have to be deleted. This is a redline to CZ. BE (Comments): The wording of §2 and §3 is almost identical and therefore BE does not understand the difference between both paragraphs nor why they have been split in two. LU (Comments): We suggest to delete these grey lists. The notion "inherent to the nature of the crisis"

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	LU (Drafting): 2. During the Single Market emergency mode and when responding to the Single Market emergency, Member States shall refrain from any of the following, unless to do so is inherent to the nature of the crisis: IT (Drafting): During the Single Market emergency mode and when responding to the Single Market emergency, Member States shall refrain from any of the following, unless to do so is inherent to the nature of the crisis: LT (Drafting): 2. During the Single Market emergency mode, Member States shall refrain from any of the following,:	is not an expression of proportionality or a criterion for derogating from the four freedoms. It is a blanket opening – and invitation – for Member States, in a crisis, to justify any measure that is needed to deal with the crisis. Allowing such practices, or even hinting that they may be allowed in certain crises, is dangerous and should not be validated in EU law. IT (Comments): Keep to the standard formulation of "emergency mode". A better-meaning definition of "inherent in the nature of the crisis" would be appropriate. SK (Comments): "unless to do so is inherent to the nature of the crisis" – this notion gives the MSs possibility to adopt measures with negative impact on the SM. It is not clear how to interpret this notion when there is already a crisis LV (Comments): Article 17 paragraphs 2, 3 and 4 should be improved in terms of structure because first sentence of paragraphs 2, 3 and 4 are the same or similar.
		PT (Comments):

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
		"unless to do so is inherent to the nature of the crisis" is vague and can potentially trigger different interpretations.
(a) applying more generous rules to goods originating from a neighbouring Member State, any other Member State or a group of Member States, as compared to goods originating from other Member States;	CZ (Drafting): Deleted NL (Drafting): (a) applying more generous rules to goods originating from a neighbouring Member State, any other Member State or a group of Member States, as compared to goods originating from other Member States; PL (Drafting): (a) applying more generous rules to goods originating from a neighbouring Member State, any other Member State or a group of Member States, as compared to goods originating from other Member States;	
	EE (Drafting):	
	Delete	
	LU (Drafting):	
	(a) applying more generous rules to goods originating from a neighbouring Member State, any other Member State or a group of Member States, as compared to goods originating from	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	other Member States;	
(b) selectively refusing the entry of goods	CZ (Drafting):	
originating from specific other Member States to their territory;	Deleted	
to their territory,	NL (Drafting):	
	(b) selectively refusing the entry of goods originating from specific other Member States to their territory;	
	PL (Drafting):	
	(b) selectively refusing the entry of goods originating from specific other Member States to their territory;	
	EE (Drafting):	
	Delete	
	LU (Drafting):	
	(b) selectively refusing the entry of goods originating from specific other Member States to their territory;	
(c) introducing prohibitions of the operation	CZ (Drafting):	BE (Comments):
of freight transport;	Deleted	Useful specification that during emergencies
	NL (Drafting):	cross-border freight transport can take place as smooth as possible.
	(c) introducing prohibitions of the operation	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	of freight transport; PL (Drafting): (c) introducing prohibitions of the operation of freight transport; BE (Drafting): (c) introducing prohibitions of the operation of freight transport, in particular cross-border freight transport; EE (Drafting): Delete LU (Drafting): (c) introducing prohibitions of the operation of freight transport;	
3. During the Single Market emergency mode and when responding to a Single Market emergency, Member States shall refrain from any of the following unless to do so is inherent to the nature of the crisis/Single Market emergency:	CZ (Drafting): Deleted IE (Drafting): 3. During the Single Market emergency mode and when responding to a Single Market emergency, Member States shall refrain from any of the following unless to do so is inherent to the nature of the crisis/Single Market emergency: NL (Drafting):	BE (Comments): The wording of §2 and §3 is almost identical and therefore BE does not understand the difference between both paragraphs nor why they have been split in two. EE (Comments): This is most unfortunate wording that allows Member States to excuse any restrictions with crisis. The treaties foresee the only acceptable exceptions.

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	3. Member States shall refrain from any of the following unless to do so is inherent to the nature of the crisis/Single Market emergency: PL (Drafting): 3. During the Single Market emergency mode and when responding to a Single Market emergency, Member States shall refrain from any of the following unless to do so is inherent to the nature of the crisis/Single Market emergency: BE (Drafting):	SK (Comments): Same comment as on para 2 LV (Comments): Please see comment regarding Article 17 paragraph 2. PT (Comments): "unless to do so is inherent to the nature of the crisis" is vague and can potentially trigger different interpretations.
	EE (Drafting): Delete LU (Drafting): 3. During the Single Market emergency mode and when responding to a Single Market emergency, Member States shall refrain from any of the following unless to do so is inherent to the nature of the crisis/Single Market emergency:	
	LV (Drafting): 3. During the Single Market emergency mode and when responding to a Single Market emergency, Member States shall refrain from any of the following unless to do so is inherent	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	to the nature of the crisis/Single Market emergency:	
	LT (Drafting):	
	3. During the Single Market emergency mode, Member States shall refrain from any of the following:	
(a) banning types of services or modes of	CZ (Drafting):	LV (Comments):
service provision;	Deleted	Please see comment regarding Article 17 paragraph 2.
	NL (Drafting):	
	(a) banning types of services or modes of service provision;	
	PL (Drafting):	
	(a) banning types of services or modes of service provision;	
	BE (Drafting):	
	(d) banning types of services or modes of service provision;	
	EE (Drafting):	
	Delete	
	LU (Drafting):	
	(a) banning types of services or modes of service provision;	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	LV (Drafting):	
	(a) (d) banning types of services or modes of service provision;	
(b) blocking flows of passenger transport;	CZ (Drafting):	LV (Comments):
	Deleted	Please see comment regarding Article 17
	NL (Drafting):	paragraph 2.
	(b) blocking flows of passenger transport;	
	PL (Drafting):	
	(b) blocking flows of passenger transport;	
	BE (Drafting):	
	(e) blocking flows of passenger transport;	
	EE (Drafting):	
	Delete	
	LU (Drafting):	
	(b) blocking flows of passenger transport;	
	LV (Drafting):	
	(b) (e) blocking flows of passenger transport;	
4. During the Single Market emergency	CZ (Drafting):	LV (Comments):
mode and when responding to the Single Market emergency, Member States shall refrain from	Deleted	Please see comment regarding Article 17

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
any of the following:	IE (Drafting):	paragraph 2.
	4. During the Single Market emergency mode and when responding to the Single Market emergency, Member States shall refrain from any of the following:	
	NL (Drafting):	
	4. Member States shall refrain from any of the following:	
	PL (Drafting):	
	4. During the Single Market emergency mode and when responding to the Single Market emergency, Member States shall refrain from any of the following:	
	EE (Drafting):	
	Delete	
	LU (Drafting):	
	4. During the Single Market emergency mode and when responding to the Single Market emergency, Member States shall refrain from any of the following:	
	LV (Drafting):	
	4. During the Single Market emergency mode and when responding to the Single Market emergency, Member States shall refrain from any of the following:	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	LT (Drafting): 4. During the Single Market emergency mode, Member States shall refrain from any of the following:	
(a) applying of more generous rules to travel to or from one Member State to or from another Member State or group of Member States, as compared to travel to and from other Member States unless to do so is inherent to the nature of the crisis/Single Market emergency;	CZ (Drafting): Deleted NL (Drafting): (a) applying of more generous rules to travel to or from one Member State to or from another Member State or group of Member States, as compared to travel to and from other Member States unless to do so is inherent to the nature of the crisis/Single Market emergency; PL (Drafting):	LV (Comments): Please see comment regarding Article 17 paragraph 2.
	(a) applying of more generous rules to travel to or from one Member State to or from another Member State or group of Member States, as compared to travel to and from other Member States unless to do so is inherent to the nature of the crisis/Single Market emergency; EE (Drafting): Delete LU (Drafting): (a) applying of more generous rules to travel	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	to or from one Member State to or from another Member State or group of Member States, as compared to travel to and from other Member States unless to do so is inherent to the nature of the crisis/Single Market emergency;	
	LV (Drafting):	
	(a) (f) applying of more generous rules to travel to or from one Member State to or from another Member State or group of Member States, as compared to travel to and from other Member States unless to do so is inherent to the nature of the crisis/Single Market emergency;	
(b) denying, to beneficiaries of the right of free movement under Union law, of the right to enter the territory of their Member State of nationality or residence, the right to exit the territory of Member States to travel to the Member State of nationality or residence, or the right to transit through a Member State in order to reach the Member State of nationality or residence;	CZ (Drafting): Deleted NL (Drafting): (b) denying, to beneficiaries of the right of free movement under Union law, of the right to enter the territory of their Member State of nationality or residence, the right to exit the territory of Member States to travel to the Member State of nationality or residence, or the right to transit through a Member State in order to reach the Member State of nationality or residence;	LV (Comments): Please see comment regarding Article 17 paragraph 2.
	PL (Drafting):	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	(b) denying, to beneficiaries of the right of free movement under Union law, of the right to enter the territory of their Member State of nationality or residence, the right to exit the territory of Member States to travel to the Member State of nationality or residence, or the right to transit through a Member State in order to reach the Member State of nationality or residence;	
	EE (Drafting):	
	Delete	
	LU (Drafting):	
	(b) denying, to beneficiaries of the right of free movement under Union law, of the right to enter the territory of their Member State of nationality or residence, the right to exit the territory of Member States to travel to the Member State of nationality or residence, or the right to transit through a Member State in order to reach the Member State of nationality or residence;	
	LV (Drafting):	
	(b) (g) denying, to beneficiaries of the right of free movement under Union law, of the right to enter the territory of their Member State of nationality or residence, the right to exit the territory of Member States to travel to the	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	Member State of nationality or residence, or the right to transit through a Member State in order to reach the Member State of nationality or residence;	
(c) prohibiting of business travel linked to	CZ (Drafting):	LV (Comments):
the research and development, to production of crisis-related goods that are listed in an	Deleted	Please see comment regarding Article 17
implementing act adopted pursuant to Article	NL (Drafting):	paragraph 2.
14, paragraph 5, or their placing on the market or to the related inspections;	(c) prohibiting of business travel linked to the research and development, to production of crisis-related goods that are listed in an implementing act adopted pursuant to Article 14, paragraph 5, or their placing on the market or to the related inspections;	
	PL (Drafting):	
	(c) prohibiting of business travel linked to the research and development, to production of crisis related goods that are listed in an implementing act adopted pursuant to Article 14, paragraph 5, or their placing on the market or to the related inspections;	
	EE (Drafting):	
	Delete	
	LU (Drafting):	
	(c) prohibiting of business travel linked to	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	the research and development, to production of crisis-related goods that are listed in an implementing act adopted pursuant to Article 14, paragraph 5, or their placing on the market or to the related inspections;	
	LV (Drafting):	
	(e) (h) prohibiting of business travel linked to the research and development, to production of crisis-related goods that are listed in an implementing act adopted pursuant to Article 14, paragraph 5, or their placing on the market or to the related inspections;	
(d) imposing prohibitions on travel, including travel for imperative family reasons,	CZ (Drafting):	LV (Comments):
which are not appropriate for the achievement	Deleted	Please see comment regarding Article 17 paragraph 2.
of any legitimate public interest purportedly pursued by such measures or which manifestly	NL (Drafting):	paragraph 2.
go beyond what is necessary to achieve that aim;	(d) imposing prohibitions on travel, including travel for imperative family reasons, which are not appropriate for the achievement of any legitimate public interest purportedly pursued by such measures or which manifestly go beyond what is necessary to achieve that aim;	
	PL (Drafting):	
	(d) imposing prohibitions on travel, including travel for imperative family reasons,	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	which are not appropriate for the achievement of any legitimate public interest purportedly pursued by such measures or which manifestly go beyond what is necessary to achieve that aim;	
	EE (Drafting):	
	Delete	
	LU (Drafting):	
	(d) imposing prohibitions on travel, including travel for imperative family reasons, which are not appropriate for the achievement of any legitimate public interest purportedly pursued by such measures or which manifestly go beyond what is necessary to achieve that aim;	
	LV (Drafting):	
	(d) (i) imposing prohibitions on travel, including travel for imperative family reasons, which are not appropriate for the achievement of any legitimate public interest purportedly pursued by such measures or which manifestly go beyond what is necessary to achieve that aim;	
(a) imposing machinisticing on yearly and	CZ (Deserting)	IV (C
(e) imposing restrictions on workers and service providers and their representatives, unless to do so in inherent to the nature of the	CZ (Drafting): Deleted	LV (Comments): Please see comment regarding Article 17

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
crisis/Single Market emergency and it does not manifestly go beyond what is necessary for that purpose.	NL (Drafting): (e) imposing restrictions on workers and service providers and their representatives, unless to do so in inherent to the nature of the crisis/Single Market emergency and it does not manifestly go beyond what is necessary for that purpose.	paragraph 2.
	PL (Drafting): (e) imposing restrictions on workers and service providers and their representatives, unless to do so in inherent to the nature of the crisis/Single Market emergency and it does not manifestly go beyond what is necessary for that purpose.	
	EE (Drafting):	
	Delete	
	LU (Drafting):	
	(e) imposing restrictions on workers and service providers and their representatives, unless to do so in inherent to the nature of the crisis/Single Market emergency and it does not manifestly go beyond what is necessary for that purpose.	
	LV (Drafting):	
	(e) (j) imposing restrictions on workers and service providers and their representatives,	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	unless to do so in inherent to the nature of the crisis/Single Market emergency and it does not manifestly go beyond what is necessary for that purpose.	
5. When a Single Market emergency has been activated in accordance with Article 14 and the activities exercised by the service providers, business representatives and workers are not affected by the crisis in the Member State and safe travel is possible despite the crisis, that Member State shall not impose travel restrictions on such categories of persons from other Member States that would prevent them from having access to their place of activity or workplace.	CZ (Drafting): Deleted NL (Drafting): 5. When a Single Market emergency has been activated in accordance with Article 14 and the activities exercised by the service providers, business representatives and workers are not affected by the crisis in the Member State and safe travel is possible despite the crisis, that Member State shall not impose travel	LU (Comments): We consider that this is already covered by the prohibition of discrimination of citizens under paragraph 1(c).
	restrictions on such categories of persons from other Member States that would prevent them from having access to their place of activity or workplace. PL (Drafting):	
	5. When a Single Market emergency has been activated in accordance with Article 14 and the activities exercised by the service providers, business representatives and workers are not affected by the crisis in the Member State and safe travel is possible despite the crisis, that Member State shall not impose travel	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	restrictions on such categories of persons from other Member States that would prevent them from having access to their place of activity or workplace.	
	BE (Drafting):	
	5. When a Single Market emergency has been activated in accordance with Article 14 and the activities exercised by the service providers, business representatives and workers are not affected by the crisis in the Member State and safe travel is possible despite the crisis, that Member State shall not impose travel restrictions on such categories of persons from other Member States that would prevent them from having access to their place of activity or workplace. In this case Member states shall establish specific burden-free and fast procedures for border crossings to ensure a smooth passage for service providers, business representatives and workers.	
	EE (Drafting):	
	Delete	
	LU (Drafting):	
	5. When a Single Market emergency has been activated in accordance with Article 14 and the activities exercised by the service providers, business representatives and workers are not affected by the crisis in the Member	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	State and safe travel is possible despite the crisis, that Member State shall not impose travel restrictions on such categories of persons from other Member States that would prevent them from having access to their place of activity or workplace.	
6. When a Single Market emergency has been activated in accordance with Article 14 and exceptional circumstances resulting from the crisis do not allow all service providers, business representatives and workers from other Member States to travel and to have unhindered access to their place of activity or workplace, but travelling is still possible, Member States shall not impose travel restrictions, on:	CZ (Drafting): Deleted NL (Drafting): 6. When a Single Market emergency has been activated in accordance with Article 14 and exceptional circumstances resulting from the crisis do not allow all service providers, business representatives and workers from other Member States to travel and to have unhindered access to their place of activity or workplace, but travelling is still possible, Member States shall not impose travel restrictions, on: PL (Drafting): 6. When a Single Market emergency has been activated in accordance with Article 14 and exceptional circumstances resulting from	BE (Comments): How to implement art 17 § 6 in the case of the superimposition of two simultaneous crises that may affect each other? For example, what if the restriction of movement is linked to the existence of a health crisis (i.e. not covered by the SMEI) which is superimposed on the crisis which activated the emergency phase? For example: uncontrollable fire and firefighters likely to come from a region with a serious pandemic.
	the crisis do not allow all service providers, business representatives and workers from other Member States to travel and to have unhindered access to their place of activity or workplace,	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	but travelling is still possible, Member States shall not impose travel restrictions, on: EE (Drafting): Delete LU (Drafting): 6. When a Single Market emergency has been activated in accordance with Article 14 and exceptional circumstances resulting from the crisis do not allow all service providers, business representatives and workers from other Member States to travel and to have unhindered access to their place of activity or workplace, but travelling is still possible, Member States shall not impose travel restrictions, on:	
(a) Those service providers that provide crisis-relevant services that are listed in an implementing act adopted pursuant to Article 14(5), or business representatives or workers that are involved in production of crisis-relevant goods or provision of crisis-relevant services that are listed in an implementing act adopted pursuant to Article 14(5) to allow them to have access to the place of their activities, if activities in the sector concerned are still allowed in the Member State;	CZ (Drafting): Deleted NL (Drafting): (a) Those service providers that provide crisis-relevant services that are listed in an implementing act adopted pursuant to Article 14(5), or business representatives or workers that are involved in production of crisis-relevant goods or provision of crisis-relevant services that are listed in an implementing act adopted pursuant to Article 14(5) to allow them to have	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	access to the place of their activities, if activities in the sector concerned are still allowed in the Member State;	
	PL (Drafting):	C*//
	(a) Those service providers that provide crisis-relevant services that are listed in an implementing act adopted pursuant to Article 14(5), or business representatives or workers that are involved in production of crisis-relevant goods or provision of crisis-relevant services that are listed in an implementing act adopted pursuant to Article 14(5) to allow them to have access to the place of their activities, if activities in the sector concerned are still allowed in the Member State;	
	BE (Drafting):	
	(a) Those service providers that provide crisis-relevant services that are listed in an implementing act adopted pursuant to Article 14(5), or business representatives or workers that are involved in production of crisis-relevant goods or provision of crisis-relevant services that are listed in an implementing act adopted pursuant to Article 14(5) to allow them to have access to the place of their activities, if activities in the sector concerned are still allowed in the Member State. In this case Member states shall establish specific burden-free and fast	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	procedures for border crossings to ensure a smooth passage for service providers, business representatives and workers.	
	EE (Drafting):	<u>-"//</u>
	Delete	
	LU (Drafting):	
	(a) Those service providers that provide erisis-relevant services that are listed in an implementing act adopted pursuant to Article 14(5), or business representatives or workers that are involved in production of crisis-relevant goods or provision of crisis-relevant services that are listed in an implementing act adopted pursuant to Article 14(5) to allow them to have access to the place of their activities, if activities in the sector concerned are still allowed in the Member State;	
(b) civil protection workers to allow	CZ (Drafting):	
them to have unhindered access to their place of	Deleted	
activity with their equipment in any of the Member States.	NL (Drafting):	
Tremed Suites.	(b) civil protection workers to allow them to have unhindered access to their place of activity with their equipment in any of the Member States.	

	A	
Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	PL (Drafting):	
	(b) civil protection workers to allow them to have unhindered access to their place of activity with their equipment in any of the Member States.	
	BE (Drafting):	
	(b) civil protection workers to allow them to have unhindered access to their place of activity with their equipment in any of the Member States. In this case Member states shall establish specific burden-free and fast procedures for border crossings to ensure a smooth passage for civil protection workers.	
	EE (Drafting):	
	Delete	
	LU (Drafting):	
	(b) civil protection workers to allow them to have unhindered access to their place of activity with their equipment in any of the Member States.	
7. When taking the measures referred to in	CZ (Drafting):	FI (Comments):
this provision, the Member States shall ensure full compliance with the Treaties and Union	Deleted	The paragraph is unnecessary, as Member
law. Nothing in this provision shall be construed as authorising or justifying restrictions to free	FI (Drafting):	States always should ensure that their actions fully comply with the Treaty and the Union law.

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
movement contrary to the Treaties or other provisions of Union law.	deleted NL (Drafting): 7. When taking the measures referred to in this provision, the Member States shall ensure full compliance with the Treaties and Union law. Nothing in this provision shall be construed as authorising or justifying restrictions to free movement contrary to the Treaties or other provisions of Union law. PL (Drafting): 7. When taking the measures referred to in this provision, the Member States shall ensure full compliance with the Treaties and Union law. Nothing in this provision shall be construed as authorising or justifying restrictions to free movement contrary to the Treaties or other provisions of Union law. EE (Drafting): Delete LU (Drafting): 7. When taking the measures referred to in	
	this provision, the Member States shall ensure full compliance with the Treaties and Union law. Nothing in this provision shall be construed as authorising or justifying restrictions to free movement contrary to the Treaties or other	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	Drafting): 7. When taking the measures referred to in this provision, the Member States shall ensure full compliance with the Treaties and Union law. Nothing in this provision shall be construed as authorising or justifying restrictions to free movement contrary to the Treaties or other provisions of Union law.	
Article 18 Supportive measures	NL (Drafting): Article 18 Supportive measures LU (Drafting): Article 2 Scope	IT (Comments): Supportive measures in Article 18 exclusively cover only free movement of persons as per Article 17(6). It is not clear why the scope is limited, leaving other free movement restriction scenarios out.
1. During the Single Market emergency mode, the Commission may provide for supportive measures to reinforce free movement of persons referred to in Article 17(6) and 17(7) by means of implementing acts. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 422(2). On duly justified imperative grounds of urgency relating to the impacts of the crisis on the Single Market, the	CZ (Drafting): 1. During the Single Market emergency mode, the Commission may provide for supportive measures to reinforce free movement of persons referred to in Article 17(6) and 17(7) by means of implementing acts. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 42(2). On duly justified	CZ (Comments): Typo. PL (Comments): The deletion suggestions are in accordance with our proposal to delete Article 17 and the provisions in the paragraph 3, which repeats the last two sentences which we propose to delete. BE (Comments):

Commission proposal

Commission shall adopt immediately applicable implementing acts in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 42(3).

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imperative grounds of urgency relating to the impacts of the crisis on the Single Market, the Commission shall adopt immediately applicable implementing acts in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 42(3).

NL (Drafting):

1. The Commission may provide for supportive measures to reinforce free movement of persons referred to in Article 17(6) and 17(7) by means of implementing acts. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 422(2). On duly justified imperative grounds of urgency relating to the impacts of the crisis on the Single Market, the Commission shall adopt immediately applicable implementing acts in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 42(3).

PL (Drafting):

1. During the Single Market emergency mode, the Commission may provide for supportive measures to reinforce free movement of persons referred to in Article 17(6) and 17(7) by means of implementing acts. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 422(2). On duly justified imperative grounds of urgency relating to the

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The procedure for adopting supportive measures through implementing acts is described twice and identically, both in para. 1 an 3. Therefore, those two last sentences can be deleted, and §3 can apply for both §1 and 2.

LU (Comments):

See above.

SK (Comments):

It is not clear how the review of these measures should be carried out and to what extent these measures should be applied. These measures should be applied only if they are necessary and their application should be limited in time. The introduced measures should be in full compliance with the treaty and Union law.

LV (Comments):

There seems to be a technical error regarding the references to Article 17(7) and Article 422(2) because Article 17(7) doesn't provide free movement of persons, and there is no Article 422 in the SMEI proposal.

PT (Comments):

• It seems to cover only the free movement of persons. Why it is limited to free movement of persons and leaves the other free movements out?.

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	impacts of the crisis on the Single Market, the Commission shall adopt immediately applicable implementing acts in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 42(3).	• What are supportive measures? It would be important to have some examples. LT (Comments):
	BE (Drafting):	The last two sentences dublicate the para 3 of this Art.
	1. During the Single Market emergency mode, the Commission may provide for	MT (Comments):
	supportive measures to reinforce free movement of persons referred to in Article 17(6) and 17(7) by means of implementing acts.	Could the Commission provide some examples of possible supportive measures that may be proposed to reinforce the free movement of
	LU (Drafting):	persons?
	New paragraph 9	
	9. Member States shall apply the provisions of this Regulation in compliance with the rules of the Treaties and Union Law.	
	Nothing in this provision shall be construed as authorising or justifying restrictions to free movement contrary to the Treaties or other provisions of Union law.	
	LV (Drafting):	
	1. During the Single Market emergency mode, the Commission may provide for supportive measures to reinforce free movement of persons referred to in Article 17(6) 17(5) and 17(7) 17(6) by means of implementing acts. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	referred to in Article 422(2) 42(2). On duly justified imperative grounds of urgency relating to the impacts of the crisis on the Single Market, the Commission shall adopt immediately applicable implementing acts in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 42(3).	
	LT (Drafting):	
	1. During the Single Market emergency mode, the Commission may provide for supportive measures to reinforce free movement of persons referred to in Article 17(6) and 17(7) by means of implementing acts.	
2. During the Single Market emergency mode, where the Commission establishes that Member States have put in place templates for attesting that the individual or economic operator is a service provider that provides crisis-relevant services, a business representative or worker that is involved in production of crisis-relevant goods or provision of crisis-relevant services or a civil protection worker and it considers that the use of different templates by each Member States is an obstacle to the free movement at the time of a Single Market emergency, the Commission may issue, if it considers it necessary for supporting the free movement of such categories of persons	NL (Drafting): 2. During the Single Market emergency mode, where the Commission establishes that Member States have put in place templates for attesting that the individual or economic operator is a service provider that provides crisis-relevant services, a business representative or worker that is involved in production of crisis-relevant goods or provision of crisis-relevant services or a civil protection worker and it considers that the use of different templates by each Member States is an obstacle to the free movement at the time of a Single Market emergency, the Commission may issue, if it considers it necessary for supporting the	PL (Comments): The deletion suggestion is in accordance with our proposal to delete Article 17. BE (Comments): BE wants examples of supportive acts that the COM may implement.

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
and their equipment during the ongoing Single Market emergency, templates for attesting that they fulfil the relevant criteria for the application Article 17(6) in all Member States by means of implementing acts.	free movement of such categories of persons and their equipment during the ongoing Single Market emergency, templates for attesting that they fulfil the relevant criteria for the application Article 17(6) in all Member States by means of implementing acts.	
	PL (Drafting):	
	2. During the Single Market emergency mode, where the Commission establishes that Member States have put in place templates for attesting that the individual or economic operator is a service provider that provides crisis-relevant services, a business representative or worker that is involved in production of crisis-relevant goods or provision of crisis-relevant services or a civil protection worker and it considers that the use of different templates by each Member States is an obstacle to the free movement at the time of a Single Market emergency, the Commission may issue, if it considers it necessary for supporting the free movement of such categories of persons and their equipment during the ongoing Single Market emergency, templates for attesting that they fulfil the relevant criteria for the application Article 17(6) in all Member States by means of implementing acts.	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
3. The implementing acts referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 42(2). On duly justified imperative grounds of urgency relating to the impacts of the crisis on the Single Market, the Commission shall adopt immediately applicable implementing acts in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 42(3).	NL (Drafting): 3. The implementing acts referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 42(2). On duly justified imperative grounds of urgency relating to the impacts of the crisis on the Single Market, the Commission shall adopt immediately applicable implementing acts in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 42(3).	CZ (Comments): Is there a necessity to repeat the procedure of adoption of the implementing acts in relation to the paragraph 1? The procedure is already mentioned there. If it is a legal practice to do so at the end of Article, we might suggest to delete the reference to the procedure from the paragraph 1 and keep it here in the paragraph 3.
	LU (Drafting):	
	1. During the Single Market emergency mode, the Commission may provide for supportive measures to reinforce free movement of persons referred to in Article 17(6) and 17(7) by means of implementing acts. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 422(2). On duly justified imperative grounds of urgency relating to the impacts of the crisis on the Single Market, the Commission shall adopt immediately applicable implementing acts in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 42(3).	
Chapter II	LU (Drafting):	BE (Comments):
Transparency and administrative assistance	2. During the Single Market emergency	The SMEI notification procedure requires a

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	mode, where the Commission establishes that Member States have put in place templates for attesting that the individual or economic operator is a service provider that provides crisis-relevant services, a business representative or worker that is involved in production of crisis-relevant goods or provision of crisis-relevant services or a civil protection worker and it considers that the use of different templates by each Member States is an obstacle to the free movement at the time of a Single Market emergency, the Commission may issue, if it considers it necessary for supporting the free movement of such categories of persons and their equipment during the ongoing Single Market emergency, templates for attesting that they fulfil the relevant criteria for the application Article 17(6) in all Member States by means of implementing acts. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 42(2).	clear definition of the scope of application and therefore depends on the definition of the concept of "crisis". In this regards, BE insists on the inclusion of more precise criteria and further clarification regarding the definition of Art. 3 § 1. BE argues for a holistic definition of the concept that should clearly refer to the negative consequences of the crisis on the internal market and more precisely on the functionning of the Single Market and on the four fundamental freedoms. Moreover, over elements as the onset, the end, the duration or the scope of the crisis could be included in the recitals. For example, COM could give a limitated summary of the types of crisis-relevant draft measures restricting free movement or at least a minimum of must notify measures.
		NL (Comments): Drawing on the knowledge accumulated during the COVID-19 crisis, national measures began early on and in some cases before the situation escelated to a crisis. It is important that early measures related to goods and services of critical importance or crisis-relevant goods and

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
		services, are notified about.
		Notifications functions as a preemptive measure to ensure the free movement rights. As activation of the vigilance mode would automatically focus the scope of the (potential) crisis, we find it proportionate that measures related to goods and services of critical importance, as listed in an implementing act in accordance with the mode's activiation in Article 9, should also be notified
Article 19	FI (Drafting):	AT (Comments):
Notifications	To be moved to new Article 12a: Notifications NL (Drafting): Article 12a: Notifications	The notification provision seems very broad. We are not sure, if it would work in practice. In times of crisis, flexibility is of utmost importance. Long time limits will not help in this regard.
	LU (Drafting):	FI (Comments):
	3. The implementing acts referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be adopted in	FI proposes to move the text to a new Article 12a.
	accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 42(2). On duly justified	IE (Comments):
	imperative grounds of urgency relating to the impacts of the crisis on the Single Market, the Commission shall adopt immediately applicable implementing acts in accordance with the	We welcome the aim of this Article- it is crucial that the Commission, Member States, citizens and businesses are kept informed of any measures taken during a crisis.
	procedure referred to in Article 42(3).	PL (Comments):
		In our opinion notifications in the mode of

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
		emergency are very important. We support solutions that will improve the notification process. In this context, it is important to simplify and unify the rules for the notification of crisis-relevant measures. During the emergency mode, time and speed are crucial.
		LU (Comments):
		For the sake of operational and legal clarity, we suggest to delete the urgency procedure. We should avoid exceptional procedures in an already exceptional situation.
		SI (Comments):
		We're still not convinced that it would not be more sensible to upgrade the already existing notification systems in order to allow for a faster process of notification for the needs of the emergency mode in SMEI.
		LT (Comments):
		In essence, we support the idea that draft measures should be notified.
		All our comments, provided via email [7 November 2022], remain valid. If needed, we can resend them.
		In addition, the issue of non-applicability of the drafts which were not notified should be resolved. In our view, Art 19 should explicitly state the consequences for not notifying the

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
		draft.
1. During the Single Market emergency, Member States shall notify to the Commission any crisis-relevant draft measures restricting free movement of goods and the freedom to provide services as well as crisis-relevant restrictions of free movement of persons, including workers together with the reasons for those measures.	1. During the Single Market vigilance mode and the Single Market emergency mode, Member States shall notify to the Commission any erisis relevant-draft measures related to goods and services of critical importance, as listed in an implementing act in accordance with article 9(1b)(b), or crisis-relevant goods and services listed, as listed in an implementing act in accordance with article 14(5), restricting free movement of goods, and the freedom to provide services and as well as erisis-relevant restrictions of the free movement of persons, including workers together with the reasons for those measures. NL (Drafting): 1. During the Single Market vigilance mode and the Single Market emergency, Member States shall notify to the Commission draft measures related to goods and services of critical importance, as listed in an implementing act in accordance with article 9 (1b) (b), or crisi-relevant goods and services listed, as listed in an implementing act in accordance with article 14 (5), restricting free movement of goods, the freedom to provide services and the free	AT (Comments): Can the Commission explain what kind of "measures" are envisioned in this context? Can the Commission explain the interplay between para 1 and 2? FI (Comments): Drawing on the knowledge accumulated during the COVID-19 crisis, national measures began early on and in some cases before the situation escelated to a crisis. It is important that early measures related to goods and services of critical importance or crisis-relevant goods and services, are notified. Notifications functions as a preemptive measure to ensure the free movement rights. As activation of the vigilance mode would automatically focus the scope of the (potential) crisis, we find it proportionate that measures related to goods and services of critical importance, as listed in an implementing act in accordance with the mode's activiation in Article 9, should also be notified BE (Comments): Typo

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DE LV MT NL PL
	movement of persons, including workers together with the reasons for those measures. BE (Drafting): 1. During the Single Market emergency, Member States shall notify to the Commission any crisis-relevant draft measures restricting free movement of goods and the freedom to provide services as well as crisis-relevant restrictions of free movement of persons, including workers, together with the reasons for those measures.	We suggest add anything happer conformity reas FR (Comments The French auth it is necessary to methods in an el have a definite p PT (Comments
	EE (Drafting): During the Single Market emergency mode, Member States shall notify to the Commission any crisis-relevant draft measures restricting free movement of goods and the freedom to provide services as well as crisis-relevant restrictions of free movement of persons, including workers together with the reasons for those measures.	• Article 1 they say the san inversion of the paragraph 2 stat adoption of a m must be given, a mention this las paragraphs she ES (Comments
	IT (Drafting): During the Single Market emergency mode, Member States shall notify to the Commission any crisis-relevant draft measures restricting free movement of goods and the freedom to provide services as well as crisis-relevant restrictions of free movement of persons,	In order to achi detailled inform context of an en "ex ante" notifi further discusse The rationale be principle is not

including workers together with the reasons for

OK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU PL PT SI SK Comments

its):

lding "mode" to every time ens during the mode for asons

its):

ithorities are considering whether to maintain two notification emergency situation, but do not position on the subject.

its):

19° (1) and (2) seem redundant: ame thing, there is just an ne way it is said. Furthermore, ates that the reasons justifying the measure and its proportionality and paragraph 1 does not ast part. We believe these hould be clarified.

its):

hieve a complete, transparent and mation system taillored to the emergency, ES considers that the ification in this Article should be sed.

behind this "ex ante" notification principle is not fully understood if we analyse

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	those measures.	other previous legal frameworks that stablish an "ex post" notification principle in exceptional situations (such as the one in the Services Directive or the Directive EU 2015/1535).
	DK (Drafting):	DK (Comments):
	Article 1912a Notifications	Drawing on the knowledge accumulated during the COVID-19 crisis, national measures began early on and in some cases before the situation escelated to a crisis. It is important that early measures related to goods and services of critical importance or crisis-relevant goods and services, are notified.
		Notifications functions as a preemptive measure to ensure the free movement rights. As activation of the vigilance mode would automatically focus the scope of the (potential) crisis, we find it proportionate that measures related to goods and services of critical importance, as listed in an implementing act in accordance with the mode's activiation in Article 9, should also be notified.
Such notification shall not prevent Member	FI (Drafting):	FI (Comments):
States from adopting the measures in question in case immediate action is needed due to reasons occasioned by serious and unforeseeable circumstances. Member States shall notify the adopted measure immediately together with a	To be moved to new Article 12a: Notifications During the Single Market emergency mode, such notification shall not prevent Member	Due to the nature of the vigilance mode, we do not find it necessary that the option of immediate action should be possible during this mode. Thereby, the possibility of utilizing immediate adoption of measurement, should

Commission proposal

justification for the need to immediately adopt the measure.

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States from adopting the measures in question in case immediate action is needed due to reasons occasioned by serious and unforeseeable circumstances. Member States shall notify the adopted measure immediately together with a justification for the need to immediately adopt the measure. Measures pertaining to the free movement of persons, shall not be prevented from immediate adoption by Member States, regardless if the measure is presented during the Single Market vigilance or emergency mode.

NL (Drafting):

During the Single Market emergency mode, uch notification shall not prevent Member States from adopting the measures in question in case immediate action is needed due to reasons occasioned by serious and unforeseeable circumstances. Member States shall notify the adopted measure immediately together with a justification for the need to immediately adopt the measure. Measures pertaining to the free movement of persons, shall not be prevented from immediate adoption by Member States, regardless if the measure is presented during the Single Market vigilance or emergency mode.

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only be a possibility during the Single Market emergency mode.

Finally, measures pursuant to the free movement of persons should still be premitted for immediate adoption, even in the vigilance mode, as different circumstances and personal needs that goes beyond those of the Single Market could be at play.

LU (Comments):

We can support a fast-track notification that operates in the emergency mode. However, it is unacceptable that the quality and substance of the notification, just like the assessment by the Commission of such notification, is lessened or watered down by the SMEI. A high standard needs to be upheld on the content of the notifications.

LV (Comments):

Article 19 paragraph 1 should set out specific period of time in which Member States should notify adopted measures restricting free movement of goods and the freedom to provide services as well as crisis-relevant restrictions of free movement of persons, including workers and justification for those measures.

PT (Comments):

In addition, it gives the idea that there is a

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		double notification when we have an urgency procedure: firstly, according to this sentence, MS have to notify the measure adopted (+justification of an urgency), secondly, there is the requirement to notify the full text of the national provision (as indicated in paragraph 2 of this Article). Clarification is needed.
		ES (Comments):
		ES would welcome more clarity about the rationale behind this sub-paragraph.
		In particular, the overall reading of Article 19(1) seems to stablish a double system of notification, creating an "emergency within the emergency" (where Member States could adopt national measures, as well aswhere the ex post notification operates).
	DK (Drafting):	
	1. During the Single Market vigilance mode and the Single Market emergency mode, Member States shall notify to the Commission any erisis relevant draft measures related to goods and services of critical importance, as listed in an implementing act in accordance with article 9(1b)(b), or crisis-relevant goods and services listed, as listed in an implementing act in accordance with article 14(5), restricting free movement of goods, and the freedom to provide services and as well as	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	erisis-relevant restrictions of <u>the</u> free movement of persons, including workers together with the reasons for those measures.	
2. Member States shall provide to the Commission a statement of the reasons which make the enactment of such measure justified and proportionate, where those reasons have not already been made clear in the notified measure. Member States shall communicate to the	FR (Drafting): 2. Member States shall provide to the Commission a statement of the reasons which make the enactment of such measure justified and proportionate, where those reasons have not	FR (Comments): Common sense. MSs have to make an assessment of proportionnality. "where those reasons have not already been made clear" do not give any added value
Commission the full text of the national legislative or regulatory provisions which contain or are modified by the measure.	already been made clear in the notified measure. Member States shall communicate to the Commission the full text of the national legislative or regulatory provisions which contain or are modified by the measure.	information. Who is to decide that it is not clear? That is going to create legal incertainty for MSs. PT (Comments):
		• Article 19° (1) and (2) seem redundant: they say the same thing, there is just an inversion of the way it is said. Furthermore, paragraph 2 states that the reasons justifying the adoption of a measure and its proportionality must be given, and paragraph 1 does not mention this last part. We believe these paragraphs should be clarified.
		ES (Comments):
		ES would welcome more information on the practical implications of these provisions.
		Given that, as the Covid crisis 19 has shown, in an emergency context, many measures are adopted through omnibus acts, how do Member States differentiate the notification regime for

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		each element concerned (different goods and services from different sectors)? If an omnibus act includes services covered by the SMEI Regulation and others covered by the Services Directive (because they were not considered relevant in case of crisis), Member States would face different approachs, rationales, deadlines or procedures. That could create legal uncertainty and operational problems.
	DK (Drafting):	DK (Comments):
	During the Single Market emergency mode, such notification shall not prevent Member States from adopting the measures in question in case immediate action is needed due to reasons occasioned by serious and unforeseeable circumstances. Member States shall notify the adopted measure immediately together with a justification for the need to immediately adopt the measure. Measures pertaining to the free movement of persons, shall not be prevented from immediate adoption by Member States, regardless if the measure is presented during the Single Market vigilance or emergency mode.	Due to the nature of the vigilance mode, we do not find it necessary that the option of immediate action should be possible during this mode. Thereby, the possibility of utilizing immediate adoption of measurement, should only be a possibility during the Single Market emergency mode. Finally, measures pursuant to the free movement of persons should still be premitted for immediate adoption, even in the vigilance mode, as different circumstances and personal needs that goes beyond those of the Single Market could be at play.
3. Member States shall use the information	LU (Drafting):	AT (Comments):
system set up for notifications under Directive (EU) 2015/1535 of the European Parliament and	Such notification shall not prevent Member States from adopting the measures in question in	- In principle, there is no objection to using the already existing information system pursuant to

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of the Council ⁵ for notifications under this Article.	case immediate action is needed due to exceptional reasons occasioned by serious and unforeseeable circumstances. Member States shall notify the adopted measure immediately together with a justification for the need to immediately adopt the measure.	Directive (EU) 2015/1535 (TRIS information procedure for short, which is managed by the ho. Department) is to be used. This means that a proven system can be used and synergies can be created.
		- However, some (practical) questions arise with regard to the procedure: see below
		LU (Comments):
		We should keep a very high threshold to allow Member States to adopt a measure before a response from the Commission is obtained.
		LV (Comments):
		Measures in the field of services are notified through the Internal Market Information System (IMI), while measures in the field of goods and products are notified through the TRIS system, therefore it is unclear: (1) what is the added value of the IMI system? (2) and why only one notification system should be used in crisis situations?
		ES (Comments):
		ES considers that the notification or reporting procedure regulated in this Article could be improved by including a specific reporting tool.
		Measures taken during emergency mode are

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		bound to be temporally and materially limited. Moreover, the approach of the assessment on the principles of necessity and proportionality could also differ in these contexts.
		It might therefore be more appropriate to establish a specific reporting system for crisis notifications. This is without prejudice to the establishment and use of all technical measures to reduce administrative burdens for the Commission and the Member States.
4. The Commission shall communicate the	BE (Drafting):	LV (Comments):
notified measures to the other Member States without delay and shall share them at the same time with the advisory group.	4. The Commission shall communicate the notified measures to the other Member States without delay and shall share them at the same time with the steering committee.	Article 19 paragraph 4 should set out specific time period in which the Commission communicates notified measures to the other Member States.
	FR (Drafting):	FR (Comments):
	The Commission shall communicate the notified measures to the other Member States and with the advisory group without delay and shall share them at the same time.	Wording amendment.
5. If the advisory group chooses to deliver an opinion on a notified measure, it shall do so	PL (Drafting):	AT (Comments):
within four working days from the date of receipt by the Commission of the notification	5. If the advisory group chooses to deliver an opinion on a notified measure, it shall do so within four working days from the date of	If the advisory group decides to issue an opinion (within four days - which seems a bit short), it sends it to the EC. It is not clear from the

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concerning that measure.	receipt by the Commission of the notification concerning that measure without delay. BE (Drafting): 5. If the steering committee chooses to deliver an opinion on a notified measure, it shall do so within four working days from the date of receipt by the Commission of the notification concerning that measure. FR (Drafting): 5. If the advisory group chooses to deliver an opinion on a notified measure, it shall do so within four two working days from the date of receipt by the Commission of the notification concerning that measure.	following paragraphs what the EC does/has to do with this opinion, since it apparently has to subject the measure to a 10-day review of its conformity with EU law anyway. CZ (Comments): This paragraph should in our view further specify the follow-up to the potential opinion of the advisory/steering group. BE (Comments): Is it also possible to send such an opinion also to the MS of the notified measure? LV (Comments): Is it planned that Advisory Group meeting will be gathered when Member State notifies draft measures restricting free movement of goods and the freedom to provide services as well as crisis-relevant restrictions of free movement of persons, including workers together with the reasons for those measures? FR (Comments): Four days is too long in the context of a crisis
6. The Commission shall ensure that citizens and businesses are informed of the notified measures, unless Member States request that the measures remain confidential, or the		SK (Comments): The criteria for determining "confidential" measures need clearer definition.

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Commission deems disclosure of those measures would affect the security and public order of the European Union or its Member States, as well as of the decisions and Member States' comments adopted in accordance with this Article.		ES (Comments): ES considers that the scope of application of this 'non-confidentiality principle' should be more narrowly defined. If, as mentioned in paragraph 2, a measure afecting crisis — relevant goods or services include other elements not coverd by SMEI Regulation, this part of the measure should remain confidential. Transparency should only apply to those provision afecting goods and services that fall under the scope of art. 19.
7. Member States shall postpone the adoption of a notified draft measure for 10 days from the date of receipt by the Commission of the notification referred to in this Article.	PL (Drafting): 7. Member States shall postpone the adoption of a notified draft measure for 10 days from the date of receipt by the Commission of the notification referred to in this Article. LV (Drafting): 7. Member States shall postpone the adoption of a notified draft measure for 10 7 days from the date of receipt by the Commission of the notification referred to in this Article. FR (Drafting): 7. Member States shall postpone the adoption of a notified draft measure for 3 10 calendar days from the date of receipt by the	CZ (Comments): A 10-day standstill period might be too burdensome, especially during the times of crisis where a swift action is necessary. Example of the covid crisis (or any other recent crisis) shows that action must be immediate to be effective. A good inspiration is the IPCR. FI (Comments): Has the Commissionen evalutaed the possible adverse effects of postponing measures by 10 days, e.g. panic buying before measures take effect? NL (Comments): Has the Commissionen evaluated the possible

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	Commission of the notification referred to in this Article.	adverse effects of postponing measures by 10 days, e.g. panic buying before measures take effect?
		PL (Comments):
		This paragraph should comply with the Directive (EU) 2015/1535 and the Directive 2006/123/EC.
		The introduction of standstill would be incompatible with the provisions of Services directive as far as notification of the restrictions on the freedom to provide services is concerned.
		The article does not comply with the Directive (EU) 2015/1535 and paragraph 1 of this proposal.
		The rules for applying the urgency procedure and the mandatory time limits for suspending legislative work - Article 19(7) requires postponing the adoption of the notified measure for 10 days, which is different from the existing mechanisms and, in our opinion, is incompatible with Article 6(7) of Directive (EU) 2015/1535, which allows for the immediate adoption of a national draft, i.e. the use of the urgency procedure:
		Dir.(EC)2015/1535: "art. 6.7.Paragraphs 1 to 5 shall not apply in cases where: (a) for urgent reasons, occasioned by serious and unforeseeable

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		circumstances relating to the protection of public health or safety, the protection of animals or the preservation of plants, and for rules on services, also for public policy, in particular the protection of minors, a Member State is obliged to prepare technical regulations in a very short space of time in order to enact and introduce them immediately without any consultations being possible; or (b) for urgent reasons occasioned by serious circumstances relating to the protection of the security and the integrity of the financial system, in particular the protection of depositors, investors and insured persons, a Member State is obliged to enact and implement rules on financial services immediately. In the communication referred to in Article 5, the Member State shall give reasons for the urgency of the measures taken. The Commission shall give its views on the communication as soon as possible. It shall take appropriate action in cases where improper use is made of this procedure. The European Parliament shall be kept informed by the Commission."
		SMEI Art.19 pagragraph 1 subparagraph 2: "Such notification shall not prevent Member States from adopting the measures in question in case immediate action is needed due to reasons occasioned by serious and unforeseeable circumstances. Member States shall notify the adopted measure immediately together with a justification for the need to immediately adopt the measure."

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		LV (Comments):
		10 day period for the provision of comments during the crisis is too long and should be reduced to 7 days. As well as Article 19 paragraph 7 should set out the exceptions referred to in Article 19 paragraph 1.
		FR (Comments):
		10 days is too long in the context of a crisis
		PT (Comments):
		• In Article 19° (7) (8) this provision provides for a stand still period, which is not understandable, therefore it needs to be clarified.
		Furthermore, the relation between this stand still period and article Article 19° (1) is not understandable insofar this article states that "Such notification shall not prevent Member States from adopting the measures in question in case immediate action is needed due to reasons occasioned by serious and unforeseeable circumstances". So, the MS will justify the need to act immediately and, in practice, this stand still period is useless. This deserves further clarification.
		ES (Comments):
		ES considers that the deadlines set out in this

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		Article could unduly delay the adoption of national measures in an emergency context.
		Experience during the Covid-19 crisis has shown that emergency measures should be adopted automatically. The current wording of this Article provides for an excessively long procedure, which can be extended to 60 days when crisis measures could be needed immediately and be extended only for a short period of time (as lockdown during the pandemic).
		Could the differences between Services Directive and SMEI (in terms of deadlines and procedural aspects) create practical implementations problems and legal uncertainty?
		This 10 days standstill period contrasts with the explicit reference in Service Directive that such notification shall not prevent Member States from adopting the provisions in question. ES considers that the approach of this legal framework should be integrated here.
		NY (G
8. Within 10 days from the date of receipt of the notification, the Commission shall examine the compatibility of any draft or adopted measure with Union law, including Articles 16 and 17 of this Regulation as well as	PL (Drafting): 8. Within 10 days from the date of receipt of the notification, the Commission without delay shall examine the compatibility of any	NL (Comments): We question the feasibility of the foreseen assessment to be done within 10 days by the Commission as stated in paragraph 8.

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the principles of proportionality and nondiscrimination, and may provide comments on the notified measure when there are immediately obvious and serious grounds to believe that it does not comply with Union law. Such comments shall be taken into account by the notifying Member State. In exceptional circumstances, in particular to receive scientific advice, evidence or technical expertise in the context of an evolving situation, the period of 10 days may be extended by the Commission. The Commission shall set out the reasons justifying any such extension, shall set a new deadline and shall inform the Member States about the new deadline and the reasons for the extension without delay.

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draft or adopted measure with Union law, including Articles 16 and 17 of this Regulation as well as the principles of proportionality and non-discrimination, and may provide comments on the notified measure when there are immediately obvious and serious grounds to believe that it does not comply with Union law. Such comments shall be taken into account by the notifying Member State. In exceptional circumstances, in particular to receive scientific advice, evidence or technical expertise in the context of an evolving situation, the period of 10 days may be extended by the Commission. The Commission shall set out the reasons justifying any such extension, shall set a new deadline and shall inform the Member States about the new deadline and the reasons for the extension without delay.

FR (Drafting):

8. Within 3 10 calendar days from the date of receipt of the notification, the Commission shall examine the compatibility of any draft or adopted measure with Union law, including Articles 16 and 17 of this Regulation as well as the principles of proportionality and non-discrimination, and may provide comments on the notified measure when there are immediately obvious and serious grounds to believe that it does not comply with Union law.

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PL (Comments):

The wording of this paragraph should be similar to the wording used in the Directive (EU) 2015/1535. The proposed changes are in accordance with the suggested deletion of paragraph 7 and Articles 16 and 17.

BE (Comments):

For how long can the COM extend the period of 10 days? This must be clarified to add more predictability.

LV (Comments):

What is the justification for the 10 day period during which the Commission can provide comments on notified draft measures? The Commission won't provide comments on notified draft measures if they are in accordance with EU law? When the Commission may set out a new deadline for providing comments and how long it can be?

FR (Comments):

10 days + 10 days is too long in the context of a crisis

In case of a pandemic, those 10 days are unecessary. During covid, scientific knowledge was widely shared and updated hour by hour sometimes. Relevant informations were

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	Such comments shall be taken into account by the notifying Member State. In exceptional eircumstances, in particular to receive scientific advice, evidence or technical expertise in the context of an evolving situation, the period of 5 10 days may be extended by the Commission. The Commission shall set out the reasons justifying any such extension, shall set a new deadline and shall inform the Member States about the new deadline and the reasons for the extension without delay.	available. An additional delay only artificially lengthens the delays. PT (Comments): In Article 19° (7) (8) this provision provides for a stand still period, which is not understandable, therefore it needs to be clarified. Article 19°(8) foresees the possibility of extending the standstill period. The successive extension of the deadline for a measure to address an emergency to come into force is not understandable. It needs to be clarified. Furthermore, in 19°(8) what seems to result is that Member States are obliged to accept the observations of the Commission. The Commission should clarify this issue. In our understanding the power given to the Commission undermines the division of competences since MS is not free to adopt the measures they think are better (and provided that they are in accordance with EU Law).
		ES (Comments):
		See comment on paragraph 7
		DK (Comments):
		Has the Commissionen evalutaed the possible adverse effects of postponing measures by 10

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		days, e.g. panic buying before measures take effect?
9. Member States may also provide comments to the Member State which has	FR (Drafting):	FR (Comments):
notified a measure; that Member State shall take such comments into account.	Member States may also provide comments to the Member State which has notified a measure; that Member State shall take such comments into account.	In a legal point of view, nothing can obliged MS to follow/take into account the comments of other MSs. What if 2 MSs make opposite comments? The verbs "shall" is inappropriate
		PT (Comments):
		• Article 19°(9) What is the time period for these comments? Within 10 days as mentioned in paragraph 8 of this article?
10. The notifying Member State shall communicate the measures it intends to adopt in	PL (Drafting):	AT (Comments):
order to comply with the comments delivered in accordance with paragraph 8 to the Commission within 10 days after receiving them.	10. The notifying Member State shall communicate the measures it intends to adopt in order to comply with the comments delivered in accordance with paragraph 8 to the Commission within 10 days after receiving them. as soon as possible.	If the EC concludes that the measure is not compatible with Union law, the MS has 10 days to indicate what it intends to do. If the answer is not satisfactory to the EC, the dialogue can be extended to a further 30 days.
	LU (Drafting):	In general, we welcome any dialogue between the EC and the MS not only quantitativly but
	8. Within 10 days from the date of receipt of the notification, the Commission shall examine the compatibility of any draft or adopted measure with Union law, including Articles 16 and 17 of this Regulation as well as the principles of proportionality and non-	also, and above all, qualitativly, but it is questionable, if we take into account these possible time limits of up to 40 days in an emergency situation, that such a situation can be resolved quickly. After all, this is supposed to be the aim of the regulation: rapid action to

AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting **Commission proposal Suggestions** discrimination and any further conditions laid down in sectorial legislation, and may provide comments on the notified measure when there are immediately obvious and serious grounds to believe that it does not comply with Union law. Such comments shall be taken into account by the notifying Member State. In exceptional circumstances, in particular to receive scientific advice, evidence or technical expertise in the context of an evolving situation, the period of 10 days may be extended by the Commission. The Commission shall set out the reasons justifying any such extension, shall set a new deadline and shall inform the Member States about the new deadline and the reasons for the extension without delay. FR (Drafting): The notifying Member State shall communicate report to the Commission on the action it proposes to take on the measures it intends to adopt in order to comply with the comments delivered in accordance with paragraph 8 to the Commission within 5 10 calendar days after receiving them. The Member State concerned shall indicate. where appropriate, the reasons why the

comments of the European Commission cannot

be taken into account.

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remedy a precarious situation.

PL (Comments):

It should be changed in parallel of paragraph 8.

LU (Comments):

Any notification made by Member States needs to respect the requirements of that notification under sectorial legislation. Article 19 cannot be construed as dispensing Member States from the justification required for instance under the Transparency Directive or the Services Directive.

FR (Comments):

10 days is too long in the context of a crisis

This article assumes that States will have to comply with the comments of the European Commission. However, the States remain free to interpret the proportionality of a measure and the Commission can also be mistaken (see to that effect the case law of the Court of Justice invalidating the reasoning of the Commission). Therefore, and in order to comply with the law, it is appropriate to impose only an obligation on the Member States to respond to the Commission's comments, and not an obligation to follow them in any case.

PT (Comments):

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		Article 19°(10) assumes that the Member State should amend the measures it intends to adopt if the Commission finds that they do not respect the principle of proportionality and non-discrimination. However, the Member State's understanding may be different. In this case, doesn't the Member State have to communicate it to the Commission? Or does it communicate that there were no changes? This needs to be clarified. We believe it would be preferable to change the wording stipulating that the notifying Member State would inform the Commission whether it intends to take the comments made into account and would justify why it does not consider them.
11. If the Commission finds that the measures communicated by the notifying Member State are still not in accordance with Union law, it may issue within 30 days of that communication, a decision requiring that Member State to refrain from adopting the notified draft measure. The notifying Member State shall communicate the adopted text of a notified draft measure to the Commission without delay.	PL (Drafting): 11. If the Commission finds that the measures communicated by the notifying Member State are still not in accordance with Union law, it may issue within 30 days of that communication, a decision requiring that Member State to refrain from adopting the notified draft measure. The notifying Member State shall communicate the adopted text of a notified draft measure to the Commission without delay. BE (Drafting):	AT (Comments): → See comment on Article 19(10). PL (Comments): The suggested deletion of this paragraph results from our previous suggestions. Additionally the decision to be issued by the Commision could disterb the institutional balance. BE (Comments): The time limit of 30 days for the COM to

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measures con Member State Union law, it communicati State to refrai measure. The communicate measure to th FR (Drafting 11. If the measures con Member State Union law, it days of that of decision_recon State to refrai measure. The communicate	Commission finds that the amunicated by the notifying are still not in accordance with may issue within 10 days of that on, a decision requiring Member in from adopting the notified draft notifying Member State shall the adopted text of a notified draft e Commission without delay. Commission finds that the amunicated by the notifying are still not in accordance with may issue within 10 30 calendar formunication, a amendation requiring that Member in from adopting the notified draft notifying Member State shall the adopted text of a notified draft e Commission without delay.	prohibit Member States from adopting a notified draft measure is too long. We suggest 10 days at maximum. + typo SK (Comments): We consider the deadline of 30 days too long. FR (Comments): 30 days in too long in the context of a crisis According to the legal advice of the legal service of the Council this decision making power is not legal. PT (Comments): • Article 19° (11) - The possibility of the Commission issuing a "decision" requiring a Member State to refrain from adopting a certain measure seems to us that can undermine the division of powers between the Commission and Member States. Thus, regarding article 19° (11) and (12) we do not agree with the proposed formulation presented here. We also would like to hear the Opinion of the Council Legal Services on this article. ES (Comments): Given the opinion of the Council Legal Service

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		on the limits of this Commission decision, ES has some doubts about its legal feasibility in relation to the principle of institutional balance.
		In order to guarantee this institutional balance principle, the binding right decision of the COM could be replaced by a right of recommendation during the notification procedure.
		Given that the Commission has stated that the Services Directive has been the reference to Article 19(11) and (12), the wording and, where possible, details of the procedure in these Articles could be aligned with that in the Services Directive.
12. If the Commission finds that an already	PL (Drafting):	AT (Comments):
adopted measure that has been notified to it, is not in accordance with Union law, it may issue within 30 days of that notification a decision requiring the Member State to abolish it. The	12. If the Commission finds that an already adopted measure that has been notified to it, is not in accordance with Union law, it shall may	The deadlines, which are rather complicated, para. 12 seems to be problematic and raises questions of principle.
notifying Member State shall communicate the text of a revised measure in case it modifies the notified adopted measure without delay.	issue within 30 days of that notification a decision requiring inform the Member State about it. to abolish it. The notifying Member State shall communicate the text of a revised measure in case it modifies the notified adopted	If EC finds that a measure that has already been adopted does not comply with Union law, it should have the power to request the MS to repeal the measure.
	measure without delay. BE (Drafting):	This should be done in conjunction with Art. 16 and 17, yet the question of competence and the division of powers arises here.
		EC is undoubtedly the "guardian of the Treaties", but the decision as to whether or not

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	FR (Drafting): 12. If the Commission finds that an already adopted measure that has been notified to it, is not in accordance with Union law, it may issue within 10 30 calendar days of that notification a	Union law has been broken ultimately rests with the ECJ. AT requests an assessment of the CLS on this matter.
	recommandation decision requiring the Member State to abolish it. The notifying Member State shall communicate the text of a revised measure in case it modifies the notified adopted measure without delay.	NL (Comments): What will be the consequence if a Member State does not abolish the adopted measure? Will the Commission start infringement proceedings? This paragraph raises questions on the enforcembility of such a requirement.
		PL (Comments):
		The specification of time limit is not necessary if it is removed from previous provisions.
		Additionaly the decision to be issued by the Commision could violate the institutional balance. Instead, the Commission should inform the Member State that the adopted measure is not in accordance with the Union law as opposed to issuing a decision requiring to abolish it.
		BE (Comments):
		For BE, the power given to the Commission to adopt a decision requiring the Member State to repeal a measure already adopted is contrary to the Treaty. Indeed, according to Art. 258 TFEU, only the Court of Justice can declare illegal a provision adopted by a Member State. In this

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		light, BE supports the deletion of this paragraph 12.
		FR (Comments):
		30 days in too long in the context of a crisis
		According to the legal advice of the legal service of the Council this decision making power is not legal.
		PT (Comments):
		 Article 19° (12) - As to the issue of the Commission issuing a decision requiring a Member State to abolish a measure already in force, it seems to us that it undermines the institutional balance of powers between the European Court of Justice and the Commission, since only the CJEU can order a Member State to abolish a measure that has already been implemented. Thus, regarding article 19° (11) and (12) we do not agree with the proposed formulation presented here. We also would like to hear the Opinion of the Council Legal Services on this article.
		ES (Comments):
		Given the opinion of the Council Legal Service on the limits of this Commission decision, ES has some doubts about its legal feasibility in

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		relation to the principle of institutional balance. In order to guarantee this institutional balance principle, the binding right decision of the COM could be replaced by a reght of recommendation during the notification procedure. Given that the Commission has stated that the Services Directive has been the reference to Article 19(11) and (12), the wording and, where possible, details of the procedure in these Articles could be aligned with that in the Services Directive.
13. The period of 30 days referred to in paragraphs 11 and 12 may be exceptionally extended by the Commission in order to take account of a change of circumstances, in particular to receive scientific advice, evidence or technical expertise in the context of an evolving situation. The Commission shall set out the reasons justifying any such extension and shall set a new deadline and shall inform the Member States about the new deadline and the reasons for the extension without delay.	PL (Drafting): 13. The period of 30 days referred to in paragraphs 11 and 12 may be exceptionally extended by the Commission in order to take account of a change of circumstances, in particular to receive scientific advice, evidence or technical expertise in the context of an evolving situation. The Commission shall set out the reasons justifying any such extension and shall set a new deadline and shall inform the Member States about the new deadline and the reasons for the extension without delay. BE (Drafting): 13. The period of 10 days referred to in paragraph 11 may be exceptionally extended by	PL (Comments): The suggested deletion of this paragraph results from our previous suggestions BE (Comments): An extension of this period, potentially with another 30 days, is also hard to justify given the pressing circumstances in which such measures are necessary to adopt. BE suggests to change those 30 days in 10 days maximum. + Cf comments on §11 and §12 FR (Comments): 30 days in too long in the context of a crisis

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	the Commission in order to take account of a change of circumstances, in particular to receive scientific advice, evidence or technical expertise in the context of an evolving situation. The Commission shall set out the reasons justifying any such extension and shall set a new deadline and shall inform the Member States about the new deadline and the reasons for the extension without delay.	
	FR (Drafting):	
	13. The period of 10 30 calendar days referred to in paragraphs 11 and 12 may be exceptionally extended by the Commission in order to take account of a change of circumstances, in particular to receive scientific advice, evidence or technical expertise in the context of an evolving situation. The Commission shall set out the reasons justifying any such extension and shall set a new deadline and shall inform the Member States about the new deadline and the reasons for the extension without delay.	
14. The Commission decisions referred to in	PL (Drafting):	PL (Comments):
paragraphs 11 and 12 shall be based on available information and may be issued when there are immediately obvious and serious grounds to believe that the notified measures do	14. The Commission decisions referred to in paragraphs 11 and 12 shall be based on available information and may be issued when there are immediately obvious and serious	The suggested deletion of this paragraph results from our previous suggestions BE (Comments):

Commission proposal

not comply with Union law, including Article 16 or 17 of this Regulation, the principle of proportionality or the principle of non-discrimination. The adoption of those decisions shall be without prejudice to the possibility for the Commission to adopt measures at a later stage, including the launching of an infringement procedure on the basis of Article 258 TFEU.

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grounds to believe that the notified measures do not comply with Union law, including Article 16 or 17 of this Regulation, the principle of proportionality or the principle of non-discrimination. The adoption of those decisions shall be without prejudice to the possibility for the Commission to adopt measures at a later stage, including the launching of an infringement procedure on the basis of Article 258 TFEU.

BE (Drafting):

14. The Commission decisions referred to in paragraph 11 shall be based on available information and may be issued when there are immediately obvious and serious grounds to believe that the notified measures do not comply with Union law, including Article 16 or 17 of this Regulation, the principle of proportionality or the principle of non-discrimination. The adoption of those decisions shall be without prejudice to the possibility for the Commission to adopt measures at a later stage, including the launching of an infringement procedure on the basis of Article 258 TFEU.

FR (Drafting):

The Commission <u>recommandation</u> decisions referred to in paragraphs 11 and 12 shall be based on available information and may be

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BE wonders whether the principle of proportionality should not be adapted to the circumstances. Will the principle of proportionality applied by COM in the context of SMEI be the same as the one applied outside a crisis context?

+ Cf comment on § 12.

FR (Comments):

See previous comments

PT (Comments):

• Article 19° (14): We reiterate the previous comment.

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	issued when there are immediately obvious and serious grounds to believe that the notified measures do not comply with Union law, including Article 16 or 17 of this Regulation, the principle of proportionality or the principle of non-discrimination. The adoption of those recommandation decisions—shall be without prejudice to the possibility for the Commission to adopt measures at a later stage, including the launching of an infringement procedure on the basis of Article 258 TFEU.	
15. Information supplied under this Article	LV (Drafting):	LV (Comments):
shall not be confidential except at the express request of the notifying Member State. Any such request shall relate to draft measures and shall be justified.	15. Information supplied under this Article shall not be confidential except at the express request of the notifying Member State. Any such request shall relate to draft measures and	What does it mean information supplied? Article 19 paragraph 15 duplicates Article 19 paragraph 6 therefore Article 19 paragraph 15 should be deleted.
	shall be justified.	ES (Comments):
		ES would welcome clarification on the principle of non-confidentiality set out in this paragraph. Although the draft measures or adopted measures notified by a Member State may not be confidential, the communication process between the notifying Member State and the Commission and other Member States should be considered confidential.

AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting **Commission proposal** LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments **Suggestions** 16. The Commission shall publish the text of LU (Drafting): CZ (Comments): the measures adopted by the Member States in The Commission decisions referred to in Is it already envisaged what could be the the context of the Single market emergency that platform referred to in this paragraph? We paragraphs 11 and 12 shall be based on restrict free movement of goods, services and available information and may be issued when would prefer for it to be one of the already the persons, including workers, which have been there are immediately obvious and serious existing platforms, such as Your Europe portal communicated by means of the notifications grounds to believe that the notified measures do (should it be feasible). referred to in this Article as well as via other not comply with Union law, including Article **NL** (Comments): sources. The text of the measures shall be 16 or 17 of this Regulation, the principle of published within one working day of its receipt Due to the nature of the vigilance mode, we do proportionality or the principle of nonby means of an electronic platform managed by not find it necessary that the option of discrimination. The adoption of those decisions the Commission immediate action should be possible during this shall be without prejudice to the possibility for mode. Thereby, the possibility of utilizing the Commission to adopt measures at a later immediate adoption of measurement, should stage, including the launching of an only be a possibility during the Single Market infringement procedure on the basis of Article emergency mode. 258 TFEU. Finally, measures pursuant to the free movement of persons should still be premitted for immediate adoption, even in the vigilance mode, as different circumstances and personal needs that goes beyond those of the Single Market could be at play. LV (Comments): What other sources Member States should use to notify measures restricting free movement of goods, services and the persons, including workers? FI (Drafting): FI (Comments):

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	17. The Commission shall provide Member States a dedicated handbook for notification of requirements pursuant to this Article. NL (Drafting): 17. The Commission shall provide Member States a dedicated handbook for notification of requirements pursuant to this Article.	The Commission's proposal for notification requirement and its link to other notification mechanisms, is very unclear in terms of the practical measures. It is therefore proposed that the Commission provides a handbook on the notification requirement in SMEI to ensure that national authorities are well-prepared and knowledgeable on the practical elements of notifying under this regulation.
		NL (Comments):
		The Commission's proposal for notification requirement and its link to other notification mechanisms, is very unclear in terms of the practical measures. It is therefore proposed that the Commission provides a handbook on the notification requirement in SMEI to ensure that national authorities are well-prepared and knowledgeable on the practical elements of notifying under this regulation.
Article 20		LT (Comments):
Link to other notification mechanisms		We still need a better understand of the reasons why we need this Article and what are the consequences when notifications under Art. 19 are made equivalent to notifications under Directive 2015/1535, Directive 2006/123/EC and Directive 2005/36/EC.
		ES (Comments):

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		ES considers that article 19 could implies practical implementation problems with other notification mechanisms already existing. See previous comments on art. 19 parag. 3, 6 and 7.
1. Where a Member State is required to notify a measure under Article 19 of this Regulation and under Article 5(1) of Directive (EU) 2015/1535 ⁶ , a notification made under this Regulation shall be deemed to have satisfied also the notification obligation set out in Article 5(1) of Directive (EU) 2015/1535.		
	DK (Drafting):	DK (Comments):
	17. The Commission shall provide Member States a dedicated handbook for notification of requirements pursuant to this Article.	The Commission's proposal for notification requirement and its link to other notification mechanisms, is very unclear in terms of the practical measures. It is therefore proposed that the Commission provides a handbook on the notification requirement in SMEI to ensure that nationale authorities are well-prepared and knowledgeable on the practical elements of notifying under this regulation.
2. Where a Member State is required to	LV (Drafting):	CZ (Comments):
notify a measure under Article 19 of this	2. Where a Member State is required to	Since for the SMEI-related measures, TRIS will

⁶

Commission proposal

Regulation and under Articles 15(7) or 39(5) of Directive 2006/123/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council⁷, a notification made under this Regulation shall be deemed to have satisfied also the notification obligations set out in Directive 2006/123/EC. Similarly the Commission Decisions referred to in Article 19(11) and 19(12) of this Regulation are deemed to be a Decision taken under Article 15(7) of Directive 2006/123/EC for the purposes of that Directive.

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notify a measure under Article 19 of this Regulation and under Articles 15(7) or 39(5) of Directive 2006/123/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council, a notification made under this Regulation shall be deemed to have satisfied also the notification obligations set out in Directive 2006/123/EC. Similarly the Commission Decisions referred to in Article 19(11) and 19(12) of this Regulation are deemed to be a Decision taken under Article 15(7) of Directive 2006/123/EC for the purposes of that Directive.

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be used, is the compatibility with the IMI system ensured? Therefore, will the notification systems be interconected and if a notification related to measures to be notified under Services Directive is made in the TRIS, will it be duplicated/copied to the IMI?

LU (Comments):

The link with other notifications remains unclear. We would welcome a dedicated presentation with clear flow-charts on how the articulation with other notification mechanisms would work in practice.

LV (Comments):

Latvia is of view that in emergency mode Member States are restricted of the use of notification systems thus Article 20 paragraph 2 should be deleted. If it is planned to use TRIS notification system during emergency mode it also should be used during non crisis periods.

PT (Comments):

• In Article 20° (2) the measures to be notified under this mechanism are distinct from the measures to be notified under the Services Directive (SD). The measures notified under the SMEI are urgent measures intended to deal with a crisis threatening the integrity of the internal

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		market and, as their very nature indicates, they will be transitional, prevailing only for as long as the crisis persists. The measures notified under the SD are not based on the urgency of a crisis. This equivalence clause is not understandable. Commission needs to clarify this.
		Similarly, the last part of this provision is not understandable either, since most Member States do not interpret the decisions under Article 15(7) of the SD as being the same type of decisions as those under Article 288 TFEU, precisely because they consider that the Commission's power to take binding decisions on the compatibility of national implemented measures with EU law, that seeks their abolishment, is a violation of the institutional balance between the CJEU and the Commission.
		ES (Comments):
		ES considers that the scope and effects of notifications and decisions under the SMEI Regulation and the Services Directive are different under the current wording of the proposal.
		While a notification under the Services Directive concerns requirements that are supposed to be founded on regular circumstances and to be applicable in the long

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
		term, notifications under the SMEI Regulation are likely to concern requirements or measures that are very limited in time and that are based on exceptional circumstances. Consequently, the approach of each notification could differ. In addition, notifications under the Services Directive are made through IMI, whereas under the SMEI Regulation TRIS system should be used. On this element, in line with the comment on Article 19(3), ES considers that a specific and separate tool for such emergency notifications would be preferable.
	DK (Drafting):	DK (Comments):
	Article 20 12b Link to other notification mechanisms	Moved following proposed movement of Article 19 on Notifications.
3. Where a Member State is required to		CZ (Comments):
notify a measure under Article 19 of this Regulation and to inform the Commission in accordance with Article 59(5) of Directive 2005/36/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁸ , that notification shall be deemed to have satisfied also the information obligation set out in Article 59(5) of Directive 2005/36/EC.		Similarily as in paragraph 2 above.
Article 21		AT (Comments):

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OJ L 255, 30.9.2005, p. 22.

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Single points of contact in the Member States		We support Art. 21 and 22 establishing single points of contact at Member State and Union level to assist the general public.
		This would help to navigate through a rapidly changing and fragmented regulatory landscape. The body should also inform about regional and local measures.
		IE (Comments):
		We would welcome further clarification from the Commission on the format single points of contact should take. It would be best to have consistency throughout the Union.
		BE (Comments):
		BE urges that the requirement of national single points of contact should reflect the internal division of competencies of the Member States.
		Probably the best to foresee a solution for the abovementioned topic is in the recitals.
		IT (Comments):
		Access to information provisions under Articles 21-22 should be reinforced. The language regime should be identified, as is the case with similar contact points under the Union law, so that cross-border relevance for information seekers is ensured. The notion of "up to date" information should be defined in stricter terms,

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		as the emergency dictates the dynamics and frequency of crisis-relevant events. Some inspiration could be taken from EU rules on cyber security.
		At this aim Your Europe system and Single Digital Gateway points of contact could be used.
1. Member States shall operate national single points of contact that shall provide citizens, consumers, economic operators and workers and their representatives with the following assistance:		
(a) assistance in requesting and obtaining	PL (Drafting):	PL (Comments):
information about national restrictions of the free movement of goods, services, persons and workers that are related to an activated Single Market emergency;	(a) assistance in requesting and obtaining information about national restrictions of the free movement of goods, services, persons and workers that are related to an activated Single Market emergency;	National single points of contact should not have to assist in requesting information, their task will be to deliver requested information.
		There is no need to repeat the word "assistance".
		LU (Comments):
		We would welcome a merging of the Single points of contact in the Member States with the Central Liaison offices under Article 5.
(b) assistance in the performance of any	PL (Drafting):	PL (Comments):

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
national level crisis procedures and formalities that have been put in place due to the activated Single Market emergency.	(b) assistance in the performance of any national level crisis procedures and formalities that have been put in place due to the activated Single Market emergency.	There is no need to repeat the word "assistance".
2. Member States shall ensure that it is	AT (Drafting):	AT (Comments):
possible for citizens, consumers, economic operators and workers and their representatives to receive, at their request and via the respective single points of contact, information from the competent authorities on the way in which the respective national crisis response measures are generally interpreted and applied. Where appropriate, such information shall include a step-by-step guide. The information shall be provided in clear, understandable and intelligible language. It shall be easily accessible at a distance and by electronic means and shall be kept up to date.	2. Member States shall ensure that it is possible for citizens, consumers, economic operators and workers and their representatives to receive, at their request and via the respective single points of contact, information from the competent authorities on the way in which the respective national crisis response measures are generally interpreted and applied. Where appropriate, such information shall include a step-by-step guide. The information shall be provided in clear, understandable and intelligible language. It shall be easily accessible at a distance and by electronic means and shall be kept up to date. This Regulation is without prejudice to existing national participation rights of social partners that provide for more favourable provisions.	It has to be ensured that existing rights of socials partners unwillentliare not weakened inadvertently. CZ (Comments): The Commission admitted that these Single points of contact could be integrated to the existing structures at national level. Such integration both at national and Union level could be done using the Your Europe portal (the outcome of the Single Digital Gateway regulation) which encompasses national- and Union-level information, procedures, and assistance services. Moreover, these are available in English and in the respective national language.
	CZ (Drafting):	PL (Comments): During crisis it could be impossible to answer
	2a. Member States shall incorporate the national single points of contact reffered to in this Article into Your Europe portal as reffered	thousands of the same requests received from citizens, consumers, economic operators, or workers. Up-to-date information and step-by-

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	to in Article 2(1) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1724. PL (Drafting): 2. Member States shall ensure that it is possible for citizens, consumers, economic operators and workers and their representatives to receive, at their request and via an the respective electronic platform or the respective single points of contact, information from the competent authorities on the way in which the respective national crisis response measures are generally interpreted and applied. Where appropriate, such information shall include a step-by-step guide. The information shall be provided in clear, understandable and intelligible language. It shall be easily accessible at a distance and by electronic means and shall be kept up to date.	step guide should be accessible via an easily accessible electronic platform. PT (Comments): The reference to "up to date" information should be clarified.
Article 22 Union level single point of contact		CZ (Comments): Integration both at national and Union level could be done using the Your Europe portal which encompasses national- and Union-level information, procedures, and assistance services. Moreover, these are available in English and in the respective national language.
1. The Commission shall set up and operate	CZ (Drafting):	CZ (Comments):

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
a Union level single point of contact.	1. The Commission shall set up and operate a Union level single point of contact which shall use the structure of the Your Europe portal, as referred to in Article 2(1) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1724.	This is just a suggestion how to incorporate the Your Europe portal. EE (Comments): Will this be through the SDG? If, then it should be directly mentioned so that citizens, consumers, economic operators, workers and their representatives would know where to find it.
2. The Union level single point of contact shall provide citizens, consumers, economic operators, workers and their representatives with the following assistance:		
(a) assistance in requesting and obtaining information as regards Union level crisis response measures that are relevant to the activated Single Market emergency or which affect the exercise of the free movement of goods, services, persons and workers;	PL (Drafting): (a) assistance in requesting and obtaining information as regards Union level crisis response measures that are relevant to the activated Single Market emergency or which affect the exercise of the free movement of goods, services, persons and workers;	PL (Comments): The Union level single point of contact should not have to assist in requesting information, its task will be to deliver requested information. There is no need to repeat the word "assistance". SI (Comments): The definition of the "union level crisis response measures" should be added to the proposal.

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(b) assistance in the performance of any crisis procedures and formalities that have been put in place at the Union level due to the activated Single Market emergency;	PL (Drafting): (b) assistance in the performance of any crisis procedures and formalities that have been put in place at the Union level due to the activated Single Market emergency;	PL (Comments): There is no need to repeat the word "assistance".
(c) putting together a list with all national crisis measures and national contact points.	NL (Drafting): (c) putting together a list with all national crisis measures and national contact points. The information shall be provided in clear, understandable and intelligible language. It shall be easily accessible at a distance and by electronic means and shall be kept up to date. PL (Drafting): (c) putting together a list with all national crisis measures and national contact points. 3. The Union level single point of contact shall put together a list with all national crisis measures and national contact points and up to date them and assist citizens, consumers, economic operators, workers and their representatives in obtaining such information.	NL (Comments): NL believes that both the national single points of contact and the Union level single point of contact should be operated under the same conditions. Article 21 states that information with regards to the national crisis response measures shall be provided in clear, understandable and intelligible language, whilst article 22 states that a list of national crisis measures should be published. Hence, NL believes the obligation for clear, understandable and intelligible language should also be put in article 22. Information should be provided for different target groups such as citizens and economic operators. PL (Comments): Delivering such a list cannot be considered as assistance. However, it should be prepared by the Commission and regularly updated.

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Title III Single Market emergency response measures		IT (Comments): Single Market emergency response measures
		under Title III (except for Article 26 thereof) heavily rely on additional obligations for economic operators and fines for noncompliance.
		We have serious concerns about the Commission imposing additional obligations on economic operators unless the role of the Council and Advisory group are considerably scaled up. In general, we would prefer solutions based on volontary cooperation within the Advisory Group.
Chapter I Targeted information requests and availability of crisis-relevant goods and services		
Article 23	PL (Drafting):	PL (Comments):
Requirement of dual activation	Article 23 Requirement of dual activation	This article is not needed as the following articles describe these measures in detail.
		SI (Comments):
		As the emergency mode is being addressed with these provisions and we are aiming for a rapid and simplified response, we are more inclined to support the single activation with the Council

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		implementing act. Such an act would not only activate the emergency mode but also define the list of crisis-relevant goods and services as well as possibly activate the necessary crisis-response mechanisms and/or outline the possibly needed crisis-response mechanisms that the Commission could activate with the Commission implementing act.
		LT (Comments):
		We can support suggestions by other MSs to increase the role of Council in the dual activation.
1. Binding measures included in this	CZ (Drafting):	CZ (Comments):
Chapter may be adopted by the Commission by means of implementing acts in accordance with Articles 24(2), first subparagraph of Article 26 and Article 27(2) may be adopted only after a Single Market Emergency has been activated by means of a Council implementing act in accordance with Article 14.	1. The Council may give the Commission by implementing act the mandate to adopt binding measures included in this Chapter and may define the scope of these measures. The Commission may adopt these measures by means of implementing acts in accordance with	It is going to be precisely these measures in the Title III that will have detrimental effect on citizens and economic operators. In order to limit the burden on the latter, we would suggest to give the Council more say in the scope of these measures.
	Articles 24(2), first subparagraph of Article 26 and Article 27(2) may be adopted only after a Single Market Emergency has been activated by means of a Council implementing act in	This mandate might as well be already part of the "activation implementing act" as reffered to in Art. 14.
	accordance with Article 14.	FI (Comments):
	FI (Drafting):	As a general comment - and without prejudice
	1. The Council may give the Commission, by	to discussions on the necessity of the individual measures of informations requests and priority

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions
	implementing act, the mandate to adopt Bbinding measures included in this Chapter and may define the scope of these measures. The Commission may be adopted these measures by the Commission by means of implementing acts in accordance with Articles 24(2), first subparagraph of Article 26 and Article 27(2) may be adopted only after a Single Market Emergency has been activated by means of a Council implementing act in accordance with Article 14.
	IE (Drafting):
	1. The Council may give the Commission, by implementing act, the mandate to adopt binding measures included in this Chapter and may define the scope of these measures. The Commission may adopt these measures by means of implementing acts in accordance with Articles 24(2), first subparagraph of Article 26 and Article 27(2) may be adopted only after a Single Market Emergency has been activated by means of a Council implementing act in accordance with Article 14.
	NL (Drafting):
	1. The Council may give the Commission, by implementing act, the mandate to adopt binding

measures included in this Chapter and may

define the scope of these measures. The

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rated orders – we are considering whether a "second layer of activation" should be introduced for those measures.

To elaborate at a conceptual stage, the idea would be to have the following three steps – here illustrated through the example of using priority rated orders, which could as well be information requests:

Step 1. Activation of the Single Market Emergency Mode by means of a Council implementing act.

Step 2. If necessary to address the impact of the crisis, the Council may by means of a Council implementing act grant the Commission the authority to conduct priority rated orders. The Council implementing act shall - for example specify 1) the specific crisis-relevant good or service for which the priority rated orders can be conducted; 2) the maximum duration within which the Commission is granted the authority; 3) the specific objective to be achieved by using the priority rated orders, whereby the authority would no longer be granted once the objective is achieved. [These elements could be added in the recitals.] This would help ensure that the measure is only used to the extent of what is absolute neccesary. The objective could fx be that a specific entity should have adequate supplies. [It could be added that, considering

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Com
	Commission may adopt these measures by means of implementing acts in accordance with Articles 24(2), first subparagraph of Article 26 and Article 27(2) may be adopted only after a Single Market Emergency has been activated by means of a Council implementing act in accordance with Article 14. PL (Drafting): 1. Binding measures included in this Chapter may be adopted by the Commission by means of implementing acts in accordance with Articles 24(2), first subparagraph of Article 26 and Article 27(2) may be adopted only after a Single Market Emergency has been activated by means of a Council implementing act in accordance with Article 14.	the nature of the specific emerger necessity to respond quickly, the scould be taken together with the form of one overall Council imple Once the authority is granted, the may via decisions, and after consadvisory group, oblige undertaking prioritise orders within the condithe Council implementing act acceptance. This second step should not necessary delay. The two steps could be one implementing act for which a drafted as part of contingency players. The council implement of the Council be a legal basis for both decision.
	BE (Drafting):	IE (Comments):
	1. Binding measures included in this Chapter may be adopted by the Commission by means of implementing acts in accordance with Articles 24(2), first subparagraph of Article 26 and Article 27(2) only after a Single Market Emergency has been activated by means of a Council implementing act in accordance with Article 14.	As a general comment - and with to discussions on the necessity of measures of informations request rated orders – we are considering "second layer of activation" shou introduced for those measures. To elaborate at a conceptual stage would be to have the following the here illustrated through the example.

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essarily lead to be combined in a model may be olanning. To cil there should ns.

thout prejudice of the individual sts and priority ng whether a ould be

ge, the idea three steps – mple of using priority rated orders, which could as well be information requests:

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
		Step 1. Activation of the Single Market Emergency Mode by means of a Council implementing act.
		Step 2. If necessary to address the impact of the crisis, the Council may by means of a Council implementing act grant the Commission the authority to conduct priority rated orders. The Council implementing act shall - for example - specify 1) the specific crisis-relevant good or service for which the priority rated orders can be conducted; 2) the maximum duration within which the Commission is granted the authority; 3) the specific objective to be achieved by using the priority rated orders, whereby the authority would no longer be granted once the objective is achieved. [These elements could be added in the recitals.] This would help ensure that the measure is only used to the extent of what is absolute necessary. The objective could fx be that a specific entity should have adequate supplies. [It could be added that, considering the nature of the specific emergency and the necessity to respond quickly, the second step could be taken together with the first step in the form of one overall Council implementing act].
		Once the authority is granted, the Commission may via decisions, and after consulting the advisory group, oblige undertakings to prioritise orders within the conditions set out by the

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
		Council implementing act according to step 2.
		This second step should not necessarily lead to any delay. The two steps could be combined in one implementing act for which a model may be drafted as part of contingency planning. To ensure involvement of the Council there should be a legal basis for both decisions.
		NL (Comments):
		As explained during the working party on 3 February 2023, we believe the Council should grant the Commission a mandate via a Council implementing act to take binding measures included in this Chapter by Commission implementing acts.
		We would like to suggest the following procedure. The Council adopts an implementing act giving the aforementioned mandate to the Commission. After this the Commission can take the individual measures foreseen in articles 24, 26 and 27 within the mandate given by the Council. The Council should be able to define the scope of the mandate for the Commission in the Council implementing act as well, by defining specific sectors and specific goods and services for which the Commission may take measures.
		PL (Comments):

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
		SK (Comments):
		"binding measures" – we have doubts about the use of this notion, since not all measures that could be taken in the emergency mode should be binding, voluntary measures are also proposed
		PT (Comments):
		• We question here the powers of the COM to impose (biding) additional and heavy obligations on economic operators.
		• It is important to understand what will be the role of the Advisory Group here? It should be clarified.
		MT (Comments):
		Council should define the scope of measures.
2. An implementing act introducing a	NL (Drafting):	CZ (Comments):
measure included in this Chapter shall clearly and specifically list the crisis-relevant goods and services to which such measure applies. That measure shall apply only for the duration of the emergency mode.	2. An implementing act introducing a measure included in this Chapter shall clearly and specifically list the crisis relevant goods and	The relationship between this list and the list referred to in Art. 14 should be clearly defined, e.g. by adding a reference to that Article.
	services to which such measure applies. That measure shall apply only for the duration of the	FI (Comments):
	emergency mode.	See comment above.
	PL (Drafting):	LU (Comments):
	2. An implementing act introducing a	We can support suggestions by other Member

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	measure included in this Chapter shall clearly and specifically list the crisis-relevant goods and services to which such measure applies. That measure shall apply only for the duration of the emergency mode. IT (Drafting): 2. An implementing act introducing a measure included in this Chapter shall clearly and specifically list the crisis-relevant goods and services, limited to those goods and services identified under Article 14(5), to which such measure applies. That measure shall apply only for the duration of the emergency mode.	States to increase the role of Council in the dual activation. IT (Comments): The triggering of the Single Market emergency response measures should be clearly limited to the crisis-relevant goods and services established under Article 14(5). A cross-reference to this article is therefore necessary in Article 23(2) to ensure legal certainty and scope limitations of such measures. PT (Comments): The "list the crisis-relevant goods and services to which such measure applies" relates to the list stated in article 14° (5)? If that is the case this reference to article 14° (5) should be clear in the text.
	NL (Drafting): 2. The mandate given by the Council to the Commission via the Council implementing act mentioned in paragrpah 1 of this article shall state which binding measures included in this Chapter may be taken by the Commission, for which sectors and for which crisis-relevant goods and services within the Single Market as an area without internal frontiers.	
Article 24 Information requests to economic operators	CZ (Drafting):	AT (Comments): AT sees the mandatory information request in

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	FI (Drafting): deleted Article 4(4a) (new) The Advisory group and the Commission shall cooperate with the national central liaison offices and gather up-to-date situational picture from the Member States. The Member States shall establish a national model to engage in continuous information exchange with economic operators relevant to the Regulation. IE (Drafting): Article 24 Information requests to economic operators PL (Drafting): Article 24 Information requests to economic operators	Art. 24 critical. It is questionable whether the mandatory information system is really the mildest means of achieving the goal of maintaining a functioning Single market during a crisis. We support voluntary exchange of information. In this context, it should also be borne in mind that the majority of enterprises are SMEs and that this measure could lead to disproportionate administrative hurdles for them, which must be avoided in order not to impair their competitiveness. However, we believe, that direct access of the commission to national companies should not be possible. Instead, the commission could turn to the MS, which can request information from companies that shall be provided in a similar way, as regulated in Art. 11 (4). AT believes that this Article need to undergo severe redrafting or deletion regarding the mandatory requets to economic operators is concerned.
	EE (Drafting):	CZ (Comments):
	Delete	This Article is rather problematic given the unprecedented burden it will bring on the economic operators once activated. To provide information during crisis in the specific deadline with a threat of sanction is especially burdensome. We would therefore suggest to

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		delete this Article.
		The Advisory group and the Commission could cooperate with the national central liaison offices and gather up-to-date situational picture from the Member States. This idea of continuous exchange of information could be added in Article 4(6) [The advisory groups tasks during the Single Market emergency mode].
		Or, should the Article eventually stay in place:
		It is essential to ensure that these information requests have a specific purpose and scope and are proportionate.
		The Commission should not ask for the information it already has gathered under other instruments, such as SCAN. Subsequently, the relationship between these "other" information-gathering instruments (such as SCAN or similar provisions under Data Act) and SMEI should be properly clarified and any overlaps should be avoided.
		Moreover, we need to make this Article more proportionate towards the SMEs. If their total exemption from this Article is not possible, we would suggest to significantly reduce the obligations aimed at them and thus minimising the burden as much as possible.
		FI (Comments):

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		Based on Finland's experience over the decades on information exchange with economic operators in our national preparedness system, we would like to propose an other way to carry out the gathering the information:
		Cooperation with companies must be part of the normal preparedness work together with the authorities involved in preparedness.
		The advisory group could engage in continuous dialogue and exchange of information with different sectors. There would be no need for separate requests for information from companies.
		When information is exchanged already during normal conditions, deviations that may become problematic are quickly noticed. If information will be exchanged only during the emergency mode, the crisis may already end until the information from the economic operators has been obtained.
		In addition, direct information requests to economic operators should remain primarily within national jurisdiction also going forward.
		Particular attention should be paid to the administrative burden faced by SMEs.
		IE (Comments):
		We call for Article 24 to be deleted. We have

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		concerns around mandatory information requests to companies and the threat of fines that will hang over them if they do not comply. We must be conscious not to put extra administrative burdens on businesses. While fines are dealt with in later articles, we need to be careful not to punish businesses for noncompliance when compliance may be outside their control. Furthermore, Article 24 also requires economic operators to provide information on their third country facilities and we have concerns about the negative ramifications this could have on international trade.
		We could support voluntary information sharing done through Member States.
		BE (Comments):
		BE questions the proportionality of these measures, which will entail heavy burdens for businesses, especially SMEs, at a time when they will also have to manage a crisis situation. It is imperative to keep the administrative burden on SMEs to a minimum.
		EE (Comments):
		This Article is highly burdensome for the economic operators, especially the SMEs. Moreover, this article is even more problematic as it forsees sanctions in case of non-

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		compliance. Companies are already highly burderened during a crisis and such information requests should not hinder their strives to survive. It is also not clear why it is needed if, according to para 1, it is a volutnary measure. Our experiecnce during the past crisis has been that companies already cooperate and share as much information as they can depending on their size and their struggles. Therefore we suggest deleting this article.
		While we recognise the need for information for the Commission from companies during a crisis, we recommend it takes place through the national central liaison officers and the relevant Article could be amended. This would allow us to make use of the already established lines of communication lines and mutual trust.
		IT (Comments):
		The requested information disclosures would cover commercially sensitive information: production capacities, stocks within the EU and in third countries including in the facilities a company "operates, contracts or purchases supply from", as well as "a schedule of the expected production output" (Article 24(1, 3)). While it is accepable that certain information is necessary to adequately respond to a crisis, a full 'deconstruction' of the supply chains and contractual schedules as mandatory

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		information under Article 24 (2) might be a disproportionate requirement.
		Article 25 on confidentiality is not a sufficient safeguard.
		SK (Comments):
		We have great doubts about this obligation, mainly as regards the excessive administrative burden for economic operators in time of crisis, as well as the request for mandatory provision of information and risk of not guaranteeing the confidentiality of information. In our view, the purpose of using the information should be clarified in more detail in the Article.
		PT (Comments):
		The information requests to economic operators provided for in this <u>Article 24 are considered critical points which need clarification.</u>
		Portugal has already mentioned in previous comments that "requests for information and priority orders to economic operators will have to be assessed as they may unevenly affect economic freedoms in the market (seriously affecting competition and trade), not to mention the risks of direct or indirect exposure of business secrets. It is also necessary to avoid unnecessary administrative burdens for

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		businesses, especially SMEs, and public administrations. It is crucial to assess the financial impacts of the initiative. Consideration should be given to the possibility of economic operators being entitled to compensation in case of revenue losses due to EU refocusing or prioritization and the economic impacts thereof."
		SI (Comments):
		We are concerned about the additional burden the economic operators could face during the Single Market emergency due to such requests and are therefore more inclined toward the voluntary nature of the mechanism. In order to avoid the unnecessary burden of economic operators we'd also like to ask for a provision that would ensure sharing of such possibly obtained information from economic operators of the Commission with the Member State where the economic operator is based.
		LT (Comments):
		Although we do agree that there is an added value of information which is in domain of businesses, the voluntary, proportionate approch should be a way forward. The article goes beyond the proportionate approach and could create a significant administrative burden for companies, especially SMEs.

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		Therefore we are open to further discuss FI proposal to delete this article and to include a voluntary exchange of information in the tasks of the advisory group (Article 4).
	DK (Drafting):	DK (Comments):
	1. The Council may give the Commission, by implementing act, the mandate to adopt Bb inding measures included in this Chapter and may define the scope of these measures. The Commission may be adopted these measures by the Commission by means of implementing acts in accordance with Articles 24(2), first	As a general comment - and without prejudice to discussions on the necessity of the individual measures of informations requests and priority rated orders – we are considering whether a "second layer of activation" should be introduced for those measures.
	subparagraph of Article 26 and Article 27(2) may be adopted only after a Single Market Emergency has been activated by means of a Council implementing act in accordance with Article 14.	To elaborate at a conceptual stage, the idea would be to have the following three steps – here illustrated through the example of using priority rated orders, which could as well be information requests:
		Step 1. Activation of the Single Market Emergency Mode by means of a Council implementing act.
		Step 2. If necessary to address the impact of the crisis, the Council may by means of a Council implementing act grant the Commission the authority to conduct priority rated orders. The Council implementing act shall - for example - specify 1) the specific crisis-relevant good or service for which the priority rated orders can be conducted; 2) the maximum duration within which the Commission is granted the authority;

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		3) the specific objective to be achieved by using the priority rated orders, whereby the authority would no longer be granted once the objective is achieved. [These elements could be added in the recitals.] This would help ensure that the measure is only used to the extent of what is absolute necessary. The objective could fx be that a specific entity should have adequate supplies. [It could be added that, considering the nature of the specific emergency and the necessity to respond quickly, the second step could be taken together with the first step in the form of one overall Council implementing act].
		Once the authority is granted, the Commission may via decisions, and after consulting the advisory group, oblige undertakings to prioritise orders within the conditions set out by the Council implementing act according to step 2.
		This second step should not necessarily lead to any delay. The two steps could be combined in one implementing act for which a model may be drafted as part of contingency planning. To ensure involvement of the Council there should be a legal basis for both decisions.
1. Where there is a severe crisis-related	AT (Drafting):	AT (Comments):
shortages or an immediate threat thereof, the Commission may invite representative organisations or economic operators in crisis- relevant supply chains to transmit on a	1. Where there is a severe crisis-related shortages or an immediate threat thereof, the Commission shall ask Member States tomay	See above - direct access by the Commission to national economic operators shall not be foreseen in this Regulation. Rather, the

Commission proposal

voluntary basis, within a set time limit, specific information to the Commission on the production capacities and possible existing stocks of crisis-relevant goods and components thereof in Union production facilities and third country facilities which it operates, contracts or purchases supply from, as well as information on any relevant supply chain disruptions within a given deadline.

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invite representative organisations or economic operators in crisis-relevant supply chains to transmit on a voluntary basis, within a set time limit, specific information to the Commission on the production capacities and possible existing stocks of crisis-relevant goods and components thereof in Union production facilities and third country facilities which it operates, contracts or purchases supply from, as well as information on any relevant supply chain disruptions within a given deadline.

CZ (Drafting):

Deleted

or

1. Where there is a severe crisis-related shortages or an immediate threat thereof, the Commission may invite representative organisations or economic operators in crisis-relevant supply chains to transmit on a voluntary basis, within a set time limit, specific information to the Commission on the production capacities and possible existing stocks of crisis-relevant goods and components thereof in Union production facilities and third country facilities which it operates, contracts or purchases supply from, as well as information on any relevant supply chain disruptions within a given deadline. The Commission may only

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Comission should ask the MS to send requests for information to its economic operators - similar to Art. 11(4).

What is meant by "severe crisis-related shortages" or "imminent threat thereof" in para.

CZ (Comments):

Should the Article stay, it is important to define the purpose of the collected information early in the text. The collected information should support the decisions taken by both the Commission and by the steering / advisory group.

NL (Comments):

The Netherlands is not yet convinced of the need of this article and in particular the binding nature of the information request. Ideally, the Commission should reach out in time and at all approporiate levels to economic operators to ensure a timely and continuous dialogue and exchange of information with different sectors, as is comparable to the US practice with regard to the Defence Production Act.

This suggestions aims to clarify the article and to clearly define the aim for information is requested. This is needed from the perspective of data protection and ensuring a proper legal

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	collect this information and share it with the steering group in order to support their decisions on implementing acts as referred to in Articles 26 and 27.
	IE (Drafting):
	1. Where there is a severe crisis-related shortages or an immediate threat thereof, the Commission may invite representative organisations or economic operators in crisis-relevant supply chains to transmit on a voluntary basis, within a set time limit, specific information to the Commission on the production capacities and possible existing stocks of crisis relevant goods and components thereof in Union production facilities and third country facilities which it operates, contracts or purchases supply from, as well as information on any relevant supply chain disruptions within a given deadline.
	NL (Drafting):
	1. Where there is a severe crisis-related shortages or an immediate threat thereof, the Commission may invite, via an implementing act , representative organisations or economic operators in crisis-relevant supply chains to transmit on a voluntary basis, within a set time

limit, specific information to the Commission

on the production capacities and possible

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base for EU action.

Besides, the Netherlands is concerned about the administrative burden which this article may cause for economi operators.

Finally, the Netherlands wonders how this article is related to the Data Act and if this act may already provide a sufficient legal base for collection information during an emergency.

PL (Comments):

We support the FI proposal regarding Article 24.

The law should avoid over-controlling entrepreneurs as they play a key role in ensuring the resilience of the EU economy. It's important to cooperate with entrepreneurs, not to take control of them and prepare an instrument that will allow companies to predict their actions as well allow them to remain competitive and will not discourage investors from doing business in the EU. Business entities should be guaranteed the freedom to conduct business activity and the procedures should facilitate doing business during an emergency situation/ crisis, especially in the areas that would be considered as a strategic ones. Entities should be able to independently take decisions regarding their crisis management strategies, including those related to the functioning of their supply chains,

AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting **Commission proposal Suggestions** existing stocks of crisis-relevant goods and components thereof in Union production facilities and third country facilities which it operates, contracts or purchases supply from, as well as information on any relevant supply chain disruptions within a given deadline. The Commission may only use this information to assess the need to use the measures in articles 26 and 27. PL (Drafting): Where there is a severe crisis-related shortages or an immediate threat thereof, the Commission may invite representative organisations or economic operators in crisisrelevant supply chains to transmit on a voluntary basis, within a set time limit, specific information to the Commission on the production capacities and possible existing stocks of crisis-relevant goods and components thereof in Union production facilities and third country facilities which it operates, contracts or purchases supply from, as well as information on any relevant supply chain disruptions within a given deadline. **BE (Drafting):** Where there is a severe crisis-related shortage or an immediate threat thereof, the

Commission may invite representative

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e.g., by increasing stocks, searching for new suppliers or new technological and logistic solutions. The instruments used to collect information by the European Commission from economic operators under the threat of a financial sanction should be considered as undermining the principle of subsidiarity. Top-down management of economic processes can lead to an uneven business environment and even greater shortages of goods and services. And imposing penalties on economic operators during the crisis can only worsen their competitiveness and financial situation, which will not contribute to increasing their production capacity.

BE (Comments):

Art. 24 gives the Commission the power to compel economic operators to provide information under penalty of a fine. The voluntary nature emphasised in §1 therefore seems artificial and contradicted by §2, since in the absence of a response from the operator, the latter may in any case be obliged to provide the information requested under penalty of a fine.

Moreover, BE questions the consistency of this article with art.11 § 4, in regard to the organisation of information requests: under art.11 it is the competent authorities of the Member States that adresses requests for

mandatory. So, this provision is

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	organisations or economic operators in crisis- relevant supply chains to transmit on a voluntary basis, within a set time limit, specific information to the Commission on the production capacities and possible existing stocks of crisis-relevant goods and components thereof in Union production facilities and third country facilities which it operates, contracts or purchases supply from, as well as information on any relevant supply chain disruptions within a given deadline. EE (Drafting):	information to the relevant economic operators. Finally, as a reminder, BE asks for a definition of "representative organisation" to be added in art.3. LV (Comments): Economic operators should provide information only about the stocks of the respective company, or the stocks purchased by it, and not information about the stocks of another company which the economic operator purchases supply from.
	Delete	FR (Comments):
	LV (Drafting): 1. Where there is a severe crisis-related shortages or an immediate threat thereof, the Commission may invite representative organisations or economic operators in crisis-relevant supply chains to transmit on a voluntary basis, within a set time limit, specific information to the Commission on the production capacities and possible existing stocks of crisis-relevant goods and components thereof in Union production facilities and third country facilities which it operates, contracts or purchases supply from, as well as information on any relevant supply chain disruptions within	 The disclosure of confidential information could infrige on trade secrets and thus affect the viability of companies. PT (Comments): The link between paragraphs (1) and (2) seems unclear. Note that paragraph 1 states that information may be provided on a voluntary basis. Paragraph 2, on the other hand, states that the Commission will require the information by means of an implementing act if economic operators do not give good reasons why the information should not be provided. It

a given deadline.

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	FR (Drafting): 1. Where there is a severe crisis-related shortages or an immediate threat thereof, the Commission may invite representative organisations or economic operators in crisis-relevant supply chains to transmit on a voluntary basis, within a set time limit, specific information to the Commission on the production capacities and possible existing stocks of crisis-relevant goods and components thereof in Union production facilities and third country facilities which it operates, contracts or purchases supply from, as well as information on any relevant supply chain disruptions within a given deadline. Any sharing and exchange of information shall be proportionate and manipulated taking into account the commercial sensitivity of its content.	considered critical, raising specific concerns on the proportionality of the obligatory measures foreseen here. It is crucial to bear in mind that in many Member States, the majority of companies are SMEs, to which disproportionate burdens for SMEs should be avoided, in order not to hamper their competitiveness. Furthermore, these requests for information (as well as priority orders in subsequent articles) to economic operators also need to be assessed as they may affect economic freedoms unevenly in the market, seriously affecting competition and trade, not to mention the risks of direct or indirect exposure of trade secrets. The impact of these measures needs to be considered. SI (Comments): The notion of voluntary in this article is highly contestable as it is not clear how a mechamism that can lead into financial repercussions could be voluntary. It is additionally not entirely clear how this would be a step by step approach where only its initial step has a hint of voluntary nature. There's therefore seeming inconsistency between paragraphs 1 and 2/4. MT (Comments):
		It is essential that the request for information

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		remains on a voluntary basis in order not to create any unnecessary burden on the economic operators.
		MT notes that requests to economic operators should come from the MS and not from CION.
		DK (Comments):
		See comment above.
		IT (Comments):
		The para 1 shall make clear, that representative organisation are never asked to supply information when the pooling of such information entails concerns in terms of compliance with antitrust rules
2. If the addressees do not transmit the	AT (Drafting):	AT (Comments):
information requested in accordance with paragraph 1 within the time-limit and do not provide a valid justification for not doing so, the Commission may, by means of an implementing act, require that they transmit the information, indicating in the implementing act why it is proportionate and necessary to do so, specifying the crisis-relevant goods and services and addressees concerned by the information request, and the information that is sought, providing where necessary a template with the questions that may be addressed to the economic operators.	2. If the addressees do not transmit the information requested in accordance with paragraph 1 within the time-limit and do not provide a valid justification for not doing so, the Commission may, by means of an implementing act, require that they transmit the information, indicating in the implementing act why it is proportionate and necessary to do so, specifying the crisis relevant goods and services and addressees concerned by the information request, and the information that is sought, providing where necessary a template with the questions that may be addressed to the	Compulsory request for information cannot be supported. In this context, it should be borne in mind that in many Member States, the majority of companies are SMEs. Disproportionate administrative burden for SMEs must be avoided in order not to impair their competitiveness. Aggravating framework conditions for EU companies must be avoided, especially in times of crisis. CZ (Comments): Should the Article eventually stay, it is important to clarify the perceived discrepancy

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economic operators.

CZ (Drafting):

Deleted

IE (Drafting):

2. If the addressees do not transmit the information requested in accordance with paragraph 1 within the time-limit and do not provide a valid justification for not doing so, the Commission may, by means of an implementing act, require that they transmit the information, indicating in the implementing act why it is proportionate and necessary to do so, specifying the crisis-relevant goods and services and addressees concerned by the information request, and the information that is sought, providing where necessary a template with the questions that may be addressed to the economic operators.

NL (Drafting):

If the addressees do not transmit the information requested in accordance with paragraph 1 within the time-limit and do not provide a valid justification for not doing so, the Commission may, by means of an implementing act, require that they transmit the information, indicating in the implementing act why it is proportionate and necessary to do so, specifying the crisis-relevant goods and services and addressees concerned by

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between the provisions in paragraphs 1 and 2 regarding the voluntary / obligatory nature of the provision of the information requested.

BE (Comments):

It is imperative to keep the administrative burden on SMEs to a minimum and therefore BE asks the Commission to consider an exemption for micro-enterprises.

Connected to this, what does the Commission consider a valid justification for refusing to provide information?

Also, when COM justifies the proportionality of its request for information, it will be necessary for it to demonstrate that a less restrictive measure for the economic operator would not have the same effect as a binding request for information.

Moreover, representative organisations are also mentioned in § 1, so they should also be added here.

LU (Comments):

This article raises concerns in regards to proportionality, administrative burden, trade secrets and articulation with the Data Act.

We see the value and benefits of such an exchange of information and ongoing dialogue with stakeholders, but consider this article to be

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the information request, and the information that is sought, providing where necessary a template with the questions that may be addressed to the economic operators.

PL (Drafting):

If the addressees do not transmit the information requested in accordance with paragraph 1 within the time-limit and do not provide a valid justification for not doing so, the Commission may, by means of an implementing act, require that they transmit the information, indicating in the implementing act why it is proportionate and necessary to do so, specifying the crisis-relevant goods and services and addressees concerned by the information request, and the information that is sought, providing where necessary a template with the questions that may be addressed to the economic operators.

BE (Drafting):

If the addressees do not transmit the information requested in accordance with paragraph 1 within the time-limit and do not provide a valid justification for not doing so, the Commission may, by means of an implementing act, require that they transmit the information, indicating in the implementing act why it is proportionate and necessary to do so, specifying

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too heavy, intrusive and far reaching.

We support FI's proposal to delete this article and to include a voluntary continuous exchange of information in the tasks of the advisory group (Article 4).

IT (Comments):

We have serious concerns about obbligations for economic operators and representative organisations unless the role of the Council and Advisory group are considerably scaled up

In general, we would prefer solutions based on volontary cooperation within the Advisory board

The para should make clear that not having the information is a valid justification for not providing it.

LV (Comments):

While the proposal consists obligation to submit information which is not at the company's disposal and it would create additional administrative burdens to get such information (for example, production capacities and possible existing stocks of crisis-relevant goods and components) in third country facilities, Latvia prefer that information requests are provided on voluntary basis.

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	the crisis-relevant goods and services and addressees concerned by the information request, and the information that is sought, providing where necessary a template with the questions that may be addressed to the economic operators and representative organisations. This paragraph shall not apply to micro-entreprises.	FR (Comments): Member States should keep the right not to provide information for economic security reasons (information sharing exposes economic vulnerabilites, trade secrets,) PT (Comments):
	EE (Drafting): Delete	• The link between paragraphs (1) and (2) seems unclear. Note that paragraph 1 states that information may be provided on a
	LU (Drafting):	voluntary basis. Paragraph 2, on the other hand, states that the Commission will
	Article 24 Information requests to economic operators	require the information by means of an implementing act if economic operators do not give good reasons why the
	LV (Drafting): 2. If the addressees do not transmit the information requested in accordance with paragraph 1 within the time-limit and do not provide a valid justification for not doing so, the	information should not be provided. It means that this information requests are mandatory. So, this provision is considered critical, raising specific concerns on the proportionality of the
	Commission may, by means of an implementing act, require that they transmit the information, indicating in the implementing act why it is proportionate and necessary to do so, specifying	 obligatory measures foreseen here. It is crucial to bear in mind that in many Member States, the majority of companies are SMEs, to which disproportionate
	the crisis-relevant goods and services and addressees concerned by the information request, and the information that is sought, providing where necessary a template with the questions that may be addressed to the	burdens for SMEs should be avoided, in order not to hamper their competitiveness. Furthermore, these requests for information (as well as priority orders in subsequent articles) to

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	economic operators. FR (Drafting): 2. If the addressees do not transmit the information requested in accordance with paragraph 1 within the time-limit and do not provide a valid justification for not doing so, the Commission may, by means of an implementing act, require that they encourage them to transmit the information, indicating in the implementing act why it is proportionate and necessary to do so, specifying the crisis-relevant goods and services and addressees concerned by the information request, and the information that is sought, providing where necessary a template with the questions that may be addressed to the economic operators.	they may affect economic freedoms unevenly in the market, seriously affecting competition and trade, not to mention the risks of direct or indirect exposure of trade secrets. The impact of these measures needs to be considered. SI (Comments): The definition of valid justification is crucial and should be added to the proposal. MT (Comments): Article 24(2) is in contradiction with Article 24(1). Sub-article (1) states that information would be transmitted on a voluntary basis, however, in sub-article (2) the proposal states that should "If the addressees do not transmit the information requested in accordance with paragraph 1 within the time-limit and do not provide a valid justification for not doing so, the Commission may, by means of an implementing act, require that they transmit the information". MT notes that there is nothing voluntary about the submission of information when at the same time we talk of having to provide justifications for not providing the information, or having to seek recourse from of the court, and incurring penalties and fines referred to in para 2 onwardsparagraph 1 is therefore incoherent with what follows. MT therefore proposes the

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
		deletion of this paragraph.
		DK (Comments):
		From a preliminary principled and practical point of view, we are yet to be convinced that the measures introducted in Article 24, does not duplicate the ones in the Data Act. Whilst we are still analyzing the Commission's argument for why it isn't permissable to utilize Data Act, our concerns are broadly based on the risk that economic operator could be required to make data available to both a public authority and the Commission.
		Furthermore, such likelyhood runs a significant risk of creating unnecessary administrative burdens on economic operators, during times of Single Market crisis, where it is very likely that economic operators are already under tremoundous pressure. Additionally, it could create unnecessary legal uncertainty, which should be diminished, when considering that economic operators could be fined.
3. The information requests referred to in	CZ (Drafting):	PT (Comments):
paragraph 1 may concern the following:	Deleted	The same comments as above.
	IE (Drafting):	MT (Comments):
	3. The information requests referred to in paragraph 1 may concern the following:	The burden of answering information requests coupled with sanctions in the case of breaches, makes these provisions under SMEI

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	PL (Drafting):	overburdensome for businesses.
	3. The information requests referred to in paragraph 1 may concern the following:	
	EE (Drafting):	
	Delete	
	LU (Drafting):	
	1. Where there is a severe crisis-related shortages or an immediate threat thereof, the Commission may invite representative organisations or economic operators in crisis-relevant supply chains to transmit on a voluntary basis, within a set time limit, specific information to the Commission on the production capacities and possible existing stocks of crisis-relevant goods and components thereof in Union production facilities and third country facilities which it operates, contracts or purchases supply from, as well as information on any relevant supply chain disruptions within a given deadline.	
	DK (Drafting):	DK (Comments):
	1. Where there is a severe crisis-related shortages or an immediate threat thereof acquiring specific information can contribute substantially to addressing the impacts of the crisis, the Commission may invite representative organisations or economic	First, it is unclear why "severe crisis-related shortage or an immediate threat thereof" has been chosen as the condition for requesting information. For this measure to be possible to use, the emergency mode would be activated – hence, a crisis would already be present. Rather

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	operators in crisis-relevant supply chains to transmit on a voluntary basis, within a set time limit, the specific information to the Commission-on the production capacities and possible existing stocks of crisis-relevant goods and components thereof in Union production facilities and third country facilities which it operates, contracts or purchases supply from, as well as information on any relevant supply chain disruptions within a given deadline.	than focusing on to what extent a crisis is present, it might be more relevant to set out an actual threshold for when the instrument can be used. In this regard - and considering the potential mandatory part and thereby farreaching nature of this instrument - we suggest to have a rather high threshold in the sense that only if acquiring the information would contribute substantially to addressing the impacts of the crisis, it will be possible to make information requests according to the article. The reason for this is also that article 11 already provides for general monitoring exercise. Second, we are questioning the proportionality in and practicalities of possibly requesting representative organizations to provide company specific information. These organizations do most likely not possess such information and would therefore – in anyway - be reliant on the economic operators sharing the information. We therefore find it somewhat problematic to legally oblige an organization to share information that they neither possess nor own – especially considering that they might get fines if they do not meet the request. Third, considering that paragraph 3 sets out what can be the content of the information requests, we suggest deleting the somewhat
		detailed description here.

Commission proposal

(a) targeted information to the Commission in relation to the production capacities and possible existing stocks of the crisis-relevant goods and components thereof in production facilities located in the Union and production facilities located in a third country which the organisation or the operator referred to in paragraph 1 operates, contracts or purchases supply from, while fully respecting trade and business secrets and requiring them to transmit to the Commission a schedule of the expected production output for the following 3 months for production facility located in the Union as well as any relevant supply chain disruptions;

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CZ (Drafting):

Deleted

IE (Drafting):

(a) targeted information to the Commission in relation to the production capacities and possible existing stocks of the crisis-relevant goods and components thereof in production facilities located in the Union and production facilities located in a third country which the organisation or the operator referred to in paragraph 1 operates, contracts or purchases supply from, while fully respecting trade and business secrets and requiring them to transmit to the Commission a schedule of the expected production output for the following 3 months for production facility located in the Union as well as any relevant supply chain disruptions;

PL (Drafting):

(a) targeted information to the Commission in relation to the production capacities and possible existing stocks of the crisis-relevant goods and components thereof in production facilities located in the Union and production facilities located in a third country which the organisation or the operator referred to in paragraph 1 operates, contracts or purchases supply from, while fully respecting trade and business secrets and requiring them to transmit

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BE (Comments):

The last part of subpara. (a) ("as well as any relevant supply chain disruption") covers the same information specified in subpara. (b) and should therefore be left out as too vague a catchall provision.

LV (Comments):

Article 24 paragraph 3 subparagraph (a) duplicates the information provided in Article 24 paragraph 1 therefore it should include reference to paragraph 1.

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	to the Commission a schedule of the expected production output for the following 3 months for production facility located in the Union as well as any relevant supply chain disruptions;	
	BE (Drafting):	
	(a) targeted information to the Commission in relation to the production capacities and possible existing stocks of the crisis-relevant goods and components thereof in production facilities located in the Union and production facilities located in a third country which the organisation or the operator referred to in paragraph 1 operates, contracts or purchases supply from, while fully respecting trade and business secrets and requiring them to transmit to the Commission a schedule of the expected production output for the following 3 months for production facility located in the Union;	
	EE (Drafting):	
	Delete	
	LU (Drafting):	
	2. If the addressees do not transmit the information requested in accordance with paragraph 1 within the time-limit and do not provide a valid justification for not doing so, the Commission may, by means of an implementing	
	act, require that they transmit the information, indicating in the implementing act why it is	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	proportionate and necessary to do so, specifying the crisis-relevant goods and services and addressees concerned by the information request, and the information that is sought, providing where necessary a template with the questions that may be addressed to the economic operators.	
	LV (Drafting):	
	(a) targeted information mentioned in paragraph 1 to the Commission in relation to the production capacities and possible existing stocks of the crisis-relevant goods and components thereof in production facilities located in the Union and production facilities located in a third country which the organisation or the operator referred to in paragraph 1 operates, contracts or purchases supply from, while fully respecting trade and business secrets and requiring them to transmit to the Commission a schedule of the expected production output for the following 3 months for production facility located in the Union as well as any relevant supply chain disruptions;	
	DK (Drafting):	DK (Comments):
	2. If the addressees do not transmit the information requested in accordance with paragraph 1 within the time-limit, the Commission shall give the addressees the	Further clarity is needed with regards to how the addressees can provide a justification, including especially on what basis the justification will be evaluated. Drafting suggestions seeks to clarify

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	opportunity to and do not provide a valid justification for not doing so. The Commission shall accept the justification as valid when:	this by providing certainty on when an addressee can expect their justification to be valid.
	(a) the addressee is unable to provide the specific information due to not possessing the information or not being able to produce the information; (b) providing the information would place an unreasonable economic burden and entail particular hardship for the addressee. 3a. Where no valid justification is provided, the Commission may, by means of an implementing act, require that they transmit the information, indicating in the implementing act why it is proportionate and necessary to do so, specifying the crisis-relevant goods and services and addressees concerned by the information request, and the information that is sought, providing where necessary a template with the questions that may be addressed to the economic operators.	Following from these drafting suggestions, it is proposed to split the paragraph in two, thereby adding a new paragraph 3a. Regarding the content of this paragraph – now called 3a – we wonder why a template should only be provided at this stage, and not when the initial inivitation for providing information is made? Finally, we are considering the proposal that the adressees to be concrned shall be listed in the implementing act. Taking into account that the implementing act is subject to discussion and potentially a vote among Member States, we wonder whether this is the right approach since there might be conflicts of interests in the event that fx many of the adressees are headquartered in one particular Member States.
(b) other information necessary for	CZ (Drafting):	AT (Comments):
assessing the nature or magnitude of a given supply chain disruption or shortage.	Deleted IE (Drafting):	Could the Commission give examples for "other information necessary"?
	(b) other information necessary for	PT (Comments):
	assessing the nature or magnitude of a given supply chain disruption or shortage.	"Other information" in the information requests is too vague. It needs to be clarified.

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	PL (Drafting): (b) other information necessary for assessing the nature or magnitude of a given supply chain disruption or shortage.	
	EE (Drafting): Delete	
	LU (Drafting):	
	3. The information requests referred to in paragraph 1 may concern the following:	
	DK (Drafting):	DK (Comments):
	3. The information requests referred to in paragraph 1 may concern the following, while fully respecting trade and business secrets:	The formulation "while respecting trade and business secrets" was included in point a below. However, we find it of general relevance across any information requests, wherefore we suggest to include it here.
4. Following the activation of the	AT (Drafting):	AT (Comments):
mandatory information requests to economic operators by means of an implementing act, the	4. Following the activation of the	See above.
Commission shall address a formal decision to each of those representative organisations or economic operators in crisis-relevant supply	mandatory information requests to economic operators by means of an implementing act, the	BE (Comments):
	Commission shall address a formal decision to each of those representative organisations or	The last sentence is basically a repetition of the previous sentence and therefore redundant.
chains that have been identified in the implementing act, requesting them to provide	economic operators in crisis-relevant supply chains that have been identified in the	LV (Comments):
the information specified in the implementing act. The Commission shall rely, where possible, on the relevant and available contact lists of the	implementing act, requesting them to provide the information specified in the implementing act. The Commission shall rely, where possible,	The last sentece of Article 24 paragraph 4 duplicates information mentioned in preceding sentence.

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economic operators active in the selected supply chains of crisis-relevant goods and services, compiled by the Member States. The Commission may obtain the necessary information on the relevant economic operators from the Member States.

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on the relevant and available contact lists of the economic operators active in the selected supply chains of crisis relevant goods and services; compiled by the Member States. The Commission may obtain the necessary information on the relevant economic operators from the Member States.

CZ (Drafting):

Deleted

IE (Drafting):

Following the activation of the mandatory information requests to economic operators by means of an implementing act, the Commission shall address a formal decision to each of those representative organisations or economic operators in crisis-relevant supply chains that have been identified in the implementing act, requesting them to provide the information specified in the implementing act. The Commission shall rely, where possible, on the relevant and available contact lists of the economic operators active in the selected supply chains of crisis-relevant goods and services, compiled by the Member States. The Commission may obtain the necessary information on the relevant economic operators from the Member States

NL (Drafting):

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FR (Comments):

Member States should keep the right not to provide information for economic security reasons (information sharing exposes economic vulnerabilities, trade secrets,...)

Shouldn't the role of the Advisory Group, the Member States and the Liaison Office in collecting information be clarified/strengthened?

SI (Comments):

On the basis of the arguments heard in the WP meeting we believe that the representative organisations should not be referenced in this context

ES (Comments):

Considering this article has implications for public procurement, there are some doubts as to how these reporting obligations are to be organised. We consider that the best way to put into practice the provision of available contact lists would be for the Commission to articulate some kind of IT application. This would allow the transmission of information in a decentralised way by the central and regional departments involved, specially in countries extremely decentralised as is the case of Spain.

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	Following the activation of the mandatory information requests to economic operators by means of an implementing act, the Commission shall address a formal decision to each of those representative organisations or economic operators in crisis-relevant supply chains that have been identified in the implementing act, requesting them to provide the information specified in the implementing act. The Commission shall rely, where possible, on the relevant and available contact lists of the economic operators active in the selected supply chains of crisis-relevant goods and services, compiled by the Member States. The Commission may obtain the necessary information on the relevant economic operators from the Member States.	
	PL (Drafting): 4. Following the activation of the mandatory information requests to economic operators by means of an implementing act, the Commission shall address a formal decision to each of those representative organisations or economic operators in crisis-relevant supply chains that have been identified in the implementing act, requesting them to provide the information specified in the implementing act. The Commission shall rely, where possible, on the relevant and available contact lists of the	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	economic operators active in the selected supply chains of crisis-relevant goods and services, compiled by the Member States. The Commission may obtain the necessary information on the relevant economic operators from the Member States.	
	BE (Drafting):	
	4. Following the activation of the mandatory information requests to economic operators by means of an implementing act, the Commission shall address a formal decision to each of those representative organisations or economic operators in crisis-relevant supply chains that have been identified in the implementing act, requesting them to provide the information specified in the implementing act. The Commission shall rely, where possible, on the relevant and available contact lists of the economic operators active in the selected supply chains of crisis-relevant goods and services, compiled by the Member States.	
	EE (Drafting):	
	Delete	
	LU (Drafting):	
	(a) targeted information to the Commission in relation to the production capacities and possible existing stocks of the crisis relevant goods and components thereof in production	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	facilities located in the Union and production facilities located in a third country which the organisation or the operator referred to in paragraph 1 operates, contracts or purchases supply from, while fully respecting trade and business secrets and requiring them to transmit to the Commission a schedule of the expected production output for the following 3 months for production facility located in the Union as well as any relevant supply chain disruptions;	
	LV (Drafting):	
	4. Following the activation of the mandatory information requests to economic operators by means of an implementing act, the Commission shall address a formal decision to each of those representative organisations or economic operators in crisis-relevant supply chains that have been identified in the implementing act, requesting them to provide the information specified in the implementing act. The Commission shall rely, where possible, on the relevant and available contact lists of the economic operators active in the selected supply chains of crisis-relevant goods and services, compiled by the Member States. The Commission may obtain the necessary information on the relevant economic operators from the Member States.	
	FR (Drafting):	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	4. Following the activation of the mandatory information requests to economic operators by means of an implementing act, the Commission shall address non-binding guidelines a formal decision to each of those representative organisations or economic operators in crisis-relevant supply chains that have been identified in the implementing act, requesting encouraging them to provide the information requested specified in the implementing act. The Commission shall rely, where possible, on the relevant and available contact lists of the economic operators active in the selected supply chains of crisis-relevant goods and services, compiled by the Member States. The Commission may obtain the necessary information on the relevant economic operators from the Member States.	
	SI (Drafting):	
	4. Following the activation of the mandatory information requests to economic operators by means of an implementing act, the Commission shall address a formal decision to each of those representative organisations or economic operators in crisis-relevant supply chains that have been identified in the implementing act, requesting them to provide the information specified in the implementing act. The Commission shall rely, where possible,	

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	on the relevant and available contact lists of the economic operators active in the selected supply chains of crisis-relevant goods and services, compiled by the Member States. The Commission may obtain the necessary information on the relevant economic operators from the Member States.	
	DK (Drafting):	DK (Comments):
	(a) targeted information to the Commission in relatedion to the production capacities and possible existing stocks of the crisis-relevant goods and services specified according to paragraph 2[/3a] components thereof in production facilities located in the Union and production facilities located in a third country which the organisation or the operator referred to in paragraph 1 operates or; contracts or purchases supply from, while fully respecting trade and business secrets and requiring them to transmit to the Commission a schedule of the expected production output for the following 3 months for production facility located in the Union as well as any relevant supply chain disruptions;	Suggestion to generally simplify the paragraph in order to provide more clarity. Furthermore, an explicit link is made to the specification of the relevant crisis-relevant goods and services made according to paragraph 2[/3a]. As highlighted above, the formulation "while respecting trade and business secrets" is suggested moved from this paragraph to paragraph 3. Regarding the final part of the paragraph, it seems at the same time too specific considering that informations requests will vary in practice ("transmit a schedule of expected output for 3 months") and too general considering that a clearly defined scope is necessary considering the potential far-reaching nature of the instrument ("as well as any relevant supply chain disruptions".
5. The Commission Decisions containing	AT (Drafting):	AT (Comments):
individual information requests shall contain a		

Commission proposal

reference to the implementing act referred to in paragraph 2 on which they are based and to the situations of severe crisis-related shortages or an immediate threat thereof which has given rise to them. Any information request shall be duly justified and proportionate in terms of the volume, nature and granularity of the data, as well as the frequency of access to the data requested, and shall be necessary for the management of the emergency or for compiling relevant official statistics. A request shall set out a reasonable time limit within which the information is to be provided. It shall take into account the effort required to collect and make the data available by the economic operator or representative organisation. The formal decision shall also contain safeguards for protection of data in accordance with Article 39 of this Regulation, safeguards for non-disclosure of sensitive business information contained in the reply in accordance with Article 25, and information on the possibility of contesting it before the Court of Justice of the European Union in line with relevant Union law and the fines provided for in Article 28 for failure to comply and the timeline for a reply.

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The Commission Decisions containing individual information requests shall contain a reference to the implementing act referred to in paragraph 2 on which they are based and to the situations of severe crisis-related shortages or an immediate threat thereof which has given rise to them. Any information request shall be duly justified and proportionate in terms of the volume, nature and granularity of the data, as well as the frequency of access to the data requested, and shall be necessary for the management of the emergency or for compiling relevant official statistics. A request shall set out a reasonable time limit within which the information is to be provided. It shall take into account the effort required to collect and make the data available by the economic operator or representative organisation. The formal decision shall also contain safeguards for protection of data in accordance with Article 39 of this Regulation, safeguards for non-disclosure of sensitive business information contained in the reply in accordance with Article 25, and information on the possibility of contesting it before the Court of Justice of the European Union in line with relevant Union law and the fines provided for in Article 28 for failure to comply and the timeline for a reply.

CZ (Drafting):

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See above.

BE (Comments):

When COM justifies the proportionality of its request for information, it will be necessary for it to demonstrate that a less restrictive measure for the economic operator would not have the same effect as a binding request for information.

Moreover, in accordance with Art 25 § 1, the information request should clearly state for what purpose the information is requested and that it will be used only for that purpose.

LV (Comments):

Article 24 paragraph 5 should set out time frame within which the economic operators should provide information on information requests.

There seems to be a technical error in the last sentence regarding reference to Article 39, because Article 39 doesn't provide personal data protection.

FR (Comments):

Removal of the possibility for the Commission to require economic operators, through an implementing act, to provide information.

What form would such a decision take?

PT (Comments):

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	IE (Drafting): 5. The Commission Decisions containing individual information requests shall contain a reference to the implementing act referred to in paragraph 2 on which they are based and to the situations of severe crisis related shortages or an immediate threat thereof which has given rise to them. Any information request shall be duly justified and proportionate in terms of the volume, nature and granularity of the data, as well as the frequency of access to the data requested, and shall be necessary for the management of the emergency or for compiling relevant official statistics. A request shall set out a reasonable time limit within which the information is to be provided. It shall take into account the effort required to collect and make the data available by the economic operator or representative organisation. The formal decision shall also contain safeguards for protection of data in accordance with Article 39 of this Regulation, safeguards for non-disclosure of sensitive business information contained in the reply in accordance with Article 25, and information on the possibility of contesting it before the Court of Justice of the European Union in line with relevant Union law and the fines provided for in Article 28 for failure to	The information requests are also subject to a fine (also in article 28°). For the reasons stated before, we question here this imposition of fines to economic operators. ES (Comments): Regarding the collection of statistical data, it remains unclear as to whether this goal is intended to be done through official EU statistics or whether it will be information to be provided from Member States' sources, which will have to collect and send for the purpose of this paragraph.

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	comply and the timeline for a reply.	
	NL (Drafting):	
	The Commission Decisions containing individual information requests shall contain a reference to the Commission implementing act referred to in paragraph 2 1 on which they are based and shall refer to the situations of severe crisis-related shortages or an immediate threat thereof which has given rise to them. Any information request shall be duly justified and proportionate in terms of the volume, nature and granularity of the data, as well as the frequency of access to the data requested, and shall be necessary for the management of the emergency or for compiling relevant official statistics. A request shall set out a reasonable time limit within which the information is to be provided. It shall take into account the effort required to collect and make the data available by the economic operator or representative organisation. The Commission implementing act formal decision shall also contain safeguards for protection of data in accordance with Article 39 of this Regulation, safeguards for non-disclosure of sensitive business information contained in the reply in accordance with Article 25, and information on the possibility of contesting it before the Court of Justice of the European Union in line with relevant Union law	

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	and the fines provided for in Article 28 for failure to comply and the timeline for a reply.	
	PL (Drafting):	
	5. The Commission Decisions containing individual information requests shall contain a reference to the implementing act referred to in paragraph 2 on which they are based and to the situations of severe crisis-related shortages or an immediate threat thereof which has given rise to them. Any information request shall be duly justified and proportionate in terms of the volume, nature and granularity of the data, as well as the frequency of access to the data requested, and shall be necessary for the management of the emergency or for compiling relevant official statistics. A request shall set out a reasonable time limit within which the information is to be provided. It shall take into account the effort required to collect and make the data available by the economic operator or representative organisation. The formal decision shall also contain safeguards for protection of data in accordance with Article 39 of this Regulation, safeguards for non-disclosure of sensitive business information contained in the reply in accordance with Article 25, and information on the possibility of contesting it before the Court of Justice of the European Union in line with relevant Union law and the	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	fines provided for in Article 28 for failure to comply and the timeline for a reply.	
	EE (Drafting):	
	Delete	
	LU (Drafting):	
	(b) other information necessary for assessing the nature or magnitude of a given supply chain disruption or shortage.	
	LV (Drafting):	
	5. The Commission Decisions containing individual information requests shall contain a reference to the implementing act referred to in paragraph 2 on which they are based and to the situations of severe crisis-related shortages or an immediate threat thereof which has given rise to them. Any information request shall be duly justified and proportionate in terms of the volume, nature and granularity of the data, as well as the frequency of access to the data requested, and shall be necessary for the management of the emergency or for compiling relevant official statistics. A request shall set out a reasonable time limit within which the information is to be provided. It shall take into account the effort required to collect and make the data available by the economic operator or representative organisation. The formal decision shall also contain safeguards for protection of	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	data in accordance with Article 39 40 of this Regulation, safeguards for non-disclosure of sensitive business information contained in the reply in accordance with Article 25, and information on the possibility of contesting it before the Court of Justice of the European Union in line with relevant Union law and the fines provided for in Article 28 for failure to comply and the timeline for a reply.	
	FR (Drafting):	
	5. The Commission Decisions containing individual information requests shall contain a reference to the implementing act referred to in paragraph 2 on which they are based and to the situations of severe crisis related shortages or an immediate threat thereof which has given rise to them. Any information request shall be duly justified and proportionate in terms of the volume, nature and granularity of the data, as well as the frequency of access to the data requested, and shall be necessary for the management of the emergency or for compiling relevant official statistics. A request shall set out a reasonable time limit within which the information is encouraged to be provided. It shall take into account the effort required to collect and make the data available by the economic operator or representative organisation. The formal decision shall also	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	contain safeguards for protection of data in accordance with Article 39 of this Regulation, safeguards for non-disclosure of sensitive business information contained in the reply in accordance with Article 25, and information on the possibility of contesting it before the Court of Justice of the European Union in line with relevant Union law and the fines provided for in Article 28 for failure to comply and the timeline for a reply.	
	DK (Drafting):	DK (Comments):
	(b) other information necessary for assessing the nature or magnitude of a given supply chain disruption or shortage.	Considering the potentially far-reaching nature of the instrument, we are not convinced of the need and merit of this rather wide definition of what information can be requested. Therefore a suggestion to delete.
6. The owners of the economic operators or their representatives and, in the case of legal persons, companies or firms, or associations having no legal personality, the persons authorised to represent them by law or by their constitution may supply the information requested on behalf of the economic operator or the association of economic operators concerned. Each economic operator or association of economic operators shall provide the requested information on an individual basis in line with the Union rules on competition governing the exchange of information.	CZ (Drafting): Deleted IE (Drafting): 6. The owners of the economic operators or their representatives and, in the case of legal persons, companies or firms, or associations having no legal personality, the persons authorised to represent them by law or by their constitution may supply the information requested on behalf of the economic operator or the association of economic operators	LV (Comments): What information could be considered as incomplete, incorrect or misleading?

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
Lawyers duly authorised to act may supply the information on behalf of their clients. The latter shall remain fully responsible if the information supplied is incomplete, incorrect or misleading.	concerned. Each economic operator or association of economic operators shall provide the requested information on an individual basis in line with the Union rules on competition governing the exchange of information. Lawyers duly authorised to act may supply the information on behalf of their clients. The latter shall remain fully responsible if the information supplied is incomplete, incorrect or misleading.	
	NL (Drafting):	
	The owners of the economic operators or their representatives and, in the case of legal persons, companies or firms, or associations having no legal personality, the persons authorised to represent them by law or by their constitution may supply the information requested on behalf of the economic operator or the association of economic operators concerned. Each economic operator or association of economic operators shall provide the requested information on an individual basis in line with the Union rules on competition governing the exchange of information. Lawyers duly authorised to act may supply the information on behalf of their clients. The latter shall remain fully responsible if the information supplied is incomplete, incorrect or misleading.	
	PL (Drafting):	

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	6. The owners of the economic operators or their representatives and, in the case of legal persons, companies or firms, or associations having no legal personality, the persons authorised to represent them by law or by their constitution may supply the information requested on behalf of the economic operator or the association of economic operators concerned. Each economic operator or association of economic operators shall provide the requested information on an individual basis in line with the Union rules on competition governing the exchange of information. Lawyers duly authorised to act may supply the information on behalf of their clients. The latter shall remain fully responsible if the information supplied is incomplete, incorrect or misleading.	
	EE (Drafting):	
	Delete LU (Drafting):	
	4. Following the activation of the mandatory information requests to economic operators by means of an implementing act, the Commission shall address a formal decision to each of those representative organisations or economic operators in crisis relevant supply all sing that have been identified in the	
	chains that have been identified in the implementing act, requesting them to provide	

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	the information specified in the implementing act. The Commission shall rely, where possible, on the relevant and available contact lists of the economic operators active in the selected supply chains of crisis-relevant goods and services, compiled by the Member States. The Commission may obtain the necessary information on the relevant economic operators from the Member States.	
	DK (Drafting):	DK (Comments):
	4a. The information requests shall not entail the supply of information the disclosure of which would be contrary to the Member States' national security interests.	We would like to see added that informations requests shall not entail the supply of information the disclosure of which would be contrary to the MS' national security interests.
7. The Court of Justice of the European Union shall have unlimited jurisdiction to review decisions whereby the Commission has imposed a mandatory information request to an economic operator.	AT (Drafting): 7. The Court of Justice of the European Union shall have unlimited jurisdiction to review decisions whereby the Commission has imposed a mandatory information request to an economic operator.	AT (Comments): See above.
	CZ (Drafting):	
	Deleted	
	IE (Drafting): 7. The Court of Justice of the European Union shall have unlimited jurisdiction to review decisions whereby the Commission has imposed a mandatory information request to an	

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	economic operator.	
	NL (Drafting):	
	The Court of Justice of the European Union shall have unlimited jurisdiction to review decisions whereby the Commission has imposed a mandatory information request to an economic operator.	
	PL (Drafting):	
	7. The Court of Justice of the European Union shall have unlimited jurisdiction to review decisions whereby the Commission has imposed a mandatory information request to an economic operator.	
	EE (Drafting):	
	Delete	
	LU (Drafting):	
	5. The Commission Decisions containing individual information requests shall contain a reference to the implementing act referred to in paragraph 2 on which they are based and to the situations of severe crisis related shortages or an immediate threat thereof which has given rise to them. Any information request shall be duly justified and proportionate in terms of the volume, nature and granularity of the data, as well as the frequency of access to the data	
l.	requested, and shall be necessary for the	

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	management of the emergency or for compiling relevant official statistics. A request shall set out a reasonable time limit within which the information is to be provided. It shall take into account the effort required to collect and make the data available by the economic operator or representative organisation. The formal decision shall also contain safeguards for protection of data in accordance with Article 39 of this Regulation, safeguards for non-disclosure of sensitive business information contained in the reply in accordance with Article 25, and information on the possibility of contesting it before the Court of Justice of the European Union in line with relevant Union law and the fines provided for in Article 28 for failure to comply and the timeline for a reply.	
8. The implementing acts referred to in paragraph 2 shall be adopted in accordance with the committee procedure referred to in Article 42(2). On duly justified imperative grounds of urgency relating to the impacts of the crisis on the Single Market, the Commission shall adopt immediately applicable implementing acts in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 42(3).	AT (Drafting): 8. The implementing acts referred to in paragraph 2 shall be adopted in accordance with the committee procedure referred to in Article 42(2). On duly justified imperative grounds of urgency relating to the impacts of the crisis on the Single Market, the Commission shall adopt immediately applicable implementing acts in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 42(3).	AT (Comments): See above. FR (Comments): Removal of the possibility for the Commission to require economic operators, through an implementing act, to provide information.

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	CZ (Drafting): Deleted IE (Drafting): 8. The implementing acts referred to in paragraph 2 shall be adopted in accordance with the committee procedure referred to in Article 42(2). On duly justified imperative grounds of urgency relating to the impacts of the crisis on the Single Market, the Commission shall adopt immediately applicable implementing acts in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 42(3).	
	NL (Drafting): The implementing acts referred to in paragraph 2 1 shall be adopted in accordance with the committee procedure referred to in Article 42(2). On duly justified imperative grounds of urgency relating to the impacts of the crisis on the Single Market, the Commission shall adopt immediately applicable implementing acts in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 42(3).	
	PL (Drafting): 8. The implementing acts referred to in paragraph 2 shall be adopted in accordance with the committee procedure referred to in Article 42(2). On duly justified imperative grounds of	

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	urgency relating to the impacts of the crisis on the Single Market, the Commission shall adopt immediately applicable implementing acts in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 42(3).	
	EE (Drafting):	
	Delete	
	LU (Drafting):	
	6. The owners of the economic operators or their representatives and, in the case of legal persons, companies or firms, or associations having no legal personality, the persons authorised to represent them by law or by their constitution may supply the information requested on behalf of the economic operator or the association of economic operators concerned. Each economic operators concerned. Each economic operator or association of economic operators shall provide the requested information on an individual basis in line with the Union rules on competition governing the exchange of information. Lawyers duly authorised to act may supply the information on behalf of their clients. The latter shall remain fully responsible if the information supplied is incomplete, incorrect or misleading. FR (Drafting):	
	8. The implementing acts referred to in paragraph 2 shall be adopted in accordance with	

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	the committee procedure referred to in Article 42(2). On duly justified imperative grounds of urgency relating to the impacts of the crisis on the Single Market, the Commission shall adopt immediately applicable implementing acts in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 42(3).	
	DK (Drafting):	DK (Comments):
	5. The Commission Decisions containing individual information requests shall contain a	Suggestions are in line with drafting suggestions for paragraph 1.
	confirmation that acquiring the specific information can contribute substantially to addressing the impacts of the crisis according to paragraph 1 and a reference to the implementing act referred to in paragraph 2 on which they are based and to the situations of severe crisis related shortages or an immediate threat thereof which has given rise to them. Any information request shall be duly justified and proportionate in terms of the volume, nature and granularity of the data, as well as the frequency of access to the data requested, and shall be necessary for the management of the emergency or for compiling relevant official statistics. A request shall set out a reasonable time limit within which the information is to be provided. It shall take into account the effort required to collect and make the data available by the economic operator or representative	We do not find that obligatory information requests should used only for the purpose of compiling statistics. Therefore, we suggest to remove "or for compiling relevant official statistics".

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
	organisation. The formal decision shall also contain safeguards for protection of data in accordance with Article 39 of this Regulation, safeguards for non-disclosure of sensitive business information contained in the reply in accordance with Article 25, and information on the possibility of contesting it before the Court of Justice of the European Union in line with relevant Union law and the fines provided for in Article 28 for failure to comply and the timeline for a reply.	
Article 25 Confidentiality and processing of the information	LU (Drafting): 7. The Court of Justice of the European Union shall have unlimited jurisdiction to review decisions whereby the Commission has imposed a mandatory information request to an economic operator.	IE (Comments): We have concerns about the preservation of confidential business information. In smaller Member States, the small number of economic operators in a specific sector could make it easy to identify an individual business under this provision. We also have concerns about the security of economic operators' data, which is critical to their survival. Any information request must be duly justified and proportionate in terms of the volume, nature and granularity of the data, as well as the frequency of access to the data requested, and shall be necessary for the management of the emergency.
		BE (Comments): BE questions the procedures will be put in place to ensure confidentiality and respect for

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		business secrecy. Does the Commission envisage, for example, the use of encrypted emails?
		SK (Comments):
		We have some concerns about the impementation od this article (sharing of sensitive business information and administrative burden).
		PT (Comments):
		In concrete terms, what procedures are foreseen to ensure confidentiality and business secrecy?
	DK (Drafting):	DK (Comments):
	6. The owners of the economic operators or their representatives and, in the case of legal persons, companies or firms, or associations having no legal personality, the persons authorised to represent them by law or by their constitution may supply the information requested on behalf of the economic operator or the association of economic operators concerned. Each economic operator or association of economic operators shall provide the requested information on an individual basis in line with the Union rules on competition governing the exchange of information. Lawyers duly authorised to act may supply the information on behalf of their clients. The latter	Amendment in line with drafting suggestion in paragraph 1 of excluding the possibility that representative organisations can be exposed to information requests.

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	shall remain fully responsible if the information supplied is incomplete, incorrect or misleading.	
1. Information received as a result of the application of this Regulation shall be used only for the purpose for which it was requested.	8. The implementing acts referred to in paragraph 2 shall be adopted in accordance with the committee procedure referred to in Article 42(2). On duly justified imperative grounds of urgency relating to the impacts of the crisis on the Single Market, the Commission shall adopt immediately applicable implementing acts in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 42(3).	CZ (Comments): Does the wording of this paragraph mean that every potential use of aggregated data will have to be specifically mentioned in the request for information? If so, we would suggest to streamline the text in order to allow for fulfilling of paragraph 4 of this Article. BE (Comments): If the information can only be used for the purpose for which it is requested, then the request for information (also via Art 11 § 4 or Art 24) should also state for what purpose the information is requested. (see comment on Art 24 § 5) LT (Comments): Each decision mentioned in the Regulation should clearly state a purpose for which information gathered is going to be used. So far this aspect is not clear from the text itself (it was only mentioned in the COM' ppt).
		om, menuonea m are com ppu,
2. Member States and the Commission shall ensure the protection of trade and business secrets and other sensitive and confidential information acquired and generated in	IT (Drafting): Member States and the Commission shall ensure the protection of trade and business secrets and	FI (Comments): Finland considers information-secure transmittance, processing and storage of

Commission proposal	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Drafting Suggestions	AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments
application of this Regulation, including recommendations and measures to be taken, in accordance with Union and the respective national law.	other sensitive and confidential information acquired and generated in application of this Regulation, including recommendations and measures to be taken, in accordance with Union and the respective national law. For the protection of data and sensitive information the Commission adopts all the most advanced digital, technological and physical systems available.	enterprises' data must be ensured. Finland sees it important to take into account national latitude in the processing of confidential information in line with national legislation. IE (Comments): The term business secrets does not have a legal basis and we ask for it to be removed and a clear reference to the Trade Secrets Directive be inserted into Article 25. IT (Comments): Although the proposal recalls the general principles of confidentiality of sensitive information and the exchange of information on an individual basis in compliance with competition rules, the proposal does not go into detail on how the authorities can ensure these protections. Furthermore, a reference to responsibility and compensation for damages should be added
3. Member States and the Commission shall ensure that classified information provided or exchanged under this Regulation is not downgraded or declassified without the prior written consent of the originator.		

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4. The Commission may present to the advisory group referred to in Article 4 aggregate information based on any information collected pursuant to Article 24.	BE (Drafting): 4. The Commission may present to the steering committee referred to in Article 4 aggregate information based on any information collected pursuant to Article 24. LU (Drafting): 2. Member States and the Commission shall ensure the protection of trade and business secrets and other sensitive and confidential information acquired and generated in application of this Regulation, including recommendations and measures to be taken, in accordance with Union and the respective national law, especially with Directive 2016/943. IT (Drafting): 4. The Commission may shall present to the advisory group referred to in Article 4 aggregate information based on any information collected pursuant to Article 24 except where it might entail the disclosure of industrial secrets and other confidential information LV (Drafting): 4. The Commission may shall present to the advisory group referred to in Article 4	In particular, BE underlines the fact that the use of aggregated information is not always sufficient to respect the anonymity of the economic operator concerned. For example, in Belgium, it is obvious that if one is talking about a major producer of semiconductors, it is IMEC that is targeted. IT (Comments): The transmission of the aggregate information to the Advisory Group should be a duty for the Commission except in case it might entail the disclosure of trade secrets. We notice that the draft regulation does not make any reference to the Commission sharing its information with the relevant Member State. The Member State is probably interested in the same information, but it must be avoided that the economic operators receive a double request, from the Commission and the Member State. SI (Comments): As we believe that the Member States and the Advisory Group should have a stronger role in the decision-making process, we think that the Commission should provide the Advisory

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	aggregate information based on any information collected pursuant to Article 24. SI (Drafting): 4. The Commission shall present to the advisory group referred to in Article 4 aggregate information based on any information collected pursuant to Article 24 or provide valid argumentation why that is not possible.	Group with the mentioned information or provide valid arguments why that is not possible. The Advisory Group needs to be properly informed to be able to provide valuable advice to the Comission.
5. The Commission shall not share any information in a way that can lead to the identification of an individual operator when the sharing of the information results in potential commercial or reputational damage to this operator or in divulging any trade secrets.		
Article 26 Targeted amendments to harmonised product legislation	LU (Drafting): 4. The Commission may present to the advisory group referred to in Article 4 aggregate information based on any information collected pursuant to Article 24.	CZ (Comments): CZ is still scrutinising this Article, in the context of the whole proposal and especially in the context of the omnibus proposals. We would like to reserve the right to comment on this Article once the discussion in the respective Working Party on Omnibuses is over.
		FI (Comments): FI understands that Omnibus Directive 2022/462 would require a lot of national

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		implementation because it covers 14 directives. Has the Commission considered giving a Regulation instead of Directive?
		A Regulation would be much more convenient for Member States and would make the whole process much faster. For example in article 1, the addition of article 17c and its re-quirements are long and detailed. Still, they need to be implemented in national legislation if they are given in Directive.
		With a Directive, implementation requires time. Also, implementation might be problematic with legislation which actually is not intended to enter into force at the time, if ever.
		2) In Omnibus Directive 2022/462, the Commission is empowered to adopt implementing acts establishing common specifications. If adopted at a later stage as envisioned, do these implementing acts need to be implemented in national legislation as well? This would take time and not be very compatible with the emergency idea.
		IE (Comments):
		More clarification is required on this Article and we look forward to further engagement in both working parties. The safety of products cannot be compromised. We would also like further clarification on why these instruments were

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		chosen and further detailed examples of how the Commission foresees their implementation in a time of crisis. It would also appear to put an obligation on the manufacturer to ensure the products do not enter another Member State.
		NL (Comments):
		As indicated during the working party on 3 February 2023, as the substance of the omnibus proposals has not yet been discussed, we propose to discuss Article 26 and provide written comments at a later stage.
		BE (Comments):
		It will be necessary to ensure the quality of product approval in times of crisis within the framework of the accelerated procedures provided for in this article (cf. the problems of conformity of masks and medical equipment during the Covid pandemic).
		EE (Comments):
		SCRES as it requires prior substatial discussions in the Council on the two omnibus files
		SK (Comments):
		We are still analysing this Article in the context of the Omnibus proposals that will be discussed at the WP on technical harmonisation. However, we are provisionaly questionning the application of a different approach to different categories of

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		products that could be considered as crises relevant goods
		PT (Comments):
		Concerns here relate to the need to ensure the quality of product approval in this framework of emergency procedures for the conformity assessment.
		LT (Comments):
		We are looking forward for a dicussion on the Omnibus in the Tech Harm WP to make concrete suggestions/comments. For this reason – scrutiny regarding Art 26.
		In essence, we do agree with an idea to have simplified procedures which would allow putting goods on the market faster, without lowering safety requirements.
		However at the same time we see a need for a text to be further elaborated, e.g. by better explaining the steps to be done after the emergency mode is deactivated. In addition, we find it difficult to accept that goods, regarding which simplified procedure was applied, will not be able leave the MS' territory; this aspect undermines the basic principle of free movement.

Commission proposal

When the Single Market emergency mode has been activated by means of a Council implementing act adopted pursuant to Article 14, and there is a shortage of crisis relevant goods the Commission may activate by means of implementing acts the emergency procedures included in the Union legal frameworks amended by [Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Regulation (EU) 2016/424, Regulation (EU) 2016/425, Regulation (EU) 2016/426, Regulation (EU) 2019/1009 and Regulation (EU) No 305/2011 and introducing emergency procedures for the conformity assessment, adoption of common specifications and market surveillance in the context of a Single Market emergency and Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Directives 2000/14/EC, 2006/42/EC, 2010/35/EU, 2013/29/EU, 2014/28/EU, 2014/29/EU, 2014/30/EU, 2014/31/EU, 2014/32/EU, 2014/33/EU, 2014/34/EU, 2014/35/EU, 2014/53/EU, and 2014/68/EU and introducingas regard emergency procedures for the conformity assessment, adoption of common specifications and market surveillance in the context ofdue to a Single Market] as regards crisis-relevant goods, indicating which crisisrelevant goods and emergency procedures are subject to the activation, providing reasons for

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PL (Drafting):

When the Single Market emergency mode has been activated by means of a Council implementing act adopted pursuant to Article 14, and there is a shortage of crisis relevant goods the Commission may activate by means of implementing acts the emergency procedures included in the Union legal frameworks amended by [Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Regulation (EU) 2016/424, Regulation (EU) 2016/425, Regulation (EU) 2016/426, Regulation (EU) 2019/1009 and Regulation (EU) No 305/2011 and introducing emergency procedures for the conformity assessment, adoption of common specifications and market surveillance in the context of a Single Market emergency and Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Directives 2000/14/EC, 2006/42/EC, 2010/35/EU, 2013/29/EU, 2014/28/EU, 2014/29/EU, 2014/30/EU, 2014/31/EU, 2014/32/EU, 2014/33/EU, 2014/34/EU, 2014/35/EU, 2014/53/EU, and 2014/68/EU and introducing as regard emergency procedures for the conformity assessment, adoption of common specifications and market surveillance in the context ofdue to a Single Market] as regards crisis-relevant goods, indicating which crisis-

AT BE CZ DK EE ES FI FR IE IT LT LU LV MT NL PL PT SI SK Comments

AT (Comments):

We would like to point out that with the end of the emergency mode, the relief for companies provided for in this Article must also be ended at the same time. This is to prevent possible distortions of competition.

PL (Comments):

The emergency procedures for the conformity assessment and market surveillance as regard crisis relevant goods during crisis are very important. However, there is a problem with the list of harmonised product legislation that has been proposed in the Omnibuses. In our view, simplification of the procedures for the conformity assessment of 2 groups of products, may unintentionally increase the threat to the safety of people, property and the environment (Directive 2013/29/EU pyrotechnic articles, Directive 2014/28/EU explosives for civil uses). So we propose to delete these two directives from the Omnibus.

LV (Comments):

Latvia expresses concerns about the derogation from the usual conformity assessment procedures by handing over the authorisation process for products which have not undergone conformity assessment procedures to the national competent authorities. Transferring the

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such activation and its proportionality, and indicating the duration of such activation.	relevant goods and emergency procedures are subject to the activation, providing reasons for such activation and its proportionality, and indicating the duration of such activation. LV (Drafting):	responsibility to the national competent authorities, especially in a crisis situation and in case of insufficient conformity assessment (testing) capacity, there are concerns about how the crisis relevant good compliance with the
	When the Single Market emergency mode has been activated by means of a Council implementing act adopted pursuant to Article 14, and there is a shortage of crisis relevant goods the Commission may activate by means of implementing acts the emergency procedures included in the Union legal frameworks amended by [Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Regulation (EU) 2016/424, Regulation (EU) 2016/425, Regulation (EU) 2019/1009 and Regulation (EU) No 305/2011 and introducing emergency procedures for the conformity assessment, adoption of common specifications and market surveillance in the context of a Single Market emergency and Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Directives 2000/14/EC, 2006/42/EC, 2010/35/EU, 2013/29/EU, 2014/28/EU, 2014/29/EU, 2014/30/EU, 2014/31/EU, 2014/32/EU, 2014/33/EU, 2014/34/EU, 2014/35/EU, 2014/53/EU, and2014/68/EU and introducingas introducing as regard emergency	applicable safety requirements would be ensured. There seems to be a technical error in the first sentence because words "introducingas" and "ofue" are written together. LT (Comments): It is not clear what is required for Art 26 to be activated. Although it is stated that "When the Single Market emergency mode has been activated<>", Art 26 is under Chapter I (Title III), meaning that all the measures should require double activation (Art 23). In addition, the text provides another pre-requisite: "and there is a shortage of crisis relevant goods"; should the latter be read as a compulsory, meaning that the (double) activation of emergency mode is not enough and there should a shortage of x goods? How this information will be gathered? Who will be responsible for declaring that there is a shortage of x goods? In addition, we miss the link between crisis-relevant goods, which will be listed in the implementing act, and goods, mentioned in this

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	procedures for the conformity assessment, adoption of common specifications and market surveillance in the context ofdue of due to a Single Market] as regards crisis-relevant goods, indicating which crisis-relevant goods and emergency procedures are subject to the activation, providing reasons for such activation and its proportionality, and indicating the duration of such activation. ES (Drafting): When the Single Market emergency mode has been activated by means of a Council implementing act adopted pursuant to Article 14, and there is a shortage of crisis relevant goods the Commission may activate by means of implementing acts the emergency procedures included in the Union legal frameworks amended by [Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Regulation (EU) 2016/424, Regulation (EU) 2016/426, Regulation (EU) 2019/1009 and Regulation (EU) No 305/2011 and introducing emergency procedures for the conformity assessment, adoption of common specifications and market surveillance in the context of a Single Market emergency and Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Directives 2000/14/EC, 2006/42/EC,	Article. What would be a scenario if a product, which is deemed to be a crisis-relevant, is not in the list of Art 26? (in our view amending SMEI would not be an option as we would be in a middle of crisis). ES (Comments): We consider neccesary to add the proposed last sentence, as laid down in the Commission Recommendation (EU) 2020/403 of 13 March 2020 on conformity assessment and market surveillance procedures within the context of the COVID-19 threat. Adding the environmental requirements. MT (Comments): MT has concerns about the safety of products and approval of quality.

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	2010/35/EU, 2013/29/EU, 2014/28/EU, 2014/29/EU, 2014/30/EU, 2014/31/EU, 2014/32/EU, 2014/33/EU, 2014/35/EU, 2014/53/EU, and2014/68/EU and introducingas regard emergency procedures for the conformity assessment, adoption of common specifications and market surveillance in the context ofdue to a Single Market] as regards crisis-relevant goods, indicating which crisis-relevant goods and emergency procedures are subject to the activation, providing reasons for such activation and its proportionality, and indicating the duration of such activation. Modifications on the conformity assessment shall ensure an adequate level of protection corresponding to the applicable essential health, environmental and safety requirements laid down in applicable harmonised legislation.	
Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 42(2). On duly justified imperative grounds of urgency relating to the impacts of the crisis on the Single Market, the Commission shall adopt immediately applicable implementing acts in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 42(3).		LU (Comments): We will make detailed suggestions on this Article when discussing the Omnibus texts. In any case, we have scepticism as to a regime that will allow the placing on the market of individual Member States of unsafe products. It is unclear what happens to the product after the crisis. It encourages border controls to ensure that a product only circulates within the territory of the Member State where the

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		producer is established (see for instance Article 41c in the Omnibus). How is this compatible with the legal basis (Article 114 TFEU) and the objective to create a fully functioning Single Market? Also, from a practical perspective, crisis-relevant products that may benefit from this derogation shall be available to all Member States and not just the one producing it. We should avoid unintended consequences that will aggravate the existing crisis.
	End	End