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NOTE

From:	General Secretariat of the Council	
To:	Delegations	
Subject:	Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down additional procedural rules relating to the enforcement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679	
	- 4-column table	

In view of the interinstitutional negotiations concerning the above-mentioned proposal, delegations will find in the annex a table which contains:

- The Commission proposal of 4 July 2023
- The amendments adopted by the European Parliament on 10 April 2024
- The Council's mandate approved on 13 June 2024

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Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL laying down additional procedural rules relating to the enforcement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679

2023/0202(COD)

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Formula			
1	2023/0202 (COD)	2023/0202 (COD)	2023/0202 (COD)
Proposa	Proposal Title		
2	Proposal for a	Proposal for a	Proposal for a

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL	REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL	REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL
	laying down additional procedural rules relating to the enforcement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679	laying down additional procedural rules relating to the enforcement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679	laying down additional procedural rules relating to the enforcement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 (Text with EEA relevance)
Formula			
3	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,
Citation	Citation 1		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	
4	Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 16 thereof,	Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 16 thereof,	Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 16 thereof,	
Citation	2			
5	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,	
Citation	Citation 3			
6	After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,	After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,	After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Citation	4		
7	Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee ¹ , ——— 1. OJ C,, p	Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee ¹ , ——— 1. OJ C,, p	Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee ¹ , ———— 1. OJ C,, p
Citation	5		<u>'</u>
8	Having regard to the opinion of the Committee of the Regions ¹ ,	Having regard to the opinion of the Committee of the Regions ¹ ,	Having regard to the opinion of the Committee of the Regions ¹² ,

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	1. OJ C , , p	1. OJ C , , p	1. OJ C , , p
			2. OJ C , , p
Citation	6		
9	Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,	Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,	Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,
Formula			
10	Whereas:	Whereas:	Whereas:
Recital 1			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	(1) Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European	(1) Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European	(1) Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European
	Parliament and of the Council ¹ establishes a decentralised enforcement system which aims to ensure the consistent interpretation and	Parliament and of the Council ¹ establishes a decentralised enforcement system which aims to ensure the consistent interpretation and	Parliament and of the Council ¹ establishes a decentralised enforcement system which aims to ensure the consistent interpretation and
	application of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 in cross-border cases. In cases concerning cross-border processing of personal data, this system	application of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 in cross-border cases. In cases concerning cross-border processing of personal data, this system	application of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 in cross-border cases. In cases concerning cross-border processing of personal data, this system
11	requires cooperation between supervisory authorities in an endeavour to reach consensus	requires cooperation between supervisory authorities in an endeavour to reach consensus	requires cooperation between supervisory authorities in an endeavour to reach consensus
	and, where supervisory authorities cannot reach consensus, provides for dispute resolution by the European Data Protection Board (the	and, where supervisory authorities cannot reach consensus, provides for dispute resolution by the European Data Protection Board (the	and, where supervisory authorities cannot reach consensus, provides for dispute resolution by the European Data Protection Board (the
	Board).	Board).	Board).
	1. Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation)	1. Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation)	1. Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation)

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
(OJ I	L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1).	(OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1).	(OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1).
ecital 2			
(2)	In order to provide for the smooth and	(2) In order to provide for the smooth and	(2) In order to provide for the smooth and
effe	ective functioning of the cooperation and	effective functioning of the cooperation and	effective functioning of the cooperation and
disp	oute resolution mechanism provided for in	dispute resolution mechanism provided for in	dispute resolution mechanism provided for in
Arti	icles 60 and 65 of Regulation (EU)	Articles 60 and 65 of Regulation (EU)	Articles 60 and 65 of Regulation (EU)
2010	6/679, it is necessary to lay down rules	2016/679, it is necessary to lay down rules	2016/679, it is necessary to lay down rules
cond	cerning the conduct of proceedings by the	concerning the conduct of proceedings by the	concerning the conduct of proceedings by the
12 supe	ervisory authorities in cross-border cases,	supervisory authorities in cross-border cases,	supervisory authorities in cross-border cases,
and	by the Board during dispute resolution,	and by the Board during dispute resolution,	and by the Board during dispute resolution,
incl	uding the handling of cross-border	including the handling of cross-border	including the handling of cross-border
com	applaints. It is also necessary for this reason	complaints. It is also necessary for this reason	complaints. It is also necessary for this reasor
to la	ay down rules concerning the exercise of the	to lay down rules concerning the exercise of the	to lay down rules concerning the exercise of t
righ	at to be heard by the parties under	right to be heard by the parties under	right to be heard by the parties under
inve	estigation prior to the adoption of decisions	investigation prior to the adoption of decisions	investigation prior to the adoption of decision
by s	supervisory authorities and, as the case may	by supervisory authorities and, as the case may	by supervisory authorities and, as the case ma

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	be, by the Board.	be, by the Board. This Regulation thereby aims at protecting the right to good administration as enshrined in Article 41 of the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union (the 'Charter'). To achieve this objective, when applying provisions of this Regulation, all data protection authorities should act in an impartial and independent manner and in accordance with the rule of law, as enshrined in Article 2 of the Treaty on European Union.	be, by the Board.
Recital 2	la en		
12a		(2a) This Regulation and Chapter VII of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 only govern certain elements of the cooperation procedure, when supervisory authorities of more than one Member State participate in the procedure.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		This Regulation does not apply when a party lodges a complaint directly with a lead supervisory authority in another Member State.	
Recital 2	2b		
12b		(2b) The procedural law of each Member State should apply to the supervisory authorities insofar as this Regulation does not harmonise a matter. Some procedural elements, such as the horizontal burden of proof of the controller in Article 5(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, are already governed by Union law. In line with the primacy of Union law, supervisory authorities should not apply national procedural law where it is in conflict with this Regulation and	

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		Regulation (EU) 2016/679. Cooperation among supervisory authorities should not be limited because of differences in national procedural law. Supervisory authorities should make use of all options under applicable national law to allow parties in another Member State to participate in procedures. This may include remote video participation, interpreters or generally available means of communication.	
Recital 3	3		
13	(3) Complaints are an essential source of information for detecting infringements of data protection rules. Defining clear and efficient procedures for the handling of complaints in cross-border cases is necessary since the	(3) Complaints are an essential source of information for detecting infringements of data protection rules. Defining clear and efficient procedures for the handling of complaints in cross-border cases is necessary since the	(3) Complaints are an essential source of information for detecting infringements of data protection rules. Defining clear and efficient procedures for the handling of complaints in cross-border cases is necessary since the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	complaint may be dealt with by a supervisory authority other than the one to which the complaint was lodged.	complaint may be dealt with by a supervisory authority other than the one to which the complaint was lodged. To this end, it is recommended that an efficient mechanism for communication between supervisory authorities should be created used so as to facilitate rapid and secure sharing of information necessary to resolve complaints in accordance with data protection rules.	complaint may be dealt with by a supervisory authority other than the one to which the complaint was lodged.
Recital 3	ga		
13a			(3a) A complaint should be understood as a claim lodged by a data subject with a supervisory authority in accordance with Article 77(1) or Article 80 of the Regulation (EU) 2016/679, seeking protection of his or her rights due to an alleged infringement of

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			Regulation (EU) 2016/679 by processing of the data subject's personal data. The mere reporting of alleged infringements which does not concern the processing of personal data relating to the data subject, requests for advice from controllers or processors or general requests regarding the application of the GDPR, either from controllers, processors or natural persons, should not be regarded as a complaint.
Recital 4	1		
14	(4) In order to be admissible a complaint should contain certain specified information. Therefore, in order to assist complainants in submitting the necessary facts to the supervisory authorities, a complaint form	(4) In order to be admissible a complaint should contain certain specified minimum information about the alleged violation, whether ongoing or past. The cessation of a violation should not be sufficient grounds to	(4) In order to be admissible a complaint should contain certain specified information. Therefore, in order to assist complainants in submitting the necessary facts to the supervisory authorities, a complaint form

Commission Proposal EP Mandate Council Mandate should be provided. The information specified reject a complaint. Therefore, in order to assist should be provided. The information specified in the form should be required only in cases of complainants in submitting the necessary facts in the form should be required only in cases of cross-border processing in the sense of cross-border processing in the sense of to the supervisory authorities, a complaint Regulation (EU) 2016/679, though the form Regulation (EU) 2016/679, though the form formtemplate should be provided. The may be used by supervisory authorities for may be used by supervisory authorities for information specified in the formtemplate cases that do not concern cross-border cases that do not concern cross-border should be required only in cases of cross-border processing in the sense of Regulation (EU) processing. The form may be submitted processing. The form may be submitted electronically or by post. The submission of the 2016/679, though the formtemplate may be electronically or by post. The submission of the used by supervisory authorities for cases that do information listed in that form should be a information listed in that form should be a condition for a complaint relating to crosscondition for a complaint relating to crossnot concern cross-border processing. The border processing to be treated as a complaint forminformation may be submitted border processing to be treated as a complaint as referred to in Article 77 of Regulation (EU) as referred to in Article 77 of Regulation (EU) electronically or by post. The submission of the information listed in that form should be a 2016/679 No additional information should be 2016/679 No additional information should be required for a complaint to be deemed condition for a complaint relating to crossrequired for a complaint relating to crossborder processing to be treated as a complaint admissible. It should be possible for supervisory border processing to be deemed admissible. It as referred to in Article 77 of Regulation (EU) authorities to facilitate the submission of should be possible for supervisory authorities to complaints in a user-friendly electronic format 2016/679. No additional information should be facilitate the submission. However, and bearing in mind the needs of persons with required for a complaint to be deemed administrative modalities and requirements disabilities, as long as the information required admissible. Where a complaint does not meet for the admissibility of complaints in a userfrom the complainant corresponds to the friendly under the national procedural law of the minimum requirements, the supervisory information required by the form and no authority should reject it and inform the the supervisory authority with which a

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
additional information is required in order to find the complaint admissible.	complainant about the missing information. The complainant can then resubmit a complete complaint. While the complainant should not be required to contact the party under investigation before submitting a complaint, if the complainant was in contact with the party under investigation before submitting the complaint relating to the same matter, he or she should submit the communication related to that contact. It should be possible for supervisory authorities to facilitate the submission of complaints in a user-friendly electronic format and bearing in mind the needs of persons with disabilities, as long as the information required from the complainant corresponds to the information required by the form and no additional information is required in order to find the complaint admissible.	complaint is lodged, such as language, statute of limitations, means of identification, electronic format and bearing in mind the needs of persons with disabilities, as long as the information required from the complainant corresponds to the information required by the form and no additional information is required in order to find the complaint admissible form, specific template or signature, continue to apply.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Recital 4	ła		
14a			(4a) As part of the specified information required, the contact details of the person, or entity, filling the complaint could include the postal address, place of residence, and where available email address, in order to allow supervisory authorities to acknowledge receipt of complaint and, when necessary, contact the complainant.
Recital 4	łb		
14b			(4b) Where the entity filling the complaint is a body, organisation or association referred to in Article 80 of Regulation 2016/679, a

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			proof that the body, organisation or association has been properly constituted in accordance with the national law of the Member State of the authority with which the complaint is lodged should be provided, together with a proof that such body, organisation or association is acting on the basis of the mandate of the data subject. The modalities and procedures for the establishment of such proofs are determined in accordance with the national law of the Member State of the authority with which the complaint was lodged.
Recital 4	1c		
14c			(4c) Where the complainant is a natural person not in a position to exercise his/her

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		right to lodge a complaint without the assistance of a legal representative, for example because he/she is a child or because he/she has a disability or vulnerability, the result of which is that his/her rights are being exercised through another person, such as a parent, legal guardian or family member, and where such representation is allowed under national law, that circumstance must be clearly identified at the point in time at which the complaint is lodged together with sufficient information so as to enable the supervisory authority with which the complaint is lodged to satisfy itself that it is appropriate for it to engage with the representative on the complainant's behalf.
Recital 4d		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
14d			(4d) Supervisory authorities should facilitate the submission of all required information by the complainant and could ask for further information from the complainant in order to facilitate the handling of the complaint. Where some of the information necessary for the complaint to be deemed admissible is missing, the supervisory authority with which the complaint is lodged could contact the complainant in order to obtain the missing information where feasible. Only the supervisory authority with which the complaint is lodged should decide on its admissibility and such decision should be binding on the lead supervisory authority.
Recital 4	łe		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
14e			(4e) Where, following receipt of a complaint relating to cross-border processing from a supervisory authority, the lead supervisory authority requires additional information from the complainant in order to allow for the full investigation of the complaint, the supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged should assist the lead supervisory authority, including by contacting the complainant to seek the required information if needed. The lead supervisory authority should not contest the admissibility of a complaint relating to cross-border processing.
Recital 4f			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
14f			(4f) It should be possible for supervisory authorities to facilitate the submission of complaints in a user-friendly electronic format and bearing in mind the needs of persons with disabilities, as long as the information required from the complainant corresponds to the specified information required and no additional information should be required in order to find the complaint admissible.
Recital 5			
15	(5) Supervisory authorities are obliged to decide on complaints within a reasonable timeframe. What is a reasonable timeframe	(5) Supervisory authorities are obliged to decide on complaints within a reasonable timeframe. What is a reasonable timeframe	(5) Supervisory authorities are obliged to should decide on complaints within a reasonable timeframe. What is a reasonable

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
depends on the circumstances of each case and, in particular, its context, the various procedural steps followed by the lead supervisory authority, the conduct of the parties in the	depends on the circumstances of each case and, in particular, its context, the various procedural steps followed by the lead supervisory authority, the conduct of the parties in the	timeframe depends on the circumstances of each case and, in particular, its context, the various procedural steps followed by the lead supervisory authority, the conduct of the parties
course of the procedure and the complexity of the case.	course of the procedure and the complexity of the case. Article 6 of the European Convention on Human Rights (ECHR) and Articles 41 and 47 of the Charter require a reasonable overall duration of procedures. Given that this includes judicial remedies under Article 78 of	in the course of the procedure and the complexity of the case.
	Regulation (EU) 2016/679, procedures before supervisory authorities should typically not take more than nine months, unless exceptional circumstances arise. This Regulation foresees prolongations for delays	
	or disruptions that are outside of the control of the lead supervisory authority. To that end, sufficient funding and staffing should be ensured in order to guarantee a timely and	
	efficient handling of cases that does not affect the right to a good administration.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Recital	5a		
15a		(5a) The direct interaction between Member States' supervisory authorities and the parties is governed by national procedural law, insofar as Regulation (EU) 2016/679, this Regulation or Union law do not take primacy. In the case of indirect interaction of a lead supervisory authority with a party via another supervisory authority, the latter authority's procedural law should apply to any direct interaction with the party. In line with Article 56(6) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, a complainant has the right to solely communicate with the supervisory authority with which the complaint has been lodged. This does not prevent the complainant to	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		directly communicate with another supervisory authority, including the lead supervisory authority, which may be more efficient.	
Recital 5	ib		
15b		(5b) To ensure that minimum requirements of fair and efficient procedures are met in all cross-border cases, including in Member States where there is no codified national procedural law, the Regulation sets directly applicable rules based on Article 41 of the Charter.	
Recital 5	ic		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
15e		(5c) It should be possible to apply, in accordance with national procedural law applicable to the supervisory authority that the party directly interacts with, strictly necessary and proportionate limitations in relation to the disclosure or the further use of legally protected information, such as personal data or trade secrets protected under Directive (EU) 2016/943 ^{1a} . This could include the internal deliberations and decision-making of the authority. The least intrusive measures, such as limitation of the use of information or blackening of information should be applied. Parties should always be informed that information was withheld from them, and why.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		undisclosed know-how and business information (trade secrets) against their unlawful acquisition, use and disclosure (OJ L 157, 15.6.2016, p. 1.)	
Recital 5d			
15d		(5d) The lead supervisory authority manages the case in line with this Regulation, Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and its national procedural law, while fully cooperating with other supervisory authorities in a spirit of common understanding and trust. Other supervisory authorities should provide any relevant information and their views to the lead supervisory authority. The lead supervisory authority should structure the case in an efficient and expedient way taking full account of the views of other supervisory authorities. At the same time, the procedure	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		should be in line with Regulation (EU) 2016/679, in particular the one-stop-shop dispute resolution architecture and the competences of the lead supervisory authority.	
Recital 5	5e		
15e		(5e) Supervisory authorities may also start additional procedures, for example in the case of systemic or repetitive infringements. This should however, not lead to any interference with the rights of the parties.	
Recital 5	if		
15f			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		(5f) Violations may concern the rights of multiple data subjects, therefore, evidence from procedures may need to be used in other procedures to facilitate an efficient procedure and consistent decision making. In order to objectively assess the amount of non-material damages based on the average data subject, civil courts may benefit from relying on established facts and evidence to determine a claim under Article 82 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	
Recital 5	og		
15g		(5g) Each supervisory authority should define one or more languages that it accepts for incoming information by other supervisory authorities. An additional joint "cooperation	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		language" should be defined which all supervisory authorities must accept for incoming or outgoing information. In case of judicial remedies, the supervisory authority against which a judicial remedy is brought should have the duty to translate all relevant documents to the accepted languages.	
Recital 6	5		
16	(6) Each complaint handled by a supervisory authority pursuant to Article 57(1), point (f), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 is to be investigated with all due diligence to the extent appropriate bearing in mind that every use of powers by the supervisory authority must be appropriate, necessary and proportionate in view of ensuring compliance with Regulation (EU) 2016/679. It	(6) Each complaint handled by a supervisory authority pursuant to Article 57(1), point (f), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 is to be investigated with all due diligence to the extent appropriate bearing in mind that every use of powers by the supervisory authority must be appropriate of fective, necessary and proportionate and dissuasive in view of	(6) Each complaint handled by a supervisory authority pursuant to Article 57(1), point (f), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 is to should be investigated with all due diligence to the extent appropriate bearing in mind that every use of powers by the supervisory authority must be appropriate, necessary and proportionate in view of ensuring compliance with Regulation

authority to decide the extent to which a complaint should be investigated. While assessing the extent appropriate of an 2016/679. It falls within the discretion of each competent authority to decide the extent to which a complaint should be investigated. When the discretion of each competent authority to decide the extent to which a complaint should be investigated.	EU) 2016/679. It falls within the discretion of ach competent authority to decide the extent to which a complaint should be investigated.
aim to deliver a satisfactory resolution to the complainant, which may not necessarily require exhaustively investigating all possible legal and factual elements arising from the complaint, but which provides an effective and quick remedy to the complainant. The assessment of the extent of the investigative measures required could be informed by the gravity of the alleged infringement, its systemic or repetitive nature, or the fact, as the case may be, that the complainant also took advantage of her or his rights under Article 79 of Regulation (EU) investigation, supervisory authorities should aim to deliver a satisfactory resolution to the complainant, which may not necessarily require exhaustively requires investigating all possible relevant legal and factual elements arising from the complaint, but which provides to ensure that a decision can be jointly taken and an effective and quick remedy to the complainant can be quickly delivered. Without prejudice to the necessity of providing a satisfactory resolution to. The assessment of the extent of the investigative measures required right.	While assessing the extent appropriate of an avestigation, supervisory authorities should im to deliver a satisfactory resolution to the complainant, which may not necessarily require exhaustively investigating all possible legal and actual elements arising from the complaint, but which provides an effective and quick remedy to the complainant. The assessment of the extent of the investigative measures required could be informed by the gravity of the alleged infringement, its systemic or repetitive nature, or the fact, as the case may be, that the complainant also took advantage of her or his eights under Article 79 of Regulation (EU) 016/679.

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	his within a short timeframe, supervisory authorities should investigate to a degree that allows them to satisfy themselves as to whether a complaint is indicative of more serious or systemic infringements. Planning the procedure is important to ensure a quick result. Supervisory authorities should not refer to the rights under Article 79 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 as a reason to limit the investigation of a complaint. To ensure compliance with Article 47 of the Charter, the handling of a complaint should always lead to an appealable decision. Unless a complaint is withdrawn, it should not be possible for complaints to be closed or otherwise terminated without a decision that can be submitted to judicial review.	
Recital 7		

provide the supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged with the necessary information on the progress of the investigation provide the supervisory authorities instant remote access to a joint case file that holds all information on the progress of the investigation provide the supervisory authorities instant the complaint was logged with the necessary information on the provide the supervisory authorities instant the complaint was logged with the necessary information on the provide the supervisory authorities instant the complaint was logged with the necessary information on the progress of the investigation information in the progress of the investigation in the progress of the investigation in the progress of the investigation in the progress o	isory authority should sory authority with which odged with the necessary progress of the investigation roviding updates to the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Recital 8	3		
18	(8) The competent supervisory authority should provide the complainant with access to the documents on the basis of which the supervisory authority reached a preliminary conclusion to reject fully or partially the complaint.	(8) The competent supervisory authority should provide the complainant with parties with remote access to the documents on the basis of which the supervisory authority reached a preliminary conclusion to reject fully or partially the complaint joint case file, but may restrict this right of access under certain circumstances. Such access should allow the use of an effective judicial remedy in line with Article 47 of the Charter.	(8) The competent supervisory authority should provide the complainant with access to the documents on the basis of which the supervisory authority reached a preliminary conclusion to reject fully or partially the complaint.
Recital 9			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
19	(9) In order for supervisory authorities to bring a swift end to infringements of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and to deliver a quick resolution for complainants, supervisory authorities should endeavour, where appropriate, to resolve complaints by amicable settlement. The fact that an individual complaint has been resolved through an amicable settlement does not prevent the competent supervisory authority from pursuing an ex officio case, for example in the case of systemic or repetitive infringements of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	(9) In order for supervisory authorities to bring a swift end to infringements of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and to deliver a quick resolution for complainants, supervisory authorities should be able to endeavour, where appropriate, to resolve complaints by amicable settlement between the parties. Supervisory authorities should not make the handling of a complaint contingent on participation in an amicable settlement process. Settlements should be able to take the form of a contract between the parties under applicable law, but should bind the authorities. The fact that an individual complaint has been	(9) In order for supervisory authorities to bring a swift end to infringements of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and to deliver a quick resolution for complainants, supervisory authorities should endeavour, where appropriate, to resolveapply procedures allowing for the early resolution of complaints by amicable settlement. The fact that an individual, provided that such resolution results in the satisfaction of the complainant's request and that the infringement has been terminated. The early resolution of a complaint should therefore apply to cases where the complainant is duly
		resolved through an amicable settlement does	apply to cases where the complainant is duly able to assess the proposed outcome and
		not prevent the competent supervisory authority	able to assess the proposed outcome and determine that its request has been resolved
		from pursuing an ex officio case, for example in the case of systemic or repetitive infringements	through an amicable settlement does not prevent the competent supervisory authority from
		of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. <i>However</i> , such	pursuing an ex officio case, for example in the
		an ex officio possibility should not be used to	case of systemic or repetitive infringements of

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		defer decisions on complaints.	Regulation (EU) 2016/679satisfied.
Recital 9a	1		
19a			(9a) The early resolution of a complaint may be particularly useful in expeditiously resolving disputes concerning infringements of data subject rights to the satisfaction of the complainant's request. Such outcome should allow the supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged to consider, on the basis of preliminary engagement with the data controller and processor and provided that supporting evidence has been obtained, that the complaint becomes devoid of purpose and that the complainant's request is satisfied. In such a case, the lead supervisory authority should be informed

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			about the early resolution but the complaint should not be transmitted. Where the lead supervisory authority is the authority receiving the complaint, it may also apply such procedure.
Recital 9	9b		
19b			(9b) Where allowed under national law, an amicable settlement could also be considered as a way allowing for the early resolution of a complaint. However, resolution of the complaint by amicable settlement should not be possible where the data subject objects to the proposed outcome. In any event, the resolution of a complaint through amicable settlement by the lead supervisory authority should rely on a final decision pursuant to

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			Article 60, paragraph 7 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.
Recital 9c			
19c			(9c) Where the lead supervisory authority considers that a complaint can be resolved through a procedure allowing for its early resolution, a draft decision pursuant to Article 60, paragraph 3 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 should be submitted to the other supervisory authorities concerned, with a view to adopting a final decision in accordance with Art. 60(7) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 finding that the complaint, or part of the complaint, has been resolved by the lead supervisory authority and that the handling of the complaint will be terminated.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			The draft decision submitted could therefore be simplified and limited to an information that the complaint was settled, in whole or in part, through a procedure allowing for its early resolution, indicating the reasons underlying the decision and the scope of the resolution, and confirming that the complaint is therefore devoid of purpose. In such cases, the lead supervisory authority should directly submit its draft decision, without having to prepare and circulate a summary of key issues nor preliminary findings.
Recital 9	Pd.		
Accital 5			
19d			(9d) The circumstance that an individual complaint has been resolved through a

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			procedure allowing for its early resolution should not prevent the competent supervisory authority from pursuing an <i>ex officio</i> case, in particular in the case of systemic or repetitive infringements of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.
Recital 1	1.0		
20	(10) In order to guarantee the effective functioning of the cooperation and consistency mechanisms in Chapter VII of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, it is important that cross-border cases are resolved in a timely fashion and in line with the spirit of sincere and effective cooperation that underlies Article 60 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. The lead supervisory authority	(10) In order to guarantee the effective functioning of the cooperation and consistency mechanisms in Chapter VII of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, it is important that cross-border cases are resolved in a timely fashion and in line with the spirit of sincere and effective cooperation that underlies Article 60 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. The lead supervisory authority	(10) In order to guarantee the effective functioning of the cooperation and consistency mechanisms in Chapter VII of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, it is important that cross-border cases are resolved in a timely fashion and in line with the spirit of sincere and effective cooperation that underlies Article 60 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. The lead supervisory authority
	should exercise its competence within a	should exercise its competence within a	should exercise its competence within a

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	framework of close cooperation with the other supervisory authorities concerned. Likewise, supervisory authorities concerned should actively engage in the investigation at an early stage in an endeavour to reach a consensus, making full use of the tools provided by Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	framework of close cooperation with the other supervisory authorities concerned. Likewise, supervisory authorities concerned should actively engage in the investigation at an early stage in an endeavour to reach a consensus, making full use of the tools provided by Regulation (EU) 2016/679. This should be in line with the 'one-stop-shop' mechanism of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and guarantee, where applicable, non-discriminatory treatment of parties, legal certainty and independence of issuing of decisions by the supervisory authorities.	framework of close cooperation with the other supervisory authorities concerned. Likewise, supervisory authorities concerned should actively engage in the investigation at an early stage in an endeavour to reach a consensus, making full use of the tools provided by Regulation (EU) 2016/679.
Recital 1	1 L0a		
20a			(10a) Cases where the rights of a child as data subject are at stake, and cases related to

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			the dissemination of intimate material, should be given high priority to ensure the adequate protection of the rights of the child.
Recital 10b			
20b			(10b) Where the lead supervisory authority, based on the characteristics of the case and previous decisions, considers that enhanced cooperation or further engagement in formal procedural steps for the handling of a complaint-based investigation relating to cross-border processing is not necessary, the lead supervisory authority should inform supervisory authorities concerned of such assessment and provide all relevant information concerning the complaint, including the main relevant facts and the

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	provisions to be investigated. This may apply for example where the case does not raise any structural or recurring problem in several Member States, where the case does not concern a general legal issue with regards to the interpretation, application or enforcement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, where the case is not related to the intersection of data protection with other legal fields, where the case does not affect a large number of data subjects in several Member States, where the case is not related to a large number of complaints in several Member States; or where Regulation (EU) 2016/679 does not imply that a high risk can be assumed. In such a case, unless any of the supervisory authorities concerned object, the lead supervisory authority shall continue cooperating in accordance with Article 60 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and submit a draft
		decision as referred to in Article 60,

Commis	ssion Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			paragraph 3 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.
Recital 10c			
20c			(10c) Where formal steps for the enhanced cooperation procedure pursuant to this regulation are not engaged, supervisory authorities should ensure that the right to be heard of the parties under investigation and the complainant applies in a timely manner, as provided for in this Regulation and in line with Article 41(2) of the Charter which enshrines the right to good administration and the right of every person to be heard before any individual measure which would affect him or her adversely is taken.

(11) It is particularly important for supervisory authorities to reach consensus on key aspects of the investigation as early as possible and prior to the communication of allegations to the parties under investigation and adoption of the draft decision referred to in Article 60 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, thereby reducing the number of cases submitted to the dispute resolution mechanism in Article 65 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and ultimately ensuring the quick resolution of cross-border cases. (11) It is particularly important for supervisory authorities to reach consensus on key aspects of the investigation as early as possible and prior to the communication of allegations to the parties under investigation as early as possible and prior to the communication of allegations to the parties under investigation and adoption of the draft decision referred to in Article 60 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, thereby reducing the number of cases submitted to the dispute resolution mechanism in Article 65 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and ultimately ensuring the quick resolution of cross-border cases. (11) It is particularly important for supervisory authorities to reach consensus on key aspects of the investigation as early as possible and prior to the communication of allegations to the parties under investigation as early as possible and prior to the communication of allegations to the adoption of the draft decision referred to in Article 60 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, thereby reducing the number of cases submitted to the dispute resolution mechanism in Article 65 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and ultimately ensuring the quick resolution of cross-border cases.		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
authorities to reach consensus on key aspects of the investigation as early as possible and prior to the communication of allegations to the parties under investigation and adoption of the draft decision referred to in Article 60 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, thereby reducing the number of cases submitted to the dispute resolution mechanism in Article 65 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and ultimately ensuring the quick resolution of cross-border cases. authorities to reach consensus on key aspects of the investigation authorities to reach consensus on key aspects of the investigation as early as possible and prior to the communication of allegations to the parties under investigation and adoption of the draft decision referred to in Article 60 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, thereby reducing the number of cases submitted to the dispute resolution mechanism in Article 65 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and ultimately ensuring the quick resolution of cross-border cases.	Recital 1	11		
	21	authorities to reach consensus on key aspects of the investigation as early as possible and prior to the communication of allegations to the parties under investigation and adoption of the draft decision referred to in Article 60 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, thereby reducing the number of cases submitted to the dispute resolution mechanism in Article 65 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and ultimately ensuring the quick resolution of cross-border	authorities to reach consensus on key aspects of the <i>investigation</i> case via the summary of key issues and comments on that summary as early as possible and prior to the communication of allegations to the parties under investigation and adoption of the draft decision referred to in Article 60 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, thereby reducing the number of cases submitted to the dispute resolution mechanism in Article 65 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and ultimately ensuring the quick resolution of cross-border	authorities to reach consensus on key aspects of the investigation as early as possible and prior to the communication of allegations to the parties under investigation and adoption of the draft decision referred to in Article 60 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, thereby reducing the number of cases submitted to the dispute resolution mechanism in Article 65 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and ultimately ensuring the quick resolution of cross-border

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
22	(12) Cooperation between supervisory authorities should be based on open dialogue which allows concerned supervisory authorities to meaningfully impact the course of the investigation by sharing their experiences and views with the lead supervisory authority, with due regard for the margin of discretion enjoyed by each supervisory authority, including in the assessment of the extent appropriate to investigate a case, and for the varying traditions of the Member States. For this purpose, the lead supervisory authority should provide concerned supervisory authorities with a summary of key issues setting out its preliminary view on the main issues in an investigation. It should be provided at a sufficiently early stage to allow effective inclusion of supervisory authorities concerned but at the same time at a stage where the lead supervisory authority's views on the	(12) Cooperation between supervisory authorities should be based on open dialogue which allows concerned supervisory authorities to meaningfully impact the course of the investigation by sharing their experiences and views with the lead supervisory authority, with due regard for the margin of discretion enjoyed by each. The supervisory authority, including in the assessment of the extent appropriate to investigate a case, and for the varying traditions of the Member States. For this purpose, with which a complaint has been lodged or which requests an ex-officio action may provide the lead supervisory authority should provide concerned supervisory authorities with a summary of key issues setting out its preliminary view on the main issues in an investigation. The lead supervisory authority should draft the final summary of	(12) Cooperation between supervisory authorities should be based on open dialogue which allows concerned supervisory authorities to meaningfully impact the course of the investigation by sharing their experiences and views with the lead supervisory authority, with due regard for the margin of discretion enjoyed by each supervisory authority, including in the assessment of the extent appropriate to investigate a case, and for the varying traditions of the Member States.—For this purpose, the lead supervisory authorities with a summary of key issues setting out its preliminary view on the main issues in an investigation. It should be provided at a sufficiently early stage to allow effective inclusion of supervisory authorities concerned but at the same time at a stage where the lead supervisory authority's views on the

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
case are sufficiently mature. Concerned supervisory authorities should have the opportunity to provide their comments or broad range of questions, such as the scot the investigation and the identification of complex factual and legal assessments. Go that the scope of the investigation determs the matters which require investigation by lead supervisory authority, supervisory authorities should endeavour to achieve consensus as early as possible on the scot the investigation.	supervisory authority during the course of the procedure. It should be provided at a sufficiently early stage to allow effective inclusion of supervisory authorities concerned but at the same time at a stage where the lead supervisory authority's views on the case are sufficiently mature. Concerned supervisory	case are sufficiently mature. Concerned supervisory authorities should have the opportunity to provide their comments on a broad range of questions, such as the scope of the investigation and the identification of complex factual and legal assessments. Given that the scope of the investigation determines the matters which require investigation by the lead supervisory authority, supervisory authorities should endeavour to achieve consensus as early as possible on the scope of the investigation.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		consensus as early as possible on the scope of the investigation.	
Recital 1	2a		
22a			(12a) In this context, the exchange of relevant information between the lead supervisory authority and supervisory authorities concerned is an important element to support the spirit of effective and sincere cooperation. The relevant information to be provided by the lead surpervisory authority will depend on the specificity of the case being investigated and should be considered in a proportionate manner. Such exchange of relevant information, and the timely provision of specific elements of information by the lead

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		supervisory authority, should be understood as a continuous process throughout the course of an investigation and may vary in terms of documents and details required, depending on the complexity of the case being investigated. In particular, depending on the stage of the investigation and the circumstances of a case, such relevant information could progressively include, among others, the exchange of correspondence with the data controller or the data subject on the subject of a complaint or investigation, the preparatory documents for an audit or inspection, or preliminary technical or legal assessment being considered by the lead supervisory authority as a result of a specific step in its investigation.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Recital 1	12b		
22b			(12b) While the lead supervisory authority should provide any relevant information to the supervisory authorities concerned without delay after the information becomes available, concerned supervisory authorities should also proactively make available any relevant information deemed useful to assess the legal and factual elements of a case. The exchange of relevant information should support the swift and effective cooperation between supervisory authorities and may, in certain cases, be supported by summary, extracts or copies of documents in order to facilitate a swift understanding of a case, while allowing for complementary information to be provided where further elements become necessary. In order to

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			facilitate an effective and appropriate exchange of information between supervisory authorities, the Board could specify the modalities and requirements for the exchange of such information.
Recital 1	.2c		
22c			(12c) As part of the relevant information on a specific case, the lead supervisory authority should provide concerned supervisory authorities with a summary of key issues setting out its preliminary view on the main issues in an investigation. It should be provided at a sufficiently early stage to allow effective inclusion of the views submitted by supervisory authorities concerned but at the same time at a stage where the lead

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		supervisory authority has sufficient elements
		to form its views on the case , where
		necessary by means of preliminary analysis
		and possible initial investigative measures.
		While the summary of key issues should
		always include the main relevant facts, the
		preliminary identification of the scope of
		investigations and the relevant provisions of
		Regulation (EU) 2016/679 concerned by the
		alleged infringement to be investigated, other
		additional elements should be provided in the
		summary of key issues depending on their
		availability and their relevance in order to
		facilitate the substantive assessement by
		supervisory authorities concerned and the
		formulation of their respective views. Such
		additional elements could include the
		identification of legal and technical issues
		deemed relevant for the investigation, in
		particular where such issues appear complex.
		The summary of key issues could also include

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			the preliminary identification of potential corrective measures in cases where the lead supervisory authority has sufficient elements to form a preliminary view on the matter, in particular when the provisions of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 concerned by the alleged infringement can be easily circumscribed and identified at an early stage.
Recital 1	12d		
22d			(12d) Concerned supervisory authorities should have the opportunity to provide their comments on the summary of key issues, including on a broad range of questions, such as the scope of the investigation, the identification of the alleged infringements and the identification of factual and legal

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			issues which are relevant for the investigation. Given that the scope of the investigation determines the matters which require investigation by the lead supervisory authority, supervisory authorities should endeavour to achieve consensus as early as possible on the scope of the investigation.
Recital	13		
23	(13) In the interest of effective inclusive cooperation between all supervisory authorities concerned and the lead supervisory authority, the comments of concerned supervisory authorities should be concise and worded in sufficiently clear and precise terms to be easily understandable to all supervisory authorities. The legal arguments should be grouped by	(13) In the interest of effective inclusive cooperation between all supervisory authorities concerned and the lead supervisory authority, the comments of any documents submitted by concerned supervisory authorities and the parties should be concise and worded in sufficiently clear and precise terms to be easily understandable to all supervisory authorities.	(13) In the interest of effective inclusive cooperation between all supervisory authorities concerned and the lead supervisory authority, the summary of key issues and the comments of concerned supervisory authorities should be concise and worded in sufficiently clear and precise terms to be easily understandable to all supervisory authorities. The legal arguments

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate		
reference to the part of the summary of key	Supervisory authorities may therefore limit the	should be grouped by reference to the part of		
issues to which they relate. The comments of	length of submissions by the parties. The legal	the summary of key issues to which they relate.		
supervisory authorities concerned may be	arguments should be grouped by reference to	The summary of key issues and the comments		
supplemented by additional documents.	the part of the summary of key issues to which	of supervisory authorities concerned may be		
However, a mere reference in the comments of	they relate. The comments of supervisory	supplemented by additional documents.		
a supervisory authority concerned to	authorities concerned may be supplemented by	However, a mere reference in the comments of		
supplementary documents cannot make up for	additional documents. However, a mere	a supervisory authority concerned to		
the absence of the essential arguments in law or	reference in the comments of a supervisory	supplementary documents eannotshould not		
in fact which should feature in the comments.	authority concerned to supplementary	make up for the absence of the essential		
The basic legal and factual particulars relied on	documents cannot make up for the absence of	arguments in law or in fact which should feature		
in such documents should be indicated, at least	the essential arguments in law or in fact which	in the comments. The basic legal and factual		
in summary form, coherently and intelligibly in	should feature in the comments. The basic legal	particulars relied on in such documents should		
the comment itself.	and factual particulars relied on in such	be indicated, at least in summary form,		
	documents should be indicated, at least in	coherently and intelligibly in the comment		
	summary form, coherently and intelligibly in the	itself.		
	comment itself.			
	·			
Recital 14	Recital 14			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
24	(14) Cases that do not raise contentious issues do not require extensive discussion between supervisory authorities in order to reach a consensus and could, therefore, be dealt with more quickly. When none of the supervisory authorities concerned raise comments on the summary of key issues, the lead supervisory authority should communicate the preliminary findings provided for in Article 14 within nine months.	(14) Cases that do not raise contentious issues (non-contentious cases) do not require extensive discussion between supervisory authorities in order to reach a consensus and could, therefore, be dealt with more quickly. When none of the supervisory authorities concerned raise comments on the summary of key issues, the lead supervisory authority should communicate the preliminary findings provided for in Article 14 draft decision within ninethree months from the receipt of the complaint.	(14) Cases that do not raise contentious issues do not require extensive discussion between supervisory authorities in order to reach a consensus and could, therefore, be dealt with more quickly. When none of the supervisory authorities concerned raise comments on the summary of key issues, the lead supervisory authority should communicate the preliminary findings provided for in Article 14 within nine months.
Recital 1	14a		
24a			(14a) Where the lead supervisory authority

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		is required by national law to further engage
		in subsequent domestic procedures related to
		the same case, such as administrative appeal
		proceedings or misdemeanour proceedings,
		the summary of key issues should be
		prepared again if this domestic procedure
		conducts the lead supervisory authority to
		deviate from previous consensus, and would
		result in substantive changes compared to
		the previous summary of key issues, in order
		to take into account the views of the
		supervisory authorities concerned. However,
		if the subsequent procedure related to the
		same case involves no further changes in
		comparison to previous decisions, the new
		summary of key issues may not be necessary.
		The lead supervisory authority should
		inform the supervisory authority concerned
		of such a possibility when submitting a draft
		decision in accordance with Article 60(3) of
		Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

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Recital 1	15		
	(15) Supervisory authorities should avail of all	(15) Supervisory authorities should avail	(15) Supervisory authorities should avail of all
	means necessary to achieve a consensus in a	themselves of all means necessary to achieve a	means necessary to achieve a consensus in a
	spirit of sincere and effective cooperation.	consensus in a spirit of sincere and effective	spirit of sincere and effective cooperation.
	Therefore, if there is a divergence in opinion	cooperation. Therefore, if there is a divergence	Therefore, if there is a divergence in opinion
	between the supervisory authorities concerned	in opinion between the supervisory authorities	between the supervisory authorities concerned
	and the lead supervisory authority regarding the	concerned and the lead supervisory authority	and the lead supervisory authority regarding the
25	scope of a complaint-based investigation,	regarding the scope or procedural issues of a	scope of a complaint-based investigation,
	including the provisions of Regulation (EU)	<u>case</u> of a complaint-based investigation,	including the provisions of Regulation (EU)
	2016/679 the infringement of which will be	including the provisions of Regulation (EU)	2016/679 the infringement of which will be
	investigated, or where the comments of the	2016/679 the infringement of which will be	investigated, or where the comments of the
	supervisory authorities concerned relate to an	investigated, or where the comments the	supervisory authorities concerned relate to an
	important change in the complex legal or	supervisory authorities should raise the matter	important change in the complex legal or
	technological assessment, the concerned	quickly with the Board. The Board should	technological assessment, the concerned
	authority should use the tools provided for	make the necessary procedural	authority shouldcould use the tools provided for
	under Articles 61 and 62 of Regulation (EU)	determinations. The Board and supervisory	under Articles 61 and 62 of Regulation (EU)

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	2016/679.	authorities should endeavour to complete ongoing proceedings as quickly as possible. The lead supervisory authority or one of the supervisory authorities concerned relate to an important change in the complex legal or technological assessment, the concerned authority should use the tools provided for also be able to request an urgent binding decision of the Board without a request under Articles 61 and 62 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or 62 having been made.	2016/679.
Recital 1	1.6		
26	(16) If the use of those tools does not enable the supervisory authorities to reach a consensus on the scope of a complaint-based investigation, the lead supervisory authority should request an	deleted	(16) If the use of those tools does not enable the supervisory authorities to reach a consensus on the scope of a complaint-based investigation, the lead supervisory authority should request an

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urgent binding decision of the Board under		urgent binding decision of the Board under
Article 66(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. For		Article 66(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679
this purpose, the requirement of urgency should		should be requested by any supervisory
be presumed. The lead supervisory authority		authority concerned or the lead supervisory
should draw appropriate conclusions from the		authority. For this purpose, the requirement of
urgent binding decision of the Board for the		urgency should be presumed. The lead
purposes of preliminary findings. The urgent		supervisory authority should draw appropriate
binding decision of the Board cannot pre-empt		conclusions from the urgent binding decision of
the outcome of the investigation of the lead		the Board for the purposes of preliminary
supervisory authority or the effectiveness of the		findings. The urgent binding decision of the
rights of the parties under investigation to be		Board in the context of deciding on the scope
heard. In particular, the Board should not		of a complaint-based investigation cannot pre-
extend the scope of the investigation on its own		empt the outcome of the investigation of the
initiative.		lead supervisory authority or the effectiveness
		of the rights of the parties under investigation to
		be heard. In particular, the Board should not
		extend the scope of the investigation on its own
		initiative.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate		
Recital 1	Recital 16a				
26a			(16a) Complainant's procedural rights under this Regulation should be conferred on the complainant solely to the extent relative to his or her individual rights. Where Article 80(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 applies, procedural rights should be conferred on the complainant pursuant to Article 80(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 to the extent relative to the rights of the data subject that are considered to have been infringed.		
Recital 1	17				
27	(17) To enable the complainant to exercise her	(17) To enable the complainant to exercise her	(17) To enable the complainant to exercise her		

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	or his right to an effective judicial remedy under Article 78 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, the supervisory authority fully or partially rejecting a complaint should do so by means of a decision which may be challenged before a national court.	or his right to an effective judicial remedy under Article 78 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, the supervisory authority fully or partially rejecting ahandling of any complaint should do so by means of always lead to a decision which may be challenged before a national court.	or his right to an effective judicial remedy under Article 78 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, the supervisory authority fully or partially rejecting a complaint should do so by means of a decision which may be challenged before a national court.
Recital 1	.8		
28	(18) Complainants should have the opportunity to express their views before a decision adversely affecting them is taken. Therefore, in the event of full or partial rejection of a complaint in a cross-border case, the complainant should have the opportunity to make her or his views known prior to the submission of a draft decision under Article 60(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, a revised	deleted	(18) Complainants should have the opportunity to express their views before a decision adversely affecting them is taken. Therefore, in the event of full or partial rejection of a complaint in a cross-border case, the complainant should have the opportunity to make her or his views known prior to the submission of a draft decision under Article 60(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, a revised

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	draft decision under Article 60(4) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or a binding decision of the Board under Article 65(1), point (a), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. The complainant may request access to the non-confidential version of the documents on which the decision fully or partially rejecting the complaint is based.		draft decision under Article 60(4) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or a binding decision of the Board under Article 65(1), point (a), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. The complainant may request access to the non-confidential version of the documents on which the decision fully or partially rejecting the complaint is based.
Recital 1	.9		
29	(19) It is necessary to clarify the division of responsibilities between the lead supervisory authority and the supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged in the case of rejection of a complaint in a cross-border case. As the point of contact for the complainant during the investigation, the supervisory	(19) It is necessary to clarify the division of responsibilities between the lead supervisory authority and the supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged in the case of rejection of a complaint in a cross-border case. As the point of contact for the complainant during the investigation, the supervisory	(19) It is necessary to clarify the division of responsibilities between the lead supervisory authority and the supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged in the case of rejection of a complaint in a cross-border case. As the point of contact for the complainant during the investigation, the supervisory

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
authority with which the complaint was lodged should obtain the views of the complainant on the proposed rejection of the complaint and should be responsible for all communications with the complainant. All such communications should be shared with the lead supervisory authority. Since under Article 60(8) and (9) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 the supervisory	authority with which the complaint was lodged should obtain the views of the complainant on the proposed rejection of the complaint and should be responsible for all communications with the complainant. All such communications should be shared with the lead supervisory authority. Since under Article 60(8) and (9) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 the supervisory	authority with which the complaint was lodged should obtain the views of the complainant on the proposed rejection of the complaint and should be responsible for all communications with the complainant. All such communications should be shared with the lead supervisory authority. Since under Article 60(8) and (9) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 the supervisory
authority with which the complaint was lodged has the responsibility of adopting the final decision rejecting the complaint, that supervisory authority should also have the responsibility of preparing the draft decision under Article 60(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	authority with which the complaint was lodged has the responsibility of adopting the final decision which needs to comply with its national procedural law, rejecting the complaint, that supervisory authority should also have the responsibility of be involved by the lead supervisory authority in preparing the draft decision under Article 60(3) and any final decision under Article 60(7) to (9) of	authority with which the complaint was lodged has the responsibility of adopting the final decision rejecting the complaint, thatthe lead supervisory authority should also have the responsibility of possibility to ask for the assistance of the complaint receiving supervisory authority if necessary in preparing the draft decision under Article 60(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.
	Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Recital 2	20		
30	(20) The effective enforcement of Union data protection rules should be compatible with the full respect of the parties' rights of defence, which constitutes a fundamental principle of Union law to be respected in all circumstances, and in particular in procedures which may give rise to penalties.	(20) The effective enforcement of Union data protection rules should be compatible with the full respect of the parties' rights of defence, which constitutes a fundamental principle of Union law to be respected in all circumstances, and in particular in procedures which may give rise to penalties.	(20) The effective enforcement of Union data protection rules should be compatible with the full respect of the parties' rights of defence, which constitutes a fundamental principle of Union law to be respected in all circumstances, and in particular in procedures which may give rise to penalties.
Recital 2	21		
31	(21) In order to effectively safeguard the right to good administration and the rights of defence as enshrined in the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union ('the Charter'),	(21) In order to effectively safeguard the right to good administration and the rights of defence as enshrined in the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union ('the Charter'),	(21) In order to effectively safeguard the right to good administration and the rights of defence as enshrined in the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union ('the Charter'),

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Recital 2	including the right of every person to be heard before any individual measure which would affect him or her adversely is taken, it is important to provide for clear rules on the exercise of this right.	including the right of every person to be heard before any individual measure which would affect him or her adversely is taken, it is important to provide for clear rules on the exercise of this right <u>for all parties involved in a case</u> . <u>Every party should have the right to decline the right to be heard</u> .	including the right of every person to be heard before any individual measure which would affect him or her adversely is taken, it is important to provide for clear rules on the exercise of this right.
31a			(21a) Member States may introduce into their national law provisions on the legal consequences of the failure of individuals to submit their observations within the time limit set by the supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Recital 2	2		
	(22) The rules regarding the administrative	(22) The rules regarding the administrative	(22) The rules regarding the administrative
	procedure applied by supervisory authorities	procedure applied by supervisory authorities	procedure applied by supervisory authorities
	when enforcing Regulation (EU) 2016/679	when enforcing Regulation (EU) 2016/679	when enforcing Regulation (EU) 2016/679
	should ensure that the parties under	should ensure that the parties under	should ensure that the parties under
	investigation effectively have the opportunity to	investigation effectively have the right to be	investigation effectively have the opportunity to
	make known their views on the truth and	<u>heard and</u> opportunity to make known their	make known their views on the truth and
	relevance of the facts, objections and	views on the truth and relevance of the facts,	relevance of the facts, objections and
32	circumstances put forward by the supervisory	objections and circumstances put forward by the	circumstances put forward by the supervisory
	authority throughout the procedure, thereby	supervisory authority throughout the procedure,	authority throughout the procedure, thereby
	enabling them to exercise their rights of	thereby enabling them to exercise their rights of	enabling them to exercise their rights of
	defence. The preliminary findings set out the	defence. The preliminary findings set out the	defence. The preliminary findings set out the
	preliminary position on the alleged	preliminary position on the alleged	preliminary position on the alleged
	infringement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679	infringement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679	infringement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679
	following investigation. They thus constitute an	following investigation. They thus constitute an	following investigation. They thus constitute an
	essential procedural safeguard which ensures	essential procedural safeguard which ensures	essential procedural safeguard which ensures
	that the right to be heard is observed. The	that the right to be heard is observed. The	that the right to be heard is observed. The
	parties under investigation should be provided	parties under investigation should be provided	parties under investigation should be provided

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	with the documents required to defend themselves effectively and to comment on the allegations made against them, by receiving access to the administrative file.	with all the necessary the documents required to defend themselves effectively and to comment on matters relevant to the investigation the allegations made against them, by receiving access to the administrative joint case file.	with the documents required to defend themselves effectively and to comment on the allegations made against them, by receiving access to the administrative file.
Recital 2	22a	,	
32a			(22a) These rules should be without prejudice to the possibility for supervisory authorities to grant further access to the administrative file in order to hear further the views of any of the parties under investigation or of the complainant in the course of the proceedings, in accordance with national law.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Recital 2	3		
	(23) The preliminary findings define the scope	(23) <i>The preliminary findings define the scope</i>	(23) The preliminary findings define the scope
	of the investigation and therefore the scope of	of the investigation and therefore the scope of	of the investigation and therefore the scope of
	any future final decision (as the case may be,	any future final decision (as the case may be,	any future final decision (as the case may be,
	taken on the basis of a binding decision issued	taken on the basis of a binding decision issued	taken on the basis of a binding decision issued
	by the Board under Article 65(1), point (a) of	by the Board under Article 65(1), point (a) of	by the Board under Article 65(1), point (a) of
	Regulation (EU) 2016/679) which may be	Regulation (EU) 2016/679) which may be	Regulation (EU) 2016/679) which may be
	addressed to controllers or processors. The	addressed to controllers or processors. The	addressed to controllers or processors. The
33	preliminary findings should be couched in terms	preliminary findings should be couched in terms	preliminary findings should be couched in terms
	that, even if succinct, are sufficiently clear to	that, even if succinct, are sufficiently clear to	that, even if succinct, are sufficiently clear to
	enable the parties under investigation to	enable the parties under investigation to	enable the parties under investigation to
	properly identify the nature of the alleged	properly identify the nature of the alleged	properly identify the nature of the alleged
	infringement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. The	infringement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. The	infringement -of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.
	obligation of giving the parties under	obligation of giving the parties under	The obligation of giving the parties under
	investigation all the information necessary to	investigation all the information necessary to	investigation all the information necessary to
	enable them to properly defend themselves is	enable them to properly defend themselves be	enable them to properly defend themselves is
	satisfied if the final decision does not allege that	<u>heard</u> is satisfied if the final decision-does not	satisfied if the final decision does not allege that
	the parties under investigation have committed	allege that the parties under investigation have	the parties under investigation have committed

Commission Proposal infringements other than those referred to in the preliminary findings and only takes into consideration facts on which the parties under investigation have had the opportunity of making known their views. The final decision of the lead supervisory authority is not, however, necessarily required to be a replica of the preliminary findings. The lead supervisory authority should be permitted in the final decision to take account of the responses of the parties under investigation to the preliminary findings, and, where applicable, the revised draft decision under Article 60(5) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, and the Article 65(1), point (a), decision resolving the dispute between the supervisory authorities. The lead supervisory authority should be able to carry out its own assessment of the facts and the legal qualifications put forward by the parties under investigation in order either to abandon the objections when the supervisory authority finds

committed infringements other than those referred to in the preliminary findings and only takes into consideration facts on which the parties under investigation have had the opportunity of making known their views. The final decision of the lead supervisory authority is not, however, necessarily required to be a replica of the preliminary findings. The lead supervisory authority should be permitted in the final decision to take account of the responses of the parties under investigation to the preliminary findings, and, where applicable, the revised draft decision under Article 60(5) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, and the Article 65(1), point (a), decision by the Board resolving the dispute between the supervisory authorities under Article 65(1), point (a), of that Regulation. The lead supervisory authority should be able to carry out its own assessment of the facts and the legal qualifications put forward by the parties under investigation in

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infringements other than those referred to in the preliminary findings and only takes into consideration facts on which the parties under investigation have had the opportunity of making known their views. The final decision of the lead supervisory authority is not, however, necessarily required to be a replica of the preliminary findings. The lead supervisory authority should be permitted in the final decision to take account of the responses of the parties under investigation to the preliminary findings, and, where applicable, the revised draft decision under Article 60(5) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, and the Article 65(1), point (a), decision resolving the dispute between the supervisory authorities. The lead supervisory authority should be able to carry out its own assessment of the facts and the legal qualifications put forward by the parties under investigation in order either to abandon the objections when the supervisory authority finds

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	them to be unfounded or to supplement and redraft its arguments, both in fact and in law, in support of the objections which it maintains. For example, taking account of an argument put forward by a party under investigation during the administrative procedure, without it having been given the opportunity to express an opinion in that respect before the adoption of the final decision, cannot per se constitute an infringement of defence rights.	order either to abandon the objections when the supervisory authority finds them to be unfounded or to supplement and redraft its arguments, both in fact and in law, in support of the objections which it maintains. For example, taking account of an argument put forward by a party under investigation during the administrative procedure, without it having been given the opportunity to express an opinion in that respect before the adoption of the final decision, cannot per se constitute an infringement of defence rights.	them to be unfounded or to supplement and redraft its arguments, both in fact and in law, in support of the objections which it maintains. For example, taking account of an argument put forward by a party under investigation during the administrative procedure, without it having been given the opportunity to express an opinion in that respect before the adoption of the final decision, cannot—per se per se constitute an infringement of defence rights.
Recital 2	.3a		
33a			(23a) Where the lead supervisory authority is required by national law to further engage in subsequent domestic procedures related to

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		the same case, such as administrative appeal
		proceedings or misdemeanour proceedings,
		the preliminary findings should be prepared
		again if this domestic procedure conducts the
		lead supervisory authority to deviate from
		previous consensus, and would result in
		substantive changes compared to the
		previous preliminary findings, in order to
		enable the parties under investigation to
		properly defend themselves. However, if the
		subsequent procedure related to the same
		case involves no further changes in
		comparison to previous decisions and
		national law ensures the right to be heard,
		the new preliminary findings may not be
		necessary. The lead supervisory authority
		should inform the supervisory authority
		concerned of such a possibility when
		submitting a draft decision in accordance
		with Article 60(3) of Regulation (EU)
		2016/679.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Recital 2	24		
34	(24) The parties under investigation should be provided with a right to be heard prior to the submission of a revised draft decision under Article 60(5) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or the adoption of a binding decision by the Board pursuant to Article 65(1), point (a), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	(24) The parties under investigation should be provided with a right to be heard at appropriate stages of the procedure, in particular prior to the submission of a revised draft decision under Article 60(5) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or the adoption of a binding decision by the Board pursuant to Article 65(1), point (a), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	(24) The parties under investigation should be provided with a right to be heard prior to the submission of a revised draft decision under Article 60(5) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or the adoption of a binding decision by the Board pursuant to Article 65(1), point (a), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.
Recital 2	25		
35	(25) Complainants should be given the	(25) Complainants should be given the	(25) Complainants should be given the

Commission Proposal possibility to be associated with the proceedings initiated by a supervisory authority with a view to identifying or clarifying issues relating to a potential infringement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. The fact that a supervisory authority has already initiated an investigation concerning the subject matter of the complaint or will deal with the complaint in an ex officio investigation subsequent to the receipt the complaint does not bar the qualification of a data subject as complainant. However, an investigation by a supervisory authority of a possible infringement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 by a controller or processor does not constitute an adversarial procedure between the complainant and the parties under investigation. It is a procedure commenced by a supervisory authority, upon its own initiative or based on a complaint, in fulfilment of its tasks under Article 57(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. The parties under

investigation and the complainant are, therefore,

possibility to be associated with the proceedings initiated by a supervisory authority with a view to identifying or clarifying issues relating to a potential infringement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. The fact that a supervisory authority has already initiated an investigation concerning the subject matter of the complaint or will deal with the complaint in an ex officio investigation subsequent to the receipt of the complaint does not bar the qualification of a data subject as complainant. However, an investigation by a supervisory authority of a possible infringement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 by a controller or processor does not constitute an adversarial procedure between the complainant and the parties under investigation. It is a procedure commenced by a supervisory authority, upon its own initiative or based on a complaint, in fulfilment of its tasks under Article 57(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. The parties under investigation and the complainant are,

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possibility to be associated with the proceedings initiated by a supervisory authority with a view to identifying or clarifying issues relating to a potential infringement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. The fact that a supervisory authority has already initiated an investigation concerning the subject matter of the complaint or will deal with the complaint in an ex officio investigation subsequent to the receipt the complaint does not bar the qualification of a data subject as complainant. However, an investigation by a supervisory authority of a possible infringement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 by a controller or processor does not constitute an adversarial procedure between the complainant and the parties under investigation. It is a procedure commenced by a supervisory authority, upon its own initiative or based on a complaint, in fulfilment of its tasks under Article 57(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. The parties under investigation and the complainant are, therefore,

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	not in the same procedural situation and the latter cannot invoke the right to a fair hearing when the decision does not adversely affect her or his legal position. The complainant's involvement in the procedure against the parties under investigation cannot compromise the right of these parties to be heard.	therefore, not in the same procedural situation and the latter cannot invoke the right to a fair hearing when the decision does not adversely affect her or his legal position. The complainant's involvement in the procedure against the parties under investigation cannot compromise the right of these parties to be heard.	not in the same procedural situation and the latter cannot invoke the right to a fair hearing when the decision does not adversely affect her or his legal position. The complainant's involvement in the procedure against the parties under investigation cannot compromise the right of these parties to be heard.
Recital 2	! !5a		
35a		(25a) Notwithstanding the fact that the parties under investigation and the complainant are not in the same procedural situation, there are circumstances in which complainants can be in a position to adduce arguments and evidence during an investigation which can help the progress of the investigation. This is	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		particularly the case in circumstances in which a not-for-profit body, organisation or association has lodged a complaint on behalf of a data subject or on its own initiative under Article 80 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. Supervisory authorities should facilitate the hearing of such complainants at all stages of the investigation, including ex officio investigations, while also maintaining their independence.	
Recital 2	26		
36	(26) The complainants should be given the possibility to submit in writing views on the preliminary findings. However, they should not have access to business secrets or other confidential information belonging to other	deleted	(26) The complainants should be given the possibility to submit in writing views on the preliminary findings to the extent that their individual rights as data subject are considered to have been infringed. However,

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	parties involved in the proceedings. Complainants should not be entitled to have generalised access to the administrative file.		they should not have access to business secrets or other confidential information belonging to other parties involved in the proceedings. Complainants should not be entitled to have generalised access to the administrative file.
Recital 2] 27		
37	(27) When setting deadlines for parties under investigation and complainants to provide their views on preliminary findings, supervisory authorities should have regard to the complexity of the issues raised in preliminary findings, in order to ensure that the parties under investigation and complainants have sufficient opportunity to meaningfully provide their views on the issues raised.	(27) When setting deadlines and limiting the length of submissions for parties under investigation and complainants to provide their views on preliminary findings, supervisory authorities should have regard to the complexity of the issues raised in preliminary findings, in order to ensure that as well as the capacity of the parties under investigation and complainants to respond, in order to ensure that the parties have sufficient opportunity to meaningfully	(27) When setting deadlines for parties under investigation and complainants to provide their views on preliminary findings, supervisory authorities should have regard to the complexity of the issues raised in preliminary findings, in order to ensure that the parties under investigation and complainants have sufficient opportunity to meaningfully provide their views on the issues raised.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		provide their views on the issues raised. <u>This</u> should however not lead to unduly long procedures.	
Recital 2	28	I	
38	(28) The exchange of views prior to the adoption of a draft decision involves an open dialogue and an extensive exchange of views where supervisory authorities should do their utmost to find a consensus on the way forward in an investigation. Conversely, the disagreement expressed in relevant and reasoned objections pursuant to Article 60(4) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, which raise the potential for dispute resolution between supervisory authorities under Article 65 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and delay the	deleted	(28) The exchange of views prior to the adoption of a draft decision involves an open dialogue and an extensive exchange of views where supervisory authorities should do their utmost to find a consensus on the way forward in an investigation. Conversely, the disagreement expressed in relevant and reasoned objections pursuant to Article 60(4) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, which raise the potential for dispute resolution between supervisory authorities under Article 65 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and delay the

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adoption of a final decision by the competent		adoption of a final decision by the competent
supervisory authority, should arise in the		supervisory authority, should arise in the
exceptional case of a failure of supervisory		exceptional case of a failure of supervisory
authorities to achieve a consensus and where		authorities to achieve a consensus and where
necessary to ensure the consistent interpretation		necessary to ensure the consistent interpretation
of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. Such objections		of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. Such objections
should be used sparingly, when matters of		should be used-sparingly, when matters of
consistent enforcement of Regulation (EU)		consistent enforcement of Regulation (EU)
2016/679 are at stake, since every use of		2016/679 are at stake, since every use of
relevant and reasoned objections postpones the		relevant and reasoned objections postpones the
remedy for the data subject. Since the scope of		remedy for the data subject. Since the scope of
the investigation and the relevant facts should		the investigation and the relevant facts should
be decided prior to the communication of		be decided prior to the communication of
preliminary findings, these matters should not		preliminary findings, these matters should not
be raised by supervisory authorities concerned		be raised by supervisory authorities concerned
in relevant and reasoned objections. They may,		in relevant and reasoned objections. They may,
however, be raised by supervisory authorities		however, be raised by supervisory authorities
concerned in their comments on the summary of		concerned in their comments on the summary of
key issues pursuant to Article 9(3), before		key issues pursuant to Article 9(3), before
preliminary findings are communicated to the		preliminary findings are communicated to the
parties under investigation.		parties under investigation.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	
Recital 2	9			
39	(29) In the interest of the efficient and inclusive conclusion of the dispute resolution procedure, where all supervisory authorities should be in a position to contribute their views and bearing in mind the time constraints during dispute resolution, the form and structure of relevant and reasoned objections should meet certain requirements. Therefore, relevant and reasoned objections should be limited to a prescribed length, should clearly identify the disagreement with the draft decision and should be worded in sufficiently clear, coherent and precise terms.	(29) In the interest of the efficient and inclusive conclusion of the dispute resolution procedure, where all supervisory authorities should be in a position to contribute their views and bearing in mind the time constraints during dispute resolution, the form and structure of relevant and reasoned objections should meet certain requirements. Therefore, relevant and reasoned objections should be limited to a prescribed length, should clearly identify the disagreement with the draft decision and should be worded in sufficiently clear, coherent and precise terms.	deleted	
Recital 3	Recital 30			

(30) Access to the administrative file is provided for as a part of the rights of defence and the right to good administrative file should be provided to the parties under investigation when they are notified of preliminary findings and the deadline to submit their written reply to the preliminary findings should be set. (30) Access to the administrative file is provided for as a part of the right to good administration enshrined in the Charter. Access to the administrative file should be provided to the parties under investigation when they are notified of preliminary findings and the deadline to submit their written reply to the preliminary findings and the deadline to submit their written reply. Access of the parties to the preliminary findings should be set. (30) Access to the administrative file is provided for as a part of the right to good administration enshrined in the Charter. Access to the administrative file is provided for as a part of the right to good administrative file is provided for as a part of the right to good administrative file is provided for as a part of the right to good administrative file is provided for as a part of the right to good administrative file is provided for as a part of the right to good administrative file is provided for as a part of the right to good administrative file is provided for as a part of the right to good administrative file is provided for as a part of the right to good administrative file is provided for as a part of the right to good administrative file is provided for as a part of the right to good administrative file is provided for as a part of the right to good administrative file is provided for as a part of the right to good administrative file is provided for as a part of the right to good administrative file is provided for as a part of the right to good administrative file is provided for as a part of the right to good administrative file is provided for as a part of the right to the charter. Access to the administrative file is not the right		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	40	provided for as a part of the rights of defence and the right to good administration enshrined in the Charter. Access to the administrative file should be provided to the parties under investigation when they are notified of preliminary findings and the deadline to submit their written reply to the preliminary findings	case file may be provided for as a part of the rights of defence and in the spirit of the right to good administration enshrined in the Charter. Access to the administrative joint case file should be provided to the parties under investigation when they are notified of preliminary findings and the deadline to submit their written reply. Access of the parties to the preliminary findings should be set joint case file may be limited at the request of a party to protect their legally recognised rights or the rights of others, or in the public interest. Such limitation must be proportionate in light of the respective recognised rights of others or the	provided for as a part of the rights of defence and the right to good administration enshrined in the Charter. Access to the administrative file should be provided to the parties under investigation when they are notified of preliminary findings and the deadline to submit their written reply to the preliminary findings

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
41	(31) When granting access to the administrative file, supervisory authorities should ensure the protection of business secrets and other confidential information. The category of other confidential information includes information other than business secrets, which may be considered as confidential, insofar as its disclosure would significantly harm a controller, a processor or a natural person. The supervisory authorities should be able to request that parties under investigation that submit or have submitted documents or statements identify confidential information.	(31) When granting access to the administrative joint case file, supervisory authorities should ensure the protection of business secrets and other legally protected confidential information and the protection of information in the public interest in accordance with applicable national law. The category of other confidential information includes information other than business secrets, which may be considered as confidential, insofar as its disclosure would significantly harm a controller, a processor or a natural or legal person. The supervisory authorities should be able to request that parties under investigation that submit or have submitted documents or statements identify confidential information and provide a non-	(31) When granting access to the administrative file to parties under investigation and the complainant, supervisory authorities should ensure the protection of businesstrade secrets and other confidential information. The category of other confidential information includes information other than businesstrade secrets, which may be considered as confidential in accordance with national law, insofar as its disclosure would significantly harm a controller, a processor or a natural person. Confidential information shall in particular include information which is known only to a limited number of persons and which disclosure is liable to cause serious harm to the person who provided it or to third parties, and where the interests liable
		<u>confidential version</u> .	to be harmed by the disclosure of such information are, objectively, worthy of

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			protection. The supervisory authorities should be able to request that parties under investigation that submit or have submitted documents or statements identify confidential information.
Recital 3	32		
42	(32) Where business secrets or other confidential information are necessary to prove an infringement, the supervisory authorities should assess for each individual document whether the need to disclose is greater than the harm which might result from disclosure.	(32) Where business secrets or other confidential information are necessary to prove an infringement, the supervisory authorities should assess for each individual document whether the need to disclose is greater than the harm which might result from disclosure.	(32) Where businesstrade secrets or other confidential information are necessary to prove an infringement, the supervisory authorities should assess for each individual document whether the need to disclose is greater than the harm which might result from disclosure. In disclosing documents containing personal data, the supervisory authorities should also take into account the principle of data minimisation.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	
Recital 32a	9			
42a			(32a) Access to documents included in the administrative file on the basis of access to public documents shall be provided in accordance with Member States law. Until the final decision is adopted by the competent supervisory authority, the decision-making process of the authorities, including the performance of their tasks without undue external influence, shall be protected.	
Recital 33	Recital 33			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
43	(33) When referring a subject-matter to dispute resolution under Article 65 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, the lead supervisory authority should provide the Board with all necessary information to enable it to assess the admissibility of relevant and reasoned objections and to take the decision pursuant to Article 65(1), point (a), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. Once the Board is in receipt of all the necessary documents listed in Article 23, the Chair of the Board should register the referral of the subject-matter in the sense of Article 65(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	(33) When referring a subject-matter to dispute resolution under Article 65 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, the lead supervisory authority should provide the Board with all necessary information to enable it to assess the admissibility of relevant and reasoned objections and to take the decision pursuant to Article 65(1), point (a), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. Once the Board is in receipt of all the necessary documents <i>listed in Article 23, the Chair of</i> the Board should register the referral of the subject-matter in <i>the sense of accordance</i> with Article 65(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	(33) When referring a subject-matter to dispute resolution under Article 65 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, the lead supervisory authority should provide the Board with all necessary information to enable it to assess the admissibility of relevant and reasoned objections and to take the decision pursuant to Article 65(1), point (a), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. Once the Board is in receipt of all the necessary documents listed in Article 23, the Chair of the Board should register the referral of the subject-matter in the sense of Article 65(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.
Recital 3	34		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
44	(34) The binding decision of the Board under Article 65(1), point (a), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 should concern exclusively matters which led to the triggering of the dispute resolution and be drafted in a way which allows the lead supervisory authority to adopt its final decision on the basis of the decision of the Board while maintaining its discretion.	(34) The binding decision of the Board under Article 65(1), point (a), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 should concern exclusively matters which led to the triggering of the dispute resolution and be drafted in a way which allows clear and precise language, allowing the lead supervisory authority to adopt its final decision on the basis of the decision of the Board while maintaining its discretion.	(34) The binding decision of the Board under Article 65(1), point (a), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 should concern exclusively matters which led to the triggering of the dispute resolution and be drafted in a way which allows the lead supervisory authority to adopt its final decision on the basis of the decision of the Board while maintaining its discretion.
Recital 3	35		
45	(35) In order to streamline the resolution of disputes between supervisory authorities submitted to the Board under Article 65(1), points (b) and (c), of Regulation (EU)	(35) In order to streamline the resolution of disputes between supervisory authorities submitted to the Board under Article 65(1), points (b) and (c), of Regulation (EU)	(35) In order to streamline the resolution of disputes between supervisory authorities submitted to the Board under Article 65(1), points (b) and (c), of Regulation (EU)

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	2016/679, it is necessary to specify procedural rules regarding the documents to be submitted to the Board and on which the Board should base its decision. It is also necessary to specify when the Board should register the submission of the matter to dispute resolution.	2016/679, it is necessary to specify procedural rules regarding the documents to be submitted to the Board and on which the Board should base its decision. It is also necessary to specify when the Board should register the submission of the matter to dispute resolution.	2016/679, it is necessary to specify procedural rules regarding the documents to be submitted to the Board and on which the Board should base its decision. It is also necessary to specify when the Board should register the submission of the matter to dispute resolution.
Recital 3	85a		
45a			(35a) When the Board sets a time limit for the parties under investigation or the complainant to make their views known, it would be appropriate for the Board to extend the period for the adoption of its decision, given that in such circumstances the need to take into account the views made known by the parties or the complainant always increases the complexity of the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			subject -matter, for the purposes of Article 65(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.
Recital 3	36		
46	(36) In order to streamline the procedure for the adoption of urgent opinions and urgent binding decisions of the Board under Article 66(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, it is necessary to specify procedural rules regarding the timing of the request for an urgent opinion or urgent binding decision, the documents to be submitted to the Board and on which the Board	(36) In order to streamline the procedure for the adoption of urgent opinions and urgent binding decisions of the Board under Article 66(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, it is necessary to specify procedural rules regarding the timing of the request for an urgent opinion or urgent binding decision, the documents to be submitted to the Board and on which the Board	(36) In order to streamline the procedure for the adoption of urgent opinions and urgent binding decisions of the Board under Article 66(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, it is necessary to specify procedural rules regarding the timing of the request for an urgent opinion or urgent binding decision, the documents to be submitted to the Board and on which the Board
	should base its decision, to whom the opinion or decision of the Board should be addressed, and the consequences of the opinion or decision of the Board.	should base its decision, to whom the opinion or decision of the Board should be addressed, and the consequences of the opinion or decision of the Board. <i>Provisional measures pursuant to</i> Article 66(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679	should base its decision, to whom the opinion or decision of the Board should be addressed, and the consequences of the opinion or decision of the Board.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		should include all possible measures within the powers of supervisory authorities, pursuant to Article 58 of that Regulation.	
Recital 3	6a		
46a		(36a) The Board should be able to request any further information from supervisory authorities necessary for it to take a binding decision.	
Recital 3	6b		
46b		(36b) The complainant should have a right to a judicial remedy in the event that a	

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	supervisory authority does not use its powers or does not otherwise take necessary action required by Regulation (EU) 2016/679. In addition, the parties should have a right to take action against the lead supervisory authority in case of inaction or overly long procedures. To ensure that there is no enforcement gap, the parties to the case and organisations under Article 80(1) of	
	Regulation (EU) 2016/679 should be empowered to seek a judicial remedy in the public interest if a supervisory authority does not comply with a decision of the Board and if they consider that the rights of a data subject under Regulation (EU) 2016/679 have been	
Recital 37	infringed as a result of the processing.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	(37) Chapters III and IV concern cooperation	(37) Chapters III and IV concern cooperation	(37) Chapters III and IV concern cooperation
	between supervisory authorities, the procedural	between supervisory authorities, the procedural	between supervisory authorities, the procedural
	rights of parties under investigation and the	rights of parties under investigation and the	rights of parties under investigation and the
	involvement of complainants. To ensure legal	involvement of complainants. To ensure legal	involvement of complainants. To ensure legal
	certainty, those provisions should not apply to	certainty, those provisions should not apply to	certainty, those provisions should not apply to
	investigations already under way at the time this	investigations already under way at the time this	investigations already under way at the time this
	Regulation enters into force. They should apply	Regulation enters into force. They should apply	Regulation enters into force. They should apply
	to ex officio investigations opened after the	to ex officio investigations opened after the	to ex officioex officio investigations opened
47	entry into force of this Regulation and to	entry into force of this Regulation and to	after the entry into force of this Regulation and
	complaint-based investigations where the	complaint-based investigations where the	to complaint-based investigations where the
	complaint was lodged after the entry into force	complaint was lodged after the entry into force	complaint was lodged after the entry into force
	of this Regulation. Chapter V provides	of this Regulation. Chapter V provides	of this Regulation. Chapter V provides
	procedural rules for cases submitted to dispute	procedural rules for cases submitted to dispute	procedural rules for cases submitted to dispute
	resolution under Article 65 of Regulation (EU)	resolution under Article 65 of Regulation (EU)	resolution under Article 65 of Regulation (EU)
	2016/679. Also for reasons of legal certainty,	2016/679. Also for reasons of legal certainty,	2016/679. Also for reasons of legal certainty,
	this Chapter should not apply to cases that have	this Chapter should not apply to cases that have	this Chapter should not apply to cases that have
	been submitted to dispute resolution prior to the	been submitted to dispute resolution prior to the	been submitted to dispute resolution prior to the
	entry into force of this Regulation. It should	entry into force of this Regulation. It should	entry into force of this Regulation. It should
	apply to all cases submitted to dispute	apply to all cases submitted to dispute	apply to all cases submitted to dispute

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	resolution after the entry into force of this Regulation.	resolution after the entry into force of this Regulation.	resolution after the entry into force of this Regulation.
Recital	37a		
47a			(37a) The successful implementation of the Regulation requires adequate digital tools supporting the exchange of information in line with the Regulation. An appropriate secure common electronic communication system should be provided for all data protection authorities, which should build upon the experience gained in using the existing systems. The sufficient resources needed for the implementation of such communication system should be provided.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Recital 3	38		
48	(38) The European Data Protection Supervisor and the European Data Protection Board were consulted in accordance with Article 42(2) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 and delivered a joint opinion on [],	(38) The European Data Protection Supervisor and the European Data Protection Board were consulted in accordance with Article 42(2) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 and delivered a joint opinion on [-] 19 September 2023,	(38) The European Data Protection Supervisor and the European Data Protection Board were consulted in accordance with Article 42(2) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 and delivered a joint opinion on [19th September 2023-],
Formula		1	
49	HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:	HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:	HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:
Chapter I			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate		
50	Chapter I General provisions	Chapter I General provisions	Chapter I General provisions		
Section :	1a (new)				
50a		Section 1a (new) Subject matter, scope, and definitions			
Article 1	Article 1				
51	Article 1	Article 1	Article 1		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	Subject matter	Subject matter and scope	Subject matter
			Scope
Article 1	I, first paragraph		
52	This Regulation lays down procedural rules for the handling of complaints and the conduct of investigations in complaint-based and ex officio cases by supervisory authorities in the cross-border enforcement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	This Regulation lays down procedural rules for the handling of complaints and the conduct of investigations in complaint-based and ex officio cases by supervisory authorities whenever supervisory authorities of more than one Member State are involved in the eross border enforcement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 case, as well as procedural rules on related judicial remedies.	This Regulation lays down procedural rules for the handling of complaints and the conduct of investigations in complaint-based and <i>ex officioex</i> officio cases by supervisory authorities in the eross-border enforcement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 for cross-border processing.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 1,	, first paragraph a		
52a		1a. Article 26b of this Regulation also applies to cases before a supervisory authority of a single Member State, pursuant to Article 56(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	
Article 2			
53	Article 2 Definitions	Article 2 Definitions	Article 2 Definitions
Article 2,	, first paragraph		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
54	For the purposes of this Regulation the definitions in Article 4 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 shall apply.	For the purposes of this Regulation the definitions in Article 4 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 shall apply.	For the purposes of this Regulation the definitions in Article 4 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 shall apply.
Article 2	, second paragraph		
55	The following definitions shall also apply:	The following definitions shall also apply:	The following definitions shall also apply:
Article 2	, second paragraph, point (1)		
56	(1) 'parties under investigation' means the controller(s) and/or processor(s) investigated for alleged infringement of Regulation (EU)	(1) 'partiesparty under investigation' means the controller(s) and/or processor(s) complained about, or investigated for alleged infringement	(1) 'parties under investigation' means the controller(s) and/or processor(s) investigated for alleged infringement of Regulation (EU)

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate		
	2016/679 related to cross-border processing;	of Regulation (EU) 2016/679-related to cross- border processing, as well as their representative(s);	2016/679 related to cross-border processing;		
Article 2	, second paragraph, point (1a)				
56a		(1a) 'complainant' means the data subject or non-for-profit body, organisation or association that has lodged a complaint under Article 77 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and is therefore considered as a party to the proceedings;			
Article 2	Article 2, second paragraph, point (1b)				
56b					

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		(1b) 'party' means the party or parties under investigation, the complainant(s) and any third party involved in the proceedings as defined under national law;	
Article 2	, second paragraph, point (1c)		
56c		(1c) 'national procedural law' means laws, regulations and administrative provisions of the Member State that regulate the procedure before a supervisory authority;	
Article 2	, second paragraph, point (1d)		
56d			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		(1d) 'complaints procedure' means a procedure determining the outcome of a complaint under Article 77 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679;	
Article 2	, second paragraph, point (1e)		
56e		(1e) 'ex officio procedure' means an investigation into the activities of a natural or legal person, public authority, agency or other body initiated on a supervisory authority's initiative under Article 57(1), point (a), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679;	
Article 2	, second paragraph, point (1f)	1	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
56f		(1f) 'joint case file' means a dedicated electronic file for any case falling under the scope of this Regulation, that is managed by the lead supervisory authority and in which all relevant information, in particular documents, submissions, memos and other information regarding a case, are stored and made remotely accessible to supervisory authorities concerned and parties to the case;	
Article 2	, second paragraph, point (1g)		
56g		(1g) 'complaint-receiving authority' means the supervisory authority with which the complaint has been lodged as referred to in Article 4(22), point (c), of Regulation (EU)	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		<u>2016/679;</u>	
Article 2	, second paragraph, point (2)		
57	(2) 'summary of key issues' means the summary to be provided by the lead supervisory authority to supervisory authorities concerned identifying the main relevant facts and the lead supervisory authority's views on the case;	(2) 'summary of key issues' means the summary to be provided by the lead supervisory authority to supervisory authorities concerned, identifying the main relevant <i>factsfactual and legal issues within the preliminary scope of the investigation</i> and the lead supervisory authority's <i>factual and legal</i> views on the case;	(2) 'summary of key issues' means the summary to be provided by the lead supervisory authority to supervisory authorities concerned identifying the main relevant facts and the lead supervisory authority's views on the case;
Article 2	, second paragraph, point (3)		
58	(3) 'preliminary findings' means the document	(3) 'preliminary findings' means the document	(3) 'preliminary findings' means the document

provided by the lead supervisory authority to the parties under investigation setting out the allegations, the relevant facts, supporting evidence, legal analysis, and, where applicable, proposed corrective measures; article 2, second paragraph, point (4) (4) 'retained relevant and reasoned objections' means the objections which have been determined by the Board to be relevant and reasoned within the meaning of Article 4(24) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. provided by the lead supervisory authority to the parties under investigation setting out the allegations, the relevant facts, supporting evidence, legal analysis, and, where applicable, proposed corrective measures; provided by the lead supervisory authority to the parties under investigation setting out the allegations, the relevant facts, supporting evidence, preliminary legal analysis, and, where applicable, proposed corrective measures: (4) 'retained relevant and reasoned objections' means the objections which have been determined by the Board to be relevant and reasoned within the meaning of Article 4(24) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. (4) 'retained relevant and reasoned objections' means the objections which have been determined by the Board to be relevant and reasoned within the meaning of Article 4(24) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
(4) 'retained relevant and reasoned objections' means the objections which have been determined by the Board to be relevant and reasoned within the meaning of Article 4(24) of reasoned within the meaning of Article 4(24) o		the parties under investigation setting out the allegations, the relevant facts, supporting evidence, legal analysis, and, where applicable,	the parties <i>under investigation</i> setting out the allegations, the relevant facts, supporting evidence, legal analysis, and, where applicable,	the parties under investigation setting out the allegations, the relevant facts, supporting evidence, preliminary legal analysis, and, where applicable, proposed corrective
means the objections which have been determined by the Board to be relevant and reasoned within the meaning of Article 4(24) of means the objections which have been determined by the Board to be relevant and reasoned within the meaning of Article 4(24) of means the objections which have been determined by the Board to be relevant and reasoned within the meaning of Article 4(24) of means the objections which have been determined by the Board to be relevant and reasoned within the meaning of Article 4(24) of means the objections which have been determined by the Board to be relevant and reasoned within the meaning of Article 4(24) of means the objections which have been determined by the Board to be relevant and means the objections which have been determined by the Board to be relevant and means the objections which have been determined by the Board to be relevant and means the objections which have been determined by the Board to be relevant and means the objections which have been determined by the Board to be relevant and means the objections which have been determined by the Board to be relevant and means the objections which have been determined by the Board to be relevant and means the objections which have been determined by the Board to be relevant and means the objections which have been determined by the Board to be relevant and means the objections which have been determined by the Board to be relevant and means the objections which have been determined by the Board to be relevant and means the objections which have been determined by the Board to be relevant and means the objections which have been determined by the Board to be relevant and means the objections which have been determined by the Board to be relevant and means the objections which have been determined by the Board to be relevant and means the objections which have been determined by the Board to be relevant and means the objections which have been determined by the Board to be relevant and means the objections which have been determine	Article 2	, second paragraph, point (4)		
	59	means the objections which have been determined by the Board to be relevant and reasoned within the meaning of Article 4(24) of	means the objections which have been determined by the Board to be relevant and reasoned within the meaning of Article 4(24) of	means the objections which have been determined by the Board to be relevant and reasoned within the meaning of Article 4(24) of

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
59a		(4a) 'confidential version of a document' means a document containing confidential or sensitive information which may be subject to legal privilege under the applicable Union or national law and data protection rules;	
Article 2	, second paragraph, point (4b)		
59b		(4b) 'non-confidential version of a document' means a version of a document from which confidential or sensitive information has been redacted and which can be provided to the complainant without breaching Union or national law or data protection rules.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate		
Section	Section 1b (new)				
59c		Section 1b (new) Procedural rules			
Article 2	a				
59d		Article 2a Applicable Procedural Law			
Article 2	Article 2a(1)				
59e		1. In addition to this Regulation, and provided			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		that it is not in conflict with this Regulation, the procedural law applicable before a supervisory authority shall govern all direct interactions between that supervisory authority and the parties before it. This Regulation shall not preclude Member States from specifying procedural matters not regulated by this Regulation or Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	
Article 2	a(2)	,	
59f		2. This Regulation and Regulation (EU) 2016/679 govern the interaction between supervisory authorities of different Member States that falls within the scope of this Regulation.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	
Article 2	a(3)			
59g		3. A complainant shall have the right to communicate exclusively with the supervisory authority with which the complaint has been lodged pursuant to Article 77 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.		
Article 2	Article 2b			
59h		Article 2b Common procedural standards		
Article 2	b(1)			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
59i		1. Without prejudice to additional rights under national procedural law, each party shall have at least the following rights:	
Article 2	b(1), point (a)		
59j		(a) to have their case handled impartially and fairly, and to be treated equally, even if they are before different supervisory authorities in different jurisdictions ("fair procedure");	
Article 2	b(1), point (b)		
59k			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		(b) to be heard before any measure is taken that would adversely affect them, including before the decision to uphold, or to fully or partially reject a complaint is adopted ("right to be heard");	
Article 2	b(1), point (c)		
591		(c) to have access to the joint case file, except to any internal deliberations of the supervisory authority or deliberations between those authorities ("procedural transparency").	
Article 2	b(2)		
59m			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	
		2. The lead supervisory authority shall inform and hear the parties at appropriate stages of the procedure, in order to allow them to effectively express their views on all factual findings and legal conclusions made by the lead supervisory authority.		
Article 2	b(3)			
59n		3. The joint case file shall include all evidence, inculpatory and exculpatory, including documents and other evidence provided by the parties under investigation.		
Article 2	Article 2b(4)			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
590	Commission Proposal	4. On the request of a party to protect their legally recognised rights or to protect the rights of others, or when it is in the public interest or in order to protect operational security and cybersecurity a supervisory authority may limit the rights referred to in paragraph 1, point (c). Any such limitation shall be carried out in accordance with the national procedural law applicable under Article 2a(1) to any direct interaction between a supervisory authority and the party receiving limited information, and must be proportionate in light of the respective recognised rights of others or the public interest pursued. The party	Council Mandate
		claiming confidentiality shall provide a	
		claiming confidentiality shall provide a confidential version of any information, as well as a suggested non-confidential version.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 2	b(5)		
59p		5. The non-confidential version of documents that were provided by a party shall be determined by the supervisory authority making a determination pursuant to first sentence of paragraph 4, applying only strictly proportionate measures, such as redacting specific parts of documents.	
Article 2	b(6)		
59q		6. Supervisory authorities concerned shall always have access to the confidential version of all documents, and may object to redactions that they consider not strictly proportionate.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		Supervisory authorities pursuant to first sentence of paragraph 4 shall immediately inform the parties about the fact that information is withheld. The lead supervisory authority shall keep records of each access to the joint case file.	
Article 2	b(7)		
59r		7. In the interest of efficiency of procedures, supervisory authorities shall limit the length of submissions by the parties to not more than 50 pages. Those authorities shall set reasonable and appropriate time limits not shorter than three weeks and not longer than six weeks, unless exceptional circumstances require a reasonable extension. The supervisory authorities shall not be obliged to take into	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		account written views received after the expiry of that time-limit.	
Article 2	b(8)		
59s		8. The lead supervisory authority may join and separate cases in accordance with national procedural law, insofar as this does not undermine the rights of the parties.	
Article 2	c		
59t		Article 2c Cooperation between supervisory authorities	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 2	c(1)		
59u		1. The lead supervisory authority shall structure, coordinate and manage the case in an efficient and expedient way, in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/679, this Regulation and any applicable national procedural law.	
Article 2	c(2), first subparagraph		
59v		2. Any supervisory authority may declare that it is concerned, setting out the reasons why it meets the definition of a supervisory authority	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		concerned under Article 4(22) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. The lead supervisory authority shall maintain a list of supervisory authorities concerned for each case in the joint case file.	
Article 2	c(2), second subparagraph		
59w		Where the lead supervisory authority considers that a supervisory authority which has made a declaration that it is concerned according to this paragraph does not meet the definition of a supervisory authority concerned, it shall inform that authority of its assessment. The supervisory authority which declared that it is concerned shall within one week of receiving that assessment either withdraw its declaration, or produce a reasoned opinion setting out the reasons why it considers the	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		assessment of the lead supervisory authority to be incorrect. Where the diverging assessments of the lead supervisory authority and the supervisory authority which declared to be concerned cannot be resolved in a different manner, the lead supervisory authority shall request a determination of the Board under Article 26a.	
Article 2	c(3)		
59x		3. Any supervisory authority concerned which receives relevant information for a case shall provide it to the lead supervisory authority without delay, but no later than one week from the day that it received such information.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 2	2c(4)		
59y		4. Where diverging views cannot be overcome or in the case of inactivity of another supervisory authority, supervisory authorities shall use the powers intended for resolution of such situations under this Regulation and under Chapter VII of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	
Article 2	cc(5)		
59z		5. All written documents by the supervisory authorities shall be provided by electronic means and in a concise, transparent, intelligible and easily accessible form, using	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		<u>clear and plain language.</u>	
Article 2	d		
59aa		Article 2d Use of Languages and Translations	
Article 2	d(1)		
59ab		1. The Board shall determine one language that shall be accepted by all supervisory authorities during the cooperation between authorities ("cooperation language").	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 2	d(2)		
59ac		2. When a supervisory authority shares relevant information with another supervisory authority, it shall provide a translation into the cooperation language or any other language the receiving supervisory authority accepts.	
Article 2	d(3)		
59ad		3. The lead supervisory authority shall provide submissions into the joint case file in the original language, and shall provide translations into the cooperation language.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 2	d(4)		
59ae		4. In any direct interaction with the parties, supervisory authorities shall provide parties with information in the original language and, if necessary, either a translation into the language of the national procedural law, or into any other language the party understands or uses in its routine external communication.	
Article 2	d(5)		
59af		5. A supervisory authority may provide automated translations, if it finds that the	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		automated translation is not substantially different from the original.	
Article 2	d(6)		
59ag		6. When a judicial remedy is filed against a supervisory authority, the supervisory authority shall provide the joint case file and any other relevant information in a language accepted by the judiciary of the Member State.	
Chapter	II		
60	Chapter II		Chapter II

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	Submission and handling of complaints	deleted Heading "Chapter II" is placed after article 3 and its title is changed	Submission and handling of complaints
Article 3	3		
61	Article 3 Cross-border complaints	Article 3 Cross-border complaints	Article 3 Complaints relating to cross-border eomplaintsprocessing
Article 3	3, 1		
62			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	1. A complaint on the basis of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 that relates to cross-border processing shall provide the information required in the Form, as set out in the Annex. No additional information shall be required in order for the complaint to be admissible.	1A complaint on the basis of subject to this Regulation (EU) 2016/679 that relates to eross-border processing shall provide the information required in the Formtemplate, as set out in the Annex. No additional information shall be required in order for the complaint to be admissible. The information can be provided by any means the authority accepts, including by not using the template.	1- For a complaint on the basis of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 that relates to cross-border processing shall provide the information required in the Form, as set out in the Annex. No additional to be admissible, the following information shall be required in order for the complaint to be admissible.provided:
Article 3	, 1, point (a)		
62a			(a) name of person or entity filing the complaint;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 3	, 1, point (b)		
62b			(b) where the complaint is submitted by a body, organisation or association referred to in Article 80 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, proof that the body, organisation or association has been properly constituted in accordance with the law of a Member State;
Article 3	, 1, point (c)		
62c			(c) where the complaint is submitted on the basis of Article 80(1) of Regulation 2016/679, name of the body, organisation or association, contact details and proof that the body, organisation or association lodging the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			complaint is acting on the basis of the mandate of a data subject;
Article 3	, 1, point (d)		
62d			(d) contact details of the person or entity filing the complaint;
Article 3	, 1, point (e)		
62e			(e) elements allowing for the identification of the controller or processor which is the subject of the complaint;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 3	, 1, point (f)		
62f			(f) explanation of the alleged infringement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.
Article 3	(1a)		
62g		1a. The complainant shall not be required to contact the party under investigation before submitting a complaint. Where the complainant was in contact with the party under investigation before submitting the complaint relating to the same matter, he or she shall submit the communication related to that contact pursuant to the Annex.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 3	(1a), first subparagraph		
62h			1bis. The supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged shall decide on the admissibility of the complaint within four weeks after receiving all the necessary information according to paragraph 1, pursuant to the following:
Article 3	(1a), first subparagraph, point (a)		
62i			a) Only information under paragraph 1 shall be required in order for the complaint relating to cross-border processing to be

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			admissible.
Article 3	(1a), first subparagraph, point (b)		
62j			b) Administrative modalities and requirements under the national procedural law of the supervisory authority with which the complaint is lodged shall continue to apply.
Article 3	(1a), second subparagraph		
62k			The supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged may extend by two weeks the period to decide on the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	
			admissibility of a complaint on account of the complexity of the case.	
Article 3	(1b)			
621		1b. The supervisory authority with which a complaint has been lodged shall, within two weeks, acknowledge receipt and admissibility of the complaint, or, where a complaint does not meet the requirements pursuant to paragraph 1, declare the complaint inadmissible and inform the complainant about the missing information.		
Article 3	Article 3(1c)			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
62m		1c. The supervisory authority shall attribute a case number to the complaint and communicate this information to the complainant. This shall be without prejudice to the assessment of admissibility of the complaint pursuant to paragraph 2(c), point (i).	
Article 3	3(1b)	,	
62n			Iter. Without prejudice to the admissibility of a complaint, supervisory authorities may ask the submission of supplementary information by the complainant in order to facilitate the handling of the complaint and enable the full investigation of the case.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 3	(2)		
63	2. The supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged shall establish whether the complaint relates to cross-border processing.	2. The supervisory authority with which the complaint washas been lodged shall establish whether, within three weeks after acknowledging the admissibility of the complaint relates to cross border processing pursuant to paragraph 1b:	2. The supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged shall establish determine, by way of a preliminary conclusion, whether the complaint relates to cross-border processing and which supervisory authority is assumed to act as a lead supervisory authority in accordance with Article 56, paragraph 1 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, and where relevant whether the case may be handled in accordance with Article 56, paragraph 2 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.
Article 3	(2), point (a)		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
63a		(a) establish, by way of a preliminary conclusion, whether the complaint relates to cross-border processing of personal data of the complainant, considering at least the following:	
Article 3	(2), point (a)(i)		
63b		(i) relevant controller or processor for the processing in question;	
Article 3	(2), point (a)(ii)		
63c			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		(ii) number of establishments of the controller or processor in the EU;	
Article 3	(2), point (a)(iii)		
63d		(iii) place of the main establishment;	
Article 3	(2), point (a)(iv)		
63e		(iv) activities of establishments in more than one Member State;	
Article 3	(2), point (a)(v)		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	
63f		(v) substantial effect or likely substantial effect on data subjects in more than one Member State.		
Article 3	(2), point (b)			
63g		(b) establish which supervisory authority is the assumed lead supervisory authority under Article 56(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, and whether the case is local in nature pursuant to Article 56(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679,		
Article 3	Article 3(2), point (c)			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate		
63h		(c) take one of the following actions:			
Article 3	(2), point (c)(i)				
63i		(i) transmit the complaint to the assumed lead supervisory authority under Article 56(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and inform the complainant thereof. The assessment of the admissibility of the complaint by the supervisory authority with which the complaint has been lodged shall be binding on the lead supervisory authority; or			
Article 3	Article 3(2), point (c)(ii)				

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
63j		(ii) handle the complaint under Article 56(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	
Article 3	(2a)		
63k		2a. The lead supervisory authority shall immediately provide the complaint to the party under investigation and request a reply without undue delay, but no later than three weeks from the day the party under investigation was informed by the lead supervisory authority. In complex cases, and where requested and duly justified by the party under investigation, the time for replying can be extended by the lead supervisory authority by another three weeks.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate		
Article 3	Article 3(2b)				
631		2b. The parties or the assumed lead supervisory authority shall raise any objection in relation to the competence of the assumed lead supervisory authority or to the handling of a complaint under Article 56(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 within three weeks from being informed about the action taken pursuant to Article 3(2), point (c).			
Article 3	s(2c)				
63m		2c. Where an objection under paragraph 2b			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		was raised, the supervisory authority with which the complaint has been lodged may withdraw the transmission of the complaint and either assume its own competence under Article 55 or 56 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or transfer it to an assumed lead supervisory authority within two weeks. If none of these actions were taken, or where differing assessments of the supervisory authorities involved cannot be resolved otherwise, the supervisory authority with which the complaint has been lodged shall request a determination by the Board under Article 26a. It shall provide the Board with a description of relevant processing activities, of the company's organisation and a description of where decisions are taken.	
Article 3(3	3)		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
64	3. The supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged shall determine the completeness of the information required by the Form within one month.	deleted	deleted
Article 3	3(4)		
65	4. Upon assessment of the completeness of the information required by the Form, the supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged shall transmit the complaint to the lead supervisory authority.	deleted	4. Upon assessment of the completeness of the information required by the FormWhere a complaint that relates to cross-border processing is admissible, in the absence of early resolution pursuant to Article 5, the supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged shall transmit the complaint to the assumed lead supervisory authority.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 3(4a)			
65a			4a. Within eight weeks after receipt of the complaint, the assumed lead supervisory authority shall either confirm its competence or, where there are conflicting views on which supervisory authorities concerned is competent for the main establishment, refer the subject-matter to the Board for dispute resolution under Article 65 (1) (b) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. This shall not preclude supervisory authorities from referring the subject-matter to the Board for dispute resolution under Article 65(1)(b) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 after the expiry of this deadline.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 3	(5)		
66	5. Where the complainant claims confidentiality when submitting a complaint, the complainant shall also submit a nonconfidential version of the complaint.	deleted	deleted
Article 3	(6)		
67	6. The supervisory authority with which a complaint was lodged shall acknowledge receipt of the complaint within one week. This acknowledgement shall be without prejudice to the assessment of admissibility of the complaint	deleted	deleted

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	pursuant to paragraph 3.		
Chapter	II .		
67a		<u>Chapter II</u> <u>Complaints and ex officio procedures</u>	
Article 4			
68	Article 4 Investigation of complaints	Article 4 Investigation Handling of complaints	Article 4 Investigation of complaints

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 4	, first paragraph		
69	While assessing the extent appropriate to which a complaint should be investigated in each case the supervisory authority shall take into account all relevant circumstances, including all of the following:	While assessing the extent appropriate to which a complaint should be investigated in each case the <u>lead</u> supervisory authority shall <u>take into</u> <u>account all relevant circumstances, including</u> <u>all ofendeavour to ensure</u> the following:	While assessing the extent appropriate to which a complaint should be investigated in each case the lead supervisory authority or, as the case may be, the supervisory authorities concerned, shall take into account all relevant circumstances, including all of the following:
Article 4	, first paragraph, point (a)		
70	(a) the expediency of delivering an effective and timely remedy to the complainant;	(a) the expediency of delivering delivery of an effective and timely remedy to the complainant;	(a) the expediency of delivering handling the complaint in an effective and timely remedy to the complainant manner;

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Article 4	, first paragraph, point (b)	'	
71	(b) the gravity of the alleged infringement;	(b) the gravity of the alleged infringement investigation of relevant factual and legal elements required to jointly decide on the complaint and issue a decision under Article 60(7), (8) and (9) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679;	(b) the gravitynature of the alleged infringement;
Article 4	, first paragraph, point (c)		
72	(c) the systemic or repetitive nature of the alleged infringement.	(c) the investigation of any other elements necessary for the efficient enforcement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, including the ex officio exercise of powers pursuant to Article 58(2), Article 83 or Article 84 of Regulation	(c) the systemic or repetitive naturecharacter of the alleged infringement.

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		(EU) 2016/679, especially in the case of systemic, grave or repetitive nature of the alleged infringement infringements.	
Article 4	, (1a)		
72a		1a. The handling of a complaint shall always lead to a legally binding decision that is subject to an effective legal remedy under Article 78 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	
Article 4	, (1b), first sub-paragraph		
72b		1b. The lead supervisory authority shall deliver a draft decision pursuant to Article	

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		60(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 without delay, and no later than nine months from the receipt of the complaint.			
Article 4	, (1b), second sub-paragraph				
72c		This deadline may exceptionally be extended by:			
Article 4	Article 4, (1b), second sub-paragraph, point (a)				
72d		(a) eight weeks when comments under Article 9(3) are submitted with regard to a summary of key issues or an updated summary of key			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		issues;	
Article 4	, (1b), second sub-paragraph, point (b)		
72e		(b) eight weeks where the lead supervisory authority intends to issue fines or other penalties;	
Article 4	, (1b), second sub-paragraph, point (c)		
72f		(c) the period of time between a reference under Article 26a(1) or (2) and the decision by the Board;	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	
Article 4	, (1b), second sub-paragraph, point (d)			
72g		(d) the period of any prolongation permitted by the Board under Article 26a(3).		
Article 4	, (1b), third sub-paragraph			
72h		Each extension under points (a) to (d) may only be done once.		
Article 4	Article 4, (1c)			
72i		1c. Paragraph 1b shall not apply once a case		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		is submitted to the consistency mechanism in accordance with Article 60(4) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	
Article 5			
73	Article 5 Amicable settlement	Article 5 Amicable settlement	Article 5 Amicable settlementProcedure for the early resolution of complaints relating to crossborder processing
Article 5	, 1.		
74	A complaint may be resolved by amicable	A complaint may be resolved by amicable	1. A complaint relating to cross-border

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	settlement between the complainant and the parties under investigation. Where the supervisory authority considers that an amicable settlement to the complaint has been found, it shall communicate the proposed settlement to the complainant. If the complainant does not object to the amicable settlement proposed by the supervisory authority within one month, the complaint shall be deemed withdrawn.	settlement between the complainant and the partiesparty under investigation. Where the at any stage of the proceedings. The complaint-receiving or the lead supervisory authority considers that an amicable settlement to the complaint has been found, it shall communicate the proposed settlement to the complainant may encourage and facilitate that voluntary process. If the complainant does not object to the amicable settlement proposed by the supervisory authority within one month, the complaint shall be deemed withdrawn.	processing which concerns the exercice of data subjects' rights under Regulation (EU) 2016/679, may be resolved by amicable settlement between the complainant and the parties under investigation. Where the supervisory authority considers that an amicable settlement to the complaint has been found, it shall communicate the proposed settlement to the complainant. If the complainant does not object to the amicable settlement proposed by the supervisory authority within one month, the complaint shall be deemed withdrawn.through a procedure allowing for its early resolution when:
Article 5	, 1., point (a)		
74a			(a) the supervisory authority with which the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			complaint was lodged, prior to the possible transmission of the complaint to the lead supervisory authority, considers that the controller or processor has duly addressed the alleged infringement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and that the complainant's request has been dealt with in a satisfactory manner.
Article 5	, 1., point (b)		
74b			(b) the supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged, prior to the possible transmission of the complaint to the lead supervisory authority, or the lead supervisory authority to which the complaint has been transmitted where applicable,

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			determines that an amicable settlement to the complaint has been found and that the issues raised by the complainant have been dealt with in a satisfactory manner, provided that such settlement is allowed under the supervisory authority's national law and results in the termination of the alleged infringement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.
Article 5	, first paragraph a		
74c		1a. An amicable settlement between the complainant and the party under investigation shall be considered to be found where there is explicit agreement. Where an amicable settlement to the complaint has been found, the parties shall within one month communicate the settlement to the lead	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		supervisory authority and the supervisory authority where the complaint has been lodged.	
Article 5	, 1. a		
74d			2. The early resolution of a complaint pursuant to paragraph 1 (a) may only apply when:
Article 5	, 1. a, point (a)		
74e			(a) the supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged has obtained supporting evidence that the controller or

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			processor has already complied with the request of the complainant and that the infringements of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 are terminated, the supervisory authority has documented and communicated this to the complainant, using clear and plain language, and
Article 5	5, 1. a, point (b)	<u>I</u>	
74f			(b) given that the complainant's request have been addressed in a satisfactory manner for the complainant, the supervisory authority can consider that the object of the complaint becomes devoid of purpose.

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Article 5	, first paragraph b				
74g		1b. Within one month after the communication of the amicable settlement under paragraph 1a, a draft decision pursuant to Article 56(4) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 shall be submitted, indicating:			
Article 5	, first paragraph b, point (a)				
74h		(a) whether the conditions of an amicable settlement under paragraph 1a are fulfilled, and			
Article 5	Article 5, first paragraph b, point (b)				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
74i		(b) whether to open an ex officio investigation under paragraph 1d.	
Article 5	, 1. b		
74j			3. The early resolution of a complaint pursuant to paragraph 1 (b) may only apply when:
Article 5	, 1. b, point (a)		
74k			(a) the supervisory authority has documented and communicated the proposed

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			settlement to the complainant, using clear and plain language, to inform the complainant about the nature and consequences of the proposed settlement, and
Article 5	, 1. b, point (b)		
741			(b) the complainant does not object to the amicable settlement proposed within four weeks after having received the proposed settlement. The complainant may request an extension of two weeks to object to the proposed settlement. In the absence of objection by the complainant within four or six weeks, as the case may be, the proposed settlement is deemed to have been accepted,

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	
			and therefore the complaint becomes devoid of purpose.	
Article 5	, first paragraph c			
74m		1c. Where, within one month, none of the other supervisory authorities concerned have objected to the draft decision under paragraph 1b or the Board confirms the amicable settlement in the procedure under Article 65(1), point (a) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, the complaint shall be deemed withdrawn and the settlement shall become valid.		
Article 5, first paragraph d				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
74n		1d. An amicable settlement does not prevent the lead supervisory authority from conducting an ex officio investigation in the same matter. It may open an ex officio investigation instead, in particular where:	
Article 5	, first paragraph d, point (a)		
74o		(a) the party under investigation is a repeat offender;	
Article 5	, first paragraph d, point (b)		
74p			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		(b) the party under investigation has been the subject of a large number of other amicable settlements;	
Article 5	, first paragraph d, point (c)		
74q		(c) the broad subject matter of the complaint concerns a large number of data subjects other than the complainant, is of long duration, or is of serious nature; or	
Article 5	, first paragraph d, point (d)		
74r		(d) the exercise of powers is otherwise	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		required to ensure effective, proportionate and dissuasive enforcement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	
Article 5	, 1. c		
74s			4. Where the supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged considers that a complaint can be resolved through a procedure allowing for its early resolution in accordance with paragraph 1, it shall inform the assumed lead supervisory authority about the resolution and take into account any views that might be submitted.
Article 5	, 1. d		

5. Where the lead supervisory authority considers that a complaint can be resolved through a procedure allowing for its early resolution in accordance with paragraph 1 b), it shall submit a draft decision to the concerned supervisory authorities in accordance with Article 60 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, with a view to adopting a final decision in accordance with Article 60(7) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 finding that the complaint, or part of the complaint, has been resolved by the lead supervisory authority and that the handling of the complaint will be terminated.		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	74t			considers that a complaint can be resolved through a procedure allowing for its early resolution in accordance with paragraph 1 b), it shall submit a draft decision to the concerned supervisory authorities in accordance with Article 60 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, with a view to adopting a final decision in accordance with Article 60(7) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 finding that the complaint, or part of the complaint, has been resolved by the lead supervisory authority and that the handling of the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
74u		Article 5a Request for an ex officio procedure	
Article 5	a, first paragraph		
74v		1. Where it considers that Regulation (EU) 2016/679 may be violated and data subjects in the territory of its Member State are affected, any supervisory authority concerned may request an ex officio procedure by submitting a written request for a discretionary action pursuant to paragraph 2 to the lead supervisory authority. Such a request shall contain at least:	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate			
Article 5	Article 5a, first paragraph, point (a)					
74w		(a) a declaration to be a supervisory authority concerned, and				
Article 5	a, first paragraph, point (b)					
74x		(b) a summary of key issues pursuant to Article 9.				
Article 5	Article 5a, (2), first sub-paragraph					

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate		
74y		2. Within three weeks, the assumed lead supervisory authority shall:			
Article 5	a, (2), first sub-paragraph, point (a)				
74z		(a) inform the supervisory authority concerned that it has opened an ex officio procedure;			
Article 5	Article 5a, (2), first sub-paragraph, point (b)				
74aa		(b) inform the supervisory authority concerned that Article 56(2) of Regulation			

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		(EU) 2016/679 applies to the case and that in accordance with Article 56(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 the lead supervisory authority does not intend to handle the case itself; or	
Article 5	a, (2), first sub-paragraph, point (c)		
74ab		(c) reject the request, if it takes the view that it is not the lead supervisory authority or there is no prima facie violation of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	
Article 5	a, (2), second sub-paragraph		
74ac		In the case referred to in point (a) of this	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	
		paragraph, the supervisory authority concerned may submit to the lead supervisory authority a draft decision pursuant to Article 56(4) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.		
Article 5	a, (2), third sub-paragraph			
74ad		In the cases referred to in point (b) and (c) of this paragraph, the supervisory authority concerned may resubmit an amended request for an ex officio procedure, or request a determination on the opening of the procedure by the Board in accordance with Article 26a(1).		
Article 5a, third paragraph				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
74ae		3. Where the lead supervisory authority opens an ex officio procedure, it shall deliver a draft decision pursuant to Article 60(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 without delay, but no later than nine months from the receipt of the request pursuant to paragraph 1. This deadline may exceptionally be extended by:	
Article 5	a, third paragraph, point (a)		
74af		(a) eight weeks when comments under Article 9(3) are submitted against a summary of key issues or an updated summary of key issues;	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 5	Article 5a, third paragraph, point (b)		
74ag		(b) eight weeks where the lead supervisory authority intends to issue fines or other penalties;	
Article 5	a, third paragraph, point (c)		
74ah		(c) the period of time between a reference under Article 26a and the decision by the Board;	
Article 5	a, third paragraph, point (d)		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
74ai		(d) the period of any prolongation permitted by the Board under Article 26a(3).	
Article 6			
75	Article 6 Translations	Article 6 deleted	Article 6 deleted
Article 6	(1)		
76	I. The supervisory authority with which the		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	complaint was lodged shall be responsible for:	deleted	deleted
Article 6	(1), point (a)		
77	(a) translation of complaints and the views of complainants into the language used by the lead supervisory authority for the purposes of the investigation;	deleted	deleted
Article 6	(1), point (b)		
78	(b) translation of documents provided by the lead supervisory authority into the language		

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
used for communication with the complainant, where it is necessary to provide such documents to the complainant pursuant to this Regulation or Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	deleted	deleted
Article 6(2)		
2. In its rules of procedure, the Board shall determine the procedure for the translation of comments or relevant and reasoned objections expressed by supervisory authorities concerned in a language other than the language used by the lead supervisory authority for the purposes of the investigation.	deleted	deleted
Chapter III		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
80	Chapter III Cooperation under Article 60 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679	Chapter III Cooperation under Article 60 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and with other relevant authorities	Chapter III Cooperation under Article 60 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679
Section :	1		
81	Section 1 Reaching consensus within the meaning of Article 60(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679	Section 1 Reaching consensus within the meaning of Article 60(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679	Section 1 Reaching consensus within the meaning of Article 60(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679General principles of cooperation
Article 6	ia		
81a			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			Application of ophensed econometics
			Application of enhanced cooperation procedures
Article 6	ia, first paragraph		
81b			1. Supervisory authorities shall cooperate in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter in order to enhance cooperation procedures under Article 60 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.
Article 6	l sa, second paragraph		
81c			

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		2. Where the lead supervisory authority considers that, on the basis of the characteristics of a case and previous decisions on similar cases, there is no need to trigger enhanced cooperation procedures between supervisory authorities provided for under Chapter III of this Regulation, the lead supervisory authority may not apply the procedures pursuant to Chapter III of this Regulation and continue to cooperate with supervisory authorities concerned under Article 60 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. The lead supervisory authority shall inform the supervisory authorities concerned thereof, providing the relevant information on the characteristics of the case and the relevant previous decisions taken into consideration for this assessment, no later than within six weeks from the transmission of a complaint in accordance to Article 3, paragraph 4, of this Regulation. In such a case, the right to

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			be heard of the parties under investigation and/or of the complainant shall be ensured mutatis mutandis as provided in Section II and Article 14 and 17 of this Regulation.
Article 6a,	, third paragraph		
81d			3. Where any of the supervisory authorities concerned objects to the assessment made by the lead supervisory authority pursuant to paragraph 2, within two weeks after having been notified of it, the provisions of Chapter III of this Regulation shall apply.
Article 6a,	, fourth paragraph		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
81e			4. Chapter III does not apply for cross- border processing cases handled pursuant to Article 56, paragraph 2 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.
Article 6	a, fifth paragraph		
81f			5. Articles 9 to 15 of this Regulation do not apply to complaint-based cases resolved pursuant to Article 5 of this Regulation.
Section 1	1a		
81g			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			Section 1bis REACHING CONSENSUS WITHIN THE MEANING OF ARTICLE 60(1) OF REGULATION (EU) 2016/679
Article 7			
82	Article 7 Cooperation between supervisory authorities	Article 7 Cooperation between supervisory authorities	Article 7 Cooperation between supervisory authorities
Article 7	, first paragraph		
83	While cooperating in an endeavour to reach a consensus, as provided for in Article 60(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, supervisory	While cooperating in an endeavour to reach a consensus, as provided for in Article 60(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, supervisory	deleted

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	authorities shall use all the means provided for in Regulation (EU) 2016/679, including mutual assistance pursuant to Article 61 and joint operations pursuant to Article 62 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	authorities shall use all the means provided for in Regulation (EU) 2016/679, including mutual assistance pursuant to Article 61 and joint operations pursuant to Article 62 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	
Article 7	, second paragraph		T
84	The provisions in this section concern the relations between supervisory authorities and are not intended to confer rights on individuals or the parties under investigation.	deleted	The provisions in this section concern the relationscooperation between supervisory authorities and are not intended todo not confer rights on individuals or the parties under investigation.
Article 8			·

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
85 Article 8	Article 8 Relevant information within the meaning of Article 60(1) and (3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679	Article 8 Relevant information within the meaning of Article 60(1) and (3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679	Article 8 Relevant information to be exchanged between the lead supervisory authority and supervisory authorities concerned within the meaning of Article 60(1) and (3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679
Article 8	3(1)		
86	1. The lead supervisory authority shall regularly update the other supervisory authorities concerned about the investigation and provide the other supervisory authorities concerned, at the earliest convenience, with all relevant information once available.	1. The lead supervisory authority shall regularly update the other supervisory authorities concerned about the investigation and provide the other supervisory authorities concerned, at the earliest convenience, with instant, unrestricted and continuous remote	1. The lead supervisory authority shall regularly update the other supervisory authorities concerned about the investigation and provide the other supervisory authorities concerned, at the earliest convenience, with all relevant information onceas soon as it becomes

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		access to the full joint case file, and shall include in the joint case file all relevant information once available, in particular documents, submissions, memos and other information related to the case within one week from producing or receiving them.	available.
Article 8	, 2		
87	2. Relevant information within the meaning of Article 60(1) and (3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 shall include, where applicable:	2. The lead supervisory authority shall actively provide and notify the other supervisory authorities concerned and, where necessary for dispute resolution under Article 65 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, the Board, with relevant information within the meaning of Article 60(1) and (3) of that Regulation, within one week from producing or receiving it. This information (EU) 2016/679 shall include cover	2- In the course of the investigation, the lead supervisory authority and the supervisory authorities concerned shall exchange relevant information within the meaning of Article 60(1) and (3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, which shall include, where applicable and as soon as available:

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		information on major steps in the procedure, including where applicable:	
Article 8	s, 2, point (a)	<u>I</u>	
88	(a) information on the opening of an investigation of an alleged infringement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679;	(a) information on the opening of an ex officio investigation of an alleged infringement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679or of a complaints procedure;	(a) information on the opening of an investigation of an alleged infringement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679;
Article 8	s, 2, point (b)		
89	(b) requests for information pursuant to Article 58(1), point (e) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679;	(b) requests for information pursuant to Article 58(1), point (e) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679;	(b) requests for information pursuant to Article 58(1), point (e) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and related documents resulting from these

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	
			requests;	
Article 8	s, 2, point (c)			
90	(c) information of the use of other investigative powers referred to in Article 58(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679;	(c) information of the use of other investigative powers referred to in Article 58(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679;	(c) information of the use of other investigative powers referred to in Article 58(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and related documents resulting from the exercise of these powers;	
Article 8	Article 8, 2, point (d)			
91	(d) in the case of envisaged rejection of complaint, the lead supervisory authority's	(d) in the case of envisaged rejection of complaint, the lead supervisory authority's	(d) in the case of envisaged rejection of complaint, the lead supervisory authority's	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	reasons for rejection of the complaint;	reasons for rejection of the complaint;	reasons for rejection of the complaint;
Article 8	, 2, point (da)		
91a			(dd) the possible early resolution of the complaint pursuant to Article 5 of this Regulation;
Article 8	, 2, point (e)		
92	(e) summary of key issues in an investigation in accordance with Article 9;	(e) the issuing or updating of the summary of key issues in an investigation in accordance with Article 9;	(e) summary of key issues in an investigation and related comments in accordance with Article 9;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 8	, 2, point (ea)		
92a		(ea) any comments to a summary of key issues in accordance with Article 9(3);	(ee) information on the scope of investigation, including developments or findings which may lead to the modification of the scope of investigation or the initiation of a new investigation;
Article 8	, 2, point (f)		
93	(f) information concerning steps aiming to establish an infringement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 prior to the preparation of preliminary findings;	(f) information concerning steps aiming to establish an infringement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 prior to the preparation of preliminary findings and prior to the preparation of the draft decision;	(f) information concerning steps and legal analysis aiming to establish an infringement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 prior to the preparation of preliminary findings;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	
Article 8	s, 2, point (g)			
94	(g) preliminary findings;	(g) preliminary findings;	(g) preliminary findings;	
Article 8	s, 2, point (h)			
95	(h) the response of the parties under investigation to the preliminary findings;	(h) the response of the parties under investigation to the preliminary findings;	(h) the response of the parties under investigation to the preliminary findings;	
Article 8	Article 8, 2, point (i)			
96				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	(i) the views of the complainant on the preliminary findings;	(i) the views of the complainant on the non-confidential version of the preliminary findings and, if applicable, other aspects of the investigation on which formal written submissions have been made by the complainant;	(i) the views of the complainant on the non-confidential version of the preliminary findings;
Article 8	s, 2, point (j)		
97	(j) in the case of rejection of a complaint, the written submissions of the complainant;	(j) in the case of rejection of a complaint, the written submissions of the complainant;	(j) in the case of rejection of a complaint, the written submissions of the complainant;
Article 8	s, 2, point (k)		
98			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	(k) any relevant steps taken by the lead supervisory authority after receiving the response of the parties under investigation to the preliminary findings and prior to submission of a draft decision in the sense of Article 60(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	(k) any relevant steps taken by the lead supervisory authority after receiving the response of the parties under investigation to the preliminary findings and prior to submission of a draft decision in the sense of Article 60(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	(k) any relevant steps taken by the lead supervisory authority after receiving the response of the parties under investigation -to the preliminary findings and prior to submission of a draft decision in the sense of Article 60(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679-;
Article 8	, 2, point (ka)		
98a		(ka) any draft decision in accordance with Article 60(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or revised draft decision in accordance with Article 60(5) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679; any draft decision in accordance with Article 60(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or revised draft decision in accordance with Article 60(5) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679;	(l) any other information deemed useful and relevant for the purpose of the investigation.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 8	(2), point (kb)		
98b		(kb) any relevant and reasoned objections in accordance with Article 60(4) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679;	
Article 8	(2), point (kc)		
98c		(kc) any judicial remedy brought during a procedure under Article 60 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or against a decision under Article 60(7) to (9) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 8	(2a)		
98d			3. The Board may specify the modalities and requirements for the exchange of relevant information between supervisory authorities referred to in this Article and for the provision of comments by supervisory authorities concerned on the summary of key issues referred to in Article 9.
Article 9			
99	Article 9 Summary of key issues	Article 9 Summary of key issues	Article 9 Summary of key issues

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate		
Article 9	Article 9(1)				
100	1. Once the lead supervisory authority has formed a preliminary view on the main issues in an investigation, it shall draft a summary of key issues for the purpose of cooperation under Article 60(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	1. Once Within four weeks after having received a complaint, or a request to open an ex officio procedure, the lead supervisory authority has formed a preliminary view on the main issues in an investigation, it shall draft a summary of key issues that presumably need to be determined in order to decide the case, for the purpose of cooperation under Article 60(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, and provide this summary to the supervisory authorities concerned. The summary shall be drafted in an impartial way, taking into account any diverging facts and arguments. When transferring a case to the lead supervisory authority pursuant to Article 3(2), point (c), point (i), the concerned supervisory authority may provide a draft of a summary of key	1. Once the lead supervisory authority has formedsufficient elements to form a preliminary view on the main issues in an investigation, it shall draft a summary of key issues for the purpose of cooperation under Article 60(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, which shall include the following elements:		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate		
		issues, which is not binding on the lead supervisory authority.			
Article 9	(2)				
101	2. The summary of key issues shall include all of the following elements:	2. The summary of key issues shall include all of the following elements:	deleted		
Article 9	Article 9(2a)				
102	(a) the main relevant facts;	(a) the main relevant facts;	(a) the main relevant facts;		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 9	P(2b)		
103	(b) a preliminary identification of the scope of the investigation, in particular the provisions of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 concerned by the alleged infringement which will be investigated;	(b) a preliminary identification of the scope of the investigation, in particular the provisions of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 concerned by the alleged infringement which will be investigated, and, where applicable, an indication of whether they appear to have been infringed;	(b) a preliminary identification of the scope of the investigation, in particular the provisions of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 concerned by the alleged infringement which willare to be investigated;
Article 9	(2c), first subparagraph		
104	(c) identification of complex legal and technological assessments which are relevant for preliminary orientation of their assessment;	(c) identification of complex preliminary factual or legal and technological assessments which are, dealing with all relevant for preliminary orientation of their assessment views as expressed by parties when	(c) where applicable, identification of eomplex-legal, factual and/or-and technological assessmentsissues which are relevant for preliminary orientation of their assessment;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		the summary is drafted, and including relevant European case law, as well as guidelines, recommendations and best practices issued by the Board;	
Article 9	(2c), second subparagraph		
105	(d) preliminary identification of potential corrective measure(s).	(d) preliminary identification of potential corrective measure(s).	(d) where applicable, preliminary identification of– potential corrective measure(s).
Article 9	(2c), third subparagraph		
105a			The summary of key issues shall be communicated to the supervisory authorities

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			concerned without delay, and no later than three months after the lead supervisory auhtority has confirmed its competence pursuant to Article 3, paragraph 4a of this Regulation. The lead supervisory authority may extend by another three months that period on account of the complexity of the case.
Article 9)(2a)		
105b		2a. The summary of key issues shall be updated by the lead supervisory authority without undue delay to reflect any factual or legal changes that emerge during the course of the procedure.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate		
Article 9	Article 9(3)				
106	3. The supervisory authorities concerned may provide comments on the summary of key issues. Such comments must be provided within four weeks of receipt of the summary of key issues.	3. The supervisory authorities concerned may provide <i>factual or legal</i> comments on the summary of key issues. Such comments must be provided within four weeks of receipt of the summary of key issues <i>or any update of it, in accordance with Article 60 of Regulation (EU)</i> 2016/679.	3. The supervisory authorities concerned may provide comments on the summary of key issues. Such comments must be provided within four weeks of receipt of the summary of key issues. The period may be extended by another two weeks on account of the complexity of the case upon request of the supervisory authorities concerned or of the lead supervisory authority.		
Article 9	(4)				
107	4. Comments provided pursuant to paragraph 3 shall meet the following requirements:				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	
		deleted	deleted	
Article 9((4a)			
107a			4. In cases where the supervisory authorities concerned provided comments under paragraph 3, they shall be shared with all other supervisory authorities concerned. The lead supervisory authority shall respond to these comments within four weeks to indicate whether and how it intends to take them into account. The period may be extended by another four weeks on account of the complexity of the case.	
Article 9(Article 9(4a), point (a)			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	
108	(a) language used is sufficiently clear and contains precise terms to enable the lead supervisory authority, and, as the case may be, supervisory authorities concerned, to prepare their positions;	deleted	deleted	
Article 9	(4a), point (b)			
109	(b) legal arguments are set out succinctly and grouped by reference to the part of the summary of key issues to which they relate;	deleted	deleted	
Article 9	Article 9(4a), point (c)			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate		
110	(c) the comments of the supervisory authority concerned may be supported by documents, which may supplement the comments on specific points.	deleted	deleted		
Article 9	Article 9(5)				
111	5. The Board may specify in its rules of procedure restrictions on the maximum length of comments submitted by supervisory authorities concerned on the summary of key issues.	deleted	deleted		
Article 9	Article 9(5a)				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
111a			5 Where the lead supervisory authority is required by national law to engage in subsequent domestic procedure related to the same case, the summary of key issues shall be prepared again if the lead supervisory auhtority intends to deviate from previous consensus on the case.
Article	9(6)		
112	6. Cases where none of the supervisory authorities concerned provided comments under paragraph 3 of this Article shall be considered non-contentious cases. In such cases, the preliminary findings referred to in Article 14 shall be communicated to the parties under	6. Cases where none of the supervisory authorities concerned provided comments under paragraph 3 of this Article which challenge the summary of key issues or raise other important factual or legal questions shall be considered non-contentious cases. In such cases, the	deleted

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	investigation within 9 months of the expiry of the deadline provided for in paragraph 3 of this Article.	preliminary findings deadline to issue a draft decision referred to in Article 144(1b) shall be communicated to the parties under investigation within 93 months of the expiry of the deadline provided for in paragraph 3 of this Article.	
Section I	II	I .	
112a		Section 2 Cooperation with other relevant authorities	
Article 1	0		
113	Article 10	Article 10	Article 10

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	Use of means to reach consensus	Use of means to reach consensus	Use of means to reach consensus within within the meaning of Article 60(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679
Article 1	10(-1)		
113a			1. Pursuant to Article 60(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, the lead supervisory authority and supervisory authorities concerned shall endeavour to reach consensus on cross-border processing cases, in accordance with this Article, and may use all the means provided for in Regulation (EU) 2016/679, including mutual assistance pursuant to Article 61 and joint operations pursuant to Article 62 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 1	0(-1a)		
			1a. In cases where none of the supervisory authorities concerned provided comments
			under Article 9, paragraph 3, of this Regulation, or in cases where consensus was found following comments received, the
113b			preliminary findings referred to in Article 14 shall be communicated to the parties under investigation within six months of the expiry
			of the deadline provided for in Article 9, paragraph 3, of this Regulation. In an exceptional case, that period may be
			extended once on account of the complexity of the case. In such a case, the lead supervisory authority shall notify the
			supervisory authorities concerned and set

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			out the duration of and reasons for the extension.
Article 1	10, 1b		
	1. A supervisory authority concerned shall	A supervisory authority concerned shall	4.1b In cases where a supervisory authority
	make a request to the lead supervisory authority	make a request to the lead supervisory authority	concerned shalldisagrees with the lead
	under Article 61 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679,	under Article 61 of Regulation (EU)	supervisory authority and in the absence of
	Article 62 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, or	2016/679,or Article 62 of Regulation (EU)	consensus, that supervisory authority may
	both, where, following the comments of	2016/679, or both, where, following the	make a request to the lead supervisory authority
114	supervisory authorities concerned pursuant to	comments of supervisory authorities concerned	under Article 61 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 ,
	Article 9(3), a supervisory authority concerned	pursuant to Article 9(3), a supervisory authority	or to trigger Article 62 of Regulation (EU)
	disagrees with the assessment of the lead	concerned disagrees with the assessment of the	2016/679, or both, where, following the
	supervisory authority on:	lead supervisory authority on:	comments of supervisory authorities concerned
			pursuant to Article 9(3), a supervisory authority
			concerned disagrees with the assessment of the
			lead supervisory authority in order to reach
			consensus on:

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 1	10, 1b, point (a)		
115	(a) the scope of the investigation in complaint-based cases, including the provisions of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 concerned by the alleged infringement which will be investigated;	(a) the scope of the investigation in complaint-based cases, including the provisions of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 concerned by the alleged infringement which will be investigated;	(a) the scope of the investigation in complaint-based cases, including the provisions of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 concerned by the alleged infringement which will be investigated;
Article 1	10, 1b, point (b)		
116	(b) preliminary orientation in relation to complex legal assessments identified by the lead supervisory authority pursuant to Article 9(2), point (c);	(b) preliminary orientation in relation to complex factual or legal assessments identified by the lead supervisory authority pursuant to Article 9(2), point (c);	(b) preliminary orientation in relation to complexthe legal assessments is sues identified by the lead supervisory authority pursuant to Article 9(2), point (c), where applicable;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate		
Article 1	0, 1b, point (c)				
117	(c) preliminary orientation in relation to complex technological assessments identified by the lead supervisory authority pursuant to Article 9(2), point (c).	deleted	(c) preliminary orientation in relation to complexthe technological assessmentsissues identified by the lead supervisory authority pursuant to Article 9(2), point (c), where applicable.		
Article 1	Article 10(1), point (ca)				
117a		(ca) preliminary identification of potential corrective measure(s) pursuant to Article 9(2), point (d).			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 1	0(2)		
118	2. The request under paragraph 1 shall be made within two months of the expiry of the period referred to in Article 9(3).	2. The request under paragraph 1 shall be made within two months of the expiry of the period referred to in Article 9(3).	2. The request under paragraph 1 shall be made within twoone months of the expiry of the period referred to in Article 9(3)9(4).
Article 1	0(2a)		
118a			2a. Where a request to conduct joint operations pursuant to Article 62 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 is made by a concerned supervisory authority, the lead supervisory authority should respond to the request within one month.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Artic	le 10(3)		
119	3. The lead supervisory authority shall engage with the supervisory authorities concerned on the basis of their comments on the summary of key issues, and, where applicable, in response to requests under Article 61 and 62 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, in an endeavour to reach a consensus. The consensus shall be used as a	3. In cases not falling under Article 9(6) of this Regulation, the lead supervisory authority shall investigate facts relevant for diverging views and engage, making its best effort, with the supervisory authorities concerned on the basis of their comments on the summary of key issues, and, where applicable, in response to	3. The lead supervisory authority shall engage with the supervisory authorities concerned on the basis of their comments on the summary of key issues, and, where applicable, in response to requests under Article 61 and 62 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, in an endeavour to reach a consensus. The consensus shall be used as a
	basis for the lead supervisory authority to continue the investigation and draft the preliminary findings or, where applicable, provide the supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged with its reasoning for the purposes of Article 11(2).	requests under Article 61 and 62 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, in an endeavour to reach a consensus. The consensus shall be used as a basis for the lead supervisory authority to continue the investigation and draft the preliminary findings or, where applicable, provide the supervisory authority with which	basis for the lead supervisory authority to continue the investigation and draft the preliminary findings or, where applicable, provide the supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged -with its reasoning for the purposes of Article 11(2).
		the complaint was lodged with its reasoning for	

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			the purposes of Article 11(2).	
	Article 1	0(4)		
ļ	Article 1	O(4)		
		4. Where, in a complaint-based investigation,	4. Where within four weeks after the expiry of	4. Where, in a complaint-based investigation,
		there is no consensus between the lead	the deadlines for comments, the procedure	there is no consensus between the lead
		supervisory authority and one or more	provided for in paragraph 3 of this Article fails	supervisory authority and one or more
		concerned supervisory authorities on the matter	to generate in a complaint-based investigation,	concerned supervisory authorities on the matter
		referred to in Article 9(2), point (b), of this	there is no consensus between the lead	referred to in Article 9(2)9(1), point (b), of this
	120	Regulation, the lead supervisory authority shall	supervisory authority and one or more	Regulation, the lead supervisory authority
	120	request an urgent binding decision of the Board	concerned supervisory authorities concerned on	shalla request for an urgent binding decision of
		under Article 66(3) of Regulation (EU)	the mattermatters referred to in Article 9(2),	the Board under Article 66(3) of Regulation
		2016/679. In that case, the conditions for	point (b), of this Regulation, the lead	(EU) 2016/679 shall be submitted by any
		requesting an urgent binding decision under	supervisory authority or a supervisory	supervisory authority concerned or the lead
		Article 66(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 shall	authority concerned shall request an urgent	supervisory authority. In those cases. In that
		be presumed to be met.	binding decisiona procedural determination of	ease, the conditions for requesting an urgent
			the Board under Article 66(3) of 26a of this	binding decision under Article 66(3) of
			Regulation (EU) 2016/679. In that case, the	Regulation (EU) 2016/679 shall be presumed to
			1	I .

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		conditions for requesting an urgent binding decision under Article 66(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 shall be presumed to be met.	be met.
Article 1	0(5)		
121	5. When requesting an urgent binding decision of the Board pursuant to paragraph 4 of this Article, the lead supervisory authority shall provide all of the following:	5. When requesting an urgent binding decisiona procedural determination of the Board pursuant to paragraph 4 of this Article, the leadrequesting supervisory authority shall provide all of the following:	5. When requesting an urgent binding decision of the Board pursuant to paragraph 4 of this Article, the leadrequesting supervisory authority shall provide all of the following:
Article 1	0(5), point (a)		
122	(a) the documents referred to in Article 9(2),	(a) the documents relevant information referred	(a) the documents referred to in Article

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	
	points (a) and (b);	to in Article 9(2), points (a) and (b) including any updates when they occur;	9(2)9(1),-points (a) and (b);	
Article 1	.0(5), point (b)			
123	(b) the comments of the supervisory authority concerned that disagrees with the lead supervisory authority's preliminary identification of the scope of the investigation.	(b) the comments of the supervisory authority authorities concerned that disagrees disagree with the lead supervisory authority's preliminary identification of the scope of the investigation- or the factual or legal assessment of the elements of the summary of key issues referred to in Article 9(2);	(b) the comments of the supervisory authority concerned that disagrees with the lead supervisory authority's preliminary identification of the scope of the investigation.;	
Article 10(5), point (ba)				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
123a		(ba) access to the joint case file.	(c) further exchanges between the lead supervisory authority and the supervisory authorities concerned under Article 9(4), 9(5) and 10(3);
Article 1	0(5), point (bb)		
123b			(d) any other relevant document or information, as requested by the Board.
Article 1	0(5a)		
123c		5a. The Board may request the supervisory	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		authorities to provide other documents or information, as it deems appropriate in the particular case.	
Article 1	.0(6)		
124	6. The Board shall adopt an urgent binding decision on the scope of the investigation on the basis of the comments of the supervisory authorities concerned and the position of the lead supervisory authority on those comments.	6. The Board shall adopt an urgent binding decision on the scope of the investigation summary of key issues or on extending the period referred to in paragraph 4, in accordance with Article 26a, on the basis of the comments of the supervisory authorities concerned and the position of the lead supervisory authority on those comments all documents received.	6. The Board shall adopt an urgent binding decision on the scope of the investigation on the basis of the comments of the supervisory authorities concerned and the position of the lead supervisory authority on those comments all the documents received.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 1	.0(6a)		
124a			6bis. Following the implementation of the urgent binding decision referred to under paragraph 6 by the Board, the lead supervisory authority shall continue to cooperate with the supervisory authorities concerned pursuant to Article 60 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and continue handling the case. The preliminary findings referred to in Article 14 shall be communicated to the parties under investigation within six months. In an exceptional case, that period may be extended once on account of the complexitiy of the case. In such a case, the lead supervisory authority shall notify the concerned supervisory authority and set out the duration of and reasons for the extension.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 1	Oa		
124b		Article 10a Cooperation with other relevant authorities	
Article 1	Oa(1)		
124c		Supervisory authorities shall strive to communicate non-personal information obtained in the context of the procedures set out in this Regulation to national and Union supervisory authorities competent in data protection and other areas, including	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		competition, financial services, energy, telecommunications, consumer protection, digital services, or artificial intelligence supervisory authorities, where the information is deemed relevant to the tasks and duties of those authorities, in particular for opening administrative procedures and investigations into possible violations of legislation under their competences. Information can be only used for the purposes of which it was gathered. However, that does not preclude the supervisory authority to initiate other proceedings based on that information or to share it with other authorities for that purpose.	
Section	2		
125	Section 2 Full or partial rejection of complaints		Section 2 Full or partial rejection of complaints

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		deleted	
		Heading "Section 2" is placed after Article 9 and its title is changed to "Section 2 Cooperation with other relevant authorities" - see line 112a	
Article 1	1		
126	Article 11 Hearing of complainant prior to full or partial rejection of a complaint	Artiele 11 deleted	Article 11 Hearing of complainant prior to Procedure for dismissal or full or partial rejection of a complaint within the meaning of Article 60(8) and Article 60(9) of Regulation EU 2016/679

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 1	.1(1)		
127	1. Following the procedure provided for in Article 9 and 10, the lead supervisory authority shall provide the supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged with the reasons for its preliminary view that the complaint should be fully or partially rejected.	deleted	1. Following the procedure provided for inPrior to submitting a draft decision pursuant to Article 9 and 1060(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, the lead supervisory authority shall provide the supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged with the reasons for its preliminary view that the complaint should be dismissed or fully or partially rejected.
Article 1	1(2)		
128			

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
2. The supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged shall inform the complainant of the reasons for the intended full or partial rejection of the complaint and set a time-limit within which the complainant may make known her or his views in writing. The time-limit shall be no less than three weeks. The supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged shall inform the complainant of the consequences of the failure to make her or his views known.	deleted	2. The supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged shall inform the complainant of the reasons for the intended dismissal or full or partial rejection of the complaint-and set a time-limit within which the complainant may make known her or his views in writing. The time-limit shall be no less than three weeks. The supervisory authority with which the complainant was lodged shall provide the complainant with the possibility to make her or his views known and shall inform the complainant of the consequences of the failure to make her or his views known. The complainant shall make his or her views known in writing and within four weeks upon receiving the reasons for the intended dismissal or full or partial rejection of the
		complaint. Upon request of the complainant, the period shall be extended by two weeks on account of the complexity of the case.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate		
Article 1	1(3)				
129	3. If the complainant fails to make known her or his views within the time-limit set by the supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged, the complaint shall be deemed to have been withdrawn.	deleted	3. If the complainant fails to make known her or his views within the time limit set by The supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged, the complaint shall without delay transmit any views made by the complainant within the time-limit of four or six weeks, as the case may be, to the lead supervisory authority be deemed to have been withdrawn.		
Article 1	Article 11(4)				
130	4. The complainant may request access to the				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	non-confidential version of the documents on which the proposed rejection of the complaint is based.	deleted	deleted
Article 1	1(5)		
131	5. If the complainant makes known her or his views within the time-limit set by the supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged and the views do not lead to a change in the preliminary view that the complaint should be fully or partially rejected, the supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged shall prepare the draft decision under Article 60(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 which shall be submitted to the other supervisory authorities concerned by the lead supervisory authority pursuant to Article 60(3)	deleted	5. If the complainant makes known her or his views within the time-limit set by the supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged and the views do not lead to a change in the preliminary view that the complaint should be dismissed or fully or partially rejected, the lead supervisory authority, in cooperation with the supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged, shall prepare the draft decision under Article 60(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 which shall be submitted to the other-supervisory authorities

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate		
	of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.		concerned by the lead supervisory authority pursuant to Article 60(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679		
Article 1	1(5a)				
131a			6. When the draft decision submitted pursuant to paragraph 5 concludes that the complaint should be partially rejected, the lead supervisory authority shall continue its investigation in cooperation with the concerned supervisory authorities on the part of the complaint which remains to be investigated.		
Article 1	Article 12				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
132	Article 12 Revised draft decision fully or partially rejecting a complaint	deleted	Article 12 Revised draft decision dismissing or fully or partially rejecting a complaint
Article 1	2(1)		
133	1. Where the lead supervisory authority considers that the revised draft decision within the meaning of Article 60(5) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 raises elements on which the complainant should have the opportunity to make her or his views known, the supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged shall, prior to the submission of the revised draft decision under Article 60(5) of Regulation	deleted	1. Where the lead supervisory authority considers that the revised draft decision within the meaning of Article 60(5) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 raises new elements on which the complainant should have the opportunity to make her or his views known, the supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged shall, prior to the submission of the revised draft decision under Article 60(5) of Regulation

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	(EU) 2016/679, provide the complainant with the possibility to make her or his views known on such new elements.		(EU) 2016/679, provide the complainant with the possibility to make her or his views known on such new elements, following the same procedure as provided under Article 11 of this Regulation.
Article 1	2(2)		
134	2. The supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged shall set a time-limit within which the complainant may make known her or his views.	deleted	deleted
Article 1	3		
135			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	Article 13	Article 13	Article 13
	Decision fully or partially rejecting a complaint	deleted	Decision dismissing or fully or partially rejecting a complaint
Article 1	.3, first paragraph		
136	When adopting a decision fully or partially rejecting a complaint in accordance with Article 60(8) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, the supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged shall inform the complainant of the judicial remedy available to him or her in accordance with Article 78 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	deleted	1. When adopting a decision dismissing or fully or partially rejecting a complaint in accordance with Article 60(8) Articles 60(8) or 60(9) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, the supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged shall inform the complainant of the judicial remedy available to him or her in accordance with Article 78 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 1	3, first paragraph a		
136a			2. The lead supervisory authority shall inform the controller of the decision adopted pursuant to Article 60(9) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.
Section 3	3		
137	Section 3 Decisions addressed to controllers and processors	Section 3 Decisions addressed to controllers and processors parties under investigation	Section 3 Decisions addressed to controllers and processors

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 1	4		
138	Article 14 Preliminary findings and reply	Article 14 Preliminary findings and replythe right to be heard	Article 14 Preliminary findings and reply
Article 1	4(1)		
139	1. When the lead supervisory authority intends to submit a draft decision within the meaning of Article 60(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 to the other supervisory authorities concerned finding an infringement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, it shall draft preliminary findings.	1. Following the consultations and procedures under Articles 9 and 10 of this Regulation, when the lead supervisory authority intends to submit a draft decision within the meaning of Article 60(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 to the other supervisory authorities concerned finding an infringement of Regulation (EU)	1. When the lead supervisory authority intends to submit a draft decision within the meaning of Article 60(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 to the other supervisory authorities concerned finding an infringement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, -it shall draft preliminary findings.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		2016/679, it shall draft preliminary findings.	
Article 1	14(2), first subparagraph		
	2. The preliminary findings shall present	2. The preliminary findings shall present	2. The madiminant findings shall include the
	allegations raised in an exhaustive and	allegations raised in an exhaustive and	2. The preliminary findings shall include the main findings of the investigation and present
	sufficiently clear way to enable the parties	sufficiently clear way to enable the parties	allegations raised in an exhaustive and
	under investigation to take cognisance of the	under investigation to take cognisance of the	sufficiently clear way to enable the parties
	conduct investigated by the lead supervisory	conduct investigated by the lead supervisory	under investigation to take cognisance of the
	authority. In particular, they must set out clearly	authority. In particular, they must shall set out	conduct investigated by the lead supervisory
140	all the facts and the entire legal assessment	clearly all the facts, <i>including listing all the</i>	authority. In particular, they must set out clearly
	raised against the parties under investigation, so	evidence relied upon, and the entire legal	all the facts and the entire legal assessment
	that they can express their views on the facts	assessment raised against the parties under	raised against the parties under investigation, so
	and the legal conclusions the lead supervisory	investigation, so that they <u>are heard and</u> can	that they can express their views on the facts
	authority intends to draw in the draft decision	express their views on the facts and the legal	and the legal conclusions the lead supervisory
	within the meaning of Article 60(3) of	conclusions the lead supervisory authority	authority intends to draw in the draft decision
	Regulation (EU) 2016/679, and list all the	intends to draw in the draft decision within the	within the meaning of Article 60(3) of
	evidence it relies upon.	meaning of Article 60(3) of Regulation (EU)	Regulation (EU) 2016/679, and list all the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		2016/679, and list all the evidence it relies upon.	evidence it relies upon.
Article 1	.4(2), second subparagraph		
141	The preliminary findings shall indicate corrective measures the lead supervisory authority intends to use.	_The preliminary findings shall indicate <u>the</u> corrective measures <u>that are considered by</u> the lead supervisory authority <u>intends to use.</u>	The preliminary findings shall indicate, based on the information available at that stage and without prejudice to the views of the parties, corrective measures the lead supervisory authority intends to useconsiders using.
Article 1	.4(2), third subparagraph		
142	Where the lead supervisory authority intends to	Where the lead supervisory authority intends to	Where the lead supervisory authority intends to

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
impose a fine, it shall list in the preliminary findings the relevant elements on which it relies while calculating the fine. In particular, the lead supervisory authority shall list the essential facts and matters of law which may result in the imposition of the fine and the elements listed in Article 83(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, including any aggravating or mitigating factors it will take into account.	impose considers imposing a fine, it shall list in the preliminary findings the relevant elements on which it relies intends to rely in deciding whether to impose an administrative fine and while calculating the fine. In particular, the lead supervisory authority shall list the essential facts and matters of law which may result in the imposition of the fine and the elements listed in Article 83(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, including any aggravating or mitigating factors it will take into account.	impose a fine, it shall list in the preliminary findings the relevant elements on which it relies while calculating the, based on the information available at that stage and without prejudice to the views of the parties, considers imposing an administrative fine. In particular in accordance with Article 83 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, the lead supervisory authority shall list in the preliminary findings the main legal and factual elements, the essential facts and matters of law which may result in the impositionare known to it, and on which it intends to rely in deciding whether to impose an administrative fine and in deciding on the amount of the fine, having regard to and the elements listed in Article 83(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, including any aggravating or mitigating factors it will take into account.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 1	4(2a)		
142a			2bis. The preliminary findings shall be transmitted to the supervisory authorities concerned, which may provide comments to the lead supervisory authorities within four weeks. Upon request of one of the supervisory authority concerned, the period shall be extended by another two weeks on account of the complexity of the case.
Article 1	4(3)		
143	3. The lead supervisory authority shall notify preliminary findings to each of the parties under investigation.	3. The lead supervisory authority shall notify preliminary findings to each of the parties under investigation <i>that may be subject to the</i>	3. The lead supervisory authority shall notify preliminary findings, where relevant amended to take into account comments received by

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		exercise of a corrective power, as well as to the supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged and the supervisory authorities concerned. The supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged shall notify preliminary findings to the complainant.	the supervisory authorities concerned, to each of the parties under investigation.
Article 1	4(4)		
144	4. The lead supervisory authority shall, when notifying the preliminary findings to the parties under investigation, set a time-limit within which these parties may provide their views in writing. The lead supervisory authority shall not be obliged to take into account written views received after the expiry of that time-limit.	deleted	4. The lead supervisory authority shall, when notifying the preliminary findings to the parties under investigation, set a time-limit of four weeks within which these parties may provide their views in writing, or hold a hearing within the same time-limit in order to hear the views of the parties orally. Upon request of the parties under investigation, the period

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			shall be extended by another two weeks on account of the complexity of the case. The lead supervisory authority shall not be obliged tomay take into account written views received after the expiry of that time-limit, in accordance with national law.	
Article 1	4(5)			
145	5. When notifying the preliminary findings to the parties under investigation, the lead supervisory authority shall provide those parties with access to the administrative file in accordance with Article 20.	deleted	5. When notifying the preliminary findings to the parties under investigation, the lead supervisory authority shall provide those parties with access to the administrative file in accordance with Article 20.	
Article 1	Article 14(6)			

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146	6. The parties under investigation may, in their written reply to preliminary findings, set out all facts and legal arguments known to them which are relevant to their defence against the allegations of the lead supervisory authority. They shall attach any relevant documents as proof of the facts set out. The lead supervisory authority shall, in its draft decision, deal only with allegations, including the facts and the legal assessment based on those facts, in respect of which the parties under investigation have been given the opportunity to comment.	6. The parties under investigation may, in their written reply to preliminary findings, set out all facts and legal arguments known to them which are relevant to their defence against the allegations of the lead supervisory authority. They shall attach any relevant documents as proof of the facts set out. The lead supervisory authority shall, in its draft decision, deal only with allegations, including the facts and the legal assessment based on those facts, in respect of which the parties under investigation have been given the opportunity to comment.	6. The parties under investigation may, in their written or oral reply to preliminary findings, set out all facts and legal arguments known to them which are relevant to their defence against the allegations of the lead supervisory authority. They shall attach any relevant documents as proof of the facts set out. The lead supervisory authority shall, in its draft decision, deal only with allegations, including the facts and the legal assessment based on those facts, in respect of which the parties under investigation have been given the opportunity to comment.
Article 1	.4(6a)		
146a			7. The lead supervisory authority shall

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			submit a draft decision in accordance with Article 60(3) GDPR to the other supervisory authorities concerned within three months from the receiving of the views of the parties under investigations and/or the complainant. In an exceptional case, that period may be extended once on account of the complexity of the case. In such a case, the lead supervisory authority shall notify the concerned supervisory authority and set out the duration of and reasons for the extension.
Article 1	4(6b)		
146b			8. Where the lead supervisory authority is required by national law to engage in subsequent domestic procedure related to the same case, the preliminary findings shall be

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			prepared again if the lead supervisory auhtority intends to deviate from previous consensus on the case.
Article 1	5		
147	Article 15 Transmission of preliminary findings to complainants	Artiele 15 deleted	Article 15 Transmission of preliminary findings to complainants
Article 1	5(1)		
148	Where the lead supervisory authority issues preliminary findings relating to a matter in		Where the lead supervisory authority issues preliminary findings relating to a matter in

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	respect of which it has received a complaint, the supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged shall provide the complainant with a non-confidential version of the preliminary findings and set a time-limit within which the complainant may make known its views in writing.	deleted	respect of which it has received a complaint, the supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged shall provide the complainant with—a non-confidential version of—the preliminary findings, in accordance with Article 20 and 21, and set a time-limit of four weeks within which the complainant may make known its views in writing. Upon request of the complainant, the period shall be extended by another two weeks on account of the complexity of the case.
Article 1	.5(1a)		
148a			1a. For the purpose of paragraph 1, administrative modalities and requirement under the national procedural law of the supervisory authority with which the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			complaint was lodged shall continue to apply.
Article 1	5(2)		
149	2. Paragraph 1 shall apply also when a supervisory authority, where appropriate, treats several complaints jointly, splits the complaints in several parts or in any other way exercises its discretion concerning the scope of the investigation as set out in preliminary findings.	deleted	deleted
Article 1	5(3)		
150	3. Where the lead supervisory authority considers that it is necessary for the		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	complainant to be provided with documents included in the administrative file in order for the complainant to effectively make known her or his views on the preliminary findings, the supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged shall provide the complainant with the non-confidential version of such documents when providing the preliminary findings pursuant to paragraph 1.	deleted	deleted
Article 1	.5(4)		
151	4. The complainant shall be provided with the non-confidential version of the preliminary findings only for the purpose of the concrete investigation in which the preliminary findings were issued.	deleted	deleted

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 1	5(5)		
152	5. Before receiving the non-confidential version of preliminary findings and any documents provided pursuant to paragraph 3, the complainant shall send to the lead supervisory authority a confidentiality declaration, where the complainant commits himself or herself not to disclose any information or assessment made in the non-confidential version of preliminary findings or to use those findings for purposes other than the concrete investigation in which those findings were issued.	deleted	deleted
Article 1	6		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
153	Article 16 Adoption of final decision	Article 16 Submission of draft decisions, revised draft decisions and adoption of final decision	Article 16 Adoption of final decision
Article 1	6, first paragraph		
154	After submitting the draft decision to supervisory authorities concerned pursuant to Article 60(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and where none of the supervisory authorities concerned has objected to the draft decision within the periods referred to in Article 60(4) and (5) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, the lead supervisory authority shall adopt and notify its decision under Article 60(7) of Regulation (EU)	After submitting the draft decision to supervisory authorities concerned pursuant to Article 60(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and where none of the supervisory authorities concerned has objected to the draft decision within the periods referred to in Article 60(4) and (5) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, the lead supervisory authority shall, within four weeks from the end of the periods referred to in	1. After submitting the draft decision to supervisory authorities concerned pursuant to Article 60(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and where none of the supervisory authorities concerned has objected to the draft decision within the periods referred to in Article 60(4) and (5) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, the lead supervisory authority shall adopt and notify, within one month, its decision under Article

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	2016/679 to the main establishment or single establishment of the controller or processor, as the case may be, and inform the supervisory authorities concerned and the Board of the decision in question, including a summary of the relevant facts and grounds.	Article 60(4) and (5) of Regulation 2016/679, adopt and notify its decision under Article 60(7) and Article 60(9) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 to the main establishment or single establishment of the controller or processor, as the case may be, and inform the supervisory authorities concerned and the Board of the decision in question, including a summary of the relevant facts and grounds.	60(7) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 to the main establishment or single establishment of the controller or processor, as the case may be, and inform the supervisory authorities concerned and the Board of the decision in question, including a summary of the relevant facts and grounds. The supervisory authority with which the complaint was lodged shall inform the complainant of the decision.
Article 1	6, first paragraph a	1a. Where a supervisory authority concerned has objected to the draft decision within the period referred to in Article 60(4) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, and the lead supervisory authority intends to follow that objection, the lead supervisory authority shall,	2. Where the lead supervisory authority and the supervisory authorities concerned agree to dismiss or reject parts of a complaint and act on other parts of that complaint, a separate decision shall be adopted and notified to the main or single establishment

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		within four weeks, submit a revised draft decision pursuant to Article 60(5) of that Regulation.	of the controller or the processor and the complainant, following the article 60 (9) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.
Article 1	6, first paragraph b		
154b		1b. Where a supervisory authority concerned has objected to the draft decision within the period referred to in Article 60(4) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, and the lead supervisory authority does not follow the relevant and reasoned objection or is of the opinion that the objection is not relevant or reasoned, the lead supervisory authority shall, within four weeks, submit the matter to the consistency mechanism referred to in Article 63, in accordance with Article 60(4) of that Regulation.	

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Article 1	6, first paragraph c			
154c		1c. Without prejudice to additional requirements under national law, any draft decision or final decision under Article 60(3), (5) or (7) to (9) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 shall be issued in writing, using a short, concise, transparent, intelligible form and clear and plain language. It shall be drafted in an impartial way, taking into account any diverging evidence and views of the parties, and shall at least contain the following elements:		
Article 1	Article 16, first paragraph c, point (a)			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
154d		(a) the name of the supervisory authority which issued the decision;	
Article 1	6, first paragraph c, point (b)		
154e		(b) the date of issuing the decision;	
Article 1	6, first paragraph c, point (c)		
154f		(c) an impartial summary of the relevant facts of the case and their source;	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate		
Article 1	6, first paragraph c, point (d)				
154g		(d) the legal grounds for the decision;			
Article 1	6, first paragraph c, point (e)				
154h		(e) the exercised corrective powers, penalties or other measures; and			
Article 1	Article 16, first paragraph c, point (f)				
154i		(f) information on the right to an effective judicial remedy under Article 78 of Regulation			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		(EU) 2016/679 and any applicable national procedural law.	
Article 1	.6, first paragraph d		
154j		1d. In the event where the legally binding decision is to be issued by the supervisory authority with which the complaint has been lodged in accordance with Article 60(8) or (9) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, the lead supervisory authority shall ensure that the decision contains all elements necessary under the applicable national procedural law of the supervisory authority concerned. The supervisory authority concerned with which the complaint has been lodged shall assist the lead supervisory authority in drafting the decision in such a manner.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 1	6, first paragraph e		
154k		1e. Any draft decision or final decision shall only rely on factual findings made on the basis of documents or other evidence, on which the parties under investigation had the opportunity to make their views known.	
Article 1	6, first paragraph f		
1541		1f. The information provided to the parties under Article 60(7) to (9) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 shall include a copy of the legally binding decision, and information about a	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		judicial remedy available in accordance with Article 78 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	
Article 1	.6, first paragraph g	,	
154m		Ig. Supervisory authorities shall publish all legally binding decisions they issue without undue delay, but no later than three months after adoption, unless the new decisions do not materially depart from previously published decisions. In accordance with applicable national law, supervisory authorities may redact party names, any other information that may allow the identification of parties, and other information that is protected under applicable law.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 1	7		
155	Article 17 Right to be heard in relation to revised draft decision	Article 17 deleted	Article 17 Right to be heard in relation to revised draft decision
Article 1	7(1)		
156	1. Where the lead supervisory authority considers that the revised draft decision within the meaning of Article 60(5) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 raises elements on which the parties under investigation should have the opportunity to make their views known, the lead supervisory authority shall, prior to the	deleted	1. Where the lead supervisory authority considers that the revised draft decision within the meaning of Article 60(5) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 raises new elements on which the parties under investigation should have the opportunity to make their views known, the lead supervisory authority shall, prior to the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	submission of the revised draft decision under Article 60(5) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, provide the parties under investigation with the possibility to make their views known on such new elements.		submission of the revised draft decision under Article 60(5) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, provide the parties under investigation with the possibility to make their views known on such new elements.
Article 1	.7(2)		
157	2. The lead supervisory authority shall set a time-limit within which the parties under investigation may make known their views.	deleted	2. The lead supervisory authority shall set a time-limit of four weeks within which the parties under investigation may make known their views. Upon request of the parties under investigation, the period shall be extended by two week on account of the complexity of the case.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 1	7(2a)		
157a			2bis. The lead supervisory authority shall inform the supervisory authorities concerned of the views made by the parties under investigation.
Section 4	4		
158	Section 4 Relevant and reasoned objections	Section 4 Relevant and reasoned objections	Section 4 Relevant and reasoned objections
Article 1	8		
159			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	Article 18	Article 18	Article 18
	Relevant and reasoned objections	Relevant and reasoned objections	Relevant and reasoned objections
Article 1	8(1)		
160	1. Relevant and reasoned objections within the meaning of Article 4(24) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 shall:	1. Relevant and reasoned objections within the meaning of Article 4(24) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 shall:	1. Relevant and reasoned objections within the meaning of Article 4(24) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 shall:
Article 1	8(1), point (a)		
161	(a) be based exclusively on factual elements included in the draft decision; and	(a) be based <u>exclusively</u> on factual elements included in the draft decision; and, or on the <u>evidence the joint case file or on any</u>	(a) be based exclusively on factual and legal elements included in the draft decision, taking into account the comments relating to the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		additional evidence submitted together with the relevant and reasoned objection;	summary of key issues and the preliminary findings; and
Article 18((1), point (b)		
r a	(b) not change the scope of the allegations by raising points amounting to identification of additional allegations of infringement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or changing the intrinsic nature of the allegations raised.	(b) not change the scope of the allegations by raising points amounting to identification of additional allegations of infringement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or changing the intrinsic nature case as defined in the latest version of the allegations raised summary of key issues; and	(b) not change concern the scope of the allegations by raising points amounting to identification of additional allegations of infringement of Regulation an investigation on which consensus was found pursuant to Article 10(EU1a) 2016/679 or changing the intrinsic nature or 10(3), or as defined in the binding decision of the allegations raised. Board adopted under Article 10 (6) when applicable,

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 1	8(1), point (ba)		
162a		(ba) clearly identify the elements of the draft decision that should be changed, including, when possible, the precise wording of the proposed change or a sufficiently precise description of the proposed change to the draft decision.	(c) not concern a draft decision adopted in accordance with the conditions pursuant to Article 5 of this Regulation.
Article 1	8(1a)		
162b			2. Notwithstanding point (b) of paragraph 1, a supervisory authority concerned may provide relevant and reasoned objections that concern the scope of an investigation as referred to in point (b) of paragraph 1,

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	
			provided that, in duly justified cases:	
Article 1	8(1a), point (a)			
162c			 the lead supervisory authority has failed to investigate all the elements of the summary of key issues agreed pursuant to Article 10(1a) or 10(3), or has failed to comply with the binding decision of the Board under Article 10 (6). or, 	
Article 1	Article 18(1a), point (b)			
162d				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			- additional new elements not available at the time of agreeing on the summary of key issues pursuant to Article 10(1a) or 10(3), or at the time of the binding decision of the Board under Article 10 (6), demonstrate a significant risk posed by the draft decision as regards the fundamental rights and freedom of the data subject and, where applicable, the free flow of personal data within the Union; or both
Article 1	8(2)		
163	2. The form and structure of relevant and reasoned objections shall meet all of the following requirements:	2. The form and structure of relevant and reasoned objections shall meet all of the following requirements:	deleted

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 1	18(2), point (a)		
164	(a) the length of each relevant and reasoned objection and the position of the lead supervisory authority on any such objection shall not exceed three pages and shall not include annexes. In cases involving particularly complex legal issues, the maximum length may be increased to six pages, except if specific circumstances justifying a longer length are accepted by the Board;	deleted	deleted
Article 1	8(2), point (b)		
165			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	(b) the disagreement of the supervisory authority concerned with the draft decision shall be stated at the beginning of the relevant and reasoned objection and shall be worded in sufficiently clear, coherent and precise terms to enable the lead supervisory authority, and as the case may be, supervisory authorities concerned, to prepare their positions and to enable the Board to efficiently resolve the dispute;	(b) the disagreement of the supervisory authority concerned with the draft decision shall be stated at the beginning of the relevant and reasoned objection and shall be worded in sufficiently clear, coherent and precise terms to enable the lead supervisory authority, and as the case may be, supervisory authorities concerned, to prepare their positions and to enable the Board to efficiently resolve the dispute;	deleted
Article 1	18(2), point (c)		
166	(c) legal arguments shall be set out and grouped by reference to the operative part of the draft decision to which they relate. Each argument or group of arguments shall generally be preceded by a summary statement.	(c) legal arguments shall be set out and grouped by reference to the operative part of the draft decision to which they relate. Each argument or group of arguments shall generally be preceded by a summary statement.	deleted

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Chapter	IV		
167	Chapter IV Access to the administrative file and treatment of confidential information	Chapter IV deleted	Chapter IV Access to the administrative file and treatment of confidential information
Article 1	9		
168	Article 19 Content of the administrative file	Artiele 19 deleted	Article 19 Content of the administrative file

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 19	9(1)		
	1. The administrative file in an investigation concerning an alleged infringement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 consists of all documents which have been obtained, produced and/or assembled by the lead supervisory authority during the investigation.	deleted	1. The administrative file in an investigation concerning an alleged infringement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 consists of allthe documents which have been obtained, or produced and/orby the concerned supervisory authorities and the lead supervisory authority, and assembled by the lead supervisory authority during the investigation procedure, including inculpatory and exculpatory documents. The administrative file shall not include internal communication within a supervisory authority or internal drafts.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 1	9(2)		
170	2. In the course of investigation of an alleged infringement of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, the lead supervisory authority may return to the party from which they have been obtained documents which following a more detailed examination prove to be unrelated to the subject matter of the investigation. Upon return, these documents shall no longer constitute part of the administrative file.	deleted	deleted
Article 1	9(3)		
171	3. The right of access to the administrative file shall not extend to correspondence and		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	
Article 1	exchange of views between the lead supervisory authority and supervisory authorities concerned. The information exchanged between the supervisory authorities for the purpose of the investigation of an individual case are internal documents and shall not be accessible to the parties under investigation or the complainant.	deleted	deleted	
172	4. Access to relevant and reasoned objections pursuant to Article 60(4) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 shall be provided in accordance with Article 24.	deleted	deleted	
Article 2	Article 20			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
173	Article 20 Access to the administrative file and use of documents	Article 20 deleted	Article 20 Access to the administrative file by parties under investigation and the complainantand use of documents
Article 2	1. The lead supervisory authority shall grant access to the administrative file to the parties under investigation, enabling them to exercise their right to be heard. Access to the administrative file shall be granted after the lead	deleted	1. Upon request of the parties under investigation, or the complainant where the decision is liable to affect his or her interests adversely, the lead supervisory authority shall grant access to the administrative file to the
	supervisory authority notifies the preliminary findings to the parties under investigation.		parties under investigation, or the complainant, enabling them to exercise their right to be heard. Access to the administrative

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			file shall be granted after the lead supervisory authority notifies the preliminary findings to the parties under investigation.
Article 2	0(2)		
175	2. The administrative file shall include all documents, inculpatory and exculpatory, including facts and documents which are known to the parties under investigation.	deleted	deleted
Article 2	0(3)		
176	3. The conclusions of the lead supervisory authority in the draft decision under Article		3. The conclusions of the lead supervisory authority in the draft decision under Article

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	60(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and the final decision under Article 60(7) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 may only rely on documents cited in the preliminary findings or on which the parties under investigation had the opportunity to make their views known.	deleted	60(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and the final decision under Article 60(7) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 mayshall only rely on documents cited in the preliminary findings or on elements on which the parties under investigation had the opportunity to make their views known.
Article 2	.0(3a)		
176a			3bis. Correspondence, exchange of views and other information exchanged between supervisory authorities for the purpose of the investigation shall not be accessible to the parties under investigation, the complainant or third parties.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate		
Article 2	0(3b)				
176b			3ter. Access to relevant and reasoned objections pursuant to Article 60(4) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 on the basis to which the lead supervisory authority intends to adopt a revised draft decision shall only be provided by the lead supervisory authority where necessary to enable the parties under investigation or the complainant to express their views and defend their rights.		
Article 2	Article 20(4)				
177	4. Documents obtained through access to the administrative file pursuant to this Article shall				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	be used only for the purposes of judicial or administrative proceedings for the application of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 in the specific case for which such documents were provided.	deleted	deleted
Article 2	1		
178	Article 21 Identification and protection of confidential information	Article 21 deleted	Article 21 Identification and protection of confidential information
Article 2	1(1)		
179	Unless otherwise provided in this		Unless otherwise provided in this

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	Regulation, information collected or obtained by a supervisory authority in cross-border cases under of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, including any document containing such information, shall not be communicated or made accessible by the supervisory authority in so far as it contains business secrets or other confidential information of any person.	deleted	Regulation, any information collected, produced or obtained by a supervisory authority in cross-border cases under-of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, including any document containing such information, shall not be communicated or made accessible by the supervisory authority to the parties under the investigation or to the complainant in so far as it contains businesstrade secrets as defined in directive (EU) 2016/943 or other confidential information of any personin accordance with Union and Member State law.
Article 2	1(2)		
180	2. Any information collected or obtained by a supervisory authority in cross-border cases		2. Any information collected, produced or obtained by a supervisory authority in cross-

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	under Regulation (EU) 2016/679, including any document containing such information, is excluded from access requests under laws on public access to official documents as long as the proceedings are ongoing.	deleted	border cases under Regulation (EU) 2016/679 referred to in paragraph 1, including any document containing such information, is excluded from access requests under laws on public access to official documents shall not be disclosed, unless required by Union or Member State law, as long as the proceedings are ongoing.
Article 2	1(3)		
181	3. When communicating preliminary findings to parties under investigation and providing for access to the administrative file on the basis of Article 20, the lead supervisory authority shall ensure that the parties under investigation to whom access is being given to information containing business secrets or other confidential	deleted	deleted

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	information treat such information with utmost respect for its confidentiality and that such information is not used to the detriment of the provider of the information. Depending on the degree of confidentiality of the information, the lead supervisory authority shall adopt appropriate arrangements to give full effect to the rights of defence of the parties under investigation with due regard for the confidentiality of the information.		
Article 2	1(4)		
182	4. An entity submitting information that it considers to be confidential shall clearly identify the information which it considers to be confidential, giving reasons for the confidentiality claimed. The entity shall provide	deleted	4. An entityA party under investigation, a complainant, or a third party submitting information that it considers to be confidential shall clearly identify the information which it considers to be confidential, giving reasons for

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	a separate non-confidential version of the submission.		the confidentiality claimed. The entityparty under investigation, complainant, or third party shall provide a separate non-confidential version of the submission.
Article 2	21(5)		
183	5. Without prejudice to paragraph 4, the lead supervisory authority may require the parties under investigation, or any other party which produces documents pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2016/679, to identify the documents or parts of documents which they consider to contain business secrets or other confidential information belonging to them and to identify the parties for which these documents are considered to be confidential.	deleted	5. Without prejudice to paragraph 4, the lead supervisory authority to which the information is submitted may require the parties under investigation, or any other party which produces documents pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2016/679, to identify the documents or parts of documents which they consider to contain businesstrade secrets or other confidential information belonging to them and to identify the parties for which these documents are considered to be confidential.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 2	1(6)		
184	6. The lead supervisory authority may set a time-limit for parties under investigation and any other party raising a confidentiality claim to:	deleted	6. The lead supervisory authority mayto which the information is submitted shall set a time-limit for parties under investigation and any other party raising a confidentiality claim to:
Article 2	1(6), point (a)		
185	(a) substantiate their claims for business secrets and other confidential information for each individual document or part of document, statement, or part of statement;	deleted	(a) substantiate their claims for businesstrade secrets and other confidential information for each individual document or part of document, statement, or part of statement;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 2	1(6), point (b)		
186	(b) provide a non-confidential version of the documents and statements, in which the business secrets and other confidential information are redacted;	deleted	(b) provide a non-confidential version of the documents and statements, in which the businesstrade secrets and other confidential information are redacted;
Article 2	1(6), point (c)		
187	(c) provide a concise, non-confidential, description of each piece of redacted information.	deleted	(c) provide a concise, non-confidential, description of each piece of redacted information.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 2	1(7)		
188	7. If the parties under investigation or any other party fails to comply with paragraphs 4 and 5, the lead supervisory authority may assume that the documents or statements concerned do not contain business secrets or other confidential information.	deleted	7. If the parties under investigation or any other party fails to comply with paragraphs 4 and 5, the lead-supervisory authority to which the information is submitted may assume that the documents or statements concerned do not contain-business trade secrets or other confidential information.
Article 2	1(7a)		
188a			7bis. The authority to which the information is submitted shall determine whether or not the information or relevant and specific parts of documents are confidential, in accordance

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			with paragraph 1, and shall inform the other supervisory authorities about the confidential nature of the information when transmitted.
Article 2	1(7b)		
188b			8. Information exchanged between supervisory authorities in the application of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, where it is regarded as confidential information under the national law of the supervisory authority to which the information is submitted, shall remain treated as confidential by the supervisory authority receiving it.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Chapter	V		
189	Chapter V Dispute resolution	Chapter V Dispute resolution	Chapter V Dispute resolution
Article 2	2		
190	Article 22 Referral to dispute resolution under Article 65 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679	Article 22 Referral to dispute resolution under Article 6565(1), point (a) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679	Article 22 Referral to dispute resolution under Article 65, paragraph 1(a), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679
Article 22(1)			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
191	1. If the lead supervisory authority does not follow the relevant and reasoned objections or is of the opinion that the objections are not relevant or reasoned, it shall submit the subject-matter to the dispute resolution mechanism set out in Article 65 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	1. If the lead supervisory authority does not follow the relevant and reasoned objections or is of the opinion that the objections are not relevant or reasoned, it shall submit the subject-matter to the dispute resolution mechanism set out in Article 65 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, within four weeks from the receipt of all relevant and reasoned objections or from the lapse of the deadline pursuant to Article 60(4) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. Relevant and reasoned objections that have been received after the deadline shall not be taken into consideration.	deleted
Article 2	2(1a)		
191a			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			1a. Within three months after the expiry of the period set out by Article 60(4) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, the lead supervisory authority shall either submit a revised draft pursuant to Article 60 (5) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 to the other supervisory authorities concerned or refer the subject-matter to the Board for dispute resolution under Article 65 (1) (a) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.
Article 2	22(1b)		
191b			1b. Within three months after the expiry of the period set out by Article 60(5) of Regulation 2016/679, the lead supervisory authority shall either submit another revised draft decision under 60 (5) of Regulation

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			(EU) 2016/679 or refer the subject-matter to the Board for dispute resolution under Article 65 (1) (a) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.
Article 2	2(2)		
192	2. When referring the subject-matter to dispute resolution, the lead supervisory authority shall provide the Board with all of the following documents:	2. When referring the subject-matter to dispute resolution, the lead supervisory authority shall provide the Board with all of the following documents:	2. When referring the subject-matter to dispute resolution under Article 65, pargraph 1(a) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, the lead supervisory authority shall provide the Board with all of the following documents:
Article 2	2(2), point (a)		
193			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	(a) the draft decision or revised draft decision subject to the relevant and reasoned objections;	(a) the draft decision or revised draft decision subject to the relevant and reasoned objections;	(a) the draft decision or revised draft decision subject to the relevant and reasoned objections;
Article 2	2(2), point (aa)		
193a		(aa) the summary of key issues;	
Article 2	(2(2), point (b)		
194	(b) a summary of the relevant facts;	(b) a summary of the relevant facts, including the description of processing activities, the description of the controller's organisation and where the relevant decisions on the purposes and means of the processing of	(b) a summary of the relevant facts;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		personal data are taken;	
Article 2	2(2), point (c)		
195	(c) the preliminary findings;	(c) the preliminary findings;	deleted
Article 2	2(2), point (d)		
196	(d) view made in writing by the parties under investigation, as the case may be, pursuant to Articles 14 and 17;	(d) viewviews made in writing by the parties under investigation, as the case may be, pursuant to Articles 14 and 17 Article 14;	(d) view made in writing by the parties under investigation, as the case may be, pursuant to Articles 14 and 17 at least to the extent they relate to the subject matter submitted to the dispute resolution mechanism;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 2	2(2), point (e)		
197	(e) views made in writing by complainants, as the case may be, pursuant to Articles 11, 12, and 15;	deleted	(e) views made in writing by complainants, as the case may be, pursuant to Articles 11, 12, and 15 at least to the extent they relate to the subject matter submitted to the dispute resolution mechanism;
Article 2	2(2), point (f)		
198	(f) the relevant and reasoned objections which were not followed by the lead supervisory authority;	(f) the relevant and reasoned objections which were not followed by the lead supervisory authority, and the objections that the lead supervisory authority has rejected as not	(f) the relevant and reasoned objections which were not followed or rejected by the lead supervisory authority and the objections that the lead supervisory authority has rejected as

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate		
		<u>relevant or reasoned;</u>	being neither relevant nor reasoned;		
Article 2	2(2), point (g)				
199	(g) the reasons on the basis of which the lead supervisory authority did not follow the relevant and reasoned objections or considered the objections not to be relevant or reasoned.	(g) the reasons on the basis of which the lead supervisory authority did not follow the relevant and reasoned objections or considered rejected the objections as not to be relevant or reasoned:	(g) the reasons on the basis of which the lead supervisory authority did not follow the relevant and reasoned objections or considered the objections not to be relevant or reasoned.		
Article 2	Article 22(2), point (ga)				
199a		(ga) access to the joint case file.			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 2	2(2a)		
199b			2a. Where appropriate, the Board may request further documents from the lead supervisory authority, at least to the extent they relate to the subject matter submitted to the dispute resolution mechanism.
Article 2	2(3)		
200	3. The Board shall within four weeks of receiving the documents listed in paragraph 2 identify retained relevant and reasoned objections.	3. The Board shall register the submission of a subject-matter to the dispute resolution mechanism within fourtwo weeks of receiving all of the documents listed in paragraph 2 identify retained relevant and reasoned objections or it shall demand a resubmission	3. The Board shall within four weeks of receiving the documents listed in paragraph 2 identify retained relevant and reasoned objections.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		that includes any missing information within another week. When registering the submission, the Board shall list and structure the disputes between supervisory authorities which form the scope of the procedure before the Board, and instantly provide them to all supervisory authorities.	
Article 2	2(3a)		
200a		3a. Once all information specified in paragraph 2 have been received, the Chair of the Board is empowered to request from the lead supervisory authority or the supervisory authorities concerned any additional information, documents or clarifications necessary for the Board to take a binding decision concerning all of the matters which	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		are the subject of the relevant and reasoned objections. The authorities shall provide this additional information no later than one week after having received the request.	
Article 2	2(3b)		
200b		3b. The supervisory authorities concerned may, within two weeks after having been provided with the submission pursuant to paragraph 3, submit other relevant information that they have on that case which was not included in the objections, including but not limited to, facts and documentation related to their objection.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 2	2(3c)		
200c		3c. The "referral of the subject-matter" pursuant to Article 65(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 shall mean the moment when all of the documents referred to in Article 22(2) are available and translated in accordance with Article 2d.	
Article 2	2(3d)		
200d		3d. The prohibition provided for in Article 65(4) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 for supervisory authorities to adopt a decision on the subject matter submitted to the Board during the periods referred to in Article 65(2)	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		and (3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 shall also apply during the periods referred in paragraph 3 of this Article.	
Article 2	3		
201	Article 23 Registration in relation to a decision under Article 65(1), point (a), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679	Article 23 deleted	Article 23 Registration in relation to a decision under Article 65(1), point (a), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679
Article 2	3, 1.		
202	The Chair of the Board shall register the referral		1. The Chair of the Board shall register the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	of a subject-matter to dispute resolution under Article 65(1), point (a), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 no later than one week after having received all of the following documents:	deleted	referral of a subject-matter to dispute resolution under Article 65(1), point (a), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 no later than one week after having received all of the following documents: referred to in Article 22, pargraph 2 and 2a, and the retained relevant and reasoned objections.
Article 2	3, 1., point (a)		
203	(a) the draft decision or revised draft decision subject to the relevant and reasoned objections;	deleted	deleted
Article 23, 1., point (b)			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	
204	(b) a summary of the relevant facts;	deleted	deleted	
Article 2	3, 1., point (c)			
205	(c) view made in writing by the parties under investigation, as the case may be, pursuant to Articles 14 and 17;	deleted	deleted	
Article 2	Article 23, 1., point (d)			
206	(d) views made in writing by complainants, as			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	the case may be, pursuant to Articles 11, 12 and 15;	deleted	deleted
Article 2.	3, 1., point (e)		
207	(e) the retained relevant and reasoned objections;	deleted	deleted
Article 2.	3, 1., point (f)		
208	(f) the reasons on the basis of which the lead supervisory authority did not follow the retained relevant and reasoned objections.	deleted	deleted

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 2.	3, 1. a		
208a			2. As soon as the file is registered by the Chair of the Board, it shall be provided to the members of the Board.
Article 2	4		
209	Article 24 Statement of reasons prior to adoption of decision under Article 65(1), point (a), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679	Article 24 deleted	Article 24 Statement of reasons prior to adoption of decision under Article 65(1), point (a), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate		
Article 2	Article 24(1)				
210	1. Prior to adopting the binding decision pursuant to Article 65(1), point (a), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, the Chair of the Board shall, through the lead supervisory authority, provide the parties under investigation and/or, in the case of full or partial rejection of a complaint, the complainant, with a statement of reasons explaining the reasoning the Board intends to adopt in its decision. Where the Board intends to adopt a binding decision requiring the lead supervisory authority to amend its draft decision or revised draft decision, the Board shall decide whether such statement of reasons should be accompanied by the retained relevant and reasoned objections on the basis of which the Board intends to adopt its decision.	deleted	1. Prior to adopting the binding decision pursuant to Article 65(1), point (a), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, the Chair ofwhere the Board shall, throughintends to adopt a decision requiring the lead supervisory authority to amend its draft decision or revised draft decision, it shall assess whether the adoption of such decision relies on elements on which, provide the parties under investigation and/or, in the case of full or partial rejection of a complaint, the complainant, have been provided with an opportunity to express their viewswith a statement of reasons explaining the reasoning the Board intends to adopt in its decision. Where the Board intends to adopt a binding decision requiring the lead supervisory authority to amend its draft decision		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			or revised draft decision, the Board shall decide whether such statement of reasons should be accompanied by the retained relevant and reasoned objections on the basis of which the Board intends to adopt its decision.
Article 2	4(1a)		
210a			1bis. Where the Board considers that the parties under investigation and/or, in the case of full or partial rejection of a complaint, the complainant, have not been provided with an opportunity to express their views on the elements referred to in paragraph 1, the Board shall provide the parties under investigation and/or, in the case of full or partial rejection of a complaint, the complainant, with a statement

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			of reasons explaining the reasoning the Board intends to adopt in its decision.
Article 2	4(1b)		
210b			1ter. The Board shall assess and decide whether such statement of reasons should be accompanied by the retained relevant and reasoned objections on the basis of which the Board intends to adopt its decision.
Article 2	4(2)		
211	2. The parties under investigation and/or, in the case of full or partial rejection of a complaint,		2. The Board shall set a time limit for the parties under investigation and/or, in the case of

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	the complainant, shall have one week from receipt of the statement of reasons referred to in paragraph 1 to make their views known.	deleted	full or partial rejection of a complaint, the complainant, shall have one week from receipt of the statement of reasons referred to in paragraph 1 to make their views known.
Article 2	24(3)		
212	3. The deadline in paragraph 2 shall be extended by one week where the Board extends the period for adoption of the binding decision in accordance with Article 65(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	deleted	deleted
Article 2	24(4)		
213			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	4. The period for adoption of the binding decision of the Board provided for in Article 65(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 shall not run during the periods provided for in paragraphs 2 and 3.	deleted	deleted
Article 2	25		
214	Article 25 Procedure in relation to decision under Article 65(1), point (b), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679	Artiele 25 deleted	Article 25 Procedure in relation to decision under Article 65(1), point (b), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679
Article 2	25(1)		
215			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	1. When referring a subject-matter to the Board under Article 65(1), point (b), of Regulation 2016/679, the supervisory authority referring the subject-matter regarding the competence for the main establishment shall provide the Board with all of the following documents:	deleted	I. When referring a subject-matter to the Board under Article 65(1), point (b), of Regulation 2016/679, the supervisory authority referring the subject-matter regarding the competence for the main establishment shall provide the Board with all of the following documents:
Article 2	25(1), point (a)		
216	(a) a summary of the relevant facts;	deleted	(a) a summary of the relevant facts, inlcuding regarding the processing at stake;
Article 2	25(1), point (b)		
217			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	
	(b) the assessment of these facts as far as the conditions of Article 56(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 are concerned;	deleted	(b) the assessment of these facts as far as the conditions of Article 56(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 are concerned, in particular the assessment as to whether the processing is to be considered as a cross-border processing and as to where the main establishment of the controller or processor is located;	
Article 2	5(1), point (c)			
218	(c) views made by the controller or processor whose main establishment is the subject of the referral;	deleted	(c) views made by the controller or processor whose main establishment is the subject of the referral;	
Article 2	Article 25(1), point (d)			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
219	(d) the views of other supervisory authorities concerned by the referral;	deleted	(d) the views of other supervisory authorities concerned by the referral;
Article 2	5(1), point (e)		
220	(e) any other document or information the referring supervisory authority considers relevant and necessary in order to find a resolution on the subject-matter.	deleted	(e) any other document or information the referring supervisory authority considers relevant and necessary in order to find a resolution on the subject-matter.
Article 2	5(1a)		
220a			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			1a. Where appropriate, the Board may request further documents from the lead supervisory authority.
Article 2	5(2)		
221	2. The Chair of the Board shall register the referral no later than one week after having received the documents referred to in paragraph 1.	deleted	2. The Chair of the Board shall register the referral no later than one week after having received the documents referred to in paragraph 1 and 1a .
Article 2	5(2a)		
221a			3. As soon as the file is registered by the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			Chair of the Board, it shall be provided to the members of the Board.
Article 25	5(2b)		
221b			4. Where a decision is adopted by the Board under Article 65 (1) (b) of Regulation 2016/679, in accordance with Article 65(6) of Regulation 2016/679, the competent supervisory authority designated by the Board shall acknowledge receipt of the binding decision and of its competence within one month as foreseen under Article 65(6) of Regulation 2016/679.
Article 26	6		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
222	Article 26 Procedure in relation to decision under Article 65(1), point (c), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679	Article 26 Procedure in relation to decision under Article 65(1), point (c), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679	Article 26 Procedure in relation to decision under Article 65(1), point (c), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679
Article 2	6(1)		
223	1. When referring a subject-matter to the Board under Article 65(1), point (c), of Regulation 2016/679, the supervisory authority referring the subject-matter or the Commission shall provide the Board with all of the following documents:	1. When referring a subject-matter to the Board under Article 65(1), point (c), of Regulation 2016/679, the supervisory authority referring the subject-matter or the Commission shall provide the Board with all of the following documents:	1. When referring a subject-matter to the Board under Article 65(1), point (c), of Regulation 2016/679, the supervisory authority referring the subject-matter or the Commission shall provide the Board with all of the following documents:
Article 26(1), point (a)			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
224	(a) a summary of the relevant facts;	(a) a summary of the relevant facts;	(a) a summary of the relevant facts;
Article 2	6(1), point (b)		
225	(b) the opinion, as the case may be, issued by the Board pursuant to Article 64 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679;	(b) the opinion, as the case may be, issued by the Board pursuant to Article 64 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679;	(b) the opinion, as the case may be, issued by the Board pursuant to Article 64 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679;
Article 2	6(1), point (ba)		
225a			(ba) the decision, as the case may be, adopted by the competent supervisory authority following the opinion issued by the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			Board pursuant to Article 64 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679
Article 2	26(1), point (c)		
226	(c) the views of the supervisory authority referring the subject-matter or the Commission as to whether, as the case may be, a supervisory authority was required to communicate the draft decision to the Board pursuant to Article 64(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, or a supervisory authority did not follow an opinion of the Board issued pursuant to Article 64 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	(c) the views of the supervisory authority referring the subject-matter or the Commission as to whether, as the case may be, a supervisory authority was required to communicate the draft decision to the Board pursuant to Article 64(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, or a supervisory authority did not follow an opinion of the Board issued pursuant to Article 64 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, including an explanation of which points were not followed and a reference to the relevant part of the adopted decision.	(c) the views of the supervisory authority referring the subject-matter or the Commission as to whether, as the case may be, a supervisory authority was required to communicate the draft decision to the Board pursuant to Article 64(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, or a supervisory authority did not follow an opinion of the Board issued pursuant to Article 64 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 2	6(1a)		
226a		1a The Chair of the Board shall inform all supervisory authorities of the referral made to the Board under paragraph 1, so as to allow the supervisory authorities to make their views known.	1a. Where appropriate, the Board may request further documents from the lead supervisory authority.
Article 2	6(2), first subparagraph		
227	2. The Chair of the Board shall request the following documents:	2. The Chair of the Board shall request the following documents:	2. The Chair of The Board shall request the following documents:

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 2	26(2), first subparagraph, point (a)		
228	(a) the views of the supervisory authority alleged to have breached the requirement to communicate a draft decision to the Board or to have failed to follow an opinion of the Board;	(a) the views of the supervisory authority alleged to have breached the requirement to communicate a draft decision to the Board or to have failed to follow an opinion of the Board;	(a) the views of the supervisory authority alleged to have breached the requirement to communicate a draft decision to the Board or to have failed to follow an opinion of the Board;
Article 2	26(2), first subparagraph, point (b)		
229	(b) any other document or information the supervisory authority considers relevant and necessary in order to find a resolution on the subject-matter.	(b) any other document or information the supervisory authority considers relevant and necessary in order to find a resolution on the subject-matter.	(b) any other document or information the supervisory authority considers relevant and necessary in order to find a resolution on the subject-matter.
Article 26(2), second subparagraph			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
230	If any supervisory authority declares a need to submit its views on the referred subject-matter, it shall submit those views within two weeks of the referral referred to in paragraph 1.	If any supervisory authority declares a need to submit its views on the referred subject-matter, it shall submit those views within two weeks of the referral referred to in paragraph 1.	If any supervisory authority declares a need to submit its views on the referred subject-matter, it shall submit those views within two weeks of the referral referred to in paragraph 1.
Article 2	6(3)		
231	3. The Chair of the Board shall register the referral no later than one week after having received the documents referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2.	3. The Chair of the Board shall register the referral no later than one week after having received <i>all of</i> the documents referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2.	3. The Chair of the Board shall register the referral no later than one week after having received the documents referred to in paragraphs 1, 1a and 2.
Article 26(3a)			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
231a			4. As soon as the file is registered by the Chair of the Board, it shall be provided to the members of the Board.
Article 2	6a		
231b		Article 26a Procedural determinations by the Board	
Article 2	6a(1)		
231c		1. Pursuant to Article 66 of Regulation (EU)	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		2016/679, a supervisory authority may request from the Board to take an urgent binding decision in the form of a procedural determination on any procedural dispute arising between supervisory authorities in cases foreseen by this Regulation.	
Article 2	6a(2)		
231d		2. Where the lead supervisory authority is of the view that it cannot possibly comply with a deadline pursuant to Article 4(1b) or Article 5a(3), especially because of the need for exceptionally complex factual investigations, it shall request from the Board an urgent binding decision pursuant to paragraph 1, regarding an extension of the deadline of up to nine more months. The supervisory authority	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		shall demonstrate that despite its compliance with Article 2c(1), the extension sought is inevitable.	
Article 2	6a(3)		
231e		3. Requests under paragraph 1 and 2 shall at least contain:	
Article 2	6a(3), point (a)		
231f		(a) the facts relied upon and any evidence available to the authority or party;	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	
Article 2	6a(3), point (b)			
231g		(b) the legal grounds for the request;		
Article 2	6a(3), point (c)			
231h		(c) the determination pursuant to paragraph 1 or the deadline extension pursuant to paragraph 2 that the authority or party requests from the Board;		
Article 2	Article 26a(4)			
231i				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		4. Within two weeks, the Board shall determine the matter based on the information before it or it shall reject the application. Determinations are binding on the supervisory authorities.	
Article 2	6b		
231j		Article 26b Right to an effective judicial remedy against a supervisory authority	
Article 2	6b(1)		
231k			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	
		1. Without prejudice to existing remedies under Article 78 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and any other administrative or non-judicial remedy, each party to the procedure shall have the right to an effective judicial remedy:		
Article 2	6b(1), point (a)			
2311		(a) where the supervisory authority with which the complaint has been lodged does not use its powers to ensure that another supervisory authority progresses the procedure;		
Article 2	Article 26b(1), point (b)			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
231m		(b) where a lead supervisory authority does not comply with deadlines as provided for in Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and this Regulation; or	
Article 2	6b(1), point (c)		
231n		(c) where a supervisory authority does not comply with a binding decision of the Board.	
Article 2	6b(2)		
2310		2. Any party to the procedure or a not-for-	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		profit body under Article 80 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 may bring an action under paragraph 1, point (c) if it considers that the rights of a data subject under Regulation (EU) 2016/679 have been infringed as a result of the processing.	
Article 2	6b(3)	,	
231p		3. Where a court or tribunal exercising the review pursuant to paragraph 1 finds that a supervisory authority has not fulfilled its duties, it shall have the power to order that supervisory authority to take the necessary action.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate		
Chapter	VI				
232	Chapter VI Urgency procedure	Chapter VI Urgency procedure	Chapter VI Urgency procedure		
Article 2	7				
233	Article 27 Urgent opinions under Article 66(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679	Article 27 Urgent opinions under Article 66(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679	Article 27 Urgent opinions under Article 66(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679		
Article 2	Article 27(1)				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
234	1. A request for an urgent opinion of the Board pursuant to Article 66(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 shall be made no later than three weeks prior to the expiry of provisional measures adopted under Article 66(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and shall contain all of the following items:	1. A request for an urgent opinion of the Board pursuant to Article 66(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 shall be made no later than three weeks prior to the expiry of provisional measures adopted under Article 66(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and shall contain all of the following items:	1. A request for an urgent opinion of the Board pursuant to Article 66(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 shall be made no later than threefour weeks prior to the expiry of provisional measures adopted under Article 66(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and shall contain all of the following items:
Article 2	7(1), point (a)		
235	(a) a summary of the relevant facts;	(a) a summary of the relevant facts, including evidence of an infringement of Regulation EU 2016/679;	(a) a summary of the relevant facts;

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 2	27(1), point (b)		
236	(b) a description of the provisional measure adopted on its own territory, its duration and the reasons for adopting it, including the justification of the urgent need to act in order to protect the rights and freedoms of data subjects;	(b) a description of the provisional measure adopted on its ownthe territory of the Member State of the supervisory authority requesting the opinion, its duration and the reasons for adopting it, including the justification of the urgent need to act in order to protect the rights and freedoms of data subjects;	(b) a description of the provisional measure adopted on its own territory, its duration and the reasons for adopting it, including the justification of the urgent need to act in order to protect the rights and freedoms of data subjects;
Article 2	27(1), point (c)		
237	(c) a justification of the urgent need for final measures to be adopted on the territory of the Member State of the requesting supervisory authority, including an explanation of the	(c) a justification of the urgent need for final measures to be adopted on the territory of the Member State of the requesting supervisory authority, including an explanation of the	(c) a justification of the urgent need for final measures to be adopted on the territory of the Member State of the requesting supervisory authority, including an explanation of the

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	exceptional nature of circumstances requiring the adoption of the measures concerned.	exceptional nature of circumstances requiring the adoption of the measures concerned.	exceptional nature of circumstances requiring the adoption of the measures concerned.
Article 2	7(1), point (ca)		
237a		(ca) where the requesting authority is not the lead supervisory authority, the views of the lead supervisory authority.	
Article 2	7(1a)		
237b			1a. Where appropriate, the Board may request further documents from the lead supervisory authority.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 2	27(1b)		
237c			1bis. The Chair of the Board shall register the referral no later than one week after having received the documents referred to in paragraphs 1 and 1a.
Article 2	.7(1c)		
237d			1ter. As soon as the file is registered by the Chair of the Board, it shall be provided to the members of the Board.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 2	7(2)		
238	2. The urgent opinion of the Board shall be addressed to the supervisory authority that submitted the request. It shall be similar to an opinion within the meaning of Article 64(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and enable the requesting authority to maintain or amend its provisional measure in line with the obligations of Article 64(7) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	2. The urgent opinion of the Board shall be addressed to theall supervisory authority that submitted the requestauthorities. It shall be similar to an opinion within the meaning of Article 64(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and enable the requesting authority authorities to maintain or amend-its provisional measure in line with the obligations of Article 64(7) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	deleted
Article 2	8		
239	Article 28 Urgent decisions under Article 66(2) of	Article 28 Urgent <i>binding</i> decisions under Article 66(2) of	Article 28 Urgent binding decisions under Article 66(2) of

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	Regulation (EU) 2016/679	Regulation (EU) 2016/679	Regulation (EU) 2016/679
Article 2	28(1)		
240	1. A request for an urgent decision of the Board pursuant to Article 66(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 shall be made no later than three weeks prior to the expiry of provisional measures adopted under Articles 61(8), 62(7) or 66(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. That request shall contain all of the following items:	1. A request for an urgent <u>binding</u> decision of the Board pursuant to Article 66(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 shall be made no later than three weeks <u>prior to the expiryafter</u> the adoption of provisional measures adopted under Articles 61(8), 62(7) or 66(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. That request shall contain all of the following items:	1. A request for an urgent binding decision of the Board pursuant to Article 66(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 shall be made no later than threefour weeks prior to the expiry of provisional measures adopted under Articles 61(8), 62(7) or 66(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. That request shall contain all of the following items:
Article 2	28(1), point (a)		
241			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	(a) a summary of the relevant facts;	(a) a summary of the relevant facts, including evidence of an infringement of Regulation EU 2016/679;	(a) a summary of the relevant facts;
Article 2	28(1), point (b)		
242	(b) the provisional measure adopted on the territory of the Member State of the supervisory authority requesting the decision, its duration and the reasons for adopting the provisional measures, in particular the justification of the	(b) the provisional measure adopted on the territory of the Member State of the supervisory authority requesting the decision, its duration and the reasons for adopting <i>the provisional measuresit</i> , in particular the justification of the	(b) the provisional measure adopted on the territory of the Member State of the supervisor authority requesting the decision, its duration and the reasons for adopting the provisional measures, in particular the justification of the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
243	(c) information on any investigatory measures taken on its own territory and replies received from the local establishment of the parties under investigation or any other information in the possession of the requesting supervisory authority;	(c) information on any investigatory measures taken on its own territory and replies received from the local establishment of the parties under investigation or any other information in the possession of the requesting supervisory authority;	(c) information on any investigatory measures taken on its own territory and replies received from the local establishment of the parties under investigation or any other information in the possession of the requesting supervisory authority;
Article 2	8(1), point (d)		
244	(d) a justification of the urgent need for final measures to be adopted on the territory of the requesting supervisory authority, bearing in mind the exceptional nature of circumstances requiring the adoption of the final measure, or proof that a supervisory authority failed to respond to a request under Article 61(3) or	(d) a justification of the urgent need for final measures to be adopted on the territory of the requesting supervisory authority, bearing in mind the exceptional nature of circumstances requiring the adoption of the final measure, or proof that a supervisory authority failed to provide the information requested under	(d) a justification of the urgent need for final measures to be adopted-on the territory of the requesting supervisory authority, bearing in mind the exceptional nature of circumstances requiring the adoption of the final measure, or proof that a supervisory authority failed to respond to a request under Article 61(3)61(5) or

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	62(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679;	Article 61(5) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or failed to respond to a request underpursuant to Article 61(3)61(8) or 62(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679;	62(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679;
Article 2	8(1), point (e)		
245	(e) where the requesting authority is not the lead supervisory authority, the views of the lead supervisory authority;	(e) where the requesting authority is not the lead supervisory authority, the views of the lead supervisory authority;	(e) where the requesting authority is not the lead supervisory authority, the views of the lead supervisory authority;
Article 2	8(1), point (f)		
246	(f) where applicable, the views of the local establishment of the parties under investigation	(f) where applicable available, the views of the local establishment of parties. In case the	(f) where applicable, the views of the local establishment of the parties under investigation

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	against which provisional measures were taken pursuant to Article 66(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	requesting authority is not the lead supervisory authority, the requesting authority shall grant the right to be heard to the parties under investigation against which provisional measures were taken pursuant to Article 66(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	against which provisional measures were taken pursuant to Article 66(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.
Article 2	28(1a)		
246a			1a. Where appropriate, the Board may request further documents from the lead supervisory authority.
Article 2	28(1b)		
246b			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			1bis. The Chair of the Board shall register the referral no later than one week after having received the documents referred to in paragraphs 1 and 1a. As soon as the file is registered by the Chair of the Board, it shall be provided to the members of the Board
Article 2	8(1c)		
246c			1ter. Prior to the adoption of the urgent binding decision pursuant to Article 66(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, the Board shall assess whether the adoption of such decision relies on elements on which the parties under investigation have not been provided with an opportunity to express their views and, where necessary, provide the parties under investigation or the complainant, as the case

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			may be, with an opportunity to make their views known.
Article 2	8(2)	I	<u>I</u>
247	2. The urgent decision referred to in paragraph 1 shall be addressed to the supervisory authority that submitted the request and shall enable the requesting authority to maintain or amend its provisional measure.	2. The urgent binding decision referred to in paragraph 1 shall be addressed to the lead supervisory authority that submitted the requestand all the supervisory authorities concerned and shall enable the requesting authority to maintain or amend its provisional measure specify the supervisory authorities that would need to adopt final measures, if applicable, in light of the urgent opinion or decision of the Board pursuant to Article 66(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	deleted

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 2	8(3)		
248	3. Where the Board adopts an urgent binding decision indicating that final measures should be adopted, the supervisory authority to which the decision is addressed shall adopt such measures prior to the expiry of the provisional measures adopted under Article 66(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	3. Where the Board adopts an urgent binding decision indicating that final measures should be adopted, the supervisory authority <u>or</u> <u>authorities</u> to which the decision is addressed shall adopt such measures prior to the expiry of the provisional measures adopted under Article 66(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	3. Where the Board adopts an urgent binding decision indicating that final measures should be adopted, the supervisory authority to which the decision is addressed shall adopt such measures prior to the expiry of the provisional measures adopted under Article 66(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.
Article 2	8(4)		
249	4. The supervisory authority that submitted the request referred to in paragraph 1 shall notify its decision on the final measures to the establishment of the controller or processor on	4. <i>The</i> <u>A</u> supervisory authority that submitted the request referred to in paragraph 1 is responsible to adopt final measures shall notify its decision on the final measures to the	deleted

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	the territory of its Member State and inform the Board. Where the lead supervisory authority is not the requesting authority, the requesting authority shall inform the lead supervisory authority of the final measure.	establishment of the controller or processor on the territory of its Member Stateparties under investigation and inform the Board. Where the lead supervisory authority is not the requesting authority, the requesting authority shall inform the parties under investigation against which the provisional measures were adopted about the Board's decision and the final measures adopted by the lead supervisory authority. The complaint-receiving supervisory authority shall inform the complainant about the Board's decision and of the final measure measures adopted by the lead supervisory authority.	
Article 2	8(5)		
250	5. Where the urgent binding decision indicates	5. Where the urgent binding decision indicates	5. Where the urgent binding decision indicates

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	that final measures do not urgently need to be adopted, the lead and supervisory authorities concerned shall follow the procedure in Article 60 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	that final measures do not urgently need to be adopted, the lead and supervisory authorities concerned shall follow the procedure in Article 60 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	that final measures do not urgently need to be adopted, the lead and supervisory authorities concerned shall follow the procedure in Article 60 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679
Article 2	8a		
250a		Article 28a Remedies against procedural determinations	Article 28bis (new) Urgent decisions under Article 66(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679
Article 2	8a(1)		
250b		Remedies against procedural determinations	1. A request for an binding urgent decision

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		by a supervisory authority under national law shall only be brought together with the remedy against the final material decision. Deadlines for remedies against procedural determinations under applicable national law are prolonged for the duration of the procedure before the supervisory authority.	of the Board pursuant to Article 66(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 shall contain all of the following items:
Article 2	8a(1), point (a)		
250c			(a) a summary of the relevant facts;
Article 2	8a(1), point (b)		
250d			(b) the justification of the urgent need to

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			take appropriate measures in order to protect the rights and freedoms of data subjects, bearing in mind the exceptional nature of circumstances requiring the adoption of such measures, in particular elements which the competent authority should have taken into account in order to protect the rights and freedoms of data subjects;
Article 2	8a(1), point (c)		
250e			(c) where relevant and available, information on any investigatory measures taken by the requesting supervisory authority on its own territory and replies received from the local establishment of the parties under investigation or any other

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			information in the possession of the requesting supervisory authority;
Article 2	8a(1), point (d)		
250f			(d) where the requesting authority is not the lead supervisory authority, the views of the lead supervisory authority.
Article 2	8a(2)		
250g			2. Where appropriate, the Board may request further documents from the supervisory authority concerned or the lead

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			supervisory authority.
Article 2	8a(3)		
250h			3. The Chair of the Board shall register the referral no later than one week after having received the documents referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2. As soon as the file is registered by the Chair of the Board, it shall be provided to the members of the Board.
Article 2	8a(4)		
250i			4. Prior to the adoption of the urgent binding decision pursuant to Article 66(3) of

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			Regulation (EU) 2016/679, the Board shall assess whether the adoption of such decision relies on elements on which the parties under investigation have not been provided with an opportunity to express their views and, where necessary, provide the parties under investigation or the complainant, as the case may be, with an opportunity to make their views known.
Article 2	8a(5)		
250j			5. Where the Board adopts an urgent binding decision indicating that appropriate measures should be adopted, the supervisory authority to which the decision is addressed shall adopt such measures as soon as possible and within a maximum of one month as

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			provided under Article 65(6) of Regulation 2016/679.
Chapter	VII		
250k		Chapter VII General and final provisions	
Article 2	8b		
2501		Article 28b Enforcement Statistics	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	
Article 2	8b(1)			
250m		Supervisory authorities shall report the following numbers in their activity report under Article 59 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679:		
Article 2	8b(1), point (a)			
250n		(a) the number of ex officio investigations initiated by the supervisory authority;		
Article 2	Article 28b(1), point (b)			
250o				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		(b) the number of ex officio investigations initiated by other supervisory authorities;	
Article 2	8b(1), point (c)		
250p		(c) the number of complaints received, including the number that were rejected, dismissed, withdrawn, partly upheld, fully upheld or otherwise closed;	
Article 2	8b(1), point (d)		
250q		(d) the number of legally binding decisions currently on appeal;	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Article 2	8b(1), point (e)		
250r		(e) the number and average duration of open and decided procedures under (a) to (d) to date;	
Article 2	8b(1), point (f)		
250s		(f) the number of each type of measure taken in accordance with Article 58(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or applicable national law;	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	
Article 2	8b(1), point (g)			
250t		(g) the number and the amount of fines issued and collected under Article 83 and 84 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or relevant national law; and		
Article 2	8b(1), point (h)			
250u		(h) the annual budget and the number of staff, by training, tasks and organizational units.		
Article 2	Article 28b(2)			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
250v		2. Supervisory authorities shall publish the activity report for the past year without undue delay, but no later than by 30 June.	
Article 2	8b(3)		
250w		3. The Board shall make the information of all supervisory authorities in paragraph 1 available to the public no later than 31 July of each year for the previous year.	
Chapter	VII	,	
251			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	Chapter VII	Chapter VII	Chapter VII
	General and final provisions		General and final provisions
		deleted	
		Heading "Chapter VII General and final	
		provisions" is placed before Article 28 b - see line 250k.	
Article 2	0		
Article 2	9		
252	Article 29 Beginning of time periods and definition of	Article 29	Article 29
	working day	deleted	deleted

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	
Article 2	9(1)			
253	I. Time-limits provided for in or fixed by the supervisory authorities pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2016/679 shall be calculated in accordance with Regulation (EEC, Euratom) No 1182/71 of the Council. 1. Regulation (EEC, Euratom) No 1182/71 of the Council of 3 June 1971 determining the rules applicable to periods, dates and time limits (OJ L 124, 8.6.1971, p. 1).	deleted	deleted	
Article 2	Article 29(2)			
254				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	2. Time periods shall begin on the working day following the event to which the relevant provision of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or this Regulation refers.	deleted	deleted
Article 2	9a		
254a			Article 29bis Commission report
Article 2	9a, first paragraph		
254b			The Commission, as part of its report on the evaluation and review of the Regulation (EU)

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			2016/679 under Article 97 Regulation (EU) 2016/679, shall also report on the application and functionning of this regulation.
Article 3	0		
255	Article 30 Transitional provisions	Article 30 Transitional provisions	Article 30 Transitional provisions
Article 3	0, first paragraph		
256	Chapters III and IV shall apply to ex officio investigations opened after the entry into force of this Regulation and to complaint-based	Chapters **HI and III shall apply to ex officio investigations opened after the entry into force of this Regulation and to complaint-	Chapters III and IV shall apply to <i>ex officio</i> ex officio investigations opened after 18 months after the date of the entry into force of this

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	investigations where the complaint was lodged after the entry into force of this Regulation.	based investigations where the complaint was lodged after the entry into force of this Regulation.	Regulation and to complaint-based investigations where the complaint was lodged after 18 months after the date ofthe entry into force of this Regulation.
Article	30, second paragraph		
257	Chapter V shall apply to all cases submitted to dispute resolution under Article 65 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 after the entry into force of this Regulation.	Chapter V Chapters V and VI shall apply to all cases submitted to dispute resolution under Article 65 and urgency procedure under Article 66(2) and (3) of Regulation (EU)	Chapter V shall apply to all cases submitted to dispute resolution under Article 65 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 after 18 months after the date of the entry into force of this

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
257a		Until [six months from the date of application of this Regulation], the lead supervisory authority shall, upon request, provide all documents in its own file to other supervisory authorities by other electronic means.	
Article 3	Oa		
257b		Article 30a Evaluation and review	
Article 3	Oa, first paragraph		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate		
257c		The Commission shall evaluate and review this Regulation as part of its reports to the European Parliament and to the Council under Article 97 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.			
Article 3	Article 31				
258	Article 31 Entry into force	Article 31 Entry into force and application	Article 31 Entry into force and application		
Article 3	1, first paragraph				
259					

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	I. This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	1. This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.
Article 3	1, first paragraph a		
259a		1a. It shall apply from [one year from the date of entry into force of this Regulation]. However, Article 2b(1), point(c), Article 2b(3), last sentence, Article 2c(2), last sentence, and (5), Article 2d(3) and (6), Articles 8(1) and 18(1), point (a) shall apply from [six months from the date of application of this Regulation].	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate		
Article 3	Article 31, second paragraph				
260	This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.	This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.	2. This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member Statesapply from 18 months after its date of entry into force.		
Article 3	1, second paragraph a	,			
260a			This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.		
Formula					

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	
261	Done at Brussels,	Done at Brussels,	Done at Brussels,	
Formula				
262	For the European Parliament	For the European Parliament	For the European Parliament	
Formula				
263	The President	The President	The President	
Formula	Formula			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
264	For the Council	For the Council	For the Council
Formula			
265	The President	The President	The President
Annex			
266	Annex	Annex	deleted

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
Annex, T	Table 1		
	Table 1	Table I	
267			
			deleted

Commission Proposal Table 1

Complaint submitted on the basis of Article 3¹

Part A: Mandatory information

- 1. Identification of person or entity filing the complaint Where the complainant is a natural person, submit a form of identification. Where the complaint is submitted by a body referred to in Article 80 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, submit proof that the body has been properly constituted in accordance with the law of a Member State. Where the complaint is submitted on the basis of Article 80(1) of Regulation 2016/679, proof that the body lodging the complaint is acting on the basis of the mandate of a data subject.
- 2. Contact details³ Where the complaint is submitted electronically, email address. Where the complaint is submitted by post, postal address. Telephone number.
- 3. Entity whose processing of your personal data infringes Regulation (EU) 2016/679 Provide all information in your possession to facilitate the identification of the entity which is the subject of your complaint.
- 4. Subject of complaint Please set out the facts from which, in your opinion, there is or was processing of your personal data which infringes

Regulation (EU) 2016/679 (the GDPR). Indicate in particular the context in which your personal data were processed.

Part B: Supplementary information

If possible, indicate the provisions of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 (the GDPR) which you consider have been breached by the entity processing your personal data. Please specify whether you have contacted the entity mentioned in point 3 of Part A prior to your complaint and outline the result of any such actions. If possible, please attach any relevant correspondence between you and the entity. Please specify whether you have started other administrative and/or judicial proceedings regarding the subject matter of your complaint. If so, please provide an explanation of the status, and, where relevant, outcome of such actions. Submit all documentation in your possession relating to the facts set out in the complaint (for example, copy of the documents attesting the relationship with the data controller (e.g. invoices, contracts); copy of any marketing messages or e-mails; pictures, photographs or screenshots; expert reports; witness reports; inspection reports).

Part C: Declaration and signature

Please confirm that the information given in this form is given entirely in good faith. Date and signature.

^{1.} The complaint should be completed and submitted electronically or completed and submitted to the supervisory authority by post.

^{2.} For example, passport, driving licence, national ID.

^{3.} In the case a complaint is submitted by a body referred to in Article 80 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, all of the information in point 2 should be provided.

EP Mandate Table 1

Complaint submitted on the basis of Article 3¹

Part A: Mandatory information

- 1.-Identification of person or entity filing the complaint *Where the complainant is a natural person, submit a form of identification.*2-Where the complaint is submitted by a body, *organisation or association* referred to in Article 80 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, submit proof that the body, *organisation or association* has been properly constituted in accordance with the law of a Member State. Where the complaint is submitted on the basis of Article 80(1) of Regulation 2016/679, proof that the body, *organisation or association* lodging the complaint is acting on the basis of the mandate of a data subject.
- 2. <u>Contact details 2 The name, address and any other available</u> contact details 3-of the complainant, including, where the complaint is submitted electronically, email address. <u>Where the complaint is submitted by post, postal address. Telephone number.</u>
- 3. Entity whose processing of your personal data infringes Regulation (EU) 2016/679 Provide all information in your possession to facilitate the identification of the entity which is the subject of your-complaint, *including the name*, *address and any other contact details of that entity*.

4. Subject of complaint Please set out the facts from which, in your opinion, there is or was processing of your personal data which infringes Regulation (EU) 2016/679 (the GDPR). Indicate in particular the context in which your personal data were processed.

Part B: Supplementary information

If possible, indicate the provisions of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 (the GDPR) which you consider have been breached by the entity processing your personal data. Please specify whether you have contacted the entity mentioned in point 3 of Part A prior to your complaint and outline the result of any such actions. If possible, please attach any relevant correspondence between you and the entity. Please specify whether you have started other administrative and/or judicial proceedings regarding the subject matter of your complaint. If so, please provide an explanation of the status, and, where relevant, outcome of such actions. Submit all documentation in your possession relating to the facts set out in the complaint (for example, copy of the documents attesting the relationship with the data controller (e.g. invoices, contracts); copy of any marketing messages or e-mails; pictures, photographs or screenshots; expert reports; witness reports; inspection reports).

Part C: Declaration and signature

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^{3.} In the case a complaint is submitted by a body referred to in Article 80 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, all of the information in point 2 should be provided.