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#### NOTE

From:	Presidency
To:	Delegations
No. Cion doc.:	15720/22
Subject:	Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on the collection and transfer of advance passenger information (API) for enhancing and facilitating external border controls, amending Regulation (EU) 2019/817 and Regulation (EU) 2018/1726, and repealing Council Directive 2004/82/EC - Presidency compromise proposal

Delegations will find in annex the Presidency's compromise proposals on the abovementioned proposal for a Regulation.

New text compared to the previous revised version is marked in ***bold, italic, and underlined***, whereas deleted text is marked in ~~*italic, underlined and strikethrough*~~.

The previous revised version's changes, as compared to the Commission's proposal, appear as **bold** for new text and ~~strikethrough~~ for deleted text.

This version also builds upon the compromise proposals put forward in 9045/23.

2022/0424 (COD)

Proposal for a

**REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL**

**On the collection and transfer of advance passenger information (API) for enhancing and facilitating external border ~~controls~~ checks, amending Regulation (EU) 2019/817 and Regulation (EU) 2018/1726, and repealing Council Directive 2004/82/EC**

THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 77(2), points (b) and (d), and Article 79(2), point (c), thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,

After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee<sup>1</sup>,

Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,

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<sup>1</sup> [OJ C , , p. .]

Whereas:

...

HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:



## CHAPTER 1

### GENERAL PROVISIONS

#### Article 1

##### Subject matter

For the purposes of enhancing and facilitating the effectiveness and efficiency of border checks at external borders and of combating illegal immigration, this Regulation lays down the rules on:

- (a) the collection by air carriers of advance passenger information (~~‘API data’~~) ~~on flights into the Union;~~
- (b) the transfer by air carriers to the router of the API data;
- (c) the transmission from the router to the competent border authorities of the API data.

#### Article 2

##### Scope

This Regulation applies to air carriers conducting ~~scheduled or non-scheduled~~ flights into the Union.

## Article 3

### Definitions

For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions apply:

- (a) 'air carrier' means ~~the~~ **an air carrier** ~~transport undertaking~~ as defined in Article 3, point 1, of Directive (EU) 2016/681;
- (b) 'border checks' means the **border** checks as defined in Article 2, point 11, of Regulation (EU) 2016/399;
- (c) 'flights into the Union' means flights flying from the territory either of a third country or of a Member State **to which not participating in this Regulation does not apply**, and planned to land on the territory of a Member State **or Member States to which participating in this Regulation applies**;
- (d) 'border crossing point' means the **border** crossing point as defined in Article 2, point 8, of Regulation (EU) 2016/399;
- (e) 'scheduled flight' means a flight that operates according to a fixed timetable, for which tickets can be purchased by the general public;
- (f) 'non-scheduled flight' means a flight that does not operate according to a fixed timetable and that is not necessarily part of a regular or scheduled route;
- (g) 'competent border authority' means the authority charged by a Member State to carry out border checks and designated and notified by that Member State in accordance with Article 11(2);
- (h) 'passenger' means any person, excluding members of the crew, carried or to be carried in an aircraft with the consent of the air carrier, such consent being manifested by that person's registration in the passengers list;

- (i) ‘crew’ means any person on board of an aircraft during the flight, other than a passenger, who works on and operates the aircraft, ~~including flight crew and cabin crew;~~
- (j) ‘traveller’ means a passenger or **member of the crew** ~~member;~~
- (k) ~~‘Advance Passenger Information data’~~ or ‘API data’ means the traveller data and the flight information referred to in Article 4(2) and (3) respectively;
- (l) ‘Passenger Information Unit’ or ‘PIU’ means the competent authority referred to in Article 3, point ~~k~~, of Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement];
- (m) ‘the router’ means the router referred to in Article 9;
- (n) ‘personal data’ means **personal data** ~~any information~~ as defined in Article 4, point 1, of Regulation (EU) 2016/679;
- (o) **‘other passenger name record data’ or ‘other PNR data’ means a record of each passenger’s travel requirements as defined in Article 3, point 5, of Directive (EU) 2016/681 and as listed in Annex I to that Directive, with the exception of point 18 of that Annex;**
- (p) **‘real-time flight traffic data’ means information on inbound and outbound flight traffic of an airport covered by this Regulation, provided by the European Organisation for the Safety of Air Navigation (‘Eurocontrol’).**

## CHAPTER 2

### COLLECTION AND TRANSFER OF API DATA

#### Article 4

##### API data to be collected by air carriers

1. Air carriers shall collect API data of **each** travellers, ~~consisting of the traveller data and the flight information specified in paragraphs 2 and 3 of this Article, respectively, on the flights referred to in Article 2, for the purpose of transferring that API data to be~~ **transferred to** the router in accordance with Article 6. **Where the flight is code-shared between one or more air carriers, the obligation to transfer the API data shall be on the air carrier that operates the flight.**
2. The API data shall consist of **only** the following traveller data ~~relating to each traveller on the flight:~~
  - (a) the surname (family name), first name or names (given names);
  - (b) the date of birth, sex and nationality;
  - (c) the type and number of the travel document and the three-letter code of the issuing country of the travel document;
  - (d) the date of expiry of the validity of the travel document;
  - (e) whether the traveller is a passenger or a crew member (traveller's status);
  - (f) the number identifying a passenger name record used by an air carrier to locate a passenger within its information system (PNR record locator);
  - (g) the seating information, such as the number of the seat in the aircraft assigned to a passenger, ~~where the air carrier collects such information;~~

- (h) baggage information, such as **the weight and the** number of checked bags, ~~where the air carrier collects such information~~;
- (i) **a code indicating the method used to capture and validate the data referred to in points (a) to (d).**

3. The API data shall also **only** consist of the following flight information relating to the flight of each traveller:

- (a) the flight identification number, or where the flight is code-shared between one or more air carriers, the flights identification numbers, or, if no such number exists, other clear and suitable means to identify the flight;
- (b) when applicable, the border crossing point of entry into the territory of the Member State;
- (c) the code of the airport of entry into the territory of the Member State **or, where the flight is planned to land on the territories of more than one Member State to which this Regulation applies, the codes of the airports of entry into the territories of the Member States concerned**;
- (ca) **the code of the airport of departure of the flight**;
- (d) **the code of the airport of** the initial point of embarkation, **where available**;
- (e) the local date and estimated time of departure;
- (f) the local date and estimated time of arrival;
- (g) **contact information of the air carrier**;
- (h) **the format used for the data transfer.**



## Article 5

### Means of collecting API data

1. Air carriers shall collect the API data pursuant to Article 4 in such a manner that the API data that they transfer in accordance with Article 6 is accurate, complete and up-to-date.

**Compliance with this obligation does not require air carriers to check the travel document at the moment of boarding the aircraft.**

2. Air carriers shall collect the API data referred to **in** Article 4(2), points (a) to (d), using automated means to collect the machine-readable data of the travel document of the traveller concerned. They shall do so in accordance with the detailed technical requirements and operational rules referred to in paragraph 4, where such rules have been adopted and are applicable.

**Where air carriers provide an online check-in process, they shall enable passengers to provide the API data referred to in Article 4(2), points (a) to (d) by automated means during this online check-in process. For passengers that do not check-in online, air carriers shall enable those passengers to provide those API data by automated means during check-in at the airport with the assistance of a self-service kiosk or of airline staff at the counter.**

**Where the** ~~However, where such~~ use of automated means is not possible due to the travel document not containing machine-readable data, air carriers shall collect that data manually, in such a manner as to ensure compliance with paragraph 1.

3. Any automated means used by air carriers to collect API data under this Regulation shall be reliable, secure and up-to-date.
4. The Commission ~~is empowered to~~ **shall** adopt ~~delegated~~**implementing** acts ~~in accordance with Article 37 to supplement this Regulation by laying down~~**specifying** detailed technical requirements and operational rules for the collection of the API data referred to in Article 4(2), points (a) to (d), ~~using automated means~~ in accordance with paragraph 2 and 3 of this Article, **including on requirements for data security. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 36(2).**

5. Air carriers that use automated means to collect the information referred to in Article 3(1) and 3(2) of Directive 2004/82/EC shall be entitled to do so applying the technical requirements relating to such use referred to in paragraph 4, in accordance with that Directive.

## Article 6

### Obligations on air carriers regarding transfers of API data

1. Air carriers shall transfer the API data to the router by electronic means, to be transmitted to the competent border authorities in accordance with Article 11. They shall ~~do so~~ transfer the API data in accordance with the detailed rules referred to in paragraph 3, where such rules have been adopted and are applicable.
2. Air carriers shall transfer the API data:
  - (a) **for passengers:**
    - (i) ~~per passenger both~~ at the moment of check-in, and
    - (ii) **for all boarded passengers** immediately after flight closure, that is, once the passengers have boarded the aircraft in preparation for departure and it is no longer possible for passengers to board or to leave the aircraft;
  - (b) **for all members of the crew immediately after flight closure, that is, once the crew is on board the aircraft in preparation for departure and it is no longer possible for them to leave the aircraft.**
3. The Commission ~~is empowered to~~ **shall** adopt ~~delegated~~ **implementing** acts, ensuring that the API data are transferred with a uniform content and structure, in accordance with Article 37 to supplement this Regulation by laying down specifying the necessary detailed rules on the common protocols and supported data formats to be used for the transfers of API data to the router referred to in paragraph 1, including on requirements for data security. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 36(2).

4. ~~Where an air carrier becomes aware, after having transferred data to the router, that the API data is inaccurate, incomplete, no longer up to date or was processed unlawfully, or that the data does not constitute API data, it shall immediately inform the European Union Agency for the Operational Management of Large-Scale IT Systems in the Area of Freedom, Security and Justice (eu-LISA). Upon receiving such information, eu-LISA shall immediately inform the competent border authority that received the API data transmitted through the router.~~

## Article 7

### Processing of API data ~~received~~ **by competent border authorities**

The competent border authorities shall process API data, transferred to them in accordance with this Regulation, solely for the purposes ~~referred to in Article 1~~ **of enhancing and facilitating the effectiveness and efficiency of border checks at external borders** ~~under the Schengen Borders Code for Member States to which that Code applies, and under national law where that Code does not apply,~~ **and of combating illegal immigration.**

## Article 8

### Storage **period** and deletion of API data

1. Air carriers shall store, for a time period of ~~48~~ **96** hours from the moment of **receipt by the router of the API data transferred to it in accordance with Article 6(2)(a)(ii) and (b)** ~~departure of the flight~~, the API data relating to **all travellers** ~~that passenger~~ that they collected pursuant to Article 4. They shall immediately and permanently delete that API data after the expiry of that time period. **This is without prejudice to the possibility for air carriers to retain and use the data where necessary for the normal course of their business in compliance with applicable law.**
2. The competent border authorities shall store, for a time period of ~~48~~ **96** hours from the moment of **receipt of the API data transmitted to them** ~~departure of the flight~~, the API data relating to ~~that passenger that they received through the router~~ pursuant to Article 11 **following the transfer pursuant to Article 6(2)(a)(ii) and 6(2)(b).** They shall immediately and permanently delete that API data after the expiry of that time period.

- ~~3. Where an air carrier or competent border authority becomes aware that the data that it has collected, transferred or received under to this Regulation is inaccurate, incomplete, no longer up-to-date or was processed unlawfully, or that the data does not constitute API data, it shall immediately either correct, complete or update, or permanently delete, that API data. This is without prejudice to the possibility for air carriers to retain and use the data where necessary for the normal course of their business in compliance with the applicable law.~~

## **Article 8a**

### **Correcting, completing and updating API data**

- 1. Where an air carrier becomes aware that the data that it stores under this Regulation was processed unlawfully, or that the data does not constitute API data, it shall immediately and permanently delete, that data. If that data has been transferred to the router, the air carrier shall immediately inform the European Union Agency for the Operational Management of Large-Scale IT Systems in the Area of Freedom, Security and Justice (eu-LISA). Upon receiving such information, eu-LISA shall immediately inform the competent border authority that received the API data transmitted through the router. That competent border authority shall immediately and permanently delete that data.**
- 2. Where an air carrier becomes aware that the data that it stores under this Regulation is inaccurate, incomplete or no longer up-to-date it shall immediately either correct, complete or update that data. This is without prejudice to the possibility for air carriers to retain and use the data where necessary for the normal course of their business in compliance with the applicable law.**
- 3. Where an air carrier becomes aware after the transfer of API data under Article 6(2)(a)(i), but before the transfer under Article 6(2)(a)(ii), that the data it has transferred is inaccurate, the air carrier shall immediately transfer the corrected API data to the router.**

4. Where an air carrier becomes aware, after the transfer of API data under Article 6(2)(a)(ii) or 6(2)(b), that the data it has transferred is inaccurate, incomplete or no longer up-to-date, the air carrier shall immediately transfer the corrected, completed or updated API data to the router.
5. Where a competent border authority becomes aware after the transmission of API data under Article 11, that the data is inaccurate, incomplete or no longer up-to-date, it shall immediately delete that data, unless that data is required to ensure compliance with the obligations laid down in this Regulation.
6. The Commission ~~is empowered to~~ **shall** adopt ~~delegated~~ **implementing** acts ~~in accordance with Article 37 to supplement this Regulation by laying down~~ **specifying** the necessary detailed rules on correcting, completing and updating API data within the meaning of this article. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 36(2).

## CHAPTER 3

### PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE ROUTER

#### Article 9

##### The router

1. eu-LISA shall design, develop, host and technically manage, in accordance with Articles 22 and 23, a router for the purpose of facilitating the transfer of API data by the air carriers to the competent border authorities ~~and to the PIUs in accordance with this Regulation *and, where relevant, of other PNR data to the PIUs in accordance with Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement]*~~, respectively.
2. The router shall be composed of:
  - (a) a central infrastructure, including a set of technical components enabling the **reception and** transmission of API data ~~*and, where relevant, of other PNR data;*~~
  - (b) a secure communication channel between the central infrastructure and the competent border authorities ~~*and the PIUs,*~~ and a secure communication channel between the central infrastructure and the air carriers, for the transfer **and transmission** of API data ~~*and, where relevant, of other PNR data,*~~ and for any communications relating thereto;
  - (c) **a secure channel to receive real-time flight traffic data.**

3. Without prejudice to Article 10 of this Regulation, the router shall, to the extent technically possible, share and re-use the technical components, including hardware and software components, of the web service referred to in Article 13 of Regulation (EU) 2017/2226 of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>2</sup>, the carrier gateway referred to in Article 6(2), point (k), of Regulation (EU) 2018/1240, and the carrier gateway referred to in Article ~~2a, point (h)~~ **45c**, of Regulation (EC) 767/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>3</sup>.

## Article 10

### Exclusive use of the router

The router shall only be used by air carriers to transfer API data ~~and, where relevant, other PNR data,~~ and by competent border authorities ~~and PIUs~~ to receive API data ~~and, where relevant, other PNR data,~~ in accordance with this Regulation ~~and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement],~~ ~~respectively.~~

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<sup>2</sup> Regulation (EU) 2017/2226 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 30 November 2017 establishing an Entry/Exit System (EES) to register entry and exit data and refusal of entry data of third-country nationals crossing the external borders of the Member States and determining the conditions for access to the EES for law enforcement purposes, and amending the Convention implementing the Schengen Agreement and Regulations (EC) No 767/2008 and (EU) No 1077/2011 (OJ L 327, 9.12.2017, p. 20).

<sup>3</sup> Regulation (EC) No 767/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 concerning the Visa Information System (VIS) and the exchange of data between Member States on short-stay visas (VIS Regulation) (OJ L 218, 13.8.2008, p. 60).

## Article 10a

### Data format and transfer verifications

1. The router shall, in an automated manner and based on real-time flight traffic data, verify whether the air carrier transferred the API data ~~or, where relevant, the other PNR data~~ in accordance with Article 6(1) ~~or with Article 4(6) of Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement]~~.
2. The router shall, immediately and in an automated manner, verify whether the API data ~~or, where relevant, the other PNR data~~ transferred to it in accordance with Article 6(1) ~~of this Regulation or with Article 4(6) of Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement]~~ complies with the detailed rules on the supported data formats, referred to in Article 6(3).
3. Where the router has verified in accordance with paragraph 1 that the data was not transferred by the air carrier or where the data in question is not compliant with the detailed rules referred to in paragraph 2, the router shall, immediately and in an automated manner, notify the air carrier concerned and the competent border authorities ~~or the PIUs~~ of the Member States to which the data were to be transmitted pursuant to Article 11(1) ~~of this Regulation or Article 5(1) of Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement]~~.
4. The Commission shall adopt implementing acts specifying the necessary detailed technical and procedural rules for the verifications and notifications referred to in paragraph 1, 2 and 3 of this Article. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 36(2).



## Article 11

### Transmission of API data from the router to the competent border authorities

1. **Upon the verifications referred to in Article 10a,** ~~the router shall, immediately and in an automated manner,~~ **and without changing its content in any way,** transmit the API data, transferred to it pursuant to Article 6 **or Article 8a(3) and (4),** to the competent border authorities of the Member State, **or where the flight is planned to land on the territories of more than one Member State participating in this Regulation, to the competent border authorities of the Member States,** referred to in Article 4(3), point (c). It shall do so in accordance with the detailed rules referred to in paragraph 4 of this Article, where such rules have been adopted and are applicable.

For the purpose of such transmission, eu-LISA shall establish and keep up-to-date a table of correspondence between the different airports of origin and destination and the countries to which they belong.

2. ~~The~~**Each** Member State shall designate the competent border authorities authorised to receive the API data ~~transferred~~ **transmitted** to them from the router in accordance with this Regulation. **They may, to that end, establish a single data entry point that receives the API data and that immediately and in an automated manner forwards it to the competent border authorities of the Member State concerned. No access to the API data by the staff managing the single data entry point shall be allowed, unless strictly necessary for the maintenance and technical management of the single data entry point.**

~~They~~**Each Member State** shall notify, by the date of application of this Regulation referred to in Article 39, second subparagraph, eu-LISA and the Commission of the name and contact details of the competent border authorities and shall, where necessary, update the notified information **and provide information on that single data entry point.**

The Commission shall, on the basis of those notifications and updates, compile and make publicly available a list of the notified competent border authorities, including their contact details.

- 2a. Each Member State shall ensure that its competent border authorities in receipt of any API data in accordance with paragraph 1 ~~automatically~~ **immediately and in an automated manner** confirm, through, where applicable, their single data entry point, reception of such data to the router.
3. ~~The~~**Each** Member States shall ensure that only the duly authorised staff of ~~its~~**the** competent border authorities have access to the API data transmitted to them through the router. ~~It~~**They** shall lay down the necessary rules to that effect. Those rules shall include rules on the creation and regular update of a list of those staff and their profiles.
4. The Commission ~~shall be empowered to~~ **implementing** delegated acts in accordance with ~~Article 37 to supplement this Regulation by laying down~~ **specifying** the necessary detailed technical and procedural rules for the transmissions of API data from the router referred to in paragraph 1, **including on requirements for data security**. **Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 36(2).**

## Article 12

### Deletion of API data ~~and other PNR data~~ from the router

API data, transferred to the router pursuant to this Regulation ~~and API data and, where relevant, other PNR data, transferred to the router pursuant to Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement]~~, shall be stored on the router only insofar as necessary to complete the transmission to the relevant competent borders authorities ~~or PIUs, as applicable~~, in accordance with ~~those~~ **this** Regulations and shall be deleted from the router, immediately, permanently and in an automated manner, ~~in both of the following situations:~~

- ~~(a)~~ **—where it is confirmed, in accordance with Article 11(2a), that the transmission of the API data to the relevant competent border authorities** ~~or the transmission of API data and, where relevant, other PNR data to the PIUs, as applicable~~, has been completed;

~~(b) in respect of Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement], where the API data and, where relevant, other PNR data relates to other intra-EU flights than those included in the lists referred to in Article 5(2) of that Regulation.~~

## Article 13

### Keeping of logs

1. eu-LISA shall keep logs of all processing operations relating to the transfer of API data through the router under this Regulation ~~and of API data and, where relevant, other PNR data pursuant to Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement]~~. Those logs shall cover the following:
  - (a) the air carrier that transferred the API data ~~or, where relevant, other PNR data,~~ to the router;
  - (b) the competent border authorities ~~and PIUs~~ to which the API data ~~and, where relevant, other PNR data,~~ ~~werewas~~ transmitted through the router;
  - (c) the date and time of the transfers referred to in points (a) and (b), and place of transfer;
  - (d) any access by staff of eu-LISA necessary for the maintenance of the router, as referred to in Article 23(3);
  - (e) any other information relating to those processing operations necessary to monitor the security and integrity of the API data ~~or, where relevant, other PNR data,~~ and the lawfulness of those processing operations.

Those logs shall not include any personal data, other than the information necessary to identify the relevant member of the staff of eu-LISA, referred to in point (d) of the first subparagraph.

2. Air carriers shall create logs of all processing operations under this Regulation undertaken by using the automated means referred to in Article 5(2). Those logs shall cover the date, time and place of transfer of the API data. **Those logs shall not include any personal data.**
3. The logs referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be used only for ensuring the security and integrity of the API data ~~and, where relevant, of other PNR data~~ and the lawfulness of the processing, in particular as regards compliance with the requirements set out in this Regulation ~~and Regulation (EU) [API Law Enforcement]~~, including proceedings for penalties for infringements of those requirements in accordance with Articles 29 and 30 of this Regulation.
4. eu-LISA and the air carriers shall take appropriate measures to protect the logs that they created pursuant to paragraphs 1 and 2, respectively, against unauthorised access and other security risks.
- 4a. **The National API ~~Supervisory~~ Supervision Authority referred to in Article 29; and competent border authorities; ~~and PIUs~~, shall have access to the relevant logs referred to in paragraph 1 where necessary for the purposes referred to in paragraph 3.**
5. eu-LISA and the air carriers shall keep the logs that they created pursuant to paragraphs 1 and 2, respectively, for a time period of one year from the moment of the creation of those logs. They shall immediately and permanently delete those logs upon the expiry of that time period.

However, if those logs are needed for procedures for monitoring or ensuring the security and integrity of the API data or the lawfulness of the processing operations, as referred to in paragraph 3~~2~~, and these procedures have already begun at the moment of the expiry of the time period referred to in the first subparagraph, eu-LISA and the air carriers ~~shall~~**may** keep those logs for as long as necessary for those procedures. In that case, they shall immediately delete those logs when they are no longer necessary for those procedures.

## Article 14

### Actions in case of technical impossibility to use the router

1. Where it is technically impossible to use the router to transmit API data because of a failure of the router, eu-LISA shall immediately notify the air carriers and competent border authorities of that technical impossibility in an automated manner. In that case, eu-LISA shall immediately take measures to address the technical impossibility to use the router and shall immediately notify those parties when it has been successfully addressed.

During the time period between those notifications, Article 6(1) **and Article 8(1)** shall not apply, insofar as the technical impossibility prevents the transfer of API data to the router. ~~Insofar as that is the case, Article 4(1) and Article 8(1) shall not apply either to the API data in question during that time period.~~ **Air carriers shall store the API data until the technical impossibility has been successfully addressed and at that point transfer the data to the router in accordance with Article 6(1). However, the router shall not transmit the API data to the competent border authorities, but instead delete the data, if it is received later than 96 hours after the estimated time of departure as referred to in Article 4(3)(e).**

2. Where it is technically impossible to use the router to transmit API data because of a failure of the systems or infrastructure referred to in Article 20 of a Member State, the competent border authorities of that Member State shall immediately notify ~~the air carriers,~~ the competent authorities of the other Member States, eu-LISA and the Commission of that technical impossibility in an automated manner. In that case, that Member State shall immediately take measures to address the technical impossibility to use the router and shall immediately notify those parties when it has been successfully addressed.

~~During the time period between those notifications, Article 6(1) shall not apply, insofar as the technical impossibility prevents the transfer of API data to the router. Insofar as that is the case, Article 4(1) and Article 8(1) shall not apply either to the API data in question during that time period.~~ **The router shall store the API data until the technical impossibility has been successfully addressed and at that point transmit the data in accordance with Article 11(1). However, the router shall not store data for a period longer than 96 hours for that purpose, and delete the data after expiry of the retention period of 96 hours.**

3. Where it is technically impossible to use the router to transmit API data because of a failure of the systems or infrastructure referred to in Article 21 of an air carrier, that air carrier shall immediately notify the competent border authorities, eu-LISA and the Commission of that technical impossibility in an automated manner. In that case, that air carrier shall immediately take measures to address the technical impossibility to use the router and shall immediately notify those parties when it has been successfully addressed.

During the time period between those notifications, Article 6(1) **and Article 8(1)** shall not apply, insofar as the technical impossibility prevents the transfer of API data to the router. ~~Insofar as that is the case, Article 4(1) and Article 8(1) shall not apply either to the API data in question during that time period.~~ **Air carriers shall store the API data until the technical impossibility has been successfully addressed and at that point transfer the data to the router in accordance with Article 6(1). However, the router shall not transmit the API data to the competent border authorities, but instead delete the data, if it is received later than 96 hours after the estimated time of departure as referred to in Article 4(3)(e).**

When the technical impossibility has been successfully addressed, the air carrier concerned shall, without delay, submit to the ~~competent~~ national **API supervisory supervision** authority referred to in Article 29 a report containing all necessary details on the technical impossibility, including the reasons for the technical impossibility, its extent and consequences as well as the measures taken to address it.

## CHAPTER 4

### SPECIFIC PROVISIONS ON THE PROTECTION OF PERSONAL DATA

#### Article 15

##### Personal data controllers

The competent border authorities shall be controllers, within the meaning of Article 4, point (7), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, ~~in relation to the processing of API data constituting personal data through the router, including the transmission and the storage for technical reasons of that data in the router, as well as~~ in relation to their processing of API data constituting personal data referred to in Article 7 of this Regulation.

**eu-LISA shall be controller, within the meaning of Article 3, point (8), of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 in relation to the processing of API data constituting personal data through the router, including the transmission and the storage for technical reasons of that data in the router.**

The air carriers shall be controllers, within the meaning of Article 4, point (7), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, for the processing of API data constituting personal data in relation to their collection of that data and their transfer thereof to the router under this Regulation.

#### Article 16

##### Personal data processor

~~eu-LISA shall be the processor within the meaning of Article 3, point (12), of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 for the processing of API data constituting personal data through the router in accordance with this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement].~~

## Article 17

### Security

1. eu-LISA shall ensure the security of the API data, in particular API data constituting personal data, that it processes pursuant to this Regulation ~~and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement]~~. The competent border authorities and the air carriers shall ensure the security of the API data, in particular API data constituting personal data, that they process pursuant to this Regulation. eu-LISA, the competent border authorities and the air carriers shall cooperate, in accordance with their respective responsibilities and in compliance with Union law, with each other to ensure such security.
2. In particular, eu-LISA shall take the necessary measures to ensure the security of the router and the API data, in particular API data constituting personal data, transmitted through the router, including by establishing, implementing and regularly updating a security plan, a business continuity plan and a disaster recovery plan, in order to:
  - (a) physically protect the router, including by making contingency plans for the protection of critical components thereof;
  - (b) prevent any unauthorised processing of the API data, including any unauthorised access thereto and copying, modification or deletion thereof, both during the transfer of the API data to and from the router and during any storage of the API data on the router where necessary to complete the transmission, in particular by means of appropriate encryption techniques;
  - (ba) ensure that the persons authorised to access the router have access only to the data covered by their access authorisation;**



- (c) ensure that it is possible to verify and establish to which competent border authorities ~~or PIUs~~ the API data is transmitted through the router;
- (d) properly report to its Management Board any faults in the functioning of the router;
- (e) monitor the effectiveness of the security measures required under this Article and under Regulation (EU) 2018/1725, and assess and update those security measures where necessary in the light of technological or operational developments.

The measures referred to in the first subparagraph of this paragraph shall not affect Article 33 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 and Article 32 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

## Article 18

### Self-monitoring

The air carriers and competent **border** authorities shall monitor their compliance with their respective obligations under this Regulation, in particular as regards their processing of API data constituting personal data. *For air carriers, including through the monitoring shall include* frequent verification of the logs referred to in Article 13.

## Article 19

### Personal data protection audits

1. The ~~competent national data protection~~ **supervisory** authorities referred to in Article 51 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 shall ~~ensure that~~ **carry out** an audit of processing operations of API data constituting personal data performed by the competent border authorities for the purposes of this Regulation ~~is carried out, in accordance with relevant international auditing standards,~~ at least once every four years. **Member States shall ensure that their supervisory authorities have sufficient resources and expertise to fulfil the tasks entrusted to them under this Regulation.**

2. The European Data Protection Supervisor ~~shall ensure that~~**carry out** an audit of processing operations of API data constituting personal data performed by eu-LISA for the purposes of this Regulation ~~and of API data and other PNR data for the purposes of Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement]~~ is carried out in accordance with relevant international auditing standards at least once every year. A report of that audit shall be sent to the European Parliament, to the Council, to the Commission, to the Member States and to eu-LISA. eu-LISA shall be given an opportunity to make comments before the reports are adopted.
3. In relation to the processing operations referred to in paragraph 2, upon request, eu-LISA shall supply information requested by the European Data Protection Supervisor, shall grant the European Data Protection Supervisor access to all the documents it requests and to the logs referred to in Article 13(1), and shall allow the European Data Protection Supervisor access to all eu-LISA's premises at any time.

## CHAPTER 5

### CONNECTIONS AND ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS REGARDING THE ROUTER

#### Article 20

##### Competent border authorities' connections to the router

1. Member States shall ensure that their competent border authorities are connected to the router. They shall ensure that the competent border authorities' systems and infrastructure for the reception of API data transferred pursuant to this Regulation, **including any single data entry point as referred to in Article 11(2)**, are integrated with the router.

Member States shall ensure that the connection to the router and integration with it enables their competent border authorities to receive and further process the API data, as well as to exchange any communications relating thereto, in a lawful, secure, effective and swift manner.

2. The Commission ~~is empowered to~~ **shall** adopt ~~delegated~~ **implementing** acts ~~in accordance with Article 37 to supplement this Regulation by laying down~~ **specifying** the necessary detailed rules on the connections to and integration with the router referred to in paragraph 1, **including on requirements for data security. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 36(2).**

## Article 21

### Air carriers' connections to the router

1. Air carriers shall ensure that they are connected to the router. They shall ensure that their systems and infrastructure for the transfer of API data to the router pursuant to this Regulation are integrated with the router.

Air carriers shall ensure that the connection to that router and integration with it enables them to transfer the API data, as well as to exchange any communications relating thereto, in a lawful secure, effective and swift manner. **To that end, air carriers shall conduct tests of the transfer of API data to the router in cooperation with eu-LISA in accordance with Article 24(3).**

2. The Commission is empowered to adopt ~~delegated~~**implementing** acts ~~in accordance with Article 37 to supplement this Regulation by laying down~~**specifying** the necessary detailed rules on the connections to and integration with the router referred to in paragraph 1, **including on requirements for data security. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 36(2).**

## Article 22

### eu-LISA's tasks relating to the design and development of the router

1. eu-LISA shall be responsible for the design of the physical architecture of the router, including defining the technical specifications.
2. eu-LISA shall be responsible for the development of the router, including for any technical adaptations necessary for the operation of the router.

The development of the router shall consist of the elaboration and implementation of the technical specifications, testing and overall project management and coordination of the development phase.

3. eu-LISA shall ensure that the router is designed and developed in such a manner that the router provides the functionalities specified in this Regulation ~~and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement]~~, and that ~~the router~~ **it** starts operations as soon as possible after the adoption by the Commission of the ~~delegated~~**implementing** acts provided for in Article 5(4), Article 6(3), Article 11(4), Article 20(2) and Article 21(2).
- 3a. **eu-LISA shall provide to the competent border authorities, ~~the PIUs~~ other relevant Member States' authorities and air carriers, a compliance test set. The compliance test set shall ~~including~~ a test environment, a simulator, test data sets, and a test plan. The compliance test set shall allow for the comprehensive test of the router referred to in paragraph 4. ~~The compliance test set~~ and it shall remain available after the completion of the comprehensive test of the router.**
4. Where eu-LISA considers that the development phase has been completed, it shall, without undue delay, conduct a comprehensive test of the router, in cooperation with the competent border authorities, ~~PIUs~~ and other relevant Member States' authorities and air carriers and inform the Commission of the outcome of that test.

## Article 23

eu-LISA's tasks relating to the hosting and technical management of the router

1. eu-LISA shall host the router in its technical sites.
2. eu-LISA shall be responsible for the technical management of the router, including its maintenance and technical developments, in such a manner as to ensure that the API data ~~and other PNR data~~ are securely, effectively and swiftly transmitted through the router, in compliance with this Regulation ~~and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement]~~.

The technical management of the router shall consist of carrying out all the tasks and enacting all technical solutions necessary for the proper functioning of the router in accordance with this Regulation ~~Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement]~~, in an uninterrupted manner, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. It shall include the maintenance work and technical developments necessary to ensure that the router functions at a satisfactory level of technical quality, in particular as regards availability, accuracy and reliability of the transmission of API data ~~and other PNR data~~, in accordance with the technical specifications and, as much as possible, in line with the operational needs of the competent border authorities, PIUs and air carriers.

3. eu-LISA's **staff** shall not have access to any of the API data ~~and other PNR data~~ that is transmitted through the router. However, that prohibition shall not preclude eu-LISA's **staff** from having such access insofar as strictly necessary for the maintenance **and technical management** of the router.

4. Without prejudice to paragraph 3 of this Article and to Article 17 of Council Regulation (EEC, Euratom, ECSC) No 259/68<sup>4</sup>, eu-LISA shall apply appropriate rules of professional secrecy or other equivalent duties of confidentiality to its staff required to work with API data ~~and other PNR data~~ transmitted through the router. This obligation shall also apply after such staff leave office or employment or after the termination of their activities.

## Article 24

### eu-LISA's support tasks relating to the router

1. eu-LISA shall, upon their request, provide training **and support** to competent border authorities, ~~PIUs~~ and other relevant Member States' authorities and air carriers on the technical use of the router.
2. eu-LISA shall provide support to the competent border authorities ~~and PIUs~~ regarding the reception of API data through the router pursuant to this Regulation ~~and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement], respectively~~, in particular as regards the application of Articles 11 and 20 ~~of this Regulation and Articles 5 and 10 of Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement]~~.
3. **In accordance with Article 21(1), eu-LISA shall conduct tests in cooperation with air carriers of the transfer of API data to the router, making use of the compliance test set referred to in Article 22(3a).**

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<sup>4</sup> Regulation (EEC, Euratom, ECSC) No 259/68 of the Council of 29 February 1968 laying down the Staff Regulations of Officials and the Conditions of Employment of Other Servants of the European Communities and instituting special measures temporarily applicable to officials of the Commission (OJ L 56, 4.3.1968, p. 1).

**CHAPTER 5a**  
**GOVERNANCE**

**Article 24a**

**Programme Management Board**

- 1. By [Date of entry into force of this Regulation], eu-LISA's Management Board shall establish a Programme Management Board. It shall be composed of 10 members and shall consist of:**
- (a) seven members appointed by eu-LISA's Management Board from among its members or its alternates;**
  - (b) the chair of the API-PNR Advisory Group referred to in Article 24b;**
  - (c) one member ~~representing~~ of the eu-LISA staff appointed by its Executive Director;**
  - (d) and one member appointed by the Commission.**

**As regards point (a), the members appointed by eu-LISA's Management Board shall be elected only from its members or its alternates from those Member States that are bound by this Regulation.**

- 2. The Programme Management Board shall draft its rules of procedure to be adopted by eu-LISA's Management Board.**

**The chairpersonship shall be held by a Member State that is a member of the Programme Management Board.**

- 3. The Programme Management Board shall supervise the effective fulfilment of eu-LISA's tasks relating to the design and development of the router in accordance with Article 22.**



To that end, upon request of the Programme Management Board, eu-LISA shall provide detailed and updated information on the design and development of the router, including on the resources allocated by eu-LISA.

The Programme Management Board shall regularly, and at least three times per quarter, submit written reports on progress in the design and development of the router to eu-LISA's Management Board.

4. The Programme Management Board shall have no decision-making power, nor any mandate to represent eu-LISA's Management Board or its members.
5. The Programme Management Board shall cease to exist by the date of the application of this Regulation referred to in Article 39, second subparagraph.

#### **Article 24b**

##### **API-PNR Advisory Group**

1. By [Date of entry into force of this Regulation], eu-LISA's Management Board shall establish an API-PNR Advisory Group *in accordance with Article 27 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1726*.
2. Whenever available, eu-LISA shall provide the API-PNR Advisory Group with versions, even intermediary ones, of the technical specifications and the compliance test sets referred to in Article 22(1), (2) and (3a).
3. The API-PNR Advisory Group shall exercise the following functions:
  - (a) provide expertise to eu-LISA and to the Programme Management Board on the design and development of the router in accordance with Article 22;
  - (b) provide expertise to eu-LISA on the hosting and technical management of the router in accordance with Article 23;

- (c) provide its opinion to the Programme Management Board, upon its request, on the progress of the design and development of the router, including on the progress of those technical specifications and compliance test sets referred to in paragraph 2.
4. The API-PNR Advisory Group shall have no decision-making power, nor any mandate to represent the eu-LISA's Management Board or its members.

#### Article 24c

##### API-PNR Contact Group

1. By the date of the application of this Regulation referred to in Article 39, second subparagraph, eu-LISA's Management Board shall establish an API-PNR Contact Group.
2. The API-PNR Contact Group shall enable communication between Member States' relevant authorities and air carriers on technical ~~and operational~~ matters related to their respective tasks and obligations under this Regulation.
3. The API-PNR Contact Group shall be composed of representatives of Member States' relevant authorities and air carriers, the chairperson of the API-PNR Advisory Group and eu-LISA's experts.
4. eu-LISA's Management Board shall establish the rules of procedure of the API-PNR Contact Group, following an opinion of the API-PNR Advisory Group.
5. When deemed necessary, eu-LISA's Management Board may also establish sub-groups of the API-PNR Contact Group to discuss specific technical matters related to the respective tasks and obligations of Member States' relevant authorities and air carriers under this Regulation.

6. The API-PNR Contact Group, including its sub-groups, shall have no decision-making power, nor any mandate to represent the eu-LISA's Management Board or its members.

#### Article 24d

##### API Expert Group

1. By the date of application of this Regulation referred to in Article 39, second subparagraph, the Commission shall establish an API Expert Group in accordance with the horizontal rules on the creation and operation of Commission expert groups.
2. The API Expert Group shall enable communication among Member States' relevant authorities, and between Member States' relevant authorities and air carriers, on policy matters related to their respective tasks and obligations under this Regulation, including in relation to the penalties referred to in Article 30.
3. The API Expert Group shall be chaired by the Commission and constituted in accordance with the horizontal rules on the creation and operation of Commission expert groups. It shall be composed of representatives of Member States' relevant authorities, representatives of air carriers and eu-LISA's experts.
4. The API Expert Group shall carry out its tasks in accordance with the principle of transparency. The Commission shall publish the minutes of the meetings of the API Expert Group and other relevant documents on the Commission website.

#### Article 25

##### Costs of eu-LISA and of Member States

1. Costs incurred by eu-LISA arising out of the establishment and operation ~~in relation to the design, development and implementation,~~ hosting and technical management of the router under this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement] shall be borne by the general budget of the Union.

~~2. Costs incurred by Member States in relation to their connections to and integration with the router referred to in Article 20 shall be borne by the general budget of the Union.~~

~~However, the following costs shall be excluded and shall be borne by the Member States:~~

~~(a) costs for the project management office, including meetings, missions, offices;~~

~~(b) costs for the hosting of national information technology (IT) systems, including space, implementation, electricity and cooling;~~

~~(c) costs for the operation of national IT systems, including operators and support contracts;~~

~~(d) costs for the design, development, implementation, operation and maintenance of national communication networks.~~

3 2. The **funding referred to in Article 7(3)(b) of** Member States shall also bear the costs arising from the administration, use and maintenance of their connections to and integration with the router ~~*Instrument for Financial Support for Border Management and Visa Policy, which is part of the Integrated Border Management Fund, as established by*~~ **the Regulation (EU) 2021/1148, ~~shall~~ **may** provide support for costs incurred by** Member States in relation to their connections to and integration with the router referred to in Article 20 of this Regulation **and the maintenance thereof.** in accordance with the eligibility rules and co-financing rates set in this legal basis of the ~~Fund~~ **Instrument for Financial Support for Border Management and Visa Policy.**

## Article 26

### Liability regarding the router

If any failure of a Member State or an air carrier to comply with its obligations under this Regulation causes damage to the router, that Member State or air carrier shall be liable for such damage, unless and insofar as **it is demonstrated that** eu-LISA, **another Member State or another air carrier [participating to the router]** failed to take reasonable measures to prevent the damage from occurring or to minimise its impact.

## Article 27

### Start of operations of the router

The Commission shall determine, without undue delay, the date from which the router starts operations by means of an implementing act once eu-LISA has informed the Commission of the successful completion of the comprehensive test of the router referred to in Article 22(4). That implementing act shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 36(2).

The Commission shall set the date referred to in the first subparagraph to be no later than 30 days from the date of the adoption of that implementing act.

## Article 28

### Voluntary use of the router in application of Directive 2004/82/EC

1. Air carriers shall be entitled to use the router to transmit the information referred to in Article 3(1) **and 3(2)** of Directive 2004/82/EC to one or more of the responsible authorities referred to therein, in accordance with that Directive, provided that the ~~responsible authority~~ **Member State** concerned has agreed with such use, from an appropriate date set by that ~~authority~~ **Member State**. That ~~authority~~ **Member State** shall only agree after having established that, in particular as regards both its own **responsible authorities'** connections to the router and that of the air carrier concerned, the information can be transmitted in a lawful, secure, effective and swift manner.
2. Where an air carrier starts using the router in accordance with paragraph 1, it shall continue using the router to transmit such information to the responsible ~~authority~~ **authorities of the Member State** concerned until the date of application of this Regulation referred to in Article 39, second subparagraph. However, that use shall be discontinued, from an appropriate date set by that ~~authority~~ **Member State**, where that ~~authority~~ **Member State** considers that there are objective reasons that require such discontinuation and has informed the air carrier accordingly.

3. The responsible ~~authority~~ **Member State** concerned shall:
- (a) consult eu-LISA before agreeing with the voluntary use of the router in accordance with paragraph 1;
  - (b) except in situations of duly justified urgency, afford the air carrier concerned an opportunity to comment on its intention to discontinue such use in accordance with paragraph 2 and, where relevant, also consult eu-LISA thereon;
  - (c) immediately inform eu-LISA and the Commission of any such use to which it agreed and any discontinuation of such use, providing all necessary information, including the date of the start of the use, the date of the discontinuation and the reasons for the discontinuation, as applicable.

## CHAPTER 6

### SUPERVISION, PENALTIES, STATISTICS AND HANDBOOK

#### Article 29

##### National ~~API supervisory~~**API supervision** authority

1. Member States shall designate one or more national ~~supervisory~~**API supervision** authorities responsible for monitoring the application within their territory by air carriers of the provisions of this Regulation and ensuring compliance with those provisions.
2. Member States shall ensure that the national ~~supervisory~~**API supervision** authorities have all necessary means and all necessary investigative and enforcement powers to carry out their tasks under this Regulation, including by imposing the penalties referred to in Article 30 where appropriate. They shall lay down detailed rules on the performance of those tasks and the exercise of those powers, ensuring that the performance and exercise is effective, proportionate and dissuasive and is subject to safeguards in compliance with the fundamental rights guaranteed under Union law.
3. Member States shall, by the date of application of this Regulation referred to in Article ~~24~~**39**, second subparagraph, notify the Commission of the name and the contact details of the authorities that they designated under paragraph 1 and of the detailed rules that they laid down pursuant to paragraph 2. They shall notify the Commission without delay of any subsequent changes or amendments thereto.
4. This Article is without prejudice to the powers of the supervisory authorities referred to in Article 51 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

## Article 30

### Penalties

1. Member States shall lay down the rules on penalties applicable to infringements of this Regulation and shall take all measures necessary to ensure that they are implemented. The penalties provided for shall be effective, proportionate and dissuasive.
2. Member States shall, by the date of application of this Regulation referred to in Article 39, second subparagraph, notify the Commission of those rules and of those measures and shall notify it, without delay, of any subsequent amendment affecting them.
3. **Member States shall ensure that the ~~competent~~ national API supervision authorities, when deciding whether to impose a penalty and when determining the type and level of penalty, take into account all relevant circumstances, including, where appropriate:**
  - (a) **the nature, gravity and duration of the infringement ~~and of its consequences~~;**
  - (b) **the degree of the air carrier's fault;**
  - (c) **previous infringements by the air carrier;**
  - (d) **the overall level of cooperation of the air carrier with the competent authorities;**
  - (e) **the size of the air carrier, such as the annual number of passengers carried;**
  - (f) **whether previous penalties have already been applied by other ~~competent~~ national API supervision authorities to the same carrier for the same infringement.**
4. **Member States shall ensure that a systematic or persistent failure to comply with obligations of this Regulation is subject to financial penalties of up to 4 % of the air carrier's global turnover of the preceeding financial year.**



## Article 31

### Statistics

1. Every quarter, eu-LISA shall publish statistics on the functioning of the router, showing in particular the number, the nationality and the country of departure of the travellers, ~~and specifically of the~~ **Those statistics shall specifically include the number, the nationality, and the country of departure, of the** travellers who boarded the aircraft with inaccurate, incomplete or no longer up-to-date API data, with a non-recognised travel document, without a valid visa, without a valid travel authorization, or **who were** reported as overstay, ~~the number and nationality of travellers.~~ **eu-LISA shall also publish statistics showing the overall performance of air carriers as regards their compliance with the rules of this Regulation** ~~and Regulation (EU) [API Law enforcement]~~.
2. eu-LISA shall store the daily statistics in the central repository for reporting and statistics established in Article 39 of Regulation (EU) 2019/817.
3. ~~At the end of each~~ **Each** year, eu-LISA shall compile statistical data in an annual report for ~~that~~ **the previous** year. It shall publish that annual report and transmit it to the European Parliament, the Council, the Commission, the European Data Protection Supervisor, the European Border and Coast Guard Agency and the national ~~API supervisory~~ **supervision** authorities referred to in Article 29. **The annual report shall not disclose confidential working methods or jeopardise ongoing investigations of the competent border authorities.**
4. At the request of the Commission, eu-LISA shall provide it with statistics on specific aspects related to the implementation of this Regulation ~~and Regulation (EU) [API Law enforcement]~~ as well as the statistics pursuant to paragraph 3.

5. eu-LISA shall have the right to access the following ~~API data transmitted through to the router,~~ solely for the purposes of the reporting referred to in Article 38 and for generating statistics in accordance with the present Article, without however such access allowing for the identification of the travellers concerned:
- (a) whether the traveller is passenger or a crew member;
  - (b) the nationality, sex and year of birth of the traveller;
  - (c) the date and initial point of embarkation, and the date and airport of entry into the territory of a Member State arrival;
  - (d) the type of the travel document and the three letter code of the issuing country and the date of expiry of the travel document;
  - (e) the number of travellers checked-in on the same flight;
  - (ea) the code of the airline operating the flight;**
  - (f) whether the flight is a scheduled or a non-scheduled flight;
  - (fa) whether API data was transferred at the moment of flight closure;**
  - (g) ~~whether the personal~~ ~~corresponding API data~~ of the traveller ~~is accurate, complete and constitutes an update~~ up-to-date.**
6. For the the purposes of the reporting referred to in Article 38 and for generating statistics in accordance with the present Article, eu-LISA shall store the data referred to in paragraph 5 of this Article in the central repository for reporting and statistics established by Article 39 of Regulation (EU) 2019/817. **To that end, the router shall push the data referred to in paragraph 5 of this Article automatically to the central repository for reporting and statistics.** The cross-system statistical data and analytical reporting referred to in Article 39(1) of that Regulation shall allow the competent border authorities and other relevant authorities of the Member States to obtain customisable reports and statistics, for the purposes referred to in Article 1 of this Regulation.

7. The procedures put in place by eu-LISA to monitor the development and the functioning of the router referred to in Article 39(1) of Regulation (EU) 2019/817 shall include the possibility to produce regular statistics to ensure that monitoring.

## Article 32

### Practical handbook

The Commission shall, in close cooperation with the competent border authorities, other relevant Member States' authorities, the air carriers and relevant Union agencies, prepare and make publicly available a practical handbook, containing guidelines, recommendations and best practices for the implementation of this Regulation, **including on penalties in accordance with Article 30.**

The practical handbook shall take into account the relevant existing handbooks.

The Commission shall adopt the practical handbook in the form of a recommendation.

## CHAPTER 7

### RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER EXISTING INSTRUMENTS

#### Article 33

##### Repeal of Directive 2004/82/EC

Directive 2004/82/EC is repealed from the date of application of this Regulation, referred to in Article 39, second subparagraph.

#### Article 34

##### Amendments to Regulation (EU) 2018/1726

Regulation (EU) 2018/1726 is amended as follows:

- (1) the following Article 13b is inserted:

“Article 13b

Tasks related to the router

In relation to Regulation (EU) .../... of the European Parliament and of the Council\* [*this Regulation*] and Regulation (EU) [API LE], the Agency shall perform the tasks related to the router conferred on it by those Regulations.

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\* Regulation (EU) [number] of the European Parliament and of the Council of xy on [officially adopted title] (OJ L ...)”

(1) in Article 17, paragraph 3 is replaced by the following:

“3. The seat of the Agency shall be Tallinn, Estonia.

The tasks relating to development and operational management referred to in Article 1(4) and (5) and Articles 3 to 9 and Articles 11, [13a] and 13b shall be carried out at the technical site in Strasbourg, France.

A backup site capable of ensuring the operation of a large-scale IT system in the event of failure of such a system shall be installed in Sankt Johann im Pongau, Austria.”

(2) in Article 19, paragraph 1, is amended as follows:

(a) the following point (eeb) is inserted:

“(eeb) adopt reports on the state of play of the development of the router pursuant to Article 38(2) of the Regulation (EU) .../... of the European Parliament and of the Council\* [*this Regulation*];”

\* Regulation (EU) [number] of the European Parliament and of the Council of xy on [officially adopted title] (OJ L ...)”

(b) point (ff) is replaced by the following:

“(ff) adopt reports on the technical functioning of the following:

- (4i) SIS pursuant to Article 60(7) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1861 of the European Parliament and of the Council\* and Article 74(8) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1862 of the European Parliament and of the Council\*\*;
- (2ii) VIS pursuant to Article 50(3) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008 and Article 17(3) of Decision 2008/633/JHA;
- (3iii) EES pursuant to Article 72(4) of Regulation (EU) 2017/2226;
- (4iv) ETIAS pursuant to Article 92(4) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1240;
- (5v) ECRIS-TCN and of the ECRIS reference implementation pursuant to Article 36(8) of Regulation (EU) 2019/816;
- (6vi) the interoperability components pursuant to Article 78(3) of Regulation (EU) 2019/817, Article 74(3) of Regulation (EU) 2019/818 and of the router pursuant to Article 79(5) of Regulation (EU) .../... of the European Parliament and of the Council\* [Prüm II Regulation] and Article 38(5) of Regulation (EU) .../... of the European Parliament and of the Council\* [*this Regulation*];
- (3vii) the e-CODEX system pursuant to Article 16(1) of Regulation (EU) 2022/850”

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\*Regulation (EU) 2018/1861 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 November 2018 on the establishment, operation and use of the Schengen Information System (SIS) in the field of border checks, and amending the Convention implementing the Schengen Agreement, and amending and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1987/2006 (OJ L 312, 7.12.2018, p. 14).

**\*\*Regulation (EU) 2018/1862 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 November 2018 on the establishment, operation and use of the Schengen Information System (SIS) in the field of police cooperation and judicial cooperation in criminal matters, amending and repealing Council Decision 2007/533/JHA, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1986/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Commission Decision 2010/261/EU ([OJ L 312, 7.12.2018, p. 56](#)).**

(c) point (hh) is replaced by the following:

(hh) adopt formal comments on the European Data Protection Supervisor's reports on its audits pursuant to Article 56(2) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1861, Article 42(2) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008, Article 31(2) of Regulation (EU) No 603/2013, Article 56(2) of Regulation (EU) 2017/2226, Article 67 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1240, Article 29(2) of Regulation (EU) 2019/816, Article 52 of Regulations (EU) 2019/817 and (EU) 2019/818, Article 60(1) of the Regulation (EU) .../... of the European Parliament and of the Council\* [Prüm II] and Article 19(3) of the Regulation (EU) .../... of the European Parliament and of the Council\* [*this Regulation*] and ensure appropriate follow-up of those audits;

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(4) \* Regulation (EU) [number] of the European Parliament and of the Council of xy on [officially adopted title] (OJ L ...)”

(3) **in Article 27, paragraph 1, is amended as follows:**

(a) **the following point (dd) is inserted:**

**“(dd) API-PNR Advisory Group”**

## Article 35

### Amendments to Regulation (EU) 2019/817

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(1) In Article 39, paragraphs 1 and 2 are replaced by the following:

“1. A central repository for reporting and statistics (CRRS) is established for the purposes of supporting the objectives of the EES, VIS, ETIAS and SIS, in accordance with the respective legal instruments governing those systems, and to provide cross-system statistical data and analytical reporting for policy, operational and data quality purposes. The CRRS shall also support the objectives of Regulation (EU) .../... of the European Parliament and of the Council\* [*this Regulation*].”

\* Regulation (EU) [number] of the European Parliament and of the Council of xy on [officially adopted title] (OJ L ...)”

2. eu-LISA shall establish, implement and host in its technical sites the CRRS containing the data and statistics referred to in Article 63 of Regulation (EU) 2017/2226, Article 17 of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008, Article 84 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1240, Article 60 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1861 and Article 16 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1860, logically separated by EU information system. eu-LISA shall also collect the data and statistics from the router referred to in Article 31(1) of Regulation (EU) .../... \* [*this Regulation*]. Access to the CRRS shall be granted by means of controlled, secured access and specific user profiles, solely for the purpose of reporting and statistics, to the authorities referred to in Article 63 of Regulation (EU) 2017/2226, Article 17 of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008, Article 84 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1240, Article 60 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1861 and Article 38(2) of Regulation (EU) .../... [*this Regulation* ].”



## CHAPTER 8

### FINAL PROVISIONS

#### Article 36

##### Committee procedure

1. The Commission shall be assisted by a committee. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.
2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply. Where the committee delivers no opinion, the Commission shall not adopt the draft implementing act and Article 5(4), the third subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.

#### Article 37

##### Exercise of delegation

- ~~1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.~~
- ~~2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article 5(4), Article 6(3), Article 11(4), Article 20(2) and Article 21(2) shall be conferred on the Commission for a period of five years from [date of adoption of the Regulation]. The Commission shall draw up a report in respect of the delegation of power not later than nine months before the end of the five-year period. The delegation of power shall be tacitly extended for periods of an identical duration, unless the European Parliament or the Council opposes such extension not later than three months before the end of each period.~~

- ~~3. The delegation of power referred to in Article 5(4), Article 6(3), Article 11(4), Article 20(2) and Article 21(2) may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of the power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.~~
- ~~4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making.~~
- ~~5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.~~
- ~~6. A delegated act adopted pursuant to Article X(x) shall enter into force only if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or the Council within a period of two months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and to the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by two months at the initiative of the European Parliament or of the Council.~~

## Article 38

### Monitoring and evaluation

1. eu-LISA shall ensure that procedures are in place to monitor the development of the router in light of objectives relating to planning and costs and to monitor the functioning of the router in light of objectives relating to the technical output, cost-effectiveness, security and quality of service.
2. By [*one year after the date of entry into force of this Regulation*] and every year thereafter during the development phase of the router, eu-LISA shall produce a report, and submit it to the European Parliament and to the Council on the state of play of the development of the router. That report shall contain detailed information about the costs incurred and about any risks which may impact the overall costs to be borne by the general budget of the Union in accordance with Article 25.
3. Once the router starts operations, eu-LISA shall produce a report and submit it to the European Parliament and to the Council explaining in detail how the objectives, in particular relating to planning and costs, were achieved as well as justifying any divergences.
4. By [*four years after the date of entry into force of this Regulation* ] and every four years thereafter, the Commission shall produce a report containing an overall evaluation of this Regulation, including an assessment of:
  - (a) the application of this Regulation;
  - (b) the extent to which this Regulation achieved its objectives;
  - (c) the impact of this Regulation on relevant fundamental rights protected under Union law;

5. The Commission shall submit the evaluation report to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Data Protection Supervisor and the European Agency for Fundamental Rights. If appropriate, in light of the evaluation conducted, the Commission shall make a legislative proposal to the European Parliament and to the Council with a view to amending this Regulation.
6. The Member States and air carriers shall, upon request, provide eu-LISA and the Commission with the information necessary to draft the reports referred to in paragraphs 2, 3 and 4, ~~including~~**such as** information not constituting personal data related to the results of the pre-checks of Union information systems and national databases at the external borders with API data. **That information provided may not constitute personal data.** ~~However,~~ Member States may refrain from providing such information if, and to the extent necessary not to disclose confidential working methods or jeopardise ongoing investigations of the competent border authorities. The Commission shall ensure that any confidential information provided is appropriately protected.

## Article 39

### Entry into force and application

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

It shall apply from two years from the date at which the router starts operations, specified by the Commission in accordance with Article 27.

However:

- (a) Article 5(4) and (5), Article 6(3), Article 11(4), Article 20(2), Article 21(2), Article 22, Article 25(1), Article 27, Article 36 and Article 37 shall apply from *[Date of entry into force of this Regulation]*;
- (b) Article 10, **Article 12**, Article 13(1), (3) and (4), Article 15, Article 16, Article 17, Article 23, Article 24, Article 26 and Article 28 shall apply from the date at which the router starts operations, specified by the Commission in accordance with Article 27.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in the Member States in accordance with the Treaties.

Done at Strasbourg,

*For the European Parliament*  
*The President*

*For the Council*  
*The President*

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