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INFORMATION

From: To:	General Secretariat of the Council Delegations
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Uachtaránacht na hÉireann ar Chomhairle an Aontais Eorpaigh 2026

PUBLIC

Irish Presidency of the Council of the European Union 2026

1 July – 31 December 2026

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Uachtaránacht na hÉireann ar
Chomhairle an Aontais Eorpaigh 2026

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Regulation amending Regulation (EU) 1308/2013 as regards the school scheme, sectoral interventions, the protein sector, hemp, marketing standards, import duties, the availability of supplies and securities.

WP on Agricultural Products
23rd September 2026

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PUBLIC

Block I

EU School Scheme
Marketing Standards for meat and cheese
Meat designations
Pig carcass classification

Working Party on Agricultural Products

PUBLIC

Block 1 regarding the EU School Scheme, Marketing Standards for meat and cheese, meat designations, and grading methods for pigmeat.

Article	Amendment	Rationale
EU School Scheme		
26	This Chapter lays down rules on types of interventions ~~provided for in Regulation~~**set out in Regulations** (EU) .../... [NRPF **Regulation] and .../... [CAP** Regulation] related to the EU school scheme and certain sectors referred to in Article 1 of this Regulation.	Article 26 first subparagraph is amended to include reference to horizontal application of the CAP Regulation.
26	Unless otherwise provided for in this Chapter, Regulations (EU) .../... [NRPF **Regulation], (EU) .../... [CAP** Regulation] and (EU) .../... [Performance Regulation] and the provisions adopted pursuant to them apply to the types of interventions referred to in this Chapter.	Article 26 third subparagraph is amended to include reference to horizontal application of the CAP Regulation.
28(1)(d)	(d) drinking milk~~:, cheese, curd, yoghurt and other fermented or acidified milk products without added flavouring, fruit, nuts or cocoa~~**as** ~~listed~~**defined** in Part ~~XVI~~**IV** of Annex ~~I.~~ **VII;**	Article 28 (1)(d) is amended to include the definition of drinking milk contained in Part IV of Annex VII, corresponding to the other sub-paragraphs which contain similar references to Annexes.

Working Party on Agricultural Products

Block 1 regarding the EU School Scheme, Marketing Standards for meat and cheese, meat designations, and grading methods for pigmeat.

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Article	Amendment	Rationale
28(6)	6. Member States shall**, in consultation with their authorities responsible for health and nutrition,** establish in their NRP Plans the list of products that may be supplied and distributed and the prioritisation criteria. ~~When setting the prioritisation criteria, Member States shall take into account relevant EU rules and standards.~~	Article 28(6) is amended to include reference to Member State consultation with their authorities responsible for health and nutrition to ensure oversight of the healthy eating objectives of the EU School Scheme.
	~~7a. The amount of Union financial assistance set out in the NRP Plan for the supply and distribution, under the EU school scheme, of products containing free sugars or having a fat content above 5 % shall not exceed 20 % of the total amount of the Union financial assistance and the national contribution set out in the NRP Plan for the interventions referred to in Article 35(6), first subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) […] [NRP Regulation].~~	Article 28(7a) is deleted. Most Member States were opposed to the administrative burden of this provision. Article 28(6) now provides for greater emphasis on choosing healthy products in consultation with national health authorities.

Block 1 regarding the EU School Scheme, Marketing Standards for meat and cheese, meat designations, and grading methods for pigmeat.

Recital	Amendment	Rationale
Marketing standards for meat and cheese		
(15)	(15) In line with the conclusions of the Commission report on new marketing standards for dried leguminous vegetables and soya bean[1], it is appropriate to provide for the possibility to lay down marketing standards for protein crops to better inform consumers about the origin of the protein crops products they purchase. For the same reason, beef, pigmeat, **sheepmeat, goatmeat and rice**~~sheep and goat meet~~ should be added to the list for which marketing standards may be adopted. **~~In addition, with the objective of possibly harmonising the definition and composition of certain cheeses to ensure a common basis for quality across the internal market, it is also appropriate to provide for the possibility to lay down marketing standards for~~** ~~certain mass-produced or ultraprocessed cheeses, while respecting the diversity of~~ **~~cheese~~** ~~production methods within the EU.~~ 1. Report from the Commission to the European Parliament and the Council in accordance with Article 75(6) of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 on new marketing standards for cider and perry and for dried leguminous vegetables and soya bean, COM(2023) 200 final.	Recital 15 is amended to remove the possibility to lay down marketing standards for cheese. This reflects the majority of Member States who were opposed to this provision. Certain products remain within the regulation but the Presidency would like to draw delegates' attention to the provisions of Article 75 CMO which obliges the Commission to assess the costs and administrative burdens to operators as well as the benefits offered to producers and the end consumer.

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Block 1 regarding the EU School Scheme, Marketing Standards for meat and cheese, meat designations, and grading methods for pigmeat.

Article	Amendment	Rationale
75(1)(o)	(o) ~~cheese.~~;	In Article 75, corresponding to deletion in Recital 15. Point (o) is deleted.

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Block II

Availability of Supplies
Public Intervention
Securities,
Empowerment for tariff quota
Revisions/Deletion of Articles
Import duties
Finnish Aid

Working Party on Agricultural Products

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Block 2 regarding the Availability of supplies, public intervention, securities, empowerment for tariff quota, import duties, Finnish aid, revision of art. 2, and the deletion of articles 3 (3) and 7.		
Availability of supplies in time of emergencies and severe crises		
Article	Amendment	Rationale
Article 1 **Amendments to Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013** (6)	(6) the references to 'Article 229(2) or (3)' in Articles ~~13(1)(c)~~, 13(2), 21, second subparagraph, 116, 149(6), second subparagraph, 152(1c), second subparagraph, 175, second subparagraph, 179, second subparagraph, 183, second subparagraph, 193a(2), 213 and 216(2)~~,~~ ~~should~~ **shall** be replaced by 'Article 229(2), (3) or (4)';	

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Block 2 regarding the Availability of supplies, public intervention, securities, empowerment for tariff quota, import duties, Finnish aid, revision of art. 2, and the deletion of articles 3 (3) and 7.		
Availability of supplies in time of emergencies and severe crises		
Article	Amendment	Rationale
222c (7)(b)	(b) laying down rules for **voluntary** cross-border cooperation between Member States in the framework of development and application of the food security preparedness and response plans to achieve the objectives referred to in paragraph 2.	In Article 222c (7)(b) where the Commission may adopt implementing acts: '**voluntary**' is added to the text on laying down rules for cross-border cooperation.



BLOCK III

Sectoral Interventions

Empowerments linked to payments and/or PO recognition

Block 3 regarding Sectoral interventions and empowerments linked to payments and/or PO recognition.

Recital previous text	Amendment	Rationale
(13) Types of intervention in certain sectors are needed to contribute to achieving the CAP objectives and reinforce synergies with other CAP instruments. Minimum requirements concerning the contents and objectives for such types of intervention should be established at Union level in order to ensure a level playing field in the internal market and avoid conditions of unequal and unfair competition. When including interventions in certain sectors in their NRP Plans, Member States should ensure consistency with other interventions at sector level. ~~The types of intervention in certain sectors~~**Member States** should **be able to** provide support ~~to~~**for the types ofinterventions in** the fruit and vegetables, wine, protein crops, apiculture products, olive oil and table olives and hops sectors, as well as for other sectors and products listed in Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013. In particular, given the Union's deficit on plant protein and the environmental benefits their production brings, legumes should be included among the products eligible for support while respecting the EU WTO schedule on oilseeds. **While support for certain sectors, such as apiculture and fruit and vegetables, and, in certain circumstances, the protein crop, hops and olive oil and table olive sectors, remains mandatory in order to ensure a level playing field across the Union, support for the majority of sectoral interventions is left to the discretion of Member States. Member States with a long-standing tradition of supporting particular sectors, such as the wine sector, where viticulture plays an important economic, social and environmental role, should continue to be able to provide targeted support through the relevant sectoral intervention, having regard to the specific needs and the strategic importance of the sector.**	(13) Types of intervention in certain sectors are needed to contribute to achieving the CAP objectives and reinforce synergies with other CAP instruments. Minimum requirements concerning the contents and objectives for such types of intervention should be established at Union level in order to ensure a level playing field in the internal market and avoid conditions of unequal and unfair competition. When including interventions in certain sectors in their NRP Plans, Member States should ensure consistency with other interventions at sector level. ~~Member States~~**~~The types of intervention in certain sectors should~~** ~~be able to~~ **~~provide support~~** ~~for the types of interventions in~~**~~to the fruit and vegetables, wine, protein crops, apiculture products, olive oil and table olives and hops sectors, as well as for other sectors and products listed in Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013.~~** In particular, given the Union's deficit on plant protein and the environmental benefits their production brings, **Member States are encouraged to include** legumes ~~should be included~~ among the products eligible for support while respecting the EU WTO schedule on oilseeds. **While support for** ~~certain sectors, such as~~ **apiculture** ~~and~~**, fruit and vegetables, and** ~~, in certain~~ **in some circumstances,** ~~the protein crop, hops and olive oil and table olive sectors~~**wine, remains mandatory in order to ensure a level playing field across the Union, support for the majority of sectoral interventions is left to the discretion of Member States.** ~~Member States with a long-standing tradition of supporting particular sectors, such as the wine sector, where viticulture plays an important economic, social and environmental role, should continue to be able to provide targeted support through the relevant sectoral intervention, having regard to the specific needs and the strategic importance of the sector.~~	Recital (13) is amended to make support for interventions in protein crops, olive oil, table olives and hops sectors voluntary for Member States. This reflects the support from the majority of Member States for interventions to remain voluntary in these sectors. In response to the request from a number of wine-producing Member States, the Presidency has introduced mandatory interventions for those with producer organisations in that sector, but has ensured wide flexibilities.

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Block 3 regarding Sectoral interventions and empowerments linked to payments and/or PO recognition.		
Recital	Amendment	Rationale
(13a)	**(13a) In order to ensure a diversified and balanced contribution to the relevant CAP-specific objectives, operational programmes should cover several types of interventions, ~~including in relation to~~ such as the organisation of supply and marketing, competitiveness, value creation, climate and environmental performance, and crisis prevention and risk management.**	Correction to reflect that operational programmes should cover a variety of *types* of interventions. This amendment is in response to questions from the Member States on the number of interventions. Corresponds to the relevant Article 33(4) 'Including in relation' to is amended to '**such as**'. This is to provide flexibility and continuity to the current SPR for Member States. This flexibility for Member States (when they select the types of interventions in their NRP Plans) and for producer organisations (when they design their operational programmes) should therefore remain by replacing the word 'including' by 'such as'.

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Block 3 regarding Sectoral interventions and empowerments linked to payments and/or PO recognition.

Recital	Amendment	Rationale
26	This Chapter lays down rules on types of interventions ~~provided for in Regulation~~**set out in Regulations** (EU) .../... [NRPF **Regulation] and .../... [CAP** Regulation] related to the EU school scheme and certain sectors referred to in Article 1 of this Regulation.	Article 26 first subparagraph is amended to include reference to horizontal application of the CAP Regulation.
26	Unless otherwise provided for in this Chapter, Regulations (EU) .../... [NRPF **Regulation], (EU) .../... [CAP** Regulation] and (EU) .../... [Performance Regulation] and the provisions adopted pursuant to them apply to the types of interventions referred to in this Chapter.	Article 26 third subparagraph is amended to include reference to horizontal application of the CAP Regulation.

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Block 3 regarding Sectoral interventions and empowerments linked to payments and/or PO recognition.		
Article	Amendment	Rationale
30(2)	2. Interventions in the sectors referred to in Article 1(2), ~~points (d), (f), (g) and~~**point** (i), shall be mandatory for Member States with producer organisations or associations of producer organisations in ~~those sectors~~ that sector recognised under this Regulation.	In Article 30(2) the Presidency has amended the article to reflect that interventions for protein crops, hops, olive oil and table olives are now voluntary for Member States, reflecting the support in the room for this at the last working party.
30(2a)	**2a.** ~~By way of derogation from the first subparagraph, Member States may decide not to provide for interventions~~**Interventions in the ~~sectors~~wine sector referred to in Article 1(2)**~~, points (d), (f), and (g), where they identify insufficient interest or operational capacity among~~ **point (l) shall be mandatory for Member States with recognised** ~~producer organisations and, if relevant, associations of~~ **producer organisations in the sector** ~~concerned to implement the interventions effectively. Member States shall duly justify that decision in their NRP Plans.~~**.**	Article 30(2a) is amended to reflect that '**interventions in the wine sectors referred to in Article 1(2), point (l)**', shall be mandatory for Member States with recognised producer organisations. This corresponds to the request from wine-producing Member States to continue mandatory wine interventions.

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Block 3 regarding Sectoral interventions and empowerments linked to payments and/or PO recognition.

Article	Amendment	Rationale
30(2a) subparagraph	**By way of derogation from the first subparagraph, Member States may decide not to provide for interventions in the sectors referred to in Article 1(2), point (l)** **a) where they identify insufficient interest or operational capacity among recognised producer organisations and, if relevant, associations of producer organisations in the sector concerned to implement the interventions effectively; or** **b) where they identify that mandatory interventions in the sector concerned would not contribute to achieving the CAP objectives in that Member State, having regard to the specific needs of the sector and other agricultural sectors of strategic importance.** **Member States shall justify that decision in their NRP Plans.**	Article 30(2a) subparagraph (new) is inserted to grant wide flexibility to wine producing Member States to derogate from interventions in the wine sector. Member States shall justify that decision in their NRP Plans.

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Block 3 regarding Sectoral interventions and empowerments linked to payments and/or PO recognition.		
Article	Amendment	Rationale
31	(q) actions in the apiculture sector to preserve or increase the existing number of beehives in the Union, **including bee breeding** ~~and restocking~~, and actions to enhance product quality;~~.~~	Article 31(q) is amended to remove reference to restocking. This is covered by Article 13(3) of the CAP proposal.

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Block 3 regarding Sectoral interventions and empowerments linked to payments and/or PO recognition.

Article	Amendment	Rationale
32(3)	3. Member States may decide that producer groups and entities representing other **forms**~~form~~ of cooperation between producers ~~that are~~ constituted at the initiative of producers and controlled by them, may be beneficiaries of the interventions in the sectors referred to in Article 30(1). Such forms of cooperation shall be identified by the competent authority of a Member State as producer groups for the duration of their first operational programme**, which shall not exceed** ~~four~~ **five years**. **Those producer groups shall, in addition to an**~~An~~ operational programme**, draw up and submit simultaneously to the competent authorities** ~~and~~ a recognition plan **of four years** with a view to **fulfilling**~~be recognised as producer organisations in accordance with~~ the requirements **for recognition as producers organisations** laid down in Articles 152, 153, 154, 156 or 161**. Support granted to a** ~~prepared by those~~ producer **group that has not been recognised as a**~~groups shall be submitted to the competent authorities simultaneously. The~~ producer **organisation by the end of the operational programme and the**~~groups shall implement that~~ recognition plan **shall be recovered**.	In Article 32(3) the Presidency has amended the duration of first operational programmes from four, to five years. This is to correspond to the previous amendment to the CMO regulation on (strengthening the position of farmers in the food supply chain).

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Block 3 regarding Sectoral interventions and empowerments linked to payments and/or PO recognition.		
Article	Amendment	Rationale
33(4)	4. ~~Member States shall set out in their NRP Plans the maximum percentages of the~~ **Operational**~~operational~~ **programmes shall include several**~~fund which may be spent on any individual type of intervention in order to ensure a balance between the different~~ types of interventions **referred to in Article 31 linked to one or more of the CAP-relevant specific objectives set out in Article 3(1), point (d), of Regulation (EU) .../... [NRP]** ~~covering~~**pursuing one or more of the following** ~~areas~~**sectoral objectives:** **(a) concentration of supply and placing on the market of the products produced by their members;** **(b) improving medium- and long-term competitiveness;** **(c) increasing the commercial value of products;** **(d) reducing the impact of production on the climate and the environment;** **(e) crisis prevention and risk management;** **(f) planning and organising of production, adjusting production to demand.**	Article 33(4) is amended to reflect Member State drafting suggestions and interventions at the last working party. In addition, "covering" replaced by "**pursuing**", "areas" replaced with "**sectoral objectives**", point (f) added, '**planning and organising of production, adjusting production to demand'**.

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Block 3 regarding Sectoral interventions and empowerments linked to payments and/or PO recognition.		
Article	Amendment	Rationale
33a	***Article 33a*** Financing of operational programmes 1. Subject to compliance with Article 20(4) of Regulation (EU) [NRP] the Union **and National** financial assistance to be granted to recognised producer organisations, associations of producer organisations or identified producer groups implementing interventions in certain sectors referred to in Article 31 of this Regulation shall be limited to: (a) 4.1% of the value of the marketed production of each producer organisation; (b) 4.5% of the value of marketed production of each association of producer organisations; (c) 5% of the value of marketed production of each transnational producer organisation or transnational association of producer organisations	The Presidency is proposing to include the following amendments to the text following Member State drafting suggestions, to include National financial assistance within the capped limit of value of marketed production.

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Block 3 regarding Sectoral interventions and empowerments linked to payments and/or PO recognition.		
Article	Amendment	Rationale
33a third paragraph	**Those limits may be increased by 0,5 percentage points, where the operational programme ~~comprises~~ includes one or more interventions linked to generational renewal, research and innovation, risk management or environment and climate, provided the amount in excess of the relevant percentage set out in the first subparagraph, points (a), (b) or (c), is used solely to finance expenditure related to the implementation of these interventions.**	Article 33a third paragraph is amended to change wording from 'comprises' to '**includes'.** 'Compromises' implies an exhaustive list, that those are the only interventions that can be in the operational programme to benefit. 'Includes' allows interventions that are not in the list.

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Block 3 regarding Sectoral interventions and empowerments linked to payments and/or PO recognition.		
Article	Amendment	Rationale
	<u>The sum of the national contribution and the Union financial assistance allocated to operational funds shall be equal to the financial contribution of the members of the producer organisations, their associations or, where applicable, producer groups.</u>	

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Block 3 regarding Sectoral interventions and empowerments linked to payments and/or PO recognition.		
Article	Amendment	Rationale
33a (2)	~~Where Member States include the distillation of by-products of wine in their NRP Plans they shall establish rules relating to the calculation of the support for that distillation in their plans, ensuring a fair compensation to both distillers and wine producers.~~	The Presidency has deleted Article 33a (2). See new proposed Article 33b.

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Block 3 regarding Sectoral interventions and empowerments linked to payments and/or PO recognition.		
Article	Amendment	Rationale
33b (new)	**Article 33b**	The Presidency has inserted a new Article 33b replacing Article 33a(2). This responds to Member State drafting suggestions, there is a need to set out rules setting the level of financial aid for distillation of by-products of wine making. As these rules refer to financial support they should be covered in the basic act.
	Specific rules on distillation of by-product of wine-making	
	1. The support rate for distillation of by-products of wine making referred to in Article 31, point (o), shall be fixed per % volume and per hectolitre of alcohol produced. No support shall be paid for the volume of alcohol contained in the by-products to be distilled which exceeds 10 % in relation to the volume of alcohol contained in the wine produced.	

Block 3 regarding Sectoral interventions and empowerments linked to payments and/or PO recognition.		
Article	Amendment	Rationale
	2. Member States providing for support for distillation of by-products of wine making shall ensure that the support is paid to distillers that process by-products of winemaking delivered for distillation into raw alcohol with an alcoholic strength of at least 92 % by volume.	
	3. The support shall include a lump sum amount to compensate for the costs of collection of the by-products of winemaking. That amount shall be transferred from the distiller to the producer in cases where the relevant costs are borne by the latter.	
	4. Member States providing for support for distillation of by-products of wine making shall ensure that the alcohol resulting from the distillation for which a support has been granted is used exclusively for industrial or energy purposes that do not distort competition.	

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Block 3 regarding Sectoral interventions and empowerments linked to payments and/or PO recognition.		
Article	Amendment	Rationale
34(2)	2. The value of the marketed production of a producer organisation, association of producer organisations or producer group shall be calculated on the basis of the production of that organisation, association or group and its producer members that has been put on the market by the organisation, association or producer group. It shall include only the production of those products for which the producer organisation, association or producer group is recognised or identified. ***By way of derogation from the first subparagraph, Member States may decide that in the hops sector, the value of marketed production is replaced by the volume of marketable production calculated on the basis of the number of hectares cultivated with hops represented by each producer organisation.***	In Article 34(2) a second paragraph is added to allow Member States *to decide* that in the hops sector,VMP is replaced by the Volume of Marketable Production, calculated on the basis of the number of hectares cultivated with hops represented by each producer organisation.

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Block 3 regarding Sectoral interventions and empowerments linked to payments and/or PO recognition.

Article	Amendment	Rationale
154(3b)	3b. **Member States may decide that producer**~~Producer~~ organisations which have been recognised before [date of entry into force of this amending Regulation] for one or more products added under point VIII of Annex I for the flax and hemp sector **are**~~shall be deemed to be~~ recognised in that sector as producer organisations pursuant to Article 152. Those producer organisations shall also retain their recognition for other products recognised under other sectors**. Member States shall, without delay, take all necessary measures to inform the producer organisations concerned of their decision**. However, where those producer organisations do no longer fulfil the conditions laid down in paragraph 1 of this Article for one or more sectors, Member States shall withdraw their recognition for the **sectors** concerned ~~sectors~~ no later than [31 December 20XX at least 2 full years after the date of entry into force of this amending Regulation]. **Eligibility for Union financial support in the sector concerned shall remain subject to compliance with the applicable recognition requirements laid down in this** ~~Article~~**article and in Articles 152, 153, 156 and 161**~~152~~;	Article 154(3b) amended to give reference to the relevant articles.

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Block IV

Protein crops
Hemp
Sugar
POSEI Provisions

Working Party on Agricultural Products

PUBLIC

Block 4 regarding the Protein Crop Sector, Hemp, Sugar, and provisions regarding POSEI.

Recital	Amendment	Rationale
(22)	22) ~~Scientific evidence also suggests that hemp products obtained from varieties containing a maximum tetrahydrocannabinol content of 0.3 % are unlikely to pose a risk to human health. Therefore,~~ **To**~~to~~ ensure legal certainty, promote the development of the sector, guarantee a level playing field across the Union and support the proper functioning of the common market organisation, while protecting **human and animal**~~public~~ health ~~interests~~, it is necessary to lay down harmonised rules at Union level for the production and marketing of hemp agricultural products that provide public health safeguards. ~~If raw hemp materials or products derived therefrom are marketed as food or feed or for other specific uses, additional safeguard meaasures in EU legislation or, in its absence, in national legislation may apply.~~ **However, as hemp seeds do not naturally contain**~~In particular, these rules should include a uniform maximum limit of~~ tetrahydrocannabinol ~~content, as well as other appropriate safeguards~~**, no additional marketing rules are necessary when the seeds are not destined for sowing. If hemp raw materials or products derived therefrom are marketed or used as food or feed or for other specific uses, additional safeguard measures in EU legislation or, in its absence, in national legislation may apply.**	Following drafting suggestions from Member States, Recital (22) is amended to reposition the sentence: “However, as hemp seeds do not naturally contain…..” so that it is read in conjunction with the text regarding general marketing regulations.

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Block 4 regarding the Protein Crop Sector, Hemp, Sugar, and provisions regarding POSEI.

Recital	Amendment	Rationale
(22a)	**(22a) Member States have the possibility to introduce or maintain national provisions governing the end use of all parts of the hemp plant and products derived therefrom on grounds of the protection of public health, provided that such provisions comply with Union law, in particular Article 36 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union.**	Recital (22a) is amended to provide reference to Article 36 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, following drafting suggestions.
(22b)	**(22b) In order to ensure legal certainty and compliance with hemp production rules, Member States should take measures to ensure the use of certified seeds of certain hemp varieties and should set up a procedure and documentation system for the verification of their tetrahydrocannabinol content. In order to facilitate compliance by the Member States with hemp production rules, the Commission should be empowered to adopt delegated acts to supplement Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 with rules setting up a procedure for the determination of hemp varieties and for the verification of the tetrahydrocannabinol content of certain hemp varieties.**	Recital (22b) corresponds to the insertion of a delegated power for the Commission in Article 147b.

Block 4 regarding the Protein Crop Sector, Hemp, Sugar, and provisions regarding POSEI.

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Recital	Amendment	Rationale
(22c)	**(22c) Member States should carry out administrative checks to ensure that hemp products for which marketing rules are laid down in this Regulation meet the marketing conditions.** **In order to facilitate compliance by the Member States with hemp marketing rules, the Commission should be empowered to adopt delegated acts to supplement Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 with rules relating to the administrative checks on hemp products to be carried out by the Member States.**	Recital (22c) corresponds to the insertion of a delegated power for the Commission in Article 147c.
(42)	(42) In order to give stakeholders sufficient time to adapt, the rules on the conditions for the marketing, production and imports of hemp should apply from [1 January **at least 12 months** after the date of entry into force of this Regulation] ~~and the rules on meat-related terms should apply from [12 months after the date of entry into force of this Regulation]~~.	Recital (42) amends the entry into force to '**1 January at least 12 months after the date of entry into force of this Regulation**', so as to give Member States sufficient time to adapt their national rules and communicate this to stakeholders.

Working Party on Agricultural Products

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Block 4 regarding the Protein Crop Sector, Hemp, Sugar, and provisions regarding POSEI.		
Article	Amendment	Rationale
147b	**2a. Member States shall carry out checks, based on a risk analysis, to verify whether the products referred to in paragraph 1 meet the conditions laid down in that paragraph.**	In Article 147b (2a) is inserted by the Presidency for checks to be carried out by Member States, based on a risk analysis, to verify products referred to in paragraph 1 meet the conditions laid down.
147b	**3. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 227, in order to supplement this Regulation by establishing the procedure for the determination of hemp varieties, as well as the verification of their tetrahydrocannabinol content.**	New amendment (3) inserted into Article 147b to empower the Commission to adopt delegated acts for determination of hemp varieties, verification of THC content.

Working Party on Agricultural Products

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Block 4 regarding the Protein Crop Sector, Hemp, Sugar, and provisions regarding POSEI.		
Article	Amendment	Rationale
147c (4a)	**4a The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 227, in order to supplement this Regulation by establishing the minimum rules relating to the administrative checks on hemp products referred to in paragraph 4 to be carried out by the Member States.**	In Article 147c a new point (4a) is inserted to provide the Commission with the empowerment to adopt delegated acts to supplement this Regulation, establishing minimum rules relating to administrative checks on hemp products carried out by Member States.

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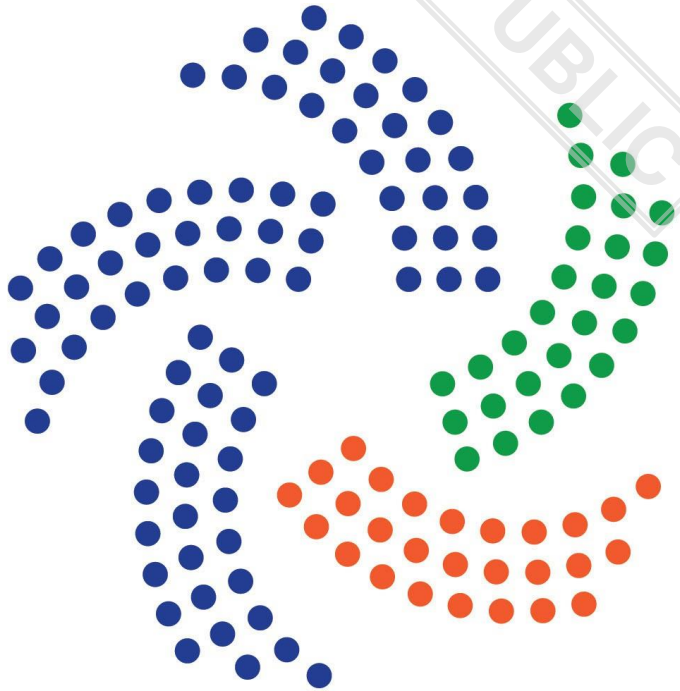
Annex	Amendment	Rationale
Annex VII, Appendix I, point 4(d)	**(4a) in Annex VII, Appendix I, point 4(d) is replaced by the following:**	
	‘ **(d) in Slovenia, areas planted with vines in the Primorska region: Brda or Goriška Brda, Vipavska dolina or Vipava, Kras and Slovenska Istra.** ’	Amended to correct an omission.

Next Steps

PUBLIC

This is the final Working Party currently scheduled by the Presidency with the Draft Proposal and the School Scheme Fixing Regulation scheduled for discussion at the Special Committee on Agriculture 5th October 2026.

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