



Council of the European Union
General Secretariat

Brussels, 11 November 2025

**Interinstitutional files:
2025/0237 (COD)**

WK 15147/2025 ADD 16

LIMITE

**AGRI
AGRIFIN
AGRIORG
AGRILEG
CADREFIN
FIN
CODEC**

This is a paper intended for a specific community of recipients. Handling and further distribution are under the sole responsibility of community members.

CONTRIBUTION

From:	General Secretariat of the Council
To:	Delegations
N° Cion doc.:	ST 11722 2025 ADD 1 + ST 11722 2025 INIT
Subject:	Regulation amending Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 (CMO) as regards the school scheme, sectoral interventions, the protein sector, hemp, marketing standards, import duties, the availability of supplies and securities - Comments from Slovenia

Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL amending Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 as regards the school fruit, vegetables and milk scheme ('EU school scheme'), sectoral interventions, the creation of a protein sector, requirements for hemp, the possibility for marketing standards for cheese, protein crops and meat, application of additional import duties, rules on the availability of supplies in time of emergencies and severe crisis and securities

– **SI comments (block 3)**

1. Sectoral interventions

Slovenia agrees with the reintroduction of sectoral interventions into the CMO Regulation, but we also believe that it would be appropriate to also include specific rules for the financing of sectoral interventions in the CMO Regulation.

However, we have some specific questions related to the content of sectoral interventions:

- **Article 30(1):** Are processed fruit and vegetable products ((j); Part X) also included in sectoral interventions?

- **Article 30(2):**

a) If we understand correctly, in the olive oil and table olives, and hops sectors, interventions can only be implemented if they are implemented by POs – in other words, individual producers who are not members of such organizations cannot implement them?

b) Interventions in the olive oil and table olives, and hops sectors are mandatory for Member States with POs. But what if a Member State does not have POs in these sectors? Interventions in these sectors are under SPR Regulation mandatory only in certain Member States (Germany – hops, Greece, France, Italy – olive oil and table olives). If a Member State does not have POs in these sectors, can it be excluded from financing aid to producers in these sectors in the event of a crisis?

In this regard, we would like to see the possibility of an exception for Member States with a low level of producer-organization, namely equal treatment of non-associated producers in the event of crises and the possibility of a higher level of co-financing in order to encourage the association of producers.

c) Can certain interventions be specific to individual producers, which are not members of any producer association, e.g. in the beekeeping and wine sectors?

d) In Article 30(2) the sectors with recognized POs are listed. In the case of other sectors not listed, is it not necessary for interventions to be implemented through operational programmes? Interventions under the current SPR Regulation may also be implemented by POs in other sectors, e.g., animal products, through operational programmes. Does this mean that producers also implement interventions as individuals, without being members of PO?

Additional question: Under the current SPR Regulation, certain Member States, including Slovenia, are required to implement interventions in the wine sector, for which a specific funding is allocated to each Member State. Are interventions in the wine sector no longer mandatory? We find this unusual in view of the previous discussion of the wine sector issues in the High-Level Group on Wine.

- Article 31:

- a) The interventions are written in very general terms – do they include all the interventions covered by the SPR Regulation?
- b) What about the interventions "improving product quality" and "technical assistance," which are included in the set of interventions in SPR Regulation but are not mentioned in the CMO proposal?
- c) Promotion intervention: Current wine interventions (SPR Regulation) only included the promotion of wine in third countries; will promotion now also be permitted in the EU?
- d) What does the intervention covering informing on grapevine flavescence dorée fall under?
- e) What falls under (g) actions to protect and/or improve the environment? Could this include rationalising transhumance (beekeeping intervention in the current SPR regulation)?
- f) Is there only one general intervention for the beekeeping sector? What exactly this intervention covers? Or are other interventions under this Article also available to the beekeeping sector?

- Article 33(1): Are operational programmes only for interventions in the protein crops, hops, olive oil and table olive, fruit and vegetable sectors? Do other sectors not have operational programmes?

- Article 33(4): Are there are no longer minimum percentages for how much funding should be spent on each type of intervention (e.g., 20% for environmental interventions and 2% for research in the current Strategic plans regulation)?

2. Empowerments linked to POs:

Article 1 (24): Is this ISAMM reporting on POs? If it is a separate system, it would be necessary to check the possibility of transferring existing data on POs, which each Member State collects separately (in our case, the register of producer organizations).