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8603/22

LIMITE

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## **NOTE**

From:	Presidency
To:	Delegations
Subject:	Proposal for a directive of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Directive 2014/53/EU on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of radio equipment (common charger)

In view of the meeting of Working Party on Technical Harmonisation (Radio Equipment) on 22 June 2022, delegations will find in Annex to this note a 4-column document with Presidency compromise proposals.

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## Proposal for a directive of the European Parliament and of the Council

Amending Directive 2014/53/EU on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of radio equipment (common charger)

Cell in green: The text can be deemed as already agreed

Cell in yellow: The issue needs further discussion at technical level

Cell in red: The issue needs further discussion in depth at the trilogue meetings

## *Note:*

Differences between the EP's position and the Commission's proposal are highlighted in Bold/Italics.

Differences between the Council's position and the Commission's proposal are highlighted in Bold/Italics and underlined. Deletions are marked in strike-through.

Row	Location	COMMISSION	EP Mandate	COUNCIL –1 June 2022	Final compromise text
1.	Recital 1	Council <sup>1</sup> is to guarantee the proper functioning of the internal market. Pursuant to	Directive 2014/53/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>2</sup> is to guarantee the proper functioning of the internal market. Pursuant to Article 3(3), point (a), of that Directive, one of the essential requirements that radio equipment must fulfil is that it interoperates with accessories,	One of the objectives of Directive 2014/53/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>3</sup> is to guarantee the proper functioning of the internal market. Pursuant to Article 3(3), point (a), of that Directive, one of the essential requirements that radio equipment must fulfil is that it interoperates with accessories, in particular with common	One of the objectives of Directive 2014/53/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>4</sup> is to guarantee the proper functioning of the internal market. Pursuant to Article 3(3), point (a), of that Directive, one of the essential requirements that radio equipment must fulfil is that it interoperates with accessories, in particular with common

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Directive 2014/53/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of radio equipment and repealing Directive 1999/5/EC (OJ L 153, 22.5.2014, p. 62).

Directive 2014/53/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of radio equipment and repealing Directive 1999/5/EC (OJ L 153, 22.5.2014, p. 62).

Directive 2014/53/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of radio equipment and repealing Directive 1999/5/EC (OJ L 153, 22.5.2014, p. 62).

Directive 2014/53/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of radio equipment and repealing Directive 1999/5/EC (OJ L 153, 22.5.2014, p. 62).

		chargers. In that respect, recital (12) of Directive 2014/53/EU indicates that the interoperability between radio equipment and accessories such as chargers simplifies the use of radio equipment and reduces unnecessary waste and costs.	chargers. In that respect, recital (12) of Directive 2014/53/EU indicates that the interoperability between radio equipment and accessories such as chargers simplifies the use of radio equipment and reduces unnecessary waste and costs and that developing a common charger for particular categories or classes of radio equipment is necessary, particularly for the benefit of consumers and other end-users.	chargers. In that respect, recital (12) of Directive 2014/53/EU indicates that the interoperability between radio equipment and accessories such as chargers simplifies the use of radio equipment and reduces unnecessary waste and costs.	chargers. In that respect, recital (12) of Directive 2014/53/EU indicates that the interoperability between radio equipment and accessories such as chargers simplifies the use of radio equipment and reduces unnecessary waste and costs and that developing a common charger for particular categories or classes of radio equipment is necessary, in particular for the benefit of consumers and other endusers.
2.	Recital 2	Since 2009, efforts have been deployed at Union level to limit	Since 2009, efforts have been deployed at Union level to limit	Since 2009, efforts have been deployed at Union level to	Since 2009, efforts have been deployed at Union level to

fragmentation of the charging interfaces for mobile charging interfaces for mobile phones and similar items of phones and similar items of radio equipment. Recent radio voluntary initiatives do not Regrettably, objectives to reduce electronic *increased* (e-waste), waste consumer convenience market for charging devices.

the the fragmentation of the equipment. Recent voluntary meet Union policy initiatives do, although having the level ensure standardisation of charging and devices and decreased the fragmentation of the *number of charger types* available on the market, did not fully meet Union policy objectives to reduce electronic (e-waste), waste ensure convenience consumer and avoid fragmentation of the market for charging devices. **To** date, there are no voluntary commitments binding requirements on common chargers charging

limit the fragmentation of the charging interfaces for mobile phones and similar items of equipment. radio Recent voluntary initiatives do not fully meet Union policy objectives to reduce electronic (e-waste), waste ensure consumer convenience and avoid fragmentation of the market for charging devices.

limit the fragmentation of the charging interfaces for mobile phones and similar items of radio equipment. Recent voluntary initiatives, although having increased the level of convergence of charging devices and decreased the number of charging solutions available on the market, do not fully meet Union policy objectives to reduce electronic (e-waste), waste ensure consumer convenience and avoid fragmentation of the market for charging devices.

		interfaces for mobile phones or other similar portable devices. A comprehensive approach at Union level is needed to address the risks related to the continued market fragmentation, to minimise the environmental impact of portable devices' chargers and to empower consumers by providing them with a sustainable choice when buying such products.	
3.	Recital 2a (new)	The European Parliament has repeatedly called for the introduction of a common charger and, in January 2020, adopted a resolution on a common charger for mobile radio equipment stressing that	

there is an urgent need for Union regulatory action for a common charger for mobile phones and other small and medium-sized radio equipment devices in order to reduce ewaste, to empower consumers to make sustainable choices, and to allow consumers to participate fully in an efficient and well-functioning internal market. That resolution also highlights the importance of research and innovation in domain to improve existing technologies and to develop new ones and the need for a regular scrutiny of the legislative framework for a common charger in order to take into account technical

			progress.		
4.	Recital 3	The Union is committed to boosting the efficient use of resources by moving to a clean, circular economy through the introduction of initiatives such as Directive 2012/19/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>5</sup> and more recently through the introduction of the European Green Deal. This Directive aims to reduce the ewaste generated by the sale of radio equipment and to reduce the extraction of raw materials and the CO <sub>2</sub> emissions	The Union is committed to boosting the efficient use of resources by moving to a clean, circular economy through the introduction of initiatives such as Directive 2012/19/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>6</sup> and more recently through the introduction of the European Green Deal. This Directive aims to reduce the e-waste generated by the sale of radio equipment and to reduce the extraction of raw materials and	initiatives such as Directive 2012/19/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council and more recently through the introduction of the European Green Deal. This Directive aims to reduce the e-waste generated by the sale of radio equipment and to reduce the extraction of raw materials and	boosting the efficient use of resources by moving to a clean, circular economy through the introduction of initiatives such as Directive 2012/19/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council and more recently through the introduction of the European Green Deal. This Directive aims to reduce the e-waste generated by the sale of radio equipment and to reduce the extraction of raw materials and
		generated by the production, transportation and disposal of		the CO2 emissions generated by the production,	the CO2 emissions generated by the production,

<sup>5</sup> 

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Directive 2012/19/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE) (OJ L 197, 24.7.2012, p. 38). Directive 2012/19/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE) (OJ L 197, 24.7.2012, p. 38).

		chargers, thereby promoting a circular economy.	transportation and disposal of chargers, thereby promoting a circular economy.	transportation and disposal of chargers, thereby promoting a circular economy.	transportation and disposal of chargers, thereby promoting a circular economy.
5.	Recital 4	The Commission's Circular Economy Action Plan provided for initiatives along the entire life cycle of products, targeting their design, promoting circular economy processes, fostering sustainable consumption, and aiming to ensure that the resources used are kept in the Union economy for as long as possible.	The Commission's Circular Economy Action Plan provided for initiatives along the entire life cycle of products, targeting their design, promoting circular economy processes, fostering sustainable consumption, and aiming to ensure that the resources used are kept in the Union economy for as long as possible.	Economy Action Plan	Economy Action Plan provided for initiatives along
6.	Recital 5	The Commission completed an impact assessment study, which has shown that the internal	1	impact assessment study,	The Commission completed an impact assessment study, which has shown that the

		market is not exploiting its full	that the internal market is not	internal market is not	internal market is not
		potential as continuing	exploiting its full potential as	exploiting its full potential as	exploiting its full potential as
		fragmentation of the market for	continuing fragmentation of	continuing fragmentation of	continuing fragmentation of
		charging interfaces and	the market for, charging	the market for charging	the market for charging
		charging communication	interfaces and charging	interfaces and charging	interfaces and charging
		protocols for mobile phones	communication protocols for	communication protocols for	communication protocols for
		and other similar radio	mobile phones and other	mobile phones and other	mobile phones and other
		equipment results in a lack of	similar radio equipment results	similar radio equipment results	similar radio equipment results
		consumer convenience and an	in a lack of consumer	in a lack of consumer	in a lack of consumer
		increase in e-waste.	convenience and an increase in	convenience and an increase in	
		mercase in e waste.			
			e-waste.	e-waste.	e-waste.
7.	Recital 6	The interoperability between	The interoperability between	The interoperability between	The interoperability between
		radio equipment and	radio equipment and	radio equipment and	radio equipment and
		accessories such as chargers is	accessories such as chargers is	accessories such as chargers is	accessories such as chargers is
		hampered as there are different	hampered as there are different	hampered as there are different	hampered as there are different
		charging interfaces for certain	charging interfaces for certain	charging interfaces for certain	1
		categories or classes of radio	diverse categories or classes of	categories or classes of radio	categories or classes of radio
		equipment that use wired	small and medium-sized radio	equipment that use wired	equipment that use wired
		charging such as handheld	equipment that use wired	charging such as handheld	charging such as handheld
		mobile phones, tablets, digital	charging such as handheld	mobile phones, tablets, digital	mobile phones, tablets, digital

headphones or cameras, headsets, handheld videogame consoles and portable speakers. In addition, there are several charging fast types communication protocols for which a minimum level of performance is not always guaranteed. As a result, Union action is required to promote a common degree interoperability and the provision information of relating charging to the characteristics radio equipment to end-users. It is therefore necessary to introduce suitable requirements Directive 2014/53/EU regarding the charging communication protocols, the

mobile phones, tablets, digital cameras, headphones or headsets, handheld videogame consoles and portable speakers. In addition, there are several types of fast charging communication protocols for which a minimum level of performance is not always guaranteed. As a result, Union action is required to promote a degree common interoperability and fast charging functionality and the provision of information relating to the *power delivery* and charging characteristics of radio equipment to end-users, so that they are adequately informed. It is therefore necessary to introduce suitable

photo/video cameras not intended for professional use, headphones or headsets. handheld videogame consoles and portable speakers. In addition, there are several types of fast charging communication protocols for which a minimum level of performance is not always guaranteed. As a result, Union action is required to promote a common degree interoperability and the provision of information relating to the charging characteristics ofradio equipment to consumers and **other** end-users. It is therefore necessary to introduce suitable requirements in Directive

photo/video camerasintended for professional use, headphones headsets. or handheld videogame consoles, and portable speakers, ereaders, keyboards, mice, portable navigation systems, earbuds and laptops. In addition, there are several of fast types charging communication protocols for which a minimum level of performance is not always guaranteed. As a result, Union action is required to promote a of common degree interoperability and the provision information of relating to the charging characteristics of radio equipment to consumers and

charging interface (i.e. charging receptacle) of certain categories or classes of radio equipment, as well as the information to be provided to end-users regarding the charging characteristics of those categories or classes of radio equipment.

requirements in Directive 2014/53/EU regarding the charging communication protocols. charging the interface charging (i.e. receptacle) of certain categories or classes of radio equipment operating with power delivery of up to 100 Watts, well as the information to be provided to regarding end-users charging characteristics those categories or classes of radio equipment, such information about the minimum and maximum wattage range or the charging speeds, including guidance on what type of charger works best with specific categories or

2014/53/EU regarding the charging communication protocols, the charging interface (i.e. charging receptacle) of certain categories or classes of radio equipment, as well as the information to be provided to consumers and other endusers regarding the charging characteristics of those categories or classes of radio equipment.

**other** end-users. It is therefore necessary to introduce suitable requirements in Directive 2014/53/EU regarding the charging communication protocols, charging the interface charging (i.e. receptacle) certain of categories or classes of radio equipment, as well as the information to be provided to consumers and other endusers regarding the charging characteristics of those categories or classes of radio equipment, such information about minimum and maximum power required to charge the radio equipment. The minimum power should

			classes of radio equipment, so that end-users can easily understand which chargers they can use with which radio equipment device.		express the sum of the power required by the radio equipment to maintain operation and the minimum power required by its battery to start charging. The maximum power should express the sum of the power required by the radio equipment to maintain operation and the power required to achieve the maximum charging speed.
8.	Recital 7	The absence of harmonisation in this area may lead to substantial differences between the Member States' laws, regulations, administrative provisions or practices on the interoperability of mobile	The absence of harmonisation in this area may lead to substantial differences between the Member States' laws, regulations, administrative provisions or practices on the interoperability of mobile	substantial differences between the Member States' laws, regulations, administrative provisions or practices on the	in this area may lead to substantial differences between the Member States' laws, regulations, administrative

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		phones and similar categories or classes of radio equipment with their charging devices, and on the supply of radio equipment without charging devices.	phones and similar categories or and classes of small and medium-sized radio equipment with their charging devices, and on the supply of radio equipment without charging devices.	with their charging devices, and on the supply of radio equipment without charging	phones and similar categories or classes of radio equipment with their charging devices, and on the supply of radio equipment without charging devices.
9.	Recital 8	The size of the internal market in rechargeable mobile phones and similar categories or classes of radio equipment, the proliferation of different types of charging devices for such radio equipment and the significant cross-border trade of those products calls for stronger legislative action at Union level rather than either national level or voluntary	of charging devices for such radio equipment, lack of interoperability and poor	in rechargeable mobile phones and similar categories or classes of radio equipment, the proliferation of different types of charging devices for such radio equipment and the significant cross-border trade of those products calls for stronger legislative action at Union level rather than either	classes of radio equipment, the proliferation of different types of charging devices for such radio equipment, lack of interoperability and the significant cross-border trade of those products calls for stronger legislative action at
		measures, so as to achieve the		measures, so as to achieve the	

smooth functioning of the smooth functioning of the and ports, unpredictable measures, so as to achieve the charging times, failed or lost internal market. internal market. smooth functioning of the market while chargers for certain electronic internal devices and the significant reducing environmental cross-border trade of those and ensuring waste products calls for stronger consumer convenience. legislative action at Union level rather than either national level or voluntary measures, so as to achieve the smooth functioning of the internal market, better consumer and environmental protection, and to ensure a flexible and future-proof approach that will not prevent development of the new charging solutions and will not lead to the technological lock-in effect.

10.

Recital 9

It is therefore necessary to harmonise charging the interface and charging communication protocols for specific categories or classes of radio equipment that are recharged via wired charging. It is also necessary to provide the basis for adaption to any future technological progress introducing a harmonisation of the charging interfaces and the charging communication protocols with respect to radio equipment that may be charged via any means other than wired charging including charging via radio waves (wireless charging). Such harmonisation should reduce environmental waste, ensure consumer

It is therefore necessary to charging harmonise the interface and charging communication protocols for specific categories or classes of radio equipment that are operating with power delivery of up to 100 Watts and are recharged via wired charging. The Commission should regularly assess all the categories or classes of radio equipment that are capable of being equipped with the **USB** Type-C receptacle, and harmonise their charging interface and charging communication protocols, whenever it would not disproportionately reduce the technical capabilities of

harmonise charging the interface and charging communication protocols for specific categories or classes of radio equipment that are recharged via wired charging. It is also necessary to provide basis the for adaptationadaption to anv future technological progress or market developments, which will be continuously monitored bv the Commission. In particular, <del>by the</del> introducing introduction ofharmonisation of the charging interfaces and the charging communication protocols should in the future also be

It is therefore necessary to It is therefore necessary to harmonise the charging interface and charging communication protocols for specific categories or classes of radio equipment that are recharged via wired charging. It is also necessary to provide basis the for adaptation adaption to anv future scientific and technological progress or market developments, which will be continuously monitored bv the Commission. In particular, introducing —the **introduction** of harmonisation of the charging interfaces and the charging communication protocols convenience and avoid fragmentation of the market among different charging interfaces and charging communication protocols as well as among any initiatives at national level, which might cause barriers to trade in the internal market.

the device and is technically feasible. It is also necessary to provide the basis for adaption adaptation to any future scientific and technological progress, or consumer convenience and environmental developments introducing by harmonisation and minimum common interoperability of the charging interfaces and the charging communication protocols with respect to radio equipment that may be charged via any means other than wired charging including charging via radio waves (wireless charging) by 31 December 2026. To that end. Commission should considered with respect to radio equipment that may be charged via any means other than wired charging including charging via radio waves (wireless charging). Such harmonisation should reduce environmental waste, ensure consumer convenience and avoid fragmentation of the market different among interfaces charging and charging communication protocols as well as among any initiatives at national level. which might cause barriers to trade in the internal market. The future adaptation of the harmonisation should continue to pursue these objectives by ensuring that it

should in the future also be considered with respect to radio equipment that may be charged via any means other than wired charging including charging via radio waves (wireless charging). Furthermore, the inclusion of additional categories or classes or radio equipment that are recharged via wired should charging systematically considered in the context of the future adaptation of harmonised solution, provided that the integration of the harmonised solution such additional for categories or classes of radio equipment is technically

evaluate effectively and compare the efficiency of different wireless charging technologies and ensure interoperability the charging interface and fast charging protocols for wireless charging. Such harmonisation should ensure that the technology using other means than wired charging is not less energy efficient and safe and that it is interoperable and capable of quickly charging different categories or classes of small medium-sized radio and equipment. Such an approach would help reduce environmental waste, ensure consumer convenience and

incorporates the most
appropriate technical
solutions for the wired and
wireless charging interfaces
and charging communication
protocols.

The harmonised technical solutions should reflect the appropriate most combination between the market acceptance as well as the objectives of reduction of environmental waste, consumer convenience and avoidance market fragmentation. Relevant technical standards fulfilling the objectives above and having been developed at European or international

feasible. Such harmonisation should pursue the objectives of reducinge environmental waste, ensuringe consumer convenience and avoiding fragmentation of the market among different charging interfaces charging and communication protocols as well as among any initiatives at national level, which might cause barriers to trade in the internal market. The future adaptation of the harmonisation should continue to pursue these objectives by ensuring that it incorporates the most appropriate technical solutions for the wired and wireless charging interfaces

avoid lock-in effects with proprietary charging solutions and fragmentation of the market among different charging interfaces and charging communication protocols as well as among any initiatives at national level, which might cause barriers to trade in the internal market.

level should primarily be used for the selection of such technical solutions. exceptional cases where there is a need to introduce, add or modify an existing technical specification in the absence of publicly available European or international standards that fulfill the objectives mentioned above, the Commission should be able to reference other specifications, technical provided that these have been developed in line with the criteria of openness, consensus and transparency, and that they meet the requirements of neutrality and stability, as referred to

and charging communication

protocols for any means of

charging (wired and

wireless).

The harmonised technical solutions should reflect the appropriate most combination between the market acceptance as well as objectives the of reduction reducing environmental waste. ensuring consumer convenience and avoidance avoiding of market fragmentation. Relevant technical standards fulfilling the objectives above and having been developed at European or international

in Annex II of Regulation level should primarily be (EU) No 1025/2012 used for the selection of such European Standardisation. technical solutions. All the relevant sectoral exceptional cases where stakeholders represented in there is a need to introduce, Commission **Expert** add or modify an existing Group on Radio Equipment technical specification in the should be involved in the absence of publicly available throughout European or international the process of adaptation standards that fulfil the the harmonisation. objectives mentioned above, the Commission should be able to reference set out technical other specifications, provided that these have been developed in line with the criteria of openness, consensus and transparency, and that they meet the requirements of neutrality and stability, as

					referred to in Annex II of Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 on European Standardisation. All the relevant sectoral stakeholders represented in the Commission Expert Group on Radio Equipment should be involved in the process throughout the adaptation of the harmonisation.
11.	Recital 10	Such harmonisation would be however incomplete, if it is not combined with requirements regarding the combined sale of radio equipment and their chargers and information to be provided to end-users. A fragmentation of approaches	Such harmonisation would be however incomplete, if it is not combined with requirements regarding the combined sale of radio equipment and their chargers and <i>mandatory</i> information to be provided to end-users	however incomplete, if it is not combined with requirements regarding the combined sale of radio equipment and their chargers and information to be	Such harmonisation would be however incomplete, if it is not combined with requirements regarding the combined sale of radio equipment and their chargers and information to be provided to <b>consumers and other</b> end-users. A

among the Member States with respect to the marketing of the categories or classes of radio equipment concerned and their charging devices would hamper the cross-border trade in those products, for example by obliging economic operators to repackage their products depending on the Member State, in which the products are to be supplied. This would in increased result in inconvenience for consumers would generate and unnecessary e-waste thus offsetting the benefits derived from the harmonisation of the charging interface and charging communication protocol. It is therefore necessary to impose

## before the sale of the product.

fragmentation approaches among Member States with respect to marketing of categories or classes of radio equipment concerned their charging devices would hamper the cross-border trade in those products, for example obliging by economic operators to repackage their products depending on the Member State, in which the products are to be supplied. This would in turn result in increased inconvenience for consumers and would generate unnecessary e-waste thus offsetting the benefits derived from the fragmentation of approaches among the Member States with respect to the marketing of the categories or classes of radio equipment concerned and their charging devices would hamper the cross-border trade obliging economic by operators to repackage their products depending on the Member State, in which the products are to be supplied. increased inconvenience for consumers and would generate unnecessary e-waste offsetting the benefits derived from the harmonisation of the charging interface and charging communication

fragmentation of approaches among the Member States with respect to the marketing of the categories or classes of radio equipment concerned and their charging devices would hamper the cross-border trade in those products, for example | in those products, for example obliging economic operators to repackage their products depending on the Member State, in which the products are to be supplied. This would in turn result in This would in turn result in increased inconvenience for consumers and would generate unnecessary e-waste thus offsetting the benefits derived from the harmonisation of the charging interface and communication charging

requirements to ensure that end-users are not obliged to purchase a new charging device with each purchase of a new mobile phone or similar item of radio equipment. To ensure the effectiveness of such requirements, end-users should receive the necessary information regarding charging characteristics when purchasing a mobile phone or similar item of radio equipment.

harmonisation of the charging interface charging and communication protocol. It is therefore necessary to impose requirements to ensure that consumers and other endusers are not obliged to purchase a new charging device and cable with each purchase of a new mobile phone or similar item of radio equipment and are offered the option to purchase the radio equipment without any charging device and cable. To ensure the effectiveness of such requirements, end-users receive the should *also* information necessary regarding the charging characteristics when

protocol. It is therefore protocol. necessary impose to requirements to ensure that consumers and other endusers are not obliged to purchase a new charging device with each purchase of a new mobile phone or similar new mobile phone or similar item of radio equipment. To ensure the effectiveness of such requirements, consumers and other end-users should receive the necessary information regarding charging characteristics when purchasing a mobile phone or similar item of radio equipment. dedicated pictogram should enable consumers and other endusers to determine whether

It is therefore necessary impose to requirements to ensure that consumers and other endusers are not obliged to purchase a new charging device with each purchase of a item of radio equipment. Unbundling should provide sustainable, available, attractive and convenient choices for consumers and other end-users. Drawing on the experience of application of requirements, the emerging market trends and the technological evolution, the **Commission should consider** extension an

similar item of equipment. dedicated graphic, in placed a prominent position on the product, should enable determine consumers whether or not a charging device is included with the radio equipment before the purchase. Such measures should not be financially detrimental to end-users, and discriminatory, any disproportionate or unfair marketing practices resulting in unnecessary costs and burden for end-users or leading end-users towards unsustainable habits and patterns would need to be

purchasing a mobile phone or similar item of radio equipment. A dedicated graphic, placed in a prominent position on the product, should enable consumers to determine or not a charging device is included with the radio equipment. A dedicated equipment before the purchase. The pictogram should be displayed in the case of all forms of supply, including distance selling.

requirement related to the supply of charging devices together with the radio equipment to cables and/or introduction the mandatory unbundling in order to ensure that the of reducing objectives environmental waste and ensuring consumer convenience are pursued in the most effective manner. To ensure the effectiveness of such requirements, consumers and other end-users should receive the necessary information regarding charging characteristics when purchasing a mobile phone or similar of item radio equipment. dedicated monitored and reported by the Commission. Unbundling should provide sustainable, available, attractive and convenient choices consumers and other endusers. To this end, Commission should evaluate in the future whether the measures laid down in this Directive have helped achieve the objectives set out in this Directive and reduce to a significant extent the volume of charging devices and electronic waste, and, if not, provide for than the possibility to offer end-users only the option to acquire the radio equipment without any charging device and cable.

consumers and other endusers to determine whether or not a charging device is included with the radio equipment before the purchase. The pictogram should be displayed in the case of all forms of supply, including distance selling.

Recital It is technically feasible to 11 define USB Type-C as the common charging receptacle common charging receptacle common charging receptacle common charging receptacle for the relevant categories or classes of radio equipment. classes of radio equipment. The classes of radio equipment. classes of radio equipment, USB Type-C technology, The USB Type-C technology, The USB Type-C technology, notably because they are which is being used globally capable which is being used globally which is being used globally already adopted adopted integrating such a receptacle. adopted has been at has been at has been standardisation standardisation The USB Type-C technology, standardisation international international international level and has been transposed level and has been transposed which is being used globally level and has been transposed into the European system by into the European system by into the European system by has been adopted at the European Committee for the European Committee for the European Committee for international standardisation Electrotechnical Electrotechnical Electrotechnical level and has been transposed Standardization (CENELEC) Standardization (CENELEC) Standardization (CENELEC) into the European system by under the European Standard under the European Standard under the European Standard the European Committee for EN IEC 62680-1 series<sup>7</sup>. EN IEC 62680-1 series<sup>8</sup>. EN IEC 62680-1**-3:2021** Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC) Universal serial under the European Standard interfaces for data and power - Part 1-3: Common EN **IEC** 62680-1-**3:2021** 

Universal serial bus interfaces for data and power - Part 1-3: Common components - USB Type-C<sup>TM</sup> Cable and Connector Specification

Universal serial bus interfaces for data and power - Part 1-3: Common components - USB Type-C<sup>TM</sup> Cable and Connector Specification

			components - USB Type- C®TM Cable and Connector Specification - series <sup>9</sup> .	Universal serial bus interfaces for data and power - Part 1-3: Common components - USB Type- C®TM Cable and Connector Specification - series 10.
13.	Recital 12	USB Type-C is a technology that is already common to many categories or classes of radio equipment as it provides high-quality charging and data transfer. The USB Type-C charging receptacle, when combined with the USB Power Delivery charging communication protocol, is capable of providing up to 100W of power and therefore	USB Type-C is a technology that is already common to many categories or classes of radio equipment as it provides high-quality charging and data transfer. The USB Type-C charging receptacle, when combined with the USB Power Delivery charging communication protocol, is capable of providing up to 100W of power and therefore	USB Type-C is a technology that is already common to many categories or classes of radio equipment as it provides high-quality charging and data transfer. The USB Type-C charging receptacle, when combined with the USB Power Delivery charging communication protocol, is capable of providing up to 100W of power and therefore

Universal serial bus interfaces for data and power Part 1-3: Common components USB Type C<sup>TM</sup> Cable and Connector Specification
 Universal serial bus interfaces for data and power Part 1-3: Common components USB Type C<sup>TM</sup> Cable and Connector Specification

leaves ample room for further development of fast charging solutions, while allowing the market to cater for low-end phones that do not need fast charging. Mobile phones and similar radio equipment that support fast charging can incorporate the USB Power Delivery features as described in standard EN IEC 62680-1-2:2020 'Universal serial bus interfaces for data and power -Part 1-2: Common components USB Power Delivery specification'

leaves ample room for further development of fast charging solutions, while allowing the market to cater for low-end phones radio equipment that do does not need fast charging. Mobile phones and similar radio Radio equipment that supports fast charging can incorporate the USB Power Delivery features as described in standard EN **IEC** 62680-1-2:<del>2020</del>2021 serial 'Universal interfaces for data and power -1-2: Part Common components - USB Power Delivery specification'.

leaves ample room for further development of fast charging solutions, while allowing the market to cater for low-end phones that do not need fast charging. Mobile phones and similar radio equipment that support fast charging can incorporate the USB Power Delivery features as described in standard EN IEC 62680-1-2:**2021** 2020 'Universal serial bus interfaces for data and power - Part 1-2: Common components - USB Power Delivery specification'.

leaves ample room for further development of fast charging solutions, while allowing the market to cater for low-end phones that do not need fast charging. Mobile phones and similar radio equipment that support fast charging can incorporate the USB Power Delivery features as described in standard EN IEC 62680-1-2:**2021** 2020 'Universal serial bus interfaces for data and power - Part 1-2: Common components - USB Power Delivery specification'.

USB specifications are
continuously evolving. In
that regard, the USB
Implementers Forum

					developed an updated version of the USB Power Delivery specification, which enables powers of up to 240W to be supported. Adaptations have also been made to the USB Type-C specification, which will extend the requirements for connectors and cables to accommodate up to 240 W. This will allow radio equipment requiring such a level of power to be considered for potential inclusion in the list of radio equipment covered by this Directive.
14.	Recital	With respect to charging by means other than wired	The latest technological trends reflect the shift from	With respect to charging by means other than wired	With respect to charging by means other than wired

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which may have negative wireless consumer convenience and the many potential benefits for Whilst it is *consumers* environment. requirements on such solutions phones and other categories should be able to take action | medium-sized radio equipment towards harmonising them in already use different wireless the future, if fragmentation on *charging* the internal market is observed. respect to the increase in the

charging, divergent solutions wired charging to charging by may be developed in the future, other means, such as different charging impacts on interoperability, technologies, which entails and the premature to impose specific environment. Many mobile at this stage, the Commission or classes of small and methods. With use and market share of wireless charging by means other than wired charging, divergent solutions may be developed in the future, which may have negative impacts on interoperability, consumer convenience and the

charging, divergent solutions charging, divergent solutions may be developed in the future, which may have negative impacts interoperability, consumer and convenience the environment. Whilst it is premature to impose specific at this stage, the Commission towards harmonising them in the future, if fragmentation on internal market the observed.

may be developed in the future, which may have on | negative impacts on interoperability, consumer convenience and the environment Whilst it is premature to impose specific requirements on such solutions | requirements on such solutions at this stage, the Commission should be able to take action | should be able to take action promoting and towards harmonising them in theto avoid future, if fragmentation onof the internal market is observed.

		environment. Whilst it may be premature to impose specific requirements on such solutions at this stage, the Commission should be able to take action towards harmonising them interoperability requirements in the near future, if fragmentation on the internal market is observed in order to avoid negative impacts on interoperability, consumer	
15.	Recital 13a (new)	convenience and the environment.  The Commission should be able to adopt, based on the degree of scientific and technological progress, and taking into account the objectives of consumer	

convenience and environmental needs, the most appropriate technical solutions. Relevant technical standards fulfilling objectives of this Directive and which have been developed at European or international level should primarily be used for the selection of such technical solutions. In exceptional cases where there is a need to introduce, add or modify an existing technical specification in the absence of publicly available European or international standards, the Commission should be able to those technical out set specifications, provided that they have been developed in

		line with Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 on European Standardisation. The Commission should also fully involve the Commission Expert Group on Radio equipment throughout the process of adaptation and harmonisation.	
16.	Recital	In order to ensure coherence	
	13b	between this Directive and	
	(new)	other relevant provisions	
		covering radio equipment, it is	
		important to clarify that this	
		Directive apply to all end-	
		users including consumers	
		and therefore the definition of	
		"end-users" used in this	
		Directive should be	
		understood as any natural or	

			legal person residing or established in the Union, to whom a product has been made available either as a consumer outside of any trade, business, craft or profession or as a professional end-user in the course of its industrial or professional activities.		
17.	Recital 14	Article 3 of Directive 2014/53/EU should be amended in order to cover charging interfaces and charging communication protocols. The categories or classes of radio equipment specifically covered by this new provision should be further detailed in a new annex to	charging interfaces and charging communication protocols. The categories or classes of radio equipment specifically covered by this new provision should be	Article 3 of Directive 2014/53/EU should be amended in order to cover charging interfaces and charging communication protocols. The categories or classes of radio equipment specifically covered by this new provision should be further detailed in a new annex to Directive 2014/53/EU.	Article 3 of Directive 2014/53/EU should be amended in order to cover charging interfaces and charging communication protocols. The categories or classes of radio equipment specifically covered by this new provision should be further detailed in a new annex

	Directive 2014/53/EU.	to Directive 2014/53/EU.		to Directive 2014/53/EU.
		<b>\</b>		Within these categories or
				classes of radio equipment,
				only radio equipment
			//C1//	integrating a removable or
				embedded rechargeable
				battery is concerned.
				Regarding digital cameras,
				the concerned radio
				equipment is any digital
				photo and video cameras
				(including action cameras).
				Digital cameras used
				exclusively for the audio-
				visual sector, or the 'security
				and surveillance' sector
				should not be required to
				integrate the harmonised
				solution.

convertibles, or netbooks.
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18.					
10.	Recital	Directive 2014/53/EU should	Directive 2014/53/EU should	Directive 2014/53/EU should	Directive 2014/53/EU should
	15	also be amended in order to			
		insert a new Article which will			
		relate to the requirements on			
		the supply of certain categories			
		or classes of radio equipment			
		without charging devices. The			
		categories or classes of radio			
		equipment concerned as well as	equipment concerned as well	equipment concerned as well	equipment concerned as well
		the specifications in relation to	as the specifications in relation	as the specifications in relation	as the specifications in relation
		charging solutions should be	to charging solutions should be	to charging solutions should be	to charging solutions should be
		specified in a new annex to			
		Directive 2014/53/EU.	Directive 2014/53/EU.	Directive 2014/53/EU.	Directive 2014/53/EU.
19.	Recital	Article 10(8) of Directive			
	16	2014/53/EU provides for	2014/53/EU provides for	2014/53/EU provides for	2014/53/EU provides for
		information to be included in			
		the instructions for use and so			
		additional information	additional information	additional information	additional information
		requirements should be inserted	requirements should be	requirements should be	requirements should be
		•	•	•	-

in that Article. The details of the new requirements should be specified in the new annex to Directive 2014/53/EU. Those information requirements would enable consumers to determine the most appropriate external power supply (EPS) needed to charge their radio equipment. It should be possible to adapt those requirements in the future in order to reflect any changes to the labelling requirements for EPS, which may be introduced under Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>11</sup>.

inserted in that Article. The details ofthe new requirements should be specified in the new annex to Directive 2014/53/EU. Those requirements information would enable consumers to determine—end-users improve their understanding of the negative environmental impact of unnecessarv chargers and of the differences between available chargers on the market. Those information requirements would ensure that end-users are properly informed about the type of charger recommended to

inserted in that Article. The details content of the new requirements should specified in the new annex to Directive 2014/53/EU. Certain elements information should also be provided by means of visual elements for all forms of supply, including distance selling. Those information requirements would enable consumers A dedicated label indicating the specifications relating charging to capabilities and compatible chargers will enable the consumers and other endusers to determine the most

inserted in that Article. The details content of the new requirements should be specified in the new annex to Directive 2014/53/EU. Certain elements information should also be provided by means of visual elements for all forms of supply, including distance selling. Those information requirements would enable consumers A dedicated label indicating the specifications relating charging to capabilities and compatible chargers will enable the consumers and other endusers to determine the most

Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for energy-related products (OJ L 285, 31.10.2009, p. 10).

safely charge their device by determining the most appropriate external power supply (EPS) needed to charge their radio equipment. It should be possible to adapt those requirements in the future in order to reflect any changes to the labelling requirements for EPS or which cables. be may introduced under Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament of the and Council<sup>12</sup>. *The information obligations* should applicable to manufacturers, importers, distributors and where applicable, authorised appropriate external power supply (EPS) needed to charge their radio equipment. In order to provide a source of useful reference throughout the life cycle of the radio equipment, the information on the charging capabilities compatible chargers and should also be included in the instructions and safety information accompanying the radio equipment. should be possible to adapt those requirements in the future in order to reflect any changes to the labelling requirements for EPS, which

appropriate external power supply (EPS) needed to charge their radio equipment. In order to provide a source of useful reference throughout the life cycle of the radio equipment, the information on the charging capabilities and compatible chargers should also be included in the instructions and safety information accompanying the radio equipment. should be possible to adapt those requirements in the future in order to reflect any changes to the labelling requirements notably may be introduced under EPSexternal power supplies,

<sup>12</sup> Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for energyrelated products (OJ L 285, 31.10.2009, p. 10).

		representatives, as long as they supply the radio equipment directly to endusers.	which may be introduced under Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>14</sup> .  These information requirements should, in particular, reflect the evolution of the harmonised charging solutions and should be adapted accordingly. Within that context, including a system of colour codes could also be
20.	Recital 16a	Certain elements of the information referred to in	Considered.  Considering that importers and distributors may also

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Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for energy-related products (OJ L 285, 31.10.2009, p. 10).

Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for energy-related products (OJ L 285, 31.10.2009, p. 10).

(new)

Article 10(8) of Directive 2014/53/EU should also be provided by means of a dedicated lahel with information on the charging capabilities and compatible chargers, the details of which will be specified in the new Directive annex 2014/53/EU. The label should consist of visual elements that can easily inform end-users about the minimum and maximum power required to charge the radio equipment at maximum charging Such information speed. should also be included in the instructions for use and accompanying safety radio equipment. The label supply radio equipment directly to consumers and other end-users, identical **obligations** to the ones applicable to manufacturers in relation to the information to be supplied or displayed should be introduced. In relation to the pictogram indicating whether or not a charging device is included with the radio equipment, all economic operators should fulfil this obligation when making radio equipment available to consumers and other end-users. Therefore, importers and distributors may offer bundles, which include the radio equipment its charging device even

supply radio equipment directly to consumers and other end-users, identical obligations to the ones applicable to manufacturers in relation to the information to be supplied or displayed should be introduced. In relation to the pictogram indicating whether or not a charging device is included with the radio equipment, all economic operators should fulfil this obligation when making radio equipment available to consumers and other end-users. Therefore, importers and distributors may offer bundles, which include the radio equipment and its charging device, even

		prominer product		when such radio equipment is supplied without a charging device by the manufacturer, provided that they also offer to consumers and other end-users the possibility to acquire the radio equipment without any charging device.	when such radio equipment is supplied without a charging device by the manufacturer, provided that they also offer to consumers and other end-users the possibility to acquire the radio equipment without any charging device.
21.	Recital 16b (new)	towards  ownership short life equipment clear labor in recent challenge the inabi	multi-device p, along with the cycles of some radio at and the absence of clling, have triggered years a number of es for consumers as lity to charge certain inaccessibility to the charges,		

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confusion and product safety Therefore, issues. requirement for consumers to have the option to make an informed choice regarding whether or not to buy a new charging set with a new product, will be beneficial both for consumers and for environment. The the Commission should assess the possibility of establishing a user-friendly colour-based legend with the label to simplify the process matching the radio equipment with the most efficient charging devices within their power class or category in order to achieve compatibility best and

			improve charging experience.		
22.	Recital 17	Article 17 of Directive 2014/53/EU, which sets out the conformity assessment procedures, should be amended in order to add references to the new essential requirements to be inserted in Article 3 of that Directive. The manufacturer should thus have the choice of following the internal control procedure in order to demonstrate compliance with those new essential requirements.	the conformity assessment procedures, should be amended in order to add references to the new essential requirements to be inserted in Article 3 of that Directive. The manufacturer should thus have	Article 17 of Directive 2014/53/EU, which sets out the conformity assessment procedures, should be amended in order to add references to the new essential requirements to be inserted in Article 3 of that Directive. The manufacturer should thus have the choice of following the internal control procedure in order to demonstrate compliance with those new essential requirements.	Article 17 of Directive 2014/53/EU, which sets out the conformity assessment procedures, should be amended in order to add references to the new essential requirements to be inserted in Article 3 of that Directive. The manufacturer should thus have the choice of following the internal control procedure in order to demonstrate compliance with those new essential requirements.
23.	Recital 17a (new)			In order to ensure that national market surveillance authorities would have the procedural means to enforce	In order to ensure that national market surveillance authorities would have the

the requirements new regarding the harmonised charging interface and charging communication protocol and regarding the requirements concerning the supply of radio equipment subject to such harmonisation, Articles 40 of **Directive** and 43 2014/53/EU should be accordingly. adapted In particular, explicit an reference to the lack of compliance with the essential requirements, which also include the newly introduced provisions on specifications on charging, should be included in Article 40. Considering that these newly

procedural means to enforce requirements the new regarding the harmonised interface charging and charging communication protocol and regarding the requirements concerning the supply of radio equipment subject to such harmonisation, Articles 40 43 of Directive and 2014/53/EU should be adapted accordingly. particular, an explicit reference to the lack of compliance with the essential requirements, which also include the newly introduced provisions on specifications on charging, should included in 40. Article

				introduced provisions are focusing on interoperability aspects, the objective of this explicit reference is to avoid divergent interpretations as to whether the procedure laid down in Article 40 of Directive 2014/53/EU may be triggered also in respect of radio equipment, which does not present an immediate risk to the health orand safety of persons or to other aspects of public interest protection covered by Directive 2014/53/EU.	Considering that these newly introduced provisions are focusing on interoperability aspects, the objective of this explicit reference is to avoid divergent interpretations as to whether the procedure laid down in Article 40 of Directive 2014/53/EU may be triggered also in respect of radio equipment, which does not present an immediate risk to the health and safety of persons or to other aspects of public interest protection covered by Directive 2014/53/EU.
24.	Recital 18	Articles 40, 43 and 44 of Directive 2014/53/EU should be amended in order to adapt	Directive 2014/53/EU should	Articles 40, 43 and 44 of Directive 2014/53/EU should be amended in order to adapt	Articles 40, 43 and 44 of  Directive 2014/53/EU should  be amended in order to adapt

the references that they contain to the new provisions that are introduced by this Directive.

the references that they contain to the new provisions that are introduced by this Directive and to ensure that national surveillance market authorities have procedural means effectively enforce the new requirements inserted Articles 3 and 3a and Article 10(8) of Directive 2014/53/EU and avoid divergent interpretations by national market surveillance authorities. During the first five years of application of this Directive, it is essential the Union finances Member States' and Union market surveillance campaigns and associated

the references that they contain to the new provisions that are introduced by this Directive.

Article 43 of Directive 2014/53/EU enumerates the instances of formal noncompliance. Considering that this Directive introduces new requirements applicable to certain categories or classes of radio equipment, Article 43 of Directive 2014/53/EU should be adjusted in order to allow the effective enforcement of these requirements by the national market surveillance authorities.

the references that they contain to the new provisions that are introduced by this Directive.

Article 43 of Directive 2014/53/EU enumerates the instances of formal noncompliance. Considering that this Directive introduces new requirements applicable to certain categories or classes of radio equipment, Article 43 of Directive 2014/53/EU should be adjusted in order allow the effective enforcement of these requirements by the national market surveillance authorities.

activities relating to radio equipment falling within the scope of Article 3(4). It is essential that Member States conduct market surveillance activities on the information obligations economic operators, especially at the beginning of the applicability of the new rules. The potential increase in the market share of substandard chargers could have a detrimental effect on the life-span of devices, on consumer satisfaction and safety, and on the overall environmental impact of this Directive. It is important, therefore, that the Member States also ensure specific funding and resources for

			their competent authorities tasked with carrying out market surveillance, taking into account the fact that there are currently many unsafe chargers available on the market and carrying out strong market surveillance activities about the safety of the chargers.		
25.	Recital 18a (new)			Article 44 of Directive  2014/53/EU should be amended in order to adjust the references contained therein to the new requirements introduced by this Directive.	Article 44 of Directive  2014/53/EU should be amended in order to adjust the references contained therein to the new requirements introduced by this Directive.
26.	Recital	In order to address any future	In order to address any future	In order to address any future developments in charging	In order to address any future developments in charging

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developments in charging technology and to ensure the minimum common interoperability between radio equipment and the charging devices for such radio equipment, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission to amend the categories or classes of radio equipment and specifications regarding the charging interfaces charging communication protocols, as well as the details on the information in relation to charging. It is of particular importance that

developments in charging technology, such as the emergence of new categories or classes of radio equipment, increase in voltage power or charging technologies, and to ensure the minimum common interoperability between radio equipment and the charging devices for such radio equipment, wireless and technologies, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on Functioning of the the European Union should be delegated to the Commission to amend the categories or classes of radio equipment or power requirements and the specifications regarding the

technology and to ensure the minimum common interoperability between radio equipment and the charging devices for such radio equipment, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission to amend the categories or classes of radio equipment and specifications regarding the charging interfaces and charging communication protocols, as well as the details on the information in relation to charging.

- amend In order to ensure

technology and to ensure the minimuminteroperability between radio equipment and the charging devices for such radio equipment, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission to amend the categories or classes of radio equipment and specifications regarding the charging interfaces and <del>charging</del> -communication protocols, as well as the details on the information in relation to charging.

- amend In order to ensure

Commission carry out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in the Inter-institutional Agreement on Better Law-Making of 13 April 2016<sup>15</sup>. In particular, to ensure equal participation in the preparation of delegated acts, the European Parliament and the Council receive all documents at the same time as Member States' experts, and their experts systematically have access to meetings of Commission expert groups

charging interfaces and charging communication protocols for each of them, as well as the additional and future details on the information, graphic and labelling requirements relation to charging. It is of particular importance that the Commission carry out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in the Inter-institutional Agreement on Better Law-Making of 13 April 2016<sup>16</sup>. In particular, to

the minimum common interoperability between radio equipment and the charging devices for such radio equipment and to address any future market developments, such as the emergence of new categories or classes of radio equipment in relation to which a significant degree fragmentation of the charging interfaces and charging communication protocols is observed, and anv developments in charging technology, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290

the minimum common interoperability between radio equipment and the charging devices for such radio equipment and to address any future market developments, such as the emergence of new categories or classes of radio equipment in relation to which a significant degree of fragmentation of the charging interfaces and charging communication protocols is observed, and developments anv charging technology, power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290

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OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1.

dealing with the preparation of delegated acts.

ensure equal participation in the preparation of delegated acts, the European Parliament and the Council receive all documents at the same time as Member States' experts, and their experts systematically have access to meetings of Commission expert groups dealing with the preparation of delegated acts.

of the Treaty on the **Functioning of the European** Union should be delegated to the Commission in respect of amending categories classes of radio equipment the specifications and regarding the charging interfaces and charging communication protocols for each of them.

In order to reflect, inter alia, future amendments to the labelling requirements for external power supplies or technical progress, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the

of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission in respect of amending categories classes of radio equipment the specifications and regarding the charging interfaces and charging communication protocols for each of them. In order to reflect, inter alia,

future amendments to the labelling requirements, such as for external power supplies or charging cables, or technical progress, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European

## Commission in respect of amending the information requirements regarding the charging interfaces and charging communication protocols.

It is of particular importance that the Commission carry out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in the Inter-institutional Agreement on Better LawMaking of 13 April 2016<sup>17</sup>. In particular, to ensure equal participation in the preparation of delegated

Union should be delegated to the Commission in respect of amending the information requirements regarding the charging interfaces and charging communication protocols.

It is of particular importance that the Commission carry out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in the Inter-institutional Agreement on Better LawMaking of 13 April 2016<sup>18</sup>. In particular, to ensure equal participation in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup>OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup>OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1.

		acts, the European Parliament and the Council receive all documents at the same time as Member States' experts, and their experts systematically have access to meetings of Commission expert groups dealing with the preparation of delegated acts.	have access to meetings of
			delegated acts.
27.	Recital 19a (new)	In order to ensure coherence between the provisions of this Directive and the provisions of Directive 2014/53/EU, where both the term 'end-users' and the term 'consumers and other end-users' are used in parallel, it is appropriate to clarify the notion of	In order to ensure coherence between the provisions of this Directive and the provisions of Directive 2014/53/EU, where both the term 'end-users' and the term 'consumers and other end-users' are used in parallel, it is appropriate to elarify the notion of

'consumers and other end-'consumers and other endusers'. It should be recalled users'. It should be recalled that Directive 2014/53/EU that Directive 2014/53/EU applies to radio equipment, applies to radio equipment, which is made available to all which is made available to all end-users, including end-users, including consumers. In the same vein, consumers. In the same vein, this Directive also applies to this Directive also applies to all categories of end-users all categories of end-users and consistently uses the and consistently uses the term "consumers and other term "consumers and other end-users". The definition of end-users". The definition of 'end user' laid down in 'end user' laid down in Article 3(21) of Regulation Article 3(21) of Regulation (EU) 2019/1020 explicitly (EU) 2019/1020 explicitly indicates that consumers are indicates that consumers are to be seen as a particular to be seen as a particular category of end-users, among category of end-users, among others. others.

28.					
29.	Recital 20	Directive 2014/53/EU should therefore be amended accordingly.			
30.	Recital 21	Economic operators should be provided with sufficient time to proceed with the necessary adaptations to radio equipment falling within the scope of this Directive, which they intend to place on the Union market.	Economic operators should be provided with sufficient time to proceed with the necessary adaptations to radio equipment falling within the scope of this Directive, which they intend to place on the Union market.	Economic operators should be provided with sufficient time to proceed with the necessary adaptations to radio equipment falling within the scope of this Directive, which they intend to place on the Union market,	Economic operators should be provided with sufficient time to proceed with the necessary adaptations to radio equipment falling within the scope of this Directive, which they intend to place on the Union market,
31.	Article 1	Directive 2014/53/EU is amended as follows:			
32.	Article 1 (1)	(1) Article 3 is amended as follows:			

33.	Article 1 (1) (a)	subparagraph, point (a), the	comma and the phrase ', in particular with common chargers' is are replaced by the phrase 'other than the charging devices for the categories or classes of radio equipment, specified in Annex Ia, Part I, which are	(a) in paragraph 3, first subparagraph, point (a), the comma and the phrase 'in particular with common chargers' are is replaced by the phrase 'other than the charging devices for the categories or classes of radio equipment, specified in Annex Ia, Part I, which are specifically referred to in paragraph 4 of this Article';	(b) in paragraph 3, first subparagraph, point (a), the comma and the phrase ' $\equiv$ in particular with common chargers' <u>are</u> is replaced by the phrase 'other than the charging devices for the categories or classes of radio equipment, specified in Annex Ia, Part I, which are specifically referred to in paragraph 4 of this Article';
34.	Article 1 (1) (aa) (new)	Present text  Directive 2014/53/EU  Article 3 – paragraph 3 –	(aa) paragraph 3, second subparagraph, is replaced by the following:  'The Commission shall be is		

subparagraph 2

The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 44 specifying which categories or classes of radio equipment are concerned by each of the requirements set out in points (a) to (i) of the first subparagraph of this paragraph.

empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 44 *supplementing this Directive by* specifying which categories or classes of radio equipment are concerned by each of the requirements set out in points (a) to (i) of the first subparagraph of this paragraph.

With respect to point (a) of the first subparagraph and the rechargeable radio equipment capable of being recharged via wired charging but not capable of being charged with the USB Type-C receptacle, which does not fall within any of the categories or classes of radio equipment specified in

Annex Ia, Part I, the Commission shall adopt delegated acts in accordance	
with Article 44, amending  Annex Ia by identifying the appropriate technical specifications, including	
harmonised standards, for new categories or classes of radio equipment to ensure the	
minimum interoperability between such radio equipment and accessories such as	
charging receptacles and charging communication protocols.	
The Commission may adopt for the first time a delegated act pursuant to the second subparagraph by 31	

			December 2028, with a view to ensuring its application by 1 January 2030. If the Commission does not adopt a delegated act by 31 December 2028, it shall report and justify its decision to the European Parliament and the Council.		
35.	Article 1 (1) (b)	(b) the following paragraph is added:	(b) the following paragraph is added:	(b) the following paragraph is added:	(b) the following paragraph is added:
36.		'4. Radio equipment falling within the categories or classes specified in Annex Ia, Part I shall be so constructed that it complies with the specifications on charging set out in that Annex for the	within the categories or classes specified in Annex Ia, Part I shall be so constructed that it complies with the	'4. Radio equipment falling within the categories or classes specified in Annex Ia, Part I shall be so constructed that it complies with the specifications on charging <b>capabilities</b> set out in that	'4. Radio equipment falling within the categories or classes specified in Annex Ia, Part I shall be so constructed that it complies with the specifications on charging <b>capabilities</b> set out in that

	relevant category or class of	Annex for the relevant	Annex for the relevant	Annex for the relevant
	radio equipment.	category or class of radio	category or class of radio	category or class of radio
		equipment.	equipment.	equipment.
37.	With respect to radio	With respect to radio	With respect to radio	With respect to radio
	equipment capable of being	equipment capable of being	equipment capable of being	equipment capable of being
	recharged via wired charging,	recharged via wired charging,	recharged via wired charging,	recharged via wired charging,
	the Commission is empowered	the Commission is empowered	the Commission is empowered	the Commission is empowered
	to adopt delegated acts in	to adopt delegated acts in	to adopt delegated acts in	to adopt delegated acts in
	accordance with Article 44 to	accordance with Article 44 to	accordance with Article 44 to	accordance with Article 44 to
	amend Annex Ia in the light of	amend Annex Ia, <i>Part I</i> in the	amend Part I of Annex Ia in	amend Part I of Annex Ia in
	technical progress, and to	light of technical scientific and	the light of technical progress	the light of <del>technical</del>
	ensure the minimum common	technological progress,	or market developments, and	scientific and technological
	interoperability between radio	consumer convenience and	to ensure the minimum	progress <u>or market</u>
	equipment and their charging	environmental developments	common interoperability	developments, and to ensure
	devices, by:	and to ensure the minimum	between radio equipment and	the minimum common
		common interoperability	their charging devices, by:	interoperability between radio
		between radio equipment and		equipment and their charging
		their charging devices, by:		devices as well as to improve

				consumer convenience, to avoid market fragmentation and to reduce environmental waste, by:
38.	(a) modifying, adding or removing categories or classes of radio equipment;	(a) modifying, adding or removing categories or classes of radio equipment <i>or power requirements</i> ;	(a) modifying, adding or removing categories or classes of radio equipment;	(a) modifying, adding or removing categories or classes of radio equipment;
39.	(b) modifying, adding or removing technical specifications, including references and descriptions, in relation to the charging receptacle(s) and charging communication protocol(s), for each category or class of radio equipment concerned.'	removing technical specifications, including	(b) modifying, adding or removing technical specifications, including references and descriptions, in relation to the charging receptacle(s) and charging communication protocol(s), for each category or class of radio equipment concerned.	(b) modifying, adding or removing technical specifications, including references and descriptions, in relation to the charging receptacle(s) and charging communication protocol(s), for each category or class of radio equipment concerned.

equipment concerned.'

The shall Commission regularly assess the categories or classes of radio equipment capable of being recharged wired charging and capable of being equipped **USB** Type-C with receptacle, which are not included in the Annex Ia, Part I, to ensure the inclusion by 31 December 2026 of all those categories classes. whenever it would not disproportionately reduce the technical capabilities of the device and is technically feasible, in order to maximise environmental benefits and consumer convenience.

Commission shall The continuously assess market developments, market fragmentation and technical progress with the view to identify categories or classes of radio equipment capable of being recharged via wired charging for which the possible harmonisation of the charging receptacle(s) and charging communication protocol(s) according to the specifications technical referenced in Part I of Annex Ia would lead to significant consumer convenience and reduction of environmental waste.

Such assessment shall be

Commission The shall continuously assess market developments, market fragmentation and technical progress with the view to identify categories or classes of radio equipment capable of being recharged via wired charging for which the possible harmonisation of the charging receptacle(s) and -communication <del>charging </del> protocol(s) according to the technical specifications referenced inclusion in Part I of Annex Ia would lead to significant consumer convenience and reduction of environmental waste.

**The Commission shall report** 

			Parliament and to the Council, for the first time by [5 years after the entry-into- force] and every 5 years thereafter. Where appropriate, this shall be accompanied by delegated acts amending the list of categories or classes of radio equipment specified in Annex Ia, Part I to include the categories or classes of radio equipment subject to the abovementioned assessment.'	
40.	With respect to radio equipment capable of being	With respect to radio equipment capable of being	With respect to radio equipment capable of being	With respect to radio equipment capable of being

recharged via means other than wired charging, Commission is empowered to delegated acts adopt accordance with Article 44 in order to amend Annex Ia in the light of technical progress, and minimum ensure interoperability common between radio equipment and their charging devices, by:

recharged via means other than wired charging, Commission is empowered to shall adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 44, by 31 December 2026, in order to amend Annex Ia in the light of technical scientific technological progress, consumer convenience and environmental developments and to ensure the minimum interoperability common between radio equipment and their charging devices, by:

than wired charging, the Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 44 in order to amend Part I of Annex Ia in the light of technical progress or market developments, and to ensure the minimum common interoperability between radio equipment and their charging devices, by:

recharged via means other than wired charging, Commission is empowered to delegated adopt acts accordance with Article 44 in order to amend Part I of Annex Ia in the light of technical scientific and technological progress market developments, and to ensure the minimum common interoperability between radio equipment and their charging devices, as well as to improve consumer convenience, to avoid market fragmentation and to reduce environmental waste, by:

41.	(a) introducing, modifying, adding or removing categories or classes of radio equipment;	(a) introducing, modifying, adding or removing categories or classes of radio equipment;	(a) introducing, modifying, adding or removing categories or classes of radio equipment;	(a) introducing, modifying, adding or removing categories or classes of radio equipment;
	(b) introducing, modifying, adding or removing technical specifications, including references and descriptions, in relation to charging interface(s) and charging communication protocol(s), for each category or class of radio equipment concerned.';	(b) introducing, modifying, adding or removing technical specifications, including references and descriptions, in relation to charging interface(s) and charging communication protocol(s), for each category or class of radio equipment concerned.  For the purposes of point (b), the Commission shall carry out an assessment on the wireless charging technologies to evaluate and effectively compare the efficiency of different	(b) introducing, modifying, adding or removing technical specifications, including references and descriptions, in relation to charging interface(s) and charging communication protocol(s), for each category or class of radio equipment concerned.';	(b) introducing, modifying, adding or removing technical specifications, including references and descriptions, in relation to charging interface(s) and charging communication protocol(s), for each category or class of radio equipment concerned.';

	technologies and market developments before the adoption of the delegated act to ensure the minimum interoperability between radio equipment and their charging devices that use other means than wired charging, are capable of quickly charging different categories or classes of radio equipment and are energy-efficient and safe.		
43.	When preparing the delegated acts referred to in the third subparagraph of this paragraph with respect to radio equipment which is capable of being recharged via means other than wired charging, the Commission	The Commission shall, by  [36 months after the entry into force of this Directive], carry out an assessment on the status of wireless charging technologies for radio equipment falling within the categories or	136 months after the entry

shall take account of technical specifications that are based on relevant available European or international standards.

Where such European or international standards do not exist, or in cases where the Commission determines. technical based on assessment, that they do not the objectives meet reducing environmental waste, ensuring consumer convenience and interoperability between different charging interfaces and charging communication protocols avoiding and fragmentation of the market, classes specified in Annex Ia,

Part I. This assessment shall

notably cover market

penetration, market trends,

market fragmentation,

technological performance,

interoperability and energy

efficiency, and shall be made

public.

The Commission shall, in

accordance with Article

10(1) of Regulation (EU) 1025/2012, request one or European more **Standardisation Organisations** to draft harmonised standards laying down technical specifications wireless charging <u>for</u> technologies and corresponding charging

classes specified in Annex Ia,
Part I. This assessment shall
notably cover market
penetration, market trends,
market fragmentation,
technological performance,
interoperability and energy
efficiency, and shall be made
public.

The Commission shall, in accordance with Article 10(1) of Regulation (EU) 1025/2012, request one or European more **Standardisation Organisations** to draft harmonised standards laying down technical specifications for wireless charging technologies the charging

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the Commission may set out in those delegated acts technical specifications which better meet those objectives.

Those technical specifications shall be developed in line with the criteria of openness, consensus and transparency, and shall meet the requirements referred to in Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 on European Standardisation.

communication protocols for radio equipment within the scope of Annex Ia Part I. In accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 10(2) of Regulation (EU) 1025/2012, the Commission shall consult the committee set up under **Article 45(1) of this Directive** no later than [48 months] after the entry-into-force of Directive. this The requirements to be met by requested document shall include energy efficiency and charging performance.

When preparing the delegated acts referred to in this Article, the Commission

interface(s) and corresponding charging communication protocol(s) for radio equipment within the scope of Annex Ia Part I capable of being recharged via means other than wired charging at the latest by 24 months after the entry into force of this Directive. In accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 10(2) of Regulation (EU) 1025/2012, the Commission shall consult the committee set up under **Article 45(1) of this Directive** no later than [48 months] after the entry-into-force of Directive. The <del>this</del> requirements to be met by as

shall take account of the to the content of the degree of market acceptance document requested the technical standards shall include be specifications based on an assessment, under consideration, the resulting which shall be carried out by consumer convenience and the Commission, on the the extent of the reduction of status of wireless charging environmental waste and technologies for radio market fragmentation that equipment, covering in can be expected from such particular market technical specifications. developments, market **Technical specifications that** penetration, market fragmentation, technological based on relevant are available European performance, international standards shall interoperability, energy efficiency be deemed to meet the and charging objectives set out in the performance. previous sentence. However, When preparing the where such cases delegated acts referred to in European or international this Article with respect to standards do not exist, or in

cases where the Commission

determines, based on a

technical assessment, that
they do not meet those
objectives at the optimal
manner, the Commission
may reference other
technical specifications
which better meet those
objectives.'

radio equipment capable of being recharged via wired charging as well as with respect to radio equipment capable of being recharged via means other than wired charging, the Commission shall take account of the degree of market acceptance of the technical specifications under consideration, resulting consumer convenience and the extent of reduction of the environmental waste and market fragmentation that can be expected from such technical specifications. Technical specifications that based on relevant are available European or

			international standards shall be deemed to meet the objectives set out in the previous sentence. However, in cases where such European or international standards do not exist, or in cases where the Commission determines, based on a technical assessment, that they do not meet those objectives at in the optimal manner, the Commission may reference set out other technical specifications which better meet those objectives.
44.		4a. The Commission shall regularly review the delegated acts referred to in this Article,	

			and, where appropriate, amend those delegated acts in the light of scientific and technological progress, consumer convenience and environmental developments.		
45.	Article 1 (2)	(2) the following Article 3a is inserted:	(2) the following Article 3a is inserted:	(2) the following Article 3a is inserted:	
46.		'Article 3a	'Article 3a	'Article 3a	
47.		Possibility for end-users to acquire certain categories or classes of radio equipment without a charging device	other end-users to acquire	other end-users to acquire certain categories or classes of	Possibility for consumers and other end-users to acquire certain categories or classes of radio equipment without a charging device

48.

1. Where an economic operator offers to end-users the possibility to acquire radio equipment falling within the scope of Article 3(4) together with a charging device, the end-user shall also be offered the possibility to acquire the radio equipment without any charging device.';

Where economic an operator offers to consumers other end-users possibility to acquire radio equipment falling within the scope of Article 3(4) together with a charging device, the consumers and other end-user shall also be offered the possibility to acquire the radio without equipment charging device and cable

By ... [three years after the date of entry into force of this Directive], the Commission shall submit to the European Parliament and the Council a report on the impact of the possibility to acquire the radio equipment without any

1. Where an economic operator offers to consumers and other end-users the possibility to acquire radio equipment referred to in falling within the scope of Article 3(4) together with a charging device, the consumers and other end-users shall also be offered the possibility to acquire the radio equipment without any charging device.

2. Economic operators
shall, in accordance with
their obligations stated in
Chapter II of Directive
2014/53/EU, ensure that the
information on whether or
not a charging device is
included with the radio

Where an economic operator offers to consumers and other end-users the possibility to acquire radio equipment referred to in falling within the scope of Article 3(4) together with a charging device, the consumers and other endusers shall also be offered the possibility to acquire the radio equipment without anv charging device.

2. Economic operators shall<sub>3</sub> in accordance with their obligations stated in Chapter II of Directive 2014/53/EU, ensure that the information on whether or not a charging device is included with the

charging device and cable.

That report shall be accompanied, if appropriate, by a proposal to amend this Directive to introduce mandatory unbundling.

2. Economic operators making the radio equipment available to consumers and other end-users shall ensure that radio equipment falling within the scope of Article 3(4) is also accompanied by an easily legible, accessible and understandable graphic indicating whether or not a charging device is offered together with the radio equipment in accordance with the requirements set out in

equipment referred to in Article 3(4) is displayed in a graphic form using pictogram as set out in Annex Ia, Part III when such radio equipment is made available to consumers and other end-users. The pictogram shall be printed on the packaging or attached on the packaging as a sticker. The pictogram shall be displayed close to the price indication when the radio equipment is made available to consumers or end-users. other The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 44 in order to amend the Annex

radio equipment referred to in Article 3(4) is displayed in a graphic form using a userfriendly and easily accessible pictogram as set out in Annex Ia, Part III when such radio equipment is made available to consumers and end-users. other The pictogram shall be printed on the packaging or attached on the packaging as a sticker. When the radio equipement is made available to consumers and other end-users, t<del>T</del>he pictogram shall be displayed in a visible and legible manner, and in case of distance selling, close to the price indication when the

Annex Ia, Part III. The graphic shall be placed in a prominent position on the end-user packaging and be clearly visible to the end-user the purchase, before including in cases where the purchase is made on-line. In the absence of packaging, the label shall be attached to the radio equipment. The visual elements shall therefore be displayed in a graphic form and shall enable end-users, including end-users with disabilities, to determine before the purchase of the product whether or not a charging device is included with the radio equipment. The Commission is empowered to

Ia, Part III, in relation to amendments of Parts I and II of that Annex, in relation to the future amendments to the labelling requirements for external power supplies or in the light of technical progress, by introducing, modifying, adding or removing any graphic or textual elements.';

radio equipment is made available to consumers or other end-users.

The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 44 in order to amend the Annex Ia, Part III, in relation to as a consequence of amendments of Parts I and II of that Annex, in relation to the or of future amendments to the labelling requirements, for external power supplies or in light of technical progress, by introducing, modifying, adding removing any graphic or textual elements.';

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			adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 44 in order to amend Annex Ia, Part III, by introducing, modifying, adding or removing any details to the graphic in relation to any future labelling requirements for external power supplies or charging cables or in relation to amendments of Part I and II of that Annex.		
49.	Article 1 (3)	(3) in Article 10(8), the following subparagraph is added:		(3) in Article 10(8), is replaced by the following subparagraph is added:	(3) in Article 10(8), is replaced by the following subparagraph is added:
50.				8. Manufacturers shall ensure that the radio	8. Manufacturers shall ensure that the radio

equipment is accompanied equipment is accompanied by instructions and safety by instructions and safety information. Instructions information. Instructions shall include the information shall include the information required to use radio required to use radio equipment in accordance equipment in accordance with its intended use. Such with its intended use. Such information shall include, information shall include, applicable, applicable, where where description of accessories description of accessories and components, including and components, including software, which allow the software, which allow the radio equipment to operate radio equipment to operate intended. Such intended. Such as instructions <u>and</u> instructions safety safety and information, as well as any information, as well as any labelling, shall be clear, labelling, shall be clear, understandable understandable and and intelligible. intelligible.

53.		(b) maximum radio- frequency power transmitted in the frequency band(s) in which the radio	(b) maximum radio- frequency power transmitted in the frequency band(s) in which the radio equipment
52.		(a) frequency band(s) in which the radio equipment operates;	(a) frequency band(s) in which the radio equipment operates;
51.		The following information shall also be included in the instructions in the case of radio equipment intentionally emitting radio waves:	The following information shall also be included in the instructions in the case of radio equipment intentionally emitting radio waves:

		equipment operates.	operates.
54.		In the case of radio equipment referred to in Article 3(4) the instructions shall contain information on the specifications relating to the charging capabilities and the compatible charging devices, as described in Annex Ia, Part II. In addition to being included in the instructions accompanying the radio equipment, when the manufacturers make such radio equipment available to consumers and other endusers, the information shall be also displayed on a label,	In the case of radio equipment referred to in Article 3(4) the instructions shall contain information on the specifications relating to the charging capabilities and the compatible charging devices, as described in Annex Ia, Part II. In addition to being included in the instructions accompanying the radio equipment, when the manufacturers make such radio equipment available to consumers and other endusers, the information shall be also displayed on a label,

as set out in Part IV to Annex Ia. The label shall be printed on the packaging or attached on the packaging as a sticker. In the absence of a packaging, the sticker with the label shall be attached on the radio equipment. Where the size or nature of the radio equipment does not allow it, the label may be printed as a separate document accompanying the radio equipment. The label shall be displayed close to the price indication, when the radio equipment is made available to consumers or other end-users.

as set out in Part IV to Annex Ia. The label shall be printed in the instructions and on the packaging or attached on the packaging as a sticker. In the absence of a packaging, the sticker with the label shall be attached on the radio equipment. When the radio equipment is made available to consumers and other end-users, the label shall be displayed in a visible and legible manner and, in case of distance selling, close to the price indication. Where the size or nature of the radio equipment does not allow it, the label may be printed as a separate document accompanying the

			radio equipment. The label shall be displayed close to the price indication, when the radio equipment is made available to consumers or other end-users.
55.		Instructions and safety information referred to in the first to third subparagraphs shall be in a language which can be easily understood by consumers and other end-users, as determined by the Member State concerned. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 44 in order to amend Annex Ia, Parts II and IV, to reflect	Instructions and safety information referred to in the first to third subparagraphs shall be in a language which can be easily understood by consumers and other end-users, as determined by the Member State concerned. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 44 in order to amend Annex Ia, Parts II and IV, to reflect as

						amendments of Part I of that Annex, the future amendments to the labelling requirements for external power supplies or technical progress, by introducing, modifying, adding or removing any details in relation to the information, graphic or textual elements, as set out in this Article.	a consequence of amendments of Part I of that Annex, the or of future amendments to the labelling requirements for external power supplies or in the light of technical progress, by introducing, modifying, adding or removing any details in relation to the information, graphic or textual elements, as set out in this Article.
56.							
57.							
58.	'Radio	equipment	falling	Radio	Manufacturers shall	'Radio equipment falling	'Radio equipment falling

within the scope of Article 3(4) first subparagraph shall be accompanied by information on specifications relating charging capabilities and to its charging device, as described in Annex Ia, Part II. The Commission is empowered to delegated adopt acts in accordance with Article 44 in order to amend Annex Ia, Part II, by introducing, modifying, adding or removing any details in relation to that information the way that such information shall indicated.';

ensure that radio equipment falling within the scope of Article 3(4) first subparagraph shall be is also accompanied bv information specifications relating charging capabilities and to its charging device, as described in Annex Ia, Part II. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts accordance with Article 44 in order to amend Annex Ia, Part II, by introducing, modifying, adding or removing any details in relation to that information the that such way information shall be indicated.

within the scope of Article

3(4) first subparagraph shall
be accompanied by
information on specifications
relating to charging
capabilities and to its charging
device, as described in Annex
Ia, Part II.

The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 44 in order to amend Annex Ia, Part II, by introducing, modifying, adding or removing any details in relation to that information or the way that such information shall be indicated.;

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within the scope of Article

3(4) first subparagraph shall
be accompanied by
information on specifications
relating to charging
capabilities and to its charging
device, as described in Annex
Ia, Part II.

The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 44 in order to amend Annex Ia, Part II, by introducing, modifying, adding or removing any details in relation to that information or the way that such information shall be indicated.;

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instructions for use, which the radio accompany equipment. The Commission empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 44 in order to amend Annex Ia, Part IV, by introducing, modifying, adding or removing any details to the label in relation any future labelling requirements for external power supplies or charging cables or in relation to amendments of Parts I and II that Annex. The **Commission** shall also consider introducing a userfriendly legend distinguishing different power categories of charging devices.

60.		A Member State may, within its territory, provide that instruction and safety information and, where applicable, the graphic and the label are to be written in a language or languages easily understood by consumers and other end-users, as determined by that Member State.
(3	Article 1 (3a) (new)	(3a) in Article 11, the following paragraph is added:  '2a. If mandated by the manufacturer to make radio equipment available to consumers and other endusers, an authorised representative shall ensure

		(a) radio equipment referred to in Article 3(4) displays and is supplied with the label and accompanied with the information referred to in Article 10(8); and  (b) the label is displayed in a prominent position on the end-user packaging when the radio equipment is made available to consumers or other end-users.		
62.	Article 1 (3b) (new)	(3b) in Article 12(4), the following subparagraph is added:  'Importers, when making radio equipment available to	(3a) in Article 12  'Importers shall ensure that radio equipment referred to in Article 3(4) displays or is supplied with the label in	(3a) in Article 12  'Importers shall ensure thatWhen they make radio equipment referred to in Article

consumers and other endusers shall ensure that radio equipment referred to in Article 3(4) displays and is supplied with the label and accompanied with information referred to in Article 10(8). Importers shall ensure that the label is displayed in a prominent position on the end-user packaging when the radio equipment is made available to consumers or other endusers.

accordance with Article

10(8), third subparagraph

when they make such radio
equipment available to
consumers and other endusers.-Importers shall ensure
that the label and the
pictogram are displayed
close to the price indication
when the radio equipment is
made available to consumers
or other end-users.;

- 3(4) available to consumers or other end-users, importers shall ensure that:
- a) such radio equipment
  displays or is supplied
  with the label in
  accordance with
  Article 10(8), third
  subparagraph; when
  they make such radio
  equipment available
  to consumers and
  other end-users.
  Importers shall
  ensure that
- b) the label and the

  pictogram are is

  displayed in a visible

  and legible manner

				and, in case of distance selling, close to the price indication when the radio equipment is made available to consumers or other end-users.;
63.	Article 1	(3c) in Article 13(2), the	(3b) In Article 13(2), the	(3b) In Article 13(2), the
	(3c)	following subparagraph is	following subparagraph is	following subparagraph is
	(new)	inserted after the first	added after the second	added after the second
		subparagraph:	subparagraph:	subparagraph:
		'Distributors, when making radio equipment available to consumers and other endusers shall ensure that radio equipment referred to in Article 3(4) displays and is supplied with the label and	'Distributors shall ensure that radio equipment referred to in Article 3(4) displays or is supplied with the label in accordance with Article 10(8), third subparagraph when they	"Distributors shall ensure thatWhen they make radio equipment referred to in Article 3(4) available to consumers or other end-users,

accompanied with the information referred to in Article 10(8). Distributors shall ensure that the label is displayed in a prominent position on the end-user packaging when the radio equipment is made available to consumers or other end-users.

make such radio equipment available to consumers and other end users. Distributors shall ensure that the label and the pictogram are displayed close to the price indication when the radio equipment is made available to consumers or other endusers.

- distributors shall ensure that:
- displays or is supplied
  with the label in
  accordance with
  Article 10(8), third
  subparagraph; when
  they make such radio
  equipment available
  to consumers and
  other end-users.
  Distributors shall
  ensure that
- b) the label and the

  pictogram are is

  displayed in a visible

  and legible manner

  and, in case of

  distance selling, close

					to the price indication  when the radio  equipment is made  available to  consumers or other  end-users.
64.	Article 1 (4)	(4) in Article 17(2), the phrase 'Article 3(1)' is replaced by the phrase 'Article 3(1) and (4)';	phrase 'Article 3(1)' is	(4)in Article 17(2), the phrase 'Article 3(1)' is replaced by the phrase 'Article 3(1) and (4)';	phrase 'Article 3(1)' is
65.	Article 1 (5)	(5) Article 40 is amended as follows:	(5) Article 40 is amended as follows:	(5) Article 40 is amended as follows:	(5) Article 40 is amended as follows:
66.	Article 1 (5) (a)	(a) the title is replaced by the following:	(a) the title is replaced by the following:	(a) the title is replaced by the following:	(a) the title is replaced by the following:
67.		'Procedure at national level for	'Procedure at national level for	'Procedure at national level for	'Procedure at national level for

		dealing with radio equipment presenting a risk or not in compliance with essential requirements';	dealing with radio equipment presenting a risk or not in compliance with essential requirements';	dealing with radio equipment presenting a risk or not in compliance with essential requirements';	dealing with radio equipment presenting a risk or not in compliance with essential requirements';
68.	Article 1 (5) (b)	(b) in paragraph 1, first subparagraph, the words 'or does not comply with at least one of the applicable essential requirements set out in Article 3' are added after the words 'public interest protection covered by this Directive';	(b) in paragraph 1, first subparagraph, the words 'or does not comply with at least one of the applicable essential requirements set out in Article 3' are added after the words 'public interest protection covered by this Directive';	(b) in paragraph 1, first subparagraph, the words 'or does not comply with at least one of the applicable essential requirements set out in Article 3' are added after the words 'public interest protection covered by this Directive';	
69.	Article 1 (5) (ba) (new)		(ba) in paragraph 5, the following point is added:  '(ba) When carrying out market surveillance of radio equipment falling within the scope of Article 3(4), the		

			relevant authorities shall check the economic operators' obligations of information about the charging capabilities in Article 10(8).'		
70.	Article 1 (6)	(6) Article 43(1) is amended as follows:	(6) Article 43(1) is amended as follows:	(6) Article 43(1) is amended as follows:	(6) Article 43(1) is amended as follows:
71.	Article 1 (6) (-aa) (new)		(-aa) the following point is inserted after point (f):  '(fa) the graphic as referred to in Article (3a) or the label as referred to in Article 10(8), subparagraph (xxx), Article 11(xxx), Article 12(xxx) and Article 13(xxx) has not been drawn up correctly;'		(-aa) the following point is inserted after point (f):  '(fa) the pictogram as referred to in Article 3a(2), or the label as referred to in Article 10(8) has not been drawn up correctly;'

72.	Article 1 (6) (-ab) (new)	(-ab) the following point is inserted after point (f):  '(fb) the graphic as referred to in Article (3a) or the label as referred to in Article 10(8), subparagraph (xxx), Article 11(xxx), Article 12(xxx) and Article 13(xxx) does not accompany the relevant radio equipment;'	(-ab) the following point is inserted after point (f):  '(fb) the label as referred to in Article 10(8) does not accompany the radio equipment concerned;'
73.	Article 1 (6) (-ac) (new)	(-ac) the following point is inserted after point (f):  '(fc) the graphic as referred to in Article (3a) or the label as referred to in Article 10(8), subparagraph (xxx), Article 11(xxx), Article 12(xxx) and Article 13(xxx) is not	(-ac) the following point is inserted after point (f):  '(fc) the pictogram or the label is not affixed or displayed in accordance with Articles 3a(2) and 10(8) respectively;'

		displayed correctly;'		
74. Article 1 (6) (a)	(a) in point (h), the words 'information on the intended use of radio equipment' are replaced by the words 'the information';	'information on the intended use of radio equipment' are	(a) in point (h) is replaced by the following: , the words 'information on the intended use of radio equipment' are replaced by the words 'the information'	(a) in point (h) is replaced  by the following: , the words  'information on the intended use of radio equipment' are replaced by the words 'the information'
		'(h) the information as set out in Article 10(8), subparagraphs 1, 2 and 3, the information on the EU declaration of conformity as set out in Article 10(9) or the information on usage restrictions, as set out in Article 10(10) does not accompany the radio equipment;'	'the information, the EU declaration of conformity or usage restrictions as set out in Article 10(8), (9) and (10) do not accompany the radio equipment or the pictogram set out in Article 3a(2) or the label set out in Article 10(8), third subparagraph are not displayed or supplied';	'the information as set out in Article 10(8), the EU declaration of conformity as set out in Article 10(9) or the information on usage restrictions as set out in Article 10(8), (9) and (10) does not accompany the radio equipment or the pictogram set out in Article 3a(2) or the label set out in Article 10(8), third

			*		subparagraph are not displayed or supplied';
75.	Article 1 (6) (b)	(b) point (j) is replaced by the following:	(b) point (j) is replaced by the following:	(b) point (j) is replaced by the following:	(b) point (j) is replaced by the following:
76.		'(j) Article 3a or 5 is not complied with.';	'(j) Article 3a or 5 is not complied with.';	'(j) Article 3a(1) or Article 5 is not complied with.';	'(j) Article 3a(1) or Article 5 is not complied with.';
77.	Article 1 (7)	(7) Article 44 is amended as follows:	(7) Article 44 is amended as follows:	(7) Article 44 is amended as follows:	(7) Article 44 is amended as follows:
78.	Article 1 (7) (a)	(a) in paragraph 2, the following sentence is inserted after the first sentence:		(a) in paragraph 2, the following sentence is inserted after the first sentence:	(a) in paragraph 2, the following sentence is inserted after the first sentence:

79.		'With respect to delegated acts referred to in Articles 3(4) and Article 10(8), third subparagraph, the power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission for a period of five years from [OP please insert date of entry into force of this Directive]';	With respect to delegated acts referred to in Articles Article 3(3), first subparagraph, point (a), in Article 3(3), second subparagraph, point (a), in Article 3(4) and in Article 10(8), third subparagraph, fourth and fifth subparagraphs, the power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission for a period of five years from [OP please insert the date of entry into force of this Directive];	'With respect to delegated acts referred to in Articles 3(4) and Article 10(8), third subparagraph, The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article 3(4), Article 3a(2) and in Article 10(8), fifth subparagraph shall be is conferred on the Commission for a period of five years from [OP please insert date of entry into force of this Directive]';	[OP please insert date of entry
80.	Article 1 (7) (b)	(b) in paragraphs 3 and 5, the phrase 'Articles 3(3), 4(2) and 5(2)' is replaced by the phrase 'Article 3(3), Articles 3(4), 4(2)	(b) in paragraphs 3 and 5, the phrase 'Articles 3(3), 4(2) and 5(2)' is replaced by the phrase 'Article 3(3), Articles	(b) in paragraphs 3 and 5, the phrase 'Articles 3(3), 4(2) and 5(2)' is replaced by the phrase 'Article 3(3), Article	(b) in paragraphs 3 and 5, the phrase 'Articles 3(3), 4(2) and 5(2)' is replaced by the phrase 'Article 3(3), Article

	and 5(2), and of Article 10(8), third subparagraph';	Article 3(4), Article 4(2) and Article 5(2), and of Article 10(8), third subparagraph, fourth and fifth subparagraphs';		3(4), Article 3a(2), Article 4(2), Article 5(2), and of Article 10(8), fifth third subparagraph';
81. Article 1 (7) (ba) (new)			(c) the following paragraph is added:  "3a. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making".	(c) the following paragraph is added:  "3a. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making".

82. Article 1 (7a) in Article 47, Article 47, (7a) in Article 47, the the the (7a)following paragraph is added: following paragraph following paragraph (new) added: added: '2a. The Commission shall review the application of this '2a. By [five years after the '2a. By [fivefour years after Directive in relation to new date of entry into force of the date of entry into force of Directive], charging technologies and, Directive], this the this the Commission shall submit to thereon Commission shall submit to report European Parliament and to the European Parliament the European Parliament the Council by ... [three years and the Council a report on and the Council a report on after the date entry into force the impact of the possibility the impact of the possibility of this Directivel, and every acquire the acquire the radio radio three years thereafter. That without equipment without equipment report shall address charging device, notably with charging device and without particular: regard to the consumer cable, notably particularly convenience, reduction of with regard to the consumer application the environmental convenience, reduction of waste. Article 3a and Article 3(3), behavioural changes and the environmental waste, first subparagraph, point (a) evolution of market behavioural changes and the and Article 3(4) and the practices. That report shall evolution of market progress made in drawing up if practices. That report shall be accompanied,

appropriate, by a proposal to the relevant European be accompanied, if appropriate, by a proposal to standards and the technical amend this Directive to specifications necessary to introduce mandatory amend this Directive to unbundling.' ensure that portable radio introduce mandatory equipment is interoperable unbundling.' with wireless charging technologies; scientific **(b)** any and technological developments that can affect the technical specification set out in Annex Part I on products charging speed, covered, power requirements, energy efficiency or the emergence of standards new technologies. Where appropriate and where there is a technical need, the report referred to in the first

			subparagraph shall be accompanied by a proposal for amendment of this Directive or a delegated act in accordance with Article (add respective Article).		
83.	Article 1 (8)	(8) the text set out in the Annex to this Directive is inserted as Annex Ia.		(8) the text set out in the Annex to this Directive is inserted as Annex Ia.	(8) the text set out in the Annex to this Directive is inserted as Annex Ia.
84.	Article 2 (1) subparag raph 1	1. Member States shall adopt and publish, by [OP please insert date – 12 months after adoption of this Directive] at the latest, the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with this Directive. They shall forthwith communicate to the	publish, by [OP please insert date 12 six months after the date of entry into force of this Directive] at the latest, the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with this	Member States shall adopt and publish, by [ <i>OP please insert date</i> – 12 months after the entry-into-force adoption of this Directive] at the latest, the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with this Directive. They shall forthwith	Member States shall adopt and publish, by [ <i>OP please insert date</i> – 12 months after the entry-into-force adoption of this Directive] at the latest, the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with this Directive. They shall forthwith

		Commission the text of those	communicate to the	communicate to the	communicate to the
		provisions.	Commission the text of those	Commission the text of those	Commission the text of those
			provisions.	provisions.	provisions.
85.	Article 2	They shall apply those	They shall apply those	They shall apply those	They shall apply those
	(1)	provisions from [OP please	provisions from [OP please	provisions from [OP please	provisions from [OP please
	subparag	insert date 12 months after the	insert date 12 nine months	insert date $-2412$ months	<u>insert date – 24</u> 12 months
	raph 2	end of the transposition period	after the end of the	after the <b>entry-into-force of</b>	after the entry-into-force of
		indicated in the preceding	transposition period indicated	this Directive end of the	this Directive end of the
		subparagraph].	in the preceding	transposition period indicated	transposition period indicated
			subparagraph].	in the preceding	in the preceding subparagraph]
				subparagraph].	for categories or classes of
					radio equipment referred to
					in Annex Ia, Part I, point 1
					letters a) to l), and from 40
					months after the entry-into-
					force of this Directive for
					categories or classes of radio
					equipment referred to in

					Annex Ia, Part I, point 1 letter m).
86.		those provisions, they shall contain a reference to this Directive or be accompanied by	Directive or be accompanied by such a reference on the occasion of their official publication. Member States	those provisions, they shall contain a reference to this Directive or be accompanied by such a reference on the occasion of their official publication. Member States	those provisions, they shall contain a reference to this Directive or be accompanied by such a reference on the occasion of their official publication. Member States
87.	Article 2 (2)	2. Member States shall communicate to the Commission the text of the main provisions of national law which they adopt in the field covered by this Directive.	communicate to the Commission the text of the main provisions of national law which they adopt in the	communicate to the Commission the text of the main provisions of national	communicate to the Commission the text of the main provisions of national law which they adopt in the

88.	Article 3	This Directive shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.		This Directive shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	This Directive shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.
89.	Article 4	This Directive is addressed to the Member States.	This Directive is addressed to the Member States.	This Directive is addressed to the Member States.	This Directive is addressed to the Member States.
90.		Done at Brussels,	Done at Brussels,	Done at Brussels,	Done at Brussels,
91.		For the European Parliament The President	For the European Parliament The President	For the European Parliament The President	For the European Parliament The President
92.		For the Council The President	For the Council The President	For the Council The President	For the Council The President

Row	Location	COMMISSION	EP Mandate	COUNCIL – 26 January 2022	COUNCIL -revised mandate
93.		ANNEX Ia	ANNEX Ia	ANNEX Ia	ANNEX Ia
94.	Annex - title	Specifications and information in relation to charging applicable to certain categories or classes of radio equipment	Specifications and information in relation to charging applicable to certain categories or classes of radio equipment	Specifications and information in relation to charging applicable to certain categories or classes of radio equipment	Specifications and information in relation to charging applicable to certain categories or classes of radio equipment

Row	Location	COMMISSION	EP Mandate	COUNCIL – 26 January 2022 COUNCIL –revised mandate
95.	Annex Ia - part 1 – point -1 (new)		-1. Categories or classes of radio equipment operating with power delivery of up to 100W falling under the scope of this Directive:	1. The requirements in points  2 and 3 below shall apply  to the following categories  or classes of radio  equipment:  a) hand-held mobile phones,  1. The requirements in points  2 and 3 below shall apply  to the following categories  or classes of radio  equipment:  a) hand-held mobile phones,

			- hand-held mobile	b) tablets,	b) tablets,
			phones,	c) digital photo/video	c) digital <del>photo/video</del>
			- tablets, e-readers,	cameras not intended for	cameras not intended for
			laptops,	professional use,	<del>professional use</del> ,
			- digital cameras,	d) headphones,	d) headphones,
			- headphones, headsets,	e) headsets,	e) headsets,
			earbuds,	f) handheld videogame	f) handheld videogame
			- handheld videogame	consoles,	<u>consoles,</u>
			consoles, keyboards,	g) portable speakers,	g) portable speakers,
			mice, screens, printers,	h) e-readers,	h) e-readers,
			- portable speakers,	i) keyboards,	i) keyboards,
			portable navigations,	i) mice,	<u>j) mice,</u>
			digital radios,	k) portable navigation	k) portable navigation
			- smart watches,	systems,	systems,
			wearable and health		l) earbuds,
			trackers, personal care		m) laptops,
			devices, sport and		
			lighting equipment,		
			- electronic toys.		
			ciccii oine toysi		
96.	Annex Ia	1. Hand-held mobile	1. Hand-held mobile phones,	1. In so far as they are	1. In so far as they are

## Part I –point 1

- phones, tablets, digital cameras, headphones, headsets, handheld videogame consoles and portable speakers, in so far as they are capable of being recharged via wired charging, shall:
- (a) be equipped with the USB Type-C receptacle, as described in the standard EN IEC 62680-1-3:2021 'Universal serial bus interfaces for data and power Part 1-3: Common components USB Type-CTM Cable and Connector
- tablets, digital cameras,
  headphones, headsets,
  handheld videogame
  consoles and Categories or
  classes of portable
  speakers, in so far radio
  equipment listed in point -1
  of this Annex insofar as
  they are capable of being
  recharged via wired
  charging, shall:
- (a) be equipped with the
  USB Type-C
  receptacle, as described
  in the standard EN IEC
  62680-1-3:2021
  'Universal serial bus
  interfaces for data and
  power Part 1-3:
  Common components USB Type-CTM Cable

- capable of being
  recharged via wired
  charging, the categories or
  classes of radio equipment
  referred to in point 1
  letters a) to k) shall:
- (a) be equipped with the USB

  Type-C receptacle, as

  described in the standard

  EN IEC 62680-1-3:2021

  'Universal serial bus

  interfaces for data and

  power Part 1-3: Common

  components USB Type
  C® TM Cable and

  Connector Specification',

  which should remain

  accessible and operational

  at all times;
- (b) be capable, in the case of

- capable of being
  recharged via wired
  charging, the categories or
  classes of radio equipment
  referred to in point 1
  letters a) to km) shall:
- (a) be equipped with the USB

  Type-C receptacle, as

  described in the standard

  EN IEC 62680-1-3:2021

  'Universal serial bus

  interfaces for data and

  power Part 1-3: Common

  components USB Type
  C®<sup>TM</sup> Cable and

  Connector Specification',

  which should remain

  accessible and operational

  at all times;
- (b) be capable, in the case of

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Specification', which should remain accessible and operational at all times;

be capable, in the case of charging power lower than 60 watts, of being charged with cables which comply with the standard EN IEC 62680-1-3:2021 'Universal serial bus interfaces for data and power -Part 1-3: Common components - USB Type-CTM Cable and Connector

and Connector Specification', which should remain accessible and operational at all times; Smart watches, wearable and health trackers, personal care devices, sport and lighting equipment are exempted from this provision when the small size of the product does not allow to be equipped with USB Type-C receptacle;

(b) be capable, in the case of charging power lower than 60 watts, of being charged with charging power lower than
60 watts, of being charged
with cables which comply
with the standard EN IEC
62680-1-3:2021 'Universal
serial bus interfaces for
data and power - Part 1-3:
Common components USB Type-C®<sup>TM</sup> Cable
and Connector
Specification'.

charging power lower than
60 watts, of being charged
with cables which comply
with the standard EN IEC
62680-1-3:2021 'Universal
serial bus interfaces for
data and power - Part 1-3:
Common components USB Type-C® TM Cable
and Connector
Specification'.

		Specification'.	cables which comply with the standard EN IEC 62680-1-3:2021 'Universal serial bus interfaces for data and power - Part 1-3: Common components - USB Type-CTM Cable and Connector Specification'.		
97.	Annex Ia – Part I – point 2	2. Hand-held mobile phones, tablets, digital cameras, headphones, headsets, handheld videogame consoles and portable speakers, in so far as they are capable of being recharged via wired charging at voltages higher than 5 volts or currents higher than 3 amperes or	2. Hand-held mobile phones, tablets, digital cameras, headphones, headsets, handheld videogame consoles and Categories or classes of portable -speakers, in so far radio equipment listed in point -1 of this Annex, insofar as they are capable of being recharged via wired	3. In so far as they are capable of being recharged via wired charging at voltages higher than 5 volts, currents higher than 3 amperes or powers higher than 15 watts, the categories or classes of radio equipment referred to in point 1 letters a) to k) shall:  (a) incorporate the USB	3. In so far as they are capable of being recharged via wired charging at voltages higher than 5 volts, currents higher than 3 amperes or powers higher than 15 watts, the categories or classes of radio equipment referred to in point 1 letters a) to km) shall:  (a) incorporate the USB Power

powers higher than 15 watts, shall:

- (a) incorporate the USB
  Power Delivery, as
  described in the
  standard EN IEC
  62680-1-2:2021
  'Universal serial bus
  interfaces for data
  and power Part 12: Common
  components USB
  Power Delivery
  specification';
- (b) ensure that any additional charging protocol allows the full functionality of the USB Power Delivery referred to

charging at voltages higher than of 5 volts or higher or currents than 3 amperes of 3 amperes or higher or powers higher than of 15 watts or higher shall:

- (a) incorporate the USB
  Power Delivery, as
  described in the
  standard EN IEC
  62680-1-2:2021
  'Universal serial bus
  interfaces for data and
  power Part 1-2:
  Common components USB Power Delivery
  specification';
- (b) ensure that any additional charging protocol allows the full functionality of the

Power Delivery, as

described in the standard

EN IEC 626801-2:2021

'Universal serial bus

interfaces for data and

power - Part 1-2: Common

components - USB Power

Delivery specification';

(b) ensure that any additional (b)
charging protocol allows
the full functionality of the
USB Power Delivery
referred to in point (a).

Delivery, as described in the standard EN IEC
626801-2:2021 'Universal serial bus interfaces for data and power - Part 1-2:
Common components - USB Power Delivery specification';

(b) ensure that any additional charging protocol allows
the full functionality of the
USB Power Delivery
referred to in point (a),
irrespective of the charging
device used.

MDM/AP/nm

		in point (a).	USB Power Delivery referred to in point (a) irrespective of the manufacturer of the charging device.		
98.	Annex Ia - part 2 – title	INFORMATION ON SPECIFICATIONS RELATING TO CHARGING CAPABILITIES	INFORMATION ON SPECIFICATIONS RELATING TO CHARGING CAPABILITIES	INFORMATION ON SPECIFICATIONS RELATING TO CHARGING CAPABILITIES <u>AND THE</u> <u>COMPATIBLE CHARGING</u> <u>DEVICES</u>	INFORMATION ON SPECIFICATIONS RELATING TO CHARGING CAPABILITIES <u>AND THE</u> COMPATIBLE CHARGING <u>DEVICES</u>
99.	Annex Ia - part 2 – introduct ory part	In the case of radio equipment falling within the scope of Article 3 (4), first subparagraph, the following information shall be indicated in printed form on the packaging or, in the absence of packaging, on a label	In the case of radio equipment falling within the scope of Article 3 (4), first subparagraph, the following information shall be indicated in printed form on the packaging or, in the absence of packaging, on a label attached	In the case of radio equipment falling within the scope of Article 3 (4), first subparagraph, the following information shall be indicated in accordance with the requirements set out in Article 10(8):in printed form	In the case of radio equipment falling within the scope of Article 3 (4), first subparagraph, the following information shall be indicated in accordance with the requirements set out in Article 10(8), and may be

	accompanying the radio equipment with the condition that the label can be visible:	to the radio equipment, including in the instructions and safety requirements accompanying the radio equipment, with the condition that the label can be visible:	on the packaging or, in the absence of packaging, on a label accompanying the radio equipment with the condition that the label can be visible:	made available in addition by means of QR codes or similar electronic solutions: in printed form on the packaging or, in the absence of packaging, on a label accompanying the radio equipment with the condition that the label can be visible:
100. Anne - part point	2 – requirements of the wired	a description of the power requirements of the wired charging devices that can be used with that radio equipment, including the <i>minimum and</i> maximum power required to charge the radio equipment <i>at the maximum charging speed</i> expressed in watts by displaying the text: "the minimum power delivered by the charger shall be equal to or	in the case of all categories or classes of radio equipment which are subject to the requirements of Part I of this Annex, a description of the power requirements of the wired charging devices that can be used with that radio equipment, including the minimum power required to charge the radio equipment, and the maximum power	in the case of all categories or classes of radio equipment which are subject to the requirements of Part I of this Annex, a description of the power requirements of the wired charging devices that can be used with that radio equipment, including the minimum power required to charge the radio equipment, and the maximum power

the maximum power required by the radio equipment;

higher than between min [xx]
Watts and max [xx] Watts in
order to achieve the maximum
charging speed". The number
of watts should shall
respectively express the
minimum and maximum
power required by the radio
equipment to achieve the
maximum charging speed;

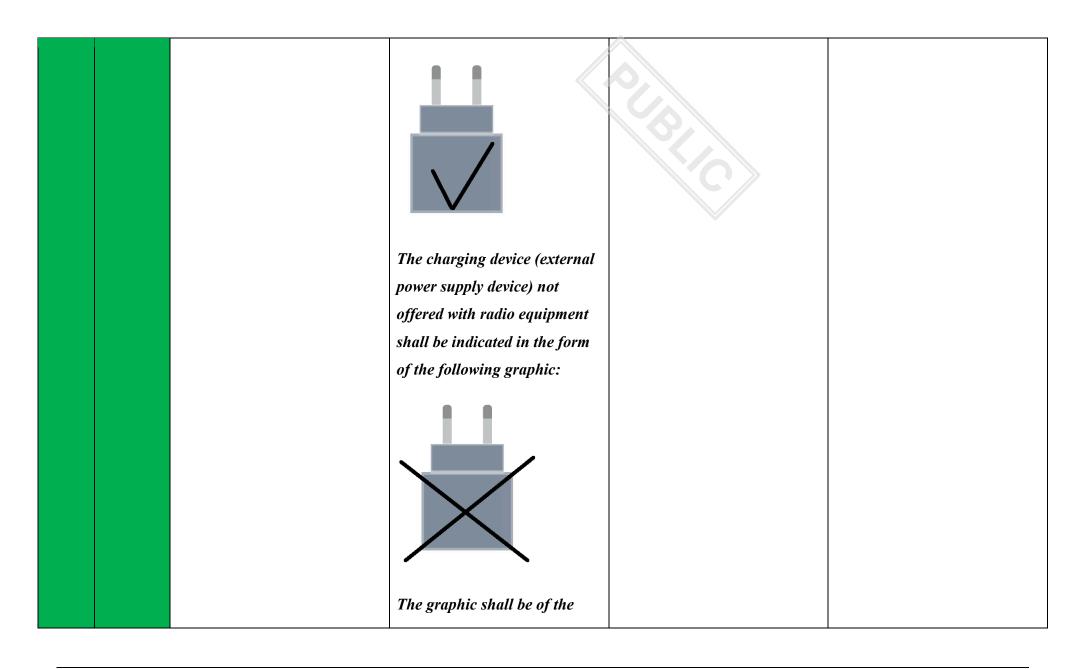
required to charge the radio equipment at maximum charging speed expressed in watts by displaying the text: "the minimum power delivered by the charger shall be equal to or higher than [xx] Watts to charge the radio equipment. The maximum power delivered by the charger shall be equal to or higher than [yy] Watts to achieve maximum charging **speed.**" The number of watts should **respectively** express minimum power required by the radio equipment, and the maximum power required by the radio equipment to achieve the maximum charging speed;

required to charge the radio equipment at the maximum charging speed expressed in watts by displaying the text: "the minimum power delivered by the charger shall be equal to or higher than between min [xx] Watts required by the radio equipment, and max to charge the radio equipment. The maximum power delivered by the charger shall be equal to or higher than [yy] Watts in order to achieve the maximum *charging speed.*" The number of watts should shall respectively express the minimum power required by the radio equipment, and the maximum power required by the radio equipment to achieve

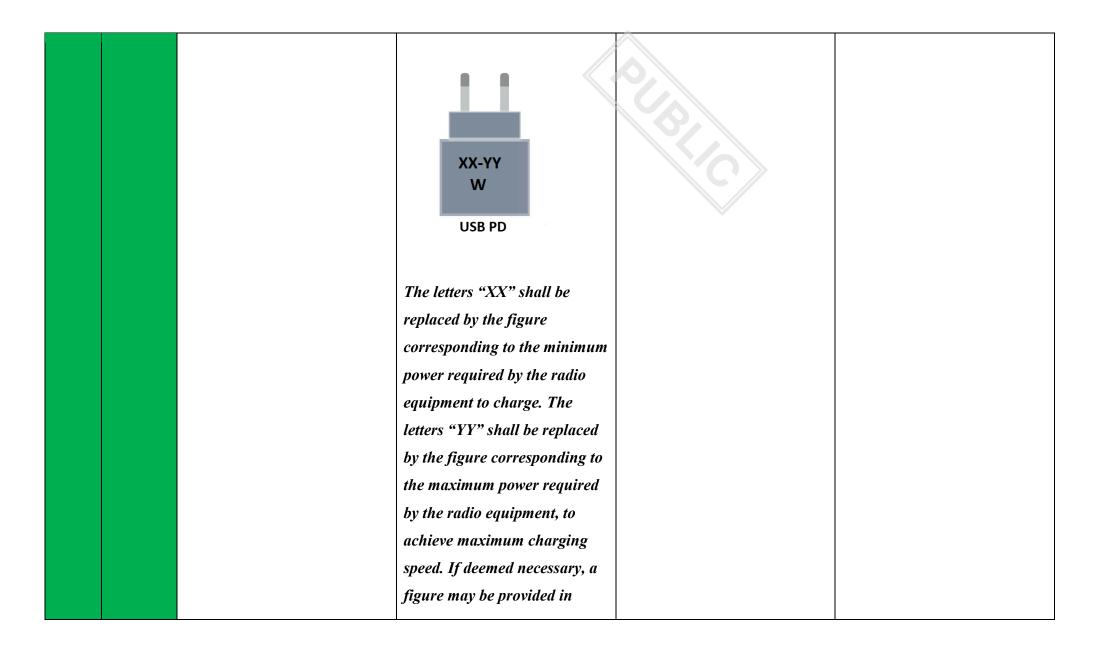
					the maximum charging speed;
101.	Annex Ia - part 2 – point (b)	(a) a description of the specifications in relation to charging capabilities of the radio equipment, in so far as they are capable of being recharged via wired charging at voltages higher than 5 volts or currents higher than 3 amperes or powers higher than 15 watts, including an indication that the radio equipment supports the USB Power Delivery charging protocol by displaying the text "USB PD fast charging" and an indication of any other	(a) a description of the specifications in relation to charging capabilities of the radio equipment, in so far as they are capable of being recharged via wired charging at voltages higher than of 5 volts or higher or currents higher than of 3 amperes or powers higher than or powers of 15 watts or higher, including an indication that the radio equipment supports the USB Power Delivery charging protocol by displaying the text "USB PD fast charging" and an	(a) in the case of radio equipment which is subject to the requirements of point 3 of Part I of this Annex, a description of the specifications in relation to charging capabilities of the radio equipment, in so far as they are capable of being recharged via wired charging at voltages higher than 5 volts or currents higher than 3 amperes or powers higher than 15 watts, including an indication that the radio equipment supports the	(a) in the case of radio equipment which is subject to the requirements of point 3 of Part I of this Annex, a description of the specifications in relation to charging capabilities of the radio equipment, in so far as they are capable of being recharged via wired charging at voltages higher than 5 volts or currents higher than 3 amperes or powers higher than 15 watts, including an indication that the radio equipment supports the USB Power Delivery charging protocol by displaying the text "USB PD fast charging" and an

	supported charging protocol by displaying its name in text format.	indication of any other supported charging protocol by displaying its name in text format.	USB Power Delivery charging protocol by displaying the text "USB PD fast charging" and an indication of any other supported charging protocol by displaying its name in text format.	indication of any other supported charging protocol by displaying its name in text format.
Annex Ia - part 2 – Conclusi on	(b) Such information shall be in a language which can be easily understood by consumers and other endusers, as determined by the Member State concerned, and shall be clear, understandable and intelligible.'	(b) Such information shall also be provided and displayed online in the case of distance sales. Such information shall be in a language and format which can be easily understood by consumers and other end- users, including persons with disabilities, as determined by the Member State concerned, and shall be clear, accurate,	(b) Such information shall be in a language which can be easily understood by consumers and other end- users, as determined by the Member State concerned, and shall be clear, understandable and intelligible.'	(b) Such information shall be in a language which can be easily understood by consumers and other end- users, as determined by the Member State concerned, and shall be clear, understandable and intelligible.'

		understandable and intelligible.' That information shall also be made available by means of QR codes or other electronic solutions.	
103.	Annex Ia  – Part II  a	Graphic indicating whether or not a charging device is offered together with the radio equipment.	
104.		The charging device (external power supply device) offered with radio equipment shall be indicated in the form of the following graphic:	



		same colour and size complying with the proportions given in the drawings above. The graphic shall also appear in the instructions for use of the specific radio equipment. Graphic shall also be made available by means of QR codes or other electronic solutions.	
105.	Annex Ia  – Part II  b	Content and format of the label providing information on the charging capabilities of the radio equipment  The label shall be indicated in the following format:	



		brackets indicating the current. The abbreviation "USB PD" shall be displaced if the radio equipment support this fast charging communication protocol.  The label shall be of the same colour and size complying with the proportions given in the drawings above. The label shall also appear in the instructions for use of the specific radio equipment. The label shall also be made available by means of QR codes or other electronic solutions.		
106.	Annex Ia - part 3 –		<u>Part III</u> <u>PICTOGRAM INDICATING</u>	<u>Part III</u> <u>PICTOGRAM INDICATING</u>

	Title (new)		WHETHER OR NOT A CHARGING DEVICE IS OFFERED TOGETHER WITH THE RADIO EQUIPMENT	WHETHER OR NOT A CHARGING DEVICE IS OFFERED TOGETHER WITH THE RADIO EQUIPMENT
107.	Annex Ia - part 3 – point 1		1. The pictogram shall have the following format:	1. The pictogram shall have the following formats:  1.1 If a charging device is supplied with the radio equipment:
				112/6 20/3 a4

				1.2 If no charging device is supplied with the radio equipment:
108.	Annex Ia - part 3 – point 2		2. In the pictogram above, the box shall be checked with a green mark if a charging device is supplied with the radio equipment, while the box shall remain empty if no	2. In the pictogram above, the box shall be checked with a green mark if a charging device is supplied with the radio equipment, while the box shall remain empty if no charging device

109.	Annex Ia	3.	charging device is supplied with the radio equipment.  The pictogram may take	is supplied with the radio equipment.  32. The pictogram may take
	- part 3 – point 3		different variations (e.g. colour, solid or hollow, line thickness), provided that it remains visible and legible. If the pictogram is reduced or enlarged, the proportions given in the graduated drawings in point 1 above shall be respected.	different variations (e.g. colour, solid or hollow, line thickness), provided that it remains visible and legible. If the pictogram is reduced or enlarged, the proportions given in the graduated drawings in point 1 above shall be respected. The dimension « a » referred to in point 1 shall be higher than 7 mm, irrespective of the variation.
110.	Annex Ia		<u>Part IV</u>	Part IV

	Part IV - title (new)	CONTENT AND FORMAT  OF THE LABEL	CONTENT AND FORMAT  OF THE LABEL
111.	Annex Ia  Part IV – point 1 (new)	1. The label shall have the following format:  a a/4 a/4  XX - YY  W * USB PD  2a/5	1. The label shall have the following format:
112.	Annex Ia  Part IV – point 2 (new)	2. The letters "XX" shall be replaced by the figure corresponding to the minimum power required by the radio equipment to charge, which defines the	2. The letters "XX" shall be replaced by the figure corresponding to the minimum power required by the radio equipment to charge, which defines the

minimum power that a minimum power that a charging device should charging device should supply to charge the radio supply to charge the radio equipment. The letters "YY" equipment. The letters "YY" shall be replaced by the shall be replaced by the figure corresponding to the figure corresponding to the maximum power required by maximum power required by the radio equipment to the radio equipment to achieve maximum charging achieve maximum charging speed, which defines the speed, which defines the minimum power that a minimum power that a charging device should at charging device should at least supply for an optimal least supply for an optimal charge to achieve that charge to achieve that maximum charging speed. maximum charging speed. The abbreviation "USB The abbreviation "USB PD"(USB Power delivery) PD"(USB Power delivery) shall be displayed if the radio shall be displayed if the radio equipment supports this equipment supports this charging communication charging communication protocol. "USB PD" is a protocol. "USB PD" is a

		protocol that negotiates the fastest delivery of current from the charger to the device without shortening the battery lifetime.	protocol that negotiates the fastest delivery of current from the charger to the device without shortening the battery lifetime.
Part IV – point 3 (new)		3. The label may take different variations (e.g. colour, solid or hollow, line thickness), provided that it remains visible and legible. If the label is reduced or enlarged, the proportions given in the graduated drawing in point 1 above shall be respected.	3. The label may take different variations (e.g. colour, solid or hollow, line thickness), provided that it remains visible and legible. If the label is reduced or enlarged, the proportions given in the graduated drawing in point 1 above shall be respected. The dimension « a » referred to in point 1 shall be higher than 7 mm, irrespective of the variation.

