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From:	General Secretariat of the Council
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Subject:	Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing the Connecting Europe Facility and repealing Regulations (EU) No 1316/2013 and (EU) No 283/2014 - Revised 4 column document

With a view to the Friends of the Presidency on CEF meeting on 24 January 2019, delegations will find attached an updated version of the 4-column document, containing Presidency proposed compromises in the 4th column.

Changes with respect to the previous version of the document are marked with **bold** and ~~strikethrough~~. The text has also been colour-coded as follows: **green** boxes mark those issues where the position of the Council and of the European Parliament are the same, **orange** boxes for the technical issues and **red** for the political issues.

2018/0228 (COD)**Proposal for a****Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council****establishing the Connecting Europe Facility and repealing Regulations (EU) No 1316/2013 and (EU) No 283/2014****(Text with EEA relevance)**

	COMMISSION PROPOSAL COM(2018) 438 FINAL	EP AMENDMENTS REPORT A8-0409/2018	COUNCIL PARTIAL GENERAL APPROACH ST 15146/18	COMPROMISES AND SUGGESTIONS
1.	Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing the Connecting Europe Facility and repealing Regulations (EU) No 1316/2013 and (EU) No 283/2014		Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing the Connecting Europe Facility and repealing Regulations (EU) No 1316/2013 and (EU) No 283/2014 ¹ ⁽¹⁾ Parliamentary scrutiny: U.K.	
2.	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,		THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,	COM
3.	Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Articles 172 and 194 thereof,		Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Articles 172 and 194 thereof,	COM
4.	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,		Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,	COM

5.	After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,		After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,	COM
6.	Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee ¹ , ⁽¹⁾ OJ C , , p. .		Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee ² , ⁽²⁾ OJ C , , p. .	COM
7.	Having regard to the opinion of the Committee of the Regions ² , ⁽²⁾ OJ C , , p. .		Having regard to the opinion of the Committee of the Regions ³ , ⁽³⁾ OJ C , , p. .	COM
8.	Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,		Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,	COM
9.	Whereas:			
10.		EP Amendment 1 Recital 1		
11.	(1) In order to achieve smart, sustainable and inclusive growth and to stimulate job creation, the Union needs an up-to-date, high-performance infrastructure to help connect and integrate the Union and all its regions, in the transport, telecommunications and energy sectors. Those connections should help to improve the free movement of persons, goods, capital and	(1) In order to achieve smart, sustainable and inclusive growth and to stimulate job creation and to respect the long-term decarbonisation commitments , the Union needs an up-to-date, multimodal high-performance infrastructure to help connect and integrate the Union and all its regions, including remote, outermost, insular, peripheral and mountainous ones , in the	(1) In order to achieve smart, sustainable and inclusive growth and to stimulate job creation, the Union needs an up-to-date, high-performance infrastructure to help connect and integrate the Union and all its regions, in the transport, telecommunications and energy sectors. Those connections should help to improve the free movement of persons, goods, capital and services. The trans-European	

	services. The trans-European networks should facilitate cross-border connections, foster greater economic, social and territorial cohesion and contribute to a more competitive social market economy and to combating climate change.	transport, [...] digital and energy sectors. Those connections should help to improve the free movement of persons, including PRM, goods, capital and services. The trans-European networks should facilitate cross-border connections, foster greater economic, social and territorial cohesion and contribute to a more competitive and sustainable social market economy and to combating climate change.	networks should facilitate cross-border connections, foster greater economic, social and territorial cohesion and contribute to a more competitive social market economy and to combating climate change.	
12.	(2) The aim of the Connecting Europe Facility (the ‘Programme’) is to accelerate investment in the field of trans-European networks and to leverage funding from both the public and the private sectors, while increasing legal certainty and respecting the principle of technological neutrality. The Programme should enable synergies between the transport, energy and digital sectors to be harnessed to the full extent, thus enhancing the effectiveness of Union action and enabling implementing		(2) The aim of the Connecting Europe Facility (the ‘Programme’) is to accelerate investment in the field of trans-European networks and to leverage funding from both the public and the private sectors, while increasing legal certainty and respecting the principle of technological neutrality. The Programme should enable synergies between the transport, energy and digital sectors to be harnessed to the full extent, thus enhancing the effectiveness of Union action and enabling implementing costs to be	COM

	costs to be optimised.		optimised.	
13.		EP Amendment 2 Recital 2 a (new)		
14.		<i>(2a) The Programme should help to promote the territorial accessibility and connectivity of all regions of the Union, including the remote, outermost, island, peripheral, mountain and cross-border regions, as well as in depopulated and scarcely populated areas;</i>		
15.		EP Amendment 3 Recital 3		
16.	(3) The Programme should aim at supporting climate change, environmentally and socially sustainable projects and, where appropriate, climate change mitigation and adaptation actions. In particular, the contribution of the Programme to achieving the goals and objectives of the Paris Agreement as well as the proposed 2030 climate and energy targets and long-term decarbonisation objective should be reinforced.	(3) The Programme should [...] contribute also to EU action against climate change, support environmentally and socially sustainable projects and, where appropriate, climate change mitigation and adaptation actions. In particular, the contribution of the Programme to achieving the goals and objectives of the Paris Agreement as well as the proposed 2030 climate and energy targets and long-term decarbonisation objective should be reinforced.	(3) The Programme should aim at supporting climate change, environmentally and socially sustainable projects and, where appropriate, climate change mitigation and adaptation actions. In particular, the contribution of the Programme to achieving the goals and objectives of the Paris Agreement as well as the proposed 2030 climate and energy targets and long-term decarbonisation objective should be reinforced.	

17.		EP Amendment 4 Recital 3 a (new)		
18.		<i>(3a) The Programme should guarantee a high level of transparency, by providing access to the relevant documents especially in cases where projects affect the environment and human health. The assessment procedure of projects should also take into account social and cohesion criteria, and in particular acceptance by local communities.</i>		
19.		EP Amendment 5 Recital 4		
20.	(4) Reflecting the importance of tackling climate change in line with Union's commitments to implement the Paris Agreement, and the commitment to the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, this Regulation should therefore mainstream climate action and lead to the achievement of an overall target of 25% of the EU budget expenditures supporting	(4) Reflecting the importance of tackling climate change in line with Union's commitments to implement the Paris Agreement, and the commitment to the 17 United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, this Regulation should therefore mainstream climate action and lead to the achievement of an overall target of 25% of the EU budget expenditures supporting	(4) Reflecting the importance of tackling climate change in line with Union's commitments to implement the Paris Agreement, and the commitment to the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, this Regulation should therefore mainstream climate action and lead to the achievement of an overall target of 25% <u>1%</u> of the EU budget expenditures supporting climate objectives ⁴ .	

	climate objectives³. Actions under this Programme are expected to contribute 60% of the overall financial envelope of the Programme to climate objectives, based <i>inter alia</i> on the following Rio markers: i) 100% for the expenditures relating to railway infrastructure, alternative fuels, clean urban transport, electricity transmission, electricity storage, smart grids, CO2 transportation and renewable energy; ii) 40% for inland waterways and multimodal transport, and gas infrastructure - if enabling increased use of renewable hydrogen or bio-methane. Relevant actions will be identified during the Programme's preparation and implementation, and reassessed in the context of the relevant evaluations and review processes. In order to prevent that infrastructure is vulnerable to potential long	climate objectives¹. Actions under this Programme are expected to contribute 60% of the overall financial envelope of the Programme to climate objectives, based <i>inter alia</i> on [...] Rio markers. [...] Expenditures relating to [...] rail and waterway infrastructure, charging infrastructure, alternative and sustainable fuels for all transport modes, energy efficiency, clean urban transport, electricity transmission, electricity storage, smart grids, CO2 transportation [...], renewable energy, [...] inland waterways [...] multimodal transport and gas infrastructure [...] should be compliant with climate objectives. Relevant actions will be identified during the Programme's preparation and implementation, and reassessed in the context of the relevant evaluations and review processes. In order to prevent	Actions under this Programme [...] should contribute 60% of the overall financial envelope of the Programme to climate objectives, based <i>inter alia</i> on the following Rio markers: i) 100% for the expenditures relating to railway infrastructure, alternative fuels, clean urban transport, electricity transmission, electricity storage, smart grids, CO2 transportation and renewable energy; ii) 40% for inland waterways and multimodal transport, and gas infrastructure - if enabling increased use of renewable hydrogen or bio-methane. Relevant actions will be identified during the Programme's preparation and implementation, and reassessed in the context of the relevant evaluations and review processes. In order to prevent that infrastructure is vulnerable to potential long term climate change impacts and to ensure that the cost of greenhouse gas	
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¹ COM(2018)0321, page 13.

	term climate change impacts and to ensure that the cost of greenhouse gas emissions arising from the project is included in the project's economic evaluation, projects supported by the Programme should be subject to climate proofing in accordance with guidance that should be developed by the Commission coherently with the guidance developed for other programmes of the Union where relevant. ⁽³⁾ COM(2018) 321, page 13	that infrastructure is vulnerable to potential long term climate change impacts and to ensure that the cost of greenhouse gas emissions arising from the project is included in the project's economic evaluation, projects supported by the Programme should be subject to climate proofing in accordance with guidance that should be developed by the Commission coherently with the guidance developed for other programmes of the Union where relevant. <i>In line with the Union's objectives and commitments to reduce the impact of climate change, the Programme shall encourage a modal shift to more sustainable modes of transport, such as rail, clean urban transport, maritime transport and inland waterways;</i> ⁽¹⁾ COM(2018) 321, page 13	emissions arising from the project is included in the project's economic evaluation, projects supported by the Programme should be subject to climate proofing in accordance with guidance that should be developed by the Commission coherently with the guidance developed for other programmes of the Union where relevant. ⁽⁴⁾ COM(2018) 321, page 13	
21.	(5) In order to comply with the reporting obligations set in Article 11(c) of Directive 2016/2284/EU on the reduction		(5) In order to comply with the reporting obligations set in Article 11(c) of Directive 2016/2284/EU on the reduction	COM

	of national emissions of certain atmospheric pollutants, amending Directive 2003/35/EC and repealing Directive 2001/81/EC, regarding the uptake of Union funds to support the measures taken with a view to complying with the objectives of this Directive, expenditure related to the reduction of emissions or air pollutants under this Directive shall be tracked.		of national emissions of certain atmospheric pollutants, amending Directive 2003/35/EC and repealing Directive 2001/81/EC, regarding the uptake of Union funds to support the measures taken with a view to complying with the objectives of this Directive, expenditure related to the reduction of emissions or air pollutants under this Directive shall be tracked.	
22.		EP Amendment 6 Recital 6		
23.	(6) An important objective of this Programme is to deliver increased synergies between the transport, energy and digital sector . For that purpose, the <i>Programme should provide for the adoption of cross-sectoral</i> work programmes <i>that</i> could address specific intervention areas, for instance as regards connected and automated mobility or alternative fuels. In addition, the Programme should allow, within each sector, the possibility to consider eligible some ancillary components	(6) An important objective of this Programme is to deliver increased synergies <i>and complementarity</i> between the transport, energy and digital [...] <i>sectors</i> . For that purpose, the [...] work programmes [...] could <i>effectively</i> address specific intervention areas, for instance as regards connected and automated mobility [...], <i>sustainable</i> alternative fuels [...] <i>including the relevant infrastructure for all transport modes or joint cross-border infrastructure, and should provide for increased flexibility</i>	(6) An important objective of this Programme is to deliver increased synergies between the transport, energy and digital sector. For that purpose, the Programme should provide for the adoption of cross-sectoral work programmes that could address specific intervention areas, for instance as regards connected and automated mobility or alternative fuels. In addition, the Programme should allow, within each sector, the possibility to consider eligible some ancillary components pertaining to another sector,	

	pertaining to another sector, where such an approach improves the socio-economic benefit of the investment. Synergies between sectors should be incentivized through the award criteria for the selection of actions.	<i>to merge the financial support in these sectors. Enabling digital communication could constitute an integral part of a project of common interest in the field of energy and transport.</i> The Programme should allow, within each sector, the possibility to consider eligible some [...] <i>synergetic</i> components pertaining to another sector, where such an approach improves the socio-economic benefit of the investment. Synergies between sectors should be incentivised through the award criteria for the selection of actions, <i>as well as in terms of increased co-financing.</i>	where such an approach improves the socio-economic benefit of the investment. Synergies between sectors should be incentivized through the award criteria for the selection of actions.	
24.	(7) The trans-European transport network (TEN-T) guidelines as laid down in Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁴ (hereafter ‘TEN-T guidelines’) identify the infrastructure of the TEN-T, specify the requirements to be fulfilled by it and provide for measures for their implementation. Those		(7) The trans-European transport network (TEN-T) guidelines as laid down in Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵ (hereafter ‘TEN-T guidelines’) identify the infrastructure of the TEN-T, specify the requirements to be fulfilled by it and provide for measures for their implementation. Those	

	guidelines envisage, in particular, the completion of the core network by 2030 through the creation of new infrastructure as well as the substantial upgrading and rehabilitation of existing infrastructure. ⁽⁴⁾ Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2013 on Union guidelines for the development of the trans-European transport network and repealing Decision No 661/2010/EU (OJ L 348, 20.12.2013, p. 1).		guidelines envisage⁵ in particular, the completion of the core network by 2030 through the creation of new infrastructure as well as the substantial upgrading and rehabilitation of existing infrastructure <u>in order to ensure network continuity.</u> ⁽⁵⁾ Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2013 on Union guidelines for the development of the trans-European transport network and repealing Decision No 661/2010/EU (OJ L 348, 20.12.2013, p. 1)	
25.		EP Amendment 7 Recital 7 a (new)		
26.		<i>(7a) Actions contributing to the development of projects of common interest in the transport sector, financed by the Programme, should build on the complementarity of all transport modes to provide for efficient, interconnected and multimodal networks, in order to ensure connectivity throughout the Union;</i>	<u>(7a)The programme should contribute to the completion of the TEN-T core network in all modes of transport, including roads in Member States still facing important investment needs for the completion of their core road network.</u>	

27.		EP Amendment 8 Recital 8		
28.	(8) In order to achieve the objectives laid down in the TEN-T guidelines, it is necessary to support with priority the cross-border links and the missing links and to ensure, where applicable, that the supported actions are consistent with the corridor work plans established pursuant to Article 47 of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013 and to the overall network development regarding performance and interoperability.	(8) In order to achieve the objectives laid down in the TEN-T guidelines, it is necessary to support with priority <i>the ongoing TEN-T projects as well as</i> cross-border links [...], <i>bottlenecks, horizontal priorities,</i> missing links <i>and urban nodes</i> and to ensure, where applicable, that the supported actions are consistent with the corridor work plans established pursuant to Article 47 of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013 and to the overall network development regarding performance and interoperability.	(8) In order to achieve the objectives laid down in the TEN-T guidelines, it is necessary to support with priority the cross-border links and the missing links and to ensure, where applicable, that the supported actions are consistent with the corridor work plans established pursuant to Article 47 of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013 and to the overall network development regarding performance and interoperability.	
29.			<u>(8a)In particular, the full deployment of ERTMS on the core network by 2030 as foreseen by Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013 requires to scale-up support at European level and to incentivize the participation of private investors.</u>	
30.			<u>(8b)An important precondition for successful completion of the core TEN-T network and</u>	

			<u>ensuring effective intermodality is also connection of airports to the TEN-T network. It is, therefore necessary to give priority to the connection of airports with the core TEN-T network, where these are missing.</u>	
31.			<u>(8c) For the implementation of cross-border actions a high degree of integration in the planning and implementation is needed. Without prioritising any of the following examples, this integration could be demonstrated through the establishment of a single project company, a joint governance structure, a bilateral legal framework, an implementing act pursuant to Article 47 of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013, or any other form of cooperation.</u>	
32.		EP Amendment 9 Recital 8 a (new)		
33.		<i>(8a) In some cases projects realised on the territory of one Member State have a substantial cross-border impact and create value which exceeds national</i>		

		<i>borders, by enhancing cross-border connectivity on the seaside, or by enhancing the connectivity with the wider hinterland economy beyond national borders. Projects demonstrating such impact should therefore be considered to be cross-border.</i>		
34.		EP Amendment 10 Recital 8 b (new)		
35.		<i>(8b) In order to take account of the exceptional circumstances of the United Kingdom's withdrawal from the European Union, connectivity between Ireland and continental Europe should be provided for by modifying the route and composition of the TEN-T corridors with a view to incorporating the maritime links between Irish ports and the continental ports in the core network and comprehensive network.</i>		
36.		EP Amendment 11 Recital 9		
37.	(9) In order to reflect growing transport flows and the evolution of the network, the	(9) In order to reflect growing transport flows and the evolution of the network, the	(9) In order to reflect growing transport flows and the evolution of the network, the	

	alignment of the core network corridors <i>and</i> their pre-identified sections should be adapted. These adaptations should be proportionate in order to preserve the consistency and the efficiency of the corridor development and coordination. For that reason the length of the core network corridors should not increase by more than 15%.	alignment of the core network corridors [...], their pre-identified sections <i>and their capacity</i> should be adapted. These adaptations <i>to the core network should not affect its completion by 2030, should improve the corridors' coverage of the EU territory and</i> should be proportionate in order to preserve the consistency and the efficiency of the corridor development and coordination. For that reason the length of the core network corridors should not increase by more than 15 %. <i>Evolutions on the comprehensive network must be monitored and assessed in order to guarantee the relevance of the sections.</i>	alignment of the core network corridors and their pre-identified sections should be adapted. These adaptations should be proportionate in order to preserve the consistency and the efficiency of the corridor development and coordination. For that reason the length of the core network corridors should not increase by more than 15%. <u>In due course, the alignment of the core network corridors should take into account the results of the review of the implementation of the core network as foreseen in Article 54 of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013.</u>	
38.		EP Amendment 12 Recital 10		
39.	(10) It is necessary to promote investments in favour of smart, sustainable, inclusive, safe and secure mobility throughout the Union. In 2017, the Commission presented ⁵ "Europe on the move", a wide-ranging set of initiatives to make traffic safer, encourage	(10) It is necessary to promote <i>public, and private</i> investments in favour of smart, <i>interoperable</i> , sustainable, <i>multimodal</i> , inclusive, <i>PRM-accessible</i> , safe and secure mobility throughout the Union <i>for all transport modes</i> . In 2017, the Commission	(10) It is necessary to promote investments in favour of smart, sustainable, inclusive, safe and secure mobility throughout the Union. In 2017, the Commission presented ⁶ "Europe on the move", a wide-ranging set of initiatives to make traffic safer, encourage smart road charging,	

	smart road charging, reduce CO2 emissions, air pollution and congestion, promote connected and autonomous mobility and ensure proper conditions and rest times for workers. These initiatives should be accompanied by Union financial support, where relevant through this Programme. ⁽⁵⁾ Commission Communication "Europe on the move: An agenda for a socially fair transition towards clean, competitive and connected mobility for all" – COM(2017) 283	presented¹ "Europe on the move", a wide-ranging set of initiatives to make traffic safer, encourage smart road charging, reduce CO2 emissions, air pollution and congestion, promote connected and autonomous mobility and ensure proper conditions and rest times for workers. These initiatives should be accompanied by Union financial support, where relevant through this Programme, <i>for example to accelerate the implementation and retrofitting of the smart tachograph.</i> ⁽¹⁾ Commission Communication "Europe on the move: An agenda for a socially fair transition towards clean, competitive and connected mobility for all" – COM(2017) 283	reduce CO2 emissions, air pollution and congestion, promote connected and autonomous mobility and ensure proper conditions and rest times for workers. These initiatives should be accompanied by Union financial support, where relevant through this Programme. ⁽⁶⁾ Commission Communication "Europe on the move: An agenda for a socially fair transition towards clean, competitive and connected mobility for all" – COM(2017) 283	
40.		EP Amendment 13 Recital 11		
41.	(11) The TEN-T guidelines require, with regard to new technologies and innovation, that the TEN-T enables the	(11)The TEN-T guidelines require, with regard to new technologies and innovation, that the TEN-T enables the decarbonisation of	(11)The TEN-T guidelines require, with regard to new technologies and innovation, that the TEN-T enables the decarbonisation of	

	decarbonisation of all transport modes by stimulating energy efficiency <i>as well as</i> the use of alternative fuels. Directive 2014/94/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council⁶ establishes a common framework of measures for the deployment of alternative fuels infrastructure in the Union in order to <i>minimise</i> dependence on <i>oil</i> and to mitigate the environmental impact of transport and requires Member States to ensure that recharging or refuelling points accessible to the public are made available by 31 December 2025. As outlined in the Commission proposals⁷ of November 2017, a comprehensive set of measures to promote low-emission mobility is necessary including financial support where the market conditions do not provide a sufficient incentive. ⁽⁶⁾ Directive 2014/94/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 October 2014 on the deployment of alternative	all transport modes by stimulating energy efficiency [...] <i>and</i> the use of alternative fuels <i>while respecting the principle of technological neutrality</i>. Directive 2014/94/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council² establishes a common framework of measures for the deployment of alternative fuels infrastructure <i>for all modes of transport</i> in the Union in order to [...] <i>reduce as far as possible the</i> dependence on [...] fossil fuels and to mitigate the environmental <i>and climate</i> impact of transport and requires Member States to ensure that recharging or refuelling points accessible to the public are made available by 31 December 2025. As outlined in the Commission proposals³ of November 2017, a comprehensive set of measures to promote low-emission mobility is necessary including financial support where the market conditions do not provide a sufficient incentive.	all transport modes by stimulating energy efficiency as well as the use of alternative fuels. Directive 2014/94/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council⁷ establishes a common framework of measures for the deployment of alternative fuels infrastructure in the Union in order to minimise dependence on oil and to mitigate the environmental impact of transport and requires Member States to ensure that recharging or refuelling points accessible to the public are made available by 31 December 2025. As outlined in the Commission proposals⁸ of November 2017, a comprehensive set of measures to promote low-emission mobility is necessary including financial support where the market conditions do not provide a sufficient incentive. ⁽⁷⁾ Directive 2014/94/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 October 2014 on the deployment of alternative fuels infrastructure (OJ L 307,	
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	fuels infrastructure (OJ L 307, 28.10.2014, p. 1). (7) Commission Communication "Delivering on low-emission mobility A European Union that protects the planet, empowers its consumers and defends its industry and workers" – COM(2017) 675	(2) Directive 2014/94/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 October 2014 on the deployment of alternative fuels infrastructure (OJ L 307, 28.10.2014, p. 1). (3) Directive 2014/94/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 October 2014 on the deployment of alternative fuels infrastructure (OJ L 307, 28.10.2014, p. 1).	28.10.2014, p. 1). (8) Commission Communication "Delivering on low-emission mobility A European Union that protects the planet, empowers its consumers and defends its industry and workers" – COM(2017) 675	
42.		EP Amendment 14 Recital 12		
43.	(12) In the context of its Communication "Sustainable Mobility for Europe: safe, connected, and clean"⁸, the Commission highlighted that automated vehicles and advanced connectivity systems will make vehicles safer, easier to share and more accessible for all citizens, including those who may be cut-off from mobility services today, such as the elderly and <i>disabled</i>. In this context, the Commission also proposed an "EU Strategic Action Plan on Road safety" and a revision of Directive	(12) In the context of its Communication "Sustainable Mobility for Europe: safe, connected, and clean"¹, the Commission highlighted that automated vehicles and advanced connectivity systems will make vehicles safer, easier to share and more accessible for all citizens, including those who may be cut-off from mobility services today, such as the elderly and [...] <i>people with reduced mobility</i>. In this context, the Commission also proposed an "EU Strategic Action Plan on Road safety"	(12) In the context of its Communication "Sustainable Mobility for Europe: safe, connected, and clean"⁹, the Commission highlighted that automated vehicles and advanced connectivity systems will make vehicles safer, easier to share and more accessible for all citizens, including those who may be cut-off from mobility services today, such as the elderly and disabled. In this context, the Commission also proposed an "EU Strategic Action Plan on Road safety" and a revision of Directive 2008/096	

	2008/096 on Road Safety infrastructure management. ⁽⁸⁾ COM(2018) 293	and a revision of Directive 2008/096 on Road Safety infrastructure management. <i>In the same vein, other regulations, such as Directive 2004/54 on minimum safety requirements for tunnels in the trans-European road network, must be adapted to the new safety and digitisation standards of the transport sector. Improving safety must also be a priority in the rail sector. Of particular importance is investment in safety at crossings (i.e. signalling, infrastructure improvement). In 2012, there were 573 significant accidents on the 114 000 level crossings in the EU, resulting in 369 fatalities and 339 people seriously injured (ERA 2014 report). Consequently, level crossings which pose a high safety risk should be identified EU-wide with a view to investing in improving the infrastructure, which should eventually be replaced by bridges and underpasses.</i> ⁽¹⁾ COM(2018)0293.	on Road Safety infrastructure management. ⁽⁹⁾ COM(2018) 293	
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44.		EP Amendment 15 Recital 13		
45.	(13) In order to improve the completion of transport projects in less developed parts of the network, a Cohesion Fund allocation should be transferred to the Programme to finance transport projects in the Member States eligible for financing from the Cohesion Fund. In an initial phase <i>and within a limit of 70% of the transferred envelope</i> , the selection of projects eligible for financing should respect the national allocations under the Cohesion Fund. <i>The remaining 30% of the transferred envelope</i> should be allocated on a competitive basis to projects located in the Member States eligible for financing from the Cohesion Fund with priority to cross-border links and missing links. The Commission should support Member States eligible for financing from the Cohesion Fund in their efforts to develop an appropriate pipeline of projects, in	(13) In order to improve the completion of transport projects in less developed parts of the network, a Cohesion Fund allocation should be transferred to the Programme to finance transport projects in the Member States eligible for financing from the Cohesion Fund. In an initial phase [...] the selection of projects eligible for financing should respect the national allocations under the Cohesion Fund. [...] <i>At the end of the initial phase, resources transferred to the Programme which have not been committed to a transport infrastructure project</i> should be allocated on a competitive basis to projects located in the Member States eligible for financing from the Cohesion Fund with priority to cross-border links and missing links. The Commission should support Member States eligible for financing from the Cohesion Fund in their efforts to develop an appropriate pipeline of	(13) In order to improve the completion of transport projects in less developed parts of the network, a Cohesion Fund allocation should be transferred to the Programme to finance transport projects in the Member States eligible for financing from the Cohesion Fund. In an initial phase and within a limit of 70% of the transferred envelope, the selection of projects eligible for financing should respect the national allocations under the Cohesion Fund. The remaining 30% of the transferred envelope should be allocated on a competitive basis to projects located in the Member States eligible for financing from the Cohesion Fund with priority to cross-border links and missing links. The Commission should support Member States eligible for financing from the Cohesion Fund in their efforts to develop an appropriate pipeline of projects, in particular by strengthening the institutional	

	particular by strengthening the institutional capacity of the public administrations concerned.	projects, in particular by strengthening the institutional capacity of the public administrations concerned.	capacity of the public administrations concerned. ¹	
46.		EP Amendment 16 Recital 14		
47.	(14) Following the Joint Communication on improving military mobility in the European Union of November 2017 ⁹ , the Action Plan on Military Mobility adopted on 28 March 2018 by the Commission and the High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy ¹⁰ highlighted that transport infrastructure policy offers a clear opportunity to increase synergies between defence needs and TEN-T. The Action Plan indicates that by mid-2018, the Council is invited to consider and validate the military requirements in relation to transport infrastructure and that, by 2019 the Commission services will identify the parts of the trans-European transport network suitable for military transport , including necessary upgrades	(14) Following the Joint Communication on improving [...] dual mobility in the European Union of November 2017 ¹ , the Action Plan on Military Mobility adopted on 28 March 2018 by the Commission and the High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy ² highlighted that transport infrastructure policy offers a clear opportunity to increase synergies between defence needs and TEN-T, with the overall aim of improving mobility across the Union . The Action Plan indicates that by mid-2018, the Council is invited to consider and validate the military requirements in relation to transport infrastructure and that, by 2019 the Commission services will identify the parts of the trans-European transport network	(14) Following the Joint Communication on improving military mobility in the European Union of November 2017 ¹⁰ , the Action Plan on Military Mobility adopted on 28 March 2018 by the Commission and the High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy ¹¹ highlighted that transport infrastructure policy offers a clear opportunity to increase synergies between defence needs and TEN-T. The Action Plan indicates that by mid-2018, the Council is invited to consider and validate the military requirements in relation to transport infrastructure and that, by 2019 the Commission services will identify the parts of the trans-European transport network suitable for military transport, including necessary upgrades of existing	

	<i>of</i> existing infrastructure. Union funding for the implementation of the dual-use projects should be implemented through the Programme on the basis of <i>specific</i> work programmes <i>specifying</i> the applicable requirements as defined in the context of the Action Plan. ⁽⁹⁾ JOIN(2017) 41 ⁽¹⁰⁾ JOIN(2018) 5	suitable <i>also</i> for [...] <i>dual (civil and defence) use of the infrastructure</i>, including [...] <i>where there is the possibility to upgrade</i> existing infrastructure. <i>The infrastructure will always be for dual use.</i> Union funding for the implementation of the dual-use projects should be implemented through the Programme on the basis of [...] work programmes [...] <i>through measurable actions complying with</i> the applicable requirements as defined in the context of the Action Plan. ⁽¹⁾ JOIN(2017)0041 ⁽²⁾ JOIN(2018)0005	infrastructure. Union funding for the implementation of the dual-use projects should be implemented through the Programme on the basis of specific work programmes specifying the applicable requirements as defined in the context of the Action Plan. ⁽¹⁰⁾ JOIN(2017) 41 ⁽¹¹⁾ JOIN(2018) 5	
48.		Amendment 17 Recital 14a (new)		
49.		<i>(14a) The introduction of the Action Plan on dual (civil and defence) mobility in the Union is part of the overall objective of improving mobility in the EU while responding to the logistics and mobility challenges set out in the its common security and defence policy (CSDP); to that end, it is</i>		

		<i>vital to harmonise cross-border standards and customs regulations, as well as administrative and legislative procedures. The role of EU joint ventures is, among others, vital to contribute to the harmonisation of administrative and legislative procedures, both for the CEF and for the Action Plan on dual (civil and defence) mobility; Dual (civil and defence) mobility will contribute to the development of the CEF, especially regarding budget matters and measures to meet new and future needs;</i>		
50.		EP Amendment 18 Recital 15		
51.	(15) In its Communication "A stronger and renewed strategic partnership with the EU's outermost regions" ¹¹ , the Commission highlighted the outermost regions' specific transport needs and the necessity to provide Union funding to match these needs, including through the Programme.	(15) In its Communication "A stronger and renewed strategic partnership with the EU's outermost regions" ³ , the Commission highlighted the outermost regions' specific transport, <i>energy and digital</i> needs and the necessity to provide <i>adequate</i> Union funding to match these needs, including through the	(15)[...] <u>The TEN-T Guidelines recognise the comprehensive network as ensuring the accessibility and connectivity of all regions in the Union including the remote, insular and outermost regions. Further, in</u> its Communication "A stronger and renewed strategic partnership with the EU's outermost regions" ¹² , the	

	⁽¹¹⁾ COM (2017)623	Programme <i>by applying co-financing rates up to a maximum of 85%.</i>	Commission highlighted the outermost regions' specific transport needs and the necessity to provide Union funding to match these needs, including through the Programme.	
		⁽³⁾ COM (2017)0623		
			⁽¹²⁾ COM (2017)623	
52.		EP Amendment 19 Recital 16		
53.	(16) Considering the significant investment needs to progress towards completing the TEN-T core network by 2030 (estimated at EUR 350 billion during 2021-2027), the TEN-T comprehensive network by 2050 and decarbonisation-digitalisation-urban investments (estimated at EUR 700 billion during 2021-2027), it is appropriate to make the most efficient use of the various Union financing programmes and instruments <i>and</i> thus maximise the value-added of investments supported by the Union. This would be achieved via a streamlined investment process, enabling visibility on the transport	(16) Considering the significant investment needs to progress towards completing the TEN-T core network by 2030 (estimated at EUR 350 billion during 2021-2027), the TEN-T comprehensive network by 2050 and decarbonisation-digitalisation-urban investments (estimated at EUR 700 billion during 2021-2027), it is appropriate to keep an adequate budget for the transport sector, in line with the one foreseen at the beginning of the 2014-2020 programming period, and to make the most efficient use of the various Union financing programmes and instruments, [...] thus [...] maximising the	(16) Considering the significant investment needs to progress towards completing the TEN-T core network by 2030 (estimated at EUR 350 billion during 2021-2027), the TEN-T comprehensive network by 2050 and decarbonisation-digitalisation-urban investments (estimated at EUR 700 billion during 2021-2027), it is appropriate to make the most efficient use of the various Union financing programmes and instruments and thus maximise the value-added of investments supported by the Union. This would be achieved via a streamlined investment process, enabling visibility on the transport pipeline and	

	pipeline and consistency across relevant Union programmes, notably the Connecting Europe Facility, the European Regional Development Fund (ERDF), the Cohesion Fund and InvestEU. In particular, the enabling conditions as detailed under Annex IV of Regulation (EU) XXX [Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down common provisions on the European Regional Development Fund, the European Social Fund Plus, the Cohesion Fund, and the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund and financial rules for those and for the Asylum and Migration Fund, the Internal Security Fund and the Border Management and Visa Instrument ('CPR')] should be taken into account where relevant.	value-added of investments supported by the Union. This would be achieved via a streamlined investment process, enabling visibility on the transport pipeline and consistency across relevant Union programmes, notably the Connecting Europe Facility, the European Regional Development Fund (ERDF), the Cohesion Fund and InvestEU. In particular, the enabling conditions as detailed under Annex IV of Regulation (EU) XXX [Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down common provisions on the European Regional Development Fund, the European Social Fund Plus, the Cohesion Fund, and the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund and financial rules for those and for the Asylum and Migration Fund, the Internal Security Fund and the Border Management and Visa Instrument ('CPR')] should be taken into account where relevant.	consistency across relevant Union programmes, notably the Connecting Europe Facility, the European Regional Development Fund (ERDF), the Cohesion Fund and InvestEU. In particular, the enabling conditions as detailed under Annex IV of Regulation (EU) XXX [Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down common provisions on the European Regional Development Fund, the European Social Fund Plus, the Cohesion Fund, and the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund and financial rules for those and for the Asylum and Migration Fund, the Internal Security Fund and the Border Management and Visa Instrument ('CPR')] should be taken into account where relevant.	
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54.		EP Amendment 20 Recital 17		
55.	(17) Regulation (EU) No 347/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹² identifies the trans-European energy infrastructure priorities which need to be implemented in order to meet the Union's energy and climate policy objectives, identifies projects of common interest necessary to implement those priorities, and lays down measures in the field of the granting of permits, public involvement and regulation to speed up and/or facilitate the implementation of those projects, including criteria for the eligibility of such projects for Union financial assistance. ⁽¹²⁾ Regulation (EU) No 347/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 April 2013 on guidelines for trans-European energy infrastructure and repealing Decision No 1364/2006/EC and amending	(17) Regulation (EU) No 347/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹ identifies the trans-European energy infrastructure priorities which need to be implemented in order to meet the Union's energy and climate policy objectives, identifies projects of common interest necessary to implement those priorities, and lays down measures in the field of the granting of permits, public involvement and regulation to speed up and/or facilitate the implementation of those projects, including criteria for the eligibility of such projects for Union financial assistance. <i>The list of projects of common interest and TEN-E guidelines should be revised to take into account the goals and objectives of the Paris Agreement as well as the Union's climate and energy targets for 2030 and beyond;</i>	(17) Regulation (EU) No 347/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹³ identifies the trans-European energy infrastructure priorities which need to be implemented in order to meet the Union's energy and climate policy objectives, identifies projects of common interest necessary to implement those priorities, and lays down measures in the field of the granting of permits, public involvement and regulation to speed up and/or facilitate the implementation of those projects, including criteria for the eligibility of such projects for Union financial assistance. ⁽¹³⁾ Regulation (EU) No 347/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 April 2013 on guidelines for trans-European energy infrastructure and repealing Decision No 1364/2006/EC and amending Regulations (EC) No 713/2009,	

	Regulations (EC) No 713/2009, (EC) No 714/2009 and (EC) No 715/2009 (OJ L 115, 25.4.2013, p. 39).	⁽¹⁾ Regulation (EU) No 347/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 April 2013 on guidelines for trans-European energy infrastructure and repealing Decision No 1364/2006/EC and amending Regulations (EC) No 713/2009, (EC) No 714/2009 and (EC) No 715/2009 (OJ L 115, 25.4.2013, p. 39).	(EC) No 714/2009 and (EC) No 715/2009 (OJ L 115, 25.4.2013, p. 39).	
56.	(18) Directive [recast Renewables Directive] stresses the need to set up an enabling framework comprising the enhanced use of Union funds, with explicit reference to enabling actions to support cross-border cooperation in the field of renewable energy.		(18)Directive [recast Renewables Directive] stresses the need to set up an enabling framework comprising the enhanced use of Union funds, with explicit reference to enabling actions to support cross-border cooperation in the field of renewable energy.	COM
57.		EP Amendment 21 Recital 19		
58.	(19) While completion of network infrastructure remains the priority to achieve the development of renewable energy, integrating cross-border cooperation on renewable energy reflects the approach adopted under the Clean Energy for all Europeans initiative with a collective	(19) While completion of network infrastructure remains the priority to achieve the development of renewable energy, integrating cross-border cooperation on renewable energy <i>and developing a smart and efficient energy system including storage and demand response solutions that help</i>	(19)While completion of network infrastructure remains the priority to achieve the development of renewable energy, integrating cross-border cooperation on renewable energy reflects the approach adopted under the Clean Energy for all Europeans initiative with a collective responsibility to	

	responsibility to reach an ambitious target for renewable energy in 2030 and the changed policy context with ambitious long-term decarbonisation objectives.	<i>balance the grid</i> , reflects the approach adopted under the Clean Energy for all Europeans initiative with a collective responsibility to reach an ambitious target for renewable energy in 2030 and the changed policy context, <i>ensuring a fair and adequate social transition</i> , with ambitious long-term decarbonisation objectives.	reach an ambitious target for renewable energy in 2030 and the changed policy context with ambitious long-term decarbonisation objectives.	
59.		EP Amendment 22 Recital 20		
60.	(20) Innovative infrastructure technologies that enable the transition to a low carbon energy and mobility systems and improve security of supply are essential in view of the Union's decarbonisation agenda. In particular, in its Communication of 23 November 2017 "Communication on strengthening Europe's energy networks" ¹³ , the Commission emphasised that the role of electricity, where renewable energy will constitute half of the electricity generation by 2030, will increasingly be driving the decarbonisation of	(20) Innovative infrastructure technologies that enable the transition to a low [...] emission energy and mobility systems and improve security of supply, <i>seeking greater energy independence for the Union</i> , are essential in view of the Union's decarbonisation agenda. In particular, in its Communication of 23 November 2017 "Communication on strengthening Europe's energy networks" ¹ , the Commission emphasised that the role of electricity, where renewable energy will constitute half of the electricity generation by	(20) Innovative infrastructure technologies that enable the transition to a low carbon energy and mobility systems and improve security of supply are essential in view of the Union's decarbonisation agenda. In particular, in its Communication of 23 November 2017 "Communication on strengthening Europe's energy networks" ¹⁴ , the Commission emphasised that the role of electricity, where renewable energy will constitute half of the electricity generation by 2030, will increasingly be driving the decarbonisation of sectors so far	

	sectors so far dominated by fossil fuels, such as transport, industry and heating and cooling and that accordingly, the focus under the trans-European energy infrastructure policy <i>is increasingly</i> on electricity interconnections, electricity storages <i>and</i> smart grids projects. To support the Union's decarbonisation objectives, due consideration and priority should be given to technologies and projects contributing to the transition to a low <i>carbon</i> economy. The Commission will aim at increasing the number of cross-border smart grid, innovative storage as well as carbon dioxide transportation projects to be supported under the Programme. ⁽¹³⁾ COM(2017) 718	2030, will increasingly be driving the decarbonisation of sectors so far dominated by fossil fuels, such as transport, industry and heating and cooling and that accordingly, the focus under the trans-European energy infrastructure policy [...] <i>must be</i> on electricity interconnections, electricity storages [...] smart grids projects, <i>and gas infrastructure investments</i>. To support the Union's decarbonisation objectives, <i>internal market integration and security of supply</i>, due consideration and priority should be given to technologies and projects contributing to the transition to a low [...] <i>emission</i> economy. The Commission will aim at increasing the number of cross-border smart grid, innovative storage as well as carbon dioxide transportation projects to be supported under the Programme. ⁽¹⁾ COM(2017)0718	dominated by fossil fuels, such as transport, industry and heating and cooling and that accordingly, the focus under the trans-European energy infrastructure policy is increasingly on electricity interconnections, electricity storages and smart grids projects. To support the Union's decarbonisation objectives, due consideration and priority should be given to technologies and projects contributing to the transition to a low carbon economy. The Commission will aim at increasing the number of cross-border smart grid, innovative storage as well as carbon dioxide transportation projects to be supported under the Programme. ⁽¹⁴⁾ COM(2017) 718	
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61.			<u>(20a) Cross-border projects in the field of renewable energy shall enable cost-effective deployment for renewables in the Union, achievement of the Union's binding target of at least 32% renewable energy in 2030 as referred to in Article 3 of [recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by COM(2016) 767] and contribute to the strategic uptake of innovative renewables technologies. Illustrative examples for eligible technologies include renewables generation from on- and offshore wind, solar energy, sustainable biomass, ocean energy, geothermal energy or combinations thereof; their grid connection and additional elements such as storage or conversion facilities. Eligible action is not limited to the electricity sector and can cover other energy carriers and potential sector coupling for example with heating and cooling, power to</u>	
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			<u>gas, storage and transport.</u> <u>This listing is non-exhaustive</u> <u>in order to keep flexibility</u> <u>with regard to technological</u> <u>advances and developments.</u> <u>Such projects do not</u> <u>necessarily entail a physical</u> <u>link between the cooperating</u> <u>Member States. These</u> <u>projects can be located on the</u> <u>territory of only one involved</u> <u>Member State provided that</u> <u>the general criteria of Annex</u> <u>part IV apply.</u>	
62.		EP Amendment 23 Recital 20 a (new)		
63.		<i>(20a) Support to smart grid projects, where such projects integrate electricity generation, distribution or consumption using real time system management and influencing cross-border energy flows, is needed. The energy projects should further reflect the central role of smart grids in the energy transition and support from the Programme should help to overcome the funding gaps, which are currently hampering investments in the large-scale</i>		

		<i>deployment of smart grid technology.</i>		
64.		EP Amendment 24 Recital 20 b (new)		
65.		<i>(20b) With regard to electricity interconnection, Regulation (EU) 2018/... of the European Parliament and of the Council [on the Governance of the Energy Union], establishes an electricity interconnection target of 15% among Member States for 2030. The Programme should contribute to achieving this target.</i>	<u>(20b) Special consideration in the EU support should be given to energy cross-border interconnections, including those necessary to reach the electricity interconnection targets, notably the 10% interconnection target for 2020 established by the European Council. Deployment of electricity interconnectors is crucial for integrating markets, enabling more renewables in the system and benefiting from their different demand and renewable supply portfolio, off-shore wind networks and smart grids, integrating all countries into a liquid and competitive energy markets.</u>	
66.	(21) The achievement of the digital single market relies on the underlying digital connectivity infrastructure. The digitalisation of European industry and the modernisation of sectors like transport,		(21)The achievement of the digital single market relies on the underlying digital connectivity infrastructure. The digitalisation of European industry and the modernisation of sectors like transport, energy, healthcare and	COM

	energy, healthcare and public administration depend on universal access to reliable, affordable, high and very high capacity networks. Digital connectivity has become one of the decisive factors to close economic, social and territorial divides, supporting the modernisation of local economies and underpinning the diversification of economic activities. The scope of intervention of the Programme in the area of digital connectivity infrastructure should be adjusted to reflect its increasing importance for the economy and the society at large. Therefore, it is necessary to set out the digital connectivity infrastructure projects of common interest needed to meet Union's digital single market objectives, and to repeal Regulation (EU) No 283/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹⁴ ⁽¹⁴⁾ Regulation (EU) No 283/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 March		public administration depend on universal access to reliable, affordable, high and very high capacity networks. Digital connectivity has become one of the decisive factors to close economic, social and territorial divides, supporting the modernisation of local economies and underpinning the diversification of economic activities. The scope of intervention of the Programme in the area of digital connectivity infrastructure should be adjusted to reflect its increasing importance for the economy and the society at large. Therefore, it is necessary to set out the digital connectivity infrastructure projects of common interest needed to meet Union's digital single market objectives, and to repeal Regulation (EU) No 283/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹⁵ ⁽¹⁵⁾ Regulation (EU) No 283/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 March 2014 on guidelines for trans-	
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	2014 on guidelines for trans-European networks in the area of telecommunications infrastructure and repealing Decision No 1336/97/EC (OJ L 86, 21.3.2014, p. 14).		European networks in the area of telecommunications infrastructure and repealing Decision No 1336/97/EC (OJ L 86, 21.3.2014, p. 14).	
67.		EP Amendment 25 Recital 22		
68.	(22) The Communication on "Connectivity for a Competitive Digital Single Market - Towards a European Gigabit Society" ¹⁵ (the Gigabit Society Strategy) sets out strategic objectives for 2025, in view of optimising investment in digital connectivity infrastructure. Directive (EU) 2018/XXX [European Electronic Communications Code] aims inter alia at creating a regulatory environment which incentivises private investments in digital connectivity networks. It is nevertheless clear that network deployments will <i>remain commercially non-viable in many areas</i> throughout the Union, due to various factors such as remoteness and	(22) The Communication on "Connectivity for a Competitive Digital Single Market - Towards a European Gigabit Society" ² (the Gigabit Society Strategy) sets out strategic objectives for 2025, in view of optimising investment in digital connectivity infrastructure. Directive (EU) 2018/XXX [European Electronic Communications Code] aims inter alia at creating a regulatory environment which incentivises private investments in digital connectivity networks. It is nevertheless clear that network deployments will [...] <i>urgently require closer attention given their limited cost efficiency</i> throughout the Union, due to various factors such as	(22) The Communication on "Connectivity for a Competitive Digital Single Market - Towards a European Gigabit Society" ¹⁶ (the Gigabit Society Strategy) sets out strategic objectives for 2025, in view of optimising investment in digital connectivity infrastructure. Directive (EU) 2018/XXX <u>of the European Parliament and of the Council</u> ¹⁷ [European Electronic Communications Code] aims inter alia at creating a regulatory environment which incentivises private investments in digital connectivity networks. It is nevertheless clear that network deployments will remain commercially non-viable in many areas throughout the Union, due to various factors such as remoteness and	

	territorial or geographical specificities, low population density, various socio-economic factors. The Programme should therefore <i>be adjusted</i> to contribute to the achievement of these strategic objectives set out in the Gigabit Society Strategy, complementing the support provided for the deployment of very high capacity networks by other programmes, in particular the European Regional Development Fund (ERDF) and Cohesion Fund and the InvestEU fund. ⁽¹⁵⁾ COM(2016) 587	remoteness and territorial or geographical specificities, low population density, various socio-economic factors. The Programme should therefore [...] <i>aim also to contribute to a balance between rural and urban areas in order to</i> contribute to the achievement of these strategic objectives set out in the Gigabit Society Strategy, complementing the support provided for the deployment of very high capacity networks by other programmes, in particular the European Regional Development Fund (ERDF) and Cohesion Fund and the InvestEU fund. ⁽²⁾ COM(2016)0587	territorial or geographical specificities, low population density, various socio-economic factors. The Programme should therefore be adjusted to contribute to the achievement of these strategic objectives set out in the Gigabit Society Strategy, complementing the support provided for the deployment of very high capacity networks by other programmes, in particular the European Regional Development Fund (ERDF) and Cohesion Fund and the InvestEU fund. ⁽¹⁶⁾ COM(2016) 587 ⁽¹⁷⁾ Directive (EU) 2018/XXX of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing the European Electronic Communications Code (OJ L, ..., p.).	
69.	(23) While all digital connectivity networks which are connected to the Internet are intrinsically trans-European, due mainly to the functioning of the applications and services which they enable, priority for support via the Programme		(23) While all digital connectivity networks which are connected to the Internet are intrinsically trans-European, due mainly to the functioning of the applications and services which they enable, priority for support via the Programme should be	COM

	should be given to actions with the highest expected impact on the Digital Single Market, inter alia through their alignment with the objectives of the Gigabit Society Strategy Communication, as well as on the digital transformation of the economy and society, having regard to market failures and implementation obstacles observed.		given to actions with the highest expected impact on the Digital Single Market, inter alia through their alignment with the objectives of the Gigabit Society Strategy Communication, as well as on the digital transformation of the economy and society, having regard to market failures and implementation obstacles observed.	
70.		EP Amendment 26 Recital 24		
71.	(24) Schools, universities, libraries, local, regional or national administrations, main providers of public services, hospitals and medical centres, transport hubs and digitally intensive enterprises are entities and places that can influence important socio-economic developments in the area where they are located. Such socio-economic drivers need to be at the cutting edge of Gigabit connectivity in order to provide access to the best services and applications for European citizens, business and local communities. The Programme	(24) Schools, universities, libraries, local, regional or national administrations, main providers of public services, hospitals and medical centres, transport hubs and digitally intensive enterprises are entities and places that can influence important socio-economic developments in the area where they are located, <i>including rural and scarcely populated areas</i> . Such socio-economic drivers need to be at the cutting edge of Gigabit connectivity in order to provide access to the best services and applications for European citizens, business	(24) Schools, universities, libraries, local, regional or national administrations, main providers of public services, hospitals and medical centres, transport hubs and digitally intensive enterprises are entities and places that can influence important socio-economic developments in the area where they are located. Such socio-economic drivers need to be at the cutting edge of Gigabit connectivity in order to provide access to the best services and applications for European citizens, business and local communities. The Programme	

	should support access to Gigabit connectivity for these socio-economic drivers with a view to maximising their positive spill-over effects on the wider economy and society, including by generating wider demand for connectivity and services.	and local communities. The Programme should support access to Gigabit connectivity, <i>high speed connectivity, including state-of-the-art mobile connectivity</i> , for these socio-economic drivers with a view to maximising their positive spill-over effects on the wider economy and society, including by generating wider <i>uses</i> demand for connectivity and services.	should support access to Gigabit connectivity for these socio-economic drivers with a view to maximising their positive spill-over effects on the wider economy and society, including by generating wider demand for connectivity and services.	
72.			<u>(24a) Unconnected territories in all areas of the Union, represent bottlenecks and unexploited potential to the digital single market.</u> In most rural and remote areas, high quality Internet connectivity can play an essential role in preventing digital divide, isolation and depopulation by reducing the costs of delivery of both goods and services and partially compensating for remoteness. High quality Internet connectivity is necessary for new economic opportunities such as precision farming or the development of a bio-economy in rural areas. The	

			Programme should contribute to providing all European households, rural or urban, with very high capacity fixed or wireless connectivity, focusing on those deployments for which a degree of market failure is observed and which can be addressed using low intensity grants. <u>In view of maximising synergies of the actions supported by the Programme, due regard should be given to the level of concentration of socio-economic drivers in a given area and the level of funding needed to generate coverage. Moreover, the Programme should aim at achieving a comprehensive coverage of households and territories, as gaps in an already covered area are uneconomic to address at a later stage.</u>	
73.		EP Amendment 27 Recital 25		
74.	(25) In addition, building on the success of the WiFi4EU initiative, the Programme should continue to support the provision of free, high quality,	(25) In addition, building on the success of the WiFi4EU initiative, the Programme should continue to support the provision of free, secure , high	(25) In addition, building on [...] the WiFi4EU initiative, the Programme should continue to support the provision of free, high quality, local wireless	

	local wireless connectivity in the centres of local public life, including entities with a public mission such as public authorities and providers of public services as well as outdoor spaces accessible to the general public, in order to promote the Union's digital vision in local communities.	quality, local wireless connectivity in the centres of local public life, including entities with a public mission such as public authorities and providers of public services as well as outdoor spaces accessible to the general public, in order to promote the Union's digital vision in local communities.	connectivity in the centres of local public life, including entities with a public mission such as public authorities and providers of public services as well as outdoor spaces accessible to the general public, in order to promote the Union's digital vision in local communities.	
75.		EP Amendment 28 Recital 25 a (new)		
76.		<i>(25a) Digital infrastructure is an important basis for innovations. In order for the programme to maximise its impact it should focus on funding the infrastructure. Individual digital services and applications, such as those involving various distributed ledger technologies or applying artificial intelligence, should therefore be out of scope of the Programme and instead, as appropriate, be addressed through other instruments such as the Digital Europe. It is also important to maximize the synergies between different</i>		

		<i>programmes.</i>		
77.	(26) The viability of the anticipated next generation digital services, such as Internet of Things services and applications which are expected to bring significant benefits across various sectors and for society as a whole, will require uninterrupted cross-border coverage with 5G networks, in particular in view of allowing users and objects to remain connected while on the move. However, the cost sharing scenarios for 5G deployment across these sectors remain unclear and the perceived risks of commercial deployment in some key areas are very high. Road corridors and train connections are expected to be key areas for the first phase of new applications in the area of connected mobility and therefore constitute vital cross-border projects for funding under this Programme.		(26)The viability of the anticipated next generation digital services, such as Internet of Things services and applications which are expected to bring significant benefits across various sectors and for society as a whole, will require uninterrupted cross-border coverage with 5G [...] <u>systems</u> , in particular in view of allowing users and objects to remain connected while on the move. However, the cost sharing scenarios for 5G deployment across these sectors remain unclear and the perceived risks of commercial deployment in some key areas are very high. Road corridors and train connections are expected to be key areas for the first phase of new applications in the area of connected mobility and therefore constitute vital cross-border projects for funding under this Programme.	
78.	(27) Unconnected territories in all areas of the Union, including in central ones, represent bottlenecks and unexploited		[...]	

	potential to the digital single market. In most rural and remote areas, high quality Internet connectivity can play an essential role in preventing digital divide, isolation and depopulation by reducing the costs of delivery of both goods and services and partially compensating for remoteness. High quality Internet connectivity is necessary for new economic opportunities such as precision farming or the development of a bio-economy in rural areas. The Programme should contribute to providing all European households, rural or urban, with very high capacity fixed or wireless connectivity, focusing on those deployments for which a degree of market failure is observed and which can be addressed using low intensity grants. In doing so, the Programme should aim at achieving a comprehensive coverage of households and territories, as gaps in an already covered area are uneconomic to address at a later stage.			
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79.	(28) The deployment of backbone electronic communications networks, including with submarine cables connecting European territories to third countries on other continents or connecting European islands or overseas territories to the mainland, is needed in order to provide necessary redundancy for such vital infrastructure, and to increase the capacity and resilience of the Union's digital networks. However, such projects are often commercially non-viable without public support.		(28)The deployment of backbone electronic communications networks, including [...] submarine cables connecting European territories to third countries on other continents or connecting European islands, <u>outermost regions</u> or overseas <u>countries and</u> territories [...], <u>including via Union territorial waters and</u> the [...] <u>Exclusive Economic Zone of the Member States</u> is needed in order to provide necessary redundancy for such vital infrastructure, and to increase the capacity and resilience of the Union's digital networks-, <u>also contributing to territorial cohesion.</u> However, such projects are often commercially non-viable without public support. <u>In addition, support should be available to complement European high-performance computing resources with adequate terabit-capacity connections.</u>	
80.		EP Amendment 29 Recital 29		
81.	(29) Actions contributing to projects of common interest in the area	(29) Actions contributing to projects of common interest in the area	(29) Actions contributing to projects of common interest in the area	

	of digital connectivity infrastructure shall deploy the technology <i>best suited for the specific project</i>, while proposing the best balance between state-of-the-art technologies in terms of data flow capacity, transmission security, network resilience and cost efficiency, and should be prioritised by way of work programmes taking into account criteria set out in this Regulation. Deployments of very high capacity networks can include passive infrastructure, in view of maximising socio-economic as well as environmental benefits. Finally, when prioritising actions, the potential positive spill-overs in terms of connectivity shall be taken into account, for example when a project deployed can improve the business case for future deployments leading to further coverage of territories and population in areas which have remained uncovered so far.	of digital connectivity infrastructure shall deploy the best available and suitable technology [...] while proposing the best balance between state-of-the-art technologies in terms of data flow capacity, transmission security, network resilience, cybersecurity and cost efficiency, and should be prioritised by way of work programmes taking into account criteria set out in this Regulation. Deployments of very high capacity networks can include passive infrastructure, in view of maximising socio-economic as well as environmental benefits. Finally, when prioritising actions, the potential positive spill-overs in terms of connectivity shall be taken into account, for example when a project deployed can improve the business case for future deployments leading to further coverage of territories and population in areas which have remained uncovered so far.	of digital connectivity infrastructure shall deploy the technology best suited for the specific project, while proposing the best balance between state-of-the-art technologies in terms of data flow capacity, transmission security, network resilience and cost efficiency, and should be prioritised by way of work programmes taking into account criteria set out in this Regulation. Deployments of very high capacity networks can include passive infrastructure, in view of maximising socio-economic as well as environmental benefits. Finally, when prioritising actions, the potential positive spill-overs in terms of connectivity shall be taken into account, for example when a project deployed can improve the business case for future deployments leading to further coverage of territories and population in areas which have remained uncovered so far.	
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82.	(30) The Union has developed its own satellite Positioning, Navigation and Timing (PNT) technology (EGNOS/Galileo) and its own Earth observation system (Copernicus). Both EGNOS/Galileo and Copernicus offer advanced services which provide important economic benefits to public and private users. Therefore any transport, energy or digital infrastructure funded by the Programme - that makes use of PNT or Earth observations services - should be technically compatible with EGNOS/Galileo and Copernicus.		(30)The Union has developed its own satellite Positioning, Navigation and Timing (PNT) technology (EGNOS/Galileo) and its own Earth observation system (Copernicus). Both EGNOS/Galileo and Copernicus offer advanced services which provide important economic benefits to public and private users. Therefore any transport, energy or digital infrastructure funded by the Programme - that makes use of PNT or Earth observations services - should be technically compatible with EGNOS/Galileo and Copernicus.	COM
83.		EP Amendment 30 Recital 31		
84.	(31) The positive results of the first Blending Call for proposals launched under the current programme in 2017, confirmed the relevance and added value of using EU grants for blending with financing from the European Investment Bank or National Promotional Banks or	(31) The positive results of the first Blending Call for proposals launched under the current programme in 2017, confirmed the relevance and added value of using EU grants for blending with financing from the European Investment Bank or National Promotional Banks or	(31)The positive results of the first Blending Call for proposals launched under the current programme in 2017, confirmed the relevance and added value of using EU grants for blending with financing from the European Investment Bank or National Promotional Banks or	

	other development and public financial institutions as well as from private-sector finance institutions and private-sector investors, including through public private partnerships. The Programme should therefore continue to <i>provide for dedicated Calls</i> enabling combination between EU grants and other sources of financing.	other development and public financial institutions as well as from private-sector finance institutions and private-sector investors, including through public private partnerships. <i>Blending should contribute to attract private investment and to provide leverage of the overall public sector contribution in line with the goals of the Invest EU programme.</i> The Programme should therefore continue to [...] <i>support actions</i> enabling combination between EU grants and other sources of financing. <i>In the transport area Blending operations shall not exceed 10% of the dedicated envelopes.</i>	other development and public financial institutions as well as from private-sector finance institutions and private-sector investors, including through public private partnerships. The Programme should therefore continue to provide for dedicated Calls enabling combination between EU grants and other sources of financing.	
85.		EP Amendment 31 Recital 31 a (new)		
86.		<i>(31a) In the transport sector, blending operations should primarily be dedicated for projects aiming at the digitalisation of the sector, in particular SESAR and ERTMS, which are expected to have a financial return;</i>		

87.		EP Amendment 32 Recital 32		
88.	(32) The policy objectives of this Programme will be also addressed through financial instruments and budgetary guarantee under the policy window(s) [...] of the InvestEU Fund. The Programme's actions should be used to address market failures or sub-optimal investment situations, in a proportionate manner, without duplicating or crowding out private financing and have a clear European added value.	(32)The policy objectives of this Programme will be also addressed through financial instruments and budgetary guarantee under the policy window(s) [...] of the InvestEU Fund. The Programme's actions should be used to [...] boost investment by addressing market failures or sub-optimal investment situations in a proportionate and adequate manner, [...] should not duplicate or [...] crowd out private financing and [...] should provide a clear European added value.	(32)The policy objectives of this Programme will be also addressed through financial instruments and budgetary guarantee under the policy window(s) [...] of the InvestEU Fund. The Programme's actions should be used to address market failures or sub-optimal investment situations, <u>in particular where actions are not commercially viable</u> , in a proportionate manner, without duplicating or crowding out private financing and have a clear European added value.	
89.		EP Amendment 33 Recital 33		
90.	(33) In order to favour an integrated development of the innovation cycle, it is necessary to ensure complementarity between the innovative solutions developed in the context of the Union Research and Innovation framework programmes and the innovative solutions	(33)In order to favour an integrated development of the innovation cycle, it is necessary to ensure complementarity between the innovative solutions developed in the context of the Union Research and Innovation framework programmes and the innovative solutions deployed	(33)In order to favour an integrated development of the innovation cycle, it is necessary to ensure complementarity between the innovative solutions developed in the context of the Union Research and Innovation framework programmes and the innovative solutions deployed	

	deployed with support from the Connecting Europe Facility. For this purpose, synergies with Horizon Europe will ensure that: (a) research and innovation needs in the areas of transport, energy and in the digital sector within the EU are identified and established during Horizon Europe's strategic planning process; (b) the Connecting Europe Facility supports large-scale roll-out and deployment of innovative technologies and solutions in the fields of transport, energy and digital infrastructure, in particular those resulting from Horizon Europe; (c) the exchange of information and data between Horizon Europe and the Connecting Europe Facility will be facilitated, for example by highlighting technologies from Horizon Europe with a high market readiness that could be further deployed through the Connecting Europe Facility.	with support from the Connecting Europe Facility. For this purpose, synergies with Horizon Europe will ensure that: (a) research and innovation needs in the areas of transport, energy and in the digital sector within the EU are identified and established during Horizon Europe's strategic planning process; (b) the Connecting Europe Facility [...] cooperates closely with Horizon Europe for the large-scale roll-out and deployment of innovative technologies and solutions in the fields of transport, energy and digital infrastructure, and in synergies between those fields, in particular those resulting from Horizon Europe; (c) the exchange of information and data between Horizon Europe and the Connecting Europe Facility will be facilitated, for example by highlighting technologies from Horizon Europe with a high market readiness that could be further deployed through the Connecting Europe Facility	with support from the Connecting Europe Facility. For this purpose, synergies with Horizon Europe will ensure that: (a) research and innovation needs in the areas of transport, energy and in the digital sector within the EU are identified and established during Horizon Europe's strategic planning process; (b) the Connecting Europe Facility supports large-scale roll-out and deployment of innovative technologies and solutions in the fields of transport, energy and digital infrastructure, in particular those resulting from Horizon Europe; (c) the exchange of information and data between Horizon Europe and the Connecting Europe Facility will be facilitated, for example by highlighting technologies from Horizon Europe with a high market readiness that could be further deployed through the Connecting Europe Facility.	
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91.		Amendment 34 Recital 34		
92.	(34) This Regulation lays down a financial envelope for the entire period 2021-2027 which is to constitute the prime reference amount, within the meaning of [reference to be updated as appropriate according to the new inter-institutional agreement: point 17 of the Interinstitutional Agreement of 2 December 2013 between the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission on budgetary discipline, on cooperation in budgetary matters and on sound financial management¹⁶ for the European Parliament and the Council during the annual budgetary procedure]. ⁽¹⁶⁾ OJ C 373, 20.12.2013, p. 1	(34) This Regulation lays down a financial envelope for the entire period 2021-2027 which is to constitute the prime reference amount, within the meaning of [reference to be updated as appropriate according to the new inter-institutional agreement: point 17 of the Interinstitutional Agreement of 2 December 2013 between the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission on budgetary discipline, on cooperation in budgetary matters and on sound financial management³¹ for the European Parliament and the Council during the annual budgetary procedure]. <i>This financial envelope should be preserved throughout the duration of the programme and should not be subject to any cut or reassignment to other programmes, in order to preserve the initial balance but also the trade-offs and thematic and territorial allocations throughout the</i>	(34) This Regulation lays down a financial envelope for the entire period 2021-2027 which is to constitute the prime reference amount, within the meaning of [reference to be updated as appropriate according to the new inter-institutional agreement: point 17 of the Interinstitutional Agreement of 2 December 2013 between the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission on budgetary discipline, on cooperation in budgetary matters and on sound financial management¹⁸ for the European Parliament and the Council during the annual budgetary procedure]. ⁽¹⁸⁾ OJ C 373, 20.12.2013, p. 1	

		<i>programme period.</i>		
		(31) OJ C 373, 20.12.2013, p. 1		
93.	(35) At Union level, the European Semester of economic policy coordination is the framework to identify national reform priorities and monitor their implementation. Member States develop their own national multiannual investment strategies in support of these reform priorities. These strategies should be presented alongside the yearly National Reform Programmes as a way to outline and coordinate priority investment projects to be supported by national and/or Union funding. They should also serve to use Union funding in a coherent manner and to maximise the added value of the financial support to be received notably from the European Regional Development Fund (ERDF) and Cohesion Fund, the European Investment Stabilisation Function, InvestEU and the Connecting		(35)At Union level, the European Semester of economic policy coordination is the framework to identify national reform priorities and monitor their implementation. Member States develop their own national multiannual investment strategies in support of these reform priorities. These strategies should be presented alongside the yearly National Reform Programmes as a way to outline and coordinate priority investment projects to be supported by national and/or Union funding. They should also serve to use Union funding in a coherent manner and to maximise the added value of the financial support to be received notably from the European Regional Development Fund (ERDF) and Cohesion Fund, the European Investment Stabilisation Function, InvestEU and the Connecting Europe Facility, where relevant.	COM

	Europe Facility, where relevant. Financial support should also be used in a manner consistent with Union and national energy and climate plans where relevant.		Financial support should also be used in a manner consistent with Union and national energy and climate plans where relevant.	
94.		EP Amendment 35 Recital 36		
95.	(36) Horizontal financial rules adopted by the European Parliament and the Council on the basis of Article 322 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union apply to this Regulation. These rules are laid down in the Financial Regulation and determine in particular the procedure for establishing and implementing the budget through grants, procurement, prizes, indirect implementation, and provide for checks on the responsibility of financial actors. Rules adopted on the basis of Article 322 TFEU also concern the protection of the Union's budget in case of generalised deficiencies as regards the rule of law in the Member States, as the respect for the rule of law is an essential precondition for	[...]	(36)Horizontal financial rules adopted by the European Parliament and the Council on the basis of Article 322 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union apply to this Regulation. These rules are laid down in the Financial Regulation and determine in particular the procedure for establishing and implementing the budget through grants, procurement, prizes, indirect implementation, and provide for checks on the responsibility of financial actors. [Rules adopted on the basis of Article 322 TFEU also concern the protection of the Union's budget in case of generalised deficiencies as regards the rule of law in the Member States, as the respect for the rule of law is an essential precondition for	

	sound financial management and effective EU funding.		sound financial management and effective EU funding- <u>1</u>	
96.	(37) The types of financing and the methods of implementation under this Regulation should be chosen on the basis of their ability to achieve the specific objectives of the actions and to deliver results, taking into account, in particular, the costs of controls, the administrative burden, and the expected risk of non-compliance. This should include consideration of the use of lump sums, flat rates and unit costs, as well as financing not linked to costs as referred to in Article 125(1) of the Financial Regulation.		(37) The types of financing and the methods of implementation under this Regulation should be chosen on the basis of their ability to achieve the specific objectives of the actions and to deliver results, taking into account, in particular, the costs of controls, the administrative burden, and the expected risk of non-compliance. This should include consideration of the use of lump sums, flat rates and unit costs, as well as financing not linked to costs as referred to in Article 125(1) of the Financial Regulation.	COM
97.	(38) Third countries which are members of the European Economic Area (EEA) may participate in Union programmes in the framework of the cooperation established under the EEA agreement, which provides for the implementation of the programmes by a decision under that agreement. Third countries may also participate on the basis of other legal		(1)(38) Third countries which are members of the European Economic Area (EEA) may participate in Union programmes in the framework of the cooperation established under the EEA agreement, which provides for the implementation of the programmes by a decision under that agreement. Third countries may also participate on the basis of other legal instruments. A	

	instruments. A specific provision should be introduced in this Regulation to grant the necessary rights for and access to the authorizing officer responsible, the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) as well as the European Court of Auditors to comprehensively exert their respective competences.		specific provision should be introduced in this Regulation to grant the necessary rights for and access to the authorizing officer responsible, the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) as well as the European Court of Auditors to comprehensively exert their respective competences.↓	
98.		EP Amendment 36 Recital 39		
99.	(39) The Financial Regulation establishes the rules concerning the award of grants. In order to take into account the specificity of the actions supported by the Programme and to ensure a consistent implementation among the sectors covered by the Programme, it is necessary to provide additional indications as regards eligibility and award criteria.	(39)The Financial Regulation establishes the rules concerning the award of grants. In order to take into account the specificity of the actions supported by the Programme and to ensure a consistent implementation among the sectors covered by the Programme, it is necessary to provide additional indications as regards eligibility and award criteria. <i>In addition, the Commission and/or the executive agencies responsible for implementing the programme are not empowered to create additional obligations not provided for in this Regulation as regards the</i>	(39)The Financial Regulation establishes the rules concerning the award of grants. In order to take into account the specificity of the actions supported by the Programme and to ensure a consistent implementation among the sectors covered by the Programme, it is necessary to provide additional indications as regards eligibility and award criteria.	

		<i>selection of operations and their financing. Without derogating from the Financial Regulation, the work programmes may provide for simplified procedures, in certain cases where the objectives of the calls for proposals do not have strategic implications.</i>		
100.		EP Amendment 37 Recital 39 a (new)		
101.	(40) In accordance with the Financial Regulation, Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹⁷ , Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2988/95 ¹⁸ , Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 ¹⁹ and Council Regulation (EU) 2017/193 ²⁰ , the financial interests of the Union are to be protected through proportionate measures, including the prevention, detection, correction and investigation of irregularities and fraud, the recovery of funds lost, wrongly paid or incorrectly used and, where appropriate, the	(39a) In accordance with the Financial Regulation, selection and award criteria are defined in the work programmes. In the transport sector, the quality and relevance of a project should be assessed also taking into account its expected impact on the EU connectivity, its compliance with accessibility requirements and its strategy as regards future maintenance needs.	(40)In accordance with the Financial Regulation, Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹⁹ , Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No-2988/95 ²⁰ , Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 ²¹ and Council Regulation (EU) 2017/193 ²² , the financial interests of the Union are to be protected through proportionate measures, including the prevention, detection, correction and investigation of irregularities and fraud, the recovery of funds lost, wrongly paid or incorrectly used and, where appropriate, the imposition of administrative	COM

	imposition of administrative sanctions. In particular, in accordance with Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 and Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) may carry out administrative investigations, including on-the-spot checks and inspections, with a view to establishing whether there has been fraud, corruption or any other illegal activity affecting the financial interests of the Union. In accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/1939, the European Public Prosecutor's Office (EPPO) may investigate and prosecute fraud and other criminal offences affecting the financial interests of the Union as provided for in Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of the European Parliament and of the Council²¹. In accordance with the Financial Regulation, any person or entity receiving Union funds is to fully cooperate in the protection of the Union's financial interests,		sanctions. In particular, in accordance with Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 and Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) may carry out administrative investigations, including on-the-spot checks and inspections, with a view to establishing whether there has been fraud, corruption or any other illegal activity affecting the financial interests of the Union. In accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/1939, the European Public Prosecutor's Office (EPPO) may investigate and prosecute fraud and other criminal offences affecting the financial interests of the Union as provided for in Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of the European Parliament and of the Council²³. In accordance with the Financial Regulation, any person or entity receiving Union funds is to fully cooperate in the protection of the Union's financial interests, to grant the necessary rights and access to the Commission, OLAF, the	
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	to grant the necessary rights and access to the Commission, OLAF, the European Public Prosecutor's Office (EPPO) and the European Court of Auditors (ECA) and to ensure that any third parties involved in the implementation of Union funds grant equivalent rights. ⁽¹⁷⁾ Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 September 2013 concerning investigations conducted by the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1073/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Council Regulation (Euratom) No 1074/1999, (OJ L248, 18.9.2013, p. 1 ⁽¹⁸⁾ Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 2988/95 of 18 December 1995 on the protection of the European Communities financial interests (OJ L 312, 23.12.95, p.1). ⁽¹⁹⁾ Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 of 11 November 1996 concerning		European Public Prosecutor's Office (EPPO) and the European Court of Auditors (ECA) and to ensure that any third parties involved in the implementation of Union funds grant equivalent rights. ⁽¹⁹⁾ Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 September 2013 concerning investigations conducted by the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1073/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Council Regulation (Euratom) No 1074/1999, (OJ L248, 18.9.2013, p. 1 ⁽²⁰⁾ Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 2988/95 of 18 December 1995 on the protection of the European Communities financial interests (OJ L 312, 23.12.95, p.1). ⁽²¹⁾ Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 of 11 November 1996 concerning on-the-spot checks and inspections carried out by the Commission	
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	on-the-spot checks and inspections carried out by the Commission in order to protect the European Communities' financial interests against fraud and other irregularities (OJ L292,15.11.1996, p.2). ⁽²⁰⁾ Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1939 of 12 October 2017 implementing enhanced cooperation on the establishment of the European Public Prosecutor's Office ('the EPPO') (OJ L283, 31.10.2017, p.1). ⁽²¹⁾ Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 July 2017 on the fight against fraud to the Union's financial interests by means of criminal law (OJ L 198, 28.7.2017, p. 29).		in order to protect the European Communities' financial interests against fraud and other irregularities (OJ L292,15.11.1996, p.2). ⁽²²⁾ Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1939 of 12 October 2017 implementing enhanced cooperation on the establishment of the European Public Prosecutor's Office ('the EPPO') (OJ L283, 31.10.2017, p.1). ⁽²³⁾ Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 July 2017 on the fight against fraud to the Union's financial interests by means of criminal law (OJ L 198, 28.7.2017, p. 29).	
102.		EP Amendment 38 Recital 40 a (new)		
103.		<i>(40a) Successful implementation of the Programme is highly dependent on the level of cooperation between the entities participating in a common project. Therefore, the establishment of a joint venture structure should be</i>		

		<i>encouraged, including through a higher level of co-financing.</i>		
104.	(41) Pursuant to [reference to be updated as appropriate according to the new decision on OCTs: Article 94 of Council Decision 2013/755/EU²²] persons and entities established in overseas countries and Territories (OCTs) are eligible for funding subject to the rules and objectives of the Programme and possible arrangements applicable to the Member State to which the relevant overseas country or territory is linked. ⁽²²⁾ OJ L 344, 19.12.2013, p.1		(41) Pursuant to [reference to be updated as appropriate according to the new decision on OCTs: Article 94 of Council Decision 2013/755/EU²⁴] persons and entities established in overseas countries and Territories (OCTs) are eligible for funding subject to the rules and objectives of the Programme and possible arrangements applicable to the Member State to which the relevant overseas country or territory is linked. ⁽²⁴⁾ OJ L 344, 19.12.2013, p.1	COM
105.	(42) The Union should seek coherence and synergies with the Union programmes for external policies, including pre-accession assistance following the engagements taken in the context of the Communication "A credible enlargement perspective for and enhanced EU engagement with the Western Balkans"²³.		(42) The Union should seek coherence and synergies with the Union programmes for external policies, including pre-accession assistance following the engagements taken in the context of the Communication "A credible enlargement perspective for and enhanced EU engagement with the Western Balkans"²⁵.	COM

	(23) COM(2018) 65		(25) COM(2018) 65	
106.	(43) When third countries or entities established in third countries participate in actions contributing to projects of common interest or to cross-border projects in the field of renewable energy, financial assistance should only be available if it is indispensable to the achievement of the objectives of these projects.		(43) When third countries or entities established in third countries participate in actions contributing to projects of common interest or to cross-border projects in the field of renewable energy, financial assistance should only be available if it is indispensable to the achievement of the objectives of these projects. <u>With regard to the part on cross-border projects in the field of renewables, the cooperation between one or several Member States and a third country (including Energy Community) should respect the conditions set out in Art 11 of Directive (EU) 2018/XXX of the European Parliament and of the Council [Renewable Energy Directive] on the need for a physical link to the EU.</u>	
107.		EP Amendment 39 Recital 43 a (new)		
108.		<i>(43a) In accordance with Article 85 of Directive 2014/25/EU, and in the case of third countries with which the Union has not</i>		

		<i>concluded a multilateral or bilateral agreement ensuring comparable and effective access for Union undertakings to the procurement markets of those third countries, any tender submitted for the award of a public supply contract for a project co-financed by the CEF may be rejected where the proportion of the products originating in third countries exceeds 50 % of the total value of the products constituting that tender.</i>		
109.		EP Amendment 40 Recital 44		
110.	(44) Pursuant to paragraph 22 and 23 of the Inter-institutional agreement for Better Law-Making of 13 April 2016 ²⁴ , there is a need to evaluate this Programme on the basis of information collected through specific monitoring requirements, while avoiding overregulation and administrative burdens, in particular on Member States. Evaluations should be carried out by the Commission and communicated to the European	(44) Pursuant to paragraph 22 and 23 of the Inter-institutional agreement for Better Law-Making of 13 April 2016 ¹ , there is a need to evaluate this Programme on the basis of information collected through specific monitoring requirements, <i>such as on climate proofing</i> , while avoiding overregulation and administrative burdens, in particular on Member States. Evaluations should be carried out by the Commission and	(44) Pursuant to [...] paragraphs 22 and 23 of the Inter-institutional agreement for Better Law-Making of 13 April 2016 ²⁶ , there is a need to evaluate this Programme on the basis of information collected through specific monitoring requirements, while avoiding overregulation and administrative burdens, in particular on Member States. Evaluations should be carried out by the Commission and communicated to the European	

	Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of Regions in order to assess the effectiveness and efficiency of the funding and its impact on the overall goals of the Programme. ⁽²⁴⁾ Interinstitutional Agreement between the European Parliament, the Council of the European Union and the European Commission on Better Law-Making of 13 April 2016; OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1–14	communicated to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of Regions in order to assess the effectiveness and efficiency of the funding and its impact on the overall goals of the Programme <i>and make any adjustments necessary.</i> ⁽²⁴⁾ Interinstitutional Agreement between the European Parliament, the Council of the European Union and the European Commission on Better Law-Making of 13 April 2016; OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1.	Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of Regions in order to assess the effectiveness and efficiency of the funding and its impact on the overall goals of the Programme. ⁽²⁶⁾ Interinstitutional Agreement between the European Parliament, the Council of the European Union and the European Commission on Better Law-Making of 13 April 2016; OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1–14	
111.		EP Amendment 41 Recital 45		
112.	(45) <i>Adequate</i> monitoring and reporting measures including indicators should be implemented in order to report the progress of the Programme towards the achievement of the general and specific objectives set out in this Regulation. This performance reporting system should ensure that data for	(45)[...] <i>Transparent, accountable and</i> adequate monitoring and reporting measures including <i>measurable</i> indicators should be implemented in order to assess and report on the progress of the Programme towards the achievement of the general and specific objectives set out in this Regulation, <i>as</i>	(45) Adequate monitoring and reporting measures including indicators should be implemented in order to report the progress of the Programme towards the achievement of the general and specific objectives set out in this Regulation. This performance reporting system should ensure that data for	

	monitoring implementation of the Programme and its results are collected efficiently, effectively and in a timely manner. It is necessary to impose proportionate reporting requirements on recipients of Union funds in order to collect relevant data for the Programme.	<i>well as to promote its achievements.</i> This performance reporting system should ensure that data for monitoring the implementation of the Programme and its results <i>are suitable for an in-depth analysis of the progress achieved and of the difficulties encountered along the core network corridors and that those data and results</i> are collected efficiently, effectively and in a timely manner. It is necessary to impose proportionate reporting requirements on recipients of Union funds in order to collect relevant data for the Programme.	monitoring implementation of the Programme and its results are collected efficiently, effectively and in a timely manner. It is necessary to impose proportionate reporting requirements on recipients of Union funds in order to collect relevant data for the Programme.	
113.		EP Amendment 42 Recital 45 a (new)		
114.		<i>(45a) The Programme should be implemented through work programmes. The Commission should prepare by the end of March 2021 a Framework Programme that will include the foreseen time table of the work programmes, calls, their topics and allocated financing and other necessary details</i>		

		<i>necessary to provide transparency and predictability for all period of the Programme and to enhance the quality of the projects.</i>		
115.		EP Amendment 43 Recital 45 b (new)		
116.		<i>(45b) A comprehensive evaluation of the Programme should be carried out to guarantee consistency of the Programme investment priorities with the Union's climate change commitments;</i>		
117.		EP Amendment 44 Recital 46		
118.	(46) In order to <i>ensure uniform conditions for the implementation of</i> this Regulation, <i>implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission as regards adoption of work programmes. Those powers should be exercised in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council</i>²⁵. ⁽²⁵⁾ Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February	(46) In order to [...] <i>supplement</i> this Regulation, [...] <i>the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the [...] Functioning of the European Union</i> should be <i>delegated to</i> the Commission <i>in respect of the</i> adoption of work programmes [...] <i>and the Framework Programme.</i>	(46) In order to ensure uniform conditions for the implementation of this Regulation, implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission as regards adoption of work programmes. Those powers should be exercised in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council²⁷. ⁽²⁷⁾ Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February	

	2011 laying down the rules and general principles concerning mechanisms for control by the Member States of the Commission's exercise of implementing powers (OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13)		2011 laying down the rules and general principles concerning mechanisms for control by the Member States of the Commission's exercise of implementing powers (OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13)	
119.		EP Amendment 45 Recital 47		
120.	(47) In order to adapt, where necessary, the indicators used for the monitoring of the Programme, <i>the indicative percentages of budgetary resources allocated to each specific objective in the transport sector</i> and the definition of the transport core network corridors, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission in respect of amendments to Parts I, II and III of the Annex to this Regulation. It is of particular importance that the Commission carry out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and	(47) In order to adapt, where necessary, the indicators used for the monitoring of the Programme, [...] and the definition of the transport core network corridors, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission in respect of amendments to Parts I, II and III of the Annex to this Regulation and <i>military requirements, to establish or amend the list of the parts of the trans-European transport network suitable for military transport, to establish or amend the list of priority projects dual use infrastructure and the assessment procedure</i>	(47) In order to adapt, where necessary, the indicators used for the monitoring of the Programme, the indicative percentages of budgetary resources allocated to each specific objective in the transport sector and the definition of the transport core network corridors, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission in respect of amendments to Parts I, II and III of the Annex to this Regulation. It is of particular importance that the Commission carry out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in	

	that those consultations be conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement on Better Law-Making of 13 April 2016. In particular, to ensure equal participation in the preparation of delegated acts, the European Parliament and the Council receive all documents at the same time as Member States' experts, and their experts systematically have access to meetings of Commission expert groups dealing with the preparation of delegated acts.	<i>regarding the eligibility of the actions connected with military mobility.</i> It is of particular importance that the Commission carry out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement on Better Law-Making of 13 April 2016. In particular, to ensure equal participation in the preparation of delegated acts, the European Parliament and the Council receive all documents at the same time as Member States' experts, and their experts systematically have access to meetings of Commission expert groups dealing with the preparation of delegated acts.	accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement on Better Law-Making of 13 April 2016. In particular, to ensure equal participation in the preparation of delegated acts, the European Parliament and the Council receive all documents at the same time as Member States' experts, and their experts systematically have access to meetings of Commission expert groups dealing with the preparation of delegated acts.	
121.	(48) Regulations (EU) No 1316/2013 and (EU) No 283/2014 should, for reasons of clarity, be repealed. However, the effects of Article 29 of Regulation (EU) No 1316/2013, which amends the		(48) Regulations (EU) No 1316/2013 and (EU) No 283/2014 should, for reasons of clarity, be repealed. However, the effects of Article 29 of Regulation (EU) No 1316/2013, which amends the Annex to	COM

	Annex to Regulation (EU) No 913/2010 of the European Parliament and of the Council²⁶ as regards the list of freight corridors, should be preserved. ⁽²⁶⁾ Regulation (EU) No 913/2010 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 September 2010 concerning a European rail network for competitive freight (OJ L 276, 20.10.2010, p. 22).		Regulation (EU) No 913/2010 of the European Parliament and of the Council²⁸ as regards the list of freight corridors, should be preserved. ⁽²⁸⁾ Regulation (EU) No 913/2010 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 September 2010 concerning a European rail network for competitive freight (OJ L 276, 20.10.2010, p. 22).	
122.	(49) In order to allow for the timely adoption of the implementing acts provided for by this Regulation, it is necessary that it enters into force immediately upon its publication,		(49)In order to allow for the timely adoption of the implementing acts provided for by this Regulation, it is necessary that it enters into force immediately upon its publication,	COM
123.	HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:		HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:	COM

124.	CHAPTER I		CHAPTER I	COM
125.	GENERAL PROVISIONS		GENERAL PROVISIONS	COM
126.	<i>Article 1</i> <i>Subject matter</i>		<i>Article 1</i> <i>Subject matter</i>	COM
127.	This Regulation establishes the Connecting Europe Facility (the 'Programme').		This Regulation establishes the Connecting Europe Facility (the 'Programme').	COM
128.	It lays down the objectives of the Programme, the budget for the period 2021-2027, the forms of Union funding and the rules for providing such funding.		It lays down the objectives of the Programme, the budget for the period 2021-2027, the forms of Union funding and the rules for providing such funding.	COM
129.	<i>Article 2</i> <i>Definitions</i>		<i>Article 2</i> <i>Definitions</i>	COM
130.	For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions shall apply:		For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions shall apply:	COM
131.	(a) "action" means any activity which has been identified as financially and technically independent, has a set time-frame and is necessary for the implementation of a project;		(a) "action" means any activity which has been identified as financially and technically independent, has a set time-frame and is necessary for the implementation of a project;	COM
132.		EP Amendment 46 Article 2 paragraph 1 point b		
133.	(b) "alternative fuels" means alternative fuels as defined in Article 2(1) of Directive	(b) "alternative fuels" means alternative fuels <i>for all modes of transport</i> as	(b) "alternative fuels" means alternative fuels as defined in Article 2(1) of Directive	<u>EP AM acceptable</u> (b) "alternative fuels"

	2014/94/EU;	defined in Article 2(1) of Directive 2014/94/EU;	2014/94/EU;	means alternative fuels <u>for all modes of transport</u> as defined in Article 2(1) of Directive 2014/94/EU;
134.	(c) “associated country” means a third country which is party to an agreement with the Union allowing for its participation in the Programme in accordance with Article 5;		(c) [...]	<u>Keep CGA</u>
135.		EP Amendment 47 Article 2 paragraph 1 point c a (new)		
136.		<i>(ca) “beneficiary” means any entity that has been selected to receive Union financial assistance under the eligibility criteria set under Article 11 of this Regulation and in accordance with Article [197] of the Financial Regulation;</i>		<u>Propose CGA</u> <i>Definition in Article 2 paragraph 5 of the Financial Regulation</i>
137.	(d) 'Blending operation' means actions supported by the EU budget, including within blending facilities pursuant to Article [2(6)] of the Regulation (EU,		(d) 'Blending operation' means actions supported by the EU budget, including within blending facilities pursuant to Article [2(6)] of the Regulation (EU, Euratom)	COM

	Euratom) 2018/XXX (the 'Financial Regulation'), combining non-repayable forms of support and/or financial instruments from the EU budget with repayable forms of support from development or other public finance institutions, as well as from commercial finance institutions and investors;		2018/XXX (the 'Financial Regulation'), combining non-repayable forms of support and/or financial instruments from the EU budget with repayable forms of support from development or other public finance institutions, as well as from commercial finance institutions and investors;	
138.		EP Amendment 48 Article 2 paragraph 1 point d a (new)		
139.		<i>(da) "bottleneck" means a physical, technical or functional barrier which leads to a system break affecting the continuity of long-distance or cross-border flows and which can be surmounted by creating new infrastructure, or substantially upgrading existing infrastructure, that could bring significant improvements which will solve the bottleneck constraints;</i>		<u>Propose CGA</u> Same definition in Article 3 point g of the TEN-T Regulation, no need to repeat
140.	(e) "comprehensive network"		(e) "comprehensive network"	COM

	means the transport infrastructure identified in accordance with Chapter II of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013;		means the transport infrastructure identified in accordance with Chapter II of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013;	
141.	(f) "core network" means the transport infrastructure identified in accordance with Chapter III of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013;		(f) "core network" means the transport infrastructure identified in accordance with Chapter III of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013;	COM
142.	(g) "core network corridors" means an instrument to facilitate the coordinated implementation of the core network as provided for in Chapter IV of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013 and listed in Part III of the Annex to this Regulation;		(g) "core network corridors" means an instrument to facilitate the coordinated implementation of the core network as provided for in Chapter IV of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013 and listed in Part III of the Annex to this Regulation;	COM
143.		EP Amendment 49 Article 2 paragraph 1 point g a (new)		
144.		<i>(ga) "cross-border link", in the field of transport infrastructure means projects covering a rail, road, inland waterway or maritime section between Member States or a Member State and a third country, or a project, in</i>	<u>(ga) "cross border link" in the transport sector means a project of common interest which ensures the continuity of the TEN-T network between two Member States or between a Member State and a neighbouring</u>	<i><u>Propose CGA</u></i> <i>Inclusion of "cross-border impact" would enlarge the possibility for a higher co-financing rate - link with Article 14</i>

		<i>any mode of transport, carried out in one Member State that demonstrates a high cross-border impact by enhancing cross-border flows between two Member States;</i>	<u>country;</u>	
145.		<i>Copy-pasted from line 155</i> <i>(ka) “missing link” is an all modes transport section of a TEN-T corridor or a transport section that is providing the connection of core or comprehensive networks with the TEN-T corridors which is missing or containing one or more bottleneck affecting the continuity of the TEN-T corridor;</i>	<u>(gb) "missing link" in the transport sector means a missing infrastructure component of the TEN-T network which hampers the continuity of the TEN-T network and requires investment in an infrastructure component;</u>	<u>Propose CGA</u> <i>Should not be restricted to corridors</i>
146.		<i>Copy-pasted from line 166</i> <i>(ra) “infrastructure for civilian-defence dual-use” means infrastructure used mainly for civilian purposes but which is also of strategic importance for defence and crisis management purposes and that could be adapted to</i>	<u>(gc) "dual-use infrastructure" means a transport network infrastructure that addresses the needs of both defence and civil communities;</u>	<u>Propose CGA</u> <i>Identical to the definition in the Annexes to the Military Requirements for Military Mobility within and beyond the EU as adopted by Council on 20 November 2018 - ST 13674/18</i>

		<i>civilian-military dual-use needs.</i>		
		EP Amendment 50 Article 2 paragraph 1 point h		
147.	(h) "cross-border project in the field of renewable energy" means a project selected or eligible to be selected under a cooperation agreement or any other kind of arrangements between Member States or arrangements between Member States and third countries as defined in <i>Articles 6, 7, 9 or 11</i> of Directive 2009/82/EC in the planning or deployment of renewable energy, in accordance with the criteria set out in Part IV of the Annex to this Regulation;	(h) "cross-border project in the field of renewable energy" means a project selected or eligible to be selected under a cooperation agreement or any other kind of arrangements between Member States or arrangements between Member States and third countries as defined in [<i>Article 8, 9, 11 or 13 of</i>] <i>Directive (EU) 2018/... of the European Parliament and of the Council 1</i>]⁺ in the planning or deployment of renewable energy, in accordance with the criteria set out in Part IV of the Annex to this Regulation; ⁽⁺⁾ OJ: Please insert in the text the number of the Regulation contained in document PE-CONS 55/18 (2016/0375(COD)) and insert the number, date, title and OJ reference of that Directive in the footnote.	(h) "cross-border project in the field of renewable energy" means a project selected or eligible to be selected under a cooperation agreement or any other kind of arrangements between at least two Member States or arrangements between at least one Member [<i>...</i>] State and a third country or countries as defined in [<i>...</i>] Directive [<i>...</i>] (EU) 2018/XXX of the European Parliament and of the Council²⁹ [Renewable Energy Directive] in the planning or deployment of renewable energy, in accordance with the criteria set out in Part IV of the Annex to this Regulation; ⁽²⁹⁾ Directive (EU) 2018/XXX of the European Parliament and of the Council of ...on the promotion of the use of energy	<i>Proposed compromise:</i> h) "cross-border project in the field of renewable energy" means a project selected or eligible to be selected under a cooperation agreement or any other kind of arrangements between at least two Member States or arrangements between at least one Member State and a third country or countries as defined in Articles 8, 9, 11 and 13 of Directive (EU) 2018/2001 in the planning or deployment of renewable energy, in accordance with the criteria set out in Part IV of the Annex to this Regulation;

			from renewable sources (OJ C , , p.).	
148.		EP Amendment 51 Article 2 paragraph 1 point h a (new)		
149.		<i>(ha) “energy efficiency first” means taking utmost account, in energy planning, policy and investment decisions, of alternative cost-efficient energy efficiency measures to make energy demand and energy supply more efficient, in particular by means of cost-effective energy enduse savings, demand-side response initiatives and more efficient conversion, transmission and distribution of energy, whilst still achieving the objectives of the respective decisions;</i>		<i>Proposed compromise:</i> <u>(ha) “energy efficiency first” means energy efficiency first as defined in point (18) of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999.</u>
150.	(i) "digital connectivity infrastructure" means very high capacity networks, 5G systems, very high quality local wireless connectivity, backbone networks, as well as		(i) "digital connectivity infrastructure" means very high capacity networks, 5G systems, very high quality local wireless connectivity, backbone networks, as well as operational digital	COM

	operational digital platforms directly associated with transport and energy infrastructure;		platforms directly associated with transport and energy infrastructure;	
151.	(j) "5G systems" means a set of digital infrastructure elements based on globally agreed standards for mobile and wireless communications technology used for connectivity and value-added services with advanced performance characteristics such as very high data rates and capacity, low latency, high reliability, or supporting a high number of connected devices;.		(j) "5G systems" means a set of digital infrastructure elements based on globally agreed standards for mobile and wireless communications technology used for connectivity and value-added services with advanced performance characteristics such as very high data rates and capacity, low latency; <u>communications, ultra-high</u> reliability, or supporting a high number of connected devices;.	
152.		EP Amendment 52 Article 2 paragraph 1 point k		
153.	(k) "5G corridor" means a transport path, road <i>or</i> railway, fully covered with digital connectivity infrastructure and in particular 5G systems, enabling the uninterrupted provision of synergy digital services such as connected and automated	(k) "5G corridor" means a transport path, road, [...] railway <i>or inland waterway</i> , fully covered with digital connectivity infrastructure and in particular 5G systems, enabling the uninterrupted provision of synergy digital services	(k) "5G corridor" means a transport path, road [...], railway <u>or inland waterway</u> , fully covered with digital connectivity infrastructure and in particular 5G systems, enabling the uninterrupted provision of synergy digital services such as connected	<u>EP AM acceptable</u> (k) "5G corridor" means a transport path, road, railway or inland waterway, fully covered with digital connectivity infrastructure and in particular 5G systems, enabling the uninterrupted provision of synergy digital

	mobility <i>or</i> similar smart mobility services for railways;	such as connected and automated mobility [...], similar smart mobility services for railways <i>or digital connectivity on inland waterways</i> ;	and automated mobility or similar smart mobility services for railways;	services such as connected and automated mobility, similar smart mobility services for railways <i>or digital connectivity on inland waterways</i> ;
154.		EP Amendment 53 Article 2 paragraph 1 point k a (new)		
155.		<i>(ka) “missing link” is an all modes transport section of a TEN-T corridor or a transport section that is providing the connection of core or comprehensive networks with the TEN-T corridors which is missing or containing one or more bottleneck affecting the continuity of the TEN-T corridor;</i>		
156.	(l) "operational digital platforms directly associated with transport and energy infrastructure" means physical and virtual information communication technology ("ICT") resources, operating on top of the communication infrastructure, which		(l) "operational digital platforms directly associated with transport and energy infrastructure" means physical and virtual information communication technology ("ICT") resources, operating on top of the communication infrastructure, which support the flow, storage,	COM

	support the flow, storage, processing and analysis of transport and/or energy infrastructure data;		processing and analysis of transport and/or energy infrastructure data;	
157.	(m) "project of common interest" means a project identified in Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013 or Regulation (EU) No 347/2013 or in Article 8 of this Regulation;		(m) "project of common interest" means a project identified in Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013 or Regulation (EU) No 347/2013 or in Article 8 of this Regulation;	COM
158.	(n) "studies" means activities needed to prepare project implementation, such as preparatory, mapping, feasibility, evaluation, testing and validation studies, including in the form of software, and any other technical support measure, including prior action to define and develop a project and decide on its financing, such as reconnaissance of the sites concerned and preparation of the financial package;		(n) "studies" means activities needed to prepare project implementation, such as preparatory, mapping, feasibility, evaluation, testing and validation studies, including in the form of software, and any other technical support measure, including prior action to define and develop a project and decide on its financing, such as reconnaissance of the sites concerned and preparation of the financial package;	COM
159.		EP Amendment 54 Article 2 paragraph 1 point o		
160.	(o) "socio-economic drivers" means entities which by	(o) "socio-economic drivers" means entities which by	(o) "socio-economic drivers" means entities which by	<i>EP AM acceptable</i> (o) "socio-economic

	their mission, nature or location can directly or indirectly generate important socio-economic benefits to citizens, business and local communities located in their surrounding territory;	their mission, nature or location can directly or indirectly generate important socio-economic benefits to citizens, business and local communities located in their surrounding territory <i>or in their area of influence;</i>	their mission, nature or location can directly or indirectly generate important socio-economic benefits to citizens, business and local communities located in their surrounding territory;	drivers" means entities which by their mission, nature or location can directly or indirectly generate important socio-economic benefits to citizens, business and local communities located in their surrounding territory or in their area of influence;
161.	(p) "third country" means a country that is not member of the European Union;		(p) "third country" means a country that is not member of the European Union;	COM

162.		EP Amendment 55 Article 2 paragraph 1 point q		
163.	(q) "very high capacity networks" means very high capacity networks as defined in Article [2 (XX)] of Directive (EU) 2018/XXX [the European Electronic Communications Code]	(q) "very high capacity networks" means very high capacity networks as defined in Article [2 [...] (2)] of Directive (EU) 2018/XXX [the European Electronic Communications Code]	(q) "very high capacity networks" means very high capacity networks as defined in Article [2 [...] (2)] of Directive (EU) 2018/XXX [the European Electronic Communications Code]	EP=CONS
164.	(r) "works" means the purchase, supply and deployment of components, systems and		(r) "works" means the purchase, supply and deployment of components, systems and services	COM

	services including software, the carrying-out of development and construction and installation activities relating to a project, the acceptance of installations and the launching of a project.		including software, the carrying-out of development and construction and installation activities relating to a project, the acceptance of installations and the launching of a project.	
165.		EP Amendment 56 Article 2 paragraph 1 point r a (new)		
166.		<i>(ra) “infrastructure for civilian-defence dual-use” means infrastructure used mainly for civilian purposes but which is also of strategic importance for defence and crisis management purposes and that could be adapted to civilian-military dual-use needs.</i>		<i>See line 146</i>
167.	<i>Article 3 Objectives</i>		<i>Article 3 Objectives</i>	COM
168.		EP Amendment 57 Article 3 paragraph 1		
169.	1. The Programme has the general objective to develop and modernise the trans-European networks in the fields of	1. The Programme has the general objective to build , develop and modernise the trans-European networks in the fields of	1. The Programme has the general objective to develop [...], modernise and complete the trans-European networks in the	<u><i>Presidency proposed compromise:</i></u> 1. The Programme has the general objective to

	transport, energy and digital and to facilitate cross-border cooperation in the field of renewable energy, <i>taking into account</i> the long-term decarbonisation commitments and with emphasis on synergies among sectors.	transport, energy and digital and to facilitate cross-border cooperation in the field of renewable energy, [...] <i>in order to contribute to increasing European competitiveness, access to internal market, to smart, sustainable and inclusive growth, and to consolidate territorial, social and economic cohesion, contributing</i> to the long-term decarbonisation commitments and with emphasis on synergies among <i>transport, energy and digital</i> sectors <i>to the full</i>.	fields of transport, energy and digital and to facilitate cross-border cooperation in the field of renewable energy, taking into account the long-term decarbonisation commitments, <u>territorial cohesion and integration of the internal market</u> and with emphasis on synergies among sectors.	build, develop, modernise and complete the trans-European networks in the fields of transport, energy and digital and to facilitate cross-border cooperation in the field of renewable energy, taking into account the long-term decarbonisation commitments, territorial cohesion and integration of the internal market and with emphasis on synergies among transport, energy and digital sectors.
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170.	2. The Programme has the following specific objectives:		2. The Programme has the following specific objectives:	COM
171.	(a) In the transport sector:		(a) In the transport sector:	COM
172.		EP Amendment 58 Article 3 paragraph 2 point a point i		
173.	(i) to contribute to the development of projects of common interest relating to efficient and interconnected networks and infrastructure for smart, sustainable, inclusive, safe and secure mobility;	(i) to contribute to the development of projects of common interest relating to efficient [...], interconnected, interoperable and multimodal networks and infrastructure for smart, sustainable, inclusive, accessible , safe and secure mobility and European transport area ;	(i) <u>in compliance with the objectives of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013</u> , to contribute to the development of projects of common interest relating to efficient [...], interconnected and multimodal networks and infrastructure for smart, sustainable, inclusive, safe and secure mobility;	<u>Presidency proposed compromise:</u> (i) in compliance with the objectives of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013, to contribute to the development of projects of common interest relating to efficient, interconnected, and multimodal networks and infrastructure for smart, interoperable , sustainable, inclusive, safe and secure mobility;
174.		EP Amendment 59 Article 3 paragraph 2 point a point ii		
175.	(ii) to adapt the TEN-T networks to military mobility needs;	(ii) to adapt the [...] parts of the trans-European transport network suitable for military transport to dual (civilian and defence) mobility needs;	(ii) to [...] <u>contribute to the development of civilian-military dual-use transport infrastructure in view of improving</u> military mobility [...] <u>within and</u>	<u>Propose CGA</u> <i>Similar positions, differences in wording. To be discussed together with the new Article 11a, definitions and co-financing rate.</i>

			<u>beyond the EU;</u>	
176.		EP Amendment 60 Article 3 paragraph 2 point b		
177.	(b) In the energy sector, to contribute to the development of projects of common interest relating to further integration of <i>the</i> internal energy market, interoperability of networks across borders and sectors, facilitating decarbonisation and ensuring security of supply, and to facilitate cross-border cooperation in the area of renewable energy;	(b) In the energy sector, to contribute to the development of projects of common interest relating to further integration of [...] <i>an efficient and competitive</i> internal energy market, interoperability of networks across borders and sectors, facilitating decarbonisation <i>of the economy, and</i> ensuring security of supply <i>and EU energy independence</i> , and to facilitate cross-border cooperation in the area of <i>energy, including</i> renewable energy, <i>and to stimulate energy efficiency</i> ;	(b) In the energy sector, to contribute to the development of projects of common interest relating to further integration of the internal energy market, interoperability of networks across borders and sectors, facilitating decarbonisation and ensuring security of supply, and to facilitate cross-border cooperation in the area of renewable energy;	<i>EP AM partly acceptable</i> (b) In the energy sector, to contribute to the development of projects of common interest relating to further integration of an efficient and competitive internal energy market, interoperability of networks across borders and sectors, facilitating decarbonisation of the economy , and ensuring security of supply, and to facilitate cross-border cooperation in the area of energy, including renewable energy; <i>Clarification from the EP is needed on energy independence and stimulate energy efficiency</i>
178.		EP Amendment 61 Article 3 paragraph 2 point c		
179.	(c) In the digital sector, to contribute to the deployment of very high capacity digital networks and 5G systems, to the	(c) In the digital sector, to contribute to <i>the development of projects of common interest relating to</i> the deployment of <i>safe</i>	(c) In the digital sector, to contribute to the deployment of very high capacity digital networks and 5G systems, to the	<i>EP AM acceptable</i> c) In the digital sector, to contribute to the development of projects of

	increased resilience and capacity of digital backbone networks on EU territories by linking them to neighbouring territories, as well to the digitalisation of transport and energy networks.	<i>and secure</i> very high capacity digital networks and 5G systems, to the increased resilience and capacity of digital backbone networks on EU territories by linking them to neighbouring territories, as well to the digitalisation of transport and energy networks.	increased resilience and capacity of digital backbone networks [...] as well to the digitalisation of transport and energy networks.	common interest relating to the deployment of <i>safe and secure</i> very high capacity digital networks and 5G systems, to the increased resilience and capacity of digital backbone networks on EU territories by linking them to neighbouring territories, as well to the digitalisation of transport and energy networks.
180.	<i>Article 4 Budget</i>		<i>Article 4 Budget</i>	COM
181.		EP Amendment 62 Article 4 paragraph 1		
182.	1. The financial envelope for the implementation of the Programme for the period 2021-2027 is set at EUR 42,265,493,000 in current prices.	1. The financial envelope for the implementation of the Programme for the period 2021-2027 is set at EUR [...] 43,850,768,000 in constant prices (EUR XXX in current prices).	1. The financial envelope for the implementation of the Programme for the period 2021-2027 is set at <u>EUR</u> 42,265,493,000 in current prices- <u>L</u> .	
183.	2. The distribution of this amount shall be as follows:		2. The distribution of this amount shall be as follows:	COM
184.		EP Amendment 63 Article 4 paragraph 2 point a		
185.	(a) <i>up to</i> EUR 30,615,493,000 for the specific objectives	(a) [...] EUR [...] 33,513,524,000 in constant	(a) [...] <u>EUR</u> 30,615,493,000 <u>L</u> for the specific objectives	

	referred to in Article 3(2)(a), of which:	<i>prices (EUR XXX in current prices)</i> for the specific objectives referred to in Article 3(2)(a), of which:	referred to in Article 3(2)(a), of which:	
186.		EP Amendment 64 Article 4 paragraph 2 point a point i		
187.	(i) EUR 12,830,000,000 from the European Strategic Investment cluster;	(i) EUR [...] 17,746,000,000 in constant prices (EUR XXX in current prices) from the European Strategic Investment cluster;	(i) EUR 12,830,000,000 from the European Strategic Investment cluster;	
188.		EP Amendment 65 Article 4 paragraph 2 point a point ii		
189.	(ii) EUR 11,285,493,000 transferred from the Cohesion Fund to be spent in line with this Regulation exclusively in Member States eligible for funding from the Cohesion Fund;	(ii) EUR [...] 10,000,000,000 in constant prices (EUR 11,285,493,000 in current prices) transferred from the Cohesion Fund to be spent in line with this Regulation exclusively in Member States eligible for funding from the Cohesion Fund;	(ii) EUR 11,285,493,000 transferred from the Cohesion Fund to be spent in line with this Regulation exclusively in Member States eligible for funding from the Cohesion Fund; ;	
190.		EP Amendment 66 Article 4 paragraph 2 point a point iii		
191.	(iii) EUR 6,500,000,000 from the Defence	(iii) EUR [...] 5,767,524,000 in constant prices (EUR	(iii) EUR 6,500,000,000 from the Defence	

	<i>cluster</i> for the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(a)(ii);	6,500,000,000 <i>in current prices</i>) from the <i>heading Security and Defence</i> [...] for the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(a)(ii);	cluster for the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(a)(ii);	
192.		EP Amendment 67 Article 4 paragraph 2 point b		
193.	(b) up to EUR 8,650,000,000 for the specific objectives referred to in Article 3(2)(b), out of which <i>up to</i> 10% for the cross-border projects in the field of renewable energy	(b) up to EUR 8,650,000,000 for the specific objectives referred to in Article 3(2)(b), out of which [...] 20% for the cross-border projects in the field of renewable energy; <i>[Am. 9]</i>	(b) [...] EUR 8,650,000,000 for the specific objectives referred to in Article 3(2)(b), out of which up to [...] 15% for the cross-border projects in the field of renewable energy	Propose to keep CGA
194.		EP Amendment 68 Article 4 paragraph 2 point c		
	(c) up to EUR 3,000,000,000 for the specific objectives referred to in Article 3(2)(c).	(c) EUR 2,662,000,000 in constant prices (EUR 3,000,000,000 <i>in current prices</i>) for the specific objectives referred to in Article 3(2)(c).	(c) [...] EUR 3,000,000,000 for the specific objectives referred to in Article 3(2)(c).	
195.	3. The Commission shall not depart from the amount referred to in subparagraph 2 (a) (ii).		3. The Commission shall not depart from the amount referred to in subparagraph 2-(a)-(ii).	COM
196.		EP Amendment 69 Article 4 paragraph 4		
197.	4. <i>The</i> amount referred to in paragraph 1 may be used for	4. [...] Up to 3 % of the amount referred to in paragraph 1 may	4. [...] Up to 1% of the amount referred to in paragraph 1 may	<i>Propose CGA</i>

	technical and administrative assistance for the implementation of the Programme and the sector-specific guidelines, such as preparatory, monitoring, control, audit and evaluation activities including corporate information and technology systems. This amount may also be used to finance accompanying measures to support the preparation of projects.	be used <i>also</i> for technical and administrative assistance for the implementation of the Programme and the sector-specific guidelines, such as preparatory, monitoring, control, audit and evaluation activities including corporate information and technology systems. This amount may also be used to finance accompanying measures to support the preparation of projects.	be used for technical and administrative assistance for the implementation of the Programme and the sector-specific guidelines, such as preparatory, monitoring, control, audit and evaluation activities including corporate information and technology systems. This amount may also be used to finance accompanying measures to support the preparation of projects.	<i>1% is already in the current programme, no problem identified.</i>
198.	5. Budgetary commitments for actions extending over more than one financial year may be broken down over several years into annual instalments.		5. Budgetary commitments for actions extending over more than one financial year may be broken down over several years into annual instalments.	COM
199.		EP Amendment 70 Article 4 paragraph 5 a (new)		
200.		<i>5a. Transparency and citizens' participation shall be guaranteed for large projects. [Am. 27]</i>		<i>EP AM not acceptable</i> <i>Overlap with the existing legislative framework on public participation</i>
201.	6. Without prejudice to the Financial Regulation, expenditure for actions resulting from projects included in the first work		6. Without prejudice to the Financial Regulation, expenditure for actions resulting from projects included in the first work programme may be	COM

	programme may be eligible as from 1 January 2021.		eligible as from 1 January 2021.	
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202.	7. The amount transferred from the Cohesion Fund shall be implemented in accordance with this Regulation, subject to paragraph 8 and without prejudice to Article 14(2)(b).		7. 1 The amount transferred from the Cohesion Fund shall be implemented in accordance with this Regulation, subject to paragraph 8 and without prejudice to Article 14(2)(b). 1	COM
203.		EP Amendment 71 Article 4 paragraph 8		
204.	8. As regards the amounts transferred from the Cohesion Fund, 30% of these amounts shall be made available immediately to all Member States eligible for funding from the Cohesion Fund to finance transport infrastructure projects in accordance with this Regulation, with priority to cross-border and missing links. Until 31 December 2023 , the selection of projects eligible for financing shall respect the national allocations under the Cohesion Fund with regard to 70% of the resources transferred . As of 1 January 2024 , resources transferred to the Programme which have not been committed to a transport	8. As regards the amounts transferred from the Cohesion Fund, [...] until 31 December [...] 2022 , the selection of projects eligible for financing shall respect the national allocations under the Cohesion Fund [...]. As of 1 January [...] 2023 , resources transferred to the Programme which have not been committed to a transport infrastructure project shall be made available, on a competitive basis , to all Member States eligible for funding from the Cohesion Fund to finance transport infrastructure projects in accordance with this Regulation.	8. 1 As regards the amounts transferred from the Cohesion Fund, 30% of these amounts shall be made available immediately to all Member States eligible for funding from the Cohesion Fund to finance transport infrastructure projects in accordance with this Regulation, with priority to cross-border and missing links. Until 31 December 2023, the selection of projects eligible for financing shall respect the national allocations under the Cohesion Fund with regard to 70% of the resources transferred. As of 1 January 2024, resources transferred to the Programme which have not been committed to a transport infrastructure project shall be	

	infrastructure project shall be made available to all Member States eligible for funding from the Cohesion Fund to finance transport infrastructure projects in accordance with this Regulation.		made available to all Member States eligible for funding from the Cohesion Fund to finance transport infrastructure projects in accordance with this Regulation-.]	
205.			<u>8a. The amount transferred from the Cohesion Fund shall not be used to finance cross-sectoral work programmes and blending operations.</u>	<i><u>Propose CGA</u></i>
206.		EP Amendment 72 Article 4 paragraph 9		
207.	9. Resources allocated to Member States under shared management may, at their request, be transferred to the Programme. The Commission shall implement those resources directly in accordance with [point (a) of Article 62(1)] of the Financial Regulation or indirectly in accordance with point (c) of that Article. Where possible those resources shall be used for the benefit of the Member State concerned.	9. Resources allocated to a Member [...] State under shared management may, at [...] its request, and in accordance with the relevant managing Authority be transferred to the Programme, in order for them to be used as part of a blending operation or synergy with other Union programmes action included in a proposal submitted by the Member State concerned and declared eligible by the Commission under a work programme procedure. The Commission shall implement those resources directly in	9. Resources allocated to Member States under shared management may, at their request, be transferred to the Programme. The Commission shall implement those resources directly in accordance with [point (a) of Article 62(1)] of the Financial Regulation or indirectly in accordance with point (c) of that Article. [...] Those resources shall be used for the benefit of the Member State concerned.	<i><u>Propose CGA</u></i> <i>Horizontal provision</i>

		accordance with [point (a) of Article 62(1)] of the Financial Regulation or indirectly in accordance with point (c) of that Article. [...]		
208.	<i>Article 5</i> <i>Third countries associated to the Programme</i>		<i>[Article 5</i> <i>Third countries associated to the Programme</i>	COM
209.	1. The Programme shall be open to the following third countries:		1. The Programme shall be open to the following third countries:	COM
210.	(a) European Free Trade Association (EFTA) members which are members of the European Economic Area (EEA), in accordance with the conditions laid down in the EEA agreement;		(a) European Free Trade Association (EFTA) members which are members of the European Economic Area (EEA), in accordance with the conditions laid down in the EEA agreement;	COM
211.	(b) acceding countries, candidates and potential candidates, in accordance with the general principles and general terms and conditions for their participation in Union programmes established in the respective framework agreements and association council decisions, or similar agreements, and in accordance with the		(b) acceding countries, candidates and potential candidates, in accordance with the general principles and general terms and conditions for their participation in Union programmes established in the respective framework agreements and association council decisions, or similar agreements, and in accordance with the	COM

	specific conditions laid down in agreements between the Union and them;		specific conditions laid down in agreements between the Union and them;	
212.	(c) countries covered by the European Neighbourhood Policy, in accordance with the general principles and general terms and conditions for the participation of those countries in Union programmes established in the respective framework agreements and association council decisions, or similar agreements, and in accordance with the specific conditions laid down in agreements between the Union and those countries;		(c) countries covered by the European Neighbourhood Policy, in accordance with the general principles and general terms and conditions for the participation of those countries in Union programmes established in the respective framework agreements and association council decisions, or similar agreements, and in accordance with the specific conditions laid down in agreements between the Union and those countries;	COM
213.	(d) other third countries, in accordance with the conditions laid down in a specific agreement covering the participation of the third country to any Union programme, provided that the agreement:		(d) other third countries, in accordance with the conditions laid down in a specific agreement covering the participation of the third country to any Union programme, provided that the agreement:	COM

214.	– ensures a fair balance as regards the contributions and benefits of the third country participating in the Union programmes;		– ensures a fair balance as regards the contributions and benefits of the third country participating in the Union programmes;	COM
215.	– lays down the conditions of participation in the programmes, including the calculation of financial contributions to individual programmes and their administrative costs. These contributions shall constitute assigned revenues in accordance with Article [21(5)] of the Financial Regulation;		– lays down the conditions of participation in the programmes, including the calculation of financial contributions to individual programmes and their administrative costs. These contributions shall constitute assigned revenues in accordance with Article [21(5)] of the Financial Regulation;	COM
216.	– does not confer to the third country a decisional power on the programme;		– does not confer to the third country a decisional power on the programme;	COM
217.	– guarantees the rights of the Union to ensure sound financial management and to protect its financial		– guarantees the rights of the Union to ensure sound financial management and to protect its financial	COM

	interests.		interests.	
218.		EP Amendment 73 Article 5 paragraph 1 new bullet point		
219.		- <i>provide reciprocity in accessing similar programmes in the third country, especially public procurement.</i>		
220.		EP Amendment 74 Article 5 paragraph 2		
221.	2. The third countries referred to in paragraph 1, and entities established in these countries, may not receive financial assistance under this Regulation except where it is indispensable to the achievement of the objectives of a given project of common interest and under the conditions set in the work programmes referred to in Article 19.	2. The third countries referred to in paragraph 1, and entities established in these countries, may not receive financial assistance under this Regulation except where it is indispensable to the achievement of the objectives of a given project of common interest and under the conditions set in the work programmes referred to in Article 19 <i>and according to the provisions set by Article 8 of the Regulation (EU) n. 1315/2013.</i>	2. [...] <u>Without prejudice to Article 8 of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013, the</u> third countries referred to in paragraph 1, and entities established in these countries, may not receive financial assistance under this Regulation except where it is indispensable to the achievement of the objectives of a given project of common interest and under the conditions set in the work programmes referred to in Article 19- <u>1</u> .	

222.	<i>Article 6 Implementation and forms of EU funding</i>		<i>Article 6 Implementation and forms of EU funding</i>	
223.	1. The Programme shall be implemented in direct management in accordance with the Financial Regulation or, in indirect management with bodies referred to in Article [61(1)(c)] of the Financial Regulation.		1. The Programme shall be implemented in direct management in accordance with the Financial Regulation or, in indirect management with bodies referred to in Article [[...] 62 (1)(c)] of the Financial Regulation.	<i><u>Propose CGA</u></i> <i>Technical correction</i>
224.		EP Amendment 75 Article 6 paragraph 2		
225.	2. The Programme may provide funding in <i>any of</i> the forms laid down in the Financial Regulation, <i>in particular grants and procurement. It may also provide financing in the form of financial instruments</i> within blending operations. Blending operations decided under this Programme shall be implemented in accordance with the InvestEU Regulation and Title X of the Financial Regulation.	2. The Programme may provide funding in [...] the forms <i>of grants and procurement as</i> laid down in the Financial Regulation [...]. <i>Funding provided by the Programme</i> may [...] <i>be used</i> within blending operations <i>including with funds as provided in Article 3(2)(a) of the InvestEU Regulation. In the transport sector, blending operations shall not exceed 10 % of the dedicated envelope and shall be primarily intended for horizontal priorities as listed in Annex – part III – point - 1(new).</i> Blending operations decided under this Programme shall be implemented in	2. The Programme may provide [...] Union contributions in any of the forms laid down in the Financial Regulation, in particular grants and procurement. It may [...] contribute to blending operations [...] in accordance with the InvestEU Regulation and Title X of the Financial Regulation. The Union contribution to blending operations shall not exceed 10% of the budgetary amount indicated in Article 4(1) with the exemption of the amount transferred from the Cohesion fund.	<i><u>Propose CGA</u></i> The Programme may provide Union contributions in any of the forms laid down in the Financial Regulation, in particular grants and procurement. It may contribute to blending operations in accordance with the InvestEU Regulation and Title X of the Financial Regulation. <u>In the transport sector,</u> The Union contribution to blending operations shall not exceed 10% of the budgetary amount indicated in Article 4(42) with the exemption of the amount transferred from

		accordance with the InvestEU Regulation and Title X of the Financial Regulation.		the Cohesion fund.
226.	3. The Commission may delegate power to implement part of the Programme to executive agencies in accordance with Article [69] of the Financial Regulation with a view to the optimum management and efficiency requirements of the Programme in the transport, energy and digital sectors.		3. The Commission may delegate power to implement part of the Programme to executive agencies in accordance with Article [69] of the Financial Regulation with a view to the optimum management and efficiency requirements of the Programme in the transport, energy and digital sectors.	COM
227.	4. Contributions to a mutual insurance mechanism may cover the risk associated with the recovery of funds due by recipients and shall be considered a sufficient guarantee under the Financial Regulation. The provisions laid down in [Article X of] Regulation XXX [successor of the Regulation on the Guarantee Fund] shall apply.		4. Contributions to a mutual insurance mechanism may cover the risk associated with the recovery of funds due by recipients and shall be considered a sufficient guarantee under the Financial Regulation. The provisions laid down in [Article X of] Regulation XXX [successor of the Regulation on the Guarantee Fund] shall apply.	COM

228.		EP Amendment 76 Article 6 a (new)		
229.		<i>Article 6a</i> <i>Adaptation of TEN-T networks to civilian-defence dual-use</i> 1. <i>Projects of common interest shall contribute to the adaptation of the TEN-T networks as defined by Regulation 1315/2013, with the purpose of enabling a civilian-defence dual use of infrastructure, in accordance with the dual (civilian and defence) mobility requirements, hereafter “dual mobility requirements”, and priority dual-use infrastructure projects identified in paragraph 2 of this Article.</i> 2. <i>By 31 December 2019, the Commission shall adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 24 of this Regulation in order to further specify the dual mobility requirements, list the parts of the trans-European transport network suitable for military</i>		See line 343

		<i>transport, list priority dual-use infrastructure projects and the assessments procedure regarding the eligibility of the actions connected with civilian-defence dual-use of infrastructure. The specification of the priority projects shall reflect on the situation of Member States in the East and in the South of the Union.</i> <i>3. Studies with the aim of developing and identifying projects of common interest of parts of the trans-European transport network suitable for military transport, which will be always based on existing TEN-T feasibility studies, projects and implementation, shall include also the actions necessary to comply with dual mobility requirements validated by the Council and the priority dual-use civil-defence infrastructure projects.</i> <i>All proposed projects shall include measurable actions to</i>		
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		<i>integrate the dual mobility requirements validated by the Council.</i> <i>Proposals including only actions connected with military mobility shall be eligible only when adding to an existing civil infrastructure.</i> <i>All actions connected with compliance with dual mobility requirements shall be financed from the funds provided in Article 4 (2)(a)(iii) and shall enable civilian-defence dual-use of infrastructure.</i> 4. <i>By December 31, 2025 the Commission shall perform an evaluation of the amount already spent and the spending perspective of the amount specified in Article 4(2)(a)(iii). Depending on the result of this evaluation, the Commission shall decide to transfer the money that has not been committed from Article 4(2)(a)(iii) to Article 4(2)(a)(i).</i>		
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230.		EP Amendment 77 Article 6 b (new)		
231.		Article 6b <i>Cross-border projects in the field of transport</i> <i>1. Member States, regional authorities or other entities participating in a cross-border transport project may set up a joint body (one stop shop) for project management. These joint bodies shall have extensive coordinating powers, with EU rules prevailing, facilitating the management of all environmental impact assessments and planning and building permits.</i> <i>2. In order to address difficulties in coordinating procedures for the concession of cross-border TEN-T infrastructure projects, European coordinators shall monitor the coordination of the projects and propose procedures to facilitate their synchronisation and completion.</i> <i>3. Given the need to ensure</i>		EP AM not acceptable. Not related to funding aspects. Overlap with streamlining TEN-T and TEN-T Regulation provisions.

		<i>coordination and cooperation between the Member States through the designated single competent authority, as well as the need to set joint deadlines for the granting of cross-border permits and the launching of public procurement for joint cross-border projects, the requisite measures shall be in accordance with the Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on streamlining measures for advancing the realisation of the trans-European transport network (COM (2018) 277).</i>		
232.	<i>Article 7 Cross-border projects in the field of renewable energy</i>		<i>Article 7 Cross-border projects in the field of renewable energy</i>	COM
233.		EP Amendment 78 Article 7 paragraph 1		
234.	1. Cross-border projects in the field of renewable energy shall involve at least two Member States and shall be included in a cooperation agreement or any other kind of arrangement between Member States or arrangements between Member States and third countries as set	1. Cross-border projects in the field of renewable energy shall contribute to decarbonisation, completing the internal energy market and enhancing the security of supply, shall involve at least two Member States, and shall be included in a cooperation agreement or any	1. Cross-border projects in the field of renewable energy [...] shall be included in a cooperation agreement or any other kind of arrangement between Member States or arrangements between Member States and third countries as set out in [...] Directive [...] (EU)	<i>EP amendment partly acceptable</i> 1. Cross-border projects in the field of renewable energy shall contribute to decarbonisation, completing the internal energy market and enhancing the security

	out in <i>Articles 6, 7, 9 or 11</i> of Directive <i>2009/28/EC</i> . These projects shall be identified in accordance with the criteria and <i>procedure</i> laid down in Part IV of the Annex to this Regulation.	other kind of arrangement between Member States, <i>including, where appropriate at a regional level</i> , or arrangements between Member States and third countries as set out in [...] Article <i>8, 9, 11 or 13</i> of Directive [...] (EU) <i>2018/... of the European Parliament and of the Council</i> ¹)+. These projects shall be identified in accordance with the <i>general</i> criteria and [...] <i>process</i> laid down in Part IV of the Annex to this Regulation. + OJ please insert title, number and OJ reference of COD 2016/0382 (renewable energy).	<u>2018/XXX [Renewable Energy Directive]</u> . These projects shall be identified in accordance with the criteria and procedure laid down in Part IV of the Annex to this Regulation.	of supply , shall be included in a cooperation agreement or any other kind of arrangements between at least two Member States or arrangements between at least one Member State and a third country or countries as set out in [...] Article in Articles 9 and 11 of Directive (EU) 2018/2001 . These projects shall be identified in accordance with the general criteria and process laid down in Part IV of the Annex to this Regulation.
235.		EP Amendment 79 Article 7 paragraph 2		
236.	2. By 31 December 2019, the Commission shall adopt a delegated act in accordance with Article 23(d) of this Regulation to further specify <i>the</i> selection criteria and lay down details of the selection process of the projects and	2. By 31 December 2019, the Commission shall adopt a delegated act in accordance with Article 23(d) of this Regulation to further specify [...], <i>without prejudice to the award criteria laid down in Article 13</i> , the <i>specific</i>	2. By 31 December 2019, the Commission shall adopt a delegated act in accordance with Article 23(d) of this Regulation to further specify the selection criteria and lay down details of the selection process of the projects and shall publish the	<i>Clarification from the EP is needed on the cost benefit analysis.</i>

	shall publish the methodologies for assessing the contribution of the projects to the general criteria and for assessing the overall costs and benefits specified in Part IV of the Annex.	selection criteria and lay down details of the selection process of the projects and shall publish the methodologies for assessing the contribution of the projects to the general criteria and for assessing the [...] cost-benefit analysis specified in Part IV of the Annex.	methodologies for assessing the contribution of the projects to the general criteria and for assessing the overall costs and benefits specified in Part IV of the Annex.	
237.	3. Studies aiming at the development and identification of cross-border projects in the field of renewable energy shall be eligible for funding under this Regulation.		3. Studies aiming at the development and identification of cross-border projects in the field of renewable energy shall be eligible for funding under this Regulation.	COM
238.	4. Cross-border projects in the field of renewable energy shall be eligible for Union funding for works if they meet the following additional criteria:		4. Cross-border projects in the field of renewable energy shall be eligible for Union funding for works if they meet the following additional criteria:	COM
239.		EP Amendment 80 Article 7 paragraph 4 point a		
240.	(a) the project specific cost-benefit analysis pursuant to point 3 of Part IV of the Annex provides evidence concerning the existence of significant cost savings and/or benefits in terms of system integration, security of supply or innovation, and;	(a) the project specific cost-benefit analysis pursuant to point 3 of Part IV of the Annex [...] shall be compulsory for all supported projects, shall be performed in a transparent, comprehensive and complete manner and	(a) the project specific cost-benefit analysis pursuant to point 3 of Part IV of the Annex provides evidence concerning the existence of significant cost savings and/or benefits in terms of system integration, security of supply or innovation, and;	<i>Clarification from the EP is needed on the added value of the amendment.</i>

		<i>shall provide</i> evidence concerning the existence of significant cost savings and/or benefits in terms of <i>sustainability</i> , system integration, security of supply or innovation, and;		
241.	(b) the applicant demonstrates, that the project would not materialise in the absence of the grant, or that the project cannot be commercially viable in the absence of the grant. This analysis shall take into account any revenues resulting from support schemes.		(b) the applicant demonstrates, that the project would not materialise in the absence of the grant, or that the project cannot be commercially viable in the absence of the grant. This analysis shall take into account any revenues resulting from support schemes.	COM
242.		EP Amendment 81 Article 7 paragraph 5		
243.	5. The amount of the grant for works shall be proportionate to the cost savings and/or benefits referred to in point 2 (b) of Part IV of the Annex and shall not exceed the amount required to ensure that the project materialises or becomes commercially viable.	5. The amount of the grant for works shall be proportionate to the cost savings and/or benefits referred to in point 2 (b) of Part IV of the Annex [...], shall not exceed the amount required to ensure that the project materialises or becomes commercially viable <i>and shall respect the provisions of Article 14(3).</i>	5. The amount of the grant for works shall be proportionate to the cost savings and/or benefits referred to in point 2-(b) of Part IV of the Annex and shall not exceed the amount required to ensure that the project materialises or becomes commercially viable.	

244.			<u>6. In facilitating cross-border projects in the field of renewable energy, the Programme shall provide for the possibility of coordinated funding with the enabling framework for renewable energy deployment referred to in Article 3(5) of [Renewable Energy Directive (EU) 2018/XXXX] and the Union renewable energy financing mechanism referred to in Article 33 of [Regulation (EU) 2018/XXXX on the Governance of the Energy Union]. The amount referred to in Article 4, paragraph 2(b) distributed to renewable energy objectives, in particular funds available for this purpose, may be used to cofund the Union renewable energy financing mechanism established under [Regulation (EU) 2018/XXXX on the Governance of the Energy Union]. Specific rules on cofunding between the part on cross-border projects in the field of renewables under CEF and the Union renewable</u>	Keep CGA (updated references) 6. In facilitating cross-border projects in the field of renewable energy, the Programme shall provide for the possibility of coordinated funding with the enabling framework for renewable energy deployment referred to in Article 3(5) of Directive (EU) 2018/2001 and the Union renewable energy financing mechanism referred to in Article 33 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999. The amount referred to in Article 4, paragraph 2(b) distributed to renewable energy objectives, in particular funds available for this purpose, may be used to cofund the Union renewable energy financing mechanism established under Regulation (EU) 2018/1999. Specific rules on cofunding between the part on cross-border projects in the field of renewables under CEF and the Union
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			<u>energy financing mechanism referred to in Article 33 of Regulation [Governance] shall be specified in the implementing act on the Renewables financing mechanism and in time for the entry into force of the CEF Regulation.</u>	renewable energy financing mechanism referred to in Article 33 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 shall be specified in the implementing act on the Renewables financing mechanism and in time for the entry into force of the CEF Regulation.
245.	<i>Article 8 Projects of common interest in the area of digital connectivity infrastructure</i>		<i>Article 8 Projects of common interest in the area of digital connectivity infrastructure</i>	COM
246.		EP Amendment 82 Article 8 paragraph 1		
247.	1. Projects of common interest in the area of digital connectivity infrastructure shall contribute to the specific objective provided for in Article 3(2)(c).	1. Projects of common interest in the area of digital connectivity infrastructure <i>are those projects that make a significant contribution:</i> <i>(a) to completing the European Digital Single Market</i> <i>(b) to the Union's strategic connectivity objectives and</i> <i>(c) provide the underlying network infrastructure supporting the digital transformation of the economy and society.</i>	1. Projects of common interest in the area of digital connectivity infrastructure shall contribute to the specific objective provided for in Article 3(2)(c).	<u>Proposed compromise:</u> 1. Projects of common interest in the area of digital connectivity infrastructure shall contribute to the specific objective provided for in Article 3(2)(c) are those projects that are expected to make a significant contribution to the Union's strategic connectivity objectives and/or provide the underlying network

				infrastructure supporting the digital transformation of the economy and society as well as the European Digital Single Market.
248.		EP Amendment 83 Article 8 paragraph 1 a (new)		
249.		<i>1a. Projects of common interest in the area of digital connectivity infrastructure shall comply with the criteria below:</i> <i>(a) contribute to the specific objective provided for in point (c) of Article 3(2)[...];</i> <i>(b) deploy the best available technology while proposing the best balance in terms of data flow capacity, transmission security, network resilience, cyber security and cost efficiency.</i>		<u><i>Proposed compromise:</i></u> 1a. Projects of common interest in the area of digital connectivity infrastructure shall comply with the criteria below: <i>(a) contribute to the specific objective provided for in point (c) of Article 3(2)[...];</i> <i>(b) deploy the technology which is best suited for the specific project, while proposing the best balance in terms of data flow capacity, transmission security, network resilience, cyber</i>

				security and cost efficiency.
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250.	2. Studies aiming at the development and identification of projects of common interest in the area of digital connectivity infrastructure shall be eligible for funding under this Regulation.		2. Studies aiming at the development and identification of projects of common interest in the area of digital connectivity infrastructure shall be eligible for funding under this Regulation.	COM
251.	3. Without prejudice to the award criteria laid down in Article 13, priority for funding shall be determined taking into account the following criteria:		3. Without prejudice to the award criteria laid down in Article 13, priority for funding shall be determined taking into account the following criteria:	COM
252.		EP Amendment 84 Article 8 paragraph 3 point a		
253.	(a) actions contributing to access to very high capacity networks capable of providing Gigabit connectivity for socio-economic drivers shall be prioritised taking into account <i>the function of</i> the socio-economic drivers, the relevance of the digital services and applications enabled by providing the underlying connectivity, and the potential socio-economic benefits to citizens,	(a) actions contributing to access to very high capacity networks capable of providing Gigabit connectivity, <i>including 5G or other state-of-the-art mobile connectivity</i> , for socio-economic drivers shall be prioritised. <i>The Union's global competitiveness and capacity to absorb investment are</i> taking into account [...] <i>in addition to</i> the socio-economic drivers, the relevance of the digital	(a) actions contributing to <u>deployment of and</u> access to very high capacity networks <u>and 5G systems</u> capable of providing Gigabit connectivity [...] <u>in areas where</u> socio-economic drivers <u>are located</u> shall be prioritised taking into account [...] <u>their</u> connectivity [...] <u>needs</u> and [...] <u>the additional area coverage generated</u> in accordance with Part V of the Annex; <u>Stand-alone deployments</u>	<u>Proposed compromise:</u> (a) actions contributing to deployment of and access to very high capacity networks including 5G systems or other state-of-the-art wireless Gigabit connectivity systems, in line with EU strategic connectivity targets in areas where socioeconomic drivers are located shall be prioritised taking into account their connectivity needs and the additional

	business and local communities, including the potential positive spill-overs in terms of connectivity, in accordance with Part V of the Annex;	services and applications enabled by providing the underlying connectivity, and the potential socio-economic benefits to citizens, business and local communities, including the potential positive spill-overs in terms of connectivity, in accordance with Part V of the Annex;	<u>to socio-economic drivers can be supported unless economically disproportionate or physically impracticable.</u>	area coverage generated in accordance with Part V of the Annex. Stand-alone deployments to socio-economic drivers can be supported unless economically disproportionate or physically impracticable.
254.	(b) actions contributing to the provision of very high-quality local wireless connectivity in local communities, in accordance with Part V of the Annex;		(b) actions contributing to the provision of very high-quality local wireless connectivity in local communities, in accordance with Part V of the Annex;	COM
255.		EP Amendment 85 Article 8 paragrapg 3 point c		
256.	(c) with regard to actions contributing to the deployment of 5G systems, priority shall be given to deployment of 5G corridors along major terrestrial transport paths, including the trans-European transport networks. The extent to which the action contributes to ensuring	(c) with regard to actions contributing to the deployment of 5G systems, priority shall be given to deployment of 5G corridors along major terrestrial transport paths, including the trans-European transport networks <i>and to socio-economic hubs</i> . The extent to which the action contributes to ensuring	(c) with regard to actions contributing to the deployment of 5G systems, priority shall be given to deployment of 5G corridors [...], including <u>on</u> the trans-European transport networks-, <u>taking into account its socio-economic relevance relative to any currently installed technological solutions in</u>	<i>Proposed compromise:</i> (c) with regard to actions contributing to the deployment of 5G systems, priority shall be given to deployment of 5G corridors, including on the trans-European transport networks- <u>and related logistical hubs</u> , taking into account its socio-economic relevance

	coverage along major transport paths enabling the uninterrupted provision of synergy digital services, while maximising potential positive spill-overs for territories and population in the vicinity of the project deployment area shall also be taken into account. An indicative list of projects that could benefit from support is included in Part V of the Annex;	coverage along major transport paths enabling the uninterrupted provision of synergy digital services, while maximising potential positive spill-overs for territories and population in the vicinity of the project deployment area shall also be taken into account. An indicative list of projects that could benefit from support is included in Part V of the Annex;	<u>a forward looking approach.</u> The extent to which the action contributes to ensuring coverage along major transport paths, enabling the uninterrupted provision of synergy digital services, [...] shall also be taken into account. An indicative list of projects that could benefit from support is included in Part V of the Annex;	relative to any currently installed technological solutions in a forward looking approach. The extent to which the action contributes to ensuring coverage along major transport paths, enabling the uninterrupted provision of synergy digital services, shall also be taken into account. An indicative list of projects that could benefit from support is included in Part V of the Annex;
257.		EP Amendment 86 Article 8 paragraph 3 point d		
258.	(d) projects aiming at the deployment of cross-border backbone networks linking the Union to third countries and reinforcing links within the Union territory, including with submarine cables, shall be prioritised according to the extent to which they significantly contribute to increasing the resilience and capacity of electronic communications networks	(d) projects aiming at the deployment of cross-border <i>very high capacity</i> and backbone networks linking the Union to third countries and reinforcing links within the Union territory, including with submarine cables, shall be prioritised according to the extent to which they significantly contribute to increasing the resilience and capacity of electronic communications	(d) projects aiming at the deployment <u>or reinforcement</u> of cross-border backbone networks linking the Union to third countries and reinforcing links <u>between electronic communications networks</u> within the Union territory, including [...] submarine cables, shall be prioritised according to the extent to which they significantly contribute to increasing the	<i>Proposed compromise:</i> (d) projects aiming at the deployment or reinforcement of cross border terabit backbone networks linking the Union to third countries and reinforcing links between electronic communications networks within the Union territory, including submarine cables, shall be prioritised according to the extent to which they

	in Union territory;	networks in Union territory;	<u>performance</u> , resilience and capacity of <u>those</u> electronic communications networks [...];	significantly contribute to increasing the very high performance, resilience and capacity of those electronic communications networks;
259.	(e) with regard to coverage with very high capacity networks, priority shall be given to actions contributing to coverage of territories and population, in inverse proportion to the intensity of the grant support that would be required to allow the project to be implemented, relative to the applicable maximum co-financing rates laid down in Article 14. The extent to which the action contributes to ensuring comprehensive coverage of the territory and population within a certain project deployment area, while maximising potential positive spill-overs for territories and population in the vicinity of the project deployment area shall also be taken into account.		[...]	

260.	(f) with regard to projects deploying operational digital platforms, priority shall be given to actions based on state-of-the-art technologies, taking into account aspects such as interoperability, cybersecurity, data privacy and re-use.		(f) with regard to projects deploying operational digital platforms, priority shall be given to actions based on state-of-the-art technologies, taking into account aspects such as interoperability, cybersecurity, data privacy and re-use.;	COM
		EP Amendment 87 Article 8 paragraph 3 point g		
261.	(g) the extent to which the deployed technology is best suited for the specific project, while proposing the best balance between state-of-the-art technologies in terms of data flow capacity, transmission security, network resilience and cost efficiency.	[...]	(g) the extent to which the deployed technology is best suited for the specific project, while proposing the best balance between state-of-the-art technologies in terms of data flow capacity, transmission security, network resilience and cost efficiency.	

262.		EP Amendment 88 Article 8 a (new)		
263.		Article 8a <i>Awarding public contracts and/or supply contracts</i> 1. <i>When awarding contracts with the support of the Programme, beneficiaries should not base the award of contracts solely on the tender offering best value for money, but should also take a cost-effectiveness approach into account, focusing on qualitative, social and environmental data.</i> 2. <i>Any tender submitted for the award of a public procurement and/or supply contract, benefitting from the programme, shall be considered admissible where the proportion of the products originating in third countries, with which the Union has not concluded an agreement ensuring comparable and effective access for Union undertakings to the markets of those third countries, does not exceed 50% of the total value of the products constituting the tender. [Am. 35]</i>		<i>To be further examined</i>

264.	CHAPTER II		CHAPTER II	
265.	ELIGIBILITY		ELIGIBILITY	
266.	<i>Article 9</i> <i>Eligible actions</i>		<i>Article 9</i> <i>Eligible actions</i>	COM
267.		EP Amendment 89 Article 9 paragraph 1		
268.	1. Only actions contributing to the achievement of the objectives referred to in Article 3 are eligible for funding. Such actions include in particular studies, works and other accompanying measures necessary for the management and implementation of the Programme and the sector-specific guidelines.	1. Only actions contributing to the achievement of the objectives referred to in Article 3 and which have been subject to climate proofing are eligible for funding. Such actions include in particular studies, works and other accompanying measures necessary for the management and implementation of the Programme and the sector-specific guidelines. <i>Studies are eligible only when relating to projects eligible under this Programme and included in a call for proposal under work programmes. The selection of operations and their funding under this Regulation may not be subject to any additional obligation not laid down herein.</i>	1. Only actions contributing to the achievement of the objectives referred to in Article 3 are eligible for funding. Such actions include [...] studies, works and other accompanying measures necessary for the management and implementation of the Programme and the sector-specific guidelines.	<u><i>Propose CGA</i></u> <i>Climate aspects are already covered in Article 13 (Award criteria).</i> <i>This new text would limit the possibility to use PSAs (programme support actions).</i>
269.	2. In the transport sector, the following actions shall be eligible to receive Union		2. In the transport sector, the following actions shall be eligible to receive Union	COM

	financial assistance under this Regulation:		financial assistance under this Regulation:	
		EP Amendment 90 Article 9 paragraph 2 point a		
	(a) Actions relating to efficient <i>and</i> interconnected networks:	(a) Actions relating to efficient [...], interconnected, <i>interoperable and multimodal</i> networks:	(a) Actions relating to efficient [...], interconnected <u>and multimodal</u> networks <u>for the development of railway, road, inland waterway and maritime infrastructure</u> :	<i>Propose CGA</i>
270.		EP Amendment 91 Article 9 paragraph 2 point a point ii		
271.	(i) actions implementing the core network in accordance with Chapter III of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013, including actions relating to urban nodes, maritime ports, inland ports and rail-road terminals of the core network as defined at Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013. Actions implementing the core network may include related elements located on the comprehensive	(i) actions implementing the core network in accordance with Chapter III of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013, including actions relating to urban nodes, <i>rail interoperability, multimodal logistics platforms, airports, maritime and inland waterways</i> ports, <i>inland water ways navigability, hinterland</i> ports and rail-road terminals of the core network as defined at Annex II to	(i) actions implementing the core network in accordance with Chapter III of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013, including actions relating to <u>cross border links and missing links, such as those listed in Part III of the Annex to this Regulation, as well as</u> urban nodes, maritime ports, inland ports and rail-road terminals of the core network as defined at Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013. Actions	<i>Propose CGA</i>

	network when necessary to optimize the investment and according to modalities specified in the work programmes referred to in Article 19 of this Regulation;	Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013, <i>mainly the actions listed in Part III, heading 1 of the Annex to this Regulation, as well as interconnection between networks.</i> Actions implementing the core network may include related elements located on the comprehensive network when necessary to optimize the investment and according to modalities specified in the work programmes referred to in <i>Article 19</i> of this Regulation;	implementing the core network may include related elements located on the comprehensive network when necessary to optimize the investment and according to modalities specified in the work programmes referred to in Article 19 of this Regulation;	
272.		EP Amendment 92 Article 9 paragraph 2 point a point ii		
273.	(ii) actions implementing cross-border links of the comprehensive network in accordance with Chapter II of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013, notably the sections listed in Part III of the Annex	(ii) actions implementing <i>and stimulating</i> cross-border links of the comprehensive network in accordance with Chapter II of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013, notably the sections listed in Part	(ii) actions [...] <u>relating to</u> cross-border links of the comprehensive network in accordance with Chapter II of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013, [...] <u>such as those</u> listed in Part III of the Annex to this	<i><u>Propose CGA</u></i>

	to this Regulation;	III (2) of the Annex to this Regulation;	Regulation; <u>actions relating to components of the comprehensive network located in Member States which do not have a land border with another Member State, and actions relating to studies for the development of the comprehensive network;</u>	
274.		EP Amendment 93 Article 9 paragraph 2 point a point ii a (new)		
275.		<i>(iia) measures for the harmonisation of cross-border and customs regulations and for administrative and legislative procedures (with the aim of establishing a pan-EU regulatory framework for dual (civilian and defence mobility);</i>		<i>Cross-border and customs related aspects are already taken into account in the Military Mobility (MM) Action Plan.</i>

276.		EP Amendment 94 Article 9 paragraph 2 point a point ii b (new)		
277.		<i>(iib) actions to re-establish missing regional cross-border rail connections that were abandoned or dismantled;</i>		<i>Cross-border links of the TEN-T core and comprehensive networks are already eligible. This text seems to imply beyond TEN- T eligibility - not possible.</i>
278.	(iii) actions implementing sections of the comprehensive network located in outermost regions in accordance with Chapter II of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013, including actions relating to the relevant urban nodes, maritime ports, inland ports and rail-road terminals of the comprehensive network as defined at Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013;		(iii) actions implementing sections of the comprehensive network located in outermost regions in accordance with Chapter II of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013, including actions relating to the relevant urban nodes, maritime ports, inland ports and rail-road terminals of the comprehensive network as defined at Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013;	COM

279.		EP Amendment 95 Article 9 paragraph 2 point a point iii a (new)		
280.		<i>(iiia)actions to remove interoperability barriers, notably when delivering corridor/network effects, particularly with regard to promoting an increase in rail freight traffic; [Am. 33]</i>		<i>Covered in Article 9 paragraph 2(b)(v)</i>
281.	(iv) actions supporting projects of common interest in order to connect the trans- European network with infrastructure networks of neighbouring countries as defined in Article 8(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013;		(iv) actions supporting projects of common interest in order to connect the trans- European network with infrastructure networks of neighbouring countries as defined in Article 8(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013;	COM
282.			<u>(v) actions relating to maritime and inland ports of the comprehensive network in</u>	<i>Keep CGA</i>

			<u>accordance with Chapter II of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013.</u>	
283.		EP Amendment 96 Article 9 paragraph 2 point b		
284.	(b) Actions relating to smart, sustainable, inclusive, safe and secure mobility:	(b) Actions relating to smart, <i>interoperable</i> , sustainable, <i>multimodal</i> , inclusive, <i>accessible</i> , safe and secure mobility:	(b) Actions relating to smart, sustainable, inclusive, safe and secure mobility:	<i>Proposed Presidecny compromise:</i> (b) Actions relating to smart, <i>interoperable</i> , sustainable, inclusive, safe and secure mobility:
285.		EP Amendment 97 Article 9 paragraph 2 point b point i		
286.	(i) actions supporting motorways of the sea as provided for in Article 21 of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013;	(i) actions supporting motorways of the sea as provided for in Article 21 of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013 <i>with a focus on cross-border short sea shipping</i> ;	(i) actions supporting motorways of the sea as provided for in Article 21 of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013;	<i>EP AM to be clarified. Most actions already relate to short-distance sea-shipping (between two Union ports)</i>
287.		EP Amendment 98 Article 9 paragraph 2 point b point ii		
288.	(ii) actions supporting telematic applications systems, including for safety purposes, in accordance with Article 31 of	(ii) actions supporting telematic applications systems, <i>inter alia ERTMS and SESAR projects</i> , including for safety purposes, in	(ii) actions supporting telematic applications systems, [...] in accordance with Article 31 of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013; <i>for the</i>	<i>Propose to keep CGA (text is copy-paste from the TEN-T Regulation)</i>

	Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013;	accordance with Article 31 of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013;	<u>respective transport modes, including in particular:</u>	
289.			– <u>for railways: ERTMS;</u>	
290.			– <u>for inland waterways: RIS;</u>	
291.			– <u>for road transport: ITS;</u>	
292.			– <u>for maritime transport: VTMISS and e-Maritime services, including single-window services such as the maritime single window, port community systems and relevant customs information systems;</u>	
293.			– <u>for air transport: air traffic management systems, in particular those resulting from the SESAR system;</u>	
294.	(iii) actions supporting freight transport		(iii) actions supporting <u>sustainable</u> freight	<i>Covers EP AM 102</i>

	services in accordance with Article 32 of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013;		transport services in accordance with Article 32 of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013; <u>and actions to reduce rail freight noise at its source, including by retrofitting existing rolling stock;</u>	
295.		EP Amendment 99 Article 9 paragapg 2 point b point iv		
296.	(iv) actions supporting new technologies and innovation, including automation, enhanced transport services, modal integration and alternative fuels infrastructure, in accordance with Article 33 of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013;	(iv) actions supporting new technologies and innovation, including automation, enhanced transport services, modal integration and alternative fuels infrastructure <i>for all modes of transport, and decarbonisation of the transport sector,</i> in accordance with Article 33 of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013;	(iv) actions supporting new technologies and innovation, including automation, enhanced transport services, modal integration and alternative fuels infrastructure, in accordance with Article 33 of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013;	<u>Presidency proposed compromise:</u> (iv) actions supporting new technologies and innovation, including automation, enhanced transport services, modal integration and alternative fuels infrastructure for all modes of transport , in accordance with Article 33 of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013; <i>It is not only these actions that cover decarbonisatin. This is a wider objective related to most of the eligible actions.</i>

297.		EP Amendment 100 Article 9 paragraph 2 point b point v		
298.	(v) actions to remove interoperability barriers, notably when delivering corridor/network effects;	(v) actions to remove interoperability barriers <i>notably in urban nodes as defined in Article 30 of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013 and</i> notably when delivering corridor/network effects;	(v) actions to remove interoperability barriers, notably when delivering corridor/network effects, <u>in accordance with Article 3 (o) of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013;</u>	<i>EP AM to be clarified with respect to urban nodes.</i>
299.	(vi) actions implementing safe and secure infrastructure and mobility, including road safety, in accordance with Article 34 of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013;		(vi) actions implementing safe and secure infrastructure and mobility, including road safety, in accordance with Article 34 of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013;	COM
300.	(vii) actions improving transport infrastructure resilience to climate change and natural disasters;		(vii) actions improving transport infrastructure resilience, <u>including</u> to climate change and natural disasters;	<i>Propose to keep CGA</i>

301.		EP Amendment 101 Article 9 paragraph 2 point b point viii		
302.	(viii) actions improving transport infrastructure accessibility for all users in accordance with Article 37 of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013;	(viii) actions improving transport infrastructure accessibility for all means of transport and all users especially users with reduced mobility , in accordance with Article 37 of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013;	(viii) actions improving transport infrastructure accessibility for all users in accordance with Article 37 of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013;	<i>EP AM acceptable</i> (viii) actions improving transport infrastructure accessibility for all modes of transport and all users especially users with reduced mobility , in accordance with Article 37 of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013;
303.	(ix) actions improving transport infrastructure accessibility and availability for security and civil protection purposes.		(ix) actions [...] adapting the transport infrastructure [...] for security and [...] border checks purposes.	<i>Propose to keep CGA</i>
304.		EP Amendment 102 Article 9 paragraph 2 point b point ix a (new)		
305.		<i>(ix a) actions to reduce rail freight noise.</i>		<i>Covered by CGA Article 9(2)(b)(iii) - line 294</i>
306.		EP Amendment 103 Article 9 paragraph 2 point c		
307.	(c) Under the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(a)(ii): actions ,	(c) Under the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(a)(ii) [...] and	(c) Under the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(a)(ii): actions, or	<i>Propose to keep CGA.</i> <i>Part of the wider Military</i>

	<i>or</i> specific activities within an action, supporting transport infrastructure on the TEN-T Network in order to adapt it to military mobility requirements with the purpose of enabling a civilian-military dual-use of the infrastructure.	<i>in accordance with Article 6a:</i> (i) [...] specific activities within an action, supporting parts, new or existing, of the trans-European transport [...] network suitable for military transport, in order to adapt it to [...] dual mobility requirements with the purpose of enabling a civilian-military dual-use of the infrastructure; (ia) actions improving transport infrastructure accessibility and availability for security and civil protection purposes; (ib) actions increasing the resilience against cyber security threats.	specific activities within an action, supporting [...] the [...] development of [...] civilian-military dual-use [...] transport infrastructure.	<i>Mobility issues.</i>
308.	3. In the energy sector, the following actions shall be eligible to receive Union financial assistance under this Regulation:		3. In the energy sector, the following actions shall be eligible to receive Union financial assistance under this Regulation:	COM

309.	(a) actions relating to projects of common interest as set out at Article 14 of Regulation (EU) No 347/2013;		(a) actions relating to projects of common interest as set out at Article 14 of Regulation (EU) No 347/2013;	COM
310.	(b) actions supporting cross-border projects in the field of renewable energy, including their conception, as defined in Part IV of the Annex to this Regulation, subject to the fulfilment of the conditions laid down in Article 7 of this Regulation.		(b) actions supporting cross-border projects in the field of renewable energy [...] <u>including innovative solutions as well as storage of renewable energy, and</u> their conception, as defined in Part IV of the Annex to this Regulation, subject to the fulfilment of the conditions laid down in Article 7 of this Regulation.	
311.	4. In the digital sector, the following actions shall be eligible to receive Union financial assistance under this Regulation:		4. In the digital sector, the following actions shall be eligible to receive Union financial assistance under this Regulation:	COM
312.		EP Amendment 104 Article 9 paragraph 4 point a		
313.	(a) actions supporting Gigabit connectivity of socio-economic drivers;	(a) actions supporting Gigabit <i>and 5G</i> connectivity of socio-economic drivers;	(a) actions supporting <u>the deployment of and access to very high-capacity networks and 5G systems capable of providing</u>	<i>Proposed compromise:</i> (a) actions supporting the deployment of and access to very high-capacity networks,

			Gigabit connectivity [...] <u>in areas where</u> socio-economic drivers <u>are located</u> ;	and including 5G systems capable of providing Gigabit connectivity [...] in areas where socioeconomic drivers are located;
314.	(b) actions supporting the provision of very high-quality local wireless connectivity in local communities that is free of charge and without discriminatory conditions;		(b) actions supporting the provision of very high-quality local wireless connectivity in local communities that is free of charge and without discriminatory conditions;	COM
315.	(c) actions implementing uninterrupted coverage with 5G systems of all major terrestrial transport paths, including the trans-European transport networks;		(c) actions implementing uninterrupted coverage with 5G systems of all major [...] transport paths, including the trans-European transport networks;	
316.		EP Amendment 105 Article 9 paragraph 4 point d		
317.	(d) actions supporting deployment of backbone networks including with submarine cables, across Member States and between the Union and third countries;	(d) actions supporting deployment <i>and integration of new or existing</i> backbone networks including with submarine cables, across Member States and between the Union and third countries;	(d) actions supporting deployment of backbone networks including [...] submarine cables, [...] <u>within and between</u> Member States and between the Union and third countries;	<u>Proposed compromise:</u> (d) actions supporting deployment and significant upgrade of new or existing backbone networks including submarine cables, within and between Member States and between the Union and third countries;

318.	(e) actions supporting access of European households to very high capacity networks;	(e) actions supporting access of European households to very high capacity networks and implementing the EU strategic connectivity targets ;	[...]	
319.	(f) actions implementing digital connectivity infrastructure requirements related to cross-border projects in the areas of transport or energy and/or supporting operational digital platforms directly associated to transport or energy infrastructures.		(f) actions implementing digital connectivity infrastructure requirements related to cross-border projects in the areas of transport or energy and/or supporting operational digital platforms directly associated to transport or energy infrastructures.	COM
320.	An indicative list of eligible projects in the digital sector is provided for in Part V of the Annex.		An indicative list of eligible projects in the digital sector is provided for in Part V of the Annex.	COM
321.		EP Amendment 106 Article 10		
322.	<i>Article 10</i> <i>Synergies</i>	<i>Article 10</i> <i>Synergies between the transport, energy and digital sectors</i>	<i>Article 10</i> <i>Synergies</i>	COM
323.	1. Actions contributing to the achievement of one or more objectives of at least two sectors, as provided for in Article 3(2) (a), (b) and (c) shall be eligible to receive	1. Actions contributing simultaneously to the achievement of one or more objectives of at least two sectors, as provided for in Article 3(2)(a), (b) and (c) shall	1. Actions contributing to the achievement of one or more objectives of at least two sectors, as provided for in Article 3(2) (a), (b) and (c) shall be eligible to receive Union	<u><i>Presidency proposed compromise:</i></u> Actions contributing simultaneously to the achievement of one or more

	Union financial assistance under this Regulation. Such actions shall be implemented through specific cross-sectoral work programmes addressing at least two sectors, including specific award criteria and financed with budget contributions from the sectors involved.	be eligible to receive Union financial assistance under this Regulation <i>and to benefit from a higher co-funding rate, in accordance with Article 14.</i> Such actions shall be implemented through [...] work programmes addressing at least two sectors including specific award criteria and financed with budget contributions from the sectors involved.	financial assistance under this Regulation. Such actions shall be implemented through specific cross-sectoral work programmes addressing at least two sectors, including specific award criteria and financed with budget contributions from the sectors involved.	objectives of at least two sectors, as provided for in Article 3(2)(a), (b) and (c) shall be eligible to receive Union financial assistance under this Regulation. Such actions shall be implemented through specific cross-sectoral work programmes addressing at least two sectors, including specific award criteria and financed with budget contributions from the sectors involved.
324.		EP Amendment 107 Article 10 paragraph 3		
325.	2. Within each of the transport, energy or digital sectors, actions eligible in accordance with Article 9 may include <i>ancillary</i> elements, which <i>may</i> not <i>relate</i> to eligible actions as provided for in Article 9(2), (3) or (4) respectively, provided that they comply with all of the following requirements:	2. Within each of the transport, energy or digital sectors, actions eligible in accordance with Article 9 may include [...] <i>synergetic</i> elements <i>relating with any of the other sectors</i> , which [...] <i>are</i> not [...] <i>related</i> to eligible actions as provided for in Article 9(2), (3) or (4) respectively, provided that they comply with all of the following requirements:	2. Within each of the transport, energy or digital sectors, actions eligible in accordance with Article 9 may include ancillary elements, which may not relate to eligible actions as provided for in Article 9(2), (3) or (4) respectively, provided that they comply with all of the following requirements:	<u>EP AM acceptable</u>
326.		EP Amendment 108 Article 10 paragraph 2 point a		
327.	(a) the cost of these <i>ancillary</i> elements does not exceed	(a) the cost of these [...] <i>synergetic</i> elements does	(a) the cost of these ancillary elements does not exceed	<u>EP AM acceptable</u>

	20% of the total eligible costs of the action; and	not exceed 20% of the total eligible costs of the action; and	20% of the total eligible costs of the action; and	
328.		EP Amendment 109 Article 10 paragraph 2 point b		
329.	(b) these <i>ancillary</i> elements relate to the transport, energy or digital sector; and	(b) these [...] <i>synergetic</i> elements relate to the transport, energy or digital sector; and	(b) these ancillary elements relate to the transport, energy or digital sector; and	<i>EP AM acceptable</i>
330.		EP Amendment 110 Article 10 paragraph 2 point c		
331.	(c) these <i>ancillary</i> elements allow to significantly improve the socio-economic, climate or environmental benefits of the action.	(c) these [...] <i>synergetic</i> elements allow to significantly improve the socio-economic, climate or environmental benefits of the action.	(c) these ancillary elements allow to significantly improve the socio-economic, climate or environmental benefits of the action.	<i>EP AM acceptable</i>
332.	<i>Article 11</i> <i>Eligible entities</i>		<i>Article 11</i> <i>Eligible entities</i>	COM
333.	1. The eligibility criteria set out in this Article shall apply in addition to the criteria set out in Article [197] of the Financial Regulation.		1. The eligibility criteria set out in this Article shall apply in addition to the criteria set out in Article [197] of the Financial Regulation.	COM
334.	2. The following entities are eligible:		2. The following entities are eligible:	COM
335.		EP Amendment 111 Article 11 paragraph 1 point a		
336.	(a) legal entities established in a Member State;	(a) legal entities established in a Member State <i>including joint ventures</i> ;	(a) legal entities established in a Member State;	<i>EP AM not acceptable</i> <i>Not legally justified.</i>
337.	(b) legal entities established in		(b) legal entities established in	<i>Propose CGA</i>

	a third country associated to the Programme;		a third country associated to the Programme <u>or overseas countries and territories</u> ;	
	(c) legal entities created under Union law and international organisations where provided for in the work programmes.		(c) legal entities created under Union law and international organisations where provided for in the work programmes.	COM
338.	3. Natural persons are not eligible.		3. Natural persons are not eligible.	COM
339.		EP Amendment 112 Article 11 paragraph 4		
340.	4. Legal entities established in a third country which is not associated to the Programme are exceptionally eligible to receive support under the Programme where this is indispensable for the achievement of the objectives of a given project of common interest or of a cross-border project in the field of renewable energy.	4. Legal entities established in a third country which is not associated to the Programme are exceptionally eligible to receive support under the Programme where this is indispensable for the achievement of the objectives of a given project of common interest <i>in the field of transport, energy and digital</i> or of a cross-border project in the field of renewable energy.	4. Legal entities established in a third country which is not associated to the Programme are exceptionally eligible to receive support under the Programme where this is indispensable for the achievement of the objectives of a given project of common interest or of a cross-border project in the field of renewable energy.	<u>EP AM acceptable</u>
341.		EP Amendment 113 Article 11 paragraph 5		
342.	5. The work programmes referred to in Article 19 may provide that only proposals submitted by one or more Member States or, with the <i>agreement of the</i>	5. The work programmes referred to in Article 19 may provide that only proposals submitted by one or more Member States or <i>by joint undertakings, or, in</i>	5. [...] <u>Only</u> proposals submitted by one or more Member States or, with the agreement of the Member States concerned, by international organisations, joint	<u>Propose CGA</u>

	Member States concerned, by international organisations, joint undertakings, or public or private undertakings or bodies are eligible.	consultation with the [...] Member States concerned, by regional or local authorities, or international organisations, [...] or public or private undertakings or bodies are eligible.	undertakings, or public or private undertakings or bodies are eligible. <u>A Member State may decide that, for a specific work programme or for specific categories of applications, proposals can be submitted without its agreement. In such case, upon the request of the Member State concerned, this is indicated in the relevant work programme and call for such proposals.</u>	
343.		Article 6a <i>Adaptation of TEN-T networks to civilian-defence dual-use</i> 1. Projects of common interest shall contribute to the adaptation of the TEN-T networks as defined by Regulation 1315/2013, with the purpose of enabling a civilian-defence dual use of infrastructure, in accordance with the dual (civilian and defence) mobility requirements, hereafter “dual mobility requirements”, and priority dual-use infrastructure	Article 11a <i>Specific eligibility requirements concerning support to civilian-military dual-use transport infrastructure</i> 1. Actions concerning civilian-military dual-use transport infrastructure referred to at Article 9 paragraph 2(c) shall be subject to the following additional eligibility requirements: (a) proposals shall be submitted by one or more Member States or, with the agreement of the Member States	<u>Propose CGA</u>

		<i>projects identified in paragraph 2 of this Article.</i> 2. <i>By 31 December 2019, the Commission shall adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 24 of this Regulation in order to further specify the dual mobility requirements, list the parts of the trans-European transport network suitable for military transport, list priority dual-use infrastructure projects and the assessments procedure regarding the eligibility of the actions connected with civilian-defence dual-use of infrastructure. The specification of the priority projects shall reflect on the situation of Member States in the East and in the South of the Union.</i> 3. <i>Studies with the aim of developing and identifying projects of common interest of parts of the trans-European transport network suitable for military transport, which will be always based on existing</i>	concerned, by legal entities established in Member States; (b) the actions shall be located on the TEN-T core or comprehensive network and shall correspond with the sections or nodes identified by Member States in the Annexes to the Military Requirements for Military Mobility within and beyond the EU as adopted by the Council on 20 November 2018;³⁰ (30) ST 13674/18; (c) the actions may relate both to the upgrading of existing infrastructure components or to the construction of new infrastructure components in order to improve the military mobility on the TEN-T network taking into account the infrastructure requirements defined in the Annexes to the Military Requirements for Military Mobility within and beyond the EU, technical and economic feasibility and the	
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		<i>TEN-T feasibility studies, projects and implementation, shall include also the actions necessary to comply with dual mobility requirements validated by the Council and the priority dual-use civil-defence infrastructure projects.</i> <i>All proposed projects shall include measurable actions to integrate the dual mobility requirements validated by the Council.</i> <i>Proposals including only actions connected with military mobility shall be eligible only when adding to an existing civil infrastructure.</i> <i>All actions connected with compliance with dual mobility requirements shall be financed from the funds provided in Article 4 (2)(a)(iii) and shall enable civilian-defence dual-use of infrastructure.</i>	relevance for dual-use; (d) without prejudice to Article 15, the full cost of a dual-use infrastructure is eligible for support from the amount defined at Article 4 paragraph 2 (a) (iii). Actions implementing a level of infrastructure requirement going beyond the level required for dual-use are eligible; however, their cost shall only be eligible up to the level of costs corresponding to the level of requirements necessary for dual-use. Actions relating to infrastructure used only for military purposes shall not be eligible. (e) actions under this article shall only be funded from the amount in accordance with Article 4 paragraph 2(a)(iii). 2. The Commission shall adopt an implementing act specifying, where necessary, the infrastructure requirements applicable to	
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		4. <i>By December 31, 2025 the Commission shall perform an evaluation of the amount already spent and the spending perspective of the amount specified in Article 4(2)(a)(iii). Depending on the result of this evaluation, the Commission shall decide to transfer the money that has not been committed from Article 4(2)(a)(iii) to Article 4(2)(a)(i).</i>	certain categories of dual-use infrastructure actions.	
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344.	CHAPTER III		CHAPTER III	COM
345.	GRANTS		GRANTS	COM
346.	<i>Article 12 Grants</i>		<i>Article 12 Grants</i>	COM
347.	Grants under the Programme shall be awarded and managed in accordance with Title [VIII] of the Financial Regulation.		Grants under the Programme shall be awarded and managed in accordance with Title [VIII] of the Financial Regulation.	COM
348.	<i>Article 13 Award criteria</i>		<i>Article 13 Award criteria</i>	COM
349.		EP Amendment 114 Article 13 paragraph 1		
350.	1. The award criteria shall be defined in the work programmes referred to in Article 19 and in the calls for proposals taking into account , to the extent applicable, the	1. The award criteria shall be defined in the work programmes referred to in Article 19 and in the calls for proposals [...] and shall include , to the extent	1. [...] Transparent award criteria shall be defined in the work programmes referred to in Article 19 and in the calls for proposals taking into account, to the extent applicable, the	<u>Propose CGA</u>

	following elements:	applicable, the following elements:	following elements:	
351.		EP Amendment 115 Article 13 paragraph 1 point a		
352.	(a) economic, social and environmental impact (benefits and costs);	(a) economic, social and environmental impact (benefits and costs), including soundness, comprehensiveness and transparency of the analysis;	(a) economic, social and environmental impact (benefits and costs);	<i>EP AM too detailed - not proportionate for the evaluation process</i> <u>Proposed compromise:</u> (a) economic, social and environmental impact, including climate impact (benefits and costs);
353.		EP Amendment 116 Article 13 paragraph 1 point a a (new)		
354.		(aa) compliance with provisions of Articles 82 and 85 of Directive 2014/25/EU;		<i>EP AM - not necessary - compliance with EU legislation has to be ensured anyway.</i>
355.		EP Amendment 117 Article 13 paragraph 1 point b		
356.	(b) innovation, safety, interoperability and accessibility aspects;	(b) innovation, safety, digitalisation , interoperability and accessibility aspects;	(b) innovation, safety, interoperability and accessibility aspects;	<u>Presidency proposed compromise:</u> (b) innovation and digitalisation , safety, interoperability and accessibility aspects;
357.		EP Amendment 118 Article 13 paragraph 1 point c		

358.	(c) cross-border dimension;	(c) cross-border dimension <i>and interconnection dimension;</i>	(c) cross-border dimension;	<i>Propose COM text</i> <i>EP AM to be clarified</i>
359.		EP Amendment 119 Article 13 paragraph 1 point c a (new)		
360.		<i>(ca) connectivity and territorial accessibility, including for outermost regions and islands;</i>		<i>Already covered in the social and economic impact Art13(1)(a) - could be further clarified in a recital</i>

361.		EP Amendment 120 Article 13 paragraph 1 point c b (new)		
362.		<i>(cb) European added value;</i>		<i>EP AM - not necessary</i>
363.	(d) synergies between the transport, energy and digital sectors;		(d) synergies between the transport, energy and digital sectors;	COM
364.	(e) maturity of the action in the project development;		(e) maturity of the action in the project development;	COM
365.		EP Amendment 121 Article 13 paragraph 1 point e a (new)		
366.		<i>(ea) life cycle of projects and soundness of the maintenance strategy proposed for the completed project;</i>		<i>The maintenance strategy is defined at a later stage of the project - would increase admin. burden on applicants.</i> <i>Life cycle is covered in the cost-benefit analysis - could be further clarified in a recital.</i>
367.	(f) soundness of the implementation plan proposed;		(f) soundness of the implementation plan proposed;	COM
368.	(g) catalytic effect of Union financial assistance on investment;		(g) catalytic effect of Union financial assistance on investment;	COM

369.		EP Amendment 122 Article 13 paragraph 1 point h		
370.	(h) need to overcome financial obstacles such as insufficient commercial viability or the lack of market finance;	(h) need to overcome financial obstacles such as insufficient commercial viability, high upfront costs or the lack of market finance;	(h) need to overcome financial obstacles such as insufficient commercial viability or the lack of market finance;	<u>Propose CGA</u> <i>Projects with a high upfront cost may still be commercially viable and/or have access to market finance</i>
371.		EP Amendment 123 Article 13 paragraph 1 point h a (new)		
372.		(ha)contribution to the integration of dual (civilian and defence) mobility requirements;		<i>Should be anyway taken into account in the cost-benefit analysis, so not necessary.</i>
373.		EP Amendment 124 Article 13 paragraph 1 point h b (new)		
374.		(hb)accessibility to persons with reduced mobility;		<i>Should be anyway taken into account in the cost-benefit analysis, and already covered by the <u>accessibility and inclusive</u> aspect - Art 13(1)(b) line 363.</i>
375.		EP Amendment 125 Article 13 paragraph 1 point i		
376.	(i) consistency with Union and national energy and climate plans.	(i) [...] contribution to the Union and national energy and climate plans;	(i) consistency with Union and national energy and climate plans.	<u>Propose COM text</u>

377.		EP Amendment 126 Article 13 paragraph 1 point I a (new)		
378.		<i>(ia) decarbonisation achieved by projects;</i>		<i>Propose to add 'climate' in Art 13(1)(a) - line 359</i>
379.		EP Amendment 127 Article 13 paragraph 1 point I b (new)		
380.		<i>(ib) contribution to the energy efficiency first principle;</i>		<i>EP amendment acceptable</i>
381.	2. The assessment of proposals against the award criteria shall take into account, where relevant, the resilience to the adverse impacts of climate change through a climate vulnerability and risk assessment including the relevant adaptation measures.		2. The assessment of proposals against the award criteria shall take into account, where relevant, the resilience to the adverse impacts of climate change through a climate vulnerability and risk assessment including the relevant adaptation measures.	COM
382.	3. The assessment of proposals against the award criteria shall ensure that where relevant, as specified in the work programmes, actions supported by the Programme that include Positioning, Navigation and Timing (PNT) technology are technically compatible with EGNOS/Galileo and Copernicus.		3. The assessment of proposals against the award criteria shall ensure that where relevant, as specified in the work programmes, actions supported by the Programme that include Positioning, Navigation and Timing (PNT) technology are technically compatible with EGNOS/Galileo and Copernicus.	COM

	account the conditions laid down in paragraph 4 of Article 7.		the conditions laid down in paragraph 4 of Article 7.	
386.	6. As regards actions relating to digital connectivity projects of common interest, the award criteria defined in the work programmes and the calls for proposals shall take into account the conditions laid down in paragraph 3 of Article 8.		6. As regards actions relating to digital connectivity projects of common interest, the award criteria defined in the work programmes and the calls for proposals shall take into account the conditions laid down in paragraph 3 of Article 8.	COM
387.	<i>Article 14</i> <i>Co-financing rates</i>		<i>Article 14</i> <i>Co-financing rates</i>	COM
388.	1. For studies, the amount of Union financial assistance shall not exceed 50 % of the total eligible cost. For studies financed with the amounts transferred from the Cohesion Fund, the maximum co-financing rates shall be those applicable to the Cohesion Fund as specified in paragraph 2 (b).		1. For studies, the amount of Union financial assistance shall not exceed 50 % of the total eligible cost. For studies financed with the amounts transferred from the Cohesion Fund, the maximum co-financing rates shall be those applicable to the Cohesion Fund as specified in paragraph 2-(b).	COM
389.	2. For works in the transport sector, the following maximum co-financing rates shall apply:		2. For works in the transport sector, the following maximum co-financing rates shall apply:	COM
390.		EP Amendment 129 Article 14 paragraph 2 point a		
391.	(a) for works relating to the specific objectives referred	(a) for works relating to the specific objectives referred to in	(a) for works relating to the specific objectives referred	<u>Propose to keep CGA</u>

	to in Article 3 (2) (a), the amount of Union financial assistance shall not exceed 30 % of the total eligible cost. The co-financing rates may be increased to a maximum of 50 % for actions relating to cross-border links under the conditions specified in point (c) of this paragraph, for actions supporting telematic applications systems, for actions supporting new technologies and innovation, for actions supporting improvements of infrastructure safety in line with relevant Union legislation and for actions located in outermost regions;	Article 3 (2) (a), the amount of Union financial assistance shall not exceed 30 % of the total eligible cost. The co-financing rates may be increased to a maximum of 50 % for actions relating to cross-border links <i>involving any transport mode</i> under the conditions specified in point (c) of this paragraph, for actions supporting telematic applications systems, <i>for actions supporting inland waterways, railway or Motorways of the Sea</i> , for actions supporting new technologies and innovation, for actions supporting improvements of infrastructure safety in line with relevant Union legislation <i>and for actions located in outermost regions and for actions supporting improvements to territorial accessibility and to connectivity. For works in outermost regions the co-financing rates shall be set to a maximum of 85%;</i>	to in Article 3 (2) (a)(i), the amount of Union financial assistance shall not exceed 30 % of the total eligible cost. The co-financing rates may be increased to a maximum of 50 % for actions relating to cross-border links under the conditions specified in point (c) of this paragraph, for actions supporting telematic applications systems, for actions supporting new technologies and innovation, for actions supporting improvements of infrastructure <u>for safety, security and border checks purposes</u> , in line with relevant Union legislation and for actions located in outermost regions;	
392.		<i>(ca) as regards actions relating to the specific objective referred to in Article 3 (2) (a) (ii) the</i>	<u>(aa) for works relating to the specific objectives referred to in Article 3 (2) (a) (ii), the amount of</u>	<u>Propose CGA</u>

		<i>co-financing rates may be increased to a maximum of 85% for actions relating to cross-border links under the conditions specified in point (c) of this paragraph.</i>	<u>Union financial assistance shall not exceed 50% of the total eligible cost. The co-financing rates may be increased to a maximum of 85% if the necessary resources are transferred to the Programme pursuant to paragraph 9 of Article 4.</u>	
393.		EP Amendment 130 Article 14 paragraph 2 point b		
394.	(b) as regards the amounts transferred from the Cohesion Fund, the maximum co-financing rates shall be those applicable to the Cohesion Fund as referred to in the Regulation (EU) XXX [CPR]. These co-financing rates may be increased to a maximum of 85% for actions relating to cross-border links under the conditions specified in point (c) of this paragraph;	(b) as regards the amounts transferred from the Cohesion Fund, the maximum co-financing rates shall be those applicable to the Cohesion Fund as referred to in the Regulation (EU) XXX [CPR]. These co-financing rates may be increased to a maximum of 85% for actions relating to cross-border <i>and missing</i> links under the conditions specified in point (c) of this paragraph <i>and actions relating to the improvement of territorial connectivity and accessibility</i> ;	(b) as regards the amounts transferred from the Cohesion Fund, the maximum co-financing rates shall be those applicable to the Cohesion Fund as referred to in the Regulation (EU) XXX [CPR]. These co-financing rates may be increased to a maximum of 85% for actions relating to cross-border links under the conditions specified in point (c) of this paragraph <u>and actions relating to missing links</u> ;	<i><u>Propose CGA</u></i>
395.		EP Amendment 131 Article 14 paragraph 2 point c		
396.	(c) as regards actions relating to cross-border links, the	(c) as regards actions relating to cross-border links, the	(c) as regards actions relating to cross-border links, the	<i><u>Propose CGA</u></i>

	increased maximum co-financing rates as provided for in points (a) and (b) may only apply to actions that demonstrate a particularly high degree of integration in the planning and implementation of the action for the purpose of the award criterion referred to in Article 13(1)(c), notably through the establishment of a single project company, a joint governance structure and a bilateral legal framework or implementing act pursuant to Article 47 of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013.	increased maximum co-financing rates as provided for in points (a) and (b) may only apply to actions that demonstrate a particularly high degree of integration in the planning and implementation of the action for the purpose of the award criterion referred to in Article 13(1)(c) <i>or 13(1)(ca)</i>, notably through the establishment of a single project company, a joint governance structure and a bilateral legal framework or implementing act pursuant to Article 47 of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013 <i>or through a written agreement between the Member States or regional authorities concerned; in addition, the co-financing rate applicable to projects carried out by a joint venture, in accordance with point (a) of Article 11(2), may be increased by 10%; the co-financing rate shall not be higher than 90% of the total eligible cost;</i>	increased maximum co-financing rates as provided for in points (a) and (b) may only apply to actions that demonstrate a [...] high degree of integration in the planning and implementation of the action for the purpose of the award criterion referred to in Article 13(1)(c), [...] <u>for instance</u> through the establishment of a single project company, a joint governance structure [...], a bilateral legal framework or <u>an</u> implementing act pursuant to Article 47 of Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013.	
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397.		EP Amendment 132 Article 14 paragraph 2 point c a (new)		
398.		<i>(ca) as regards actions relating to the specific objective referred to in Article 3 (2) (a) (ii) the co-financing rates may be increased to a maximum of 85% for actions relating to cross-border links under the conditions specified in point (c) of this paragraph.</i>		Moved to Art 14(2)(aa)
399.	3. For works in the energy sector, the following maximum co-financing rates shall apply:		3. For works in the energy sector, the following maximum co-financing rates shall apply:	COM
400.		EP Amendment 133 Article 14 paragraph 3 point a		
401.	(a) for works relating to the specific objectives referred to in Article 3 (2) (b), the amount of Union financial assistance shall not exceed 50 % of the total eligible cost;	(a) for works relating to the specific objectives referred to in Article 3 (2) (b), the amount of Union financial assistance shall not exceed 50 % of the total eligible cost <i>for works in outermost regions the co-financing rates shall be to a maximum of 85%;</i>	(a) for works relating to the specific objectives referred to in Article 3 (2) (b), the amount of Union financial assistance shall not exceed 50 % of the total eligible cost;	Propose to keep CGA
402.		EP Amendment 134 Article 14 paragraph 3 point b		
403.	(b) The co-financing rates may be increased to a	(b) The co-financing rates may be increased to a maximum	(b) The co-financing rates may be increased to a maximum	Propose to keep CGA

	maximum of 75 % for actions contributing to the development of projects of common interest which, based on the evidence referred to in Article 14(2) of Regulation (EU) No 347/2013, provide a high degree of regional or Union-wide security of supply, strengthen the solidarity of the Union or comprise highly innovative solutions.	of 75 % for actions contributing to the development of projects of common interest which <i>have a significant impact on reducing CO2 emissions or</i> , based on the evidence referred to in Article 14(2) of Regulation (EU) No 347/2013, provide a high degree of regional or Union-wide security of supply, strengthen the solidarity of the Union or comprise highly innovative solutions.	of 75 % for actions contributing to the development of projects of common interest which, based on the evidence referred to in Article 14(2) of Regulation (EU) No 347/2013, provide a high degree of regional or Union-wide security of supply, strengthen the solidarity of the Union or comprise highly innovative solutions.	
404.		EP Amendment 135 Article 14 paragraph 4		
405.	4. For works in the digital sector, the following maximum co-financing rates shall apply: for works relating to the specific objectives referred to in Article 3 (2) (c), the amount of Union financial assistance shall not exceed 30% of the total eligible cost. The co-financing rates may be increased up to 50% for actions with a strong cross-border dimension, such as uninterrupted coverage with 5G systems along major transport paths or deployment of	4. For works in the digital sector, the following maximum co-financing rates shall apply: for works relating to the specific objectives referred to in Article 3 (2) (c), the amount of Union financial assistance shall not exceed 30% of the total eligible cost. <i>For works in outermost regions the co-financing rates shall be set to a maximum of 85%.</i> The co-financing rates may be increased up to 50% for actions with a strong cross-border dimension, such as	4. For works in the digital sector, the following maximum co-financing rates shall apply: for works relating to the specific objectives referred to in Article 3 (2) (c), the amount of Union financial assistance shall not exceed 30% of the total eligible cost. The co-financing rates may be increased up to 50% for actions with a strong cross-border dimension, such as uninterrupted coverage with 5G systems along major transport paths or deployment of	<u><i>Propose CGA</i></u>

	backbone networks between Member States and between the Union and third countries, and up to 75% for actions implementing the Gigabit connectivity of socio-economic drivers. Actions in the field of providing local wireless connectivity in local communities shall be funded by Union financial assistance covering up to 100 % of the eligible costs, without prejudice to the principle of co-financing.	uninterrupted coverage with 5G systems along major transport paths or deployment of backbone networks between Member States and between the Union and third countries, and up to 75% for actions implementing the Gigabit connectivity of socio-economic drivers. Actions in the field of providing local wireless connectivity in local communities shall be funded by Union financial assistance covering up to 100 % of the eligible costs, without prejudice to the principle of co-financing.	backbone networks between Member States and between the Union and third countries, and up to 75% for actions implementing the Gigabit connectivity of socio-economic drivers. Actions in the field of providing local wireless connectivity in local communities [...], <u>when implemented via low value grants may be funded with</u> funded by Union financial assistance covering up to 100 % of the eligible costs, without prejudice to the principle of co-financing.	
406.		EP Amendment 136 Article 14 paragraph 5		
407.	5. The maximum co-funding rate applicable to actions <i>selected under cross-sectoral work programmes</i> referred to in Article 10 shall be the highest maximum co-funding rate applicable to the sectors concerned.	5. The maximum co-funding rate applicable to actions [...] referred to in Article 10 shall be the highest maximum co-funding rate applicable to the sectors concerned. <i>In addition, the co-financing rate applicable to these actions may be increased by 10%; the co-financing rate shall not be higher than 90% of the total eligible cost.</i>	5. The maximum co-funding rate applicable to actions selected under cross-sectoral work programmes referred to in Article 10 shall be the highest maximum co-funding rate applicable to the sectors concerned.	<i><u>Presidency proposed compromise:</u></i> 5. The maximum co-funding rate applicable to actions selected under cross-sectoral work programmes referred to in Article 10 <u>(1)</u> shall be the highest maximum co-funding rate applicable to the sectors concerned.

408.		EP Amendment 137 Article 14 paragrapg 5 a (new)		
409.		5a. After the co-financing rate has been decided and at the point when the grant is awarded the Commission shall provide project promoters with a list of all opportunities and means whereby to obtain in due course the remaining financial support.		<u>EP AM not acceptable</u>
410.	<i>Article 15</i> <i>Eligible costs</i>		<i>Article 15</i> <i>Eligible costs</i>	COM
411.	The following cost-eligibility criteria shall apply, in addition to the criteria set out in Article [186] of the Financial Regulation:		The following cost-eligibility criteria shall apply, in addition to the criteria set out in Article [186] of the Financial Regulation:	COM
412.	(a) only expenditure incurred in Member States may be eligible, except where the project of common interest or cross-border projects in the field of renewable energy involves the territory of one or more third countries as referred to in Article 5 or Article 11 paragraph 4 of this Regulation or international waters and where the action is indispensable to		(a) only expenditure incurred in Member States may be eligible, except where the project of common interest or cross-border projects in the field of renewable energy involves the territory of one or more third countries as referred to in Article 5 or Article 11 paragraph 4 of this Regulation or international waters and	COM

	the achievement of the objectives of the project concerned;		where the action is indispensable to the achievement of the objectives of the project concerned;	
413.	(b) the cost of equipment, facilities and infrastructure which is treated as capital expenditure by the beneficiary may be eligible up to its entirety;		(b) the cost of equipment, facilities and infrastructure which is treated as capital expenditure by the beneficiary may be eligible up to its entirety;	COM
414.	(c) expenditure related to the purchase of land shall not be an eligible cost;		(c) expenditure related to the purchase of land shall not be an eligible cost, <u>except for funds transferred from the Cohesion Fund in the transport sector in accordance with Article 58 of Regulation (EU) XXX laying down common provisions on the European Regional Development Fund, the European Social Fund Plus, the Cohesion Fund, and the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund and financial rules for those and for the Asylum and</u>	<i><u>Propose CGA</u></i>

			<u>Migration Fund, the Internal Security Fund and the Border Management and Visa Instrument;</u>	
415.	(d) eligible costs shall not include value added tax ("VAT").		(d) eligible costs shall not include value added tax ("VAT").	COM
416.		EP Amendment 138 Article 15 paragraph 1 point d a (new)		
417.		<i>(da) expenditure related to military requirements shall be eligible from the action eligibility start date regardless of the date of entry into force of the delegated acts referred to in Article 6a(2).</i>		<i>EP AM not acceptable</i> <i>Eligibility of costs regulated in the Financial Regulation</i>
418.	<i>Article 16</i> <i>Combination of grants with other sources of financing</i>		<i>Article 16</i> <i>Combination of grants with other sources of financing</i>	
419.	1. Grants may be used for combination with financing from the European Investment Bank or National Promotional Banks or other development and public financial institutions as well as from private-sector finance institutions and private-sector investors, including through Public Private		1. Grants may be used for combination with financing from the European Investment Bank or National Promotional Banks or other development and public financial institutions as well as from private-sector finance institutions and private-sector investors, including through Public Private	

	Partnerships.		Partnerships.	
420.	2. The use of grants referred to in paragraph 1 may be implemented through dedicated calls for proposals.		2. The use of grants referred to in paragraph 1 may be implemented through dedicated calls for proposals.	
421.	<i>Article 17 Reduction or termination of the grants</i>		<i>Article 17 Reduction or termination of the grants</i>	
422.		EP Amendment 139 Article 17 paragraph 1		
423.	1. In addition to the grounds specified in [paragraph 4 of Article 131] of the Financial Regulation, the amount of the grant may be reduced on the following grounds:	1. In addition to the grounds specified in [paragraph 4 of Article 131] of the Financial Regulation, the amount of the grant, <i>except in duly justified cases</i> , may be reduced on the following grounds	1. In addition to the grounds specified in [paragraph 4 of Article 131] of the Financial Regulation, the amount of the grant may be reduced on the following grounds:	<u>Propose CGA</u> "may" is sufficient.
424.		EP Amendment 140 Article 17 paragraph 1 point a		
425.	(a) the action has not started within one year following the starting date indicated in the grant agreement;	(a) the action has not started within one year following the starting date indicated in the grant agreement <i>in case of studies, or within two years for all other actions eligible for financial assistance under this Regulation;</i>	(a) the action has not started within one year <u>for studies, or two years for works,</u> following the starting date indicated in the grant agreement;	<u>Propose CGA</u>
426.		EP Amendment 141 Article 17 paragraph 1 point b		
427.	(b) following a review of the progress of the action, it is established that the	(b) following a review of the progress of the action, it is established that the	(b) following a review of the progress of the action, it is established that the	<i>EP AM not acceptable</i>

	implementation of the action has suffered such major delays that the objectives of the action are likely not to be achieved;	implementation of the action has <i>overrun the deadlines for the successive stages laid down by Article 6 of [Regulation No. XXX - Smart TEN-T] or</i> suffered such major delays that the objectives of the action are likely not to be achieved;	implementation of the action has suffered such major delays that the objectives of the action are likely not to be achieved;	
428.	2. The grant agreement may be terminated on the basis of the grounds specified in paragraph 1.		2. The grant agreement may be <u>amended or</u> terminated on the basis of the grounds specified in paragraph-1.	<i><u>Propose CGA</u></i>
429.			<u>3. Before any decision regarding the reduction or termination of a grant is taken, the case shall be examined comprehensively and the beneficiaries concerned shall be provided with the possibility to present their observations within a reasonable time-frame.</u>	<i><u>Propose CGA</u></i>

430.		EP Amendment 142 Article 17 paragraph 2 a (new)		
431.		<i>(2a) The amount resulting from the application of paragraph 1 or paragraph 2 shall be distributed to other work programmes proposed under the corresponding financial envelop as laid out in Article 4.2.</i>		<i>EP AM not acceptable</i> <i>Overlap with the Financial Regulation</i>
432.		EP Amendment 143 Article 18		
433.	<i>Article 18</i> <i>Cumulative, complementary and combined funding</i>	<i>Article 18</i> <i>[...] Synergies with other Union Programmes</i>	<i>Article 18</i> <i>Cumulative, complementary and combined funding</i>	<i>Propose COM text</i> <i>This is a horizontal provision</i>
434.		EP Amendment 144 Article 18 paragraph 1		
435.	1. An action that has received a contribution under the Programme may also receive a contribution from any other Union programme, including Funds under shared management, provided that the contributions do not cover the same costs. The rules of each contributing Union programme shall apply to its respective contribution to the action. The cumulative funding shall not exceed the total eligible costs of the action and	1. An action that has received a contribution under the Programme may also receive a contribution from any other Union programme, including Funds under shared management, provided that the contributions do not cover the same costs. The [...] implementation shall [...] respect the rules provided in Article [xxx] of the Financial Regulation. The cumulative funding shall not exceed the total eligible costs of the action	1. An action that has received a contribution under the Programme may also receive a contribution from any other Union programme, including Funds under shared management, provided that the contributions do not cover the same costs. The rules of each contributing Union programme shall apply to its respective contribution to the action. The cumulative funding shall not exceed the total eligible costs of the action and the support from	<i>Propose COM text</i> <i>This is a horizontal provision</i>

	the support from the different Union programmes may be calculated on a pro-rata basis in accordance with the documents setting out the conditions for support.	and the support from the different Union programmes may be calculated on a pro-rata basis in accordance with the documents setting out the conditions for support.	the different Union programmes may be calculated on a pro-rata basis in accordance with the documents setting out the conditions for support.	
436.		EP Amendment 145 Article 18 paragraph 2		
437.	2. Actions which comply with the following cumulative, comparative , conditions:	2. Actions which comply with the all of the following cumulative [...] conditions:	2. Actions which comply with the following cumulative, comparative, conditions:	<i><u>Presidency proposed compromise:</u></i> Actions which comply with the following cumulative, comparative , conditions:
438.	(a) they have been assessed in a call for proposals under the Programme;		(a) they have been assessed in a call for proposals under the Programme;	COM
439.	(b) they comply with the minimum quality requirements of that call for proposals;		(b) they comply with the minimum quality requirements of that call for proposals;	COM
440.	(c) they may not be financed under that call for proposals due to budgetary constraints;		(c) they may not be financed under that call for proposals due to budgetary constraints;	COM

441.		EP Amendment 146 Article 18 paragraph 2 (continued)		
442.	may receive support from the European Regional Development Fund or the Cohesion Fund in accordance with [paragraph 5 of Article 67] of Regulation (EU) XXX [CPR], provided that such actions are consistent with the objectives of the programme concerned. The rules of the Fund providing support shall apply.	may receive support from the European Regional Development Fund or the Cohesion Fund in accordance with [paragraph 5 of Article 67] of Regulation (EU) XXX [CPR], <i>without any further assessment, and</i> provided that such actions are consistent with the objectives of the programme concerned. The rules of the Fund providing support shall apply.	may receive support from the European Regional Development Fund or the Cohesion Fund in accordance with [paragraph 5 of Article 67] of Regulation (EU) XXX [CPR], provided that such actions are consistent with the objectives of the programme concerned. The rules of the Fund providing support shall apply.	<i><u>Propose COM text</u></i> <i>Horizontal provision</i>

443.	CHAPTER IV		CHAPTER IV	COM
444.	PROGRAMMING, MONITORING, EVALUATION AND CONTROL		PROGRAMMING, MONITORING, EVALUATION AND CONTROL	COM
445.	<i>Article 19 Work programmes</i>		<i>Article 19 Work programmes</i>	COM
446.		EP Amendment 147 Article 19 paragraph 1		
447.	1. The Programme shall be implemented by work programmes referred to in Article 110 of the Financial Regulation. <i>Work programmes shall set out, where applicable, the overall amount reserved for blending operations.</i>	1. The Programme shall be implemented by work programmes referred to in Article 110 of the Financial Regulation. [...]	1. The Programme shall be implemented by work programmes referred to in Article 110 of the Financial Regulation. [...]	EP=CONS
448.		EP Amendment 148 Article 19 paragraph 1 a (new)		
449.		<i>1a. The Commission shall prepare by the end of March 2021 a Framework Programme that will include the time table of the work programmes and calls, their topics and allocated financing and other necessary details necessary to provide transparency and predictability for all period of the Programme and to enhance the quality of the projects. The</i>		<i>EP AM not acceptable - not flexible enough</i> <i>Delegated acts</i>

		<i>Framework Programme will be adopted through a delegated act in accordance with Article 24.</i>		
450.		EP Amendment 149 Article 19 paragraph 1 b (new)		
451.		<i>1b. Upon the publication of a work programme, the Commission shall make public a notice of the calls for proposals foreseen under the work programme; such notice shall contain, in accordance with Article 194 of the Financial Regulation, at least the following information for each call listed: (a) Priorities; (b) Indicative opening date; (c) Indicative closing date; (d) Estimated budget.</i>		<i>Linked with previous AM.</i>
452.		EP Amendment 150 Article 19 paragraph 2		
453.	2. The work programmes shall be adopted by the Commission by means of <i>an implementing act. Those implementing acts shall be adopted</i> in accordance with <i>the examination procedure referred to in</i> Article 22 of this Regulation.	2. The work programmes shall be adopted by the Commission by means of [...] <i>a delegated act</i> [...] in accordance with [...] Article [...] 24 of this Regulation.	2. The work programmes shall be adopted by the Commission by means of an implementing act. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 22 of this Regulation. <u>Where the committee delivers no opinion,</u>	<i>Article 110 of the Financial Regulation provides for the adoption of the Work Programme by an implementing act.</i>

			<u>the Commission shall not adopt the draft implementing act and the third sub-paragraph of Article 5(4) of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.</u>	
454.			<u>3. In the energy sector, particular consideration shall be given to projects of common interest and related actions aimed at further integrating the internal market for energy, ending energy isolation and eliminating electricity interconnection bottlenecks with emphasis on those projects contributing to the achievement of the interconnection target of at least 10% and projects contributing to synchronisation of electricity systems with the EU networks.</u>	<i>Propose to keep CGA</i>
455.		EP Amendment 151 Article 19 paragraph 2 a (new)		
456.		<i>2a In accordance with the Article 200.2 of the Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2018/1046, all calls shall include a two-step selection procedure and shall be implemented as follows:</i>		<i>It is already possible to apply a 2-step selection procedure on the basis of the Financial Regulation.</i> <i>May be counter-productive,</i>

		(a) <i>Applicants shall submit a simplified dossier containing relatively brief information for the purposes of project eligibility preselection;</i> (b) <i>Applicants short-listed at the first stage shall submit a complete dossier after closure of the first stage;</i> (c) <i>The Commission shall publish the calls for proposals at least three months before commencement of the procedure.</i>		<i>may lengthen the application process.</i>
457.			<u>Article 19a</u> <u>Granting of Union financial assistance</u>	<i>Propose to keep CGA</i>
458.			1. <u>Following every call for proposals based on work programme referred to in Article 19, the Commission, acting in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 22, shall decide on the amount of financial assistance to be granted to the projects selected or to parts thereof. The Commission shall specify</u>	<i>Implementing act</i>

			<u>the conditions and methods for their implementation.</u>	
459.			2. <u>The beneficiaries and the Member States concerned shall be informed by the Commission of any financial assistance to be granted. This includes changes to the grant amounts during implementation of the grant agreements and the final amounts paid.</u>	
460.			3. <u>For actions located on their territories, the Commission shall provide Member States with access to the reports submitted by the beneficiaries, as defined in the respective grant agreements.</u>	
461.	<i>Article 20 Monitoring and reporting</i>		<i>Article 20 Monitoring and reporting</i>	COM
462.		EP Amendment 152 Article 20 paragraph -1 (new)		
463.		-1. The Commission shall define a methodology to provide for qualitative indicators for an accurate assessment of the progress achieved project by project along the TEN-T network and towards the achievement of the objectives laid out in Article 3 through		<i>EP AM not acceptable</i> <i>It goes beyond CEF-supported projects and relates more to TEN-T policy.</i> <i>Delegated act already in line 472.</i>

		<i>the Programme. On the basis of this methodology the Commission shall complement the Part I of the Annex, at the latest by January 1st 2021 and by way of a delegated act, in accordance with Article 24.</i>		
464.	1. Indicators to report progress of the Programme towards the achievement of the general and specific objectives set out in Article 3 are set in Part I of the Annex.		1. Indicators to report progress of the Programme towards the achievement of the general and specific objectives set out in Article 3 are set in Part I of the Annex.	COM
465.	2. To ensure effective assessment of progress of the Programme towards the achievement of its objectives, the Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts, in accordance with Article 24, to amend Part I of the Annex to review or complement the indicators where considered necessary and to supplement this Regulation with provisions on the establishment of a monitoring and evaluation framework.		2. To ensure effective assessment of progress of the Programme towards the achievement of its objectives, the Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts, in accordance with Article 24, to amend Part I of the Annex to review or complement the indicators where considered necessary and to supplement this Regulation with provisions on the establishment of a monitoring and evaluation framework.	COM

466.		EP Amendment 153 Article 20 paragraph 3		
467.	3. The performance reporting system shall ensure that data for monitoring programme implementation and results are collected efficiently, effectively and in a timely manner. To that end, proportionate reporting requirements shall be imposed on recipients of Union funds and, where relevant, Member States.	3. The performance reporting system shall ensure that data for monitoring programme implementation and results are <i>suitable for an in-depth analysis of the progress achieved and the difficulties encountered along the core network corridors and are</i> collected efficiently, effectively and in a timely manner. To that end, proportionate reporting requirements shall be imposed on recipients of Union funds and, where relevant, Member States.	3. The performance reporting system shall ensure that data for monitoring programme implementation and results are collected efficiently, effectively and in a timely manner. To that end, proportionate reporting requirements shall be imposed on recipients of Union funds and, where relevant, Member States.	<i><u>EP AM not acceptable</u></i> Horizontal provision Should not include sector-specific element.

468.		EP Amendment 154 Article 20 paragraph 3 a (new)		
469.		3a. The Commission shall establish a dedicated internet site to publish in real time a map with the projects in implementation together with relevant data (impact assessments, value, beneficiary, implementing entity, state of play).		<u>EP AM not acceptable</u> <i>These elements are already in place.</i>
470.		EP Amendment 155 Article 21		
471.	<i>Article 21 Evaluation</i>	<i>Article 21 Evaluation and review</i>	<i>Article 21 Evaluation</i>	
472.		EP Amendment 156 Article 21 paragraph 1		
473.	1. Evaluations shall be carried out in a timely manner to feed into the decision-making process.	1. Evaluations shall be carried out in a timely manner, but at least every two years , to feed into the decision-making process.	1. Evaluations shall be carried out in a timely manner to feed into the decision-making process.	<u>EP AM not acceptable</u> <i>Disproportionate and unfeasible</i>
474.		EP Amendment 157 Article 21 paragraph 1 a (new)		
475.		(1a) Evaluations shall assess the implementation of the Programme, according to its general and sectorial objectives as laid out in Article 3, clarifying whether the different sectors are on the track, if the total budgetary commitment is in line with the total amount		<u>EP AM not acceptable</u> <i>Programme evaluation standards are horizontal (Better Regulation) and should remain comparable.</i>

		<i>allocated, if the on-going projects reached a sufficient degree of completeness, if they are still feasible and convenient to be delivered.</i>		
476.		EP Amendment 158 Article 21 paragraph 2		
477.	2. The interim evaluation of the Programme shall be performed once there is sufficient information available about the implementation of the Programme, but no later than four years after the start of the programme implementation.	2. The interim evaluation of the Programme shall be performed once there is sufficient information available about the implementation of the Programme <i>on the basis of the monitoring conducted in accordance with Article 20</i> , but no later than four years after the start of the programme implementation. <i>It shall also include a comprehensive evaluation of the fitness of the procedures, objectives and eligibility criteria towards the achievement of the general and sectorial objectives as laid out in Article 3. Based on the results of this interim evaluation, recommendations for a review of the Programme shall be proposed.</i>	2. The interim evaluation of the Programme shall be performed once there is sufficient information available about the implementation of the Programme, but no later than four years after the start of the programme implementation.	<i>EP AM not acceptable</i> <i>Programme evaluation standards are horizontal (Better Regulation) and should remain comparable.</i>

478.	3. At the end of the implementation of the Programme, but no later than four years after the end of the period specified in Article 1, a final evaluation of the Programme shall be carried out by the Commission.		3. At the end of the implementation of the Programme, but no later than four years after the end of the period specified in Article 1, a final evaluation of the Programme shall be carried out by the Commission.	COM
479.	4. The Commission shall communicate the conclusions of the evaluations accompanied by its observations, to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions.		4. The Commission shall communicate the conclusions of the evaluations accompanied by its observations, to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions.	COM
480.	<i>Article 22</i> <i>Committee procedure</i>		<i>Article 22</i> <i>Committee procedure</i>	COM
481.	1. The Commission shall be assisted by the CEF Coordination Committee. The Committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.		1. The Commission shall be assisted by the CEF Coordination Committee, <u>which can meet in different formations depending on the respective topic.</u> The Committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	<u>Propose CGA</u>

482.	2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.		2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	COM
483.	<i>Article 23</i> <i>Delegated acts</i>		<i>Article 23</i> <i>Delegated acts</i>	<i>Delegated act</i>
484.	The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 24 of this Regulation:		1. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 24 of this Regulation:	<u>Propose CGA</u>
485.	(a) to amend Part I of the Annex regarding the indicators and to establish a monitoring and evaluation framework;		(a) [...] to establish a monitoring and evaluation framework; <u>based on the indicators as</u> set out in [...] <u>Part I of the Annex;</u>	<u>Propose CGA</u>

486.		EP Amendment 159 Article 23 paragraph 1 point b		
487.	<i>(b) to amend Part II of the Annex regarding the indicative percentages of budgetary resources allocated to the specific objective set out in Article 3(a)(i);</i>	[...]	(b) [...]	EP=CONS
488.	(c) to amend Part III of the Annex regarding the definition of the transport core network corridors and pre-identified sections; and pre-identified sections on the comprehensive network;;		(c) [...]	<u>Propose CGA</u>
489.	(d) to amend Part IV of the Annex regarding the identification of cross-border projects in the field of renewable energy;		(d) <u>to supplement</u> Part IV of the Annex regarding the identification of cross-border projects in the field of renewable energy; <u>to establish and update the list of selected cross-border projects in the field of renewable energy.</u>	<u>Propose CGA</u>

490.	(e) to amend Part V of the Annex regarding the identification of digital connectivity projects of common interest.		[...]	<i><u>Propose CGA</u></i>
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491.		EP Amendment 160 Article 23 paragraph 1 point e a (new)		
492.		<i>(ea) to adopt the Work programme;</i>		<i><u>EP AM not acceptable</u></i>
493.		EP Amendment 161 Article 23 paragraph 1 point e b (new)		
494.		<i>(eb) to adopt the Framework programme;</i>		<i><u>EP AM not acceptable</u></i>
495.		EP Amendment 162 Article 23 paragraph 1 point e c (new)		
496.		<i>(ec) to specify or amend the military requirements, to establish or amend list of the parts of the trans- European transport network suitable for military transport, to establish or amend the list of priority projects dual use infrastructure and the assessment procedure regarding the eligibility of the actions connected with military mobility set out in Article 6a;</i>		<i><u>EP AM not acceptable</u></i>

497.		EP Amendment 163 Article 23 paragraph 1 point e d (new)		
498.		<i>(ed) to define the methodology to provide for qualitative indicators for an accurate assessment of the progress achieved project by project along the TEN-T network through the Programme.</i>		<i>EP AM not acceptable</i> <i>Not linked to the funding programme</i>
499.			2. Subject to the second paragraph of Article 172 TFEU, the Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 24 of this Regulation:	<i>Propose CGA</i>
500.			(a) to amend Part III of the Annex regarding the definition of the transport core network corridors; and pre-identified sections on the comprehensive network;	<i>Propose CGA</i>
501.			(b) to amend Part V of the Annex regarding the identification of digital connectivity projects of common interest.	<i>Propose CGA</i>
502.	<i>Article 24</i> <i>Exercise of the delegation</i>		<i>Article 24</i> <i>Exercise of the delegation</i>	COM
503.	1. The power to adopt delegated		1. The power to adopt delegated	COM

	acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.		acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.	
504.	2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article 23 shall be conferred on the Commission until 31 December 2028.		2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article 23 shall be conferred on the Commission until 31 December 2028.	COM
505.	3. The delegation of power referred to in Article 23 may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of the power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.		3. The delegation of power referred to in Article 23 may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of the power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.	COM
506.	4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement on		4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement on Better Law-Making of 13	COM

	Better Law-Making of 13 April 2016.		April 2016.	
507.	5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.		5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.	COM
508.	6. A delegated act adopted pursuant to Article 23 shall enter into force only if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or by the Council within a period of two months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by two months at the initiative of the European Parliament or of the Council.		6. A delegated act adopted pursuant to Article 23 shall enter into force only if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or by the Council within a period of two months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by two months at the initiative of the European Parliament or of the Council.	COM
509.	<i>Article 25 Information, communication and publicity</i>		<i>Article 25 Information, communication and publicity</i>	COM
510.	1. The recipients of Union funding shall acknowledge the origin and ensure the visibility of the Union funding (in		1. The recipients of Union funding shall acknowledge the origin and ensure the visibility of the Union funding (in particular	COM

	particular when promoting the actions and their results), by providing coherent, effective and proportionate targeted information to multiple audiences, including the media and the public.		when promoting the actions and their results), by providing coherent, effective and proportionate targeted information to multiple audiences, including the media and the public.	
511.	2. The Commission shall implement information and communication actions relating to the Programme, and its actions and results. Financial resources allocated to the Programme shall also contribute to the corporate communication of the political priorities of the Union, as far as they are related to the objectives referred to in Article 3.		2. The Commission shall implement information and communication actions relating to the Programme, and its actions and results. Financial resources allocated to the Programme shall also contribute to the corporate communication of the political priorities of the Union, as far as they are related to the objectives referred to in Article 3.	COM
512.	<i>Article 26 Protection of the financial interests of the Union</i>		<i>Article 26 Protection of the financial interests of the Union</i>	COM
513.		EP Amendment 164 Article 26 paragraph 1		
514.	Where a third country participates in the programme by a decision under an international agreement or by virtue of any other legal instrument, the third country shall grant the necessary rights	Where a third country participates in the programme by a decision under an international agreement or by virtue of any other legal instrument, the third country shall grant the necessary rights	Where a third country participates in the programme by a decision under an international agreement or by virtue of any other legal instrument, the third country shall grant the necessary rights	<u>EP AM not acceptable</u>

	and access required for the authorizing officer responsible, the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF), the European Court of Auditors to comprehensively exert their respective competences. In the case of OLAF, such rights shall include the right to carry out investigations, including on-the-spot checks and inspections, provided for in Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning investigations conducted by the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF).	and access required for the authorizing officer responsible, the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF), the European Court of Auditors to comprehensively exert their respective competences. In the case of OLAF, such rights shall include the right to carry out investigations, including on-the-spot checks and inspections, provided for in Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning investigations conducted by the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF). <i>In accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/1939, the European Public Prosecutor's Office (EPPO) may investigate and prosecute fraud and other criminal offences affecting the financial interests of the Union as provided for in Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of the European Parliament and of the Council.</i>	and access required for the authorizing officer responsible, the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF), the European Court of Auditors to comprehensively exert their respective competences. In the case of OLAF, such rights shall include the right to carry out investigations, including on-the-spot checks and inspections, provided for in Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning investigations conducted by the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF).	
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515.	CHAPTER VI		CHAPTER VI	COM
516.	TRANSITIONAL AND FINAL PROVISIONS		TRANSITIONAL AND FINAL PROVISIONS	COM
517.	<i>Article 27 Repeal and transitional provisions</i>		<i>Article 27 Repeal and transitional provisions</i>	COM
518.	1. Regulations (EU) No 1316/2013 and (EU) No 283/2014 shall be repealed.		1. Regulations (EU) No 1316/2013 and (EU) No 283/2014 shall be repealed.	COM
519.	2. Without prejudice to paragraph 1, this Regulation shall not affect the continuation or modification of the actions concerned, until their closure, pursuant to Regulation (EU) No 1316/2013, which shall continue to apply to the actions concerned until their closure.		2. Without prejudice to paragraph 1, this Regulation shall not affect the continuation or modification of the actions concerned, until their closure, pursuant to Regulation (EU) No 1316/2013, which shall continue to apply to the actions concerned until their closure.	COM
520.		EP Amendment 165 Article 27 paragraph 2 a (new)		
521.		2a. Regulation (EU) No 347/2013 shall be revised in time for the next MFF, in order to align the guidelines with the Union energy and climate targets for 2030 and the EU long-term decarbonisation commitment, and to integrate the energy efficiency first principle. [Am. 10]		Propose to keep CGA
522.	3. The financial envelope for the Programme may also cover technical and administrative		3. The financial envelope for the Programme may also cover technical and administrative	COM

	assistance expenses necessary to ensure the transition between the Programme and the measures adopted under its predecessor, the Connecting Europe Facility under Regulation (EU) No 1316/2013.		assistance expenses necessary to ensure the transition between the Programme and the measures adopted under its predecessor, the Connecting Europe Facility under Regulation (EU) No 1316/2013.	
523.	4. If necessary, appropriations may be entered in the budget beyond 2027 to cover the expenses provided for in Article 4(5) of this Regulation, to enable the management of actions not completed by 31 December 2027.		4. If necessary, appropriations may be entered in the budget beyond 2027 to cover the expenses provided for in Article 4(5) of this Regulation, to enable the management of actions not completed by 31 December 2027.	COM
524.	<i>Article 28</i> <i>Entry into force</i>		<i>Article 28</i> <i>Entry into force</i>	COM
525.	This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following that of its publication in the <i>Official Journal of the European Union</i> .		This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following that of its publication in the <i>Official Journal of the European Union</i> .	COM
526.	It shall apply from 1 January 2021.		It shall apply from 1 January 2021.	COM

527.	This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.		This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.	COM
528.	Done at Brussels,		Done at Brussels,	
529.	<i>For the European Parliament The President</i>		<i>For the European Parliament The President</i>	
530.	<i>For the Council The President</i>		<i>For the Council The President</i>	