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WORKING DOCUMENT

From: To:	General Secretariat of the Council Delegations
Subject:	eID: 4column document

In view of the Working party on Telecommunications and Information Society on 20 July, delegations will find in the annex the 4column document on eID.

Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL amending Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 as regards establishing a framework for a European Digital Identity 2021/0136(COD)

DRAFT [Provisional outcome of TM of 14/07] 17-07-2023 at 10h18

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Formula				
6 1	2021/0136 (COD)	2021/0136 (COD)	2021/0136 (COD)	2021/0136 (COD) Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Proposa	l Title			
3 2	Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL amending Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 as regards establishing a framework for a European Digital Identity	Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL amending Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 as regards establishing a framework for a European Digital Identity	Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL amending Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 as regards establishing a framework for a European Digital Identity	Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL amending Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 as regards establishing a framework for a European Digital Identity Text Origin: Commission Proposal
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g 3	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

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				Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Citation	1			
с 4	Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 114 thereof,	Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 114 thereof,	Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 114 thereof,	Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 114 thereof, Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Citation	2			
s 5	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission, Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Citation	3			
6	After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,	After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,	After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,	After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments, Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Citation	1 4			
⁶ 7	Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee ¹ ,	Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee ¹ ,	Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee ¹ ,	Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee ¹ ,

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	1. OJ C , , p	1. OJ C , , p	1. OJ C , , p	1. OJC,,p Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Citation	5			
s 8	Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,	Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,	Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,	Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure, Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Formula				
б 9	Whereas:	Whereas:	Whereas:	Whereas: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Recital 1				
s 10	(1) The Commission Communication of 19 February 2020, entitled "Shaping Europe's Digital Future" announces a revision of Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council with the aim of improving its effectiveness, extend its benefits to the private sector and promote trusted digital identities for all Europeans.	(1) The Commission Communication of 19 February 2020, entitled "Shaping Europe's Digital Future" announces a revision of Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council with the aim of improving its effectiveness, extend its benefits to the private sector and promote trusted digital identities for all Europeans.	(1) The Commission Communication of 19 February 2020, entitled "Shaping Europe's Digital Future" announces a revision of Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council with the aim of improving— its effectiveness, extend its benefits to the private sector and promote trusted digital identities for all Europeans.	(1) The Commission Communication of 19 February 2020, entitled "Shaping Europe's Digital Future" announces a revision of Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council with the aim of improving—its effectiveness, extend its benefits to the private sector and promote trusted digital identities for all Europeans.
	1. COM/2020/67 final	1. COM/2020/67 final	1. [1] COM/2020/67 final	1. COM/2020/67 final

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				Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Recital 2				
11	(2) In its conclusions of 1-2 October 2020¹, the European Council called on the Commission to propose the development of a Union-wide framework for secure public electronic identification, including interoperable digital signatures, to provide people with control over their online identity and data as well as to enable access to public, private and cross-border digital services. 1. https://www.consilium.europa.eu/en/press/p ress-releases/2020/10/02/european-council- conclusions-1-2-october-2020/	(2) In its conclusions of 1-2 October 2020¹, the European Council called on the Commission to propose the development of a Union-wide framework for secure public electronic identification, including interoperable digital signatures, to provide people with control over their online identity and data as well as to enable access to public, private and cross-border digital services. 1. https://www.consilium.europa.eu/en/press/p ress-releases/2020/10/02/european-council- conclusions-1-2-october-2020/	(2) In its conclusions of 1-2 October 2020¹, the European Council called on the Commission to propose the development of a Union-wide framework for secure public electronic identification, including interoperable digital signatures, to provide people with control over their online identity and data as well as to enable access to public, private and cross-border digital services. 1. [1] https://www.consilium.europa.eu/en/press/p ress-releases/2020/10/02/european-council- conclusions-1-2-october-2020/	(2) In its conclusions of 1-2 October 2020¹, the European Council called on the Commission to propose the development of a Union-wide framework for secure public electronic identification, including interoperable digital signatures, to provide people with control over their online identity and data as well as to enable access to public, private and cross-border digital services. 1. https://www.consilium.europa.eu/en/press/p ress-releases/2020/10/02/european-council- conclusions-1-2-october-2020/ Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Recital 2	l la			
11a		(2a) The Digital Decade Policy Programme 2030 sets the objective and digital target of a Union framework which, by 2030, leads to wide deployment of a trusted, voluntary, user-controlled digital identity, that will be recognised throughout the Union and allow		

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		each user to control their data and presence in online interactions.		
Recital 3				
12	(3) The Commission Communication of 9 March 2021 entitled "2030 Digital Compass: the European way for the Digital Decade" sets the objective of a Union framework which, by 2030, leads to wide deployment of a trusted, user-controlled identity, allowing each user to control their own online interactions and presence. 1. COM/2021/118 final/2	(3)	(3) The Commission Communication of 9 March 2021 entitled "2030 Digital Compass: the European way for the Digital Decade" sets the objective of a Union framework which, by 2030, leads to wide deployment of a trusted, user-controlled identity, allowing each user to control their own online interactions and presence. 1. COM/2021/118 final/2	
Recital 3	ia			
12a		(3a) The Commission Declaration of 26 January 2022 entitled "European Declaration on Digital Rights and Principles for the Digital Decade" underlines every citizen's right to access digital technologies, products and services that are safe, secure, and privacy-protective by design. This includes ensuring that all people living in the Union are offered an accessible, secure and trusted digital identity that enables access to a broad range of online and		

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		offline services, protected against all cyberthreats, including identity theft or manipulation. The Commission Declaration also states that everyone has the right to the protection of their personal data online. That right encompasses the control on how the data is used and with whom it is shared.		
Recital 3	b			
12b		(3b) Union citizens should have the right to a digital identity that is under their sole control and that enables them to exercise their rights as citizens in the digital environment and to participate in the digital economy. A European digital identity should be legally recognised throughout the Union.		
Recital 4				
13	(4) A more harmonised approach to digital identification should reduce the risks and costs of the current fragmentation due to the use of divergent national solutions and will strengthen the Single Market by allowing citizens, other residents as defined by national law and businesses to identify online in a convenient and uniform way across	(4) A more harmonised approach to digital identification should reduce the risks and costs of the current fragmentation due to the use of divergent national solutions <i>or</i> , <i>in some Member States</i> , <i>the absence of solutions</i> , and will strengthen the Single Market by allowing citizens, other residents as defined by national law and <i>legal entities</i> to	(4) A more harmonised approach to digital identification should reduce the risks and costs of the current fragmentation due to the use of divergent national solutions and will strengthen the Single Market by allowing citizens, other residents as defined by national law and businesses to identify online in a convenient and uniform way across	

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to a ser eccover attraction and unit and only attraction attraction attraction attraction attraction additional attraction and unit additional attraction	e Union. Everyone should be able securely access public and private rvices relying on an improved osystem for trust services and on rified proofs of identity and sestations of attributes, such as a iversity degree legally recognised d accepted everywhere in the nion. The framework for a propean Digital Identity aims to hieve a shift from the reliance on tional digital identity solutions ly, to the provision of electronic sestations of attributes valid at propean level. Providers of ectronic attestations of attributes ould benefit from a clear and inform set of rules and public ministrations should be able to by on electronic documents in a ven format.	identify and authenticate online and offline in a safe, trustworthy, user friendly, convenient, accessible and harmonised way, across the Union. Everyone should be able to securely access public and private services relying on an improved ecosystem for trust services and on verified proofs of identity and electronic attestations of attributes, such as academic qualifications, university degrees or other educational or professional attainments legally recognised and accepted everywhere in the Union, or a license or a mandate to represent a company, while creating a uniform set of rules for providers of electronic attestations that ensures a level playing field. The framework for a European Digital Identity aims to achieve a shift from the reliance on national digital identity solutions only, to the provision of electronic attestations of attributes valid and legally recognised across the Union. Providers of electronic attestations of attributes should benefit from a clear and uniform set of rules and public administrations should be able to rely on electronic documents that are highly secured and accepted across the Union. With regard to electronic identification for public services with very high	the Union. The European Digital Identity Wallet will provide natural and legal persons across the Union with a harmonised electronic identification means that will enable them to authenticate and share data linked to their identity. Everyone should be able to securely access public and private services relying on an improved ecosystem for trust services and on verified proofs of identity and attestations of attributes, such as a university degree legally recognised and accepted everywhere in the Union. The framework for a European Digital Identity aims to achieve a shift from the reliance on national digital identity solutions only, to the provision of electronic attestations of attributes valid at European level. Providers of electronic attestations of attributes should benefit from a clear and uniform set of rules and public administrations should be able to rely on electronic documents in a given format.	

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		security identification requirements, it should be possible for Member States to enable notaries and other professionals entrusted with special powers in the public interest to rely on additional remote identity controls, set out in accordance with the principle of proportionality through national legislation.		
Recital 4a	_			
13a			(4a) Several Member States have implemented and largely use electronic identification means that nowadays are accepted by service providers in the Union. Additionally, investments were made into both national and cross-border solutions based on the current eIDAS Regulation, including the eIDAS nodes interoperability technical infrastructure. In order to guarantee complementarity and a fast adoption of European Digital Identity Wallets by current users of notified electronic identification means and to minimise the impacts on existing service providers, European Digital Identity Wallets are expected to benefit from building on the experience with existing electronic identification means	

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Recita	1 4a		and taking advantage of the deployed eIDAS infrastructure at European and national levels.	
113310				
G 13b				(4a) Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and, where relevant, Directive 2002/58/EC should apply to all personal data processing activities under this Regulation. The solutions under the interoperability framework provided in this Regulation should also comply with these rules. EU data protection law provides for data protection principles, such as the data minimisation and purpose limitation principle and obligations, such as data protection by design and by default. The implementation of this Regulation should comply with these data protection principles and obligations.
Recita	15			
14	(5) To support the competitiveness of European businesses, online service providers should be able to rely on digital identity solutions recognised across the Union, irrespective of the Member State in which they have been issued, thus	(5) To support the competitiveness of European businesses, online <i>and offline</i> service providers should be able to rely on digital identity solutions recognised across the Union, irrespective of the Member State in which they have been	(5) To support the competitiveness of European businesses, online service providers should be able to rely on digital identity solutions recognised across the Union, irrespective of the Member State in which they have been	

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	benefiting from a harmonised European approach to trust, security and interoperability. Users and service providers alike should be able to benefit from the same legal value provided to electronic attestations of attributes across the Union.	issued, thus benefiting from a harmonised European approach to trust, security and interoperability. Users and service providers alike should be able to benefit from the same legal value provided to electronic attestations of attributes across the Union. Harmonised digital identity framework has the potential to create economic value by providing easier access to goods and services, by significantly reducing operational costs linked to identification and authentication procedures, for example during the on-boarding of new customers, by reducing damages related to cybercrimes, such as identity theft, data theft and online fraud, and by promoting digital transformation of the Union's micro, small and medium sized enterprises (SMEs).	issuedprovided, thus benefiting from a harmonised European approach to trust, security and interoperability. Users and service providers alike should be able to benefit from the same legal value provided to electronic attestations of attributes across the Union.	
Recital 5	ia			
14a		(5a) A fully harmonised digital identity framework would contribute to the creation of a more digitally integrated Union, taking down the digital barriers between Member States and empower the Union citizens and Union residents to enjoy the benefits of digitalisation while increasing transparency and the protection of their rights.		

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Recital 5b				
14b		(5b) In order to encourage the digitalisation of the Member States' public sector services and to ensure wide up-take of the European digital identity framework and the European Digital Identity Wallet (EDIW), this Regulation should support the use of the 'once only' principle in order to reduce administrative burden, to support cross-border mobility of citizens and businesses, and to foster development of interoperable e-government services across the Union. The cross-border application of the 'once only' principle should result in citizens and businesses not having to supply the same data to public authorities more than once, and that it should also be possible to use those data only at the request of the user for the purposes of completing cross-border online procedures. The implementation of this Regulation and of the 'onceonly' principle should comply with all applicable data protection rules, including the principle of data minimisation, accuracy, storage limitation, integrity and confidentiality, necessity, proportionality and purpose		

Recital 6		limitation. The 'once-only' principle should be applied with the explicit consent of the user.		
Recital 6				
ap da Re Re sai ele ele firc otl rel wi 1.1 15 Eur 27 per per suc (Ge	plies to the processing of personal ta in the implementation of this egulation. Therefore, this egulation should lay down specific feguards to prevent providers of ectronic identification means and ectronic attestation of attributes om combining personal data from her services with the personal data lating to the services falling (thin the scope of this Regulation. Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the ropean Parliament and of the Council of April 2016 on the protection of natural roons with regard to the processing of rosonal data and on the free movement of the data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC eneral Data Protection Regulation), OJ L 9, 4.5.2016, p. 1	(6) Natural and legal persons who own person dentification data should be considered to be Digital Identity subjects. Regulations (EU) 2016/679¹ and (EU) 2018/1725² and Directive 2002/58/EC³ or the European Parliament and of the Council apply to the processing of personal data in the implementation of this Regulation. Therefore, this Regulation should lay down specific safeguards to prevent providers of electronic identification means and electronic attestation of attributes from combining personal data from other services with the personal data relating to the services falling within the scope of this Regulation. This Regulation further specifies the application of principles of purpose limitation, data minimisation, and data protection by design and by default to specific-use cases, without prejudice to Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	(6) Regulation (EU) No 2016/679¹ applies to the processing of personal data in the implementation of this Regulation. Therefore, this Regulation should lay down specific safeguards to prevent providers of electronic identification means and electronic attestation of attributes from combining personal data from other services with the personal data relating to the services falling within the scope of this Regulation. Personal data relating to the provision of European Digital Identity Wallets should be kept logically separate from any other data held by the issuer. This Regulation does not prevent issuers of European Digital Identity Wallets to apply additional technical measures contributing to protection of personal data, such as physical separation of personal data relating to the provision of Wallets from any other data held by the issuer. 1. Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of	

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		1. Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation), OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1 2. Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2018 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by the Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and Decision No 1247/2002/EC (OJ L 295, 21.11.2018, p. 39). 3. Directive 2002/58/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 July 2002 concerning the processing of personal data and the protection of privacy in the electronic communications sector (OJ L 201, 31.7.2002, p. 37)	27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation), OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1.	
Recital 6	ja			
15a		(6a) EDIWs should have the function of a privacy management dashboard embedded into the design, in order to ensure a higher degree of transparency and control of the users over their data. This function should provide an easy, user friendly interface with an overview of all relying parties with whom the user has shared data, including attributes, and the type of data shared with each relying party. It should allow the user to		

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	track all transactions executed through EDIWs, with at least the following data: the time and date of the transaction, the counterpart identification, the data requested and the data shared. That information should be stored even if the transaction was not concluded. It should not be possible to repudiate the authenticity of the information contained in the transaction history. Such a function should be active by default. It should allow users to easily request to a relying party the immediate deletion of personal data pursuant Article 17 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and to easily report to the competent national authority where a relying party is established if an unlawful or inappropriate request of data is received without leaving the EDIW;		
Recital 6b			
15b	(6b) Zero knowledge proof allows verification of a claim without revealing the data that proves it, based on cryptographic algorithms. The EDIW should allow for verification of claims inferred from personal data identification or attestation of attributes without having to		

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		provide the source data, to preserve the privacy of the user of the EDIW.		
Recital 7				
16	(7) It is necessary to set out the harmonised conditions for the establishment of a framework for European Digital Identity Wallets to be issued by Member States, which should empower all Union citizens and other residents as defined by national law to share securely data related to their identity in a user friendly and convenient way under the sole control of the user. Technologies used to achieve those objectives should be developed aiming towards the highest level of security, user convenience and wide usability. Member States should ensure equal access to digital identification to all their nationals and residents.	(7) It is necessary to set out the harmonised conditions for the establishment of a framework for <i>EDIWs</i> to be issued <i>directly by a</i> Member <i>State</i> , <i>under a mandate from a Member State</i> , which should empower all Union citizens and <i>Union</i> residents as defined by national law to <i>securely request</i> , <i>receive</i> , <i>store</i> , <i>combine and selectively share</i> data related to their identity <i>and request deletion of their personal data in a user-friendly way and</i> under the sole control of the user. <i>All data should be stored by default on the user's device unless the user explicitly choses otherwise. This Regulation should reflect shared values and uphold fundamental rights, strong ethical aspects, legal safeguards and liability, thus protecting democratic societies and citizens.</i> Technologies used to achieve those objectives should be developed aiming towards the highest level of <i>privacy and</i> security, user convenience, <i>accessibility</i> , and wide usability <i>and seamless</i>	(7) It is necessary to set out the harmonised conditions for the establishment of a framework for European Digital Identity Wallets to be issuedprovided by Member States, which should empower all Union citizens and other residents as defined by national law to share securely data related to their identity in a user friendly and convenient way under the sole control of the user. Technologies used to achieve those objectives should be developed aiming towards the highest level of security, privacy, user convenience and wide usability. Member States should ensure equal access to digital identification to all their nationals and residents.	

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		interoperability. Member States should ensure equal access to and voluntary use of digital identification to all their nationals and residents. Member States should not, directly or indirectly, limit access to public services or public-funded services to natural or legal persons who decide not to use a EDIW and should develop and ensure free availability of alternative solutions for such individuals. Private relying parties using EDIWs to provide services should not deny those services or create disadvantageous conditions to consumers not using EDIWs to access their services.		
Recital 7	'a			
16a		(7a) Where an EDIW is issued directly by a Member State, the competent authority concerned is directly responsible for the issuance and management of the EDIW, using its own resources. Where an EDIW is issued under a mandate from a Member State, the competent authority concerned has authorised a specific organisation to issue and manage the EDIW on its behalf on the basis of a public procurement procedure based on		

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			transparent, open and fair competition process in which all interested parties have the opportunity to participate and the best candidate is selected based on specific objective criteria and evaluation process. Where an EDIW is issued and managed independently but recognised by a Member State, the competent authority concerned has selected a specific organisation that has already developed an EDIW that complies with this Regulation. It is not necessary for the issuer and the manager of an EDIW to be the same entity.		
Y	Recital 8	(8) In order to ensure compliance within Union law or national law compliant with Union law, service providers should communicate their intent to rely on the European Digital Identity Wallets to Member States. That will allow Member States to protect users from fraud and prevent the unlawful use of identity data and electronic attestations of attributes as well as to ensure that the processing of sensitive data, like health data, can be verified by relying parties in accordance with Union law or national law.	(8) In order to ensure compliance within Union law or national law compliant with Union law, relying parties should register their intent to rely on EDIWs in the Member State where they are established. That will allow Member States to protect users from fraud and prevent the unlawful use of identity data and electronic attestations of attributes as well as to ensure that the processing of sensitive data, like health data, can be verified by relying parties in accordance with Union or national law. The registration and approval processes	(8) In order To ensure compliance within Union law or national law compliant with Union law, service providers that relying parties can rely on the use of European Digital Identity Wallets and to protect the user against unlawful use of sensitive data, relying parties should communicate their intent to relybe registered as part of a notification process. The notification requirements applicable to relying parties should in most cases be based on the provision of a limited amount of information required for the	(8) For registration, relying parties should provide the information necessary to allow for their [identification and] authentication towards the European Digital Identity Wallets and [, when applicable, regarding the data that they will request in order to ensure compliance within Union law or national law compliant provide their services and the reasons for the request, I namely why these data are necessary in order to facilitate Member States' verifications related to the lawfulness of the

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	should be cost-effective and	authentication of the relying	activities of the relying parties in
	proportional to the risk. The	party towards the European	accordance with union law. The
	registration should include the	Digital Identity Wallets to Wallet.	obligation to register, including
	data that the relying party intend to	The requirements should also	information on the data intended
	request, the intended use of and the	allow for the use of automated or	<u>for the</u> -service providers and why
	reasons for the need of such data,	simple self-reporting procedures,	such information is necessary,
	per each different category of	including the reliance on and the	should <i>communicate their intent to</i>
	services provided by the relying	use of existing registers by	rely on the European Digital
	party. Relying parties should	Member States. That will allow	Identity Wallets to Member States<mark>be</mark>
	provide	Member States to protect users from	without prejudice to obligations
	reasons for their request complies	fraud and At the same time, for	<u>laid down in other Union or</u>
	with data minimisation principles.	categories of sensitive data,	national law, such as the
		specific regimes may exist at	information to be provided to the
		national or Union level, which	data subjects pursuant to the
		may impose more stringent	General Data Protection
		registrations and authorisation	Regulation.
		requirements on relying parties in	Relying parties should comply with
		order to prevent the unlawful use of	the safeguards offered by Articles
		identity data and electronic	35 and 36 of Regulation [GDPR],
		attestations ofin such cases. In	notably by performing data
		other use cases, relying parties	protection impact assessments and
		may be exempted from notifying	by consulting the competent data
		their intent to rely on the	protection authorities prior to data
		European Digital Wallet, for	processing in cases where data protection impact assessments
		example, when a right to verify specific attributes does not require	indicate That will allow Member
		or allow for the authentication of	States to protect users from fraud
		the relying party by electronic	and prevent the unlawful use of
		means. Typically, in these in-	identity data and electronic
		person scenarios the user is able	attestations of attributes as well as
		to identify the relying party	to ensure that the processing would
		thanks to the context, such as	result in a high risk Such
		when interacting with a car rental	mechanisms should support the
		clerk or pharmacist. The	lawful processing of personal data
		notification process is meant to be	by relying parties, in particular
		driven by sectoral Union or	when special categories of data are
		national laws as this allows to	

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Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	accommodate various use cases that may differ in terms of registration requirements, of mode of operation (online/offline), or in terms of the requirement to authenticate devices able to interface with the European Digital Identity Wallet. The verification of the use of the European Digital Identity Walletas well as to ensure that the processing of sensitive data, like health data, can be verified by relying parties in accordance with Union law or national lawshould not be mandated to be enforced at the level of the European Digital Identity Wallet.	at stake, such as of sensitive data, like health data. The registration of relying parties should enhance transparency and trust into the use of the European Digital Identity Wallet. Similarly, registration should be cost-effective and proportionate to the related risks in order to ensure the uptake by service providers. In this context, registration should provide for the use of automated procedures, including the reliance on and the use of existing registers by Member States and not entail a pre-authorisation process. The registration process should enable a variety of use-cases that may differ in terms of mode of operation (online/offline), or in terms of the requirement to authenticate devices able to interface with the European Digital Identity Wallet. Registration should exclusively apply to relying parties providing services by means of digital interaction. The verification of the use of the European Digital Identity Wallet; can be verified by relying parties in accordance with Union law or national lawshould not be mandated to be enforced at the level of the European Digital Identity Wallet.

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Recital 9	-			- J
Υ	18	(9) All European Digital Identity Wallets should allow users to electronically identify and authenticate online and offline across borders for accessing a wide range of public and private services. Without prejudice to Member States' prerogatives as regards the identification of their nationals and residents, Wallets can also serve the institutional needs of public administrations, international organisations and the Union's institutions, bodies, offices and agencies. Offline use would be important in many sectors, including in the health sector where services are often provided through face-to-face interaction and ePrescriptions should be able to rely on QR-codes or similar technologies to verify authenticity. Relying on the level of assurance "high", the European Digital Identity Wallets should benefit from the potential offered by tamper- proof solutions such as secure elements, to comply with the security requirements under this Regulation. The European Digital Identity Wallets should also allow users to create and use qualified electronic signatures and seals which are accepted across the EU.	(9) All <i>EDIWs</i> should <i>enable</i> users to electronically identify and authenticate online and offline across borders for accessing a wide range of public and private services. Without prejudice to Member States' prerogatives as regards the identification of their nationals and residents, <i>EDIWs</i> can also serve the institutional needs of public administrations, international organisations and the Union's institutions, bodies, offices and agencies. Offline use would be important in many sectors, including in the health sector where services are often provided through face-to-face interaction and ePrescriptions should be able to rely on QR-codes or similar technologies to verify authenticity. Relying on the level of assurance "high" <i>for identity proofing</i> , <i>EDIWs</i> should benefit from the potential offered by tamper-proof solutions such as secure elements, to comply with the security requirements under this Regulation. <i>When on-boarding into EDIWs</i> , <i>users</i> should <i>obtain the qualified electronic signature</i> , <i>free of charge and by default</i> , <i>without having to go through any additional administrative or technical</i>	(9) All European Digital Identity Wallets should allow users to electronically identify and authenticate online and offline across borders for accessing a wide range of public and private services. Without prejudice to Member States' prerogatives as regards the identification of their nationals and residents, Wallets can also serve the institutional needs of public administrations, international organisations and the Union's institutions, bodies, offices and agencies. Offline use would be important in many sectors, including in the health sector where services are often provided through face-to-face interaction and ePrescriptions should be able to rely on QR-codes or similar technologies to verify authenticity. Relying on the level of assurance "high", the European Digital Identity Wallets should benefit from the potential offered by tamper-proof solutions such as secure elements, to comply with the security requirements under this Regulation. The European Digital Identity Wallets should also allow users to create and use qualified electronic signatures and seals which are accepted across the EU. To achieve simplification and	(9) All European Digital Identity Wallets EDIWs should allowenable users to electronically identify and authenticate online and offline across borders for accessing a wide range of public and private services. Without prejudice to Member States' prerogatives as regards the identification of their nationals and residents, Wallets EDIWs can also serve the institutional needs of public administrations, international organisations and the Union's institutions, bodies, offices and agencies. Offline use would be important in many sectors, including in the health sector where services are often provided through face-to-face interaction and ePrescriptions should be able to rely on QR-codes or similar technologies to verify authenticity. Relying on the level of assurance "high", the European Digital Identity Wallets EDIWs should benefit from the potential offered by tamper-proof solutions such as secure elements, to comply with the security requirements under this Regulation. The European Digital Identity Wallets should also allow users to create and use qualified electronic signatures and seals which are accepted across the EU. When on-
		which are accepted across the EO.	auministrative or technical	Lo. 10 acine ve simplification and	accepted across the EO. when

cost reduction benefits to persons

boarding into EDIWs, natural

procedures. To achieve

To achieve simplification and cost

Commission Proposal EP Mandate reduction benefits to persons and businesses across the EU, including by enabling powers of representation and e-mandates, Member States should issue European Digital Identity Wallets relying on common standards to ensure seamless interoperability and a high level of security. Only Member States' competent authorities can provide a high degree of confidence in establishing the identity of a person and therefore provide assurance that the person claiming or asserting a particular identity is in fact the person he or she claims to be. It is therefore necessary that the European Digital Identity Wallets rely on the legal identity of citizens, other residents or legal entities. Trust in the European Digital Identity Wallets would be enhanced by the fact that issuing parties are required to implement appropriate technical and organisational measures to ensure a level of security commensurate to the risks raised for the rights and freedoms of the natural persons, in line with Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

simplification and cost reduction benefits to persons and businesses across the *Union*, including by enabling powers of representation and e-mandates, Member States should issue **EDIWs** relying on common standards and technical *specifications* to ensure seamless interoperability and to adequately increase the IT security, strengthen robustness against cyber-attacks and thus significantly reduce the potential risks of ongoing digitalisation for citizens and businesses. Only Member States' competent authorities can provide a high degree of confidence in establishing the identity of a person and therefore provide assurance that the person claiming or asserting a particular identity is in fact the person he or she claims to be. It is therefore necessary for the issuing of the European Digital Identity Wallets to rely on the legal identity of citizens, other residents or legal entities. Reliance on the legal identity should not hinder the possibility of EIDWs users to access services through the use of pseudonyms, where there is no legal requirement for legal identity for authentication. Trust in the EDIWs would be enhanced by the fact that issuing and managing parties are required to implement

appropriate technical and

and businesses across the EU, including by enabling powers of representation and e-mandates, Member States should issue European Digital Identity Wallets relying on common standards to ensure seamless interoperability and a high level of security. Only Member States' competent authorities can provide a high degree of confidence in establishing the identity of a person and therefore provide assurance that the person claiming or asserting a particular identity is in fact the person he or she claims to be. It is therefore necessary that the European Digital Identity Wallets rely on the legal identity of citizens, other residents or legal entities. Trust in the European Digital Identity Wallets would be enhanced by the fact that issuing parties are required to implement appropriate technical and organisational measures to ensure a level of security commensurate to the risks raised for the rights and freedoms of the natural persons, in line with Regulation (EU) 2016/679. The issuance, use for authentication and the revocation of European Digital Identity Wallets shall be free of charge to natural persons. Services relying on the use of the Wallet may incur costs related to, for instance, the issuance of the

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persons should obtain the qualified electronic signature, free of charge and by default, without having to go through any additional administrative or technical procedures. This should enable users to sign or seal self-claimed assertions or attributes. To achieve simplification and cost reduction benefits to persons and businesses across the **EUUnion**, including by enabling powers of representation and e-mandates. Member States should issue European Digital Identity Wallets EDIWs relying on common standards and technical *specifications* to ensure seamless interoperability and a high level ofto adequately increase the IT security, strengthen robustness against cyber-attacks and thus significantly reduce the potential risks of ongoing digitalisation for citizens and businesses. Only Member States' competent authorities can provide a high degree of confidence in establishing the identity of a person and therefore provide assurance that the person claiming or asserting a particular identity is in fact the person he or she claims to be. It is therefore necessary that for the issuing of the European Digital Identity Wallets to rely on the legal identity of citizens, other residents or legal entities. Trust in the European Digital Reliance on the

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		organisational measures to ensure <i>the highest</i> level of security <i>that is</i> commensurate to the risks raised for the rights and freedoms of the natural persons, in line with Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	electronic attestations of attributes to the Wallet.	legal identity should not hinder the possibility of EIDWs users to access services through the use of pseudonyms, where there is no legal requirement for legal identity Walletsfor authentication. Trust in the EDIWs would be enhanced by the fact that issuing and managing parties are required to implement appropriate technical and organisational measures to ensure athe highest level of security that is commensurate to the risks raised for the rights and freedoms of the natural persons, in line with Regulation (EU) 2016/679. Text Origin: EP Mandate
Recital 9	9a		(9a) It is beneficial to facilitate the uptake and use of European Digital Identity Wallets by seamlessly integrating them with the ecosystem of public and private digital services already implemented at national, local or regional level. To achieve this goal, Member States may provide for legal and organizational measures in order to increase flexibility for issuers of European Digital Identity Wallets and to allow for additional	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			functionalities of European Digital Identity Wallets beyond what is set out by this Regulation, including by enhanced interoperability with existing national eID means. This should be by no means to the detriment of providing core functions of the European Digital Identity Wallets as set out in this Regulation nor to promote existing national solutions over European Digital Identity Wallets. Since they go beyond this Regulation, those additional functionalities do not benefit from the provisions on cross-border reliance on European Digital Identity Wallets set out in this Regulation.	
Recital 9	a			
18b		(9a) EDIWs should include a functionality to generate freely chosen and user managed pseudonyms, as a form of authentication to access online services provided, including services provided by very large online platforms as defined in Regulation (EU) 2022/2065 of the European Parliament and of the Council.		
Recital 9	b			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
18c		(9b) Member States should develop harmonised approaches to enable the technical possibility for persons with limited legal capacity, such as minors and for persons with no legal capacity, to use EDIWs, trust services and end-user products.		
Recital 9	c			
18d		(9c) Natural and legal persons should be able to authorise EDIWs of third parties to perform certain actions on their behalf such as by means of powers of attorney or delegations of authority for specific transactions to specific employees or subcontractors in the case of a company or to parents acting on behalf of minor children.		
Recital 1	0			
s 19	(10) In order to achieve a high level of security and trustworthiness, this Regulation establishes the requirements for European Digital Identity Wallets. The conformity of European Digital Identity Wallets with those requirements should be certified by accredited public or private sector bodies designated by Member States. Relying on a	(10) In order to achieve a high level of security and trustworthiness, this Regulation establishes the requirements for <i>EDIWs</i> . The conformity of <i>EDIWs</i> with those requirements should be certified by accredited public or private sector bodies designated by Member States. Relying on a certification scheme based on the availability of	(10) In order-To achieve a high level of data protection, security and trustworthiness, this Regulation establishes the should establish a harmonized framework detailing the common specifications and requirements forapplicable to the European Digital Identity Wallets. The conformity of European Digital Identity Wallets with those	(10) In order to achieve a high level of security and trustworthiness, this Regulation establishes the requirements for European Digital Identity Wallets. The conformity of European Digital Identity Wallets with those requirements should be certified by accredited public or private sector conformity assessment bodies designated by

Council Mandate Commission Proposal EP Mandate Draft Agreement commonly agreed standards with requirements should be certified by Member States. Relying on a certification scheme based on the availability of commonly agreed Member States should ensure a high accredited public or private certification scheme based on the availability of commonly agreed standards with Member States level of trust and interoperability. sectorconformity assessment Certification should in particular bodies designated by Member standards with Member States should ensure a high level of trust should ensure a high level of trust and interoperability. Certification rely on the relevant European States. Relying on a certification and interoperability. Certification scheme based on the availability of should in particular rely on the cybersecurity certifications schemes should in particular rely on the relevant European cybersecurity established pursuant to Regulation commonly agreed standards with certifications schemes established (EU) 2019/881¹. Such certification relevant European cybersecurity **Member States**Certification should should be without prejudice to certifications schemes established pursuant to Regulation (EU) rely, in particular, on relevant 2019/881¹. Such certification should certification as regards personal pursuant to Regulation (EU) **European cybersecurity** 2019/881⁴. Such certification should be without prejudice to certification data processing pursuant to certifications schemes, or parts Regulation (EC) 2016/679 be without prejudice to certification as regards personal data processing thereof, established pursuant to as regards personal data processing pursuant to Regulation (EC) Regulation (EU) 2019/881¹, as far 1. Regulation (EU) 2019/881 of the as they cover the cybersecurity pursuant to Regulation (EC) 2016/679 European Parliament and of the Council of requirements applicable to 2016/679 17 April 2019 on ENISA (the European 1. Regulation (EU) 2019/881 of the **European Digital Identity** Union Agency for Cybersecurity) and on European Parliament and of the Council of Wallets. Relying on European 1 Regulation (EU) 2019/881 of the information and communications 17 April 2019 on ENISA (the European European Parliament and of the Council of cybersecurity certifications technology cybersecurity certification and Union Agency for Cybersecurity) and on 17 April 2019 on ENISA (the European repealing Regulation (EU) No 526/2013 schemes should ensure a highbring information and communications (Cybersecurity Act), OJ L 151, 7.6.2019, p. a harmonised level of trust in the technology cybersecurity certification and information and communications technology repealing Regulation (EU) No 526/2013 cybersecurity certification and renealing security of the European Digital (Cybersecurity Act), OJ L 151, 7.6.2019, p. Regulation (EU) No 526/2013 **Identity Wallets, irrespective** (Cybersecurity Act), OJ L 151, 7.6.2019. p. where they are issued across the Union. The cybersecurity certification of the European **Digital Identity Wallets should** build on the role of the National **Cybersecurity Certification** Authorities to supervise and monitor the compliance of the certificates issued by the conformity assessment bodies within their jurisdiction with the relevant European cybersecurity schemes. Similarly, and interoperability. certification should leverage, as appropriate, on

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Commission Troposal	EP Mandate	standards and technical specifications as specified in Regulation (EU) 2019/881. Such specifications may be used as state-of-the-art documents, as specified under relevant cybersecurity certification schemes pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2019/881. When noin particular rely on the relevant European cybersecurity certification schemes established pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2019/881. Such cover the certification of relevant services or processes contributing to the security of the Wallet, appropriate schemes should be created in accordance with Title III of Regulation (EU) 2019/881. A common and harmonized scheme for the certification of European Digital Identity Wallets should be established for the assessment of their compliance with the common specifications and requirements provided in this Regulation, other than those related to cybersecurity and data protection, notably those covering functional and operational aspects. Regarding this certification, in order to ensure a high level of trust and	Draft Agreement
		transparency, mechanisms and procedures should be established aiming to foster peer learning and	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			cooperation between Member States on the monitoring and review of the certification bodies and the certificates and certification reports they issue. Such peer learning mechanism should be without prejudice to Regulation (EC) 2016/679 and Regulation (EU) 2019/881. Certification as regards personal data processing pursuant to of the Wallet under Regulation (EC) 2016/679 is a voluntary tool among others that can be used to demonstrate compliance with the requirements laid down in Regulation (EC) 2016/679 as they apply to European Digital Identity Wallets and their provision to European citizens. 1. Regulation (EU) 2019/881 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 April 2019 on ENISA (the European Union Agency for Cybersecurity) and on information and communications technology cybersecurity certification and repealing Regulation (EU) No 526/2013 (Cybersecurity Act), OJ L 151, 7.6.2019, p. 15	
Recital 1	LOa			
⁶ 19a				(10a) In order to avoid divergent approaches and harmonize the implementation of the requirements laid down by this

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Regulation, European Digital Identity Wallets should be certified according to common specifications, procedures and reference standards adopted by the Commission according to this Regulation for the purpose of expressing detailed technical specifications of those requirements. For as long and as far as the certification of the conformity of European Digital Identity Wallet with relevant cybersecurity requirements are not covered by cybersecurity certification schemes that are available and referenced in this Regulation, and for as far as non-cybersecurity requirements relevant to the European Digital Identity Wallet are concerned, Member States should establish national certification schemes following the harmonized requirements set out in this Regulation.
Recital 1	0b			
6 19b				(10b) Certification of conformity with the cybersecurity requirements established in this Regulation should, where available, rely on the relevant European cybersecurity certifications schemes established

Commission	Proposal EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2019/881 which establishes a voluntary European cybersecurity certification framework for ICT products, processes and services.
Recital 10c			·
6 19c			(10c) In order to continuously assess and mitigate risks linked to security, certified European Digital Identity Wallet should be subject to regular vulnerability assessments aiming at detecting any vulnerability of the certified product, process, and service related components of the European Digital Identity Wallet.
Recital 10d	<u> </u>		
G 19d			(10d) By protecting users and companies from cybersecurity risks, the essential cybersecurity requirements laid down in this Regulation, are also to contribute to enhancing the protection of personal data and privacy of individuals. Synergies on both standardisation and certification on cybersecurity aspects should be considered through the cooperation between the Commission, the European Standardisation Organisations, the

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
					European Union Agency for Cybersecurity (ENISA), the European Data Protection Board (EDPB) established by Regulation (EU) 2016/679, and the national data protection supervisory authorities.
	Recital 10	Оа			
	19e		(10a) The transparency of EDIWs and accountability of their issuers are key elements by which to create social trust on the framework. All issuers of EDIWs should make the source codes available to the public for its scrutiny, in particular for privacy and security. Issuers and managers of EDIWs should be subject to controls and liabilities similar to those of qualified trust services providers.		
	Recital 10	Оа			
G	19f			(10a) The on-boarding of citizens and residents to the European Digital Identity Wallet should be facilitated by relying on electronic identification means issued at level of assurance 'high'. Electronic identification means issued at level of assurance 'substantial' should be relied upon only in cases where	(10e) The on-boarding of citizens and residents to the European Digital Identity Wallet should be facilitated by relying on electronic identification means issued at level of assurance 'high'. Electronic identification means issued at level of assurance 'substantial' should be relied upon only in cases where harmonised technical and

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		harmonised technical and operational specifications using electronic identification means issued at level of assurance 'substantial' in combination with other supplementary means of identity verification will allow the fulfillment of the requirements set out in this Regulation as regards level of assurance 'high'. Such supplementary means or measures should be reliable and easy to utilize by the users and could be built on the possibility to use remote on-boarding procedures, qualified certificates supported by qualified signatures, qualified electronic attestation of attributes or a combination thereof. To ensure sufficient uptake of European Digital Identity Wallets, harmonised technical and operational specifications for on-boarding of users by using electronic identification means, including those issued at level of assurance 'substantial', should be set out in implementing acts.	operational specifications using electronic identification means issued at level of assurance 'substantial' in combination with other supplementary means of identity verification will allow the fulfillment of the requirements set out in this Regulation as regards level of assurance 'high'. Such supplementary means or measures should be reliable and easy to utilize by the users and could be built on the possibility to use remote on-boarding procedures, qualified certificates supported by qualified signatures, qualified electronic attestation of attributes or a combination thereof. To ensure sufficient uptake of European Digital Identity Wallets, harmonised technical and operational specifications for on-boarding of users by using electronic identification means, including those issued at level of assurance 'substantial', should be set out in implementing acts. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Recital 10b			
19g		(10b) The objective of this Regulation is to provide the user with a fully mobile, secure and user-friendly European Digital	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Commission Proposal	LI Manuace	Identity Wallet. As a transitional measure until the availability of certified tamper-proof solutions, such as secure elements within the users' devices, the European Digital Identity Wallets may rely upon certified external secure elements for the protection of the cryptographic material and other sensitive data or upon notified national solutions at level of assurance 'high' in order to demonstrate compliance with the relevant requirements of the Regulation as regards the level of assurance of the Wallet. The use of the above-mentioned transitional measure should be limited to use cases requiring level of assurance 'high', such as onboarding of the user to the Wallet and authenticating to services requiring level of assurance 'high'. When authenticating to services requiring level of assurance 'substantial', European Digital Identity Wallets should not require the use of the above-mentioned transitional measure. This Regulation should be without prejudice to national conditions for the issuance and use of certified external secure element in case this transitional measure relies on it.	Draft Agreement
Recital 1	1			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
20	(11) European Digital Identity Wallets should ensure the highest level of security for the personal data used for authentication irrespective of whether such data is stored locally or on cloud-based solutions, taking into account the different levels of risk. Using biometrics to authenticate is one of the identifications methods providing a high level of confidence, in particular when used in combination with other elements of authentication. Since biometrics represents a unique characteristic of a person, the use of biometrics requires organisational and security measures, commensurate to the risk that such processing may entail to the rights and freedoms of natural persons and in accordance with Regulation 2016/679.	(11) EDIWs should ensure the highest level of security for the personal data used for identification and authentication irrespective of whether such data is stored locally, in decentralised ledgers or on cloud-based solutions, and taking into account the different levels of risk. Using biometrics to identify and authenticate should not be a precondition for using EDIWs, notwithstanding the requirement for strong user authentication. Biometric data used for the purpose to authenticate a natural person in the context of this Regulation should not be stored in the cloud without the explicit consent of the user. Using biometrics is one of the identifications methods providing a high level of confidence, when used in combination with 'what you know' factor. Since biometrics represents a unique characteristic of a person, the use of biometrics should not be obligatory. Furthermore the use of biometric data should be limited to specific scenarios pursuant to Article 9 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, and requires organisational and security measures, commensurate to the risk that such processing may entail to the rights and freedoms of natural persons and in accordance with	(11) European Digital Identity Wallets should ensure the highest level of protection and security for the personal data used for authentication irrespective of whether such data is stored locally or on cloud-based solutions, taking into account the different levels of risk. Using biometries to authenticate The processing of biometric data as an authentication factor in strong user authentication is one of the identifications methods providing a high level of confidence, in particular when used in combination with other elements of authentication. Since biometrics biometric data represents a unique characteristic of a person, the use of biometries requires organisational and security measuresprocessing of biometric data is only allowed under the exceptions of Article 9(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and requires appropriate safeguards, commensurate to the risk that such processing may entail to the rights and freedoms of natural persons-and in accordance with Regulation 2016/679.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		Regulation 2016/679. Storing information from EDIWs in the cloud should be an optional feature only active after the user has given explicit consent. Where the EDIWs are issued on a personal electronic device of the user, their cryptographic material should be, when technologically possible, stored in the secure elements of EDIWs.		
Recital 1	1a	1	I	
20a		(11a) EDIWs should be secure-by-design. They should implement advanced security features to protect against identity theft, data theft, denial of service and any other cyber threat. This should include state of-the-art encryption and storage methods that are only accessible to and decryptable by the user, and establishing end-to-end encrypted communication with other EDIWs and relying parties. Additionally, EDIWs should require secure explicit, and active use confirmation for operations.	(11a) The functioning of European Digital Identity Wallets should be transparent and allow for verifiable processing of personal data. In order to achieve this, Member States are encouraged to disclose the source code of software components of European Digital Identity Wallets that are related to processing of personal data and data of legal persons. Disclosure of such source code enables society, including users and developers, to understand its operation. This also has the potential of increasing users' trust in the Wallet ecosystem and contributing to the security of Wallets by allowing anyone to report vulnerabilities and errors in the code. This entices suppliers	

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				to deliver and maintain a highly secure product. Additionally and where appropriate Member States are also encouraged to make the source code available under an open source license. An open source license enables society, including users and developers, to modify and reuse the source code.	
	Recital 1	1a			
Υ	20b				(11a) Issuers of the European Digital Identity Wallet process significant amounts of personal data of the user for the use of the wallet. The issuance and use of the wallet free of charge should not result to the processing of data beyond what is not necessary for the provision of wallet services. This Regulation should not allow processing of personal data stored in or resulting from the use of the European Digital Identity Wallet by the issuer of the European Digital Identity Wallet for other purposes than the provision of wallet services. Combining person identification data and other personal data with data from other services of the issuer or third parties should only be possible on the explicit and freely given request of the user for additional services

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				and provided that the processing of user's personal data is necessary for the performance of a contract, in compliance with Article 6(1)(b) GDPR.
Recit	ital 11b			
20	De la contraction de la contra	(11b) The use of the EDIWs as well as the discontinuation of their use are rights and the choice of users. Member States should develop a simple, user-friendly, speedy and secure procedure for the users to request immediate revocation of validity of EDIWs. For the situations when users are in possession of the device, this functionality should be designed as an integrated feature of the EDIWs. A user-friendly and speedy remote mechanism should be established for cases when users do not hold the device in their possession, such as in the case of theft or loss. Upon the death of the user or the cessation of activity by a legal person, a mechanism should be established to enable the authority responsible for settling the succession of the natural person or assets of the legal person to request the immediate termination of EDIWs.		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Recital 1	1c			
20d		(11c) In order to promote uptake of the EDIWs and wider use of digital identities, Member States should not only show the benefits of the relevant services, but also, in cooperation with the private sector, researchers and academia, develop training programmes aiming to strengthen the digital skills of their citizens and residents, in particular for vulnerable groups such as persons with disabilities, older persons and persons lacking digital skills.		
Recital 1	2			
21	(12) To ensure that the European Digital Identity framework is open to innovation, technological development and future-proof, Member States should be encouraged to set-up jointly sandboxes to test innovative solutions in a controlled and secure environment in particular to improve the functionality, protection of personal data, security and interoperability of the solutions and to inform future updates of technical references and legal requirements. This environment should foster the inclusion of European Small and Medium	(12) To ensure that the European digital identity framework is open to innovation, technological development and future-proof, Member States should be encouraged to <i>jointly</i> set-up sandboxes to test innovative solutions in a controlled, <i>time limited</i> and secure environment in particular to improve the functionality, protection of personal data, security and interoperability of the solutions and to inform future updates of technical references and legal requirements. This environment should foster the inclusion of European Small and	(12) To ensure that the European Digital Identity framework is open to innovation, technological development and future-proof, Member States should be encouraged to set-up jointly sandboxes to test innovative solutions in a controlled and secure environment in particular to improve the functionality, protection of personal data, security and interoperability of the solutions and to inform future updates of technical references and legal requirements. This environment should foster the inclusion of European Small and Medium	

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		Enterprises, start-ups and individual innovators and researchers.	Medium Enterprises, start-ups and individual innovators and researchers as well as relevant industry stakeholders while improving compliance and preventing the placing on the market of solutions which infringe Union law on data protection and IT security.	Enterprises, start-ups and individual innovators and researchers.	
	Recital 13	3			
O	22	(13) Regulation (EU) No 2019/1157¹ strengthens the security of identity cards with enhanced security features by August 2021. Member States should consider the feasibility of notifying them under electronic identification schemes to extend the cross-border availability of electronic identification means. 1. Regulation (EU) 2019/1157 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 June 2019 on strengthening the security of identity cards of Union citizens and of residence documents issued to Union citizens and their family members exercising their right of free movement (OJ L 188, 12.7.2019, p. 67).	(13) Regulation (EU) 2019/1157 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹ strengthens the security of identity cards with enhanced security features by August 2021. Member States should consider the feasibility of notifying them under electronic identification schemes to extend the cross-border availability of electronic identification means. 1. Regulation (EU) 2019/1157 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 June 2019 on strengthening the security of identity cards of Union citizens and of residence documents issued to Union citizens and their family members exercising their right of free movement (OJ L 188, 12.7.2019, p. 67).	(13) Regulation (EU) No 2019/1157¹ strengthens the security of identity cards with enhanced security features by August 2021. Member States should consider the feasibility of notifying them under electronic identification schemes to extend the cross-border availability of electronic identification means. 1. Regulation (EU) 2019/1157 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 June 2019 on strengthening the security of identity cards of Union citizens and of residence documents issued to Union citizens and their family members exercising their right of free movement (OJ L 188, 12.7.2019, p. 67).	(13) Regulation (EU) No 2019/1157¹ strengthens the security of identity cards with enhanced security features by August 2021. Member States should consider the feasibility of notifying them under electronic identification schemes to extend the cross-border availability of electronic identification means. 1. Regulation (EU) 2019/1157 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 June 2019 on strengthening the security of identity cards of Union citizens and of residence documents issued to Union citizens and their family members exercising their right of free movement (OJ L 188, 12.7.2019, p. 67). Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Recital 14	4			
G	23				

electronic identification schemes should be simplified and accelerated to promote the access to convenient, trusted, secure and innovative authentication and identification solutions and, where relevant, to encourage private identity providers to offer electronic identification schemes to Member State's authorities for notification as national electronic identity card schemes under Regulation 910/2014. Recital 15 electronic identification schemes should be improved and accelerated to promote the access to convenient, trusted, secure and innovative authentication and identification solutions and, where relevant, to encourage private identity providers to offer electronic identification schemes to Member State's authorities for notification as national electronic identity card schemes under Regulation (EU) No 910/2014. (15) Streamlining of the current notification and peer-review procedures will prevent heterogeneous approaches to the assessment of various notified (15) Streamlining of the current notification and peer-review procedures will prevent heterogeneous approaches to the assessment of various notified	electronic identification schemes should be simplified and accelerated to promote the access to convenient, trusted, secure and innovative authentication and identification solutions and, where relevant, to encourage private identity providers to offer electronic identification schemes to Member State's authorities for notification as national electronic identification is schemes to Member State's authorities for notification as national electronic identification schemes
(15) Streamlining of the current notification and peer-review procedures will prevent heterogeneous approaches to the assessment of various notified (15) Streamlining of the current notification and peer-review procedures will prevent heterogeneous approaches to the assessment of various notified (15) Streamlining of the current notification and peer-review procedures will prevent heterogeneous approaches to the assessment of various notified (15) Streamlining of the current notification and peer-review procedures will prevent heterogeneous approaches to the assessment of various notified (15) Streamlining of the current notification and peer-review procedures will prevent heterogeneous approaches to the assessment of various notified	Regulation 910/2014. Text Origin: Council Mandate
notification and peer-review procedures will prevent heterogeneous approaches to the assessment of various notified notification and peer-review procedures will prevent heterogeneous approaches to the assessment of various notified notification and peer-review procedures will prevent heterogeneous approaches to the assessment of various notified notification and peer-review procedures will prevent heterogeneous approaches to the assessment of various notified notification and peer-review procedures will prevent heterogeneous approaches to the assessment of various notified	
Member States. New, simplified, mechanisms should foster Member States' cooperation on the security and interoperability of their notified electronic identification schemes. Member States. New, simplified, mechanisms should foster Member States' cooperation on the security and interoperability of their notified electronic identification schemes. Member States. New, simplified, mechanisms should foster Member States' cooperation on the security and interoperability of their notified electronic identification schemes. Member States. New, simplified, mechanisms should foster Member States' cooperation on the security and interoperability of their notified electronic identification schemes.	notification and peer-review procedures will prevent heterogeneous approaches to the assessment of various notified electronic identification schemes and facilitate trust-building between Member States. New, simplified, mechanisms should foster Member States' cooperation on the security and interoperability of their notified

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
y 25	(16) Member States should benefit from new, flexible tools to ensure compliance with the requirements of this Regulation and of the relevant implementing acts. This Regulation should allow Member States to use reports and assessments performed by accredited conformity assessment bodies or voluntary ICT security certification schemes, such as certification schemes to be established at Union level under Regulation (EU) 2019/881, to support their claims on the alignment of the schemes or of parts thereof with the requirements of the Regulation on the interoperability and the security of the notified electronic identification schemes.	(16) Member States should benefit from new, flexible tools to ensure compliance with the requirements of this Regulation and of the relevant implementing acts. This Regulation should allow Member States to use reports and assessments performed by accredited conformity assessment bodies or voluntary ICT security certification schemes, such as certification schemes to be established at Union level under Regulation (EU) 2019/881, to support their claims on the alignment of the schemes or of parts thereof with the requirements of the Regulation on the interoperability and the security of the notified electronic identification schemes.	(16) Member States should benefit from new, flexible tools to ensure compliance with the requirements of this Regulation and of the relevant implementing acts. This Regulation should allow Member States to use reports and assessments, performed by accredited conformity assessment bodies, as foreseen in or voluntary ICT security certification schemes, such as certification schemes to be established at Union level under Regulation (EU) 2019/881, to support their claims on the alignment of the schemes or of parts thereof with the requirements of the Regulation on the interoperability and the security of the notified electronic identification schemes.	(16) Member States should benefit from new, flexible tools to ensure compliance with the requirements of this Regulation and of the relevant implementing acts. This Regulation should allow Member States to use reports and assessments, performed by accredited conformity assessment bodies, as foreseen in or voluntary ICT security eertification schemes, such as certification schemes to be established at Union level under Regulation (EU) 2019/881, to support their claims on the alignment of the schemes or of parts thereof with the requirements of the Regulation on the interoperability and the security of the notified electronic identification schemes. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Recital 1	17			
26	(17) Service providers use the identity data provided by the set of person identification data available from electronic identification schemes pursuant to Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 in order to match users from another Member State with the legal identity of that user. However, despite the use of the	(17) Service providers use the identity data provided by the set of person identification data available from electronic identification schemes pursuant to Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 in order to match users from another Member State with the legal identity of that user. However, despite the use of the	deleted	

Commission	Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
eIDAS data set, in mensuring an accurate additional information user and specific unitidentification proced level. To further supusability of electronic means, this Regulation require Member States specific measures to correct identify material of electronic identifications ame purpose, this Reshould also extend the minimum data set and use of a unique and electronic identifier with Union law in the where it is necessary identify the user upon request in a unique and way.	ensuring a additional user and sidentification on should tes to take ensure a ch in the process cation. For the Regulation he mandatory and require the persistent in conformity nose cases to to legally on his/her and persistent in department of the process identification on the reaction on should tes to take ensure a combinate cryptogral identifiers usability on his/her and persistent in conformity on the persistent in conformity on the reaction of the process identification or the persistent in conformity on the persistent in conformity on the reaction of the persistent in conformity on the persistent in the persistent in conformity on the persistent in conformity on the persistent in conformity on the persistent in the p	ta set, in many cases in accurate match requires information about the pecific unique ion procedures at national order to ensure a high-ust and security of data of natural persons, technical solutions should ered, including the use or ion of various phic techniques, such as phically verifiable in To further support the of electronic identification of implementation of in should require Member ake specific measures to correct identity match in its of electronic identification exclusively for the ider access of public that requires the ition of the user by law. In it, this requirement should it as a call for a identity register in the interpretation of persons and it is a combination of person identification combination of person it is issued by Member States ited by the EDIWs is		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		important for ensuring that the identity of the user can be verified. National law should be able to require the use of unique and persistent identifiers that are specific to particular sectors or relying parties. EDIWs should be capable of storing those identifiers and disclosing them where requested by the user. For the same purpose, this Regulation should extend the mandatory minimum data set and require the use of a unique and persistent electronic identifier for legal persons in accordance with Union law.		
Recital 1				
26a		(17a) When accessing public and private services across borders, the authentication and identification of EDIW users should be possible. The receiving Member States should be able to unequivocally identify users upon their request, in those cases where their identification is required by law and to proceed to identity matching. In order to ensure a high level of trust and security of personal data, different technical solutions should be considered, including the use or combination of various state-of-the-art	(17a) The use of unique and persistent identifiers issued by Member States or generated by the European Digital Identity Wallet, jointly with the use of person identification data, is essential to ensure that the identity of the user, in particular in the public sector and when mandated by national or Union law, can be verified. This Regulation should ensure that the European Digital Identity Wallet can provide a mechanism to enable record matching, including by the use of qualified electronic attestations of attributes, and	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		cryptographic techniques and technologies, such as cryptographically verifiable identifiers, unique user-generated digital pseudonyms, self-sovereign identities, and domain specific identifiers.	allow for the inclusion of unique and persistent identifiers in the person identification data set. A unique and persistent identifier may consist of either single or multiple identification data that can be sector-specific as long as it serves to uniquely identify the user across the Union. The European Digital Identity Wallet should also provide a mechanism that allows for the use of relying party specific identifiers in cases when the use of a unique and persistent identifier is required by national or Union law. In all cases, the mechanism provided to facilitate record matching and the use of unique and persistent identifiers should ensure that the user is protected against misuse of personal data according to this Regulation and applicable Union law, in particular Regulation (EU) 2016/679, including against the risk of profiling and tracking related to the use of the European Digital Identity Wallet.	
Recital 1	7b			
26b			(17b) It is essential to take into consideration the needs of users, thereby boosting demand for European Digital Identity Wallets. There should be	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			meaningful use cases and online services relying on European Digital Identity Wallets available. For convenience of users and in order to ensure cross-border availability of such services, it is important to undertake actions in order to facilitate a similar approach to design, development and implementation of online services in all Member States. Non-binding guidelines on how to design, develop and implement online services relying on European Digital Identity Wallets have the potential of becoming a useful tool to achieve this goal. These guidelines should be prepared in due account of the interoperability framework of the Union. Member States should have a leading role when it comes to adopting them.	
Recital 1	1.8			
s 27	(18) In line with Directive (EU) 2019/882 ¹ , persons with disabilities should be able to use the European digital identity wallets, trust services and end-user products used in the provision of those services on an equal basis with other users. 1. Directive (EU) 2019/882 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 April	(18) In <i>accordance</i> with Directive (EU) 2019/882 <i>of</i> the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ , persons with disabilities should be able to use the <i>EDIWs</i> , trust services and end-user products used in the provision of those services on an equal basis with other users.	(18) In line with Directive (EU) 2019/882¹, persons with disabilities should be able to use the European digital identity wallets, trust services and end-user products used in the provision of those services on an equal basis with other users. 1. Directive (EU) 2019/882 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 April	(18) In lineaccordance with Directive (EU) 2019/882¹, persons with disabilities should be able to use the European digital identity wallets, trust services and end-user products used in the provision of those services on an equal basis with other users.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	2019 on the accessibility requirements for products and services (OJ L 151, 7.6.2019, p. 70).	1. Directive (EU) 2019/882 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 April 2019 on the accessibility requirements for products and services (OJ L 151, 7.6.2019, p. 70).	2019 on the accessibility requirements for products and services (OJ L 151, 7.6.2019, p. 70).	1. Directive (EU) 2019/882 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 April 2019 on the accessibility requirements for products and services (OJ L 151, 7.6.2019, p. 70). Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Recital 1	8a			
s 27a				(18a) In order to ensure effective enforcement of the obligations laid down in this Regulation, a minimum for the maximum of administrative fines for both qualified and non-qualified trust service providers should be established. Member States should implement penalties regimes providing for effective, proportionate and dissuasive sanctions. When determining the penalties, the size of the affected entities, their business models and the severity of the breaches should be duly taken into consideration.
Recital 1	9			
g 28	(19) This Regulation should not cover aspects related to the conclusion and validity of contracts or other legal obligations where	(19) This Regulation should not cover aspects related to the conclusion and validity of contracts or other legal obligations where	(19) This Regulation should not cover aspects related to the conclusion and validity of contracts or other legal obligations where	(19) This Regulation should not cover aspects related to the conclusion and validity of contracts or other legal obligations where

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	there are requirements as regards form laid down by national or Union law. In addition, it should not affect national form requirements pertaining to public registers, in particular commercial and land registers.	there are requirements as regards form laid down by <i>Union or national</i> law. In addition, it should not affect national form requirements pertaining to public registers, in particular commercial and land registers.	there are requirements as regards form laid down by national or Union law. In addition, it should not affect national form requirements pertaining to public registers, in particular commercial and land registers.	there are requirements as regards form laid down by national or Union Union or national law. In addition, it should not affect national form requirements pertaining to public registers, in particular commercial and land registers. Text Origin: EP Mandate
Recita	120			
29	(20) The provision and use of trust services are becoming increasingly important for international trade and cooperation. International partners of the EU are establishing trust frameworks inspired by Regulation (EU) No 910/2014. Therefore, in order to facilitate the recognition of such services and their providers, implementing legislation may set the conditions under which trust frameworks of third countries could be considered equivalent to the trust framework for qualified trust services and providers in this Regulation, as a complement to the possibility of the mutual recognition of trust services and providers established in the Union and in third countries in accordance with Article 218 of the Treaty.	(20) The provision and use of trust services are becoming increasingly important for international trade and cooperation. International partners of the EU are establishing trust frameworks inspired by Regulation (EU) No 910/2014. Therefore, in order to facilitate the recognition of such services and their providers, implementing legislation may set the conditions under which trust frameworks of third countries could be considered equivalent to the trust framework for qualified trust services and providers in this Regulation, as a complement to the possibility of the mutual recognition of trust services and providers established in the Union and in third countries in accordance with Article 218 of the Treaty.	(20) The provision and use of trust services are becoming increasingly important for international trade and cooperation. International partners of the EU are establishing trust frameworks inspired by Regulation (EU) No 910/2014. Therefore, in order to facilitate the recognition of such services and their providers, implementing legislation may set the conditions under which trust frameworks of third countries could be considered equivalent to the trust framework for qualified trust services and providers in this Regulation, as a complement to the possibility of the mutual recognition of trust services and providers established in the Union and in third countries in accordance with Article 218 of the Treaty. When setting out the conditions under which trust frameworks of third	

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				countries could be considered equivalent to the trust framework for qualified trust services and providers in this Regulation, compliance with the relevant provisions in the Directive XXXX/XXXX, (NIS2 Directive) and Regulation (EU) 2016/679 should also be ensured, as well as the use of trusted lists as essential elements to build trust.	
Re	cital 2	1			
1.0	ortar Z				
5	30	(21) This Regulation should build on Union acts ensuring contestable and fair markets in the digital sector. In particular, it builds on the Regulation XXX/XXXX [Digital Markets Act], which introduces rules for providers of core platform services designated as gatekeepers and, among others, prohibits gatekeepers to require business users to use, offer or interoperate with an identification service of the gatekeeper in the context of services offered by the business users using the core platform services of that gatekeeper. Article 6(1)(f) of the Regulation XXX/XXXX [Digital Markets Act] requires gatekeepers to allow business users and providers of ancillary services access to and interoperability with the same operating system,	(21) Issuers of EDIWs may need access to specific hardware and software features of smartphones, such as parts of the operating system, secure hardware (secure element, SIM etc.), NFC, Bluetooth, Wi-Fi Aware and biometric sensors. Such features are under the control of operating system and equipment manufacturers. Therefore this Regulation should build on Union acts ensuring contestable and fair markets in the digital sector. In particular, it builds on Article 6(7) of the Regulation (EU) 2022/1925 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹a, which requires the providers of core platform services designated as gatekeepers to allow business users and alternative providers of	(21) This Regulation should build on Union acts ensuring contestable and fair markets in the digital sector. In particular, it builds on the Regulation XXX/XXXX [Digital Markets Act](EU) 2022/1925, which introduces rules for providers of core platform services designated as gatekeepers and, among others, prohibits gatekeepers to require business users to use, offer or interoperate with an identification service of the gatekeeper in the context of services offered by the business users using the core platform services of that gatekeeper. Article 6(1)(f)6(7) of the Regulation XXX/XXXX [Digital Markets Act]Regulation 2022/1925 requires gatekeepers to allow business users and providers of ancillary services access to and interoperability with	(21) This Regulation should build on Union acts ensuring contestable and fair markets in the digital sector. In particular, it builds on the Regulation XXX/XXXX [Digital Markets Act], which introduces rules for providers of core platform services designated as gatekeepers and, among others, prohibits gatekeepers to require business users to use, offer or interoperate with an identification service of the gatekeeper in the context of services offered by the business users using the core platform services of that gatekeeper. Article 6(1)(f) of the Regulation XXX/XXXX [Digital Markets Act] requires gatekeepers to allow business users and providers of ancillary services access to and interoperability with the same operating system,

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	hardware or software features that are available or used in the provision by the gatekeeper of any ancillary services. According to Article 2 (15) of [Digital Markets Act] identification services constitute a type of ancillary services. Business users and providers of ancillary services should therefore be able to access such hardware or software features, such as secure elements in smartphones, and to interoperate with them through the European Digital Identity Wallets or Member States' notified electronic identification means.	together with, or in support of, core platform services, free of charge, effective interoperability with, and access for the purposes of interoperability to, the same operating system, hardware or software features, regardless of whether those features are part of the operating system, as are available to or used by that gatekeeper when providing such services. 1a. Regulation (EU) 2022/1925 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 September 2022 on contestable and fair markets in the digital sector and amending Directives (EU) 2019/1937 and (EU) 2020/1828 (Digital Markets Act) (OJ L 265, 12.10.2022, p. 1).	the same operating system, hardware or software features that are available or used in the provision by the gatekeeper of any ancillary services. According to Article 2 (15) of [the Digital Markets Act] identification services constitute a type of ancillary services. Business users and providers of ancillary services should therefore be able to access such hardware or software features, such as secure elements in smartphones, and to interoperate with them through the European Digital Identity Wallets or Member States' notified electronic identification means.	hardware or software features that are available or used in the provision by the gatekeeper of any ancillary services. According to Article 2 (15) of [Digital Markets Actdeleted] identification services constitute a type of ancillary services. Business users and providers of ancillary services should therefore be able to access such hardware or software features, such as secure elements in smartphones, and to interoperate with them through the European Digital Identity Wallets or Member States' notified electronic identification means. Text Origin: EP Mandate
Recital 2	 1a			
30a		(21a) This Regulation aims to facilitate the creation of the choice between and and the possibility of switching between EDIWs. In order to avoid lock-in effects, the issuers of EDIWs should, at the request of EDIW users, ensure the effective portability of data, including continuous and real-time access to services, and should not be allowed to use contractual, economic or technical barriers to prevent or to discourage effective		

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	switching between different EDIWs.		- C
Recital 21a			
30b			(21a) To ensure the proper functioning of the European Digital Identity Wallets, 'wallet' issuers need effective interoperability and fair, reasonable and non-discriminatory conditions for the 'wallet' to access specific hardware and software features of mobile devices. These components may include in particular but not exclusively, Near Field Communication antennas and secure elements (including Universal Integrated Circuit Cards, embedded secure elements, microSD cards and Bluetooth Low Energy). The access to these components may be under the control of mobile network operators and equipment manufacturers. Therefore, whenever needed to provide the services of the European Digital Identity Wallets, original equipment manufacturers of mobile devices or providers of electronic communication services should not refuse access to such components. In addition, the undertakings that are designated gatekeepers for enumerated core

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				platform services by the European Commission under Regulation (EU) 2022/1925, should remain subject to the specific provisions of such Regulation, building on Article 6(7) of the Regulation (EU) 2022/1925 of the European Parliament and of the Council.
Re	cital 22			
3	(22) In order to streamline the cybersecurity obligations imposed on trust service providers, as well as to enable these providers and their respective competent authorities to benefit from the legal framework established by Directive XXXX/XXXX (NIS2 Directive), trust services are required to take appropriate technical and organisational measures pursuant to Directive XXXX/XXXX (NIS2 Directive), such as measures addressing system failures, human error, malicious actions or natural phenomena in order to manage the risks posed to the security of network and information systems which those providers use in the provision of their services as well as to notify significant incidents and cyber threats in accordance with Directive XXXX/XXXX (NIS2 Directive). With regard to the reporting of incidents, trust service	(22) In order to streamline the cybersecurity obligations imposed on trust service providers, as well as to enable these providers and their respective competent authorities to benefit from the legal framework established by Directive XXXX/XXXX (NIS2 Directive), trust services are required to take appropriate technical and organisational measures pursuant to Directive XXXX/XXXX (NIS2 Directive), such as measures addressing system failures, human error, malicious actions or natural phenomena in order to manage the risks posed to the security of network and information systems which those providers use in the provision of their services as well as to notify significant incidents and cyber threats in accordance with Directive XXXX/XXXX (NIS2 Directive). With regard to the reporting of incidents, trust service	(22) In order to streamline the cybersecurity obligations imposed on trust service providers, as well as to enable these providers and their respective competent authorities to benefit from the legal framework established by Directive XXXX/XXXX (NIS2 Directive), trust services are required to take appropriate technical and organisational measures pursuant to Directive XXXX/XXXX (NIS2 Directive), such as measures addressing system failures, human error, malicious actions or natural phenomena in order to manage the risks posed to the security of network and information systems which those providers use in the provision of their services as well as to notify significant incidents and cyber threats in accordance with Directive XXXX/XXXX (NIS2 Directive). With regard to the reporting of incidents, trust service	(22) In order to streamline the cybersecurity obligations imposed on trust service providers, as well as to enable these providers and their respective competent authorities to benefit from the legal framework established by Directive XXXX/XXXX (NIS2 Directive), trust services are required to take appropriate technical and organisational measures pursuant to Directive XXXX/XXXX (NIS2 Directive), such as measures addressing system failures, human error, malicious actions or natural phenomena in order to manage the risks posed to the security of network and information systems which those providers use in the provision of their services as well as to notify significant incidents and cyber threats in accordance with Directive XXXX/XXXX (NIS2 Directive). With regard to the reporting of incidents, trust service

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	providers should notify any incidents having a significant impact on the provision of their services, including such caused by theft or loss of devices, network cable damages or incidents occurred in the context of identification of persons. The cybersecurity risk management requirements and reporting obligations under Directive XXXXXX [NIS2] should be considered complementary to the requirements imposed on trust service providers under this Regulation. Where appropriate, established national practices or guidance in relation to the implementation of security and reporting requirements and supervision of compliance with such requirements under Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 should continue to be applied by the competent authorities designated under Directive XXXX/XXXX (NIS2 Directive). Any requirements pursuant to this Regulation do not affect the obligation to notify personal data breaches under Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	providers should notify any incidents having a significant impact on the provision of their services, including such caused by theft or loss of devices, network cable damages or incidents occurred in the context of identification of persons. The cybersecurity risk management requirements and reporting obligations under Directive XXXXXXX [NIS2] should be considered complementary to the requirements imposed on trust service providers under this Regulation. Where appropriate, established national practices or guidance in relation to the implementation of security and reporting requirements and supervision of compliance with such requirements under Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 should continue to be applied by the competent authorities designated under Directive XXXX/XXXX (NIS2 Directive). Any requirements pursuant to this Regulation do not affect the obligation to notify personal data breaches under Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	providers should notify any incidents having a significant impact on the provision of their services, including such caused by theft or loss of devices, network cable damages or incidents occurred in the context of identification of persons. The cybersecurity risk management requirements and reporting obligations under Directive XXXXXXX [NIS2] should be considered complementary to the requirements imposed on trust service providers under this Regulation. Where appropriate, established national practices or guidance in relation to the implementation of security and reporting requirements and supervision of compliance with such requirements under Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 should continue to be applied by the competent authorities designated under Directive XXXX/XXXX (NIS2 Directive). Any requirements pursuant to this Regulation do not affect the obligation to notify personal data breaches under Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	providers should notify any incidents having a significant impact on the provision of their services, including such caused by theft or loss of devices, network cable damages or incidents occurred in the context of identification of persons. The cybersecurity risk management requirements and reporting obligations under Directive XXXXXX [NIS2] should be considered complementary to the requirements imposed on trust service providers under this Regulation. Where appropriate, established national practices or guidance in relation to the implementation of security and reporting requirements and supervision of compliance with such requirements under Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 should continue to be applied by the competent authorities designated under Directive XXXX/XXXX (NIS2 Directive). Any requirements pursuant to this Regulation do not affect the obligation to notify personal data breaches under Regulation (EU) 2016/679. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Recita 32	23			
6 32				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	(23) Due consideration should be given to ensure effective cooperation between the NIS and eIDAS authorities. In cases where the supervisory body under this Regulation is different from the competent authorities designated under Directive XXXX/XXXX [NIS2], those authorities should cooperate closely, in a timely manner by exchanging the relevant information in order to ensure effective supervision and compliance of trust service providers with the requirements set out in this Regulation and Directive XXXX/XXXX [NIS2]. In particular, the supervisory bodies under this Regulation should be entitled to request the competent authority under Directive XXXXX/XXXX [NIS2] to provide the relevant information needed to grant the qualified status and to carry out supervisory actions to verify compliance of the trust service providers with the relevant requirements under NIS 2 or require them to remedy non-compliance.	(23) Due consideration should be given to ensure effective cooperation between the NIS and eIDAS authorities. In cases where the supervisory body under this Regulation is different from the competent authorities designated under Directive XXXX/XXXX [NIS2], those authorities should cooperate closely, in a timely manner by exchanging the relevant information in order to ensure effective supervision and compliance of trust service providers with the requirements set out in this Regulation and Directive XXXX/XXXX [NIS2]. In particular, the supervisory bodies under this Regulation should be entitled to request the competent authority under Directive XXXX/XXXX [NIS2] to provide the relevant information needed to grant the qualified status and to carry out supervisory actions to verify compliance of the trust service providers with the relevant requirements under NIS 2 or require them to remedy non-compliance.	(23) Due consideration should be given to ensure effective cooperation between the NIS and eIDAS authorities. In cases where the supervisory body under this Regulation is different from the competent authorities designated under Directive XXXX/XXXX [NIS2], those authorities should cooperate closely, in a timely manner by exchanging the relevant information in order to ensure effective supervision and compliance of trust service providers with the requirements set out in this Regulation and Directive XXXX/XXXX [NIS2]. In particular, the supervisory bodies under this Regulation should be entitled to request the competent authority under Directive XXXX/XXXX [NIS2] to provide the relevant information needed to grant the qualified status and to carry out supervisory actions to verify compliance of the trust service providers with the relevant requirements under NIS 2 or require them to remedy non-compliance.	(23) Due consideration should be given to ensure effective cooperation between the NIS and eIDAS authorities. In cases where the supervisory body under this Regulation is different from the competent authorities designated under Directive XXXX/XXXX [NIS2], those authorities should cooperate closely, in a timely manner by exchanging the relevant information in order to ensure effective supervision and compliance of trust service providers with the requirements set out in this Regulation and Directive XXXX/XXXX [NIS2]. In particular, the supervisory bodies under this Regulation should be entitled to request the competent authority under Directive XXXXX/XXXX [NIS2] to provide the relevant information needed to grant the qualified status and to carry out supervisory actions to verify compliance of the trust service providers with the relevant requirements under NIS 2 or require them to remedy non-compliance. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Recital	24			
33				

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
(24) It is essential to provide for a legal framework to facilitate cross-border recognition between existing national legal systems related to electronic registered delivery services. That framework could also open new market opportunities for Union trust service providers to offer new pan-European electronic registered delivery services and ensure that the identification of the recipients is ensured with a higher level of confidence than the identification of the sender.	(24) It is essential to provide for a legal framework to facilitate cross-border recognition between existing national legal systems related to electronic registered delivery services. That framework could also open new market opportunities for Union trust service providers to offer new pan-European electronic registered delivery services and ensure that the identification of the recipients is ensured with a higher level of confidence than the identification of the sender.	(24) It is essential to provide for a legal framework to facilitate cross-border recognition between existing national legal systems related to electronic registered delivery services. That framework could also open new market opportunities for Union trust service providers to offer new pan-European electronic registered delivery services. In order to and ensure that the identification of the recipients is ensured with a higherdata using a qualified electronic registered delivery service is delivered to the correct addressee, qualified electronic registered delivery services should ensure with full certainty the identification of the addressee while a high level of confidence thanwould suffice as regard to the identification of the sender. Providers of qualified electronic registered delivery services to be interoperable with qualified electronic registered delivery services to be interoperable with qualified electronic registered delivery services provided by other qualified trust service providers in order to easily transfer the electronic registered data between two or more qualified trust service providers and to promote fair practices in the internal market.	

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Recital 2	5			
34	(25) In most cases, citizens and other residents cannot digitally exchange, across borders, information related to their identity, such as addresses, age and professional qualifications, driving licenses and other permits and payment data, securely and with a high level of data protection.	(25)	(25) In most cases, citizens and other residents cannot digitally exchange, across borders, information related to their identity, such as addresses, age and professional qualifications, driving licenses and other permits and payment data, securely and with a high level of data protection.	
Recital 2	6			
35	(26) It should be possible to issue and handle trustworthy digital attributes and contribute to reducing administrative burden, empowering citizens and other residents to use them in their private and public transactions. Citizens and other residents should be able, for instance, to demonstrate ownership of a valid driving license issued by an authority in one Member State, which can be verified and relied upon by the relevant authorities in other Member States, to rely on their social security credentials or on future digital travel documents in a cross border context.	(26) It should be possible to issue and handle trustworthy digital attributes and contribute to reducing administrative burden, empowering citizens and other residents to use them in their private and public transactions. Citizens and other residents should be able, for instance, to demonstrate ownership of a valid driving license issued by an authority in one Member State, which can be verified and relied upon by the relevant authorities in other Member States, to rely on their social security credentials or on future digital travel documents in a cross border context.	(26) It should be possible to issue and handle trustworthy digital attributes and contribute to reducing administrative burden, empowering citizens and other residents to use them in their private and public transactions. Citizens and other residents should be able, for instance, to demonstrate ownership of a valid driving license issued by an authority in one Member State, which can be verified and relied upon by the relevant authorities in other Member States, to rely on their social security credentials or on future digital travel documents in a cross border context.	(26) It should be possible to issue and handle trustworthy digital attributes and contribute to reducing administrative burden, empowering citizens and other residents to use them in their private and public transactions. Citizens and other residents should be able, for instance, to demonstrate ownership of a valid driving license issued by an authority in one Member State, which can be verified and relied upon by the relevant authorities in other Member States, to rely on their social security credentials or on future digital travel documents in a cross border context. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Recital 2	7			
Recital 2	<u> </u> 7			

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36	(27) Any entity that collects, creates and issues attested attributes such as diplomas, licences, certificates of birth should be able to become a provider of electronic attestation of attributes. Relying parties should use the electronic attestations of attributes as equivalent to attestations in paper format. Therefore, an electronic attestation of attributes should not be denied legal effect on the grounds that it is in an electronic form or that it does not meet the requirements of the qualified electronic attestation of attributes. To that effect, general requirements should be laid down to ensure that a qualified electronic attestation of attributes has the equivalent legal effect of lawfully issued attestations in paper form. However, those requirements should apply without prejudice to Union or national law defining additional sector specific requirements as regards form with underlying legal effects and, in particular, the cross-border recognition of qualified electronic attestation of attributes, where appropriate.	(27) Any entity that collects, creates and issues attested attributes such as diplomas, licences, certificates of birth should be able to become a provider of electronic attestation of attributes and should be responsible for revoking the attestation in the event of falsification, identity theft, or any issuance based on an abusive request. Relying parties should use the electronic attestations of attributes as equivalent to attestations in paper format. Nevertheless, lawfully issued attestations of attributes in paper form should continue to be accepted by relying parties as an alternative to electronic attestations of attributes. An electronic attestation of attributes should not be denied legal effect solely on the grounds that it is in an electronic form or that it does not meet the requirements of the qualified electronic attestation of attributes. To that effect, general requirements should be laid down to ensure that a qualified electronic attestation attestation of attributes has the equivalent legal effect of lawfully issued attestations in paper form. However, those requirements should apply without prejudice to Union or national law defining	(27) Any entity that collects, creates and issues attested attributes such as diplomas, licences, certificates of birth should be able to become a provider of electronic attestation of attributes. Relying parties should use the electronic attestations of attributes as equivalent to attestations in paper format. Therefore, an electronic attestation of attributes should not be denied legal effect on the grounds that it is in an electronic form or that it does not meet the requirements of the qualified electronic attestation of attributes. To that effect, general requirements should be laid down to ensure that a qualified electronic attestation of attributes has the equivalent legal effect of lawfully issued attestations in paper form. However, those requirements should apply without prejudice to Union or national law defining additional sector specific requirements as regards form with underlying legal effects and, in particular, the cross-border recognition of qualified electronic attestation of attributes, where appropriate.	

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		additional sector specific requirements as regards form with underlying legal effects and, in particular, the cross-border recognition of qualified electronic attestation of attributes, where appropriate. The Commission and the Member States should involve professional organisations in laying down the attributes that concern them.		
Recital 2	8			
37	(28) Wide availability and usability of the European Digital Identity Wallets require their acceptance by private service providers. Private relying parties providing services in the areas of transport, energy, banking and financial services, social security, health, drinking water, postal services, digital infrastructure, education or telecommunications should accept the use of European Digital Identity Wallets for the provision of services where strong user authentication for online identification is required by national or Union law or by contractual obligation. Where very large online platforms as defined in Article 25.1. of Regulation [reference DSA Regulation] require users to authenticate to access	(28) The wide availability and usability of EDIWs require their acceptance and trust by both private individuals and private service providers. Private relying parties providing services such as in the areas of transport, energy, banking and financial services, social security, health, drinking water, postal services, digital infrastructure, telecommunications or education should accept the use of EDIWs for the provision of services where strong user authentication for online identification is required by Union or national law. Information requested from the user via EDIW should be necessary and proportionate for the intended use	(28) Wide availability and usability of the European Digital Identity Wallets require their acceptance by private service providers. Private relying parties providing services in the areas of transport, energy, banking-and, financial services, social security, health, drinking water, postal services, digital infrastructure, education or telecommunications should accept the use of European Digital Identity Wallets for the provision of services where strong user authentication for online identification is required by national or Union law or by contractual obligation. To facilitate the use and acceptance of the European Digital Identity Wallet, widely accepted industry standards and specifications	

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
online services, those platforms	case of the relying party and	should be taken into account.	
should be mandated to accept the	should	Where very large online platforms	
use of European Digital Identity	be in line with the principle of data	as defined in Article 25.1. of	
Wallets upon voluntary request of	minimisation, ensuring	Regulation [reference DSA	
the user. Users should be under no	transparency over which data is	Regulation] require users to	
obligation to use the wallet to	shared and for what purposes.	authenticate to access online	
access private services, but if they	Where very large online platforms	services, those platforms should be	
wish to do so, large online platforms	as defined in Article 25.1. of	mandated to accept the use of	
should accept the European Digital	Regulation (EU)	European Digital Identity Wallets	
Identity Wallet for this purpose	2022/2065 require users to	upon voluntary request of the user.	
while respecting the principle of	authenticate to access online	Users should be under no obligation	
data minimisation. Given the	services, those platforms should be	to use the wallet to access private	
importance of very large online	mandated to accept the use of	services, but if they wish to do so,	
platforms, due to their reach, in	EDIWs upon the	large online platforms should accept	
particular as expressed in number of	voluntary request of the user. Users	the European Digital Identity Wallet	
recipients of the service and	should be under no obligation to use	for this purpose while respecting the	
economic transactions this is	EDIWs to access private services	principle of data minimisation.	
necessary to increase the protection	and should not be restricted or	Given the importance of very large	
of users from fraud and secure a	hindered on the grounds that they	online platforms, due to their reach,	
high level of data protection. Self-	do not use an EDIW, but if users	in particular as expressed in number	
regulatory codes of conduct at	wish to do so, <i>very</i> large online	of recipients of the service and	
Union level ('codes of conduct')	platforms should accept <i>EDIWs</i> for	economic transactions, this is	
should be developed in order to	this purpose while respecting the	necessary to increase the protection	
contribute to wide availability and	principle of data minimisation <i>and</i>	of users from fraud and secure a	
usability of electronic identification	the right of the users to use freely	high level of data protection. – Self-	
means including European Digital	<i>chosen pseudonyms</i> . Given the	regulatory codes of conduct at	
Identity Wallets within the scope of	importance of very large online	Union level ('codes of conduct')	
this Regulation. The codes of	platforms, due to their reach, in	should be developed in order to	
conduct should facilitate wide	particular as expressed in number of	contribute to wide availability and	
acceptance of electronic	recipients of the service and	usability of electronic identification	
identification means including	economic transactions this is	means including European Digital	
European Digital Identity Wallets	necessary to increase the protection	Identity Wallets within the scope of	
by those service providers which do	of users from fraud and secure a	this Regulation. The codes of	
not qualify as very large platforms	high level of data protection. Self-	conduct should facilitate wide	
and which rely on third party	regulatory codes of conduct at	acceptance of electronic	
electronic identification services for	Union level ('codes of conduct')	identification means including	
user authentication. They should be	should be developed in order to	European Digital Identity Wallets	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	developed within 12 months of the adoption of this Regulation. The Commission should assess the effectiveness of these provisions for the availability and usability for the user of the European Digital Identity Wallets after 18 months of their deployment and revise the provisions to ensure their acceptance by means of delegated acts in the light of this assessment.	contribute to wide availability and usability of electronic identification means including <i>EDIWs</i> within the scope of this Regulation. The codes of conduct should facilitate wide acceptance of electronic identification means including <i>EDIWs</i> by those service providers which do not qualify as very large platforms and which rely on third party electronic identification services for user authentication. They should be developed within 12 months of the adoption of this Regulation.	by those service providers which do not qualify as very large platforms and which rely on third party electronic identification services for user authentication. They should be developed within 12 months of the adoption of this Regulation. The Commission should assess the effectiveness of these provisions for the availability and usability for the user of the European Digital Identity Wallets after 1824 months of their deployment—and revise the provisions to ensure their acceptance by means of delegated acts in the light of this assessment.	
Recital 2	<u> </u> !9			
38	(29) The European Digital Identity Wallet should technically enable the selective disclosure of attributes to relying parties. This feature should become a basic design feature thereby reinforcing convenience and personal data protection including minimisation of processing of personal data.	(29) EDIWs should technically enable the selective disclosure of attributes to relying parties in a secure and user-friendly manner as one of its key features and advantages. They should also ensure that no attributes are disclosed to parties that are not registered to receive such attributes. This feature should become a basic design feature, thereby reinforcing convenience and personal data protection including minimisation of processing of personal data in particular privacy	(29) Selective disclosure is a concept empowering the owner of data to disclose only certain parts of a larger data set, in order for the receiving entity to obtain only information that is required, e.g. for a user to disclose only data to a relying party that is necessary for provision of a service requested by a user. The European Digital Identity Wallet should technically enable the selective disclosure of attributes to relying parties. Such selectively disclosed attributes, including when originally parts of multiple distinct electronic attestations,	

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	by design and by default. Mechanisms for the validation of EDIWs, the selective disclosure and authentication of users to access online services should be privacy-preserving thereby preventing the tracking of the user and respecting the principle of purpose limitation, which implies a right to pseudonymity to ensure the user cannot be linked across several relying parties. The technical architecture and implementation of EDIWs should be in full compliance with Regulation (EU) 2016/679. In addition, the decentralised nature of EDIWs should enable self-signing and revocability of attributes and identifiers.	may be subsequently combined and presented to relying parties. This feature should become a basic design feature thereby reinforcing convenience and personal datathe protection including minimisation of processing of personal data of personal data including data minimisation.	
Recital 29a			
38a	(29a) Unless specific rules of Union or national law require users to identify themselves, the use of services under a pseudonym should be allowed and should not be restricted by Member States, for example by imposing a general obligation on service providers to limit the pseudonymous use of their services.		
Recital 30			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
39	(30) Attributes provided by the qualified trust service providers as part of the qualified attestation of attributes should be verified against the authentic sources either directly by the qualified trust service provider or via designated intermediaries recognised at national level in accordance with national or Union law for the purpose of secure exchange of attested attributes between identity or attestation of attributes' service providers and relying parties.	(30) Attributes provided by the qualified trust service providers as part of the qualified attestation of attributes should be verified against the authentic sources either directly by the qualified trust service provider or via designated intermediaries recognised at national level in accordance with <i>Union</i> or national law for the purpose of secure exchange of attested attributes between identity or attestation of attributes' service providers and relying parties.	(30) Attributes provided by the qualified trust service providers as part of the qualified attestation of attributes should be verified against the authentic sources either directly by the qualified trust service provider or via designated intermediaries recognised at national level in accordance with national or Union law for the purpose of secure exchange of attested attributes between identity or attestation of attributes' service providers and relying parties. Member States should establish appropriate mechanisms at national level to ensure that qualified trust service providers issuing qualified electronic attestation of attributes are able, based on the consent of the person to whom the attestation is issued, to verify the authenticity of the attributes relying on authentic sources. Appropriate mechanisms may include the use of specific intermediaries or technical solutions in compliance with national law allowing access to authentic sources. Ensuring the availability of a mechanism that will allow for the verification of attributes against authentic sources should facilitate the compliance of the qualified trust service providers of qualified	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			electronic attestation of attributes with their obligations set by this Regulation. Annex VI contains a list of categories of attributes for which Member States should ensure that measures are taken to allow qualified providers of electronic attestations of attributes to verify by electronic means, at the request of the user, their authenticity against the relevant authentic source. Specific attributes falling into these categories should be agreed upon Member States.	
Recital 3	1			
40	(31) Secure electronic identification and the provision of attestation of attributes should offer additional flexibility and solutions for the financial services sector to allow identification of customers and the exchange of specific attributes necessary to comply with, for example, customer due diligence requirements under the Anti Money Laundering Regulation, [reference to be added after the adoption of the proposal], with suitability requirements stemming from investor protection legislation, or to support the fulfilment of strong customer authentication requirements for account login and	(31) Secure electronic identification and the provision of attestation of attributes should offer additional flexibility and solutions for the financial services sector to allow identification of customers and the exchange of specific attributes necessary to comply with, for example, customer due diligence requirements under the Anti Money Laundering Regulation, [reference to be added after the adoption of the proposal], with suitability requirements stemming from investor protection legislation, or to support the fulfilment of strong customer authentication requirements for account login and	(31) Secure electronic identification and the provision of attestation of attributes should offer additional flexibility and solutions for the financial services sector to allow identification of customers and the exchange of specific attributes necessary to comply with, for example, customer due diligence requirements under the Anti Money Laundering Regulation, [reference to be added after the adoption of the proposal], with suitability requirements stemming from investor protection legislation, or to support the fulfilment of strong customer authentication requirements for online	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	initiation of transactions in the field of payment services.	for initiation of transactions in the field of payment services.	identification for the purpose of account login and initiation of transactions in the field of payment services.	
Recital 3	31a			
40a		(31a) This Regulation should establish the principle that the legal effect of an electronic signature cannot be challenged on the grounds that it is in an electronic form or that it does not meet the requirements of the qualified electronic signature. However, it is for national law to define the legal effect of electronic signatures, except for the requirements provided for in this Regulation according to which the legal effect of a qualified electronic signature it is to be equivalent to that of a handwritten signature. In determining the legal effects of electronic signatures Member States should take into account the principle of proportionality between the judicial value of a document to be signed and level of security and cost that an electronic signature requires. To increase the accessibility and use of electronic signatures, Member States are encouraged to consider the use of advanced electronic signatures in the day-to-day transactions for		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		which they provide a sufficient level of security and confidence. The use of qualified electronic signatures should be mandated only when the highest level of security and confidence is required.		
Recital 3	31a			
40b			(31a) In order to ensure the consistency of certification practices across the EU, the Commission should issue guidelines on the certification and recertification of qualified electronic signature creation devices and of qualified electronic seal creation devices, including their validity and limitations in time. This regulation does not prevent Member States from allowing public or private bodies that have certified qualified electronic signature creation devices to temporarily extend the validity of certification when a recertification of the same device could not be performed within the legally defined timeframe for a reason other than a breach or security incident, and without prejudice to the applicable certification practice.	
Recital 3	32			

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		(32) Website authentication	(32) Website authentication	(32) Website authentication	(32) Website authentication
		services provide users with	services provide users with <i>a high</i>	services provide users with a high	services provide users with
		assurance that there is a genuine and	level of assurance of the identity of	level of assurance that there is a	assurance that there is a genuine
		legitimate entity standing behind the	<i>the</i> entity standing behind the	genuine and legitimate entity	and legitimate with a high level of
		website. Those services contribute	website. Those services contribute	standing behind the website,	confidence in the identity of the
		to the building of trust and	to the building of trust and	irrespective of the platform used	entity standing behind the website
		confidence in conducting business	confidence in conducting business	to display it. Those services	irrespective of the platform used to
		online, as users will have	online, as users will have	contribute to the building of trust	display it.
		confidence in a website that has	confidence in a website that has	and confidence in conducting	Those services should contribute to
		been authenticated. The use of	been authenticated. The use of	business online, as users will have	the building of trust and confidence
		website authentication services by	website authentication services by	confidence in a website that has	in conducting business online, as
		websites is voluntary. However, in	websites is voluntary. However, in	been authenticated and to reducing	users will would have confidence in
		order for website authentication to	order for website authentication to	instances of fraud online . The use	a website that has been
		become a means to increasing trust,	become a means to increasing trust,	of website authentication services	authenticated.
		providing a better experience for the	providing a better experience for the	by websites isshould be voluntary.	The use of website authentication
		user and furthering growth in the	user and furthering growth in the	However, in order for website	services by websites should be is
		internal market, this Regulation lays	internal market, this Regulation lays	authentication to become a means to	voluntary. However, In order for
G	41	down minimal security and liability	down minimal security and liability	increasingincrease trust, providing	website authentication to become a
		obligations for the providers of	obligations for the providers of	a better experience for the user and	means to-increasing increase trust,
		website authentication services and	website authentication services and	furthering growth in the internal	providing and to provide a better
		their services. To that end, web-	their services. To that end, web-	market, this Regulation laysshould	experience for the user and
		browsers should ensure support and	browsers should ensure support and	lay down minimal security and	furthering to foster growth in the
		interoperability with Qualified	interoperability with qualified	liability obligations for the	internal market, this Regulation lays
		certificates for website	certificates for website	providers of website authentication	down a trust framework including
		authentication pursuant to	authentication pursuant to	services and their services. To that	minimal security and liability
		Regulation (EU) No 910/2014.	Regulation (EU) No 910/2014. They should recognise and display	end, providers of web-browsers should ensure support and	obligations for the providers of <i>qualified</i> website authentication
		They should recognise and display Qualified certificates for website	qualified certificates for website	interoperability with qualified	services and requirements for the
		authentication to provide a high	authentication to provide a high	certificates for website	provision of their services. National
		level of assurance, allowing website	level of assurance, allowing website	authentication pursuant to	trusted lists should confirm the
		owners to assert their identity as	owners to assert their identity as	Regulation (EU) No 910/2014.	qualified status of website
		owners of a website and users to	owners of a website and users to	They should recognise and display	authentication services and of their
		identify the website owners with a	identify the website owners with a	qualified certificates for website	trust service providers, including
		high degree of certainty. To further	high degree of certainty. To further	authentication to provide a high	their full compliance with the
		promote their usage, public	promote their usage, public	level of assurance, allowing website	requirements of this Regulation
		authorities in Member States should	authorities in Member States should	owners to assert their identity as	with regards to the issuance of

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consider incorporating Qualified certificates for website authentication in their websites.	consider incorporating qualified certificates for website authentication in their websites. In case of security breache, web browsers should be able to take measures that are proportional to their risk. Web browsers should notify the Commission immediately of any security breach as well as the measures taken to remedy such breaches with regard to a single certificate or to a set of certificates.	owners of a-and allow for the display of the certified identity data to the end-user in the browser environment based on the specifications set out in accordance with this Regulation. The recognition of a qualified certificate for website and users to identify the website owners with a high degree of eertainty authentication as a qualified certificate issued by a qualified trust service provider should ensure that the identity data included in the certificate can be authenticated and verified in accordance with this Regulation. This should not affect the possibility for providers of web-browsers to address major non-conformities related to breach of security and loss of integrity of individual certificates, thus contributing to the online security of end-users. To further protect citizens and promote their usage, public authorities in Member States should consider incorporating qualified certificates for website authentication in their websites.	qualified certificates for website authentication. Recognition of OWACs means that the providers of To that end, webbrowsers should ensure support and interoperability withnot deny the authenticity of qualified certificates for website authentication pursuant to Regulation (EU) No 910/2014. Theyattesting the link between the website domain name and the natural or legal person to whom the certificate is issued and confirming the identity of that person. Providers of web-browsers should recognise and hence allow for the user-friendly display of the certified identity data and the other attested attributes to the end-user, in the browser environment, by relying on technical implementations of their choice. To that end, providers of web-browsers should ensure support and interoperability with qualified certificates for website authentication issued in full compliance with the requirement of this Regulation. In order to contribute to the online security of end-users, providers of web-browsers should be able to take measures, in exceptional circumstances, that are both necessary and proportionate in reaction to substantiated concerns on breaches of security or loss of

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			integrity of an identified certificate or set of certificates. In this case, while taking any such precautionary measures, webbrowsers should notify without undue delay the national supervisory body and the Commission, the entity to whom the certificate was issued and the qualified trust service provider that issued that certificate or set of certificates of any such concern of a security breach as well as the measures taken relating to a single certificate or a set of certificates. These measures, should be without prejudice to the obligation of the browsers to recognize qualified website authentication certificates in accordance with the national trusted lists. to provide a high level of assurance, allowing website owners to assert their identity as owners of a website and users to identify the website owners with a high degree of certainty. To further protect citizens and promote their usage, public authorities in Member States should consider incorporating qualified certificates for website authentication in their websites. The measures put forward by this Regulation aiming to bring increased coherence between Member States' divergent

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				approaches and practices related to supervisory procedures should contribute to improved trust and confidence in the security, quality and availability of Qualified Website Authentication Certificates (OWACs).
Recital	33			
42	(33) Many Member States have introduced national requirements for services providing secure and trustworthy digital archiving in order to allow for the long term preservation of electronic documents and associated trust services. To ensure legal certainty and trust, it is essential to provide a legal framework to facilitate the cross border recognition of qualified electronic archiving services. That framework could also open new market opportunities for Union trust service providers.	(33) Many Member States have introduced national requirements for services providing secure and trustworthy digital archiving in order to allow for the long term preservation of electronic documents and associated trust services. To ensure legal certainty and trust, it is essential to provide a legal framework to facilitate the cross border recognition of qualified electronic archiving services. That framework could also open new market opportunities for Union trust service providers.	(33) Many Member States have introduced national requirements for services providing secure and trustworthy digital archiving in order to allow for the long term preservation of electronic documents data and associated trust services. To ensure legal certainty, trust and harmonization across Member states, a legal framework for qualified electronic archiving services should be established, inspired by the framework of the other and trust services set out in this Regulation. This framework should offer trust service providers and users an efficient toolbox that includes functional requirements for the electronic archiving service, as well as clear legal effects when a qualified electronic archiving service is used. These provisions should apply to electronically born documents as well as paper documents that have been	

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	scanned and digitised. When required, these provisions should allow for the preserved electronic data to be ported on different media or formats for the purpose of extending their durability and legibility beyond the technological validity period, while minimising loss and alteration to the greatest extent possible. When electronic data submitted to the digital archiving service contain one or more qualified electronic signatures or qualified electronic seals, the service should use procedures and technologies capable of extending their trustworthiness for the preservation period of such data, possibly relying on the use of other , it is essential to provide a legal framework to facilitate the cross border recognition of qualified electronic archivingtrust services established by this Regulation. For creating preservation evidence where electronic seals or electronic timestamps are used,	Draft Agreement
		electronic timestamps are used, qualified electronic. That framework could also open new market opportunities for Union trust service providers services should be used. As far as electronic archiving services are not	
		harmonised by this Regulation, Member States may maintain or	

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			introduce national provisions, in conformity with Union law, relating to those services, such as specific provisions allowing some derogations for services integrated in an organisation and strictly used for "internal archives" of this organisation. This Regulation should not distinguish between electronically born documents and physical documents that have been digitised.	
Recital 3	3a			
42a			(33a) National archives and memory institutions, in their capacity as organizations dedicated to preserving the documentary heritage in public interest, are usually mandated to conduct their activities by national law and do not necessarily provide trust services within the meaning of this Regulation. In so far these institutions do not provide such services, this Regulation is without prejudice to their operation.	
necital 3	4			
g 43		(34)		

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(34) Qualified electronic ledgers		(34) Qualified Electronic ledgers	(34) <i>Qualified electronic ledgers</i>
record data in a manner that ensures		record data in a manner that ensures	record data in a manner that
the uniqueness, authenticity and		the uniqueness, authenticity and	ensures the uniqueness, authenticity
correct sequencing of data entries in		correct sequencing of data entries in	and correct sequencing of data
a tamper proof manner. An		a tamper proof manner. Anare a	entries in a tamper proof manner.
electronic ledger combines the		sequence of electronic data	AnTo prevent fragmentation,
effect of time stamping of data with		records which ensure their	enhance legal certainty and
certainty about the data originator		integrity and the accuracy of their	thereby promote innovation in the
similar to e-signing and has the		chronological ordering. The	internal market, a pan-European
additional benefit of enabling more		purpose of electronic ledgers is to	legal framework for the cross-
decentralised governance models		establish a chronological sequence	border recognition of electronic
that are suitable for multi-party co-		of data records to prevent that	ledgers shall be established.
operations. For example, it creates a		digital assets are copied and sold	Electronic ledger combines the
reliable audit trail for the		to several recipients. Electronic	effect of time stamping of data with
provenance of commodities in		ledger combines the effect of time	certainty about the data originator
cross-border trade, supports the		stamping of data with certainty	similar to e-signing and has the
protection of intellectual property		about the data originator similar to	additional benefit of enabling more
rights, enables flexibility markets in		e-signing and has the additional	decentralised governance models
electricity, provides the basis for		benefit of enabling more	that are suitable for multi-party co-
advanced solutions for self-		decentralised governance models	operations. For example, it creates
sovereign identity and supports		that are suitable for multi-party co-	a reliable audit trail for the
more efficient and transformative		operations. For example, it creates a	provenance of commodities in
public services. To prevent		reliable audit trailledgers can, for	cross-border trade, supports the
fragmentation of the internal		example, be used for digital	protection of intellectual property
market, it is important to define a		records of ownership in global	rights, enables flexibility markets in
pan-European legal framework that		trade, supply chain financing, the	electricity, provides the basis for
allows for the cross-border		digitalisation of intellectual	advanced solutions for self-
recognition of trust services for the		property rights or of commodities	sovereign identity and supports
recording of data in electronic		such as electricity. In conjunction	more efficient and transformative
ledgers.		with other technologies, they can	public services. To prevent
		contribute to solutions for more	fragmentation of the internal
		efficient and transformative	market, it is important to
		public services such as e-voting,	defineledgers are a sequence of
		cross border cooperation of	electronic data records which
		customs authorities, cross border	should ensure their integrity and
		cooperation of academic	the accuracy of their chronological
		institutions, or the recording of	ordering. Electronic ledgers should

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		ownership for real estate in	establish a chronological sequence
		decentralised land registries.	of data records. In conjunction
		Qualified electronic ledgers create	with other technologies, they
		a legal presumption for the	should contribute to solutions for
		provenance of commodities in	more efficient and transformative
		cross-border trade, supports the	public services such as e-voting,
		protection of intellectual property	cross border cooperation of
		rights, enables flexibility markets in	customs authorities, cross border
		electricity, provides the basis for	cooperation of academic
		advanced solutions for self-	institutions, or the recording of
		sovereign identity and supports	ownership for real estate in
		more efficient and transformative	decentralised land registries.
		publicunique and accurate	Qualified electronic ledgers should
		sequential chronological ordering	establish a legal presumption for
		and integrity of the data records	the unique and accurate sequential
		in the ledger. The specific	chronological ordering and
		attributes of electronic ledgers,	integrity of the data records in the
		that is the sequential	ledger. Due to their specificities,
		chronological ordering of data	such as the sequential
		records, distinguishes electronic	chronological ordering of data
		ledgers from other trust services	records, electronic ledgers should
		such as electronic time stamps	be distinguished from other trust
		and electronic registered delivery	services such as electronic time
		services. Namely, neither the time	stamps and electronic registered
		stamping of digital documents,	delivery services. To ensure legal
		nor their transfer by means of	certainty and promote innovation,
		electronic registered delivery	a pan-European legal framework
		services. To prevent fragmentation	should be established that allows
		of the internal market, it is	for the cross-border recognition of
		important to define a pan-European	trust services for the recording of
		legal framework that allows for the	data in electronic ledgers. <u>This</u>
		cross-border recognition of trust	should sufficiently prevent that the
		services for the recording of data in	same digital asset is copied and
		electronic ledgers could without	sold more than once to different
		further technical or	parties. The process of creating
		organisational measures	and updating an electronic ledger
		sufficiently prevent the same	<u>depends on the type of ledger used</u>

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			digital asset from being copied and sold more than once to different parties. The process of creating and updating an electronic ledger depends on the type of ledger used (centralised or distributed).	(centralised or distributed). This Regulation should ensure technological neutrality, namely neither favouring nor discriminating against any technology used to implement the new trust service for electronic ledgers. In addition, sustainability indicators with regard to adverse impacts on climate and other environment- related adverse impacts should be taken into account by the Commission, using adequate methodologies, when preparing the implementing acts specifying the requirements for qualified electronic ledgers.
Recital 3	25		I	
6 44	(35) The certification as qualified trust service providers should provide legal certainty for use cases that build on electronic ledgers. This trust service for electronic ledgers and qualified electronic ledgers and the certification as qualified trust service provider for electronic ledgers should be notwithstanding the need for use cases to comply with Union law or national law in compliance with Union law. Use cases that involve the processing of personal data must comply with Regulation (EU) 2016/679. Use cases that involve	(35)	(35) To prevent fragmentation of the internal market a pan-European legal frameworkThe certification as qualified trust service providers should provide legal certainty for use cases that build onbe established allowing for the cross-border recognition of trust services for the recording of data in qualified electronic ledgers. This Trust service providers for for—electronic ledgers and qualified electronic ledgers and the certification as qualified trust service provider for electronic ledgers should be should be	(35) The certification as qualified Trust service providers should provide legal certainty for use cases that build on electronic ledgers. This trust service for electronic ledgers and qualified electronic ledgers and the certification as qualified trust service provider for for electronic ledgers should be mandated to ascertain the sequential recording of data into the ledger. This Regulation is without prejudice to any legal obligations that users of electronic ledgers should be notwithstanding the need for use cases may need to

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
witt for Fin the the Reg 1. D Parl 201- and Dire releved the service of the serv	rpto assets should be compatible th all applicable financial rules example with the Markets in nancial Instruments Directive ¹ , Payment Services Directive ² and future Markets in Crypto Assets gulation ³ . Directive 2014/65/EU of the European liament and of the Council of 15 May 4 on markets in financial instruments amending Directive 2002/92/EC and ective 2011/61/EU Text with EEA vance, OJ L 173, 12.6.2014, p. 349–496. Directive (EU) 2015/2366 of the opean Parliament and of the Council of November 2015 on payment services in internal market, amending Directives 12/65/EC, 2009/110/EC and 2013/36/EU Regulation (EU) No 1093/2010, and ealing Directive 2007/64/EC, OJ L 337, 12.2015, p. 35–127. Proposal for a Regulation of the European liament and of the Council on Markets in pto-assets, and amending Directive (EU) 9/1937, COM/2020/593 final.		mandated to ascertain the sequential recording of data into the ledger. This Regulation is notwithstanding the need for use casesany legal obligations that users of electronic ledgers may need to comply with under Union law orand national law. For instance, in compliance with Union law. use cases that involve the processing of personal data mustshould comply with Regulation (EU) 2016/679. Use cases that involve crypto assets should be compatible with all applicable financial rules including, for example with, the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive ¹ , the Payment Services Directive ² , the E-Money Directive ³ , as well as with possible and the future legislation on Markets in Crypto Assets and with anti-money laundering rules which could be included in the Transfer of Funds Regulation ³⁴ , and could require crypto asset service providers to verify the identity of users of electronic ledgers in order to comply with international anti-money laundering standards. 1. Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 on markets in financial instruments and amending Directive 2002/92/EC and Directive 2011/61/EU Text with EEA relevance, OJ L 173, 12.6.2014, p. 349–496.	comply with under Union law orand national law. For instance, in compliance with Union law. use cases that involve the processing of personal data mustshould comply with Regulation (EU) 2016/679-and use cases that involve crypto assets should be compatible with all applicable relate to financial rules for example services should comply with the Markets in relevant European financial Instruments Directive 1, the Payment services Directive 2 and the future Markets in Crypto Assets Regulation 3.legislation. 1. Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 on markets in financial instruments and amending Directive 2002/92/EC and Directive 2011/61/EU Text with EEA relevance, OJ L 173, 12.6.2014, p. 349–496. 2. Directive (EU) 2015/2366 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 November 2015 on payment services in the internal market, amending Directives 2002/65/EC, 2009/110/EC and 2013/36/EU and Regulation (EU) No 1093/2010, and repealing Directive 2007/61/EC, OJ L 337, 23.12.2015, p. 35–127. 3. Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on Markets in Crypto assets, and amending Directive (EU) 2019/1937, COM/2020/593 final.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			2. Directive (EU) 2015/2366 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 November 2015 on payment services in the internal market, amending Directives 2002/65/EC, 2009/110/EC and 2013/36/EU and Regulation (EU) No 1093/2010, and repealing Directive 2007/64/EC, OJ L 337, 23.12.2015, p. 35–127. 3. Proposal for a Regulation Directive 2009/110/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on the taking up, pursuit and prudential supervision of the business of electronic money institutions on Markets in Crypto-assets, and amending Directives 2005/60/EC and 2006/48/EC and repealing Directive (EU) 2019/19372000/46/EC, OJ L 267, 10.10.2009, COM/2020/593 final p. 7–17. 4. See the Commission's proposal of 20.7.2021 to recast Regulation (EU) 2015/847 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2015 on information accompanying transfers of funds, COM/2021/422 final.	
Recital	36			
45	(36) In order to avoid fragmentation and barriers, due to diverging standards and technical restrictions, and to ensure a coordinated process to avoid endangering the implementation of the future European Digital Identity framework, a process for close and structured cooperation between the Commission, Member States and the private sector is needed. To achieve this objective, Member	(36) In order to avoid fragmentation and barriers, due to diverging standards and technical restrictions, and to ensure a coordinated process to avoid endangering the implementation of the future european digital Identity framework, a process for close and structured cooperation between the Commission, Member States, <i>civil society, academics</i> and the private sector is needed. To achieve this	(36) In order to avoid fragmentation and barriers, due to diverging standards and technical restrictions, and to ensure a coordinated process to avoid endangering the implementation of the future European Digital Identity framework, a process for close and structured cooperation between the Commission, Member States and the private sector is needed. To achieve this objective, Member	

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States should cooperate within the framework set out in the Commission Recommendation XXX/XXXX [Toolbox for a coordinated approach towards a European Digital Identity Framework]¹ to identify a Toolbox for a European Digital Identity framework. The Toolbox should include a comprehensive technical architecture and reference framework, a set of common standards and technical references and a set of guidelines and descriptions of best practices covering at least all aspects of the functionalities and interoperability of the European Digital Identity Wallets including eSignatures and of the qualified trust service for attestation of attributes as laid out in this regulation. In this context, Member States should also reach agreement on common elements of a business model and fee structure of the European Digital Identity Wallets, to facilitate take up, in particular by small and medium sized companies in a cross-border context. The content of the toolbox should evolve in parallel with and reflect the outcome of the discussion and process of adoption of the European Digital Identity Framework. 1. [insert reference once adopted]	objective, Member States should cooperate. <i>The Member States</i> should <i>agree on</i> a comprehensive technical architecture and reference framework, a set of common standards and technical references <i>including recognised existing standards</i> , and a set of guidelines and descriptions of best practices covering at least all aspects of the functionalities and interoperability of the <i>EDIWs</i> including eSignatures and of the qualified trust service <i>providers</i> for attestation of attributes as laid out in this regulation. In this context, Member States should also reach agreement on common elements of a business model and fee structure of <i>EDIWs</i> , to facilitate take up, in particular by <i>SMEs</i> in a cross-border context.	States should cooperate within the framework set out in the Commission Recommendation XXX/XXXX [Toolbox for a coordinated approach towards a European Digital Identity Framework]¹ to identify a Toolbox for a European Digital Identity framework. The Toolbox should include a comprehensive technical architecture and reference framework, a set of common standards and technical references and a set of guidelines and descriptions of best practices covering at least all aspects of the functionalities and interoperability of the European Digital Identity Wallets including eSignatures and of the qualified trust service for attestation of attributes as laid out in this regulation. In this context, Member States should also reach agreement on common elements of a business model and fee structure of the European Digital Identity Wallets, to facilitate take up, in particular by small and medium sized companies in a cross-border context. The content of the toolbox should evolve in parallel with and reflect the outcome of the discussion and process of adoption of the European Digital Identity Framework. 1. [insert reference once adopted]	
1 1			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Recital 3	6a			
45a		(36a) In order to ensure wide usability and availability, additional financial support measures should be envisaged to support Member States in issuing and managing the EDIWs. To that end, the Commission should asses the availability of additional Union funds to be made available for the Member States that would request support in the development, deployment and management of EDIWs.		
Recital 3	1 6a			
45b			(36a) Member States should lay down rules on penalties for infringements such as direct or indirect practices leading to confusion between non-qualified and qualified trust services or to the abusive use of the EU trust mark by non-qualified trust service providers. The EU trust mark should not be used under conditions which, directly or indirectly, lead to the belief that any non-qualified trust services offered by this provider are qualified.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Recital 36	5b			
45c		(36b) In order to ensure a wider use and applicability of EDIWs across the Union, the Commission should build on and leverage the framework of this Regulation when developing sectoral Union instruments, such as the European Social Security Pass and the common European data spaces. The coordination with the European Social Security Pass should enable the digital portability of citizens' social security rights across borders and the verification of their entitlements and validity of documents. For the common European data space, EDIWs should enable a higher degree of transparency and control of the users over their data.		
Recital 36	5b			
45d			(36b) This Regulation should ensure a harmonized level of quality, trustworthiness and security of qualified trust services, regardless of the place where the operations are conducted. Thus, a qualified trust service provider should be allowed to outsource its operations related to the provision of a qualified trust service outside of the Union,	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			should it provide the guarantees, ensuring that supervisory activities and audits can be enforced as if these operations were carried out in the Union. When the compliance with the Regulation cannot be fully assured, the supervisory bodies should be able to adopt proportionate and justified measures including withdrawal of the qualified status of the trust service provided.	
Recital 3	6c			
45e			(36c) To ensure legal certainty as regards the validity of advanced electronic signatures based on qualified certificates, it is essential to specify the components of an advanced electronic signature based on qualified certificates, which should be assessed by the relying party carrying out the validation of that signature.	
Recital 3	6d			
45f			(36d) Trust service providers should use cryptographic algorithms reflecting current best practices and trustworthy implementations of these algorithms in order to ensure	(36d) Trust service providers should use cryptographic algorithms reflecting current best practices and trustworthy implementations of these algorithms in order to ensure

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			security and reliability of their trust services.	security and reliability of their trust services. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Recital 3	36e			
6 45g			(36e) This Regulation should set out an obligation for qualified trust service providers to verify the identity of a natural or legal person to whom the qualified certificate is issued based on various harmonized methods across the EU. Such a method may include the reliance on electronic identification means which meets the requirements of level of assurance 'substantial' in combination with additional harmonized remote procedures which ensures the identification of the person with a high level of confidence.	(36e) This Regulation should set out an obligation for qualified trust service providers to verify the identity of a natural or legal person to whom the qualified certificate or the qualified electronic attestation of attribute is issued based on various harmonized methods across the EU. Such a method may include the reliance on electronic identification means which meet the requirements of level of assurance 'substantial' in combination with other suplementary means of identity verification which would allow the fulfillment of the harmonized requirements set out in this Regulation as regards level of assurance 'high' as part of additional harmonized remote procedures which ensures the identification of the person with a high level of confidence. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Recital 3	36f			
⁶ 45h				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			(36f) Issuers of European Digital Identity Wallets and issuers of notified electronic identification means acting in a commercial or professional capacity using core platform services offered by gatekeepers for the purpose of or in the course of providing goods and services to end-users should be considered business users in accordance with Art. 2(21) of Regulation (EU) 2022/1925. The gatekeepers should therefore be required to ensure, free of charge, effective interoperability with, and access for the purposes of interoperability to, the same operating system, hardware or software features that are available or used in the provision of its own complementary and supporting services and hardware. This should allow issuers of European Digital Identity Wallets and issuers of notified electronic identification means to interconnect through interfaces or similar solutions to the respective features as effectively as the gatekeeper's own services or hardware.	[36c] [deleted]
Recital 36g				
45i			(36g) To keep this Regulation in line with current developments	

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				and to follow the practices on the internal market, the delegated and implementing acts adopted by the Commission should be reviewed and if necessary updated on a regular basis. The assessment of the necessity of these updates should take into account new technologies, practices, standards or technical specifications emerged on the internal market.	
Re	cital 3	7			
	46	(37) The European Data Protection Supervisor has been consulted pursuant to Article 42 (1) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1525 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ . 1. Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2018 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by the Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and Decision No 1247/2002/EC (OJ L 295, 21.11.2018, p. 39).	(37) The European Data Protection Supervisor has been consulted pursuant to Article 42 (1) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1525 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ . 1. Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2018 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by the Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and Decision No 1247/2002/EC (OJ L 295, 21.11.2018, p. 39).	(37) The European Data Protection Supervisor has been consulted pursuant to Article 42 (1) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1525 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ . 1. Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2018 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by the Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and Decision No 1247/2002/EC (OJ L 295, 21.11.2018, p. 39).	(37) The European Data Protection Supervisor has been consulted pursuant to Article 42 (1) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1525 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹. 1. Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2018 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by the Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and Decision No 1247/2002/EC (OJ L 295, 21.11.2018, p. 39). Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Re	cital 3	8			

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s 47	(38) Regulation (EU) 910/2014 should therefore be amended accordingly,	(38) Regulation (EU) <i>No 910/2014</i> should therefore be amended accordingly,	(38) Regulation (EU) 910/2014 should therefore be amended accordingly,	(38) Regulation (EU) 910/2014 should therefore be amended accordingly, Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Formula	a .			
s 48	HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:	HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:	HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:	HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article :		1		
G 49	Article 1	Article 1	Article 1	Article 1 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 2	l, first paragraph			
6 50	Regulation (EU) 910/2014 is amended as follows:	Regulation (EU) 910/2014 is amended as follows:	Regulation (EU) 910/2014 is amended as follows:	Regulation (EU) 910/2014 is amended as follows: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (1)			
⁶ 51				G

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	(1) Article 1 is replaced by the following:	(1) Article 1 is replaced by the following:	(1) Article 1 is replaced by the following:	(1) Article 1 is replaced by the following:
				Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article	1, first paragraph, point (1), amending p	rovision, first paragraph		
G 52	This Regulations aims at ensuring the proper functioning of the internal market and providing an adequate level of security of electronic identification means and trust services. For these purposes, this Regulation:	This <i>Regulation aims to contribute towards</i> ensuring the proper functioning of the internal market providing an adequate level of security of electronic identification means and trust services <i>used across the Union</i> . For these purposes, this Regulation:	This Regulations Regulation aims at ensuring the proper functioning of the internal market and providing an adequate level of security of electronic identification means and trust services. For these purposes, this Regulation:	This Regulations Regulation aims at ensuring the proper functioning of the internal market and providing an adequate level of security of electronic identification means and trust services used across the Union in order to enable and to facilitate the exercise of the right to safely participate in the digital society and the access to online public services throughout the Union for any natural or legal person. For these purposes, this Regulation:
Article	1, first paragraph, point (1), amending p	provision, first paragraph, point (a)		
G 53	(a) lays down the conditions under which Member States shall provide and recognise electronic identification means of natural and legal persons, falling under a notified electronic identification scheme of another Member State;	(a) lays down the conditions under which Member States shall provide and recognise electronic identification means of natural and legal persons, falling under a notified electronic identification scheme of another Member State;	(a) lays down the conditions under which Member States shall provide and recognise electronic identification means of natural and legal persons; falling under a notified electronic identification scheme of another Member State;	(a) lays down the conditions under which Member States shall provide and recognise electronic identification means of natural and legal persons, falling under a notified electronic identification scheme of another Member State; Text Origin: Commission Proposal

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	Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (1), amending p	rovision, first paragraph, point (aa)		
Y	53a			(aa) lays down the conditions under which Member States shall provide and recognise European Digital Identity Wallets;	Υ
	Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (1), amending p	rovision, first paragraph, point (b)		
G	54	(b) lays down rules for trust services, in particular for electronic transactions;	(b) lays down rules for trust services, in particular for electronic transactions;	(b) lays down rules for trust services, in particular for electronic transactions;	(b) lays down rules for trust services, in particular for electronic transactions;
	Article 1	, first paragraph, point (1), amending p	rovision first paragraph point (c)		Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Alticle 1,	, mst paragraph, point (1), amending p			
Y	55	(c) establishes a legal framework for electronic signatures, electronic seals, electronic time stamps, electronic documents, electronic registered delivery services, certificate services for website authentication, electronic archiving and electronic attestation of attributes, the management of remote electronic signature and seal creation devices, and electronic ledgers;	(c) establishes a legal framework for electronic signatures, electronic seals, electronic time stamps, electronic documents, non-qualified electronic delivery services, qualified electronic registered delivery services, certificate services for website authentication, electronic attestation of attributes and the management of remote electronic signature and seal creation devices;	(c) establishes a legal framework for electronic signatures, electronic seals, electronic time stamps, electronic documents, electronic registered delivery services, certificate services for website authentication, electronic archiving and-validation of electronic signatures, electronic seals and their certificates, electronic validation of certificates for website authentication, electronic preservation of electronic signatures, electronic seals and their certificates, electronic seals and their certificates, electronic archiving, electronic attestation of	V

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				attributes, the management of remote qualified electronic signature and seal creation devices, and electronic ledgers;	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (1), amending p	rovision, first paragraph, point (d)		
Y	56	(d) lays down the conditions for the issuing of European Digital Identity Wallets by Member States.;	(d) lays down the conditions for the issuing, managing and recognition of European Digital Identity Wallets by Member States and for ensuring their interoperability and their cross-border use in the Union;	deleted	У
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (1), amending p	rovision, first paragraph, point (da)		
G	56a		(da) enables the exercise of the right to safely participate in the digital society and facilitates unrestricted access to online public services throughout the Union for any natural or legal person.;		G
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (2)			
G	57	(2) Article 2 is amended as follows:	(2) Article 2 is amended as follows:	(2) Article 2 is amended as follows:	(2) Article 2 is amended as follows: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 2,	first paragraph, point (2)(a)			

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
G	58	(a) paragraph 1 is replaced by the following:	(a) paragraph 1 is replaced by the following:	(a) paragraph 1 is replaced by the following:	(a) paragraph 1 is replaced by the following: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 2,	first paragraph, point (2)(a), amending	g provision, numbered paragraph (1)		
Υ	59	1. This Regulation applies to electronic identification schemes that have been notified by a Member State, European Digital Identity Wallets issued by Member States and to trust service providers that are established in the Union.;	1. This Regulation applies to electronic identification schemes that have been notified by a Member State, European Digital Identity Wallets issued <i>and managed</i> by Member States and to trust service providers that are established in the Union.';	1. — This Regulation applies to electronic identification schemes that have been notified by a Member State, European Digital Identity Wallets issuedprovided by Member States and to trust service providers that are established in the Union.';	Y
	Article 2,	first paragraph, point (2)(b)			
G	60	(b) paragraph 3 is replaced by the following:	(b) paragraph 3 is replaced by the following:	(b) paragraph 3 is replaced by the following:	(b) paragraph 3 is replaced by the following: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 2,	first paragraph, point (2)(b), amendin	g provision, numbered paragraph (3)		
G	61	3. This Regulation does not affect national or Union law related to the conclusion and validity of contracts or other legal or procedural	3. This Regulation does not affect <i>Union or national</i> law related to : (a) the conclusion and validity of contracts or other legal or	3. This Regulation does not affect national or Union law related to the conclusion and validity of contracts or other legal or procedural	3. This Regulation does not affect national or Union law related to the conclusion and validity of contracts or other legal or procedural

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	obligations relating to sector specific requirements as regards form with underlying legal effects.;	procedural obligations relating to form; or (b) sector-specific requirements for qualified electronic attestation of attributes as regards form with underlying legal effects, in particular in the context of the cross-border recognition of qualified electronic attestation of attributes.';	obligations relating to sector specific or sector-specific requirements as regards form with underlying legal effects relating to form.';	obligations relating to sector specific requirements as regards form with underlying legal effects relating to form.'; Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article	1, first paragraph, point (2)(b), amending	g provision, numbered paragraph (3a)		
v 61a				3a. This Regulation shall be without prejudice to Regulation (EU) 2016/679.
Article	1, first paragraph, point (3)			
6 62	(3) Article 3 is amended as follows:	(3) Article 3 is amended as follows:	(3) Article 3 is amended as follows:	(3) Article 3 is amended as follows: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article	1, first paragraph, point (3)(-a), first sub	paragraph		
62a			(-a) point (1) is replaced by the following:	
Article	1, first paragraph, point (3)(-a), second s	ubparagraph		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
62b			(1) 'electronic identification' means the process of using person identification data in electronic form uniquely representing either a natural or legal person, or a natural person representing a natural or legal person;'	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (3)(-b), first sub	paragraph		
62c			(-b) point (3) is replaced by the following:	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (3)(-b), second s	ubparagraph		
62d			(3) 'person identification data' means a set of data, issued in accordance with Union or national law, enabling the identity of a natural or legal person, or of a natural person representing a natural or legal person, to be established.	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (3)(-c), first subp	paragraph		
62e			(ba) point (5) is replaced by the following:	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (3)(-c), second s	ubparagraph		
62f				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			(5) 'authentication' means an electronic process that enables the electronic identification of a natural or legal person to be confirmed, or the origin and integrity of data in electronic form to be confirmed;	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (3)(a), first subp	aragraph		
63	(a) point (2) is replaced by the following:	(a) <i>points (2) to (6) are</i> replaced by the following:	(a) point (2) is replaced by the following:	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (3)(a), first subp	aragraph, amending provision, numbe	red paragraph (2)	
64	(2) 'electronic identification means' means a material and/or immaterial unit, including European Digital Identity Wallets or ID cards following Regulation 2019/1157, containing person identification data and which is used for authentication for an online or offline service;;	(2) 'electronic identification means' means a material and/or immaterial unit, including European Digital Identity Wallets or ID cards following Regulation 2019/1157, containing person identification data and which is used for authentication for an online or offline service';	(2) 'electronic identification means' means a material and/or immaterial unit, including European Digital Identity Wallets or ID eards following Regulation 2019/1157, containing person identification data and which is used for authentication for an online service or, where appropriate, for anor offline service;';	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (3)(a), first subp	aragraph, amending provision, numbe	red paragraph (3)	
64a		(3) 'person identification data' means a set of data, <i>issued in accordance with national law</i> , enabling the identity of a natural or legal person, or a natural person		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		representing a legal person to be established;		
Article	1, first paragraph, point (3)(b), second s	ubparagraph		
65	(b) point (4) is replaced by the following:	1 1	(b) point (4) is replaced by the following:	
Article	1, first paragraph, point (3)(b), second s	ubparagraph, amending provision, num	nbered paragraph (4)	
6 66	(4) 'electronic identification scheme' means a system for electronic identification under which electronic identification means, are issued to natural or legal persons or natural persons representing legal persons;;	(4) 'electronic identification scheme' means a system for electronic identification under which electronic identification means, are issued to natural or legal persons or natural persons representing legal <i>or natural</i> persons';	(4) 'electronic identification scheme' means a system for electronic identification under which electronic identification means, are issued to natural or legal persons or natural persons representing natural or legal persons;';	(4) 'electronic identification scheme' means a system for electronic identification under which electronic identification means, are issued to natural or legal persons or natural persons representing <u>natural or</u> legal persons; '.' Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article	1, first paragraph, point (3)(b), second s	ubparagraph, amending provision, num	nbered paragraph (5)	
66a		(5) 'authentication' means an electronic process that enables the <i>verification of</i> the origin and integrity of data in electronic form ;		
Article	1, first paragraph, point (3)(b), second s	ubparagraph, amending provision, num	nbered paragraph (5a)	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
66b		(5a) 'identification' means an electronic process that establish an unequivocal relationship between a set of data and a natural or legal person;		
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(-a), second s	subparagraph, amending provision, nur	mbered paragraph (4c)	
66c		(5b) 'validation' means the process of verifying that an electronic signature, an electronic seal, a European Digital Identity Wallet, an electronic identification mean, a relying party authorisation, person identification data, an electronic attestation of attributes or any electronic certificates for trust services is valid and has not been revoked;		
Article 1,	ı . first paragraph, point (3)(b), second sı	ubparagraph, amending provision, num	nbered paragraph (5c)	
66d		(5c) 'zero knowledge proof' means cryptographic methods by which a relying party can validate that a given statement based on the electronic attestation of attributes held in a user's European Digital Identity Wallet is true, without conveying any data related to those electronic attestation of attributes to the relying party;		
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(b), second so	ubparagraph, amending provision, num	nbered paragraph (6)	

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66e		(6) 'relying party' means a natural or legal person that relies upon an electronic identification means, including European Digital Identity Wallets, or a trust service, directly or through an intermediary, in order to provide services;		
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(ba), first sub	paragraph		
66f			(bb) the following point (5a) is inserted:	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(b), second so	ubparagraph		
6 66g		'user' means a natural or legal person, or a natural person representing a legal person using trust services, notified electronic identification means or European Digital Identity Wallets;	(5a) 'user' means a natural or legal person, or a natural person representing a natural or legal person, using trust services or electronic identification means, provided according to this Regulation;	(5a) 'user' means a natural or legal person, or a natural person representing a natural or legal person, using trust services or electronic identification means, provided according to this Regulation; Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(c)			
G 67	(c) point (14) is replaced by the following:	(c) point (14) is replaced by the following:	(c) point (14) is replaced by the following:	(c) point (14) is replaced by the following: Text Origin: Commission Proposal

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(c), amending	g provision, numbered paragraph (14)		
G	68	(14) 'certificate for electronic signature' means an electronic attestation or set of attestations which links electronic signature validation data to a natural person and confirms at least the name or the pseudonym of that person;;	(14) 'certificate for electronic signature' means an electronic attestation which links electronic signature validation data to a natural person and confirms at least the name or the pseudonym of that person';	(14) 'certificate for electronic signature' means an electronic attestation or set of attestations which links electronic signature validation data to a natural person and confirms at least the name or the pseudonym of that person;';	(14) 'certificate for electronic signature' means an electronic attestation or set of attestations which links electronic signature validation data to a natural person and confirms at least the name or the pseudonym of that person; '.'; Text Origin: EP Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(d)			
G	69	(d) point (16) is replaced by the following:	(d) point (16) is replaced by the following:	(d) point (16) is replaced by the following:	(d) point (16) is replaced by the following: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(d), amending	g provision, numbered paragraph (16)		
	70	(16) 'trust service' means an electronic service normally provided against payment which consists of:	(16) 'trust service' means an electronic service normally provided against payment which consists of:	(16) 'trust service' means an electronic service normally provided against paymentfor remuneration which consists of:	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(d), amending	g provision, numbered paragraph (16),	point (a)	
	71				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 1	(a) the creation, verification, and validation of electronic signatures, electronic seals or electronic time stamps, electronic registered delivery services, electronic attestation of attributes and certificates related to those services;	(a) the creation, verification, and validation of electronic signatures, electronic seals or electronic time stamps, electronic registered delivery services, electronic attestation of attributes and certificates related to those services;	(a) the creation, verification, and validation ofissuing of certificates for electronic signatures, electronic seals or of certificates for electronic time stamps, electronic registered delivery services, electronic attestation of attributes and certificates related to thoseseals, of certificates for website authentication or of certificates for the provision of other trust services; point (aa) (aa) the validation of certificates for electronic signatures, of certificates for website authentication or of certificates for electronic seals, of certificates for website authentication or of certificates	
Article 1	first paragraph, point (3)(d), amendin	g provision, numbered paragraph (16)	for the provision of other trust services;	
ATTICLE I	, mot paragraph, point (5)(a), amendin	b provision, numbered paragraph (10),		
72	(b) the creation, verification and validation of certificates for website authentication;	(b) the creation, verification and validation of certificates for website authentication;	(b) the creation, verification and validation of certificates for website authentication of electronic signatures or of electronic seals;	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (3)(d), amendin	g provision, numbered paragraph (16),	point (c)	
73			(c) the preservation validation of electronic signatures, seals or	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	(c) the preservation of electronic signatures, seals or certificates related to those services;	(c) the preservation of electronic signatures, seals or certificates related to those services;	certificates related to those services or of electronic seals;	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(d), amendin	g provision, numbered paragraph (16)	, point (d)	
74	(d) the electronic archiving of electronic documents;	(d) the electronic archiving of electronic documents;	(d) the preservation of electronic archiving of signatures, of electronic seals, of certificates for electronic signatures or of certificates for electronic documents seals;	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(d), amendin	g provision, numbered paragraph (16)	, point (e)	
75	(e) the management of remote electronic signature and seal creation devices;	(e) the management of remote electronic signature and seal creation devices;	(e) the management of remote qualified electronic signature andcreation devices or of remote qualified electronic seal creation devices;	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(d), amendin	g provision, numbered paragraph (16)	, point (f)	
76	(f) the recording of electronic data into an electronic ledger.;		(f) the recording issuing of electronic data into an electronic ledger attestations of attributes;	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(d), amendin	g provision, numbered paragraph (16)	, point (fa)	
76a			(fa) the validation of electronic attestation of attributes;	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(d), amendin	g provision, numbered paragraph (16)	, point (fb)	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
76b			(fb) the creation of electronic timestamps;	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (3)(d), amendin	g provision, numbered paragraph (16)	, point (fc)	
76c			(fc) the validation of electronic timestamps;	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (3)(d), amendin	g provision, numbered paragraph (16)	, point (fd)	
76d			(fd) the provision of electronic registered delivery services;	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (3)(d), amendin	g provision, numbered paragraph (16)	, point (fe)	
76e			(fe) the validation of data transmitted through electronic registered delivery services and related evidence;	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (3)(d), amendin	g provision, numbered paragraph (16)	, point (ff)	
76f			(ff) the electronic archiving of electronic data; or	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (3)(d), amendin	g provision, numbered paragraph (16)	, point (fg)	
76g			(fg) the recording of electronic data into an electronic ledger;	

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(da), first sub	paragraph		
	76h			(da) point (18) is replaced by the following:	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(da), second	subparagraph		
G	76i			(18) 'conformity assessment body' means a body defined in point 13 of Article 2 of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008, which is accredited in accordance with that Regulation as competent to carry out conformity assessment of a qualified trust service provider and the qualified trust services it provides, or to carry out certification of European Digital Identity Wallets or electronic identification means;	(18) 'conformity assessment body' means a body defined in point 13 of Article 2 of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008, which is accredited in accordance with that Regulation as competent to carry out conformity assessment of a qualified trust service provider and the qualified trust services it provides, or to carry out certification of European Digital Identity Wallets or electronic identification means;
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(e)			
G	77	(e) point (21) is replaced by the following:	(e) point (21) is replaced by the following:	(e) point (21) is replaced by the following:	(e) point (21) is replaced by the following: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(e), amending	I g provision, numbered paragraph (21)		
G	78	(21) 'product' means hardware or software, or relevant components of hardware and / or software, which	(21) 'product' means hardware or software, or relevant components of hardware and / or software, which	(21) 'product' means hardware or software, or relevant components of hardware and / orand/or software,	(21) 'product' means hardware or software, or relevant components of hardware and / or software, which

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		are intended to be used for the provision of electronic identification and trust services;;	are intended to be used for the provision of electronic identification and trust services;;	which are intended to be used for the provision of electronic identification and trust services;';	are intended to be used for the provision of electronic identification and trust services;;
					Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(f)			
	79	(f) the following points (23a) and (23b) are inserted:	(f) the following points are inserted:	(f) the following points (23a) and (23b) are inserted:	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(f), amending	provision, first paragraph		
G	80	(23a) 'remote qualified signature creation device' means a qualified electronic signature creation device where a qualified trust service provider generates, manages or duplicates the electronic signature creation data on behalf of a signatory;	(23a) 'remote qualified signature creation device' means a qualified electronic signature creation device where a qualified trust service provider generates, manages or duplicates the electronic signature creation data on behalf of a signatory;	(23a) 'remote qualified electronic signature creation device' means a qualified electronic signature creation device wheremanaged by a qualified trust service provider generates, manages or duplicates the electronic signature creation datain accordance with Article 29a on behalf of a signatory;	(23a) 'remote qualified electronic signature creation device' means a qualified electronic signature creation device wheremanaged by a qualified trust service provider generates, manages or duplicates the electronic signature creation datain accordance with Article 29a on behalf of a signatory; Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(f), amending	provision, second paragraph		
G	81	(23b) 'remote qualified seal creation device' means a qualified electronic seal creation device where a qualified trust service provider generates, manages or	(23b) 'remote qualified seal creation device' means a qualified electronic seal creation device where a qualified trust service provider generates, manages or	(23b) 'remote qualified electronic seal creation device' means a qualified electronic seal creation device wheremanaged by a qualified trust service provider	(23b) 'remote qualified <u>electronic</u> seal creation device' means a qualified electronic seal creation device <u>wheremanaged by</u> a qualified trust service provider

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		duplicates the electronic signature creation data on behalf of a seal creator;;	duplicates the electronic signature creation data on behalf of a seal creator;;	generates, manages or duplicates the electronic signature creation datain accordance with Article 39a on behalf of a seal creator;;	generates, manages or duplicates the electronic signature creation datain accordance with Article 39a on behalf of a seal creator;
					Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(g)			
G	82	(g) point (29) is replaced by the following:	(g) point (29) is replaced by the following:	(g) point (29) is replaced by the following:	(g) point (29) is replaced by the following:
					Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(g), amending	g provision, numbered paragraph (29)		
G	83	(29) 'certificate for electronic seal' means an electronic attestation or set of attestations that links electronic seal validation data to a legal person and confirms the name of that person;;	(29) 'certificate for electronic seal' means an electronic attestation or set of attestations that links electronic seal validation data to a legal person and confirms the name of that person';	(29) 'certificate for electronic seal' means an electronic attestation or set of attestations that links electronic seal validation data to a legal person and confirms the name of that person;';	(29) 'certificate for electronic seal' means an electronic attestation or set of attestations that links electronic seal validation data to a legal person and confirms the name of that person; '; Text Origin: Council Mandate
ŀ	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(ga)			
	83a		(ga) points (38) and (39) are replaced by the following:		
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(ga), amendir	ng provision, first paragraph		

I		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
G	83b		(38) 'certificate for website authentication' means an <i>electronic</i> attestation that makes it possible to authenticate a website and links the website to the natural or legal person to whom the certificate is issued;		(38) 'certificate for website authentication' means an electronic attestation that makes it possible to authenticate a website and links the website to the natural or legal person to whom the certificate is issued;
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(ga), amendir	ng provision, second paragraph		
G	83c		(39) 'qualified certificate for website authentication' means a certificate for website authentication that links the website to the natural or legal person to whom the certificate is issued with a high level of assurance, which is issued by a qualified trust service provider and meets the requirements laid down in Annex IV;		(39) 'qualified certificate for website authentication' means a certificate for website authentication, which is issued by a qualified trust service provider and meets the requirements laid down in Annex IV;
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(h)			
	84	(h) point (41) is replaced by the following:	(h) [(h) point (41) is replaced by the following:	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(h), amendin	g provision, numbered paragraph (41)		
	85	(41) 'validation' means the process of verifying and confirming that an	(41) ■	(41) 'validation' means the process of verifying and confirming that	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	electronic signature or a seal or person identification data or an electronic attestation of attributes is valid;		andata in electronic signature or a seal or person identification data or an electronic attestation of attributes is validform are valid according to the requirements of this Regulation';	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (3)(i)			
86	(i) the following points (42) to (55) are added:	(i) the following points are added:	(i) the following points (42) to (5555b) are added:	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (3)(i), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (42)		
87	(42) 'European Digital Identity Wallet' is a product and service that allows the user to store identity data, credentials and attributes linked to her/his identity, to provide them to relying parties on request and to use them for authentication, online and offline, for a service in accordance with Article 6a; and to create qualified electronic signatures and seals;	(42) 'European Digital Identity Wallet' means an electronic identification means, which securely stores, manages and validates identity data and electronic attestations of attributes, to provide them to relying parties and other users of European Digital Identity Wallets on request, and which enables the creation of qualified electronic signatures and seals;	(42) 'European Digital Identity Wallet' is a product and servicean electronic identification means that allows the user to store and retrieve identity data, eredentials andincluding person identification data, electronic attestations of attributes linked to her/histheir identity, to provide them to relying parties on request and to use them for authentication, online and, where appropriate, offline, for a service in accordance with Article 6a; and enables to sign by means ofto create qualified electronic signatures and seal by means of qualified electronic seals;';	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (3)(i), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (43)		

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	88	(43) 'attribute' is a feature, characteristic or quality of a natural or legal person or of an entity, in electronic form;	(43) 'attribute' is a feature, characteristic or quality of a natural or legal person or of an entity :	(43) 'attribute' is a feature, characteristic or quality represents the characteristic, quality, right or permission of a natural or legal person or of an entity, in electronic formobject;	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(i), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (44)		
	89	(44) 'electronic attestation of attributes' means an attestation in electronic form that allows the authentication of attributes;	(44) 'electronic attestation of attributes' means an attestation in electronic form that allows the <i>presentation and</i> authentication of attributes;	(44) 'electronic attestation of attributes' means an attestation in electronic form that allows the authentication of attributes;	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(i), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (45)		
G	90	(45) 'qualified electronic attestation of attributes' means an electronic attestation of attributes, which is issued by a qualified trust service provider and meets the requirements laid down in Annex V;	(45) 'qualified electronic attestation of attributes' means an electronic attestation of attributes, which is issued by a qualified trust service provider and meets the requirements laid down in Annex V;	(45) 'qualified electronic attestation of attributes' means an electronic attestation of attributes, which is issued by a qualified trust service provider and meets the requirements laid down in Annex V;	(45) 'qualified electronic attestation of attributes' means an electronic attestation of attributes, which is issued by a qualified trust service provider and meets the requirements laid down in Annex V; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(i), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (45a)		
	90a			(45a) 'electronic attestation of attributes issued by or on behalf of a public sector body	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			responsible for an authentic source' means an electronic attestations of attributes issued by a public sector body responsible for an authentic source or by a public sector body designated by the Member State to issue such attestations of attributes on behalf of the public sector bodies responsible for authentic sources in accordance with Article 45da and meeting the requirements laid down in Annex VII;	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(i), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (46)		
91	(46) 'authentic source' is a repository or system, held under the responsibility of a public sector body or private entity, that contains attributes about a natural or legal person and is considered to be the primary source of that information or recognised as authentic in national law;	(46) 'authentic source' is a repository or system, held under the responsibility of a public sector body or private entity, that contains attributes about a natural or legal person and is considered to be the primary source of that information or recognised as authentic in <i>Union or</i> national law;	(46) 'authentic source' is a repository or system, held under the responsibility of a public sector body or private entity, that contains and provides attributes about a natural or legal person and is considered to be thea primary source of that information or recognised as authentic in accordance with Union or national law, including administrative practice;	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(i), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (47)		
92	(47) 'electronic archiving' means a service ensuring the receipt, storage, deletion and transmission of electronic data or documents in	(47) 'electronic archiving' means a service ensuring <i>preservation</i> of electronic data or documents in order to guarantee their integrity,	(47) 'electronic archiving' means a service ensuring the receipt, storage, deletion and transmissionretrieval and deletion of electronic data or	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	order to guarantee their integrity, the accuracy of their origin and legal features throughout the conservation period;	the accuracy of their origin and legal features throughout the conservation period;	documents in order to guarantee their integrity; the accuracy of durability and legibility as well as to preserve their origin and legal features integrity, confidentiality and proof of origin throughout the conservation preservation period;	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(i), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (48)		
93	(48) 'qualified electronic archiving service' means a service that meets the requirements laid down in Article 45g;	(48) 'qualified electronic archiving service' means a service that meets the requirements laid down in Article 45g;	(48) 'qualified electronic archiving service' means an electronic archiving service that meets the requirements laid down in Article 45g45ga;	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(i), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (49)		
94	(49) 'EU Digital Identity Wallet Trust Mark' means an indication in a simple, recognisable and clear manner that a Digital Identity Wallet has been issued in accordance with this Regulation;	(49) 'EU Digital Identity Wallet Trust Mark' means an indication in a simple, recognisable and clear manner that a Digital Identity Wallet has been issued in accordance with this Regulation;	(49) 'EU Digital Identity Wallet Trust Mark' means ana verifiable indication in a simple, recognisable and clear manner that a European Digital Identity Wallet has been issuedprovided in accordance with this Regulation;	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(i), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (50)		
95	(50) 'strong user authentication' means an authentication based on the use of two or more elements categorised as user knowledge, possession and inherence that are independent, in such a way that the	(50) 'strong user authentication' means an authentication based on the use of <i>at least two authentication factors</i> categorised as user knowledge, possession and inherence that are independent, in	(50) 'strong user authentication' means an authentication based on the use of at least two authentication factors from different categories of eithertwo or more elements categorised as user	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	breach of one does not compromise the reliability of the others, and is designed in such a way to protect the confidentiality of the authentication data;	such a way that the breach of one does not compromise the reliability of the others, and is designed in such a way to protect the confidentiality of the authentication data;	knowledge (something only the user knows), possession—and (something only the user possesses) or inherence (something the user is) that are independent, in such a way that the breach of one does not compromise the reliability of the others, and is designed in such a way to protect the confidentiality of the authentication data;	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (3)(i), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (51)		
96	(51) 'user account' means a mechanism that allows a user to access public or private services on the terms and conditions established by the service provider;	(51) 'user account' means a mechanism that allows a user to access public or private services on the terms and conditions established by the service provider;	deleted	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(i), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (52)		
97	(52) 'credential' means a proof of a person's abilities, experience, right or permission;	(52)	deleted	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(i), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (53)		
⁵ 98	(53) 'electronic ledger' means a tamper proof electronic record of data, providing authenticity and integrity of the data it contains, accuracy of their date and time, and of their chronological ordering;	(53)	(53) 'electronic ledger' means a tamper proofsequence of electronic record of data, providing authenticity anddata records, which ensures their integrity of the data it contains, and the accuracy of	(53) 'electronic ledger' means a tamper proofsequence of electronic record of data, providing authenticity and data records, and ensures their integrity of the data it contains, and the accuracy of their

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				their date and time, and of their chronological ordering';	date and time, and of their chronological ordering2;
					Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(i), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (53a)		
G	98a			(53a) 'qualified electronic ledger' means an electronic ledger that meets the requirements laid down in Article 45i;	(53a) 'qualified electronic ledger' means an electronic ledger that meets the requirements laid down in Article 45i; Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(i), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (54)		
G	99	(54) 'Personal data' means any information as defined in point 1 of Article 4 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.;	(54) 'personal data' means any information as defined in point 1 of Article 4 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.;	(54) 'personal data' means any information as defined in point 1 of Article 4 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679-';	(54) 'Personal data' means any information as defined in point 1 of Article 4 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(i), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (55)		
Y	100	(55) 'unique identification' means a process where person identification data or person identification means are matched with or linked to an existing account belonging to the same person.';	(55) 'identity matching' means a process where person identification data or person identification means are matched with or linked to an existing account belonging to the same person.';	(55) 'unique identification record matching' means a process where person identification data-or, person identification means, qualified electronic attestation of attributes or attestations of attributes issued by or on behalf of a public sector body responsible for an authentic	Υ

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			source are matched with or linked to an existing account belonging to the same person-';	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(i), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (55a)		
100a			(55a) 'unique and persistent identifier' means an identifier which may consist of either single or multiple national or sectoral identification data, is associated with a single user within a given system and persistent in time;	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(i), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (55a)		
100b		(55a) 'offline service' means the capability of a user to electronically identify and authenticate with a third party with close proximity technologies irrespective of whether the device is connected to the internet or not in order to access a wide range of public and private services";		
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(i), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (55b)		
100c			(55b) 'data record' means electronic data recorded with related meta-data (or attributes)	

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				supporting the processing of the data.	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (3)(i), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (55c)		
	100d			(55c) 'offline use of European Digital Identity Wallets' means an interaction between a user and a relying party at a physical location, whereby the Wallet is not required to access remote systems via electronic communication networks for the purpose of the interaction.	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (4)			
G	101	(4) Article 5 is replaced by the following:	(4) Article 5 is replaced by the following:	(4) Article 5 is replaced by the following:	(4) Article 5 is replaced by the following: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (4), amending p	rovision, first paragraph		
G	102	Article 5	Article 5	Article 5	Article 5 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (4), amending p	rovision, second paragraph		
	103				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Pseudonyms in electronic transaction	Protection of personal data, and use of pseudonyms in electronic transaction	Pseudonyms in electronic transaction	
Article	1, first paragraph, point (4), amending p	provision, second paragraph, point (a)		
s 103a		1. The processing of personal data shall be carried out in accordance with Regulations (EU) 2016/679 and (EU) 2018/1725 and, where relevant, Directive 2002/58/EC, by implementing the principles of data minimisation, purpose limitation, and data protection by design and by default, in particular with respect to the technical measures for the implementation of this Regulation and the interoperability framework in accordance with Article 12 thereof.		deleted
Article	1, first paragraph, point (4), amending p	provision, third paragraph		
G 104	Without prejudice to the legal effect given to pseudonyms under national law, the use of pseudonyms in electronic transactions shall not be prohibited.;	2. Without prejudice to the legal effect given to pseudonyms under national law and unless specific rules of the Union or national law require users to identify themselves for legal purposes, the use of pseudonyms in electronic transactions, freely chosen by the user, shall always	Without prejudice to the legal effect given to pseudonyms under national law, the use of pseudonyms in electronic transactions shall not be prohibited.';	Without prejudice to specific rules of Union or national law requiring users to identify themselves and without prejudice to the legal effect given to pseudonyms under national law, the use of pseudonyms, chosen by the user, in electronic transactions shall not be prohibited.;

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			be allowed and shall not be prohibited or restricted by means of a contract or the terms and conditions applicable to the use of the service;		,
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (4), amending p	rovision, second paragraph, point (c)		
G	104a		3. Unless specific rules of the Union or national law require users to identify themselves for legal purposes, relying parties shall make reasonable efforts to enable the use of their services without electronic identification or authentication.';		deleted
,	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (5)			
	105	(5) in Chapter II the heading is replaced by the following:	(5) in Chapter II the heading is replaced by the following:	(5) in Chapter II the following heading is replaced by the followinginserted before Article 6a :	
-	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (5), amending p	rovision, first paragraph		
G	106	SECTION I	SECTION I	SECTION I	SECTION I ,
					Proposal

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (5), amending p	provision, second paragraph		
	107	ELECTRONIC IDENTIFICATION;	ELECTRONIC IDENTIFICATION;	ELECTRONIC IDENTIFICATIONEUROPEAN DIGITAL IDENTITY WALLET;	
	Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (6)			
G	108	(6) Article 6 is deleted;	(6) Article 6 is deleted;	deleted	deleted
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7)			
	109	(7) the following Articles (6a, 6b, 6c and 6d) are inserted:	(7) the following Articles are inserted:	(7) the following Articles (6a, 6b, 6c, 6d, 6da and 6db and 6db are inserted:	
	Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, first paragraph		
G	110	Article 6a	Article 6a	Article 6a	Article 6a Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, second paragraph		
G	111	European Digital Identity Wallets	European Digital Identity Wallets	European Digital Identity Wallets	European Digital Identity Wallets Text Origin: Commission Proposal

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article	1, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (1)		
6 112	1. For the purpose of ensuring that all natural and legal persons in the Union have secure, trusted and seamless access to cross-border public and private services, each Member State shall issue a European Digital Identity Wallet within 12 months after the entry into force of this Regulation.	1. For the purpose of ensuring that all natural and legal persons in the Union have secure, <i>reliable</i> , trusted and seamless access to cross-border public and private services, <i>while having full control over their data</i> , each Member State shall issue <i>at least one</i> European Digital Identity Wallet <i>by [18</i> months after the <i>date of</i> entry into force of this <i>amending</i> Regulation]	1. For the purpose of ensuring that all natural and legal persons in the Union have secure, trusted and seamless cross-border access to eross-border public and private services, each Member State shall issueensure that a European Digital Identity Wallet is provided within 1224 months after the entry into force of this Regulationthe implementing acts referred to in paragraph 11 and Article 6c(4).	1. For the purpose of ensuring that all natural and legal persons in the Union have secure, trusted and seamless <u>cross-border</u> access to <u>cross border</u> public and private services, <u>while having full control</u> <u>over their data</u> , each Member State shall <u>issue aprovide at least one</u> European Digital Identity Wallet within <u>1224</u> months after the entry into force of <u>this Regulationthe</u> <u>implementing acts referred to in paragraph 11 and Article 6c(4)</u> .
Article	1, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (2)		
s 113	2. European Digital Identity Wallets shall be issued:	2. European Digital Identity Wallets shall be issued and managed in any of the following ways:	2. European Digital Identity Wallets shall be issuedprovided:	2. European Digital Identity Wallets shall be issued provided: Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article	1, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (2), poi	nt (a)	
s 114	(a) by a Member State;	(a) <i>directly</i> by a Member State;	(a) by a Member State;	(a) directly by a Member State; Text Origin: EP Mandate
Article	1, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (2), poi	nt (b)	
g 115				G

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		(b) under a mandate from a Member State;	(b) under a mandate from a Member State;	(b) under a mandate from a Member State;	(b) under a mandate from a Member State;
					Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (2), poi	nt (c)	
G	116	(c) independently but recognised by a Member State.	(c) independently <i>from a Member State</i> but recognised by <i>that</i> Member State.	(c) independently of a Member State but recognised by a Member State.	(c) independently of a Member State but recognised by a Member State. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (2a)		
Y	116a		2a. The source code used for providing European Digital Identity Wallets shall be open source and shall be published for auditing and review.		Y
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (3)		
G	117	3. European Digital Identity Wallets shall enable the user to:	3. European Digital Identity Wallets shall, <i>in a user-friendly manner</i> , enable the user to:	3. European Digital Identity Wallets are electronic identification means that shall enable the user in a manner that is transparent and traceable by the user to: to:	3. European Digital Identity Wallets are electronic identification means that shall enable the user in a manner that is user-friendly, transparent, and traceable by the user to: to: Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (3), poi	nt (a)	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
6 118	(a) securely request and obtain, store, select, combine and share, in a manner that is transparent to and traceable by the user, the necessary legal person identification data and electronic attestation of attributes to authenticate online and offline in order to use online public and private services;	(a) securely request and obtain, store, select, combine and share, in a manner that is transparent to, traceable by and under the sole control of the user, the necessary identification data to identify and authenticate the user online and offline in order to use online public and private services;	(a) securely request and obtain, store, select, combine and share, in a manner that is transparent to and traceable by the user, the necessary legal, store, delete and present electronic attestation of attributes and person identification data and electronic attestation of attributesto relying parties, including to authenticate online and, where appropriate, offline in order to use online public and private services, while ensuring that selective disclosure of data is possible;	(a) securely request and obtain, store, obtain, select, combine and share, in a manner that is transparent to and traceable by, store, delete, share and present, under the sole control of the user, the necessary legal person identification data and electronic attestation of attributes to authenticate online and offline in order to use online public and private services and person identification data to relying parties, while ensuring that selective disclosure of data is possible; Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (3), poi (aa) securely store, select, combine and share electronic attestation of attributes;	nt (aa)	deleted Text Origin: EP Mandate
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (3), poi	nt (ab)	
c 118b		(ab) securely issue and revoke electronic attestation of attributes issued directly by the user;		(ab) [delete]
Article 1	., first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (3), poi	nt (ac)	
6 118c				G

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		(ac) generate pseudonyms and store them encrypted and locally within it;		(ac) generate pseudonyms and store them encrypted and locally within it; Text Origin: EP Mandate
Article 1		l provision, numbered paragraph (3), poi	nt (ad)	
s 118d		(ad) securely authenticate a third person's European Digital Identity Wallets or a connecting relying party, and receive and authenticate in a transparent and traceable manner the third party identity data and electronic attestation of attributes online and offline;		(ad) securely authenticate a third person's European Digital Identity Wallet, and receive and share the third party identity data and electronic attestations of attributes in a secured way between two wallets Text Origin: EP Mandate
Article 1	1, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	provision, numbered paragraph (3), poi	nt (ae)	
° 118e		(ae) access a data base of all transactions carried out through the European Digital Identity Wallet via a common dashboard enabling the user to:		(ae) access a log of all transactions carried out through the European Digital Identity Wallet via a common dashboard enabling the user to:
Article 1		। provision, numbered paragraph (3), poil	nt (ae)(i)	
s 118f		(i) view an up to date list of relying parties with whom the user has		(i) view an up to date list of relying parties with whom the user has established a connection and

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		established a connection and where applicable all data shared;		where applicable all data exchanged; Text Origin: EP Mandate
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (3), poi	nt (ae)(ii)	
6 118g		(ii) easily request to a relying party the deletion of personal data pursuant to Article 17 of the Regulation (EU) 2016/679);		(ii) easily request to a relying party the deletion of personal data pursuant to Article 17 of the Regulation (EU) 2016/679); Text Origin: EP Mandate
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (3), poi	nt (ae)(iii)	
c 118h		(iii) easily report to the competent national authority where a relying party is established if an unlawful or inappropriate request of data is received without leaving the European Digital Identity Wallet;		(iii) easily report to the national data protection authority where a relying party is established when an allegedly unlawful or suspicious request of data is received; Text Origin: EP Mandate
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (3), poi	nt (ae)(iv)	
c 118i		(iv) revoke any electronic attestation of attribute issued by the user;		<u>(iii)</u> [delete]
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (3), poi	nt (b)	
g 119	(b) sign by means of qualified electronic signatures.	(b) sign by means of qualified electronic signatures;	(b) sign by means of qualified electronic signatures and seal by	G

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			means of qualified electronic seals.	(b) sign by means of qualified electronic signatures <u>and seal by</u> <u>means of qualified electronic seals</u> .
				Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article	e 1, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (3), poi	nt (ba)	
s 119a		(ba) download all users' data, electronic attestation of attributes and configurations;		(ba) download, to the extent technically feasible, users' data, electronic attestation of attributes and configurations;
Article	e 1, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (3), poi	nt (bb)	
6 119b		(bb) exercise users' rights of data portability by switching to another European Digital Identity Wallet belonging to the same user.		(bb) exercise users' rights to data portability.
Article	e 1, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (4)		
g 120	4. Digital Identity Wallets shall, in particular:	4. <i>European</i> Digital Identity Wallets shall, in particular:	4. Digital Identity Wallets shall, in particular:	4. <u>European</u> Digital Identity Wallets shall, in particular: Text Origin: EP Mandate
Article	e 1, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (4), poi	nt (a)	
6 121	(a) provide a common interface:	(a) provide common <i>protocols</i> and interfaces:	(a) provide a common interfaceset of interfaces:	(a) provide asupport common interface protocols and interfaces:

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Text Origin: EP Mandate
Article 1	l, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (4), poi	nt (a)(1)	
122	(1) to qualified and non-qualified trust service providers issuing qualified and non-qualified electronic attestations of attributes or other qualified and non-qualified certificates for the purpose of issuing such attestations and certificates to the European Digital Identity Wallet;	(1)	(1) to qualified and non-qualified trust service providers issuingfor issuance of person identification data, qualified and non-qualified electronic attestations of attributes or-other qualified and non-qualified certificates for the purpose of issuing such attestations and certificates to the European Digital Identity Wallet;	(1) to qualified and non-qualified trust service providers issuing for issuance of person identification data, qualified and non-qualified electronic attestations of attributes or other qualified and non-qualified eertificates for the purpose of issuing such attestations and certificates to the European Digital Identity Wallet; Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article 1	L, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	provision, numbered paragraph (4), poi	nt (a)(2)	
123	(2) for relying parties to request and validate person identification data and electronic attestations of attributes;	(2)	(2) for relying parties to request and validate person identification data and electronic attestations of attributes;	
Article 1	l, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (4), poi	nt (a)(3)	
124	(3) for the presentation to relying parties of person identification data, electronic attestation of attributes or other data such as credentials, in local mode not requiring internet access for the wallet;	(3)	(3) for the presentation to relying parties of person identification data, or electronic attestation of attributes or other data such as credentials, in local mode not requiring internet access for the walletonline and, where appropriate, also offline;	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (4), poi	nt (a)(4)	
125	(4) for the user to allow interaction with the European Digital Identity Wallet and display an "EU Digital Identity Wallet Trust Mark";	(4)	(4) for the user to allow interaction with the European Digital Identity Wallet and display an "EU Digital Identity Wallet Trust Mark";	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (4), poi	nt (a)(4a)	
125a		(i) to securely interact with the electronic identification means associated pursuant to Article 7(2), for the purpose of identifying and authenticating the user;		
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (4), poi	nt (a)(4b)	
125b		(ii) for issuers of electronic attestation of attributes to issue electronic attestation of attributes into the user's European Digital Identity Wallet;		deleted Text Origin: EP Mandate
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (4), poi	nt (a)(4c)	
125c		(iii) to establish unique, private and secure peer-to peer connections between two European Digital Identity Wallets or between an European Digital Identity Wallet and a relying party;		
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (4) , poi	nt (a)(4d)	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
125d		(iv) for users of European Digital Identity Wallets and relying parties to request, receive, select, send, authenticate and validate electronic attestations of attributes, person identification data, the identification of relying parties, electronic signatures and electronic seals;		<u>(4b)</u> .
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (4), poi	nt (a)(4e)	
125e		(v) for users of European Digital Identity Wallets and relying parties to authenticate and validate the European Digital Identity Wallet and approved relying parties;		
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (4), poi	nt (a)(4f)	
125f		(vi) for users of European Digital Identity Wallets or relying parties, when available, to perform a zero knowledge proof inferred from person identification data or electronic attestation of attributes;		
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (4), poi	nt (a)(4g)	
125g		(vii) for users of European Digital Identity Wallets to transfer and request reissuance of their own electronic attestation of attributes		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Artisla (first and the sint (7) and the second in	and configurations to another European Digital Identity Wallet belonging to the same user or a device controlled by the same user;		
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (4), poil	nt (b)	
126	(b) ensure that trust service providers of qualified attestations of attributes cannot receive any information about the use of these attributes;	(b) ensure that providers of qualified and non-qualified electronic attestations of attributes are technologically prevented from receiving any information about the use of these attributes;	(b) ensure thatnot provide any information to trust service providers of qualified electronic attestations of attributes eannot receive any information about the use of these attributes after their issuance;	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (4), poi	nt (ba)	
126a			(ba) Ensure that the identity of relying parties can be validated by implementing authentication mechanisms in accordance with Article 6b;	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (4), poi	nt (c)	
127	(c) meet the requirements set out in Article 8 with regards to assurance level "high", in particular as applied to the requirements for identity proofing and verification, and electronic identification means management and authentication;	(c) meet the requirements set out in Article 8 with regards to assurance level "high", in particular as applied to the requirements for identity proofing and verification, and electronic identification means management and authentication;	(c) meet the requirements set out in Article 8 with regards to assurance level "high", in particular as applied'high'applicable mutatis mutandis to the requirements for identity proofing and verification, andmanagement and use of person identification data through the Wallet, including electronic	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			identification means management and authentication;	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending	(ca) in the case of electronic attestation of attributes with embedded disclosure policies, provide a mechanism to ensure that only the relying party or the user of European Digital Identity Wallets having the necessary electronic attestation of attribute has permission to access it;	int (ca)	
Article 1	first paragraph, point (7), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (4), po	int (cb)	
127b		(cb) provide a mechanism to record digital requests received and digital transactions in a cryptographic manner that ensures that it is not possible to repudiate their authenticity;		
Article 1	first paragraph, point (7), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (4), po	int (cc)	
127c		(cc) provide a mechanism to inform users, without delay, of any security breach that may have entirely or partially compromised their European Digital Identity Wallet or its content and in particular if their European Digital		

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			Identity Wallet has been suspended or revoked pursuant to Article 10a.		
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (4), poir	nt (d)	
	128	(d) provide a mechanism to ensure that the relying party is able to authenticate the user and to receive electronic attestations of attributes;	(d) I	deleted	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (4), poir	nt (e)	
G	129	(e) ensure that the person identification data referred to in Articles 12(4), point (d) uniquely and persistently represent the natural or legal person is associated with it.	(e) ensure that the person identification data referred to in <i>Article</i> 12(4), point (d), <i>representing</i> the natural or legal person is associated with it.	(e) ensure that the person identification data referred to in Articles 12(4), point (d) uniquely and persistently represent the natural person, legal person or the natural person representing the natural or legal person, who is associated with it.the Wallet;	(e) ensure that the person identification data <u>as</u> referred to in Articles 12(4), point (d) uniquely <u>represent the natural person, legal</u> <u>person or the natural person representing and persistently represent</u> the natural or legal person, is associated with <u>it.the</u> <u>Wallet</u>
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (4), poir	nt (ea)	
	129a		(ea) provide a mechanism allowing the user of the European Digital Identity Wallet to act on behalf of another natural or legal person;		
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (4), poir	nt (eb)	
	129b				

J		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			(eb) display an "EU Digital Identity Wallet Trust Mark" for the recognition of qualified electronic attestation of attributes;		
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (4), poir	nt (ec)	
G	129c		(ec) offer qualified electronic signatures to all users by default and free of charge.';		(ec) offer qualified electronic signatures to all natural persons by default and free of charge.'; Text Origin: EP Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (4a)		
	129d			4a. Member States shall provide for procedures to enable the user to report possible loss or misuse of their wallet and request its revocation.	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (5)		
	130	5. Member States shall provide validation mechanisms for the European Digital Identity Wallets:	5. Member States shall provide <i>free</i> of charge validation mechanisms to:	5. Member States shall provide validation mechanisms for the European Digital Identity Wallets:	
-	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (5), poir	nt (a)	
	131	(a) to ensure that its authenticity and validity can be verified;	(a) ensure that <i>the</i> authenticity and validity <i>of European Digital Identity Wallets</i> can be verified;	(a) to ensure that its authenticity and validity can be verified;	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (5), poi	nt (aa)	
131a			(aa) to allow the user to authenticate relying parties in accordance with Article 6b;	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (5), poi	nt (b)	
132	(b) to allow relying parties to verify that the attestations of attributes are valid;	(b) allow relying parties and users of European Digital Identity Wallets to verify that the electronic attestations of attributes are authentic and valid;	deleted	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (5), poi	nt (c)	
133	(c) to allow relying parties and qualified trust service providers to verify the authenticity and validity of attributed person identification data.	(c) allow relying parties, users of European Digital Identity Wallets and qualified trust service providers to verify the authenticity and validity of attributed person identification data;	deleted	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (5), poi	nt (ca)	
133a		(ca) allow European Digital Identity Wallet users to verify the authenticity and validity of the identity of relying parties approved in accordance with Article 6b(1).		
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (5a)		1

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement		
133b		5a. Member States shall provide means to revoke the validity of the European Digital Identity Wallet:				
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (5a), po	int (a)			
133c		(a) upon the explicit request of the user;				
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (5a), po	int (b)			
133d		(b) when its security has been compromised;				
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (5a), po	oint (c)			
133e		(c) upon the death of the user or cease of activity of the legal person.				
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	provision, numbered paragraph (5b)	,			
133f		5b. Member States shall raise awareness about the benefits and risks of the European Digital Identity Wallet by means of communication campaigns. They shall ensure that their citizens are well-trained in its use.				
Article 1,	Article 1, first paragraph, point (7), amending provision, numbered paragraph (5c)					
133g						

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		5c. Issuers of European Digital Identity Wallets shall ensure that users can easily request technical support and report technical problems or any other incidents having a negative impact on the provision of services of the European Digital Identity Wallet.		
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (6)		
134	6. The European Digital Identity Wallets shall be issued under a notified electronic identification scheme of level of assurance 'high'. The use of the European Digital Identity Wallets shall be free of charge to natural persons.	6. European Digital Identity Wallets shall be issued under a notified electronic identification scheme of level of assurance 'high'.	6. The European Digital Identity Wallets shall be issued under a notified electronic identification scheme of level of assurance 'high'. The use of the European Digital Identity Wallets shall be free of charge to natural persons.	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (6a)		
134a		6a. European Digital Identity Wallets shall ensure security-by- design. European Digital Identity Wallets shall provide the necessary state-of-the-art security functionalities, such us mechanisms to encrypt and store data in a way that is only accessible to and decryptable by the user and establish end-to-end encrypted exchanges with relying parties and other European Digital Identity Wallets. They shall offer resistance to skilled attackers, ensure the	6a. The issuance, use for authentication and the revocation of the European Digital Identity Wallets shall be free of charge to natural persons.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		confidentiality, integrity and availability of their content, including person identification data and electronic attestation of attributes and request the secure, explicit and active user's confirmation of its operation.		
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (6b)		
134b		6b. The issuance and use of the European Digital Identity Wallets shall be free of charge to all natural and legal persons.	6b. Without prejudice to Article 6db, Member States may provide, in accordance with national law, for additional functionalities of the European Digital Identity Wallets, including interoperability with existing national eID means.	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (7)		
135	7. The user shall be in full control of the European Digital Identity Wallet. The issuer of the European Digital Identity Wallet shall not collect information about the use of the wallet which are not necessary for the provision of the wallet services, nor shall it combine person identification data and any other personal data stored or relating to the use of the European Digital Identity Wallet with personal data from any other services offered by this issuer or from third-party	7. The technical framework for the European Digital Identity Wallet shall be subject to the following principles:	7. The userusers shall be in full control of the use of the European Digital Identity Wallet and of the data in their European Digital Identity Wallet. The issuer of the European Digital Identity Wallet shall not collect information about the use of the wallet which are not necessary for the provision of the wallet services, nor shall it combine person identification data and any other personal data stored or relating to the use of the European Digital Identity Wallet with	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 1,	services which are not necessary for the provision of the wallet services, unless the user has expressly requested it. Personal data relating to the provision of European Digital Identity Wallets shall be kept physically and logically separate from any other data held. If the European Digital Identity Wallet is provided by private parties in accordance to paragraph 1 (b) and (c), the provisions of article 45f paragraph 4 shall apply mutatis mutandis.	rovision, 7., point (a)	personal data from any other services offered by this issuer or from third-party services which are not necessary for the provision of the wallet services, unless the user has expressly requested it. Personal data relating to the provision of European Digital Identity Wallets shall be kept physically and logically separate from any other data held by the issuer of European Digital Identity Wallets. If the European Digital Identity Wallet is provided by private parties in accordance to paragraph +2 (b) and (c), the provisions of article 45f paragraph 4 shall apply mutatis mutandis.	
135a	first navagraph point (7) are and in a	(a) the user shall be in full control of the European Digital Identity Wallet and the user's data, including self-certification;		
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, 7., point (b)		
135b		(b) the European Digital Identity Wallet shall use decentralised elements for the identity architecture;		
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, 7., point(c)		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
135c		(c) the set of electronic identification means, attributes and certificates contained in a European Digital Identity Wallet shall be stored securely and exclusively on devices controlled by the user, unless the user freely consents to storage on third-party devices or to a cloud based option;		
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, 7., point (d)		
135d		(d) the European Digital Identity Wallet shall allow secure connections between the user and the relying parties;		
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, 7., point (e)		
135e		(e) the technical architecture of the European Digital Identity Wallet shall prevent the issuer of European Digital Identity Wallets, Member State or any other parties from collecting or obtaining electronic identification means, attributes, electronic documents contained in a European Digital Identity Wallet and information about the use of the European Digital Identity Wallet by the user, except where requested by the user using devices in the user's control and he exchange of information		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement	
		via the European Digital Identity Wallet shall not allow providers of electronic attestations of attributes to track, link, correlate or otherwise obtain knowledge of transactions or user behaviour;			
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, 7., point (f)			
135f		(f) unique and persistent identifiers shall not be accessible to relying parties in cases other than when identification of the user is required by Union or national law;			
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, 7., point (g)			
135g		(g) Member States shall ensure that relevant information on the European Digital Identity Wallet is publicly available;			
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, 7., point (h)			
135h		(h) personal data relating to the provision of European Digital Identity Wallets shall be kept physically and logically separate from any other data held;			
Article 1,	Article 1, first paragraph, point (7), amending provision, 7., point (i)				
135i					

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			(i) if the European Digital Identity Wallet is provided by private parties in accordance to paragraph 1 (b) and (c), the provisions of Article 45f(4) shall apply mutatis mutandis;		
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, 7., point (j)	// C. //	
	135j		(j) where attestation of attributes does not require the identification of the user, zero knowledge proof shall be performed;		
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, 7., point (k)		
Y	135k		(k) the issuer of the European Digital Identity Wallet shall be the controller for the purposes of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 regarding the processing of personal data in the European Digital Identity Wallet;		deleted Text Origin: EP Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	provision, 7., point (I)	,	
Υ	1351		(l) the European Digital Identity Wallet shall provide a complaint mechanism to enable users to inform the supervisory body under this Regulation and the supervisory authorities established under Regulation (EU) 2016/679 directly where a relying party requests a		deleted Text Origin: EP Mandate

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		disproportionate amount of data which is not in line with the registered intended use of that data.		
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (7a)		
135m		7a. The use of the European Digital Identity Wallet shall be voluntary. Access to public and private services, access to labour market and freedom to conduct business shall not in any way be restricted or made disadvantageous for natural or legal persons not using European Digital Identity Wallets. It shall remain possible to access public and private services by other existing identification and authentication means.		
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (7a), fir	st subparagraph	
135n			7a. Member States shall notify to the Commission, without undue delay information about:	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (7a), fir	st subparagraph, point (a)	
1350			(a) the body responsible for establishing and maintaining the list of notified relying parties that rely on the European Digital	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			Identity Wallets in accordance with Article 6b(2);	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (7a),	first subparagraph, point (b)	
135p			(b) the bodies responsible for the provision of the European Digital Identity Wallets in accordance with Article 6a(1);	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (7a),	first subparagraph, point (c)	
135q			(c) the bodies responsible for ensuring that the person identification data is associated with the Wallet in accordance with Article 6a(4)(e);	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (7a),	second subparagraph	
135r			The notification shall also provide information about the mechanism allowing for the validation of the person identification data referred to in Article 12(4) and of the identity of the relying parties.	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (7a),	third subparagraph	
135s			The Commission shall make available to the public, through a secure channel, the information referred in this paragraph in	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			electronically signed or sealed form suitable for automated processing.	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (8)		
136	8. Article 11 shall apply mutatis mutandis to the European Digital Identity Wallet.	8.	8. Article 11 shall apply mutatis mutandis to the European Digital Identity Wallet.	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (9)		
137	9. Article 24(2), points (b), (e), (g), and (h) shall apply mutatis mutandis to Member States issuing the European Digital Identity Wallets.	9. Article 24(2), points (b), (d), (e), (f), (fa), (fb), (g), and (h) shall apply mutatis mutandis to Member States directly issuing and managing the European Digital Identity Wallets.	9. Article 24(2), points (b), (e), (g), and (h) shall apply mutatis mutandis to Member States issuingthe issuer of the European Digital Identity Wallets.	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (10)		
138	10. The European Digital Identity Wallet shall be made accessible for persons with disabilities in accordance with the accessibility requirements of Annex I to Directive 2019/882.	10. The European Digital Identity Wallet shall be made accessible for persons with disabilities in accordance with the accessibility requirements of Annex I to Directive (EU) 2019/882 and the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities ¹ , as well as to persons with special needs, including older people and persons with limited access to digital technologies or with insufficient digital literacy.	10. The European Digital Identity Wallet shall be made accessible for persons with disabilities in accordance with the accessibility requirements of Annex I to Directive 2019/882.	

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			1. Approved by Council Decision 2010/48/EC of 26 November 2009 concerning the conclusion, by the European Community, of the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (OJ L 23, 27.1.2010, p. 35).		
Art	icie 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (10a)		
6 13	38a				10a. European Digital Identity Wallets shall not be subject to the requirements referred to in Articles 7, 9 and 12.
Art	icle 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (11)		
	39	11. Within 6 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall establish technical and operational specifications and reference standards for the requirements referred to in paragraphs 3, 4 and 5 by means of an implementing act on the implementation of the European Digital Identity Wallet. This implementing act shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).	11. By [6 months after the date of entry into force of this amending Regulation], the Commission shall reference standards for the requirements referred to in this Article by means of an implementing act on the implementation of the European Digital Identity Wallet. That implementing act shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).	11. Within 6 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall establish technical and operational specifications and reference standards for the requirements referred to in paragraphs 3, 4, 5 and 7a and 5 by means of an implementing act on the implementation of the European Digital Identity Wallet. This implementing act shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).	
Art	icle 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (11a)		

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6 139a		11a. By [6 months after the date of entry into force of this amending Regulation], the Commission shall adopt a delegated act in accordance with Article 47 supplementing this Regulation by establishing technical and operational specifications for the requirements referred to in this Article.	11a. The Commission shall establish technical and operational specifications as well as reference standards in order to facilitate the on-boarding to the European Digital Identity Wallet of users using either electronic identification means conforming to level 'high' or electronic identification means conforming to level 'substantial' in conjunction with additional remote on-boarding procedures that together meet the requirements of level of assurance 'high'. This implementing act shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).	11a. The Commission shall establish technical and operational specifications as well as reference standards in order to facilitate the on-boarding to the European Digital Identity Wallet of users using either electronic identification means conforming to level 'high' or electronic identification means conforming to level 'substantial' in conjunction with additional remote on-boarding procedures that together meet the requirements of level of assurance 'high'. This implementing act shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2). Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, fourteenth paragraph		
⁶ 140	Article 6b	Article 6b	Article 6b	Article 6b Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, fifteenth paragraph		
6 141	European Digital Identity Wallets Relying Parties	European Digital Identity Wallets Relying Parties	European Digital Identity Wallets Relying Parties	European Digital Identity Wallets Relying Parties

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (1)		
G 142	1. Where relying parties intend to rely upon European Digital Identity Wallets issued in accordance with this Regulation, they shall communicate it to the Member State where the relying party is established to ensure compliance with requirements set out in Union law or national law for the provision of specific services. When communicating their intention to rely on European Digital Identity wallets, they shall also inform about the intended use of the European Digital Identity Wallet.	1. Where a relying party intends to rely upon European Digital Identity Wallets for the provision of public or private services it shall register in to the Member State where the relying party is established. The relying party's registration shall include information about the data that it intends to request with regard to each different service provided, the intended use of the data requested and the reasons for the request. The relying party shall notify the Member State about any change to the information notified with undue delay.	1. Where relying parties that provide private or public services intend to rely upon European Digital Identity Wallets issuedprovided in accordance with this Regulation, they shall communicatenotify it to the Member State where the relying party isparties are established to ensure compliance with requirements set out in Union law or national law for the provision of specific services. When communicating their intention to rely on European Digital Identity wallets, they shall also inform about the intended use of the European Digital Identity Wallet.	1. Where a relying parties intendparty intends to rely upon European Digital Identity Wallets issued in accordance with this Regulation, they for the provision of public or private services it shall communicate it to register in the Member State where the relying party is established to ensure compliance with requirements set out in Union law or national law for the provision of specific services. When communicating their intention to rely on European Digital Identity wallets, they shall also inform about the intended use of the European Digital Identity Wallet.
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (1)		
6 142a				1a. The registration process shall be cost-effective and proportionate-to-risk. Relying parties shall provide at least: a) the information necessary to authenticate to European Digital Identity Wallets, which as a minimum includes:

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				i) the Member State in which they are established and ii) the name of the relying party and, where applicable, its registration number as stated in an official record together with identification data of that official record; b) contact details; c) the intended use of the European Digital Identity Wallet
Article 1		rovision, numbered paragraph (1a)		
⁶ 142b		1b. Relying parties that intend to process special categories of personal data, such as health or biometric data as referred to in Article 9 of the Regulation (EU) 2016/679 shall require prior approval from the competent authorities in the Member State in which they intend to provide their services. Relying parties that are granted the approval shall ensure that processing of personal information is carried out in accordance with Article 6(1) of the Regulation (EU) 2016/679.		deleted Text Origin: EP Mandate
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (1a)		
6 142c				Ic. [Relying parties shall not request any data beyond what they

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				have registered for according to paragraphs 1 and 1a.]
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (1a)		
s 142d		Id. Paragraphs 1 and 1a shall be without prejudice to ex-ante approval requirements set out in Union law or national law for the provision of specific services.	1b. The notification requirement shall be without prejudice to other notification and registration requirements in accordance with Union or national law such as those applicable to special categories of personal data, which may require additional authorisation requirements.	Id. Paragraphs 1 and 1a shall be without prejudice to requirements in accordance with Union or national law, applicable for the provision of specific services.
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (1a)		
6 142e		1e. Member States shall make the information referred to in paragraph 1 publicly available online, together with the identity of each relying party and their contact details.		1e. Member States shall make the information referred to in paragraph 1a publicly available online in electronically signed or sealed form suitable for automated processing.
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (1f)		
⁶ 142f			1c. Member States may exempt relying parties from the notification requirement where Union or national law does not provide for specific notification or registration requirements in order to access information	deleted Text Origin: Council Mandate

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				provided by means of the European Digital Identity Wallet. The exempted relying parties may not need to authenticate to the European Digital Identity Wallet.	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (1g)		
G	142g		1g.	1d. Relying parties notified in accordance with this Article shall inform without delay the Member State about any subsequent change in the information initially provided.	Ig. Relying parties registered in accordance with this Article shall inform Member States without delay about any changes in to the information provided.
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (1h)		
Υ	142h		1h. Member States shall establish ex-post controls to verify that data requests are proportionate and commensurate with the declared intent and that the principle of data minimisation is respected.		1h. Member States shall establish ex-post controls to verify that data requests are proportionate and commensurate.
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (1i)		
Y	142i		1i. The European Digital Identity Framework Board established pursuant to Article 46c or any Member State shall revoke the authorisation of relying parties in the case of illegal or fraudulent use of the European Digital Identity		Y

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		Wallet, or suspend such authorisation until identified irregularities have been remedied.		
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (1e)		
s 142j			1e. The notification procedure shall be cost-effective and proportionate-to-risk and ensure that relying parties provide at least the information necessary to authenticate to European Digital Identity Wallets. This should as a minimum include the Member State in which they are established and the name of the relying party and, where applicable, its registration number as stated in the official records.	deleted Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (2)		
c 143	2. Member States shall implement a common mechanism for the authentication of relying parties	2. Member States shall implement a common mechanism for the <i>identification and</i> authentication of relying parties <i>and the verification of the notified data sets referred in Article 6a(4), points (ca) and (cb).</i>	2. Member StatesRelying parties shall implement a common mechanism for the authentication of relying partiesensure the implementation of authentication mechanisms referred to in Article 6a(4)(ba).	2. Member States shall implement provide a common mechanism for allowing the identification and the authentication of relying parties, as referred to in Article 6a(4)(ba) [GA].
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (2a)		
6 143a				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		2a. Where relying parties intend to rely upon European Digital Identity Wallets issued in accordance with this Regulation, they shall authenticate and identify themselves to the user of the European Digital Identity Wallet, before any other form of transaction can take place.		2a. Where relying parties intend to rely upon European Digital Identity Wallets issued in accordance with this Regulation, they shall identify themselves to the user of the European Digital Identity Wallet.
Article	1, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (3)		
6 144	3. Relying parties shall be responsible for carrying out the procedure for authenticating person identification data and electronic attestation of attributes originating from European Digital Identity Wallets.	3. Relying parties shall be responsible for carrying out the procedure for authenticating and validating person identification data and electronic attestation of attributes originating from European Digital Identity Wallets. Relying parties shall accept the use of pseudonyms, unless the identification of the user is required by Union or national law.	3. Relying parties shall be responsible for carrying out the procedure for authenticating person identification data and persons and validating electronic attestation of attributes originating from European Digital Identity Wallets obtained through the common interface according to Article 6a (4)(a)(2).	3. Relying parties shall be responsible for carrying out the procedure for authenticating <u>and</u> <u>validating</u> person identification data and electronic attestation of attributes <u>originating requested</u> from European Digital Identity Wallets. <u>Relying parties shall not refuse</u> <u>the use of pseudonyms, where the identification of the user is not required by Union or national law.</u>
Article	1, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (3a)		
√ 144a	1, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	3a. Intermediaries acting on behalf of relying parties are to be considered relying parties and shall not obtain data about the content of the transaction.		3a. Intermediaries acting on behalf of relying parties are to be considered relying parties and shall not store data about the content of the transaction.

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	45	4. Within 6 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall establish technical and operational specifications for the requirements referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 by means of an implementing act on the implementation of the European Digital Identity Wallets as referred to in Article 6a(10).	4. By [6 months after the date of entry into force of this amending Regulation], the Commission shall adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 47, supplementing this Regulation by establishing technical and operational specifications for the requirements referred to in this Article, in accordance with Article 6a(11a).	4. Within 6 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall establish technical and operational specifications for the requirements referred to in paragraphs 1, 1a and 1d-and 2 by means of an implementing act on the implementation of the European Digital Identity Wallets as referred to in Article 6a(10). a(11). This implementing act shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).	4. Within By [6 months after the date of the entering into force of this amending Regulation], the Commission shall establish technical and operational specifications for the requirements referred to in paragraphs 1 and 21a, 1e, 1g, 2, 2a and 3 by means of an implementing act on the implementation of the European Digital Identity Wallets as referred to in Article 6a(10). a(11). This implementing act shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).
Arti	cie 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, twentieth paragraph		
G 14	46	Article 6c	Article 6c	Article 6c	Article 6c Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Arti	cle 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, twenty-first paragraph		
s 14	47	Certification of the European Digital Identity Wallets	Certification of the European Digital Identity Wallets	Certification of the European Digital Identity Wallets	Certification of the European Digital Identity Wallets Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Arti	cle 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (1)		
Y 14	48				У

Commission Proposal EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
1. European Digital Identity Wallets that have been certified or for which a statement of conformity has been issued under a cybersecurity scheme pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2019/881 and the references of which have been published in the Official Journal of the European Union shall be presumed to be compliant with the cybersecurity relevant requirements set out in Article 6a paragraphs 3, 4 and 5 in so far as the cybersecurity certificate or statement of conformity or parts thereof cover those requirements. Be Mandate 1. European Digital Identity Wallets that have been certified or for which a statement of conformity has been issued under a cybersecurity scheme pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2019/881 and the references of which have been published in the Official Journal of the European Union shall be presumed to be compliant with the cybersecurity relevant requirements set out in Article 6a of this Regulation in so far as the cybersecurity certificate or statement of conformity or parts thereof cover those requirements. When relevant European Digital Identity Wallet, or parts thereof, shall be certified in accordance with such schemes.	1. The conformity of European Digital Identity Wallets that have been certified or for which a statement of conformity has been issued under a cybersecurity scheme pursuant to Regulation with the requirements laid down in article 6a(3), (4), (5), with the requirement for logical separation laid down in paragraph Article 6a(7), and where applicable with the requirements laid down in Article 6a(EU11a), shall be certified by conformity assessment bodies accredited in accordance with Article 60 of the Cybersecurity Act and with the schemes, specifications, standards and procedures referenced in accordance with paragraph 4 points (a), (aa) and (aaa), and designated by Member States. The certification shall not exceed five years, conditional upon a regular two-year vulnerabilities assessment. Where vulnerabilities are identified and not remedied within three months, the certification shall be cancelled 2019/881 and the references of which have been published in the Official Journal of the European Union shall be presumed to be compliant with the cybersecurity relevant requirements set out in Article 6a paragraphs 3, 4 and 5 in	1. The conformity of European Digital Identity Wallets with the requirements laid down in Article 6a(3), (4), (5), (6a) [and remaining paragraphs that would need to be certified forl with the requirement for logical separation laid down Article 6a(7) and, where applicable, in accordance with standards and technical specifications laid down that have been certified or for which a statement of conformity has been issued under a cybersecurity scheme pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2019/881 and the references of which have been published in the Official Journal of the European Union shall be presumed to be compliant with the cybersecurity relevant requirements set out in Article 6a paragraphs 3, 4 and 5 in so far as the cybersecurity certificate or statement of(11a), shall be certified by conformity or parts thereof cover those requirements assessment bodies designated by Member States.

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				certificate or statement of conformity or parts thereof cover those requirements.	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (2)		
G	149	2. Compliance with the requirements set out in paragraphs 3, 4 and 5 of Article 6a related to the personal data processing operations carried out by the issuer of the European Digital Identity Wallets shall be certified pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	2. Compliance with the requirements set out in <i>Article</i> 6a(3), (4) and (5) related to the personal data processing operations carried out by the issuer of the European Digital Identity Wallets shall be certified pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	2. As regards compliance with the requirements set out in paragraphs 3, 4 and 5 of Article 6a related to the personal data processing operations carried out by the issuer of the European Digital Identity Wallets shall be certified pursuant todata protection requirements under Article 6a(7), the certification under paragraph 1 may be complemented by a certification pursuant to Article 42 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	2. Compliance with the requirements set out in paragraphs 3, 4 and 5 of Article 6a related to the personal data processing operations Certification of the conformity of European Digital Identity Wallets with cybersecurity relevant requirements referred to in paragraph 1, or parts thereof, shall be carried out by the issuer of the European Digital Identity Wallets shall be certified pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2016/679 in accordance with cybersecurity schemes adopted pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2019/881 and referenced in the implementing acts referred to in paragraph 4.
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (2a)		
G	149a		2a. Where relevant European functionality and interoperability certification schemes are available, the European Digital Identity Wallet, or parts thereof, shall be certified in accordance with such schemes. Those certification schemes shall provide a		2a. For those non-cybersecurity requirements referred to in paragraph1 and, for as long as cybersecurity certification schemes referred to in paragraph 1a do not or do not fully cover the relevant cybersecurity requirements, for those requirements, Member States

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			presumption of conformity to the functionality and interoperability requirements set out in Article 6a. In the absence of certification schemes for functionality and interoperability, the standards referred to in Article 6a(11) shall apply.		shall establish national certification schemes following the requirements set out in the implementing acts referred to in paragraph 4.
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (2b)		
G	149b				2b. The certification referred to in paragraph 1 shall be valid for not more than five years, conditional upon a regular two-year vulnerabilities assessment.
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (3)		
G	150	3. The conformity of European Digital Identity Wallets with the requirements laid down in article 6a paragraphs 3, 4 and 5 shall be certified by accredited public or private bodies designated by Member States.	3. The conformity of European Digital Identity Wallets with the requirements laid down in Article 6a of this Regulation shall be certified by conformity assessment bodies in accordance with Article 60 of Regulation (EU) 2019/881 for cybersecurity requirements and by certification bodies in accordance with Article 43 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 for personal data processing operations.	3. The conformity of the European Digital Identity Wallets, or parts thereof, with the cybersecurity relevant requirements laid downset out in Article 6a paragraphs 3, 4 and 56a(3), (4), (5), (7) and where applicable (11a), shall be certified by accredited public or privatethe conformity assessment bodies designated by Member States referred to in paragraph 1, under relevant cybersecurity certification schemes pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2019/881 as they are referenced in accordance with paragraphs 4(a) and 4(aa).	3. The conformity of European Digital Identity Wallets Compliance with the requirements laid downset out in Article 6a paragraphs 3, 4 and 5 shall be certified by accredited public or private bodies designated by Member States related to the personal data processing operations may be certified pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (3a)		
⁶ 150a		3a. For the purposes of this Article, European Digital Identity Wallets shall not be subject to the requirements referred to in Articles 7 and 9.	3a. Certified European Digital Identity Wallets shall not be subject to the requirements referred to in Articles 7 and 9.	deleted Text Origin: EP Mandate
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (4), first	subparagraph	
g 151	4. Within 6 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish a list of standards for the certification of the European Digital Identity Wallets referred to in paragraph 3.	4. By [6 months after the date of entry into force of this amending Regulation], the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish a list of standards, technical specifications, procedures and available Union and national cybersecurity certification schemes pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2019/881 necessary for the certification of the European Digital Identity Wallets referred to in paragraphs 2a and 3 of this Article. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2) of this Regulation.	4. Within 6 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish a list of standards for the certification of the European Digital Identity Wallets referred to in paragraph 3.:	4. Within By [6 months of the enteringafter the date of entry into force of this amending Regulation], the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish a list of reference standards and when necessary establish specifications and procedures for the certification of the European Digital Identity Wallets referred to in paragraph 31 to 2a. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2) of this Regulation.
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (3b), se	cond subparagraph	
6 151a			(a) a list of cybersecurity certification schemes pursuant to	deleted

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Regulation (EU) 2019/881, required for the certification of the European Digital Identity Wallets as referred to in paragraph 3;	Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (3b), tl	hird subparagraph	
G	151b			(b) specifications, procedures and reference standards for their use under relevant cybersecurity certification schemes listed in accordance to point (a);	deleted
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (3b), fo	ourth subparagraph	
G	151c			(c) a list of specifications, procedures and reference standards establishing common certification requirements not covered by relevant cybersecurity certification schemes pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2019/881 for the purpose of certification referred to in paragraph 1 aiming to demonstrate that a European Digital Identity Wallet meets the requirements as referred to in paragraph 1;	deleted
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (3b), fi	fth subparagraph	
G	151d			(d) technical, procedural, organisational and operational	deleted

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				specifications for the designation of conformity assessment bodies referred to in paragraph 1, and, for what regards the certification requirements established pursuant to point (c), for the monitoring and review of the certification schemes and related evaluation methods these bodies use and the certificates and certification reports they issue;	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (5)		
G	152	5. Member States shall communicate to the Commission the names and addresses of the public or private bodies referred to in paragraph 3. The Commission shall make that information available to Member States.	5. Member States shall communicate to the Commission the names and addresses of the <i>conformity assessment bodies and certification</i> bodies referred to in paragraph 3. The Commission shall make that information available to <i>all</i> Member States.	5. Member States shall communicate to the Commission the names and addresses of the public or private bodies referred to in paragraph 31. The Commission shall make that information available to Member States.	5. Member States shall communicate to the Commission the names and addresses of the public or private conformity assessment bodies referred to in paragraph 3. The 1. The Commission shall make that information available to all Member States.
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (6)		
G	153	6. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 47 concerning the establishment of specific criteria to be met by the designated bodies referred to in paragraph 3.	6. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 47, supplementing this Regulation by establishing the specific criteria referred to in paragraph 3 of this Article.	6. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 47 concerning the establishment of specific criteria to be met by the designated bodies Implementing acts referred to in paragraph 4 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure	6. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 47 concerning the establishment of establishing specific criteria to be met by the designated conformity assessment bodies referred to in

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			referred to in paragraph 3Article 48(2).	paragraph 1 of this Article. paragraph 3.
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, twenty-eighth paragraph		
154	Article 6d	Article 6d	Article 6d	Article 6d Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, twenty-ninth paragraph		
155	Publication of a list of certified European Digital Identity Wallets	Publication of a list of certified European Digital Identity Wallets	Publication of a list of certified European Digital Identity Wallets	Publication of a list of certified European Digital Identity Wallets Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (1)		
156	1. Member States shall inform the Commission without undue delay of the European Digital Identity Wallets that have been issued pursuant to Article 6a and certified by the bodies referred to in Article 6c paragraph 3 They shall also inform the Commission, without undue delay where the certification is cancelled.	1. Member States shall inform the Commission without undue delay of the European Digital Identity Wallets that have been issued pursuant to Article 6a and certified by the bodies referred to in Article 6c(3). They shall also inform the Commission, without undue delay, in the event that certification is cancelled and the reasons for such cancellation.	1. Member States shall inform the Commission without undue delay of the European Digital Identity Wallets that have been issuedprovided pursuant to Article 6a and certified by the bodies referred to in Article 6c paragraph 31. They shall also inform the Commission, without undue delay where the certification is cancelled.	
	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (2)		
157				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	2. On the basis of the information received, the Commission shall establish, publish and maintain a list of certified European Digital Identity Wallets.	2. On the basis of the information received, the Commission shall establish, publish and maintain <i>an up-to-date, machine readable</i> list of certified European Digital Identity Wallets.	2. On the basis of the information received, the Commission shall establish, publish and maintain aupdate a machine-readable list of certified European Digital Identity Wallets.	2. On the basis of the information received, the Commission shall establish, publish, maintain and update a machine-readable and maintain a list of certified European Digital Identity Wallets. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, numbered paragraph (3)		
158	3. Within 6 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall define formats and procedures applicable for the purposes of paragraph 1. by means of an implementing act on the implementation of the European Digital Identity Wallets as referred to in Article 6a(10).	3. By [6 months after the date of entry into force of this amending Regulation], the Commission shall define formats and procedures applicable for the purposes of paragraph 1 of this Article by means of an implementing act on the implementation of the European Digital Identity Wallets as referred to in Article 6a(11). That implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).';	3. Within 6 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall define formats and procedures applicable for the purposes of paragraph 1- and 2 by means of an implementing act on the implementation of the European Digital Identity Wallets as referred to in Article 6a(10)a(11). This implementing act shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, Article		
158a			Article 6da	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	provision, Article		
158b			Security breach of the European Digital Identity Wallets	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, Article, first paragraph		
158c			1. Where European Digital Identity Wallets provided pursuant to Article 6a or the validation mechanisms referred to in Article 6a(5) points (a), (d) or (e) are breached or partly compromised in a manner that affects their reliability or the reliability of other European Digital Identity Wallets, the issuer of the concerned wallets shall, without undue delay, suspend the issuance and the use of the European Digital Identity Wallet. The Member State where concerned Wallets were provided shall inform the Member States and the Commission without undue delay. The issuer of the concerned Wallets or Member state shall inform relying parties and the users accordingly.	
Article 1	., first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, Article, second paragraph		
158d			2. Where the breach or compromise referred to in	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			paragraph 1 is remedied, the issuer of the Wallet shall reestablish the issuance and the use of the European Digital Identity Wallet. The Member State where concerned Wallets were provided shall inform Member States and the Commission without undue delay. The issuer of the concerned Wallets or Member state shall inform relying parties and the users without undue delay.	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, Article, third paragraph		
158e			3. If the breach or compromise referred to in paragraph 1 is not remedied within three months of the suspension, the Member State concerned shall withdraw the European Digital Identity Wallet concerned and inform the other Member States and the Commission accordingly. Where it is justified by the severity of the breach, the European Digital Identity Wallet concerned shall be withdrawn without undue delay.	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, Article, fourth paragraph		
158f			4. The Commission shall publish in the Official Journal of the European Union the corresponding amendments to the	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			list referred to in Article 6d without undue delay.	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, Article, fifth paragraph		
158g			5. Within 6 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall further specify the measures referred to in paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 by means of an implementing act on the implementation of the European Digital Identity Wallets as referred to in Article 6a(11). This implementing act shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, Article		
158h			Article 6db	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, Article		
158i			Cross-border reliance on European Digital Identity Wallets	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, Article, first paragraph		
158j				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			1. Where Member States require an electronic identification using an electronic identification means and authentication to access an online service provided by a public sector body, they shall also accept European Digital Identity Wallets provided in compliance with this Regulation for authentication of the user.	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, Article, second paragraph	1	
158k			2. Where private relying parties providing services, with the exception of microenterprises and small enterprises as defined in Commission Recommendation 2003/361/EC, are required by national or Union law to use strong user authentication for online identification, or where strong user authentication is required by contractual obligation, including in the areas of transport, energy, banking, financial services, social security, health, drinking water, postal services, digital infrastructure, education or telecommunications, private relying parties shall, no later than 12 months after the date of provision of European Digital Identity Wallets pursuant to Article 6a(1) and strictly upon voluntary request of the user, also	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			accept the use of European Digital Identity Wallets provided in accordance with this Regulation in respect of the minimum data necessary for the specific online service for which authentication of the user is requested.	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, Article, third paragraph		
1581			3. Where very large online platforms as defined in Article 25(1) of Regulation [reference to DSA Regulation] require users to authenticate to access online services, they shall also accept the use of European Digital Identity Wallets provided in accordance with this Regulation for authentication of the user strictly upon voluntary request of the user and in respect of the minimum data necessary for the specific online service for which authentication is requested.	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (7), amending p	rovision, Article, fourth paragraph		
158m			4. In cooperation with Member states the Commission shall encourage and facilitate the development of codes of conduct, in order to contribute to wide availability and usability of European Digital Identity Wallets	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			within the scope of this Regulation. These codes of conduct shall facilitate acceptance of electronic identification means including European Digital Identity Wallets within the scope of this Regulation in particular by service providers relying on third party electronic identification services for user authentication. The Commission will facilitate the development of such codes of conduct in close cooperation with all relevant stakeholders and encourage service providers to complete the development of codes of conduct within 12 months of the adoption of this Regulation and effectively implement them within 18 months of the adoption of the Regulation.	8
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (7), amending pr	ovision, Article, fifth paragraph		
158n			5. The Commission shall make an assessment within 24 months after deployment of the European Digital Identity Wallets whether on the basis of evidence showing demand, availability and usability of the European Digital Identity Wallet, additional private online service providers shall be mandated to accept the use of the European Digital identity Wallet strictly upon voluntary request of	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			the user. Criteria of assessment shall include extent of user base, cross-border presence of service providers, technological development, evolution in usage patterns, and consumer demand.	
Article	1, first paragraph, point (8)			
c 159	(8) the following heading is inserted before Article 7:	(8) the following heading is inserted before Article 7:	(8) the following heading is inserted before Article 7:	(8) the following heading is inserted before Article 7: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article	1, first paragraph, point (8), amending p	rovision, first paragraph		
c 160	SECTION II	SECTION II	SECTION II	SECTION II Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article	1, first paragraph, point (8), amending p	rovision, second paragraph		
s 161	ELECTRONIC IDENTIFICATION SCHEMES;	ELECTRONIC IDENTIFICATION SCHEMES;	ELECTRONIC IDENTIFICATION SCHEMES;	ELECTRONIC IDENTIFICATION SCHEMES; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article	1, first paragraph, point (9)			
6 162				G

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		(9) the introductory sentence of Article 7 is replaced by the following:	(9) the introductory sentence of Article 7 is replaced by the following:	(9) the introductory sentence of Article 7 is replaced by the following:	(9) the introductory sentence of Article 7 is replaced by the following: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (9), amending p	rovision, first paragraph		
G	163	Pursuant to Article 9(1) Member States shall notify, within 12 months after the entry into force of this Regulation at least one electronic identification scheme including at least one identification means:;	Pursuant to Article 9(1) Member States shall notify, by [12 months after the entry into force of this Regulation] at least one electronic identification scheme including at least one electronic identification means with assurance level 'high' meeting all the following conditions;	'Pursuant to Article 9(1) Member States which have not yet done so shall notify, within 1224 months after the entry into force of this Regulation the implementing acts referred to in Article 6a(11) and Article 6c(4) at least one electronic identification scheme including at least one identification means of level of assurance 'high'. An electronic identification scheme shall be eligible for notification pursuant to Article 9(1) provided that all of the following conditions are met:';	Pursuant to Article 9(1) Member States which have not yet done so shall notify, within 1224 months after the entry into force of this Regulationthe implementing acts referred to in Article 6a(11) and Article 6c(4) at least one electronic identification scheme including at least one identification means of level of assurance 'high'. An electronic identification scheme shall be eligible for notification pursuant to Article 9(1) provided that all of the following conditions are met: ';
	Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (10)			
G	164	(10) in Article 9 paragraphs 2 and 3 are replaced by the following:	(10) in Article 9, paragraphs 2 and 3 are replaced by the following:	(10) in Article 9 paragraphs 2 and 3 are replaced by the following:	(10) in Article 9 paragraphs 2 and 3 are replaced by the following:

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1	I, first paragraph, point (10), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2)		
c 165	2. The Commission shall publish in the Official Journal of the European Union a list of the electronic identification schemes which were notified pursuant to paragraph 1 of this Article and the basic information thereon.	2. The Commission shall, <i>without undue delay</i> , publish in the Official Journal of the European Union a list of the electronic identification schemes which were notified pursuant to paragraph 1 of this Article and the basic information thereon.	2. The Commission shall publish in the Official Journal of the European Union a list of the electronic identification schemes which were notified pursuant to paragraph 1 of this Article and the basic information thereon.	2. The Commission shall, without undue delay, publish in the Official Journal of the European Union a list of the electronic identification schemes which were notified pursuant to paragraph 1 of this Article and the basic information thereon. Text Origin: EP Mandate
Article 1	I, first paragraph, point (10), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (3)		
c 166	3. The Commission shall publish in the Official Journal of the European Union the amendments to the list referred to in paragraph 2 within one month from the date of receipt of that notification.;	3. The Commission shall publish in the Official Journal of the European Union the amendments to the list referred to in paragraph 2 within one month from the date of receipt of that notification';	3. The Commission shall publish in the Official Journal of the European Union the amendments to the list referred to in paragraph 2 within one month from the date of receipt of that notification.';	3. The Commission shall publish in the Official Journal of the European Union the amendments to the list referred to in paragraph 2 within one month from the date of receipt of that notification.; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1	I, first paragraph, point (10a)			
6 166a		(10a) in Article 10, the title is replaced by the following:		(10a) In Article 10, the title is replaced by the following: Text Origin: EP Mandate

	Autiala 1	Commission Proposal first paragraph, point (10a), amending	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
G	166b	Tirst paragraph, point (10a), amending	" Security breach of electronic identification schemes for crossborder authentication";		Security breach of electronic identification schemes,
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (11)			
	167	(11) the following Article 10a is inserted:	(11) the following Article is inserted:	deleted	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (11), amending	provision, first paragraph		
	168	Article 10a	Article 10a	deleted	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (11), amending	provision, second paragraph		
	169	Security breach of the European Digital Identity Wallets	Security breach of the European Digital Identity Wallets	deleted	
_	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (11), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1)		
	170	1. Where European Digital Wallets issued pursuant to Article 6a and the validation mechanisms referred to in Article 6a(5) points (a), (b) and (c) are breached or partly compromised in a manner that affects their reliability or the reliability of the other European	1. Where European Digital <i>Identity</i> Wallets issued pursuant to Article 6a and the validation mechanisms referred to in Article 6a(5) points (a), (b) and (c) are breached or partly compromised in a manner that affects their reliability or the <i>confidentiality, integrity or</i>	deleted	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Digital Identity Wallets, the issuing Member State shall, without delay, suspend the issuance and revoke the validity of the European Digital Identity Wallet and inform the other Member States and the Commission accordingly.	availability of user data, or the reliability of the other European Digital Identity Wallets, the issuing Member State shall, without delay, suspend the issuance and revoke the validity of the European Digital Identity Wallet and inform the affected users, the single point of contact designated pursuant to Article 46a, the relying parties the other Member States and the Commission accordingly.		
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (11), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1a)		
170a		Ia. After notification of the security breach of the European Digital Identity Wallet, the single point of contact designated pursuant to Article 46a shall liaise with the relevant national competent authorities and, where necessary, with the European Digital Identity Framework Board established pursuant to Article 46c, the European Data Protection Board, the Commission and ENISA.		
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (11), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2)		
171	2. Where the breach or compromise referred to in paragraph 1 is remedied, the issuing Member State shall re-establish the issuance and	2. Where the breach or compromise referred to in paragraph 1 is remedied, the issuing Member State shall re-establish the issuance and	deleted	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	the use of the European Digital Identity Wallet and inform other Member States and the Commission without undue delay.	the use of the European Digital Identity Wallet and inform the national competent authorities of the other Member States, the affected users and relying parties, the single point of contact designated pursuant to Article 46a and the Commission without undue delay.		
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (11), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (3)		
172	3. If the breach or compromise referred to in paragraph 1 is not remedied within three months of the suspension or revocation, the Member State concerned shall withdraw the European Digital Wallet concerned and inform the other Member States and the Commission on the withdrawal accordingly. Where it is justified by the severity of the breach, the European Digital Identity Wallet concerned shall be withdrawn without delay.	3. If no attempt or insufficient progress is made to remedy the breach or compromise referred to in paragraph 1 within three months of the suspension or revocation, the Member State concerned shall withdraw the European Digital Identity Wallet concerned and inform the affected users, the single point of contact designated pursuant to Article 46a, the relying parties the other Member States and the Commission on the withdrawal accordingly. Where it is justified by the severity of the breach, the European Digital Identity Wallet concerned shall be withdrawn without delay and the relevant decision should be reasoned and communicated to the Commission.	deleted	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (11), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (4)		
173				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	4. The Commission shall publish in the Official Journal of the European Union the corresponding amendments to the list referred to in Article 6d without undue delay.	4. The Commission shall publish in the Official Journal of the European Union the corresponding amendments to the list referred to in Article 6d without undue delay.	deleted	
Article	1, first paragraph, point (11), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (5)		
174	5. Within 6 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall further specify the measures referred to in paragraphs 1 and 3 by means of an implementing act on the implementation of the European Digital Identity Wallets as referred to in Article 6a(10).	5. By [6 months after the date of entry into force of this Regulation], the Commission shall adopt a delegated act in accordance with Article 47, supplementing this Regulation by further specifying the measures referred to in paragraphs 1 and 3 of this Article.';	deleted	
Article	1, first paragraph, point (12)			
s 175	(12) the following Article 11a is inserted:	(12) the following Article is inserted:	(12) the following Article 11a is inserted:	(12) the following Article Hais inserted: Text Origin: EP Mandate
Article	1, first paragraph, point (12), amending	provision, first paragraph		
s 176	Article 11a	Article 11a	Article 11a	Article 11a Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article	1, first paragraph, point (12), amending	provision, second paragraph		

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
G	177	Unique Identification	Cross-border user identification	Unique Identification Record matching	Unique Identification Cross-border identity matching
	Article 1.	 first paragraph, point (12), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1)		•
G	178	1. When notified electronic identification means and the European Digital Identity Wallets are used for authentication, Member States shall ensure unique identification.	1. When accessing cross-border public services that requires identification of the user by Union or national law, Member States shall ensure unequivocal identity matching for natural persons using notified electronic identification means or European Digital Identity Wallets. Member States shall provide for technical and organisational measures to ensure the protection of personal data and prevent profiling of users.	1. When notified electronic identification means and theor European Digital Identity Wallets are used for authentication, Member States when acting as relying parties shall ensure unique identification record matching.	1. Member States, when acting as relying parties for cross-border services shall ensure unequivocal identity matching for natural persons using notified electronic identification means or European Digital Identity Wallets When notified electronic identification means and the European Digital Identity Wallets are used for authentication, Member States shall ensure unique identification.
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (12), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2)		
G	179	2. Member States shall, for the purposes of this Regulation, include in the minimum set of person identification data referred to in Article 12.4.(d), a unique and persistent identifier in conformity with Union law, to identify the user upon their request in those cases where identification of the user is required by law.	2. In order to identify natural persons upon their request for accessing services as described in paragraph 1, Member States shall provide a minimum set of person identification data referred to in Article 12.4.(d). Member States that have at least one unique identifier shall, at the request of the user, issue unique and persistent identifiers for cross-border use. Those identifiers may be specific to	2. Member States shall, for the purposes of this Regulationproviding European Digital Identity Wallets, include in the minimum set of person identification data referred to in Article 12.4.(d), a12(4) point (d), at least one unique and persistent identifier in conformity with Union and national law, to identify the user upon their request in those	deleted Text Origin: EP Mandate

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		particular sectors or relying parties, provided that they uniquely identify the user across the Union.	cases where identification of the user is required by law.	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (12), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2a)		
6 179a		2a. Member States shall provide a single unique and persistent identifier for legal persons using electronic identification means or European Digital Identity Wallets.		deleted Text Origin: EP Mandate
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (12), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2a)		
s 179b			2a. Member States shall provide for technical and organisational measures to ensure high level of protection of personal data used for record matching and to prevent the profiling of users.	2b. Member States shall provide for technical and organisational measures to ensure high level of protection of personal data used for record matching and to prevent the profiling of users. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (12), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2a)		
s 179c			2b. Member States may provide, in accordance with national law, that the user of European Digital Identity Wallet shall be able to request that a unique and persistent Identifier included in the minimum set of person identification data and associated	deleted Text Origin: Council Mandate

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				with the wallet in accordance with Article 6a(4)(e) is replaced by another unique and persistent identifier issued by the Member State.	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (12), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (3)		
G	180	3. Within 6 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall further specify the measures referred to in paragraph 1 and 2 by means of an implementing act on the implementation of the European Digital Identity Wallets as referred to in Article 6a(10).	3. By [6 months of the date of entry into force of this amending Regulation], the Commission shall adopt an implementing act on the implementation of the European Digital Identity Wallets as referred to in Article 6a(11), laying down further technical specifications that are privacy enhancing and that will ensure trustworthy, secure and interoperable cross-border authentication and identification of users. That implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).';	3. Within 6 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall further specify the measures referred to in paragraph 1 and 2-by means of an implementing act. This implementing act shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure on the implementation of the European Digital Identity Wallets as referred to in Article 6a(10)48(2).	3. Within By [6 months of the enteringafter the date of entry into force of this amending Regulation], the Commission shall reference standards for the requirements further specify the measures referred to in paragraph 1 and 2 by means of an implementing act. That implementing act shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure on the implementation of the European Digital Identity Wallets as referred to in Article 6a(10).48(2)
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (12), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (3a)		
G	180a			3a. Within 6 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall detail the measures referred to in	deleted

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				paragraph 2 and 2aa by means of an implementing act. This implementing act shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (13)			
G	181	(13) Article 12 is amended as follows:	(13) Article 12 is amended as follows:	(13) Article 12 is amended as follows:	(13) Article 12 is amended as follows: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (13)(-a)			
	181a		(-a) the title is replaced by the following:		
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (13)(-a), amend	ing provision, first paragraph		
Y	181b		" 'Interoperability' "		Y
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (13)(a)			
Υ	182	(a) in paragraph 3, points (c) and(d) are deleted;	(a) in paragraph 3, points (c) and (d) are <i>replaced by the following:</i>	(a) in paragraph 3, points (c) and (d) arepoint (d) is deleted;	У
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (13)(aa)			

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Υ	182a		(c) it facilitates the implementation of data protection and security by design;		Y
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (13)(ab)			
Υ	182b		(d) it ensures that personal data is processed in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/679.';		deleted Text Origin: EP Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (13)(b)			
G	183	(b) in paragraph 4, point (d) is replaced by the following:	(b) in paragraph 4, point (d) is replaced by the following:	(b) in paragraph 4, point (d) is replaced by the following:	(b) in paragraph 4, point (d) is replaced by the following: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (13)(b), amendi	ng provision, first paragraph		
G	184	(d) a reference to a minimum set of person identification data necessary to uniquely and persistently represent a natural or legal person;;	(d) a reference to a minimum set of person identification data necessary to unequivocally represent a natural or legal person available from electronic identification schemes. In general, insofar as personal data are concerned, the risks to the rights of individuals shall be assessed based on Article 25(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679';	(d) a reference to a minimum set of person identification data necessary to uniquely and persistently represent a natural person, legal person or a naturalor legal person representing natural or legal persons;';	(d) a reference to a minimum set of person identification data necessary to uniquely <u>represent a natural</u> <u>person, legal person or and</u> <u>persistently represent</u> a natural <u>person representing natural</u> or legal <u>person; persons which is available from electronic identification schemes</u> ;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (13)(ba)			
184a		(ba) paragraph 5 is deleted;	(ba) in paragraph 5, point (c) is inserted:	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (13)(ab), second	l subparagraph		
184b			(c) similar approach towards online services accepting the use of European Digital Identity Wallets provided in accordance with this Regulation;';	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (13)(c)			
185	(c) in paragraph 6, point (a) of is replaced by the following:	(c) ■ paragraph 6 is deleted;	(c) in paragraph 6, point (a) of is replaced by the following:	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (13)(c), amendi	ng provision, first paragraph		
186	(a) the exchange of information, experience and good practice as regards electronic identification schemes and in particular technical requirements related to interoperability, unique identification and assurance levels;;	(a) ■	(a) the exchange of information, experience and good practice as regards electronic identification schemes and in particular technical requirements related to interoperability, unique identification record matching and assurance levels;';	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (13)(ca), first su	bparagraph		
186a				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			(ca) in paragraph 6, point (e) is inserted:	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (13)(ca), second	subparagraph		
186b			(e) the exchange of information, experience and good practises and the issuing of guidelines as regards how online services may be designed, developed and implemented for the purpose of relying on the European Digital Wallets'	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (13)(ca)			
186c		(ca) paragraph 7 is deleted;		
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (13)(cb)			
186d		(cb) paragraph 9 is replaced by the following:		
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (13)(cb), amend	ing provision, first paragraph		
186e		9. The implementing acts referred to <i>paragraph</i> 8 of this Article shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).;		

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (14)			
	187	(14) the following Article 12a is inserted:	(14) the following Article is inserted:	(14) the following Article 12a isand 12b are inserted:	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (14), amending	provision, first paragraph		
G	188	، Article 12a	، Article 12a	Article 12a	Article 12a Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (14), amending	provision, second paragraph		
G	189	Certification of electronic identification schemes	Certification of electronic identification schemes	Certification of electronic identification schemes	Certification of electronic identification schemes Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (14), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1)		
Υ	190	1. Conformity of notified electronic identification schemes with the requirements laid down in Article 6a, Article 8 and Article 10 may be certified by public or private bodies designated by Member States.	1. Conformity of notified electronic identification schemes with the requirements laid down in <i>Articles</i> 8 and 10 may be certified by <i>conformity</i> bodies designated by Member States.	1. Conformity of notified electronic identification schemes to be notified with the requirements laid down in this Regulation shall be certified to demonstrate compliance of such schemes or parts thereof with the requirements set out in Article 6a, Article 8 and 8(2) regarding the assurance levels of electronic identification schemes under a relevant cybersecurity	Y

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				certification scheme pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2019/881 or parts thereof, in so far as the cybersecurity certificate or parts thereof cover the requirements set out in Article 10 may be certified by public or private bodies designated by Member States8(2) regarding the assurance levels of electronic identification schemes. The certification shall not exceed five years, conditional upon a regular two-year vulnerabilities assessment. Where vulnerabilities are identified and not remedied within three months, the certification shall be cancelled	
	Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (14), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1a)		
Y	190a			The certification shall be carried out by accredited public or private conformity assessment bodies designated by Member States and in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 765/2008.	Υ
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (14), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2)		
Υ	191	2. The peer-review of electronic identification schemes referred to in Article 12(6), point (c) shall not apply to electronic identification schemes or part of such schemes certified in accordance with	2. The peer-review of electronic identification schemes referred to in Article <i>46b(5)</i> , point (c) <i>of this Regulation</i> shall not apply to electronic identification schemes or part of such schemes certified in	2. The peer-review of electronic identification schemes referred to in Article 12(6), point (c) shall not apply to electronic identification schemes or to part of such schemes certified in accordance with	Y

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		paragraph 1. Member States may use a certificate or a Union statement of conformity issued in accordance with a relevant European cybersecurity certification scheme established pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2019/881 to demonstrate compliance of such schemes with the requirements set out in Article 8(2) regarding the assurance levels of electronic identification schemes.	accordance with paragraph 1. Member States may use a certificate or a Union statement of conformity issued in accordance with a relevant European cybersecurity certification scheme established pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2019/881 to demonstrate <i>full or partial</i> compliance of such schemes <i>or parts of such schemes</i> with the requirements set out in Article 8(2) <i>of this Regulation</i> regarding the assurance levels of electronic identification schemes.	paragraph 1. Member States may use a certificate or a Union statement of conformity issued in accordance with a relevant European cybersecurity certification scheme established pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2019/881 to demonstrate compliance of such schemes with the requirements set out in Article 8(2) regarding the assurance levels of electronic identification schemes.	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (14), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2a)		
Y	191a		2a. The certification scheme used to demonstrate conformity pursuant to paragraph 1 shall include a two-year vulnerability assessment of the certified product and a continuous threat monitoring, unless such a certification scheme has been established pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2019/881.	2a. Notwithstanding paragraph 2 of this Article, Member States may request additional information about electronic identification schemes or part thereof certified according to paragraph 2 of this Article from a notifying Member State.	Y
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (14), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (3)		
Y	192	3. Member States shall notify to the Commission with the names and addresses of the public or private body referred to in paragraph 1. The Commission shall make that	3. Member States shall notify to the Commission with the names and addresses of the <i>conformity assessment bodies</i> referred to in paragraph 1. The Commission shall	3. Member States shall notify to the Commission with the names and addresses of the public or private body referred to in paragraph 1. The Commission shall make that	Y

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	information available to Member States.;	make that information available to all Member States.;	information available to Member States.';	
Article	1, first paragraph, point (14), amending	provision, Article		
v 192a			'Article 12b	ν
Article	1, first paragraph, point (14), amending	g provision, Article, first paragraph		
y 192b			Access to hardware and software features	Y
Article	1, first paragraph, point (14), amending	g provision, Article, second paragraph		
6 192c			Issuers of European Digital Identity Wallets and issuers of notified electronic identification means acting in a commercial or professional capacity and using core platform services as defined in Article 2(2) of Regulation (EU) 2022/1925 for the purpose of, or in the course of, providing European Digital Identity Wallet services and electronic identification means to end-users are business users in accordance with Art. 2(21) of Regulation (EU) 2022/1925.	3a. When issuers of European Digital Identity Wallets and issuers of notified electronic identification means acting in a commercial or professional capacity and using core platform services as defined in Article 2(2) of Regulation (EU) 2022/1925 for the purpose of, or in the course of, providing European Digital Identity Wallet services and electronic identification means to end-users are business users in accordance with Article 2(21) of Regulation (EU) 2022/1925, gatekeepers shall allow them, free of charge, effective interoperability with, and access for the purposes of interoperability to the same

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
					operating system, hardware or software features, regardless of whether those features are part of the operating system, as are available to, or used by, that gatekeeper when providing such services, within the meaning of Article 6(7) of Regulation (EU) 2022/1925. This provision is without prejudice to Article 6a(7).
Arti	cle 1,	first paragraph, point (15)			
19	93	(15) the following heading is inserted after Article 12a:	(15) the following heading is inserted after Article 12a:	deleted	
Arti	cle 1,	first paragraph, point (15), amending	provision, first paragraph		
19	94	SECTION III	SECTION III	deleted	
Arti	cle 1,	first paragraph, point (15), amending	provision, second paragraph		
19	95	CROSS-BORDER RELIANCE ON ELECTRONIC IDENTIFICATION MEANS;	CROSS-BORDER RELIANCE ON ELECTRONIC IDENTIFICATION MEANS;	deleted	
Arti	cle 1,	first paragraph, point (16)			
19	96				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	(16) the following Articles 12b and 12c are inserted:	(16) the following Articles are inserted:	deleted	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (16), amending	provision, first paragraph		
197	Article 12b	Article 12b	deleted	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (16), amending	provision, second paragraph		
198	Cross-border reliance on European Digital Identity Wallets	Cross-border reliance on European Digital Identity Wallets	deleted	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (16), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1)		
199	I. Where Member States require an electronic identification using an electronic identification means and authentication under national law or by administrative practice to access an online service provided by a public sector body, they shall also accept European Digital Identity Wallets issued in compliance with this Regulation.	1. Where Member States require an electronic identification using an electronic identification means and authentication under national law or by administrative practice to access an online service provided by a public sector body, they shall also accept European Digital Identity Wallets issued in accordance with this Regulation for the purpose of electronic identification and authentication and shall clearly communicate such acceptance to potential users of the service.	deleted	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (16), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2)		
200				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	2. Where private relying parties providing services are required by national or Union law, to use strong user authentication for online identification, or where strong user authentication is required by contractual obligation, including in the areas of transport, energy, banking and financial services, social security, health, drinking water, postal services, digital infrastructure, education or telecommunications, private relying parties shall also accept the use of European Digital Identity Wallets issued in accordance with Article 6a.	2. Where private relying parties providing services are required by <i>Union or national</i> law, to use strong user authentication for online identification, , including in the areas of transport, energy, banking and financial services, social security, health, drinking water, postal services, digital infrastructure, <i>telecommunications or</i> education <i>in particular with regard to the recognition of educational and professional qualifications</i> , private relying parties shall also <i>offer and</i> accept the use of European Digital Identity Wallets <i>and notified electronic identification means with assurance level 'high'</i> issued in <i>the purpose of with this Regulation for identification and authentication</i> .	deleted	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (16), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (3)		
201	3. Where very large online platforms as defined in Regulation [reference DSA Regulation] Article 25.1. require users to authenticate to access online services, they shall also accept the use of European Digital Identity Wallets issued in accordance with Article 6a strictly upon voluntary request of the user and in respect of the minimum attributes necessary for the specific	3. Where very large online platforms as defined in <i>Article 25.1</i> . Regulation <i>(EU) 2022/2065</i> require users to authenticate to access online services, they shall also accept, <i>though not exclusively, and facilitate</i> the use of European Digital Identity Wallets issued in accordance with Article 6a strictly upon voluntary request of the user	deleted	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	online service for which authentication is requested, such as proof of age.	and in respect of the right to pseudonyms provided for in this Regulation. In this case, user generated pseudonyms shall be used in connection to a European Digital Identity Wallet. Very large online platforms shall clearly indicate this possibility to users of the service. The combination of person identification data and any other personal data and identifiers linked to the European Digital Identity Wallets with personal or nonpersonal data from any other services which are not necessary for the provision of the authentication or use of core services, is prohibited unless expressly requested by the user.		
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (16), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (4)		
202	4. The Commission shall encourage and facilitate the development of self-regulatory codes of conduct at Union level ('codes of conduct'), in order to contribute to wide availability and usability of European Digital Identity Wallets within the scope of this Regulation. These codes of conduct shall ensure acceptance of electronic identification means including European Digital Identity Wallets within the scope of this Regulation	4. The Commission shall, in cooperation with the Member States, industry and the relevant stakeholders, including civil society, encourage and facilitate the development of self-regulatory codes of conduct at Union level ('codes of conduct'), in order to contribute to wide availability and usability of European Digital Identity Wallets within the scope of this Regulation. These codes of conduct shall ensure acceptance of	deleted	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	in particular by service providers relying on third party electronic identification services for user authentication. The Commission will facilitate the development of such codes of conduct in close cooperation with all relevant stakeholders and encourage service providers to complete the development of codes of conduct within 12 months of the adoption of this Regulation and effectively implement them within 18 months of the adoption of the Regulation.	electronic identification means including European Digital Identity Wallets within the scope of this Regulation in particular by service providers relying on third party electronic identification services for user authentication. The Commission will facilitate the development of such codes of conduct in close cooperation with all relevant stakeholders and encourage service providers to complete the development of codes of conduct within 12 months of the adoption of this Regulation and effectively implement them within 18 months of the adoption of the Regulation.		
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (16), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (5)		
203	5. The Commission shall make an assessment within 18 months after deployment of the European Digital Identity Wallets whether on the basis of evidence showing availability and usability of the European Digital Identity Wallet, additional private online service providers shall be mandated to accept the use of the European Digital identity Wallet strictly upon voluntary request of the user. Criteria of assessment may include extent of user base, cross-border presence of service providers,	5.	deleted	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	technological development, evolution in usage patterns. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts based on this assessment, regarding a revision of the requirements for recognition of the European Digital Identity wallet under points 1 to 4 of this article.			
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (16), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (6)		
204	6. For the purposes of this Article, European Digital Identity Wallets shall not be subject to the requirements referred to in articles 7 and 9.	6.	deleted	
Article 1	l, first paragraph, point (16), amending	provision, ninth paragraph		
205	Article 12c	Article 12c	deleted	deleted
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (16), amending	provision, tenth paragraph		
206	Mutual recognition of other electronic identification means	Mutual recognition of other electronic identification means	deleted	deleted
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (16), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1)		
s 207	I. Where electronic identification using an electronic identification means and authentication is required under national law or by	1. Where electronic identification using an electronic identification means and authentication is required under national law or by	deleted	deleted

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		administrative practice to access an online service provided by a public sector body in a Member State, the electronic identification means, issued in another Member State shall be recognised in the first Member State for the purposes of cross-border authentication for that online service, provided that the following conditions are met:	administrative practice to access an online service provided by a public sector body in a Member State, the electronic identification means, issued in another Member State shall be recognised in the first Member State for the purposes of cross-border authentication for that online service, and ensuring mutual recognition provided that the following conditions are met:		
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (16), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1), po	int (a)	
G	208	(a) the electronic identification means is issued under an electronic identification scheme that is included in the list referred to in Article 9;	(a) the electronic identification means is issued under an electronic identification scheme that is included in the list referred to in Article 9;	deleted	deleted
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (16), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1), po	int (b)	
G	209	(b) the assurance level of the electronic identification means corresponds to an assurance level equal to or higher than the assurance level required by the relevant public sector body to access that online service in the Member State concerned, and in any case not lower than an assurance level 'substantial';	(b) the assurance level of the electronic identification means corresponds to an assurance level equal to or higher than the assurance level required by the relevant public sector body to access that online service in the Member State concerned, and in any case not lower than an assurance level 'substantial';	deleted	deleted
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (16), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1), po	int (c)	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
c 210	(c) the relevant public sector body in the Member State concerned uses the assurance level 'substantial' or 'high' in relation to accessing that online service.	(c) the relevant public sector body in the Member State concerned uses the assurance level 'substantial' or 'high' in relation to accessing that online service.	deleted	deleted
Articl	e 1, first paragraph, point (16), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1), fir	st paragraph	
g 211	Such recognition shall take place no later than 6 months after the Commission publishes the list referred to in point (a) of the first subparagraph.	Such recognition shall take place no later than 6 months after the Commission publishes the list referred to in point (a) of the first subparagraph.	deleted	deleted
Articl	e 1, first paragraph, point (16), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2)		
g 212	2. An electronic identification means which is issued within the scope of an electronic identification scheme included in the list referred to in Article 9 and which corresponds to the assurance level 'low' may be recognised by public sector bodies for the purposes of cross-border authentication for the online service provided by those bodies.';	2. An electronic identification means which is issued within the scope of an electronic identification scheme included in the list referred to in Article 9 and which corresponds to the assurance level 'low' may be recognised by public sector bodies for the purposes of cross-border authentication for the online service provided by those bodies.	deleted	deleted
Articl	e 1, first paragraph, point (17)			
G 213	(17) In Article 13, paragraph 1 is replaced by the following:	(17) In Article 13, paragraph 1 is replaced by the following:	(17) In Article 13, paragraph 1 is replaced by the following:	(17) In Article 13, paragraph 1 is replaced by the following:

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
					Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Art	icle 1,	first paragraph, point (17), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1)		
g 2	1.4	1. Notwithstanding paragraph 2 of this Article, trust service providers shall be liable for damage caused intentionally or negligently to any natural or legal person due to a failure to comply with the obligations under this Regulation and with the cybersecurity risk management obligations under Article 18 of the Directive XXXX/XXXX [NIS2].;	1. Notwithstanding paragraph 2 of this Article, trust service providers shall be liable for damage caused intentionally or negligently to any natural or legal person due to a failure to comply with the obligations under this Regulation and with the cybersecurity risk management obligations under Article 18 of the Directive XXXX/XXXX [NIS2].;	1. —Notwithstanding paragraph 2 of this Article, trust service providers shall be liable for damage caused intentionally or negligently to any natural or legal person due to a failure to comply with the obligations under this Regulation and with the cybersecurity risk management obligations under Article 18 of the Directive XXXX/XXXX [NIS2].;.	1. —Notwithstanding paragraph 2 of this Article and without prejudice to GDPR, trust service providers shall be liable for damage caused intentionally or negligently to any natural or legal person due to a failure to comply with the obligations under this Regulation. Any natural or legal person who has suffered material or non- material damage as result of an infringement of this Regulation by trust service providers shall have the right to seek compensation in accordance with Union and national law-and with the eybersecurity risk management obligations under Article 18 of the Directive XXXX/XXXX [NIS2].; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Art	icle 1,	first paragraph, point (17), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1a)		_
G 2]	14a			The burden of proving intention or negligence of a non-qualified trust service provider shall lie with the natural or legal person	The burden of proving intention or negligence of a non-qualified trust service provider shall lie with the natural or legal person

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				claiming the damage referred to in the first subparagraph.	claiming the damage referred to in the first subparagraph.
					Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (17), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1b)		
G	214b			The intention or negligence of a qualified trust service provider shall be presumed unless that qualified trust service provider proves that the damage referred to in the first subparagraph occurred without the intention or negligence of that qualified trust service provider.	The intention or negligence of a qualified trust service provider shall be presumed unless that qualified trust service provider proves that the damage referred to in the first subparagraph occurred without the intention or negligence of that qualified trust service provider.
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (18)			
G	215	(18) Article 14 is replaced by the following:	(18) Article 14 is replaced by the following:	(18) Article 14 is replaced by the following:	(18) Article 14 is replaced by the following: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (18), amending	provision, first paragraph		
G	216	Article 14	Article 14	Article 14	Article 14 Text Origin: Commission Proposal

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (18), amending	provision, second paragraph		
G	217	International aspects	International aspects	International aspects	International aspects Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (18), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1)		
G	218	1. The Commission may adopt implementing acts, in accordance with Article 48(2), setting out the conditions under which the requirements of a third country applicable to the trust service providers established in its territory and to the trust services they provide can be considered equivalent to the requirements applicable to qualified trust service providers established in the Union and to the qualified trust services they provide.	1. The Commission may adopt delegated acts, in accordance with Article 47, supplementing this Regulation by setting out the conditions under which the requirements of a third country applicable to the trust service providers established in its territory and to the trust services they provide can be considered equivalent to the requirements applicable to qualified trust service providers established in the Union and to the qualified trust services they provide.	1. The Commission may adopt implementing acts, in accordance with Article 48(2), setting out the conditions under which the requirements of a third country applicable to the Trust services provided by trust service providers established in a third country or by an international organisation shall be recognised as legally equivalent to qualified trust services provided by qualified trust service providers established in its territory and to the Union where the trust services they provide can be considered equivalent to the requirements applicable to qualified trust service providers established inoriginating from the third country or international organisation are recognised under an implementing decision or an agreement concluded between the Union and to the qualified trust services they provide the third country or international	1. The Commission may adopt implementing acts, in accordance with Article 48(2), setting out the conditions under which the requirements of a third country applicable to the Trust services provided by trust service providers established in a third country or by an international organisation shall be recognised as legally equivalent to qualified trust services provided by qualified trust service providers established in its territory and to the Union where the trust services they provide can be considered equivalent to the requirements applicable to qualified trust service providers established inoriginating from the third country or international organisation are recognised under an implementing decision or an agreement concluded between the Union and to the qualified trust services they provide the third country or international organisation in

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				organisation in accordance with Article 218 of the Treaty.	accordance with Article 218 of the Treaty.
					Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (18), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2)		
G	219	2. Where the Commission has adopted an implementing act pursuant to paragraph 1 or concluded an international agreement on the mutual recognition of trust services in accordance with Article 218 of the Treaty, trust services provided by providers established in the third country concerned shall be considered equivalent to qualified trust services provided by qualified trust service providers established in the Union.;	2. Where the Commission has adopted <i>a delegated</i> act pursuant to paragraph 1 or concluded an international agreement on the mutual recognition of trust services in accordance with Article 218 of the Treaty, trust services provided by providers established in the third country concerned shall be considered equivalent to qualified trust services provided by qualified trust service providers established in the Union ;	2. Where the Commission has adopted an implementing act pursuant to The implementing decisions and agreements referred to in paragraph 1 or concluded an international agreement on the mutual recognition of shall ensure that the requirements applicable to qualified trust services in accordance with Article 218 of the Treaty, service providers established in the Union and the qualified trust services provided by providers established they provide are met by the trust service provider are met by the trust service providers in the third country concerned shall be considered equivalent to qualified or international organisations and by the trust services provided by qualified trust service providers established in the Unionthey provide. Third countries and international organisations shall in particular establish, maintain and publish a trusted list of recognised trust service providers.;	2. Where the Commission has adopted an implementing act pursuant to The implementing decisions and agreements referred to in paragraph 1 or concluded an international agreement on the mutual recognition of shall ensure that the requirements applicable to qualified trust services in accordance with Article 218 of the Treaty, service providers established in the Union and the qualified trust services provided by providers established they provide are met by the trust service providers in the third country concerned shall be considered equivalent to qualified or international organisations and by the trust services provided by qualified trust service providers established in the Unionthey provide. Third countries and international organisations shall in particular establish, maintain and publish a trusted list of recognised trust service providers.; Text Origin: Council Mandate

Ī		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (18), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2a)		
G	219a			The agreements referred to in paragraph 1 shall ensure that the qualified trust services provided by qualified trust service providers established in the Union are recognised as legally equivalent to trust services provided by trust service providers in the third country or international organisation with which the agreement is concluded.	The agreements referred to in paragraph 1 shall ensure that the qualified trust services provided by qualified trust service providers established in the Union are recognised as legally equivalent to trust services provided by trust service providers in the third country or international organisation with which the agreement is concluded. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (18), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2b)		
G	219b			2a. The implementing decisions referred to in paragraph 1 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).	2a. The implementing decisions referred to in paragraph 1 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2). Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (19)			
G	220	(19) Article 15 is replaced by the following:	(19) Article 15 is replaced by the following:	(19) Article 15 is replaced by the following:	(19) Article 15 is replaced by the following: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (19), amending	provision, first paragraph		

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	221	Article 15	Article 15	Article 15	Article 15 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Ar	ticle 1,	first paragraph, point (19), amending	provision, second paragraph		
2	222	Accessibility for persons with disabilities	Accessibility to persons with disabilities and special needs	Accessibility for persons with disabilities	
Ar	ticle 1,	first paragraph, point (19), amending	provision, third paragraph		
Υ 2	223	The provision of Trust services and end-user products used in the provision of those services shall be made accessible for persons with disabilities in accordance with the accessibility requirements of Annex I of Directive 2019/882 on the accessibility requirements for products and services.;	The provision of trust services and end-user products used in the provision of those services shall be made available in plain and intelligible language and accessible for persons with disabilities or to persons who experience functional limitations, such as older people, and persons with limited access to digital technologies, in accordance with the accessibility requirements of Annex I of Directive (EU) 2019/882 on the accessibility requirements for products and services and the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities ¹ ;	The provision of Trust services and end-user products used in the provision of those services shall be made accessible for persons with disabilities in accordance with the accessibility requirements of Annex I of Directive 2019/882 on the accessibility requirements for products and services.';	Y

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			1. Approved by Council Decision 2010/48/EC of 26 November 2009 concerning the conclusion, by the European Community, of the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (OJ L 23, 27.1.2010, p. 35).		
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (19a)		1.03	
	223a		(19a) Article 16 is replaced by the following:		
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (19a), amending	g provision, first paragraph		
G	223b		" Article 16		Article 16
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (19a), amending	g provision, second paragraph		
G	223c		Penalties		<u>Penalties</u>
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (19a), amending	g provision, second paragraph, point (a)	
G	223d		1. Without prejudice to Article 31 of the Directive (EU) XXXX/XXX [NIS2], Member States shall lay down the rules on penalties applicable to infringements of this Regulation. The penalties provided for shall be effective, proportionate and dissuasive, in particular where the infringing party is an SME.		1. Without prejudice to Article 31 of the Directive (EU) 2022/2555, Member States shall lay down the rules on penalties applicable to infringements of this Regulation. The penalties shall be effective, proportionate and dissuasive,

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (19a), amendir	ng provision, second paragraph, point (b		
g 223e		2. Member States shall ensure that infringements by qualified trust service providers of the obligations laid down in this Regulation be subject to administrative fines of a maximum of at least EUR 10000000 or 2 % of the total worldwide annual turnover of the undertaking to which the qualified trust service provider belonged in the preceding financial year, whichever is higher.		(a) 2. Member States shall ensure that infringements by qualified and non-qualified trust service providers of the obligations of this Regulation be subject to administrative fines of a maximum of at least EUR 5,000,000 when the trust service provider is a natural persons or 5,000,000 or 1% of the total worldwide annual turnover of the undertaking to which the trust service provider belonged in the financial year preceding the year in which the infringement occurred, whichever is higher.
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (19a), amendir	ng provision, second paragraph, point (c		
s 223f		3. Member States shall ensure that infringement by non-qualified trust service providers of the obligations laid down in this Regulation be subject to administrative fines of a maximum of at least EUR 7000000 or 1,4% of the total worldwide annual turnover of the undertaking to which the non-qualified trust service provider belongs in the preceding financial year, whichever is higher.";		(b) Depending on the legal system of the Member States, the rules on administrative fines may be applied in such a manner that the fine is initiated by the competent supervisory authority and imposed by competent national courts. The application of such rules in those Member States shall ensure that those legal remedies are effective and have an equivalent effect to administrative fines imposed directly by supervisory authorities.

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (20)	1		
	224	(20) Article 17 is amended as follows:	(20) Articles 17, 18 and 19 are deleted.	(20) Article 17 is amended as follows:	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (20a)			
G	224a				(-a) Paragraph 3 is amended as follows:
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (20b)			
G	224b				(-b) to investigate claims made by web-browsers pursuant to Article 45a and to take action if necessary.
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (20)(a)			
	225	(a) paragraph 4 is amended as follows:	(a) [(a) paragraph 4 is amended as follows:	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (20)(a)(1)			
	226	(1) point (c) of paragraph 4 is replaced by the following:	(1)	(1) point (c) of paragraph 4 is replaced by the following:	
Ī	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (20)(a)(1), ame	nding provision, first paragraph		
	227	•	(c) [c	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	(c) to inform the relevant national competent authorities of the Member States concerned, designated pursuant to Directive (EU) XXXX/XXXX [NIS2], of any significant breaches of security or loss of integrity they become aware of in the performance of their tasks. where the significant breach of security or loss of integrity concerns other Member States, the supervisory body shall inform the single point of contact of the Member State concerned designated pursuant to Directive (EU) XXXX/XXXX (NIS2);;		(c) to inform the relevant national competent authorities of the Member States concerned, designated pursuant to Directive (EU) XXXX/XXXX [NIS2], of any significant breaches of security or loss of integrity they become aware of in the performance of their tasks. Where the significant breach of security or loss of integrity concerns other Member States, the supervisory body shall inform the single point of contact of the Member State concerned designated pursuant to Directive (EU) XXXX/XXXX (NIS2) and the supervisory bodies designated pursuant to Article 17 of this Regulation in the other Member States concerned. The notified supervisory body shall inform the public or require the trust service provider to do so where it determines that disclosure of the breach of security or loss of integrity is in the public interest;";	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (20)(a)(2)			
228	(2) point (f) is replaced by the following:	(2)	(2) point (f) is replaced by the following:	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (20)(a)(2), amen	nding provision, first paragraph		
y 229				

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		(f) to cooperate with supervisory authorities established under Regulation (EU) 2016/679, in particular, by informing them without undue delay, about the results of audits of qualified trust service providers, where personal data protection rules have been breached and about security breaches which constitute personal data breaches;;	(f) \	(f) to cooperate with competent supervisory authorities established under Regulation (EU) 2016/679, in particular, by informing them without undue delay, about the results of audits of qualified trust service providers, where if personal data protection rules appear to have been breached and about security breaches which appear to constitute personal data breaches;';	
1	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (20)(b)			
	230	(b) paragraph 6 is replaced by the following:	(b) I	(b) paragraph 6 is replaced by the following:	
1	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (20)(b), amendi	ng provision, numbered paragraph (6)		
	231	6. By 31 March each year, each supervisory body shall submit to the Commission a report on its main activities during the previous calendar year.;	° 6. ■	6. By 31 March each year, each supervisory body shall submit to the Commission a report on its main activities during the previous calendar year.';	
1	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (20)(c)			
	232	(c) paragraph 8 is replaced by the following:	(c) [(c) paragraph 8 is replaced by the following:	

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (20)(c), amendir	ng provision, numbered paragraph (8)		
Υ.	233	8. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, further specify the tasks of the Supervisory Authorities referred to in paragraph 4 and define the formats and procedures for the report referred to in paragraph 6. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).;	° 8. ■	8. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, further specify the tasks adopt guidelines on the exercise by the Supervisory bodies of the Supervisory Authoritiestasks referred to in paragraph 4, and, by means of implementing acts adopted in accordance with the examination procedure and define the formats and procedures for the report referred to in paragraph 6. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedureArticle 48(2), define the formats and procedures for the report referred to in Article 48(2) paragraph 6.*;	8. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, further specify the tasks adopt guidelines on the exercise by the Supervisory bodies of the Supervisory Authorities tasks referred to in paragraph 4, and, by means of implementing acts adopted in accordance with the examination procedure and define the formats and procedures for the report referred to in paragraph 6. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure Article 48(2), define the formats and procedures for the report referred to in Article 48(2) paragraph 6.?;
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (21)			
	234	(21) Article 18 is amended as follows:	(21)	(21) Article 18 is amended as follows:	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (21)(a)			
	235	(a) the title of Article 18 is replaced by the following:	(a) I	(a) the title of Article 18 is replaced by the following:	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (21)(a), amendi	ng provision, first paragraph		
236	Mutual assistance and cooperation;	, ,	Mutual assistance and cooperation;	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (21)(b)			
237	(b) paragraph 1 is replaced by the following:	(b) I	(b) paragraph 1 is replaced by the following:	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (21)(b), amendi	ng provision, numbered paragraph (1)		
238	1. Supervisory bodies shall cooperate with a view to exchanging good practice and information regarding the provision of trust services.;	1. ■	1. Supervisory bodies shall cooperate with a view to exchanging good practice and information regarding the provision of trust services.';	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (21)(c)			
239	(c) the following paragraphs 4 and 5 are added:	(c) [(c) the following paragraphs 4 and 5 are added:	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (21)(c), amendi	ng provision, numbered paragraph (4)		
240	4. Supervisory bodies and national competent authorities under	4. ■	4. Supervisory bodies and national competent authorities under	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Directive (EU) XXXX/XXXX of the European Parliament and of the Council [NIS2] shall cooperate and assist each other to ensure that trust service providers comply with the requirements laid down in this Regulation and in Directive (EU) XXXX/XXXX [NIS2]. The supervisory body shall request the national competent authority under Directive XXXX/XXXX [NIS2] to carry out supervisory actions to verify compliance of the trust service providers with the requirements under Directive XXXX/XXXX (NIS2), to require the trust service providers to remedy any failure to comply with those requirements, to provide timely the results of any supervisory activities linked to trust service providers and to inform the supervisory bodies about relevant incidents notified in accordance with Directive XXXX/XXXX [NIS2].		Directive (EU) XXXX/XXXX of the European Parliament and of the Council [NIS2] shall cooperate and assist each other to ensure that trust service providers comply with the requirements laid down in this Regulation and in Directive (EU) XXXX/XXXX [NIS2]. The Supervisory bodybodies shall request the national competent authorityauthorities under Directive XXXX/XXXX [NIS2] to carry out supervisory actions to verify compliance of the trust service providers with the requirements under Directive XXXX/XXXX (NIS2), to require the trust service providers to remedy any failure to comply with those requirements, to provide timely the results of any supervisory activities linked to trust service providers and to inform the supervisory bodies about relevant incidents notified in accordance with Directive XXXX/XXXX [NIS2].	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (21)(c), amendi	ng provision, numbered paragraph (5)		
241	5. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish the necessary procedural arrangements to facilitate the cooperation between	5	5. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish the necessary procedural arrangements to facilitate the cooperation between the Supervisory Authorities referred	

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		the Supervisory Authorities referred to in paragraph 1.;		to in paragraph 1. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).';	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (21a), first subpa	ragraph	/ C · //	
	241a			(21a) The following Article 19a is inserted:	
Ī	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (21a), second sul	bparagraph		
Υ	241b			'Requirements for non-qualified trust service providers'	Y
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (21a), third subp	aragraph		
Y	241c			1. A non-qualified trust service provider providing non-qualified trust services shall:	Υ
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (21a), third subp	aragraph, point (a), first subparagraph	1	
Υ	241d			(a) have appropriate policies and take corresponding measures to manage legal, business, operational and other direct or indirect risks to the provision of the non-qualified trust service. Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 18 of Directive EU	Υ

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				XXXX/XXX [NIS2], those measures shall include at least the following:	
	Article 1	, first paragraph, point (21a), third subp	aragraph, point (a), second subpar	agraph	
Y	241e			(i) measures related to registration and on-boarding procedures to a service;	Y
	Article 1	, first paragraph, point (21a), third subp	aragraph, point (a), third subparag	raph	
Υ	241f			(ii) measures related to procedural or administrative checks;	Y
	Article 1	, first paragraph, point (21a), third subp	paragraph, point (a), fourth subpara	graph	
Υ	241g			(iii) measures related to the management and implementation of services.	Y
	Article 1	, first paragraph, point (21a), third subp	paragraph, point (b)		
Υ	241h			(b) notify the supervisory body, the identifiable affected individuals, the public if it is of public interest and, where applicable, other relevant competent bodies, of any breaches or disruptions in the provision of the service or the implementation of the measures referred to in	Y

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				paragraph (a), points (i), (ii) and (iii) that have a significant impact on the trust service provided or on the personal data maintained therein, without undue delay and in any case no later than 24 hours after having become aware of it.	
	Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (21a), fourth su	bparagraph		
Y	241i			2. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, specify the technical characteristics of the measures referred to in paragraph 1(a). Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).	Y
	Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (22)			
G	242	(22) Article 20 is amended as follows:	(22) Article 20 is amended as follows:	(22) Article 20 is amended as follows:	(22) Article 20 is amended as follows: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (22)(a)			
G	243	(a) paragraph 1 is replaced by the following	(a) paragraph 1 is replaced by the following	(a) paragraph 1 is replaced by the following	(a) paragraph 1 is replaced by the following

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (22)(a), amendi	ng provision, numbered paragraph (1)		
c 244	1. Qualified trust service providers shall be audited at their own expense at least every 24 months by a conformity assessment body, the audit shall confirm that the qualified trust service providers and the qualified trust services provided by them fulfil the requirements laid down in this Regulation and in Article 18 of Directive (EU) XXXX/XXXX [NIS2], qualified trust service providers shall submit the resulting conformity assessment report to the supervisory body within three working days of receipt.;	1. Qualified trust service providers shall be audited at their own expense at least every 24 months by a conformity assessment body. The audit shall confirm that the qualified trust service providers and the qualified trust services provided by them fulfil the requirements laid down in this Regulation and in Article 18 of Directive (EU) XXXX/XXXX [NIS2]. Where components of trust services have been separately certified in accordance with this regulation, the conformity assessment body responsible for certifying the trust service shall not conduct additional audits of these components. Instead, conformity assessment bodies shall ensure that the interactions between the various components do not impede the trust service's compliance with the requirements laid down in this paragraph. Qualified trust service providers shall submit the resulting conformity assessment report to the supervisory body within three working days of receipt.';	1. Qualified trust service providers shall be audited at their own expense at least every 24 months by a conformity assessment body. The audit shall confirm that the qualified trust service providers and the qualified trust services provided by them fulfil the requirements laid down in this Regulation and in Article 18 of Directive (EU) XXXX/XXXX [NIS2]. Qualified trust service providers shall submit the resulting conformity assessment report to the supervisory body within three working days of receipt.';	1. Qualified trust service providers shall be audited at their own expense at least every 24 months by a conformity assessment body. the audit shall confirm that the qualified trust service providers and the qualified trust services provided by them fulfil the requirements laid down in this Regulation and in Article 1821 of Directive (EU) XXXX/XXXX [NIS2]. qualified trust service providers shall submit the resulting conformity assessment report to the supervisory body within three working days of receipt.;

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (22)(aa), first su	bparagraph		
G	244a			(aa) the following paragraph is inserted:	(aa) the following paragraph is inserted: Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (22)(aa), second	subparagraph		
G	244b			1a. Member States may provide that qualified trust service providers shall inform in advance the supervisory body about planned audits and allow for the participation of the supervisory body as an observer upon request.	Ia. Qualified trust service providers shall inform the supervisory body at the latest one month in advance about planned audits and allow for the participation of the supervisory body as an observer upon request. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (22)(b)			
G	245	(b) in paragraph 2, the last sentence is replaced by the following	(b) in paragraph 2, the last sentence is replaced by the following	(b) in paragraph 2, the last sentence is replaced by the following	(b) in paragraph 2, the last sentence is replaced by the following Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (22)(b), amendi	ng provision, first paragraph		
	246	Where personal data protection rules appear to have been breached,	Without prejudice to any further obligations on data controllers or	Where personal data protection rules appear to have been breached,	Where personal data protection rules appear to have been breached,

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		the supervisory body shall inform the supervisory authorities under Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the results of its audits.;	processors arising from Regulation (EU) 2016/679, where there is any reason to believe that data protection rules could have been breached, the supervisory body shall inform the supervisory authorities under Regulation (EU) 2016/679, the issuer and the controller of the European Digital Identity Wallet without undue delay and shall provide the results of its audits as soon as they are available.';	the supervisory body shall, without undue delay, inform the competent supervisory authorities under Regulation (EU) 2016/679-of the results of its audits.';	the supervisory body shall, without undue delay, inform the competent supervisory authorities under Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the results of its audits.2;
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (22)(c)			
G	247	(c) paragraphs 3 and 4 are replaced by the following:	(c) paragraphs 3 and 4 are replaced by the following:	(c) paragraphs 3 and 4 are replaced by the following:	(c) paragraphs 3 and 4 are replaced by the following: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (22)(c), amendin	ng provision, numbered paragraph (3)		
G	248	3. Where the qualified trust service provider fails to fulfil any of the requirements set out by this Regulation, the supervisory body shall require it to provide a remedy within a set time limit, if applicable.	3. Where the qualified trust service provider fails to fulfil any of the requirements set out by this Regulation, the supervisory body shall require it to provide a remedy within a set time limit, if applicable.	3. Where the qualified trust service provider fails to fulfil any of the requirements set out by this Regulation, the supervisory body shall require it to provide a remedy within a set time limit, if applicable.	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (22)(c), amendin	ng provision, numbered paragraph (3),	first paragraph	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
s 249	where that provider does not provide a remedy and, where applicable within the time limit set by the supervisory body, the supervisory body, taking into account in particular, the extent, duration and consequences of that failure, may withdraw the qualified status of that provider or of the service concerned which it provides and, request it, where applicable within a set time limit, to comply with the requirements of Directive XXXX/XXXX[NIS2]. The supervisory body shall inform the body referred to in Article 22(3) for the purposes of updating the trusted lists referred to in Article 22(1).	where that provider does not provide a remedy and, where applicable within the time limit set by the supervisory body, the supervisory body, taking into account in particular, the extent, duration and consequences of that failure, <i>shall</i> withdraw the qualified status of that provider or of the service concerned which it provides and, request it, where applicable within a set time limit, to comply with the requirements of Directive XXXX/XXXX[NIS2]. The supervisory body shall inform the body referred to in Article 22(3) for the purposes of updating the trusted lists referred to in Article 22(1).	Where that provider does not provide a remedy-and, where applicable within the time limit set by the supervisory body, the supervisory body, taking into account in particular, the extent, duration and consequences of that failure, may withdraw the qualified status of that provider or of the service concerned whichaffected service it provides and, request it, where applicable within a set time limit, to comply with the requirements of Directive XXXX/XXXX[NIS2]. The supervisory body shall inform the body referred to in Article 22(3) for the purposes of updating the trusted lists referred to in Article 22(1).	Where that provider does not provide a remedy and, where applicable within the time limit set by the supervisory body, the supervisory body, taking into account where justified in particular, by the extent, duration and consequences of that failure, mayshall withdraw the qualified status of that provider or of the service concerned which affected service it provides and, request it, where applicable within a set time limit, to comply with the requirements of Directive XXXX/XXXX[NIS2]. The supervisory body shall inform the body referred to in Article 22(3) for the purposes of updating the trusted lists referred to in Article 22(1). Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (22)(c), amendir	ng provision, numbered paragraph (3),	second paragraph	
s 250	The supervisory body shall inform the qualified trust service provider of the withdrawal of its qualified status or of the qualified status of the service concerned.	The supervisory body shall inform the qualified trust service provider of the withdrawal of its qualified status or of the qualified status of the service concerned.	deleted	deleted Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (22)(c), amendir	ng provision, numbered paragraph (3a)		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
6 250a			3a. Where the supervisory body is informed by the national competent authorities under Directive (EU) XXXX/XXXX [NIS2] that the qualified trust service provider fails to fulfil any of the requirements set out by Article 18 of Directive (EU) XXXX/XXXX [NIS2], the supervisory body, taking into account in particular, the extent, duration and consequences of that failure, may withdraw the qualified status of that provider or of the affected service it provides.	3a. Where the supervisory body is informed by the national competent authorities under Directive (EU) XXXX/XXXX [NIS2] that the qualified trust service provider fails to fulfil any of the requirements set out by Article 21 of Directive (EU) 2022/2555, the supervisory body, where justified in particular by the extent, duration and consequences of that failure, shall withdraw the qualified status of that provider or of the affected service it provides.
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (22)(c), amendir	ng provision, numbered paragraph (3b)		
g 250b			3b. Where the supervisory body is informed by the supervisory authorities under Regulation (EU) 2016/679 that the qualified trust service provider fails to fulfil any of the requirements set out by Regulation (EU) 2016/679, the supervisory body, taking into account in particular, the extent, duration and consequences of that failure, may withdraw the qualified status of that provider or of the affected service it provides.	3b. Where the supervisory body is informed by the supervisory authorities under Regulation (EU) 2016/679 that the qualified trust service provider fails to fulfil any of the requirements set out by Regulation (EU) 2016/679, the supervisory body, where justified in particular by the extent, duration and consequences of that failure, shall withdraw the qualified status of that provider or of the affected service it provides. Text Origin: Council Mandate

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (22)(c), amendir	ng provision, numbered paragraph (3c)		
G	250c			3c. The supervisory body shall inform the qualified trust service provider of the withdrawal of its qualified status or of the qualified status of the service concerned. The supervisory body shall inform the body referred to in Article 22(3) for the purposes of updating the trusted lists referred to in Article 22(1) and the national competent authority referred to in Dir XXXX [NIS2].	3c. The supervisory body shall inform the qualified trust service provider of the withdrawal of its qualified status or of the qualified status of the service concerned. The supervisory body shall inform the body referred to in Article 22(3) for the purposes of updating the trusted lists referred to in Article 22(1) and the national competent authority referred to in Directive (EU) 2022/2555. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (22)(c), amendir	ng provision, numbered paragraph (4)		
Υ	251	4. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish reference number for the following standards:	4. By [12 months after the date of entry into force of this amending Regulation], the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish reference number for the following standards:	4. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish technical specifications and reference numbernumbers of standards for the following standards:	Y
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (22)(c), amendir	ng provision, numbered paragraph (4),	point (a)	
G	252	(a) the accreditation of the conformity assessment bodies and for the conformity assessment report referred to in paragraph 1;	(a) the accreditation of the conformity assessment bodies and for the conformity assessment report referred to in paragraph 1;	(a) the accreditation of the conformity assessment bodies and for the conformity assessment report referred to in paragraph 1;	(a) the accreditation of the conformity assessment bodies and for the conformity assessment report referred to in paragraph 1;

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
					Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (22)(c), amendir	ng provision, numbered paragraph (4),	point (b)	
G	253	(b) the auditing requirements for the conformity assessment bodies to carry out their conformity assessment of the qualified trust service providers as referred to in paragraph 1, carried out by the conformity assessment bodies;	(b) the auditing requirements for the conformity assessment bodies to carry out their conformity assessment of the qualified trust service providers as referred to in paragraph 1, carried out by the conformity assessment bodies;	(b) the auditing requirements for the conformity assessment bodies to carry out their conformity assessment of the qualified trust service providers as referred to in paragraph 1, carried out by the conformity assessment bodies;	(b) the auditing requirements for the conformity assessment bodies to carry out their conformity assessment, <i>including composite</i> assessment, of the qualified trust service providers as referred to in paragraph 1, carried out by the conformity assessment bodies; Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (22)(c), amendir	ng provision, numbered paragraph (4),	point (c)	
G	254	(c) the conformity assessment schemes for carrying out the conformity assessment of the qualified trust service providers by the conformity assessment bodies and for the provision of the conformity assessment report referred to in paragraph 1.	(c) the conformity assessment schemes for carrying out the conformity assessment of the qualified trust service providers by the conformity assessment bodies and for the provision of the conformity assessment report referred to in paragraph 1.	(c) the conformity assessment schemes for carrying out the conformity assessment of the qualified trust service providers by the conformity assessment bodies and for the provision of the conformity assessment report referred to in paragraph 1.	(c) the conformity assessment schemes for carrying out the conformity assessment of the qualified trust service providers by the conformity assessment bodies and for the provision of the <i>conformity assessment</i> report referred to in paragraph 1. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (22)(c), amendir	ng provision, numbered paragraph (4),	first paragraph	
G	255	Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).;	Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).';	Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).';	Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).;

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		,	,		Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (23), first subpa	ragraph		
G	256	(23) Article 21 is amended as follows:	(23) Article 21 is amended as follows:	(23) Article 21 is amended as follows:	(23) Article 21 is amended as follows: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (23), second sul	pparagraph		
G	256a			1. Where trust service providers, without qualified status, intend to start providing a qualified trust servicesservice, they shall submit to the supervisory body a notification of their intention together with a conformity assessment report issued by a conformity assessment body confirming the fulfilment of the requirements laid down in this Regulation and in Article 21 of Directive (EU) 2022/2555.';	1. Where trust service providers intend to start providing a qualified trust service, they shall submit to the supervisory body a notification of their intention together with a conformity assessment report issued by a conformity assessment body confirming the fulfilment of the requirements laid down in this Regulation and in Article 21 of Directive (EU) 2022/2555.'; Text Origin: Council Mandate
G	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (23), second subsets (a) paragraph 2 is replaced by the following:	(a) paragraph 2 is replaced by the following:	(a) paragraph 2 is replaced by the following:	(a) paragraph 2 is replaced by the following: Text Origin: Commission Proposal

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article	1, first paragraph, point (23), second sub	pparagraph, point (a), amending provis	ion, numbered paragraph (2)	
s 258	2. The supervisory body shall verify whether the trust service provider and the trust services provided by it comply with the requirements laid down in this Regulation, and in particular, with the requirements for qualified trust service providers and for the qualified trust services they provide.	2. The supervisory body shall verify whether the trust service provider and the trust services provided by it comply with the requirements laid down in this Regulation, and in particular, with the requirements for qualified trust service providers and for the qualified trust services they provide.	2. The supervisory body shall verify whether the trust service provider and the trust services provided by it comply with the requirements laid down in this Regulation, and in particular, with the requirements for qualified trust service providers and for the qualified trust services they provide.	2. The supervisory body shall verify whether the trust service provider and the trust services provided by it comply with the requirements laid down in this Regulation, and in particular, with the requirements for qualified trust service providers and for the qualified trust services they provide. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article	1, first paragraph, point (2), second subp	paragraph, point (a), amending provision	on, numbered paragraph (2), first parag	graph
s 259	In order to verify the compliance of the trust service provider with the requirements laid down in Article 18 of Dir XXXX [NIS2], the supervisory body shall request the competent authorities referred to in Dir XXXX [NIS2] to carry out supervisory actions in that regard and to provide information about the outcome within three days from their completion.	In order to verify the compliance of the trust service provider with the requirements laid down in Article 18 of Dir XXXX [NIS2], the supervisory body shall request the competent authorities referred to in Dir XXXX [NIS2] to carry out supervisory actions in that regard and to provide information about the outcome within three days from their completion.	In order to verify the compliance of the trust service provider with the requirements laid down in Article 18 of Dir XXXX [NIS2]21 of Directive (EU) 2022/2555, the supervisory body shall request the competent authorities referred to in Dir XXXX [NIS2]Directive (EU) 2022/2555 to carry out supervisory actions in that regard and to provide information about the outcome without undue delay, and no later than two months from the receipt of this request by the competent authorities referred to in Directive (EU) 2022/2555. If the	In order to verify the compliance of the trust service provider with the requirements laid down in Article 18 of Dir XXXX [NIS2] 21 of Directive (EU) 2022/2555, the supervisory body shall request the competent authorities referred to in Dir XXXX [NIS2] Directive (EU) 2022/2555 to carry out supervisory actions in that regard and to provide information about the outcome without undue delay, and no later than two months from the receipt of this request by the competent authorities referred to in Directive (EU) 2022/2555. If the verification

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			verification is not concluded within three days from their completion two months of the notification, the competent authorities referred to in Directive (EU) 2022/2555 shall inform the supervisory body specifying the reasons for the delay and the period within which the verification is to be concluded.	is not concluded within three days from their completion two months of the notification, the competent authorities referred to in Directive (EU) 2022/2555 shall inform the supervisory body specifying the reasons for the delay and the period within which the verification is to be concluded. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (23)(a), amendii	ng provision, numbered paragraph (2),	second paragraph	
s 260	Where the supervisory body concludes that the trust service provider and the trust services provided by it comply with the requirements referred to in the first subparagraph, the supervisory body shall grant qualified status to the trust service provider and the trust services it provides and inform the body referred to in Article 22(3) for the purposes of updating the trusted lists referred to in Article 22(1), not later than three months after notification in accordance with paragraph 1 of this Article.	Where the supervisory body concludes that the trust service provider and the trust services provided by it comply with the requirements referred to in the first subparagraph, the supervisory body shall grant qualified status to the trust service provider and the trust services it provides and inform the body referred to in Article 22(3) for the purposes of updating the trusted lists referred to in Article 22(1), not later than three months after notification in accordance with paragraph 1 of this Article.	Where the supervisory body concludes that the trust service provider and the trust services provided by it comply with the requirements referred to in the first subparagraphlaid down in this Regulation, the supervisory body shall grant qualified status to the trust service provider and the trust services it provides and inform the body referred to in Article 22(3) for the purposes of updating the trusted lists referred to in Article 22(1), not later than three months after notification in accordance with paragraph 1 of this Article.	Where the supervisory body concludes that the trust service provider and the trust services provided by it comply with the requirements referred to in the first subparagraphlaid down in this Regulation, the supervisory body shall grant qualified status to the trust service provider and the trust services it provides and inform the body referred to in Article 22(3) for the purposes of updating the trusted lists referred to in Article 22(1), not later than three months after notification in accordance with paragraph 1 of this Article. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (23)(a), amendi	ng provision, numbered paragraph (2),	tnira paragraph	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Where the verification is not concluded within three months of notification, the supervisory body shall inform the trust service provider specifying the reasons for the delay and the period within which the verification is to be concluded.;	Where the verification is not concluded within three months of notification, the supervisory body shall inform the trust service provider specifying the reasons for the delay and the period within which the verification is to be concluded.';	Where the verification is not concluded within three months of notification, the supervisory body shall inform the trust service provider specifying the reasons for the delay and the period within which the verification is to be concluded.';	Where the verification is not concluded within three months of notification, the supervisory body shall inform the trust service provider specifying the reasons for the delay and the period within which the verification is to be concluded.; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article	1, first paragraph, point (23)(b)			
g 262	(b) paragraph 4 is replaced with the following:	(b) paragraph 4 is replaced <i>by</i> the following:	(b) paragraph 4 is replaced with the following:	(b) paragraph 4 is replaced with the following: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article	1, first paragraph, point (23)(b), amendi	ng provision, numbered paragraph (4)		
c 263	4. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, define the formats and procedures of the notification and verification for the purposes of paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).;	4. By [12 months after the date of entry into force of this amending Regulation], the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, define the formats and procedures of the notification and verification for the purposes of paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).';	4. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, define the formats and procedures of the notification and verification for the purposes of paragraphs 1 and 2-of this Article. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).';	4. Within By [12 months of the enteringafter the date of entry into force of this amending Regulation], the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, define the formats and procedures of the notification and verification for the purposes of paragraphs 1 and 2-of this Article. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).2;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		,		Text Origin: EP Mandate
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (23a)			
s 263a		(23a) Article 22 is amended as follows:		deleted Text Origin: EP Mandate
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (23a)(a)			
6 263b		(a) paragraph 1 is replaced by the following:		deleted Text Origin: EP Mandate
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (23a)(a), amend	ling provision, first paragraph		
s 263c		1. Each Member State shall establish, maintain, <i>regularly update</i> and publish trusted lists, including information related to the qualified trust service providers for which it is responsible, together with information related to the qualified trust services provided by them.';		deleted Text Origin: EP Mandate
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (23a)(b)			
c 263d				G

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			(b) The following paragraph is inserted:		deleted Text Origin: EP Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (23a)(b), amend	ling provision, first paragraph		
G	263e		3a. The Commission in coordination with Member States and where relevant ENISA shall develop a harmonised reporting mechanism for qualified trust service providers as well as other interested third parties to appeal in a transparent and duly justified manner the decision of a Member State in respect to inclusion and removal of a qualified trust service provider from the trust list.';		deleted Text Origin: EP Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (23a)(c)		l	
G	263f		(c) the following paragraph is added:		deleted Text Origin: EP Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (23a)(c), amena	ling provision, first paragraph		
G	263g		" 5a. By [6 months after the date of entry into force of this amending Regulation] the Commission shall,		deleted Text Origin: EP Mandate

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			by means of implemented acts lay down further details on the process referred to in paragraph 3a of this Article. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).';		
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (24)			
	264	(24) in Article 23 the following paragraph 2a is added:	(24) in Article 23 the following paragraph 2a is added:	deleted	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (24), amending	provision, first paragraph		
G	265	2a. Paragraph 1 and 2 shall also apply to trust service providers established in third countries and to the services they provide, provided that they have been recognised in the Union in accordance with Article 14.;	2a. Paragraph 1 and 2 shall also apply to trust service providers established in third countries and to the services they provide, provided that they have been recognised in the Union in accordance with Article 14.;	deleted	deleted Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (25)			
G	266	(25) Article 24 is amended as follows:	(25) Article 24 is amended as follows:	(25) Article 24 is amended as follows:	(25) Article 24 is amended as follows: Text Origin: Commission Proposal

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (25)(a)			
O	267	(a) paragraph 1 is replaced by the following:	(a) paragraph 1 is replaced by the following:	(a) paragraph 1 is replaced by the following:	(a) paragraph 1 is replaced by the following: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (25)(a), amendir	ng provision, numbered paragraph (1)		
G	268	1. When issuing a qualified certificate or a qualified electronic attestation of attributes for a trust service, a qualified trust service provider shall verify the identity and, if applicable, any specific attributes of the natural or legal person to whom the qualified certificate or the qualified electronic attestation of attribute is issued.	1. When issuing a qualified certificate or a qualified electronic attestation of attributes for a trust service, a qualified trust service provider shall verify the identity and, if applicable, any specific attributes of the natural or legal person to whom the qualified certificate or the qualified electronic attestation of attribute is issued.	1. —When issuing a qualified certificate or a qualified electronic attestation of attributes for a trust service, a qualified trust service provider shall verify the identity and, if applicable, any specific attributes of the natural or legal person to whom the qualified certificate or the qualified electronic attestation of attribute isattributes will be issued.	1. — When issuing a qualified certificate or a qualified electronic attestation of attributes <i>for a trust service</i> , a qualified trust service provider shall verify the identity and, if applicable, any specific attributes of the natural or legal person to whom the qualified certificate or the qualified electronic attestation of <i>attribute is attributes</i> will be issued.
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (25)(a), amendin	ng provision, numbered paragraph (1),	first paragraph	
Y	269	The information referred to in the first subparagraph shall be verified by the qualified trust service provider, either directly or by relying on a third party, in any of the following ways:	The information referred to in the first subparagraph shall be verified by the qualified trust service provider, either directly or by relying on a third party, in any of the following ways:	The information referred to in the first subparagraph shall be verified by the qualified trust service provider, either directly or by relying on a third party, in any of the following ways:	The information referred to in the first subparagraph shall be verified, by appropriate means, by the qualified trust service provider, either directly or by relying on a third party, based on the following ways or a combination thereof; and in accordance with the

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
					implemented act referred to in paragraph1ain any of the following ways: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (25)(a), amendi	ng provision, numbered paragraph (1),	first paragraph, point (a)	
Y	270	(a) by means of a notified electronic identification means which meets the requirements set out in Article 8 with regard to the assurance levels 'substantial' or 'high';	(a) by means of a notified electronic identification means which meets the requirements set out in Article 8 with regard to the assurance <i>level</i> 'high';	(a) by means of the European Digital Identity Wallet or a notified electronic identification means which meets the requirements set out in Article 8 with regard to the assurance levels 'substantial' orlevel 'high';	Y
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (25)(a), amendi	ng provision, numbered paragraph (1),	first paragraph, point (b)	
Y	271	(b) by means of qualified electronic attestations of attributes or a certificate of a qualified electronic signature or of a qualified electronic seal issued in compliance with point (a), (c) or (d);	(b) by means of a certificate of a qualified electronic signature or of a qualified electronic seal issued in <i>accordance</i> with point (a), (c) or (d);	(b) by means of qualified electronic attestations of attributes or a certificate of a qualified electronic signature or of a qualified electronic seal issued in compliance with point (a), (c) or (d);	Y
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (25)(a), amendin	ng provision, numbered paragraph (1),	first paragraph, point (c)	
G	272	(c) by using other identification methods which ensure the identification of the natural person with a high level of confidence, the conformity of which shall be	(c) by using other identification methods which ensure the identification of the natural person with a high level of confidence, the conformity of which shall be	(c) by using other identification methods— which ensure the identification of the natural person with a high level of confidence, the conformity of which shall be	(c) by using other identification methods—which ensure the identification of the <i>natural</i> person with a high level of confidence, the conformity of which shall be

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		confirmed by a conformity assessment body;	confirmed by a conformity assessment body;	confirmed by a conformity assessment body;	confirmed by a conformity assessment body;
					Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (25)(a), amendir	ng provision, numbered paragraph (1),	first paragraph, point (d)	
Υ	273	(d) through the physical presence of the natural person or of an authorised representative of the legal person by appropriate procedures and in accordance with national laws if other means are not available.';	(d) through the physical presence of the natural person or of an authorised representative of the legal person by appropriate procedures and in accordance with national laws if other means are not available.';	(d) through the physical presence of the natural person or of an authorised representative of the legal person by appropriate procedures and in accordance with national laws if other means are not available.';	Y
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (25)(b)			
G	274	(b) the following paragraph 1a is inserted:	(b) the following paragraph is inserted:	(b) the following paragraph 1a is inserted:	(b) the following paragraph Ia is inserted:
					Text Origin: EP Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (25)(b), amendi	ng provision, first paragraph		
γ	275	1a. Within 12 months after the entry into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall by means of implementing acts, set out minimum technical specifications, standards and procedures with respect to the verification of identity and attributes in accordance with	1a. By [12 months after the date of entry into force of this Regulation], the Commission shall adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 47, supplementing this Regulation by setting set out minimum technical specifications,	1a. Within 12 months after the entry into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall by means of implementing acts, set out minimum technical specifications, standards and procedures with respect to the verification of identity and attributes in accordance with paragraph 1,	1a. WithinBy 1 12 months after the date of entry into force of this Regulation1, the Commission shall by means of implementing acts, set out minimum technical specifications, standards and procedures with respect to the verification of identity and attributes

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		paragraph 1, point c. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).;	standards and procedures with respect to the verification of identity and attributes in accordance with paragraph 1, point c <i>of this</i> Article .';	point c. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).';	in accordance with paragraph 1, point <i>a, b, c and d of this Articlee</i> . Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).2;
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (25)(c)		· ·	
G	276	(c) paragraph 2 is amended as follows:	(c) paragraph 2 is amended as follows:	(c) paragraph 2 is amended as follows:	(c) paragraph 2 is amended as follows: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (25)(c)(-1), first	subparagraph		
	276a			(-1) point (a) is amended as follows:	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (25)(c)(-1), seco	nd subparagraph		
Υ	276b			(a) inform the supervisory body ofat least one month before implementing any change in the provision of its qualified trust services andor at least three months in case of an intention to cease those activities. The supervisory body may request additional information or the result of a conformity assessment	(ca) Text Origin: Council Mandate

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				before granting the permission to implement the intended changes to the qualified trust services. If the verification is not concluded within three months of notification, the supervisory body shall inform the trust service provider, specifying the reasons for the delay and the period within which the verification is to be concluded.	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (25)(c)(1)			
	277	(1) point (d) is replaced by the following:	(1) point (d) is replaced by the following:	(1) point (d) ispoints (d) and (e) are replaced by the following:	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (25)(c)(1), amen	ding provision, first paragraph		
G	278	(d) before entering into a contractual relationship, inform, in a clear, comprehensive and easily accessible manner, in a publicly accessible space and individually any person seeking to use a qualified trust service of the precise terms and conditions regarding the use of that service, including any limitations on its use;;	(d) before entering into a contractual relationship, inform, in a clear, comprehensive and easily accessible manner, in a publicly accessible space and individually any person seeking to use a qualified trust service of the precise terms and conditions regarding the use of that service, including any limitations on its use;	(d) before entering into a contractual relationship, inform, in a clear, comprehensive and easily accessible manner, in a publicly accessible space and individually any person seeking to use a qualified trust service of the precise terms and conditions regarding the use of that service, including any limitations on its use;';	(d) before entering into a contractual relationship, inform, in a clear, comprehensive and easily accessible manner, in a publicly accessible space and individually any person seeking to use a qualified trust service of the precise terms and conditions regarding the use of that service, including any limitations on its use;; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (25)(c)(1), amen	ding provision, first paragraph a		

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
G	278a			(e) use trustworthy systems and products that are protected against modification and ensure the technical security and reliability of the processes supported by them, including using suitable cryptographic algorithms, key lengths and hash functions in the systems, products and in the processes supported by them;';	use trustworthy systems and products that are protected against modification and ensure the technical security and reliability of the processes supported by them, including using suitable cryptographic techniques;'; Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (25)(c)(2)			
G	279	(2) the new points (fa) and (fb) are inserted:	(2) the new points (fa) and (fb) are inserted:	(2) the new points (fa) and (fb) are inserted:	(2) the new points (fa) and (fb) are inserted: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (25)(c)(2), amen	ding provision, first paragraph		
G	280	(fa) have appropriate policies and take corresponding measures to manage legal, business, operational and other direct or indirect risks to the provision of the qualified trust service. Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 18 of Directive EU XXXX/XXX [NIS2], those measures shall include at least the following:	(fa) have appropriate policies and take corresponding measures to manage legal, business, operational and other direct or indirect risks to the provision of the qualified trust service. Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 18 of Directive EU XXXX/XXX [NIS2], those measures shall include at least the following:	(fa) —have appropriate policies and take corresponding measures to manage legal, business, operational and other direct or indirect risks to the provision of the qualified trust service. Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 18 of Directive EU XXXX/XXX [NIS2], those measures shall include at least the following:	(fa) have appropriate policies and take corresponding measures to manage legal, business, operational and other direct or indirect risks to the provision of the qualified trust service. Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 1821 of Directive EU XXXX/XXX2022/2555 [NIS2], those measures shall include at least the following:

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (25)(c)(2), amer	iding provision, first paragraph(i)		
s 281	(i) measures related to registration and on-boarding procedures to a service;	(i) measures related to registration and on-boarding procedures to a service;	(i) measures related to registration and on-boarding procedures to a service;	(i) measures related to registration and on-boarding procedures to a service; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (25)(c)(2), amer	iding provision, first paragraph(ii)		
G 282	(ii) measures related to procedural or administrative checks;	(ii) measures related to procedural or administrative checks;	(ii) measures related to procedural or administrative checks;	(ii) measures related to procedural or administrative checks; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (25)(c)(2), amer	iding provision, first paragraph(iii)		
c 283	(iii) measures related to the management and implementation of services.	(iii) measures related to the management and implementation of services.	(iii) measures related to the management and implementation of services.';	(iii) measures related to the management and implementation of services. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (25)(c)(2), amer	ding provision, second paragraph		
6 284	(fb) notify the supervisory body and, where applicable, other relevant bodies of any linked breaches or disruptions in the	(fb) notify the supervisory body and, where applicable, other relevant bodies of any linked breaches or disruptions in the	(fb) notify the supervisory body, the identifiable affected individuals, other relevant competent bodies and, where	(fb) notify the supervisory body, the identifiable affected individuals, other relevant competent bodies and, where

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		implementation of the measures referred to in paragraph (fa), points (i), (ii) and, (iii) that has a significant impact on the trust service provided or on the personal data maintained therein.;	implementation of the measures referred to in paragraph (fa), points (i), (ii) and, (iii) that has a significant impact on the trust service provided or on the personal data maintained therein.;	applicable and, at the request of the supervisory body, the public if it is of public interest, of any, other relevant bodies of any linked breaches or disruptions in the provision of the service or the implementation of the measures referred to in paragraph (fa), points (i), (ii) and, (iii) that hashave a significant impact on the trust service provided or on the personal data maintained therein, without undue delay and in any case no later than 24 hours after the incident.';	applicable and, at the request of the supervisory body, the public if it is of public interest, of any, other relevant bodies of any linked breaches or disruptions in the provision of the service or the implementation of the measures referred to in paragraph (fa), points (i), (ii) and, (iii) that has have a significant impact on the trust service provided or on the personal data maintained therein, without undue delay and in any case no later than 24 hours after the incident.';
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (25)(c)(3)			
O	285	(3) point (g) and (h) are replaced by the following:	(3) point (g) and (h) are replaced by the following:	(3) point (g) and (h) are replaced by the following:	(3) point (g) and (h) are replaced by the following: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (25)(c)(3), amer	ding provision, first paragraph		
G	286	(g) take appropriate measures against forgery, theft or misappropriation of data or, without right, deleting, altering or rendering data inaccessible;	(g) take appropriate measures against forgery, theft or misappropriation of data or, without right, deleting, altering or rendering data inaccessible;	(g) —take appropriate measures against forgery, theft or misappropriation of data or, without right, deleting, altering or rendering data inaccessible;';	(g) take appropriate measures against forgery, theft or misappropriation of data or, without right, deleting, altering or rendering data inaccessible;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (25)(c)(3), amer	nding provision, second paragraph		
6 287	(h) record and keep accessible for as long as necessary after the activities of the qualified trust service provider have ceased, all relevant information concerning data issued and received by the qualified trust service provider, for the purpose of providing evidence in legal proceedings and for the purpose of ensuring continuity of the service. Such recording may be done electronically;;	(h) record and keep accessible for as long as necessary after the activities of the qualified trust service provider have ceased, all relevant information concerning data issued and received by the qualified trust service provider, for the purpose of providing evidence in legal proceedings and for the purpose of ensuring continuity of the service. Such recording may be done electronically';	(h) record and keep accessible for as long as necessary after the activities of the qualified trust service provider have ceased, all relevant information concerning data issued and received by the qualified trust service provider, for the purpose of providing evidence in legal proceedings and for the purpose of ensuring continuity of the service. Such recording may be done electronically;';	(h) record and keep accessible for as long as necessary after the activities of the qualified trust service provider have ceased, all relevant information concerning data issued and received by the qualified trust service provider, for the purpose of providing evidence in legal proceedings and for the purpose of ensuring continuity of the service. Such recording may be done electronically;; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (25)(c)(4)	T		
s 288	(4) point (j) is deleted;	(4) point (j) is deleted;	(4) point (j) is deleted;	(4) point (j) is deleted; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (25)(d)	1		
6 289	(d) the following paragraph 4a is inserted:	(d) the following paragraph 4a is inserted:	(d) the following paragraph 4a is inserted:	(d) the following paragraph 4a is inserted: Text Origin: Commission Proposal

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (25)(d), amendi	ng provision, first paragraph		
G	290	4a. Paragraph 3 and 4 shall apply accordingly to the revocation of electronic attestations of attributes.;	4a. Paragraph 3 and 4 shall apply accordingly to the revocation of electronic attestations of attributes.;	4a. Paragraph 3 and 4 shall apply accordingly to the revocation of qualified electronic attestations of attributes.';	4a. Paragraph 3 and 4 shall apply accordingly to the revocation of <i>qualified</i> electronic attestations of attributes.2; Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (25)(e)			
G	291	(e) paragraph 5 is replaced by the following:	(e) paragraph 5 is replaced by the following:	(e) paragraph 5 is replaced by the following:	(e) paragraph 5 is replaced by the following: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (25)(e), amendi	ng provision, numbered paragraph (5)		
Υ	292	5. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish reference numbers of standards for the requirements referred to in paragraph 2. compliance with the requirements laid down in this Article shall be presumed, where trustworthy systems and products meet those standards. Those implementing acts	5. By [12 months after the date of entry into force of this amending Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish reference numbers of standards for the requirements referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article compliance with the requirements laid down in this Article shall be presumed, where trustworthy systems and products meet those standards. Those	5. —Within 12 months of the entering into force of this Regulation,—the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish technical specifications , procedures and reference numbers of standards for the requirements referred to in paragraph 2. Compliance with the requirements laid down in this Article shall be presumed, where trustworthy systems and products meet	Y

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).;	implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).;	those those technical specifications, procedures and standards are met. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).';	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (25)(f)			
G	293	(f) the following paragraph 6 is inserted:	(f) the following paragraph 6 is inserted:	(f) the following paragraph 6 is inserted:	(f) the following paragraph 6 is inserted: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (25)(f), amendir	ng provision, numbered paragraph (6)		
Y	294	6. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts regarding the additional measures referred to in paragraph 2(fa).;	6. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 47, supplementing this Regulation with regard to the additional measures referred to in paragraph 2(fa) of this Article.';	6. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts regarding the additionalimplementing acts specifying the technical characteristics of the measures referred to in paragraph 2(fa).';	6. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts regarding the additional implementing acts laying down detailed rules on the measures referred to in paragraph 2(fa).2; Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (25)(f), amendir	ng provision, numbered paragraph (6a)		
Υ	294a				6a. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 47, amending this Regulation with

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
					regard to the additional measures referred to in paragraph 2(fa) of this Article.;
	20.41-				
	294b	6			
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (25a), first subp	aragraph		
	294c			(25a) Article 26 is amended as follows:	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (25a), second su	bparagraph		
Y	294d			2. Within 12 months after the entry into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish technical specifications and reference numbers of standards for advanced electronic signatures. Compliance with the requirements for advanced electronic signatures shall be presumed when an advanced electronic signature meets those specifications and standards. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).	Within 12 months after the entry into force of this Regulation, the Commission may, by means of implementing acts, establish technical specifications and reference numbers of standards for advanced electronic signatures. Compliance with the requirements for advanced electronic signatures shall be presumed when an advanced electronic signature meets those specifications and standards. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (25b)			
Y	294e			(25b) Article 27(4) is deleted.	Y
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (26)			
G	295	(26) In Article 28, paragraph 6 is replaced by the following:	(26) In Article 28, paragraph 6 is replaced by the following:	(26) In Article 28, paragraph 6 is replaced by the following:	(26) In Article 28, paragraph 6 is replaced by the following: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (26), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (6)		
Y	296	6. Within 12 months after the entry into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish reference numbers of standards for qualified certificates for electronic signature. Compliance with the requirements laid down in Annex I shall be presumed where a qualified certificate for electronic signature meets those standards. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).;	6. Within 12 months after the entry into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish reference numbers of standards for qualified certificates for electronic signature. Compliance with the requirements laid down in Annex I shall be presumed where a qualified certificate for electronic signature meets those standards. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).;	6. Within 12 months after the entry into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish technical specifications and reference numbers of standards for qualified certificates for electronic signature. Compliance with the requirements laid down in Annex I shall be presumed where a qualified certificate for electronic signature meets those specifications and standards. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).';	Y

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (27)	,		
G	297	(27) In Article 29, the following new paragraph 1a is added:	(27) In Article 29, the following new paragraph 1a is added:	(27) In Article 29, the following new paragraph 1a is added:	(27) In Article 29, the following new paragraph 1a is added: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (27), amending	provision, first paragraph	V	
Υ	298	1a. Generating, managing and duplicating electronic signature creation data on behalf of the signatory may only be done by a qualified trust service provider providing a qualified trust service for the management of a remote electronic qualified signature creation device.;	1a. Generating, managing and duplicating <i>qualified</i> electronic signature creation data on behalf of the signatory may only be done by a qualified trust service provider providing a qualified trust service for the management of a remote electronic qualified signature creation device.;	1a. Generating, managing and duplicating electronic signature creation data on behalf of the signatory or duplicating such signature creation data for backup purposes may only be done by a qualified trust service provider providing a qualified trust service for the management of a remote electronic qualified electronic signature creation device.';	1a. Generating, managing and electronic signature creation data or duplicating electronic such signature creation data for back-up purposes may only be done on behalf of [and at the request of] the signatory the signatory may only be done by a qualified trust service provider providing a qualified trust service for the management of a remote qualified electronic qualified signature creation device.; Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (28)			
G	299	(28) the following Article 29a is inserted:	(28) the following Article is inserted:	(28) the following Article 29a is inserted:	(28) the following Article 29a is inserted: Text Origin: EP Mandate

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article	1, first paragraph, point (28), amending	provision, first paragraph		
6 300	Article 29a	Article 29a	Article 29a	Article 29a Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article	1, first paragraph, point (28), amending	provision, second paragraph	~	
6 301	Requirements for a qualified service for the management of remote electronic signature creation devices	Requirements for a qualified service for the management of remote electronic signature creation devices	Requirements for a qualified service for the management of remote qualified electronic signature creation devices	Requirements for a qualified service for the management of remote <i>qualified</i> electronic signature creation devices Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article	1, first paragraph, point (28), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1)		
6 302	1. The management of remote qualified electronic signature creation devices as a qualified service may only be carried out by a qualified trust service provider that:	1. The management of remote qualified electronic signature creation devices as a qualified service may only be carried out by a qualified trust service provider that:	1. The management of remote qualified electronic signature creation devices as a qualified service may only be carried out by a qualified trust service provider that:	1. The management of remote qualified electronic signature creation devices as a qualified service may only be carried out by a qualified trust service provider that: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article	1, first paragraph, point (28), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1), po	int (a)	
303	(a) Generates or manages electronic signature creation data on behalf of the signatory;	(a) generates or manages electronic signature creation data on behalf of the signatory;	(a) Generates or manages electronic signature creation data on behalf of the signatory;	(a) Generates or manages electronic signature creation data on behalf of the signatory;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (28), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1), po	int (b)	
g 304	(b) notwithstanding point (1)(d) of Annex II, duplicates the electronic signature creation data only for back-up purposes provided the following requirements are met:	(b) notwithstanding point (1)(d) of Annex II, duplicates the electronic signature creation data only for back-up purposes provided the following requirements are met:	(b) notwithstanding point (1)(d) of Annex II, duplicatesmay duplicate the electronic signature creation data only for back-up purposes provided the following requirements are met:	(b) notwithstanding point (1)(d) of Annex II, duplicates may duplicate the electronic signature creation data only for back-up purposes provided the following requirements are met: Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (28), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1), po	int (b), first paragraph	
s 305	the security of the duplicated datasets must be at the same level as for the original datasets;	(i) the security of the duplicated datasets must be at the same level as for the original datasets;	(i) the security of the duplicated datasets must be at the same level as for the original datasets;	(i) the security of the duplicated datasets must be at the same level as for the original datasets; Text Origin: EP Mandate
Article 1	L, first paragraph, point (28), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1), po	int (b), second paragraph	
s 306	the number of duplicated datasets shall not exceed the minimum needed to ensure continuity of the service.	(ii) the number of duplicated datasets shall not exceed the minimum needed to ensure continuity of the service.	(ii) the number of duplicated datasets shall not exceed the minimum needed to ensure continuity of the service.	(ii) the number of duplicated datasets shall not exceed the minimum needed to ensure continuity of the service. Text Origin: EP Mandate
Article 1	l, first paragraph, point (28), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1), po	int (c)	
g 307				

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		(c) complies with any requirements identified in the certification report of the specific remote qualified signature creation device issued pursuant to Article 30.	(c) complies with any requirements identified in the certification report of the specific remote qualified signature creation device issued pursuant to Article 30.	(c) complies with any requirements identified in the certification report of the specific remote qualified signature creation device issued pursuant to Article 30.	(c) complies with any requirements identified in the certification report of the specific remote qualified signature creation device issued pursuant to Article 30. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (28), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2)		
G	308	2. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish technical specifications and reference numbers of standards for the purposes of paragraph 1.;	2. By [12 months after the entry into force of this amending Regulation], the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish technical specifications and reference numbers of standards for the purposes of paragraph 1.;	2. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish technical specifications and reference numbers of standards for the purposes of paragraph 1.';	2. Within By [12 months of the enteringafter the entry into force of this amending Regulation], the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish technical specifications and reference numbers of standards for the purposes of paragraph 1.; Text Origin: EP Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (29)			
G	309	(29) In Article 30, the following paragraph 3a is inserted:	(29) In Article 30, the following paragraph 3a is inserted:	(29) In Article 30, the following paragraph 3a is inserted:	(29) In Article 30, the following paragraph 3a is inserted: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (29), amending	provision, first paragraph		
G	310	6	د	·	G

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		3a. The certification referred to in paragraph 1 shall be valid for 5 years, conditional upon a regular 2 year vulnerabilities assessment. Where vulnerabilities are identified and not remedied, the certification shall be withdrawn.;	3a. The certification referred to in paragraph 1 shall be valid for 5 years, conditional upon a regular 2 year vulnerabilities assessment. Where vulnerabilities are identified and not remedied, the certification shall be withdrawn.;	3a. The validity of a certification referred to in paragraph 1 shall be valid fornot exceed 5 years, conditional upon a regular 2 year vulnerabilities assessment. Where vulnerabilities are identified and not remedied, the certification shall be withdrawncancelled.';	3a. The <i>validity of a</i> certification referred to in paragraph 1 shall <i>be valid fornot exceed</i> 5 years, conditional upon a regular 2 year vulnerabilities assessment. Where vulnerabilities are identified and not remedied, the certification shall be <i>withdrawncancelled</i> .2;
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (30)			
G	311	(30) In Article 31, paragraph 3 is replaced by the following:	(30) In Article 31, paragraph 3 is replaced by the following:	(30) In Article 31, paragraph 3 is replaced by the following:	(30) In Article 31, paragraph 3 is replaced by the following: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (30), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (3)		
G	312	3. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, define formats and procedures applicable for the purpose of paragraph 1. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).;	3. By [12 months after the date of entry into force of this amending Regulation], the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, define formats and procedures applicable for the purpose of paragraph 1. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).;	3. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, define formats and procedures applicable for the purpose of paragraph 1. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).';	3. Within By [12 months of the enteringafter the date of entry into force of this amending Regulation], the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, define formats and procedures applicable for the purpose of paragraph 1. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).;

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
					Text Origin: EP Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (31)			
G	313	(31) Article 32 is amended as follows:	(31) Article 32 is amended as follows:	(31) Article 32 is amended as follows:	(31) Article 32 is amended as follows: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (31)(a)			
G	314	(a) in paragraph 1, the following sub-paragraph is added:	(a) in paragraph 1, the following sub-paragraph is added:	(a) in paragraph 1, the following sub-paragraph is added:	(a) in paragraph 1, the following sub-paragraph is added: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (31)(a), amendi	ng provision, first paragraph		
Υ	315	Compliance with the requirements laid down in the first sub-paragraph shall be presumed where the validation of qualified electronic signatures meet the standards referred to in paragraph 3.;	Compliance with the requirements laid down in the first sub-paragraph shall be presumed where the validation of qualified electronic signatures meet the standards referred to in paragraph 3.;	Compliance with the requirements laid down in the first sub-paragraph shall be presumed where the validation of qualified electronic signatures meet the specifications and standards referred to in paragraph 3.';	Y
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (31)(b)			
G	316	(b) paragraph 3 is replaced by the following:	(b) paragraph 3 is replaced by the following:	(b) paragraph 3 is replaced by the following:	(b) paragraph 3 is replaced by the following:

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
					Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (31)(b), amendir	ng provision, numbered paragraph (3)		
Υ	317	3. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish reference numbers of standards for the validation of qualified electronic signatures. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).;	3. By [12 months after the date of entry into force of this amending Regulation], the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish reference numbers of standards for the validation of qualified electronic signatures. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).;	3. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establishprovide specifications and reference numbers of standards for the validation of qualified electronic signatures. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).';	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (31)(b), amendir	ng provision, Article		
Υ	317a			(31a) The following Article 32a is inserted:	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (31)(b), amendi	ng provision, Article		
Y	317b			Requirements for the validation of advanced electronic signatures based on qualified certificates	. Article
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (31)(b), amendi	ng provision, Article(1), first subparagr	aph	

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Y	317c			1. The process for the validation of an advanced electronic signature based on qualified certificate shall confirm the validity of an advanced electronic signature based on qualified certificate provided that:	*
	Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (31)(b), amendii	ng provision, Article(1), second subpar	ragraph V	
Y	317d			(a) the certificate that supports the signature was, at the time of signing, a qualified certificate for electronic signature complying with Annex I;	Y
	Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (31)(b), amendi	ng provision, Article(1), third subparag	graph	
Y	317e			(b) the qualified certificate was issued by a qualified trust service provider and was valid at the time of signing;	Y
	Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (31)(b), amendi	ng provision, Article(1), fourth subpara	agraph	
Υ	317f			(c) the signature validation data corresponds to the data provided to the relying party;	Y
	Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (31)(b), amendi	ng provision, Article(1), fifth subparag	raph	
Y	317g				Y

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				(d) the unique set of data representing the signatory in the certificate is correctly provided to the relying party;	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (31)(b), amendin	g provision, Article(1), sixth subpara	agraph	
Y	317h			(e) the use of any pseudonym is clearly indicated to the relying party if a pseudonym was used at the time of signing;	Y
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (31)(b), amendin	g provision, Article(1), seventh subp	paragraph	
Y	317i			(f) the integrity of the signed data has not been compromised;	¥
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (31)(b), amendin	g provision, Article(1), eighth subpa	aragraph	
Υ	317j			(g) the requirements provided for in Article 26 were met at the time of signing. Compliance with the requirements laid down in the first sub-paragraph shall be presumed where the validation of advanced electronic signatures based on qualified certificates meet the specifications and standards referred to in paragraph 3.	*
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (31)(b), amendin	g provision, Article(2)		
Υ	317k				У

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			2. The system used for validating the advanced electronic signature based on qualified certificate shall provide to the relying party the correct result of the validation process and shall allow the relying party to detect any security relevant issues.	
Article	1, first paragraph, point (31)(b), amendi	ng provision, Article(3)		
3171			3. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, provide specifications and reference numbers of standards for the validation of advanced electronic signatures based on qualified certificates. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).'	Y
Article	1, first paragraph, point (31)(b), amendi	ng provision, Article		
317m			(31b) Article 33 is amended as follows:	
Article	1, first paragraph, point (31)(b), amendi	ng provision, Article(1)		
6 317n			1. A qualified validation service for qualified electronic signatures	deleted deleted

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			may only be provided by a qualified trust service provider who:';	Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (31)(b), amena	ing provision, Article(2)		
3170			2. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish technical specifications and reference numbers of standards for qualified validation service referred to in paragraph 1. Compliance with the requirements laid down in paragraph 1 shall be presumed where the validation service for a qualified electronic signature meets those specifications and standards. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).'.	2. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish [technical specifications and] reference numbers of standards for qualified validation service referred to in paragraph 1. Compliance with the requirements laid down in paragraph 1 shall be presumed where the validation service for a qualified electronic signature meets those specifications and standards. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).'.
				Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (32)			
318	(32) Article 34 is replaced by the following:	(32) Article 34 is replaced by the following:	(32) Article 34 is replaced by the following:	(32) Article 34 is replaced by the following: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	317o	Article 1, first paragraph, point (31)(b), amend 3170 Article 1, first paragraph, point (32) (32) Article 34 is replaced by the	Article 1, first paragraph, point (31)(b), amending provision, Article(2) 3170 Article 1, first paragraph, point (32) (32) Article 34 is replaced by the	may only be provided by a qualified trust service provider who?'; 2. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish technical specifications and reference numbers of standards for qualified validation service referred to in paragraph 1. Compliance with the requirements laid down in paragraph 1 shall be presumed where the validation service for a qualified electronic signature meets those specifications and standards. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).'. Article 1, first paragraph, point (32) Article 34 is replaced by the (32) Article 34 is replaced by the

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Aı	rticle 1,	first paragraph, point (32), amending	provision, first paragraph		
	319	Article 34	Article 34	Article 34	CArticle 34 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Aı	rticle 1,	first paragraph, point (32), amending	provision, second paragraph	V	
G	320	Qualified preservation service for qualified electronic signatures	Qualified preservation service for qualified electronic signatures	Qualified preservation service for qualified electronic signatures	Qualified preservation service for qualified electronic signatures Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Aı	rticle 1,	first paragraph, point (32), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1)		
G	321	1. A qualified preservation service for qualified electronic signatures may only be provided by a qualified trust service provider that uses procedures and technologies capable of extending the trustworthiness of the qualified electronic signature beyond the technological validity period.	1. A qualified preservation service for qualified electronic signatures may only be provided by a qualified trust service provider that uses procedures and technologies capable of extending the trustworthiness of the qualified electronic signature beyond the technological validity period.	1. A qualified preservation service for qualified electronic signatures may only be provided by a qualified trust service provider that uses procedures and technologies capable of extending the trustworthiness of the qualified electronic signature beyond the technological validity period.	1. A qualified preservation service for qualified electronic signatures may only be provided by a qualified trust service provider that uses procedures and technologies capable of extending the trustworthiness of the qualified electronic signature beyond the technological validity period. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Aı	rticle 1,	first paragraph, point (32), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2)		
Y	322				У

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		2. Compliance with the requirements laid down in the paragraph 1 shall be presumed where the arrangements for the qualified preservation service for qualified electronic signatures meet the standards referred to in paragraph 3.	2. Compliance with the requirements laid down in the paragraph 1 shall be presumed where the arrangements for the qualified preservation service for qualified electronic signatures meet the standards referred to in paragraph 3.	2. Compliance with the requirements laid down in the paragraph 1 shall be presumed where the arrangements for the qualified preservation service for qualified electronic signatures meet the specifications and standards referred to in paragraph 3.	
	Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (32), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (3)		
٧	323	3. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish reference numbers of standards for the qualified preservation service for qualified electronic signatures. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to In Article 48(2).;	3. By [12 months after the date of entry into force of this amending Regulation], the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish reference numbers of standards for the qualified preservation service for qualified electronic signatures. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to In Article 48(2).;	3. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish technical specifications and reference numbers of standards for the qualified preservation service for qualified electronic signatures. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to In Article 48(2).';	Y
	Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (32), amending	provision, Article		
	323a			(32a) In Article 36 a new paragraph 2 is added:	
	Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (32), amending	provision, Article(1)		
Y	323b				У

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				2. Within 12 months after the entry into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish technical specifications and reference numbers of standards for advanced electronic seals.	2. Within 12 months after the entry into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, [establish technical specifications] and reference numbers of standards for advanced electronic seals. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (32), amending	provision, Article(2)		
Y	323c			Compliance with the requirements for advanced electronic seals shall be presumed when an advanced electronic seal meets those specifications and standards. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).	<u>3b.</u>
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (33)			
G	324	(33) Article 37 is amended as follows:	(33) Article 37 is amended as follows:	(33) Article 37 is amended as follows:	(33) Article 37 is amended as follows: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (33)(a)			

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Υ	325	(a) the following paragraph 2a is inserted:	(a) the following paragraph 2a is inserted:	deleted	γ
	Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (33)(a), amendi	ng provision, first paragraph		
Y	326	2a. Compliance with the requirements for advanced electronic seals referred to in Article 36 and in paragraph 5 of this Article shall be presumed where an advanced electronic seal meets the standards referred to in paragraph 4.;	2a. Compliance with the requirements for advanced electronic seals referred to in Article 36 and in paragraph 5 of this Article shall be presumed where an advanced electronic seal meets the standards referred to in paragraph 4.';	deleted	Y
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (33)(b)			
Y	327	(b) paragraph 4 is replaced by the following:	(b) paragraph 4 is replaced by the following:	(b) paragraph 4 is replaced by the following: deleted.	Y
	Article 1	, first paragraph, point (33)(b), amendi	ng provision, numbered paragraph (4)		
Y	328	4. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish reference numbers of standards for advanced electronic seals. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination	4. By [12 months after the date of entry into force of this amending Regulation], the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish reference numbers of standards for advanced electronic seals. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the	deleted	Y

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		procedure referred to in Article $48(2)$.;	examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).';		
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (34)			
G	329	(34) Article 38 is amended as follows:	(34) Article 38 is amended as follows:	(34) Article 38 is amended as follows:	(34) Article 38 is amended as follows: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (34)(a)			
G	330	(a) paragraph 1 is replaced by the following:	(a) paragraph 1 is replaced by the following:	(a) paragraph 1 is replaced by the following:	(a) paragraph 1 is replaced by the following: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (34)(a), amendi	ng provision, numbered paragraph (1)		
Υ	331	1. Qualified certificates for electronic seals shall meet the requirements laid down in Annex III. Compliance with the requirements laid down in Annex III shall be presumed where a qualified certificate for electronic seal meets the standards referred to in paragraph 6.;	1. Qualified certificates for electronic seals shall meet the requirements laid down in Annex III. Compliance with the requirements laid down in Annex III shall be presumed where a qualified certificate for electronic seal meets the standards referred to in paragraph 6. ';	1. Qualified certificates for electronic seals shall meet the requirements laid down in Annex III. Compliance with the requirements laid down in Annex III shall be presumed where a qualified certificate for electronic seal meets the specifications and standards referred to in paragraph 6.';	Y
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (34)(b)			

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
G	332	(b) paragraph 6 is replaced by the following:	(b) paragraph 6 is replaced by the following:	(b) paragraph 6 is replaced by the following:	(b) paragraph 6 is replaced by the following: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (34)(b), amendi	ng provision, numbered paragraph (6)		
	333	6. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish reference numbers of standards for qualified certificates for electronic seals. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).;	6. By [12 months after the date of entry into force of this amending Regulation], the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish reference numbers of standards for qualified certificates for electronic seals. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).';	6. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish technical specifications and reference numbers of standards for qualified certificates for electronic seals. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).';	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (35)			
G	334	(35) the following Article 39a is inserted:	(35) the following Article is inserted:	(35) the following Article 39a is inserted:	(35) the following Article 39a is inserted: Text Origin: EP Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (35), amending	provision, first paragraph		
G	335	Article 39a	Article 39a	Article 39a	Article 39a

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
					Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (35), amending	provision, second paragraph		
G	336	Requirements for a qualified service for the management of remote electronic seal creation devices	Requirements for a qualified service for the management of remote electronic seal creation devices	Requirements for a qualified service for the management of remote qualified electronic seal creation devices	Requirements for a qualified service for the management of remote <i>qualified</i> electronic seal creation devices Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (35), amending	provision, third paragraph		
G	337	Article 29a shall apply mutatis mutandis to a qualified service for the management of remote electronic seal creation devices.;	Article 29a shall apply mutatis mutandis to a qualified service for the management of remote electronic seal creation devices.';	Article 29a shall apply mutatis mutandis to a qualified service for the management of remote qualified electronic seal creation devices.';	Article 29a shall apply mutatis mutandis to a qualified service for the management of remote <i>qualified</i> electronic seal creation devices. 2; Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (35), amending	provision, Article		
	337a			(35a) the following Article 40a is inserted:	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (35), amending	provision, Article		
Y	337b			Article 40a	<u>Article</u> <u>40a</u>

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
					Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (35), amending	provision, Article		
Y	337c			Requirements for the validation of advanced electronic seals based on qualified certificates	Y
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (35), amending	provision, Article, first paragraph		
Y	337d			(1) Article 32a shall apply mutatis mutandis to the validation of advanced electronic seals based on qualified certificates.';	Y
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (36)			
G	338	(36) Article 42 is amended as follows:	(36) Article 42 is amended as follows:	(36) Article 42 is amended as follows:	(36) Article 42 is amended as follows: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (36)(a)			
G	339	(a) the following new paragraph 1a is inserted:	(a) the following new paragraph 1a is inserted:	(a) the following new paragraph 1a is inserted:	(a) the following new paragraph 1a is inserted: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (36)(a), amendii	ng provision, first paragraph		

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
٧	340	1a. Compliance with the requirements laid down in paragraph 1 shall be presumed where the binding of date and time to data and the accurate time source meet the standards referred to in paragraph 2.;	1a. Compliance with the requirements laid down in paragraph 1 shall be presumed where the binding of date and time to data and the accurate time source meet the standards referred to in paragraph 2.';	1a. Compliance with the requirements laid down in paragraph 1 shall be presumed where the binding of date and time to data and the accurate time source meet the specifications and standards referred to in paragraph 2.';	Y
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (36)(b)			
G	341	(b) paragraph 2 is replaced by the following	(b) paragraph 2 is replaced by the following	(b) paragraph 2 is replaced by the following	(b) paragraph 2 is replaced by the following Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (36)(b), amendi	ng provision, numbered paragraph (2)	L	
Y	342	2. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish reference numbers of standards for the binding of date and time to data and for accurate time sources. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).;	2. By [12 months after the date of entry into force of this amending Regulation], the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish reference numbers of standards for the binding of date and time to data and for accurate time sources. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).';	2. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish technical specifications and reference numbers of standards for the binding of date and time to data and for accurate time sources. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).';	Y

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			,	
Article	1, first paragraph, point (36a), first subp	aragranh		
Aiticic	1, mat paragraph, point (30a), mat subp			
342a			(36a) In Article 43 a new paragraph 2a is added:	
Article	1, first paragraph, point (36a), second so	ubparagraph		
y 342b			2a. A qualified electronic registered delivery service in one Member State shall be recognised as a qualified electronic registered delivery service in any other Member State.';	<u>(ba)</u>
Article	1, first paragraph, point (37), first subpa	ragraph		
6 343	(37) Article 44 is amended as follows:	(37) Article 44 is amended as follows:	(37) Article 44 is amended as follows:	(37) Article 44 is amended as follows: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article	1, first paragraph, point (37), first subpa	ragraph, point (a)		
s 344	(a) the following paragraph 1a is inserted:	(a) the following paragraph 1a is inserted:	(a) the following paragraph 1a is inserted:	(a) the following paragraph 1a is inserted: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article	1, first paragraph, point (37), first subpa	ragraph, point (a), amending provision	n, first paragraph	

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Υ	345	1a. Compliance with the requirements laid down in paragraph 1 shall be presumed where the process for sending and receiving data meets the standards referred to in paragraph 2.;	1a. Compliance with the requirements laid down in paragraph 1 shall be presumed where the process for sending and receiving data meets the standards referred to in paragraph 2.';	1a. Compliance with the requirements laid down in paragraph 1 shall be presumed where the process for sending and receiving data meets the specifications and standards referred to in paragraph 2.';	Y
	Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (37), first subpa	ragraph, point (b)		
G	346	(b) paragraph 2 is replaced by the following:	(b) paragraph 2 is replaced by the following:	(b) paragraph 2 is replaced by the following:	(b) paragraph 2 is replaced by the following: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (37), first subpa	ragraph, point (b), amending provision	, numbered paragraph (2)	
Y	347	2. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish reference numbers of standards for processes for sending and receiving data. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).;	2. By [12 months after the date of entry into force of this amending Regulation], the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish reference numbers of standards for processes for sending and receiving data. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).';	2. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish technical specifications and reference numbers of standards for processes for sending and receiving data. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).';	Y

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (37), second sub	paragraph		
Υ	347a			(ba) the following paragraphs 2a and 2b are inserted:	<u>(ba)</u>
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (37), third subpa	aragraph		
Y	347b			2a. Providers of qualified electronic registered delivery services may agree on the interoperability between qualified electronic registered delivery services which they provide. Such interoperability framework shall comply with the requirements laid down in paragraph 1. The compliance shall be confirmed by a conformity assessment body.';	4
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (37), fourth sub	paragraph		
Y	347c			2b. The Commission may, by means of implementing act, establish technical specifications and reference numbers of standards in order to facilitate the transfer of data between two or more qualified trust service providers. The technical specifications and content of standards shall be cost-effective and proportionate. The implementing act shall be adopted in accordance with the	Y

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).';"	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (38)			
s 348	(38) Article 45 is replaced by the following:	(38) Article 45 is replaced by the following:	(38) Article 45 is replaced by the following:	(38) Article 45 is replaced by the following: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (38), amending	provision, first paragraph		
g 349	Article 45	Article 45	Article 45	Article 45 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1	first paragraph, point (38), amending	provision, second paragraph		
g 350	Requirements for qualified certificates for website authentication	Requirements for qualified certificates for website authentication	Requirements for qualified certificates for website authentication	Requirements for qualified certificates for website authentication Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1	first paragraph, point (38), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1)		
g 351	1. Qualified certificates for website authentication shall meet the requirements laid down in Annex IV. Qualified certificates for	1. Qualified certificates for website authentication shall <i>allow the</i> authentication and identification of the natural or legal person to	1. Qualified certificates for website authentication shall meet the requirements laid down in Annex IV. Qualified certificates for	1. Qualified certificates for website authentication shall meet the requirements laid down in Annex IV. <i>Qualified certificates for</i>

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	website authentication shall be deemed compliant with the requirements laid down in Annex IV where they meet the standards referred to in paragraph 3.	whom the certificate was issued with a high level of assurance. Qualified certificates for website authentication shall also meet the requirements laid down in Annex IV. Qualified certificates for website authentication shall be deemed compliant with this paragraph and the requirements laid down in Annex IV where they meet the standards referred to in paragraph 3.	website authentication shall be deemed compliant Evaluation of compliance with the requirements laid down in Annex IV where they meet the shall be carried out in accordance with the specifications and standards referred to in paragraph 32a.	website authentication Evaluation of compliance with those requirements shall be deemed compliant with the requirements laid down in Annex IV where they meet the standardscarried out in accordance with the standards and the specifications referred to in paragraph 3.
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (38), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2)		
6 352	2. Qualified certificates for website authentication referred to in paragraph 1 shall be recognised by web-browsers. For those purposes web-browsers shall ensure that the identity data provided using any of the methods is displayed in a user friendly manner. Web-browsers shall ensure support and interoperability with qualified certificates for website authentication referred to in paragraph 1, with the exception of enterprises, considered to be microenterprises and small enterprises in accordance with Commission Recommendation 2003/361/EC in the first 5 years of operating as providers of web-browsing services.	2. Qualified certificates for website authentication referred to in paragraph 1 shall be recognised by web-browsers. Web browsers shall not be prevented from taking measures that are both necessary and proportionate to address substantiated risks of breaches of security, user's privacy and loss of integrity of certificates provided such measures are duly reasoned. In such a case, the web browser shall notify the Commission, ENISA and the qualified trust service provider that issued that certificate or set of certificates without delay of any measure taken. Such recognition means that web-browsers shall ensure that the relevant identity data and electronic attestation of attributes	2. Qualified certificates for website authentication referred to in paragraph 1 shall be recognised by web-browsers. For those purposes web-browsers shall ensure that the identity data provided using any of the methods is displayed in a user friendly manner. Web-browsers shall ensure support and interoperability with qualified certificates for website authentication referred to in paragraph 1, with the exception of enterprises, considered to be microenterprises and small enterprises in accordance with Commission Recommendation 2003/361/EC in the first 5 years of operating as providers of web-browsing services.	2. Qualified certificates for website authentication referred to in issued in accordance with paragraph 1 shall be recognised by webbrowsers. For those purposes Webbrowsers shall ensure that the identity data provided using any of the methods isattested in the certificate and additional attested attributes are displayed in a user friendly user-friendly manner. Webbrowsers shall ensure support and interoperability with qualified certificates for website authentication referred to in paragraph 1, with the exception of enterprises, considered to be microenterprises and small enterprises in accordance with Commission Recommendation 2003/361/EC induring the first 5

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		provided is displayed in a user friendly manner, where possible, consistent manner, that reflects the state-of-the-art regarding accessibility, user awareness and cybersecurity according to best industry standards. Web-browsers shall ensure support and interoperability with qualified certificates for website authentication referred to in paragraph 1, with the exception of enterprises, considered to be microenterprises and small enterprises in accordance with Commission Recommendation 2003/361/EC in the first 5 years of operating as providers of web-browsing services.		years of operating as providers of web-browsing services.
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (38), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2a)		
s 352a			2a. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, provide the specifications and reference numbers of standards for qualified certificates for website authentication referred to in paragraph 1 and 2. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).';	

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (38), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2a)		
G	352b				2a. Qualified certificates for website authentication shall not be subject to any mandatory requirements other than the requirements laid down in paragraph 1.
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (38), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (3)		
G	353	3. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, provide the specifications and reference numbers of standards for qualified certificates for website authentication referred to in paragraph 1. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).;	3. By [12 months after the date of entry into force of this amending Regulation], the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, provide the specifications and reference numbers of standards for qualified certificates for website authentication referred to in paragraph 1 and 2 . Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).';	deleted	3. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, provide the specifications and reference numbers of standards for qualified certificates for website authentication, referred to in paragraph 1.—Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).;
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (38), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (3a)		
	353a				3a. Article 45a-1
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (38), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (3b)		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
353b				3b. Cybersecurity precautionary measures
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (38), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (3c)		
s 353c				1. Web-browsers shall not take any measures contrary to their obligations set out in Art 45, notably the requirement to recognise Qualified Certificates for Web Authentication, and to display the identity data provided in a user friendly manner.
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (38), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (3d)		
6 353d				2. By way of derogation to paragraph 1 and only in case of substantiated concerns related to breaches of security or loss of integrity of an identified certificate or set of certificates, web-browsers may take precautionary measures in relation to that certificate or set of certificates.
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (38), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (3e)		
⁶ 353e				3. Where measures are taken, web-browsers shall notify their concerns in writing without undue delay, jointly with a description of the measures taken to mitigate

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					those concerns, to the Commission, the competent supervisory authority, the entity to whom the certificate was issued and to the qualified trust service provider that issued that certificate or set of certificates. Upon receipt of such a notification, the competent supervisory authority shall issue an acknowledgement of receipt to the web-browser in question.
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (38), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (3f)		
G	353f				4. The competent supervisory authority shall consider the issues raised in the notification in accordance with Article 17(3)(c). When the outcome of that investigation does not result in the withdrawal of the qualified status of the certificate(s), the supervisory authority shall inform the webbrowser accordingly and request it to put an end to the precautionary measures referred to in paragraph 2.
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39)			
G	354	(39) the following sections 9, 10 and 11 are inserted after Article 45:	(39) the following sections 9, 10 and 11 are inserted after Article 45:	(39) the following sections 9, 10 and 11 are inserted after Article 45:	(39) the following sections 9, 10 and 11 are inserted after Article 45:

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		·			Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, first paragraph		
G	355	SECTION 9	SECTION 9	SECTION 9	SECTION 9 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, second paragraph		
G	356	ELECTRONIC ATTESTATION OF ATTRIBUTES	ELECTRONIC ATTESTATION OF ATTRIBUTES	ELECTRONIC ATTESTATION OF ATTRIBUTES	ELECTRONIC ATTESTATION OF ATTRIBUTES Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, third paragraph		
G	357	Article 45a	Article 45a	Article 45a	Article 45a Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, fourth paragraph	-	
G	358	Legal effects of electronic attestation of attributes Text Origin: Commission Proposal			
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1)		

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
G	359	1. An electronic attestation of attributes shall not be denied legal effect and admissibility as evidence in legal proceedings solely on the grounds that it is in electronic form.	1. An electronic attestation of attributes shall not be denied legal effect and admissibility as evidence in legal proceedings solely on the grounds that it is in electronic form or that it does not meet the requirements for qualified electronic attestations of attributes, or that it has been issued by a trust service provider established in a different Member State.	1. An electronic attestation of attributes shall not be denied legal effect and admissibility as evidence in legal proceedings solely on the grounds that it is in electronic form or that it does not meet the requirements for qualified electronic attestations of attributes.	1. An electronic attestation of attributes shall not be denied legal effect and admissibility as evidence in legal proceedings solely on the grounds that it is in electronic form, or that it does not meet the requirements for qualified electronic attestations of attributes.
Α	rticle 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2)		
	360	2. A qualified electronic attestation of attributes shall have the same legal effect as lawfully issued attestations in paper form.	2. A qualified electronic attestation of attributes shall have the same legal effect as a lawfully issued attestation in paper form. Relying parties shall continue to accept such attestations in paper form as an alternative to electronic attestation of attributes.	2. A qualified electronic attestation of attributes and attestations of attributes issued by or on behalf of a public sector body responsible for an authentic source shall have the same legal effect as lawfully issued attestations in paper form.	
Α	rticle 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (3)		
G	361	3. A qualified electronic attestation of attributes issued in one Member State shall be recognised as a qualified electronic attestation of attributes in any other Member State.	3. A qualified electronic attestation of attributes issued in one Member State shall be recognised as a qualified electronic attestation of attributes in any other Member State.	3. A qualified electronic attestation of attributes issued in one Member State shall be recognised as a qualified electronic attestation of attributes in any other Member State.	3. A qualified electronic attestation of attributes issued in one Member State shall be recognised as a qualified electronic attestation of attributes in any other Member State.

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
					Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (3a)		
	361a			3a. An attestation of attributes issued by or on behalf of a public sector body responsible for an authentic source shall be recognised as an attestation of attributes issued by or on behalf of a public sector body responsible for an authentic source in all Member States.	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, eighth paragraph		
G	362	Article 45b	Article 45b	Article 45b	Article 45b Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, ninth paragraph		
G	363	Electronic attestation of attributes in public services	Electronic attestation of attributes in public services	Electronic attestation of attributes in public services	Electronic attestation of attributes in public services Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, tenth paragraph		
G	364	When an electronic identification using an electronic identification	When an electronic identification using an electronic identification	When an electronic identification using an electronic identification	When an electronic identification using an electronic identification

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	means and authentication is required under national law to access an online service provided by a public sector body, person identification data in the electronic attestation of attributes shall not substitute electronic identification using an electronic identification means and authentication for electronic identification unless specifically allowed by the Member State or the public sector body. In such a case, qualified electronic attestation of attributes from other Member States shall also be accepted.	means and authentication is required under national law to access an online service provided by a public sector body, person identification data in the electronic attestation of attributes shall not substitute electronic identification using an electronic identification means and authentication for electronic identification unless specifically allowed by the Member State or the public sector body. In such a case, qualified electronic attestation of attributes from other Member States shall also be accepted.	means and authentication is required under national law to access an online service provided by a public sector body, person identification data in the electronic attestation of attributes shall not substitute electronic identification using an electronic identification means and authentication for electronic identification unless specifically allowed by the Member State-or the public sector body. In such a case, qualified electronic attestation of attributes from other Member States shall also be accepted.	means and authentication is required under national law to access an online service provided by a public sector body, person identification data in the electronic attestation of attributes shall not substitute electronic identification using an electronic identification means and authentication for electronic identification unless specifically allowed by the Member State or the public sector body. In such a case, qualified electronic attestation of attributes from other Member States shall also be accepted. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending			
⁶ 365	Article 45c	Article 45c	Article 45c	Article 45c
				Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, twelfth paragraph		
s 366	Requirements for qualified attestation of attributes	Requirements for qualified attestation of attributes	Requirements for qualified electronic attestation of attributes	Requirements for qualified <u>electronic</u> attestation of attributes Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1)		
367				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	1. Qualified electronic attestation of attributes shall meet the requirements laid down in Annex V. A qualified electronic attestation of attributes shall be deemed to be compliant with the requirements laid down in Annex V, where it meets the standards referred to in paragraph 4.	1. Qualified electronic attestation of attributes shall meet the requirements laid down in Annex V. A qualified electronic attestation of attributes shall be deemed to be compliant with the requirements laid down in Annex V, where it meets the standards referred to in paragraph 4.	1. Qualified electronic attestation of attributes shall meet the requirements laid down in Annex V. A qualified electronic attestation of attributes shall be deemed to be compliant with the requirements laid down in Annex V, where it meets the standards referred to in paragraph 4.	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1a)		
367a			1a. Evaluation of compliance with the requirements laid down in Annex V shall be carried out in accordance with the specifications and standards referred to in paragraph 4.	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2)		
368	2. Qualified electronic attestations of attributes shall not be subject to any mandatory requirement in addition to the requirements laid down in Annex V.	2. Without prejudice to its content, qualified electronic attestations of attributes shall not be subject to any mandatory technical requirement in addition to the requirements laid down in Annex V.	2. Qualified electronic attestations of attributes shall not be subject to any mandatory requirement in addition to the requirements laid down in Annex V.	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (3)		
369	3. Where a qualified electronic attestation of attributes has been revoked after initial issuance, it shall lose its validity from the	3. Where a qualified electronic attestation of attributes has been revoked after initial issuance, it shall lose its validity from the	3. Where a qualified electronic attestation of attributes has been revoked after initial issuance, it shall lose its validity from the	

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	moment of its revocation, and its status shall not in any circumstances be reverted.	moment of its revocation, and its status shall not in any circumstances be reverted. Only relying parties the user has shared this attribute with shall be able to link the revocation to those attributes.	moment of its revocation, and its status shall not in any circumstances be reverted.	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (4)		
370	4. Within 6 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall establish reference numbers of standards for qualified electronic attestations of attributes by means of an implementing act on the implementation of the European Digital Identity Wallets as referred to in Article 6a(10).	4. By [6] months after the date of entry into force of this amending Regulation, the Commission shall establish reference numbers of standards for qualified electronic attestations of attributes by means of an implementing act on the implementation of the European Digital Identity Wallets as referred to in Article 6 a(11) .	4. Within 6 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall establish technical specifications and reference numbers of standards for qualified electronic attestations of attributes by means of an implementing act on the implementation of the European Digital Identity Wallets as referred to in Article 6a(10)a(11).	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, seventeenth paragraph		
371	Article 45d	Article 45d	Article 45d	Article 45d Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, eighteenth paragraph		
372	Verification of attributes against authentic sources	Verification of attributes against authentic sources	Verification of attributes against authentic sources	Verification of attributes against authentic sources Text Origin: Commission Proposal

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1)		
373	1. Member States shall ensure that, at least for the attributes listed in Annex VI, wherever these attributes rely on authentic sources within the public sector, measures are taken to allow qualified providers of electronic attestations of attributes to verify by electronic means at the request of the user, the authenticity of the attribute directly against the relevant authentic source at national level or via designated intermediaries recognised at national level in accordance with national or Union law.	1. Member States shall ensure that, at least for the attributes listed in Annex VI, wherever these attributes rely on authentic sources within the public sector, measures are taken to allow qualified providers of electronic attestations of attributes to verify <i>free of charge</i> by electronic means at the request of the user, the authenticity of the attribute directly against the relevant authentic source at national level or via designated intermediaries recognised at national level in accordance with <i>Union or national</i> law.	1. Member States shall ensure within 24 months after entry into force of the implementing acts referred to in Article 6a(11) and Article 6c(4) that, at least for the attributes listed in Annex VI, wherever these attributes rely on authentic sources within the public sector, measures are taken to allow qualified providers of electronic attestations of attributes to verify these attributes by electronic means at the request of the user, the authenticity of the attribute directly against the relevant authentic source at national level or via designated intermediaries recognised at national level and in accordance with national or Union law.	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1a)		
373a		1a. Authentic sources may issue non-qualified electronic attestation of attributes at the request of the user.		
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2)		
374	2. Within 6 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, taking	2. By [6 months after the date of entry into force of this amending	2. Within 6 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, taking	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	into account relevant international standards, the Commission shall set out the minimum technical specifications, standards and procedures with reference to the catalogue of attributes and schemes for the attestation of attributes and verification procedures for qualified electronic attestations of attributes by means of an implementing act on the implementation of the European Digital Identity Wallets as referred to in Article 6a(10).	Regulation J, taking into account relevant international standards, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, set out the minimum technical specifications, standards and procedures with reference to the catalogue of attributes and schemes for the attestation of attributes and verification procedures for qualified electronic attestations of attributes by means of an implementing act on the implementation of the European Digital Identity Wallets as referred to in Article 6a(11). Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).	into account relevant international standards, the Commission shall set out the minimum technical specifications, standards and procedures with reference to the catalogue of attributes and schemes for the attestation of attributes and verification procedures for qualified electronic attestations of attributes by means of an implementing act on the implementation of the European Digital Identity Wallets as referred to in Article 6a(10)a(11).	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, Article		
374a			Article 45da	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, Article		
374b			Requirements for electronic attestation of attributes issued by or on behalf of a public sector body responsible for an authentic source.	<u>Article</u> <u>.</u>
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, Article, first paragraph		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
374c			1. An electronic attestation of attributes issued by or on behalf of a public sector body responsible for an authentic source shall meet the following requirements:	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, Article, first paragraph, poir	nt (a)	
374d			(a) the requirements set out in Annex VII;	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, Article, first paragraph, poir	nt (b), first subparagraph	
374e			(b) the qualified certificate supporting the qualified electronic signature or qualified electronic seal of the public sector body referred to in Article 3 (45a) identified as the issuer referred to in point (b) of Annex VII, shall contain a specific set of certified attributes in a form suitable for automated processing:	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, Article, first paragraph, poir	nt (b), second subparagraph	
374f			(i) indicating that the issuing body is established in accordance with a national or Union law as the responsible for the authentic source on the basis of which the electronic attestation of attributes	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			is issued or as the body designated to act on its behalf;	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, Article, first paragraph, p	oint (b), third subparagraph	
374g			(ii) providing a set of data unambiguously representing the authentic source referred to in letter (i); and	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, Article, first paragraph, p	oint (b), fourth subparagraph	
374h			(iii) identifying the national or Union law referred to in letter (i).	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, Article, second paragraph	ו	
374i			2. The Member State where the public sector bodies referred to in Article 3(45a) are established shall ensure that the public sector bodies that issue electronic attestations of attributes meet the equivalent level of reliability as qualified trust service providers in accordance with Article 24.	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, Article, third paragraph		
374j			3. Member States shall notify the public sector bodies referred to in Article 3 (45a) to the Commission. This notification shall include a	

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			conformity assessment report issued by a conformity assessment body confirming that the requirements set out in paragraphs 1, 2 and 6 of this Article are met. The Commission shall make available to the public, through a secure channel, the list of the public sector bodies referred to in Article 3 (45a) in electronically signed or sealed form suitable for automated processing.	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, Article, fourth paragraph		
374k			4. Where an electronic attestation of attributes issued by or on behalf of a public sector body responsible for an authentic source has been revoked after initial issuance, it shall lose its validity from the moment of its revocation. After revocation, the revoked status of an electronic attestation shall not be reverted.	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, Article, fifth paragraph		
3741			5. An electronic attestation of attributes issued by or on behalf of a public sector body responsible for an authentic source shall be deemed compliant with the requirements laid down	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			in paragraph (1) of this Article, where it meets the standards referred to in paragraph (6).	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, Article, sixth paragraph		
374m			6. Within 6 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall establish technical specifications and reference numbers of standards for electronic attestation of attributes issued by or on behalf of a public sector body responsible for an authentic source, by means of an implementing act on the implementation of the European Digital Identity Wallets as referred to in Article 6a(11).	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, Article, seventh paragraph		
374n			7. Within 6 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall define formats, procedures, specifications and standards for the purposes of paragraph 3 by means of an implementing act on the implementation of European Digital Identity Wallets as referred to in Article 6a(11).	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, Article, eighth paragraph		

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3740			8. Public sector bodies referred to in Article 3(45a) issuing electronic attestation of attributes shall provide an interface with the European Digital Identity Wallets provided in accordance with Article 6a.	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, twenty-first paragraph		
6 375	Article 45e	Article 45e	Article 45e	Article 45e Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1	., first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, twenty-second paragraph		
6 376	Issuing of electronic attestation of attributes to the European Digital Identity Wallets	Issuing of electronic attestation of attributes to the European Digital Identity Wallets	Issuing of electronic attestation of attributes to the European Digital Identity Wallets	Issuing of electronic attestation of attributes to the European Digital Identity Wallets Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, twenty-third paragraph		
s 377	Providers of qualified electronic attestations of attributes shall provide an interface with the European Digital Identity Wallets issued in accordance in Article 6a.	<i>I.</i> Providers of qualified electronic attestations of attributes shall provide an interface with the European Digital Identity Wallets issued in accordance in Article 6a.	Providers of qualified electronic attestations of attributes shall provide an interface with the European Digital Identity Wallets issuedprovided in accordance in Article 6a.	Providers of qualified electronic attestations of attributes shall provide an interface with the European Digital Identity Wallets issued provided in accordance in Article 6a. Text Origin: Council Mandate

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	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, twenty-third paragraph a		
	377a		1a. Public registers shall provide qualified electronic attestation of attributes to the user of a European Digital Identity Wallet at the request of the user.		
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, twenty-fourth paragraph		
G	378	Article 45f	Article 45f	Article 45f	Article 45f Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, twenty-fourth paragraph a		
	378a		1b. Non-qualified attestation of attributes can be issued by any trust service provider, an authentic source or directly through a European Digital Identity Wallet.		
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, twenty-fifth paragraph		
G	379	Additional rules for the provision of electronic attestation of attributes services	Additional rules for the provision of electronic attestation of attributes services	Additional rules for the provision of electronic attestation of attributes services	Additional rules for the provision of electronic attestation of attributes services Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, twenty-fifth paragraph a		

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379a		Ic. Providers of electronic attestations of attributes established in a Member State other than the Member State that issued user's European Digital Identity Wallet, shall provide that user with the possibility to request, obtain, store and manage the electronic attestation of attributes in an easy manner, with no additional technical, administrative or procedural requirements for the European Digital Identity Wallet issued and managed by the Member State of origin.		
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1)		
380	1. Providers of qualified and non-qualified electronic attestation of attributes services shall not combine personal data relating to the provision of those services with personal data from any other services offered by them.	1. Providers of qualified and non-qualified electronic attestation of attributes services shall not combine personal data relating to the provision of those services with personal data from any other services offered by them.	1. Providers of qualified and non-qualified electronic attestation of attributes services shall not combine personal data relating to the provision of those services with personal data from any other services offered by them or their commercial partners .	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2)		
381	2. Personal data relating to the provision of electronic attestation of attributes services shall be kept logically separate from other data held.	2. Personal data relating to the provision of electronic attestation of attributes services shall be kept logically separate from other data held.	2. Personal data relating to the provision of electronic attestation of attributes services shall be kept logically separate from other data	

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			held by the provider of electronic attestation of attributes.	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (3)		
382	3. Personal data relating to the provision of qualified electronic attestation of attributes services shall be kept physically and logically separate from any other data held.	3. Personal data relating to the provision of qualified electronic attestation of attributes services shall be kept physically and logically separate from any other data held.	deleted	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (4)		
383	4. Providers of qualified electronic attestation of attributes' services shall provide such services under a separate legal entity.	4. Providers of qualified electronic attestation of attributes' services shall provide such services under a separate legal entity.	4. Providers of qualified electronic attestation of attributes' services shall provide such services under a separate legal entityimplement functional separation for providing such services.	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, thirtieth paragraph		
384	SECTION 10	SECTION 10	SECTION 10	SECTION 10 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, thirty-first paragraph		
385	QUALIFIED ELECTRONIC ARCHIVING SERVICES	QUALIFIED ELECTRONIC ARCHIVING SERVICES	QUALIFIED ELECTRONIC ARCHIVING SERVICES	QUALIFIED ELECTRONIC ARCHIVING SERVICES

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, thirty-first paragraph a		
385a		Article 45fa		
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, thirty-seventh paragraph		
385b		Legal effects of an electronic archiving service		
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, thirty-eighth paragraph		
385c		1. The legal effect and the admissibility of data and documents archived using an electronic archiving service as legal evidence shall not be refused on the sole grounds that this service is in an electronic form or does not fulfil the requirements of a qualified electronic archiving service.		
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, thirty-ninth paragraph		
385d		2. The data and documents archived using a qualified electronic archiving service shall benefit from a presumption regarding the integrity of the archived data and documents, their availability, their traceability, their		

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			accuracy and their origin as well as the identification of users.		
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, thirty-second paragraph		
G	386	Article 45g	Article 45g	Article 45g	Article 45g Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, thirty-third paragraph		
	387	Qualified electronic archiving services	Qualified electronic archiving services	QualifiedLegal effect of an electronic archiving servicesservice	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, thirty-third paragraph a		
	387a			1. Electronic data stored using an electronic archiving service shall not be denied legal effect and admissibility as evidence in legal proceedings solely on the grounds that they are in electronic form or that they are not stored using a qualified electronic archiving service.	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, thirty-fourth paragraph		
	387b			2. Electronic data stored using a qualified electronic archiving service shall enjoy the presumption of their integrity and	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			of their origin for the duration of the preservation period by the qualified trust service provider.	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, thirty-fifth paragraph		
387c			3. A qualified electronic archiving service in one Member State shall be recognised as a qualified electronic archiving service in any other Member State.	
Article 1	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, thirty-fourth paragraph		
388	A qualified electronic archiving service for electronic documents may only be provided by a qualified trust service provider that uses procedures and technologies capable of extending the trustworthiness of the electronic document beyond the technological validity period.	A qualified electronic archiving service for electronic documents may only be provided by a qualified trust service provider which implements procedures and uses technologies that ensure that all the requirements for a qualified electronic archiving service are met.	deleted	
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, thirty-fifth paragraph		
389	Within 12 months after the entry into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish reference numbers of standards for electronic archiving services. Those implementing acts shall be adopted	Within 24 months after the entry into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish reference numbers of standards for electronic archiving services. Those implementing acts shall be adopted	deleted	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).	in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).		
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, thirty-fifth paragraph a		
389a		Article 45ga		
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, forty-fifth paragraph		
389b		Requirements for qualified electronic archiving services		
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, forty-sixth paragraph		
389c		1. Qualified electronic archiving services shall meet the following requirements:		
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, forty-seventh paragraph		
389d		(a) they are created or maintained by a qualified trust service provider;		
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, forty-eighth paragraph		
389e		(b) they ensure the integrity and the accuracy of their origin and legal features throughout the conservation period;		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, forty-ninth paragraph		Ţ.	
389f		(c) they ensure the accuracy of the date and time of the archiving process;			
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, fiftieth paragraph			
389g		2. Compliance with the requirements laid down in paragraph 1 shall be presumed where an electronic archiving service meets the standards referred to in paragraph 3.			
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, fifty-first paragraph			
389h		3. The Commission may, by means of implementing acts, establish reference numbers of standards for the processes of reception, storing, deletion and transmission of electronic data or documents. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).			
Article 1,	ı , first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, Article			
389i			Article 45ga		
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, Article			
Proposal for a REGIII ATION OF THE ELIROPEAN DARLIAMENT AND OF THE COLINCIL amending Regulation (ELI) No 910/2014 as regards establishing a framework for a European Digital Identity					

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
389j			Requirements for qualified electronic archiving services	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, Article, first paragraph		
389k			1. Qualified electronic archive services shall meet the following requirements:	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, Article, first paragraph, poi	nt (a)	
3891			(a) They are provided by qualified trust service providers	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, Article, first paragraph, poi	nt (b)	
389m			(b) They use procedures and technologies capable of extending the durability and legibility of the electronic data beyond the technological validity period and at least throughout the legal or contractual preservation period, while maintaining their integrity and their origin;	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, Article, first paragraph, poi	nt (c)	
389n			(c) They ensure that the electronic data is preserved in such a way that they are	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 1	first paragraph, point (20), amonding	provision Article first paragraph in	safeguarded against loss and alteration, except for changes concerning their medium or electronic format;	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, Article, first paragraph, p	onit (u)	
3890			(d) They shall allow authorised relying parties to receive a report in an automated manner that confirms that an electronic data retrieved from a qualified electronic archive enjoys the presumption of integrity of the data from the beginning of the preservation period to the moment of retrieval. This report shall be provided in a reliable and efficient way and it shall bear the qualified electronic signature or qualified electronic seal of the provider of the qualified electronic service;	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, Article, second paragraph	1	
389p			2. Within 12 months after the entry into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish technical specifications and reference numbers of standards for qualified electronic archiving services. Compliance with the requirements for	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			qualified electronic archive services shall be presumed when a qualified electronic archive service meets those specifications and standards. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, thirty-sixth paragraph		
390	SECTION 11		SECTION 11	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, thirty-seventh paragraph		
391	ELECTRONIC LEDGERS		ELECTRONIC LEDGERS	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, thirty-eighth paragraph		
392	Article 45h		Article 45h	Article 45h Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, thirty-ninth paragraph		
393	Legal effects of electronic ledgers		Legal effects of electronic ledgers	Y
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1)		
394	An electronic ledger shall not be denied legal effect and admissibility	1.	An electronic ledger shall not be denied legal effect and admissibility	lishing a framework for a European Digital Identity

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		as evidence in legal proceedings solely on the grounds that it is in an electronic form or that it does not meet the requirements for qualified electronic ledgers.		as evidence in legal proceedings solely on the grounds that it is in an electronic form or that it does not meet the requirements for qualified electronic ledgers.	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2)		
G	395	2. A qualified electronic ledger shall enjoy the presumption of the uniqueness and authenticity of the data it contains, of the accuracy of their date and time, and of their sequential chronological ordering within the ledger.	2.	2. Data records contained in a qualified electronic ledger shall enjoy the presumption of the uniqueness and authenticity of the data it contains, of the accuracy of their date and time, and of theirunique and accurate sequential chronological ordering within the ledgerand of their integrity.	2. <u>Data records contained in</u> a qualified electronic ledger shall enjoy the presumption of the uniqueness and authenticity of the data it contains, of the accuracy of their date and time, and of their unique and accurate sequential chronological ordering within the ledger and of their integrity. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2a)		
G	395a			2a. A qualified electronic ledger in one Member State shall be recognised as a qualified electronic ledger in any other Member State.	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, forty-second paragraph		
	396	Article 45i		Article 45i	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, forty-third paragraph		

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
G	397	Requirements for qualified electronic ledgers		Requirements for qualified electronic ledgers	Requirements for qualified electronic ledgers Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1)		
G	398	Qualified electronic ledgers shall meet the following requirements:	1.	Qualified electronic ledgers shall meet the following requirements:	1. Qualified electronic ledgers shall meet the following requirements: Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1), po	int (a)	
G	399	(a) they are created by one or more qualified trust service provider or providers;	(a) I	(a) they are created by one or more qualified trust service provider or providers;	(a) they are created and managed by one or more qualified trust service provider or providers; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1), po	int (b)	
G	400	(b) they ensure the uniqueness, authenticity and correct sequencing of data entries recorded in the ledger;	(b) [(b) they ensure the uniqueness, authenticity and correct sequencingestablish the origin of data entries recorded records in the ledger;	(b) they ensure the uniqueness, authenticity and correct sequencing establish the origin of data entries recorded records in the ledger;
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1), po	int (c)	
G	401	(c) they ensure the correct sequential chronological ordering of	(c) I	(c) they ensure the eorrectunique sequential chronological ordering of	(c) they ensure the <i>correctunique</i> sequential chronological ordering of

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	data in the ledger and the accuracy of the date and time of the data entry;		data records in the ledger and the accuracy of the date and time of the data entry;	data <u>records</u> in the ledger- <u>and the</u> accuracy of the date and time of the data entry;
Article 1	1, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1), po	pint (d)	
g 402	(d) they record data in such a way that any subsequent change to the data is immediately detectable.	(d) [(d) they record data in such a way that any subsequent change to the data is immediately detectable, ensuring their integrity along time.	(d) they record data in such a way that any subsequent change to the data is immediately detectable, ensuring their integrity over time.
Article 1	1, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2)		
G 403	2. Compliance with the requirements laid down in paragraph 1 shall be presumed where an electronic ledger meets the standards referred to in paragraph 3.	2.	2. Compliance with the requirements laid down in paragraph 1 shall be presumed where an electronic ledger meets the specifications and standards referred to in paragraph 3.	2. Compliance with the requirements laid down in paragraph 1 shall be presumed where an electronic ledger meets the <i>specifications and</i> standards referred to in paragraph 3.
Article 1	1, first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (3)		
G 404	3. The Commission may, by means of implementing acts, establish reference numbers of standards for the processes of execution and registration of a set of data into, and the creation, of a qualified electronic ledger. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).;	3.	3. The Commission mayshall, by means of implementing acts, establish technical specifications and reference numbers of standards for the processes of execution and registration of a set of data into, and the creation, creation and operation of a qualified electronic ledger. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the	3. The Commission mayshall, by means of implementing acts, establish reference numbers of standards for the processes of execution and registration of a set of data into, and the creation, of a qualified electronic ledgertechnical specifications and reference numbers of standards relating to the requirements laid down in paragraph 1.— Those implementing

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	,		examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).';	acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).2;
Article :	1, first paragraph, point (39a)			
6 404a		(39a) the following Articles are inserted:		(39a) the following Articles are inserted: Text Origin: EP Mandate
				Tone origin. Dr handade
Article :	1, first paragraph, point (39a), amending	g provision, first paragraph		
6 404b		" Article 46a		Article 46a Text Origin: EP Mandate
Article :	I, first paragraph, point (39a), amending	provision, second paragraph		
G 404c		National competent authorities and single point of contact		Supervision of the EDIW framework
Article :	1, first paragraph, point (39a), amending	g provision, third paragraph		
⁶ 404d		1. Each Member State shall establish one or more new national competent authorities to carry out the tasks assigned to them under		1. Member States shall designate one or more supervisory bodies established in their territory. Supervisory bodies shall be given the necessary powers and adequate

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			Article 46b or designate and existing body for that purpose.		resources for the exercise of their tasks in an effective, efficient and independent manner.
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39a), amendin	g provision, fourth paragraph		
G	404e		2. Each Member State shall designate one national single point of contact on European digital identity framework (single point of contact). Where a Member State designates only one competent authority, that competent authority shall also be the single point of contact for that Member State.		2. Member States shall notify to the Commission the names and the addresses of their respective designated supervisory bodies and any subsequent changes thereto. The Commission shall publish a list of the notified supervisory bodies.
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39a), amendin	g provision, fifth paragraph		
G	404f		3. Each single point of contact shall exercise a liaison function to ensure cross-border cooperation of its Member State's competent authorities with the relevant authorities in other Member States, and, where appropriate, the Commission and ENISA, as well as to ensure cross-sectorial cooperation with other national competent authorities within its Member State.		3. The role of the supervisory bodies shall be: Text Origin: EP Mandate

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
404f.1				a) to supervise issuers of European Digital Identity Wallets established in the designating Member State and to ensure, through ex ante and ex post supervisory activities, that those issuers and the European Digital Identity Wallets they provide meet the requirements laid down in this Regulation
404f.2				b) to take action, if necessary, in relation to issuers of European Digital Identity Wallets established in the territory of the designating Member State, through ex post supervisory activities, when informed that those issuers and the European Digital Identity Wallets they provide allegedly do not meet the requirements laid down in this Regulation.
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39a), amending	g provision, eighth paragraph		
6 404g		4. Member States shall ensure that the competent authorities established or designated pursuant to paragraph 1 of this Article have the necessary powers and adequate resources to carry out, in an effective and efficient manner, the tasks assigned to them and thereby to fulfil the objectives of this Regulation. Member States shall ensure effective, efficient and		4. The tasks of the supervisory bodies shall include in particular: Text Origin: EP Mandate

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		secure cooperation of the designated representatives in the European Digital Identity Framework Board established pursuant to Article 46c.		
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39a), amendin	g provision, sixth paragraph		
6 4041				(a) to cooperate with other supervisory bodies and to provide them with assistance in accordance with Articles 46d and 46e;
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39a), amendin	g provision, seventh paragraph		
6 404m				(b) to request information necessary to monitor the compliance with the relevant provisions of this Regulation;
404m.1				(c) to carry out on-site inspections and off-site supervision;
404m.2				(d) to require that issuers of European Digital Identity Wallets remedy any failure to fulfil the requirements laid down in this Regulation;
404m.3				(e) To suspend or cancel the registration and inclusion of relying parties in the mechanism

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				referred to in Article 6b(2) in the case of illegal or fraudulent use of the European Digital Identity Wallet;
404m.4				(f) to inform the relevant national competent authorities of the Member States concerned, designated pursuant to Directive (EU) XXXX/XXXX [NIS2], of any significant breaches of security or loss of integrity they become aware of in the performance of their tasks and, in the case of a significant breach of security or loss of integrity which concerns other Member States, to inform the single point of contact of the Member State concerned designated pursuant to Directive (EU) XXXX/XXXX (NIS2) and single points of contact designated pursuant to [Article 46c] of this Regulation in the other Member States concerned. The notified supervisory body shall inform the public or require the trust service provider to do so where it determines that disclosure of the breach of security or loss of integrity is in the public interest;
404m.5				(g) to cooperate with competent supervisory authorities established under Regulation (EU) 2016/679,

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				in particular, by informing them without undue delay, where personal data protection rules appear to have been breached and about security breaches which appear to constitute personal data breaches;
Article :	1, first paragraph, point (39a), amending	g provision, ninth paragraph		
¥ 404n		5. Each Member State shall, without undue delay, notify to the Commission of the establishment or designation of the competent authority pursuant to paragraph 1. They shall also make public and notify the Commission of the identity and tasks of single point of contact designated pursuant to paragraph 2 and any subsequent changes thereto. The Commission shall publish a list of those single points of contacts.		5. Where the supervisory body requires the provider of a European Digital Identity Wallet to remedy any failure to fulfil requirements under this Regulation pursuant to paragraph 4 (d) and where that provider does not act accordingly, and if applicable within a time limit set by the supervisory body, taking into account, in particular, the extent, duration and consequences of that failure, may order the issuer to suspend or to cease the issuance of the European Digital Identity Wallet. The supervisory bodies shall inform the supervisory bodies of other Member States, the Commission, relying parties and users of the European Digital Identity Wallet without undue delay of the decision to require the suspension or cessation of the European Digital Identity Wallet.

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (3h)		
	404o				6. By 31 March each year, each supervisory body shall submit to the Commission a report on its previous calendar year's main activities.
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39b)		(C)	
	404p		(39b) Spurious line		
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39b), amending	g provision, first paragraph		
	404q		" Article 46b		Article 46b
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39b), amending	g provision, second paragraph		
	404r		Tasks of the national competent authorities		Supervision of trust services
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39b), amending	g provision, third paragraph		
¥	404s		1. The national competent authorities shall carry the following tasks:		1. Member States shall designate a supervisory body established in their territory or, upon mutual agreement with another Member State, a supervisory body established in that other Member State. That body shall be responsible for

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
					supervisory tasks in the designating Member State. Supervisory bodies shall be given the necessary powers and adequate resources for the exercise of their tasks.
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39b), amending	g provision, fourth paragraph		
¥	404t		(a) to monitor and enforce the application of this Regulation;		2. Member States shall notify to the Commission the names and the addresses of their respective designated supervisory bodies. Text Origin: EP Mandate
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39b), amending	provision, fifth paragraph		
ŭ	404u		(b) to supervise issuers of European Digital Identity Wallets established in its territory through ex ante and ex post supervisory activities, ensuring they meet the requirements laid down in this Regulation and to take corrective actions when they fail to do so;		3. The role of the supervisory body shall be:
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39b), amending	provision, sixth paragraph		
Y	404v		(c) to supervise allegedly unlawful or inappropriate behaviours of relying parties established in its territory, in particular when such		(a) to supervise qualified trust service providers established in the territory of the designating Member State through ex ante and

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		·	behaviours have been reported through European Digital Identity Wallets and apply corrective actions if necessary;		ex post supervisory activities, that those qualified trust service providers and the qualified trust services that they provide meet the requirements laid down in this Regulation;
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39b), amendin	g provision, seventh paragraph		
G	404w		(d) to supervise qualified trust service providers established in the territory of the designating Member State through ex ante and ex post supervisory activities, that those qualified trust service providers and the qualified trust services that they provide meet the requirements laid down in this Regulation;		(b) to take action if necessary, in relation to non-qualified trust service providers established in the territory of the designating Member State, through ex post supervisory activities, when informed that those non-qualified trust service providers or the trust services they provide allegedly do not meet the requirements laid down in this Regulation;
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39b), amendin	g provision, eighth paragraph		
G	404x		(e) to take action if necessary, in relation to non-qualified trust service providers established in the territory of the designating Member State, through ex post supervisory activities, when informed that those non-qualified trust service providers or the trust services they provide allegedly do		4. The tasks of the supervisory body shall include in particular: Text Origin: EP Mandate

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		not meet the requirements laid down in this Regulation;		
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39b), amendin	g provision, ninth paragraph		
6 404y		(f) to analyse the conformity assessment reports referred to in Articles 20(1) and 21(1);		(a) to cooperate with other supervisory bodies and to provide them with assistance in accordance with Articles 46d and 46e; Text Origin: EP Mandate
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39b), amendin	g provision, tenth paragraph		
¥ 404z		(g) to inform the relevant national competent authorities of the Member States concerned, designated pursuant to Directive (EU) XXXX/XXXX [NIS2], of any significant breaches of security or loss of integrity they become aware of in the performance of their tasks and, in the case of a significant breach of security or loss of integrity which concerns other Member States, to inform the single point of contact of the Member State concerned designated pursuant to Directive (EU) XXXX/XXXX (NIS2);		(b) to analyse the conformity assessment reports referred to in Articles 20(1) and 21(1); Text Origin: EP Mandate
	, first paragraph, point (39b), amendin	g provision, eleventh paragraph		
⁶ 404aa				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		(h) to report to the Commission about their main activities in accordance with paragraph 2;		(c) to inform the relevant national competent authorities of the Member States concerned, designated pursuant to Directive (EU) XXXX/XXXX [NIS2], of any significant breaches of security or loss of integrity they become aware of in the performance of their tasks and, in the case of a significant breach of security or loss of integrity which concerns other Member States, to inform the single point of contact of the Member State concerned designated pursuant to Directive (EU) XXXX/XXXX (NIS2) and single points of contact designated pursuant to [Article 46c] of this Regulation in the other Member States concerned. The notified supervisory body shall inform the public or require the trust service provider to do so where it determines that disclosure of the breach of security or loss of integrity is in the public interest;';
Article 1	., first paragraph, point (39b), amendin	g provision, twelfth paragraph		
6 404ab		(i) to carry out audits or request a conformity assessment body to perform a conformity assessment of the qualified trust service		(d) to report to the Commission about its main activities in accordance with paragraph 6 of this Article;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		providers in accordance with Article 20(2);		
Article 1	L, first paragraph, point (39b), amendi	ng provision, thirteenth paragraph		
¥ 404ac		(j) to cooperate with supervisory authorities established under Regulation (EU) 2016/679, in particular, by informing them without undue delay, about the results of audits of qualified trust service providers where there is evidence that personal data protection rules have been breached and about security breaches which are likely to constitute personal data breaches or about suspicions of such breaches that it has become aware of in the performance of its tasks, without prejudice to Regulation (EU) 2016/679;		(e) to carry out audits or request a conformity assessment body to perform a conformity assessment of the qualified trust service providers in accordance with Article 20(2);
Article 1	L, first paragraph, point (39b), amendi	ng provision, fourteenth paragraph		
⁶ 404ad		(k) to grant qualified status to trust service providers and to the services they provide and to withdraw this status in accordance with Articles 20 and 21;		(f) to cooperate with competent supervisory authorities established under Regulation (EU) 2016/679, in particular, by informing them without undue delay where personal data protection rules appear to have been breached and about security

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				breaches which appear to constitute personal data breaches;'
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39b), amendin	g provision, fifteenth paragraph		
▼ 404ae		(l) to inform the body responsible for the national trusted list referred to in Article 22(3) about its decisions to grant or to withdraw qualified status, unless that body is also the national competent authority;		(g) to grant qualified status to trust service providers and to the services they provide and to withdraw this status in accordance with Articles 20 and 21;
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39b), amendin	g provision, sixteenth paragraph		
s 404af		(m) to verify the existence and correct application of provisions on termination plans in cases where the qualified trust service provider ceases its activities, including how information is kept accessible in accordance with Article 24(2), point (h);		(h) to inform the body responsible for the national trusted list referred to in Article 22(3) about its decisions to grant or to withdraw qualified status, unless that body is also the supervisory body;
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39b), amendin	g provision, seventeenth paragraph		
▼ 404ag		(n) to require that trust service providers and issuers of European Digital Identity Wallet's remedy any failure to fulfil the requirements laid down in this Regulation;		(i) to verify the existence and correct application of provisions on termination plans in cases where the qualified trust service provider ceases its activities, including how information is kept accessible in accordance with Article 24(2), point (h);
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39b), amendin	g provision, eighteenth paragraph		

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
¥	404ah		(o) to cooperate with other national competent authorities and provide them with assistance in accordance with Article 46c.		(i) to require that trust service providers remedy any failure to fulfil the requirements laid down in this Regulation.
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39b), amending	g provision, nineteenth paragraph		
Y	404ai		2. By 31 March each year, each national competent authority shall submit to the Commission a report on its main activities during the previous calendar year.		5. Member States may require the supervisory body to establish, maintain and update a trust infrastructure in accordance with the conditions under national law.
	Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (39b), amending	g provision, twentieth paragraph		
Y	404aj		3. The Commission shall make the annual reports referred to in paragraph 2 available to the European Parliament and the Council and make them public.		6. By 31 March each year, each supervisory body shall submit to the Commission a report on its previous calendar year's main activities.
	Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (39b), amending	g provision, twenty-first paragraph		
٧	404ak		4. By [12 months after the date of entry into force of this amending Regulation], the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, define the formats and procedures for the report referred to in paragraph 1, point (h) of this Article. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance		7. The Commission shall make the annual reports referred to in paragraph 6 available to the European Parliament and the Council.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).		
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (39b), amendin	g provision, twenty-second paragraph		
□ 404al		5. By [12 months after the date of entery into force of this amending Regulation], the Commission shall adopt a delegated act in accordance with Article 47, supplementing this Regulation by further specifying the tasks of the national competent authorities referred to in paragraph 1.		8. By [12 months after the date of entry into force of this amending Regulation], the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, define the formats and procedures for the report referred to in paragraph 6. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (39c)	1		
404am		(39c)		9. Within 12 months of the entering into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall adopt guidelines on the exercise by the Supervisory bodies of the asks referred to in paragraph 4.
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39c), amendin	g provision, second paragraph		
⊻ 404an		The European Digital Identity Framework Board		<u>Article 46c</u>
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39c), amendin	g provision, first paragraph		
404ao				Single points of contact

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		" Article 46c		
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39c), amending	g provision, third paragraph		
404ap		1. The European Digital Identity Framework Board (the 'EDIFB') shall be established.		1. Each Member State shall designate one national single point of contact for trust services, European Digital Identity Wallets and notified electronic identification schemes.
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39c), amending	g provision, fourth paragraph		
404aq		2. The EDIFB shall be composed of representatives of national competent authorities and the Commission.		2. Single points of contact shall exercise a liaison function to facilitate cross-border cooperation between the supervisory bodies for trust service providers and between the supervisory bodies for the issuers of the European Digital Identity Wallets and, where appropriate, with the Commission and European Union Agency for Cybersecurity and with other competent authorities within its Member State.
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39c), amending	g provision, fifth paragraph		
404ar		3. Stakeholders and all relevant third parties may be invited to attend meetings of the EDIFB and to participate in its work.		3. Each Member State shall make public and, without undue delay, notify to the Commission the names and the addresses of the designated single point of contact referred to in paragraph 1 and any subsequent change thereto.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Arti	icle 1, first paragraph, point (39c), amend	ng provision, sixth paragraph		
404	4as	4. ENISA shall be invited when issues regarding cyber threats, notification of breaches, cybersecurity certificates or standards or other issues pertaining to the security are discussed.		4. The Commission shall publish a list of the notified single points of contact.
Arti	icle 1, first paragraph, point (39c), amend	ng provision, seventh paragraph		
404	4at	5. The EDIFB shall have the following tasks:		Article 46d
Arti	icle 1, first paragraph, point (39c), amend	ng provision, eighth paragraph		
404	4au	(a) assist the Commission in the preparation of legislative proposals and policy initiatives in the field of digital wallets, electronic identification means and trust services;		Mutual assistance
Arti	icle 1, first paragraph, point (39c), amend	ng provision, ninth paragraph		
404	4av	(b) assist and cooperate with the Commission on the preparation of implementing and delegated acts pursuant to this Regulation;		1. In order to facilitate the supervision and enforcement of obligations under this Regulation, supervisory bodies responsible for trust services and for European Digital Identity Wallets may seek, including through the EDICG,

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				mutual assistance from supervisory bodies of another Member State where the trust service provider or the issuer of the European Digital Identity Wallet is established, its network and information systems are located, or its services are provided.
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39c), amending	g provision, tenth paragraph		
404aw		(c) support the consistent application of this Regulation, among other for the purpose of:		2. The mutual assistance shall at least entail that:
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39c), amending	provision, eleventh paragraph		
404ax		(i) exchanging good practices and information regarding the application of the provisions of this Regulation;		(a) the supervisory body applying supervisory and enforcement measures in one Member State, shall inform and consult the supervisory body from the other Member State concerned;
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39c), amending	g provision, twelfth paragraph	,	
404ay		(ii) examining the relevant developments in the European Digital Identity Wallet, electronic identification and trust services sectors;		(b) a supervisory body may request the supervisory body of another Member State concerned to take supervisory or enforcement measures, including, for instance requests to carry out inspections related to the conformity assessment reports as referred to in Articles 20 and 21 regarding the provision of trust services;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39c), amendin	g provision, thirteenth paragraph		
404az		(iii) organising regular joint meetings with relevant interested parties from across the Union to discuss activities carried out by the EDIFB and gather input on emerging policy challenges;		(c) where appropriate, supervisory bodies may carry out joint investigations with other Member States' supervisory bodies. The arrangements and procedures for such joint actions shall be agreed upon and established by the Member States concerned in accordance with their national law.
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39c), amendin	g provision, fourteenth paragraph		
404ba		(iv) issuing common guidelines on the implementation of the Regulation;		3. A supervisory body to which a request for assistance is addressed may refuse that request on any of the following grounds:
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39c), amendin	g provision, fifteenth paragraph		
404bb		(v) with the support of ENISA, exchanging information, experience and good practice as regards to all cybersecurity aspects of the European Digital Identity Wallet, the electronic identification schemes and trust services;		(a) the supervisory body is not competent to provide the requested assistance;
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39c), amendin	g provision, sixteenth paragraph		
404bc		(vi) national competent authorities under this Regulation and national competent authorities under		(b) the requested assistance is not proportionate to supervisory activities of the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		Directive (EU) XXXX/XXXX of the European Parliament and of the Council [NIS2] shall cooperate to ensure the continuation of current practices and to build on the knowledge and experience gained in the application of the eIDAS Regulation. In addition, they shall collaborate as to ensure a coherent implementation of the Directive (EU) XXXX/XXXX of the European Parliament and of the Council [NIS2];		supervisory body carried out in accordance with Article 46a and 46b;
Article	1, first paragraph, point (39c), amendin	g provision, seventeenth paragraph		
404bd		(vii) providing guidance in relation to the development and implementation of policies on notification of breaches, coordinated vulnerability disclosure and common measures as referred to in Articles 10 and 10a;		(c) providing the requested assistance would be incompatible with this Regulation.
Article	1, first paragraph, point (39c), amendin	g provision, eighteenth paragraph		
404be		(viii) exchanging best practices and information in relation to the cybersecurity measures of this Regulation and on Directive (EU) XXXX/XXXX of the European Parliament and of the Council [NIS2] as regards to trust services, in relation to cyber threats,		4. By [12 months after the date of entry into force of this amending Regulation] [and every two years thereafter], the EDICG shall issue guidance on the organisational aspects and procedures for the mutual assistance referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		incidents, vulnerabilities, awareness raising initiatives, trainings, exercises and skills, capacity building, standards and technical specifications capacity as well as standards and technical specifications;		
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39c), amending	provision, nineteenth paragraph		
404bf		(ix) carrying out coordinated security risk assessments in cooperation with ENISA;		Article 46e
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39c), amending	provision, twentieth paragraph		
404bg		(x) peer review of notified electronic identification schemes falling under this Regulation.		The European Digital Identity Cooperation Group
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39c), amending	g provision, twenty-first paragraph		
404bh		6. In the framework of the EDIFB, Member States may seek mutual assistance:		1. In order to support and facilitate Member States' cross-border cooperation and exchange of information on trust services, European Digital Identity Wallets and notified electronic identification schemes, the European Digital Identity Cooperation Group (the 'EDICG'), shall be established by the Commission
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39c), amending	g provision, twenty-second paragraph		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
404	bi	(a) upon receipt of a reasoned request from a national competent authority, EDIFB shall provide that national competent authority with assistance so that it can be carried out in a consistent manner, which may cover, in particular, information requests and supervisory measures, such as requests to carry out inspections related to the conformity assessment reports as referred to in Articles 20 and 21 regarding the provision of trust services;		2. The EDICG shall be composed of representatives appointed by the Member States and of the Commission. The EDICG shall be chaired by the Commission who shall provide the EDICG Secretariat.
Artic	le 1, first paragraph, point (39c), amendin	g provision, twenty-third paragraph		
404	bj	(b) where appropriate, Member States may authorise their respective national competent authorities to carry out joint investigations in which staff from other Member States' competent national authority is involved. The arrangements and procedures for such joint actions shall be agreed upon and established by the Member States concerned in accordance with their national law.		3. Representatives of relevant stakeholders may be invited to attend meetings of the EDICG and to participate in its work as observers, on an ad hoc basis.
Artic	le 1, first paragraph, point (39c), amendin	g provision, twenty-fourth paragraph		
404	ok	7. By [6 months after the date of entry into force of this amending		4. The European Union Agency for Cybersecurity shall be invited to participate as observer in the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		Regulation] and every two years thereafter, the EDIFB shall establish a work programme in respect of actions to be undertaken to implement its objectives and tasks.		workings of the EDICG when it exchanges views, best practices and information on relevant cybersecurity aspects such as notification of security breaches, the use of cybersecurity certificates or standards are addressed.
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (39c), amending	g provision, twenty-fifth paragraph		
404bl		8. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down procedural arrangements necessary for the functioning of the EDIFB. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).		5. The EDICG shall have the following tasks:
				(a) exchange advice and cooperate with the Commission on emerging policy initiatives in the field of digital identity wallets, electronic identification means and trust services;
				(b) advise the Commission, as appropriate, in the early preparation of draft implementing and delegated acts adopted pursuant to this Regulation;

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			(c) in order to support the supervisory bodies in the implementation of the provisions of this Regulation, the EDICG shall:
			(i) exchange best practices and information regarding the implementation of the provisions of this Regulation;
			(ii) assess the relevant developments in the digital wallet, electronic identification and trust services sectors;
			(iii) organise joint meetings with relevant interested parties from across the Union to discuss activities carried out by the cooperation group and gather input on emerging policy challenges;
			(iv) with the support of ENISA, exchange views, best practices and information on relevant cybersecurity aspects concerning European Digital Identity Wallets, electronic identification schemes and trust services;

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			(v) exchange best practices in relation to the development and implementation of policies on notification of breaches, and common measures as referred to in Articles 10 and 10a;
			(vi) organise joint meetings with the NIS Cooperation Group established under Directive EU 2022/2555 [NIS2] to exchange relevant information in relation to trust services and electronic identification related cyber threats, incidents, vulnerabilities, awareness raising initiatives, trainings, exercises and skills, capacity building, standards and technical specifications capacity as well as standards and technical specifications;
			(vii) organise peer reviews of notified electronic identification schemes falling under this Regulation;
			(viii) discuss, upon a request of a supervisory body, specific requests for mutual assistance as referred to in Article 46d;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				(ix) facilitate the exchange of information between the supervisory bodies by providing guidance on the organisational aspects and procedures for the mutual assistance referred to in Article 46d.
				6. Member States shall ensure effective and efficient cooperation of their designated representatives in the EDICG.
				7. Within 12 months of the entry into force of the Regulation, the Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, establish the necessary procedural arrangements to facilitate the cooperation between the Member States referred to in point (vii) of paragraph 5. That implementing act shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 48(2).
Article :	1, first paragraph, point (39d)		I	
404bm		(39b) Article 47 is amended as follows:		
Article :	1, first paragraph, point (39e)			
404bn				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		(a) paragraphs 2 and 3 are replaced by the following:		
Article 1	first paragraph, point (39e), amendi	ng provision, first paragraph		
404bo		2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article 6a(11a), Article 6c(6), Article 24(1a) and 24(6), Article 30(4) and Article 46b(5) shall be conferred on the Commission for an indeterminate period of time from 17 September 2014.		
Article 1	first paragraph, point (39e), amendi	ng provision, second paragraph		
404bp		3. The delegation of power referred to in Article 6a(11a), Article 6c(6), Article 24(1a) and (6), Article 30(4) and Article 46b(5) may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of the power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.';		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39f)			
404bq		(b) paragraph 5 is replaced by the following:		
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (39f), amending	g provision, first paragraph		
404br		5. A delegated act adopted pursuant to Article 6a(11a), Article 6c(6), Article 24(1a) or (6), Article 30(4) or Article 46b(5) shall enter into force only if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or the Council within a period of two months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by two months at the initiative of the European Parliament or of the Council.';		
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (40)			
⁶ 405	(40) The following Article 48a is inserted:	(40) The following Article is inserted:	(40) The following Article 48a is inserted:	(40) The following Article 48a is inserted: Text Origin: EP Mandate

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (40), amending	provision, first paragraph		
G	406	Article 48a	Article 48a	Article 48a	Article 48a Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (40), amending	provision, second paragraph		
G	407	Reporting requirements	Reporting requirements	Reporting requirements	Reporting requirements Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (40), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1)		
	408	1. Member States shall ensure the collection of statistics in relation to the functioning of the European Digital Identity Wallets and the qualified trust services.	1. Member States shall ensure the collection of statistics in relation to the functioning of the European Digital Identity Wallets and the qualified trust services.	1. Member States shall ensure the collection of statistics in relation to the– functioning of the European Digital Identity Wallets and the qualified trust servicesonce they are provided on their territory.	
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (40), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2)		
G	409	2. The statistics collected in accordance with paragraph 1, shall include the following:	2. The statistics collected in accordance with paragraph 1, shall include the following:	2. The statistics collected in accordance with paragraph 1, shall include the following:	2. The statistics collected in accordance with paragraph 1, shall include the following: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (40), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2), po	int (a)	
G	410				G

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		(a) the number of natural and legal persons having a valid European Digital Identity Wallet;	(a) the number of natural and legal persons having a valid European Digital Identity Wallet;	(a) the number of natural and legal persons having a valid European Digital Identity Wallet;	(a) the number of natural and legal persons having a valid European Digital Identity Wallet;
					Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (40), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2), po	int (b)	
	411	(b) the type and number of services accepting the use of the European Digital Wallet;	(b) the type and number of services accepting the use of the European Digital Identity Wallet and the number of reasons for the rejection of application of service providers aiming to become a relying party;	(b) the type and number of services accepting the use of the European Digital Identity Wallet;	
ŀ	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (40), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2), po	int (ba)	
	411a		(ba) the number of user complaints and consumer protection or data protection incidents relating to relying parties and qualified trust services;		
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (40), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2), po	int (c)	
	412	(c) incidents and down time of the infrastructure at national level preventing the use of Digital Identity Wallet Apps.	(c) the type and number of incidents and down time of the infrastructure at national level preventing the use of European Digital Identity Wallets.	(c) incidents and down time of the infrastructure at national levelsummary report including data on incidents preventing the use of the European Digital Identity Wallet-Apps.	

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (40), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2), po	int (ca)	
	412a		(ca) the type and number of security incidents, suspected data breaches and affected users of European Digital Identity Wallets or qualified trust service;		
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (40), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (3)		
G	413	3. The statistics referred to in paragraph 2 shall be made available to the public in an open and commonly used, machine-readable format.	3. The statistics referred to in paragraph 2 shall be made available to the public in an open and commonly used, machine-readable format.	3. The statistics referred to in paragraph 2 shall be made available to the public in an open and commonly used, machine-readable format.	3. The statistics referred to in paragraph 2 shall be made available to the public in an open and commonly used, machine-readable format. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Article 1,	first paragraph, point (40), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (4)		
G	414	4. By March each year, Member States shall submit to the Commission a report on the statistics collected in accordance with paragraph 2.;	4. By March each year, Member States shall submit to the Commission a report on the statistics collected in accordance with paragraph 2.;	4. By 31 March each year, Member States shall submit to the Commission a report on the statistics collected in accordance with paragraph 2.';	4. By <u>31</u> March each year, Member States shall submit to the Commission a report on the statistics collected in accordance with paragraph 2.2; Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Article 1	first paragraph, point (41)			
	Article 1,	mst paragraph, polit (41)			
G	415	(41) Article 49 is replaced by the following:	(41) Article 49 is replaced by the following:	(41) Article 49 is replaced by the following:	(41) Article 49 is replaced by the following:

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (41), amending	provision, first paragraph		
s 416	Article 49	، Article 49	Article 49	Article 49 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (41), amending	provision, second paragraph		
g 417	Review	Review	Review	Review Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1	., first paragraph, point (41), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1)		
G 418	1. The Commission shall review the application of this Regulation and shall report to the European Parliament and to the Council within 24 months after its entering into force. The Commission shall evaluate in particular whether it is appropriate to modify the scope of this Regulation or its specific provisions taking into account the experience gained in the application of this Regulation, as well as technological, market and legal developments. Where necessary, that report shall be accompanied by	1. The Commission shall review the application of this Regulation and shall report to the European Parliament and to the Council within by [24 months after the date of entry into force of this amending Regulation]. The Commission shall evaluate in particular whether it is appropriate to modify the scope of this Regulation or its specific provisions taking into account the experience gained in the application of this Regulation, as well as	1. The Commission shall review the application of this Regulation and shall report to the European Parliament and to the Council within 2436 months—after its entering into force. The Commission shall evaluate in particular the scope of Article 6 and Article 6db and whether it is appropriate to modify the scope of this Regulation or its specific provisions taking into account the experience gained in the application of this Regulation, as well as customer demand, technological,	1. The Commission shall review the application of this Regulation and shall report to the European Parliament and to the Council within 24 months—after its entering into force. The Commission shall evaluate in particular whether it is appropriate to modify the scope of this Regulation or its specific provisions including, in particular, the provisions included in Article 6c(3), taking into account the experience gained in the application of this Regulation, as well as technological, market and legal

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		a proposal for amendment of this Regulation.	technological, market and legal developments. Where necessary, that report shall be accompanied by a proposal for amendment of this Regulation.	market and legal developments. Where necessary, that report shall be accompanied by a proposal for amendment of this Regulation.	developments. Where necessary, that report shall be accompanied by a proposal for amendment of this Regulation.
Ar	ticle 1,	first paragraph, point (41), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2)		
	419	2. The evaluation report shall include an assessment of the availability and usability of the identification means including European Digital Identity Wallets in scope of this Regulation and assess whether all online private service providers relying on third party electronic identification services for users authentication, shall be mandated to accept the use of notified electronic identification means and European	2. The evaluation report shall include an assessment of the availability, <i>security</i> and usability of the identification means including European Digital Identity Wallets in scope of this Regulation and assess whether all online private service providers relying on third party electronic identification services for users authentication, shall be mandated to accept the use of notified electronic identification means and European <i>Digital Identity Wallet</i> .	2. The evaluation report shall include an assessment of the availability and usability of the identification means including European Digital Identity Wallets in scope of this Regulation and assess whether all online private service providers relying on third party electronic identification services for users authentication, shall be mandated to accept the use of notified electronic identification means and Europeanthe European Digital Identity Wallets.	
Ar	ticle 1,	first paragraph, point (41), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (3)		
6 .	420	3. In addition, the Commission shall submit a report to the European Parliament and the Council every four years after the report referred to in the first paragraph on the progress towards achieving the objectives of this Regulation.	3. In addition, the Commission shall submit a report to the European Parliament and the Council every four years after the report referred to in the first paragraph on the progress towards achieving the objectives of this Regulation.	3. In addition, the Commission shall submit a report to the European Parliament and the Council every four years after the report referred to in the first paragraph on the progress towards achieving the objectives of this Regulation.	3. In addition, the Commission shall submit a report to the European Parliament and the Council every four years after the report referred to in the first paragraph on the progress towards achieving the objectives of this Regulation.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (42)			
g 421	(42) Article 51 is replaced by the following:	(42) Article 51 is replaced by the following:	(42) Article 51 is replaced by the following:	(42) Article 51 is replaced by the following: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (42), amending	provision, first paragraph		
g 422	Article 51	Article 51	Article 51	Article 51 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (42), amending	provision, second paragraph		
g 423	Transitional measures	Transitional measures	Transitional measures	Transitional measures , Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1,	first paragraph, point (42), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (1)		
424	1. Secure signature creation devices of which the conformity has been determined in accordance with Article 3(4) of Directive 1999/93/EC shall continue to be considered as qualified electronic	1. Secure signature creation devices of which the conformity has been determined in accordance with Article 3(4) of Directive 1999/93/EC shall continue to be considered as qualified electronic	1. Secure signature creation devices of which the conformity has been determined in accordance with Article 3(4) of Directive 1999/93/EC shall continue to be considered as qualified electronic	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	signature creation devices under this Regulation until [date – OJ please insert period of four years following the entry into force of this Regulation].	signature creation devices under this Regulation until [date – OJ please insert period of four years following the entry into force of this Regulation].	signature creation devices under this Regulation until [date OJ please insert period of four years36 months following the entry into force of this Regulation].	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (42), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2)		
425	2. Qualified certificates issued to natural persons under Directive 1999/93/EC shall continue to be considered as qualified certificates for electronic signatures under this Regulation until [date – PO please insert a period of four years following the entry into force of this Regulation]	2. Qualified certificates issued to natural persons under Directive 1999/93/EC shall continue to be considered as qualified certificates for electronic signatures under this Regulation until [date – PO please insert a period of four years following the entry into force of this Regulation]	2. Qualified certificates issued to natural persons under Directive 1999/93/EC shall continue to be considered as qualified certificates for electronic signatures under this Regulation until [date PO please insert a period of four years24 months following the entry into force of this Regulation].'.	
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (42), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2a)		
425a			2a. The management of remote qualified electronic signature and seal creation devices by qualified trust service providers other than qualified trust service providers providing qualified trust services for the management of remote qualified electronic signature and seal creation devices in accordance with Articles 29a and 39a shall continue to be considered without the need to obtain the qualified status for the provision of these management	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			services until 24 months following the entry into force of this Regulation.	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (42), amending	provision, numbered paragraph (2b)		
425b			2b. Qualified trust service providers that have been granted their qualified status under this Regulation before [date of entry into force of the amending Regulation], using methods for identity verification for the issuance of qualified certificates in compliance with Article 24(1), shall submit a conformity assessment report to the supervisory body proving compliance with Article 24(1) as soon as possible but not later than 30 months after entry into force of the amending Regulation. Until the submission of such a conformity assessment report and the completion of its assessment by the supervisory body, the qualified trust service provider may continue to rely on the use of the methods for identity verification set out in Article 24(1) of Regulation (EU) No 910/2014.	
Article 1,	, first paragraph, point (43)			
426				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	(43) Annex I is amended in accordance with Annex I to this Regulation;	(43) Annex I is amended in accordance with Annex I to this Regulation;	(43) Annex I is amended in accordance with Annex I to this Regulation;	(43) Annex I is amended in accordance with Annex I to this Regulation;
				Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (44)			
s 427	(44) Annex II is replaced by the text set out in Annex II to this Regulation;	(44) Annex II is replaced by the text set out in Annex II to this Regulation;	(44) Annex II is replaced by the text set out in Annex II to this Regulation;	(44) Annex II is replaced by the text set out in Annex II to this Regulation; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (45)			
G 428	(45) Annex III is amended in accordance with Annex III to this Regulation;	(45) Annex III is amended in accordance with Annex III to this Regulation;	(45) Annex III is amended in accordance with Annex III to this Regulation;	(45) Annex III is amended in accordance with Annex III to this Regulation; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (46)			
G 429	(46) Annex IV is amended in accordance with Annex IV to this Regulation;	(46) Annex IV is amended in accordance with Annex IV to this Regulation;	(46) Annex IV is amended in accordance with Annex IV to this Regulation;	(46) Annex IV is amended in accordance with Annex IV to this Regulation; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article 1	, first paragraph, point (47)			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
6 43	(47) a new Annex V is added as set out in Annex V to this Regulation;	(47) a new Annex V is added as set out in Annex V to this Regulation;	(47) a new Annex V is added as set out in Annex V to this Regulation;	(47) a new Annex V is added as set out in Annex V to this Regulation; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 1, first paragraph, point (48)			
6 43	(48) a new Annex VI is added to this Regulation.	(48) a new Annex VI is added to this Regulation.	(48) a new Annex VI is added to this Regulation.	(48) a new Annex VI is added to this Regulation. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 2			
6 43	Article 2	Article 52	Article 52	Article 2 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 2, first paragraph			
6 43	This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 2, second paragraph			
6 43	1			G

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.	This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.	This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.	This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.
				Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Formula				
s 435	Done at Brussels,	Done at	Done at Brussels,	Done at Brussels, Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Formula				
6 436	For the European Parliament	For the European Parliament	For the European Parliament	For the European Parliament Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Formula				
⁶ 437	The President	The President	The President	The President Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Formula				
⁶ 438	For the Council	For the Council	For the Council	For the Council Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Formula				

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g 439	The President	The President	The President	The President Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Annex I				
g 439.1	Annex I	Annex I	Annex I	Annex I Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Annex I,	first paragraph			
G 440	In Annex I, point (i) is replaced by the following:	In Annex I, point (i) is replaced by the following:	In Annex I, point (i) is replaced by the following:	In Annex I, point (i) is replaced by the following: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Annex I,	first paragraph, amending provision, fi	rst paragraph		
G 441	(i) the information, or the location of the services that can be used to enquire, about the validity status of the qualified certificate;	(i) the information, or the location of the services that can be used to enquire, about the validity status of the qualified certificate;	(i) —the information, or the location of the services that can be used to enquire, about the validity status of the qualified certificate;'.	(i) the information, or the location of the services that can be used to enquire, about the validity status of the qualified certificate;. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Annex I,	first paragraph a, amending provision,	second paragraph		
441a				

			Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		(ia) an indication, in a machine readable format, showing which identity verification method listed in Article 24(1) was used during issuance of the certificate;'.		
Annex II				
441.1 A	Annex II	Annex II	Annex II	Annex II Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Annex II, fir	rst paragraph			
R Q S D	REQUIREMENTS FOR QUALIFIED ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE CREATION DEVICES	REQUIREMENTS FOR QUALIFIED ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE CREATION DEVICES	REQUIREMENTS FOR QUALIFIED ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE CREATION DEVICES	REQUIREMENTS FOR QUALIFIED ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE CREATION DEVICES Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Annex II, po	oint 1.			
cı aj	. Qualified electronic signature creation devices shall ensure, by appropriate technical and procedural neans, that at least:	1. Qualified electronic signature creation devices shall ensure, by appropriate technical and procedural means, that at least:	1. Qualified electronic signature creation devices shall ensure, by appropriate technical and procedural means, that at least:	1. Qualified electronic signature creation devices shall ensure, by appropriate technical and procedural means, that at least: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Annex II, po	oint 1.(a)			
444				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	(a) the confidentiality of the electronic signature creation data used for electronic signature creation is reasonably assured;	(a) the confidentiality of the electronic signature creation data used for electronic signature creation is reasonably assured;	(a) the confidentiality of the electronic signature creation data used for electronic signature creation is reasonably assured;	(a) the confidentiality of the electronic signature creation data used for electronic signature creation is reasonably assured; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Annex II,	, point 1.(b)			
g 445	(b) the electronic signature creation data used for electronic signature creation can practically occur only once;	(b) the electronic signature creation data used for electronic signature creation can practically occur only once;	(b) the electronic signature creation data used for electronic signature creation can practically occur only once;	(b) the electronic signature creation data used for electronic signature creation can practically occur only once; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Annex II,	, point 1.(c)			
⁶ 446	(c) the electronic signature creation data used for electronic signature creation cannot, with reasonable assurance, be derived and the electronic signature is reliably protected against forgery using currently available technology;	(c) the electronic signature creation data used for electronic signature creation cannot, with reasonable assurance, be derived and the electronic signature is reliably protected against forgery using currently available technology;	(c) the electronic signature creation data used for electronic signature creation cannot, with reasonable assurance, be derived and the electronic signature is reliably protected against forgery using currently available technology;	(c) the electronic signature creation data used for electronic signature creation cannot, with reasonable assurance, be derived and the electronic signature is reliably protected against forgery using currently available technology; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Annex II,	, point 1.(d)			
g 447	(d) the electronic signature creation data used for electronic signature creation can be reliably protected by	(d) the electronic signature creation data used for electronic signature creation can be reliably protected by	(d) the electronic signature creation data used for electronic signature creation can be reliably protected by	(d) the electronic signature creation data used for electronic signature creation can be reliably protected by

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		the legitimate signatory against use by others.	the legitimate signatory against use by others.	the legitimate signatory against use by others.	the legitimate signatory against use by others. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Annex II,	point 2.			
g	448	2. Qualified electronic signature creation devices shall not alter the data to be signed or prevent such data from being presented to the signatory prior to signing.	2. Qualified electronic signature creation devices shall not alter the data to be signed or prevent such data from being presented to the signatory prior to signing.	2. Qualified electronic signature creation devices shall not alter the data to be signed or prevent such data from being presented to the signatory prior to signing.	2. Qualified electronic signature creation devices shall not alter the data to be signed or prevent such data from being presented to the signatory prior to signing. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Annex III				
G	448.1	Annex III	Annex III	Annex III	Annex III Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Annex III,	, first paragraph			
G	449	In Annex III, point (i) is replaced by the following:	In Annex III, point (i) is replaced by the following:	In Annex III, point (i) is replaced by the following:	In Annex III, point (i) is replaced by the following: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Annex III,	, first paragraph, amending provision,	first paragraph		
G	450	·	·	·	,

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		(i) the information, or the location of the services that can be used to enquire, about the validity status of the qualified certificate;	(i) the information, or the location of the services that can be used to enquire, about the validity status of the qualified certificate;	(i) —the information, or the location of the services that can be used to enquire, about the validity status of the qualified certificate;'.	(i) the information, or the location of the services that can be used to enquire, about the validity status of the qualified certificate;. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Annex III	, first paragraph a			
	450a		(ia) an indication, in machine readable format, showing which identity verification method listed in paragraph 1 of Article 24 was used during issuance of the seal;'.		
	Annex IV				
G	450.1	Annex IV	Annex IV	Annex IV	Annex IV Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Annex IV	, first paragraph -a			
	450.1a		Annex IV is amended as follows:		
	Annex IV	, second paragraph			
	450.1b		(1) point (c) is replaced by the following:		
	Annex IV	, third paragraph			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
450.1c		(c) for natural persons: at least the name of the person to whom the certificate has been issued <i>with a high level of assurance</i> , or a pseudonym. If a pseudonym is used, it shall be clearly indicated;		for natural persons: at least the name of the person to whom the certificate has been issued, or a pseudonym. If a pseudonym is used, it shall be clearly indicated;
Annex	V, fourth paragraph			
⁶ 450.1d		(ca) for legal persons: at least the name of the legal person to whom the certificate is issued and, where applicable, registration number as stated in the official records with a high level of assurance;';		for legal persons: a unique set of data unambiguously representing the legal person to whom the certificate is issued, with at least the name of the legal person to whom the certificate is issued and, where applicable, the registration number as stated in the official records;
Annex	V, first paragraph			
451	In Annex IV, point (j) is replaced by the following:	(2) ■ point (j) is replaced by the following:	In Annex IV, point (j) is replaced by the following:	
Annex	V, first paragraph, amending provision,	first paragraph	-	
6 452	(j) the information, or the location of the certificate validity status services that can be used to enquire, about the validity status of the qualified certificate	(j) the information, or the location of the certificate validity status services that can be used to enquire, about the validity status of the qualified certificate	(j) —the information, or the location of the certificate validity status services that can be used to enquire, about the validity status of the qualified certificate.'.	(j) the information, or the location of the certificate validity status services that can be used to enquire, about the validity status of the qualified certificate

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Annex V	1			
6 452.1	Annex V	Annex V	Annex V	Annex V Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Annex V	/, first paragraph			
⁶ 453	REQUIREMENTS FOR QUALIFIED ELECTRONIC ATTESTATION OF ATTRIBUTES	REQUIREMENTS FOR QUALIFIED ELECTRONIC ATTESTATION OF ATTRIBUTES	REQUIREMENTS FOR QUALIFIED ELECTRONIC ATTESTATION OF ATTRIBUTES	REQUIREMENTS FOR QUALIFIED ELECTRONIC ATTESTATION OF ATTRIBUTES Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Annex V	, second paragraph			
6 454	Qualified electronic attestation of attributes shall contain:	Qualified electronic attestation of attributes shall contain:	Qualified electronic attestation of attributes shall contain:	Qualified electronic attestation of attributes shall contain: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Annex V	, second paragraph, point (a)			
g 455	(a) an indication, at least in a form suitable for automated processing, that the attestation has been issued	(a) an indication, at least in a form suitable for automated processing, that the attestation has been issued	(a) an indication, at least in a form suitable for automated processing, that the attestation has been issued	(a) an indication, at least in a form suitable for automated processing, that the attestation has been issued

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		as a qualified electronic attestation of attributes;			
					Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Annex V,	second paragraph, point (b)			
G	456	(b) a set of data unambiguously representing the qualified trust service provider issuing the qualified electronic attestation of attributes including at least, the Member State in which that provider is established and:	(b) a set of data unambiguously representing the qualified trust service provider issuing the qualified electronic attestation of attributes including at least, the Member State in which that provider is established and:	(b) a set of data unambiguously representing the qualified trust service provider issuing the qualified electronic attestation of attributes including at least, the Member State in which that provider is established and:	(b) a set of data unambiguously representing the qualified trust service provider issuing the qualified electronic attestation of attributes including at least, the Member State in which that provider is established and: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Annex V,	third paragraph			
G	457	- for a legal person: the name and, where applicable, registration number as stated in the official records,	- for a legal person: the name and, where applicable, registration number as stated in the official records,	- for a legal person: the name and, where applicable, registration number as stated in the official records,	- for a legal person: the name and, where applicable, registration number as stated in the official records, Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Annex V,	fourth paragraph			
G	458	- for a natural person: the person's name;	- for a natural person: the person's name;	- for a natural person: the person's name;	- for a natural person: the person's name; Text Origin: Commission Proposal

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Anne	(V, fifth paragraph			
g 459	(c) a set of data unambiguously representing the entity to which the attested attributes is referring to; if a pseudonym is used, it shall be clearly indicated;	(c) a set of data unambiguously representing the entity to which the attested attributes is referring to; if a pseudonym is used, it shall be clearly indicated;	(c) a set of data unambiguously representing the entity to which the attested attributes is referring to; if a pseudonym is used, it shall be clearly indicated;	(c) a set of data unambiguously representing the entity to which the attested attributes is referring to; if a pseudonym is used, it shall be clearly indicated; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Anne	ς V, sixth paragraph			
g 460	those attributes;	(d) the attested attribute or attributes, including, where applicable, the information necessary to identify the scope of those attributes;	(d) the attested attribute or attributes, including, where applicable, the information necessary to identify the scope of those attributes;	(d) the attested attribute or attributes, including, where applicable, the information necessary to identify the scope of those attributes; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Anne	(V, seventh paragraph			
s 461	(e) details of the beginning and end of the attestation's period of validity;	(e) details of the beginning and end of the attestation's period of validity;	(e) details of the beginning and end of the attestation's period of validity;	(e) details of the beginning and end of the attestation's period of validity; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Anne	ν, eighth paragraph	,		
⁶ 462				G

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	(f) the attestation identity code, which must be unique for the qualified trust service provider and if applicable the indication of the scheme of attestations that the attestation of attributes is part of;	(f) the attestation identity code, which must be unique for the qualified trust service provider and if applicable the indication of the scheme of attestations that the attestation of attributes is part of;	(f) the attestation identity code, which must be unique for the qualified trust service provider and if applicable the indication of the scheme of attestations that the attestation of attributes is part of;	(f) the attestation identity code, which must be unique for the qualified trust service provider and if applicable the indication of the scheme of attestations that the attestation of attributes is part of; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Annex V	, ninth paragraph			
g 463	(g) the advanced electronic signature or advanced electronic seal of the issuing qualified trust service provider;	(g) the <i>qualified</i> electronic signature or <i>qualified</i> electronic seal of the issuing qualified trust service provider;	(g) the advancedqualified electronic signature or advancedqualified electronic seal of the issuing qualified trust service provider;	(g) the advanced qualified electronic signature or advanced qualified electronic seal of the issuing qualified trust service provider; Text Origin: Council Mandate
Annex V	, tenth paragraph			
g 464	(h) the location where the certificate supporting the advanced electronic signature or advanced electronic seal referred to in point (f) is available free of charge;	(h) the location where the certificate supporting the advanced electronic signature or advanced electronic seal referred to in point (f) is available free of charge;	(h) the location where the certificate supporting the advancedqualified electronic signature or advancedqualified electronic seal referred to in point (f)(g) is available free of charge;	(h) the location where the certificate supporting the advanced qualified electronic signature or advanced qualified electronic seal referred to in point (f)(g) is available free of charge; Text Origin: Council Mandate
Annex V	, eleventh paragraph			
⁶ 465	(i) the information or location of the services that can be used to	(i) the information or location of the services that can be used to	(i) the information or location of the services that can be used to	(i) the information or location of the services that can be used to

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	enquire about the validity status of the qualified attestation.	enquire about the validity status of the qualified attestation.	enquire about the validity status of the qualified attestation.	enquire about the validity status of the qualified attestation.
				Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Annex	(VI	,		
⁶ 465.1	Annex VI	Annex VI	Annex VI	Annex VI Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Annex	VI, first paragraph			
s 466	MINIMUM LIST OF ATTRIBUTES	MINIMUM LIST OF ATTRIBUTES	MINIMUM LIST OF ATTRIBUTES	MINIMUM LIST OF ATTRIBUTES Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Annex	VI, second paragraph			
s 467	Further to Article 45d, Member States shall ensure that measures are taken to allow qualified providers of electronic attestations of attributes to verify by electronic means at the request of the user, the authenticity of the following attributes against the relevant authentic source at national level or via designated intermediaries recognised at national level, in accordance with national or Union law and in cases where these attributes rely on	Further to Article 45d, Member States shall ensure that measures are taken to allow qualified providers of electronic attestations of attributes to verify by electronic means at the request of the user, the authenticity of the following attributes against the relevant authentic source at national level or via designated intermediaries recognised at national level, in accordance with <i>Union or national</i> law and in cases where these attributes rely on	Further to Article 45d, Member States shall ensure that measures are taken to allow qualified providers of electronic attestations of attributes to verify by electronic means at the request of the user, the authenticity of the following attributes against the relevant authentic source at national level or via designated intermediaries recognised at national level, in accordance with national or Union law and in cases where these attributes rely on	Further to Article 45d, Member States shall ensure that measures are taken to allow qualified providers of electronic attestations of attributes to verify by electronic means at the request of the user, the authenticity of the following attributes against the relevant authentic source at national level or via designated intermediaries recognised at national level, in accordance with national or Union Union or national law and in cases where

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		authentic sources within the public sector:	authentic sources within the public sector:	authentic sources within the public sector:	these attributes rely on authentic sources within the public sector: Text Origin: EP Mandate
	Annex V	, third paragraph			
G	468	1. Address;	1. Address;	1. Address;	1. Address; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Annex V	, fourth paragraph			
	469	2. Age;	2. Date of birth;	2. Age;	
	Annex V	, fifth paragraph			
G	470	3. Gender;	3. Gender;	3. Gender;	3. Gender; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Annex V	l, sixth paragraph			
G	471	4. Civil status;	4. Civil status;	4. Civil status;	4. Civil status; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Annex V	, seventh paragraph			
G	472	5. Family composition;	5. Family composition;	5. Family composition;	5. Family composition;

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
					Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Annex VI	, eighth paragraph			
	473	6. Nationality;	6. Nationality <i>or nationalities</i>	6. Nationality or citizenship;	
	Annex VI	, eighth paragraph a			
	473a		6a. Citizenship or citizenships;		
	Annex VI	, ninth paragraph			
O	474	7. Educational qualifications, titles and licenses;	7. Educational qualifications, titles and licenses;	7. Educational qualifications, titles and licenses;	7. Educational qualifications, titles and licenses; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Annex VI	, tenth paragraph			
G	475	8. Professional qualifications, titles and licenses;	8. Professional qualifications, titles and licenses;	8. Professional qualifications, titles and licenses;	8. Professional qualifications, titles and licenses; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Annex VI	, eleventh paragraph a			
	475a		8a. Documents proving the activation of a protection regime and name of the authorised party designated to act on behalf of the natural person;		

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
f	Annex VI	, eleventh paragraph			
G	476	9. Public permits and licenses;	9. Public permits and licenses;	9. Public permits and licenses;	9. Public permits and licenses; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Annex VI	, twelfth paragraph			
	477	10. Financial and company data.	10. Company data.	10. Financial and company data.	
	Annex VI	, Part I			
	477a			ANNEX VIa	
	Annex VI	, Title I			
	477b			REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTRONIC ATTESTATION OF ATTRIBUTES ISSUED BY OR ON BEHALF OF A PUBLIC BODY RESPONSIBLE FOR AN AUTHENTIC SOURCE	
	Annex VI	, point 1.			
	477c			1. An electronic attestation of attributes issued by or on behalf of a public body responsible for an authentic source shall contain:	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Annex VI	, point 1.(a)			
477d			(a) an indication, at least in a form suitable for automated processing, that the attestation has been issued as an electronic attestation of attributes issued by or on behalf of a public body responsible for an authentic source;	
Annex VI	, point 1.(b)			
477e			(b) a set of data unambiguously representing the public body issuing the electronic attestation of attributes, including at least, the Member State in which that public body is established and its name and, where applicable, its registration number as stated in the official records;	
Annex VI	, point 1.(c)			
477f			(c) a set of data unambiguously representing the entity which the attested attributes is referring to; if a pseudonym is used, it shall be clearly indicated;	
Annex VI	, point 1.(d)			
477g				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			(d) the attested attribute or attributes, including, where applicable, the information necessary to identify the scope of those attributes;	
Annex V	I, point 1.(e)			
477h			(e) details of the beginning and end of the attestation's period of validity;	
Annex V	I, point 1.(f)			
477i			(f) the attestation identity code, which must be unique for the issuing public body and if applicable the indication of the scheme of attestations that the attestation of attributes is part of;	
Annex V	I, point 1.(g)			
477j			(g) the qualified electronic signature or qualified electronic seal of the issuing body;	
Annex V	I, point 1.(h)			
477k			(h) the location where the certificate supporting the qualified electronic signature or qualified electronic seal referred	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			to in point (g) is available free of charge;	
Annex V	I, point 1.(i)			
4771			(i) the information or location of the services that can be used to enquire about the validity status of the attestation.	