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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
(9) Articles 65 and 66 are replaced by the following:	
'Article 65	'Article 65
Administrative penalties, periodic penalty payments and other	Administrative penalties, periodic penalty payments and periodic
administrative measures and enforcement measures	penalty payments and other administrative measures and
	enforcement measures
1. Without prejudice to the supervisory powers of competent authorities	1. Without prejudice to the supervisory powers of competent authorities
referred to in Article 64 and the right of Member States to provide for and	referred to in Article 64 and the right of Member States to provide for and
impose criminal penalties, Member States shall lay down rules on	impose criminal penalties, Member States shall lay down rules on
administrative penalties, periodic penalty payments and other administrative	administrative penalties, periodic penalty payments and periodic penalty
measures and enforcement measures, such as periodic penalty payments,	payments and other administrative measures and enforcement
in respect of breaches of national provisions transposing this this Directive	measures, such as periodic penalty payments, in respect of breaches of
2013/36/EU, and of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 or of decisions issued	national provisions transposing this this Directive 2013/36/EU, and of
by a competent authority on the basis of those acts, and shall take all	Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 or of decisions issued by a competent
measures necessary to ensure that they are implemented. The administrative	authority on the basis of those acts, and shall take all measures
penalties, periodic penalty payments and other administrative measures and	necessary to ensure that they are implemented. The administrative
periodic penalty payments, shall be effective, proportionate and dissuasive.	penalties, periodic penalty payments and periodic penalty payments
	and other administrative measures and periodic penalty payments, shall
	be effective, proportionate and dissuasive.
2. Member States shall ensure that where the obligations referred to in	2. Member States shall ensure that where the obligations referred to in
paragraph 1 apply to institutions, financial holding companies and mixed	paragraph 1 apply to institutions, financial holding companies and mixed
financial holding companies in the event of a breach of national provisions	financial holding companies in the event of a breach of national provisions

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
transposing this this Directive 2013/36/EU, or of Regulation (EU) No	transposing this this Directive 2013/36/EU, or of Regulation (EU) No
575/2013 or of decisions issued by a competent authority based on those	575/2013 or of decisions issued by a competent authority based on
acts, administrative penalties, periodic penalty payments and other	those acts, administrative penalties, periodic penalty payments and
administrative measures and periodic penalty payments may be applied,	periodic penalty payments and other administrative measures and
subject to the conditions laid down in national law, to the members of the	periodic penalty payments may be applied, subject to the conditions laid
management body and to any other natural persons who, under national	down in national law, to the members of the management body and to <u>any</u>
law, are responsible for the breach. Periodic penalty payments on natural	other natural persons who, under national law, are responsible for the
persons may only be applied to those members of the management body	breach in accordance with national law Periodic penalty payments
in their its management functions that are identified as being	on natural persons may only be applied to those members of the
responsible of for the breaches of obligations, and the identification of	management body in their its management functions that are
such responsibility shall be conducted in accordance with national law.	identified as being responsible of for the breaches of obligations, and
	the identification of such responsibility shall be conducted in
	accordance with national law.
3. The application of periodic penalty payments shall not prevent competent	
authorities from imposing administrative penalties <u>or other administrative</u>	
measures for the same breach.	
4. Competent authorities shall have all information gathering and	
investigatory powers that are necessary for the exercise of their functions.	
Those powers shall include:	
(a) the power to require the following natural or legal persons to provide	
all information that is necessary in order to carry out the tasks of the	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
competent authorities, including information to be provided at recurring	
intervals and in specified formats for supervisory and related statistical	
purposes:	
(i) institutions established in the Member State concerned;	
(ii) financial holding companies established in the Member State	
concerned;	
(iii) mixed financial holding companies established in the Member State	
concerned;	
(iv) mixed-activity holding companies established in the Member State	
concerned;	
(v) persons belonging to the entities referred to in points (i) to (iv);	
(vi) parties to whom the entities referred to in points (i) to (iv) have	
outsourced operational functions or activities;	
(b) the power to conduct all necessary investigations of any person	
referred to in points (a)(i) to (vi) established or located in the Member State	
concerned where necessary to carry out the tasks of the competent	
authorities, including the power to:	
(i) require the submission of documents;	
(ii) examine the books and records of the persons referred to in points	
(a)(i) to (vi) and take copies or extracts from such books and records;	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
(iii) obtain written or oral explanations from any person referred to in	
points (a)(i) to (vi) or their representatives or staff;	
(iv) interview any other person who consents to be interviewed for the	
purpose of collecting information relating to the subject matter of an	
investigation; and	
(v) the power, subject to other conditions set out in Union law, to	
eCconduct, subject to other conditions set out in Union law, all necessary	
inspections at the business premises of the legal persons referred to in points	
(a)(i) to (vi) and any other undertaking included in consolidated supervision	
where a competent authority is the consolidating supervisor, subject to the	
prior notification of the competent authorities concerned. If an inspection	
requires authorisation by a judicial authority under national law, such	
authorisation shall be applied for.';	
5. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, where the legal system of the	
Member State does not provide for administrative penalties, this Article may	
be applied in such a manner that the penalty is initiated by the competent	
authority and imposed by judicial authorities, while ensuring that those legal	
remedies are effective and have an equivalent effect to the administrative	
penalties imposed by competent authorities. In any event, the penalties	
imposed shall be effective, proportionate and dissuasive. Those Member	
States shall notify to the Commission the provisions of their laws which they	

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
adopt pursuant to this paragraph by [OP please insert date = date of	
transposition of this amending Directive] and, without delay, any subsequent	
amendment law or amendment affecting them.	
Article 66	Article 66
Administrative penalties, periodic penalty payments and other	Administrative penalties, periodic penalty payments and periodic
administrative measures and periodic penalty payments for breaches	penalty payments and other administrative measures and periodic
of authorisation and requirements for acquisitions or divesture of	penalty payments for breaches of authorisation and requirements
qualifying material holdings, material transfers of assets and liabilities,	for acquisitions or divesture of <u>qualifying material</u> holdings,
mergers or divisions	material transfers of assets and liabilities, mergers or divisions
1. Member States shall ensure that their laws, regulations and administrative	1. Member States shall ensure that their laws, regulations and
provisions provide for administrative penalties, periodic penalty payments	administrative provisions provide for administrative penalties, periodic
and other administrative measures and periodic penalty payments at least	penalty payments and periodic penalty payments and other
where:	administrative measures and periodic penalty payments at least where:
(a) the business of taking deposits or other repayable funds from the	
public is conducted without being authorised as a credit institution in breach	
of Article 9;	
(aa) at least one of the activities referred to in point (1)(b) of Article 4(1)	
of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 and meeting the threshold indicated in	
that Article is carried out without being authorised as a credit	
institution;	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
(b) activities as a credit institution are commenced without obtaining	
prior authorisation in breach of Article 9-8;	
(c) a qualifying holding in a credit institution is acquired, directly or	
indirectly, or further increased, directly or indirectly, such that the proportion	
of the voting rights or of the capital held would reach or exceed the	
thresholds referred to in Article 22(1) or the credit institution would become	
the subsidiary of the acquirer, without notifying in writing the competent	
authorities of the credit institution in relation to which the acquirer seeks to	
acquire or increase the qualifying holding, during the assessment period, or	
against the opposition of the competent authorities, in breach of that Article;	
(d) a qualifying holding in a credit institution is disposed of, directly or	
indirectly or reduced as a result of which the proportion of the voting rights	
or of the capital held would fall below the thresholds referred to in Article	
25 or the credit institution would cease to be a subsidiary of the acquirer	
person disposing of the qualifying holding, without notifying in writing	
the competent authorities in breach of that Article;	
(e) a financial holding company or mixed financial holding company as	
defined in article Article 21a(1) fails to apply for approval in breach of	
Article 21a or breaches any other requirement set out in that Article;	
(f) an acquirer as defined in Article 27a(1) acquires directly or	
indirectly, a qualifying holding in an institution, or increases an already	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
held qualifying holding, such that the proportion of voting rights or	
gualifying holding capital held by the acquirer in the institution would	
exceed 15% of its the institution's eligible capital in accordance with the	
principles set out in Article 27a(1) without the acquirer's notifying the	
competent authorities in breach of that Article; fails to notify the relevant	
competent authority of a direct or indirect acquisition of a material	
holding in breach of that Article;	
(g) any of the parties referred to in Article 27d of this Directive disposes	
directly or indirectly of a qualifying holding that exceeds the threshold	
referred to in Article 89 of Regulation (EU) 575/2013 27d of Directive	
2013/36/EU without notifying the competent authority authorities in	
breach of Article 27d of this Directive the same Article; fails to notify the	
relevant competent authority of a direct or indirect disposal of a	
material holding in a financial sector entity that exceeds the threshold	
in breach of that Article;	
(h) any of the parties referred to in Article 27f(1) executes a material	
transfer of assets and liabilities without notifying the competent authorities	
in breach of that Article;	
(i) any of the parties referred to in Article 27k(l) engages in a process of	
merger or division in breach of that Article.	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
2. Member States shall ensure that in the cases referred to in paragraph 1, the	
measures that can be applied include <u>at least</u> the following:	
(a) administrative penalties:	
(i) in the case of a legal person, administrative pecuniary penalties of up	
to 10 % of the <u>amount of the financial capacity indicator</u> total annual	
net turnover of the undertaking as defined in paragraph 3 of this article	
Article; total annual net turnover of the undertaking;	
(ii) in the case of a natural person, administrative pecuniary penalties of	
up to EUR 5 000 000, or in the Member States whose currency is not the	
euro, the corresponding value in the national currency on 17 July 2013;	
(iii) administrative pecuniary penalties of up to twice the profits gained	
or losses avoided because of the breach where those can be determined;	
(b) periodic penalty payments:	
(i) in the case of a legal person, periodic penalty payments of up to 5 %	
of the -average daily <u>amount of the financial capacity indicator, as</u>	
defined in paragraph 3 of this article, turnover net turnover, which, in	
the case of an ongoing infringement breach, the legal person shall be obliged	
to pay per day of infringement breach until compliance with an obligation	
is restored, and which may be imposed for a period of up to six months from	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
the date stipulated in the decision requiring the termination of a breach and	
imposing the periodic penalty payment;	
(ii) in the case of a natural person, periodic penalty payments of up to	
EUR 30 000 500 000, or in those Member States whose currency is not	
the euro, the corresponding value in the national currency on [OP please	
insert the date = 24 months from date of entry into force of this	
amending Directivel, which, in the case of an ongoing breach, the natural	
person shall be obliged to pay per day of infringement breach, until	
compliance with an obligation is restored, and which may be imposed for a	
period up to six months from the date stipulated in the decision requiring the	
termination of a breach and imposing the periodic penalty payment.	
Member states may decide to set a higher maximum amount for periodic	
penalty payments to be applied per day of infringement.	
Member States may set a higher maximum amount for periodic penalty	
payments to be applied per day of breach.	
By way of deriogation from Article 66(2) point (b), Member sStates may	
decide that apply periodic penalty payments can be applied on a weekly	
or monthly basis. In this case, the maximum amount of periodic penalty	
payments to be applied for a given the relevant weekly or monthly	
period of infringement when a breach takes place should shall not	
exceed the sum of the maximum amount of periodic penalty payments	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
that would apply on a daily basis in accordance with per days referred	
to in Articles 66(2) point (b) for the number of days constituting this	
given period relevant period. Periodic penalty payments may be	
imposed on a given date and start applying at a later date.	
(c) other administrative measures:	
(i) a public statement which identifies the natural person, institution,	
financial holding company, or mixed financial holding company, or	
intermediate <u>EU</u> parent undertaking responsible and the nature of the breach;	
(ii) an order requiring the natural or legal person responsible to cease the	
conduct and to desist from a repetition of that conduct;	
(iii) suspension of the voting rights of the shareholder or shareholders	
held responsible for the breaches referred to in paragraph 1;	
(iv) subject to Article 65(2), a temporary or a definitive ban of a	
member of the institution's management body or any other natural person	
who is held responsible for the infringement from exercising functions in the	
institution <u>s</u> .	
3. The total annual net turnover amount of the financial capacity	3. The total annual net turnover amount of the financial capacity
indicator total annual net turnover- referred to in paragraph 2, -points (a)(i)	indicator total annual net turnover- referred to in paragraph 2, -points
and (b)(i), and (b)(i) of this Article is shall be the sum of the elements	(a)(i) and (b)(i), and (b)(i) of this Article is shall be the sum of the
items listed in Table 1 of this paragraph. shall be equal to the business	elements items listed in Table 1 of this paragraph. shall be equal to

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
indicator set out in Article 314 of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013. For the	the business indicator set out in Article 314 of Regulation (EU) No
purposes of this Article, the business indicator shall be calculated on the	575/2013. For the purposes of this Article, the business indicator shall
basis of the most recent available yearly supervisory financial	be calculated on the basis of the most recent available yearly
information, unless the result is zero or negative. If the result is zero or	supervisory financial information, unless the result is zero or
negative, the basis for the calculation shall be the most recent earlier yearly	negative. If the result is zero or negative, the basis for the calculation shall
supervisory financial information which produces an indicator above zero.	be the most recent earlier yearly supervisory financial information which
Where the undertaking concerned is part of a group, the relevant total	produces an indicator above zero. Where the legal person referred to in
annual net turnover amount of the financial capacity indicator total	paragraph 2 is not subject to the Commission Implementing
annual net turnover shall be the amount total annual net turnover total	Regulation (EU) 2021/451, the relevant total annual net turnover
annual net turnover resulting from the consolidated account of the ultimate	shall be the total annual net turnover or the corresponding type of
parent undertaking.	income in accordance with the relevant accounting legislative acts.
	Where the undertaking concerned is part of a group, the relevant total
	annual net turnover amount of the financial capacity indicator total
	annual net turnover shall be the amount total annual net turnover
	total annual net turnover resulting from the consolidated account of the
	ultimate parent undertaking.
Table 1	
1. Interest receivable and similar income	
2. Interest payable and similar charges	
3. Income from shares and other variable/fixed-yield securities	
4. Commissions/fees receivable	

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
5. Commissions/fees payable	
6. Net profit or net loss on financial operations	
7. Other operating income	
8. Other operating expense	
Institutions shall include each element in the sum with its positive or	
negative sign.	
Institutions shall adjust these elements to reflect the following	
qualifications:	
a) institutions shall calculate the relevant indicator based on the figures	
reported in Annex III, or where applicable in Annex IV, of the	
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/451 of 17 December	
2020 laying down implementing technical standards for the application	
of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the	
Council with regard to supervisory reporting of institutions and	
repealing Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014;	
ab) institutions shall calculate the relevant indicator before the	
deduction of any provisions and operating expenses. Institutions shall	
include in the operating expenses the fees paid for outsourcing services	
rendered provided by third parties which are not a parent or subsidiary	
of the institution or a subsidiary of a parent which is also the parent of	

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
the institution. Institutions may use expenditure on the outsourcing of	
services rendered provided by third parties to reduce the relevant	
indicator where the expenditure is incurred from an undertaking	
subject to rules under, or equivalent to, this Regulation No 575/2013 and	(C,)
this Directive;	
bc) institutions shall not use the following elements items in the	
calculation of the relevant indicator:	
(i) realised profits/losses from the sale of non-trading book items;	
(ii) income from extraordinary or irregular items;	
(iii) income derived from insurance.	
ed) when the revaluation of trading items is part of the profit and	
loss statement, institutions may include revaluation. When institutions	
apply Article 36(2) of Directive 86/635/EEC, they shall include	
revaluation booked in the profit and loss account."	
4. The average daily <u>amount of the financial capacity indicator</u> turnover	
net turnover referred to in paragraph (2), point (b)(i), shall be the amount	
of the financial capacity indicator total annual net turnover total annual	
net turnover referred to in paragraph 3 divided by 365.';	
(10) Article 67 is amended as follows:	
(a) paragraph 1 is amended as follows:	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
(i) points (d) and (e) are replaced by the following:	
'(d) an institution fails to have in place governance arrangements and gender	
neutral remuneration policies required by the competent authorities in	
accordance with the national provisions transposing Article 74;	
(e) an institution fails to report information or provides incomplete or	
inaccurate information regarding compliance with the obligation to meet	
own funds requirements set out in Article 92 of Regulation (EU) No	
575/2013 to the competent authorities in breach of Article 430(1) of that	
Regulation;';	
(i bis) points (f), and (i) are deleted:	
(ii) point (j) is replaced by the following:	
'(j) an institution fails to maintain a net stable funding ratio in breach of	
Article 413 or 428b of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 or repeatedly and	
persistently fails to hold liquid assets in breach of Article 412 of that	
Regulation;';	
(ii bis) point points (k) and (l) is are deleted	
(iii) the following points (r) to (ab) are added:	
'(r) an institution fails to meet the own fund requirements set out in	
Article 92(1) of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013;	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
(s) an institution or a natural person fails to comply with an	
obligation arising from a decision issued by the competent authority or	
an obligation arising from national provisions transposing Directive	
2013/36/EU or from Regulation (EU) No 575/2013;	
(t) an institution that fails to comply with the remuneration requirements	(t) an institution that fails to comply with the remuneration
in accordance with Articles 92, 94 and 95 of this Directive 2013/36/EU;	requirements in accordance with Articles 92, 94 and 95 of this Directive
	of this Directive 2013/36/EU;
(u) an institution acts without the prior permission of the competent	
authority where national provisions transposing this Directive 2013/36/EU	
or Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 require the institution to obtain such prior	
permission or obtained such permission on the basis of its own false	
statement or does not comply with the conditions under which such	
permission was granted;	
(v) an institution fails to meet the requirements in relation to	
composition, conditions, adjustments and deductions related to own funds as	
set out in Part Two of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013;	
(w) an institution fails to meet the requirements in relation to its large	
exposures to a client or group of connected clients set out in Part Four of	
Regulation (EU) No 575/2013;	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
(x) an institution fails to meet the requirements in relation to the	
calculation of the leverage ratio, including the application of derogations set	
out in Part Seven of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013;	
(y) an institution fails to report information or provides incomplete or	
inaccurate information to the competent authorities in relation to the data	
referred to in Articles 430(1), (2) and (3) and in Articles 430a and 430b	
Article 430a of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013;	
(z) an institution fails to comply with the data collection and governance	
requirements set out in Part Three, Title III, Chapter 2 of Regulation (EU)	
No 575/2013.	
(aa) an institution fails to meet the requirements in relation to the	
calculation of the risk-weighted exposure amounts or own funds	
requirements or fails to have in place the governance arrangements set out in	
Part Three, Title II to VI of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013;	
(ab) an institution fails to meet the requirements in relation to the	
calculation of the liquidity coverage ratio or the net stable funding ratio as	
set out in Part Six, Title I and Title IV of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 and	
the delegated act referred to in Article 460(1) of that Regulation.';	
(b) paragraph 2 is replaced by the following:	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
'2. Member States shall ensure that in the cases referred to in paragraph 1,	
the measures than that can be applied include at least the following:	
(a) administrative penalties:	
(i) in the case of a legal person, administrative pecuniary penalties of up	
to 10 % of the amount of the financial capacity indicator as defined in	
paragraph 3 of this article; total annual net turnover total annual net	
turnover of the undertaking as defined in paragraph 3 of this Article;	
(ii) in the case of a natural person, administrative pecuniary penalties of	
up to EUR 5 000 000, or in the Member States whose currency is not the	
euro, the corresponding value in the national currency on 17 July 2013;	
(iii) administrative pecuniary penalties of up to twice the profits gained	
or losses avoided because of the breach where those can be determined;	
(b) periodic penalty payments:	
(i) in the case of a legal person, periodic penalty payments of up to 5 %	
of the average daily amount of the financial capacity indicator as defined	
in paragraph 3 of this article turnover net turnover, which, in the case	
of an ongoing infringement breach, the legal person shall be obliged to pay	
per day of infringement breach until compliance with an obligation is	
restored, and which may be imposed for a period of up to six months from	

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
the date stipulated in the decision requiring the termination of a breach and	
imposing the periodic penalty payment.	
The average daily turnover referred to in this paragraph shall be the <u>amount</u>	
of the financial capacity indicator total annual net turnover divided by	
365.	
(ii) in the case of a natural person, periodic penalty payments of up to	
EUR-30 000 -500 000, or in those Member States whose currency is not	
the euro, the corresponding value in the national currency on [OP please	
insert the date = 24 months from date of entry into force of this	
amending Directivel, which, in the case of an ongoing infringement	
breach , the natural person shall be obliged to pay per day of infringement	
breach until compliance with an obligation is restored, and which may be	
imposed for a period up to six months from the date stipulated in the decision	
requiring the termination of a breach and imposing the periodic penalty	
payment. Member states may decide to set a higher maximum amount	
for periodic penalty payments to be applied per day of infringement.	
Member States may set a higher maximum amount for periodic penalty	
payments to be applied per day of breach.	
By way of deriogation from Article 67(2) point (b), Member sStates may	
decide that apply periodic penalty payments can be applied on a weekly	
or monthly basis. In this case, -the maximum amount of periodic penalty	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
payments to be applied for the relevant weekly or monthly a given	
period of infringement when a breach takes place should shall not	
exceed the sum of the maximum amount of periodic penalty payments	
that would apply on a daily basis in accordance with per days referred	
to in Articles 67(2) point (b) for the number of days constituting this	
given period relevant period. Periodic penalty payments may be	
imposed on a given date and start applying at a later date.	
(c) other administrative measures:	
(i) a public statement which identifies the natural person, institution,	
financial holding company, or mixed financial holding company, or	
intermediate parent undertaking responsible and the nature of the breach;	
(ii) an order requiring the natural or legal person responsible to cease the	
conduct and to desist from a repetition of that conduct;	
(iii) in the case of an institution, withdrawal of the authorisation of the	
institution in accordance with Article 18;	
(iv) subject to Article 65(2), a temporary or a definitive ban of a	
member of the institution's management body or any other natural person	
who is held responsible for the infringement breach from exercising	
functions in the institutions.	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
(v) suspension of the voting rights of the shareholder or shareholders	
held responsible for the breaches referred to in paragraph 1.';	
(c) the following paragraphs 3 and 4 are added:	
3. The total annual net turnover amount of the financial capacity	
indicator total annual net turnover referred to in paragraph 2, points (a)(i)	
and (b)(i) (b)(i) -of this Article is-shall be the sum of the elements items	
listed in Table 1 of this paragraph. shall be equal to the business	
indicator set out in Article 314 of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013. For the	
purposes of this Article, the business indicator shall be calculated on the	
basis of the most recent available yearly supervisory financial	
information, unless the result is zero or negative. If the result is zero or	
negative, the basis for the calculation shall be the most recent earlier yearly	
supervisory financial information which produces an indicator above zero.	
Where the undertaking concerned is part of a group the relevant total annual	
net turnover amount of the financial capacity indicator total annual net	
turnover shall be the total annual net turnover amount total annual net	
turnover resulting from the consolidated account of the ultimate parent	
undertaking.	
Table 1	
1. Interest receivable and similar income	
2. Interest payable and similar charges	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
3. Income from shares and other variable/fixed-yield securities	
4. Commissions/fees receivable	
5. Commissions/fees payable	
6. Net profit or net loss on financial operations	
7. Other operating income	
8. Other operating expense	
Institutions shall include each element in the sum with its positive or	
negative sign.	
Institutions shall adjust these elements to reflect the following	
qualifications:	
a) institutions shall calculate the relevant indicator based on the figures	
reported in Annex III, or where applicable in Annex IV, of the	
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/451 of 17 December	
2020 laying down implementing technical standards for the application	
of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the	
Council with regard to supervisory reporting of institutions and	
repealing Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014;	
ab) institutions shall calculate the relevant indicator before the	
deduction of any provisions and operating expenses. Institutions shall	
include in the operating expenses the fees paid for outsourcing services	

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
rendered provided by third parties which are not a parent or subsidiary	
of the institution or a subsidiary of a parent which is also the parent of	
the institution. Institutions may use expenditure on the outsourcing of	
services rendered provided by third parties to reduce the relevant	
indicator where the expenditure is incurred from an undertaking	
subject to rules under, or equivalent to, this Regulation No 575/2013 and	
this Directive;	
bc) institutions shall not use the following elements items in the	
calculation of the relevant indicator:	
(i) realised profits/losses from the sale of non-trading book items;	
(ii) income from extraordinary or irregular items;	
(iii) income derived from insurance.	
ed) when the revaluation of trading items is part of the profit and	
loss statement, institutions may include revaluation. When institutions	
apply Article 36(2) of Directive 86/635/EEC, they shall include	
revaluation booked in the profit and loss account."	
4. The average daily <u>amount of the financial capacity indicator</u> turnover	
net turnover referred to in paragraph (2), point (b)(i), shall be the amount	
of the financial capacity indicator total annual net turnover total annual	
net turnover referred to in paragraph 3 divided by 365.'	

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
(11) Article 70 is replaced by the following:	
'Article 70	
Effective application of administrative penalties or other	
administrative measures and exercise of powers to impose penalties by	
competent authorities	
1. Member States shall ensure that, when determining the type and level of	
administrative penalties or other administrative measures, the competent	
authorities shall take into account all relevant circumstances, including	
where appropriate:	
(a) the gravity and the duration of the breach;	
(b) the degree of responsibility of the natural or legal person responsible	
for the breach;	
(c) the financial strength of the natural or legal person responsible for	
the breach, as indicated, including by the total turnover of a legal person or	
the annual income of a natural person;	
(d) the importance of profits gained or losses avoided by the natural or	
legal person responsible for the breach, insofar as they can be determined;	
(e) the losses for third parties caused by the breach, insofar as they can	
be determined;	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
(f) the level of cooperation of the natural or legal person responsible for	
the breach with the competent authority;	
(g) previous breaches by the natural or legal person responsible for the	
breach;	
(h) any potential systemic consequences of the breach.	
(i) previous application of criminal penalties to the same natural or legal	
person responsible for the same breach.	
2. In the exercise of their powers to impose penalties, competent	
authorities shall cooperate closely to ensure that penalties produce the	
results pursued by this Directive. They shall also coordinate their	
actions to prevent accumulation and overlap when applying penalties	
and administrative measures to cross-border cases. Competent	
authorities shall cooperate closely with judicial authorities when dealing	
with same cases.	
3. Competent authorities may apply penalties in relation to the same	
natural or legal person responsible for the same acts or omissions in the	
case of an accumulation of administrative and criminal proceedings and	
penalties is punishing the same breach. However, such accumulation of	
proceedings and penalties shall be strictly necessary and proportionate	
to pursue different and complementary objectives of general interest.	
The severity of all the penalties and other administrative measures	

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
imposed in case of accumulation of administrative and criminal	
proceedings shall be limited to what is necessary in the view of the	
seriousness of the breach concerned. Member States shall lay down clear	
and precise rules regarding the circumstances in which acts or and	
omissions may be subject to such accumulation of administrative and	
eriminal proceedings and penalties.	
4. Member States shall lay down rules providing for full cooperation	
between competent authorities and judicial authorities to ensure a	
sufficiently close connection in substance and time between	
administrative and criminal proceedings.	
5. By 18 July 2029, EBA shall submit a report to the Commission on the	
cooperation between competent authorities and judicial authorities in	
the context of application of administrative penalties. In addition, EBA	
shall assess any divergences in the application of penalties between	
competent authorities in this respect. In particular, EBA shall assess:	
(a) the level of cooperation between competent authorities and	
judicial authorities in the context of application of penalties;	
(b) the level of cooperation between competent authorities in the	
context of penalties applicable to cross-border cases or in case of	
accumulation of administrative and criminal proceedings;	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
(e) the application and the level of protection of ne bis in idem	
principle with regards to administrative and criminal penalties by	
Member States;	
(d) the application of the principle of proportionality when both	
penalties are imposed in case of accumulation of administrative and	
criminal proceedings;	
(e) the exchange of information between competent authorities when	
dealing with cross border cases.';	
(12) in Article 73, the first subparagraph is replaced by the following:	
'Institutions shall have in place sound, effective and comprehensive	
strategies and processes to assess and maintain on an ongoing basis the	
amounts, types and distribution of internal capital that they consider	
adequate to cover the nature and level of the risks to which they are or might	
be exposed. For Tthe coverage of environmental, social and governance	
risks through this process institutions shall be done for explicitly take	
into account in the short, medium and long term time including	
environmental, social and governance risks.';"	
(13) in Article 74, paragraph 1 is replaced by the following:	
'1. Institutions shall have robust governance arrangements, which include:	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
(a) a clear organisational structure with well-defined, transparent and	
consistent lines of responsibility;	
(b) effective processes to identify, manage, monitor and report the risks	
they are or might be exposed to in the short, medium and long term time	
horizon, including environmental, social and governance risks in the short,	
medium and long term;	
(c) adequate internal control mechanisms, including sound	
administration and accounting procedures;	
(d) remuneration policies and practices that are consistent with and	
promote sound and effective risk management.	
The remuneration policies and practices referred to in the first subparagraph	
<pre>point 1(d) shall be gender neutral.';</pre>	
(14) Article 76 is amended as follows:	
(a) paragraph 1 is replaced by the following:	
'1. Member States shall ensure that the management body approves and	
periodically at least every two years reviews the strategies and policies for	
taking up, managing, monitoring and mitigating the risks the institution is or	
might be exposed to, including those posed by the macroeconomic	
environment in which it operates in relation to the status of the business	
cycle, and those relating to resulting from the current, short, medium	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
and long-term impacts of environmental, social and governance factors in	
the short, medium and long-term.';	
(b) in paragraph 2 the following subparagraph is added:	
'Member States shall ensure that the management body develops and	'Member States shall ensure that the management body develops and
monitors the implementation of specific plans, and quantifiable targets	monitors the implementation of specific plans, and quantifiable targets
and processes to monitor and address the financial risks arising in the short,	and processes to monitor and address the financial risks arising in the
medium and long-term from the misalignment of the business model and	short, medium and long-term from ESG factors, inluding those arising
strategy of the institutions, with the relevant Member States and Union	from the process of adjustment and transition trends towards the
legal and regulatory policy objectives or broader transition trends	misalignment of the business model and strategy of the institutions, with
towards a sustainable economy in relation to environmental, social and	the relevant Member States and Union legal and regulatory policy
governance factors in particular those set out in Regulation (EU)	objectives or broader transition trends towards a sustainable
2021/1119 ("European Climate Law"), as well as, where relevant, third	economy in relation to environmental, social and governance factors in
country objectives.';	particular those set out in Regulation (EU) 2021/1119 ("European
	Climate Law"), as well as, where relevant, third country legal and
	regulatory objectives.';
(c) paragraph 5 is replaced by the following:	
'5. Member States shall, in accordance with the proportionality requirement	
laid down in Article 7(2) of Commission Directive 2006/73/EC*11, ensure	
that institutions have internal control functions independent from the	
operational functions and which shall have sufficient authority, stature,	
resources and access to the management body.	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
Member States shall ensure that the internal control functions ensure that all	
material risks are identified, measured, and properly reported and managed	
and that the internal control functions deliver a complete view of the	
whole range of risks of the institution. They shall ensure that the internal	
control risk management and the compliance functions are actively	
involved in elaborating the institution's risk strategy, in controlling its	
effective implementation and in all material risk management decisions	
and that the internal control functions can deliver a complete view of the	
whole range of risks of the institution.	
Member States shall ensure that:	
a) the internal control functions ensure that all material risks are	
properly identified, measured and reported;	
b) the internal control functions provide a comprehensive view of the	
whole range of risks that the institution is exposed to:	
c) the risk management function is actively involved in elaborating the	c) the risk management function is actively involved in elaborating
institution's risk strategy and in all its material risk management	the institution's risk strategy and in all its material risk management
decisions;	decisions and has control over the effective implementation of the risk
	strategy;

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
d) the risk management function, together with the internal audit	d) the risk management function, together with the internal audit
function, has control over the effective implementation of the	function, kas control over performs an independent review of the
institution's risk strategy.	effective implementation of the institution's risk strategy.
Without prejudice to points a) to d) of this paragraph, the compliance	
function shall assess and mitigate compliance risk and ensure that the	
institution's risk strategy takes into account compliance risk and that	
compliance risk is adequately taken into account in all material risk	
management decisions.	
Member States shall ensure that the internal control function can report	Member States shall ensure that the internal control function can report
directly to the management body in its supervisory function, independent	directly to the management body in its supervisory function, independent
from members of the management body in its management function or senior	from members of the management body in its management function or
management, and have direct access to the management body in its	senior management, and have direct access to the management body in
supervisory function, in particuliar to can raise concerns and warn that	its supervisory function, in particuliar to can raise concerns and warn
body, where appropriate, where specific risk developments affect or may	that body, where appropriate, where specific risk developments affect or
affect the institution, without prejudice to the responsibilities of the	may affect the institution, without prejudice to the responsibilities of the
management body pursuant to this Directive and Regulation (EU) No	management body pursuant to this Directive and Regulation (EU) No
575/2013.	575/2013.
Member States shall ensure that the internal control function:	Member States shall ensure that the internal control function:
i) has direct access to the management body in its supervisory function,	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
ii) can report directly to the management body in its supervisory	i) has direct access to the management body in its supervisory
function.	function,
	ii) can report directly to the management body in its supervisory
	function.
	(d) The following new paragraph 5a is inserted:
	'5a. Member States shall ensure that the internal control functions:
	a) have direct access to the management body in its supervisory
	function,
	b) can report directly to the management body in its supervisory
	function.'
The internal control function shall exercise the options under points (i)	The internal control functions shall exercise the options
and (ii) independent from members of the management body in its	functions referred to in under points (ia) and (iib) independent
management function, and in particular to raise concerns and warn that	independently from the members of the management body in its
body where appropriate or where specific risk developments affect or	management function and from senior management, and shall in
may affect the institution, without prejudice to the responsibilities of the	particular be able to raise concerns and warn that the management
management body pursuant to this Directive and Regulation (EU) No	body in its supervisory function where appropriate or where specific
<u>575/2013.</u>	risk developments affect or may affect the institution, without

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
	prejudice to the responsibilities of the management body pursuant to
	this Directive and Regulation (EU) No 575/2013.
The heads of internal control functions shall be independent senior managers	The heads of internal control functions shall be independent senior
with distinct responsibility for the risk management, compliance and internal	managers with distinct responsibility for the risk management,
audit functions. Where the nature, scale and complexity of the activities	compliance and internal audit functions. Where the nature, scale and
of the institution do not justify to appoint a specific person for each	complexity of the activities of the institution do not justify to appoint
internal control functions, another senior person within the institution	a specific person for each internal control functions, another senior
Where the nature, scale and complexity of the activities of the institution	person within the institution Where the nature, scale and complexity
do not justify appointing a specific person for each internal control	of the activities of the institution do not justify appointing a specific
functions, another senior person within the institution Institutions that	person for each internal control functions the risk management
are not significant in terms of their size, internal organisation and the	function and/or the compliance function, another senior person that
nature, scope and complexity of their activities may combine the	performs other tasks within the institution Institutions that are not
responsibilities for those functions the compliance and the risk	significant in terms of their size, internal organisation and the nature,
management function, where the nature, scale and complexity	scope and complexity of their activities may combine fulfil the
of the activities of the institution do not justify to appoint a specific	responsibilities for those functions the compliance and/or the risk
person for each internal control functions, provided that there is no	management function functions, where the nature, scale and
conflict of interest	complexity of the activities of the institution do not justify to appoint
	a specific person for each internal control functions, provided that:
	i) there is no conflict of interest

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
	ii) the person responsible for the risk management function and the
	compliance function possesses the knowledge and expertise needed
	for the different areas concerned and
	iii) the person responsible for the risk management function and the
	compliance function has the time needed to perform both control
	functions correctly.
	The internal audit function shall not be combined with any other
	business line or control function of the institution.
The heads of the internal control functions shall not be removed without prior	
approval of the management body in its supervisory function and shall be	
able to have direct access to the management body in its supervisory	
function where necessary.	
*11 Commission Directive 2006/73/EC of 10 August 2006 implementing	
Directive 2004/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as	
regards organisational requirements and operating conditions for investment	
firms and defined terms for the purposes of that Directive (OJ L 241,	
2.9.2006, p. 26).';	
(14a) Article 77 is amended as follows:	
(a) paragraph 3 is replaced by the following:	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
3. Competent authorities shall encourage institutions, taking into	
account their size, internal organisation and the nature, scale and	
complexity of their activities, to develop internal specific market risk	
assessment capacity and to increase the use of internal models for	
calculating own funds requirements for portfolio of trading book	
positions debt instruments in the trading book, together with internal	
models to calculate own funds requirements for default risk where their	
exposures to specific market default risk are material in absolute terms	
and where they have a large number of material positions in traded debt	
or equity instruments of different issuers.	
This Article shall be without prejudice to the fulfilment of the criteria	
laid down in Part Three, Title IV, Chapter 5-1b, Sections 1 to 5-3, of	
Regulation (EU) No 575/2013.	
(b) the first subparagraph of paragraph 4 is replaced by the	
following:	
4. EBA shall develop draft regulatory technical standards to define the	
notion concept of 'exposures to specific market default risk which are	
material in absolute terms' referred to in the first subparagraph of	
paragraph 3 and the thresholds for large numbers of material	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
counterparties and positions in traded debt or equity instruments of	
different issuers.'	
(15) Article 78 is amended as follows:	
(a) the title is replaced by the following:	
'Supervisory benchmarking of approaches for calculating own funds	
requirements';	
(b) paragraph 1 is replaced by the following:	
'1. Competent authorities shall ensure all of the following:	
(a) that institutions permitted to use internal approaches for the	
calculation of risk weighted exposure amounts or own funds requirements	
report the results of their calculations for their exposures or positions that are	
included in the benchmark portfolios;	
(b) that institutions using the alternative standardised approach set out in	
Part Three, Title IV, Chapter 1a of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 report the	
results of their calculations for their exposures or positions that are included	
in the benchmark portfolios templates; provided that the size of the	
institution's on- and off-balance-sheet business that is subject to market	
risk is equal to or more than EUR 500 million in accordance with	
Regulation (EU) No 575/2013, article Article 325a(1)	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
(c) that institutions permitted to use internal approaches under Part	
Three, Title II, Chapter 3 of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013, as well as	
<u>relevant</u> significant institutions that apply the standardised approach under	
Part Three, Title II, Chapter 2 of that Regulation, report the results of the	(C,)
calculations of the approaches used for the purpose of determining the	
amount of expected credit losses for their exposures or positions that are	
included in the benchmark portfolios templates, where any of the following	
conditions is met:	
(i) institutions prepare their accounts in conformity with the	
international accounting standards adopted in accordance with Article 6(2)	
of Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002;	
(ii) institutions perform the valuation of assets and off-balance sheet	
items and the determination of their own funds in conformity with the	
international accounting standards pursuant to Article 24(2) of Regulation	
(EU) No 575/2013;	
(iii) institutions perform the valuation of assets and off-balance sheet	
items in conformity with accounting standards under Directive	
86/635/EEC*12 and they use an expected credit loss model that is the same	
as the one used in international accounting standards adopted in accordance	
with Article 6(2) of Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002.	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
Institutions shall submit the results of their calculations referred to in the first	
subparagraph together with an explanation of the methodologies used to	
produce them and any qualitative information, as requested by EBA, that can	
explain the impact of these calculations on own funds requirements.	(C)
results shall be submitted at least to the competent authorities at least	
annually to the competent authorities., but with the possibility for EBA	
may to conduct the exercise biennially for each approach mentionned in	
paragraph 1, points (a), (b) and (c) after the exercise has run five times for	
each single approach.	
(c) paragraph 3 is amended as follows:	
(i) the introductory wording is replaced by the following:	
'Competent authorities shall, on the basis of the information submitted by	
institutions in accordance with paragraph 1, monitor the range of risk	
weighted exposure amounts or own funds requirements, as applicable, for	
the exposures or transactions in the benchmark portfolio resulting from the	
approaches of those institutions. Competent authorities shall make an	
assessment of the quality of those approaches with at least the same	
frequency as the EBA exercise referred to in paragraph 1, second	
subparagraph, paying particular attention to:';	
(ii) point (b) is replaced by the following:	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
'(b) approaches where there is particularly high or low variability	
diversity, and also where there is a significant and systematic under-	
estimation of own funds requirements.';	
(ii) (iii) the second subparagraph is replaced by the following:	
'EBA shall produce a report to assist the competent authorities in the	
assessment of the quality of the approaches based on the information referred	
to in paragraph 2.';	
(d) in paragraph 5, the introductory sentence is replaced by the	
following:	
'The competent authorities shall ensure that their decisions on the	
appropriateness of corrective actions as referred to in paragraph 4, comply	
with the principle that such actions must maintain the objectives of the	
approaches within the scope of this Article and therefore do not:';	
(e) paragraph 6 is replaced by the following:	
'6. EBA may issue guidelines and recommendations in accordance with	
Article 16 of Regulation (EU) No 1093/2010 where it considers them	
necessary on the basis of the information and assessments referred to in	
paragraphs 2 and 3 of this Article in order to improve supervisory practices	
or practices of institutions with regard to the approaches within the scope of	
the supervisory benchmarking.';	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
(f) paragraph 8 is amended as follows:	
(i) in the first subparagraph, the following point (c) is added:	
'(c) the list of <u>relevant significant</u> institutions referred to in paragraph 1,	
point (c).';	
(ii) the following second subparagraph is inserted:	
'For the purposes of point (c), when determining the list of significant	
<u>relevant</u> institutions EBA shall take into account proportionality	
considerations.';	
*12 Council Directive 86/635/EEC of 8 December 1986 on the annual	
accounts and consolidated accounts of banks and other financial institutions	
(OJ L 372, 31.12.1986, p. 1).	
(16) paragraph 1 of Article 85 is amended as follows:	
"1. Competent authorities shall ensure that institutions implement policies	
and processes to evaluate and manage the exposures to operational risk,	
including risks resulting arising from outsourcing arrangements, and to	
cover low-frequency high-severity events. Institutions shall articulate what	
constitutes operational risk for the purposes of those policies and	
procedures."	
(17) a new Article 87a is inserted:	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
'Article 87a	
Environmental, social and governance risks	
1. Competent authorities shall ensure that institutions have, as part of their	
robust governance arrangements including risk management framework	
required under Article 74(1), robust strategies, policies, processes and	
systems for the identification, measurement, management and monitoring of	
environmental, social and governance risks over the short, medium and	
long term an appropriate set of time horizons.	
2. The strategies, policies, processes and systems referred to in paragraph 1	
shall be proportionate to the scale, nature and complexity of the	
environmental, social and governance risks of to the business model and	
scope of the institution's activities, and consider the short, medium and a	
long-term of at least 10 years.	
3. Competent authorities shall ensure that institutions test their resilience to	
long-term negative impacts of environmental, social and governance <u>risks</u>	
factors, both under baseline and adverse scenarios within a given timeframe,	
starting with environmental risks elimate-related factors. For the testing,	
competent authorities shall ensure that institutions include a number of	
environmental, and social and governance scenarios reflecting potential	
impacts of environmental and social changes and associated public policies	
on the long-term business environment.	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
4. Competent authorities shall assess and monitor developments of	
institutions' practices concerning their environmental, social and governance	
strategy and risk management, including the plans, quantifiable targets and	
processes to monitor and address the ESG risks arising in the short,	
medium and long-term, to be prepared in accordance with Article 76(2).	
as well as the progress made and the risks to adapt their business models to	
financial the risks stemming from the relevant Member States and Union	
policy legal and regulatory objectives of the Union or broader transition	
trends towards a sustainable economy, in particular those set out in	
Regulation (EU) 2021/1119 ("European Climate Law"), as well as,	
where relevant, third country objectives, taking This assessment shall	
take into account the institutions' sustainability related product offering,	
transition finance policies, related loan origination policies, and	
sustainability related product offering, their transition finance policies,	
related loan origination policies, and environmental, social and	
governance related targets and limits.	
5. EBA shall issue guidelines, in accordance with Article 16 of Regulation	
(EU) No 1093/2010, to specify:	
(a) minimum standards and reference methodologies for the	
identification, measurement, management and monitoring of environmental,	
social and governance risks;	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
(b) the content of plans to be prepared in accordance with Article 76(2),	
which shall include specific timelines and intermediate quantifiable targets	
and milestones, in order to monitor and address the financial risks	
stemming from misalignment of the business model and strategy of	(C,)
institutions with ESG factors, including those arising from the process of	
adjustment and transition trends towards the relevant Member States	
and Union legal and regulatory policy objectives of the Union, or broader	
transition trends towards a sustainable economy in relation to environmental,	
social and governance factors, in particular those set out in Regulation	
(EU) 2021/1119 ("the European Climate Law") ,as well as, where	
relevant for internationally active institutions, third country objectives	
that are at least as ambitious as those under Union law;	
(c) qualitative and quantitative criteria for the assessment of the impact	
of environmental, social and governance risks on the <u>risk profile and</u>	
solvency financial stability of institutions in the short, medium and long	
term;	
(d) until 31 December 2024, competent authorities should have the	
possibility to waive the requirement for these plans to include	
quantitative criteria.	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
(de) (d) criteria for setting the scenarios and methods referred to in	
paragraph 3, including the parameters and assumptions to be used in each of	
the scenarios, and specific risks and time horizons;-	
EBA shall publish those guidelines by [OP please insert the date = 18 12	
months from date of entry into force of this amending Directive]. EBA shall	
update those guidelines on a regular basis, to reflect the progress made in	
measuring and managing environmental, social and governance factors as	
well as the developments of policy objectives of the Union on	
sustainability.';	
6. Until [OP please insert the date = 24 months from date of entry into	
force of this amending Directive], competent authorities may waive the	
requirement that the plans referred to in paragraph 4 include	
quantitative criteria.	
(18) Article 88 is amended as follows:	
(a) in paragraph 1, point (e) is replaced by the following:	
'(e) the chairman of the management body in its supervisory function of	
an institution may not exercise simultaneously the functions of a chief	
executive officer within the same institution.';	
(b) in Article 88, the following paragraph 3 is added: (b) in	
Article 88, the following paragraph 3 is added:	

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
'3. Member States shall ensure that institutions draw up, maintain and	'3. Member States shall ensure that institutions draw up, maintain
update individual statements setting out the roles and duties of each	and update individual statements setting out the roles and duties of
member of the management body, senior management and key function	each member of the management body, senior management and key
holders and a mapping of duties, including details of the reporting lines	function holders and a mapping of duties, including details of the
and the lines of responsibility, and the persons who are part of the	reporting lines and the lines of responsibility, and the persons who
governance arrangements as referred to in Article 74 (1) and their duties	are part of the governance arrangements as referred to in Article 74
approved by the management body.	(1) and their duties approved by the management body.
'3. Without prejudice to the overall responsibility of the management	43. Without prejudice to the overall responsibility of the management
body as a collegial body, Member States shall ensure that institutions	body as a collegial body, Member States shall ensure that institutions
draw up, maintain and update individual statements setting out the roles	draw up, maintain and update individual statements setting out the
and duties of all members of the management body in its management	roles and duties of all members of the management body in its
function, senior management and key function holders and a mapping	management function, senior management senior management and
of duties, including details of the reporting lines and the lines of	key function holders and a mapping of duties, including details of the
responsibility, and the persons who are part of the governance	reporting lines and the lines of responsibility, and the persons who
arrangements as referred to in Article 74 (1) and their duties approved	are part of the governance arrangements as referred to in Article 74
by the management body.	(1) and their duties approved by the management body.
Member States shall ensure that the statements of duties and the	Member States shall ensure that the statements of duties and the
mapping of the duties are made available and communicated in due	mapping of the duties are made available and communicated in due
time, upon request, to the competent authorities.	time, upon request, to the competent authorities.
	Member States shall ensure that the statements of duties and the
	mapping of the duties are made available at all time and

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
Member States shall ensure that the statements of duties and the	communicated including to obtain authorisation as referred in
mapping of the duties are made available and communicated in due	Article 8, in due time, upon request, to the competent authorities.'
time, upon request, to the competent authorities.'	
EBA shall issue guidelines, in accordance with Article 16 of Regulation	
(EU) No 1093/2010, ensuring the implementation of this paragraph and	
its consistent application. EBA shall issue those guidelines by [OP please	
insert the date = 12 months from date of entry into force of this	
amending Directive].'	
(19) Article 91 is replaced by the following: The last subparagraph of	
Article 91 is amended as follows:	
(a) paragraph 1 is replaced by the following:	
'1. Institutions and financial holding companies and mixed financial	'1. Institutions and financial holding companies and mixed financial
holding companies, as approved pursuant to Article 21a(1), ("the	holding companies, as approved pursuant to Article 21a(1), ("the
entities"), shall have the primary responsibility for ensuring that	entities"), shall have the primary responsibility for ensuring that
members of the management body are at all times of sufficiently good	members of the management body are at all times of sufficiently good
repute and possess sufficient knowledge, skills and experience to	repute and possess sufficient knowledge, skills and experience to
perform their duties and fulfil the requirements set out in paragraphs 2	perform their duties and fulfil the requirements set out in paragraphs
to 8, except as regards special Managers appointed by resolution	2 to 8, except as regards special Managers managers appointed by
authorities under article 35 (1) of the Directive 2014/59/EU.	resolution authorities under article 35 (1) of the Directive 2014/59/EU
	and temporary administrators appointed by competent authorities
	under article 29 (1) of the Directive 2014/59/EU.

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
Without prejudice to the first subparagraph of this paragraph,	
competent authorities shall not reassess the suitability of the members	
of the management body when their mandate is renewed, unless relevant	
information that is known to competent authorities has changed and	
such change may affect the suitability of the member concerned.	
Where members of the management body do not fulfil the requirements	
set out in this paragraph, competent authorities shall have the power to	
remove such members from the management body. The competent	
authorities shall in particular verify whether the requirements set out in	
this paragraph are still fulfilled where they have reasonable grounds to	
suspect that money laundering or terrorist financing within the meaning	
of Article 1 of Directive (EU) 2015/849 is being or has been committed	
or attempted, or there is increased risk thereof in connection with that	
institution.'	
(b) in paragraph 4 the following subparagraph is added:	
'For the purposes of point (a) of this paragraph, a group shall mean a	
group of undertakings that are related to each other as set out in Article	
22 of Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the	
Council*.'	
(c) paragraph 7 is replaced by the following:	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
'7. The management body shall possess adequate collective knowledge,	
skills and experience to be able to understand the institution's activities,	
including the main risks, taking into account the environmental, social	
and governance factors. The overall composition of the management	
body shall reflect an adequately broad range of experience.'	
(d) the last subparagraph of Article 91 is replaced by the following:	(d) the last subparagraph paragraph of Article 91 is replaced by the
	<u>following:</u>
'13. This Article shall be without prejudice to provisions of the Member	
States on the representation of employees in the management body and	
on the appointment of members of the management body in its	
supervisory function by regional or local public elected bodies. In these	
cases, appropriate safeguards shall be put in place to ensure the	
suitability of these members of the management body.'	
(19a) The following Article 91a is inserted:	
Article 91a	
Key function holders	
1. The entities as referred to in Article 91 (1) shall have the primary	
responsibility for ensuring that key function holders are of good repute,	
have honesty and integrity and possess the knowledge, skills and	
experience necessary to perform their duties at all times.	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
2. Where the entities conclude, based on the assessment referred to in	
paragraph 1, that the person does not fulfil the requirements set out in	
that paragraph, they shall not appoint that person as a key function	
holder. The entities shall take all measures necessary to ensure the	(C)
appropriate functioning of that position.	
3. The entities shall ensure that information about the suitability of the	
key function holders remains up-to-date. Where requested, the entities	
shall communicate that information to competent authorities.	
4. Member States shall ensure that competent authorities assess whether	4. Member States shall ensure that competent authorities assess
the heads of internal control functions and the chief financial officer	whether the heads of internal control functions and the chief financial
fulfil the suitability criteria set out in paragraph 1, where those heads or	officer fulfil the suitability criteria set out in paragraph 1, where those
the officer are to be appointed for roles at least in the following entities:	heads or the officer are to be appointed for roles at least in the
	following entities:
(a) the EU parent institution that qualifies as large institution;	
(a) (b) the parent institution in a Member State that qualifies as large	(a) (b) the parent institution in a Member State that qualifies as large
institution; except if it is affiliated to a central body. In that case, only	institution; except if it is affiliated to a central body. except where it
the suitability of members or the management body of the central body	is affiliated to a central body; In that case, only the suitability of
should be assessed;	members or the management body of the central body should be
	assessed;
(b) (c) central body that qualifies as large institution or that supervises	
large institutions affiliated to it;	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
(d) stand-alone institution in the EU that qualifies as a large institution;	
for the purpose of this paragraph, the condition under letter (d) of	
Article 4(1), point (146), of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 applies on an	
individual basis;	
(e) relevant subsidiary when they are parent institutions in a Member	
State.	
(f) (e) the parent financial holding companies in a Member State, parent	(f) (e) the parent financial holding companies in a Member State,
mixed financial holding companies in a Member State, EU parent	parent mixed financial holding companies in a Member State, EU
financial holding companies and EU parent mixed financial holding	parent financial holding companies and EU parent mixed financial
companies, having large institutions or relevant subsidiaries within their	holding companies, having large institutions or relevant subsidiaries
group, except those falling under Article 21a(4).	within their group, except those falling under Article 21a(4).;
Without prejudice to paragraph 4, where it is strictly necessary to	Without prejudice to paragraph 4, where it is strictly necessary to
replace the heads of internal control functions or the chief financial	replace the heads of internal control functions or the chief financial
officer immediately, the competent authorities may assess the suitability	officer immediately, the competent authorities may assess the
of such replacement heads or officer after they have taken up their	suitability of such replacement heads or officer after they have taken
positions. The entities shall be able to duly justify such immediate	up their positions. The entities shall be able to duly justify such
replacement.	immediate replacement.
Article 91	
Suitability criteria for members of the management body of the entities	
1. Institutions and financial holding companies and mixed financial	
holding companies, as approved pursuant to Article 21a(1),("the	

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
entities"), shall have the primary responsibility for ensuring that	
members of the management body are at all times of good repute and	
possess sufficient knowledge, skills and experience to perform their	
duties and fulfil the requirements set out in paragraphs 2 to 8 of this	
Article.	
Competent authorities shall in particular verify whether the criteria and	
requirements set out in the first subparagraph of this Article are still	
fulfilled where they have reasonable grounds to suspect that money	
laundering or terrorist financing within the meaning of Article 1 of	
Directive (EU) 2015/849 is being or has been committed or attempted,	
or there is increased risk thereof in connection with that institution.	
2. Each member of the management body shall commit sufficient time	
to perform his or her functions in the entities.	
3. Each member of the management body shall act with honesty,	
integrity and independence of mind to effectively assess and challenge	
the decisions of the senior management where necessary and to	
effectively oversee and monitor management decision-making. Being a	
member of the management body of a credit institution permanently	
affiliated to a central body shall not in itself constitute an obstacle for	
acting with independence of mind.	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
4. The management body shall possess collective knowledge, skills and	
experience to be able to adequately understand the institution's	
activities, as well as the associated risks it is exposed to, in the short,	
medium and long term, taking into account the environmental, social	
and governance factors. The overall composition of the management	
body shall reflect an adequately broad range of experience.	
5. The number of directorships which a member of the management	
body may hold simultaneously shall take into account individual	
circumstances and the nature, scale and complexity of the institution's	
activities. Unless where members of the management body represent the	
interests of a Member State, members of the management body of an	
institution that is significant in terms of its size, internal organisation	
and the nature, the scope and the complexity of its activities shall, from	
1 July 2014, not hold more than one of the following combinations of	
directorships simultaneously:	
(a) one executive directorship with two non-executive directorships;	
(b) four non-executive directorships.	
6. For the purposes of paragraph 5, the following shall count as a single	
directorship:	
(a) executive or non-executive directorships held within the same group.	

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
(b) executive or non-executive directorships held within either of the	
following:	
(i) institutions which are members of the same institutional protection	
scheme provided that the conditions set out in Article 113(7) of	
Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 are fulfilled;	
(ii) undertakings, including non-financial entities, in which the	
institution holds a qualifying holding.	
For the purposes of point (a) of this paragraph, a group shall mean a	
group of undertakings that are related to each other as set out in Article	
22 of Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the	
Council *13.	
7. Directorships in organisations which do not pursue predominantly	
commercial objectives shall not count for the purposes of paragraph 5.	
8. Competent authorities may authorise members of the management	
body to hold one non-executive directorship on top of the directorships	
referred to in paragraph 5, points (a) and (b).	
9. The entities shall devote adequate human and financial resources to	
the induction and training of members of the management body.	
10. Member States or competent authorities shall require entities and	
their respective nomination committees, where established, to engage a	

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
broad set of qualities and competences when recruiting members to the	
management body and for that purpose to put in place a policy	
promoting diversity in the management body.	
11. Competent authorities shall collect the information disclosed in	
accordance with Article 435(2), point (c), of Regulation (EU) No	
575/2013 and shall use that information to benchmark diversity	
practices. Competent authorities shall provide EBA with that	
information. EBA shall use that information to benchmark diversity	
practices at Union level.	
12. EBA shall issue guidelines on the following:	
(a) the notion of sufficient time commitment of a member of the	
management body to perform his or her functions, in relation to the	
individual circumstances and the nature, scale and complexity of	
activities of the institution;	
(b) the notions of honesty, integrity and independence of mind of a	
member of the management body as referred to in paragraph 3;	
(e) the notion of adequate collective knowledge, skills and experience of	
the management body as referred to in paragraph 4;	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
(d) the notion of adequate human and financial resources devoted to the	
induction and training of members of the management body as referred	
to in paragraph 9;	
(e) the notion of diversity to be taken into account for the selection of	
members of the management body as referred to in paragraph 10;	
EBA shall issue those guidelines by [OP please insert the date = 12]	
months from date of entry into force of this amending Directive].	
13. This Article and Articles 91a to 91d shall be without prejudice to	
provisions of the Member States on the representation of employees in	
the management body.';	
*13 Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council	
of 26 June 2013 on the annual financial statements, consolidated	
financial statements and related reports of certain types of	
undertakings, amending Directive 2006/43/EC of the European	
Parliament and of the Council (OJ L 182, 29.6.2013)	
(20) the following Articles 91a to 91d are inserted:	
Article 91a	
Suitability assessment of members of the management body by the	
entities	

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
1. The entities as referred to in Article 91(1) shall ensure that members	
of the management body fulfil the criteria and requirements set out in	
Article 91(1) to (8) at all times.	
2. The entities shall assess the suitability of members of the management	
body before those members take up their positions. Where the entities	
conclude, based on the suitability assessment, that the member	
concerned does not fulfil the criteria and requirements set out in	
paragraph 1, the entities shall ensure that the member concerned does	
not take up the position considered.	
However, where it is strictly necessary to replace a member of the	
management body immediately, the entities may assess the suitability of	
such replacement members after they have taken up their positions. The	
entities shall be able to duly justify such immediate replacement.	
3. The entities shall ensure that information about the suitability of the	
members of the management body remains up-to-date. Where	
requested, the entities shall communicate that information to the	
competent authorities.	
4. The entities that renew the mandate of members of the management	
body shall inform in writing the competent authorities within 15	
working days of the date of that renewal of the mandate.	
Article 91b	

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
Suitability assessment of members of the management body of the	
entities by competent authorities	
1. Member States shall ensure that competent authorities assess whether	
members of the management body of the entities as referred to in Article	
91(1) fulfil the criteria and requirements set out in Article 91(1) to (8) at	
all times.	
2. For the assessment referred to in paragraph 1, the entities shall	
submit the initial application of the relevant member of the management	
body to the competent authorities without undue delay after the internal	
suitability assessment is completed. That application shall be	
accompanied by all the information and documentation necessary for	
competent authorities to carry out the suitability assessment effectively.	
3. Competent authorities shall acknowledge in writing the receipt of the	
application and the documentation required in accordance with	
paragraph 2 within two working days.	
Competent authorities shall complete the assessment referred to in	
paragraph 1 within 80 working days ('assessment period') as from the	
date of the written acknowledgement referred to in the first	
subparagraph of this paragraph.	
4. Competent authorities that request from the entities additional	
information or documentation, including interviews or hearings, may	

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
extend the assessment period for a maximum of 40 working days.	
However, the assessment period shall not exceed 120 working days.	
Request for additional information or documentation shall be made in	
writing and shall be specific. The entities shall acknowledge receipt of	(C,)
request for additional information or documentation within two	
working days and provide the requested additional information or	
documentation within 10 working days as of the date of the written	
acknowledgement of the request from competent authorities.	
5. As soon as any new facts or other issues that may affect the suitability	
of the member of the management body are known to the entities or the	
relevant member of the management body, the entities shall inform	
without undue delay the relevant competent authorities thereof.	
6. Competent authorities shall not reassess the suitability of members of	
the management body when their mandate is renewed, unless relevant	
information that is known to competent authorities has changed and	
such change may affect the suitability of the member concerned.	
7. Where members of the management body do not fulfil the	
requirements set out in Article 91(1) to (8) at all times or where the	
entities do not comply with the obligations and deadlines laid down in	
paragraphs 2 or 4 of this Article, Member States shall ensure that	
competent authorities have the necessary powers to:	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
(a) prevent such members to be part of the management body;	
(b) remove such members from the management body;	
(c) require the entities concerned to take the measures necessary to	
ensure that such member is suitable for the position concerned.	
8. In accordance with paragraphs 1 to 7, competent authorities shall	
carry out the suitability assessment before members of the management	
body take up their positions in the following entities:	
(a) the EU parent institution that qualifies as large institution;	
(b) the parent institution in a Member State that qualifies as large	
institution;	
(c) central body that qualifies as large institution or that supervises large	
institutions affiliated to it;	
(d) stand-alone institution in the EU that qualifies as large institution;	
(e) relevant subsidiary;	
(f) the parent financial holding companies in a Member State, parent	
mixed financial holding companies in a Member State, EU parent	
financial holding companies and EU parent mixed financial holding	
companies, having large institutions or relevant subsidiaries within their	
group.	

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
However, where it is strictly necessary to replace a member of the	
management body immediately, competent authorities may carry out	
the suitability assessment of members of the management body after	
they take up their positions. The entities shall be able to duly justify such	
immediate replacement.	
9. For the purposes of paragraph 2, EBA shall develop draft regulatory	
technical standards specifying information or accompanying documents	
required to be submitted to the competent authorities for performing	
the suitability assessment.	
EBA shall submit those draft regulatory technical standards to the	
Commission by [OP please insert the date = 12 months from the date of	
entry into force of this amending Directive].	
Power is delegated to the Commission to adopt the regulatory technical	
standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with	
Articles 10 to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1093/2010.	
10. EBA shall develop draft implementing technical standards on	
standard forms, templates and procedures for the provision of the	
information referred to in paragraph 2.	
EBA shall submit those draft implementing technical standards to the	
Commission by [OP please insert the date = 12 months from the date of	
entry into force of this amending Directive].	

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
Power is conferred on the Commission to adopt the implementing	
technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance	
with Article 15 of Regulation (EU) No 1093/2010.	
Article 91c	
Suitability criteria and assessment by the entities of key function	
holders	
1. The entities as referred to in Article 91(1) shall have the primary	
responsibility for ensuring that key function holders are of good repute,	
have honesty and integrity and possess the knowledge, skills and	
experience necessary to perform their duties at all times.	
2. Where the entities conclude, based on the assessment referred to in	
paragraph 1, that the person does not fulfil the requirements set out in	
that paragraph, they shall not appoint that person as a key function	
holder. The entities shall take all measures necessary to ensure the	
appropriate functioning of that position.	
3. The entities shall ensure that information about the suitability of the	
key function holders remains up-to-date. Where requested, the entities	
shall communicate that information to competent authorities.	
Article 91d	
Suitability assessment by competent authorities of the heads of internal	
control functions and chief financial officer	

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
1. Member States shall ensure that competent authorities assess before	
the heads of internal control functions and the chief financial officer	
take up their positions whether they fulfil the suitability criteria set out	
in Article 91c(1), where those heads or officer are to be appointed for	
roles in the following entities:	
(a) the EU parent institution that qualifies as large institution;	
(b) the parent institution in a Member State that qualifies as large	
institution;	
(c) central body that qualifies as large institution or that supervises large	
institutions affiliated to it;	
(d) stand-alone institution in the EU that qualifies as a large institution;	
(e) relevant subsidiary.	
2. For the assessment of the suitability of the heads of internal control	
functions and chief financial officer as referred to in paragraph 1, the	
entities referred to in that paragraph shall submit the initial application	
of the person concerned to the competent authorities without undue	
delay after the internal suitability assessment is completed. That	
application shall be accompanied by all the information and	
documentation necessary to competent authorities to carry out the	
suitability assessment effectively.	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
3. Competent authorities shall acknowledge in writing the receipt of the	
application and the documentation required in accordance with	
paragraph 2 within two working days.	
Competent authorities shall assess the suitability of the heads of internal	
control functions and chief financial officer within 80 working days	
('assessment period') as from the date of the written acknowledgement	
referred to in the first subparagraph.	
4. Competent authorities that request from the entities referred to	
paragraph 1 additional information or documentation, including	
interviews or hearings, may extend the assessment period for maximum	
40 working days. However, the assessment period shall not exceed 120	
working days. Request for additional information or documentation	
shall be made in writing and shall be specific. The entities referred to	
paragraph 1 shall acknowledge receipt of request for additional	
information or documentation within two working days and provide the	
requested additional information or documentation within 10 working	
days as of the date of the written acknowledgement of the request from	
competent authorities.	
5. As soon as any new facts or other issues that may affect the suitability	
of the member of the management body are known to the entities	
referred to in paragraph 1 or the relevant member of the management	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
body, the entities referred to in that paragraph shall inform without	
undue delay the relevant competent authorities thereof.	
6. Where the heads of internal control functions and chief financial	
officer do not fulfil the requirements set out in Article 91c(1), or where	
the entities referred to paragraph 1 of this Article do not comply with	
the obligations and deadlines in paragraphs 2 and 4 of this Article,	
Member States shall ensure that competent authorities have the	
necessary powers to:	
(a) prevent such heads or officer to exercise their functions;	
(b) remove such heads or officer;	
(c) require the entities referred to paragraph 1 to take the appropriate	
measures to ensure that such heads or officer concerned are suitable for	
the position considered.	
7. For the purposes of this Article, EBA shall develop draft regulatory	
technical standards specifying information or accompanying documents	
required to be submitted to the competent authorities for performing	
the suitability assessment.	
EBA shall submit those draft regulatory technical standards to the	
Commission by [OP please insert the date = 12 months after the date of	
entry into force of this amending Directive].	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
Power is delegated to the Commission to adopt the regulatory technical	
standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with	
Articles 10 to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1093/2010.	
8. EBA shall develop draft implementing technical standards on	
standard forms, templates and procedures for the provision of the	
information referred to in paragraph 2.	
EBA shall submit those draft implementing technical standards to the	
Commission by [OP please insert the date = 12 months from date of	
entry into force of this amending Directive].	
Power is conferred on the Commission to adopt the implementing	
technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance	
with Article 15 of Regulation (EU) No 1093/2010.	
9. EBA shall issue guidelines, in accordance with Article 16 of	
Regulation (EU) No 1093/2010, facilitating the implementation and	
consistent application of procedural requirements laid down in Articles	
91a to 91d of this Directive and the application of powers and actions to	
be taken by the competent authorities referred to in Article 91b(7) and	
91d(6) of this Directive. EBA shall issue those guidelines by [OP-please	
insert the date - 12 months from date of entry into force of this	
Directive].';	
(22) (21) Article 92 is amended as follows:	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
(a) in paragraph 2, points (e) and (f) are replaced by the following:	
'(e) staff engaged in internal control functions are independent from the	
business units they oversee, have appropriate authority, and are remunerated	
in accordance with the achievement of the objectives linked to their	
functions, independent of the performance of the business areas they control;	
(f) the remuneration of the <u>heads of senior staff in the</u> internal control	
functions is directly overseen by the remuneration committee referred to in	
Article 95 or, if such a committee has not been established, by the	
management body in its supervisory function;';	
(b) in paragraph 3, point (b) is replaced by the following:	
'(b) staff members with managerial responsibility over the institution's	
internal control functions or material business units;';	
(23) Article 94 is amended as follows:	
(a) in paragraph 1, point (g)(ii), the fifth indent is replaced by the	
following:	
the institution shall, without delay, inform the competent authority of	
the decisions taken by its shareholders or owners or members, including	
any approved higher maximum ratio pursuant to the first subparagraph	
of this point, and the competent authorities shall use the information	
received to benchmark the practices of institutions in that regard. The	

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
competent authorities shall provide EBA with the benchmarks and EBA	
shall publish them on an aggregate home Member State basis in a	
common reporting format. EBA may elaborate guidelines to facilitate	
the implementation of this indent and to ensure the consistency of the	
information collected;'	
(b) in paragraph 2, third subparagraph, point (a) is replaced by the	
following:	
'(a) managerial responsibility and internal control functions;';	
(c) in paragraph 3, point (a) is replaced by the following:	
'(a) an institution that is not a large institution and the value of the assets	
of which is on average and on an individual basis in accordance with this	
Directive and Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 equal to or less than EUR 5	
billion over the four-year period immediately preceding the current financial	
year;';	
(24) in Article 98, the following paragraph 9 is added:	
'9. The review and evaluation performed by competent authorities shall	
include the assessment of institutions' governance and risk management	
processes for dealing with environmental, social and governance risks, as	
well as of the institutions' exposures to environmental, social and	
governance risks. In determining the adequacy of institutions' processes and	

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
exposures, competent authorities shall take into account the business models	
of those institutions.';	
(25) in Article 100 the following paragraphs 3 and 4 are added:	
'3. Institutions and any third parties acting in a consulting capacity to	
institutions_shall refrain from activities that can impair a stress test, such as	
benchmarking, exchange of information among themselves, agreements on	
common behaviour, or optimisation of their submissions in stress tests.	
Without prejudice to other relevant provisions laid down in this Directive	
and in Regulation (EU) No 575/2013, competent authorities shall have all	
information gathering and investigatory powers that are necessary to detect	
those actions.	
4. EBA, EIOPA and ESMA shall, through the Joint Committee referred to in	
Article 54 of Regulations (EU) No 1093/2010, (EU) No 1094/2010 and (EU)	
No 1095/2010, develop guidelines to ensure that consistency, long-term	
considerations and common standards for assessment methodologies are	
integrated into the stress testing of environmental, social and governance	
risks. Stress testing of environmental, social and governance risks by	
competent authorities should start with climate-related factors. The Joint	
Committee shall publish those guidelines by [OP please insert the date	
= 12 months from date of entry into force of this amending Directive].	
EBA, EIOPA and ESMA shall, through the Joint Committee referred to in	

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
Article 54 of Regulations (EU) No 1093/2010, (EU) No 1094/2010 and (EU)	
No 1095/2010, explore how other environemental, social and governance	
related risks can be integrated into stress testing.';	
(25a) in Article 101, paragraph 3 is replaced by the following:	
'3. If for an internal market risk model, results of backtesting or P&L	
attribution test indicate for different trading desks that the model is not	
or is no longer sufficiently accurate, the competent authorities shall	
review the conditions for the permission for using the internal model or	
impose appropriate measures to ensure that the model is improved	
promptly.'	
(26) Article 104 is amended as follows:	
(a) paragraph 1 is amended as follows:	
(i) the introductory sentence is replaced by the following:	
'For the purposes of Article 97, Article 98(4) and (5) and (9), Article 101(4)	
and Article 102 of this Directive and of the application of Regulation (EU)	
No 575/2013, competent authorities shall have at least the power to:'	
(ii) point (e) is replaced by the following:	
' (e) restrict or limit the business, including with regard to the	
acceptance of deposits, operations or network of institutions or to	

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
request the divestment of activities that pose excessive risks to the	
soundness of an institution;';	
(ii) (iii) the following point (m) is added:	
'(m) require institutions to reduce excessive ESG financial the risks	'(m) require institutions to reduce excessive material ESG financial
arising in the short, medium and long-term, including those arising from	the risks arising in the short, medium and long-term, including those
the institutions's misalignment with process of adjustment and transition	arising from the institutions's misalignment with process of adjustment
trends towards the relevant Member States, Union and third country	and transition trends towards the relevant Member States, Union and
policy legal and regulatory objectives of the Union and broader	third country policy legal and regulatory objectives of the Union and
transition trends relating in relation to environmental, social and	broader transition trends relating in relation to environmental, social
governance factors in particular those set out in Regulation (EU)	and governance factors in particular those set out in Regulation (EU)
2021/1119 ("European Climate Law") over the short, medium and long	2021/1119 ("European Climate Law") over the short, medium and long
term, including through restricting or limiting their business, commercial	term, including through restricting or limiting their business,
activity or through adjustments to their business models, governance	commercial activity or through adjustments to their business models,
strategies and risk management, or requiring institutions to review their	governance strategies and risk management, or requiring institutions to
strategies.';	review their strategies.';
(b) the following paragraph 3 is added:	
'3. EBA shall issue guidelines, in accordance with Article 16 of Regulation	
(EU) No 1093/2010, to specify how competent authorities may identify that	
the credit valuation adjustment (CVA) risks of institutions, referred to in (38)	
1 of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013, pose excessive risks to the soundness	
of those institutions.';	

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
(27) Article 104a is amended as follows:	
(a) in paragraph 3, the second subparagraph is replaced by the	
following:	
'Where additional own funds are required to address the risk of excessive	
leverage not sufficiently covered by Article 92(1), point (d), of Regulation	
(EU) No 575/2013, competent authorities shall determine the level of the	
additional own funds required under paragraph 1, point (a), of this Article as	
the difference between the capital considered adequate pursuant to paragraph	
2 of this Article, except for the fifth subparagraph thereof, and the relevant	
own funds requirements set out in Parts Three and Seven of Regulation (EU)	
No 575/2013.';	
(b) the following paragraphs 6 and 7 are added:	
'6. Where an institution becomes bound by the output floor, the following	
shall apply:	
(a) the nominal amount of additional own funds required by the	
institution's competent authority in accordance with Article 104(1), point	
(a), to address risks other than the risk of excessive leverage shall not	
increase as a result of the institutions' becoming bound by the output floor;	
(b) the institution's competent authority shall, without undue delay, and	
no later than by the end date of the next review and evaluation process,	

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
review the additional own funds it required from the institution in accordance	
with Article 104(1), point (a), and remove any parts thereof that would	
double-count the risks that are already fully covered by the fact that the	
institution is bound by the output floor-:	
c) as soon as the competent authority has completed the review in point	
(b), point (a) shall no longer apply.	
For the purposes of this Article and Articles 131 and 133 of this Directive,	
an institution shall be considered as bound by the output floor when the	
institution's total risk exposure amount calculated in accordance with Article	
92(3), point (a), of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 exceeds its un-floored total	
risk exposure amount calculated in accordance with Article 92(4) of that	
Regulation.	
7. For the purposes of paragraph 2, as long as an institution is bound by the	
output floor, the institution's competent authority shall not impose an	
additional own funds requirement that would double-count the risks that are	
already fully covered by the fact that the institution is bound by the output	
floor.';	
(28) in Article 106, paragraph 1 is replaced by the following:	
'1. Member States shall empower the competent authorities to require	
institutions:	

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
(a) to require institutions to publish information referred to in Part	(a) <u>to require institutions</u> to publish information referred to in Part
Eight of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 more than once per year, and to set	Eight of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 more than once per year, and to
deadlines for the submission of disclosure information by large and	set deadlines for the submission of disclosure information by large
other institutions to EBA for its publication on a centralised EBA	and other institutions to EBA for its publication on a centralised EBA
website;	website; more frequently than prescribed in Articles 433, 433a, 433b
	and 433c;
(b) to set deadlines for large institutions and other institutions subject to	(b) to set deadlines for large institutions and other institutions subject
Article 433a and Article 433c of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 to submit	to Article 433a and Article 433c of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 to
the submission of disclosure information by large and other institutions	submit the submission of disclosure information by large and other
to EBA the competent authority which shall forward the information	institutions to EBA the competent authority which shall forward the
received to EBA for its publication on a centralised EBA website; if they	information received to EBA for its publication on a centralised EBA
have submitted the relevant information from Title II and III in Part	website; if they have submitted the relevant information from Title II
Eight of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013, in electronic format to the	and III in Part Eight of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013, in electronic
competent authority which forward the information received to EBA,	format to the competent authority which forward the information
pursuant to Article 434(1) of the same that Regulation;	received to EBA, pursuant to Article 434(1) of the same that
	Regulation;
(b) (c) to require institutions to use specific media and locations for	(b)-(c) to require institutions to use specific media and locations for
publications other than the EBA website for centralised disclosures or to	publications other than the EBA website for centralised disclosures or to
<u>publish</u> the <u>their</u> financial statements of institutions if where they have	publish the their financial statements of institutions if where they have
submitted the relevant information required in Title II and III in Part	submitted the relevant information required in Title II and III in Part
Eight of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013, in electronic format to the	Eight of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013, in electronic format to the

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
competent authority which forward the information received to EBA, in	competer tarthority which forward the information received to EBA,
accordance with Article 434(1) of the same that Regulation.	in accordance with Article 434(1) of the same that Regulation.
Notwithstanding point (a), Article 433 and Article 434 of Regulation	
(EU) No 575/2013 shall apply.	
(29) Article 121 is replaced by the following:	
'Without prejudice to provisions applicable to financial holding company or	'Without prejudice to provisions applicable to financial holding company
mixed financial holding approved in accordance with Article 21a(1),	or mixed financial holding approved in accordance with Article 21a(1),
Member States shall require that the members of the management body of a	Member States shall require that the members of the management body
financial holding company or mixed financial holding, that are not	of a financial holding company or mixed financial holding, that are not
authorised in accordance with Article 21a(1), be of sufficiently good	authorised not approved in accordance with Article 21a(1), be of
repute and possess sufficient knowledge, skills and experience as referred to	sufficiently good repute and possess sufficient knowledge, skills and
in Article 91(1) to perform those duties, taking into account the specific role	experience as referred to in Article 91(1) to perform those duties, taking
of a financial holding company or mixed financial holding company. The	into account the specific role of a financial holding company or mixed
financial holding company or mixed financial holding shall has the	financial holding company. The financial holding company companies
primary responsibility for ensuing the suitability of the members of their	or mixed financial holding companies shall has have the
management body'.	primary responsibility for ensuing ensuring the suitability of the
	members of their management body'.
(30) In Title VII, Chapter 3, the following Section 0 is inserted:	
'Section 0	
Application of this Chapter to investment firm groups	

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
Article 110a	
Scope of application to investment firm groups	
This Chapter applies to investment firm groups, as defined in Article 4(1),	
point (25) of Regulation (EU) 2019/2033 of the European Parliament and of	
the Council*, where at least one investment firm in that group is subject to	
Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 pursuant to Article 1(2) or 1(5) of Regulation	
(EU) 2019/2033*14.	
This Chapter does not apply to investment firm groups where no investment	
firm in that group is subject to Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 pursuant to	
Article 1(2) or 1(5) of Regulation (EU) 2019/2033.';	
*14 Regulation (EU) 2019/2033 of the European Parliament and of the	
Council of 27 November 2019 on the prudential requirements of investment	
firms and amending Regulations (EU) No 1093/2010, (EU) No 575/2013,	
(EU) No 600/2014 and (EU) No 806/2014 (OJ L 314, 5.12.2019, p. 1).';	
(31) Article 131 is amended as follows:	
(a) in paragraph 5, the following subparagraph is added:	
'Where an O-SII becomes bound by the output floor, its competent or	
designated authority, as applicable, shall review the institutions O-SII buffer	
requirement to make sure that its calibration remains appropriate.';	

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
(b) (a) in paragraph 5a, the second sub-paragraph is replaced by the	
following:	
'Within six weeks of receipt of the notification referred to in paragraph 7 of	
this Article, the ESRB shall provide the Commission with an opinion as to	
whether the O-SII buffer is deemed appropriate. EBA may also provide the	
Commission with its opinion on the buffer in accordance with Article	
16a(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1093/2010.';	
(b) in paragraph 6, point b) is replaced by the following:	
'(b) the O-SII buffer must be reviewed by the competent authority or	
the designated authority at least annually;';	
(c) in paragraph 6, the following point c) is added:	
'(c) where an O-SII becomes bound by the output floor, its competent or	
designated authority, as applicable, shall review, by no later than the	
date of the annual review mandated under point (b), the institution's O-	
SII buffer requirement to make sure that its calibration remains	
appropriate.';	
(e) (d) in paragraph 15, the first second subparagraph is replaced by the	
following:	
'Where the sum of the systemic risk buffer rate as calculated for the purposes	
of paragraph 10, 11 or 12 of Article 133 and the O-SII buffer rate or the G-	

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
SII buffer rate to which the same institution is subject to would be higher	
than 5 %, the procedure set out in paragraph 5a of this Article shall apply.	
For the purposes of this paragraph, where the decision to set a systemic risk	
buffer, O-SII buffer or G-SII buffer results in a decrease or no change from	
any of the previously set rates, the procedure set out in paragraph 5a of this	
Article shall not apply.';	
(32) Article 133 is amended as follows:	
(a) paragraph 1 is replaced by the following:	
'1. Each Member State shall ensure that it is possible to set a systemic	
risk buffer of Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the financial sector or	
one or more subsets of that sector on all or a subset of exposures as	
referred to in paragraph 5 of this Article, in order to prevent and	
mitigate macroprudential or systemic risks not covered by Regulation	
(EU) No 575/2013 and by Articles 130 and 131 of this Directive, in the	
meaning of a risk of disruption in the financial system with the potential	
to have serious negative consequences to the financial system and the	
real economy in a specific Member State. ';	
(b) the following paragraph 2a is inserted:	
'2a. Where an institution is bound by the output floor, both of the following	
shall apply:	

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
(a) the amount of CET1 capital it is required to have in accordance with	
paragraph 2 the first subparagraph shall be capped by the following	
amount:	
$r_T \cdot E_T^* + \sum_i r_i \cdot E_i^*$	
where:	
E_T^* = the un-floored total risk exposure amount of the institution calculated	
in accordance with Article 92(4) of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013';	
$E*_i$ = the un-floored risk exposure amount of the institution for the subset	
of exposures i calculated in accordance with Article 92(4) of Regulation	
(EU) No 575/2013;	
r_T , $r_i = r_T$ and r_i as defined in <u>paragraph 2</u> the first subparagraph.	
(b) the competent or designated authority, as applicable, shall review	
without undue delay the calibration of the systemic risk buffer rate or rates,	
as applicable, to ensure they remain appropriate and do not double-count the	
risks that are already covered by the fact that the institution is bound by the	
output floor.	
The calculation in point (a) shall apply until the comptent or competent or	
designated authority, as applicable, has completed the revision set out in	
point (b) and has published a new decision on the calibration of the	

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
systemic risk buffer rate or rates in accordance with the procedure set out in	
this Article. As of that moment, the cap in point (a) shall no longer apply.';	
(c) in paragraph 8, point (c) is replaced by the following:	
'(c) the systemic risk buffer is not to be used to address any of the	
following:	
(i) risks that are covered by Articles 130 and 131;	
(ii) risks that are fully covered by the calculation set out in Article 92(3)	
of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013.';	
(d) in paragraph 9, the following point (g) is added:	
'(g) how the calculation set out in Article 92(3) of Regulation (EU) No	
575/2013 affects the calibration of the systemic risk buffer rate or rates, as	
applicable, that the competent authority or the designated authority, as	
applicable, intends to impose.';	
(e) paragraphs 11 and 12 are replaced by the following:	
'11. Where the setting or resetting of a systemic risk buffer rate or rates on	
any set or subset of exposures referred to in paragraph 5 subject to one or	
more systemic risk buffers results in a combined systemic risk buffer rate at	
a level higher than 3 % and up to 5 % for any of those exposures, the	
competent authority or the designated authority of the Member State that sets	

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
that buffer shall request in the notification submitted in accordance with	
paragraph 9 the opinions of the Commission and the ESRB.	
Within a month of receipt of the notification referred to in paragraph 9, the	Within a month of receipt of the notification referred to in paragraph 9,
ESRB shall provide the Commission with an opinion as to whether the	the ESRB shall provide the Commission with an opinion as to whether
systemic risk buffer rate or rates is deemed appropriate. Within two months	the systemic risk buffer rate or rates is deemed appropriate. Within two
of receipt of the notification, the Commission, taking into account the	months of receipt of the notification, the Commission, taking into account
assessment of the ESRB, shall provide its opinion as to whether it considers	the assessment of the ESRB, shall provide its opinion as to whether it
that the systemic risk buffer rate or rates do not entail disproportionate	considers that the systemic risk buffer rate or rates do not entail
adverse effects on the whole or parts of the financial system of other Member	disproportionate adverse effects on the whole or parts of the financial
States or of the Union as a whole forming or creating an obstacle to the	system of other Member States or of the Union as a whole forming or
proper functioning of the internal market.	ereating an obstacle to the proper functioning of the internal market.
Where the opinion of the Commission is negative, the competent authority	
or the designated authority, as applicable, of the Member State that sets that	
systemic risk buffer shall comply with that opinion or give reasons for not	
doing so.	
Where one or more institutions to which one or more systemic risk buffer	Where one or more institutions to which one or more systemic risk buffer
rates apply is a subsidiary the parent of which is established in another	rates apply is a subsidiary the parent of which is established in another
Member State, the ESRB and the Commission shall also consider in their	Member State, the ESRB and the Commission shall also consider in their
opinions whether applying the systemic risk buffer rate or rates to those	opinions whether applying the systemic risk buffer rate or rates to those
institutions is deemed appropriate.	institutions is deemed appropriate.

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
Where the authorities of the subsidiary and of the parent disagree on the	Where in the case where the authorities of the subsidiary and of the
systemic risk buffer rate or rates applicable to that institution and in the case	parent disagree on the systemic risk buffer rate or rates applicable to that
of a negative opinion of both the Commission and the ESRB, the competent	institution and in the case of a negative opinion of both the Commission
authority or the designated authority, as applicable, may refer the matter to	and the ESRB, the competent authority or the designated authority, as
EBA and request its assistance in accordance with Article 19 of Regulation	applicable, may refer the matter to EBA and request its assistance in
(EU) No 1093/2010. The decision to set the systemic risk buffer rate or rates	accordance with Article 19 of Regulation (EU) No 1093/2010. The
for those exposures shall be suspended until EBA has taken a decision.	decision to set the systemic risk buffer rate or rates for those exposures
	shall be suspended until EBA has taken a decision.
For the purposes of this paragraph, the recognition of a systemic risk buffer	
rate set by another Member State in accordance with Article 134 shall not	
count towards the thresholds referred to in the first subparagraph of this	
paragraph.	
12. Where the setting or resetting of a systemic risk buffer rate or rates on	
any set or subset of exposures referred to in paragraph 5 subject to one or	
more systemic risk buffers results in a combined systemic risk buffer rate	
higher than 5 % for any of those exposures, the competent authority or the	
designated authority, as applicable, shall seek the authorisation of the	
Commission before implementing a systemic risk buffer.	
Within six weeks of receipt of the notification referred to in paragraph 9 of	
this Article, the ESRB shall provide the Commission with an opinion as to	
whether the systemic risk buffer is deemed appropriate. EBA may also	

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
provide the Commission with its opinion on that systemic risk buffer in	
accordance with Article 16a(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1093/2010, within six	
weeks of receipt of the notification.	
Within three months of receipt of the notification referred to in paragraph 9,	
the Commission, taking into account the assessment of the ESRB and EBA,	
where relevant, and where it is satisfied that the systemic risk buffer rate or	
rates do not entail disproportionate adverse effects on the whole or parts of	
the financial system of other Member States or of the Union as a whole	
forming or creating an obstacle to the proper functioning of the internal	
market, shall adopt an act authorising the competent authority or the	
designated authority, as applicable, to adopt the proposed measure.	
For the purposes of this paragraph, the recognition of a systemic risk buffer	
rate set by another Member State in accordance with Article 134 shall not	
count towards the threshold referred to in the first subparagraph of this	
paragraph.';	
(33) Article 142 is amended as follows:	
(a) in paragraph 2, point (c) is replaced by the following:	
'(c) a plan and timeframe for the increase of own funds with the objective	
of meeting fully the combined buffer requirement or, where applicable, the	
leverage ratio buffer requirement;';	

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
(b) paragraph 3 is replaced by the following:	
'3. The competent authority shall assess the capital conservation plan, and	
shall approve the plan only if it considers that the plan, if implemented,	
would be reasonably likely to conserve or raise sufficient capital to enable	
the institution to meet its combined buffer requirement or, where applicable,	
its leverage ratio buffer requirement within a period which the competent	
authority considers appropriate.';	
(c) in paragraph 4, point (b) is replaced by the following:	
'(b) exercise its powers under Article 102 to impose more stringent	
restrictions on distributions than those required by Articles 141 and 141b, as	
applicable.';	
(34) in Article 161, paragraph 3 is deleted.	
Article 2	
Amendments to Directive 2014/59/EU	
Directive 2014/59/EU*15 is amended as follows:	
(1) in Article 2, paragraph 1, the following points 25a to 25d are added:	(1) in Article 2, paragraph 1, the following points 25a to 25d are
	added:
'(25a) 'key function holders' means key function holders as defined in	'(25a) 'key function holders' means key function holders as defined
point (9a) of Article 3(1) of Directive 2013/36/EU;	in point (9a) of Article 3(1) of Directive 2013/36/EU;

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
(25b) 'chief financial officer' means chief financial officer as defined in	(25b) 'chief financial officer' means chief financial officer as defined
point (9b) of Article 3(1) of Directive 2013/36/EU;	in point (9b) of Article 3(1) of Directive 2013/36/EU;
(25c) 'internal control functions' means internal control functions as	(25c) 'internal control functions' means internal control functions as
defined in point (9c) of Article 3(1) of Directive 2013/36/EU;	defined in point (%) of Article 3(1) of Directive 2013/36/EU;
(25d) 'heads of internal control functions' means heads of internal	(25d) 'heads of interval control functions' means heads of internal
control functions as defined in point (9d) of Article 3(1) of Directive	control functions as defined in point (9d) of Article 3(1) of Directive
2013/36/EU;'	2013/36/EU;
(1) (2) in Article 27, the following paragraphs 6, 7,8 and 8 9 are added:	(1) (2) in Article 27, the following paragraphs 6, 7,8 and 8 9 are added:
'6. When new members of the management body or senior management	'6. When new members of the management body or senior management
members of senior management that are heads of internal control	members of senior management that are heads of internal control
functions or the chief financial officer are appointed under this Article and	functions or the chief financial officer are appointed under this Article
Article 28 of this Directive, Member States shall ensure that competent	and Article 28 of this Directive, Member States shall ensure that
authorities carry out the assessment of the members of the management body	competent authorities carry out the assessment of the members of the
as required by Article 91b(1) of Directive 2013/36/EU and of the key	management body as required by Article 91b(1) of Directive 2013/36/EU
function holders as required by Article 91d(1) 91a(4) of that Directive	and of the key function holders as required by Article 91d(1) 91a(4) of
2013/36/EU only after they take up their position.	that Directive 2013/36/EU only after they take up their position.
Article 91a(2) and Article 91c(2) of Directive 2013/36/EU shall not apply to	Article 91a(2) and Article 91c(2) of Directive 2013/36/EU shall not apply
the appointment of new members of senior management that are key	to the appointment of new members of senior management that are key
function holders. members of the management body or senior management	function holders. members of the management body or senior
referred to in the first subparagraph.	management referred to in the first subparagraph.

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
7. Competent authorities shall ensure that they perform the assessments	7. Competent authorities shall ensure that they perform the assessments
referred to in paragraph 6 without undue delay. They shall complete the	referred to in paragraph 6 without undue delay. They shall complete the
assessments at the latest 20 working days from the date they receive the	assessments at the latest 20 working days from the date they receive the
notification of appointment.	notification of appointment.
8. Competent authorities shall inform the resolution authority without undue	8. Competent authorities shall inform the resolution authority without
delay about the outcome of the assessments referred to in paragraph 6.2.	undue delay about the outcome of the assessments referred to in paragraph
	6.·;
9. National law providing that competent authorities shall assess the	9. National law providing that competent authorities shall assess the
suitability of the members of the management body pursuant to Article	suitability of the members of the management body pursuant to
91 of Directive 2013/36/EU before they take up their position shall not	Article 91 of Directive 2013/36/EU before they take up their position
apply to members of the management body appointed under this Article	shall not apply to members of the management body appointed under
and Article 28 of this Directive.';	this Article and Article 28 of this Directive.';
(2) (3) in Article 34, the following paragraphs 7, 8, 9 and 9 10 are added:	(2) (3) in Article 34, the following paragraphs 7, 8, 9 and 9 10 are
	added:
'7. When new members of the management body or senior management	'7. When new members of the management body or senior management
members of senior management that are heads of internal control	members of senior management that are heads of internal control
functions or the chief financial officer are appointed under this Article and	functions or the chief financial officer are appointed under this Article
Article 63 of this Directive, Member States shall ensure that competent	and Article 63 of this Directive, Member States shall ensure that
authorities carry out the assessment of the members of the management body	competent authorities carry out the assessment of the members of the
as required by Article 91b(1) of Directive 2013/36/EU and of the key	management body as required by Article 91b(1) of Directive 2013/36/EU
function holders required by Article 91d(1) 91a(4) of that Directive	and of the key function holders required by Article 91d(1) 91a(4) of that

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
2013/36/EU only after before they take up their position or alongside the	Directive 2013/36/EU only after before they take up their position or
decision to appoint them by the resolution authority. For that purpose	alongside the decision to appoint them by the resolution authority.
resolution authorities shall inform competent authorities without delay	For that purpose resolution authorities shall inform competent
of their intention to replace the senior management in the institution	authorities without delay of their intention to replace the senior
under resolution.	management in the institution under resolution.
Article 91a(2) and Article 91c(2) of Directive 2013/36/EU shall not apply to	Article 91a(2) and Article 91c(2) of Directive 2013/36/EU shall not apply
the appointment of new members of the senior management that are key	to the appointment of new members of the senior management that are
<u>function holders.</u> members of the management body or senior management	key function holders. members of the management body or senior
referred to in the first subparagraph.	management referred to in the first subparagraph.
The first and second subparagraphs shall also apply to the assessment of the	
members of the management body of the bridge institution appointed under	
Article 41 immediately after taking resolution action.	
8. Competent authorities shall ensure that they perform the assessments	8. Competent authorities shall ensure that they perform the assessments
referred to in paragraph 7 without undue delay. They in close cooperation	referred to in paragraph 7 without undue delay. They in close cooperation
with resolution authorities and that they make their best efforts to have	with resolution authorities and that they make their best efforts to
the assessments completed at the time the appointment decision is taken.	have the assessments completed at the time the appointment decision
Should it not be possible to conclude the assessment at the time the	is taken. Should it not be possible to conclude the assessment at the
appointment decision is taken, competent authorities shall complete the	time the appointment decision is taken, competent authorities shall
assessments without undue delay at the latest 20 working days from the	complete the assessments without undue delay at the latest 20 working
date they receive the notification of appointment.	days from the date they receive the notification of appointment.

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2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
9. Resolution authorities shall keep competent authorities informed	9. Resolution authorities shall keep competent authorities informed
about their intention to appoint the members of the senior management	about their intention to appoint the members of the senior
referred to in paragraph 7 in order to ensure that the assessment	management referred to in paragraph 7 in order to ensure that the
referred to in that paragraph is performed in a timely manner.	assessment referred to in that paragraph is performed in a timely
Competent authorities shall inform the resolution authority without undue	manner.
delay about the outcome of the assessments referred to in paragraph 7.	Competent authorities shall inform the resolution authority without undue
	delay about the outcome of the assessments referred to in paragraph 7.';
10. National law providing that competent authorities shall assess the	10. National law providing that competent authorities shall assess the
suitability of the members of the management body pursuant to Article	suitability of the members of the management body pursuant to
91 of Directive 2013/36/EU before they take up their position shall not	Article 91 of Directive 2013/36/EU before they take up their position
apply to:	shall not apply to:
(a) members of the management body appointed under this Article and	(a) members of the management body appointed under this Article
Article 63;	and Article 63;
(b) members of the management body of the bridge institution	(b) members of the management body of the bridge institution
appointed under Article 41 immediately after taking resolution action.';	appointed under Article 41 immediately after taking resolution
	action.';
(4) in Article 45c paragraph 2, the following subparagraph is	(4)-(1) in Article 45c paragraph 2, the following subparagraph is
added:	added:
Articles 77(2) and 78a of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 shall not apply	
to eligible liabilities issued by entities for which the resolution authority	
has set the requirement referred to in Article 45(1) of this Directive at a	

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
level that does not exceed the amount sufficient to absorb losses in	
accordance with the first subparagraph, point (a), of this paragraph.	
*15 Directive 2014/59/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council	
of 15 May 2014 establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of	(C.)
credit institutions and investment firms and amending Council Directive	
82/891/EEC, and Directives 2001/24/EC, 2002/47/EC, 2004/25/EC,	
2005/56/EC, 2007/36/EC, 2011/35/EU, 2012/30/EU and 2013/36/EU, and	
Regulations (EU) No 1093/2010 and (EU) No 648/2012, of the European	
Parliament and of the Council (OJ L 173 12.6.2014, p. 190)	
Article 3	
Transposition	
1. Member States shall adopt and publish by [OP please insert the date	
= 18 months from the date of entry into force of this amending Directive] at	
the latest, the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to	
comply with this Directive. They shall forthwith communicate to the	
Commission the text of those provisions.	
They shall apply those provisions from [OP please insert the date = 1 day	
after the transposition date of this amending Directive].	
	By way of derogation from the preceding subparagraph, Member
	States may apply the provision concerning own funds and eligible

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
	liabilities in Article 2 point (1) of this Directive from [OP please
	insert the date = 6 months after the entry into force of this amending
	Directive].
However, the provisions necessary to comply with the amendments set out	
in Article 1, point (8), on the prudential supervision of third country branches	
shall apply from [OP please insert the date = $\frac{12}{24}$ months from date of	
application of this amending Directive].	
By derogation from the preceding subparagraph, Member States shall apply	
the provisions on reporting on third country branches in Title VI, Chapter 1,	
Section II, Sub-section 4 of Directive 2013/36/EU, as inserted by this	
Directive, from the date of application laid down in the second subparagraph	
of this Article.	
When Member States adopt those provisions, they shall contain a reference	
to this Directive or be accompanied by such a reference on the occasion of	
their official publication. Member States shall determine how such reference	
is to be made.	
2. Member States shall communicate to the Commission the text of the	
main provisions of national law which they adopt in the field covered by this	
Directive.	
Article 4	

Table 3 of 3

2 nd Presidency compromise	Changes following comments on the 2nd compromise
Entry into force	
This Directive shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its	
publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	
Article 5	
Addressees	
This Directive is addressed to the Member States.	
Done at Brussels,	
For the European Parliament For the Council	
The President The President	
End	



Interinstitutional files: 2021/0341 (COD)

Brussels, 24 October 2022

WK 14360/2022 ADD 2

LIMITE

EF ECOFIN CCG CODEC

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WORKING DOCUMENT

From: To:	Presidency Working Party on Financial Services and the Banking Union (Basel III finalisation) Financial Services Attachés
Subject:	Basel 3 finalisation: CRD - CZ Presidency revised compromise text, Table 3 of 3