

Council of the European Union

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Interinstitutional File: 2022/0089(COD)

WORKING DOCUMENT

From:	General Secretariat of the Council
To:	Delegations
No. Cion doc.:	7639/22 REV1 + ADD 1-3
Subject:	Regulation on geographical indications and quality schemes
	- Four-Column table

Delegations will find attached an updated four-column table reflecting the state of play on the above-mentioned proposal before the trilogue on 24 October 2023, and containing, in the second and third columns, the European Parliament's and the Council's negotiating positions and, in the fourth column, in the rows marked in green, the text provisionally agreed. Please note that:

- The green rows where there is no text in the fourth column are considered to be deleted;
- The text in the fourth column is not necessarily identical with the text of the column which is indicated as being the origin of the agreed text.

Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on European Union geographical indications for wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products, and quality schemes for agricultural products, amending Regulations (EU) No 1308/2013, (EU) 2017/1001 and (EU) 2019/787 and repealing

Regulation (EU) No 1151/2012

2022/0089(COD) [Version for Trilogue on 24 October, 2023] 23-10-2023 at 13h30

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Form	nula			
G	1	2022/0089 (COD)	2022/0089 (COD)	2022/0089 (COD)	2022/0089(COD) Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Prop	osal Title	•	•	
	2	Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on European Union geographical indications for wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products, and quality schemes for agricultural products, amending Regulations (EU) No 1308/2013, (EU) 2017/1001 and (EU) 2019/787 and repealing Regulation (EU) No 1151/2012	Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on European Union geographical indications for wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products, and quality schemes for agricultural products, amending Regulations (EU) No 1308/2013, (EU) 2017/1001 and (EU) 2019/787 and repealing Regulation (EU) No 1151/2012	Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on European Union geographical indications for wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products, as well as traditional specialities guaranteed and optional-and quality schemesterms for agricultural products, amending Regulations (EU) No 1308/2013, (EU) 2017/1001 and (EU) 2019/787 2019/787 and (EU) 2019/1753 and repealing Regulation (EU) No 1151/2012	

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Form				
FOIT				
3	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION, Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Citat	ion 1			
Citat				
4	Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 43(2) and the first paragraph of Article 118 thereof,	Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 43(2) and the first paragraph of Article 118 thereof,	Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 43(2) and the first paragraph of Article 118 thereof,	Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 43(2) and the first paragraph of Article 118 thereof, Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Citat	ion 2			
5	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission, Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Citat	ion 3			
6	After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national Parliaments,	After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national Parliaments,	After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national Parliaments,	After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national Parliaments, Text Origin:

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Commission Proposal
Citat	ion 4			
7	Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee ¹ , 1. OJ C XX, XX.X.2022, p. XX.	Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee ¹ , 1. OJ C XX, XX.X.2022, p. XX.	Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee ¹ , 1. OJ C XX, XX.X.2022, p. XX.	Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee ¹ , 1. OJ C XX, XX.X.2022, p. XX. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Citat	ion 5	· [
8	Having regard to the opinion of the Committee of the Regions ¹ , $\overline{1. \text{ OJ C XX}},$ XX.X.2022, p. XX.	Having regard to the opinion of the Committee of the Regions ¹ , $\overline{1. \text{ OJ C XX}},$ XX.X.2022, p. XX.	Having regard to the opinion of the Committee of the Regions ¹ , 1. OJ C XX, XX.X.2022, p. XX.	
Citat	ion 6			
9	Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,	Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,	Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,	Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure, Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Form	nula	1	1	1
	Whereas:	Whereas:	Whereas:	Whereas:
10				Text Origin: Commission Proposal

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
10a			(0) Over the years, the Union has established quality schemes for products with identifiable specific characteristics, which cover geographical indications for wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products including foodstuffs, as well as traditional specialities guaranteed and optional quality terms for agricultural products including foodstuffs.	
Recit	al 1			
11	(1) The European Green Deal ¹ included the design of a fair, healthy and environmentally- friendly food system ("farm to fork") among the policies to transform the Union's economy for a sustainable future. 1. https://ec.europa.eu/ info/publications/co mmunication- european-green- deal_en	(1) The European Green Deal ¹ included the design of a fair, <i>healthy and</i> <i>sustainable, healthier</i> <i>and more</i> environmentally- friendly food system <i>accessible to all</i> ("'farm to fork"') among the policies to transform the Union's economy for a sustainable future. 1. https://ec.europa.eu/ info/publications/co mmunication- european-green- deal_en	(1) The European Green Deal ¹ included the design of a fair, healthy and environmentally- friendly food system ("farm to fork") among the policies to transform the Union's economy for a sustainable future. 1. https://ec.europa.eu/ info/publications/co mmunication- european-green- deal_en	
Recit	al 1a	1	<u> </u>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
11a		(1a) Geographical indications can play an important role in terms of sustainability, including in the circular economy, which could enhance their heritage value and thus strengthen their weight within the framework of national and regional policies with a view to meeting the objectives of the European Green Deal.		
Recit	tal 2			
12	Communication of 20 May 2020 on 'A Farm to Fork Strategy - for a fair, healthy and environmentally- friendly food system' which called for a transition to sustainable food systems, also calls to strengthen the legislative framework on geographical indications and, where appropriate, include specific sustainability criteria. In the Communication, the Commission committed to strengthen, among	Communication of 20 May 2020 on 'A Farm to Fork Strategy - for a fair, healthy and environmentally- friendly food system' which called for a transition to sustainable food systems, also calls to strengthen the legislative framework on geographical indications and, <i>where</i> <i>appropriate</i> , include specific sustainability criteria. In the Communication, the Commission committed to strengthen, among	Communication of 20 May 2020 on 'A Farm to Fork Strategy - for a fair, healthy and environmentally- friendly food system' which called for a transition to sustainable food systems, also calls to strengthen the legislative framework on geographical indications and, where appropriate, include specific sustainability criteria. In the Communication, the Commission committed to strengthen, among	
	other players, the position of producers of products with geographical indications, their cooperatives and producer organisations in the	other players, the position of producers of products with geographical indications, their cooperatives and producer organisations in the	other players, the position of producers of products with geographical indications, their cooperatives and producer organisations in the	

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		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		food supply chain.	food supply chain. Focus should be placed on small-scale producers, particularly those who best preserve traditional skills and know-how.	food supply chain.	
	Recit	al 3			
G	13	(3) In its Communication of 25 November 2020 titled 'Making the most of the EU's innovative potential – An intellectual property action plan to support the EU's recovery and resilience', the Commission undertook to look at ways to strengthen, modernise, streamline and better enforce geographical indications for agricultural products, wine and spirit drinks.	(3) In its Communication of 25 November 2020 titled 'Making the most of the EU's innovative potential – An intellectual property action plan to support the EU's recovery and resilience', the Commission undertook to look at ways to strengthen, modernise, streamline and better enforce geographical indications for agricultural products, wine and spirit drinks.	(3) In its Communication of 25 November 2020 titled 'Making the most of the EU's innovative potential – An intellectual property action plan to support the EU's recovery and resilience', the Commission undertook to look at ways to strengthen, modernise, streamline and better enforce geographical indications for agricultural products, wine and spirit drinks.	(3) In its Communication of 25 November 2020 titled 'Making the most of the EU's innovative potential – An intellectual property action plan to support the EU's recovery and resilience', the Commission undertook to look at ways to strengthen, modernise, streamline and better enforce geographical indications for agricultural products, wine and spirit drinks. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Recit	al 4			
	14	(4) The quality and diversity of the Union's wine, spirit drinks and agricultural production is one of its important strengths, giving a competitive advantage to the Union's producers and making a major contribution to its living cultural and gastronomic	(4) The quality, accessibility and diversity of the Union's wine, spirit drinks and agricultural production is one of its important strengths, giving a competitive advantage to the Union's producers and making a major contribution to its living cultural	(4) The quality and diversity of the Union's wine, spirit drinks and agricultural and food production is one of its important strengths, giving a competitive advantage to the Union's producers and making a major contribution to its living cultural and gastronomic	

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	heritage. This is due to the skills and determination of Union producers who have kept traditions alive while taking into account the developments of new production methods and material.	and gastronomic heritage. This is due to the skills and determination of Union producers who have kept traditions <u>and cultural identity</u> alive while taking into account the developments of new production methods and material, <u>which</u> <u>have made traditional</u> <u>Union products a</u> <u>symbol of quality</u> .	heritage. This is due to the skills and determination of Union producers who have kept traditions alive while taking into account the developments of new production methods and material.	
Reci	tal 5	1		
15	(5) Citizens and consumers in the Union increasingly demand quality as well as traditional products. They are also concerned to maintain the diversity of agricultural production in the Union. This generates a demand for wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products with identifiable specific characteristics, in particular those linked to their geographical origin.	(5) Citizens and consumers in the Union increasingly demand quality, <i>traditional and</i> <i>accessible products</i> , <i>which have specific</i> <i>qualities attributable</i> <i>both to their origin</i> <i>and to their origin</i> <i>and to their origin</i> <i>and to their manner</i> <i>of production-as well</i> <i>as traditional</i> <i>products</i> . They are also concerned to maintain the diversity <i>and security of supply</i> of agricultural production in the Union. This generates a demand for wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products with identifiable specific characteristics, in particular those linked to their geographical origin <u>as well as</u> <i>ensuring the</i> <i>production conditions</i> <i>that have shaped the</i> <i>reputation and</i> <i>identity of such</i>	(5) Citizens and consumers in the Union increasingly demand quality as well as traditional products. They are also concerned to maintain the diversity of agricultural and food production in the Union. This generates a demand for wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products, including foodstuffs , with identifiable specific characteristics, in particular those linked to their geographical origin.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<u>products</u> .		
Recit	al 5a	1		
15a		(5a) High-quality products represent one of the biggest assets the Union has, both for our economy and cultural identity. Those products are the strongest representation of the "made in the EU" brand, recognisable throughout the whole world, which generate growth and preserve our heritage. Wines, spirit drinks and agricultural products are European assets that need to be further strengthened and protected.		
Recit	al 5b			
15b		(5b) Citizens and consumers are entitled to expect that any geographical indication and quality scheme is backed up by a robust verification and control system, regardless of whether the product originates from the Union or a third country.		
Recit	216			
Recit	aiu			
16	(6) The protection of natural persons in relation to the processing of personal	(6) The protection of natural persons in relation to the processing of personal	(6) The protection of natural persons in relation to the processing of personal	

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
data is a fundamental	data is a fundamental	data is a fundamental	
right. Regulation (EU)	right. Regulation (EU)	right. Regulation (EU)	
2018/1725 of the	2018/1725 of the	2018/1725 of the	
European Parliament	European Parliament	European Parliament	
and of the Council ¹	and of the Council ¹	and of the Council ¹	
provides rules on the	provides rules on the	provides rules on the	
protection of natural	protection of natural	protection of natural	
persons with regard to	persons with regard to	persons with regard to	
the processing of	the processing of	the processing of	
personal data by the Union institutions,	personal data by the Union institutions,	personal data by the Union institutions,	
bodies, offices and	bodies, offices and	bodies, offices and	
agencies and on the	agencies and on the	agencies and on the	
free movement of	free movement of	free movement of	
such data. The roles	such data. The roles	such data. The roles	
of the Commission	of the Commission	of the Commission	
and of the Member	and of the Member	and of the Member	
States in relation to	States in relation to	States in relation to	
the processing of	the processing of	the processing of	
personal data in the	personal data in the	personal data in the	
procedures they are	procedures they are	procedures they are	
competent for need to	competent for need to	competent for need to	
be clearly defined in	be clearly defined in	be clearly defined in	
order to ensure a high	order to ensure a high	order to ensure a high	
level of protection.	level of protection.	level of protection.	
Processing of personal	Processing of personal	Processing of personal	
data is lawful when it	data is lawful when it	data is lawful when it	
is necessary for the	is necessary for the	is necessary for the	
performance of tasks	performance of tasks	performance of tasks	
carried out in the	carried out in the	carried out in the	
public interests.	public interests.	public interests.	
Procedures for	Procedures for	Procedures for	
registration,	registration,	registration,	
amendment or	amendment or	amendment or	
cancellation of	cancellation of	cancellation of	
geographical indications and	geographical indications and	geographical indications and	
traditional specialities	traditional specialities	traditional specialities	
guaranteed carried out	guaranteed carried out	guaranteed carried out	
in the framework of	in the framework of	in the framework of	
this Regulation,	this Regulation,	this Regulation,	
Regulation (EU) No	Regulation (EU) No	Regulation (EU) No	
1308/2013 of the	1308/2013 of the	1308/2013 of the	
European Parliament	European Parliament	European Parliament	
and of the Council ²	and of the Council ²	and of the Council ²	
and Regulation (EU)	and Regulation (EU)	and Regulation (EU)	
2019/787 of the	2019/787 of the	2019/787-2016/679 ²	
European Parliament	European Parliament	of the European	
and of the Council ³	and of the Council ³	Parliament and of the	
should be properly	should be properly	Council ³ should be	
carried out.	carried out.	properly carried out.	
Processing references	Processing references	Processing references	

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
concerning applicants	concerning applicants	concerning applicants	
in a registration,	in a registration,	in a registration,	
amendment or	amendment or	amendment or	
cancellation	cancellation	cancellation	
procedure, opponents, beneficiaries of	procedure, opponents, beneficiaries of	procedure, opponents, beneficiaries of	
transitional periods	transitional periods	transitional periods	
and bodies and natural	and bodies and natural	and bodies and natural	
persons delegated for	persons delegated for	persons delegated for	
certain official control	certain official control	certain official control	
tasks, in the context of	tasks, in the context of	tasks, in the context of	
the procedures of	the procedures of	the procedures of	
registration, amendment or	registration, amendment or	registration, amendment or	
cancellation of	cancellation of	cancellation of	
geographical	geographical	geographical	
indications and	indications and	indications and	
traditional specialities	traditional specialities	traditional specialities	
guaranteed, is	guaranteed, is	guaranteed, is	
necessary for the	necessary for the	necessary for the	
correct management	correct management	correct management	
of these procedures.	of these procedures.	of these procedures.	
In addition, those	In addition, those	In addition, those	
procedures have a	procedures have a	procedures have a	
public nature.	public nature.	public nature.	
Transparency is	Transparency is	Transparency is	
necessary to allow fair	necessary to allow fair	necessary to allow fair	
competition between	competition between	competition between	
the operators and to	the operators and to	the operators and to	
publicly identify the	publicly identify the	publicly identify the	
private and public	private and public	private and public	
economic interests	economic interests	economic interests	
linked to these	linked to these	linked to these	
procedures. With a	procedures. With a	procedures. With a	
view to minimising	view to minimising	view to minimising	
the exposure of personal data, the	the exposure of personal data, the	the exposure applies	
documents to be	documents to be	to the processing of personal data , the	
submitted in the	submitted in the	documents to be	
course of the relevant	course of the relevant	submitted carried out	
procedures should as	procedures should as	by Member States in	
far as possible avoid	far as possible avoid	the course of the	
requirements for	requirements for	relevant procedures.	
submission of	submission of	The roles of should	
personal data.	personal data.	as far as possible	
Nonetheless, the	Nonetheless, the	avoid requirements	
Commission and the	Commission and the	for submission of	
Member States may	Member States may	personal data.	
need to process	need to process	Nonetheless, the	
information that	information that	Commission and of	
contain personal data,	contain personal data,	the Member States	
such as personal	such as personal	may need to process	

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names and contact	names and contact	information that	
details. Within this	details. Within this	contain relation to	
framework, for	framework, for	the processing of	
reasons of public	reasons of public	personal data, such as	
interest and in	interest and in	personal names and	
accordance with	accordance with	contact details. Within	
Regulation (EU)	Regulation (EU)	this framework, for	
2018/1725, the	2018/1725, the	reasons of public	
Commission and the	Commission and the	interest and in	
Member States should	Member States should	accordance with	
be allowed to process	be allowed to process	Regulation (EU)	
such personal data	such personal data	$\frac{2018/1725}{1725}$, the	
and to disclose or	and to disclose or	Commission and the	
make it public when this is needed to	make it public when this is needed to	Member States should be allowed to process	
identify applicants in	identify applicants in	such personal data	
a registration,	a registration,	and to disclose or	
a negistration, amendment or	a registration, amendment or	make it public when	
cancellation	cancellation	this is needed to	
procedure, opponents	procedure, opponents	identify applicants in	
in an opposition	in an opposition	a registration,	
procedure,	procedure,	amendment or	
beneficiaries of a	beneficiaries of a	cancellation	
transitional period	transitional period	procedure, opponents	
granted to derogate to	granted to derogate to	in an opposition	
the protection of a	the protection of a	procedure,	
registered name and	registered name and	beneficiaries of a	
bodies delegated to	bodies delegated to	transitional period	
carry out the	carry out the	granted to derogate to	
verification on	verification on	the in the	
compliance with	compliance with	procedures they are	
product specification.	product specification.	competent for need	
		to be clearly defined	
1. Regulation (EU)	1. Regulation (EU)	in order to ensure a	
2018/1725 of the	2018/1725 of the	high level of	
European	European	protection of a	
Parliament and of	Parliament and of	registered name and	
the Council of 23	the Council of 23	bodies delegated to	
October 2018 on the	October 2018 on the	carry out the verification on	
protection of natural	protection of natural	compliance with	
persons with regard	persons with regard	product specification.	
to the processing of	to the processing of	product specification.	
personal data by the	personal data by the	1. Regulation (EU)	
Union institutions,	Union institutions,	2018/1725 of the	
bodies, offices and	bodies, offices and	European	
agencies and on the	agencies and on the	Parliament and of	
free movement of	free movement of		
such data, and	such data, and	the Council of 23	
	, ·	October 2018 on the	
repealing Population (EC) No.	repealing Population (EC) No.	protection of natural	
Regulation (EC) No	Regulation (EC) No	persons with regard	

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45/2001 and	45/2001 and	to the processing of	
Decision No	Decision No	personal data by the	
1247/2002/EC, OJ	1247/2002/EC, OJ	Union institutions,	
L 295, 21.11.2018,	L 295, 21.11.2018,	bodies, offices and	
p. 39–98.	p. 39–98.	agencies and on the	
2. Regulation (EU)	2. Regulation (EU)	free movement of	
No 1308/2013 of	No 1308/2013 of	such data, and	
the European	the European	repealing	
Parliament and of	Parliament and of	Regulation (EC) No	
the Council of 17	the Council of 17	45/2001 and	
December 2013	December 2013	Decision No	
establishing a	establishing a	1247/2002/EC, OJ	
common	common	L 295, 21.11.2018,	
organisation of the	organisation of the	p. 39–98.	
markets in	markets in	2. Regulation (EU)	
agricultural	agricultural products	No 1209/20122016/670	
products and	and repealing	1308/2013 2016/679	
repealing Council	Council Regulations	of the European	
Regulations (EEC)	(EEC) No 922/72,	Parliament and of	
No 922/72, (EEC)	(EEC) No 234/79,	the Council of 17 December 2013	
No 234/79, (EC) No	(EC) No 1037/2001		
1037/2001 and (EC) No 1234/2007, OJ L	and (EC) No 1234/2007, OJ L	establishing a	
347, 20.12.2013, p.	347, 20.12.2013, p.	common organisation of the	
671–854.	671–854.	markets in	
3. Regulation (EU)	3. Regulation (EU)	agricultural products	
2019/787 of the	2019/787 of the	and repealing	
European	European	Council Regulations	
Parliament and of	Parliament and of	(EEC) No 922/72,	
the Council of 17	the Council of 17	(EEC) No 234/79,	
April 2019 on the	April 2019 on the	(EC) No 1037/2001	
definition,	definition,	and (EC27 April	
description,	description,	2016 on the	
presentation and	presentation and	protection of	
labelling of spirit	labelling of spirit	natural persons	
drinks, the use of	drinks, the use of	with regard to the	
the names of spirit	the names of spirit	processing of	
drinks in the	drinks in the	personal data and	
presentation and	presentation and	on the free	
labelling of other	labelling of other	movement of such	
foodstuffs, the	foodstuffs, the	data, and repealing	
protection of	protection of	Directive 95/46/EC	
geographical	geographical	(General Data	
indications for spirit	indications for spirit	Protection	
drinks, the use of	drinks, the use of	Regulation)-No	
ethyl alcohol and	ethyl alcohol and	1234/2007, OJ L	
distillates of	distillates of	347, 20.12.2013, p.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	agricultural origin in alcoholic beverages, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 110/2008, OJ L 130, 17.5.2019, p. 1–54.	agricultural origin in alcoholic beverages, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 110/2008, OJ L 130, 17.5.2019, p. 1–54.	671, OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1– 85488. 3. Regulation (EU) 2019/787 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 April 2019 on the definition, description, presentation and labelling of spirit drinks, the use of the names of spirit drinks in the presentation and labelling of other foodstuffs, the protection of geographical indications for spirit drinks, the use of ethyl alcohol and distillates of agricultural origin in alcoholic beverages, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 110/2008, OJ L 130, 17.5.2019, p. 1–54.	
16a	tal 6a		(6a) As a general principle and with a view to minimising the exposure of personal data, the documents to be submitted in the course of the relevant procedures should not contain personal data. In cases where this is not possible, information that	

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			could contain personal data, such as contact details of natural persons, should be submitted in separate specific documents.	
Recital 6	6b			
16b			(6b) For the purpose of this Regulation, first and last name of natural persons and related contact details may appear in the documents the Commission and Member States process in the course of the procedures set out by this Regulation. On the one hand, personal data may appear, albeit rarely, in the procedures for registration, amendment or cancellation of geographical indications and traditional specialities guaranteed, both at Member State and Commission level, where the name of the concerned producer group, or of the opponent, contains the name of a natural person. Personal data may also appear as part of the names of recognised producer groups, processed in relation to the designation of these groups and to the	

inclusion of their names in the Union register of geographical indications, as well as part of the names of delegated and product certification bodies and natural persons to which certain official control tasks have been delegated, processed in the context of the context of the control procedures for geographical indications and traditional specialities guaranteed, both at Member State and Commission level. On the other hand, personal data are more likely to appear as part of the names of operators who are granted a transitional period in the framework of a
procedure for registration or amendment of a geographical indication or of a traditional speciality guaranteed, both at Member State and Commission level. Personal data could also appear as part of the names of the producers included in the list of the operators and in the tool delivering the

Commiss Propos	KP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		Member States in the context of the control procedures for geographical indications and for traditional specialities guaranteed. The Commission and the Member States may, therefore, be obliged to process information that contains personal data, notably names of natural persons and related contact details.	
Recital 6c			
16c		(6c) In any event, cases where it may happen, for the Commission and the Member States, to process personal data in accordance with this Regulation, mentioned above, are all justified by the public interest. Properly carrying out procedures for registration, amendment or cancellation of geographical indications and traditional specialities guaranteed and control procedures in the framework of this Regulation, Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ and Regulation (EU)	

2019/787 of the European Parliament and of the Council ² is necessary for the correct functioning of the system protecting geographical indications and traditional specialities guaranteed. Those procedures have a public nature. Information about the entities concerned is necessary to identify their responsibilities in the procedures and to ensure fair competition and level-playing field between the operators. In addition, in some cases, processing the name of producers and producer groups is the necessary condition for them to pursue their interest or enjoy their rights. This may happen in relation to the granting of a transitional period, by the Member States or by the Commission, in the course of a procedure of registration or amendment of a geographical indication or the traditional speciality guaranteed, to the
designation of recognised producer

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		inclusion of their names in the Union register of geographical indications, to the compilation of the list of the producers of products designated by a geographical indication kept by the Member States and to the setting and functioning of the system delivering the attestation of compliance with the product specification. In all these cases, personal data processing is carried out in the public interest and, in some cases, also in the interest of the data subject.	
		I. Regulation (EU)No 1308/2013 ofthe EuropeanParliament and ofthe Council of 17December 2013establishing acommonorganisation of themarkets inagriculturalproducts andrepealing CouncilRegulations (EEC)No 922/72, (EEC)No 234/79, (EC) No1037/2001 and(EC) No1234/2007, OJ L347, 20.12.2013, p.671-854.2. Regulation (EU)2019/787 of the	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			European Parliament and of the Council of 17 April 2019 on the definition, description, presentation and labelling of spirit drinks, the use of the names of spirit drinks in the presentation and labelling of other foodstuffs, the protection of geographical indications for spirit drinks, the use of ethyl alcohol and distillates of agricultural origin in alcoholic beverages, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 110/2008, OJ L 130, 17.5.2019, p. 1–54.	
Reci	tal 6d			
16d			(6d) In general, in accordance with this Regulation, information that may contain personal data is normally processed in the form of digital or paper documents that may be exchanged, between the Member States and the Commission or between the Member States and the concerned producers or	

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		persons, or archived.	
		It is neither disclosed	
		to third parties nor	
		published. However,	
		in case of opposition procedures, in order	
		to put in contact the	
		applicant and the	
		opponent in view of	
		starting	
		consultations and	
		reaching an	
		agreement, the	
		Commission sends	
		them each other contact details.	
		Where the applicant	
		or the opponent	
		happen to be	
		identified by a name	
		containing a name of	
		a natural person,	
		name and contact	
		details are personal	
		data that need to be communicated to a	
		third party. In	
		addition, for the	
		correct achievement	
		of the objectives of	
		the opposition	
		procedure, the	
		applicant should be	
		made aware of all	
		the information sent	
		by the opponent to justify its opposition	
		to the registration or	
		amendment or	
		cancellation. In	
		addition, the names	
		of the applicants for	
		amendment, persons	
		requesting	
		cancellation,	
		producer groups, single producers and	
		beneficiaries of	
		transitional period	
		are published or	
		made public. If	
		personal data	

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	EP Mandate Image: Ima	happen to be part of those names, that personal data should be also published. In case of procedures for approval of a Union amendment the name of the applicant is to be published in the Official Journal in order to allow potential opponent to challenge its interest to apply for the Union amendment. In case of procedures for cancellation, when the cancellation is requested by a natural or legal person resident or established in a third country, the name of the natural or legal person requesting cancellation is to be published in order to identify the persons who have activated the procedure for cancellation and to allow a potential opponent to challenge their legitimate interest to request cancellation. In case of procedures for standard amendment, when the standard	

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		encoding the information in the Union register of geographical	
		indications, the name of the recognised producer	
		group representative of the geographical indication should be	
		made public in that register for reasons of transparency and to allow that group	
		to demonstrate its qualification. In case of publication by the	~
		Member States of the names of the delegated bodies and natural persons to	
		which official control tasks have been delegated, for	
		geographical indications and traditional	
		specialities guaranteed originating in their territory, and of the	
		names of product certification bodies by the Commission,	
		for geographical indications and traditional	
		specialities guaranteed originating in third countries, those	
		names shall be made public in order to allow full	
		transparency of the control procedures. In case of a Commission	
		Regulation or a national act granting a transitional period	
		to a producer to	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			allow the use of a geographical indication or a traditional speciality guaranteed, the name of that producer should be mentioned in the Regulation or national act and made public in order to let it enjoy the granted right and guarantee a level- playing field. Within this framework, for the good development of the procedures provided for in this Regulation and in accordance with Regulations (EU) 2016/679 and 2018/1725, the Commission and the Member States should be allowed to disclose to third parties or publish such personal data.	
Reci	tal 6e			
16e			(6e) Documentation related to the registration of a geographical indication and of a traditional speciality guaranteed, in digital or paper form, should be retained for a period of 10 years after cancellation in order to ensure historical information and to allow comparison with possible subsequent	

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			applications concerning the same or similar names. If personal data happen to be part of that documentation, that personal data should also be retained.	
Recit	al 7	[
17 Recit	(7) For the purpose of applying Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 the Commission is the authority with whom the owners of personal data may exercise the related rights, by sending comments, raising questions or concerns, or submitting a complaint regarding the collection and use of the personal data. It should, therefore, be clarified that the Commission is considered the controller within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 in relation to the processing of personal data in the procedures for which it is responsible under this Regulation, Regulation (EU) 2019/787 and the provisions adopted pursuant thereto.	(7) For the purpose of applying Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 the Commission is the authority with whom the owners of personal data may exercise the related rights, by sending comments, raising questions or concerns, or submitting a complaint regarding the collection and use of the personal data. It should, therefore, be clarified that the Commission is considered the controller within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 in relation to the processing of personal data in the procedures for which it is responsible under this Regulation, Regulation (EU) 2019/787 and the provisions adopted pursuant thereto.	(7) For the purpose of applying Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 the Commission is the authority with whom the owners of personal data subject may exercise the related rights, by sending comments, raising questions or concerns, or submitting a complaint regarding the collection and use of the personal data. It should, therefore, be clarified that the Commission is considered the controller within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 in relation to the processing of personal data in the procedures for which it is responsible under this Regulation, Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013, Regulation (EU) 2019/787 and the provisions adopted pursuant thereto.	
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	(8) Regulation (EU) 2016/679 ¹ of the European Parliament and of the Council applies to the processing of personal data carried out by Member States in the course of the relevant procedures. For the purpose of applying that Regulation the competent authorities of the Member States are the authorities with whom the owners of personal data may exercise the related rights, by sending comments, raising questions or concerns, or submitting a complaint regarding the collection and use of the personal data. It should, therefore, be clarified that the Member States are considered controllers within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 in relation to the processing of personal data in the procedures for which they are responsible under this Regulation, Regulation (EU) 2019/787 and the provisions adopted pursuant thereto. 1. reference	 (8) Regulation (EU) 2016/679¹ of the European Parliament and of the Council applies to the processing of personal data carried out by Member States in the course of the relevant procedures. For the purpose of applying that Regulation the competent authorities of the Member States are the authorities with whom the owners of personal data may exercise the related rights, by sending comments, raising questions or concerns, or submitting a complaint regarding the collection and use of the personal data. It should, therefore, be clarified that the Member States are considered controllers within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 in relation to the processing of personal data in the procedures for which they are responsible under this Regulation, Regulation (EU) 2019/787 and the provisions adopted pursuant thereto. 	(8) Regulation (EU) 2016/679 ⁺ of the European Parliament and of the Council applies to the processing of personal data carried out by Member States in the course of the relevant procedures. For the purpose of applying that Regulation Regulation (EU) 2016/679 the competent authorities of the Member States are the authorities with whom the owners of personal datadata subject may exercise the related rights, by sending comments, raising questions or concerns, or submitting a complaint regarding the collection and use of the personal data. It should, therefore, be clarified that the Member States are considered controllers within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 in relation to the processing of personal data in the procedures for which they are responsible under this Regulation, Regulation (EU) 2019/787 and the provisions adopted pursuant thereto. 1 . reference	
Recit				
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Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
(9) Ensuring uniform	(9) Ensuring	(9) Ensuring uniform	
recognition and	uniform ¹ recognition	recognition and	
protection throughout	and protection	protection throughout	
the Union for the	throughout the Union	the Union for the	
intellectual property	for the intellectual	intellectual property	
rights related to	property rights related	rights related to	
names protected in the		names protected in the	
Union is a priority	the Union is a priority	Union is a priority	
that can be effectively	that can be effectively	that can be effectively	
achieved only at	achieved only at	achieved only at	
Union level.	Union level.	Union level.	
Geographical	Geographical	Geographical	
indications protecting the names of wines,	indications protecting the names of wines,	indications protecting the names of wines,	
spirit drinks and	spirit drinks and	spirit drinks and	
agricultural products	agricultural products	agricultural products	
having characteristics,		having characteristics,	
attributes or	attributes or	attributes or	
reputation linked to	reputation linked to	reputation linked to	
their place of	their place of	their place of	
production are an	production are an	production are an	
exclusive Union's	exclusive Union's	exclusive Union's	
competence. A	competence. A	competence. A	
unitary and exclusive	unitary consistent and	unitary and	
system of	exclusive system of	exclusiveexhaustive	
geographical	geographical	system of	
indications therefore	indications therefore	geographical	
needs to be provided.	needs to be provided.	indications therefore	
Geographical	Geographical	needs to be provided	
indications are a	indications are a	in the Union law.	
collective right held	collective right held	Geographical	
by all eligible	by all eligible	indications are a	
producers in a	producers in a	collective right held	
designated area	designated area	by all eligible	
willing to adhere to a	willing to adhere to a	producers in a	
product specification.	product specification.	designated area	
Producers acting	Producers acting	willing to adhere to a	
collectively have more powers than	collectively have more powers than	product specification. Producers acting	
individual producers	individual producers	collectively have	
and take collective	and take collective	more powers than	
responsibilities to	responsibilities to	individual producers	
manage their	manage their	and take collective	
geographical	geographical	responsibilities to	
indications, including	indications, including	manage their	
responding to societal	responding to societal	geographical	
demands for products	demands for products	indications, including	
resulting from	resulting from	responding to societal	
sustainable	sustainable	demands for products	
production. Operating	production. Similarly,	resulting from	
geographical	the collective	sustainable	
indications reward	organisation of the	production. Operating	

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
producers fairly for	producers of a	geographical	
their efforts to	geographical	indications reward	
produce a diverse	indication can better	producers fairly for	
range of quality	<u>ensure a fair</u>	their efforts to	
products. At the same	<u>distribution of the</u>	produce a diverse	
time, this can benefit	<u>value added amongst</u>	range of quality	
the rural economy,	<u>the actors in the</u>	products. At the same	
which is particularly	<u>supply chain, to</u>	time, this can benefit	
the case in areas with	<u>provide a fair income</u>	the rural economy,	
natural or other	to producers, which	which is particularly	
specific constraints,	covers their costs and	the case in areas with	
such as mountain	allows them to invest	natural or other	
areas and the most	<u>further in the quality</u>	specific constraints,	
remote regions, where	and sustainability of	such as mountain	
the farming sector	<u>their products.</u>	areas and the most	
accounts for a	Operating	remote regions, where	
significant part of the	geographical	the farming sector	
economy and	indications reward	accounts for a	
production costs are	producers fairly for	significant part of the	
high. In this way,	their efforts to	economy and	
quality schemes are	produce a diverse	production costs are	
able to contribute to	range of quality	high. In this way,	
and complement rural	products. At the same	quality schemes are able to contribute to	
development policy as well as market and	time, this can benefit	and complement rural	
	the rural economy, which is particularly	development policy as	
income support policies of the CAP.	the case in areas with	well as market and	
In particular, they	natural or other	income support	
may contribute to the	specific constraints,	policies of the CAP.	
developments in the	such as mountain	In particular, they	
farming sector and,	areas and the most	may contribute to the	
especially,	remote regions,	developments in the	
disadvantaged areas.	including outermost	farming sector and,	
A Union framework	regions, where the	especially,	
that protects	farming sector	disadvantaged areas.	
geographical	accounts for a	A Union framework	
indications by	significant part of the	that protects	
providing for their	economy and	geographical	
inclusion in a register	production costs are	indications by	
at Union level	high. In this way,	providing for their	
facilitates the	quality schemes are	inclusion in a register	
development of the	able to contribute to	at Union level	
agricultural sector,	and complement rural	facilitates the	
since the resulting,	development policy as	development of the	
more uniform	well as market and	agricultural sector,	
approach ensures fair	income support	since the resulting,	
competition between	policies of the CAP.	more uniform	
the producers of	In particular, they	approach ensures fair	
products bearing such	may contribute to the	competition between	
indications and	developments in the	the producers of	
enhances the	farming sector and,	products bearing such	
credibility of the	especially,	indications and	

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
products in the	disadvantaged areas.	enhances the	
consumers' eyes. The	The Commission	eredibility of the	
system of	Communication of 30	products in the	
geographical	June 2021 entitled	consumers' eyes. The	
indications aims at	"A long-term vision	system of	
enabling consumers to	<u>for the EU's Rural</u>	geographical	
make more informed	<u> Areas - Towards</u>	indications aims at	
purchasing choices	<u>stronger, connected,</u>	enabling consumers to	
and, through labelling	<u>resilient and</u>	make more informed	
and advertising,	<u>prosperous rural</u>	purchasing choices	
helping them to	<u>areas by 2040"</u>	and, through labelling	
correctly identify their	<u>recognises the key</u>	and advertising,	
products on the	<u>role of geographical</u>	helping them to	
market. Geographical	indications among	correctly identify their	
indications, being a	<u>the flagship</u>	products on the	
type of intellectual	<u>initiatives promoting</u>	market. Geographical	
property right, help operators and	<u>rural areas, in view</u> of their contribution	indications, being a type of intellectual	
companies valorise	to the prosperity,		
their intangible assets.	economic	property right, help operators and	
To avoid creating	diversification and	companies valorise	
unfair conditions of	development of rural	their intangible assets.	
competition and to	areas and the strong	To avoid creating	
sustain the internal	association between a	unfair conditions of	
market, any producer,	product and its	competition and to	
including a third	territorial origin. A	sustain the internal	
country producer,	Union framework that	market, any producer,	
should be able to use	protects geographical	including a third	
a registered name and	indications by	country producer,	
market products	providing for their	should be able to use	
designated as	inclusion in a register	a registered name and	
geographical	at Union level	market products	
indications throughout	facilitates the	designated as	
the Union and in	development of the	geographical	
electronic commerce,	agricultural sector,	indications throughout	
provided that the	since the resulting,	the Union and in	
product concerned	more uniform	electronic commerce,	
complies with the	approach ensures fair	provided that the	
requirements of the	competition between	product concerned	
relevant specification	the producers of	complies with the	
and that the producer	products bearing such indications and	requirements of the relevant specification	
is covered by a system of controls. In light of	enhances the	and that the producer	
the experience gained	credibility of the	is covered by a system	
from the	products in the	of controls. In light of	
implementation of	consumers' eyes. The	the experience gained	
Regulations (EU) No	system of	from the	
1308/2013, (EU)	geographical	implementation of	
2019/787 and (EU)	indications aims at	Regulations (EU) No	
No 1151/2012 of the	enabling consumers to	1308/2013, (EU)	
European Parliament	make more informed	2019/787 and (EU)	
and of the Council ¹ ,	purchasing choices	No 1151/2012 of the	

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
there is a need to address certain legal issues, to clarify and simplify some rules and to streamline the procedures. 1. Regulation (EU) No 1151/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 November 2012 on quality schemes for agricultural products and foodstuffs (OJ L 343, 14.12.2012, p. 1).	and, through labelling and advertising, helping them to correctly identify their products on the market. Geographical indications, being a type of intellectual property right, help operators and companies valorise their intangible assets. To avoid creating unfair conditions of competition and to sustain the internal market, any producer, including a third country producer, should be able to use a registered name and market products designated as geographical indications throughout the Union and in electronic commerce, provided that the product concerned complies with the requirements of the relevant specification and that the producer is covered by a system of controls. In light of the experience gained from the implementation of Regulations (EU) No 1308/2013, (EU) 2019/787 and (EU) No 1151/2012 of the European Parliament and of the <i>Council^L Council27</i> , there is a need to address certain legal issues, to clarify and simplify some rules and to streamline the procedures.	European Parliament and of the Council ⁺ ; there is a need to address certain legal issues, to clarify and simplify some rules and to streamline the procedures.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		1. Regulation (EU) No 1151/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 November 2012 on quality schemes for agricultural products and foodstuffs (OJ L 343, 14.12.2012, p. 1).		
Reci	tal 9a			
19a			(9a) Producers acting collectively have more powers than individual producers and take collective responsibilities to manage their geographical indications, including responding to societal demands for products resulting from sustainable production. Operating geographical indications reward producers fairly for their efforts to produce a diverse range of quality products. At the same time, this can benefit the rural economy, which is particularly the case in areas with natural or other specific constraints, such as mountain areas and the most remote regions, where the farming sector accounts for a	

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		significant part of the economy and	
		production costs are	
		high. In this way,	
		quality schemes are	
		able to contribute to	
		and complement	
		rural development	
		policy as well as	
		market and income	
		support policies of the CAP. In	
		particular, they may	
		contribute to the	
		developments in the	V
		farming sector and,	
		especially,	
		disadvantaged areas.	
		A Union framework	
		that protects	
		geographical	
		indications by	
		providing for their inclusion in a	
		register at Union	
		level facilitates the	
		development of the	
		agricultural sector,	
		since the resulting,	
		more uniform	
		approach ensures	
		fair competition	
		between the producers of	
		products bearing	
		such indications and	
		enhances the	
		credibility of the	
		products in the	
		consumers' eyes.	
		The system of	
		geographical	
		indications aims at	
		enabling consumers to make more	
		informed purchasing	
		choices and, through	
		labelling and	
		advertising, helping	
		them to correctly	
		identify their	
		products on the	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			market.	
Reci	tal 9b			
19b		(9a) A unitary and exclusive system of geographical indications should 		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<u>(OJ L 317,</u> <u>4.11.2014, p. 56).</u>		
Reci	tal 9c			
19c			(9b) Geographical indications, being a type of intellectual property right, help operators and companies valorise their intangible assets. To avoid creating unfair conditions of competition and to sustain the internal market, any producer, including a third country producer, should be able to use a registered name and market products designated as geographical indications throughout the Union and in electronic commerce, provided that the product concerned complies with the requirements of the relevant specification and that the producer is covered by a system of controls. In light of the experience gained from the implementation of Regulations (EU) No 1308/2013, (EU) 2019/787 and (EU) No 1151/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ , there is a need to address certain legal issues,	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			to clarify and simplify some rules and to streamline the procedures. <u>1. Regulation (EU)</u> No 1151/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 November 2012 on quality schemes for agricultural products and foodstuffs (OJ L 343, 14.12.2012, p. 1).	
Reci	tal 10			
20	(10) In order to comply with the definition of agricultural products in the international framework, i.e. World Trade Organisation, the use of the combined nomenclature should be provided for geographical indications.	(10) In order to comply with the definition of agricultural products in the international framework, i.e. World Trade Organisation, the use of the combined nomenclature should be provided for geographical indications.	(10) In order to comply with the definition ofFor the purpose of regulating the geographical indications for agricultural products and foodstuffs, it is appropriate to define the agricultural products and foodstuffs concerned in such a way as to take into account in the international regulatory framework, i.e. World Trade Organisation, the usenamely the WTO Agreement on Agriculture while respecting the scope of the agricultural products as listed in Annex I to TFEU. Therefore, reference to the combined nomenclature	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			established by Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 should be provided for geographical indicationsmade. Thus, the agricultural products and foodstuffs should include the products falling into the Chapters 1 to 23 of the combined nomenclature, including the products listed in Annex I to this Regulation.	
Recit	al 11			
21	(11) The Union has for some time been aiming at simplifying the regulatory framework of the Common Agricultural Policy. This approach should also apply to regulations in the field of geographical indications, without calling into question the specific characteristics of each sector. In order to simplify the lengthy registration and amendment procedures, harmonised procedural rules for geographical indications for wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products should be laid down in a single legal instrument, while maintaining product	(11) The Union has for some time been aiming at simplifying the regulatory framework of the Common Agricultural Policy. <i>This approach</i> <i>should also apply to</i> <i>regulations in the</i> <i>field of The</i> <i>procedures for</i> <i>amending product</i> <i>specifications for</i> <i>products designated</i> <i>by a</i> geographical <i>indications, without</i> <i>calling into question</i> <i>the specific</i> <i>characteristics of</i> <i>each sectorindication</i> <i>have already been</i> <i>simplified and made</i> <i>more efficient for</i> <i>wine and agri-food</i> <i>products as part of</i> <i>the review of the</i> <i>Common</i> <i>Agricultural Policy.</i> In order to <i>further</i>	(11) The Union has for some time been aiming at simplifying the regulatory framework of the Common Agricultural Policy. This approach should also apply to regulations in the field of geographical indications, without calling into question the specific characteristics of each sector. In order to simplify the lengthy registration and amendment procedures, harmonised procedural rules for geographical indications for wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products should be laid down in a single legal instrument, while maintaining product	

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
specific provisions for	simplify the lengthy	specific provisions for	
wine in Regulation	registration and	wine in Regulation	
(EU) No 1308/2013,	amendment	(EU) No 1308/2013,	
for spirit drinks in	procedures,	for spirit drinks in	
Regulation (EU)	harmonised	Regulation (EU)	
2019/787 and for	procedural rules for	2019/787 and for	
agricultural products	geographical	agricultural products	
in this Regulation.	indications for wine,	in this Regulation.	
The procedures for	spirit drinks and	The procedures for	
the registration,	agricultural products	the registration,	
amendments to the	should be laid down	amendments to the	
product specification	in a single legal	product specification	
and cancellation of	instrument, while	and cancellation of	
the registration in	maintaining product	the registration in	
respect of	specific provisions for	respect of	
geographical	wine in Regulation	geographical	
indications originating	(EU) No 1308/2013,	indications originating	
in the Union,	for spirit drinks in	in the Union,	
including opposition	Regulation (EU)	including opposition	
procedures, should be	2019/787 and for	procedures, should be	
carried out by the	agricultural products	carried out by the	
Member States and	in this Regulation.	Member States and	
the Commission. The	This Regulation	the Commission. The	
Member States and	<u>should be</u>	Member States and	
the Commission	accompanied by a	the Commission	
should be responsible	number of tools for	should be responsible	
for distinct stages of	providing small	for distinct stages of	
each procedure.	producers and small	each procedure.	
Member States should	producer groups with	Member States should	
be responsible for the	<u>appropriate support,</u>	be responsible for the	
first stage of the	<u>such as tailor-made</u>	first stage of the	
procedure, which	<u>training courses</u>	procedure, which	
consists of receiving	about the changes	consists of receiving	
the application from	<u>being introduced,</u>	the application from	
the producer group,	<u>which should be</u>	the producer group,	
assessing it, including	organised by the	assessing it, including	
running a national	<u>national authorities</u>	running a national	
opposition procedure,	and the	opposition procedure,	
and, following the	Commission. The The	and, following the	
results of the	procedures for the	results of the	
assessment,	registration,	assessment,	
submitting the	amendments to the	submitting the	
application to the	product specification	application to the	
Commission. The	and cancellation of	Commission. The	
Commission should	the registration in	Commission should	
be responsible for	respect of	be responsible for	
scrutinising the	geographical	scrutinising the	
application in the	indications originating	application in the	
second stage of the	in the Union,	second stage of the	
procedure, including	including opposition	procedure, including	
running a worldwide	procedures, should be	running a worldwide	
opposition procedure,	carried out by the	opposition procedure,	

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Proposaland taking a decision on granting the protection to the geographical 	Member States and the Commission. The Member States and the Commission should be responsible for distinct stages of each procedure. Member States should be responsible for the first stage of the procedure, which consists of receiving the application from the producer group, assessing it, including running a national opposition procedure, and, following the results of the assessment, submitting the application to the Commission. The	and taking a decision on granting the protection to the geographical indication or not. Deadlines for lodging a reasoned statement of opposition should be set with a view to guaranteeing the full exercise of the right of opposition without delaying the registration process. It should be possible for the opponent to add further details to the grounds set out in the reasoned statement of opposition in the course of the	Draft Agreement
level without affecting the internal market or international trade. The protection	results of the assessment, submitting the application to the	to the grounds set out in the reasoned statement of opposition in the	
	should be able to grant transitional protection at national level without affecting the internal market or international trade.	geographical indications of third countries that meet the corresponding criteria and that are protected in their	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		The protection afforded by this Regulation upon registration should be equally available to geographical indications of third countries that meet the corresponding criteria and that are protected in their country of origin. The Commission should carry out the corresponding procedures for geographical indications originating in third countries.	country of origin. The Commission should carry out the corresponding procedures for geographical indications originating in third countries.	
Recit	al 11a			
21a			(11a) In order to allow Member States, third countries and natural or legal persons established or resident in a third country to bring to the attention of the Commission any error or additional information in relation to an application for registration, the possibility of submitting a notice of comments should be provided for.	
Recit	al 11b			
21b		(11a) The Union's quality policy is a public policy associated with the production of public goods that should		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		contribute to enabling the transition to a just and fair sustainable food system. Geographical indications are tools capable of contributing to: sustainable rural development; the diversification of the rural economy; the prevention of offshoring and depopulation by creating and preserving jobs in European rural areas and sustaining small scale, local and traditional producers; preserving cultural and socio-economic diversity; protecting the rural landscape; the sustainable management and reproduction of natural resources; biodiversity conservation; animal welfare; and food safety and		
Reci	tal 12			
22	(12) To contribute to the transition to a sustainable food system and respond to societal demands for sustainable, environmentally and climate friendly, animal welfare ensuring, resource efficient, socially and ethically responsible production methods, producers of	(12) To contribute to the transition to a sustainable food system and respond to societal demands for sustainable, environmentally and climate friendly, animal welfare ensuring, resource efficient, socially and ethically responsible production methods, producers of	(12) To contribute to the transition to a sustainable food system and respond to societal demands for sustainable, environmentally and climate friendly, animal welfare ensuring, resource efficient, socially and ethically responsible production methods, producers of	

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
geographical indications should be encouraged to adhere to sustainability standards that are more stringent than the mandatory ones and go beyond good practice. Such specific requirements could be set out in the product specification.	geographical indications should be encouraged to adhere to sustainability standards that are more stringent than the mandatory ones, <u>encompassing</u> <u>environmental, social</u> <u>and economic</u> <u>objectives and go</u> <u>beyond good practice</u> . Such specific requirements <u>couldshould</u> be set out in the product specification <u>or in a</u> <u>separate initiative. To</u> <u>enable the uptake of</u> <u>sustainability</u> <u>undertakings,</u> <u>producers should</u> <u>receive financial</u> <u>support by means of</u> <u>pre-established,</u> <u>specific and easily</u> <u>accessible funding</u> <u>and should be</u> <u>properly informed</u> <u>about the</u> <u>opportunities arising</u> <u>from the uptake of</u> <u>sustainability</u> <u>undertakings,</u> <u>including via</u> <u>information sessions</u> <u>and advisory systems</u> <u>on ways for</u> <u>producers to easily</u> <u>acquire the requisite</u> <u>knowledge of the</u> <u>properties of their</u> <u>own products which</u> <u>bring added value</u> <u>and which will then</u> <u>be passed on to</u> <u>consumers. The</u> <u>sustainability</u> <u>undertakings</u> <u>included in the</u> <u>product specification</u> <u>should relate to the</u>	geographical indications should be encouraged to adhere to sustainability standards that are more stringent than the mandatory ones and sustainable practices that go beyond good practice. Such specific requirementsmandato ry standards. Such practices could be set out in the product specification.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<u>three main types of</u> <u>sustainability:</u> <u>economic, social and</u> <u>environmental</u> .		
Recital 1	2a			
22a		(12a) Sustainability undertakings should contribute to one or more environmental, social or economic objectives. Such environmental objectives should include climate change mitigation, the conservation and sustainable use of soils, landscapes and natural resources, the preservation of biodiversity and the conservation of rare seeds, local breeds and plant varieties, the promotion of short supply chains or the management and promotion of animal health and welfare. The social objectives, they should include the improvement of working and employment condition, as well as collective bargaining, social protection and safety standards, attracting and supporting both young and new producers of products designated by a geographical indication to ease generational renewal and facilitating the solidarity and		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Proposal	transmission of knowledge across generations or promoting healthier diets. The economic objectives should include, securing a stable and fair income and a strong position across the value chain for producers of products designated by a geographical indication, improving the economic value of products designated by a geographical indication and the redistribution of added value along the value chain, contributing to the diversification of the rural economy, or preserving rural areas and local development, including agricultural employment.		
Recit	al 12b	1		
22b		(12b) Public procurement criteria should incorporate geographical indications and other quality schemes provided that they contribute to sustainable food production.		
Recit	al 13			
23	(13) To ensure coherent decision- making as regards	(13) To ensurecoherent <i>and efficient</i>decision-making as	(13) To ensure coherent decision- making as regards	

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
applications for	regards applications	applications for	
protection and judicial	for protection and	protection and judicial	
challenges against	judicial challenges	challenges against	
them, submitted in the	against them,	them, submitted in the	
national procedure,	submitted in the	national procedure,	
the Commission	national procedure,	the Commission	
should be informed in	the Commission	should be informed in	
a timely and regular	should be informed in	a timely and regular	
manner when	a timely<mark>an immediate</mark>	manner when	
procedures are	and regular manner	procedures are	
launched before	when procedures are	launched before	
national courts or	launched before	national courts or	
other bodies	national courts or	other bodies	
concerning an	other <u>competent</u>	concerning an	
application for	bodies concerning an	application for	
registration forwarded	application for	registration forwarded	
by the Member State	registration forwarded	by the Member State	
to the Commission	by the Member State	to the Commission	
and of their final	to the Commission,	and of their final	
results. For the same	and of their final	results. For the same	
reason, where a	results. For the same	reason, where a	
Member State	reason, where a	Member State	
considers that a	Member State	considers that a	
national decision on	considers<mark>has reason</mark>	national decision on	
which the application	<u>to believe</u> that a	which the application	
for protection is based	national decision on	for protection is based	
is likely to be	which the application	is likely to be	
invalidated as a result	for protection is based	invalidated as a result	
of national judicial	is likely to be	of national judicial	
proceedings, it should	invalidated as a result	proceedings, it should	
inform the	of national judicial	inform the	
Commission of that	proceedings, it should	Commission of that	
assessment. If the	inform the	assessment. If the	
Member State	Commission of that	Member State	
requests the	assessment, <u>duly</u>	requests the	
suspension of the	justifying this. If the Member State	suspension of the scrutiny of an	
scrutiny of an		5	
application at Union level, the Commission	requests the suspension of the	application at Union level, the Commission	
should be exempted	scrutiny of an	should be exempted	
from the obligation to	application at Union	from the obligation to	
meet the deadline for	level, the Commission	meet the deadline for	
scrutiny established	should be exempted	scrutiny established	
therein. In order to	from the obligation to	therein. In order to	
protect the applicant	meet the deadline for	protect the applicant	
from vexatious legal	scrutiny established	from vexatious legal	
actions and to	therein. In order to	actions and to	
preserve the	protect the applicant	preserve the	
applicant's right to	from vexatious legal	applicant's right to	
secure the protection	actions and to	secure the protection	
of a name within a	preserve the	of a name within a	
reasonable time, the	applicant's right to	reasonable time, the	
	upprivant 5 right to	reasonable unit, uit	

	exemption should be limited to cases in which the application for registration has been invalidated at national level by an immediately applicable but not final judicial decision or in which the Member State considers that the action to challenge the	secure the protection of a name within a reasonable time, the exemption should be limited to cases in which the application for registration has been invalidated at national level by an immediately applicable but not <u>necessarily</u> final	exemption should be limited to cases in which the application for registration has been invalidated at national level by an immediately applicable but not final judicial decision or in which the Member State	
	validity of the application is based on valid grounds.	judicial decision or in which the Member State <i>considershas</i> <i>reason to believe</i> that the action to challenge the validity of the application is based on valid grounds.	considers that the action to challenge the validity of the application is based on valid grounds.	
Recita	II 14			
24	(14) To allow operators, whose interests are affected by the registration of a name, to continue to use that name for a limited period of time, while contravening the protection regime established in Article 27, specific derogations for the use of the names in the form of transitional periods should be granted. Such periods can also be allowed to overcome temporary difficulties and with the long-term objective of ensuring that all producers comply with the product specification.	(14) To allow operators, whose interests are affected by the registration of a name, to continue to use that name for a limited period of time, while contravening the protection regime established in Article 27, specific derogations for the use of the names in the form of transitional periods should be granted. Such periods can also be allowed to overcome temporary difficulties and with the long-term objective of ensuring that all producers comply with the product specification.	(14) To allow operators, whose interests are affected by the registration of a name, to continue to use that name for a limited period of time, while contravening the protection regime established in Article 27this Regulation, specific derogations for the use of the names in the form of transitional periods should be granted. Such periods can also be allowed to overcome temporary difficulties and with the long-term objective of ensuring that all producers comply with the product specification.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
24a		(14a) With regard to the process of amendment of a product specification, a temporary amendment should be considered as a standard amendment when it concerns a temporary change in the product specification resulting from the imposition of obligatory sanitary and phytosanitary measures by the public authorities or a temporary amendment necessary because of a natural disaster or adverse weather conditions recognised by the competent authorities, or a man- made disaster, such as war.		
Recit	(15) To onguro	(15) To onguro	(15) To onguro	
25	(15) To ensure transparency and uniformity across Member States, it is necessary to establish and maintain an electronic Union register of geographical indications, registered as protected designations of origin or protected geographical indications. The register should provide information to consumers and to those involved in	(15) To ensure transparency and uniformity across Member States, it is necessary to establish and maintain <i>ang</i> <i>single</i> electronic Union register of geographical indications, registered as protected designations of origin or protected geographical indications. The <i>periodically updated</i> register should provide information to consumers and to	(15) To ensure transparency and uniformity across Member States, it is necessary to establish and maintain an electronic Union register of geographical indications, registered as protected designations of origin or protected geographical indications. The register should provide information to consumers and to those involved in	

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
trade. The register should be an electronic database stored within an information system and should be accessible to the public.	those involved in trade, in compliance with the Union rules in force on the protection of know- how and trade secrets, on all types of geographical indications entered into the register pursuant to their registration in the Member State, by third country application, as a result of a concluded international trade agreement or upon international registration derived from the Geneva Act of the Lisbon Agreement on Appellations of Origin and Geographical Indications. The register should be an electronic database stored within an information system, and should be accessible to the public. That register should enable easy access to the product specifications behind each geographical indication and quality schemes, regardless of whether they are from the Geneva Act of the Lisbon Agreements or via the mechanism provided for in the Geneva Act of the Lisbon	trade. The register should be an electronic database stored within an information system, and should be accessible to the public.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<u>Geographical</u> Indications.		
Reci	tal 16			
26	(16) The Union negotiates international agreements, including those concerning the protection of designations of origin and geographical indications, with its trade partners. In order to facilitate the provision to the public of information about the names protected by those international agreements, and in particular to ensure protection and control of the use to which those names are put, those names may be entered in the Union register of geographical indications. Unless specifically identified as designations of origin in such international agreements, the names should be entered in the register as protected geographical indications.	(16) <u>Given their</u> recognised role in creating economic value and jobs, maintaining local traditions and knowledge and protecting natural resources, all Union geographical indications should be protected under bilateral and multilateral trade agreements and other international agreements through the recognition of the Union negotiatessystem as such. In that regard, the Union should devote significant commercial and diplomatic efforts to ensure the protection of traditional practices which bring together historical, cultural and gastronomic heritage while ensuring sustainable production. Furthermore, international trade agreements, including those concerning with particular provisions on the protection of designations of origin and geographical indications are of particular importance, as they provide market access	(16) The Union negotiates international agreements, including those concerning the protection of designations of origin and geographical indications, with its trade partners. In order to facilitate the provision to the public of information about the names protected by those international agreements, and in particular to ensure protection and control of the use to which those names are put, those names may be entered in the Union register of geographical indications. Unless specifically identified as designations of origin in such international agreements, the names should be entered in the register as protected geographical indications.	

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		and opportunities for economic growth and jobs for both the Union and third countries right- holders, while protecting against unfair practices and safeguarding consumer safety and health, with its trade partners. In order to facilitate the provision to the public of information about the names protected by those the international agreements, and in particular to ensure protection and control of the use to which those names are put, those names mayshould be entered in the Union register of geographical indications. Unless specifically identified as designations of origin in such international agreements, the names should be entered in the register as protected geographical indications.		
Recit	l tal 16a			
26a		(16a) In order to unlock the full potential of designations of origin and geographical indications in international trade, this Regulation should be complemented with further cooperation		



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		and engagement with third countries through trade policy with a view to enhancing legislative frameworks for the protection and enforcement of designations of origin and geographical indications in third country markets, taking due consideration of the level of development of third countries.		
Recit	al 17			
27	(17) For the optimal functioning of the internal market, it is important that producers and other operators concerned, authorities and consumers may quickly and easily have access to the relevant information concerning a registered protected designation of origin or protected geographical indication. This information should include, where applicable, the information on the identity of the producer group recognised at national level.	(17) For the optimal functioning of the internal market, it is important that producers and other operators concerned, authorities and consumers may quickly and easily have access to the relevant information concerning a registered protected designation of origin or protected geographical indication <i>in all the official Union languages.</i> This information should include, where applicable, the information on the identity of the producer group recognised at national level.	(17) For the optimal functioning of the internal market, it is important that producers and other operators concerned, authorities and consumers may quickly and easily have access to the relevant information concerning a registered protected designation of origin or protected geographical indication. This information should include, where applicable, the information on the identity of the producer group recognised at national level.	
Recit	al 17a			
27a		<u>(17a)</u> <u>While</u>		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		negotiating trade agreements, or specific bilateral agreements on geographical indications, the parties should always bear in mind their specificities and the complex tissue of producers entering into the scope of the protected products; in that regard, special attention should be given to micro, small and medium-sized producers avoiding disproportionate burdens and additional costs since they are key actors and preservers of the system. In order to ensure fair competition and promote international trade, this Regulation should not, therefore, create discrimination nor should it constitute a barrier for potential applicants, particularly producers in the Union and third countries qualifying as micro, small or medium-sized enterprises.		
28	(18) Protection should be granted to names entered in the Union register of geographical indications with the aim of ensuring that	(18) Protection should be granted to names entered in the Union register of geographical indications with the aim of ensuring that	(18) Protection should be granted to names entered in the Union register of geographical indications with the aim of ensuring that	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	they are used fairly and in order to prevent practices liable to mislead consumers. In order to strengthen the protection of geographical indications and to combat counterfeiting more effectively, the protection of designations of origin and geographical indications should also apply to domain names on the internet.	they are used fairly and in order to prevent practices liable to mislead consumers. In order to strengthen the protection of geographical indications and to combat counterfeiting more effectively, the protection of designations of origin and geographical indications should also apply to domain names on the internet.	they are used fairly and in order to prevent practices liable to mislead consumers. In order To strengthen the protection of geographical indications and to combat counterfeitinginfringe ments more effectively, the protection of designations of origin and geographical indications should also apply to domain names on the internet.	
Rec	ital 19			
° 29	(19) To establish whether products are comparable to the products registered as a geographical indication, account should be taken of all relevant factors. Those should include whether the products have common objective characteristics, such as method of production, physical appearance or use of the same raw material; under which circumstances the products are utilised from the point of view of the relevant public; whether they are frequently distributed through the same channels; and whether they are subject to similar marketing rules.	(19) To establish whether products are comparable to the products registered as a geographical indication, account should be taken of all relevant factors. Those should include whether the products have common objective characteristics, such as method of production, physical appearance or use of the same raw material; under which circumstances the products are utilised from the point of view of the relevant public; whether they are frequently distributed through the same channels; and whether they are subject to similar marketing rules.	(19) To establish whether products are comparable to the products registered as a geographical indication, account should be taken of all relevant factors. Those should include whether the products have common objective characteristics, such as method of production, physical appearance or use of the same raw material; under which circumstances the products are utilised from the point of view of the relevant public; whether they are frequently distributed through the same channels; and whether they are subject to similar marketing rules.	(19) To establish whether products are comparable to the products registered as a geographical indication, account should be taken of all relevant factors. Those should include whether the products have common objective characteristics, such as method of production, physical appearance or use of the same raw material; under which circumstances the products are utilised from the point of view of the relevant public; whether they are frequently distributed through the same channels; and whether they are subject to similar marketing rules.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Recit	al 19a			
29a			(19a) In line with the established case law of the Court of Justice of the European Union, evocation of a geographical indication should arise, in particular, where a term, sign, or other labelling or packaging device presents a sufficiently direct and clear link with the product covered by the registered geographical indication in the mind of the average European consumer who is reasonably well informed, observant and circumspect.	
Recit	al 20			
∍ 30	(20) In light of commercial practices and Union jurisprudence clarity is required on the use of a geographical indication in the sale name of a processed product of which the product designated by the geographical indication is an ingredient. It should be ensured that such use is made in	(20) In light of commercial practices and Union jurisprudence clarity is required on the use of a geographical indication in the sale name of a processed product of which the product designated by the geographical indication is an ingredient. It should be ensured that such use is made in	(20) In light of commercial practices and Union jurisprudence clarity is required on the use of a geographical indication in the sale name of a processed product of which the product designated by the geographical indication is an ingredient. It should be ensured that such use is made in	(20) In light of commercial practices and Union jurisprudence clarity is required on the use of a geographical indication in the sale name of a processed product of which the product designated by the geographical indication is an ingredient. It should be ensured that such use is made in
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Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
accordance with fair commercial practices and does not weaken, dilute or is not detrimental to the reputation of the product bearing the geographical indication. A consent of a large majority of the producers of geographical indications concerned should be required to allow such a use.	accordance with fair commercial practices and does not weaken, dilute or is not detrimental to the reputation of the product bearing the geographical indication. A consent of a large majority of the producers of geographical indications concerned should be required to allow such a use.	accordance with fair commercial practices and does not weaken, dilute or is not detrimental to the reputation of the product bearing the geographical indication. A consent of a large majority of the producers of geographical indications concerned should be required to allow such a use.	accordance with fair commercial practices and does not weaken, dilute or is not detrimental to the reputation of the product bearing the geographical indication. To this end conditions for the qualities attributed by the geographical indication as ingredient to the processed food should be added. Moreover, the producers of prepacked food should notify the recognised producer group, where such group exists, before starting to use the geographical indication in the name of the pre- packed food. Such approach is in line with the objectives of strengthening the protection of the-f4 consent of a large majority of the producers of geographical indications concerned_and enhancing the role of the recognised producer group. Having in mind the attainment of those objectives, Member States should be required to allow such a useable to maintain or intrioduce additional national procedural rules applicable to internal



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				situations (producer of prepacked food established on territory of a Member State and selling that prepacked food on the domestic market of that Member States) in line with the Treaties and the case law, without hampering the free movement of goods and the freedom of establishment.
Recit	al 21	I	I	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
31	(21) Rules concerning the continued use of generic names should be clarified so that generic terms that are similar to or form part of a name or term that is protected should retain their generic status.	(21) Rules concerning the continued use of generic names should be clarified so that generic terms that are similar to or form part of a name or term that is protected should retain their generic status.	(21) Rules concerning the continued use of generic namesterms should be clarified so that generic terms that are similar to or form part of a name or term that is protected should retain their generic status.	
Recit	al 22			1
32	(22) The scope of the protection granted under this Regulation should be clarified, in particular with regard to those limitations on registration of new trade marks set out in Directive (EU) 2015/2436 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ that conflict with the registration of geographical indications. Such clarification is also necessary with regard	(22) The scope of the protection granted under this Regulation should be clarified, in particular with regard to those limitations on registration of new trade marks set out in Directive (EU) 2015/2436 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ that conflict with the registration of geographical indications. Such clarification is also necessary with regard	(22) The scope of the protection granted under this Regulation should be clarified, in particular with regard to those limitations on registration of new trade marks set out in Directive (EU) 2015/2436 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ and in Regulation 2017/1001 on the EU trade mark that conflict with the registration of geographical	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	to the holders of prior intellectual property rights, in particular those concerning trade marks and homonymous names registered as geographical indications. 1. OJ L 336, 23.12.2015, p.1.	to the holders of prior intellectual property rights, in particular those concerning trade marks and homonymous names registered as geographical indications. 1. OJ L 336, 23.12.2015, p.1.	indications. Such clarification is also necessary with regard to the holders of prior intellectual property rights, in particular those concerning trade marks and homonymous names registered as geographical indications. <u>1. OJ L 336,</u> 23.12.2015, p.1.	
Reci	tal 23		I 	L
33	(23) Producer groups play an essential role in the application process for the registration of geographical indications, as well as in the amendment of specifications and cancellation requests. They should be equipped with the means to better identify and market the specific characteristics of their products. The role of the producer group should hence be clarified.	(23) Producer groups, including those defined by Member States' national law, play an essential role in the management of their geographical indications, including the application process for the registration-of geographical indications, as well as in the amendment of specifications and cancellation requests. They should be equipped with the means to better identify and market the specific characteristics of their products as well as adequate resources to exercise their powers and responsibilities. The role of the producer group should hence be clarified. Member States should be able to provide that the contribution to costs	(23) Producer groups play an essential role in the application process for the registration of geographical indications, as well as in the amendment of specifications and cancellation requests. They should be equipped with the means to better identify and market the specific characteristics of their products. The role of the producer group should hence be clarified.	

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			associated with the exercise of powers and responsibilities by the recognised producer group is compulsory for all producers of products designated by that geographical indication. Other interested parties, including specialist organisations, non- governmental organisations such as consumer groups, or public bodies could provide technical advice and help in the preparation of the application and the related procedure.		
G	Recit	(24) As producers of products bearing geographical indications are mostly small or medium size enterprises, they face competition from other operators along the food supply chain which can create unfair competition between local producers and those operating on a more extended scale. In this context, in the interest of all the producers concerned, it is necessary to allow one single producer group to perform specific actions in the name of the producers. To that purpose, the category of the recognised	(24) As producers of products bearing geographical indications are mostly small or medium size enterprises, they face competition from other operators along the food supply chain which can create unfair competition between local producers and those operating on a more extended scale. In this context, in the interest of all the producers concerned, it is necessary to allow one single producer group to perform specific actions in the name of the producers. To that purpose, the category of the recognised	(24) As producers of products bearing geographical indications are mostly small or medium size enterprises, they face competition from other operators along the food supply chain which can create unfair competition between local producers and those operating on a more extended scale. In this context, in the interest of all the producers concerned, it is necessary to allow one single producer group to perform specific actions in the name of the producers. ToFor that purpose, the category of the recognised	(24) As producers of products bearing geographical indications are mostly small or medium size enterprises, they face competition from other operators along the food supply chain which can create unfair competition between local producers and those operating on a more extended scale. In this context, in the interest of all the producers concerned, it is necessary to allow one single producer group to perform specific actions in the name of the producers. <i>To For</i> that purpose, the category of the recognised

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Reci	producer group should be established, together with the criteria necessary to qualify as a recognised producer group and the related specific additional rights, in particular in order to provide recognised producer groups with the right tools to better enforce their intellectual property rights against unfair practices.	producer group should be established, together with the criteria necessary to qualify as a recognised producer group and the related specific additional rights, in particular in order to provide recognised producer groups with the right tools to better enforce their intellectual property rights against unfair practices.	producer group should be established, together with the criteria necessary to qualify as a recognised producer group and the related specific additional rights, in particular in order to provide recognised producer groups with the right tools to better enforce their intellectual property rights against unfair practices. The provisions on recognised producer groups are inspired by the longstanding systems set up in several Member States. Those existing systems show that the recognised producer group is a valuable instrument enhancing the collective management and protection of geographical indications, which should be maintained. The Regulation should give the necessary regulatory tools to Member States wishing to establish such systems.	producer group should be established. <i>In</i> <i>addition to the</i> <i>general rules on</i> <i>producer groups</i> , <i>which should apply</i> <i>also to recognised</i> <i>producer groups, it is</i> <i>necessary to defines</i> <i>together with</i> the criteria- <i>necessary</i> to qualify as a recognised producer group and the related specific additional rights, in particular in order to provide recognised producer groups with the right tools to better enforce their intellectual property rights against unfair practices. <i>The</i> <i>provisions on</i> <i>recognised producer</i> <i>groups are inspired</i> <i>by the longstanding</i> <i>systems set up in</i> <i>several Member</i> <i>States. Those existing</i> <i>systems show that the</i> <i>recognised producer</i> <i>group is a valuable</i> <i>instrument</i> <i>enhancing the</i> <i>collective</i> <i>management and</i> <i>protection of</i> <i>geographical</i> <i>indications, which</i> <i>should be</i> <i>maintained. The</i> <i>Regulation should</i> <i>give the necessary</i> <i>regulatory tools to</i> <i>Member States</i> <i>wishing to establish</i> <i>such systems.</i>
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			(24a) A single producer group should be recognised also in case of geographical indications whose geographical area extends to more than one Member State. Following the Protocol on Ireland and Northern Ireland to the Agreement on the withdrawal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland from the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community, the same should apply where the territory of Northern Ireland is concerned.	
Recit	al 25			
35	(25) The relationship between internet domain names and protection of geographical indications should be clarified as regards the scope of the application of the remedy measures, the recognition of geographical indications in dispute resolution, and the fair use of domain names. Persons having a legitimate interest on a geographical indication applied for registration before the registration of the domain name should	(25) The relationship between internet domain names and protection of geographical indications should be clarified as regards the scope of the application of the remedy measures, the recognition of geographical indications in dispute resolution, and the fair use of domain names. Persons having a legitimate interest on a geographical indication applied for registration before the registration of the domain name should	(25) The relationship between internet domain names and protection of geographical indications should be clarified as regards the scope of the application of the remedy measures, the recognition of geographical indications in dispute resolution, and the fair use of domain names. Alternative dispute resolution systems of country-code top level-Persons having a legitimate interest on a geographical indication applied for	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	be empowered to request for the revocation or the transfer of the domain name in case of conflict.	be empowered to request for the revocation or the transfer of the domain name in case of conflict.	registration before the registration of the domain name should be empowered to request for the revocation or the transfer of the domain name in case of conflictregistries throughout the Union should acknowledge geographical indications as a right to be invoked during such disputes.	
Recit	al 25a			
35a		(25a) The recognition and protection of established rights in the domain names industry at international level is essential to prevent the usurpation of the reputation of geographical indications due to the strong development of commerce on the internet. The Union's trade agreements with third countries currently constitute the most appropriate framework for reinforcing protection at the international level. The Commission should pay special attention to the need to include the protection of geographical indications rights at domain names level in bilateral trade		

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		agreements and other international trade negotiations, and strengthen its mediation work with the bodies in charge of assigning domain names, and very particularly with Internet Corporation for Assigned Names and Numbers (ICANN), with the objective to include the GIs' existing rights in the Uniform Domain Name Dispute Resolution Policy (UDRP).		
Recit	al 26			
36	(26) The relationship between trademarks and geographical indications should be clarified in relation to criteria for the rejection of trademark applications, the invalidation of trademarks and the coexistence between trademarks and geographical indications.	(26) The relationship between trademarks and geographical indications should be clarified <u>and made</u> <u>more transparent</u> in relation to criteria for the rejection of trademark applications, the invalidation of trademarks and the coexistence between trademarks and geographical indications.	(26) The relationship between trademarks and geographical indications should be clarified in relation to criteria for the rejection of trademark applications, the invalidation of trademarks and the coexistence between trademarks and geographical indications.	
Recit	al 27			
37	(27) In order to avoid creating unfair conditions of competition, any producer, including a third-country producer, should be able to use a registered	(27) In order to avoid creating unfair conditions of competition, any producer, including a third-country producer, should be able to use a registered	(27) In order to avoid creating unfair conditions of competition, any produceroperator, including a third- country produceroperator, should be able to use	

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	geographical indication, provided that the product concerned complies with the requirements of the relevant product specification or single document or an equivalent to the latter, i.e. a complete summary of the product specification. The system set up by the Member States should also guarantee that producers complying with the rules are entitled to be covered by the verification of compliance of the product specification.	geographical indication, provided that the product concerned complies with the requirements of the relevant product specification or single document or an equivalent to the latter, i.e. a complete summary of the product specification. The system set up by the Member States should also guarantee that producers complying with the rules are entitled to be covered by the verification of compliance of the product specification. <i>Third country</i> <i>producers should be</i> <i>subject to Union-</i> <i>comparable</i> <i>verification</i> <i>procedures set up by</i> <i>their respective</i> <i>oversight authorities.</i>	a registered geographical indication, provided that the product concerned complies with the requirements of the relevant product specification or single document or an equivalent to the latter, i.e. a complete summary of the product specification. The system set up by the Member States should also guarantee that producersoperators complying with the rules are entitled to be covered by the verification of compliance of the product specification.	
Reci	tal 28			
38	(28) The symbols, indications and abbreviations identifying a registered geographical indication, and the rights therein pertaining to the Union, should be protected in the Union as well as in third countries with the aim of ensuring that they are used on genuine products and that consumers are not misled as to the	(28) The symbols, indications and abbreviations identifying a registered geographical indication, and the rights therein pertaining to the Union, should be protected in the Union as well as in third countries with the aim of ensuring that they are used on genuine products and that consumers are not misled as to the	(28) The symbols, indications and abbreviations identifying a registered geographical indication, and the rights therein pertaining to the Union, should be protected in the Union as well as in third countries with the aim of ensuring that they are used on genuine products and that consumers are not misled as to the	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	qualities of products.	qualities of products.	qualities of products.	
Recit	tal 29			
39	 (29) The labelling of wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products should be subject to the general rules laid down in Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹, and in particular the provisions aimed at preventing labelling that may confuse or mislead consumers. 1. OJ L 304, 22.11.2011, p. 18. 	(29) The labelling of <i>wine</i> , spirit drinks and agricultural products should be subject to the general rules laid down in Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁴²⁹ , and in particular the provisions aimed at preventing labelling that may confuse or mislead consumers. <i>I. OJ L 304</i> , 22.11.2011, p. 18.	(29) The labelling of wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products should be subject to the general rules laid down in Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ , and in particular the provisions aimed at preventing labelling that may confuse or mislead consumers. $\overline{1. \text{ OJ L } 304,}$ 22.11.2011, p. 18.	
Recit	tal 30			
40	(30) The use of Union symbols or indications on the packaging of products designated by a geographical indication should be made obligatory in order to make this category of products, and the guarantees attached to them, better known to consumers and to permit easier identification of these products on the market, thereby facilitating checks. However, in view of the specific nature of products covered by this Regulation,	(30) The use of Union symbols or indications on the packaging of, and on the presentation pages of retail websites for, products designated by a geographical indication should be made obligatory in order to make this category of products, and the guarantees attached to them, better known to consumers and to permit easier identification of these products on the market, thereby facilitating checks. However, in view of	(30) The use of Union symbols or indications on the packaging of products designated by a geographical indication should be made obligatory in order to make this category of products, and the guarantees attached to them, better known to consumers and to permit easier identification of these products on the market, thereby facilitating checks. However, in view of the specific nature of products covered by this Regulation,	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	special provisions concerning labelling should be maintained for wine and spirit drinks. The use of such symbols or indications should remain voluntary for third country geographical indications and designations of origin.	the specific nature of products covered by this Regulation, special provisions concerning labelling should be maintained for <i>wine and</i> spirit drinks. The use of such symbols or indications should remain voluntary for third country geographical indications and designations of origin.	special provisions concerning labelling should be maintained for wine and spirit drinks. The use of such symbols or indications should remain voluntary for third country geographical indications and designations of origin.	
Reci	al 31			
41	(31) The added value of the geographical indications is based on consumer trust. The system of geographical indications significantly relies on self-control, due diligence and individual responsibility of producers, while it is the role of the competent authorities of the Member States to take the necessary steps to prevent or stop the use of names of products, which are in breach of the rules governing geographical indications. The role of the Commission is to intervene in case of a systemic failure to apply Union law. Geographical indications should be subject to the system of official controls, in line with the	(31) The added value of the geographical indications is based on consumer trust. The system of geographical indications significantly relies on self-control, due diligence and individual responsibility of producers, while it is the role of the competent authorities of the Member States to take the necessary steps to prevent or stop the use of names of products, which are in breach of the rules governing geographical indications. The role of the Commission is to intervene in case of a systemic failure to apply Union law. Geographical indications should be subject to the system of official controls, in line with the	(31) The added value of the geographical indications is based on consumer trust. The system of geographical indications significantly relies on self-control, due diligence and individual responsibility of producers, while it is the role of the competent authorities of the Member States to take the necessary steps to prevent or stop the use of names of products, which are in breach of the rules governing geographical indications. The role of the Commission is to intervene in case of a systemic failure to apply Union law. Geographical indications should be subject to the system of official controls, in line with the	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	principles set out in Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ , which should include a system of controls at all stages of production, processing and distribution. Each operator should be subject to a control system that verifies compliance with the product specification. Taking into account that wine is subject to specific controls defined in the sectoral legislation, this Regulation should lay down controls for spirit drinks and agricultural products only. 1. OJ L 95, 7.4.2017, p. 1.	principles set out in Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁴³⁰ , which should include a system of controls at all stages of production, processing and distribution. Each operator should be subject to a control system that verifies compliance with the product specification. <i>Taking into account</i> <i>that wine is subject to</i> <i>specific controls</i> <i>defined in the sectoral</i> <i>legislation, this</i> <i>Regulation should lay</i> <i>down controls for</i> <i>spirit drinks and</i> <i>agricultural products</i> <i>only.</i> <i>1. OJ L 95,</i> <i>7.4.2017, p. 1.</i>	principles set out in Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ , which should include a system of controls at all stages of production, processing and distribution. Each operator should be subject to a control system that verifies compliance with the product specification. Taking into account that wine is subject to specific controls defined in the sectoral legislation, this Regulation should lay down controls for spirit drinks and agricultural products only. 1. OJ L 95, 7.4.2017, p. 1.	
41a	tal 31a	(31a) The registered trademarks of geographical indications have an asset value which can be determined after a clear and objective analysis by an independent third party. Such a value may be included into the annual balance sheet of both producer groups and individual producers.		



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Recital 3	<u> </u>			
(3 er in ef cc de th cc pr de cc pr de cc pr bo er th au th	82) In order to naure that they are npartial and ffective, the competent authorities esignated to perform a verification of the compliance with the roduct specification nould meet a number f operational criteria. rovisions on elegating some competences of erforming specific control tasks to roduct certification odies should be nvisaged to facilitate at task of the control athorities and make are system more effective.	(32) In order to ensure that they are impartial and effective, the competent authorities designated to perform the verification of the compliance with the product specification should meet a number of operational criteria. <i>When designating</i> <i>authorities</i> <i>responsible for taking</i> <i>appropriate</i> <i>administrative and</i> <i>judicial steps to</i> <i>prevent or stop the</i> <i>unlawful use of</i> <i>protected</i> <i>designations of origin</i> <i>and protected</i> <i>geographical</i> <i>indications, Member</i> <i>States should ensure</i> <i>that those authorities</i> <i>provide adequate</i> <i>guarantees of</i> <i>transparency,</i> <i>objectivity and</i> <i>impartiality, and that</i> <i>they have at their</i> <i>disposal the qualified</i> <i>staff and resources</i> <i>necessary to carry out</i> <i>their functions.</i> Provisions on delegating some competences of performing specific control tasks to product certification bodies should be envisaged to facilitate the task of the control authorities and make the system more effective.	(32) In order to ensure that they are impartial and effective, the competent authorities designated to perform the verification of the compliance with the product specification should meet a number of operational criteria. Provisions on delegating some competences of performing specificcertain official control tasks to delegated and product certification bodies and natural persons should be envisaged to facilitate the task of the control authorities and make the system more effective. Information on the competent authorities, delegated and product certification bodies and natural persons should be made public to ensure the transparency and allow interested parties to contact them.	
Recital 3	33			

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43	(33) Information on the competent authorities and product certification bodies should be made public to ensure the transparency and allow interested parties to contact them.	(33) Information on the competent authorities and product certification bodies should be made public to ensure the transparency and allow interested parties to contact them.	(33) Information on the competent authorities and product certification bodies should be made public to ensure the transparency and allow interested parties to contact them.	
Recit	tal 34			
44	(34) European standards developed by the European Committee for Standardisation and international standards developed by the International Organisation for Standardisation should be used for the accreditation of the control bodies as well as by those bodies for their operations. The accreditation of those bodies should take place in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ . 1. OJ L 218, 13.8.2008, p. 30.	(34) European standards developed by the European Committee for Standardisation and international standards developed by the International Organisation for Standardisation should be used for the accreditation of the control bodies as well as by those bodies for their operations. The accreditation of those bodies should take place in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ . 1. OJ L 218, 13.8.2008, p. 30.	(34) European standards developed by the European Committee for Standardisation and international standards developed by the International Organisation for Standardisation should be used for the accreditation of the controldelegated and product certification bodies as well as by those bodies for their operations. The accreditation of those bodies should take place in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ . 1. OJ L 218, 13.8.2008, p. 30.	
Recit	tal 35			
45	(35) Enforcement of geographical indications in the marketplace is important to prevent fraudulent and	(35) Enforcement of geographical indications in the marketplace is important to prevent fraudulent and	(35) Enforcement of geographical indications in the marketplacemarket, in accordance with Regulation (EU)	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Desi	deceptive practices thus ensuring that producers are properly rewarded for the added value of their products bearing a geographical indication and that illegal users of those geographical indications are prevented from selling their products. Controls should be carried out based on risk assessment or notifications from operators, and appropriate administrative and judicial steps should be taken to prevent or stop the use of names on products or services that contravene the protected geographical indications.	deceptive practices and the effective combating of counterfeiting, thus ensuring that producers are properly rewarded for the added value of their products bearing a geographical indication and that illegal users of those geographical indications are prevented from selling their products. Controls should be carried out based on risk assessment or notifications from operators, and appropriate, effective and proportionate administrative and judicial steps should be taken to prevent or stop the use of names on products or services that fail to respect, or contravene, the protected geographical indications.	2017/625, is important to prevent fraudulent and deceptive practices, thus ensuring that producers are properly rewarded for the added value of their products bearing a geographical indication and that illegal users of those geographical indications are prevented from selling their products. Controls should be carried out based on risk assessment or notifications from operators or competent authorities to ensure compliance with the product specification or single document or an equivalent to the latter, such as the summary of the product specification, and appropriate administrative and judicial steps should be taken to prevent or stop the use of names on products or services that contravene the protected geographical indications.	
Reci	al 36			
46	(36) Online platforms have become increasingly used for sales of products, including of those designated as	(36) Online platforms have become increasingly used for sales of products, including of those designated as	(36) Intermediary services, in particular online platforms have become increasingly used for sales of	

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
geographical indications, and in some cases they might represent an important space as regards preventing fraud. In this regard, this Regulation should establish rules to ensure appropriate labelling of products sold via online platforms, and to provide powers to Member States to disable access to the content that contravenes the rules. These rules should be without prejudice to Regulation (EU) No 2022/XX of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ . <u>1. Regulation (EU)</u> [] of the European Parliament and of the Council of [] on a Single Market For Digital Services (DSA) and amending Directive 2000/31/EC (OJ L , XXX, dd/mm/yyyy, p. X).	geographical indications, and in some cases they might represent an important space as regards preventing fraud. In this regard, this Regulation should establish rules to ensure appropriate labelling of products sold via online platforms, and to provide powers to Member States to disable access to the content that contravenes the rules. These rules should be without prejudice to Regulation (EU) No 2022/XX of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ . <u>1</u> . Regulation (EU) [] of the European Parliament and of the Council of [] on a Single Market For Digital Services (DSA) and amending Directive 2000/31/EC (OJ L , XXX, dd/mm/yyyy, p. X).	products, including of those designated as geographical indications, and in some cases theyit might represent an important space as regards preventing fraud. In this regard, this Regulation should establish rules to ensure appropriate labelling of products sold via online platforms, and to provide powers to Member States to disable access to theInformation related to the advertising, promotion and sale of goods that contravenes the protection of geographical indications should be considered illegal content. In this regard, this Regulation-that contravenes the rules. These rules should be without prejudice toprovide for qualification of illegal content under Regulation (EU) No 2022/XXNo 2022/2065 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁴ and possible measures to be taken by national authorities.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			on a Single Market For Digital Services (DSA) and amending Directive 2000/31/EC (OJ L , XXX, dd/mm/yyyy, p. X).	
Recit	al 37			
47	(37) Taking into account that a product designated by the geographical indication produced in one Member State might be sold in another Member State, administrative assistance between Member States should be ensured to allow effective controls and its practicalities should be laid down.	(37) Taking into account that a product designated by the geographical indication produced in one Member State might be sold in another Member State, administrative assistance between Member States <u>and</u> <u>with third countries</u> should be ensured to allow effective controls and its practicalities should be laid down.	(37) Taking into account that a product designated by the geographical indication produced in one Member State might be sold in another Member State, administrative assistance between Member States should be ensured to allow effective controls and its practicalities should be laid down.	
Recit	al 38			
48	(38) For the optimal functioning of the internal market, it is important that producers quickly and easily demonstrate in several contexts that they are authorised to use a protected name, such as at customs controls, market inspections or on demand by trade operators. For this purpose, an official certificate, or other proof of certification, of entitlement to produce the product	(38) For the optimal functioning of the internal market, it is important that producers quickly and easily demonstrate in several contexts that they are authorised to use a protected name, such as at customs controls, market inspections or on demand by trade operators. For this purpose, an official certificate, or other proof of certification, of entitlement to produce the product	(38) For the optimal functioning of the internal market, it is important that producers quickly and easily demonstrate in several contexts that they are authorised to use a protected name, such as at customs controls, market inspections or on demand by trade operators. For this purpose, an-official certificate, or other proof of certification, of entitlement to produce attestation	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	designated by a geographical indication should be put at the disposal of the producer.	designated by a geographical indication should be put at the disposal of the producer.	of compliance with the product designated by a geographical indicationspecificatio n should be put at the disposal of the producermade available to the operator.	
Reci	tal 39			
49	(39) The procedures for registration, amendment and cancellation of geographical indications, including the scrutiny and the opposition procedure, should be carried out in the most efficient way. This can be achieved by using the assistance for the scrutiny of the applications provided by the European Union Intellectual Property Office (EUIPO). While a partial outsourcing to EUIPO has been considered, the Commission would remain responsible for registration, amendment and cancellation, due to a strong relation with the Common Agricultural Policy and to the expertise needed to ensure that specificities of wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products are adequately assessed.	(39) The procedures for registration, amendment and cancellation of geographical indications, including the scrutiny and the opposition procedure, should be carried out in the most efficient way. <i>This can be</i> <i>achieved by using the</i> <i>assistance for the</i> <i>serutiny of the</i> <i>applications provided</i> <i>by the European</i> <i>Union Intellectual</i> <i>Property Office</i> <i>(EUIPO). While a</i> <i>partial outsourcing to</i> <i>EUIPO has been</i> <i>considered, According</i> <i>to the Special Report</i> <i>drafted by the</i> <i>European Court of</i> <i>Auditors, since the</i> <i>signature of the</i> <i>Memorandum of</i> <i>Understanding in</i> <i>2018 between the</i> <i>Commission and the</i> <i>EUIPO, there has</i> <i>been no improvement</i> <i>in the length of the</i> <i>procedures</i> <i>regarding, in</i> <i>particular, the</i> <i>analysis of</i> <i>applications for</i>	(39) The procedures for registration, amendment and cancellation of geographical indications, including the serutiny and the opposition procedure, should be carried out in the most efficient way. This can be achieved by using the assistance for the serutiny of the applications provided by the European Union Intellectual Property Office (EUIPO). While a partial outsourcing to EUIPO has been considered, the Commission would remain responsible for registration, amendment and cancellation, due to a strong relation with the Common Agricultural Policy and to the expertise needed to ensure that specificities of wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products are adequately assessed.	

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			registration and amendments to product specifications of geographical indications. The Commission wouldshould remain responsible for registration, amendment and cancellation, due to a strong relation with the Common Agricultural Policy and to the expertise needed to ensure that specificities of wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products are adequately assessed.		
	Recit	al 40			
	50	(40) Criteria should be set to assess the performance of the EUIPO. These criteria should ensure quality, coherence and efficiency of the assistance provided. The Commission should prepare a report to the Parliament and to the Council on the results and experience of the execution of these tasks by the EUIPO.	(40) Criteria should be set to assess the performance of the EUIPO. These criteria should ensure quality, coherence and efficiency of the assistance provided. The Commission should prepare a report to the Parliament and to the Council on the results and experience of the execution of these tasks by the EUIPO.	(40) Criteria should be set to assess the performance of the EUIPO. These criteria should ensure quality, coherence and efficiency of the assistance provided. The Commission should prepare a report to the Parliament and to the Council on the results and experience of the execution of these tasks by the EUIPO.	
	Recit	al 41			
G	51	(41) In the light of existing practice, the two different instruments for identifying the link between the product and its geographical	(41) In the light of existing practice, the two different instruments for identifying the link between the product and its geographical	(41) In the light of existing practice, the two different instruments for identifying the link between the product and its geographical	(41) In the light of existing practice, the two different instruments for identifying the link between the product and its geographical

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement	
		origin, namely the designation of origin and the geographical indication, should be maintained. Rules for and definitions of plant varieties and animal breeds should be clarified to better understand their articulation with geographical indications in case of conflict. Rules on sourcing of feed and of raw materials should remain unchanged.	origin, namely the designation of origin and the geographical indication, should be maintained. Rules for and definitions of plant varieties and animal breeds should be clarified to better understand their articulation with geographical indications in case of conflict. Rules on sourcing of feed and of raw materials should remain unchanged.	origin, namely the designation of origin and the geographical indication, should be maintained. Rules for and definitions of plant varieties and animal breeds should be clarified to better understand their articulation with geographical indications in case of conflict. Rules on sourcing of feed and of raw materials should remain unchanged.	origin, namely the designation of origin and the geographical indication, should be maintained. Rules for and definitions of plant varieties and animal breeds should be clarified to better understand their articulation with geographical indications in case of conflict. Rules on sourcing of feed and of raw materials should remain unchanged. Text Origin: Commission Proposal	
	Recit	al 42		I		
G	52	(42) A product bearing a geographical indication should meet certain conditions set out in the product specification. For such information to be easily understandable also to interested parties, the product specification should be summarised in a single document.	(42) A product bearing a geographical indication should meet certain conditions set out in the product specification. For such information to be easily understandable also to interested parties, the product specification should be summarised in a single document.	(42) A product bearing a geographical indication should meet certain conditions set out in the product specification. For such information to be easily understandable also to interested parties, the product specification should be summarised in a single document.	 (42) A product bearing a geographical indication should meet certain conditions set out in the product specification. For such information to be easily understandable also to interested parties, the product specification should be summarised in a single document. Text Origin: Commission Proposal 	6
	Recit	al 43				
	53	(43) To implement the rules related to	(43) To implement the rules related to	(43) To implement the rules related to		

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		geographical indications, the Commission should be assisted by a committee, composed by the delegates of the Member States.	geographical indications, the Commission should be assisted by a committee, composed by the delegates of the Member States.	geographical indications, the Commission-should be assisted by a committee, composed by the delegates of the Member States.	
	Recit	al 44			
	54	(44) The specific objective of the scheme for traditional specialities guaranteed is to help the producers of traditional products to communicate to consumers the value- adding attributes of their product. In order to avoid creating unfair conditions of competition, any producer, including a producer from a third country, should be able to use a registered name of a traditional speciality guaranteed, provided that the product concerned complies with the requirements of the relevant specification and the producer is covered by a system of controls.	(44) The specific objective of the scheme for traditional specialities guaranteed is to help the producers of traditional products to communicate to consumers the value- adding attributes of their product. In order to avoid creating <i>imbalances on the</i> <i>internal market or</i> unfair conditions of competition, any producer, including a producer from a third country, should be able to use a registered name of a traditional speciality guaranteed, provided that the product concerned complies with the requirements of the relevant specification and the producer is covered by a system of controls.	(44) The specific objective of the scheme for traditional specialities guaranteed is to help the producers of traditional products to communicate to consumers the value- adding attributes of their product. In order to avoid creating unfair conditions of competition, any producer, including a producer from a third country, should be able to use a registered name of a traditional speciality guaranteed, provided that the product concerned complies with the requirements of the relevant specification and the producer is covered by a system of controls.	
	Recit	al 45			
3	55	(45) As only a few names have been registered, the current scheme for traditional specialities guaranteed has failed	(45) As only a few names have been registered, the current scheme for traditional specialities guaranteed has failed	(45) As only a few names have been registered, the current scheme for traditional specialities guaranteed has failed	(45) As only a few names have been registered, the current scheme for traditional specialities guaranteed has failed

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	to realise its potential. Current provisions should therefore be improved, clarified and sharpened in order to make the scheme more understandable, operational and attractive to potential applicants. To ensure that names of genuine traditional products are registered, the criteria and conditions for registration of a name should be adapted, in particular by removing the condition that traditional specialities guaranteed have a specific character.	to realise its potential. Current provisions should therefore be improved, clarified and sharpened in order to make the scheme more understandable, operational and attractive to potential applicants. To ensure that names of genuine traditional products are registered, the criteria and conditions for registration of a name should be adapted, in particular by removing the condition that traditional specialities guaranteed have a specific character.	to realise its potential. Current provisions should therefore be improved, clarified and sharpened in order to make the scheme more understandable, operational and attractive to potential applicants. To ensure that names of genuine traditional products are registered, the criteria and conditions for registration of a name should be adapted, in particular by removing the condition that traditional specialities guaranteed have a specific character.	to realise its potential. Current provisions should therefore be improved, clarified and sharpened in order to make the scheme more understandable, operational and attractive to potential applicants. To ensure that names of genuine traditional products are registered, the criteria and conditions for registration of a name should be adapted, in particular by removing the condition that traditional specialities guaranteed have a specific character. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Rec	ital 46		[
56	(46) To ensure that traditional specialities guaranteed comply with their specification and are consistent, producers organised into groups should themselves define the product in a specification. The option of registering a name as a traditional speciality guaranteed should be open to third country producers.	(46) To ensure that traditional specialities guaranteed comply with their specification and are consistent, producers organised into groups should themselves define the product in a specification. The option of registering a name as a traditional speciality guaranteed should be open to third country producers with a control system or equivalent.	(46) To ensure that traditional specialities guaranteed comply with their specification and are consistent, producers organised into groups should themselves define the product in a specification. The option of registering a name as a traditional speciality guaranteed should be open to third country producers.	
Rec	ital 47			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
57	(47) To ensure transparency, the traditional specialities guaranteed should be entered in the register.	(47) To ensure transparency, the traditional specialities guaranteed should be entered in the <u>single</u> register <u>provided for</u> <u>in this Regulation</u> .	(47) To ensure transparency, the traditional specialities guaranteed should be entered in the register.	
Recit	tal 48			
58	(48) In order to avoid creating unfair conditions of competition, any producer, including a producer from a third country, should be able to use a registered name of a traditional speciality guaranteed, provided that the product concerned complies with the requirements of the relevant specification and the producer is covered by a system of controls. For traditional specialities guaranteed produced within the Union, the Union symbol should be indicated on the labelling and it should be possible to associate it with the indication 'traditional speciality guaranteed'. The use of the names, the Union symbol and the indication should be regulated to ensure a uniform approach across the internal market.	(48) In order to avoid creating <i>imbalances</i> <i>on the internal</i> <i>market or</i> unfair conditions of competition, any producer, including a producer from a third country, should be able to use a registered name of a traditional speciality guaranteed, provided that the product concerned complies with the requirements of the relevant specification and the producer is covered by <i>athe</i> system of controls. For traditional specialities guaranteed produced within the Union, the Union symbol should be indicated on the labelling and it should be possible to associate it with the indication 'traditional speciality guaranteed'. The use of the names, the Union symbol and the indication should be regulated <i>correspondingly</i> to ensure a uniform approach across the internal market.	(48) In order to avoid creating unfair conditions of competition, any produceroperator, including a produceran operator from a third country, should be able to use a registered name of a traditional speciality guaranteed, provided that the product concerned complies with the requirements of the relevant specification and the producer is covered by a system of controls. For traditional specialities guaranteed produced within the Union, the Union symbol should be indicated on the labelling and it should be possible to associate it with the indication 'traditional speciality guaranteed'. The use of the names, the Union symbol and the indication should be regulated to ensure a uniform approach across the internal market.	

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Recit	al 49			
υ	59	(49) Traditional specialities guaranteed should be effectively protected on the market so that their producers are properly rewarded for their added value and that illegal users of traditional specialities guaranteed are prevented from selling their products.	(49) Traditional specialities guaranteed should be effectively protected on the market so that their producers are properly rewarded for their added value and that illegal users of traditional specialities guaranteed are prevented from selling their products.	(49) Traditional specialities guaranteed should be effectively protected on the market so that their producers are properly rewarded for their added value and that illegal users of traditional specialities guaranteed are prevented from selling their products.	 (49) Traditional specialities guaranteed should be effectively protected on the market so that their producers are properly rewarded for their added value and that illegal users of traditional specialities guaranteed are prevented from selling their products. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Recit	al 50			
	60	(50) In order not to mislead the consumers, registered traditional specialities guaranteed should be protected against any misuse or imitation, including as regards products used as ingredients, or against any other practice liable to mislead the consumer. Pursuing the same objective, rules should be laid down for specific uses of traditional specialities guaranteed, notably as regards the use of terms that are generic in the Union, labelling which contains or comprises the denomination of a plant variety or animal breed and trade marks.	(50) In order not to mislead the consumers consumers and to provide them with accurate information, registered traditional specialities guaranteed should be protected against any misuse, imitation or counterfeiting-or imitation, including as regards products used as ingredients, or against any other practice liable to mislead consumers and which may distort the information provided to them the consumer. Pursuing the same objective, rules should be laid down for specific uses of traditional specialities guaranteed, notably as regards the use of	(50) In order not to mislead the consumers, registered traditional specialities guaranteed should be protected against any misuse or imitation, including as regards products used as ingredients, or against any other practice liable to mislead the consumer. Pursuing the same objective, rules should be laid down for specific uses of traditional specialities guaranteed, notably as regards the use of terms that are generic in the Union, labelling which contains or comprises the denomination of a plant variety or animal breed and trade marks.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		terms that are generic in the Union, labelling which contains or comprises the denomination of a plant variety or animal breed and trade marks.		
Recit	al 51			
∝ 61	(51) Participation in the traditional speciality guaranteed scheme should ensure that any operator complying with the rules of this scheme is entitled to be covered by the verification of compliance with the product specification.	(51) Participation in the traditional speciality guaranteed scheme should ensure that any operator complying with the rules of this scheme is entitled to be covered by the verification of compliance with the product specification.	(51) Participation in the traditional speciality guaranteed scheme should ensure that any operator complying with the rules of this scheme is entitled to be covered by the verification of compliance with the product specification.	(51) Participation in the traditional speciality guaranteed scheme should ensure that any operator complying with the rules of this scheme is entitled to be covered by the verification of compliance with the product specification. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Recit	al 52			
G 62	(52) The procedures for the registration, amendments to the product specification and the cancellation of the registration in respect of traditional specialities guaranteed originating in the Union, including opposition procedures, should be carried out by the Member States and the Commission. The Member States and the Commission should be responsible for distinct stages of each procedure. Member States should	(52) The procedures for the registration, amendments to the product specification and the cancellation of the registration in respect of traditional specialities guaranteed originating in the Union, including opposition procedures, should be carried out by the Member States and the Commission. The Member States and the Commission should be responsible for distinct stages of each procedure. Member States should	(52) The procedures for the registration, amendments to the product specification and the cancellation of the registration in respect of traditional specialities guaranteed originating in the Union, including opposition procedures, should be carried out by the Member States and the Commission. The Member States and the Commission should be responsible for distinct stages of each procedure. Member States should	(52) The procedures for the registration, amendments to the product specification and the cancellation of the registration in respect of traditional specialities guaranteed originating in the Union, including opposition procedures, should be carried out by the Member States and the Commission. The Member States and the Commission should be responsible for distinct stages of each procedure. Member States should
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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	be responsible for the first stage of the procedure, which consists of receiving the application from the producer group, assessing it, including running a national opposition procedure, and, following the results of the assessment, submitting the Union application to the Commission. The Commission should be responsible for scrutinising the application, including running a worldwide opposition procedure, and taking a decision on granting the traditional specialities guaranteed protection or not. The protection afforded by this Regulation upon registration should be equally available to traditional specialities guaranteed of third countries that meet the corresponding criteria and that are protected in their country of origin. The Commission should also carry out the corresponding procedures for traditional specialities guaranteed originating in third countries.	be responsible for the first stage of the procedure, which consists of receiving the application from the producer group, assessing it, including running a national opposition procedure, and, following the results of the assessment, submitting the Union application to the Commission. The Commission should be responsible for scrutinising the application, including running a worldwide opposition procedure, and taking a decision on granting the traditional specialities guaranteed protection afforded by this Regulation upon registration should be equally available to traditional specialities guaranteed of third countries that meet the corresponding criteria and that are protected in their country of origin. The Commission should also carry out the corresponding procedures for traditional specialities guaranteed originating in third countries.	be responsible for the first stage of the procedure, which consists of receiving the application from the producer group, assessing it, including running a national opposition procedure, and, following the results of the assessment, submitting the Union application to the Commission. The Commission should be responsible for scrutinising the application, including running a worldwide opposition procedure, and taking a decision on granting the traditional specialities guaranteed protection afforded by this Regulation upon registration should be equally available to traditional specialities guaranteed of third countries that meet the corresponding criteria and that are protected in their country of origin. The Commission should also carry out the corresponding procedures for traditional specialities guaranteed originating in third countries.	be responsible for the first stage of the procedure, which consists of receiving the application from the producer group, assessing it, including running a national opposition procedure, and, following the results of the assessment, submitting the Union application to the Commission. The Commission should be responsible for scrutinising the application, including running a worldwide opposition procedure, and taking a decision on granting the traditional specialities guaranteed protection afforded by this Regulation upon registration should be equally available to traditional specialities guaranteed of third countries that meet the corresponding criteria and that are protected in their country of origin. The Commission should also carry out the corresponding procedures for traditional specialities guaranteed originating in third countries.
Recita	al 53			
63				
03				

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Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
(53) The optional quality terms scheme was introduced by Regulation (EU) No 1151/2012. It refers to specific horizontal characteristics, of one or more categories of products, farming methods or processing attributes which apply in specific areas. The optional quality term 'mountain product' has met the conditions laid down for optional quality terms and was established by that Regulation. It has provided mountain producers with an effective tool to better market their product and to reduce the actual risks of consumer confusion as to the mountain provenance of products on the market. The possibility for producers to use optional quality terms should be maintained, as the scheme has not yet fully met its potential in the Member States due to a short time of its application.	(53) The optional quality terms scheme was introduced by Regulation (EU) No 1151/2012. It refers to specific horizontal characteristics, of one or more categories of products, farming methods or processing attributes which apply in specific areas. The optional quality term 'mountain product' has met the conditions laid down for optional quality terms and was established by that Regulation. It has provided mountain producers with an effective tool to better market their product and to reduce the actual risks of consumer confusion as to the mountain provenance of products on the market. The possibility for producers to use optional quality terms should be maintained, as the scheme has not yet fully met its potential in the Member States due to a short time of its application.	(53) The optional quality terms scheme was introduced by Regulation (EU) No 1151/2012. It refers to specific horizontal characteristics, of one or more categories of products, farming methods or processing attributes which apply in specific areas. The optional quality term 'mountain product' has met the conditions laid down for optional quality terms and was established by that Regulation. It has provided mountain producers with an effective tool to better market their product and to reduce the actual risks of consumer confusion as to the mountain provenance of products on the market. The possibility for producers to use optional quality terms should be maintained, as the scheme has not yet fully met its potential in the Member States due to a short time of its application.	(53) The optional quality terms scheme was introduced by Regulation (EU) No 1151/2012. It refers to specific horizontal characteristics, of one or more categories of products, farming methods or processing attributes which apply in specific areas. The optional quality term 'mountain product' has met the conditions laid down for optional quality terms and was established by that Regulation. It has provided mountain producers with an effective tool to better market their product and to reduce the actual risks of consumer confusion as to the mountain provenance of products on the market. The possibility for producers to use optional quality terms should be maintained, as the scheme has not yet fully met its potential in the Member States due to a short time of its application. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
ecital 53a			
3a	(53a) Owing to the growing demand from producers of various products,		

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Γτοροκαι	including ones produced by individual farmers, which do not fall into any other categories but which bear the hallmarks of a quality scheme, and bearing in mind the weaker competitiveness of farmers who nevertheless wish to sell directly to final consumers, a new optional quality term 'farmer's product' should be introduced with a view to providing consumers with information on a specific product characteristic. Member States should draw up criteria which a product are to satisfy in order to be able to use the optional quality term 'farmer's product'.		
Recit	al 54			
64	(54) To implement the rules related to traditional specialities guaranteed and optional quality terms, laid down in this Regulation, the Commission should be assisted by a committee, composed of the delegates of the Member States.	(54) To implement the rules related to traditional specialities guaranteed and optional quality terms, laid down in this Regulation, the Commission should be assisted by a committee, composed of the delegates of the Member States.	(54) To implement the rules related to traditional specialities guaranteed and optional quality terms, laid down in this Regulation, the Commission should be assisted by a committee, composed of the delegates of the Member States.	
Recit	al 55			
65	(55) Provisions	(55) Provisions	(55) Provisions	

Commission	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Duaft A groomant
Proposal		Council Manuale	Draft Agreement
concerning	concerning	concerning	
geographical	geographical	geographical	
indications in	indications in	indications in	
Regulations (EU) No	Regulations (EU) No	Regulations (EU) No	
1308/2013,	1308/2013,	1308/2013,	
concerning the wine	concerning the wine	concerning the wine	
sector, and (EU)	sector, and (EU)	sector, and (EU)	
2019/787, concerning	2019/787, concerning	2019/787, concerning	
the spirit drinks	the spirit drinks	the spirit drinks	
sector, need to be	sector, need to be	sector, need to be	
amended in order to	amended in order to	amended in order to	
align them to the	align them to the	align them to the	
common rules on	common rules on	common rules on	
registration,	registration,	registration,	
amendment,	amendment,	amendment,	
opposition,	opposition,	opposition,	
cancellation,	cancellation,	cancellation,	
protection and	protection and	protection and	
controls of the	controls of the	controls of the	
geographical	geographical	geographical	
indications set out in	indications set out in	indications set out in	
this Regulation. In	this Regulation. In	this Regulation. In	
particular for wine, additional changes are	particular for wine, additional changes are	particular for wine, additional changes are	
needed to the	needed to the	needed to the	
definition of protected	definition of protected	definition of protected	
geographical	geographical	geographical	
indications in line	indications in line	indications in line	
with the Trade	with the Trade	with the Trade	
Related Agreement on	Related Agreement on	Related Agreement on	
Intellectual Property.	Intellectual Property.	Intellectual Property.	
For reasons of	For reasons of	For reasons of	
consistency with this	consistency with this	consistency with this	
Regulation, the	Regulation, the	Regulation, the	
provision on the tasks	provision on the tasks	provision on the tasks	
of the EUIPO laid	of the EUIPO laid	of the EUIPO laid	
down in Regulation	down in Regulation	down in Regulation	
(EU) 2017/1001 of	(EU) 2017/1001 of	(EU) 2017/1001 of	
the European	the European	the European	
Parliament and of the	Parliament and of the	Parliament and of the	
Council ¹ should also	Council ¹ should also	Council ¹ should also	
be amended.	be amended.	be amended.	
1. Regulation (EU)	1. Regulation (EU)	1. Regulation (EU)	
2017/1001 of the	2017/1001 of the	2017/1001 of the	
European	European	European	
Parliament and of	Parliament and of	Parliament and of	
the Council of 14	the Council of 14	the Council of 14	
June 2017 on the	June 2017 on the	June 2017 on the	
European Union	European Union	European Union	
trade mark (OJ L	trade mark (OJ L	trade mark (OJ-L	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	154, 16.6.2017, p. 1).	154, 16.6.2017, p. 1).	154, 16.6.2017, p. 1).	
Recit	al 56			
Recit	(56) In order to supplement or amend certain non-essential elements of this Regulation, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission in respect of defining sustainability standards and laying down criteria for the recognition of existing sustainability standards; clarifying or adding items to be supplied as part of accompanying information; entrusting the EUIPO with the tasks related to scrutiny for opposition and the opposition procedure, operation of the register, publication of standard amendments to a product specification, consultation in the context of cancellation procedure, establishment and management of an alert system informing applicants about the	(56) In order to supplement or amend certain non-essential elements of this Regulation, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission in respect of <i>defining</i> <i>sustainability</i> <i>standards and laying</i> <i>down criteria for the</i> <i>recognition of existing</i> <i>sustainability</i> <i>standards; clarifying</i> <i>or adding items to be</i> <i>supplied as part of</i> <i>accompanying</i> <i>information;</i> entrusting the EUIPO with the tasks related to <i>serutiny for</i> <i>opposition and the</i> <i>opposition procedure,</i> <i>operation of the</i> <i>register, publication</i> <i>of standard</i> <i>amendments to a</i> <i>product specification,</i> <i>consultation in the</i> <i>context of</i> <i>cancellation</i> <i>procedure,</i> <i>establishment and</i> <i>management of an</i> <i>alert system the</i> <i>development of a</i>	(56) In order to supplement or amend certain non-essential elements of this Regulation, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission in respect of defining sustainability standards and laying down eriteriaproviding detailed procedures and deadlines for the recognition of existing sustainability standards; clarifying or adding items to be supplied as part of accompanying information; entrusting the EUIPO with the tasks related to serutiny for opposition and the opposition procedure, operation of the register, publication of standard; setting out provisions on Union amendments to a-product specification, consultation in the context of cancellation	
	availability of their geographical indication as a domain	<u>Union alert system to</u> <u>fight against online</u> <u>counterfeiting of</u>	procedure, establishment and management of an	
	name, scrutiny of	<u>geographical</u>	alert system informing	

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
third country	indications, informing	applicants about the	
geographical	applicants about the	availability of their	
indications other than	availability of their	geographical	
geographical	geographical	indication as a domain	
indications under the	indication as a domain	name, scrutiny of	
Geneva Act of the	name, s<i>crutiny of</i>	third country	
Lisbon Agreement on	third country	geographical	
Appellations of Origin	geographical	indications other than	
and Geographical	indications other than	specifications of	
Indications ¹ , proposed	geographical	geographical	
for protection	indications under the	indications under the	
pursuant to	Geneva Act of the	Geneva Act of the	
international	Lisbon Agreement on	Lisbon Agreement on	
negotiations or	Appellations of Origin	Appellations of Origin	
international	and monitoring of the	and Geographical	-
agreements;	<u>registration of</u>	Indications ¹ , proposed	
establishing	<u>domain names in the</u>	for protection	
appropriate criteria for	<u>Union which would</u>	pursuant to	
monitoring	<u>conflict with the</u>	international	
performance of the	<u>names included in</u>	negotiations or	
EUIPO in the	<u>the Union register of</u>	international	
execution of the tasks	geographical	agreements;	
entrusted to it; laying	indications ⁴ , proposed	establishing	
down additional rules	for protection	appropriate criteria for	
on the use of	pursuant to	monitoring	
geographical	<i>international</i>	performance of the	
indications to identify	negotiations or	EUIPO in the	
ingredients in	international	execution of the tasks	
processed products;	agreements ;	entrusted to itfor	
laying down	establishing	which no single	
additional rules for	appropriate criteria for	document was	
determining the	monitoring	published, on	
generic status of	performance of the	admissibility of	
terms; establishing the	EUIPO in the	applications for	
restrictions and	execution of the tasks	Union amendments,	
derogations with	entrusted to it; <i>laying</i>	on the relationship	
regard to the sourcing	down additional rules	between Union and	
of feed in the case of a	on the use of	standard	
designation of origin;	geographical	amendments, and on	
establishing	indications to identify	standard	
restrictions and	ingredients in	amendments; laying	
derogations with	processed products;	down additional rules	
regard to the	laying down	on the use of	
slaughtering of live	additional rules for	geographical	
animals or with regard	determining the	indications to identify	
to the sourcing of raw	generic status of	ingredients inin the	
materials; laying	terms; establishing the	name of processed	
down rules for	restrictions and	products ; laying down	
determining the use of	derogations with	additional rules for	
the denomination of a	regard to the sourcing	determining the	
plant variety or of an	of feed in the case of a	generic status of	
animal breed; laying	designation of origin;	terms; establishing the	

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Proposal	agtablighter -	nontri oti cara an 1	
down rules which	establishing	restrictions and	
limit the information contained in the	restrictions and	derogations with	
	derogations with	regard to the sourcing of feed in the case of a	
product specification	regard to the slaughtering of live	designation of origin	
for geographical indications and	animals or with regard	with reference to the	
traditional specialities	to the sourcing of raw	use of comparable	
guaranteed; laying	materials; laying	ingredients and the	
down further details	down rules for	criteria of conferring	
of the eligibility	determining the use of	essential	
criteria for traditional	the denomination of a	characteristics on	
specialities	plant variety or of an	the processed	
guaranteed; laying	animal breed; laying	products;	
down additional rules	down rules which	establishing	
to provide for	limit the information	restrictions and	
appropriate	contained in the	derogations with	
certification and	product specification	regard to the	
accreditation	for geographical	slaughtering of live	
procedures to apply in	indications	animals or with regard	
respect of product	and traditional	to the sourcing of raw	
certification bodies;	specialities	materials; laying	
laying down	guaranteed; laying	down rules for	
additional rules to	down further details	determining the use of	
further detail	of the eligibility	the denomination of a	
protection of	criteria for traditional	plant variety or of an	
traditional specialities	specialities	animal breed; laying	
guaranteed; laying	guaranteed; laying	down rules which	
down for traditional	down additional rules	limit the information	
specialities	to provide for	contained in the	
guaranteed additional	appropriate	product specification	
rules for determining	certification and accreditation	for geographical indications and	
the generic status of terms, conditions for	procedures to apply in	traditional specialities	
use of plant variety	respect of product	guaranteed; laying	
and animal breed	certification bodies;	down further details	
denominations, and	laying down	of the eligibility	
relation to intellectual	additional rules to	criteria for traditional	
property rights;	further detail	specialities	
defining additional	protection of	guaranteed; laying	
rules for joint	traditional specialities	down	
applications	guaranteed; laying	additionalcomplemen	
concerning more than	down for traditional	ting the rules to	
one national territory	specialities	provide for	
and complementing	guaranteed additional	appropriate	
the rules of the	rules for determining	certification and	
application process	the generic status of	accreditation	
for traditional	terms, conditions for	procedures to apply in	
specialities	use of plant variety	respect of product	
guaranteed	and animal breed	certification bodies;	
guaranteed;	denominations, and	laying down	
complementing the	relation to intellectual	additional rules to	
rules for the	property rights;	further detail	

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Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
opposition procedure	defining additional	protection of	
for traditional	rules for joint	traditional specialities	
specialities	applications	guaranteed; laying	
guaranteed to	concerning more than	down for the	
establish detailed	one national territory	opposition	
procedures and	and complementing	procedure for	
deadlines;	the rules of the	traditional specialities	
supplementing the	application process	guaranteed additional	
rules regarding the	for traditional	rules for determining	
amendment	specialities	the generic status of	
application process	guaranteed	terms, conditions for	
for traditional	guaranteed ;	use of plant variety	
specialities	complementing the	and animal breed	
guaranteed;	rules for the	denominations, and	
supplementing the	opposition procedure	relation to intellectual	
rules regarding the	for traditional	property rights;	
cancellation process	specialities	defining additional	
for traditional	guaranteed to	rules for joint	
specialities	establish detailed	applications	
guaranteed; laying	procedures and	concerning more than	
down detailed rules	deadlines;	one national territory	
relating to the criteria	supplementing the	and complementing to	
for optional quality	rules regarding the	establish detailed	
terms; reserving an	amendment	procedures and	
additional optional	application process	deadlines;	
quality term, laying	for traditional	supplementing the	
down its conditions of	specialities	rules of the regarding	
use; laying down	guaranteed;	the amendment	
derogations to the use	supplementing the	application process	
of the term 'mountain	rules regarding the	for traditional	
product' and	cancellation process	specialities	
establishing the	for traditional	guaranteed	
methods of	specialities	guaranteed;	
production, and other	guaranteed; laying	complementing;	
criteria relevant for	down detailed rules	supplementing the	
the application of that	relating to the criteria	rules for the	
optional quality term,	for optional quality	opposition procedure	
in particular, laying	terms; reserving an	foron the use of	
down the conditions	additional optional	traditional specialities	
under which raw	quality term, laying	guaranteed to	
materials or feedstuffs	down its conditions of	establish detailed	
are permitted to come	use; laying down	procedures and	
from outside the	derogations to the use	deadlines;	
mountain areas. It is	of the term 'mountain	supplementing the	
of particular	product' and	rules regarding the	
importance that the	establishing the	amendment	
Commission carry out	methods of	application process	
appropriate	production, and other	for traditional	
consultations during	criteria relevant for	specialities	
its preparatory work,	the application of that	guaranteed;	
including at expert	optional quality term,	supplementing the	
level, and that those	in particular, laying	rules regarding the	

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Proposalconsultations be conducted in accordance with the principles laid down 	down the conditions under which raw materials or feedstuffs are permitted to come from outside the mountain areas. It is of particular importance that the Commission carry out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance with the principles laid down	cancellation process for traditional specialities guaranteedin the name of processed products with reference to the use of comparable ingredients and the criteria of conferring essential characteristics on the processed products; laying down detailed rules relating to the criteria for optional quality terms; reserving an	Draft Agreement
experts, and their experts systematically have access to meetings of Commission expert groups dealing with the preparation of delegated acts. 1. https://www.wipo.in t/publications/en/det ails.jsp?id=3983 2. OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1.	in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making ² . ³⁴³⁵ In particular, to ensure equal participation in the preparation of delegated acts, the European Parliament and the Council receive all documents at the same time as Member States' experts, and their experts systematically have access to meetings of Commission expert groups dealing with	additional optional quality term, laying down its conditions of use; laying down derogations to the use of the term 'mountain product' and establishing the methods of production, and other criteria relevant for the application of that optional quality term, in particular, laying down the conditions under which raw materials or feedstuffs are permitted to come from outside the mountain areas. It is	
	the preparation of delegated acts. <i>I.</i> <i>https://www.wipo.in</i> <i>t/publications/en/det</i> <i>ails.jsp?id=3983</i> <i>2. OJ L 123,</i> <i>12.5.2016, p. 1.</i> <i>34.</i> <i>https://www.wipo.in</i> <i>t/publications/en/de</i> <i>tails.jsp?id=3983</i>	of particular importance that the Commission carry out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<u>35</u> . <u>OJ L 123,</u> <u>12.5.2016, p. 1.</u>	Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making ² . In particular, to ensure equal participation in the preparation of delegated acts, the European Parliament and the Council receive all documents at the same time as Member States' experts, and their experts systematically have access to meetings of Commission expert groups dealing with the preparation of delegated acts. $\overline{+}$. <u>https://www.wipo.in</u> t/publications/en/det ails.jsp?id=3983 2. OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1.	
Recit	al 56a			
66a			(56a) To implement the rules related to geographical indications, traditional specialities guaranteed and optional quality terms, laid down in this Regulation, the Commission should be assisted by a committee, composed of the delegates of the Member States.	
Recit 67	al 57			

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
(57) In order to	(57) In order to	(57) In order to	
ensure uniform	ensure uniform	ensure uniform	
conditions for the	conditions for the	conditions for the	
implementation of this	implementation of this	implementation of this	
Regulation,	Regulation,	Regulation,	
implementing powers	implementing powers	implementing powers	
should be conferred on the Commission as	should be conferred	should be conferred on the Commission as	
regards defining the	on the Commission as regards defining the	regards defining the	
technical presentation	technical presentation	technical presentation	
of, and online access	of, and online access	of, and online access	
to, the classification	to, the classification	to, the classification	
of the products	of the products	of the products	
designated by	designated by	designated by	
geographical	geographical	geographical	
indications according	indications according	indications according	
to the combined	to the combined	to the combined	
nomenclature;	nomenclature;	nomenclature;	
defining a harmonised	defining a harmonised	defining a harmonised	
presentation of	presentation of	presentation of	
sustainability	sustainability	sustainability	
undertakings; defining	undertakings; defining	undertakings; defining	
the format and online	the format and online	the format and online	
presentation of the	presentation of the	presentation of the	
accompanying	accompanying	accompanying	
documentation and	documentation and	documentation and	
providing for the exclusion or	providing for the exclusion or	providing for the exclusion or	
anonymisation of	anonymisation of	anonymisation of	
protected personal	protected personal	protected personal	
data; laying down	data; laying down	data; laying down	
detailed rules on	detailed rules on	detailed rules on	
procedures, the form	procedures, the form	procedures, the form	
and presentation of	and presentation of	and presentation of	
Union applications for	Union applications for	Union applications for	
registration, including	registration, including	registration, including	
for applications	for applications	for applications	
concerning more than	concerning more than	concerning more than	
one national territory;	one national territory;	one national territory;	
defining the format	defining the format	defining the format	
and online	and online	and online	
presentation of	presentation of	presentation of	
oppositions and official comments and	oppositions and official comments and	oppositions -and official comments and	
providing for the	providing for the	providing for the	
exclusion or	exclusion or	exclusion or	
anonymisation of	anonymisation of	anonymisation of	
protected personal	protected personal	protected personal	
data; granting a	data; granting a	data; defining the	
transitional period to	transitional period to	format and online	
allow the use of a	allow the use of a	presentation of	
registered name	registered name	notices of comments;	

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
alongside other names	alongside other names	granting a transitional	
that would otherwise	that would otherwise	period to allow the	
contravene with a	contravene with a	use of a registered	
registered name and	registered name and	name alongside other	
extending such	extending such	names that would	
transitional period;	transitional period;	otherwise contravene	
rejecting the	rejecting the	with a registered	
application; deciding	application; deciding	name and extending	
on the registration of a	on the registration of a	such transitional	
geographical	geographical	period; rejecting the	
indication if an	indication if an	application; deciding	
agreement has not	agreement has not	on the registration of a	
been reached;	been reached;	geographical	
registering of	registering of	indication if an	
geographical	geographical	agreement has not	
indications pertaining	indications pertaining	been reached;	
to products of third	to products of third	registering of	
countries that are	countries that are	geographical	
protected in the Union	protected in the Union	indications pertaining	
under an international	under an international	to products of third	
agreement, to which	agreement, to which	countries that are	
the Union is a	the Union is a	protected in the Union	
contracting party;	contracting party;	under an international	
defining the content	defining the content	agreement, to which	
and presentation of	and presentation of	the Union is a	
the Union register of	the Union register of	contracting party;	
geographical	geographical	defining the content	
indications; defining	indications; defining	and presentation of	
the format and online	the format and online	the Union register of	
presentation of	presentation of	geographical	
extracts from the	extracts from the	indications; defining	
Union register of	Union register of	the format and online	
geographical	geographical	presentation of	
indications, and	indications, and	extracts from the	
providing for the	providing for the	Union register of	
exclusion or	exclusion or	geographical	
anonymisation of	anonymisation of	indications, and	
protected personal	protected personal	providing for the	
data; laying down	data; laying down	exclusion or	
detailed rules on	detailed rules on	anonymisation of	
procedures, form and	procedures, form and	protected personal	
presentation of	presentation of	data; laying down	
applications for a Union amendment	applications for a Union amendment	detailed rules on	
		procedures, form and	
and on procedures, the form and	and on procedures, the form and	presentation of applications for a	
communication to the	communication to the	Union amendment	
Commission of a	Commission of a	and on procedures, the	
standard amendment;	standard amendment;	form and	
cancelling the	cancelling the	communication to the	
registration of a	registration of a	Commission of a	
geographical	geographical	standard amendment;	
5005rupinoui	5005rupinoui	standard amonument,	

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
indication; laying	indication; laying	cancelling the	
down detailed rules	down detailed rules	registration of a	
on procedures and	on procedures and	geographical	
form of the	form of the	indication; laying	
cancellation of a	cancellation of a	down detailed rules	
registration and on the	registration and on the	on procedures and	
presentation of the	presentation of the	form of the	
cancellation requests;	cancellation requests;	cancellation of a	
establishing the Union	establishing the Union	registration and on the	
symbols for	symbols for	presentation of the	
geographical indications, defining	geographical indications, defining	cancellation requests; establishingremoving	
the technical	the technical	from the Union	
characteristics of the	characteristics of the	symbols forregister	
Union symbols and	Union symbols and	any geographical	
indications as well as	indications as well as	indications,	
the rules of their use	the rules of their use	registered in breach	
on products marketed	on products marketed	of the provisions on	
under a registered	under a registered	homonymous names;	
geographical	geographical	defining the technical	
indication, including	indication, including	characteristics of the	
rules concerning the	rules concerning the	Union symbols and	
appropriate linguistic	appropriate linguistic	indications as well as	
versions to be used;	versions to be used;	thetechnical rules of	
detailing the nature	detailing the nature	their use on products	
and the type of the	and the type of the	marketed under a	
information to be	information to be	registered	
exchanged and the	exchanged and the	geographical	
methods for	methods for	indication, including	
exchanging	exchanging	rules concerning the	
information under	information under	appropriate linguistic	
mutual assistance for	mutual assistance for	versionslinguistic	
the purpose of	the purpose of	versions ; defining	
controls and	controls and	the communication	
enforcement; laying down rules on the	enforcement; laying	to be made by the	
form of the product	down rules on the form of the product	third countries to the Commission, the	
specification of	specification of	checks and	
geographical	geographical	verification to be	
indications of	indications of	usedcarried out by	
agricultural products;	agricultural products;	the Member States,	
defining the format	defining the format	including testing and	
and online	and online	the arrangements for	
presentation of the	presentation of the	monitoring and	
single document of	single document of	verifying the activity	
geographical	geographical	covered by the	
indications of	indications of	product	
agricultural products	agricultural products	specification;	
and providing for the	and providing for the	detailing the nature	
exclusion or	exclusion or	and the type of the	
anonymisation of	anonymisation of	information to be	
protected personal	protected personal	exchanged and the	

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
data; for traditional	data; for traditional	methods for	
specialities	specialities	exchanging	
guaranteed: laying	guaranteed: laying	information under	
down rules on the	down rules on the	mutual assistance for	
form of the product	form of the product	the purpose of	
specification; laying	specification; laying	controls and	
down detailed rules	down detailed rules	enforcement; laying	
on the form and	on the form and	down detailed rules	
content of the Union	content of the Union	on the form and	
register of traditional	register of traditional	content of the	
specialities	specialities	attestation of	
guaranteed;	guaranteed;	compliance and	
establishing the Union	establishing the Union	listing, the forms in	
symbol of traditional	symbol of traditional	which they are made	
specialities	specialities	available to the	
guaranteed; laying	guaranteed; laying	operators and the	
down rules for the	down rules for the	circumstances under	
uniform protection of	uniform protection of	which they have to	
the indications,	the indications,	be made available by	
abbreviations and the	abbreviations and the	the operators or	
Union symbol, rules	Union symbol, rules	importers for control	
on their use and on	on their use and on	or in the course of	
the technical	the technical	business, including	
characteristics of the	characteristics of the	in case of products	
Union symbol; laying	Union symbol; laying	originating in third	
down procedural and	down procedural and	countries; laying	
formal requirements	formal requirements	down rules on the	
for the protection of	for the protection of	form of the product	
traditional specialities	traditional specialities	specification of	
guaranteed; laying	guaranteed; laying	geographical	
down detailed rules	down detailed rules	indications of	
on procedures, the	on procedures, the	agricultural products;	
form and presentation	form and presentation	defining the format	
of applications for	of applications for	and online	
registration, including	registration, including	presentation of the	
for applications	for applications	single document of	
concerning more than	concerning more than	geographical	
one national territory,	one national territory,	indications of	
of oppositions and of applications for	of oppositions and of applications for	agricultural products and providing for the	
applications for amendments of a	applications for amendments of a	exclusion or	
product specification	product specification	anonymisation of	
and applications for	and applications for	protected personal	
cancellation of a	cancellation of a	data; for traditional	
registration;	registration;	specialities	
transitional periods	transitional periods	guaranteed: laying	
for use of traditional	for use of traditional	down rules on the	
specialities	specialities	form of the product	
guaranteed; rejecting	guaranteed; rejecting	specification; laying	
an application for	an application for	down detailed rules	
registration; deciding	registration; deciding	on the form and	
on the registration of a	on the registration of a	content of the Union	
on the registration of a	on the registration of a	content of the Offion	

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
traditional speciality guaranteed if an agreement has not been reached; cancelling the registration of a traditional speciality guaranteed; for optional quality terms and schemes: laying down technical details necessary for the notification of the optional quality terms and schemes; laying down rules related to forms, procedures or other technical details; laying down rules for the use of optional quality terms. Those powers should be exercised in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ .	traditional speciality guaranteed if an agreement has not been reached; cancelling the registration of a traditional speciality guaranteed; for optional quality terms and schemes: laying down technical details necessary for the notification of the optional quality terms and schemes; laying down rules related to forms, procedures or other technical details; laying down rules for the use of optional quality terms. Those powers should be exercised in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ . 1. OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13.	register of traditional specialities guaranteed; establishing the Union symbol of traditional specialities guaranteed; laying downdefining the technical characteristics of the Union symbolas well as the technical rules for the uniform protectionon their use and the use of the indications, abbreviations indication, and the Union symbol, rules on their use and on the technical characteristics of the Union symbol abbreviation on products marketed under a traditional speciality guaranteed, including linguistic versions; laying down procedural and formal requirements for the protection of traditional specialities guaranteed; laying down detailed rules on procedures, the form and presentation of applications for registration, including for applications concerning more than one national territory, of oppositions and of applications for amendments of a product specification and applications for cancellation of a providing for the exclusion or	

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	EP Mandate	anonymisation of personal data; transitional periods for use of traditional specialities guaranteed; rejecting an application for registration; deciding on the registration of a traditional speciality guaranteed if an agreement has not been reached; cancelling the registration of a traditional speciality guaranteed; the communication to be	Draft Agreement
		made by the third countries to the Commission as regards the competent authorities and the product certification bodies responsible for controls; the nature and the type of the information to be exchanged among Member States and	
		the methods for exchanging that information for the purpose of controls and enforcement; detailed rules on the form and content of the attestation of compliance and listing, the forms in which they are made available to the	
		operators and the circumstances under which they have to be made available by the operators or importers for control or in the course of business, including in case of products	

originating in third countries for optional quality terms and schemes: laying down technical details necessary for the notification of the optional quality terms and schemes; laying down rules related to forms, procedures or other technical details; laying down rules for the use of optional quality terms; for designations of origin and geographical indications in the wine sector, in Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013, the form of the product specification, the definition of the format and the exclusion or anonymisation of personal data; for traditional terms in the wine sector, in Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013, the communication to be made by the Member States to the Commiscion, the rules governing the authority responsible for
verifying compliance with the definition provided for the

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			the Member States to prevent the unlawful use of protected traditional terms and the checks and verification to be carried out by the Member States; for spirit drinks, in Regulation (EU) 2019/787, the form of the product specification, the definition of the format and the online presentation of the single document and the exclusion or anonymisation of personal data. Those powers should be exercised in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ . 1. OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13.	
Recit	al 58			
68	(58) The Commission should be empowered to adopt implementing acts without applying Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 in respect of: registering a name if there is no admissible opposition or in case of an admissible opposition, where the agreement has been reached for geographical indications and traditional specialities guaranteed and if	(58) The Commission should be empowered to adopt implementing acts without applying Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 in respect of: registering a name if there is no admissible opposition or in case of an admissible opposition, where the agreement has been reached for geographical indications and traditional specialities guaranteed and if	(58) The Commission should be empowered to adopt implementing acts without applying Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 in respect of: registering a name if there is no admissible opposition or in case of an admissible opposition, where the agreement has been reached for geographical indications and traditional specialities guaranteed and if	

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		necessary amending the information published, provided that these amendments are not substantial; establishing and maintaining a publicly accessible electronic register of geographical indications and electronic register of traditional specialities guaranteed; granting a transitional period for use of geographical indications following an opposition lodged in the national procedure; cancelling the geographical indications registered in breach with a wholly or partly homonymous geographical indication already applied for or registered; defining the means by which the name and address of competent authorities and product certification bodies are to be made public for traditional specialities guaranteed.	necessary amending the information published, provided that these amendments are not substantial; establishing and maintaining a publicly accessible electronic register of geographical indications and electronic register of traditional specialities guaranteed; granting a transitional period for use of geographical indications following an opposition lodged in the national procedure; cancelling the geographical indications registered in breach with a wholly or partly homonymous geographical indication already applied for or registered; defining the means by which the name and address of competent authorities and product certification bodies are to be made public for traditional specialities guaranteed.	necessary amending the information published, provided that these amendments are not substantial; establishing and maintaining a publicly accessible electronic register of geographical indications and electronic register of traditional specialities guaranteed; granting a transitional period for use of geographical indications following an opposition lodged in the national procedure; cancelling the geographical indications registered in breach with a wholly or partly homonymous geographical indication already applied for or registered; defining the means by which the name and address of competent authorities, delegated and product certification bodies and natural persons are to be made public for traditional specialities guaranteed.	
	Recit	al 59			
G	69	 (59) Regulations (EU) No 1308/2013, (EU) 2017/1001 and (EU) 2019/787 should therefore be amended accordingly and Regulation (EU) No 	 (59) Regulations (EU) No 1308/2013, (EU) 2017/1001 and (EU) 2019/787 should therefore be amended accordingly and Regulation (EU) No 	 (59) Regulations (EU) No 1308/2013, (EU) 2017/1001 and (EU) 2019/787 should therefore be amended accordingly and Regulation (EU) No 	 (59) Regulations (EU) No 1308/2013, (EU) 2017/1001 and (EU) 2019/787 should therefore be amended accordingly and Regulation (EU) No

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	1151/2012 should be repealed.	1151/2012 should be repealed.	1151/2012 should be repealed.	1151/2012 should be repealed. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Recit	al 60			
70	(60) The protected designations of origin, protected geographical indications and traditional specialities guaranteed already registered under Regulation (EU) No 1151/2012, the protected designations of origin and protected geographical indications already registered under Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 and the geographical indications already registered under Regulation (EU) 2019/787 should continue to be protected under this Regulation, and they should be automatically included in the respective register.	(60) The protected designations of origin, protected geographical indications and traditional specialities guaranteed already registered under Regulation (EU) No 1151/2012, the protected designations of origin and protected geographical indications already registered under Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 and the geographical indications already registered under Regulation (EU) 2019/787 should continue to be protected under this Regulation, and they should be automatically included in the respective register.	(60) The protected designations of origin, protected geographical indications and traditional specialities guaranteed already registered under Regulation (EU) No 1151/2012, the protected designations of origin and protected geographical indications already registered under Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 and the geographical indications already registered under Regulation (EU) 2019/787 should continue to be protected under this Regulation, and they should be automatically included in the respective register.	(60) The protected designations of origin, protected geographical indications and traditional specialities guaranteed already registered under Regulation (EU) No 1151/2012, the protected designations of origin and protected geographical indications already registered under Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 and the geographical indications already registered under Regulation (EU) 2019/787 should continue to be protected under this Regulation, and they should be automatically included in the respective register. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Recit	al 60a		[
70a			(60a) An appropriate mechanism should	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			be provided for to ensure that the national protection of geographical indications that were not covered by the scope of Regulation (EU) No 1151/2012 but which fall in the scope of this Regulation may smoothly cease. On the other hand, the registration of those geographical indications under this Regulation should be facilitated by exempting them from the national stage of the registration procedure. To ensure that in case such geographical indications are registered under the Lisbon agreement they may be registered under the Geneva Act without losing their priority rights, an amendment to Regulation (EU) 2019/1753 is necessary.	
Recit	al 60b			
70b		(60a) In the case of products for which a Union protection procedure, such as 'protected designation of origin', 'protected geographical indication' or 'traditional-specific food' in accordance		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		with the rules and requirements of Regulation (EU) No 1151/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 November 2012 on quality schemes for agricultural products and foodstuffs has been initiated before the date of entry into force of this Regulation, applicants for protection should be entitled to continue and complete the procedure which they have started.		
Recit	al 61			
71	(61) Provisions should be made for appropriate arrangements to facilitate a smooth transition from the rules provided for in Regulations (EU) No 1151/2012, (EU) No 1308/2013 and (EU) 2019/787 to the rules laid down in this Regulation,	(61) Provisions should be made for appropriate arrangements to facilitate a smooth transition from the rules provided for in Regulations (EU) No 1151/2012, (EU) No 1308/2013 and (EU) 2019/787 to the rules laid down in this Regulation,	(61) Provisions should be made for appropriate arrangements to facilitate a smooth transition from the rules provided for in Regulations (EU) No 1151/2012, (EU) No 1308/2013 and (EU) 2019/787 to the rules laid down in this Regulation ₅ .	
Recit	al 61a			
71a			(61a) It is appropriate to lay down provisions to ensure the smooth transition from the regime established by Regulation 1151/2012 to the present regulation, including as regards delegated and	

Commissi Proposa	RP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		implementing acts adopted by the Commission. This aims to ensure legal certainty so that the Member States' authorities, the producers and the producers groups, and other persons or entities concerned are able to ascertain unequivocally what their rights and obligations are and take steps accordingly.	
Recital 61b			
71b		(61b) Since the objectives of this Regulation, namely the creation of uniform protection of geographical indications for wine, spirits, agricultural products and foodstuffs, cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States, but can rather, by reason of the scale and effects of this Regulation, be better achieved at Union level, the Union may adopt measures, in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity, as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on European Union. In accordance with the principle of proportionality, as set out in that Article, this	

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve that objective.	
	Recit	al 61c			
	71c			(61c) The European Data Protection Supervisor was consulted in accordance with Article 42(1) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 and delivered an opinion on 18 July 2022.	C
	Form	iula			
G	72	HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:	HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:	HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:	HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Title				
G	73	Title I General provisions	Title I General provisions	Title I General provisions	Title I General provisions Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 1			
G	74	Article 1 Subject matter	Article 1 Subject matter	Article 1 Subject matter	Article 1 Subject matter Text Origin: Commission Proposal

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Artic	le 1, first paragraph			
G	75	This Regulation lays down the rules on:	This Regulation lays down the rules on:	This Regulation lays down the rules on the following quality schemes:	This Regulation lays down the rules on <u>the</u> <u>following quality</u> <u>schemes</u> : Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 1, first paragraph, poir	nt (a)		
G	76	(a) geographical indications for wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products.	(a) <u>protected</u> <u>designations of origin</u> (PDOs) and protected geographical indications (PGIs) for wine, <u>spirit drinks and</u> agricultural products.agricultural products and foodstuffs, and geographical indications for spirit drinks;	(a) protected designations of origin and protected geographical indications for wine, spirit drinks and protected designations of origin and protected geographical indications for agricultural products., including foodstuffs, as defined in Article 5(1)(c), and geographical indications for spirit drinks;	 (a) protected designations of origin and protected geographical indications for wine, spirit drinks and protected designations of origin and protected geographical indications for agricultural products., including foodstuffs, as defined in Article 5(1)(c), and geographical indications for spirit drinks; Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 1, first paragraph, poir	nt (aa)(b)		
		, p			
G	77	(b) traditional specialities guaranteed and optional quality terms for agricultural products.	(b) traditional specialities guaranteed and optional quality terms for agricultural products.(TSGs); and	(b)(aa) traditional specialities guaranteed and optional quality terms for agricultural products, including foodstuffs, as defined in Article 53a.	(b) traditional specialities guaranteed <u>(as set out</u> <u>in Chapter 1 of Title</u> <u>3)</u> and optional quality terms <u>(as set</u> <u>out in Chapter 2 of</u> <u>Title 3)</u> for agricultural products, <u>including foodstuffs</u> , <u>as defined in Article</u>

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Arti	cle 1, first paragraph, poir	t (aa)(h) a		<u>53a</u> . Text Origin: Council Mandate
G 77a	cle 1, first paragraph, poir		For the purpose of Titles I, II and V of this Regulation, with the exception of Chapter 6 of Title II, the term 'geographical indications' covers protected designations of origin and protected geographical indications for wine, protected designations of origin and protected geographical indications for agricultural products, including foodstuffs, as defined in Article 5(1)(c), and geographical indications for spirit drinks. ¹ <u>1. * Moved from</u> Art. 7(1)(a).	For the purpose of Titles I, II and V of this Regulation, with the exception of Chapter 6 of Title II, the term 'geographical indications' covers protected designations of origin and protected geographical indications for wine, protected designations of origin and protected geographical indications for agricultural products, including foodstuffs, as defined in Article 5(1)(c), and geographical indications for spirit drinks. ¹ I. * Moved from Art. 7(1)(a). Text Origin: Council Mandate
₅ 77b	cle 1, first paragraph a	(ba) optional quality terms for agricultural products.		

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement	
G	77c			2 The measures set out in this Regulation are intended to support agricultural and processing activities and the farming systems associated with products having specific qualities.		G
	Artic	le 2				
G	78	Article 2 Definitions	Article 2 Definitions	Article 2 Definitions	Article 2 Definitions Text Origin: Commission Proposal	G
	Artic	le 2(1)(1)				
G	79	1. For the purposes of this Regulation the following definitions shall apply:	1. For the purposes of this Regulation the following definitions shall apply:	1. For the purposes of this Regulation the following definitions shall apply:	 For the purposes of this Regulation the following definitions shall apply: Text Origin: Commission Proposal 	G
	Artic	le 2(1)(1), point (-a)				
G	79a		<u>(-a)</u> <u>'quality</u> <u>schemes' means the</u> <u>schemes established</u> <u>under Titles II, III</u> <u>and IV;</u>			G
	Artic	le 2(1)(1), point (a)				
G	80	(a) 'producer group' means any association, irrespective of its legal form, mainly composed of	(a) <u>-''</u> producer group' means any association, irrespective of its legal form, <u>mainly</u> composed of	(a) <u>'producer group'</u> means any association, irrespective of its legal form, mainly composed of		G

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	producers or processors of the same product;	producers <u>of raw</u> <u>material, processors</u> <u>or operators involved</u> <u>in the production</u> processors of the same product;	producers or processors of the same product;	
Artic	le 2(1)(1), point (b)	· ·		
 81 	(b) 'traditional' and 'tradition', associated with a product originating in a geographical area, means proven historical usage by producers in a community for a period that allows transmission between generations; this period is to be at least 30 years and the said usage may embrace modifications necessitated by changing hygiene and safety practices;	(b) 'traditional' and 'tradition', associated with a product <i>originating in a</i> <i>geographical area</i> , means proven historical usage <i>of the</i> <i>name</i> by producers in a community for a period that allows transmission between generations; <i>thisthat</i> period is to be at least 30 years and <i>the</i> <i>saidsuch</i> usage may embrace modifications necessitated by changing hygiene, <i>safety and other</i> <i>relevant and safety</i> practices, <i>such as</i> <i>those related to</i> <i>sustainability, animal</i> <i>health and welfare</i> ;	(b) 'traditional' and 'tradition', associated with a product originating in a geographical area, means proven historical usage by producers in a community for a period that allows transmission between generations; this period is to be at least 30 years and the said usage may embrace modifications necessitated by changing hygiene and safety practices;	
Artic	le 2(1)(1), point (ba)			
G 81a			(0a) 'wine' means the products covered by the scope laid down in Article 92(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013;	<pre>(ba) 'wine' means the products covered by the scope laid down in Article 92(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013; Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Artic	le 2(1)(1), point (bb)			



		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement	
G	81b			(0b) 'spirit drinks', as defined in Article 2 of Regulation (EU) No 2019/787;	<pre>(bb) 'spirit drinks', as defined in Article 2 of Regulation (EU) No 2019/787; Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>	G
	Artic	le 2(1)(1), point (c)		1		
G	82	(c) the definition of 'labelling' in Article 2(2), point (j), of Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011;	(c) the definition of 'labelling' in Article 2(2), point (j), of Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011;	(c) the definition of 'labelling' means any words, particulars, trade marks, brand name, pictorial matter or symbol placed on any packaging, document, notice, label, ring or collar accompanying or referring to a given product in Article 2(2), point (j), of Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011;	<pre>(c) <u>'labelling' means,</u> in respect of all products falling within the scope of this Regulation, a the definition of -labelling'<u>as defined</u> in Article 2(2), point (j), of Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011; Text Origin: EP Mandate</pre>	G
	Artic	le 2(1)(1), point (d)				
G	83	(d) 'production step' means any stage of production, processing, preparation or ageing, up to the point where the product is in a form to be placed on the internal market;	(d) 'production step' means any stage of <u>supply</u> , production, processing, preparation or ageing, <u>performed</u> up to the point where the product is in a <u>formmeets all the</u> <u>requirements needed</u> to be placed on the internal market;	(d) 'production step' means any stage of production, processing, preparation or ageing, up to the point where the product is in a formready to be placed on the internal market;	(d) 'production step' means any stage of production <i>including</i> <i>raw material</i> , processing, preparation or ageing, up to the point where the product is <i>in a</i> <i>formready</i> to be placed on the <i>internal</i> market;	G
	Artic	le 2(1)(1), point (da)				
G	83a			(da) 'operator' means a natural or legal person who	<u>(da)</u> 'operator' means a natural or legal person who	G

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			performs activities subject to one or more obligations provided for in the product specification;	<pre>performs activities subject to one or more obligations provided for in the product specification; Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Artic	le 2(1)(1), point (e)			
۶ 84	(e) 'processed products' means food resulting from the processing of unprocessed products within the meaning of Article 2 (m) and (o) of Regulation 852/2004;	(e) 'processed products' means food resulting from the processing of unprocessed products within the meaning of Article 2 (m) and (o) of Regulation 852/2004;	(e) 'processed products'-means food resulting from the processing of unprocessed products within the meaning of, as defined in Article 2 (m) and (o)2(o) of Regulation 852/2004;	<pre>(e) 'processed products'-means food resulting from the processing of unprocessed products within the meaning of, as defined in Article 2 (m) and (o)2(o) of Regulation 852/2004; Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Artic	le 2(1)(1), point (f)			
s 85	(f) 'product certification bodies' means bodies within the meaning of Title II, Chapter III, of Regulation (EU) 2017/625 which certify that products designated by geographical indications or traditional specialities guaranteed comply with the product specification.	(f) 'product certification bodies' means <u>delegated</u> bodies within the meaning of Title II, Chapter III, of Regulation (EU) 2017/625 which certify that products designated by geographical indications or traditional specialities guaranteed comply with the product specification- <u>;</u>	(f) 'product certificationdelegated bodies'-means bodies within the meaning of Title II, Chapter III, as defined in Article 3(5) of Regulation (EU) 2017/625, which certify thatcompliance with the product specification for products designated by geographical indications or traditional specialities guaranteed-comply with the product specification.;	(f) 'product certification <u>delegated</u> bodies'-means bodies within the meaning of Title II, Chapter III, as defined in Article 3(5) of Regulation (EU) 2017/625, which certify thatcompliance with the product specification for products designated by geographical indications or traditional specialities guaranteed-comply with the product specification.; Text Origin:

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Council Mandate
Artic	le 2(1)(1), point (g)			
86	(g) 'generic term' means:	(g) 'generic term' means <u>; the name of</u> products which, although relating to the place, region or country where a product was originally produced or marketed, have become the common name of a product in the Union;	(g) 'generic term' means: the name of products which, although relating to the place, region or country where a product was originally produced or placed on the market, has become the common name of a product in the Union;	(g) 'generic term' means <u>: the name of</u> <u>products which,</u> <u>although relating to</u> <u>the place, region or</u> <u>country where a</u> <u>product was</u> <u>originally produced</u> <u>or placed on the</u> <u>market, has become</u> <u>the common name of</u> <u>a product in the</u> <u>Union;</u>
Artic	le 2(1)(1), point (g)(i)			Text Origin: Council Mandate
87	(i) the name of products which, although relating to the place, region or country where a product was originally produced or marketed, have become the common name of a product in the Union; and	(i) the name of products which, although relating to the place, region or country where a product was originally produced or marketed, have become the common name of a product in the Union; and deleted	(i) the name of products which, although relating to the place, region or country where a product was originally produced or marketed, have become the common name of a product in the Union; and	 (i) the name of products which, although relating to the place, region or country where a product was originally produced or marketed, have become the common name of a product in the Union; and deleted Text Origin: EP Mandate
Artic	$e^{2(1)(1)}$ point (g)(ii)			II Handa CC
88	le 2(1)(1), point (g)(ii) (ii) a common term descriptive of types of products, product attributes or other terms that do not refer	(ii) a common term descriptive of types of products, product attributes or other terms that do not refer	(ii) a common term descriptive of types of products, product attributes or other terms that do not refer	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		product;<mark>deleted</mark>		
Artic	le 2(1)(1), point (h)			
3 89	(h) 'plant variety denomination' means a a designation of a given variety, that is in common use or officially registered pursuant to Council Directives 2002/53/EC ¹ , 2002/55/EC ² , 2008/90/EC ³ or Council Regulation (EU) No 2100/94 ⁴ , in the language or languages they are so used or listed, at the date of application for the registration of the geographical indication concerned; <u>1. Council Directive</u> 2002/53/EC of 13 June 2002 on the common catalogue of varieties of agricultural plant species (OJ L 193, 20.7.2002, p. 1). 2. Council Directive 2002/55/EC of 13 June 2002 on the marketing of vegetable seed (OJ L 193, 20.7.2002, p. 33). 3. Council Directive 2008/90/EC of 29 September 2008 on the marketing of fruit plant propagating material and fruit plants intended for fruit production (OJ	 (h) 'plant variety denomination' means a a designation of a given variety, that is in common use or officially registered pursuant to Council Directives 2002/53/EC¹, 2002/55/EC², 2008/90/EC³ or Council Regulation (EU) No 2100/94⁴, in the language or languages they are so used or listed, at the date of application for the registration of the geographical indication concerned; T. Council Directive 2002/53/EC of 13 June 2002 on the common catalogue of varieties of agricultural plant species (OJ L 193, 20.7.2002, p. 1). Council Directive 2002/55/EC of 13 June 2002 on the marketing of vegetable seed (OJ L 193, 20.7.2002, p. 3). Council Directive 2008/90/EC of 29 September 2008 on the marketing of fruit plant propagating material and fruit plants intended for fruit production (OJ L 	(h) 'plant variety denomination' means a a-designation of a given variety, that is in common use or officially registeredaccepted in a national or Union catalogue pursuant to Council Directives 2002/53/EC ¹ , 2002/55/EC ² , 2008/90/EC ³ or Council Regulation (EU) No 2100/94 ⁴ , in the language or languages in which they are so-used or listed, at the date of application for the registration of the geographical indication concerned; 1. Council Directive 2002/53/EC of 13 June 2002 on the common catalogue of varieties of agricultural plant species (OJ L 193, 20.7.2002, p. 1). 2. Council Directive 2002/55/EC of 13 June 2002 on the marketing of vegetable seed (OJ L 193, 20.7.2002, p. 33). 3. Council Directive 2008/90/EC of 29 September 2008 on the marketing of fruit plant propagating material	 (h) 'plant variety denomination' means a <i>e</i>-designation of a given variety, that is in common use or officially <i>registered_accepted in</i> <i>a national or Union</i> <i>catalogue</i> pursuant to Council Directives 2002/53/EC¹, 2002/55/EC², 2008/90/EC³ or Council Regulation (EU) No 2100/94⁴, in the language or languages <i>in which</i> they are <i>so</i>-used or listed, at the date of application for the registration of the geographical indication concerned; 1. Council Directive 2002/53/EC of 13 June 2002 on the common catalogue of varieties of agricultural plant species (OJ L 193, 20.7.2002, p. 1). 2. Council Directive 2002/55/EC of 13 June 2002 on the marketing of vegetable seed (OJ L 193, 20.7.2002, p. 33). 3. Council Directive 2008/90/EC of 29 September 2008 on the marketing of fruit plant propagating material

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	L 267, 8.10.2008, p. 8). 4. Council Regulation (EC) No 2100/94 of 27 July 1994 on Community plant variety rights (OJ L 227, 1.9.1994, p. 1)	267, 8.10.2008, p. 8). 4. Council Regulation (EC) No 2100/94 of 27 July 1994 on Community plant variety rights (OJ L 227, 1.9.1994, p. 1)	and fruit plants intended for fruit production (OJ L 267, 8.10.2008, p. 8). 4. Council Regulation (EC) No 2100/94 of 27 July 1994 on Community plant variety rights (OJ L 227, 1.9.1994, p. 1)	and fruit plants intended for fruit production (OJ L 267, 8.10.2008, p. 8). 4. Council Regulation (EC) No 2100/94 of 27 July 1994 on Community plant variety rights (OJ L 227, 1.9.1994, p. 1) Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 2(1)(1), point (i)			
с <u>90</u>	(i) 'animal breed denomination' means the names of breeds in the meaning of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2016/1012 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ that are listed in breeding books or breeding registers, in the language or languages they are so listed, at the date of application for the registration of the geographical indication concerned. 1. Regulation (EU) 2016/1012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2016 on zootechnical and genealogical conditions for the breeding, trade in and entry into the	(i) 'animal breed denomination' means the names of breeds in the meaning of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2016/1012 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ that are listed in breeding books or breeding registers, in the language or languages they are so listed, at the date of application for the registration of the geographical indication concerned. $\overline{1. \text{ Regulation (EU)}}$ 2016/1012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2016 on zootechnical and genealogical conditions for the breeding, trade in and entry into the	 (i) 'animal breed denomination' means the names of breeds in the meaning of Article 2 of covered by Regulation (EU) 2016/1012 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹ that are listed in breeding books or breeding registers. For species not covered by that Regulation, it means names of breeds which are listed in breeding books or breeding registers under national legislation. Such names shall be -in the language or languages in which they are so-listed, at the date of application for the registration of the geographical indication concerned-; 	(i) 'animal breed denomination' means the names of breeds <i>in</i> <i>the meaning of Article</i> <i>2 of covered by</i> Regulation (EU) 2016/1012 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ that are listed in breeding books or breeding registers. <i>For species not</i> <i>covered by that</i> <i>Regulation, it means</i> <i>names of breeds</i> <i>which are listed in</i> <i>breeding books or</i> <i>breeding registers</i> <i>under national</i> <i>legislation. Such</i> <i>names shall be</i> ,-in the languages <i>in which</i> they are <i>so</i> -listed; at the date of application for the registration of the geographical indication concerned;;

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		Union of purebred breeding animals, hybrid breeding pigs and the germinal products thereof and amending Regulation (EU) No 652/2014, Council Directives 89/608/EEC and 90/425/EEC and repealing certain acts in the area of animal breeding ('Animal Breeding Regulation') (OJ L 171, 29.6.2016, p. 66).	Union of purebred breeding animals, hybrid breeding pigs and the germinal products thereof and amending Regulation (EU) No 652/2014, Council Directives 89/608/EEC and 90/425/EEC and repealing certain acts in the area of animal breeding ('Animal Breeding Regulation') (OJ L 171, 29.6.2016, p. 66).	1. Regulation (EU) 2016/1012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2016 on zootechnical and genealogical conditions for the breeding, trade in and entry into the Union of purebred breeding animals, hybrid breeding pigs and the germinal products thereof and amending Regulation (EU) No 652/2014, Council Directives 89/608/EEC and 90/425/EEC and repealing certain acts in the area of animal breeding ('Animal Breeding Regulation') (OJ L 171, 29.6.2016, p. 66).	1. Regulation (EU) 2016/1012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2016 on zootechnical and genealogical conditions for the breeding, trade in and entry into the Union of purebred breeding animals, hybrid breeding pigs and the germinal products thereof and amending Regulation (EU) No 652/2014, Council Directives 89/608/EEC and 90/425/EEC and repealing certain acts in the area of animal breeding ('Animal Breeding Regulation') (OJ L 171, 29.6.2016, p. 66).
	Artic	le 2(1)(1), point (ia)			
G	90a			(ia) 'combined nomenclature' means the goods nomenclature established by Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87; ¹ 1. * Moved from Art. 7	(ia) 'combined nomenclature' means the goods nomenclature established by Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87; ¹ 1. <u>* Moved from</u> Art. 7 Text Origin:

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Council Mandate
Article	e 2(1), (1) a			
∝ 90b			1a. For the purpose of Title II, the following definitions apply:	For the purpose of Title II, the following definitions apply: Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article	e 2(1), (1) a, point (a)		1	
90c			(a) 'product specification' means the document referred to in:	<pre>(a) 'product specification' means the document referred to in: Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Article	e 2(1), (1) a, point (a)(i)			•
∘ 90d			(i) Article 94 of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 for wine;	(i) <u>Article 94 of</u> <u>Regulation (EU) No</u> <u>1308/2013 for wine;</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article	e 2(1), (1) a, point (a)(ii)		T	
∝ 90e			(ii) Article 22 of Regulation (EU) 2019/787 for spirit drinks;	(ii) Article 22 of <u>Regulation (EU)</u> 2019/787 for spirit drinks; Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article	e 2(1), (1) a, point (a)(iii)			۱

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement	
G	90f			(iii) Article 51 of this Regulation for agricultural products;	(iii) Article 51 of this Regulation for agricultural products: Text Origin: Council Mandate	G
	Artic	le 2(1), (1) a, point (b)				
G	90g			(b) 'single document' means a document summarising the product specification and referred to in:	(b) 'single document' means a document summarising the product specification and referred to in: Text Origin: Council Mandate	G
	Artic	le 2(1), (1) a, point (b)(i)				
G	90h			(i) Article 95 of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 for wine;	(i) Article 95 of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 for wine; Text Origin: Council Mandate	G
	Artic	le 2(1), (1) a, point (b)(ii)				
G	90i			(ii) Article 23 of Regulation (EU) 2019/787 for spirit drinks;	<pre>(ii) Article 23 of Regulation (EU) 2019/787 for spirit drinks; Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>	G
	Artic	le 2(1), (1) a, point (b)(iii)				
G	90j			(iii) Article 52 of	(iii) Article 52 of this	G

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			this Regulation for agricultural products.	Regulation for agricultural products. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 2(2)			
≤ 90k			1b. For the purpose of Title III Chapter 1, 'traditional' means proven historical usage by producers in a community for a period that allows transmission between generations; this period is to be at least 30 years and the said usage may embrace modifications necessitated by changing hygiene and safety practices.	2. For the purpose of Title III Chapter 1, 'traditional' means proven historical usage of the name by producers in a community for a period that allows transmission between generations; that period is to be at least 30 years and such usage may embrace modifications necessitated by changing hygiene, safety and other relevant practices.
Artic	le 3			
° 91	Article 3 Data protection	Article 3 Data protection	Article 3 Data protection	Article 3 Data protection Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 3(1)	1		
° 92	1. The Commission and the Member States shall process and make public the personal data received in the course of the procedures for registration, approval of amendments,	1. The Commission and the Member States shall process and make public the personal data received in the course of the procedures for registration, approval of amendments,	1. The Commission and the Member States shall process and make public the personal data received in the course of the procedures for registration, approval of amendments,	1. The Commission and the Member States shall process and make public the personal data received in the course of the procedures for registration, approval of amendments,

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	cancellation, opposition, granting of transitional period and control pursuant to this Regulation, Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 and Regulation (EU) 2019/787, in accordance with Regulations (EU) 2018/1725 and (EU) 2016/679.	cancellation, opposition, granting of transitional period and control pursuant to this Regulation, Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 and Regulation (EU) 2019/787, in accordance with Regulations (EU) 2018/1725 and (EU) 2016/679.	cancellation, opposition, granting of transitional period and control pursuant to this Regulation, Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 and Regulation (EU) 2019/787, in accordance with Regulations (EU) 2018/1725 and (EU) 2016/679.	cancellation, opposition, granting of transitional period and control pursuant to this Regulation, Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 and Regulation (EU) 2019/787, in accordance with Regulations (EU) 2018/1725 and (EU) 2016/679. Text Origin:
				Commission Proposal
Arti	cle 3(2)	Γ	Γ	
۶ 93	2. The Commission shall be a controller within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 in relation to the processing of personal data in the procedure it is competent for in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2019/787, Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/1235 ¹ and this Regulation.	2. The Commission shall be a controller within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 in relation to the processing of personal data in the procedure it is competent for in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2019/787, Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) $2021/1235^{1}$ and this Regulation.	2. The Commission shall be a controller within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 in relation to the processing of personal data in the procedure it is competent for in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2019/787, Commission Delegated Regulation (EU)-2021/1235 ¹ 1308/2013 and this Regulation.	2. The Commission shall be a controller within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 in relation to the processing of personal data in the procedure it is competent for in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2019/787, <i>Commission</i> <i>Delegated</i> -Regulation (EU)-2021/1235 ⁴ 1308/2013 and this Regulation.
	1. Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/1235 of 12 May 2021 supplementing Regulation (EU) 2019/787 of the European Parliament and of the Council with rules concerning	1. Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/1235 of 12 May 2021 supplementing Regulation (EU) 2019/787 of the European Parliament and of the Council with rules concerning	1. CommissionDelegatedRegulation (EU)2021/1235 of 12May 2021supplementingRegulation (EU)2019/787 of theEuropeanParliament and ofthe Council withrules concerning	<i>I. Commission</i> <i>Delegated</i> <i>Regulation (EU)</i> 2021/1235 of 12 <i>May 2021</i> <i>supplementing</i> <i>Regulation (EU)</i> 2019/787 of the <i>European</i> <i>Parliament and of</i> <i>the Council with</i> <i>rules concerning</i>

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		applications for registration of geographical indications of spirit drinks, amendments to product specifications, cancellation of the registration and the register (OJ L 270, 29.7.2021, p. 1).	applications for registration of geographical indications of spirit drinks, amendments to product specifications, cancellation of the registration and the register (OJ L 270, 29.7.2021, p. 1).	applications for registration of geographical indications of spirit drinks, amendments to product specifications, cancellation of the registration and the register (OJ L 270, 29.7.2021, p. 1).	applications for registration of geographical indications of spirit drinks, amendments to product specifications, cancellation of the registration and the register (OJL 270, 29.7.2021, p. 1). Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 3(3)		1	
G	94	3. The competent authorities of the Member States shall be controllers within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 in relation to the processing of personal data in the procedures they are competent for in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2019/787, Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/1235 and this Regulation.	3. The competent authorities of the Member States shall be controllers within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 in relation to the processing of personal data in the procedures they are competent for in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2019/787, Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/1235 and this Regulation.	3. The competent authorities of the Member States shall be controllers within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 in relation to the processing of personal data in the procedures they are competent for in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2019/787, Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/12351308/2013 and this Regulation.	3. The competent authorities of the Member States shall be controllers within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 in relation to the processing of personal data in the procedures they are competent for in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2019/787, <i>Delegated</i> Regulation (EU) 2021/12351308/2013 and this Regulation. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Title	11			
G	95	Title II Geographical indications	Title II Geographical indications	Title II Geographical indications	Title II Geographical indications Text Origin: Commission

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Proposal
Ch	apter 1			
∘ 96	Chapter 1 General provisions	Chapter 1 General provisions	Chapter 1 General provisions	Chapter 1 General provisions Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Art	ticle 4	Γ	Γ	
₅ 97	Article 4 Objectives	Article 4 Objectives	Article 4 Objectives	Article 4 Objectives Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Art	ticle 4(1)	T	1	
₅ 98	1. This Title provides for a unitary and exclusive system of geographical indications, protecting the names of wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products having characteristics, attributes or reputation linked to their place of production, thereby ensuring the following:	1. This Title provides for a unitary and exclusive system of geographical indications, protecting the names of wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products having characteristics, attributes or reputation linked to their place of production, thereby <i>ensuring the</i> <i>following</i> :	1. This Title provides for a unitary and exclusiveexhaustive system of geographical indications, protecting the names of wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products having characteristics, attributes or reputation linked to their place of production, thereby ensuring the following:	 This Title provides for a unitary and <u>exclusiveexhaustive</u> system of geographical indications, protecting the names of wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products having characteristics, attributes or reputation linked to their place of production, thereby <u>ensuring the</u> <u>following</u>: Text Origin: Council Mandate
Art	ticle 4(1), point (-a)		г. Г.	
s 98	a	<u>(-a)</u> <u>helping</u> producers obtain a		



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<u>fair return for the</u> <u>quality of their</u> <u>products;</u>		
Artic	le 4(1), point (-b)			
98b		(-b) contributing to the achievement of rural development policy objectives by providing support to agricultural and processing activities and the farming systems associated with high-quality products;		
Artic	le 4(1), point (a)			
99	(a) producers acting collectively have the necessary powers and responsibilities to manage their geographical indication, including to respond to societal demands for products resulting from sustainable production in its three dimensions of economic, environmental and social value, and to operate in the market;	(a) <u>ensuring that</u> producers acting collectively have the necessary powers and responsibilities to manage their geographical indication, including to <u>create value and to</u> respond to societal demands for products resulting from sustainable production in its three dimensions of economic, environmental and social value, <u>animal</u> <u>health and welfare</u> , and to operate in the <u>Union internal</u> market <u>and on</u> <u>international</u> <u>markets</u> ;	(a) producers acting collectively have the necessary powers and responsibilities to manage theirthe geographical indication concerned, including to respond to societal demands for products resulting from sustainable production in its three dimensions of economic, environmental and social value, and to operate in the market;	 (a) <u>ensuring that</u> producers acting collectively have the necessary powers and responsibilities to manage <u>theirthe</u> geographical indication <u>concerned</u>, including to respond to societal demands, <u>such as for animal</u> <u>health and welfare</u>, for products resulting from sustainable production in its three dimensions of economic, environmental and social value, and to operate <u>and be</u> <u>competitive</u> in the market; Text Origin: EP Mandate
ALTUC	le 4(1), point (b)			
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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	for producers in the marketing chain;	competition for <u>farmers and</u> producers <u>of</u> <u>agricultural products</u> <u>and foodstuffs, in</u> <u>order to generate</u> <u>added value</u> in the marketing chain;	added value by contributing to fair competition in the marketing chain, a fair income for producers in the marketing chain and contributing to the achievement of rural development policy objectives;	fair competition <u>and</u> <u>generating added</u> <u>value to with the aim</u> <u>of sharing that added</u> <u>value across the</u> <u>marketing chain, in</u> <u>order to ensure a fair</u> <u>return</u> for producers <u>and a capacity to</u> <u>invest in the</u> <u>marketing</u> chain; <u>quality</u>, <u>reputation and</u> <u>sustainability of their</u> <u>products, as well as</u> <u>contributing to the</u> <u>achievement of rural</u> <u>development policy</u> <u>objectives by</u> <u>providing support to</u> <u>agricultural and</u> <u>processing activities,</u> <u>preserving know-how</u> <u>and promoting</u> <u>specific quality</u> <u>products due to the</u> <u>geographical area</u> <u>where they are</u> <u>produced</u>
Artic	le 4(1), point (ba)			
_в 100 а		(ba) contributing to the aim of sharing that added value across the supply chain, in order to ensure producers' capacity to invest in the quality, reputation and sustainability of their products;		
Artic	le 4(1), point (c)			
g 101	(c) consumers receive reliable information and a guarantee of authenticity of such	(c) <u>ensuring that</u> consumers receive reliable information and a guarantee of	(c) consumers receive reliable information and a guarantee of authenticity of the	(c) <u>ensuring that</u> consumers receive reliable information and <u>enecessary</u>

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	products and can readily identify them in the marketplace including in electronic commerce;	authenticity <u>and</u> <u>traceability of the</u> <u>quality, reputation</u> <u>and other</u> <u>characteristics linked</u> <u>to the place of</u> <u>production</u> of such products and can readily identify them in the marketplace including <u>in the</u> <u>domain name system</u> <u>and</u> in electronic commerce;	quality, reputation or other characteristics linked to the geographical origin or the geographical environment of such products and can readily identify them in the marketplace including in electronic commerce;	guarantee of <u>the</u> <u>origin</u> , authenticity, <u>quality, reputation</u> <u>and other</u> <u>characteristics linked</u> <u>to the geographical</u> <u>origin or the</u> <u>geographical</u> <u>environment</u> of such products and can readily identify them in the marketplace including in electronic commerce;
Artic	le 4(1), point (d)			
G 102	(d) efficient registration of geographical indications taking into account the appropriate protection of intellectual property rights; and	(d) <u>ensuring the</u> <u>simple</u> , efficient <u>and</u> <u>user-friendly</u> registration of geographical indications taking into account the <u>uniform</u> , appropriate <u>and</u> <u>effective</u> protection of intellectual property rights <u>in the internal</u> <u>market including</u> <u>digital markets across</u> <u>the Union</u> ; and	(d) efficient registration of geographical indications taking into account the appropriate protection of intellectual property rights; and	(d) <u>ensuring the</u> efficient <u>and user-</u> <u>friendly</u> registration of geographical indications taking into account the appropriate protection of intellectual property rights; and Text Origin: EP Mandate
Artic	le 4(1), point (e)		Γ	
G 103	(e) effective enforcement and marketing throughout the Union and in electronic commerce ensuring the integrity of the internal market.	(e) <u>ensuring</u> effective <u>controls</u> , enforcement, <u>use</u> and marketing throughout the Union and in <u>the</u> <u>domain name system</u> <u>and in</u> electronic commerce, <u>thereby</u> ensuring the integrity of the internal market- <u>;</u>	(e) effective controls , enforcement and marketing throughout the Union, including and in electronic commerce, ensuring the integrity of the internal market.	<pre>(e) <u>ensuring</u> effective <u>controls</u>, enforcement and <u>marketingplacing</u> <u>on the market</u> throughout the Union, <u>including-and</u> in electronic commerce, <u>thereby</u> ensuring the integrity of the internal market-; Text Origin: EP Mandate</pre>
Artic	le 4(1), point (ea)			

103 bthird country markets in compliance with international agreements, standards, best practices and agreements with third countries.products in third country markets.Article 5Article 5104Article 5Article 5104105105106106107108109109109101101102103104105105105105106106107108109109109101010111012101310151015101510161016101710181019101910191010101010101011101110111011101210131013101410151015101510151015101510151016101710181019101910191010101010110101101011010110101101011010110101101011010110		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
103 Image: Constraining the effective protection of intellectual property rights of produces of such produces in third country markets in compliance with international agreements, standards, best practices and parements with third countries. (eb) contributing to the effective protection of intellectual property rights related to country markets. 103 Article 5 104 Article 5 105 Article 5 104 Article 5 105 Article 5 106 Article 5 107 I. This Title covers wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products, including foodstuffs and fishery and aquaculture products, including foodstuffs and fishery and aquaculture products, listed under Chapters I to 23 of the combined nomenclature set out in Annex I to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 ¹ , and the additional agricultural agree to a combined nomenclature set out in Annex I to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 ¹ , and the additional agricultural agree. 1. This Title covers to additional agricultural agree.			know-how, and promoting and supporting local and		
103 beffective protection of intellectual property rights of products in third country markets, in compliance with international agreements, standards, best practices and agreements, with third 	Artic	le 4(1), point (eb)			
104 Article 5 Scope Article 5 Scope Article 5 Scope Article 5 Scope Article 5 Scope 104 I. This Title covers wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products, including foodstuffs and fishery and aquaculture products, listed under Chapters 1 to 23 of the combined nomenclature set out in Annex I to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 ¹ , and the additional agricultural I. This Title covers wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products, including foodstuffs and fishery and aquaculture products, listed under Chapters 1 to 23 of the combined I. This Title covers wine, spirit drinks and aquaculture products, listed under Chapters 1 to 23 of the combined I. This Title covers wine, spirit drinks and aquaculture products, listed under Chapters 1 to 23 of the combined I. This Title covers wine, spirit drinks and aquaculture products, listed under Chapters 1 to 23 of the combined I. This Title covers wine, spirit drinks and aquaculture products, listed under Chapters 1 to 23 of the combined I. This Title covers wine, spirit drinks and aquaculture products, listed under Chapters 1 to 23 of the combined I. This Title covers wine, spirit drinks and aquaculture products, listed under Chapters 1 to 23 of the combined I. This Title covers wine, spirit drinks and aquaculture products, listed under Chapters 1 to 23 of the combined	b	0.5	effective protection of intellectual property rights of producers of such products in third country markets in compliance with international agreements, standards, best practices and agreements with third		the effective protection of intellectual property rights related to such products in third
104ScopeScopeScopeScope104ScopeScopeScopeScope105Article 5(1)1051. This Title covers wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products, including foodstuffs and fishery and aquaculture products, listed under Chapters 1 to 23 of the combined nomenclature set out in Annex I to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 ¹ , and the additional agricultural1. This Title covers wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products, including foodstuffs and fishery and aquaculture products, listed under Chapters 1 to 23 of the combined nomenclature set out in Annex I to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 ¹ , and the additional agricultural1. This Title covers wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products, listed under Chapters 1 to 23 of the combined nomenclature set out in Annex I to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 ¹ , and the additional agricultural1. This Title covers wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products, listed under Chapters 1 to 23 of the combined nomenclature set out in Annex I to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 ¹ , and the additional agricultural1. This Title covers wine, spirit drinks and aquaculture products, listed under Chapters 1 to 23 of the combined nomenclature set out in Annex I to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 ¹ , and the additional agricultural1. This Title covers wine, spirit drinks and aquaculture products, listed under Chapters 1 to 23 of the combined nomenclature set out in Annex I to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 ¹ , and the additional agricultural1. This Title covers scope	ALIC				
 1. This Title covers wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products, including foodstuffs and fishery and aquaculture products, listed under Chapters 1 to 23 of the combined nomenclature set out in Annex I to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87¹, and the additional agricultural agricultura	104				Scope Text Origin: Commission
 105 wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products, including foodstuffs and fishery and aquaculture products, listed under Chapters 1 to 23 of the combined nomenclature set out in Annex I to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87¹, and the additional agricultural agricultural agricultural agricultural agricultural agricultural products. 105 	Artic	le 5(1)			
products under the products under the products under the	105	wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products, including foodstuffs and fishery and aquaculture products, listed under Chapters 1 to 23 of the combined nomenclature set out in Annex I to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 ¹ , and the	wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products, including foodstuffs and fishery and aquaculture products, listed under Chapters 1 to 23 of the combined nomenclature set out in Annex I to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 ¹ , and the	wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products, including foodstuffs and fishery and aquaculture products, listed under Chapters 1 to 23 of the combined nomenclature set out in Annex I to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 ⁺ , and the	wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products, including foodstuffs and fishery and aquaculture products, listed under Chapters I to 23 of the combined nomenclature set out in Annex I to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 ⁴ , and the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	combined nomenclature headings and codes set out in Annex I to this Regulation.	combined nomenclature headings and codes set out in Annex I to this Regulation.	combined nomenclature headings and codes set out in Annex I to this Regulation.:	under the combined nomenclature headings and codes set out in Annex I to this Regulation. <u>:</u>
	1. Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 of 23 July 1987 on the tariff and statistical nomenclature and on the Common Customs Tariff (OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 1).	1. Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 of 23 July 1987 on the tariff and statistical nomenclature and on the Common Customs Tariff (OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 1).	I. CouncilRegulation (EEC)No 2658/87 of 23July 1987 on thetariff and statisticalnomenclature andon the CommonCustoms Tariff (OJL-256, 7.9.1987, p.1).	I. Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 of 23 July 1987 on the tariff and statistical nomenclature and on the Common Customs Tariff (OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. I). Text Origin: Council
Artic	e 5(1), point (a)			Mandate
105			(a) wine, as defined in Article 2, point (0a) of this Regulation; ¹ 1. * Part moved	(a) wine, as defined in Article 2, point (0a) of this Regulation; ¹ <u>1. * Part moved</u>
G a			from Art. 7	<u>from Art. 7</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	e 5(1), point (b)			
۵ 105 b			(b) spirit drinks, as defined in Article 2, point (0b) of this Regulation; and	<pre>(b) spirit drinks, as defined in Article 2, point (0b) of this Regulation; and Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Artic	e 5(1), point (c)	1		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
6 105 c			(c) agricultural products, including foodstuffs and fishery and aquaculture products, listed under Chapters 1 to 23 of the combined nomenclature set out in Annex I, Part two to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 ¹ , and the additional agricultural products under the combined nomenclature headings and codes set out in Annex I to this Regulation, except wine and spirit drinks. <u>1. Council</u> Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 of 23 July 1987 on the tariff and statistical nomenclature and on the Common Customs Tariff (OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 1).	(c) agricultural products, including foodstuffs and fishery and aquaculture products, listed under Chapters 1 to 23 of the combined nomenclature set out in Annex I, Part two to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 ¹ , and the additional agricultural products under the combined nomenclature headings and codes set out in Annex I to this Regulation, except wine and spirit drinks. 1. Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 of 23 July 1987 on the tariff and statistical nomenclature and on the Common Customs Tariff (OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 1). Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 5(2)			
٥ 106	2. The registration and the protection of geographical indications is without prejudice to the obligation of producers to comply with other Union rules, in particular those relating to the	2. The registration and the protection of geographical indications is without prejudice to the obligation of producers to comply with other Union rules, in particular those relating to the	2. The registration and the protection of geographical indications isare without prejudice to the obligation of producers to comply with other Union rules, in particular those relating to the	2. The registration and the protection of geographical indications <i>isare</i> without prejudice to the obligation of producers to comply with other Union rules, in particular those relating to the
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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	placing of products on the market, sanitary and phytosanitary rules, the common organisation of the markets, the competition rules and the provision of food information to consumers.	placing of products on the market, sanitary and phytosanitary rules, the common organisation of the markets, the competition rules and the provision of food information to consumers.	placing of products on the market, sanitary and phytosanitary rules, the common organisation of the markets, the competition rules and the provision of food information to consumers.	placing of products on the market, sanitary and phytosanitary rules, the common organisation of the markets, the competition rules and the provision of food information to consumers. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	cle 5(3)			
G 107	 3. Directive (EU) 2015/1535 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹ shall not apply to the system of geographical indications laid down in this Regulation. 1. Directive (EU) 2015/1535 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 September 2015 laying down a procedure for the provision of information in the field of technical standards and regulations and of rules on Information Society services (OJ L 241, 17.9.2015, p. 1). 	 3. Directive (EU) 2015/1535 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹ shall not apply to the system of geographical indications laid down in this Regulation. 1. Directive (EU) 2015/1535 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 September 2015 laying down a procedure for the provision of information in the field of technical standards and regulations and of rules on Information Society services (OJ L 241, 17.9.2015, p. 1). 	 3. Directive (EU) 2015/1535 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹ shall not apply to the system of geographical indications laid down in this Regulation. 1. Directive (EU) 2015/1535 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 September 2015 laying down a procedure for the provision of information in the field of technical standards and regulations and of rules on Information Society services (OJ L 241, 17.9.2015, p. 1). 	 3. Directive (EU) 2015/1535 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹ shall not apply to the system of geographical indications laid down in this Regulation. 1. Directive (EU) 2015/1535 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 September 2015 laying down a procedure for the provision of information in the field of technical standards and regulations and of rules on Information Society services (OJ L 241, 17.9.2015, p. 1). Text Origin: Commission Proposal

ProposalEn AnnanceContent matureDimetrigreentativeArticle 6Article 6Classification108Article 6Classification108Article 6(1)Article 6(1)Article 6(1)Article 6(1)I. Products designated by geographical indications shall be classified according to the combined nomenclature at two, four or six digit level. Where a geographical indication shall be classified according to the combined nomenclature at two, four or six digit level.1. Products designated by geographical indications shall be classified according to the combined nomenclature at two, four or six digit level.1. Products designated by geographical indication covers products of more than one category, each entry shall be specified. Product classification shall only be used for registration, statistical and record keeping purposes. The said1. Products designated by geographical indication covers products of more than one category, each entry shall be specified. Product classification shall only be used for registration, statistical and record keeping purposes. The said1. Products the request of a member State or six marking the request of a member State or six marking the request of a member State or six on or six distical and record keeping purposes. In1. Products the request of a member State or six the request of a member State or six the request of a member State or six the request of a member State or six1. Products the request of a member State or six the request of a member State or six th
ClassificationClassificationClassificationClassification108ClassificationText Origin: Commission Proposal1081. Products designated by geographical indications shall be classified according to the combined nomenclature at two, four or six digit level. Where a geographical indication covers products of more than one category, each entry shall be specified. Product classified necording to the specified. Product classified according to the combined nomenclature at two, four or six digit level. Where a geographical indication covers products of more than one category, each entry shall be specified. Product classified necording to the specified. Product classified necording to the combined nomenclature at two, four or six digit level. Where a geographical indication covers products of more than one category, each entry shall be specified. Product classification shall only be used for registration, statistical and record keepingClassification the request of many be added to the combined nomenclature by the Commission, upon the request of many be added to the combined nomenclature by the Commission, upon the request of many be added to the combined none category, each entry shall be specified. Product classification shall only be used for registration, statistical and record keepingClassification shall and record keepingClassification shall and record keeping108Development classification shall and record keepingClassification shall and record keepingI. Product the request of a the request of aI. Products the request of a the request of a
1. Products designated by geographical indications shall be classified according to the combined nomenclature at two, four or six digit level.1. Products designated by geographical indications shall be classified according to the combined nomenclature at two, four or six digit level.1. Products designated by geographical indications shall be classified according to the combined nomenclature at two, four or six digit level.1. Products designated by geographical indications shall be classified according to the combined nomenclature at two, four, six or eight-digit <i>level. Additional</i> codes established pursuant to Articles 3 and 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 2658/1987 may be added to the combined nomenclature by the Commission, upon the request of a1. Products designated by geographical indications shall be classified according to the combined nomenclature at two, four or six digit level.1. Products designated by geographical indications shall be classified according to the combined nomenclature at two, four, six or eight-digit <i>level. Additional</i> codes established pursuant to Articles 3 and 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 2658/1987 may be added to the commission, upon the request of a1. Products designated by geographical indication covers products of more than one category, each entry shall be specified. Product classification shall1. Products designated by geographical indication covers products of more than one category, each entry shall be specified. Product classification shall1. Products designated by geographical indication covers products of more than one category, each entry shall be specified.
designated by geographical indications shall be classified according to the combined nomenclature at two, four or six digit level.designated by geographical indications shall be classified according to the combined nomenclature at two, four or six digit level.designated by geographical indication covers products of more than one category, each entry shall be specified. Product classification shall only be used for registration, statistical and record keepingdesignated by geographical indications shall be classified according to the combined nomenclature at two, four or six digit level.designated by geographical indication al codes established pursuant to Articles 3 and 5 of Regulation entry shall be specified. Product classification shall only be used for registration, statistical and record keepingdesignated by geographical indication al combined nomenclature by the <i>Commission, upon</i> the request of adesignated by geographical indications shall be classification shall only be used for registration, statistical and record keepingdesignated by geographical indication covers may be added to the commission, upon the request of adesignated by geographical indication covers products of more than one category, each entry shall be specified. Product classification shalldesignated by geographical indication covers products of more than one category, each entry shall be specified. Product classification shalldesignated by geographical indication covers products of more than one category, each entry shall be specified. Product classification shalldesignated by geographical indication cover
109 classification shall not be used to determine comparable products for the purposes of protection against direct and indirect commercial use referred to in Article 27(1), point (a). 109 classification shall only be used for registration, statistical and record keeping purposes. The said classification shall not be used to determine comparable products for the purposes of protection against direct and indirect commercial use referred to in Article 27(1), point (a). 109 classification shall only be used for registration, statistical and record keeping purposes. The said classification shall not be used to determine comparable products for the purposes of protection against direct and indirect commercial use referred to in Article 27(1), point (a).

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		Regulation.		
Artic	le 6(2)			
110	2. The Commission may adopt implementing acts defining the technical presentation of, and online access to, the classification referred to in paragraph 1. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2)	2. The Commission may adopt implementing acts defining the technical presentation of, and online access to, the classification referred to in paragraph 1. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2)	2. The Commission may adopt implementing acts defining the technical presentation of, and online access to, the classification referred to in paragraph 1. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article-53(2) 84a(2).	2. The Commission may adopt implementing acts defining the technical presentation of, and online access to, the classification referred to in paragraph 1. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article <u>53(2)</u> <u>84a(2)</u> . Text Origin: Council Mandate
110 a	le 6a		Article 6a Sustainability	Article 6a Sustainability Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 6a(1)			
110 b			1. A producer group or a recognised producer group where it exists may agree on sustainable practices to be adhered to in the production, or with regard to other	1. 1. A producer group, or a recognised producer group where such a group exists, may agree on sustainable practices to be adhered to in the production, or with regard to other

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
1				specification, of the product designated by a geographical indication. Such practices shall aim to apply sustainability standards higher than mandated by Union or national law.	for in the product specification, of the product designated by a geographical indication. Such practices shall aim to apply sustainability standards higher than those laid down by Union or national law in terms of social, environmental or economic sustainability or animal welfare. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 6a(2)			
G	110 c				2. For the purpose of paragraph 1, 'sustainable practice' means a practice which contributes to one or more social, environmental or economic objectives, such as: (a) climate change mitigation and adaptation, the sustainable use and protection of landscapes, water and soil, the transition to a circular economy, including the reduction of food waste, pollution prevention and control, and the protection of biodiversity and ecosystems; (b) the production of agricultural products



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				in ways that reduce the use of pesticides and manage risks resulting from such use, or that reduce the danger of antimicrobial resistance in agricultural production; (c) animal welfare; (d) a fair income for producers, diversification of activities, promotion of local agricultural production, and valorisation of the rural fabric and local development; (e) preservation of agricultural employment by attracting and sustaining young producers of products benefiting from a protected designation of origin or a protected geographical indication; (f) improving working and safety conditions in agricultural and processing activities.
Artic	le 6a(3)			
۹ 110 d			2. Where the producer group decides that the sustainable practices referred to in paragraph (1) are mandatory for all producers of the product concerned, those practices shall	3. Where the producer group or a recognised producer group decides that the sustainable practices referred to in paragraph 1 are mandatory for all producers of the product concerned,

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		be included in the product specification, in accordance with the registration or amendment procedure.	those practices shall be included in the product specification, in accordance with the registration or amendment procedure. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article 6a			
⁶ 110 e			<u>Article 6b</u> <u>Sustainability report</u>
Article 6a(1)			
c 110 f			1. A producer group, or a recognised producer group where such a group exists, may prepare and regularly update a sustainability report based on verifiable information, comprising a description of existing sustainable practices implemented in the product, a description of how the method of obtaining the product impacts on sustainability, in terms of social, environmental, economic or animal welfare commitments, and information necessary to understand how sustainability affects the development, performance and position of the



		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
					<u>product.</u>
	Artic	le 6a(1)			
G	110 g				2. <u>The Commission</u> <u>shall make the</u> <u>sustainability report</u> <u>public.</u>
	Artic	le 7	T		
G	111	Article 7 Definitions	Article 7 Definitions	Article 7 Definitions	G
	Artic	le 7(1)	L		
G	112	1. For the purposes of this Title the following definitions shall apply:	1. For the purposes of this Title the following definitions shall apply:	For the purposes of this Title the following definitions shall apply:	G
	Artic	le 7(1), point (a)		-	
G	113	(a) 'geographical indication', unless otherwise stated, means designations of origin and geographical indications of wine, as defined in Article 93 of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013, designations of origin and geographical indications of agricultural products, as defined in Article 48of this Regulation and geographical indications of spirit drinks, as defined in Article 3(4) of Regulation (EU) 2019/787, that are applied for or entered in the Union register of geographical	(a) 'geographical indication', unless otherwise stated, means designations of origin and geographical indications of wine, as defined in Article 93 of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013, designations of origin and geographical indications of agricultural products, as defined in Article 48of this Regulation and geographical indications of spirit drinks, as defined in Article 3(4) of Regulation (EU) 2019/787, that are applied for or entered in the Union register of geographical	(a) 'geographical indication', unless otherwise stated, means designations of origin and geographical indications of wine, as defined in Article 93 of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013, designations of origin and geographical indications of agricultural products, as defined in Article 48of this Regulation and geographical indications of spirit drinks, as defined in Article 3(4) of Regulation (EU) 2019/787, that are applied for or entered in the Union register of geographical	

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		indications referred to in Article 23;	indications referred to in Article 23;	indications referred to in Article 23; ¹ 1. * Moved to Art. 2	
	Artic	le 7(1), point (b)			
G	114	(b) 'wine' means the products referred to in Part II, points 1, 3 to 6, 8, 9, 11, 15 and 16 of Annex VII to Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013;	(b) 'wine' means the products referred to in Part II, points 1, 3 to 6, 8, 9, 11, 15 and 16 of Annex VII to Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013;	(b) <u>'wine' means the</u> products referred to in Part II, points 1, 3 to 6, 8, 9, 11, 15 and 16 of Annex VII to Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013; ^{1*} 1. ** Moved to Art.	
				5	
	Artic	le 7(1), point (c)			
G	115	(c) 'spirit drinks' as defined in Article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2019/787;	(c) 'spirit drinks' as defined in Article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2019/787;	(c) 'spirit drinks' as defined in Article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2019/787;	c
	Artic	le 7(1), point (d)			
G	116	(d) 'agricultural products' means products referred to in Article 5(1) excluding wine and spirit drinks;	(d) 'agricultural products' means products referred to in Article 5(1) excluding wine and spirit drinks;	(d) <u>'agricultural</u> products' means products referred to in Article 5(1) excluding wine and spirit drinks;	¢
	Artic	le 7(1), point (e)			
G	117	(e) 'combined nomenclature' means the goods nomenclature established by Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87;	(e) 'combined nomenclature' means the goods nomenclature established by Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87;	(e) <u>'combined</u> nomenclature' means the goods nomenclature established by Article <u>1 of Regulation (EEC)</u> No 2658/87; ^{1**} <u>1. *** Moved to</u> Art. 2	Text Origin: Council Mandate

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Artic	le 7(1), point (f)			
G	118	(f) 'recognised producer group' means a formal association having legal personality and recognised by the competent national authorities as the sole group to act on behalf of all producers;	(f) 'recognised producer group' means a formal association <i>having</i> <i>legal personality</i> <i>andof producers</i> recognised by the competent national authorities as the sole group to <i>represent</i> <i>and</i> act on behalf of all producers, <i>and</i> <i>fulfilling the</i> <i>requirements laid</i> <i>down in Article 33(1)</i> <i>and (2)</i> ;	(f) <u>*recognised</u> producer group ² means a formal association having legal personality and recognised by the competent national authorities as the sole group to act on behalf of all producers; ^{1***} 1. **** Moved to Art. 233	Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 7(1), point (g)			
G	119	(g) 'producer' means an operator engaged in any production step of a product protected by a geographical indication, including processing activities, covered by the product specification;	(g) 'producer' means an operator engaged in any production step of a product protected by a geographical indication, including processing activities, covered by the product specification;	(g) <u>'producer' means</u> an operator engaged in any production step of a product protected by a geographical indication, including processing activities, covered by the product specification; 1 1. ***** Moved to Art. 32	Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Chap	ter 2			
G	120	Chapter 2 Registration of geographical indications	Chapter 2 Registration of geographical indications	Chapter 2 Registration of geographical indications	Chapter 2 Registration of geographical indications Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 8	Γ		
G	121				



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Article 8 Applicant	Article 8 Applicant	Article 8 Applicant in the national stage of the procedure of registration	Article 8 Applicant <u>in the</u> <u>national stage of the</u> <u>procedure of</u> <u>registration</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 8(1)			
G 122	1. Applications for the registration of geographical indications may only be submitted by a producer group of a producer group'), the name of which is proposed for registration. Regional or local public bodies may help in the preparation of the application and in the related procedure.	1. Applications for the registration of geographical indications may only be submitted by a producer group of a producer group'), the name of which is proposed for registration. <i>Regional</i> <i>or localOther</i> <i>interested parties</i> , <i>including specialist</i> <i>organisations, non-</i> <i>governmental</i> <i>organisations or</i> public bodies may <i>provide technical</i> <i>advice and</i> help in the preparation of the application and in the related procedure.	1. Applications for the registration of geographical indications may only be submitted by aan applicant producer group. An applicant producer group shall be an association, irrespective of its legal form, composed of producers of the same product -of a producer group'), the name of which is proposed for registration. Regional or local Public bodies may helpassist in the preparation of the application and in the related procedure.	 Applications for the registration of geographical indications may only be submitted by <i>aan</i> <i>applicant</i> producer group-<i>of a product ('</i>. <i>An</i> applicant producer group-<i>f</i>. <i>shall be an</i> <i>association</i>, <i>irrespective of its</i> <i>legal form, composed</i> <i>of producers of the</i> <i>same product</i> the name of which is proposed for registration. <i>Regional</i> <i>or local public bodies</i> <i>may helpPublic</i> <i>bodies and other</i> <i>interested parties may</i> <i>assist</i> in the preparation of the application and in the related procedure. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 8(2)			
۶ 123	2. An authority designated by a Member State may be deemed to be an applicant producer	2. An authority designated by a Member State <u>or by a</u> <u>third country</u> may be deemed to be an	2. An authority designated by a Member State may be deemed to be an applicant producer	2. An authority designated by a Member State may be deemed to be an applicant producer

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		group for the purposes of this Title, with respect to geographical indications of a spirit drink, if it is not feasible for the producers concerned to form a group by reason of their number, geographical location or organisational characteristics. In such case, the application referred to in Article 9(2) shall state those reasons.	applicant producer group for the purposes of this Title, with respect to geographical indications of a spirit drink, if it is not feasible for the producers concerned to form a group by reason of their number, geographical location or organisational characteristics. In such case, the application referred to in Article 9(2) shall state those reasons.	group for the purposes of this Title, with respect to geographical indications of a spirit drink, if it is not feasible for the producers concerned to form a group by reason of their number, geographical location or organisational characteristics. In such case, the application referred to in Article 9(2) shall state those reasons.	group for the purposes of this Title, with respect to geographical indications of a spirit drink, if it is not feasible for the producers concerned to form a group by reason of their number, geographical location or organisational characteristics. In such case, the application referred to in Article 9(2) shall state those reasons. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 8(3)			
6	124	3. A single producer may be deemed to be an applicant producer group for the purposes of this Title where it is shown that both of the following conditions are fulfilled:	3. A single producer may be deemed to be an applicant producer group for the purposes of this Title where it is shown that both of the following conditions are fulfilled:	3. A single producer may be deemed to be an applicant producer group for the purposes of this Title where it is shown that bothall of the following conditions are fulfilled:	3. A single producer may be deemed to be an applicant producer group for the purposes of this Title where it is shown that <i>bothall</i> of the following conditions are fulfilled: Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 8(3), point (a)			[
G	125	(a) the person concerned is the only producer willing to submit an application for the registration of a geographical indication; and	(a) the person concerned is the only producer <i>willing to</i> <i>submit anof that</i> <i>product at the time of</i> <i>the</i> application for the registration of a geographical	(a) the person concerned is the only producer willing to submit an application for the registration of a geographical indication; and	(a) the person concerned is the only producer willing to submit an application for the registration of a geographical indication; and

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			indication; and		Text Origin: Council Mandate
Α	rtic	le 8(3), point (b)			
• 1	26	(b) the geographical area concerned is defined by natural features without reference to property boundaries and has characteristics which differ appreciably from those of neighbouring areas or the characteristics of the product are different from those produced in neighbouring areas.	(b) the geographical area <i>concerned</i> -is defined by <i>natural</i> <i>features without</i> <i>reference to property</i> <i>boundariesa natural</i> <i>environment</i> and has characteristics which differ appreciably from those of neighbouring areas or the characteristics of the product are different from those produced in neighbouring areas <i>or</i> , <i>in the case of spirit</i> <i>drinks, where the</i> <i>spirit drink has a</i> <i>special quality,</i> <i>reputation or other</i> <i>characteristic which</i> <i>is clearly attributable</i> <i>to its geographical</i> <i>origin</i> .	(b) the geographical area concerned is defined by natural features without reference to property boundaries and has characteristics which differ appreciably from those of neighbouring areas or the characteristics of the product are different from those produced in neighbouring areas.on the basis of the link referred to in point (f) of Article 51(1) of this Regulation, point (h) of Article 94(1) of Regulation (EU) 1308/2013 and point (f) of Article 22(1) of Regulation (EU) 2019/787 and not on the basis of property boundaries; and	<pre>(b) the geographical area concerned is defined by natural features without reference to property boundaries and has characteristics which differ appreciably from those of neighbouring areas or the characteristics of the product are different from those produced in neighbouring areas.on the basis of the link referred to in point (f) of Article 51(1) of this Regulation, point (h) of Article 94(1) of Regulation (EU) 1308/2013 and point (f) of Article 22(1) of Regulation (EU) 2019/787 and not on the basis of property boundaries; and</pre>
Α	rtic	le 8(3), point (ba)			
G	26 a			(c) the geographical area concerned has characteristics which differ appreciably from those of neighbouring areas or the characteristics of the product are	(ba) the geographical area concerned has characteristics which differ appreciably from those of neighbouring areas or the characteristics

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				different from those produced in neighbouring areas or, with respect to geographical indications of a spirit drink, the spirit drink has a specific quality, reputation or other characteristic which is clearly attributable to its geographical origin.	of the product are different from those produced in neighbouring areas or, with respect to geographical indications of a spirit drink, the spirit drink has a specific quality, reputation or other characteristic which is clearly attributable to its geographical origin. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 8(3a)			
G	126 b		<u>3a. In the case of</u> <u>wines, a single</u> <u>applicant shall be the</u> <u>winemaker.</u>		
	Artic	le 8(4)			
G	127	4. In the case of a geographical indication that designates a cross-border geographical area, several producer groups from different Member States or third countries may lodge a joint application for the registration of a geographical indication.	4. In the case of a geographical indication that designates a cross-border geographical area, several producer groups from different Member States or third countries may lodge a joint application for the registration of a geographical indication.	4. In the case of a geographical indication that designates a cross-border geographical area, several producer groups from different Member States or third countries may lodge a joint application for the registration of a geographical indication. Such a joint application shall be addressed to all Member States concerned.	4. In the case of a geographical indication that designates a cross-border geographical area, several <i>applicant</i> producer groups from different Member States or third countries may lodge a joint application for the registration of a geographical indication. <i>Such a joint application shall be addressed to all Member States concerned.</i>



Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			Council Mandate
le 8(4a)	• [
	4a. This Regulation shall not discriminate against nor create barriers for applicants, particularly for producers in the Union and third countries that qualify as micro, small or medium-sized enterprises within the meaning of the Annex to Recommendation 2003/361/EC.		
le 9			
Article 9 National stage of the procedure of registration	Article 9 National stage of the procedure of registration	Article 9 National stage of the procedure of registration	Article 9 National stage of the procedure of registration Text Origin: Commission Proposal
le 9(1)			
1. An application for the registration of a geographical indication concerning a product originating in the Union shall be addressed to the competent authorities of the Member State in which the product originates.	1. An application for the registration of a geographical indication concerning a product originating in the Union shall be addressed to the competent authorities of the Member State in which the product originates.	1. An application for the registration of a geographical indication concerning a product originating in the Union shall be addressed to the competent authorities of the Member State in which the product originates.	1. An application for the registration of a geographical indication concerning a product originating in the Union shall be addressed to the competent authorities of the Member State in which the product originates.
	Proposal le 8(4a) le 8(4a) le 8(4a) le 9 Article 9 National stage of the procedure of registration le 9(1) 1. An application for the registration of a geographical indication concerning a product originating in the Union shall be addressed to the competent authorities of the Member State in which the product	ProposalEP MandateProposalEP Mandatele 8(4a)4a. This Regulation shall not discriminate against nor create barriers for applicants, particularly for producers in the Union and third countries that qualify as micro, small or medium-sized enterprises within the meaning of the Annex to Recommendation 2003/361/EC.le 9Article 9 National stage of the procedure of registrationArticle 9 National stage of the procedure of registration1. An application for the registration of a geographical indication concerning a product originating in the Union shall be addressed to the competent authorities of the Member State in which the product	Proposal EP Mandate Council Mandate Proposal EP Mandate Council Mandate e 8(4a)

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Commission Proposal
Articl	e 9(2)			
130	2. The application referred to in paragraph (1) shall comprise:	2. The application referred to in paragraph (1) shall comprise:	2. The application referred to in paragraph (1) shall comprise:	2. The application referred to in paragraph (1) shall comprise: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Articl	e 9(2), point (a)		Γ	Γ
131	(a) the product specification provided for in Article 11;	(a) the product specification provided for in Article 11;	(a) the product specification provided for in Article 11-;	<pre>(a) the product specification provided for in Article 11; Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Articl	e 9(2), point (b)		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
132	(b) the single document provided for in Article 13;	(b) the single document provided for in Article 13;	(b) the single document-provided for in Article 13;	<pre>(b) the single document-provided for in Article 13; Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Articl	e 9(2), point (c)			
133	(c) the accompanying documents referred to in Article 14(1) points b), c) and d).	(c) the accompanying documents referred to in Article 14(1) pointsb), c) and d).	(c) the accompanying documentsdocumenta tion referred to in Article 14(1)-points b), c) and d).	<pre>(c) the accompanying <u>documentsdocumenta</u> <u>tion</u> referred to in Article 14(1)-points <u>b), c) and d</u>). Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
133 a		<u>(ca)</u> <u>a study on the</u> <u>economic</u> <u>sustainability of the</u> <u>supply chain</u> <u>concerned.</u>		
Artic	le 9(3)			
3 134	3. The Member State shall scrutinise the application for registration in order to check that it meets the conditions for registration of the respective provisions for wine, spirit drinks or agricultural products as appropriate.	3. The Member State shall scrutinise the application for registration in order to check that it meets the conditions for registration of the respective provisions for wine, spirit drinks or agricultural products as appropriate.	3. The Member State shall scrutinise the application for registration in order to check that it meets the conditions for registration of the respective provisions for wine, spirit drinks or agricultural products as appropriate.	3. The Member State shall scrutinise the application for registration in order to check that it meets the conditions for registration of the respective provisions for wine, spirit drinks or agricultural products as appropriate. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	cle 9(4)			
3 135	4. As part of the scrutiny referred to in paragraph (3), the Member State shall conduct a national opposition procedure. The national opposition procedure shall ensure publication of the application for registration and provide for a period of at least 2 months from the date of publication within which any natural or legal person having a legitimate interest and established or resident on the territory of the Member State in	4. As part of the scrutiny referred to in paragraph (3), the Member State shall conduct a national opposition procedure. The national opposition procedure shall ensure publication for registration for registration provided for in Article 11 and provide for a period of at least 2 months from the date of publication within which any natural or legal person having a legitimate interest and established or resident	4. As part of the scrutiny referred to in paragraph (3), the Member State shall conduct a national opposition procedure. The national opposition procedure shall ensure publication of the application for registration with the exception of the documents referred to in Article 14(1), points (b) and (c), and provide for a period of at least 2 <u>months1 month from</u> the date of publication within which any natural or legal person	4. As part of the scrutiny referred to in paragraph (3), the Member State shall conduct a national opposition procedure. The national opposition procedure shall ensure publication of the application for registration with the exception of the documents referred to in Article 14(1), points (b) and (c), and provide for a period of at least <u>2 months 1</u> month from the date of publication within which any natural or legal person having a

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		which the product concerned originates may lodge an opposition to the application for registration with that Member State.	on the territory of the Member State in which the product concerned originates may lodge an opposition to the application for registration with that Member State.	having a legitimate interest and established or resident on the territory of the Member State in which the product concerned originates may lodge an opposition to the application for registration with that Member State.	legitimate interest and established or resident on the territory of the Member State in which the product concerned originates may lodge an opposition to the application for registration with that Member State. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 9(5)			
G	136	5. The Member State shall establish the modalities of the opposition procedure. These modalities may include criteria for the admissibility of an opposition, a period of consultation between the applicant producer group and each opponent, and submission of a report from the applicant producer group on the outcome of the consultations including any changes the applicant producer group has made to the application for registration.	5. The Member State shall establish the modalities of the opposition procedure. These modalities may include criteria for the admissibility of an opposition, a period of consultation between the applicant producer group and each opponent, and submission of a report from the applicant producer group on the outcome of the consultations including any changes the applicant producer group has made to the application for registration.	5. The Member State shall establish the modalities of the opposition procedure. These modalities may include criteria for the admissibility of an opposition, a period of consultation between the applicant producer group and each opponent, and submission of a report from the applicant producer group on the outcome of the consultations including any changes the applicant producer group has made to the application for registration.	5. The Member State shall establish the modalities of the opposition procedure. These modalities may include criteria for the admissibility of an opposition, a period of consultation between the applicant producer group and each opponent, and submission of a report from the applicant producer group on the outcome of the consultations including any changes the applicant producer group has made to the application for registration. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 9(6)			
G	137	6. If, after the scrutiny of the			

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		application for registration and the assessment of the results of any opposition received and any changes to the application agreed with the applicant producer group, the Member State considers that the requirements of this Regulation are met, it may take a favourable decision and lodge a Union application as referred to in Article 15.	application for registration and the assessment of the results of any opposition received and any changes to the application agreed with the applicant producer group, the Member State considers that the requirements of this Regulation are met, it may take a favourable decision and lodge a Union application as referred to in Article 15.	application for registration and the assessment of the results of any opposition received and any changes to the application agreed with the applicant producer group, the Member State considers that the requirements of this Regulation are met, it may take a favourable decision and lodge aan application for registration at the Union applicationstage as referred to in Article 15.	application for registration and the assessment of the results of any opposition received and any changes to the application agreed with the applicant producer group, the Member State considers that the requirements of this Regulation are met, it may take a favourable decision and <i>lodge</i> <i>asubmit an</i> <i>application for</i> <i>registration at the</i> Union <i>applicationstage</i> as referred to in Article 15. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 9(7)			
ĵ	138	7. The Member State shall ensure that its decision, be it favourable or not, is made public and that any natural or legal person having a legitimate interest has an opportunity to lodge an appeal. The Member State shall also ensure that the product specification on which its favourable decision is based is published, and shall provide electronic access to the product specification.	7. The Member State shall ensure that its decision, be it favourable or not, is made public and that any natural or legal person having a legitimate interest the applicant has an opportunity to lodge an appeal. The Member State shall also ensure that the product specification on which its favourable decision is based is published, and shall provide electronic access to the product specification.	7. The Member State shall ensure that its decision, be it favourable or not, is made public and that any natural or legal person having a legitimate interest has an opportunity to lodge an appeal. The Member State shall also ensure that the product specification on which its favourable decision is based isa favourable decision and the corresponding product specification are published, and shall provide electronic access to	7. The Member State shall ensure that <i>its</i> <i>decision, be it</i> <i>favourable or not, is</i> <i>made public and that</i> any natural or legal person having a legitimate interest has an opportunity to lodge an appeal. The Member State shall also ensure that <i>the</i> <i>product specification</i> <i>on which its</i> <i>favourable decision is</i> <i>based isa favourable</i> <i>decision and the</i> <i>corresponding</i> <i>product specification</i> <i>are</i> published, and shall provide electronic access to

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			the product specification.	the product specification. Text Origin: Council
				Mandate
Artic	le 9(7a)			
с 138 а			7a. In the case of a joint application as referred to in Article 8(4), the related national procedures, including the opposition stage, shall be carried out in all the Member States concerned.	<u>7a.</u> In the case of a <u>joint application as</u> <u>referred to in Article</u> <u>8(4), the application</u> <u>shall be addressed to</u> <u>all Member States</u> <u>concerned and the</u> <u>related national</u> <u>procedures, including</u> <u>the opposition stage,</u> <u>shall be carried out in</u> <u>all of them.</u>
Artic	le 9(7b)			Text Origin: Council Mandate
ه 138 b		7a. In the case of cross-border registration applications, the related national procedures, including the objection phase, shall be carried out in all Member States concerned		
Artic	le 10 Article 10 Transitional national protection	Article 10 Transitional national protection	Article 10 Transitional national protection	Article 10 Transitional national protection Text Origin: Commission

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Artic	le 10(1)			
140	1. A Member State may, on a temporary basis, grant transitional protection to a name at national level, with effect from the date on which a Union application for registration is lodged with the Commission.	1. A Member State may, on a temporary basis, grant transitional protection to a name at national level, with effect from the date on which a Union application for registration is lodged with the Commission.	1. A Member State may, on a temporary basis, grant transitional protection to a name at national level, with effect from the date on which a Union application for registration is lodged with the Commission.	1. A Member State may, on a temporary basis, grant transitional protection to a name at national level, with effect from the date on which a Union application for registration is lodged with the Commission. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 10(2)	I	I	I
141	2. Such national protection shall cease on the date on which either the implementing act deciding on the application for registration, adopted in accordance with Article 22, enters into force or the application for registration is withdrawn.	2. Such national protection shall cease on the date on which either the implementing act deciding on the application for registration, adopted in accordance with Article 22, enters into force or the application for registration is withdrawn.	2. Such national protection shall cease on the date on which either the implementing act deciding on the application for registration, adopted in accordance with Article 22, enters into force or the application for registration is withdrawn.	 Such national protection shall cease on the date on which either the implementing act deciding on the application for registration, adopted in accordance with Article 22, enters into force or the application for registration is withdrawn. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
<u>Artic</u> 142	 le 10(3) 3. Where a name is not registered under this Regulation, the consequences of the transitional national protection shall be the sole responsibility of 	3. Where a name is not registered under this Regulation, the consequences of the transitional national protection shall be the sole responsibility of	3. Where a name is not registered under this Regulation, the consequences of the transitional national protection shall be the sole responsibility of	3. Where a name is not registered under this Regulation, the consequences of the transitional national protection shall be the sole responsibility of

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		the Member State concerned.	the Member State concerned.	the Member State concerned.	the Member State concerned. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	e 10(4)			
G	143	4. The measures taken by Member States in accordance with this Article shall produce effects at national level only, and they shall have no effect on the internal market or in international trade.	4. The measures taken by Member States in accordance with this Article shall produce effects at national level only, and they shall have no effect on the internal market or in international trade.	4. The measures taken by Member States in accordance with this Article shall produce effects at national level only, and they shall have no effect on the internal market or in international trade.	4. The measures taken by Member States in accordance with this Article shall produce effects at national level only, and they shall have no effect on the internal market or in international trade. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	e 11			
G	144	Article 11 Product specification	Article 11 Product specification	Article 11 Product specification ¹ 1. * Moved to Article 2	
	Artic	e 11, first paragraph			
G	145	For the purposes of this Title, the 'product specification' of a geographical indication shall be the document referred to in:	For the purposes of this Title, the 'product specification' of a geographical indication shall be the document referred to in:	For the purposes of this Title, the 'product specification' of a geographical indication shall be the document referred to in:	
	Artic	e 11, first paragraph, po	int (a)		
G	146	(a) Article 94 of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 for wine;	(a) Article 94 of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 for wine;	(a) Article 94 of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 for wine;	

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Artic	le 11, first paragraph, po	int (b)		
G	147	(b) Article 22 of Regulation (EU) 2019/787 for spirit drinks;	(b) Article 22 of Regulation (EU) 2019/787 for spirit drinks;	(b) Article 22 of Regulation (EU) 2019/787 for spirit drinks;	6
	Artic	le 11, first paragraph, po	int (c)		
G	148	(c) Article 51 of this Regulation for agricultural products.	(c) Article 51 of this Regulation for agricultural products.	(c) Article 51 of this Regulation for agricultural products.	6
	Artic	le 12			
G	149	Article 12 Sustainability undertakings	Article 12 Sustainability undertakings	Article 12 Sustainability undertakings	G
	Artic	le 12(-1)			
G	149 a		-1. For the purpose of this Article, a 'sustainability undertaking' refers to an undertaking which contributes to one or more social, environmental or economic objectives, including: (a) climate change mitigation and adaptation, including energy efficiency and decrease water consumption; (b) preservation and sustainable use of soil, landscapes and natural resources; (c) improving soil fertility; (d) preservation of biodiversity and plants varieties, and		G

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Proposal	transition to a circular economy; (e) transition to a circular economy; (f) reduction of the use of pesticides; (g) reduction of greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions; (h) reduction of the use of antimicrobials; (i) improving animal health and welfare; (j) securing viable income and improving resilience for producers of products benefiting from a protected designation of origin or a protected geographical indication; (k) improving the quality and the economic value of products benefiting from a protected geographical indication, and redistributing added value across the supply chain; (l) contributing to the diversification of activities promoting the rural economy; (m) promoting local <td></td> <td></td>		



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		producers of products benefiting from a protected designation of origin or a protected geographical indication and new producers of products benefiting from a protected designation of origin or a protected geographical indication, and facilitating the inter- generational transmission of know-how and culture; (o) improving working and safety conditions in agricultural and processing activities; (p) contributing to the valorisation of rural areas as well as cultural and gastronomic heritage to promote education on themes concerning the quality system, food safety and balanced and diversified diets; (a) improving coordination between producers through improved efficiency of the governance instruments.		
Artic	le 12(1)			
s 150	1. A producer group may agree on sustainability undertakings to be adhered to in the production of the product designated by	1. A producer group may agree on sustainability undertakings to be adhered to in the production of the product designated by	1. A producer group may agree on sustainability undertakings to be adhered to in the production of the product designated by	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	a geographical indication. Such undertakings shall aim to apply a sustainability standard higher than mandated by Union or national law and go beyond good practice in significant respects in terms of social, environmental or economic undertakings. Such undertakings shall be specific, shall take account of existing sustainable practices employed for products designated by geographical indications, and may refer to existing sustainability schemes.	a geographical indication. Such undertakings shall aim to apply a sustainability standard <i>higher than</i> <i>mandatedthat goes</i> <i>beyond that required</i> by Union or national law <i>and go beyond</i> <i>good practice in</i> <i>significant respects</i> - in terms of social, environmental, <i>economic or animal</i> <i>health and welfare-or</i> <i>economic</i> undertakings. Such undertakings shall be specific, shall take account of existing sustainable practices employed for products designated by geographical indications, <i>may</i> <i>complement and</i> <i>contribute to</i> <i>producers' broader</i> <i>agro-ecological</i> <i>strategies to combat</i> <i>climate change</i> and may refer to existing sustainability schemes.	a geographical indication. Such undertakings shall aim to apply a sustainability standard higher than mandated by Union or national law and go beyond good practice in significant respects in terms of social, environmental or economic undertakings. Such undertakings shall be specific, shall take account of existing sustainable practices employed for products designated by geographical indications, and may refer to existing sustainability schemes.	
Artic	le 12(2)			
° 151	2. The sustainability undertakings referred to in paragraph (1) shall be included in the product specification.	2. The sustainability undertakings <i>referred</i> <i>to in agreed on in</i> <i>accordance with</i> paragraph (1) <i>of this</i> <i>Article</i> shall be <i>either</i> included in the product specification <i>or developed under</i> <i>separate initiatives</i> .	2. The sustainability undertakings referred to in paragraph (1) shall be included in the product specification.	
A	le 12(3)			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
152	3. The sustainability undertakings referred to in paragraph 1 shall be without prejudice to requirements for compliance with hygiene, safety standards and competition rules.	3. The sustainability undertakings referred to in paragraph 1 shall be without prejudice to requirements for compliance with hygiene, safety standards and competition rules.	3. The sustainability undertakings referred to in paragraph 1 shall be without prejudice to requirements for compliance with hygiene, safety standards and competition rules.	
Artic	le 12(4)			
153	4. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 defining sustainability standards in different sectors and laying down criteria for the recognition of existing sustainability standards to which producers of products designated by geographical indications may adhere.	4. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 defining sustainability standards in different sectors and laying down criteria for the recognition of existing sustainability standards to which producers of products designated by geographical indications may adhere.deleted	4. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 defining sustainability standards in different sectors and laying down criteria for the recognition of existing sustainability standards to which producers of products designated by geographical indications may adhere.	
Artic	le 12(5)			
154	5. The Commission may adopt implementing acts defining a harmonised presentation of sustainability undertakings. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).	5. The Commission may adopt implementing acts defining a harmonised presentation of sustainability undertakings. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).deleted	5. The Commission may adopt implementing acts defining a harmonised presentation of sustainability undertakings. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
G 154 a		Article 12a Sustainability report 1. Producer groups may prepare a sustainability report based on internal audit activities, comprising a description of existing sustainable practices implemented in the product, of the impacts of the method of obtaining the product on sustainability, in terms of social, environmental, economic or animal health and welfare commitments, and information necessary to understand how sustainability affects the development, performance and position of the product. The sustainability report may be updated to take account in particular of progress compared with the outcome of previous internal audit activities. 2. The Commission may adopt implementing acts setting out a harmonised format and the online presentation of the product of the product of the product of the prosting out a harmonised format and the online presentation of the provided for in paragraph 1 of this Article, contributing to the aim of sharing		

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			and replicating sustainable practices, also including through advisory services and the development of a network for the exchange of such practices. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).		
	Artic	le 13		I	
G	155	Article 13 Single document	Article 13 Single document	Article 13 Single document ¹ 1. * Moved to Article 2	c
	Artic	le 13(1)			
G	156	1. The 'single document' for a geographical indication refers to:	1. The 'single document' for a geographical indication refers to:	1. The 'single document' for a geographical indication refers to:	c
	Artic	le 13(1), point (a)			
G	157	 (a) the document summarising the product specification referred to in Article 94 of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 for wine; 	 (a) the document summarising the product specification referred to in Article 94 of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 for wine; 	(a) the document summarising the product specification referred to in Article 94 of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 for wine;	G
	Artic	le 13(1), point (b)			
G	158	(b) the document referred to in Article23 of Regulation (EU)2019/787 for spirit drinks;	(b) the document referred to in Article23 of Regulation (EU)2019/787 for spirit drinks;	(b) the document referred to in Article 23 of Regulation (EU) 2019/787 for spirit drinks;	G

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Artic	le 13(1), point (c)	<u> </u>		
G	159	(c) the document referred to in Article 52 of this Regulation for agricultural products.	(c) the document referred to in Article 52 of this Regulation for agricultural products.	(c) the document referred to in Article 52 of this Regulation for agricultural products.	
	Artic	le 14	Γ		
G	160	Article 14 Accompanying documentation	Article 14 Accompanying documentation	Article 14 Accompanying documentation	Article 14 Accompanying documentation Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 14(1)			
G	161	1. The documentation accompanying the application for registration shall comprise:	1. The documentation accompanying the application for registration shall comprise:	1. The documentation accompanying the application for registration shall comprise:	 The documentation accompanying the application for registration shall comprise: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 14(1), point (a)	T		
G	162	(a) information concerning any proposed limitations on the use or on the protection of the geographical indication, and, where relevant, any transitional measures, proposed by the applicant producer group or by the national authorities notably following the national scrutiny and	(a) information concerning any proposed limitations on the use or on the protection of the geographical indication, and, where relevant, any transitional measures, proposed by the applicant producer group or by the national authorities notably following the national scrutiny and	(a) where relevant, information concerningexplaining any proposed limitations on the use or on the protection of the geographical indication, and, where relevant, any transitional measures, proposed by the applicant producer group-or by the national authorities notably following the	(a) where relevant, information concerningexplaining any proposed limitations on the use or on the protection of the geographical indication, and, where relevant, any transitional measures, proposed by the applicant producer group or by the national authorities notably following the
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		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		opposition procedure;	opposition procedure;	national scrutiny and opposition procedure ¹ ; 1. * Moved to Art. 15(1)(ca)	national scrutiny and opposition procedure ¹ ; <u>1. * Moved to Art.</u> <u>15(1)(ca)</u>
					Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 14(1), point (b)			
G	163	(b) the name and contact details of the applicant producer group;	(b) the name and contact details of the applicant producer group;	(b) the name and contact details of the applicant producer group;	(b) the name and contact details of the applicant producer group;Text Origin:
	Artic	a 14(1) a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a			Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 14(1), point (c)			
G	164	(c) the name and contact details of the competent authority and/or product certification body verifying compliance with the provisions of the product specification pursuant to:	(c) the name and contact details of the competent authority and/or product certification body verifying compliance with the provisions of the product specification pursuant to:	(c) the name and contact details of one or more of the competent authority and/orauthorities, delegated or product certification body bodies or natural persons verifying compliance with the provisions of the -product specification pursuant to :	<pre>(c) the name and contact details of <u>one</u> <u>or more of</u> the competent <u>authority</u>: <u>and/or authorities</u>, <u>delegated or</u> product certification <u>body bodies or natural</u> <u>persons</u> verifying compliance with the <u>provisions of the</u> product specification pursuant to: Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
	Artic	le 14(1), point (c)(i)			
Y	165	(i) Article 116a of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 as regards wine;	(i) Article 116a of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 as regards wine;	(i) Article 116a of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 as regards wine;	

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Artic	le 14(1), point (c)(ii)			
Y	166	(ii) Article 39 of this Regulation as regards agricultural products and spirit drinks;	(ii) Article 39 of this Regulation as regards agricultural products and spirit drinks;	(ii) Article 39 of this Regulation as regards agricultural products and spirit drinks;	
	Artic	le 14(1), point (d)			
O	167	(d) any other information deemed appropriate by the Member State, or by the applicant producer group where applicable.	(d) any other information deemed appropriate by the Member State, or by the applicant producer group where applicable.	(d) any other information deemed appropriate by the Member State, or by the applicant producer group where applicable.	 (d) any other information deemed appropriate by the Member State, or by the applicant producer group where applicable. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 14(2)			
U	168	2. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by provisions clarifying the requirements or listing additional items of the accompanying documentation to be supplied.	2. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by provisions clarifying the requirements <i>or</i> <i>listing additional</i> <i>items</i> of the accompanying documentation to be supplied.	2. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by provisions clarifying the requirements or listing additional items of the accompanying documentation to be supplied.	
	Artic	le 14(3)		1	
G	169	3. The Commission may adopt implementing acts defining the format and online presentation of the accompanying	3. The Commission may adopt implementing acts defining the format and online presentation of the accompanying	3. The Commission mayshall adopt implementing acts defining the format and online presentation of the accompanying	3. The Commission <i>mayshall</i> adopt implementing acts defining the format and online presentation of the accompanying

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement		
	documentation provided for in paragraph (1), and on the exclusion or anonymisation of protected personal data. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).	documentation provided for in paragraph (1), and on the exclusion or anonymisation of protected personal data. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).	documentation provided for in paragraph (1)(1)(a), (b) and (c) in the Union stage of application, and on the exclusion or anonymisation of protected personal data. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article-53(2) 84a(2).	documentation provided for in paragraph (1)(1)(a), (b) and (c) in the Union stage of application, and on the exclusion or anonymisation of protected personal data. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article-53(2) 84a(2). Text Origin: Council Mandate		
Artic	icle 15					
170	Article 15 Union application for registration	Article 15 Union application for registration	Article 15 Union Application for registration at Union stage	Article 15 <u>Union</u> Application for registration <u>at Union</u> <u>stage</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate		
Artic	le 15(1)		I			
171	1. For geographical indications concerning products originating in the Union, the Union application for registration shall comprise:	1. For geographical indications concerning products originating in the Union, the Union application for registration shall comprise:	1. For geographical indications concerning products originating in the Union, the Union application for registration shall comprise:	 For geographical indications concerning products originating in the Union, the Union application for registration shall comprise: Text Origin: Council Mandate 		



Article 15(1), point (-a) Cal. the product specification referred to in Article 11; Article 15(1), point (a) (a) the single document referred to in Article 13; (a) the single document referred to in Article 13; (a) the single document referred to in Article 13; (172 (a) the source of the product specification referred to in Article 13; (a) the single document referred to in Article 13; (172 (b) the accompanying documentation referred to in Article 14; (b) the accompanying documentation referred to in Article 14; (b) the accompanying documentation referred to in Article 14; (b) the accompanying documentation referred to in Article 14; (b) the accompanying documentation referred to in Article 14; (c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application was initially addressed, confirming that the application meets the conditions for registration; and (c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application graves interplication was initially addressed, confirming that the application registration; and (c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application graves interplication graves		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
171 a specification referred a in Article 11; Article 15(1), point (a) (a) the single document referred to in Article 13; (b) the accompanying documentation referred to in Article 14; (c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application was initially addressed, confirming that the application meets the conditions for registration; and (c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application was initially addressed, addressed at the antional stage of the procedure of registration; end (c) a declaration by the Amber State to which the application was initially addressed, addressed at the antional stage of the procedure of registration; end	Artic	le 15(1), point (-a)			
172 (a) the single document referred to in Article 13; (a) the single document referred to in Article 13; (a) the single document referred to in Article 13; (a) the single document referred to in Article 13; 172 (a) the single document referred to in Article 13; (a) the single document referred to in Article 13; (a) the single document referred to in Article 13; 173 (b) the accompanying documentation referred to in Article 14; (b) the accompanying documentation referred to in Article 14; (b) the accompanying documentation referred to in Article 14; (b) the accompanying documentation referred to in Article 14; (b) the accompanying documentation referred to in Article 14; (c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application was initially addressed, confirming that the application meets the conditions for registration; and (c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application meets the conditions for registration; and (c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application meets the conditions for registration; and (c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application meets the conditions for registration; and (c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application meets the conditions for registration; and (c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application meets the conditions for registration; and (c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application meets the conditions for registration; and (c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application meets the conditions for registration; and (c) a declaration porteny the meets the conditio			specification referred		
172document referred to in Article 13;document referred to in Article 13;document referred to in Article 13;document referred to in Article 13;173article 13;(b) the accompanying documentation referred to in Article 14;(b) the accompanying documentation referred to in Article 14;(c) a declaration the Member State to which the application mets the conditions for registration; and(c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application mets the conditions for registration; and(c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application mets the conditions for registration; and(c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application mets the conditions for registration; and(c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application mets the conditions for registration; and(c) a declaration by the the application mets the conditions for registration; and(c) a declaration by the procedure of registration; and(c) a declaration by the member state to confirming that the application meets the conditions for registration; and	Artic	le 15(1), point (a)			
173(b) the accompanying documentation referred to in Article 14;(b) the accompanying documentation referred to in Article 14;(b) the accompanying documentation referred to in Article 14;(b) the accompanying documentation referred to in Article 1414(1)(a),(b) and (c);(b) the accompanying documentation referred to in Article 1414(1)(a),(b) and (c);(c) a declaration the Member State to which the application was initially addressed, confirming that the application meets the conditions for registration; and(c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application meets the conditions for registration; and(c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application meets the conditions for registration; and(c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application meets the conditions for registration, confirming that the application meets the conditions for registration; and(c) a declaration by the momeet sthe conditions for registration; and(c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application mas initially addressed at the national stage of the procedure of registration	172	document referred to	document referred to	document-referred to	document <i>referred to</i> <i>in Article 13</i> ; Text Origin: Council
173documentation referred to in Article 14;documentation referred to in Article 14;documentation referred to in Article 1414(1)(a),(b) and (c);documentation referred to in Article 1414(1)(a),(b) and 	Artic	le 15(1), point (b)			
 (c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application was initially addressed, confirming that the application meets the conditions for registration; and (c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application was initially addressed, confirming that the application meets the conditions for registration; and (c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application was initially addressed, confirming that the application meets the conditions for registration; and (c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application was initially addressed, confirming that the application meets the conditions for registration; and (c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application was initially addressed addressed at the national stage of the procedure of registration, confirming that the application meets the conditions for registration; and (c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application was initially addressed addressed at the national stage of the procedure of registration; confirming that the application meets the conditions for registration; and 		(b) the accompanying documentation referred to in Article	documentation referred to in Article	documentation referred to in Article 1414(1)(a),(b) and	documentation referred to in Article <u>1414(1)(a),(b) and</u> (c); Text Origin: Council
 (c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application was initially addressed, confirming that the application meets the conditions for registration; and (c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application was initially addressed, confirming that the application meets the conditions for registration; and (c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application was initially addressed, confirming that the application meets the conditions for registration; and (c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application was initially addressed, confirming that the application meets the conditions for registration; and (c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application was initially addressed addressed at the national stage of the procedure of registration, confirming that the application meets the conditions for registration; and (c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application was initially addressed addressed at the national stage of the procedure of registration; confirming that the application meets the conditions for registration; and 	Artic	l le 15(1), point (c)			
		(c) a declaration by the Member State to which the application was initially addressed, confirming	the Member State to which the application was initially addressed, confirming	the Member State to which the application was initially addressed	the Member State to which the application was <i>initially</i> <i>addressed</i> <u>addressed</u> <u>at the national stage</u>

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
G 174 a	6 15(1) point (d)		(ca) any transitional period granted or proposed by the national authorities following the national scrutiny and opposition procedure as well as information on the related admissible oppositions; ¹ and <u>1. * Moved from</u> Art. 14(1)(a)	(ca) any transitional period granted or proposed by the national authorities following the national scrutiny and opposition procedure as well as information on the related admissible oppositions; ¹ and <u>1. * Moved from</u> <u>Art. 14(1)(a)</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate
• 175	le 15(1), point (d) (d) the electronic publication reference of the product specification which shall be maintained up to date.	(d) the electronic publication reference of the product specification which shall be maintained up to date.	(d) the electronic publication reference of the- to the up-to- date product specification-which shall be maintained up to date.	<pre>(d) the electronic publication reference of the_to the up-to- date product specification-which shall be maintained up to date. Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Artic	le 15(2)			
۵ 176	2. For geographical indications concerning products originating outside the Union, the Union application for registration shall comprise:	2. For geographical indications concerning products originating outside the Union, the Union application for registration shall comprise:	2. For geographical indications concerning products originating outside the Union, the Union application for registration at Union stage shall comprise:	 For geographical indications concerning products originating outside the Union, the Union application for registration at Union stage shall comprise: Text Origin: Council Mandate

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Artic	le 15(2), point (a)	- 		
G	177	(a) the product specification with its publication reference,	(a) the product specification with its publication reference,	(a) the product specification with its publication reference,	 (a) the product specification with its publication reference, Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 15(2), point (b)			
G	178	(b) the single document referred to in Article 13;	(b) the single document referred to in Article 13;	(b) the single document-referred to in Article 13;	<pre>(b) the single document referred to in Article 13; Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
	Artic	le 15(2), point (c)		I	
G	179	(c) the accompanying documentation referred to in Article 14;	(c) the accompanying documentation referred to in Article 14;	(c) the accompanying documentation referred to in Article 1414(1)(a), (b) and (c);	<pre>(c) the accompanying documentation referred to in Article 1414(1)(a), (b) and (c); Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
	Artic	le 15(2), point (d)	Γ	I	
G	180	(d) legal proof of protection of the geographical indication in its country of origin; and	(d) legal proof of protection of the geographical indication in its country of origin; and	(d) legal proof of protection of the geographical indication in its country of origin; and	(d) legal proof of protection of the geographical indication in its country of origin; and Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 15(2), point (e)			
G	181	(e) a power of			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	attorney where the applicant is represented by an agent.	attorney where the applicant is represented by an agent.	attorney where the applicant is represented by an agent.	attorney where the applicant is represented by an agent. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 15(3)			
₅ 182	3. A joint application for registration referred to in Article 8(4) shall be submitted by one of the Member States concerned or by an applicant producer group in a third country, directly or through the authorities of that third country.	3. A joint application for registration referred to in Article 8(4) shall be submitted by one of the Member States concerned or by an applicant producer group in a third country, directly or through the authorities of that third country.	 A joint application for registration referred to in Article 8(4) shall be submitted by one of the Member States concerned or by an applicant producer group in a third country, directly or through the authorities of that third country.^{1*} 1. ** Moved to Art. 16(2a). 	3. A joint application for registration referred to in Article 8(4) shall be submitted by one of the Member States concerned or by an applicant producer group in a third country, directly or through the authorities of that third country. ^{1*} 1. ** Moved to Art. 16(2a). Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 15(4)			
₅ 183	4. The joint application for registration referred to in Article 8(4) shall include, as relevant, the documents listed in paragraph (1) or (2) from all Member States or third countries concerned. The related national procedures, including the opposition stage, shall be carried out in all the Member States	4. The joint application for registration referred to in Article 8(4) shall include, as relevant, the documents listed in paragraph (1) or (2) from all Member States or third countries concerned. The related national procedures, including the opposition stage, shall be carried out in all the Member States	4. The joint application for registration referred to in Article 8(4) shall include, in addition to the single document, as relevant, the documents listed in paragraph (1) or (2) from all Member States or third countries concerned. The related national procedures, including	4. The joint application for registration referred to in Article 8(4) shall include, <i>in addition to</i> <i>the single document</i> , as relevant, the documents listed in paragraph (1) or (2) <i>from all Member</i> <i>States or third</i> <i>countries concerned</i> . <i>The related national</i> <i>procedures, including</i> <i>the opposition stage</i> ,

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	concerned.	concerned.	the opposition stage, shall be carried out in all the(1)(b), (c), (ca) and (d) or (2) (c), (d) and (e) from all Member States or third countries concerned.	<pre>shall be carried out in all the(1)(b), (c), (ca) and (d) or (2) (c), (d) and (e) from all Member States or third countries concerned. Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Artic	le 15(5)			
o 184	5. The documents referred to in this Article shall be drafted in one of the official languages of the Union.	5. The documents referred to in this Article shall be drafted in one of the official languages of the Union.	5. The documents referred to in this Article shall be drafted in one of the official languages of the Union.	 5. The documents referred to in this Article shall be drafted in one of the official languages of the Union. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 15(6)			
∘ 185	6. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 defining procedures and conditions applicable to the preparation and submission of Union applications for registration.	6. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 defining procedures and conditions applicable to the preparation and submission of Union applications for registration.deleted	6. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 defining procedures and conditions applicable to the preparation and submission of Union applications for registration.	
Artic	le 15(7)	I	I	I
∝ 186	7. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on procedures, the form and presentation of Union	7. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on procedures, the form and presentation of Union	7. The Commission mayshall adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on procedures, the form and presentation of Union	7. The Commission <i>mayshall</i> adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on procedures, the form and presentation of Union



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	applications for registration, including for applications concerning more than one national territory. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).	applications for registration, including for applications concerning more than one national territory. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).	applications for registration, including for-applications concerning more than one national territory. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article-53(2) 84a(2).	applications for registration, including <i>for</i> -applications concerning more than one national territory. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article <u>53(2)</u> <u>84a(2)</u> . Text Origin: Council Mandate
А	Article 16	I	1	
с <u>1</u>	 Article 16 Submission of the Union application for registration 	Article 16 Submission of the Union application for registration	Article 16 Submission of the Union application for registration at Union stage	Article 16 Submission of the <u>Union</u> application for registration <u>at Union</u> <u>stage</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate
A	Article 16(1)			
	 1. A Union application for the registration of a geographical indication shall be submitted to the Commission electronically, through a digital system. The digital system shall have the capacity to allow the submission of applications to national authorities of a Member State, and to be used by the Member State in its national procedure. 	1. A Union application for the registration of a geographical indication shall be submitted to the Commission electronically, through a digital system. The digital system shall have the capacity to allow the submission of applications to <i>nationalcompetent</i> authorities of a Member State, and <i>tomay</i> be used by the Member State in its	1. A UnionAn application for the registration of a geographical indication shall be submitted to the Commission electronically, through a digital system. The digital system shall have the capacity to allow the submission of applications to national authorities of a-by the Member State, and to be used by the Member State in its national	1. A Union application for the registration of a geographical indication shall be submitted to the Commission electronically, through a digital system. <i>The</i> <i>digital</i> <i>systemFollowing a</i> <i>request from at least</i> <i>one Member State,</i> <i>the Commission</i> shall <i>have the capacity to</i> <i>allow the submission</i> <i>of applications</i> <i>toadapt the digital</i>

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		national procedure.	procedure concerned to the Commission electronically, through a digital system.	system to make itsuitable to be used inthe nationalauthorities of aAmember State, and tobe used by thepart ofthe procedure forregistration of ageographicalindication by anyMember State in itsnationalprocedure.who sowishesText Origin:CommissionProposal
Ar	rticle 16(1a)(2)			
s 18	 2. Where the application for registration relates to a geographical area outside the Union, the application shall be submitted to the Commission, either directly or via the authorities of the third country concerned. The digital system, referred to in paragraph 1, shall have the capacity to allow submission of applications by an applicant producer group established outside the Union and by national authorities in the third country concerned. 	2. Where the application for registration relates to a geographical area outside the Union, the application shall be submitted to the Commission, either directly or via the authorities of the third country concerned. The digital system, referred to in paragraph 1, shall have the capacity to allow submission of applications by an applicant producer group established outside the Union and by national authorities in the third country concerned.	2. Where the application for registration relates to a geographical area outside the Union, the application shall be submitted to the Commission, either directly or via the authorities of the third country concerned. The digital system, referred to in paragraph 1, shall have the capacity to allow submission of applications by an applicant, namely a producer group or a single producer-group established outside the Union and by national , or via the authorities inof the third country concerned.	 Where the application for registration relates to a geographical area outside the Union, the application shall be submitted to the Commission, either directly or via the authorities of the third country concerned. The digital system, referred to in paragraph 1, shall have the capacity to allow submission of applications by an applicant, namely a producer group or a single producer group or a single producer group or a single producer group or a uthorities inof the third country concerned. Text Origin:

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Council Mandate
Article	e 16(2), second subparage	graph		
₅ 189 a			A single producer of a third country shall meet the conditions set out in Article 8(3). A producer group of a third country shall be a producer group which works with a product, the name of which is proposed for registration.	A single producer of a third country shall meet the conditions set out in Article 8(3). A producer group of a third country shall be a producer group which works with a product, the name of which is proposed for registration. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article	e 16(2), second subparage	graph		
^в 189 b			2a. A joint application for registration referred to in Article 8(4) shall be submitted by	<u>A joint application</u> <u>for registration</u> <u>referred to in Article</u> <u>8(4) shall be</u> <u>submitted by</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article	e 16(2a), point (a)			
^с 189 с			(a) one of the Member States concerned, or	<pre>(a) one of the Member States concerned, or Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Article	e 16(2a), point (a)		1	
ه 189 d			(b) an applicant of a third country,	(b) an applicant of a third country, namely

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				namely a producer group or a single producer, either directly or through the authorities of that third country.	a producer group or a single producer, either directly or through the authorities of that third country. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 16(3)			
G	190	3. The Union application for registration shall be made public by the Commission through the digital system referred to in paragraph (1).	3. The Union application for registration shall be made public by the Commission through the digital system referred to in paragraph (1).	3. The names for which applications Union application for registration at Union stage have been submitted shall be made public by the Commission through the digital system referred to in paragraph (1).	3. The <u>names for</u> <u>which applications</u> <u>Union application</u> for registration <u>at Union</u> <u>stage have been</u> <u>submitted</u> shall be made public by the Commission through the digital system referred to in paragraph (1). Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 17			
G	191	Article 17 Scrutiny by the Commission and publication for opposition	Article 17 Scrutiny Examination by the Commission and publication for opposition	Article 17 Scrutiny by the Commission and publication for opposition	Article 17 Scrutiny <u>Examination</u> by the Commission and publication for opposition Text Origin: EP Mandate
	Artic	le 17(1)			
Y	192	1. The Commission shall scrutinise any application for registration that it receives pursuant to Article 16(1). Such	1. The Commission shall serutiniseexamine any application for registration that it receives pursuant to	1. The Commission shall scrutinise any application applicatio ns for registration that it receives pursuant tosubmitted in	1. The Commission shall scrutinise any application <u>examine</u> applications for registration that it receives pursuant

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		scrutiny shall consist of a check that there are no manifest errors, that the information provided in accordance with Article 15 is complete and that the single document referred to in Article 13 is precise and technical in nature. It shall take into account the outcome of the national procedure carried out by the Member State concerned. It shall focus in particular on the single document referred to in Article 13.	Article 16(1). Such serutiny The Commission shall consist of a checkverify that there are no manifest errors, that the information provided in accordance with Article 15 is complete and that the single document referred to in Article 13 is precise and technical in nature. It. The Commission shall take into account the outcome of the national procedure carried out by the Member State concerned. It shall focus in particular on the single document referred to in Article 13.	accordance with Article 16(1). Such serutiny shall consist of a, (2) and (2a). It shall check that there are no manifest errors, that the the applications contain the required information provided in accordance with Article 15 is complete and that the single document referred to in Article 13 is precise and technical in nature. It shall takethey do not contain manifest errors, taking into account the outcome of the national scrutiny and opposition procedure carried out by the Member State concerned. It shall focus in particular on the single document referred to in Article 13.	tosubmitted in accordance with Article 16(1). Such serutiny shall consist of a, (2) and (2a). It shall check that there are no manifest errors, that the information provided in accordance with Article 15 is completethe applications contain the required information and that the single document referred to in Article 13 is precise and technical in nature. It shall takethey do not contain manifest errors, taking into account the outcome of the national scrutiny and opposition procedure carried out by the Member State concerned. It shall focus in particular on the single document referred to in Article 13: Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 17(2)			
5	193	2. Scrutiny should not exceed a period of 6 months. In the event that the scrutiny period exceeds or is likely to exceed 6 months the Commission shall inform the applicant of the reasons for the delay in writing.	2. Scrutiny shouldSubject to paragraph 3, the examination period shall not exceed five months from the date of submission of the application for registration. That examination period shall not	2. Scrutiny shouldshall, as a general rule, not exceed a period of 6 months. In the event that the scrutiny period exceeds or is likely to exceed 6 months, the Commission shall inform the applicant	2. Scrutiny should <u>The</u> <u>examination shall</u> not exceed a period of 6 months. In the event that the scrutiny period exceeds or is likely to exceed 6 months from the day of the reception of the application. The
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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		include the period which starts on the date on which the Commission sends its observations or a request for supplementary information to the Member State, and ends on the date on which the Member State responds to the Commission in relation to such observations or to such a request. In duly justified cases, the examination a-period may be extended by a maximum of threeof 6 months. In the event that the serutiny examination period exceeds is extended or is likely to exceed 6 months be extended, the Commission shall inform the applicant of the reasons for the delay in writing and of the date on which the examination period is expected to end.	of the reasons for the delay in writing.	Commission may request from the applicant any necessary supplementary information or modification. Where the Commission shall informaddresses to the applicant <u>such</u> requests, the examination period shall not exceed a period of 5 months from the day the applicant's reply is received by the Commission of the reasons for the delay in writing. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 17(3)			
٥ 194	3. The Commission may seek supplementary information from the applicant.	3. <u>Within three</u> months following the submission of the application for registration, the Commission may seek supplementary information from the competent authority or from the applicant.	3. The Commission may seekrequest from the applicant any necessary supplementary information or modification. Where the Commission addresses to the applicant such a request, the scrutiny period referred to in	3. <u>In the event that</u> the Commission may seek supplementary information fromdoes not conclude the examinations referred to in paragraph 2 within the prescribed deadlines, it shall inform the applicant of the reasons for the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			paragraph 2 shall be extended by 6 months from the day of the reply of the applicant. In the event that that extension exceeds or is likely to exceed 6 months, the Commission shall inform the applicant of the reasons for the delay in writing.	delay in writing indicating the estimated time necessary to conclude it, which shall not exceed one month. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Art	icle 17(4)			
s 195	4. Where, based on the scrutiny carried out pursuant to paragraph 1, the Commission considers that the conditions laid down in this Regulation and in Regulations (EU) No 1308/2013 and (EU) 2019/787, as appropriate, are fulfilled, it shall publish in the Official Journal of the European Union the single document and the reference to the publication of the product specification.	4. Where, based on the <i>scrutiny<u>examination</u></i> carried out pursuant to paragraph 1, the Commission considers that the conditions laid down in this Regulation and in Regulations (EU) No 1308/2013 and (EU) 2019/787, as appropriate, are fulfilled, it shall publish in the Official Journal of the European Union the single document and the reference to the publication of the product specification.	4. Where, based on the serutiny carried out pursuant to paragraph 1, the Commission considers that the conditions laid down in the Commission considers that the conditions laid down in Articles 8, 9, 14, 15, 29, 30, 31, 35, 48, 48a, 49(1) and (2) and 52 of this Regulation, in Articles 93, 95 and 100 of Regulation and in Regulations (EU) No 1308/2013, and in Articles 3(4), 23 and 34 of Regulation -and-(EU) 2019/787, as appropriate, are fulfilled, it shall publish in the Official Journal of the European UnionOfficial Journal of the European Union the single document and the reference to the publication of the product specification.	4. Where, based on the scrutiny carried out pursuant to paragraph 1, the Commission considers that the conditions laid down in the Commission considers that the conditions laid down in Articles 8, 9, 14, 15, 29, 30, 31, 35, 48, 48a, 49(1) and (2) and 52 of this Regulation, in Articles 93, 95 and 100 of Regulation and in Regulations (EU) No 1308/2013, and in Articles 3(4), 23 and 34 of Regulation_and-(EU) 2019/787, as appropriate, are fulfilled, it shall publish in the Official Journal of the European UnionOfficial Journal of the European Union of the publication of the product specification.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 17(5)			
196	5. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by rules on entrusting EUIPO with the tasks set out in this Article.	5. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by rules on entrusting EUIPO with the tasks set out in this Article.deleted	5. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by rules on entrusting EUIPO with the tasks set out in this Article.	C
Artic	le 18			
197	Article 18 National challenge to an application for registration	Article 18 National challenge to an application for registration	Article 18 National challenge to an application for registration	Article 18 National challenge to an application for registration Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 18(1)	•	· ·	ſ
198	1. Member States shall keep the Commission informed of any national administrative or judicial proceedings that may affect the registration of a geographical indication.	1. Member States shall <i>keepimmediately</i> <i>inform</i> the Commission- <i>informed</i> of any national administrative or judicial proceedings that may affect the registration of a geographical indication.	1. Member States shall keep the Commission informed of any national administrative or judicial proceedings that may affectprejudice the registration of a geographical indication.	1. Member States shall <i>keepinform</i> the Commission <i>informed</i> of any national administrative or judicial proceedings that may <i>affectprejudice</i> the registration of a geographical indication.
				Text Origin: Council Mandate

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		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement	
G	199	2. The Commission shall be exempted from the obligation to meet the deadline to perform the scrutiny referred to in Article 17(2) and to inform the applicant of the reasons for the delay where it receives a communication from a Member State, concerning an application for registration in accordance with Article 9(6), which:	2. The Commission shall be exempted from the obligation to meet the deadline to perform the <i>scrutiny<u>examination</u></i> referred to in Article 17(2)- <i>and to inform</i> <i>the applicant of the</i> <i>reasons for the delay</i> where it receives a communication from a Member State, concerning an application for registration in accordance with Article 9(6), which:	2. The Commission shall be exempted from the obligation to meet the deadline to perform the scrutiny referred to in Article 17(2) and to inform the applicantMember State of the reasons for the delay where it receives a communication from a Member State, concerning an application for registration in accordance with Article 9(6), which:	2. The Commission shall be exempted from the obligation to meet the deadline to perform the <i>scrutiny<u>examination</u></i> referred to in Article 17(2) and to inform the <i>applicant<u>Member</u></i> <i>State</i> of the reasons for the delay where it receives a communication from a Member State, concerning an application for registration in accordance with Article 9(6), which: Text Origin: Council Mandate	¢
	Artic	le 18(2), point (a)				J
6	200	(a) informs the Commission that the decision referred to in Article 9(6) has been invalidated at national level by an immediately applicable but not final judicial decision; or	(a) informs the Commission that the decision referred to in Article 9(6) has been invalidated at national level by an immediately applicable but not final judicial decision; or	(a) informs the Commission that the decision referred to in Article 9(6) has been invalidated at national level by an immediately applicable but not final administrative or judicial decision; or	 (a) informs the Commission that the decision referred to in Article 9(6) has been invalidated at national level by an immediately applicable but not final <u>administrative</u> <u>or</u> judicial decision; or Text Origin: Council Mandate 	G
	Artic	le 18(2), point (b)	I	[
G	201	(b) requests the Commission to suspend the scrutiny because national	(b) requests the Commission to suspend the scrutiny examination	(b) requests the Commission to suspend the scrutiny because national	(b) requests the Commission to suspend the scrutiny <u>examination</u>	G

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	administrative or judicial proceedings have been initiated to challenge the validity of the application and the Member State considers that those proceedings are based on valid grounds.	because national administrative or judicial proceedings have been initiated to challenge the validity of the application and the Member State considers that those proceedings are based on valid grounds. <u>The Commission</u> <u>shall inform the</u> <u>applicant of the</u> <u>reasons for the delay.</u>	administrative or judicial proceedings have been initiated to challenge the validity of the application and the Member State considers that those proceedings are based on valid grounds.	because national administrative or judicial proceedings have been initiated to challenge the validity of the application and the Member State considers that those proceedings are based on valid grounds. Text Origin: Council Mandate
A	rticle 18(3)	1	1	
s 2	 3. The exemption shall have effect until the Commission is informed by the Member State that the original application has been restored or that the Member State withdraws its request for suspension. 	3. The exemption provided for in paragraph 2 shall have effect until the Commission is informed by the competent authority of the Member State that the original application has been restored or that the Member State withdraws its request for suspension.	3. The exemption shall have effect until the Commission is informed by the Member State that the original application has been restored or that the Member State withdraws its request for suspension.	3. The exemption provided for in paragraph 2 shall have effect until the Commission is informed by the Member State that the original application has been restored or that the Member State withdraws its request for suspension. Text Origin: Council Mandate
A	rticle 18(4)			
¢ 2	 4. If the application has been invalidated by a final decision taken by a national court, the Member State shall consider appropriate action such as withdrawal or modification of the Union application for registration, as necessary. 	4. If the application has been invalidated by a final decision taken by a national court, the <u>competent</u> <u>authority of the</u> Member State shall consider appropriate action such as withdrawal or modification of the Union application for registration, as	4. If the applicationfavourable decision of a Member State referred to in Article 9(6) has been invalidated in full or in part by a final decision taken by a national court, the Member State shall consider appropriate action such as	4. If the applicationfavourable decision of a Member State referred to in Article 9(6) has been invalidated in full or in part by a final decision taken by a national court, the Member State shall consider appropriate action such as withdrawal or

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			necessary.	withdrawal or modification of the Union application for registration at Union stage , as necessary.	<pre>modification of the Union_application for registration_at Union stage, as necessary. Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
	Artic	le 19			
G	204	Article 19 Union opposition procedure	Article 19 Union opposition procedure	Article 19 Union opposition procedure	Article 19 Union opposition procedure Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 19(1)			
G	205	1. Within 3 months from the date of publication in the Official Journal of the European Union of the single document and the reference to the product specification pursuant to Article 17(4), the authorities of a Member State or of a third country, or a natural or legal person having a legitimate interest, established or resident in a third country, may lodge an opposition or a notice of comment with the Commission.	1. Within 3 months from the date of publication in the Official Journal of the European Union of the single document and the reference to the product specification pursuant to Article 17(4), the authorities of a Member State or of a third country, or a natural or legal person having a legitimate interest, established or resident in a third country, may lodge an opposition <i>or a notice</i> <i>of comment</i> with the Commission.	1. Within 3 months from the date of publication in the <i>Official Journal of</i> <i>the European</i> <i>Union</i> Official Journal of the European Union of the single document and the reference to the product specification pursuant to Article 17(4), the authorities of a Member State or of a third country, or a natural or legal person having a legitimate interest, established or resident in a third country, may lodge an opposition-or a notice of comment with the Commission.	 Within 3 months from the date of publication in the Official Journal of the European Union Official Journal of the European Union of the single document and the reference to the product specification pursuant to Article 17(4), the authorities of a Member State or of a third country, or a natural or legal person having a legitimate interest, established or resident in a third country, may lodge an opposition or a notice of comment with the Commission. Text Origin: Council Mandate

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Artic	le 19(2)			
206	2. Any natural or legal person having a legitimate interest, established or resident in a Member State other than the one from which the Union application for registration was submitted, may lodge an opposition with the Member State, in which it is established or resident, within a time limit permitting an opposition or notice of comments to be lodged pursuant to paragraph (1).	2. Any natural or legal person having a legitimate interest, established or resident in a Member State other than the one from which the Union application for registration was submitted, may lodge an opposition with the Member State, in which it is established or resident, within a time limit permitting an opposition or notice of comments to be lodged pursuant to paragraph (1).	2. Any natural or legal person having a legitimate interest, established or resident in a Member State other than the one from which the Union application for registration at Union stage was submitted, may lodge an opposition with the Member State, in which it is established or resident, within a time limit permitting anthat Member State to examine this opposition or notice of comments to be lodgedand to decide whether to lodge it with the Commission pursuant to paragraph (1). Member States may specify that time limit in their national legislation.	 Any natural or legal person having a legitimate interest, established or residen in a Member State other than the one from which the Union application for registration at Union stage was submitted, may lodge an opposition with the Member State, in which it is established or resident, within a time limit permitting anthat Member States to examine this opposition or notice of comments to be lodged and to decide whether to lodge it with the Commission pursuant to paragraph (1). Member States may specify that time limit in their national legislation. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 19(3)		Γ	
207	3. An opposition shall claim that the application could infringe the conditions laid down in this Regulation, Regulations (EU) No 1308/2013 or (EU) 2019/787, as appropriate, and give reasons. An opposition that does not contain the said claim shall be void.	3. An opposition shall claim that the application could infringe the conditions laid down in this Regulation, Regulations (EU) No 1308/2013 or (EU) 2019/787, as appropriate, and give reasons. An opposition that does not contain the said claim shall be void.	3. An opposition shall claim that the application could infringe the conditions laid down in this Regulation, Regulations (EU) No 1308/2013 or (EU) 2019/787, as appropriate, and give reasonsstate that it opposes the registration of a geographical	3. An opposition shall <i>claim that the</i> <i>application could</i> <i>infringe the condition</i> <i>laid down in this</i> <i>Regulation,</i> <i>Regulations (EU) No</i> <i>1308/2013 or (EU)</i> <i>2019/787, as</i> <i>appropriate, and give</i> <i>reasonsstate that it</i> <i>opposes the</i> <i>registration of a</i> <i>geographical</i>

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				indication An opposition that does not contain-the said claim this statement shall be void.	<pre>indicationAn opposition that does not contain-the said claim_this statement shall be void. Text_Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
	Artic	le 19(4)			
G	208	4. The Commission shall check the admissibility of the opposition. If the Commission considers that the opposition is admissible, it shall, within 5 months from the date of publication in the Official Journal of the European Union invite the authority or the person that lodged the opposition and the authority or the applicant producer group that lodged the application to engage in appropriate consultations for a reasonable period that shall not exceed 3 months. At any time during that period, the Commission may, at the request of the authority or the applicant producer group, extend the deadline for the consultations by a maximum of 3 months.	4. The Commission shall <i>checkexamine</i> the admissibility of the opposition. If the Commission considers that the opposition is admissible, it shall, within 5 months from the date of publication in the Official Journal of the European Union <i>and, within 30</i> <i>days from the date of</i> <i>receipt of that</i> <i>opposition,</i> invite the authority or the person that lodged the opposition and the authority or the applicant producer group that lodged the application, <i>in</i> <i>writing,</i> to engage in appropriate consultations for a reasonable period that shall not exceed 3 months. At any time during that period, the Commission may, at the request of the authority or the applicant producer group, extend the deadline for the consultations by a maximum of 3 months.	4. The Commission shall check the admissibility of the opposition. If the Commission considers that the opposition is admissible, it shall, within 5 months from the date of publication in the Official Journal of the European Unionreferred to in Article 17(4) invite the authority or the person that lodged the opposition and the authority or the applicant producer group that lodged the application to engage in appropriate consultations for a reasonable period that shall not exceed 3 monthsopponent and the applicant to engage in appropriate consultations for a reasonable period that shall not exceed 3 months. The Commission shall transmit to the applicant the opposition and all the documents provided by the	4. The Commission shall <i>checkexamine</i> the admissibility of the opposition. If the Commission considers that the opposition is admissible, it shall, within 5 months from the date of publication <i>in the Official Journal</i> <i>of the European</i> <i>Unionreferred to in</i> <i>Article 17(4)</i> invite the <i>authority or the</i> <i>person that lodged the</i> <i>opposition and the</i> <i>authority or the</i> <i>person that lodged the</i> <i>opposition and the</i> <i>authority or the</i> <i>applicant producer</i> <i>group that lodged the</i> <i>application to engage</i> <i>in appropriate</i> <i>consultations for a</i> <i>reasonable period</i> <i>that shall not exceed 3</i> <i>months opponent and</i> <i>the applicant to</i> <i>engage in appropriate</i> <i>consultations for a</i> <i>reasonable period</i> <i>that shall not exceed 3</i> <i>months. The</i> <i>Commission shall</i> <i>transmit to the</i> <i>applicant the</i> <i>opposition and all the</i> <i>documents provided</i> <i>by the opponent</i> . At any time during that

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				opponent . At any time during that period, the Commission may, at the request of the authority or the applicant- producer group , extend the deadline for the consultations once by a maximum of 3 months.	period, the Commission may, at the request of the <i>authority or the</i> applicant- <i>producer</i> <i>group</i> , extend the deadline for the consultations <u>once</u> by a maximum of 3 months. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 19(5)		[
G	209	5. The authority or the person that lodged the opposition and the authority or applicant producer group that lodged the application shall start appropriate consultations without undue delay. They shall provide each other with the relevant information to assess whether the application for registration complies with this Regulation, Regulations (EU) No 1308/2013 or (EU) 2019/787, as appropriate.	5. The authority or the person that lodged the opposition and the authority or applicant producer group that lodged the application shall start appropriate consultations without undue delay. They shall provide each other with the relevant information to assess whether the application for registration complies with this Regulation, Regulations (EU) No 1308/2013 or (EU) 2019/787, as appropriate.	5. The authority or the person that lodged the oppositionopponent and the authority or applicant-producer group that lodged the application- shall start appropriate consultations without undue delay. They shall provide each other with the relevant information to assess whether the application for registration complies with this Regulation, RegulationsRegulatio n (EU) No 1308/2013 or Regulation (EU) 2019/787, as appropriate.	5. The <i>authority or</i> <i>the person that lodged</i> <i>the</i> <i>oppositionopponent</i> and the <i>authority or</i> applicant- <i>producer</i> <i>group that lodged the</i> <i>application</i> _shall start appropriate consultations without undue delay. They shall provide each other with the relevant information to assess whether the application for registration complies with this Regulation, <i>Regulations Regulatio</i> <i>n</i> (EU) No 1308/2013 or <i>Regulation</i> (EU) 2019/787, as appropriate.
	Artic	le 19(6)			
G	210	6. Within 1 month from the end of the	6. Within 1 month from the end of the	6. Within 1 month from the end of the	6. Within 1 month from the end of the

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	consultations referred to in paragraph (4), the applicant producer group established in the third country or the authorities of the Member State or of the third country from which the Union application for registration was lodged shall notify the Commission of the result of the consultations, including all the information exchanged, whether agreement was reached with one or all of the opponents, and of any consequent changes to the application for registration. The authority or person that lodged an opposition to the Commission may also notify the Commission of its position at the end of the consultations.	consultations referred to in paragraph (4), the applicant producer group established in the third country or the <u>competent</u> authorities of the Member State or of the third country from which the Union application for registration was lodged shall notify the Commission of the result of the consultations, including all the information exchanged, whether agreement was reached with one or all of the opponents, and of any consequent changes to the application for registration. The authority or person that lodged an opposition to the Commission may also notify the Commission of its position at the end of the consultations.	consultations referred to in paragraph (4), the applicant producer group established in the third country or the authorities of the Member State or of the third country from which the Union application for registration was lodged shall notify the Commission of the result of the consultations, including all the information exchanged, whether agreement was reached with one or all of the opponents, and of any consequent changes to the application for registration. The authority or person that lodged an opposition to the Commission of its position at the end of the consultations.	consultations referred to in paragraph (4), the applicant <i>producer</i> <i>group established in</i> <i>the third country or</i> <i>the authorities of the</i> <i>Member State or of</i> <i>the third country from</i> <i>which the Union</i> <i>application for</i> <i>registration was</i> <i>lodged</i> -shall notify the Commission of the result of the consultations, including all the information exchanged, whether agreement was reached with one or all of the opponents, and of any consequent changes to the application for registration. The <i>authority or person</i> <i>that lodged an</i> <i>opposition to the</i> <i>Commission opponent</i> may also notify the Commission of its position at the end of the consultations. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 19(7)			
211	7. Where, following the end of the consultations referred to in paragraph (4), the data published in accordance with Article 17(4) have been modified, the Commission shall repeat its scrutiny of the application for	7. Where, following the end of the consultations referred to in paragraph (4), the data published in accordance with Article 17(4) have been modified, the Commission shall repeat its	7. Where, following the end of the consultations referred to in paragraph (4), the data published in accordance with Article 17(4) have been modified, the Commission shall repeat its scrutiny of the application for	7. Where, following the end of the consultations referred to in paragraph (4), the data published in accordance with Article 17(4) have been modified, the Commission shall repeat its
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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	registration as modified. Where the application for registration has been modified in a substantial manner, and the Commission considers that the modified application meets the conditions for registration, it shall publish the application once more in accordance with that paragraph.	of the application for registration as modified. Where the application for registration has been modified in a substantial manner, and the Commission considers that the modified application meets the conditions for registration, it shall publish the application once more in accordance with that paragraph.	registration as modified. Where the application for registration has been modified in a substantial manner, and the Commission considers that the modified application meets the conditions for registration, it shall publish the applicationsingle document and a reference to the publication of the product specification once more in accordance with that paragraph.	of the application for registration as modified. Where the application for registration has been modified in a substantial manner, and the Commission considers that the modified application meets the conditions for registration, it shall publish the <i>applicationsingle</i> <i>document and a</i> <i>reference to the</i> <i>publication of the</i> <i>product specification</i> once more in accordance with that paragraph. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Arti	cle 19(8)			
۶ 212	8. The documents referred to in this Article shall be drafted in one of the official languages of the Union.	8. The documents referred to in this Article shall be drafted in one of the official languages of the Union.	8. The documents referred to in this Article shall be drafted in one of the official languages of the Union.	 8. The documents referred to in this Article shall be drafted in one of the official languages of the Union. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Arti	cle 19(9)			
g 213	9. After completion of the opposition procedure, the Commission shall finalise its assessment of the Union application for registration, taking	9. After completion of the opposition procedure, the Commission shall finalise its assessment of the Union application for registration, taking	9. After completion of the opposition procedure, The Commission shall finalise its assessment of the Union application for registration at Union	9. After completion of the opposition procedure. The Commission shall finalise its assessment of the Union application for registration at Union

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	into account any request for transitional periods, the outcome of the opposition procedure, any notice of comments received and any other matters arising subsequently to its scrutiny that may imply a change of the single document.	into account any request for transitional periods, the outcome of the opposition procedure, <i>any notice</i> <i>of comments received</i> and any other matters arising subsequently to its <i>scrutiny<u>examination</u></i> that may imply a change of the single document.	stage, taking into account any request for transitional periods, the outcome of the opposition procedure , any notice of comments received and any other matters arising subsequently to its scrutiny that may imply a change of the single document.	<pre>stage, taking into account any request for transitional periods, the outcome of the opposition procedure, any notice of comments received and any other matters arising subsequently to its serutinyecamination that may imply a change of the single document. Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Artic	:le 19(10)			[
214	10. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts, in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by detailed procedures and deadlines for the opposition procedure, for the official submission of comments by national authorities and persons with a legitimate interest, which will not trigger the opposition procedure and by rules on entrusting its tasks set out in this Article to EUIPO.	10. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts, in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by detailed procedures and deadlines for the opposition procedure, for the official submission of comments by national authorities and persons with a legitimate interest, which will not trigger the opposition procedure <i>and by</i> <i>rules on entrusting its</i> <i>tasks set out in this</i> <i>Article to EUIPO</i> .	10. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts, in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by detailed procedures and deadlines for the opposition procedure, for the official submission of comments by national authorities and persons with a legitimate interest, which will not trigger the opposition procedure and by rules on entrusting its tasks set out in this Article to EUIPO.	10. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts, in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by detailed procedures and deadlines for the opposition procedure, for the official submission of comments by national authorities and persons with a legitimate interest, which will not trigger the opposition procedure and by rules on entrusting its tasks set out in this Article to EUIPO. Text Origin: Council Mandate

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
G 215	11. The Commission may adopt implementing acts defining the format and online presentation of oppositions and official comments, if applicable, and providing for the exclusion or anonymisation of protected personal data. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).	11. The Commission may adopt implementing acts defining the format and online presentation of oppositions and official comments, if applicable, and providing for the exclusion or anonymisation of protected personal data. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).	11. The Commission mayshall adopt implementing acts defining the format and online presentation of oppositions and official comments, if applicable, and providing for the exclusion or anonymisation of protected-personal data. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2)84a(2).	11. The Commission mayshall adopt implementing acts defining the format and online presentation of oppositions and official comments, if applicable, and providing for the exclusion or anonymisation of protected-personal data. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2)84a(2). Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 19a			
⁶ 215 a			Article 19a Notice of comments	<u>Article 19a</u> <u>Notice of comments</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 19a(1)		· ·	
° 215 b			1. Within 3 months from the date of publication of the single document and the reference to the product specification, referred in Article 17(4), the authorities of a Member State or of a third country,	1. Within 3 months from the date of publication of the single document and the reference to the product specification, referred in Article 17(4), the authorities of a Member State or of a third country, or a natural or legal

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		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement	
	Artic	le 19a(2), first subparagra	aoh	or a natural or legal person established or resident in a third country, may submit to the Commission a notice of comments.	<u>person established or</u> <u>resident in a third</u> <u>country, may submit</u> <u>to the Commission a</u> <u>notice of comments.</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate	
G	215 c			2. A notice of comments shall point out any error or contain additional information in relation to the application for registration, including possible infringement of Union legislation. It shall not confer any rights on the sender nor trigger an opposition procedure.	2. A notice of comments shall point out any error or contain additional information in relation to the application for registration, including possible infringement of Union legislation. It shall not confer any rights on the sender nor trigger an opposition procedure. Text Origin: Council Mandate	G
	Artic	le 19a(2), second subpara	agraph			
G	215 d			2a. Where, following the submission of a notice of comments the data published in accordance with Article 17(4) have been modified in a substantial manner, the Commission shall publish the single document and a reference to the publication of the product specification	Where, following the submission of a notice of comments the data published in accordance with Article 17(4) have been modified in a substantial manner, the Commission shall publish the single document and a reference to the publication of the product specification once more in	G

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			once more in accordance with that paragraph.	accordance with that paragraph. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 19a(3)			
^в 215 е			3. The Commission may adopt implementing acts defining the format and online presentation of notices of comments. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 84a(2).	3. The Commission may adopt implementing acts defining the format and online presentation of notices of comments. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 84a(2).
Artic	le 20			
۵ 216	Article 20 Grounds for opposition	Article 20 Grounds for opposition	Article 20 Grounds for opposition	Article 20 Grounds for opposition Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 20(1)			
° 217	1. An opposition lodged in accordance with Article 19 shall be admissible only if the opponent demonstrates that:	1. An opposition lodged in accordance with Article 19 shall be admissible only if the opponent demonstrates that:	1. An opposition lodged in accordance with Article 19 shall be admissible only if the opponent demonstratesshows that:	1. An opposition lodged in accordance with Article 19 shall be admissible only if the opponent <i>demonstratesshows</i> that: Text Origin:

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Council Mandate
Artic	le 20(1), point (a)			
218	(a) the proposed geographical indication does not comply with the definition of the geographical indication or with the requirements referred to in this Regulation, Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 or Regulation (EU) 2019/787 as the case may be;	(a) the proposed geographical indication does not comply with the definition of the geographical indication or with the requirements referred to in this Regulation, Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 or Regulation (EU) 2019/787 as the case may be;	(a) the proposed geographical indication does not comply with the definition of the geographical indication or with the requirements referred to in this Regulation, Section 2 of Chapter 1 of Title II of Part II of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 or Article 3(4) and Chapter 3 of Regulation (EU) 2019/787 as the case may be; or	(a) the proposed geographical indication does not comply with the definition of the geographical indication or with the requirements referred to in this Regulation, <u>Section 2 of Chapter</u> <u>1 of Title II of Part II</u> <u>of</u> Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 or <u>Article 3(4) and</u> <u>Chapter 3 of</u> Regulation (EU) 2019/787 as the case may be; <u>or</u> <u>Text Origin:</u> <u>Council</u> Mandate
Artic	le 20(1), point (b)			I
219	(b) registration of the proposed geographical indication would be prevented by one or more of the circumstances referred to in Article 29, Article 30, Article 31 or Article 49(1);	(b) registration of the proposed geographical indication would be prevented by one or more of the circumstances referred to in Article 29, Article 30, Article 31 or Article 49(1);	(b) registration of the proposed geographical indication would be prevented by one or more of the circumstances referred to in Article 29, Article 30, Article 31 or Article 49(1); or	<pre>(b) registration of the proposed geographical indication would be prevented by one or more of the circumstances referred to in Article 29, Article 30, Article 31 or Article 49(1); or Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
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Artic	le 20(1), point (c)			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	(c) the registration of the proposed geographical indication would jeopardise the existence of an entirely or partly identical name or of a trade mark or the existence of products which have been legally on the market for at least 5 years preceding the date of the publication provided for in Article 17(4).	(c) the registration of the proposed geographical indication would jeopardise the existence of an entirely or partly identical name or of a trade mark or the existence of products which have been legally on the market for at least 5 years preceding the date of the publication provided for in Article 17(4).	(c) the registration of the proposed geographical indication would jeopardise the existence of an entirely or partly identical name or of a trade mark or the existence of products which have been legally on the market for at least 5 years preceding the date of the publication provided for in Article 17(4)	<pre>(c) the registration of the proposed geographical indication would jeopardise the existence of an entirely or partly identical name or of a trade mark or the existence of products which have been legally on the market for at least 5 years preceding the date of the publication provided for in Article 17(4). Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Artic	le 20(2)			
٥ 221	2. The admissibility of an opposition shall be assessed by the Commission in relation to the territory of the Union.	2. The admissibility of an opposition shall be assessed by the Commission in relation to the territory of the Union.	2. The admissibility of an opposition shall be assessed by the Commission in relation to the territory of the Union.	2. The admissibility of an opposition shall be assessed by the Commission in relation to the territory of the Union. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 20a			
و 221 a		Article 20a Notice of comment procedure 1. In order to correct inaccuracies in an ongoing registration procedure for a geographical indication, a competent authority of a Member State or		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		adopt implementing acts laying down rules on the submission of such notice of comments and specifying their format and online presentation. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).		
Article	21		[
222	Article 21 Transitional period for the use of geographical indications	Article 21 Transitional period for the use of geographical indications	Article 21 Transitional period for the use of geographical indications	Article 21 Transitional period for the use of geographical indications Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article	21(1)			
223	1. The Commission may adopt implementing acts granting a transitional period of up to 5 years to enable, for products originating in a Member State or a third country the designation of which consists of or contains a name that contravenes Article 27(1), the continued use of that designation, under which they were marketed, provided	1. The Commission may adopt implementing acts granting a transitional period of up to 5 years to enable, for products originating in a Member State or a third country the designation of which consists of or contains a name that contravenes Article 27(1), the continued use of that designation, under which they were marketed, provided	1. The Commission may adopt implementing acts granting a transitional period of up to 5 years to enable, for products originating in a Member State or a third country the designation of which consists of or contains a name that contravenes Article 27(1), the continued use of that designation, under which they were marketed, provided that an admissible	1. The Commission may adopt implementing acts granting a transitional period of up to 5 years to enable, for products originating in a Member State or a third country the designation of which consists of or contains a name that contravenes Article 27(1), the continued use of that designation, under which they were marketed, provided that an admissible

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		19, to the application for registration of the geographical indication whose protection is contravened shows that:	19, to the application for registration of the geographical indication whose protection is contravened shows that:	19, to the application for registration of the geographical indication whose protection is contravened shows that:	19, to the application for registration of the geographical indication whose protection is contravened shows that: Text Origin: Council Mandate
/	Artic	le 21(1), point (a)		- 	
6	224	(a) the registration of the concerned geographical indication would jeopardise the existence of an entirely or partly identical name in the product designation; or	(a) the registration of the concerned geographical indication would jeopardise the existence of an entirely or partly identical name in the product designation; or	(a) the registration of the concerned geographical indication would jeopardise the existence of an entirely or partly identical name in the product designation; or	 (a) the registration of the concerned geographical indication would jeopardise the existence of an entirely or partly identical name in the product designation; or Text Origin: Commission Proposal
-	Artic	le 21(1), point (b)			
	225	(b) such products have been legally marketed with that name in the product designation in the territory concerned for at least 5 years preceding the publication provided for in Article 17(4), point (a).	(b) such products have been legally marketed with that name in the product designation in the territory concerned for at least 5 years preceding the publication provided for in Article 17(4), point (a).	(b) such products have been legally marketed with that name in the product designation in the territory concerned for at least 5 years preceding the publication provided for in Article $17(4)_{\overline{5}}$ point (a).	<pre>(b) such products have been legally marketed with that name in the product designation in the territory concerned for at least 5 years preceding the publication provided for in Article 17(4); point (a). Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
A	Artic	le 21(2)			

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
۶ 2	226	2. The implementing acts referred to in paragraph 1 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2) except those where an admissible opposition is lodged under Article 9(4), which shall be adopted without applying that examination procedure.	2. The implementing acts referred to in paragraph 1 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2) except those where an admissible opposition is lodged under Article 9(4), which shall be adopted without applying that examination procedure.	 The implementing acts referred to in paragraph 1 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article-53(2) 84a(2) except those where an admissible opposition is lodged under Article 9(4), which shall be adopted without applying that examination procedure. 	2. The implementing acts referred to in paragraph 1 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2) 84a(2) except those where an admissible opposition is lodged under Article 9(4), which shall be adopted without applying that examination procedure. Text Origin: Council Mandate
A	Articl	e 21(3)			
G 2	227	3. The Commission may adopt implementing acts extending the transitional period granted under paragraph (1) up to 15 years, or allowing continued use for up to 15 years, provided it is additionally shown that:	3. The Commission may adopt implementing acts extending the transitional period granted under paragraph (1) up to 15 years, or allowing continued use for up to 15 years, provided it is additionally shown that:	3. The Commission may adopt implementing acts extending the transitional period granted under paragraph (1) up to a total period of 15 years, or allowing continued use forgranting directly a transitional period of up to 15 years, provided it is additionally shown that:	3. The Commission may adopt implementing acts extending the transitional period granted under paragraph (1) up to <u>a</u> <u>total period of</u> 15 years, or <u>allowing</u> <u>continued use</u> <u>forgranting directly a</u> <u>transitional period of</u> up to 15 years, provided it is additionally shown that: Text Origin: Council Mandate
4	Articl	e 21(3), point (a)			
۶ 2	228	(a) the name in the designation referred to	(a) the name in the designation referred to	(a) the name in the designation referred to	(a) the name in the designation referred to

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	in paragraph (1) of this Article has been in legal use consistently and fairly for at least 25 years before the application for registration of the concerned geographical indication was submitted to the Commission;	in paragraph (1) of this Article has been in legal use consistently and fairly for at least 25 years before the application for registration of the concerned geographical indication was submitted to the Commission;	in paragraph (1) of this Article has been in legal use consistently and fairly for at least 25 years before the application for registration of the concerned geographical indication was submitted to the Commission; and	in paragraph (1) of this Article has been in legal use consistently and fairly for at least 25 years before the application for registration of the concerned geographical indication was submitted to the Commission; and Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 21(3), point (b)			
6 229	(b) the purpose of using the name in the designation referred to in paragraph (1) has not, at any time, been to profit from the reputation of the name of the product that has been registered as geographical indication; and	(b) the purpose of using the name in the designation referred to in paragraph (1) has not, at any time, been to profit from the reputation of the name of the product that has been registered as geographical indication; and	(b) the purpose of using the name in the designation referred to in paragraph (1) has not, at any time, been to profit from the reputation of the name of the product that has been registered as geographical indication; and	(b) the purpose of using the name in the designation referred to in paragraph (1) has not, at any time, been to profit from the reputation of the name of the product that has been registered as geographical indication; and Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 21(3), point (c)			
° 230	(c) the consumer has not been or could not have been misled as to the true origin of the product.	(c) the consumer has not been or could not have been misled as to the true origin of the product.	(c) the consumer has not been or could not have been misled as to the true origin of the product.	 (c) the consumer has not been or could not have been misled as to the true origin of the product. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 21(4)		1	1



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
° 231	4. The implementing acts referred to in paragraph 3 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2) except those where an admissible opposition is lodged under Article 9(4), which shall be adopted without applying that examination procedure.	4. The implementing acts referred to in paragraph 3 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2) except those where an admissible opposition is lodged under Article 9(4), which shall be adopted without applying that examination procedure.	 4. The implementing acts referred to in paragraph 3 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article-53(2) 84a(2) except those where an admissible opposition is lodged under Article 9(4), which shall be adopted without applying that examination procedure. 	 4. The implementing acts referred to in paragraph 3 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2) 84a(2) except those where an admissible opposition is lodged under Article 9(4), which shall be adopted without applying that examination procedure. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 21(5)			
6 232	5. When using a designation referred to in paragraphs 1 and 3, the indication of the country of origin shall clearly and visibly appear on the labelling.	5. When using a designation referred to in paragraphs 1 and 3, the indication of the country of origin shall clearly and visibly appear on the labelling <i>and, where applicable, on the production description when it is marketed on an online sales website</i> .	5. When using a designation referred to in paragraphs 1 and 3, the indication of the country of origin shall clearly and visibly appear onin the labelling.	5. When using a designation referred to in paragraphs 1 and 3, the indication of the country of origin shall clearly and visibly appear on the labelling <i>and, where applicable, on the product description when it is marketed online</i> . Text Origin: EP Mandate
Artic	le 21(6)			
۶ 233	6. To overcome temporary difficulties with the long-term objective of ensuring that all producers of a product designated under a geographical	6. To overcome temporary difficulties with the long-term objective of ensuring that all producers of a product designated under a geographical	6. Regarding applications for registration and Union amendments, to overcome temporary difficulties with the long-term	6. <u>Regarding</u> <u>applications for</u> <u>registration and</u> <u>Union amendments</u> , to overcome temporary difficulties with the long-term

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	indication in the area concerned comply with the related product specification, a Member State may grant a transitional period for compliance, of up to 10 years, with effect from the date on which the application is lodged with the Commission, provided that the operators concerned have legally marketed the products in question, using the names concerned continuously for at least 5 years preceding the lodging of the application to the authorities of that Member State and have referred to that fact in the national opposition procedure referred to in Article 9(4).	indication in the area concerned comply with the related product specification, a Member State may grant a transitional period for compliance, of up to 10 years, with effect from the date on which the application is <i>lodgedregistered</i> with the Commission, provided that the operators concerned have legally marketed the products in question, using the names concerned continuously for at least 5 years preceding the lodging of the application to the authorities of that Member State and have referred to that fact in the national opposition procedure referred to in Article 9(4).	objective of ensuring that all producersoperators of a product designated under a geographical indication in the area concerned comply with the related product specification, a Member State may grant a transitional period for compliance, of up to 10 years, with effect from the date on which the application is lodged with the Commission, provided that the operators concerned have legally marketed the products in question, using the names concerned continuously for at least 5 years preceding the lodging of the application to the authorities of that Member State and have referred to that fact in the national opposition procedure referred to in Article 9(4).	objective of ensuring that all producersoperators of a product designated under a geographical indication in the area concerned comply with the related product specification, a Member State may grant a transitional period for compliance, of up to 10 years, with effect from the date on which the application is lodged with the Commission, provided that the operators concerned have legally marketed the products in question, using the names concerned continuously for at least 5 years preceding the lodging of the application to the authorities of that Member State and have referred to that fact in the national opposition procedure referred to in Article 9(4). Text Origin: Council Mandate
Art	icle 21(6a)	1		
s 233 a	5		6a. In cases where the time between the application for registration at Union stage and the registration of the name concerned exceeds 5 years, the Member State may	<u>6a. In cases where</u> <u>the time between the</u> <u>application for</u> <u>registration at Union</u> <u>stage and the</u> <u>registration of the</u> <u>name concerned</u> <u>exceeds 5 years, the</u> <u>Member State may</u>

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		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				extend the transitional period by up to 5 years.	<u>extend the</u> <u>transitional period by</u> <u>up to 5 years.</u>
					Text Origin: Council Mandate
_	Artic	le 21(7)	I		
G	234	7. paragraph (6) shall apply mutatis mutandis to a geographical indication referring to a geographical area situated in a third country, with the exception of the opposition procedure.	7. paragraph (6) shall apply mutatis mutandis to a geographical indication referring to a geographical area situated in a third country, with the exception of the opposition procedure.	7. Paragraph (6) shall apply <i>mutatis</i> <i>mutandis</i> to a geographical indication referring to a geographical area situated in a third country, with the exception of the opposition procedure.	7. Paragraph (6) shall apply <u>mutatis</u> <u>mutandis</u> to a geographical indication referring to a geographical area situated in a third country, with the exception of the opposition procedure. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 77			
G	235	Article 22	Article 22 Commission decision on the application for registration	Article 22 Commission decision on the application for registration	Article 22 Commission decision on the application for registration Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 22(1)			
G	236	1. Where, on the basis of the information available to the Commission from the scrutiny carried out pursuant to Article 17, the Commission considers that any of	1. Where, on the basis of the information available to the Commission from the <i>scrutinyexamination</i> carried out pursuant to Article 17, the Commission	1. Where, on the basis of the information available to the Commission from the scrutiny carried out pursuant to Article 17, the Commission considers that any of	1. Where, on the basis of the information available to the Commission from the <i>scrutiny<u>examination</u></i> carried out pursuant to Article 17, the Commission

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	the requirements referred therein is not fulfilled, it shall adopt implementing acts rejecting the application for registration. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).	considers that any of the requirements referred therein is not fulfilled, it shall adopt implementing acts rejecting the application for registration. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).	the requirementsconditio ns referred therein is not fulfilled, it shall adopt implementing acts rejecting the application for registration. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article-53(2) 84a(2).	considers that any of the <i>requirementsconditio</i> <i>ns</i> referred therein is not fulfilled, it shall adopt implementing acts rejecting the application for registration. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article <u>53(2)</u> <u>84a(2)</u> . Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 22(2)			
237	2. Where it receives no admissible opposition, the Commission shall adopt implementing acts, without applying the procedure referred to in Article 53(2), registering the geographical indication. The Commission may take in to account the notices of comments received in	2. Where it receives no admissible opposition, the Commission shall adopt implementing acts, without applying the procedure referred to in Article 53(2), registering the geographical indication. <i>The</i> <i>Commission may take</i> <i>in to account the</i> <i>notices of comments</i> <i>received in</i>	 Where it receives noIn the absence of an admissible opposition, the Commission shall adopt implementing acts, without applying the procedure referred to in Article-53(2) 84a(2), registering the geographical indication. The Commission may take in tointo account the notices of comments received in 	2. Where it receives noIn the absence of an admissible opposition, the Commission shall adopt implementing acts, without applying the procedure referred to in Article-53(2) 84a(2), registering the geographical indication. The Commission may take in tointo account the notices of comments received in
	accordance with Article 19(1).	accordance with Article 19(1).	accordance with Article 19(1) 19a .	accordance with Article <u>19(1)19a</u> . Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic			accordance with	accordance with Article <u>19(1)</u> 19a. Text Origin: Council

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		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		an admissible opposition, the Commission shall, following the consultations referred to in Article 19(4) and taking into account the results thereof,	an admissible <u>and</u> <u>grounded</u> opposition, the Commission shall, following the consultations referred to in Article 19(4) and taking into account the results thereof,	an admissible opposition, the Commission shall, following the consultationsprocedu re referred to in Article 19(4) 19 and taking into account the results thereof,	an admissible opposition, the Commission shall, following the <i>consultationsprocedur</i> <i>e</i> referred to in Article <i>19(4)19</i> and taking into account the results thereof, Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 22(3), point (a)			
6	239	(a) adopt implementing act registering the geographical indication without applying the procedure referred to in Article 53(2), if an agreement has been reached, after checking that the agreement complies with Union law, and, if necessary, amend the information published pursuant to Article 17(4) provided that such amendments are not substantial; or	(a) adopt implementing act registering the geographical indication without applying the procedure referred to in Article 53(2), if an agreement has been reached, after checking that the agreement complies with Union law, and, if necessary, amend the information published pursuant to Article 17(4) provided that such amendments are not substantial; or	 (a) adopt implementing actacts registering the geographical indication without applying the procedure referred to in Article-53(2) 84a(2), if an agreement has been reached, after checking that the agreement complies with Union law, and, if necessary, amend the information published pursuant to Article 17(4) provided that such amendments are not substantial; or 	(a) adopt implementing <i>actacts</i> registering the geographical indication without applying the procedure referred to in Article 53(2) 84a(2), if an agreement has been reached, after checking that the agreement complies with Union law, and, if necessary, amend the information published pursuant to Article 17(4) provided that such amendments are not substantial; or Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 22(3), point (b)			
G	240	(b) adopt implementing acts deciding on the application for registration, if an agreement has not	(b) adopt implementing acts deciding on the application for registration, if an agreement has not	(b) adopt implementing acts deciding on the application for registration, if an agreement has not	(b) adopt implementing acts deciding on the application for registration, if an agreement has not

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	been reached. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).	been reached. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).	been reached. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article-53(2) 84a(2).	been reached. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article- <u>53(2)</u> <u>84a(2)</u> . Text Origin: Council Mandate
Arti	cle 22(4)			
₅ 241	4. The acts registering a geographical indication shall provide for any condition applicable to the registration and for the republication for information of the single document published for opposition in the Official Journal of the European Union in case of any necessary amendments that are not substantial.	4. The acts registering a geographical indication shall provide for any condition applicable to the registration and for the republication for information of the single document published for opposition in the Official Journal of the European Union in case of any necessary amendments that are not substantial.	4. The acts registering a geographical indication shall provide for any condition applicable to the registration and for the republication for information of the single document published for opposition in the Official Journal of the European Unionaccording to Article 17(4) and amended following the opposition procedure in case of any necessary amendments that are not substantialamendmen tsother than those referred to in Articles 19(7) and 19a(2a).	 4. The acts registering a geographical indication shall provide for any condition applicable to the registration and for the republication for information of the single document published <i>for</i> <i>opposition in the</i> <i>Official Journal of the</i> <i>European</i> <i>Unionaccording to</i> <i>Article 17(4) and</i> <i>amended following</i> <i>the opposition</i> <i>procedure</i> in case of <i>any necessary</i> <i>amendments that are</i> <i>not</i> <i>substantial</i><u>amendmen</u> <i>tsother than those</i> <i>referred to in Articles</i> <i>19(7) and 19a(2a)</i>. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Arti	cle 22(5)			
۶ 242	5. Regulations of	5. Regulations of	5. Regulations-of on	5. Regulations of on

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		registration and decisions on rejection shall be published in the Official Journal of the European Union, L series.	registration and decisions on rejection shall be published in the Official Journal of the European Union, L series <u>and in the</u> <u>Union register of</u> <u>geographical</u> <u>indications</u> .	registration and decisions on rejection shall be published in the Official Journal of the European Union, L series.	registration and decisions on rejection shall be published in the Official Journal of the European Union, L series. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 23			
G	243	Article 23 Union register of geographical indications	Article 23 Union register of geographical indications	Article 23 Union register of geographical indications	Article 23 Union register of geographical indications Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 23(1)			
G	244	1. The Commission shall adopt implementing acts, without applying the procedure referred to in Article 53(2), containing provisions on establishing and maintaining a publicly accessible electronic register of geographical indications protected under this Regulation (the 'Union register of geographical indications'). The register shall have three parts corresponding to geographical indications of wine, of spirit drinks and of agricultural products respectively.	1. The Commission shall adopt implementing acts, without applying the procedure referred to in Article 53(2), containing provisions on establishing and maintaining <i>a publichy</i> <i>accessiblean</i> electronic register of geographical indications protected under this Regulation (the 'Union register of geographical indications'), <i>which</i> <i>shall be made easily</i> <i>accessible to the</i> <i>public and in a</i> <i>machine-readable</i> <i>format as defined in</i> <i>Article 2, point (13),</i> <i>of Directive (EU)</i> <i>2019/1024 of the</i>	1. The Commission shall adopt implementing acts, without applying the procedure referred to in Article-53(2) 84a(2), containing provisions on establishing and maintaining a publicly accessible-electronic register of geographical indications protected under this Regulation (the ^c Union register of geographical indications ²). The register shall have three parts corresponding to geographical indications of wine, of spirit drinks and of agricultural products	1. The Commission shall adopt implementing acts, without applying the procedure referred to in Article- <u>53(2)</u> <u>84a(2)</u> , containing provisions on establishing and maintaining a publicly accessible- <i>electronic</i> <i>register of</i> <i>geographical</i> <i>indications protected</i> <i>under this Regulation</i> <i>(the _</i> Union register of geographical indications'). The register shall have three parts corresponding to geographical indications of wine, of spirit drinks and of agricultural products

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<i>European Parliament</i> and of the Council. ^{1a} The register shall have three parts corresponding to geographical indications of wine, of spirit drinks and of agricultural products respectively. ^{1a} <u>Ia. Directive (EU)</u> 2019/1024 of the <u>European</u> Parliament and of the Council of 20 June 2019 on open data and the re-use of public sector information (OJ L 172, 26.6.2019, p. 56).	respectively.	respectively. <u>The</u> <u>register shall be</u> <u>accessible to the</u> <u>public. Files entered</u> <u>into the register after</u> <u>the entry into force of</u> <u>this Regulation shall</u> <u>be in a machine-</u> <u>readable format as</u> <u>defined in Article 2,</u> <u>point (13), of</u> <u>Directive (EU)</u> <u>2019/1024 of the</u> <u>European Parliament</u> <u>and of the Council.</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 23(1a)			
y 244 a		1a. The EUIPO shall maintain and keep the Union register up-to-date with respect to registrations, amendments and cancellations of geographical indications.		
Artic	le 23(2)			
⁶ 245	2. Each geographical indication of wine and of agricultural products shall be identified in the Union register of geographical indications as a 'protected designation of origin' or a 'protected	2. Each geographical indication of wine and of agricultural products shall be identified in the Union register of geographical indications as a 'protected designation of origin' or a 'protected	2. Each geographical indication of wine and of agricultural products shall be identified in the Union register of geographical indications as a 'protected designation of origin' or a 'protected	2. Each geographical indication of wine and of agricultural products shall be identified in the Union register of geographical indications as a 'protected designation of origin' or a 'protected

	Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	geographical indication' as the case may be, and each geographical indication of spirit drinks shall be identified as a 'geographical indication'.	geographical indication' as the case may be, and each geographical indication of spirit drinks shall be identified as a 'geographical indication'.	geographical indication' as the case may be, and each geographical indication of spirit drinks shall be identified as a 'geographical indication'.	geographical indication' as the case may be, and each geographical indication of spirit drinks shall be identified as a 'geographical indication'. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Article	e 23(3)			
246	3. Geographical indications concerning products from third countries that are protected in the Union under an international agreement to which the Union is a contracting party may be entered in the Union register of geographical indications. The Commission shall register such geographical indications by means of implementing acts adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2). As regards wine and agricultural products, unless specifically identified in those agreements as protected designations of origin, the names of such products shall be entered in the	3. Geographical indications concerning products from third countries that are protected in the Union under an international agreement to which the Union is a contracting party may be entered in the Union register of geographical indications. The Commission shall register such geographical indications by means of implementing acts adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in–_Article 53(2) and shall make public the criteria used to decide upon the geographical indications protected under the relevant international agreement. As regards wine and agricultural products,	3. Geographical indications concerning products from third countries that are protected in the Union under an international agreement to which the Union is a contracting party may be entered in the Union register of geographical indications. In such cases, the Commission shall register such geographical indications by means of implementing acts adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 84a(2) Article 53(2). As regards wine and agricultural products, unless specifically identified in those agreements as protected designations of origin, the names of such products shall	3. Geographical indications concerning products from third countries that are protected in the Union under an international agreement to which the Union is a contracting party may be entered in the Union register of geographical indications. <i>In such</i> <i>cases</i> , the Commission shall register such geographical indications by means of implementing acts adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in <i>Article 84a(2)</i> <i>Article 53(2)</i> . As regards wine and agricultural products, unless specifically identified in those agreements as protected designations of origin, the names of such products shall

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	protected geographical indications.	agreements as protected designations of origin, the names of such products shall be entered in the Union register of geographical indications as protected geographical indications.	geographical indications as protected geographical indications.	geographical indications as protected geographical indications. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 23(4)			
247	4. Each geographical indication shall be entered in the Union register of geographical indications in its original script. Where the original script is not in Latin characters, the geographical indication shall be transcribed in Latin characters and both versions of the geographical indication shall be entered in the Union register of geographical indications and shall have equal status.	4. Each geographical indication shall be entered in the Union register of geographical indications in its original script. Where the original script is not in Latin characters, the geographical indication shall be transcribed in Latin characters and both versions of the geographical indication shall be entered in the Union register of geographical indications and shall have equal status.	4. Each geographical indication shall be entered in the Union register of geographical indications in its original script. Where the original script is not in Latin characters, the geographical indication shall be transcribed or transliterated in Latin characters and both versions of the geographical indication shall be entered in the Union register of geographical indications and shall have equal status.	4. Each geographical indication shall be entered in the Union register of geographical indications in its original script. Where the original script is not in Latin characters, the geographical indication shall be transcribed <u>or</u> <u>transliterated</u> in Latin characters and both versions of the geographical indication shall be entered in the Union register of geographical indications and shall have equal status. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 23(5)	· T	Γ	Γ
248	5. The Commission shall make public and regularly update the list of the international agreements referred to	5. The <u>CommissionEUIPO</u> shall make public and, <u>in the case of</u> <u>changes, regularly</u> update the list of the	5. The Commission shall make public and regularly update the list of the international agreements referred to	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	in paragraph (3) as well as the list of geographical indications protected under those agreements.	international agreements referred to in paragraph (3) as well as the list of geographical indications protected under those agreements.	in paragraph (3) as well as the list of geographical indications protected under those agreements.	
Artic	le 23(6)			
6 249	6. The Commission shall retain documentation related to the registration of a geographical indication in digital or paper form for the period of validity of the geographical indication, and in case of cancellation for 10 years thereafter.	6. The Commission shall retain documentation related to the registration of a geographical indication in digital or paper form. <u>In the</u> case of cancellation or rejection, the Commission shall retain documentation for the period of validity of the geographical indication, and in case of cancellation for 10 years thereafter.	6. The Commission shall retain documentation related to the registration of a geographical indication in digital or paper form for the period of validity of the geographical indication, and in case of cancellation. In case of cancellation, it shall retain the documentation for 10 years thereafter.	 6. The Commission shall retain documentation related to the registration of a geographical indication in digital or paper form <i>for the period of validity of the geographical indication, and in case of cancellation.</i> In case of cancellation for 10 years thereafter. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 23(6a)			
y 249 a		6a. Once a new geographical indication or the modification of a previous geographical indication has been entered by the EUIPO in the Union register of geographical indications, the Commission shall, in its capacity as Competent Authority within the meaning		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		of Article 3 of the Geneva Act of the Lisbon Agreement on Appellations of Origin and Geographical Indications (the 'Geneva Act'), file an application for the international registration of the geographical indication thus entered in the Union register of geographical indications and which pertains to a product originating in the Union pursuant to Article 5(1) and (2) of the Geneva Act with the International Bureau of the World Organization for Intellectual Property. The fees to be paid under Article 7 of the Geneva Act, as specified in the Common Regulations under the Lisbon Agreement and the Geneva Act, shall be borne by the Member State in which that geographical indication originates.		
Artic	le 23(7)			
۶ 250	7. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by rules on entrusting EUIPO to operate the Union	7. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by rules on entrusting EUIPO to operate the Union	7. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by rules on entrusting EUIPO to operate the Union	

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		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		register of geographical indications.	register of geographical indications. <mark>deleted</mark>	register of geographical indications.	
	Artic	le 23(8)			
G	251	8. The Commission may adopt implementing acts defining the content and presentation of the Union register of geographical indications. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).	8. The Commission may adopt implementing acts defining the content and presentation of the Union register of geographical indications. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).	8. The Commission mayshall adopt implementing acts defining the content and presentation of the Union register of geographical indications. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article-53(2) 84a(2).	 8. The Commission <i>mayshall</i> adopt implementing acts defining the content and presentation of the Union register of geographical indications. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2) 84a(2). Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	e 74			
G	252	Article 24 Extracts from the Union register of geographical indications	Article 24 Extracts from the Union register of geographical indications	Article 24 Extracts from the Union register of geographical indications	Article 24 Extracts from the Union register of geographical indications Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 24(1)		1	
G	253	1. Any person shall be able to download an official extract from the Union register of geographical indications that provides proof of	1. Any person shall be able to <u>easily and</u> <u>free of charge</u> download an official extract from the Union register of geographical indications that	1. Any person shall be able to download an official extract from the Union register of geographical indications that provides proof of	1. Any person shall be able to <u>easily and</u> <u>free of charge</u> download an official extract from the Union register of geographical indications that

registration of the geographical including the date of application for the geographical indication, and the registration of the geographical indication or other priority date. This official extract may be used as an authentic certificate in legal proceedings, in a court of law, court of arbitration or similar body.registration of the registration or other priority date. This official extract shall be prepared in a the chine-readulate format as defined in directer (EL) 2019/1024 of the European Parliament and after Council's That official extract shall be prepared in a court of law, court of arbitration or similar body.registration of the registration of the registration or ther priority date. This official extract shall be prepared in a difficial extract shall be prepared in a difficial extract shall be prepared in a difficial extract shall be difficial e		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		registration of the geographical indication, and the relevant data including the date of application for the registration of the geographical indication or other priority date. This official extract may be used as an authentic certificate in legal proceedings, in a court of law, court of arbitration or similar	registration <u>or</u> <u>rejection</u> of the geographical indication, and <u>theother</u> relevant data including the date of application for the registration of the geographical indication or other priority date. <u>This The</u> <u>official extract shall</u> <u>be prepared in a</u> <u>machine-readable</u> <u>format as defined in</u> <u>Article 2, point (13),</u> <u>of Directive (EU)</u> <u>2019/1024 of the</u> <u>European Parliament</u> <u>and of the Council^{1a}.</u> <u>That</u> official extract may be used as an authentic certificate in legal proceedings, in a court of law, court of arbitration or similar body. <u>Ia. Directive (EU)</u> <u>2019/1024 of the</u> <u>European</u> <u>Parliament and of</u> <u>the Council of 20</u> <u>June 2019 on open</u> <u>data and the re-use</u> <u>of public sector</u> <u>information (OJ L</u> <u>172, 26.6.2019, p.</u>	geographical indication, and the relevant data including the date of application for the registration of the geographical indication or other priority date. This official extract may be used as an authentic certificate in legal proceedings, in a court of law, court of arbitration or similar	registration of the geographical indication, and theother relevant data including the date of application for the registration of the geographical indication or other priority date. The official extract of registration entered in the register after the entry into force of this Regulation shall be in a machine- readable format as defined in Article 2, point (13), of Directive (EU) 2019/1024 of the European Parliament and of the Council ^{Ia} . ThatThis official extract may be used as an authentic certificate in legal proceedings, in a court of law, court of arbitration or similar body. Ia. Directive (EU) 2019/1024 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 June 2019 on open data and the re-use of public sector information (OJ L 172, 26.6.2019, p. 56). Text Origin:
g 254	Artic	le 24(2)			
	۶ 254				



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	2. Where a producer group has been recognised by the national authorities in accordance with Article 33, that group shall be identified as the rights' holder of the geographical indication in the Union register of geographical indications and in the official extract referred to in paragraph (1).	2. Where a producer group has been recognised by the national authorities, or by a third country authority, in accordance with Article 33, that group shall be identified as the rights' holder of therepresentative of producers of a product designated by a geographical indication in the Union register of geographical indications and in the official extract referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article.	2. Where a producer group has been recognised by the national authorities in accordance with Article 33, that group shall be identified as the rights' holder of therepresentative of the producers of a product designated by a geographical indication in the Union register of geographical indications and in the official extract referred to in paragraph (1).	2. Where a producer group has been recognised by the national authorities in accordance with Article 33, that group shall be identified as the <i>rights' holder of</i> <i>the producers of a</i> <i>product designated by</i> <i>a</i> geographical indication in the Union register of geographical indications and in the official extract referred to in paragraph (1). Text Origin: Council Mandate
Arti	cle 24(3)	I		
⁶ 255	3. The Commission may adopt implementing acts defining the format and online presentation of extracts from the Union register of geographical indications, and providing for the exclusion or anonymisation of protected personal data. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).	3. The Commission may adopt implementing acts <i>defining the format</i> <i>andsetting out the</i> online presentation of extracts from the Union register of geographical indications <i>and which</i> <i>machine-readable</i> <i>format is to be used</i> , and providing for the exclusion or anonymisation of protected personal data. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).	3. The Commission may adopt implementing acts defining the format and online presentation of extracts from the Union register of geographical indications, and providing for the exclusion or anonymisation of protected -personal data. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article-53(2) 84a(2).	3. The Commission may adopt implementing acts defining the format and online presentation of extracts from the Union register of geographical indications, and providing for the exclusion or anonymisation of <i>protected</i> -personal data. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article-53(2) <u>84a(2)</u> . Text Origin:

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Council Mandate
Artic	le 25			
₅ 256	Article 25 Amendments to a product specification	Article 25 Amendments to a product specification	Article 25 Amendments to a product specification	Article 25 Amendments to a product specification Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 25(1)			
₅ 257	1. A producer group having a legitimate interest may apply for the approval of an amendment to the product specification of a registered geographical indication.	1. A <u>recognised</u> producer group having a legitimate interest may apply for the approval of an amendment to the product specification of a registered geographical indication.	1. A producer group having a legitimate interestof a product the name of which is a registered geographical indication may apply for the approval of an amendment to the product specification. Where a recognised producer group exists, that group is the only one entitled to apply-of-a registered geographical indication.	 A producer group having a legitimate interest of a product the name of which is a registered geographical indication may apply for the approval of an amendment to the product specification. Where a recognised producer group exists, that group is the only one entitled to apply-of a registered geographical indication. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 25(1a)	1	1	
257 a		1a. Where a recognised producer group does not exist, a producer group having a legitimate interest or a single producer which is the only producer of a		

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		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			geographical indication may apply for the approval of an amendment to the product specification of a registered geographical indication.		
	Artic	le 25(2)			
G	258	2. Amendments to a product specification shall be classified into two categories:	2. Amendments to a product specification shall be classified into two categories:	2. Amendments to a product specification shall be classified into two categories:	2. Amendments to a product specification shall be classified into two categories: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 25(2), point (a)		[
G	259	(a) Union amendments, requiring an opposition procedure at Union level; and	(a) Union amendments, requiring an opposition procedure at Union level; and	(a) Union amendments, requiring an opposition procedure at Union level; and	 (a) Union amendments, requiring an opposition procedure at Union level; and Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 25(2), point (b)			
G	260	(b) standard amendments to be dealt with at Member State or third country level.	(b) standard amendments to be dealt with at Member State or third country level.	(b) standard amendments to be dealt with at Member State or third country level.	 (b) standard amendments to be dealt with at Member State or third country level. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 25(2a), first subparagra	aph		
G	261	3. An amendment	3. An amendment	3. An amendment	<mark>3<u>2a</u>. An amendment ⁶</mark>

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	shall be a Union amendment if it entails a change of the single document and:	shall be <u>considered as</u> a Union amendment if it entails a change of the single document and:	shall be a Union amendment if it entails a change of the single document or its equivalent and:	shall be <u>considered as</u> a Union amendment if it entails a change of the single document <u>or its equivalent</u> and: Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 25(2a), first subparagra	aph, point (a)		
⁶ 262	(a) includes a change in the name, or in the use of the name, or, for wine and spirit drinks, in the category of product or products designated by the geographical indication, or, for spirit drinks, in the legal name; or	(a) includes a change in the name, or in the use of the name, or, for wine and spirit drinks, in the category of product or products designated by the geographical indication, or, for spirit drinks, in the legal name; or	(a) includes a change in the name, or in the use of the name, or, for wine and spirit drinks, in the category of product or products designated by the geographical indication, or, for spirit drinks, in the legal name; or:	<pre>(a) includes a change in the name, or in the use of the name, or, for wine and spirit drinks, in the category of product or products designated by the geographical indication, or, for spirit drinks, in the legal name; or: Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Artic	le 25(2a), first subparagra	aph, point (a)(i)		
⁶ 262 a			(i) for agricultural products in the name or in the use of the name;	(i) for agricultural products in the name or in the use of the name; Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 25(2a), first subparagra	aph, point (a)(ii)		
⁶ 262 b			(ii) for wine, in the name or in the use of the name, or, in the category of product or products designated by the geographical	(ii) for wine, in the name or in the use of the name, or, in the category of product or products designated by the geographical

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				indication	<u>indication</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 25(2a), first subparagra	aph, point (a)(iii)		
G	262 c			(iii) for spirit drinks, in the name or any part of the name or in the use of the name, or, in the category of product or products designated by the geographical indication, or in the legal name; or	(iii) for spirit drinks, in the name or any part of the name or in the use of the name, or, in the category of product or products designated by the geographical indication, or in the legal name; or Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 25(2a), first subparagra	aph, point (b)		
G	263	(b) risks voiding the link to the geographical area referred to in the single document; or	(b) <i>risks</i> <i>voidingwhere the</i> <i>scrutiny carried out</i> <i>by the relevant</i> <i>Member State under</i> <i>paragraph 2, point</i> <i>(b), has concluded</i> <i>that that amendment</i> <i>might void</i> the link to the geographical area referred to in the single document; or	(b) risks voiding the link to the geographical area referred to in the single document; or	<pre>(b) risks voiding the link to the geographical area referred to in the single document; or Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
	Artic	le 25(2a), first subparagra	aph, point (c)	· 	
G	264	(c) entails further restrictions on the marketing of the product.	(c) entails further restrictions on the marketing of the product.	(c) entails further restrictions on the marketing of the product.	 (c) entails further restrictions on the marketing of the product. Text Origin: Commission Proposal

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Artic	le 25(2a), second subpara	agraph		
264 a				The criteria referred to in points (a), (b) and (c) shall be verified by Member States.
Artic	le 25(4)			
265	4. Any other amendment to a product specification of a registered geographical indication, that is not a Union amendment in accordance with paragraph 3, shall be considered as a standard amendment.	4. Any other amendment to a product specification of a registered geographical indication, that is not a Union amendment in accordance with paragraph 3, shall be considered as a standard amendment.	4. Any other amendment to a product specification of a registered geographical indication, that is not a Union amendment in accordance with paragraph 3, shall be considered as a standard amendment.	4. Any other amendment to a product specification of a registered geographical indication, that is not a Union amendment in accordance with paragraph 3, shall be considered as a standard amendment. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	:le 25(5)			
266	5. A standard amendment shall be considered as a temporary amendment when it concerns a temporary change in the product specification resulting from the imposition of obligatory sanitary and phytosanitary measures by the public authorities or a temporary amendment necessary because of a natural disaster or adverse weather conditions formally recognised by the competent authorities.	5. A standardtemporary amendment shall be considered as a temporarystandard amendment when it concerns a temporary change in the product specification resulting from the imposition of obligatory sanitary and phytosanitary measures by the public authorities or a temporary amendment necessary because of the consequences of a natural disaster-or, adverse weather, geopolitical events or	5. A standard amendment shall be considered as a temporary amendment when it concerns a temporary change in the product specification resulting from the imposition of obligatory sanitary and phytosanitary measures by the public authorities or a temporary amendment necessary because of a natural disaster or adverse weather conditions or significant market disturbances due to	5. A standard amendment shall be considered as a temporary amendment when it concerns a temporary change in the product specification resulting from the imposition of obligatory sanitary and phytosanitary measures by the public authorities or a temporary amendment necessary because of a natural disaster or adverse weather conditions <u>or</u> <u>significant market</u> <u>disturbances due to</u>

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			<i>any other exceptional</i> conditions formally recognised by the competent authorities.	exceptional circumstances affecting the supply of raw materials formally recognised by the competent authorities.	exceptional circumstances, including geopolitical events, affecting the supply of raw materials formally recognised by the competent authorities. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 25(6)			
G	267	6. Union amendments shall be approved by the Commission. The approval procedure shall follow, mutatis mutandis, the procedure laid down from Article 8 to Article 22.	6. Union amendments shall be <u>assessed and</u> approved by the Commission <u>within</u> <u>three months from</u> <u>the application for</u> <u>the approval of an</u> <u>amendment to the</u> <u>product specification</u> <u>of a registered</u> <u>geographical</u> <u>indication</u> . <u>Without prejudice to</u> <u>the first</u> <u>subparagraph of this</u> <u>paragraph</u> , the approval procedure shall follow, mutatis mutandis, the procedure laid down <u>from Article 8 to in</u> <u>Articles 8 to 22</u> . <u>Where the</u> <u>amendments concern</u> <u>the product</u> <u>specifications of a</u> <u>geographical</u> <u>indication registered</u> <u>in the International</u> <u>Register</u> , Article <u>2223(6a) shall apply,</u> <u>mutatis mutandis</u> .	6. Union amendments shall be approved by the Commission. The approval procedure shall follow, <i>mutatis</i> <i>mutandis</i> mutatis mutandis, the procedure laid down from- Article 8 to Article 22.	6. Union amendments shall be approved by the Commission. The approval procedure shall follow, <u>mutatis</u> <u>mutandismutatis</u> <u>mutandismutatis</u> <u>mutandis</u> , the procedure laid down fromArticle 8 to Article 22. Text Origin: Council Mandate
G	Artic 268	le 25(7)			
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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	7. Applications for Union amendments submitted by a third country or by producers in a third country shall contain proof that the requested amendment complies with the laws on the protection of geographical indications in force in that third country.	7. Applications for Union amendments submitted by a third country, by producer groups or, in exceptional and duly justified cases, by individual -or by producers established in a third country shall contain proof that the requested amendment complies with the laws on the protection of geographical indications in force in that third country.	7. Applications for Union amendments submitted by a third country or by producers in a third country shall contain proof that the requested amendment complies with the laws on the protection of geographical indications in force in that third country.	7. Applications for Union amendments submitted by a third country or by producers in a third country shall contain proof that the requested amendment complies with the laws on the protection of geographical indications in force in that third country. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 25(8)			
c 269	8. If an application for a Union amendment to the product specification of a registered geographical indication also includes standard amendments or temporary amendments, the Commission shall scrutinise the Union amendment only. Any standard amendments or temporary amendments shall be deemed as not having been submitted. The scrutiny of such applications shall focus on the proposed Union amendments. Where appropriate, the Commission or the Member State concerned may invite the applicant to modify other elements of the product specifications.	8. If an application for a Union amendment to the product specification of a registered geographical indication also includes standard amendments or temporary amendments, the Commission shall <i>serutiniseexamine</i> the Union amendment only. Any standard amendments or temporary amendments shall be deemed as not having been submitted. The <i>serutinyexamination</i> of such applications shall focus on the proposed Union amendments. <i>Where</i> <i>appropriate, the</i> <i>Commission or the</i> <i>Member State</i> <i>concerned may invite</i> <i>the applicant to</i> <i>modify other elements</i>	8. If an application for a Union amendment to the product specification of a registered geographical indication also includes standard amendments or temporary amendments, the Commission shall scrutinise the Union amendment only. Any standard amendments or temporary amendments shall be deemed as not having been submitted. The scrutiny of such applications shall focus on the proposed Union amendments. Where appropriate, the Commission or the Member State concerned may invite the applicant to modify other elements of the product specificationsspecific	8. If an application for a Union amendment to the product specification of a registered geographical indication also includes standard amendments or temporary amendments, the Commission shall <i>scrutinise_examine</i> the Union amendment only. Any standard amendments or temporary amendments shall be deemed as not having been submitted. The <i>scrutinyexamination</i> of such applications shall focus on the proposed Union amendments. Where appropriate, the Commission or the Member State concerned may invite the applicant to modify other elements

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		of the product specifications.	ation.	of the product specificationsspecific ation. Text Origin: EP Mandate
Art	icle 25(9)			
¢ 270	9. Standard amendments shall be approved by Member States or third countries in whose territory the geographical area of the product concerned is located and communicated to the Commission. The Commission shall make those amendments public.	9. Standard amendments shall be assessed and approved by Member States or third countries in whose territory the geographical area of the product concerned is located and communicated to the Commission. The Commission shall make those amendments public by publishing them in the Official Journal of the European Union and in the Union register of geographical indications.	9. Standard amendments shall be approved by Member States or third countries in whose territory the geographical area of the product concerned is located and communicated to the Commission. The Commission shall make those amendments public.	9. Standard amendments shall be <u>assessed and</u> approved by Member States or third countries in whose territory the geographical area of the product concerned is located and communicated to the Commission. The Commission shall make those amendments public. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Art	icle 25(10)			
 271 	10. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by	10. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by provisions entrusting EUIPO with the publication of standard amendments referred to in paragraph (9).deleted	10. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by provisions entrusting EUIPO with the publication of on Union amendments to product specifications of geographical indications for which no single document	10. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by provisions <i>entrusting</i> <i>EUIPO with the</i> <i>publication of on</i> <i>Union amendments</i> <i>to product</i> <i>specifications of</i> <i>geographical</i> <i>indications for which</i> <i>no single document</i>

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				was published, on admissibility of applications for Union amendments, on the relationship between Union and standard amendments, and on standard amendments-referred to in paragraph (9).	was published, on admissibility of applications for Union amendments, on the relationship between Union and standard amendments, and on standard amendments including their publication referred to in paragraph (9). Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 25(11)			
G	272	11. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on procedures, the form and presentation of an application for a Union amendment and on procedures, the form and communication of standard amendments to the Commission. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).	11. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on procedures, the form and presentation of an application for a Union amendment and on procedures, the form and communication of standard amendments to the Commission. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).	11. The Commission mayshall adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on procedures, the form and presentation of an application for a Union amendment and on procedures, the form and communication of standard amendments to the Commission. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article-53(2) 84a(2).	11. The Commission mayshall adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on procedures, the form and presentation of an application for a Union amendment and on procedures, the form and communication of standard amendments to the Commission. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article-53(2) 84a(2). Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 26			
G	273	Article 26 Cancellation of the	Article 26 Cancellation of the	Article 26 Cancellation of the	Article 26 Cancellation of the

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	registration	registration	registration	registration Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 26(1)			
s 274	1. The Commission may, on its own initiative or on a duly substantiated request by a Member State, a third country or any natural or legal person having a legitimate interest, adopt implementing acts to cancel the registration of a geographical indication in the following cases:	1. The Commission may, on its own initiative or on a duly substantiated request by a Member State, a third country or any natural or legal person having a legitimate interest, adopt implementing acts to cancel the registration of a geographical indication in the following cases:	1. The Commission may, on its own initiative or on a duly substantiated request by a Member State, a third country or any natural or legal person having a legitimate interest, established or resident in a third country , adopt implementing acts to cancel the registration of a geographical indication in the following cases:	1. The Commission may, on its own initiative or on a duly substantiated request by a Member State, a third country or any natural or legal person having a legitimate interest, <u>established</u> or resident in a third country, adopt implementing acts to cancel the registration of a geographical indication in the following cases: Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 26(1), point (a)			
۶ 275	(a) where compliance with the requirements for the product specification can no longer be ensured; or	(a) where compliance with the requirements for the product specification can no longer be ensured; or	(a) where compliance with the requirements for the product specification can no longer be ensured; or	 (a) where compliance with the requirements for the product specification can no longer be ensured; or Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 26(1), point (b)			I
₅ 276	(b) where no product has been placed on the market under the geographical indication for at least	(b) where no product has been placed on the market under the geographical indication <i>for at</i>	(b) where no product has been placed on the market under the geographical indication for at least	(b) where no product has been placed on the market under the geographical indication for at least

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	seven consecutive years.	<i>leastin the preceding</i> seven consecutive years.	the last seven consecutive years.	<pre>the last consecutive years. Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Artic	cle 26(2)			
¢ 277	2. The Commission may also adopt implementing acts cancelling the registration at the request of the producers of the product marketed under the registered name.	2. The Commission may <i>also</i> -adopt implementing acts cancelling the registration at the request <i>of producer</i> <i>group representing a</i> <i>majority</i> of the producers of the product marketed under the registered name.	2. The Commission may also adopt implementing acts cancelling the registration at the request of the producers of the product marketed under the registered name. Where a recognised producer group exists, that group is the only one entitled to lodge such a request.	2. The Commission may also adopt implementing acts cancelling the registration at the request of the producers of the product marketed under the registered name. <u>Where a</u> <u>recognised producer</u> group exists, that group is the only one <u>entitled to lodge such</u> <u>a request.</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artio	cle 26(2a)		1	
د 277 a		2a. The use and the protection of the registered name as another intellectual property right, in particular as a trade mark, shall be prohibited for 10 years after the cancellation of the registration of a geographical indication, unless such intellectual property right had existed, or such a trademark had been registered, before the		2a. The registration of the name as an intellectual property right other than a geographical indication, in particular as a trademark, shall be prohibited for one year after the cancellation of the registration of a geographical indication, unless such intellectual property right had existed, or such a trademark had been

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			registration of the geographical indication.		registered, before the registration of the geographical indication. Text Origin: EP Mandate
F	Artic	le 26(3)			
6 2	278	3. The implementing acts referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).	3. The implementing acts referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).	3. The implementing acts referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article-53(2) 84a(2).	3. The implementing acts referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article- <u>53(2)</u> <u>84a(2)</u> . Text Origin: Council
ļ	Artic	le 26(3a)(4)			Mandate
G 2	279	4. Article 9, Articles from Article 15 to Article 20 and Article 22 shall apply mutatis mutandis to the cancellation procedure.	4. Article 9, Articles from Article 15 to Article 20 and Article 22 shall apply mutatis mutandis to the cancellation procedure.	4. Article 9, Articles from Article Articles 9, 15 to Article 20 and Article-19 and 22 shall apply <i>mutatis</i> <i>mutandis</i> mutatis mutandis to the cancellation procedure.	<pre>4. Article 9, Articles from Article Articles 9, 15 to Article 20 and Article 19 and 22 shall apply mutatis mutandismutatis mutandis to the cancellation procedure. Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
4	Artic	le 26(4), second subpara	graph		
	279 a			Oppositions shall be admissible only if they show continued commercial reliance by an interested person on the	Oppositions shall be admissible only if they show continued commercial reliance by an interested person on the

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
G	Artic 280		5. Before adopting the implementing acts referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2, the Commission shall consult the authorities of the Member State, the authorities of the third country or, where possible, the third country producer which had originally applied for the registration of the geographical indication concerned, unless the cancellation is directly requested by those original applicants.	registered name. 5. Before adopting the implementing acts referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2, the Commission shall consult the authorities of the Member State, the authorities of the third country or, where possible, the third country producer which had originally applied for the registration of the geographical indication concerned, unless the cancellation is directly requested by those original applicants. The consultation period	registered name. Text Origin: Council Mandate 5. Before adopting the implementing acts referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2, the Commission shall consult the authorities of the Member State, the authorities of the third country or, where possible, the third country producer which had originally applied for the registration of the geographical indication concerned, unless the cancellation is directly requested by those original applicants. <i>The</i> consultation period
	Artic	le 26(6)		shall be at least one month.	<pre>shall be at least one month. Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
	Aitic				
G	281	6. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by rules entrusting EUIPO with the tasks set out in paragraph (5).	6. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by rules entrusting EUIPO with the tasks set out in paragraph (5).deleted	6. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by rules entrusting EUIPO with the tasks set out in paragraph (5).	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement		
Artic	le 26(7)					
282	7. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on procedures and the form of the cancellation of registrations, as well as on the presentation of the requests referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).	7. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on procedures and the form of the cancellation of registrations, as well as on the presentation of the requests referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).	7. The Commission mayshall adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on procedures and the form of the cancellation of registrations, as well as on the form and presentation of the requests referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 for the cancellation of a registration. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article-53(2) 84a(2).	 7. The Commission mayshall adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on procedures and the form of the cancellation of registrations, as well as on the form and presentation of the requests referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 for the cancellation of a registration. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2) 84a(2). Text Origin: Council Mandate 		
Chap	Chapter 3					
283	Chapter 3 Protection of geographical indications	Chapter 3 Protection of geographical indications	Chapter 3 Protection of geographical indications	Chapter 3 Protection of geographical indications Text Origin: Commission Proposal		
Artic	le 27					
284	Article 27 Protection of geographical indications	Article 27 Protection of geographical indications	Article 27 Protection of geographical indications	Article 27 Protection of geographical indications Text Origin:		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Commission Proposal
Artio	le 27(1)			
285	1. Geographical indications entered in the Union register of geographical indications shall be protected against:	1. Geographical indications entered in the Union register of geographical indications shall be protected against:	1. Geographical indications entered in the Union register of geographical indications shall be protected against:	1. Geographical indications entered in the Union register of geographical indications shall be protected against: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 27(1), point (a)	1	1	
286	(a) any direct or indirect commercial use of the geographical indication in respect of products not covered by the registration, where those products are comparable to the products registered under that name or where use of a name exploits, weakens, dilutes, or is detrimental to the reputation of, the protected name;	(a) any direct or indirect commercial use of the geographical indication in respect of products not covered by the registration, where those products are comparable to the products registered under that name or where use of a name exploits, weakens, dilutes, or is detrimental to the reputation of, the protected name, <u>including where</u> <u>those products are</u> <u>used as ingredients</u> ;	(a) any direct or indirect commercial use of the geographical indication in respect of products not covered by the registration, where those products are comparable to the products registered under that name or where use of a namethat geographical indication for any product or any service exploits, weakens, dilutes, or is detrimental to the reputation of, the protected name, including when those products are used as an ingredient ;	 (a) any direct or indirect commercial use of the geographical indication in respect of products not covered by the registration, where those products are comparable to the products registered under that name or where use of <i>a</i> <i>namethat</i> <i>geographical</i> <i>indication for any</i> <i>product or any</i> <i>service</i> exploits, weakens, dilutes, or in detrimental to the reputation of, the protected name₁ <i>including when those</i> <i>products are used as</i> <i>an ingredient</i>; Text Origin: Council Mandate

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
۶ 28	 (b) any misuse, imitation or evocation, even if the true origin of the products or services is indicated or if the protected name is translated or accompanied by an expression such as 'style', 'type', 'method', 'as produced in', 'imitation', 'flavour', 'like' or similar. 	(b) any misuse, <u>counterfeiting</u> , imitation or evocation, even if the true origin of the products or services is indicated or if the protected name is translated <u>transcribed</u> , <u>transliterated</u> or accompanied by an expression such as 'style', 'type', 'method', 'as produced in', 'imitation', 'flavour', 'like' or similar , <u>including where</u> <u>those products are</u> <u>used as ingredients</u> ;	(b) any misuse, imitation or evocation, even if the true origin of the products or services is indicated or if the protected name is translated, transcribed or transliterated or accompanied by an expression such as 'style', 'type', 'method', 'as produced in', 'imitation', 'flavour', 'like' or similar-, including when those products are used as an ingredient;	<pre>(b) any misuse, imitation or evocation, even if the true origin of the products or services is indicated or if the protected name is translated, transcribed or transliterated or accompanied by an expression such as 'style', 'type', 'method', 'as produced in', 'imitation', 'flavour', 'like' or similar-, including when those products are used as an ingredient; Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
G 28	 ticle 27(1), point (c) (c) any other false or misleading indication as to the provenance, origin, nature or essential qualities of the product that is used on the inner or outer packaging, advertising material, documents or information provided on websites relating to the product concerned, and the packing of the product in a container liable to convey a false impression as to its origin; 	(c) any other false or misleading indication as to the provenance, origin, nature or essential qualities of the product that is used on the inner or outer packaging, advertising material, documents or information provided on websites <u>or on</u> <u>domain names</u> relating to the product concerned, and the packing of the product in a container liable to convey a false impression as to its origin;	(c) any other false or misleading indication as to the provenance, origin, nature or essential qualities of the product that is used on the inner or outer packaging, on advertising material, in documents or information provided on websitesonline interfaces relating to the product concerned, and the packing of the product in a container liable to convey a false impression as to its origin;	 (c) any other false or misleading indication as to the provenance, origin, nature or essential qualities of the product that is used on the inner or outer packaging, <u>on</u> advertising material, <u>in</u> documents or information provided on <u>websitesonline</u> <u>interfaces</u> relating to the product concerned, and the packing of the product in a container liable to convey a false impression as to its origin; Text Origin:

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Mandate
Artic	le 27(1), point (d)			
289	(d) any other practice liable to mislead the consumer as to the true origin of the product.	(d) any other practice liable to mislead the consumer as to the true origin of the product.	(d) any other practice liable to mislead the consumer as to the true origin of the product.	(d) any other practice liable to mislead the consumer as to the true origin of the product. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 27(2)			
290	2. For the purposes of paragraph (1), point (b), the evocation of a geographical indication shall arise, in particular, where a term, sign, or other labelling or packaging device presents a direct and clear link with the product covered by the registered geographical indication in the mind of the reasonably circumspect consumer, thereby exploiting, weakening, diluting or being detrimental to the reputation of the registered name.	2. For the purposes of paragraph (1), point (b), the evocation of a geographical indication shall arise, in particular, where a term, sign, or other labelling or packaging device presents a direct and clear link with the product covered by the registered geographical indication in the mind of the reasonably circumspect consumer, thereby exploiting, weakening, diluting or being detrimental to the registered name.deleted	2. For the purposes of paragraph (1), point (b), the evocation of a geographical indication shall arise, in particular, where a term, sign, or other labelling or packaging device presents a direct and clear link with the product covered by the registered geographical indication in the mind of the reasonably circumspect consumer, thereby exploiting, weakening, diluting or being detrimental to the reputation of the registered name. ¹ 1. * Moved to recital (19a).	
Artic	le 27(3)			Γ
291	3. paragraph (1) shall also apply to a domain name containing or consisting of the	3. paragraph (1) shall also apply to a domain name containing or consisting of the	3. Paragraph (1) shall also apply to-a domain name containing or	 Paragraph (1) shall also-apply to aall domain name containing or

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	registered geographical indication.	registered geographical indication.	consisting of the registered geographical indicationnames.	<pre>consisting of the registered geographical indicationnames that are accessible in the Union. Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Artic	le 27(3a)			
6 291 a				<u>3a. National rules on</u> <u>names used for</u> <u>agricultural products,</u> <u>wines and spirit</u> <u>drinks shall not give</u> <u>rise to confusion with</u> <u>registered</u> <u>geographical</u> <u>indications.</u>
Artic	le 27(4)			
6 292	4. The protection referred to in paragraph (1) also applies to:	4. The protection referred to in paragraph (1) also applies to:	4. The protection referred to in paragraph (1) also applies to:	 4. The protection referred to in paragraph (1) also applies to: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 27(4), point (a)			
⁶ 293	(a) goods entering the customs territory of the Union without being released for free circulation within that territory; and	(a) goods entering the customs territory of the Union without being released for free circulation within that territory;- <i>and</i>	(a) goods entering the customs territory of the Union without being released for free circulation within that territory; and	(a) goods entering the customs territory of the Union without being released for free circulation within that territory; and
				Text Origin: Commission Proposal

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
G	293 a		(aa) goods produced in the Union and destined to be exported to and marketed in third countries; and		
	Artic	le 27(4), point (b)			
G	294	(b) goods sold by means of distance selling, such as electronic commerce.	(b) goods sold by means of distance selling, such as electronic commerce.	(b) goods sold by means of distance selling, such as electronic commerce-; and	(b) goods sold by means of distance selling, such as electronic commerce: and Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 27(4), point (ba)		[
G	294 a			(ba) goods intended for export to third countries.	(ba) goods intended for export to third countries. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 27(4), point (bb)			
G	294 b		4a. Where the geographical indication contains one or more non- generic terms, the use of one, some or all of them in the same or in a different order from the one registered shall constitute one of the types of conduct referred to in paragraph 1, points (a) and (b).		



		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Artic	e 27(5)			
G	295	5. The recognised group of producers or any operator that is entitled to use the protected designation of origin or protected geographical indication shall be entitled to prevent all third parties from bringing goods, in the course of trade, into the Union without being released for free circulation there, where such goods, including packaging, come from third countries and are in breach of paragraph (1).	5. The <i>recognised</i> group of producers or any operator that is entitled to use the protected designation of origin or protected geographical indication shall be entitled to prevent all third parties from bringing goods, in the course of trade, into the Union without being released for free circulation there, where such goods, including packaging, come from third countries and are in breach of paragraph (1).	5. The recognised group of producers or any operator that isentities listed in Article 3(1)(d) of Regulation 608/2013 shall be entitled to use the protected designation of origin or protected geographical indication shall be entitledsubmit an application to the custom authorities to prevent all third parties from bringing goods, in the course of trade, into the Union without being released for free circulation there, where such goods, including packaging, come from third countries and are in breach of paragraph (1).	5. The recognised group of producers or any operator that isentities listed in Article 3(1)(d) of Regulation 608/2013 shall be entitled to use the protected designation of origin or protected geographical indication shall be entitled submit an application to the custom authorities to prevent all third parties from bringing goods, in the course of trade, into the Union without being released for free circulation there, where such goods, including packaging, come from third countries and are in breach of paragraph (1). Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	e 27(6)			
G	296	6. Geographical indications protected under this Regulation shall not become generic in the Union.	6. Geographical indications protected under this Regulation shall not become generic in the Union.	6. Geographical indications protected registered under this Regulation shall not become generic in the Union.	 6. Geographical indications protected registered under this Regulation shall not become generic in the Union. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	e 27(7)			

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
G	297	7. Where a geographical indication is a compound name which contains a term which is considered to be generic, the use of that term shall not constitute a conduct referred to inparagraph (1), point (a) and (b).	7. Where a geographical indication is a compound name which contains a term which is considered to be generic, the use of that term shall not constitute, <i>as a</i> <i>general rule</i> , a conduct referred to inparagraph (1), <i>pointpoints</i> (a) and (b).	7. Where a geographical indication is a compound name which contains a term which is considered to be generic, the use of that term shall not constitute a conduct referred to inparagraph (1), pointin paragraph (1), points (a) and (b).	7. Where a geographical indication is a compound name which contains a term which is considered to be generic, the use of that term shall not constitute, <u>as a</u> <u>general rule</u> , a conduct referred to <u>inparagraph (1)</u> , <u>pointin paragraph</u> (1), points (a) and (b). Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 27(7a)		Γ	
G	297 a		7a. Each MemberState shall takeappropriateadministrative andjudicial steps toprevent or stop theunlawful use ofprotecteddesignations of originand protectedgeographicalindications, asprovided for inparagraph 1, that areproduced or marketedin that Member State.To that end, MemberStates shall designatethe authorities thatare responsible fortaking those steps inaccordance withproceduresdetermined by eachindividual MemberState. Thoseauthorities shallprovide adequateguarantees of		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		objectivity and impartiality, and shall have at their disposal the qualified staff and resources necessary to carry out their functions.		
Artic	le 28			
۶ 298	Article 28 Ingredients in processed products	Article 28 Ingredients in processed products	Article 28 Ingredients in the names of processed products	Article 28 Ingredients in Article 28 Use of geographical indications designating a product used as an ingredient in the name of a processed productsproduct
Artic	cle 28(1)			
6 299	1. Article 27 is without prejudice to the use of a geographical indication by operators in conformity with Article 36 to indicate that a processed product contains, as an ingredient, a product designated by that geographical indication provided that such use is made in accordance with honest commercial practices and does not weaken, dilute or is not detrimental to the reputation of the geographical indication.	1. Article 27 is without prejudice to the use The name of a geographical indication used by operators in conformity with Article 36 to indicate that a processed product contains, as an ingredient, a in a processed product designated by that geographical indicationmay be referred to in the list of ingredients, provided that such use complies with Article 27, that it is made in accordance with honest commercial practices and does not weaken, dilute or is not detrimental to the reputation of the geographical	1. Article 27 is without prejudice to the use of a geographical indication by operators in conformity with Article 36 to indicate that a processed product contains, as an ingredient, a product designated by that geographical indication provided that such use is made in accordance with honest commercial practices and does not weaken, dilute or is not detrimental to the reputation.	

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			indication <u>, and that it</u> <u>complies with the</u> <u>applicable provisions</u> <u>of Regulation (EU)</u> <u>2019/787 in respect</u> <u>of spirit drinks</u> .		
	Artic	le 28(1a)(2)			
G	300	2. The geographical indication designating a product ingredient shall not be used in the food name of the related processed product, except in cases of an agreement with a producer group representing two thirds of the producers.	2. The geographical indication designating a product ingredient shall not be used in the food name, <i>labelling except the</i> <i>list of ingredients,</i> <i>packaging device or</i> <i>advertising</i> of the related processed product, except in cases of <u>the existence</u> of an agreement <u>in</u> <i>writing including</i> <i>control provisions</i> <i>concluded with the</i> <i>recognised producer</i> <i>group, or, where such</i> <i>a group does not</i> <i>exist, the with a</i> producer group representing two <i>thirds of the</i> <i>producers, which</i> <i>may establish</i> <i>minimum conditions</i> <i>for the fair usage of</i> <i>the name</i> .	2. Without prejudice to Article 27, the geographical indication designating a product used as an ingredient shall notin a processed product may be used in the food-name of the related that processed product, except in cases of an agreement with a producer group representing two thirds of the producers.where:	2. <u>Without prejudice</u> to Articles 27 and 37 (6) of this Regulation and to Articles 7 and 17 of Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011, the geographical indication designating a product <u>used as an</u> ingredient shall notin a processed product may be used in the food name of the related that processed product may be used in the food name of the related that producer group representing two thirds of the producers.or in its labelling, or in advertising material where:
	Artic	le 28(2), point (a)	1		
G	300 a			(a) the processed product does not contain any other product comparable to the product ingredient designated by the geographical indication included	(a) the processed product does not contain any other product comparable to the ingredient designated by the geographical indication;



300 b 300 b b an essential characteristic on the processed product concerned; and Article 28(2), point (c) (c) the percentage of the concerned product ingredient in the processed product ingredient in the processed product is indicated in the label. (c) the percentage of the concerned product is indicated in the label. 300 c (c) the percentage of the concerned product is indicated in the label. (c) the percentage of the concerned product is indicated in the label. Article 28(1a), (2) a A producer of a grepacked food as defined in Article 2(2)(c) of Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011, containing as an ingredient a product designated by a geographical indication, who wasts to use that geographical indication in the name of that prepacked food, shall give a prior notification to the	Commiss Proposa	KP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
300 b) b) b) the concerned product ingredient is used in sufficient quantities to confer an essential characteristic on the processed product concerned; and the concerned indication is used in an essential characteristic on the processed product concerned; and Article 28(2), point (c) (c) the percentage of the concerned product ingredient in the processed product ingredient designation in the analysis of the concerned ingredient designation in the processed product is indication in the label. 300 c) c) the processed product ingredient in the processed product is indication in the processed product is indication in the processed product is indication in the label. 300 d) A producer of a prepacked food as defined in Article 22(1/c) of Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011, containing as an ingredient a product designated by a geographical indication, who wants to use that geographical indication, who was to use that geographical indication in the name of that prepacked food, shall give a prior notification in the name of that prepacked food, shall give a prior			in its name;	
300 b product ingredient is used in sufficient quantities to confer an essential characteristic on the processed product concerned; and sufficient quantities to confer an essential characteristic on the processed product concerned; and Article 28(2), point (c) (c) the percentage of the concerned product is indicated in the processed product concerned; and (c) the percentage of the concerned product is indicated in the processed product is indicated in the label. (c) the percentage of the concerned product is indicated in the label. 300 c (c) the percentage of the concerned product is indicated in the label. (c) the percentage of the concerned product is indicated in the label. (c) the percentage of the concerned product is indicated in the label. Article 28(1a), (2) a A producer of a producet of a geographical indication in the label. 2a. In addition, produce is indicated in the label. 300 defined in Article 2(2)(e) of Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011, containing as an ingredient a product designated by a geographical indication in the mame of that indication in the indication in t	Article 28(2), point (b)		
300 c (c) the percentage of the concerned product ingredient in the processed product is indicated in the label. (c) the percentage of the concerned ingredient designal by geographical indication in the processed product is indicated in the label. Article 28(1a), (2) a A producer of a prepacked food as defined in Article 2(2)(e) of Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011, containing as an ingredient a product designated by a geographical indication, who was to use that geographical indication, who was to use that geographical indication in the name of that prepacked food, shall give a prior notification to the 2a. In addition, product indication, producers of a prepacked food as defined in Article 2(2)(e) of Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011, containing as an ingredient a product designated by a geographical indication, who was to use that geographical indication in the name of that prepacked food, shall give a prior notification to the			product ingredient is used in sufficient quantities to confer an essential characteristic on the processed product	ingredient designated by geographical indication is used in sufficient quantities to confer an essential characteristic on the processed product
300 c the concerned product ingredient in the processed product is indicated in the label. the concerned ingredient designant by geographical indication in the processed product i indicated in the label. Article 28(1a), (2) a A producer of a prepacked food as defined in Article 2(2)(e) of Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011, containing as an ingredient a product designated by a geographical indication, who wants to use that geographical indication in the name of that prepacked food, shall give a prior notification to the 2a. In addition, producers of a prepacked food as defined in Article 2(2)(e) of Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011, containing as an ingredient a product designated by a geographical indication, who 	Article 28(2), point (c)		
300 d			the concerned product ingredient in the processed product is indicated	ingredient designated by geographical
300 d300 d300 d300 d300 d300 d300 d300 d300 d300 d300 d300 d300 	Article 28(1a), (2) a			
recognised producer group where such a group exist. <i>motification in</i> <i>writing, to the</i>			prepacked food as defined in Article 2(2)(e) of Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011, containing as an ingredient a product designated by a geographical indication, who wants to use that geographical indication in the name of that prepacked food, shall give a prior notification to the recognised producer group where such a	producers of a prepacked food as defined in Article 2(2)(e) of Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011, containing as an ingredient a product designated by a geographical indication, who want to use that geographical indication in the name of that prepacked food, including in advertising material, shall give a prior notification in

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Proposal			group exists for that geographical indication. They shall include in the notification the information that demonstrates that the conditions referred to in paragraph 2 are complied with and act accordingly. The recognised producer group shall acknowledge in writing, the receipt of this notification within four months. The producer of prepacked food shall start using the geographical indication in the name of the prepacked food after the reception of the acknowledgment or after the expiry this time period. The recognised producer group may join to the acknowledgement non-binding information on the use of the concerned geographical indication. Member States may provide, in line with the Treaties, for additional procedural rules concerning the propacked food established on their territory.
Artic	le 28(1b)			
⁶ 300 e			This paragraph shall not apply to spirit drinks.	2b. Without prejudice of paragraph 2 of this

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
					article, the recognised producer group and the producer of prepacked food may conclude a contractual agreement about the specific technical and visual elements of the presentation of the ingredient in the name of the prepacked food in labelling, elsewhere than in the list of ingredients, or in advertising material. ITM 11/10 agreed to put reference to respect of the contractual freedom of the parties in a recital Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 28(1c)		F	
G	300 f				<u>2c.</u> <u>This article shall</u> <u>not apply to spirit</u> <u>drinks.</u>
	Artic	le 28(3)	I	I	
G	301	3. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by additional rules on the use of geographical indications to identify ingredients in	3. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by additional rules on the use of geographical indications to identify	3. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by additional rules on the use of geographical indications to identify ingredients inin the	3. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by additional rules on the use of <i>geographical</i> <i>indications to identify</i> <i>ingredients</i>

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement	
		processed products referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article.	<i>ingredients in</i> <i>processed products</i> <i>referred to in</i> <i>paragraph (1) of this</i> <i>Article.<mark>deleted</mark></i>	name of processed products referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article with reference to the use of comparable ingredients and the criteria of conferring essential characteristics on the processed products.	incomparable products as ingredients and the criteria of conferring essential characteristics on the processed products referred to-in paragraph (1) of this Article.2.	
	Artic	e 29		Γ		
G	302	Article 29 Generic terms	Article 29 Generic terms	Article 29 Generic terms	Article 29 Generic terms Text Origin: Commission Proposal	G
	Artic	e 29(1)		- -		
G	303	1. Generic terms shall not be registered as geographical indications.	1. Generic terms shall not be registered as geographical indications.	1. Generic terms shall not be registered as geographical indications.	 Generic terms shall not be registered as geographical indications. Text Origin: Commission Proposal 	G
	Artic	e 29(2)				
G	304	2. To establish whether or not a term has become generic, account shall be taken of all relevant factors, in particular:	2. To establish whether or not a term has become generic, account shall be taken of all relevant factors, in particular:	2. To establish whether or not a term has become generic, account shall be taken of all relevant factors, in particular:	 2. To establish whether or not a term has become generic, account shall be taken of all relevant factors, in particular: Text Origin: Commission Proposal 	G
	Artic	e 29(2), point (a)				



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
° 305	(a) the existing situation in the areas of consumption;	(a) the existing situation in the areas of consumption;	(a) the existing situation in the areas of consumption;	 (a) the existing situation in the areas of consumption; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 29(2), point (b)			
° 306	(b) the relevant national or Union legal acts.	(b) the relevant national or Union legal acts.	(b) the relevant national or Union legal acts.	<pre>(b) the relevant national or Union legal acts. Text Origin: Commission Proposal</pre>
Artic	le 29(3)			
G 307	3. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by additional rules for determining the generic status of terms referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article.	3. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by additional rules for determining the generic status of terms referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article.deleted	3. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by additional rules for determining the generic status of terms referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article.	3. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by additional rules for determining the generic status of terms referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article.
Artic	le 30	I		
o 308	Article 30 Homonymous geographical indications	Article 30 Homonymous geographical indications	Article 30 Homonymous geographical indications	Article 30 Homonymous geographical indications Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 30(1)			



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
6 309	1. A geographical indication that has been applied for after a wholly or partly homonymous geographical indication had been applied for or protected in the Union, shall not be registered unless there is sufficient distinction in practice between the conditions of local and traditional usage and the presentation of the two homonymous indications, taking into account the need to ensure equitable treatment of the producers concerned and that consumers are not misled as to the true identity or geographical origin of the products.	1. A geographical indication that has been applied for after a wholly or partly homonymous geographical indication had been applied for or protected in the Union, shall not be registered unless there is sufficient distinction in practice between the conditions of local and traditional usage and the presentation of the two homonymous indications, taking into account the need to ensure equitable treatment of the producers concerned and that consumers are not misled as to the true identity or geographical origin of the products.	1. A geographical indication that has been applied for after a wholly or partly homonymous geographical indication had been applied for or protected in the Union, shall not be registered unless there is sufficient distinction in practice between the conditions of local and traditionallong- established usage and the presentation of the two homonymous indications, taking into account the need to ensure equitable treatment of the producers concerned and that consumers are not misled as to the true identity or geographical origin of the products.	1. A geographical indication that has been applied for after a wholly or partly homonymous geographical indication had been applied for or protected in the Union, shall not be registered unless there is sufficient distinction in practice between the conditions of local and <i>traditionallong-</i> <i>established</i> usage and the presentation of the two homonymous indications, taking into account the need to ensure equitable treatment of the producers concerned and that consumers are not misled as to the true identity or geographical origin of the products. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 30(2)			
s 310	2. A wholly or partly homonymous name which misleads the consumer into believing that products come from another territory shall not be registered even if the name for the actual territory, region or place of origin of the products in question is accurate.	2. A wholly or partly homonymous name which <i>is suggestive of</i> <i>another product or</i> misleads the consumer into believing that products come from another territory shall not be registered even if the name for the actual territory, region or place of origin of the products in	2. A wholly or partly homonymous name which misleads the consumer into believing that products come from another territory shall not be registered even if the name for the actual territory, region or place of origin of the products in question is accurate.	2. A wholly or partly homonymous name which misleads the consumer into believing that products come from another territory shall not be registered even if the name for the actual territory, region or place of origin of the products in question is accurate.
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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		question is accurate.		Text Origin: Council Mandate
Articl	e 30(3)			
311	3. For the purposes of this Article, a homonymous geographical indication applied for or protected in the Union refers to:	3. For the purposes of this Article, a homonymous geographical indication applied for or protected in the Union refers to:	3. For the purposes of this Article, a homonymous geographical indication applied for or protected in the Union refers to:	3. For the purposes of this Article, a homonymous geographical indication applied for or protected in the Union refers to: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Articl	e 30(3), point (a)			
312	(a) geographical indications that are entered in the Union register of geographical indications;	(a) geographical indications that are entered in the Union register of geographical indications;	(a) geographical indications that are entered in the Union register of geographical indications;	 (a) geographical indications that are entered in the Union register of geographical indications; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Articl	e 30(3), point (b)			
313	(b) geographical indications that have been applied for provided that they are subsequently entered in the Union register of geographical indications;	(b) geographical indications that have been applied for provided that they are subsequently entered in the Union register of geographical indications;	(b) geographical indications that have been applied for provided that they are subsequently entered in the Union register of geographical indications;	 (b) geographical indications that have been applied for provided that they are subsequently entered in the Union register of geographical indications; Text Origin: Commission Proposal



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
G 314	 (c) appellations of origin and geographical indications protected in the Union pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2019/1753 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹; and 1. Regulation (EU) 2019/1753 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2019 on the action of the Union following its accession to the Geneva Act of the Lisbon Agreement on Appellations of Origin and Geographical Indications (OJ L 271, 24.10.2019, p. 1). 	 (c) appellations of origin and geographical indications protected in the Union pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2019/1753 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹; and 1. Regulation (EU) 2019/1753 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2019 on the action of the Union following its accession to the Geneva Act of the Lisbon Agreement on Appellations of Origin and Geographical Indications (OJ L 271, 24.10.2019, p. 1). 	(c) appellations of origin and geographical indications protected in the Union pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2019/1753 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ; and <u>1</u> . Regulation (EU) 2019/1753 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2019 on the action of the Union following its accession to the Geneva Act of the Lisbon Agreement on Appellations of Origin and Geographical Indications (OJ L 271, 24.10.2019, p. 1).	(c) appellations of origin and geographical indications protected in the Union pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2019/1753 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ; and <u>1</u> . Regulation (EU) 2019/1753 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2019 on the action of the Union following its accession to the Geneva Act of the Lisbon Agreement on Appellations of Origin and Geographical Indications (OJ L 271, 24.10.2019, p. 1). Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 30(3), point (d)		Γ	
° 315	(d) geographical indications, names of origin and equivalent terms protected pursuant to an international agreement between the Union and one or more third countries.	(d) geographical indications, names of origin and equivalent terms protected pursuant to an international agreement between the Union and one or more third countries.	(d) geographical indications, names of origin and equivalent terms protected pursuant to an international agreement between the Union and one or more third countries.	 (d) geographical indications, names of origin and equivalent terms protected pursuant to an international agreement between the Union and one or more third countries. Text Origin: Commission Proposal

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Artic	le 30(4)			
316	4. The Commission shall cancel the geographical indications registered in breach of paragraph (1) and (2).	4. The Commission shall cancel the geographical indications registered in breach of paragraph (1) and (2).	4. The Commission shall cancel the adopt an implementing act to remove from the Union register any geographical indicationsindication registered in breach of paragraph (1) andor (2).	4. The Commission shall <u>cancel the adopt</u> <u>an implementing act</u> <u>to remove from the</u> <u>Union register any</u> geographical <u>indications indication</u> registered in breach of paragraph (1) <u>andor</u> (2). Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 30(5)			Manuale
317	5. The implementing acts referred to in paragraph (4) shall be adopted without applying the procedure referred to in Article 53(2).	5. The implementing acts referred to in paragraph (4) shall be adopted without applying the procedure referred to in Article 53(2).	5. The implementing actsact referred to in paragraph (4) shall be adopted without applying thein accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2)84a(2).	 5. The implementing actsact referred to in paragraph (4) shall be adopted without applying thein accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2)84a(2). Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 31			
318	Article 31 Trade marks	Article 31 Trade marks<u>deleted</u>	Article 31 Trade marks	Article 31 Trade marks Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 31, first paragraph			
319	A name shall not be	A name shall not be	A name shall not be	A name shall not be

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	registered as a geographical indication where, in the light of a trade mark's reputation and renown, registration of the name proposed as a geographical indication could mislead the consumer as to the true identity of the product.	registered as a geographical indication where, in the light of a trade mark's reputation and renown, registration of the name proposed as a geographical indication could mislead the consumer as to the true identity of the product.deleted	registered as a geographical indication where, in the light of a trade mark's reputation and renown and the length of time it has been used , registration of the name proposed as a geographical indication couldwould be liable to mislead the consumer as to the true identity of the product.	registered as a geographical indication where, in the light of a trade mark's reputation and renown <u>and the</u> length of time it has <u>been used</u> , registration of the name proposed as a geographical indication <u>couldwould</u> <u>be liable to</u> mislead the consumer as to the true identity of the product. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Articl	le 31a			
319 a				<u>Article 31a</u> <u>Relationship between</u> <u>geographical</u> <u>indications and trade</u> <u>marks</u>
Articl	le 31a, first paragraph			•
319 b				1. An application for the registration of a trade mark the use of which would contravene Article 27 shall be rejected if the application for registration of the trade mark is submitted after the date of submission to the Commission of the application for the registration of the geographical
				indication.

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
⁶ 319 с				2. Union trade marks registered in breach of paragraph 1 shall be declared invalid by the European Union Intellectual Property Office (EUIPO) and national trade marks registered in breach of paragraph 1 shall be declared invalid by the competent national authorities.
Artio	le 31a, third paragraph		T	
G 319 d				3. A trade mark the use of which contravenes Article 27, which has been applied for, registered, or established by use in good faith within the territory of the Union, if that possibility is provided for by the legislation concerned, before the date on which the application for registration of the geographical indication is submitted to the Commission, may continue to be used and renewed notwithstanding the registration of a geographical indication, provided that no grounds for invalidity or revocation of the trade mark exist under Directive (EU) 2015/2436 or Regulation (EU) 2017/1001. In such



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				<u>cases, the use of the</u> <u>geographical</u> <u>indication, if then</u> <u>registered, and that of</u> <u>the relevant trade</u> <u>mark shall be</u> <u>permitted.</u>
Artio	cle 31a, fourth paragraph			
^в 319 е				4. For the purposes of paragraphs 1 and 3, where geographical indications were registered in the Union without the submission of a application for registration at Union stage, the date of submission to the Commission of the application for registration of the geographical indication shall be the date of the first day of protection.
Artio	cle 31a, fifth paragraph			
۶ 319 f				5. Without prejudice to Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011, guarantee or certification marks referred to in Article 28(4) of Directive (EU) 2015/2436 and collective marks referred to in Article 29(3) of that Directive, as well as collective marks as referred to in Chapter VIII of Regulation (EU) 2017/1001, may be used on labels, together with the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				<u>geographical</u> indication.
Artic	le 32			
۶ 320	Article 32 Producer groups	Article 32 Producer groups	Article 32 Producer groups	Article 32 Producer groups Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 32(-1)(1)		I	
G 321	1. A producer group shall be set up on the initiative of interested stakeholders, including farmers, farm suppliers, intermediate processors and final processors, as specified by the national authorities and according to the nature of the product concerned. Member States shall verify that the producer group operates in a transparent and democratic manner and that all producers of the product designated by the geographical indication enjoy right of membership in the group. Member States may provide that public officials, and other stakeholders such as consumer groups, retailers and suppliers, also participate in the works of the producer group.	1. A producer group shall be set up on the initiative of interested stakeholders, including farmers, farm suppliers, <i>intermediate</i> <i>processors and</i> <i>finalproducers and</i> <i>associations of</i> <i>producers</i> , processors, as specified by the <i>relevant</i> national authorities <i>in</i> <i>accordance with their</i> <i>national law</i> , and according to the nature of the product concerned. <u>A</u> <i>producer group may</i> <i>also be set up on the</i> <i>initiative of a</i> <i>Member States</i> Member States shall verify that the producer group operates in a transparent and democratic manner <i>via, in particular,</i> <i>internal rules that</i> <i>enable its members to</i> <i>scrutinise it</i> <i>democratically</i> , and that all producers of	1. A producer group shall be set up on the initiative of interested stakeholders, including farmers, farm suppliers, intermediate processors and final processors, as specified by the national authorities and according to the naturean association of producers of the producer so of the producer group operates in a transparent and democratic manner and that all producers of thesame product designated by the geographical indication enjoy right of membership in the group. Member States may provide that public officials, and other stakeholders such as consumer groups, retailers and suppliers, also participate in the works of the producer	1. A producer group shall be set up on the initiative of interested stakeholders, including farmers, farm suppliers, intermediate processors and final processors and final processors, as specified by the national authorities and according to the naturean association of producers of the producer group operates in a transparent and democratic manner and that all producers of the same product designated by the geographical indication enjoy right of membership in the group. Member States may provide that public officials, and other stakeholders such as consumer groups, retailers and suppliers, also participate in the works of the producer

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement	
			the product designated by the geographical indication enjoy <i>the</i> right of membership <i>inof</i> the group. Member States may <i>provide that public</i> <i>officials, and other</i> <i>stakeholders such as</i> <i>consumer groups,</i> <i>retailers and</i> <i>suppliers, also</i> <i>participate in the</i> <i>works of thelay down</i> <i>rules to ensure that</i> <i>only one producer</i> <i>group, representing a</i> <i>majority of</i> <i>producers, can</i> <i>operate for each</i> <i>geographical</i> <i>indication and that</i> <i>membership of the</i> <i>producer group and</i> <i>the contribution to</i> <i>costs associated with</i> <i>the exercise of the</i> <i>producer group 's'</i> <i>powers and the</i> <i>fulfilment of its</i> <i>responsibilities is</i> <i>compulsory for all</i> <i>producers.</i> <i>Without prejudice to</i> <i>paragraph 2, national</i> <i>authorities may, in</i> <i>accordance with</i> <i>national law, define</i> <i>the tasks, powers and</i> <i>responsibilities</i> <i>granted to a</i> producer group.	group.or products, irrespective of its legal form. It shall meet the following criteria:	group.or products, irrespective of its legal form. It shall meet the following criteria: Text Origin: Council Mandate	
	Artic	le 32(1), first subparagra	ph, point (a)			
G	321 a			(a) performing tasks under this Regulation, including at least one of those set out in paragraph 2;	(a) performing tasks under this Regulation, including at least one of those set out in paragraph 2;	G

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 32(1), first subparagra	oh, point (a)		
з 321 b			(b) being voluntarily set up on the initiative of, and composed by, producers;	<pre>(b) being voluntarily set up on the initiative of, and composed by, producers; Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Artic	le 32(1), first subparagra	oh, point (a)		
^в 321 с			(c) being democratically organised and controlled by its members.	<pre>(c) being democratically organised, controlled and scrutinised by its members. Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Artic	le 32(1), second subpara	graph		
^с 321 d			In the case of applicant producer groups, these criteria shall be met at the latest on the date of registration of the geographical indication.	In the case of applicant producer groups, these criteria shall be met at the latest on the date of registration of the geographical indication. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 32(-1a)			
³²¹ ⁶			A producer of a	<u>-1a.</u> <u>A producer of a</u>

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				product designated by a geographical indication shall have the right to join a producer group. Member States may restrict the membership to certain categories of producers, taking into account the nature of the product covered by the producer group.	product designated by a geographical indication shall have the right to join a producer group. Member States may restrict the membership to certain categories of producers, taking into account the nature of the product covered by the producer group. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 32(-1b)			
G	321 f			Member States may provide for additional rules, especially regarding the organisation, statute, functioning, membership and financial contributions.	<u>-1b. Member States</u> <u>may provide for</u> <u>additional rules,</u> <u>especially regarding</u> <u>the organisation,</u> <u>statute, functioning</u> <u>and the nature of</u> <u>membership and of</u> <u>financial</u> <u>contributions.</u>
	Artic	le 32(2)			
G	322	2. A producer group may exercise in particular the following powers and responsibilities:	2. Where a recognised producer group does not exist, a producer group may exercise in particular the followingpowers and responsibilities:	2. A producer group may exercise in particular the following powers and responsibilities tasks :	2. A producer group may exercise in particular the following <i>powers and</i> <i>responsibilities<u>tasks</u></i> : Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 32(2), point (a)			
G	323	(a) develop the product specification	(a) develop the product specification	(a) develop the product specification,	(a) develop the product specification,

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	and manage internal controls that ensure compliance of production steps of the product designated by the geographical indication with the said specification;	and manage <i>internal</i> controls that ensureactivities relating to verifying and ensuring compliance of production steps of the product designated by the geographical indication with the said specification;	apply for registration, amendment and cancellation, and develop activities, including supporting its members with their own control systems to ensure compliance and manage internal controls that ensure compliance of production steps of the product designated by the geographical indication with the saidproduct specification concerned;	apply for registration, amendment and cancellation, and develop activities, including supporting its members with their own control systems to verify and ensure compliance and manage internal controls that ensure compliance of production steps of the product designated by the geographical indication with the saidproduct specification; concerned
Artic	le 32(2), point (b)			
G 324	(b) take legal action to ensure protection of the geographical indication and of the intellectual property rights that are directly connected with it;	(b) take legal action, including action before civil and criminal courts, to ensure protection offline and online of the geographical indication and of the intellectual property rights that are directly connected with it, including websites, domain names and electronic commerce, and claim damages;	(b) take legal action to ensure protection of the geographical indication and of the intellectual property rights that are directly connected with it;	(b) take legalengage in appropriate action to ensure protection of the geographical indication and of the intellectual property rights that are directly connected with it, including legal actions and filing applications for actions with custom authorities in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 608/2013 and preventing or countering any measures or marketing practices which are, or risk being, detrimental to the reputation or value of the geographical indication concerned;



		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement	
G	324 a				(ba) represent the members of the producer group in intellectual property enforcement networks and towards anti-counterfeit bodies established by national or Union authorities.	G
	Artic	le 32(2), point (c)				
G	325	(c) agree sustainability undertakings, whether or not included in the product specification or as a separate initiative, including arrangements for verification of compliance with those undertakings and assuring adequate publicity for them notably in an information system provided by the Commission;	(c) agree sustainability undertakings, whether or not included in the product specification or as a separate initiative, including arrangements for verification of compliance with those undertakings and including undertakings which complement and contribute to producers' agro- ecological strategies to combat climate change, whether included in the product specification or elsewhere, assuring adequate publicity for them notably in an information system provided by the Commission;	(c) agree sustainability undertakings, whether or notsustainable practices as referred to in Article 6a, whether included in the product specification or as a separate initiative, including arrangements for verification of compliance with those undertakingspractices and assuring adequate publicity for them notably in an information system provided by the Commission;	(c) agree sustainability undertakings, whether or notsustainable practices as referred to in Article 6 a, whether included in the product specification or as a separate initiative, including arrangements for verification of compliance with those undertakingspractices and assuring adequate publicity for them notably in an information system provided by the Commission;	G
	Artic	le 32(2), point (d)	·			
G	326	(d) take action to improve the performance of the geographical indication, including:	(d) take action to improve the performance of the geographical indication, <u>in terms of</u> <u>economic, social and</u>	(d) take action to improve the performance of the geographical indication, including:	(d) take action to improve the performance of the geographical indication, <u>in terms of</u> <u>economic</u> , <u>social and</u>	G

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		environmental sustainability, including:		<u>environmental</u> <u>sustainability,</u> including:
				Text Origin: EP Mandate
Artic	le 32(2), point (d)(-i)			
_в 326 а		(-i) establishing the minimum conditions for the usage of the name of a geographical indication;		
Artic	le 32(2), point (d)(i)			
s 327	(i) development, organisation and conduct of collective marketing and advertising campaigns;	(i) development, organisation and conduct of collective marketing and advertising campaigns;	(i) development, organisation and conduct of collective marketing and advertising campaigns;	(i) development, organisation and conduct of collective marketing and advertising campaigns;
				Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 32(2), point (d)(ii)			
6 328	(ii) dissemination of information and promotion activities aiming at communicating the attributes of the product designated by a geographical indication to consumers;	(ii) dissemination of information and promotion activities aiming at communicating the attributes of the product designated by a geographical indication to consumers, <i>including</i> <i>the development of</i> <i>tourism services</i> <i>relating to</i> <i>sustainable and</i> <i>responsible rural</i> <i>tourism in the</i> <i>geographical area</i> <i>referred to in the</i>	(ii) dissemination of information and promotion activities aiming at communicating the attributes of the product designated by a geographical indication to consumers;	(ii) dissemination of information and promotion activities aiming at communicating the attributes of the product designated by a geographical indication to consumers, <i>including</i> <i>the development of</i> <i>tourism services in</i> <i>the relevant</i> <i>geographical area</i> ;

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		product specification;		
Artic	le 32(2), point (d)(iii)			
329	(iii) carrying out analyses into the economic performance, sustainability of production, nutritional profile, and organoleptic profile, of the product designated by the geographical indication;	(iii) carrying out analyses into the economic, <i>social or</i> <i>environmental</i> performance, <i>sustainability</i> of production, nutritional profile, and organoleptic profile, of the product designated by the geographical indication;	(iii) carrying out analyses into the economic performance, sustainability of production, nutritional profile, and organoleptic profile, of the product designated by the geographical indication;	<pre>(iii) carrying out analyses into the economic, social or <u>environmental</u> performance, sustainability of production, nutritional profile, and organoleptic profile, of the product designated by the geographical indication; Text Origin: EP Mandate</pre>
Artic	le 32(2), point (d)(iv)			
330	(iv) dissemination of information on the geographical indication and the relevant Union symbol; and	(iv) dissemination of information on the geographical indication and the relevant Union symbol; and	(iv) dissemination of information on the geographical indication and the relevant Union symbol; and	<pre>(iv) dissemination of information on the geographical indication-and, the relevant Union symbol and abbreviation (PDO or PGI); and Text Origin: Commission Proposal</pre>
Artic	le 32(2), point (d)(v)			
331	(v) providing advice and training to current and future producers, including on gender mainstreaming and equality.	(v) providing advice and training to current and future producers, including on gender mainstreaming and equality.	(v) providing advice, training and best practice guidelines and training to current and future producers, including on sustainable practices, scientific- technical progress, digitalisation, gender mainstreaming and	(v) providing advice, <u>training and</u> <u>dissemination of best</u> <u>practice guidelines</u> and training to current and future producers, including on <u>sustainable</u> <u>practices, in</u> <u>particular those</u> <u>provided for in</u>

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				equality-;	Article 6a, scientific- technical progress, digitalisation, gender mainstreaming and equality- <u>and raising</u> awareness among consumers;
	Artic	le 32(2), point (d)(va)			
G	331 a			(da) engage in appropriate action to ensure protection of the geographical indication and of the intellectual property rights that are directly connected with it, including filing applications for actions with custom authorities in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 608/2013 and preventing or countering any measures which are, or risk being, detrimental to the reputation of the geographical indication concerned;	
_	Artic	le 32(2), point (e)		[
G	332	(e) combat counterfeiting and suspected fraudulent uses on the internal market of a geographical indication designating products that are not in compliance with the product specification, by monitoring the use of the geographical	(e) combat counterfeiting and suspected fraudulent uses on the internal market, <i>including the</i> <u>Union digital market</u> , of a geographical indication designating products that are not in compliance with the product specification, by monitoring the use of	(e) combat counterfeitinginfringe ments and suspected fraudulent uses on the internal market of a geographical indication designating products designated by geographical indications that are not in compliance with the product	(e) combat <u>counterfcitinginfringe</u> <u>ments</u> and suspected fraudulent uses on the <u>internal market of a</u> <u>geographical</u> <u>indication designating</u> <u>products designated</u> <u>by geographical</u> <u>indications</u> that are not in compliance with the product



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	indication across the internal market and on third countries markets where the geographical indications are protected, including on the internet, and, as necessary, inform enforcement authorities using confidential systems available.	the geographical indication across the internal market and on third countries markets where the geographical indications are protected, including on the internet, and, as necessary, inform enforcement authorities using confidential systems available- <u>;</u>	specification, by monitoring and verifying the use of the geographical indication across the internal market and on third countriescountry markets where the geographical indications are protected, including on the internetonline interfaces, and, as necessary, inform enforcement authorities using confidential systems where available-;	specification, by monitoring <u>and</u> <u>verifying</u> the use of the geographical indication across the internal market and on third <u>countriescountry</u> markets where the geographical indications are protected, including on <u>the internetonline</u> <u>interfaces</u> , and, as necessary, inform enforcement authorities using confidential systems <u>where</u> available: <u>Text Origin:</u> Council Mandate
Artic	le 32(2), point (ea)			
⁶ 332 a			(f) represent the members of the producer group in intellectual property enforcement networks and towards anti- counterfeit bodies established by national or Union authorities.	
Artic	le 32(2), point (eb)			
₀ 332 b		(ea) take measures to enhance the value of products and, where necessary, take steps to prevent or counter any measures or commercial practices which are, or risk being, detrimental to the image and value of their products,		(eb) take measures to enhance the value of products and, where necessary, take steps to prevent or counter any measures or commercial practices which are, or risk being, detrimental to the image and value of their products,

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		including devaluating marketing practices and lowering prices;		<u>including devaluating</u> <u>marketing practices</u> <u>and lowering prices;</u> Text Origin:
				EP Mandate
Artic	le 32(2), point (ec)			
^в 332 с		(eb) take measures to disseminate best practices and raise awareness among producers and consumers of the sustainability undertakings provided for in <u>Article 12;</u>		
Artic	le 32(2), point (ed)			
⁶ 332 d		(ec) establish the minimum conditions for the fair usage of the name of a geographical indication as an ingredient in a processed product, referred to in Article 28(2), and determine the rules for requesting a financial contribution from the processor for such use.		
Artic	le 32(2a)			
_в 332 е			2a. Member States may, within their territory, assist producers in the creation and functioning of producer groups.	2a. <u>Member States</u> may, within their territory, assist producers in the creation and functioning of producer groups. Text Origin:

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			Council Mandate
Article 32(2b)			
332 f		2b. Member States may decide that stakeholders other than producers may be members of a producer group, if they have a specific interest in the products covered by the producer group. Those members shall not control the producer group.	2b. Member States may decide that operators and representatives of economic activities linked to one of the stage of the supply chain of products designated by a GI and stakeholders mentioned in Article 157 of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 may be members of a producer group, if they have a specific interest in the products covered by the producer group. Those members shall not control the producer group. Thext Origin: Council Mandate
Article 32(2c)			
332 g		2c. If, for a product designated by a geographical indication no producer group exists, Member States may exercise the tasks of paragraph 2(d), (da) and (e). The Member State shall interact with the producers accordingly and assist producers in establishing a producer group.	2c. If, for a product designated by a geographical indication no producer group exists, Member States may exercise the tasks of paragraph 2(b),(d) and (e). The Member State shall interact with and assist producers with a view to establishing a producer group.

Commissi Proposa	R P Mandata	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article 32(2d)			
332 h	2a. By way of derogation from paragraph 2 of this Article, Member States may limit some or all of the powers and responsibilities referred to in that paragraph exclusively to the recognised producer groups referred to in Article 33.		
Article 32(2e)			
332 i Article 33		2d. Member States may set up a public register of producer groups situated in their territory, including authorities according to Article 8(2) and producers according to Article 8(3). The register shall contain, at least, for each the name, the legal form, the address, and all geographical indications covered by the producer group.	2e.Member States may set up a public register of producer groups situated in their territory, including authorities according to Article 8(2) and producers according to Article 8(3). The register shall contain, at least for each the name, the legal form, the address, and all geographical indications covered by the producer group.Text Origin: Council Mandate
333 Article 33 Recognised pro		Article 33 Recognised producer	Article 33 Recognised producer
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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	groups	groups	groups	groups Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Articl	e 33(1)			
6 334	1. Upon a request of producer groups fulfilling the conditions of paragraph 3, Member States shall designate, in accordance with their national law, one producer group as recognised producer group for each geographical indication originating in their territory that is registered or is subject to an application for registration or for product names that are a potential subject for application for registration.	1. Upon a request of <i>a</i> producer <i>groupsgroup</i> fulfilling the conditions of paragraph 32. Member States or, in <i>accordance with an</i> <i>international</i> <i>agreement to which</i> <i>the Union is a</i> <i>contracting party</i> , <i>third countries</i> shall designate, in accordance with their national law, one producer group as recognised producer group for <i>eacha</i> <i>specific</i> geographical <i>indications</i> originating in their territory, <i>which are</i> <i>that is</i> registered or <i>isare</i> subject to an application for registration or for product names that are a potential subject for application for registration.	1. Upon a requestIn addition to Article 32, a Member State may apply a system of recognition of producer groups fulfilling the conditions of paragraph 3, Member States shall designate, in accordance with their national law, one producer group as recognised. The recognition system may be applied to all producer groups whose members produce a product which is designated as a geographical indication or to producer group for eachgroups producing specified categories of products designated as geographical indication originating in their territory that is registered or is subject to an application for registration or for product names that are a potential subject for application for registration indication s. A producer group may only be recognised upon request. Within a recognition system, authorities	1. Upon a requestIn addition to Article 32, a Member State may apply a system of recognition of producer groups fulfilling the conditions of paragraph 3, Member States shall designate, in accordance with their national law, one producer group as recognised. The recognition system may be applied to all producer groups whose members produce a product which is designated as a geographical indication or to producer group for eachgroups producer group for eachgroups producing specified categories of products designated as geographical indication originating in their territory that is registered or is subject to an application for registration of for product names that are a potential subject for application for registrationindication s. A producer group may only be recognised upon request. Within a recognition system,

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			according to Article 8(2) and producers according to Article 8(3), shall be deemed to be recognised producer groups.	authorities according to Article 8(2) and producers according to Article 8(3), shall be deemed to be recognised producer groups. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 33(1a)	Ī		
م 334 a		<u>Ia.</u> <u>A recognised</u> <u>producer group shall</u> <u>be the sole group to</u> <u>act on behalf of all</u> <u>producers with</u> <u>regard to</u> <u>competences referred</u> <u>to in this Article and</u> <u>in Articles 25 to 28.</u>		
Artic	le 33(1b)(2)			
g 335	2. A producer group may be designated as recognised producer group subject to a prior agreement concluded between at least two-thirds of the producers of the producers of the product bearing a geographical indication, accounting for at least two-thirds of the production of that product in the geographical area referred to in the product specification. As an exception, an authority, as referred to in Article 8(2), and a single producer, as referred to in Article 8(3), shall be deemed to be a recognised	2. A producer group may be designated as recognised producer group subject to a prior agreement concluded between at least <i>two-thirds50 %</i> <i>plus one</i> of the producers of the product bearing a geographical indication, accounting for <i>at least two-</i> <i>thirdsa minimum</i> <i>volume or value</i> of the <i>marketable</i> production, <i>to be laid</i> <i>down by the Member</i> <i>State concerned</i> , of that product in the geographical area referred to in the product specification. As an exception,	2. A producer group may be designated as recognised producer group subject to a prior agreement concluded between at least two-thirds of the producers of the producers of the producet bearing a geographical indication, accounting for at least two-thirds of the production of that product in the geographical area Member States that apply the recognition system referred to in the product specification. As an exception, an authority, as referred to in Article 8(2), and a single producer, as	2. A producer group may be designated as recognised producer group subject to a prior agreement concluded between at least two-thirds of the producers of the producers of the produce bearing a geographical indication, accounting for at least two-thirds of the production of that product in the geographical area Member States that apply the recognition system referred to in the product specification. As an exception, an authority, as referred to in Article 8(2), and a single producer, as

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	producer group.	Member States may confer on an authority, as referred to in Article 8(2), and on a single producer, as referred to in Article 8(3), shall be deemed to be a recognised producer group the powers and responsibilities referred to in paragraph 3 of this Article and in Article 32(2).	referred to in Article 8(3), shall be deemedparagraph 1 shall provide for the following criteria for a group to be-a recognised-producer group.:	<pre>referred to in Article &(3), shall be deemedparagraph 1 shall provide for the following criteria for a group to be-a recognised-producer group.: Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Artic	e 33(2), first subparagra	oh, point (a)		
⁶ 335 a			(a) a certain legal form; and	(a) <u>a certain legal</u> form; and Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	e 33(2), first subparagra	oh, point (a)		
⁶ 335 b			(b) one of the following:	(b) one of the following: Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	e 33(2), first subparagra	oh, point (b)(i)		
⁶ 335 c			(i) a minimum share of more than 50% of the producers of the product as members; or	<pre>(i) a minimum share of more than 50% of the producers of the product as members; or Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Artic	e 33(2), first subparagra	oh, point (b)(i)		



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
_в 335 d			(ii) a minimum share of members among the producers of the product and a minimum share of more than 50% of volume or value of marketable production.	<pre>(ii) a minimum share of members among the producers of the product and a minimum share of more than 50% of volume or value of marketable production. Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Artic	le 33(2), second subpara	graph	1	
з 335 е			Member States may provide for additional criteria, such as:	Member States may provide for additional criteria, such as: Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 33(2), second subpara	graph, point (c)		
_в 335 f			(c) having at its disposal the necessary financial contributions of its members;	<pre>(c) having at its disposal the necessary financial contributions of its members; Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Artic	le 33(2), second subpara	graph, point (c)		
_в 335 g			(d) rules on the admission of new members, the termination of membership, and the infringement of membership obligations;	(d) rules on the admission of new <u>members, the</u> termination of <u>membership, and the</u> infringement of <u>membership</u> obligations;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 33(2), second subpara	graph, point (c)		
335 h			(e) a written statute.	(e) <u>a written statute.</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 33(1c)			
335 i			If a producer group ceases to fullfil the recognition criteria, the recognition shall be suspended or withdrawn.	<u>If a producer group</u> ceases to fullfil the recognition criteria, the recognition shall be suspended or withdrawn. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 33(1d)			
335 j		2a. Member States or, in accordance with an international agreement to which the Union is a contracting party, third countries may decide on the basis of objective criteria that producer groups already recognised at national level before [the date of entry into force of this Regulation] are to be considered as recognised producer groups.		



		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
G	336	3. In addition to the powers and responsibilities referred to in Article 32(2), a recognised producer group may exercise the following powers and responsibilities:	3. In addition to the powers and responsibilities referred to in Article 32(2), a recognised producer group may exercise <u>erga omnes</u> the following powers and responsibilities:	3. In addition to the powers and responsibilities referred to in Article 32(2), a recognised producer group may exercise the following powers and responsibilities:	
	Artic	le 33(1e)(3), point (a)			
G	337	(a) to liaise with intellectual property enforcement and anti- counterfeit bodies and participate in intellectual property enforcement networks as the geographical indication right holder;	(a) to liaise with intellectual property enforcement and anti- counterfeit bodies and participate in intellectual property enforcement networks as the geographical indication right holder;	(a) to liaise with intellectual property enforcement and anti- counterfeit bodies and participate in intellectual property enforcement networks as the geographical indication right holder;	
_	Artic	le 33(1e)(3), point (b)			
G	338	(b) to take enforcement actions, including filing applications for actions with custom authorities, to prevent or counter any measures which are, or risk being, detrimental to the image of their products;	(b) to take enforcement actions, including filing applications for actions with custom authorities, to prevent or counter any measures <u>or</u> <u>commercial practices</u> which are, or risk being, detrimental to the image <u>and value</u> of their products <u>including devaluating</u> <u>marketing practices</u> and lowering prices;	(b) to take enforcement actions, including filing applications for actions with custom authorities, to prevent or counter any measures which are, or risk being, detrimental to the image of their products;	
	Artic	le 33(1e)(3), point (ba)			
G	338 a		(ba) to carry out supervisory activities and prevent fraud;		

Article 33(1e)(3), point (c) (c) to recommend to the national authorities binding rules to be adopted in accordance with Article 166a of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 for the regulation of the supply of products designated by a geographical indication; (c) to recommend to the national authorities binding rules to be adopted in accordance with Article 166a of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 for the regulation of the supply of products designated by a geographical indication; Article 33(1e)(3), point (ca) (ca) to agree with downstream operators on value- sharing clauses within the meaning of Article 172a of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013, including in relation to market borness and losses, and determining how ame volution of market prices for the products concerned or other relevant commodities is to be allocated between them;		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
339 Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 for the regulation of the supply of products designated by a geographical indication; the national authorities binding accordance with Article 166a of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 for the regulation of the supply of products designated by a geographical indication; the national authorities binding accordance with Article 166a of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 for the regulation of the supply of products designated by a geographical indication; the national authorities binding method of the supply of products designated by a geographical indication; Article 33(1e)(3), point (ca) (ca) to agree with downstream operators on value- sharing clauses within the meaning of Article 172a of Regulation of (EU) No 1308/2013, including in relation to market bonuses and losses, and determining hore any evolution of market prices for the products concerneed or other relevant commodities is to be allocated between them; Article 33(1e)(3), point (cb) (cb) to finise with the commission in the commissio	Artic				
339	339	the national authorities binding rules to be adopted in accordance with Article 166a of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 for the regulation of the supply of products designated by a geographical	the national authorities binding rules to be adopted in accordance with Article 166a of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 for the regulation of the supply of products designated by a geographical	the national authorities binding rules to be adopted in accordance with Article 166a of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 for the regulation of the supply of products designated by a geographical	
339 a 339 a a J308/2013, including in relation to market bonuses and losses, and determining how any evolution of market prices for the products concerned or other relevant commodities is to be allocated between them; Article 33(1e)(3), point (cb)	Artic	e 33(1e)(3), point (ca)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
(cb) to liaise with the Commission in the context of negotiations on	a		downstream operators on value- sharing clauses within the meaning of Article 172a of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013, including in relation to market bonuses and losses, and determining how any evolution of market prices for the products concerned or other relevant commodities is to be allocated between		
<u>Commission in the</u> <u>context of</u> negotiations on	Artic	le 33(1e)(3), point (cb)	-		
b international agreements as regards the protection of geographical indications;	339 b		Commission in the context of negotiations on international agreements as regards the protection of geographical		



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
G 340	(d) with a view to protecting the geographical indication in the internet domain name systems outside the jurisdiction of the Union, to register an individual, collective or certification trade mark depending on the trade mark system concerned, containing, as one of its prominent elements, a geographical indication and restricted to product conforming to the corresponding product specification.	(d) with a view to protecting the geographical indication in the internet domain name systems outside the jurisdiction of the Union, to register an individual, collective or certification trade mark depending on the trade mark system concerned, containing, as one of its prominent elements, a geographical indication and restricted to product conforming to the corresponding product specification.	(d) with a view to protecting the geographical indication in the internet domain name systems outside the jurisdiction of the Union, to register an individual, collective or certification trade mark depending on the trade mark system concerned, containing, as one of its prominent elements, a geographical indication and restricted to product conforming to the corresponding product specification.	
Artic	le 33(3), second subpara	graph		
_в 340 а			The recognised producer group shall be the only one entitled to exercise the tasks referred to in Article 32 on behalf of all producers producing the product designated by the geographical indication concerned, without prejudice to the right of individual producers to act to defend their interests.	3. Where a producer group is recognised under the system referred to in paragraph 1, the recognised producer group shall be the only one entitled to: (i) exercise the tasks referred to in Article 32 on behalf of all producers producing the product designated by the geographical indication concerned, without prejudice to the right of individual producers to act to defend their interests; (ii) receive a notification from a producer of prepacked food of the use of the



Article 33(1f)		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		Proposal			geographical indication of an ingredient in the name of a prepacked food as referred to in Article 28(2a); (iii) request binding rules for the regulation of supply of products designated by a geographical indication in accordance with Article 166a(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013, including for a period of up to [6 years] in accordance with Article 166a(4)(c) of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013; (iv) establish standard value sharing clauses that may be used by the producers of GIs in accordance with Article 172a of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013; (v) agree on sustainable practices, in accordance with Article 172 of Regulation; (v) agree on sustainable practices, in accordance with Article 25(1) of this Regulation; (vii) lodge a request of cancellation in accordance with Article 25(1) of this
G 340 G	⁶ 340				



b Ja. In addition. Member State may provide that the recognised producer group shall be able of a tride 32(2) (a) and (c) in case the correct file in tasks; (a)		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
A producer group established in a Member State not applying a system of recognised producer groups shall be able to exercise the tasks referred to in Article 32(2)(d), (da), (e) and (f) in a Member State applying a system of recognised <i>for a Member State not</i> <i>applying a system of</i> <i>recognised producer</i> <i>groups shall be able</i> <i>to exercise the tasks</i> <i>referred to in Article</i> 32(2)(d), (da), (e) and (f) in a Member State applying a system of recognised <i>for a Member State</i> <i>applying a system of</i> <i>recognised producer</i>	b				Member States may provide that the recognised producer group shall be the only one entitled to exercise the tasks: (i) referred to in Article 32(2) (a) and (c) in case the effect of these tasks concern all the producers of the producers of the product designated by the geographical indication concerned; (ii) to in Article 32(2)(d), (b) and (e) in case those tasks are exercised at international, national or regional level, without prejudice to the producers of t
340 cgroup established in a Member State not applying a system of recognised producer groups shall be able to exercise the tasks referred to in Article 32(2)(d), (da), (e) and (f) in a Member State State applying a system of recognised producergroup established in a Member State not applying a system of recognised producer groups shall be able to exercise the tasks referred to in Article 32(2)(d), (da), (e) and (f) in a Member State applying a system of recognised producer	Artic	le 33(1g)		1	
Article 33(4)	c C			established in a Member State not applying a system of recognised producer groups shall be able to exercise the tasks referred to in Article 32(2)(d), (da), (e) and (f) in a Member State applying a system of recognised	group established in a Member State not applying a system of recognised producer groups shall be able to exercise the tasks referred to in Article 32(2)(b) (d), (e) and (f) in a Member State applying a system of recognised producer



		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement	
G	341	4. The powers and responsibilities referred to in paragraph 2 shall be subject to a prior agreement concluded between at least two- thirds of the producers of the product designated by a geographical indication, accounting for at least two-thirds of the product in the geographical area referred to in the product specification.	4. The powers and responsibilities referred to in paragraph 2 shall be subject to a prior agreement concluded between at least two- thirds of the <u>Member</u> States may lay down rules to ensure that the contribution to costs associated with the exercise of powers and responsibilities by the recognised producer group is compulsory for all producers of the product designated by athat geographical indication, accounting for at least two-thirds of the production of thatoperating in the geographical area referred to inspecification. The contribution shall be proportionate to the yolume or value of the marketable product specification_bearing that geographical indication.	4. The powers and responsibilities referred to in paragraph 2 shall be subject to a prior agreement concluded between at least two-thirds of the producers of the product designated by a geographical indication, accounting for at least two-thirds of the product in the geographical area referred to in the product specification.		6
	Artic	le 33(5)				
G	342	5. Member States shall carry out checks in order to ensure that the conditions laid down in paragraph 2 are complied with. Where the competent national authorities	5. Member States <u>or</u> , <u>in accordance with</u> <u>an international</u> <u>agreement to which</u> <u>the Union is a</u> <u>contracting party</u> , <u>third countries</u> shall carry out checks <u>and</u>	5. Member States shall carry out checks in order to ensure that the conditions laid down in paragraph 2 are complied with. Where the competent national authorities		G

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	find that such conditions have not been complied with, Member States shall annul the decision on the recognition of the producer group.	take the necessary measures in order to ensure that the conditions laid down in paragraph 2 for the recognition and the operation of the producer group are complied with. Where the competent national authorities find that such conditions have not been complied with, Member States shall annul the decision on the recognition of the producer group.	find that such conditions have not been complied with, Member States shall annul the decision on the recognition of the producer group.	
Artic	le 33(5a)			
_а 342 а			5a. Where a geographical indication designates a cross-border geographical area, the authorities of the Member States concerned or, where relevant, of the United Kingdom (Northern Ireland), shall cooperate regarding the designation of one recognised producer group. Where the Member States concerned do not agree and in case one of the Member States concerned does not apply the recognition system, no producer group shall be recognised for that geographical indication.	5a. Where a geographical indication designates a cross-border geographical area, the authorities of the Member States concerned or, where relevant, of the United Kingdom (Northern Ireland), shall cooperate regarding the designation of one recognised producer group. Where the Member States concerned do not agree and in case one of the Member States concerned does not apply the recognition system, no producer group shall be recognised for that geographical indication.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Mandate
Artic	le 33(5b)			
₅ 342 b		5a. Member States or, in accordance with an international agreement to which the Union is a contracting party, third countries shall inform the Commission, by 31 March of each year, of every decision to grant, refuse or annul recognition of a producer group taken during the previous calendar year. The Commission shall publish and regularly update the list of recognised producer groups.		
Artic	le 33(5c), first subparagr	aph		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
^с 342 с			5b. Member States may decide that producer groups recognised under national law before [the date of application of this Regulation] are recognised according to paragraph 1.	<pre>5b. Member States may decide that producer groups recognised under national law before [the date of application of this Regulation] are recognised according to paragraph 1.</pre>
Artic	le 33(5c), second subpar	agraph		
ه 342 d			If such a recognised producer group does not meet the criteria	If such a recognised producer group does not meet the criteria

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			set out in paragraph 2, it has to adapt to the relevant rules by [two years after the date of application of this Regulation]. Otherwise, the Member State may prolong the deadline once for a maximum of one year or shall withdraw the recognition.	set out in paragraph 2, it has to adapt to the relevant rules by [two years after the date of application of this Regulation]. Otherwise, the Member State may prolong the deadline once for a maximum of one year or shall withdraw the recognition. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 33(5d)			
⁶ 342 e			5c. In case a Member State applies the system of recognised producer group it shall notify the Commission electronically, through a digital system, of the name and address of the recognised producer group for each registered geographical indication, and update that information when a change occurs. The Commission shall enter this information in the Union register of geographical indications.	5d. In case a <u>Member State applies</u> the system of recognised producer group it shall notify the Commission electronically, through a digital system, of the name and address of the recognised producer group for each registered geographical indication, and update that information when a change occurs. The Commission shall make public and update this information in the Union register of geographical indications. Text Origin: Council Mandate



	nission EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
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Article 33a	posal Article 33a Associations of producer groups	f f ay ted ay te	Article 33a Associations of producer groups 1. An association of producer groups may be set up on the initiative of interested producer groups may exercise in particular the following functions: (a) participating in consultative bodies; (b) exchanging information with public authorities on geographical indication policy- related topics; (c) making recommendations to improve the development of geographical indication policies, in particular with regard to sustainability, the fight against fraud and counterfeiting, the creation of value among operators, competition rules and rural development; (d) promoting and disseminating best practices among producers on geographical indication policies; (e) taking part information yolices; (f) promoting and disseminating best practices among producers on geographical indication policies; (e) taking part in promotion measures as defined by Regulation (EU)

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Text Origin: EP Mandate
Article 3	33b			
342 g		Article 33b Assistance in relation to international agreements 1. The EUIPO shall support producer groups in relation to international agreements to which the Union is a contracting party, in particular by: (a) providing information in order to help them to protect their rights and to comply with different regulatory frameworks in foreign markets; and (b) providing legal advice in the context of negotiations on international agreements as regards the protection of geographical indications. 2. The costs of assistance in relation to international agreements may be borne by the EUIPO. The Member States may also contribute to those costs.		
Article 3 343	34 Article 34 Protection of	Article 34 Protection of	Article 34 Protection of	Article 34 Protection of

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	geographical indication rights in domain names	geographical indication rights in domain names	geographical indication rights inAlternative dispute resolution procedures for domain names	geographical indication <i>rights</i>- in domain names
Artic	le 34(1)			
G 344	1. Country-code top- level domain name registries established in the Union may, upon the request of a natural or legal person having a legitimate interest or rights, revoke or transfer a domain name registered under such country-code top- level domain to the recognised producer group of the products with the geographical indication concerned, following an appropriate alternative dispute resolution procedure or judicial procedure, if such domain name has been registered by its holder without rights or legitimate interest in the geographical indication or if it has been registered or is being used in bad faith and its use contravenes Article 27.	1. Country code top- level Top-level and other domain name registries establishedoperating in the Union may, shall, ex officio or upon the request of a natural or legal person being the rights- holder of a geographical indication or having a legitimate interest or rights in a geographical indication, revoke or transfer a domain name registered under such country-code top-level domain to the recognised producer group of the products with the geographical indication concerned, or to the competent authority of the Member State where the geographical indication originates, following an appropriate alternative dispute resolution procedure or judicial procedure, if such domain name has been registered by its holder without rights or legitimate interest in the geographical indication or if it has	1. Country code top- level domain name registries established in the Union may, upon the request of a natural or legal person having a legitimate interest or rights, revoke or transfer a domain name registered under such country-code top- level domain to the recognised producer group of the products with the geographical indication concerned, following an appropriate alternative dispute resolution procedure or judicial procedure, if such domain name has been registered by its holder without rights or legitimate interest in the geographical indication or if it has been registered or is being used in bad faith and its use contravenes Article 27.	

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			been registered or is being used in bad faith and its use contravenes Article 27.		
	Artic	le 34(2)			
G	345	2. Country-code top- level domain name registries established in the Union shall ensure that any alternative dispute resolution procedure established to solve disputes relating to the registration of domain names referred to in paragraph (1), shall recognise geographical indications as rights that may prevent a domain name from being registered or used in bad faith.	2. <i>Country-code</i> Top- level <i>and other</i> domain name registries <i>established operating</i> in the Union shall ensure that any alternative dispute resolution procedure established to solve disputes relating to the registration of domain names referred to in paragraph (1), shall recognise geographical indications as rights that may prevent a domain name from being registered or used in bad faith.	2. Country-code top- level domain name registries established in the Union shall ensure that any alternative dispute resolution procedure established to solve disputes relating to the registration ofprocedures for domain names referred to in paragraph (1), shall recogniserecognise registered geographical indications as rights that may prevent a domain name from being registered or used in bad faitha right that can be invoked in these procedures.	2. Country-code top- level domain name registries established in the Union shall ensure that any alternative dispute resolution procedure established to solve disputes relating to the registration ofprocedures for domain names referred to in paragraph (1), shall recogniserecognise registered geographical indications as rights that may prevent a domain name from being registered or used in bad faitha right that can be invoked in these procedures.
	Artic	le 34(2a)			
G	345 a		2a. Paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article shall apply to core platform services provided or offered by registries to business users established in the Union or to end-users established or located		2a. 2. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by provisions entrusting EUIPO to establish

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		in the Union, irrespective of the place of establishment or residence of the registries and irrespective of the law otherwise applicable to the provision or offer of services, in accordance with Article 1 of Regulation (EU) 2022/ [DMA].		and manage a domain name information and alert system that would provide the applicant, upon the submission of an application for a geographical indication, with information about the availability of the geographical indication as a domain name and, on optional basis, the registration of a domain name identical to their geographical indication. The registries of country- code top-level domain names, established in the Union, may, on voluntary basis provide EUIPO with the relevant information and data.
Arti	cle 34(3)	I		
° 346	3. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance withArticle84 supplementing this Regulation by provisions entrusting EUIPO to establish and manage a domain name information and alert system that would provide the applicant, upon the submission of an application for a geographical indication, with information about the availability of the	3. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance withArticle84with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by provisions entrusting EUIPO to establish and manageon the establishment and management by EUIPO of a domain name information and alert system that would provide the applicant or the Member State where the geographical	3. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance withArticle84 supplementing this Regulation by provisions entrusting EUIPO to establish and manage a domain name information and alert system that would provide the applicant, upon the submission of an application for a geographical indication, with information about the availability of the	3. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance withArticle84 supplementing this Regulation by provisions entrusting EUIPO to establish and manage a domain nameBy [18 months after the date of application of this Regulation] the Commission shall carry out an evaluation of the necessity and feasibility of an information and alert

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	geographical indication as a domain name and, on optional basis, the registration of a domain name identical to their geographical indication. That delegated act shall also include the obligation for registries of country- code top-level domain names, established in the Union, to provide EUIPO with the relevant information and data.	<i>indication originates</i> , upon the submission of an application for a geographical indication, with information about the availability of the geographical indication as a domain name and, on optional basis, the registration of a domain name identical to their geographical indication. <i>EUIPO shall be</i> <i>empowered, under</i> <i>the_That</i> delegated <i>aetacts referred to in</i> <i>the first</i> <i>subparagraph, to</i> <i>establish and manage</i> <i>an alert system</i> <i>monitoring</i> <i>registration of</i> <i>domain names in the</i> <i>Union which could</i> <i>conflict with the</i> <i>names included in</i> <i>the Union register of</i> <i>geographical</i> <i>indications. Those</i> <i>delegated acts</i> shall also include the obligation for registries of <i>country-</i> <i>code top level domain</i> <i>names,</i> <i>established_domain</i> <i>names and EURid,</i> <i>operating</i> in the Union, to provide EUIPO with the relevant information and data, <i>and, to that</i> <i>end, to establish a</i> <i>collaboration with</i> <i>EUIPO</i> .	geographical indication as a domain name and, on optional basis, the registration of a domain name identical to their geographical indication. That delegated act shall also include the obligation for registries of country- code top-level domain names, established in the Union, to provide EUIPO with the relevant information and data:	system that would provide the applicant, upon the submission of an application for a geographical indication, with information about the availabilityreferred to in article 34(2), taking into account the functioning of the geographical indication as a domain name and, on optional basis, the registration of a domain name identical to their geographical indication. That delegated act shall also include the obligation for registries of country- code top level domain names, established in the Union, to provide EUIPO with the relevant information and data.voluntary provision of data referred to in that article, and submit a report with its main findings to the European Parliament and the Council. That report shall be accompanied by a legislative proposal, where appropriate.
Art	icle 35			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Article 35 Conflicting trade marks	Article 35 Conflicting <u>Relationsh</u> ip between trade marks and geographical indications	Article 35 ConflictingRelations hip between geographical indications and trade marks	Text Origin: Council Mandate
Art	ticle 35(1)			
G 34	 The registration of a trade mark the use of which would contravene Article 27 shall be rejected if the application for registration of the trade mark is submitted after the date of submission to the Commission of the application for the registration of the geographical indication. 	1. An application for the registration of a trade mark the use of which would contravene Article 27 shall be rejected if the application for registration of the trade mark is submitted after the date of submission to the Commission of the application for the registration of the geographical indication.	1. The registration of a trade mark the use of which would contravene Article 27 shall be rejected if the application for registration of the trade mark is submitted after the date of submission to the Commission of the application for the registration of the geographical indication.	Text Origin: EP Mandate
Art	ticle 35(1a)			
с 34 а	8	1a. An application for the registration of a geographical indication shall be rejected where, in the event that a well- known trade mark exists or given the reputation of that trade mark, the name proposed as a geographical indication is liable to mislead the consumer as to the true identity of the product.		
Ar	ticle 35(2)	1		
34	9 2. Trade marks registered in breach of	2. Trade marks registered in breach of	2. Union trade marks registered in breach of	Text Origin:

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	paragraph (1) shall be invalidated by EUIPO and, when applicable, the competent national authorities.	paragraph (1) shall be invalidated by EUIPO and, when applicable, the competent national authorities.	paragraph (1) shall be invalidated by declared invalid by the European Union Intellectual Property Office (EUIPO) and, when applicable, national trade marks registered in breach of paragraph (1) by the competent national authorities.	Council Mandate
Articl	e 35(3)			
s 350	3. A trade mark the use of which contravenes Article 27, which has been applied for, registered, or established by use in good faith within the territory of the Union, if that possibility is provided for by the legislation concerned, before the date on which the application for registration of the geographical indication is submitted to the Commission, may continue to be used and renewed notwithstanding the registration of a geographical indication, provided that no grounds for invalidity or revocation of the trade mark exist under Directive (EU) 2015/2436 or Regulation (EU) 2017/1001. In such cases, the use of the geographical indication, if then	3. Without prejudice to paragraph 2 of this Article, a trade mark the use of which contravenes Article 27, which has been applied for, registered, or established by use in good faith within the territory of the Union, if that possibility is provided for by the legislation concerned, before the date on which the application for registration of the geographical indication is submitted to the Commission, may continue to be used and renewed notwithstanding the registration of a geographical indication, provided that no grounds for invalidity or revocation of the trade mark exist under Directive (EU) 2015/2436 or Regulation (EU) 2017/1001. In such cases, the use of the	3. A trade mark the use of which contravenes Article 27, which has been applied for, registered, or established by use in good faith within the territory of the Union, if that possibility is provided for by the legislation concerned, before the date on which the application for registration of the geographical indication is submitted to the Commission, may continue to be used and renewed notwithstanding the registration of a geographical indication, provided that no grounds for invalidity or revocation of the trade mark exist under Directive (EU) 2015/2436 or Regulation (EU) 2017/1001. In such cases, the use of the geographical indication, if then	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	registered, and that of the relevant trade mark shall be permitted.	geographical indication, if then registered, and that of the relevant trade mark shall be permitted.	registered, and that of the relevant trade mark shall be permitted.	
Art	icle 35(4)			
G 35	4. For geographical indications registered in the Union without the submission of a Union application for registration, the date of the first day of protection shall be deemed to be the date of submission to the Commission of the application for registration of the geographical indication for the purposes of paragraphs 1 and 3.	4. For geographical indications registered in the Union without the submission of a Union application for registration, the date of the first day of protection shall be deemed to be the date of submission to the Commission of the application for registration of the geographical indication for the purposes of paragraphs 1 and 3.	4. For the purposes of paragraphs 1 and 3, where geographical indications were registered in the Union without the submission of a Union application for registration, the date of the first day of protection shall be deemed to be at Union stage, the date of submission to the Commission of the application for registration of the geographical indication for the purposes of paragraphs 1 and 3shall be the date of the first day of protection.	Text Origin: Council Mandate
Art	icle 35(5)			
G 352	 5. Without prejudice to Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011, guarantee or certification marks referred to in Article 28(4) of Directive (EU) 2015/2436 and collective marks referred to in Article 29(3) of that Directive may be used on labels, together with the geographical 	5. Without prejudice to Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011, guarantee or certification marks referred to in Article 28(4) of Directive (EU) 2015/2436 and collective marks referred to in Article 29(3) of that Directive may be used on labels, together with the geographical	5. Without prejudice to Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011, guarantee or certification marks referred to in Article 28(4) of Directive (EU) 2015/2436 and collective marks referred to in Article 29(3) of that Directive, as well as collective marks and certification marks	Text Origin: Council Mandate

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		indication.	indication.	as referred to in Chapter VIII of Regulation (EU) 2017/1001 may be used on labels, together with the geographical indication.	
_	Artic	le 36			
G	353	Article 36 Right of use	Article 36 Right of use	Article 36 Right ofto use	Article 36 Right ofto use Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 36, first paragraph			
G	354	A registered geographical indication may be used by any operator marketing a product conforming to the corresponding product specification or single document or an equivalent to the latter.	A registered geographical indication may be used by any operator marketing a product conforming to the corresponding product specification or single document- <i>or an</i> <i>equivalent to the</i> <i>latter</i> .	A registered geographical indication may be used by any operator marketing a product conforming to complying with the corresponding product specification-or single document or an equivalent to the latter.	A registered geographical indication may be used by any operator marketing a product conforming to complying with the corresponding product specification or single document or an equivalent to the latter. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 36, second paragraph			
G	355	Member States shall ensure that any operator complying with the rules set out in this Title is covered by the verification of compliance of the product specification	Member States shall ensure that any operator complying with the rules set out in this Title is covered by the verification of compliance of the product specification	Member States shall ensure that any operator complying with the rules set out in this Title is covered by the verification of compliance of the product specification	Member States shall ensure that any operator complying with the rules set out in this Title is covered by the verification of compliance of the product specification

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		established pursuant to Article 39. Member States may charge a fee to cover their costs of managing the controls system.	established pursuant to Article 39. Member States may charge a fee to cover their costs of managing the controls system.	established pursuant to Article 39. Member States may charge a fee to cover their costs of managing the controls system.	established pursuant to Article 39 <i>Member</i> <i>States may charge a</i> <i>fee to cover their costs</i> <i>of managing the</i> <i>controls system</i> . Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 36, third paragraph			
G	356	The circumstance by which a geographical indication consists of or contains the name of the estate of a single applicant producer shall not prevent other producers and operators from using the registered geographical indication provided that it is used to designate a product that is in conformity with the product specification.	The circumstance by which a geographical indication consists of or contains the name of the estate of a single applicant producer shall not prevent other producers and operators from using the registered geographical indication provided that it is used to designate a product that is in conformity with the product specification.	The circumstance by which a geographical indication consists of or contains the name of the estate of a single applicant producer shall not prevent other producers and operators from using the registered geographical indication provided that it is used to designate a product that is in conformitycomplies with the product specification.	The circumstance by which a geographical indication consists of or contains the name of the estate of a single applicant producer shall not prevent other <i>producers and</i> operators from using the registered geographical indication provided that it is used to designate a product that <i>is in</i> <i>conformitycomplies</i> with the product specification. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 37			
G	357	Article 37 Union symbols, indications and abbreviations	Article 37 Union symbols, indications and abbreviations	Article 37 Union symbols, indications and abbreviations	Article 37 Union symbols, indications and abbreviations Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 37(0)	1	1	



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
357 a			0. Indications, abbreviations and symbols referring to geographical indications shall not be used other than in connection with products produced in compliance with the relevant product specification. They may also be used for information and educational purposes, provided that such use is not liable to mislead the consumer.	-1. Indications, abbreviations and symbols referring to geographical indications shall not be used other than in connection with products produced in compliance with the relevant product specification. They may also be used for information and educational purposes provided that such use is not liable to mislead the consumer. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 37(1)			
358	1. The following Union symbols designed to mark and publicise geographical indications shall be established:	1. The following Union symbols designed to mark and publicise geographical indications shall be established:	1. The following Union symbols designed to mark and publicise geographical indications shall be established:	 The following Union symbols designed to mark and publicise geographica indications shall be established: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 37(1), point (a)		ſ	' I
359	(a) a symbol identifying protected designations of origin of wine and of agricultural products; and	(a) a symbol identifying protected designations of origin of wine and of agricultural products; and	(a) a symbol identifying protected designations of origin of wine and of agricultural products; and	(a) a symbol identifying protected designations of origin of wine and of agricultural products; and
Artic	le 37(1), point (b)			

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		(b) a symbol identifying protected geographical indications of wine and of agricultural products and geographical indications of spirit drinks.	(b) a symbol identifying protected geographical indications of <i>wine</i> <i>and of</i> agricultural products and geographical indications of spirit drinks.	(b) a symbol identifying protected geographical indications of wine and of agricultural products. This symbol may also be used for-and geographical indications of spirit drinks.	 (b) a symbol identifying protected geographical indications of [wine and of] agricultural products. This symbol may also be used for and geographical indications of spirit drinks. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 37(2)			
¥	361	2. In the case of products originating in the Union that are marketed under a geographical indication, the Union symbol associated with it shall appear on the labelling and advertising material. The geographical indication shall appear in the same field of vision as the Union symbol. The labelling requirements laid down in Article 13(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011 for the presentation of mandatory particulars shall apply to the geographical indication.	2. In the case of products originating in the Union that are marketed under a geographical indication, the Union symbol associated with it shall appear on the labelling and advertising material. The geographical indication and an indication of the name of the producer shall appear in the same field of vision as the Union symbol. The country of origin of a primary ingredient, within the meaning of The labelling requirements laid down in Article 13(1)2(2), point (q), of Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011, which is not the same as the country of origin of the geographical indication for the presentation of mandatory particulars	2. In the case of agricultural products and spirit drinks originating in the Union that are marketed under a geographical indication, the Union symbol associated with it shall appear onin the labelling and advertising material and, in the case of wine, in the labelling and presentation. The geographical indication shall appear in the same field of vision as the Union symbol. The labelling requirements laid down in Article 13(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011 for the presentation of mandatory particulars shall apply to the geographical indication.	2. In the case of agricultural products and spirit drinks originating in the Union that are marketed under a geographical indication, the Union symbol associated with it shall appear onin the labelling and advertising material [and, in the case of wine, in the labelling and presentation]. The geographical indication shall appear in the same field of vision as the Union symbol. The labelling requirements laid down in Article 13(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011 for the presentation of mandatory particulars shall apply to the geographical indication. Text Origin:

Commission Proposal	n EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	shall <i>applybe marked</i> : (a) with reference to one of the following geographical areas: (i) 'EU', 'non-EU' or 'EU and non-EU'; (ii) region, or any other geographical area either within two or more Member		Council Mandate
	States or within third countries, if defined as such under public international law; (iii) FAO Fishing area, or sea or freshwater body if defined as such under public		
	international law or well understood by normally informed average consumers; or (iv) Member State(s) or third country(ies); (v) region, or any		
	other geographical area within a Member State or within a third country, which is well understood by normally informed average consumers;		
	(vi) the country of origin or place of provenance in accordance with specific Union provisions applicable to the primary ingredient(s); or (b) by means of:		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		(i) the statement <u>'(name of the</u> <u>primary ingredient)</u> <u>do/does not originate</u> <u>from (the country of</u> <u>origin of the</u> geographical indication <u>)'; or</u> (ii) any wording <u>similar to the</u> <u>statement set out in</u> <u>point (i) which is</u> <u>likely to have the</u> <u>same meaning for the</u> <u>consumer</u> .		
Artio	cle 37(2a)			
з 361 а				2a. Where agricultural products are designated by a geographical indication, an indication of the name of the producer or operator shall appear in the same field of vision as the geographical indication.In the case of spirit drinks designated by a geographical indication, an indication of the name of the producer shall appear in the same field of vision a geographical indication.In the case of spirit drinks designated by a geographical indication of the name of the producer shall appear in the same field of vision as the geographical indication.In the case of packaging or containers the largest surface of which is that referred to in Article 16(2) of Regulation (EU) 1169/2011, the indication of the



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				name of the produce or operator shall be voluntary. Agricultural produce and spirit drinks that are marketed under geographical indication, which were labelled before 24 months after the date of application of this Regulation, may continue to be place on the market without complying with the obligation the indicate the name of the producer or operator in the same field of vision as the geographical indication, until stocks are exhausted
Artic	le 37(3)			
	3. By way of derogation from paragraph (2), in the case of wine and spirit	3. By way of derogation from paragraph (2), in the case of <i>wine and</i> spirit drinks originating in	3. By way of derogation from paragraph (2) the first subparagraph , in the case of wine and spirit	3. By way of derogation from <u>the</u> <u>first subparagraph o</u> paragraph (2)2, in the case of [wine and]
362	drinks originating in the Union that are marketed under a geographical indication, Union symbols may be omitted from the labelling and advertising material of the product concerned.	the Union that are marketed under a geographical indication, Union symbols may be omitted from the labelling and advertising material of the product concerned.	drinks-originating in the Union that are marketed under a geographical indication, Union symbols may be omitted-from the labelling and advertising material of the product concerned.	spirit drinks originating in the Union that are marketed under a geographical indication, Union symbols may be omitted from the labelling and advertising material of the product concerned. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	the Union that are marketed under a geographical indication, Union symbols may be omitted from the labelling and advertising material of the product	the Union that are marketed under a geographical indication, Union symbols may be omitted from the labelling and advertising material of the product	drinks-originating in the Union that are marketed under a geographical indication, Union symbols may be omitted-from the labelling and advertising material of the product	spirit drinks originating in the Union that are marketed under a geographical indication, Union symbols may be omitted from the labelling and advertising material of the product concerned. Text Origin: Council



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	4. The Union symbol for protected geographical indications established pursuant to paragraph (1) may be used in the description, presentation and labelling of spirit drinks the names of which are geographical indications.	4. The Union symbol for protected geographical indications established pursuant to paragraph (1) may be used in the description, presentation and labelling of spirit drinks the names of which are geographical indications.	4. The Union symbol for protected geographical indications established pursuant to paragraph (1) may be used in the description, presentation and labelling of spirit drinks the names of which are geographical indications.	
Arti	cle 37(5), first subparagra	ph		
× 364	5. Where wine, agricultural products or spirit drinks are designated by a geographical indication the indications 'protected designation of origin' or 'protected geographical indication' shall appear on the labelling of wine, the indications 'protected designation of origin' or 'protected geographical indication' may appear on the labelling of agricultural products and the indication 'geographical indication' may appear on the labelling of spirit drinks, respectively.	5. Where wine, agricultural products or spirit drinks are designated by a geographical indication-the indications 'protected designation of origin' or 'protected geographical indication' shall appear on the labelling of wine, the indications 'protected designation of origin' or 'protected geographical indication' may appear on the labelling of agricultural products and the indication 'geographical indication' may appear on the labelling of spirit drinks, respectively.	5. Where wine, agricultural products or spirit drinks are designated by a geographical indication the indications 'protected designation of origin' or 'protected geographical indication' shall appear onin the labelling and presentation of wine, the indications 'protected designation of origin' or 'protected geographical indication' may appear onin the labelling and advertising material of agricultural products and the indication 'geographical indication' may appear onin the labelling and advertising material of agricultural products and the indication 'geographical indication' may appear onin the labelling and advertising material of spirit drinks, respectively. The derogation provided	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			for in Article 119(3) of Regulation (EU) 1308/2013 shall apply.	
Artic	le 37(5), second subpara	graph		
365	The abbreviations 'PDO' or 'PGI', corresponding to the indications 'protected designation of origin' or 'protected geographical indication', may appear on the labelling of wine and of agricultural products designated by a geographical indication.	The abbreviations 'PDO' or 'PGI', corresponding to the indications 'protected designation of origin' or 'protected geographical indication', may appear on the labelling of <i>wine and</i> <i>of</i> agricultural products designated by a geographical indication.	The abbreviations 'PDO' or 'PGI', corresponding to the indications 'protected designation of origin' or 'protected geographical indication', may appear onin the labelling and advertising material of wine and of agricultural products designated by a geographical indication.	The abbreviations 'PDO' or 'PGI', corresponding to the indications 'protected designation of origin' or 'protected geographical indication', may appear <i>onin</i> the labelling <i>[wine and of] and advertising</i> <i>material</i> of wine and of agricultural products designated by a geographical indication. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 37(6)			
366	6. Indications, abbreviations and Union symbols may be used in the labelling and advertising materials of processed products when the geographical indication refers to an ingredient thereof. In that case, the indication, abbreviation or Union symbol shall be placed next to the name of the ingredient that is clearly identified as an ingredient. The Union symbol shall not be	6. Indications, abbreviations and Union symbols may be used in the labelling and advertising materials of processed products when the geographical indication refers to an ingredient thereof. In that case, the indication, abbreviation or Union symbol shall be placed next to the name of the ingredient that is clearly identified as an ingredient. The Union	6. Indications , abbreviations and Union symbols and abbreviations may be used in the labelling and advertising materialsmaterial of processed products when the geographical indication refers to an ingredient thereof. In that case, the indication , abbreviation or Union symbol or abbreviation shall be placed next to the name of the ingredient that is clearly identified as an	6. Indications, abbreviations and Union symbols and abbreviations may be used in the labelling and advertising materialsmaterial of processed products when the geographical indication refers to an ingredient thereof. In that case, the indication, abbreviation or Union symbol or abbreviation symbol or abbreviation that is clearly identified as an

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	placed in association with the name of the food within the meaning of Article 17 of Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011 or in a manner that suggests to the consumer that the processed product rather than the ingredient is the object of registration.	symbol shall not be placed in association with the name of the food within the meaning of Article 17 of Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011 or in a manner that suggests to the consumer that the processed product rather than the ingredient is the object of registration.	ingredient. The Union symbol shall not be placed in association with the name of the food within the meaning of Article 17 of Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011-or in a manner that suggests to the consumer that the processed product rather than the ingredient is the object of registration.	ingredient. The Union symbol shall not be placed in association with the name of the food within the meaning of Article 17 of Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011-or in a manner that suggests to the consumer that the processed product rather than the ingredient is the object of registration. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Arti	cle 37(7)			
Aiti				
۶ 367	7. After the submission of a Union application for the registration of a geographical indication, producers may indicate on the labelling and in the presentation of the product that an application for registration has been filed in compliance with Union law.	7. After the submission of a Union application for the registration of a geographical indication, producers may indicate on the labelling and in the presentation of the product that an application for registration has been filed in compliance with Union law.deleted	7. After the submission of a Union application for the registration of a geographical indication, producers may indicate on the labelling and in the presentation of the product that an application for registration has been filed in compliance with Union law.	
Arti	cle 37(8)			
s 368	8. Union symbols indicating the protected designation of origin or protected geographical indication and the Union indications 'protected designation of origin', 'protected geographical indication' and	8. Union symbols indicating the protected designation of origin or protected geographical indication and the Union indications 'protected designation of origin', 'protected geographical indication' and	8. Union symbols indicating the protected designation of origin or protected geographical indication and the Union indications 'protected designation of origin', 'protected geographical indication' and	8. Union symbols indicating the protected designation of origin or protected geographical indication and the Union indications 'protected designation of origin', 'protected geographical indication' and

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement	
		'geographical indication' and the abbreviations 'PDO' or 'PGI' as relevant, may appear on the labelling only after the publication of the act of registration of that geographical indication.	'geographical indication' and the abbreviations 'PDO' or 'PGI' as relevant, may appear on the labelling only after the publication of the act of registration of that geographical indication.	'geographical indication' and the abbreviations 'PDO' or 'PGI' as relevant, may appear on the labelling only after the publication of the act of registration of that geographical indication.	<pre>'geographical indication' and the abbreviations 'PDO' or 'PGI' as relevant, may appear on the labelling only after the publication of the act of registration of that geographical indication. Text Origin: Commission Proposal</pre>	
	Artic	le 37(9)				
G	369	9. Where an application is rejected, any products labelled in accordance with paragraph (6) may be marketed until the stocks are exhausted.	9. Where an application is rejected, any products labelled in accordance with paragraph (6) may be marketed until the stocks are exhausted.deleted	9. Where an application is rejected, any products labelled in accordance with paragraph (6) may be marketed until the stocks are exhausted.		G
	Artic	le 37(10)				
G	370	10. The following may also appear on the labelling:	10. The following may also appear on the labelling:	10. The following may also appear on in the labelling:	 10. The following may also appear onin the labelling: Text Origin: Council Mandate 	G
	Artic	le 37(10), point (a)				
G	371	(a) depictions of the geographical area of origin referred to in the product specification; and	(a) depictions of the geographical area of origin referred to in the product specification; and	(a) depictions of the geographical area of origin referred to in the product specification; and	 (a) depictions of the geographical area of origin referred to in the product specification; and Text Origin: Commission Proposal 	G

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Artic	le 37(10), point (b)			
372	(b) text, graphics or symbols referring to the Member State and the region in which that geographical area of origin is located.	(b) text, graphics or symbols referring to the Member State and the region in which that geographical area of origin is located, provided that such references do not reproduce, even partially, names, or textual, graphic or symbolic elements of other geographical indications protected pursuant to Article 27.	(b) text, graphics or symbols referring to the Member State and the region in which that geographical area of origin is located.	 (b) text, graphics or symbols referring to the Member State and the region in which that geographical area of origin is located provided that such references do not mislead the consumer as to the true identity or origin of the product. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 37(11)		1	1
373	11. Union symbols associated with geographical indications entered in the Union register of geographical indications designating products originating in third countries, may appear on the product labelling and advertising material, in which case the symbols shall be used in conformity with paragraph (2) and (4).	11. Union symbols associated with geographical indications entered in the Union register of geographical indications designating products originating in third countries, may appear on the product labelling and advertising material, in which case the symbols shall be used in conformity with paragraph (2) and (4).	11. Union symbols associated with geographical indications entered in the Union register of geographical indications designating products originating in third countries, may appear onin the product labelling and advertising material, in which case the symbols shall be used in conformity with paragraph (2) and (4).	11. Union symbols associated with geographical indications entered in the Union register of geographical indications designating products originating in third countries, may appear onin the product labelling and advertising material, in which case the symbols shall be used in conformity with paragraph (2)-and (4). Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 37(12)			
374	12. The Commission may adopt	12. The Commission may adopt	12. The Commission mayshall adopt	12. The Commission may adopt

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		implementing acts establishing the Union symbols for geographical indications, defining the technical characteristics of the Union symbols for geographical indications as well as the rules on their use and the use of the indications and abbreviations on products marketed under a registered geographical indication, including rules concerning the appropriate linguistic versions to be used. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).	implementing acts establishing the Union symbols for geographical indications, defining the technical characteristics of the Union symbols for geographical indications as well as the rules on their use and the use of the indications and abbreviations on products marketed under a registered geographical indication, including rules concerning the appropriate linguistic versions to be used. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).	implementing acts establishing the Union symbols for geographical indications, defining the technical characteristics of the Union symbols for geographical indications as well as thetechnical rules on their use and the use of the indications and abbreviations on products marketed under a registered geographical indication, including rules concerning the appropriate-linguistic versions-to be used. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article-53(2) 84a(2).	implementing acts establishing the Union symbols for geographical indications, defining the technical characteristics of the Union symbols for geographical indications as well as the rules on their use and the use of the indications and abbreviations on products marketed under a registered geographical indication, including rules concerning the appropriate linguistic versions to be used. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2). Text Origin: Commission Proposal
G	Chap 375	Chapter 4 Controls and enforcement	Chapter 4 Controls and enforcement	Chapter 4 Controls and enforcement	Chapter 4 Controls and enforcement Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 38			
G	376	Article 38 Scope	Article 38 Scope	Article 38 Scope	Article 38 Scope Text Origin: Commission

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement	
					Proposal	
	Artic	le 38(1)				
v	377	1. This Chapter covers controls and enforcement of geographical indications of spirit drinks and of agricultural products.	1. This Chapter covers controls and enforcement of geographical indications of spirit drinks and of agricultural products.	1. This Chapter covers controls and enforcement of geographical indications of spirit drinks, agricultural products and, notwithstanding Article 1(4)(a) of Regulation (EU) 2017/625, wine and of agricultural products.		Y
	Artic	le 38(2)	Γ			
G	378	2. For the purposes of this Chapter, controls include:	2. For the purposes of this Chapter, controls <i>includemean</i> :	2. For the purposes of this Chapter, controls includemean:	2. For the purposes of this Chapter, controls <i>includemean</i> :	G
	Artic	le 38(2), point (a)				
G	379	(a) verification that a product designated by a geographical indication has been produced in compliance with the corresponding product specification; and	(a) verification that a product designated by a geographical indication has been produced in compliance with the corresponding product specification; and	(a) verification that a product designated by a geographical indication has been produced in compliance with the corresponding product specification; and	 (a) verification that a product designated by a geographical indication has been produced in compliance with the corresponding product specification; and Text Origin: Commission Proposal 	G
	Artic	le 38(2), point (b)	r	r	-	
G	380	(b) monitoring of the use of geographical indications in the marketplace.	(b) monitoring of the use of geographical indications in the <i>marketplacemarket</i> , <i>including in</i> <i>electronic commerce</i> .	(b) monitoringverificatio n of the use of geographical indications in the marketplacemarket.	(b) monitoringverification n of the use of geographical indications in the marketplacemarket, including on online interfaces.	G

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Artio	cle 38(2a)			
s 380 a			2a. For the purposes of this Chapter, enforcement includes any action that aims to ensure compliance with Chapter 3 of Title II of this Regulation.	2a. For the purposes of this Chapter, enforcement includes any action that aims to ensure compliance with Chapter 3 of Title II of this Regulation.
Artio	cle 38(3)			
₅ 381	3. When performing the controls and enforcement activities provided for in this Title, the responsible competent authorities and product certification bodies shall comply with the requirements laid down in Regulation (EU) 2017/625. However, Title VI, Chapter 1, of Regulation (EU) 2017/625 shall not apply to controls of geographical indications.	3. When performing the controls and enforcement activities provided for in this Title, the responsible competent authorities and product certification bodies <i>shall comply with the</i> <i>requirements laid</i> <i>down in Regulation</i> <i>(EU) 2017/625.</i> <i>However, Title VI,</i> <i>Chapter 1, ofin the</i> <i>Member States and in</i> <i>third countries shall</i> <i>comply with the</i> <i>requirements laid</i> <i>down in</i> Regulation (EU) 2017/625, <i>or</i> <i>equivalent legal</i> <i>requirements in third</i> <i>countries shall not</i> <i>apply to controls of</i> <i>geographical</i> <i>indications</i> .	3. When performing the controls and enforcement activities provided for in this Title, the responsible competent authorities and product certification bodies Competent authorities, delegated bodies and natural persons to which certain official control tasks have been delegated shall comply with the requirements laid down in Regulation (EU) 2017/625. However, Title VI, Chapter 1, of Regulation (EU) 2017/625 shall not apply to controls of geographical indications.	3. When performing the controls and enforcement activities provided for in this Title, the responsible competent authorities and product certification bodiesCompetent authorities, delegated bodies and natural persons to which certain official control tasks have been delegated shall comply with the requirements laid down in Regulation (EU) 2017/625. Notwithstanding Article 116(1) of Regulation (EU) 2017/625, the Commission shall perform the controls, including audits, on geographical indications provided for in However, Title VI, Chapter 1, I, of Regulation (EU) 2017/625, based on a risk analysis, according to the relative volume of geographical

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				indications in the Member State, the number of checks carried out or the irregularities linked to the verification of compliance or of use of the geographical indications set out in the Member state' annual report produced in accordance with Article 113 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625 concerning the control of the obligations established by this Regulation. Articles 116(2), 118 and 120 to 124 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625 shall not apply to controls, including audits of geographical indications.
Artic	le 39	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
G 382	Article 39 Verification of compliance with the product specification	Article 39 Verification of compliance with the product specification	Article 39 Verification of compliance with the product specification	Article 39 Verification of compliance with the product specification Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 39(1)			
⁶ 383	1. Member States shall draw up and keep up to date a list of producers of products designated by a geographical indication entered in the Union register of geographical	1. Member States shall draw up and <i>keep up to date a<u>make</u> <u>public the</u> list of producers of products designated by a geographical indication entered in the Union register of</i>	1. For the purposes of this Chapter, each operator wishing to participate in any activity covered by the product specification of a product bearing a geographical	1. For the purposes of this Chapter, each operator wishing to participate in any activity covered by the product specification of a product bearing a geographical
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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	indications originating in their territory.	geographical indications originating in their territory. <u>Member States shall</u> <u>keep that information</u> <u>up to date.</u>	indication shall notify the competent authorities, delegated bodies or natural persons referred to in paragraph (3)(a) and (b). Member States shall draw up and keep up to date a list of producers of producers of producers of products designated byoperators who perform activities subject to one or more obligations provided for in the product specification of a geographical indication entered in the Union register of geographical indications originating in their territory.	indication shall notify the competent authorities, delegated bodies or natural persons referred to in paragraph (3)(a) and (b). Member States shall draw up and keep up to date a list of producers of products designated by operators who perform activities subject to one or more obligations provided for in the product specification of a geographical indication entered in the Union register of geographical indications originating in their territory. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 39(2)			
۶ 384	2. Producers are responsible for internal controls that ensure compliance with the product specification of products designated by geographical indications before the product is placed on the market.	2. Producers are responsible for <i>internal controls that</i> <i>ensureensuring</i> compliance with the product specification of products designated by geographical indications before the product is placed on the market.	2. Producers are responsible for internalown controls that ensure compliance with the product specification of products designated by geographical indications before the product is placed on the market.	2. Producers are responsible for <i>internalown</i> controls that ensure compliance with the product specification of products designated by geographical indications before the product is placed on the market. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 39(2a)(3)		Ι	Τ
o 385	3. In addition to	3. In addition to	3. In addition to	3. In addition to

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	internal controls referred to in paragraph 2, prior to placing on the market a product designated by a geographical indication and originating in the Union, third party verification of compliance with the product specification, shall be carried out by:	internal controls and any other actions to ensure compliance referred to in paragraph 2, prior to placing on the market a product designated by a geographical indication and originating in the Union, third party verification of compliance with the product specification, shall be carried out by:	internalown controls referred to in paragraph 2, prior to placing on the market a product designated by a geographical indication and originating in the Union, third party verification of compliance with the product specification, shall be carried out by:	<pre>internalown controls referred to in paragraph 2, prior to placing on the market a product designated by a geographical indication and originating in the Union, third party verification of compliance with the product specification, shall be carried out by: Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
A	rticle 39(2a)(3), point (a)	I	1	
۶ 3٤	 (a) one or more competent authorities within the meaning of Article 3, point (3), of Regulation (EU) 2017/625; or 	(a) one or more competent authorities within the meaning of Article 3, point (3), of Regulation (EU) 2017/625; or	(a) one or more competent authorities within the meaning of Article 3, point (3), of Regulation (EU) 2017/625; or	 (a) one or more competent authorities within the meaning of Article 3, point (3), of Regulation (EU) 2017/625; or Text Origin: Commission Proposal
A	rticle 39(2a)(3), point (b)			
G 3{	 (b) one or more product certification bodies to which responsibilities have been delegated as referred to in Regulation (EU) 2017/625, Title II, Chapter III. 	(b) one or more product certification bodies to which responsibilities have been delegated as referred to in Regulation (EU) 2017/625, Title II, Chapter III.	(b) one or more product certification bodiesdelegated bodies or natural persons to which certain official control tasks responsibilities have been delegated as referred to in Regulation (EU) 2017/625, Title II, Chapter III.	(b) one or more product certification bodies delegated bodies or natural persons to which certain official control tasks responsibilities have been delegated as referred to in Regulation (EU) 2017/625, Title II, Chapter III. Text Origin:

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
					Council Mandate
	Artic	le 39(3), second subpara	graph		
Y	387 a			In respect of geographical indications in the wine sector, verification of compliance with the product specification shall be carried out annually, covering both wine production and conditioning.	Y Solution of the second secon
	Artic	le 39(4)	L		
G	388	4. In respect of geographical indications that designate products originating in a third country, verification of compliance with the product specification, before placing the product on the market, shall be carried out by:	4. In respect of geographical indications that designate products originating in a third country, verification of compliance with the product specification, before placing the product on the market, shall be carried out by:	4. In respect of geographical indications that designate products originating in a third country, verification of compliance with the product specification, before placing the product on the market, shall be carried out by:	4. In respect of geographical indications that designate products originating in a third country, verification of compliance with the product specification, before placing the product on the market, shall be carried out by: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 39(4), point (a)			
G	389	(a) a public competent authority designated by the third country; or	(a) a public competent authority designated by the third country; or	(a) a publicone or more competent authorityauthorities designated by the third country; or	 (a) a publicone or more competent authority authorities designated by the third country; or Text Origin: Council Mandate

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Arti	cle 39(4), point (b)	I		
۶ 390 ^م	(b) one or more product certification bodies.	(b) one or more product certification bodies.	(b) one or more product certification bodies.	 (b) one or more product certification bodies. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Arti	cle 39(5)			
5 391	5. Where, in accordance with the product specification, a production step is carried out by one or more producers in a country other than the country of the origin of the geographical indication, provisions for verification of compliance of those producers shall be set out in the product specification. If the relevant production step takes place in the Union, the producers shall be notified to the competent authorities of the Member State where the production step takes place and be subject to verification as a producer of the product designated by the geographical indication.	5. Where, in accordance with the product specification, a production step is carried out by one or more producers in a country other than the country of the origin of the geographical indication, provisions for verification of compliance of those producers shall be set out in the product specification. If the relevant production step takes place in the Union, the producers shall be notified to the competent authorities of the Member State where the production step takes place and be subject to verification as a producer of the product designated by the geographical indication.	5. Where, in accordance with If an activity covered by the product specification, a production step is carried out by one or more producersoperators in a country other than the country of the origin of the geographical indication, provisions for verification of compliance of those producersoperators shall be set out in the product specification. If the relevant production stepoperation takes place in the Union, the producersoperators shall be notified notify it to the competent authorities of the Member State where the production stepoperation takes place and be subject to verification as a producer of the producer of the producer of the producer of the producer of the producer of the producer	5. Where, in accordance with If an activity covered by the product specification; a production step is carried out by one or more producers operators in a country other than the country of the origin of the geographical indication, provisions for verification of compliance of those producers operators shall be set out in the product specification. If the relevant production stepoperation takes place in the Union, the producers operators shall be notified notify if to the competent authorities of the Member State where the production stepoperation takes place and be subject to verification-as a producer of the producer of the product designated by the geographical indication.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 39(6)			
G 392	6. Where a Member State applies Article 8(2), the verification of compliance with the product specification shall be ensured by an authority other than that deemed to be a producer group under that paragraph.	6. Where a Member State applies Article 8(2), the verification of compliance with the product specification shall be ensured by an authority other than that deemed to be a producer group under that paragraph.	6. Where a Member State applies Article 8(2), the verification of compliance with the product specification shall be ensured by an authority other than that deemed to be a producer group under that paragraph.	 6. Where a Member State applies Article 8(2), the verification of compliance with the product specification shall be ensured by an authority other than that deemed to be a producer group under that paragraph. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 39(7)			
G 393	7. The costs of verification of compliance with the product specification may be borne by the operators which are subject to those controls. The Member States may also contribute to those costs.	7. The costs of verification of compliance with the product specification may be borne by the operators which are subject to those controls. The Member States <i>may also shall</i> contribute to those costs.	7. The costs of verification of compliance with the product specification may be borne by the operators which are subject to those controls. The Member States may also contribute to thosecollect fees or charges to cover the costs of official controls and other official activities.	7. The costs of verification of compliance with the product specification may be borne by the operators which are subject to those controls. The Member States may <i>also</i> <i>contribute to</i> <i>thosecollect fees or</i> <i>charges to cover</i> <i>partly or entirely the</i> costs <i>of official</i> <i>controls and other</i> <i>official activities</i> . Text Origin: Council Mandate
	le 39(7a), first subparagra	aph		
⁶ 393 a			7a. The Commission	7a. The Commission



		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement	
				shall adopt implementing acts concerning the following:	<pre>shall adopt implementing acts concerning the following: Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>	
	Artic	le 39(7a), first subparagra	aph, point (a)			
G	393 b			(a) the communication to be made by the third countries to the Commission;	<pre>(a) the communication to be made by the third countries to the Commission; Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>	G
	Artic	le 39(7a), first subparagra	aph, point (b)			
Y	393 c			(b) the checks and verification to be carried out by the Member States, including testing;		¥
	Artic	le 39(7a), first subparagra	aph, point (c)			
G	393 d			(c) the arrangements for monitoring and verifying the operations provided for in paragraph 5.	(c) the arrangements for monitoring and verifying the operations provided for in paragraph 5. Text Origin: Council Mandate	G
	Artic	le 39(7a), second subpara	agraph	Ι		
G	393 е			Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination	<u>Those implementing</u> acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination	G

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				procedure referred to in Article 84a(2).	<pre>procedure referred to in Article 84a(2). Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
	Artic	le 40			
G	394	Article 40 Public information on competent authorities and product certification bodies	Article 40 Public information on competent authorities and product certification bodies	Article 40 Public information on competent authorities, delegated and product certification bodies and natural persons	Article 40 Public information on competent authorities, <u>delegated</u> and product certification bodies <u>and natural persons</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 40(1)		[
G	395	1. Member States shall make public the names and addresses of the competent authorities and product certification bodies referred to in Article 39(3) and keep that information up- to-date.	1. Member States shall make public the names and addresses of the competent authorities and product certification bodies referred to in Article 39(3) and keep that information up- to-date.	1. Member States shall make public the names and addresses of the competent authorities, delegated bodies and natural persons-and product certification bodies referred to in Article 39(3) for each product designated by a geographical indication and keep that information up- to-date.	 Member States shall make public the names and addresses of the competent authorities, <u>delegated</u> <u>bodies and natural</u> <u>persons and product</u> <u>certification bodies</u> referred to in Article 39(3) <u>for each</u> <u>product designated by</u> <u>a geographical</u> <u>indication</u> and keep that information up- to-date. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 40(2)	1	I	
G	396	2. The Commission shall make public the names and addresses of the competent	2. The Commission shall make public the names and addresses of the competent	2. The Commission shall make public the names and addresses of the competent	2. The Commission shall make public the names and addresses of the competent

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		authorities and product certification bodies referred to in Article 39(4) and update that information periodically.	authorities and product certification bodies referred to in Article 39(4) and update that information periodically.	authorities and product certification bodies referred to in Article 39(4) and update that information periodically.	authorities and product certification bodies referred to in Article 39(4) and update that information periodically. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
/	Artic	le 40(3)			
G	397	3. The Commission may establish a digital portal where the names and addresses of the competent authorities and product certification bodies referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 are made public.	3. The Commission may establish a digital portal where the names and addresses of the competent authorities and product certification bodies referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 are made public.	3. The Commission may establish a digital portal where the names and addresses of the competent authorities, delegated and product certification bodies and natural persons referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 are made public.	3. The Commission may establish a digital portal where the names and addresses of the competent authorities, <i>delegated</i> and product certification bodies <i>and natural persons</i> referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 are made public. Text Origin: Council Mandate
/	Artic	le 41			
G	398	Article 41 Accreditation of product certification bodies	Article 41 Accreditation of product certification bodies	Article 41 Accreditation of delegated and product certification bodies	Article 41 Accreditation of <u>delegated and</u> product certification bodies Text Origin: Council Mandate
/	Artic	le 41(1)			
G	399	1. The product certification bodies referred to in Article 39(3), point (b) and	 The product certification bodies referred to in Article 39(3), point (b) and 	1. The product certificationdelegated bodies referred to in Article 39(3), point	1. The product certification <u>delegated</u> bodies referred to in Article 39(3), point

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		Article 39(4), point (b) shall comply with and be accredited in accordance with:	Article 39(4), point (b) shall comply with and be accredited in accordance with:	(b) and the product certification bodies referred to in Article 39(4), point (b) shall comply with and be accredited in accordance with either of the following standards as relevant for the delegated tasks:	(b) and <u>the product</u> <u>certification bodies</u> <u>referred to in</u> Article 39(4), point (b) shall comply with and be accredited in accordance with <u>either of the</u> <u>following standards</u> <u>as relevant for the</u> <u>delegated tasks</u> : Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 41(1), point (a)			
G	400	(a) European standard ISO/IEC 17065:2012 'Conformity assessment — Requirements for bodies certifying products, processes and services, including European standard ISO/IEC 17020:2012 'Conformity assessment — Requirements for the operation of various types of bodies performing inspection'; or	(a) European standard ISO/IEC 17065:2012 'Conformity assessment — Requirements for bodies certifying products, processes and services, <i>includingor</i> European standard ISO/IEC 17020:2012 'Conformity assessment — Requirements for the operation of various types of bodies performing inspection'; or	(a) European Standard EN ISO/IEC 17065: 2012 'Conformity assessment — Requirements for bodies certifying products, processes and services; including European standard ISO/IEC 17020:2012 'Conformity assessment — Requirements for the operation of various types of bodies performing inspection'; or	 (a) European Standard EN ISO/IEC 17065:2012 'Conformity assessment — Requirements for bodies certifying products, processes and services; including European standard ISO/IEC 17020:2012 'Conformity' assessment — Requirements for the operation of various types of bodies performing inspection'; or Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 41(1), point (aa)			
G	400 a			(aa) Standard EN ISO/IEC 17020 'Conformity assessment — Requirements for	<u>(aa)</u> <u>Standard EN</u> <u>ISO/IEC 17020</u> <u>'Conformity</u> <u>assessment —</u> <u>Requirements for the</u>

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			the operation of various types of bodies performing inspection.	<pre>operation of various types of bodies performing inspection. Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Arti	cle 41(1), point (b)			
G 401	 (b) other suitable, internationally recognised standards, including any revisions or amended versions of the European standards referred to in point (a). 	(b) other suitable, internationally recognised standards, including any revisions or amended versions of the European standards referred to in point (a).deleted	(b) other suitable, internationally recognised standards, including any revisions or amended versions of the European standards referred to in point (a).	
Arti	cle 41(2)			
G 402	2. Accreditation referred to in paragraph 1 shall be performed by an accreditation body recognised in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 765/2008, that is a member of European Accreditation, or by an accreditation body outside the Union that is a member of International Accreditation Forum.	2. Accreditation referred to in paragraph 1 shall be performed by <i>ana</i> <i>national</i> accreditation body recognised in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 765/2008, that is a <i>membersignatory of</i> <i>the applicable</i> <i>multilateral</i> <i>recognition</i> <i>arrangement</i> of European Accreditation <i>for the</i> <i>certification activities</i> <i>concerned</i> , or by an accreditation body outside the Union that is <i>a membersignatory</i> <i>of the applicable</i> <i>multilateral</i> <i>recognition</i> <i>arrangement</i> of International Accreditation Forum	2. Accreditation referred to in paragraph 1 shall be performed by ana national accreditation body recognised in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 765/2008, that is a member of signatory of a Multilateral Agreement in the framework of the European Cooperation for Accreditation covering the standards referred to in paragraph 1, or by an accreditation body outside the Union that is a member of signatory of a Multilateral Recognition Arrangement of the International	2. Accreditation referred to in paragraph 1 shall be performed by <i>ana</i> <i>national</i> accreditation body recognised in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 765/2008, that is a <i>member of signatory</i> <i>of a Multilateral</i> <i>Agreement in the</i> <i>framework of the</i> European <u>Cooperation for</u> Accreditation <i>covering the</i> <i>standards referred to</i> <i>in paragraph 1</i> , or by an accreditation body outside the Union that is a <i>member of</i> <i>signatory of a</i> <i>Multilateral</i> <i>Recognition</i> <i>Arrangement of the</i> International

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<u>for the certification</u> <u>activities concerned</u> .	Accreditation Forum or a Mutual Recognition Arrangement of the International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation covering the standards referred to paragraph 1.	Accreditation Forum or a Mutual Recognition Arrangement of the International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation covering the standards referred to paragraph I. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 42			
g 403	Article 42 Controls and enforcement of geographical indications in the marketplace	Article 42 Controls and enforcement of geographical indications in the marketplace	Article 42 Controls and enforcementVerificati on of the use of geographical indications in the marketplacemarketan d enforcement	Article 42 Controls and enforcement Verificati on of the use of geographical indications in the marketplacemarket and enforcement Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 42(1)			
G 404	1. Member States shall designate one or more enforcement authorities, which may be the same as the competent authorities referred to in Article 39(3), responsible for controls in the marketplace and enforcement of geographical indications after the product designated by a geographical	1. Member States shall designate one or more enforcement authorities, which may be the same as the competent authorities referred to in Article 39(3), responsible for controls in the marketplace and enforcement of geographical indications after the product designated by a geographical	1. Member States shall designate one or more enforcement authorities, which may be the same as the competent authorities referred to in Article 39(3), responsible for controls in the marketplace and enforcement actions on the use of geographical	1. Member States shall designate one or more <i>enforcement</i> <i>authorities, which</i> <i>may be the same as</i> <i>the</i> competent authorities <i>referred to</i> <i>in Article 39(3),</i> <i>responsible for</i> <i>controls in the</i> <i>marketplace and</i> <i>enforcement responsib</i> <i>le for verification of</i> <i>and enforcement</i> <i>actions on the use</i> of geographical

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	indication has completed all production steps, whether it is in storage, transit, distribution, or offered for sale at wholesale or retail level, including in electronic commerce.	indication has completed all production steps, whether it is in storage, transit, distribution, or offered for sale at wholesale or retail level, including in electronic commerce.	indications after the product designated by a geographical indication has completed all production steps, whether it is inbeen placed on the market, which includes operations such as storage, transit, distribution, or offeredoffering for sale at wholesale or retail level, including in electronic commerce, including in electronic commerce. These authorities may be the same as the competent authorities referred to in Article 39(3)(a). Verification of the use of geographical indications shall be carried out on the basis of a risk analysis.	indications after the product designated by a geographical indication has <i>completed all</i> <i>production steps,</i> <i>whether it is inbeen</i> <i>placed on the market,</i> <i>which includes</i> <i>operations such as</i> storage, transit, distribution, or <i>offered_offering</i> for sale <i>at wholesale or</i> <i>retail level, including</i> <i>in electronic</i> <i>commerce, including</i> <i>in electronic</i> <i>commerce, These</i> <i>authorities may be</i> <i>the same as the</i> <i>competent authorities</i> <i>referred to in Article</i> <i>39(3)(a).</i> Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 42(2)	· [
۶ 405	2. The enforcement authority shall carry out controls of products designated by geographical indications to ensure conformity with the product specification or the single document or an equivalent to the latter.	2. The enforcement authority shall <u>on a</u> <u>regular basis</u> carry out controls of products designated by geographical indications, <u>also</u> <u>based on a risk</u> <u>analysis and on</u> <u>notifications</u> , to ensure <u>traceability</u> <u>and</u> conformity with the product specification or the single document or, <u>for geographical</u> <u>indications</u> <u>concerning products</u>	2. The enforcement authority shall carry out controls of products designated by geographical indicationsauthorities referred to in paragraph 1 shall act to ensure conformitycomplianc e with the product specification or the single document or an equivalent to the latter for the geographical indication concerned.	2. The <i>enforcement</i> <i>authorityauthorities</i> <u>referred to in</u> <u>paragraph 1</u> shall, <u>regularly and with</u> <u>appropriate</u> <u>frequency based on</u> <u>risk analysis and on</u> <u>notifications,</u> <u>including from</u> <u>producer groups, act</u> <u>carry out controls of</u> <u>products designated</u> <u>by geographical</u> <u>indications</u> to ensure <u>conformitycompliance</u> with the product specification or the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement	
		originating outside the Union, an equivalent to the lattersingle document.		single document or an equivalent to the latter for the geographical indication concerned, including in online presentations and labelling.	
Artic	le 42(3)				
G 406	3. Member States shall take appropriate administrative and judicial steps to prevent or stop the use of names of products or services that are produced, operated or marketed in their territory and that contravenes the protection of geographical indications provided for in Article 27 and Article 28.	3. Member States shall take appropriate administrative and judicial steps to prevent or stop the use of names of products or services, <i>including</i> <i>domain names</i> , that are produced, operated or marketed <i>physically or via the</i> <i>internet</i> in their territory and that contravenes the protection of geographical indications provided for in Article 27 and Article 28.	3. Member States shall take appropriate administrative and judicial steps to prevent or stop the use of names of products or services that are produced, operated provided or marketed in their territory, or intended for export to third countries , and that contravenes the protection of geographical indications provided for in Article 27 and Article 28.	3. Member States shall take appropriate administrative and judicial steps to prevent or stop the use of names of products or services, <i>including</i> <i>through online</i> <i>interfaces</i> , that are produced, <i>operated</i> <i>provided</i> or marketed in their territory, <i>or intended</i> <i>for</i> <i>export to third</i> <i>countries, and that</i> <i>contravenes Articles</i> <i>and that contravenes</i> <i>the protection of</i> <i>geographical</i> <i>indications provided</i> <i>for in Article</i> 27 and <i>Article</i> 28.	G
Artic	le 42(3a)				
_с 406 а		3a. Member States shall not adopt <u>national rules,</u> including of a technical nature, on the use of names for products or services that are produced, operated or marketed in their territory, which do not comply with Articles 27 and 28 of this Regulation and with Articles 7		3a. <u>Member States</u> shall take appropriate <u>administrative and</u> judicial steps to remove or disable access to domain names from their territory that contravene Article 27(3).	G



		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			and 17 of Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011, and which do not comply with the principle of harmonisation in the Union food law system.		
	Artic	le 42(4)			
G	407	4. The authority designated in accordance with paragraph 1 shall coordinate enforcement of geographical indications among relevant departments, agencies and bodies, including police, anti- counterfeiting agencies, customs, intellectual property offices, food law authorities and retail inspectors.	4. The authority designated in accordance with paragraph 1 shall <i>cooperate with the</i> <i>producer groups</i> <i>concerned and</i> coordinate enforcement of geographical indications among relevant departments, agencies and bodies, including police, anti- counterfeiting agencies, customs, intellectual property offices, food law authorities and retail inspectors.	4. The authority or authorities designated in accordance with paragraph 1 shall facilitate the information exchange coordinate enforcement of geographical indications among relevant departments, agencies and bodies, includingsuch as police, anti- counterfeiting agencies, customs, intellectual property offices, food law authorities and retail inspectors, to ensure efficient enforcement.	4. The authority <u>or</u> <u>authorities</u> designated in accordance with paragraph 1 shall <u>facilitate the</u> <u>information</u> <u>exchange-coordinate</u> <u>enforcement of</u> <u>geographical</u> <u>indications</u> among relevant departments, agencies and bodies, <u>includingsuch as</u> police, anti- counterfeiting agencies, customs, intellectual property offices, food law authorities and retail inspectors, <u>to ensure</u> <u>efficient enforcement</u> . Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 43	I	I	
G	408	Article 43 Obligations applicable to providers of intermediary services	Article 43 Obligations applicable to providers of intermediary services	Article 43 Obligations applicable toof providers on the online market-of intermediary services	Article 43 Obligations <i>applicable toof</i> providers <u>on the</u> <u>online market of</u> <u>intermediary services</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	1100000			
Artic	le 43(1)			
409	1. Sale of goods to which persons established in the Union have access, that contravenes Article 27, shall be considered illegal content within the meaning of Article 2, point (g) of Regulation (EU) 2022/xxx of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ . 1. Regulation (EU) [] of the European Parliament and of the Council of [] on a Single Market For Digital Services (DSA) and amending Directive 2000/31/EC (OJ L , XXX, dd/mm/yyyy, p. X).	 Sale of goods to which persons established in the Union have access, that contravenes Article 27 Articles 27 and 28 of this Regulation, shall be considered illegal content within the meaning of Article 2, point (g) of Regulation (EU) 2022/xxx 2022/2065 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁴⁴⁶. Regulation (EU) for the European Parliament and of the Council of [] on a Single Market For Digital Services (DSA) and amending Directive 2000/31/EC (OJ L , XXX, dd/mm/yyyy, p. X). Regulation of the Council of 19 October 2022 on a Single Market For Digital Services and amending Directive 2000/31/EC (Digital Services And Services Concil of 19 October 2022 on a Single Market For Digital Services Act) (OJ L 277, 27.10.2022, p. 1). 	1. Any information related to the advertising, promotion and sale of goods to which persons established in the Union have access; that contravenes Article 27, the protection of geographical indications provided for in Articles 27 and 28 of this Regulation shall be considered illegal content within the meaning of Article 23, point (g)(h) of Regulation (EU) 2022/xxx of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁺ 2022/2065 ² . 1. Regulation (EU) 2022/xxx of the European Parliament and of the Council of [] of the European Parliament and of the Council of [] on a Single Market For Digital Services (DSA) and amending Directive 2000/31/EC (OJ L , XXX, dd/mm/yyyy, p. X). 2. Regulation (EU) 2022/2065 of the European Parliament and of the Council on a Single Market For Digital Services (DSA) and amending Directive 2000/31/EC (OJ L	1. Any information related to the advertising, promotion and sale of goods to which persons established in the Union have access, that contravenes Article 27, the protection of geographical indications provided for in Articles 27 and 28 of this Regulation shall be considered illegal content within the meaning of Article 23, point (g)(h) of Regulation (EU) 2022/xxx of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁴ 2022/2065 ² . <i>I. Regulation (EU)</i> <i>ff of the</i> European Parliament and of the Council of <i>ff</i> on a Single Market For Digital Services (DSA) and amending Directive 2000/31/EC (OJ L , XXX, dd/mm/yyyy, p. X). 2. Regulation (EU) 2022/2065 of the European Parliament and of the Council on a Single Market For Digital Services (DSA) and amending Directive

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			277, 27.10.2022, p. 1).	277,27.10.2022,p. <u>1).</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 43(2)			
410	2. Competent authorities of the Member States may issue an order to act in accordance with Article 8 of Regulation (EU) 2022/xxx against illegal content as referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article.	2. Competent authorities of the Member States may issue an order to act in accordance with Article 8 of Regulation (EU) 2022/xxx against illegal content as referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article.	2. CompetentRelevant national judicial or administrative authorities of the Member States may issue an order to act ,in accordance with Article 89 of Regulation (EU) 2022/xxx2022/2065, issue an order to act against illegal content as referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article.	2. Competent <u>Relevant</u> national judicial or administrative authorities of the Member States may issue an order to act , in accordance with Article <u>89</u> of Regulation (EU) 2022/xxx2022/2065, issue an order to act against illegal content as referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 43(3)			
411	3. Pursuant to Article 14 of Regulation (EU) 2022/xxx, any individual or entity may notify providers of hosting services of the presence of a specific content that is in breach Article 27 of this Regulation.	3. Pursuant to Article 14 of Regulation (EU) 2022/xxx 2022/2065, any individual or entity may notify providers of hosting services of the presence of a specific content that is in breach <u>Article</u> 27 <u>Articles 27 and 28</u> of this Regulation.	3. Pursuant to Article 14 of Regulation (EU) 2022/xxx, any individual or entity may notify providers of hosting services of the presence of a specific content that is in breach Article 27 of this Regulation.	3. Pursuant to Article 14 of Regulation (EU) 2022/xxx 2022/2065, any individual or entity may notify providers of hosting services of the presence of a specific content that is in breach <i>Article</i> 27, <i>Articles 27 and 28</i> of this Regulation. Text Origin: EP Mandate
Artic	le 43(4)			

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
G	412	4. This regulation is without prejudice to Regulation (EU) 2022/xxx.	4. This regulation is without prejudice to Regulation (EU) 2022/xxx.	4. This regulation is without prejudice to Regulation (EU) 2022/xxx.	Text Origin: EP Mandate
	Artic	e 44			
G	413	Article 44 Mutual assistance and exchange of information	Article 44 Mutual assistance and exchange of information	Article 44 Mutual assistance and exchange of information	Article 44 Mutual assistance and exchange of information Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	e 44(1)			
	414	1. Member States shall assist each other for the purpose of carrying out the controls and enforcement provided for in this Chapter in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/625.	1. Member States shall assist each other for the purpose of carrying out the controls and enforcement provided for in this Chapter in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/625.	1. Member States shall assist each other for the purpose of carrying out the controls and enforcement provided for in this Chapter in accordance with Title IV of Regulation (EU) 2017/625.	 Member States shall assist each other for the purpose of carrying out the controls and enforcement provided for in this Chapter in accordance with <u>Title</u> <u>IV of</u> Regulation (EU) 2017/625. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	e 44(2)			
6	415	2. The Commission may adopt implementing acts detailing the nature and the type of the information to be exchanged and the methods for exchanging information for the purpose of controls and enforcement	2. The Commission <i>mayshall</i> adopt implementing acts detailing the nature and the type of the information to be exchanged and the methods for exchanging information for the purpose of controls and enforcement	2. The Commission may adopt implementing acts detailing the nature and the type of the information to be exchanged among Member States and the methods for exchanging that information for the purpose of controls	2. The Commission may adopt implementing acts detailing the nature and the type of the information to be exchanged <u>among</u> <u>Member States</u> and the methods for exchanging <u>that</u> information for the purpose of controls

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	under this Chapter. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).	under this Chapter. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).	and enforcement under this Chapter. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article-53(2) 84a(2).	and enforcement under this Chapter. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article- <u>53(2)</u> . <u>84a(2)</u> . Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 44(3)			
۶ 416	3. Administrative assistance may include, where appropriate, and, by agreement between the competent authorities concerned, participation by the competent authorities of a Member State in on-the-spot checks that the competent authorities of another Member State perform.	3. Administrative assistance may include, where appropriate, and, by agreement between the competent authorities concerned, participation by the competent authorities of a Member State in on-the-spot checks that the competent authorities of another Member State perform.	3. Administrative assistance may include, where appropriate, and, by agreement between the competent authorities concerned, participation by the competent authorities of a Member State in on the spot checks that the competent authorities of another Member State perform.	
Artic	le 44(4)			
۶ 417	4. In case of a possible violation of protection conferred to a geographical indication, Member States shall take measures to facilitate the transmission, from law enforcement authorities, public prosecutors and judicial authorities, to the competent authorities referred in Article 39(3) of information on such	4. In case of a possible violation of protection conferred to a geographical indication, Member States shall take measures to facilitate the transmission, from law enforcement authorities, <i>market</i> <i>surveillance</i> <i>authorities</i> , public prosecutors, <i>public</i> <i>authorities on</i> <i>domain names</i> and judicial authorities, to	4. In case of a possible violation of protection conferred to a geographical indication, Member States shall take measures to facilitate the transmission, from law enforcement authorities, public prosecutors and judicial authorities, to the competent authorities referred in Article 39(3) of information on such	

possible violation. the competent authorities referred in Article 3(3) of information on such possible violation. possible-violation: Article 44(5) . Article 44(5) . Article 44(5) . Article 5 . For the specific purpose of facilitating the exchange of information on non- compliance or fraud concerning registered geographical indications, Member States shall use the information (EU) 2017/625 or any other system that might be established in the future for that purpose. 5. For the specific purpose of facilitating the exchange of information on non- compliance or fraud concerning registered geographical indications, Member States shall use the information (EU) 2017/625 or any other system that might be established in the future for that purpose. 5. For the specific produce facilitation established under Regulation (EU) 2017/625 or any other system that might be established in the future for that purpose. 5. For the specific produce Attestation of compliance or fraud concerning registered geographical indications; 4119 Article 45 Certificates of authorisation to produce compliance specification is produce following the verification of compliance vith the future for that purpose. Article 45 Certificates of authorisation to produce Attestation of compliance vith the specification is produce following the verification of in Article 39, is found in Article 39, is found in Comply with the product specification 1. A producer whose product, following the verification of compliance referred to in Article 39, is found in Comply with the		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
418 5. For the specific purpose of facilitating the exchange of information on non-compliance or fraud concerning registered geographical indications. Member States shall use the information management system established under Regulation (EU) 2017/625 or any other system that might be established in the future for that purpose. 5. For the specific purpose of facilitating the exchange of information on non-compliance or fraud concerning registered geographical indications. Member States shall use the information management system established under Regulation (EU) 2017/625 or any other system that might be established in the future for that purpose. 5. For the specific purpose of facilitating the exchange of information on non-compliance of faud concerning registered geographical indications. Member States shall use the information management system established under Regulation (EU) 2017/625 or any other system that might be established in the future for that purpose. 418 Article 45 419 Article 45 419 Article 45 410 Article 45 411 Article 45 412 Article 45 413 Article 45 414 Article 45 415 Article 45 416 Article 45 417 Article 45 418 Article 45 419 Article 45 419 Article 45 410 Article 45		possible violation.	authorities referred in Article 39(3) of information on such	possible violation.	
purpose of facilitating the exchange of information on non-compliance or fraud concerning registered geographical indications, Member States shall use the information management system established under Regulation (EU) 2017/625 or any other system that might be established in the future for that purpose. purpose of facilitating the exchange of information on non-compliance or fraud concerning registered geographical indications, Member States shall use the information management system established under Regulation (EU) 2017/625 or any other system that might be established in the future for that purpose. Purpose of facilitating the exchange of indications, Member States shall use the information formation management system established in the future for that purpose. 419 Article 45 Certificates of authorisation to produce for that might be established in the future for that purpose. Article 45 419 Article 45 Certificates of authorisation to produce filter for that purpose. Article 45 419 Article 45 Certificates of authorisation to produce filterations Article 45 419 Article 45 Certificates of authorisation to produce filterations Article 45 410 Article 45 Certificates of authorisation to produce filterations Article 45 410 I. A producer whose product, following the verification of compliance with the produce filteration of in Article 39, is found to comply with the I. A producer whose product, following the verification of compliance referred to in Article 39, is found to comply with the <td< td=""><td>Artic</td><td>le 44(5)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Artic	le 44(5)			
Article 45 Certificates of authorisation to produceArticle 45 Certificates of authorisation to produceArticle 45 Certificates of authorisation to produce with product specificationsArticle 45 Certificates of authorisation to produceAttestation of compliance with the product specificationArticle 45 Certificates of authorisation to produceAttestation of compliance with the product specification4191. A producer whose product, following the verification of compliance referred to in Article 39 is found to comply with the product specification1. A producer An operator whose product, following the verification of compliance referred to in Article 39 is found to comply with the product specification1. A producer An operator whose product, following the verification of compliance referred to in Article 39 is found to comply with the product specification1. A producer An operator whose product, following the verification of compliance referred to in Article 39, is found to comply with the product specification1. A producer An operator whose product, following the verification of compliance referred to in Article 39, is found to comply with the product specification1. A producer An operator whose product, following the verification of compliance referred to in Article 39, is found to comply with the product specification1. A producer An operator whose product, following the verification of compliance referred to in Article 39, is found to comply with the1. A producer An operator whose product, following the verification of compliance referred to in Article 39, is found to comply with the	418	purpose of facilitating the exchange of information on non- compliance or fraud concerning registered geographical indications, Member States shall use the information management system established under Regulation (EU) 2017/625 or any other system that might be established in the future for that	purpose of facilitating the exchange of information on non- compliance or fraud concerning registered geographical indications, Member States shall use the information management system established under Regulation (EU) 2017/625 or any other system that might be established in the future for that	purpose of facilitating the exchange of information on non- compliance or fraud concerning registered geographical indications, Member States shall use the information management system established under Regulation (EU) 2017/625 or any other system that might be established in the future for that	
419Certificates of authorisation to produceCertificates of authorisation to produceCertificates of authorisation to produce compliance with product specificationsCertificates of authorisation to produce Attestation of compliance with the product specificationCertificates of authorisation to produce Attestation of compliance with the product specification4191. A producer whose product, following the verification of compliance referred to in Article 39 is found to comply with the product specification1. A producer An operator whose product, following the verification of compliance referred to in Article 39 is found to comply with the product specification1. A producer An operator whose product, following the verification of compliance referred to in Article 39 is found to comply with the product specification1. A producer An operator whose product, following the verification of compliance referred to in Article 39 is found to comply with the product specification1. A producer An operator whose product, following the verification of compliance referred to in Article 39, is found to comply with the1. A producer An operator whose product, following the verification of compliance referred to in Article 39, is found to comply with the1. A producer An operator whose product, following the verification of compliance referred to in Article 39, is found to comply with the1. A producer An operator whose product, following the verification of compliance referred to in Article 39, is found to comply with the	Artic	le 45			
420 1. A producer whose product, following the verification of compliance referred to in Article 39 is found to comply with the product specification 1. A producer whose product, following the verification of compliance referred to in Article 39 is found to comply with the product specification 1. A producer An operator whose product, following the verification of compliance referred to in Article 39 is found to comply with the product specification 1. A producer An operator whose product, following the verification of compliance referred to in Article 39, is found to comply with the product specification	419	Certificates of authorisation to	Certificates of authorisation to producecompliance with product	Certificates of authorisation to produceAttestation of compliance with the	Certificates of authorisation to produce <u>Attestation of</u> compliance with the product specification Text Origin: Council
420 product, following the verification of compliance referred to in Article 39 is found to comply with the product specification of comply with the product specification of to comply with the product specification of the product specification of to comply with the to comp	Artic	le 45(1)	1		
	420	product, following the verification of compliance referred to in Article 39 is found to comply with the	product, following the verification of compliance referred to in Article 39, is found to comply with the	operator whose product, following the verification of compliance referred to in Article 39, is found	<i>operator</i> whose product, following the verification of compliance referred to in Article 39, is found
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		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement	
		of a geographical indication protected in accordance with this Regulation shall be entitled to an official certificate, or other proof of certification, of eligibility to produce the product designated by the geographical indication concerned in respect of the production steps performed by the said producer.	of a geographical indication protected in accordance with this Regulation shall be entitled to an official certificate, or other proof of <i>certificationcomplian</i> <i>ce including by</i> <i>digital means</i> , of eligibility to produce the product designated by the geographical indication concerned, <i>such as the inclusion</i> <i>on the list of</i> <i>producers provided</i> <i>for in Article 39(1)</i> , in respect of the producton steps performed by the said producer.	product specification of a geographical indication protected in accordance with this Regulation shall be entitled to an official certificate, or other proof of certification, of eligibility to produce the product designated by the geographical indication concerned in respect of the production steps performed by the said producer., on request, and depending on the applied system in the Member State, either:	product specification of a geographical indication protected in accordance with this Regulation shall <i>be</i> <i>entitled to an official</i> <i>certificate, or other</i> <i>proof of certification,</i> <i>of eligibility to</i> <i>produce the product</i> <i>designated by the</i> <i>geographical</i> <i>indication concerned</i> <i>in respect of the</i> <i>production steps</i> <i>performed by the said</i> <i>producer., on request,</i> <i>and depending on the</i> <i>applied system in the</i> <i>Member State, either:</i> Text Origin: Council Mandate	
	Artic	le 45(1), point (a)				
G	420 a			(a) be accorded an attestation, which may be a certified copy, certifying compliance of its production with the product specification;	<pre>(a) be accorded an attestation, including by digital means, which may be a certified copy, certifying compliance of its production with the product specification; Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>	G
	Artic	le 45(1), point (b)				
G	420 b			(b) be included in a list of approved operators established by the competent authority the relevant extract	(b) be included in a list of approved operators established by the competent authority, such as the list provided for in	G

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			(listing) of which shall be made available to each approved operator.	Article 39 par. 1, the relevant extract (listing) of which shall be made available on line to each approved operator.
Artic	le 45(2)			
G 421	2. The proof of certification referred to in paragraph 1 shall be made available on request to enforcement authorities, customs or other authorities in the Union engaged in verifying the use of geographical indications on goods declared for free circulation or placed on the internal market. The producer may make the proof of certification available to the public or to any person who requests such proof in the course of business.	2. The proof of <i>certification_complian</i> <i>ce</i> referred to in paragraph 1 shall be made available on request to enforcement authorities, customs or other authorities in the Union engaged in verifying the use of geographical indications on goods declared for free circulation or placed on the internal market. The producer may make the proof of <i>certification_complian</i> <i>ce</i> available to the public or to any person who requests such proof in the course of business.	2. The proof of certificationattestatio n of compliance and the listing referred to in paragraph 1 shall be made available on request to enforcement authorities, customs or other authorities in the Union engaged in verifying the use of geographical indications on goods declared for free circulation or placed on the internal market. The producer may make the proof of certification available to the public or to any person who requests such proof in the course of business.updated periodically.	2. The proof of certificationattestatio n of compliance and the listing referred to in paragraph 1 shall be made available on request to enforcement authorities, customs or other authorities in the Union engaged in verifying the use of geographical indications on goods declared for free circulation or placed on the internal market. The produceroperator may make the proof of certificationattestatio n or the listing available to the public or to any person who requests suchmay request proof of certification in the course of business. That attestation shall be updated periodically.
421 a	ile 45(2a)		2a. In the event that an operator is no longer accorded the attestation of compliance or has been delisted, the	2a. In the event that an operator is no longer accorded the attestation of compliance or has been delisted, the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			allowed to continue to display or use the attestation of compliance or the listing.	<u>allowed to continue</u> <u>to display or use the</u> <u>attestation of</u> <u>compliance or the</u> <u>listing.</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate
Articl	e 45(2b)			
421 b			2b. The Commission shall adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on the form and content of the attestation of compliance and listing, the forms in which they are made available to the operators and the circumstances under which they have to be made available by the operators or importers for control or in the course of business, including in case of products originating in third countries.	2b. The Commission shall adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on the form and content of the attestation of compliance and listing, the forms in which they are made available by the operators or importers for control or in the course of business as well as the circumstances and forms to be applied in case of products originating in third countries.
Chap	ter 5			
422	Chapter 5 Technical assistance	Chapter 5 Technical assistance	Chapter 5 Technical assistance	
Articl	e 46		1	1
423	Article 46 Scrutiny of third country geographical	Article 46 - Scrutiny of third country geographical	Article 46 -Scrutiny of third country geographical	

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
¥	424	The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by rules on entrusting EUIPO with the scrutiny of third country geographical indications, other than geographical indications under the Geneva Act of the Lisbon Agreement on Appellations of Origin and Geographical Indications, proposed for protection pursuant to international negotiations or international agreements.	The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by rules on entrusting EUIPO with the serutiny of third country geographical indications, other than geographical indications under the Geneva Act of the Lisbon Agreement on Appellations of Origin and Geographical Indications, proposed for protection pursuant to international negotiations or international agreements.deleted	The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by rules on entrusting EUIPO with the scrutiny of third country geographical indications, other than geographical indications under the Geneva Act of the Lisbon Agreement on Appellations of Origin and Geographical Indications, proposed for protection pursuant to international negotiations or international agreements.	
Y	Artic	Article 47 Monitoring and reporting	Article 47 Monitoring and reporting	Article 47 - Monitoring and reporting	
	Artic	le 47(1)	I		
٧	426	1. Where the Commission exercises any of the empowerments provided for in this Regulation to entrust tasks to EUIPO, it shall also be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 to supplement this Regulation by criteria for monitoring	1. Where the Commission exercises any of the empowerments provided for in this Regulation to entrust tasks to EUIPO, it shall also be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 to supplement this Regulation by criteria for monitoring	1. Where the Commission exercises any of the empowerments provided for in this Regulation to entrust tasks to EUIPO, it shall also be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 to supplement this Regulation by criteria for monitoring	

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			Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			performance in the execution of such tasks. Such criteria may include:	performance in <u>assisting with</u> the execution of such tasks. Such criteria <u>mayshall</u> include, <u>at</u> <u>least</u> :	performance in the execution of such tasks. Such criteria may include:	
		Artic	e 47(1), point (a)			
	Y	427	(a) the extent of integration of agricultural factors in the scrutiny process;	(a) the extent of integration of agricultural factors in the scrutiny process;deleted	(a) the extent of integration of agricultural factors in the scrutiny process;	
1		Artic	e 47(1), point (b)			
	Y	428	(b) quality of assessments;	(b) quality of assessments <u>technical</u> support;	(b) quality of assessments;	Y
	Ī	Artic	e 47(1), point (c)			
	Y	429	(c) coherence of assessments of geographical indications from different sources;	(c) coherence of assessments of geographical indications from different sources;deleted	(c) coherence of assessments of geographical indications from different sources;	Y
	ľ	Artic	e 47(1), point (d)			
	Y	430	(d) efficiency of tasks; and	(d) efficiency of tasks; and	(d) efficiency of tasks; and	¥
		Artic	e 47(1), point (e)			
	Y	431	(e) user satisfaction.	(e) user satisfaction.	(e) user satisfaction.	Y
		Artic	e 47(1), point (ea)			
	Y	431 a		<u>(ea)</u> access to information on the Union register of geographical indications.		Y

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	1			
Artic	le 47(2)			
432	2. No later than 5 years after the first delegation of any tasks to EUIPO, the Commission shall prepare and submit a report to the European Parliament and to the Council on the results and experience of the exercise of these tasks by EUIPO.	2. No later than <i>fitwo</i> years after the first delegation of any tasks to EUIPO, the Commission shall prepare and submit a report to the European Parliament and to the Council on the results and experience of the exercise of these tasks by EUIPO.	2. No later than 5 years after the first delegation of any tasks to EUIPO, the Commission shall prepare and submit a report to the European Parliament and to the Council on the results and experience of the exercise of these tasks by EUIPO.	
Chap	ter 6			
433	Chapter 6 Geographical indications of agricultural products	Chapter 6 Geographical indications of agricultural products	Chapter 6 Designations of origin and geographical indications of agricultural products	Chapter 6 <u>Designations of</u> <u>origin and</u> geographical indications of agricultural products <u>Text Origin:</u> <u>Council</u> <u>Mandate</u>
Artic	le 48			
434	Article 48 Designations of origin and geographical indications	Article 48 Designations of origin and geographical indications	Article 48 Designations of origin and geographical indications of agricultural products	Article 48 Designations of origin and geographical indications <u>of</u> <u>agricultural products</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 48(1)	<u> </u>	l	l
435	1. A 'designation of origin' of an agricultural product is a name which identifies a product:	1. A 'designation of origin' of an agricultural product is a name which identifies a product:	1. A 'designation of origin' of an agricultural product is a name which identifies a product:	1. A 'designation of origin' of an agricultural product is a name which identifies a product:

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
					Text Origin: Commission Proposal
ļ	Artic	le 48(1), point (a)			
G Z	436	(a) originating in a specific place, region or, in exceptional cases, a country;	(a) originating in a specific place, region or, in exceptional cases, a country;	(a) originating in a specific place, region or, in exceptional cases, a country;	 (a) originating in a specific place, region or, in exceptional cases, a country; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
ŀ	Artic	le 48(1), point (b)			
G 2	437	(b) whose quality or characteristics are essentially or exclusively due to a particular geographical environment with its inherent natural and human factors; and	(b) whose quality or characteristics are essentially or exclusively due to a particular geographical environment with its inherent natural and human factors; and	(b) whose quality or characteristics are essentially or exclusively due to a particular geographical environment with its inherent natural and human factors; and	(b) whose quality or characteristics are essentially or exclusively due to a particular geographical environment with its inherent natural and human factors; and Text Origin: Commission Proposal
ŀ	Artic	le 48(1), point (c)	Γ		
G Z	438	(c) the production steps of which all take place in the defined geographical area.	(c) the production steps of which all take place in the defined geographical area.	(c) the production steps of which all take place in the defined geographical area.	 (c) the production steps of which all take place in the defined geographical area. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
4	Artic	le 48(2)			
	439	2. A 'geographical indication' of an			

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		agricultural product is a name which identifies a product:	agricultural product is a name which identifies a product:	agricultural product is a name which identifies a product:	agricultural product is a name which identifies a product: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 48(2), point (a)			
G	440	(a) originating in a specific place, region or country;	(a) originating in a specific place, region or country;	(a) originating in a specific place, region or country;	 (a) originating in a specific place, region or country; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 48(2), point (b)		[
G	441	(b) whose given quality, reputation or other characteristic is essentially attributable to its geographical origin; and	(b) whose given quality, reputation or other characteristic is essentially attributable to its geographical origin; and	(b) whose given quality, reputation or other characteristic is essentially attributable to its geographical origin; and	 (b) whose given quality, reputation or other characteristic is essentially attributable to its geographical origin; and Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 48(2), point (c)			
G	442	(c) at least one of the production steps of which takes place in the defined geographical area.	(c) at least one of the production steps of which takes place in the defined geographical area.	(c) at least one of the production steps of which takes place in the defined geographical area.	 (c) at least one of the production steps of which takes place in the defined geographical area. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 48(3)			
G	443	3. The following agricultural products	3. <i>Without prejudice</i> <u>to the rules referred</u>	3. The following agricultural products	

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		are excluded from being the subject of a protected designation of origin or a protected geographical indication:	to in Article 5(2), The following agricultural products that are contrary to public policy and that may not be placed on the internal market shall be _are_excluded from being the subject of a protected designation of origin or a protected geographical indication:	are excluded from being the subject of a protected designation of origin or a protected geographical indication:	
	Artic	le 48(3), point (a)		Ι	
G	444	(a) products that by their nature cannot be traded within the internal market and can only be consumed in or near their place of manufacture, such as restaurants;	(a) products that by their nature cannot be traded within the internal market and can only be consumed in or near their place of manufacture, such as restaurants;deleted	(a) products that by their nature cannot be traded within the internal market and can only be consumed in or near their place of manufacture, such as restaurants;	
	Artic	le 48(3), point (b)	I	[
G	445	(b) products that, without prejudice to the rules referred to in Article 5(2), are contrary to public policy or to accepted principles of morality and may not be placed on the internal market.	(b) products that, without prejudice to the rules referred to in Article 5(2), are contrary to public policy or to accepted principles of morality and may not be placed on the internal market.deleted	(b) products that, without prejudice to the rules referred to in Article 5(2), are contrary to public policy or to accepted principles of morality and may not be placed on the internal market.	
	Artic	le 48(4), first subparagra	ph		
G	446	4. Notwithstanding paragraph 1, certain names shall be registered as designations of origin even though the raw materials for the products concerned	4. Notwithstanding paragraph 1, certain names shall be registered as designations of origin even though the raw materials for the products concerned	4. Notwithstanding paragraph 1, certain names shall be registered as designations of origin even though the raw materials for the products concerned	4. Notwithstanding paragraph 1, certain names shall be registered as designations of origin even though the raw materials for the products concerned

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement	
		come from a geographical area larger than, or different from, the defined geographical area, provided that:	come from a geographical area larger than, or different from, the defined geographical area, provided that:	come from a geographical area larger than, or different from, the defined geographical area, provided that:	come from a geographical area larger than, or different from, the defined geographical area, provided that: Text Origin: Commission Proposal	
	Artic	le 48(4), first subparagra	ph, point (a)			
G	447	(a) the production area of the raw materials is defined;	(a) the production area of the raw materials is defined;	(a) the production area of the raw materials is defined;	 (a) the production area of the raw materials is defined; Text Origin: Commission Proposal 	G
	Artic	le 48(4), first subparagra	ph, point (b)			
G	448	(b) special conditions for the production of the raw materials exist;	(b) special conditions for the production of the raw materials exist;	(b) special conditions for the production of the raw materials exist;	 (b) special conditions for the production of the raw materials exist; Text Origin: Commission Proposal 	G
	Artic	le 48(4), first subparagra	ph, point (c)			
G	449	(c) there are control arrangements to ensure that the conditions referred to in point (b) are adhered to; and	(c) there are control arrangements to ensure that the conditions referred to in point (b) are adhered to; and	(c) there are control arrangements to ensure that the conditions referred to in point (b) are adhered to; and	(c) there are control arrangements to ensure that the conditions referred to in point (b) are adhered to; and Text Origin: Commission Proposal	G
		le 48(4), first subparagra	ph, point (d)			
G	450					G

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		(d) the designations of origin in question were recognised as designations of origin in the country of origin before 1 May 2004.	(d) the designations of origin in question were recognised as designations of origin in the country of origin before 1 May 2004.	(d) the designations of origin in question were recognised as designations of origin in the country of origin before 1 May 2004.	 (d) the designations of origin in question were recognised as designations of origin in the country of origin before 1 May 2004. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 48(4), second subpara	graph		
G	451	Only live animals, meat and milk may be considered as raw materials for the purposes of this paragraph.	Only live animals, meat and milk may be considered as raw materials for the purposes of this paragraph.	Only live animals, meat and milk may be considered as raw materials for the purposes of this paragraph.	Only live animals, meat and milk may be considered as raw materials for the purposes of this paragraph. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 48(5)			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
6	452	5. For the purposes of paragraph (2), point (b), 'other characteristic' may include traditional production practices, traditional product attributes and farming practices that protect environmental value including biodiversity, habitats, nationally recognised environmental zones and landscape.	5. For the purposes of paragraph (2)1, point (b), 'other characteristic' may include traditional production practices, traditional product attributes and and paragraph 2, point (b), 'characteristics' and 'other characteristic' may include farming practices that protect environmental value including biodiversity, habitats, nationally recognised environmental zones and landscape.	5. For the purposes of paragraph (2), point (b), 'other characteristic' may include traditional production practices, traditional product attributes and farming practices that protect environmental value including biodiversity, habitats, nationally recognised environmental zones and landscape.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
٥ 453	6. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 concerning restrictions and derogations with regard to the sourcing of feed in the case of a designation of origin.	6. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 concerning restrictions and derogations with regard to the sourcing of feed in the case of a designation of origin.deleted	6. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 concerning restrictions and derogations with regard to the sourcing of feed in the case of a designation of origin.	
Artic	le 48(7)			
G 454	7. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 concerning restrictions and derogations with regard to the slaughtering of live animals or with regard to the sourcing of raw materials. These restrictions and derogations shall, based on objective criteria, take into account quality or usage and recognised know-how or natural factors.	7. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 concerning restrictions and derogations supplementing this Regulation with provisions regardingwith regard to the slaughtering of live animals or with regard to the sourcing of raw materials. These restrictions and derogations shall, based on objective criteria, take into account quality or usage and recognised know-how or natural factors constraints affecting agricultural production in certain areas.	7. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 concerning restrictions and derogations with regard to the slaughtering of live animals or with regard to the sourcing of raw materials. These restrictions and derogations shall, based on objective criteria, take into account quality or usage and recognised know-how or natural factors.	
Artic	le 48a		1	
⁶ 454 a			Article 48a Specific rules on sourcing of feed and of raw materials, and on slaughtering	<u>Article 48a</u> <u>Specific rules on</u> sourcing of feed and of raw materials, and on slaughtering

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Article 48a(1) I. In respect of products of animal origin the name of which is registered as a designation of origin, feel shall be sourced entirely from within the defined geographical area is not technically gravitable, feed sourced from outside that area can be added, provided that the product quality or characteristic essentially due to the geographical area is not a munual basis. I. In respect of products of animal origin the name of which is registered as a designation of origin, feel shall be sourced entirely from within the defined geographical area. Article 48a(2) I.a. Insofar as sourcing entirely from within the defined geographical area is not technically or characteristic essentially due to the geographical area and the product quality or characteristic essentially due to the geographical area is not an annual basis.		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
454 I. In respect of products of animal origin the name of which is registered as a designation of a designation of origin, feed shall be sourced entirely from within the defined geographical area. I. In respect of products of animal origin the name of which is registered as a designation of a designatined designat designat designation of a designation of a designatic					Council
 454 454 b 454 c 454 b a a a b a a a b a a a b a a a b a a b a 	Artic	le 48a(1)			
454 c 455 c c c 455 c c 455 c c c 455 c c c c	G			products of animal origin the name of which is registered as a designation of origin, feed shall be sourced entirely from within the defined geographical	products of animal origin the name of which is registered as a designation of origin, feed shall be sourced entirely from within the defined geographical area. Text Origin: Council
 454 c a a a a<td>Artic</td><td>le 48a(2)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td>	Artic	le 48a(2)			
Article 48a(3)	G C			sourcing entirely from within the defined geographical area is not technically practicable, feed sourced from outside that area can be added, provided that the product quality or characteristic essentially due to the geographical environment are not affected. Feed sourced from outside the defined geographical area shall not exceed 50 % of dry matter on	sourcing entirely from within the defined geographical area is not practicable, feed sourced from outside that area can be added, provided that the product quality or characteristic essentially due to the geographical environment are not affected. Feed sourced from outside the defined geographical area shall not exceed 50 % of dry matter on an annual basis. Text Origin: Council



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				1b. A temporary amendment, as referred to in Article 25(5), may derogate from paragraph 1a of this Article until the possibility of sourcing feed from within the defined geographical area can be re- established, provided that the link referred to in Article 51(1), point (f)(i), is not entirely voided.
G 454 d				Agreed to add following 2 recitals: 1) In order to take into account the specific character, and in particular the physical and material constraints, of the production of products of animal origin the name of which is registered as a protected designation of origin, derogations with regard to the sourcing of feed should be allowed in the product specification of such products. Those derogations should not disproportionally affect the link between the geographical environment and the specific quality or characteristics of the product essentially or exclusively due to that environment. 2) For protected designations of origin the link between the



Article 48a(4)		specific quality or characteristics of the product essentially or exclusively due to that environment is generally composed of several elements. Temporary amendments suspending for a limited period of time the obligation to maintain the minimum threshold of 50% of feed sourced from inside the geographical area should be possible only where they do not affect the link in the entirety of its elements because this would void it and would allow the marketing, under the protected name, of products that are totally deprived of the specific quality or characteristics linked to the geographical area.
Article 48a(4)		
⁶ 454 e Article 48a(5)	2. Any restrictions to the origin of raw materials provided in the product specification of a product the name of which is registered as a geographical indication shall be justified with respec to the link referred to in Article 51(1), point (f)(ii).	which is registered as a geographical indication shall be



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
۹ 454 f			3. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 concerning derogations and conditions with regard to the slaughtering of live animals and with regard to the sourcing of raw materials. These derogations and conditions shall, based on objective criteria, take into account animal welfare, quality or usage of raw materials and recognised know- how or natural factors.	5. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 concerning derogations and conditions with regard to the slaughtering of live animals and with regard to the slaughtering of live animals and with regard to the sourcing of raw materials. These derogations and conditions shall, based on objective criteria, take into account animal welfare, quality or usage of raw materials and recognised know-how or natural factors, including constraints affecting agricultural production in certain areas. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 49		1	
° 455	Article 49 Plant varieties and animal breeds	Article 49 Plant varieties and animal breeds	Article 49 Plant varieties and animal breeds	Article 49 Plant varieties and animal breeds Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 49(1)			
ه 456	1. A name may not be registered as a geographical	1. A name may not be registered as a geographical	1. A name may not be registered as a geographical	1. A name may not be registered as a geographical

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	indication where it conflicts with a denomination of a plant variety or animal breed and is likely to mislead the consumer as to the true identity or origin of the product designated by the geographical indication or cause confusion between products designated by the geographical indication and the variety or breed in question.	indication where it conflicts with a denomination of a plant variety or animal breed and is likely to mislead the consumer as to the true identity or origin of the product designated by the geographical indication or cause confusion between products designated by the geographical indication and the variety or breed in question.	indication where it conflicts with a denomination of a plant variety or animal breed denomination and is likely to mislead the consumer as to the true identity or origin of the product designated by the geographical indication or cause confusion between products designated by the geographical indication and the plant variety or animal breed in question.	indication where it conflicts with a <i>denomination of a</i> plant variety or animal breed <i>denomination</i> and is likely to mislead the consumer as to the true identity or origin of the product designated by the geographical indication or cause confusion between products designated by the geographical indication and the <i>plant</i> variety or <i>animal</i> breed in question. Text Origin: Council
				Mandate
Artic	le 49(2)			
G 457	2. The conditions referred to in paragraph (1) shall be assessed in relation to the actual use of the names in conflict, including the use of the denomination of the plant variety or animal breed outside its area of origin and the use of the denomination of a plant variety protected by Community plant variety rights.	2. The conditions referred to in paragraph (1) shall be assessed in relation to the actual use of the names in conflict, including the use of the denomination of the plant variety or animal breed outside its area of origin and the use of the denomination of a plant variety protected by Community plant variety rights.	2. The conditions referred to in paragraph (1) shall be assessed in relation to the actual use of the names in conflict, including the use of the denomination of the plant variety or animal breed denomination outside its area of origin and the use of the denomination of a plant variety-protected by Community plant variety rights.	2. The conditions referred to in paragraph (1) shall be assessed in relation to the actual use of the names in conflict, including the use of the <i>denomination of</i> <i>the</i> plant variety or animal breed <i>denomination</i> outside its area of origin and the use of the denomination of a plant variety <i>protected</i> <i>by Community plant</i> <i>variety rights</i> . Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 49(3)			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
G 458	3. This Regulation shall not prevent the placing on the market of a product that does not conform with the product specification of a registered geographical indication, the labelling of which includes the name or part of the name of that geographical indication, that contains or comprises the denomination of a plant variety or animal breed, provided that the following conditions are met:	3. This Regulation shall not prevent the placing on the market of a product that does not conform with the product specification of a registered geographical indication, the labelling of which includes the name or part of the name of that geographical indication, that contains or comprises the denomination of a plant variety or animal breed, provided that the following conditions are met:	3. This Regulation shall not prevent the placing on the market of a product that does not conform with the product specification of a registered geographical indication, the labelling of which includes the name or part of the name of that geographical indication, that contains or comprises the denomination of a plant variety or animal breed denomination , provided that the following conditions are met:	3. This Regulation shall not prevent the placing on the market of a product that does not conform with the product specification of a registered geographical indication, the labelling of which includes the name or part of the name of that geographical indication, that contains or comprises the <i>denomination of a</i> plant variety or animal breed <i>denomination</i> , provided that the following conditions are met: Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	cle 49(3), point (a)			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
٥ 459	(a) the product in question comprises or is derived from the variety or breed indicated;	(a) the product in question comprises or is derived from the variety or breed indicated;	(a) the product in question comprises or is derived from the plant variety or animal breed indicated;	 (a) the product in question comprises or is derived from the <i>plant</i> variety or <i>animal</i> breed indicated; Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 49(3), point (b)			
۶ 460	(b) consumers are not misled;	(b) consumers are not misled;	(b) consumers are not misled;	<pre>(b) consumers are not misled; Text Origin: Commission Proposal</pre>

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Artic	le 49(3), point (c)			
461	(c) the usage of the denomination of the variety or breed name constitutes fair competition;	(c) the usage of the denomination of the variety or breed name constitutes fair competition;	(c) the usage of the denomination of the plant variety or animal breed namedenomination constitutes fair competition;	<pre>(c) the usage of the denomination of the plant variety or animal breed namedenomination constitutes fair competition; Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Artic	le 49(3), point (d)			
462	(d) the usage does not exploit the reputation of the registered geographical indication; and	(d) the usage does not exploit the reputation of the registered geographical indication; and	(d) the usage of the plant variety or animal breed denomination does not exploit the reputation of the registered geographical indication; and	(d) the usage <u>of the</u> <u>plant variety or</u> <u>animal breed</u> <u>denomination</u> does not exploit the reputation of the registered geographical indication; and Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 49(3), point (e)			
463	(e) the production and marketing of the product in question had spread beyond its area of origin prior to the date of application for registration of the geographical indication.	(e) the production and marketing of the product in question had spread beyond its area of origin prior to the date of application for registration of the geographical indication.	(e) the production and marketing of the product in question had spread beyond its area of origin prior to the date of application for registration of the geographical indication.	 (e) the production and marketing of the product in question had spread beyond its area of origin prior to the date of application for registration of the geographical indication. Text Origin: Commission Proposal



		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
6 ζ	464	4. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 concerning rules for determining the use of denominations of plant varieties and animal breeds.	4. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 concerning rules for determining the use of denominations of plant varieties and animal breeds.	4. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation with concerning rules for determining the use of denominations of plant varietiesvariety and animal breedsbreed denominations.	4. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation with concerning rules for determining the use of denominations of plant varieties variety and animal breeds breed denominations. Text Origin: Council Mandate
4	Articl	le 50			
σŹ	465	Article 50 Specific rules on sourcing of feed and of raw materials	Article 50 Specific rules on sourcing of feed and of raw materials	Article 50 □ Specific rules on sourcing of feed and of raw materials	
4	Articl	le 50(1)			
G Z	466	1. For the purposes of Article 48, feed shall be sourced entirely from within the defined geographical area in respect of products of animal origin the name of which is registered as a designation of origin.	1. For the purposes of Article 48, feed shall be sourced entirely from within the defined geographical area in respect of products of animal origin the name of which is registered as a designation of origin.	1. For the purposes of Article 48, feed shall be sourced entirely from within the defined geographical area in respect of products of animal origin the name of which is registered as a designation of origin.	
ŀ	Artic	le 50(2)			
G Z	467	2. Insofar as sourcing entirely from within the defined geographical area is not technically practicable, feed	2. Insofar as sourcing entirely from within the defined geographical area is not <i>technically</i> practicable, feed	2. Insofar as sourcing entirely from within the defined geographical area is not technically practicable, feed	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	sourced from outside that area can be added, provided that the product quality or characteristic essentially due to the geographical environment are not affected. Feed sourced from outside the defined geographical area shall not exceed 50 % of dry matter on an annual basis.	sourced from outside that area can be added, provided that the product quality or characteristic essentially due to the geographical environment are not affected. Feed sourced from outside the defined geographical area shall not exceed 50 % of dry matter on an annual basis.	sourced from outside that area can be added, provided that the product quality or characteristic essentially due to the geographical environment are not affected. Feed sourced from outside the defined geographical area shall not exceed 50 % of dry matter on an annual basis.	
Artic	le 50(2a)			
₅ 467 a		2a. In duly justified cases, Member States may grant derogations from the percentages referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 due to exceptional circumstances including adverse geopolitical, economic, geographic and climatic conditions, for a limited period of time until the possibility of sourcing from within the defined geographical area can be re-established.		
Artic	le 50(2b)			
⁶ 467 b		2b. Where a Member State grants such a derogation in accordance with the paragraph 2a, it shall ensure that a dossier giving the reasons for that derogation is officially sent to the Commission and is		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<u>made publicly</u> available, subject to Union and national law on data protection.		
Artic	le 50(3)			
¢ 468	3. Any restrictions to the origin of raw materials provided in the product specification of a product the name of which is registered as a geographical indication shall be justified with respect to the link referred to in Article 51(1), point (f).	3. Any <i>restrictions</i> <i>toadditional specific</i> <i>provision on</i> the origin of raw materials provided in the product specification of a product the name of which is registered as a geographical indication shall be justified with respect to the link referred to in Article 51(1), point (f)	3. Any restrictions to the origin of raw materials provided in the product specification of a product the name of which is registered as a geographical indication shall be justified with respect to the link referred to in Article 51(1), point (f).	
Artic	le 50(3a)	I	I	
_б 468 а		3a. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation with provisions concerning derogations with regard to the sourcing of feed in the case of a designation of origin.		
Artic	le 51		I	
۶ 469	Article 51 Product specification	Article 51 Product specification	Article 51 Product specification	Article 51 Product specification Text Origin: Commission Proposal

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Artic	le 51(1)			
470	1. Products the names of which are registered as a designation of origin or a geographical indication shall comply with a product specification which shall include at least:	1. Products the names of which are registered as a designation of origin or a geographical indication shall comply with a product specification which shall include at least:	1. Products the names of which are registered as a designation of origin or a geographical indication shall comply with A product specification which shall include at least:	 Products the names of which are registered as a designation of origin or a geographical indication shall comply with A product specification which shall include at least: Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 51(1), point (a)		I	
471	(a) the name to be protected as a designation of origin or geographical indication, which may be either a geographical name of the place of production of a specific product, or a name used in trade or in common language to describe the specific product in the defined geographical area;	(a) the name to be protected as a designation of origin or geographical indication, which may be either a geographical name of the place of production of a specific product, or a name used in trade or in common language to describe the specific product in the defined geographical area;	(a) the name to be protected registered as a designation of origin or geographical indication, which may be either a geographical name of the place of production of a specific product, or a nameas it is used in trade or in common language to describe the specific product in the defined geographical area;	 (a) the name to be protected registered as a designation of origin or geographical indication, which may be either a geographical name of the place of production of a specific product, or a name as it is used in trade or in common language to describe the specific product in the defined geographical area; Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 51(1), point (b)			
472	(b) a description of the product, including where relevant, the raw materials, plant varieties and animal	(b) a description of the product, including where relevant, the raw materials, plant varieties and animal	(b) a description of the product, including where relevant, the raw materials, plant varieties and animal	(b) a description of the product, including where relevant, the raw materials, plant varieties and animal

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement	[
		breeds concerned, including the commercial designation of the species and its scientific name, as well as the principal physical, chemical, microbiological or organoleptic characteristics of the product;	breeds concerned, including the commercial designation of the species and its scientific name, as well as the principal physical, chemical, microbiological or organoleptic characteristics of the product;	breeds concerned, including the commercial designation of the species and its scientific name, as well as the principal physical, chemical, microbiological or organoleptic characteristics of the product;	breeds concerned, including the commercial designation of the species and its scientific name, as well as the principal physical, chemical, microbiological or organoleptic characteristics of the product; Text Origin: Commission Proposal	
	Artic	le 51(1), point (c)				
G	473	(c) the definition of the delimited geographical area creating the link referred to in point (f)(i) or (ii), and, where appropriate, details indicating compliance with the requirements of Article 48(4);	(c) the definition of the delimited geographical area creating the link referred to in point (f)(i) or (ii), and, where appropriate, details indicating compliance with the requirements of Article 48(4);	(c) the definition of the geographical area delimited geographical area creatingwith regard to the link referred to in point (f)(i) or (ii), and, where appropriate, details indicating compliance with the requirements of Article 48(4)-;	 (c) the definition of the <u>geographical area</u> delimited <u>geographical area</u> 	G
	Artic	le 51(1), point (d)	• 	1		
G	474	(d) evidence that the product originates in the defined geographical area specified in accordance with Article 48(1), point (c), or Article 48(2), point (c);	(d) evidence that the product originates in the defined geographical area specified in accordance with Article 48(1), point (c), or Article 48(2), point (c);	(d) evidence that the product originates in the defined geographical area specified in accordance with Article 48(1), point (c), or Article 48(2), point (c);	 (d) evidence that the product originates in the defined geographical area specified in accordance with Article 48(1), point (c), or Article 48(2), point (c); Text Origin: 	G

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Commission Proposal
Artic	le 51(1), point (e)	[
G 475	(e) a description of the method of obtaining the product and, where appropriate, the traditional methods and specific practices used; as well as information concerning packaging, if the applicant group so determines and gives sufficient product-specific justification as to why the packaging must take place in the defined geographical area to safeguard quality, to ensure the origin or to ensure control, taking into account Union law, in particular that on the free movement of goods and the free provision of services;	(e) a description of the method of obtaining the product and, where appropriate, the <i>traditional authentic</i> <i>and unvarying local</i> methods and specific practices used; as well as information concerning packaging, if the applicant group so determines and gives sufficient product-specific justification as to why the packaging must take place in the defined geographical area to safeguard quality, to ensure the origin or to ensure control, taking into account Union law, in particular that on the free movement of goods and the free provision of services;	(e) a description of the method of obtaining the product and, where appropriate, the traditional methods and specific practices used authentic and unvarying local methods; as well as information concerning packaging, if the applicant producer group so determines and gives sufficient product- specific justification as to why the packaging must take place in the defined geographical area to safeguard quality, to ensure the origin or to ensure the origin or to ensure control, taking into account Union law, in particular that on the free movement of goods and the free provision of services;	(e) a description of the method of obtaining the product and, where appropriate, the <i>traditional methods</i> and specific practices used_authentic and unvarying local methods; as well as information concerning packaging, if the applicant producer group so determines and gives sufficient product- specific justification as to why the packaging must take place in the defined geographical area to safeguard quality, to ensure the origin or to ensure the free provision of services; Text Origin: Council Mandate
7 ti cic	le 51(1), point (f)			
۶ 476	(f) details establishing the following:	(f) details establishing the following:	(f) details establishing the following:	<pre>(f) details establishing the following: Text Origin: Commission Proposal</pre>

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Artic	le 51(1), point (f)(i)			
477	(i) as regards a designation of origin, the link between the quality or characteristics of the product and the geographical environment referred to in Article 48(1), point (b). The details concerning human factors of that geographical environment may, where relevant, be limited to a description of the soil and landscape management, cultivation practices or any other relevant human contribution to the maintenance of the natural factors of the geographical environment referred to in that provision;	(i) as regards a designation of origin, the link between the quality or characteristics of the product and the geographical environment referred to in Article 48(1), point (b). The details concerning human factors of that geographical environment may, where relevant, be limited to a description of the soil and landscape management, cultivation practices or any other relevant human contribution to the maintenance of the natural factors of the geographical environment referred to in that provision;	(i) as regards a protected designation of origin, the link between the quality or characteristics of the product and the geographical environment referred to in Article 48(1), point (b). The details concerning human factors of that geographical environment may, where relevant, be limited to a description of the soil and landscape management, cultivation practices or any other relevant human contribution to the maintenance of the natural factors of the geographical environment referred to in that provision;	(i) as regards a protected designation of origin, the link between the quality of characteristics of the product and the geographical environment referred to in Article 48(1), point (b). The details concerning human factors of that geographical environment may, where relevant, be limited to a description of the soil and landscape management, cultivation practices or any other relevant human contribution to the maintenance of the natural factors of the geographical environment referred to in that provision; Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 51(1), point (f)(ii)			
478	(ii) as regards a geographical indication, the link between a given quality, the reputation or other characteristic of the product and the geographical origin referred to in Article 48(2), point (b);	(ii) as regards a geographical indication, the link between a given quality, the reputation or other characteristic of the product and the geographical origin referred to in Article 48(2), point (b);	(ii) as regards a protected geographical indication, the link between a given quality, the reputation or other characteristic of the product and the geographical origin referred to in Article 48(2), point (b);.	(ii) as regards a <i>protected</i> geographical indication, the link between a given quality, the reputation or other characteristic of the product and the geographical origin referred to in Article 48(2), point (b);.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Mandate
Artic	le 51(1), point (g)			
479	(g) any specific labelling rule for the product in question;	(g) any specific labelling rule for the product in question;	(g) any specific labelling rule for the product in question;	
Artic	le 51(1), point (h)			
480	(h) other applicable requirements where provided for by Member States or by a producer group, if applicable, having regard to the fact that such requirements must be objective, non-discriminatory and compatible with national and Union law.	(h) other applicable requirements where provided for by Member States or by a producer group, if applicable, having regard to the fact that such requirements must be objective, non-discriminatory and compatible with national and Union law.	(h) other applicable requirements where provided for by Member States or by a producer group, if applicable, having regard to the fact that such requirements must be objective, non-discriminatory and compatible with national and Union law.	
Artic	le 51(2)			
481	2. The product specification may also include sustainability undertakings.	2. The product specification may also include sustainability undertakings, <i>relating</i> <i>to environmental</i> , <i>economic</i> , <i>social</i> <i>dimensions of</i> <i>sustainability</i> , <i>and</i> <i>undertakings relating</i> <i>to animal health and</i> <i>welfare</i> .	2. The product specification may also include-sustainability undertakings.:	2. The product specification may also include sustainability undertakings.: Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 51(2), point (a)			
481 a			(a) sustainable practices;	<pre>(a) sustainable practices as set out in Art. [6a/12/12a]; Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Arti	cle 51(2), point (b)		(b) any specific labelling rule for the product in question;	<pre>(b) any specific labelling rule for the product in question; Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Arti	cle 51(2), point (c)			
6 481 c			(c) other applicable requirements where provided for by Member States or by a producer group, if applicable, having regard to the fact that such requirements must be objective, non- discriminatory and compatible with national and Union law.	(c) other applicable requirements where provided for by Member States or by a producer group, if applicable, having regard to the fact that such requirements must be objective, non-discriminatory and compatible with national and Union law. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Arti	cle 51(3)			
۶ 482	3. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 concerning rules which limit the information contained in the product specification referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article, where such a limitation is necessary to avoid excessively voluminous applications for registration.	3. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 <i>supplementing this</i> <i>Regulation with</i> <i>provisions</i> concerning rules which limit the information contained in the product specification referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article, where such a limitation is necessary to avoid excessively	3. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 concerning rules which limit the information contained in the product specification referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article, where such a limitation is necessary to avoid excessively voluminous applications for registration.	3. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 concerning rules which limit the information contained in the product specification referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article, where such a limitation is necessary to avoid excessively voluminous applications for registration.

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			voluminous applications for registration.		Text Origin: Council Mandate
A	\rtic	le 51(4)			
с 4	483	4. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down rules on the form of the product specification. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).	4. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down rules on the form of the product specification. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).	4. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down rules on the form of the product specification. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article-53(2) 84a(2).	4. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down rules on the form of the product specification. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article- <u>53(2)</u> <u>84a(2)</u> . Text Origin: Council Mandate
A	\rtic	le 52			
с 4	184	Article 52 Single document	Article 52 Single document	Article 52 Single document	Article 52 Single document Text Origin: Commission Proposal
A	Artic	le 52(1)		L	
G 4	185	1. The single document shall comprise:	1. The single document shall comprise:	1. The single document shall comprise:	 The single document shall comprise: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
A	Artic	le 52(1), point (a)			
۶ 4	186	(a) the main points of	(a) the main points of	(a) the main points of	(a) the main points of

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		the product specification, namely: the name, a description of the product, including, where appropriate, specific rules concerning packaging and labelling and a concise definition of the geographical area;	the product specification, namely: the name, a description of the product, including, where appropriate, specific rules concerning packaging, <i>labelling and</i> <i>commercial</i> <i>presentation</i> , <i>including on retail</i> <i>websites, together</i> <i>with-and-labelling</i> <i>and</i> a concise definition of the geographical area;	the product specification, namely: the name to be registered as a designation of origin or geographical indication, a description of the product, including, where appropriate, specific rules concerning packaging and labelling and a concise definition of the geographical area;	the product specification, namely: the name <u>to be</u> <u>registered as a</u> <u>designation of origin</u> <u>or geographical</u> <u>indication</u> , a description of the product, including, where appropriate, specific rules concerning packaging and labelling and a concise definition of the geographical area; Text Origin: Council Mandate
G	487	(b) a description of the link between the product and the geographical environment or geographical origin referred to in Article 51(1), point (f), including, where appropriate, the specific elements of the product description or production method justifying that link.	(b) a description of the link between the product and the geographical environment or geographical origin referred to in Article 51(1), point (f), including, where appropriate, the specific elements of the product description or production method justifying that link.	(b) a description of the link between the product and the geographical environment or geographical origin referred to in Article 51(1), point (f), including, where appropriate, the specific elements of the product description or production method justifying that link.	(b) a description of the link between the product and the geographical environment or geographical origin referred to in Article 51(1), point (f), including, where appropriate, the specific elements of the product description or production method justifying that link. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 52(2)			
G	488	2. The Commission may adopt implementing acts defining the format and the online	2. The Commission may adopt implementing acts defining the format and the online	2. The Commission may adopt implementing acts defining the format and the online	2. The Commission may adopt implementing acts defining the format and the online

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		presentation of the single document provided for in paragraph 1 and providing for the exclusion or anonymisation of protected personal data. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).	presentation of the single document provided for in paragraph 1 and providing for the exclusion or anonymisation of protected personal data. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).	presentation of the single document provided for in paragraph 1 and providing for the exclusion or anonymisation of protected -personal data. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article-53(2) 84a(2).	presentation of the single document provided for in paragraph 1 and providing for the exclusion or anonymisation of <i>protected</i> personal data. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article-53(2) 84a(2). Text Origin: Council Mandate
(Chap	ter 7			
G Z	489	Chapter 7 Procedural provisions	Chapter 7 Procedural provisions	Chapter 7 Procedural provisions	
1	Artic	le 53	L	[
G Z	490	Article 53 Committee procedure	Article 53 Committee procedure	Article 53 Committee procedure	
1	Artic	le 53(1)			
G Z	491	1. The Commission shall be assisted by a committee, called the Geographical Indications Committee. That Committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	1. The Commission shall be assisted by a committee, called the Geographical Indications Committee. That Committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	1. The Commission shall be assisted by a committee, called the Geographical Indications Committee. That Committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	
1	Artic	le 53(2)		Γ	
GΖ	492	2. Where reference is	2. Where reference is	2. Where reference is	

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	
	Title	III			
G	493	Title III Quality schemes	Title III <u>Other</u> quality schemes	Title III Traditional specialities guaranteed and optional quality schemesterms	Title III <u>Traditional</u> <u>specialities</u> <u>guaranteed and</u> <u>optional</u> quality <u>schemesterms</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Chap	ter 0	I		
G	493 a			Chapter 0 Scope	<u>Chapter-1</u> <u>Scope</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 53a			
G	493 b			Article 53a Scope	Article 53a Scope Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 53a, first subparagrapl	<u>ו</u>	[
G	493 c			This Title applies to agricultural products, including foodstuffs.	<u>This Title applies to</u> <u>agricultural products,</u> <u>including foodstuffs.</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Artic	le 53a, first subparagraph			
G	493 d			For the purposes of this Title, agricultural products, including foodstuffs, mean agricultural products intended for human consumption listed in Annex I to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union and foodstuffs listed in Annex II to this Regulation.	For the purposes of this Title, agricultural products, including foodstuffs, mean agricultural products intended for human consumption listed in Annex I to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union as well as foodstuffs and agricultural products listed in Annex II to this Regulation. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 53a, first subparagraph	l		
G	493 e			This Title shall not apply to spirit drinks or grapevine products as defined in Part II of Annex VII to Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013, with the exception of wine-vinegars.	This Title shall not apply to spirit drinks or grapevine products as defined in Part II of Annex VII to Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013, with the exception of wine- vinegars. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Chap	ter 1			1
G	494	Chapter 1 Traditional specialities guaranteed	Chapter 1 Traditional specialities guaranteed	Chapter 1 Traditional specialities guaranteed	Chapter 1 Traditional specialities guaranteed Text Origin: Commission Proposal

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Artic	-	Г Г		
G	495	Article 54 Objective and scope	Article 54 Objective and scope	Article 54 Objective and scopeObjectives	Article 54 Objective and scopeObjectives Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 54(1)			
G	496	1. A scheme for traditional specialities guaranteed is established to safeguard traditional methods of production and recipes by helping producers of traditional product in marketing and communicating the value-adding attributes of their traditional recipes and products to consumers.	1. A scheme for traditional specialities guaranteed is established to safeguard traditional methods of production and recipes by helping producers of traditional product in marketing and communicating the value-adding attributes of their traditional recipes and products to consumers.	1. A scheme for traditional specialities guaranteed is established to safeguard traditional methods of production and recipes by helping producers of traditional product in marketing and communicating the value adding attributes of their traditional recipes and products to consumers.:	 A scheme for traditional specialities guaranteed (TSGs) guaranteed (TSGs) guaranteed is established to safeguard traditional methods of production and recipes by helping producers of traditional product in marketing and communicating the value-adding attributes of their traditional recipes and products to consumers.: Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 54(1), point (a)			
G	496 a			(a) producers of traditional products in marketing and communicating the value-adding attributes of their traditional recipes and products to consumers;	<pre>(a) producers of traditional products in marketing and communicating the value-adding attributes of their traditional recipes and products to consumers; Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Artic	le 54(1), point (b)			
496 b			(b) to generate added value by contributing to fair competition in the marketing chain, a fair income for producers and contributing to the achievement of rural development policy objectives.	<pre>(b) to generate added value by contributing to fair competition in the marketing chain, a fair income for producers and contributing to the achievement of rural development policy objectives.</pre>
Artic	le 54(2), first subparagra	ph		
497	2. This Chapter applies to agricultural products.	2. This Chapter applies to agricultural products.	2. This Chapter applies to agricultural products.	
Artic	le 54(2), second subpara	graph		
498	For the purposes of this Chapter, agricultural products means agricultural products intended for human consumption listed in Annex I to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union and other agricultural products and foodstuffs listed in Annex II to this Regulation.	For the purposes of this Chapter, 'agricultural products' means agricultural products intended for human consumption listed in Annex I to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union and other agricultural products and foodstuffsnot listed in that Annex but processed using products listed in that Annex, set out in Annex II to this Regulation.	For the purposes of this Chapter, agricultural products means agricultural products intended for human consumption listed in Annex I to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union and other agricultural products and foodstuffs listed in Annex II to this Regulation.	
	le 54(2), third subparagra	aph		
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		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		This Chapter shall not apply to spirit drinks, aromatised wines or grapevine products as defined in Part II of Annex VII to Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013, with the exception of wine- vinegars.	This Chapter shall not apply to spirit drinks, aromatised wines or grapevine products as defined in Part II of Annex VII to Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013, with the exception of wine- vinegars.	This Chapter shall not apply to spirit drinks, aromatised wines or grapevine products as defined in Part II of Annex VII to Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013, with the exception of wine- vinegars.	
	Artic	le 54(3)			
G	500	3. The registration and the protection of traditional specialities guaranteed are without prejudice to the obligation of producers to comply with other Union rules, in particular relating to the placing of products on the market, to the single common organisation of the markets, and to food labelling.	3. The registration and the protection of traditional specialities guaranteed are without prejudice to the obligation of producers to comply with other Union rules, in particular relating to the placing of products on the market, to the single common organisation of the markets, and to food labelling.	3. The registration and the protection of traditional specialities guaranteed are without prejudice to the obligation of producers to comply with other Union rules, in particular relating to the placing of products on the market, to the single common organisation of the markets, and to food labelling.	3. The registration and the protection of traditional specialities guaranteed are without prejudice to the obligation of producers to comply with other Union rules, in particular relating to the placing of products on the market, to the single common organisation of the markets, and to food labelling. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 54(3a)			
G	500 a		3a. The protection of the registered name shall also extend to any translation of that name into a foreign language, if the producer group so specifies in the product specification. At the request of producers who wish to use a translation, the translation shall be defined by the Member State in		

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		which those producers are established and shall be notified to the Member State that applied for the registration and to the Commission. The Commission shall publish the translation in the Union register of geographical indications.		
Artic	le 55	I	I	
s 501	Article 55 Eligibility criteria	Article 55 Eligibility criteria	Article 55 Eligibility criteria	Article 55 Eligibility criteria Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 55(1)			
⁶ 502	1. A name shall be eligible for registration as a traditional speciality guaranteed where it describes a specific product that:	1. A name shall be eligible for registration as a traditional speciality guaranteed where it describes a specific product that:	1. A name shall be eligible for registration as a traditional speciality guaranteed where it describes a specific product that:	 A name shall be eligible for registration as a traditional speciality guaranteed where it describes a <i>specific</i> product that: Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 55(1), point (a)	I	[
۶ 503	(a) results from a mode of production, processing or composition corresponding to traditional practice for that product or foodstuff; or	(a) results from a mode of production, processing or composition corresponding to traditional practice for that product or foodstuff; or	(a) results from a mode of production, processing or composition corresponding to traditional practice for that product or foodstuff; or	(a) results from a mode of production, processing or composition corresponding to traditional practice for that product-or foodstuff; or

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Text Origin: Council Mandate
Arti	cle 55(1), point (b)			
۶ 504	(b) is produced from raw materials or ingredients traditionally used.	(b) is produced from raw materials or ingredients traditionally used.	(b) is produced from raw materials or ingredients traditionally used.	 (b) is produced from raw materials or ingredients traditionally used. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Arti	cle 55(2)			
s 505	2. For a name to be registered as a traditional speciality guaranteed, it shall:	2. For a name to be registered as a traditional speciality guaranteed, it shall:	2. For a name to be registered as a traditional speciality guaranteed, it shall:	 For a name to be registered as a traditional speciality guaranteed, it shall: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Arti	cle 55(2), point (a)	Γ		
۶ 506	(a) have been traditionally used to refer to the product; or	(a) have been traditionally used to refer to the product; or	(a) have been traditionally used to refer to the product; or	 (a) have been traditionally used to refer to the product; or Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Arti	cle 55(2), point (b)			
₅ 507	(b) identify the traditional character or of the product.	(b) identify the traditional character or of the product.	(b) identify the traditional character or of the product.	
Arti	cle 55(3)			
۶08 ه	3. Where in the			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	opposition procedure under Article 62 it is demonstrated that the name is also used in another Member State or in a third country, in order to distinguish comparable products or products that share an identical or similar name, the decision on registration adopted in accordance with Article 65(3) may provide that the name of the traditional speciality guaranteed is to be accompanied by the claim 'made following the tradition of' immediately followed by the name of a country or a region thereof.	opposition procedure under Article 62 it is demonstrated that the name is also used in another Member State or in a third country, in order to distinguish comparable products or products that share an identical or similar name, the decision on registration adopted in accordance with Article 65(3) may provide that the name of the traditional speciality guaranteed is to be accompanied by the claim 'made following the tradition of' immediately followed by the name of a country or a region thereof.	opposition procedure under Article 62 it is demonstrated that the name is also used in another Member State or in a third country, in order to distinguish comparable products or products that share an identical or similar name, the decision on registration adopted in accordance with Article 65(3), point (b) may provide that the name of the traditional speciality guaranteed is to be accompanied by the claim 'made following the tradition of' immediately followed by the name of a country or a region thereof.	opposition procedure under Article 62 it is demonstrated that the name is also used in another Member State or in a third country, in order to distinguish comparable products or products that share an identical or similar name, the decision on registration adopted in accordance with Article 65(3). <i>point</i> (b) may provide that the name of the traditional speciality guaranteed is to be accompanied by the claim 'made following the tradition of' immediately followed by the name of a country or a region thereof. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Art	icle 55(4)			
s 509	4. A name may not be registered if it refers only to claims of a general nature used for a set of products, or to claims provided for by particular Union legislation.	4. A name may not be registered if it refers only to claims of a general nature used for a set of products, or to claims provided for by particular Union legislation.	4. A name may not be registered if it refers only to claims of a general nature used for a set of products, or to claims provided for by particular Union legislation.	 4. A name may not be registered if it refers only to claims of a general nature used for a set of products, or to claims provided for by particular Union legislation. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Art	icle 55(5)			
٥ 51(5. The Commission	5. The Commission	5. The Commission	5. The Commission

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement	
		shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation with further details of the eligibility criteria laid down in this Article.	shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation with <i>further</i> details <i>ofclarifying</i> the eligibility criteria laid down in this Article.	shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation with further details of the eligibility criteria laid down in this Article.	shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation with further details <i>ofclarifying</i> the eligibility criteria laid down in this Article. Text Origin: EP Mandate	
	Artic	le 56		[
G	511	Article 56 Product specification	Article 56 Product specification	Article 56 Product specification	Article 56 Product specification Text Origin: Commission Proposal	G
	Artic	le 56(1)				
G	512	1. A traditional speciality guaranteed shall comply with a product specification which shall comprise:	1. A traditional speciality guaranteed shall comply with a product specification which shall comprise:	1. A traditional speciality guaranteed shall comply with A product specification which- shall include at least-comprise:	<pre>1. A traditional speciality guaranteed shall comply with A product specification which_shall_include at least-comprise Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>	G
	Artic	le 56(1), point (a)				
G	513	(a) the product name proposed for registration, in the appropriate language versions;	(a) the product name proposed for registration, in the appropriate language versions, <u>or</u> <u>indicating that that</u> <u>name should also be</u> <u>protected in its</u> <u>translation into a</u> <u>foreign language</u> ;	(a) the product name proposed for registration, in the appropriate language versions;	 (a) the product name proposed for registration, in the appropriate language versions; Text Origin: Council Mandate 	G

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Artic	le 56(1), point (b)			
G	514	(b) a description of the product including its main physical, chemical, microbiological or organoleptic characteristics;	(b) a description of the product including its main physical, chemical, microbiological or organoleptic characteristics;	(b) a description of the product including its main physical, chemical, microbiological or organoleptic characteristics;	 (b) a description of the product including its main physical, chemical, microbiological or organoleptic characteristics; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 56(1), point (c)			
G	515	(c) a description of the production method that the producers must follow, including, where appropriate, the nature and characteristics of the raw materials or ingredients used, if relevant including the commercial designation of the species involved and its scientific name, and the method by which the product is prepared; and	(c) a description of the production method that the producers must follow, including, where appropriate, the nature and characteristics of the raw materials or ingredients used, if relevant including the commercial designation of the species involved and its scientific name, and the method by which the product is prepared; and	(c) a description of the production method that the producers must follow, including, where appropriate, the nature and characteristics of the raw materials or ingredients used, if relevant including the commercial designation of the species involved and its scientific name, and the method by which the product is prepared; and	(c) a description of the production method that the producers must follow, including, where appropriate, the nature and characteristics of the raw materials or ingredients used, if relevant including the commercial designation of the species involved and its scientific name, and the method by which the product is prepared; and Text Origin: Commission Proposal
G	Artic	(d) the key elements establishing the product's traditional character.	(d) the key elements establishing the product's traditional character.	(d) the key elements establishing the product's traditional character.	(d) the key elements establishing the product's traditional character. Text Origin: Commission

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
					Proposal
	Artic	le 56(1), point (ca)(d) a			
G	516 a			The product specification may also include labelling requirements.	The product specification may also include labelling requirements. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 56(2)		Γ	
6	517	2. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 laying down rules which limit the information contained in the specification referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article, where such a limitation is necessary to avoid excessively voluminous applications for registration.	2. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 laying down rules which limit the information contained in the specification referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article, where such a limitation is necessary to avoid excessively voluminous applications for registration.	2. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 laying down rules which limit the information contained in the specification referred to in paragraph 1 of this Articleproduct specification, where such a limitation is necessary to avoid excessively voluminous applications for registration.	2. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 laying down rules which limit the information contained in the <i>specification referred</i> <i>to in paragraph 1 of</i> <i>this Articleproduct</i> <i>specification</i> , where such a limitation is necessary to avoid excessively voluminous applications for registration. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 56(3)			
G	518	3. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down rules on the form of the product specification. Those implementing acts shall be adopted	3. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down rules on the form of the product specification. Those implementing acts shall be adopted	3. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down rules on the form of the product specification. Those implementing acts shall be adopted	3. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down rules on the form of the product specification. Those implementing acts shall be adopted



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2).	in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2).	in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2) 84a(2).	<pre>in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article <u>80(2)84a(2)</u>. Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Artio	le 56a			
₅ 518 a			Article 56a Producer groups	<u>Article 56a</u> <u>Producer groups</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artio	le 56a(1)			
G 518 b			1. A producer group shall be an association, irrespective of its legal form, composed mainly of producers of the same product or products. It shall be set up on the initiative of producers or other interested stakeholders according to the nature of the product or products concerned. Producer groups shall operate in a transparent and non-discriminatory manner.	 <u>A producer group</u> <u>shall be an</u> <u>association</u>, <u>irrespective of its</u> <u>legal form, composed</u> <u>of producers of the</u> <u>same product or</u> <u>products. It shall be</u> <u>set up on the</u> <u>initiative of producers</u> <u>according to the</u> <u>nature of the product</u> <u>or products</u> <u>concerned. A</u> <u>producer group shall</u> <u>operate in a</u> <u>transparent and non- discriminatory</u> <u>manner. It shall also</u> <u>be democratically</u> <u>organised, controlled</u> <u>and scrutinised by its</u> <u>members.</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Artic 518 c	le 56a(2)			I.a. Member States may decide that operators, representatives of economic activities linked to one of the stage of the supply chain of products designated by a traditional speciality guaranteed and stakeholders referred to in Art. 157 of Regulation EU 1308/2013 may be members of a producer group, if they have a specific interest in the products covered by the producer group. Those members shall not control the producer group.
⁶ 518 d	le 56a(3)		2. A producer group may exercise in particular the following tasks:	3. <u>A producer group</u> <u>may exercise in</u> <u>particular the</u> <u>following tasks:</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic 518 e	le 56a(3), point (a)		(a) develop the product specification, apply for amendment and cancellation, manage the own controls of its members;	(a) develop the product specification, apply for amendment and cancellation, manage the own controls of its members; Text Origin:

	mmission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Council Mandate
Article 56a(3)	, point (b)			
518 f			(b) take action to improve the performance of the traditional specialities guaranteed;	<pre>(b) take action to improve the performance of the traditional specialities guaranteed; Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Article 56a(3)	, point (c)			
, 518 g			(c) develop information and promotion activities aiming at communicating the value-adding attributes of the product to the consumer;	(c) develop information and promotion activities aiming at communicating the value-adding attributes of the product to the consumer; Text Origin: Council
				Mandate
Article 56a(3)	, point (d)			·
518 h			(d) take measures to enhance the value of products including taking steps to prevent or counter any measures detrimental to the image of those products.	(d) take measures to enhance the value of products including taking steps to prevent or counter any measures detrimental to the image of those products.
				Text Origin: Council Mandate



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Artic	le 57			-
519	Article 57 National stage of the procedure of registration	Article 57 National stage of the procedure of registration	Article 57 National stage of the procedure of registration	Article 57 National stage of the procedure of registration Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 57(1)		I	
520	1. Applications for the registration of a traditional speciality guaranteed may only be submitted by groups of producers of products with the name to be protected. Several groups from different Member States or third countries may lodge a joint application for registration.	1. Applications for the registration of a traditional speciality guaranteed may only be submitted by groups of producers ofproducts with the name to be protected. Several groups from different Member States or third countries may lodge a joint application for registration. Other interested parties, including regional or local public bodies, may help in the preparation of the application and in the related procedure.	1. Applications for the registration of a traditional speciality guaranteed may only be submitted by groupsan applicant producer group. An applicant producer group shall be an association, irrespective of its legal form, composed of producers of-products with the same product the name of which is proposed for registration or by a single producer where the person concerned is the only producer willing to submit an applicationto be protected. Several applicant producer groups from different Member States or third countries may lodge a joint application for registration.	1. Applications for the registration of a traditional speciality guaranteed may only be submitted by groups an applicant producer group. An applicant producer group shall be an association, irrespective of its legal form, composed of producers of products with the same product the name of which is proposed for registration or by a single producer where the person concerned is the only producer willing to submit an application to be protected. Several application for registration. Public bodies and other interested parties may assist in the preparation of the application and in the related procedure.



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Arti	cle 57(2)			Text Origin: Council Mandate
Aiti				
G 521	2. An application for registration of a name as a traditional speciality guaranteed shall comprise:	 2. An Subject to paragraph 3, the scrutiny period shall not exceed five months from the submission of the application for registration. That scrutiny period shall not include the period which starts on the date on which the Commission sends its observations or a request for supplementary information to the Member State, and ends on the date on which the Member State responds to the Commission in relation to such observations or to such a request. In duly justified cases, the scrutiny period may be extended by a maximum of three months. In the event that the scrutiny period is extended or is likely to be extended, the Commission-of a name as a traditional speciality guaranteed shall comprise:inform the applicant in writing of the reasons for the delay and of 	2. An application for registration of a name as a traditional speciality guaranteed shall comprise:	2. An application for registration of a name as a traditional speciality guaranteed shall comprise: Text Origin: Council Mandate

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<u>the date on which the</u> <u>scrutiny period is</u> <u>expected to end.</u>		
Artic	le 57(2), point (a)			
522	(a) the name and address of the applicant group of producers;	(a) the name and address of the applicant group of producers;	(a) the name and address of the applicant group of producers producer group ;	<pre>(a) the name and address of the applicant group of producersproducer group; Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Artic	le 57(2), point (b)			
523	(b) the product specification as provided for in Article 56.	(b) the product specification as provided for in Article 56.	(b) the product specification as provided for in Article 56.	 (b) the product specification as provided for in Article 56. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 57(3)			
524	3. Where the application is prepared by a group of producers established in a Member State, the application shall be addressed to the authorities of that Member State. The Member State shall scrutinise the application in order to check that it is justified and meets the conditions of the eligibility criteria referred to in Article 55. As part of the	3. Where the application is prepared by a group of producers established in a Member State, the application shall be addressed to the authorities of that Member State. The Member State shall scrutinise the application in order to check that it is justified and meets the conditions of the eligibility criteria referred to in Article 55. As part of the	3. Where the application is prepared by a producer group of producers established in a Member State, the application shall be addressed to the authorities of that Member State. The Member State shall scrutinise the application in order to check that it is justified and meets the conditions of the eligibility criteria referred to in Article 55. As part of the	3. Where the application is prepared by a <i>producer</i> group <i>of</i> <i>producers</i> established in a Member State, the application shall be addressed to the authorities of that Member State. The Member State shall scrutinise the application in order to check that it <i>is</i> <i>justified and</i> meets the conditions of the eligibility criteria referred to in Article 55. As part of the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	scrutiny, the Member State shall manage a national opposition procedure. If the Member State considers that the requirements of this Chapter are met, it may take a favourable decision and lodge a Union application for registration with the Commission.	scrutiny, the Member State shall manage a national opposition procedure. If the Member State considers that the requirements of this Chapter are met, it may take a favourable decision and lodge a Union application for registration with the Commission.	scrutiny, the Member State shall manageconduct a national opposition procedure. If the Member State considers that the requirements of this Chapter are met, it may take a favourable decision and lodge a Unionan application for registration with the Commissionat Union stage as referred to in Article 59.	scrutiny, the Member State shall manageconduct a national opposition procedure. If the Member State considers that the requirements of this Chapter are met, it may take a favourable decision and lodge <i>a</i> Union and lodge <i>a</i> Union and lodge <i>a</i> Union stage as referred to in Article 59. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 57(4)			
5 525	4. The Member State shall ensure that its decision, be it favourable or not, is made public and that any natural or legal person having a legitimate interest has an opportunity to challenge that decision. The Member State shall also ensure that the product specification on which its favourable decision is based is published, and shall provide electronic access to the product specification.	4. The Member State shall ensure that its decision, be it favourable or not, is made public and that any natural or legal person having a legitimate interest has an opportunity to challenge that decision. The Member State shall also ensure that the product specification on which its favourable decision is based is published, and shall provide electronic access to the product specification.	4. The Member State shall ensure that its decision, be it favourable or not, is made public and that any natural or legal person having a legitimate interest has an opportunity to challenge thatits decision. The Member State shall also ensure that the product specification on which its favourable decision is based isa favourable decision and the corresponding product specification are published, and shall provide electronic access to the product specification.	4. The Member State shall ensure that <i>its</i> <i>decision, be it</i> <i>favourable or not, is</i> <i>made public and that</i> any natural or legal person having a legitimate interest has an opportunity to challenge <i>thatits</i> decision. The Member State shall also ensure that <i>the product</i> <i>specification on which</i> <i>its favourable</i> <i>decision is based isa</i> <i>favourable decision</i> <i>and the</i> <i>corresponding</i> <i>product specification</i> <i>are</i> published, and shall provide electronic access to the product <i>specification</i> .

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 57(5)			
526	5. Where the application, including a joint application, is prepared by a group or groups of producers established in a third country, the application shall be lodged either directly or via the authorities of the third country concerned.	5. Where the application, including a joint application, is prepared by a group or groups of producers established in a third country, the application shall be lodged either directly or via the authorities of the third country concerned.	5. Where the application, including a joint application, is prepared by a group or groups of producers established in a third country, the application shall be lodged either directly or via the authorities of the third country concerned.	
Artic	le 58			
527	Article 58 Union application for registration	Article 58 Union application for registration	Article 58 Union Application for registration at Union stage	Article 58 <u>Union</u> Application for registration <u>at Union</u> <u>stage</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 58(1)			
528	1. A Union application for the registration of a traditional speciality guaranteed shall comprise:	1. A Union application for the registration of a traditional speciality guaranteed shall comprise:	1. A UnionAn application for the registration of a traditional speciality guaranteed shall comprise:	 <u>A Union An</u> application for the registration <u>at Union</u> <u>stage</u> of a traditional speciality guaranteed shall comprise: <u>Text Origin:</u> Council Mandate
Artic	le 58(1), point (a)			·
529	(a) the elements referred to in Article	(a) the elements referred to in Article	(a) the elements referred toproduct	(a) the elements referred to<mark>product</mark>

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	57(2); and	57(2); and	specification as provided for in Article 57(2) 56; and	<pre>specification as provided for in Article 57(2)56; and Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Artic	le 58(1), point (b)			
3 530	(b) for Member States only, a declaration by the Member State that it considers that the application lodged by the applicant group meets the conditions of registration.	(b) for Member States only, a declaration by the Member State that it considers that the application lodged by the applicant group meets the conditions of registration.	(b) for Member States only, a declaration by the Member State that it considers that the application lodged by the applicant group to which the application was addressed at the national stage of the procedure of registration, confirming that the application meets the conditions for registration and information on any admissible opposition at national level following the national scrutiny and opposition procedure; and-of registration.	 (b) for Member States only, a declaration by the Member State that it considers that the application lodged by the applicant group to which the application was addressed at the national stage of the procedure of registration, confirming that the application meets the conditions for registration and information on any admissible opposition at national level following the national scrutiny and opposition procedure; and of registration. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 58(1), point (ba)			
3 530 a			(ba) for applications from third countries, a power of attorney where the applicant is represented by an agent.	<pre>(ba) for applications from third countries, a power of attorney where the applicant is represented by an agent. Text Origin: Council</pre>



		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
					Mandate
	Artic	le 58(2)			
G	531	2. Where a joint application, referred to in Article 57(1) is submitted, the application shall be submitted to the Commission by one of the Member States concerned. It shall include, as relevant, the elements referred to in Article 57(2) as well as the declaration referred to in paragraph 1, point (b), of this Article from all Member States concerned. The related national procedures, including the opposition stage, shall be carried out in all the Member States concerned.	2. Where a joint application, referred to in Article 57(1) is submitted, the application shall be submitted to the Commission by one of the Member States concerned. It shall include, as relevant, the elements referred to in Article 57(2) as well as the declaration referred to in paragraph 1, point (b), of this Article from all Member States concerned. The related national procedures, including the opposition stage, shall be carried out in all the Member States concerned.	2. Where A joint application, referred to in Article 57(1) is submitted, the application shall be submitted to the Commission by one of the Member States concerned. It shall include, asinclude the product specification as provided for in Article 56 and, if relevant, the elements referred to in Article 57(2) as well as the declaration referred to in paragraph 1, point (b), of this Article from all Member States or third countries concerned. The related national procedures, including the opposition stage, shall be carried out in all the Member States concerned.	2. Where A joint application, referred to in Article 57(1) is submitted, the application shall be submitted to the Commission by one of the Member States concerned. It shall include, asinclude the product specification as provided for in Article 56 and, if relevant, the elements referred to in Article 57(2) as well as the declaration referred to in paragraph 1, point (b), of this Article from all Member States or third countries concerned. The related national procedures, including the opposition stage, shall be carried out in all the Member States concerned. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 58(3)	Γ		
G	532	3. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance withArticle 84 supplementing this Regulation by additional rules for joint applications for the registration of a traditional speciality	3. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance withArticle 84 supplementing this Regulation by additional rules for joint applications for the registration of a traditional speciality	3. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance withArticle 84 supplementing this Regulation by additional rules for joint applications for the registration of a traditional speciality	
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		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		guaranteed concerning more than one national territory and the application process.	guaranteed concerning more than one national territory and the application process.	guaranteed concerning more than one national territory and the application process.	
	Artic	le 58(4)			
G	533	4. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on procedures, the form and presentation of applications for registration, including for applications for the registration of a traditional speciality guaranteed concerning more than one national territory. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2).	4. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on procedures, the form and presentation of applications for registration, including for applications for the registration of a traditional speciality guaranteed concerning more than one national territory. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2).	4. The Commission mayshall adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on procedures, the form and presentation of applications for registration, including for-applications for the registration of a traditional speciality guaranteed concerning more than one national territory. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in– Article $\frac{80(2)84a(2)}{2}$.	4. The Commission mayshall adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on procedures, the form and presentation of applications for registration, including for-applications for the registration of a traditional speciality guaranteed concerning more than one national territory. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in_Article 80(2)84a(2).
	Artic	le 59			
G	534	Article 59 Submission of the Union application for registration	Article 59 Submission of the Union application for registration	Article 59 Submission of the Union application for registration at Union stage	Article 59 Submission of the <i>Union</i> application for registration <u>at Union</u> <u>stage</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 59(1)			



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
6 535	1. A Union application for the registration of a traditional speciality guaranteed shall be submitted to the Commission electronically, through a digital system. The digital system shall have capacity to allow submission of applications to national authorities of a Member State, and shall have capacity to be used by a Member State in its national procedure.	1. A Union application for the registration of a traditional speciality guaranteed shall be submitted to the Commission electronically, through a digital system. The digital system shall have capacity to allow submission of applications to national authorities of a Member State, and shall have capacity to be used by a Member State in its national procedure.	1. A UnionAn application for the registration of a traditional speciality guaranteed shall be submitted to the Commission electronically, through a digital system. The digital system shall have capacity to allow submission of applications to national authorities of a-by the Member State, and shall have capacity to be used by a Member State in its national procedure concerned to the Commission electronically, through a digital system.	1. A Union application for the registration of a traditional speciality guaranteed shall be submitted to the Commission electronically, through a digital system. Following a request from at least one Member State, the Commission shall adapt the digital system shall have capacity to allow submission of applications toto make it suitable to be used in the national authorities of a Member State, and shall have capacity to be used by apart of the procedure for registration of a traditional speciality guaranteed by any Member State in its national procedure.who so wishes
Artic	le 59(2)	Γ		
₅ 536	2. The digital system shall have capacity to allow submission of applications by applicants established outside the Union and by national authorities of third countries.	2. The digital system shall have capacity to allow submission of applications by applicants established outside the Union and by national authorities of third countries.	2. Where the application for registration is prepared by an applicant established in a third country, the applicationThe digital system shall have capacity to allow submission of applications by applicants established outside the Union and by nationalbe submitted to the	2. Where the application for registration is prepared by an applicant established in a third country, the applicationThe digital system shall have capacity to allow submission of applications by applicants established outside the Union and by nationalbe submitted to the



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			Commission, either directly by an applicant, namely a producer group or a single producer, or via the authorities of the third countriescountry concerned.	Commission, either directly by an applicant, namely a producer group or a single producer, or via the authorities of the third countries country concerned. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article	e 59(2a)			
⁵ 536 а			2a. A joint application for registration referred to in Article 57(1) shall be submitted by	2a. <u>A joint</u> <u>application for</u> <u>registration referred</u> <u>to in Article 57(1)</u> <u>shall be submitted by</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article	e 59(2a), point (a)			
⁶ 536 b			(a) one of the Member States concerned, or	(a) one of the <u>Member States</u> <u>concerned, or</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article	e 59(2a), point (b)			
_с 536 с			(b) an applicant of a third country, such as namely a producer group or a single producer, either directly or through the authorities of that third country.	(b) an applicant of a third country, such as namely a producer group or a single producer, either directly or through the authorities of that third country. Text Origin:

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Council Mandate
Artic	le 59(3)			
537	3. Information on Union applications for registration shall be made public by the Commission upon their submission through the digital system referred to in paragraph(1)	3. Information on Union applications for registration shall be made public by the Commission upon their submission through the digital system referred to in paragraph(1)	3. Information on Union The names for which applications for registration at Union stage have been submitted shall be made public by the Commission upon their submission through the digital system referred to in paragraph(1)paragra ph (1).	3. Information on Union The names for which applications for registration <u>at Union</u> stage have been <u>submitted</u> shall be made public by the Commission upon their submission through the digital system referred to in paragraph(1)paragra ph (1). Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 60			
538	Article 60 Scrutiny by the Commission and publication for opposition	Article 60 Scrutiny by the Commission and publication for opposition	Article 60 Scrutiny by the Commission and publication for opposition	Article 60 Scrutiny by the Commission and publication for opposition Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 60(1)			
539	1. The Commission shall scrutinise any application that it receives pursuant to Article 65(1) in order to check that it contains no manifest errors, that the information provided in accordance with	1. The Commission shall scrutinise any application that it receives pursuant to Article 65(1) in order to check that it contains no manifest errors, that the information provided in accordance with	 The Commission shall scrutinise any application that it receives pursuant to Article 65(1)59 (1), (2) and (2a) in order to check that it contains no manifest errors, that the the required information 	1. The Commission shall scrutinise any application that it receives pursuant to Article <u>65(1)59(1),</u> (2) and (2a) in order to check that it contains no manifest errors, that the the required information

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		complete, that the product specification is precise and technical in nature and that the requirements laid down inArticle55 andArticle56 are fulfilled. Such a scrutiny shall take into account the outcome of the national stage of the procedure carried out by the Member State concerned.	complete, that the product specification is precise and technical in nature and that the requirements laid down inArticle55 andArticle56 are fulfilled. Such a scrutiny shall take into account the outcome of the national stage of the procedure carried out by the Member State concerned.	accordance with Article 58 is complete, that the product specification is precise and technical in nature and that the requirements laid down inArticle55 andArticle56 are fulfilledand that it contains no manifest errors, taking into account the outcome of the scrutiny and opposition procedure carried out by the Member State concerned. Such a scrutiny shall take into account the outcome of the national stage of the procedure carried out by the Member State concerned.	accordance with Article 58 is complete, that the product specification is precise and technical in nature and that the requirements laid down inArticle55 andArticle56 are fulfilled and that it contains no manifest errors, taking into account the outcome of the scrutiny and opposition procedure carried out by the Member State concerned. Such a scrutiny shall take into account the outcome of the national stage of the procedure carried out by the Member State concerned. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 60(2)			
G	540	2. The scrutiny should not exceed a period of 6 months. In the event that the scrutiny period exceeds or is likely to exceed 6 months the Commission shall inform the applicant of the reasons for the delay in writing.	2. The scrutiny should not exceed a period of 6 months. In the event that the scrutiny period exceeds or is likely to exceed 6 months the Commission shall inform the applicant of the reasons for the delay in writing.	2. The scrutiny shouldScrutiny shall, as a general rule, not exceed a period of 6 months. In the event that the scrutiny period exceeds or is likely to exceed 6 months, the Commission shall inform the applicant of the reasons for the delay in writing.	2. The serutiny shouldexamination shall not exceed a period of 6 months. In the event that the scrutiny period exceeds or is likely to exceed 6 months from the day of the reception of the application. The Commission may request from the applicant any necessary supplementary information or modification. Where the Commission shall

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
					informaddresses to the applicant of the reasons for the delay in writingsuch requests, the examination period shall not exceed a period of 5 months from the day the applicant's reply is received by the Commission.
	Artic	le 60(3)			
G	541	3. The Commission may seek supplementary information from the applicant.	3. Within three months following the submission of the application for registration, the Commission may seek supplementary information from the competent authority or from the applicant.	3. The Commission may seekrequest from the applicant any necessary supplementary information or modification. Where the Commission addresses to the applicant such a request, the scrutiny period referred to in paragraph 2 shall be extended by 6 months from the day of the reply of the applicant. In the event that that extension exceeds or is likely to exceed 6 months, the Commission shall inform the applicant of the reasons for the delay in writing.	3. <u>In the event that</u> the Commission may seek supplementary information fromdoes not conclude the examinations referred to in paragraph 2 within the prescribed deadlines, it shall inform the applicant of the reasons for the delay in writing indicating the estimated time necessary to conclude it, which shall not exceed one month.
	Artic	le 60(4)			
G	542	4. Where, based on the scrutiny carried out pursuant to paragraph 1, the Commission considers that the conditions laid down	4. Where, based on the scrutiny carried out pursuant to paragraph 1, the Commission considers that the conditions laid down	4. Where, based on the scrutiny carried out pursuant to paragraph 1, the Commission considers that the conditions laid down	4. Where, based on the scrutiny carried out pursuant to paragraph 1, the Commission considers that the conditions laid down

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		in this Chapter are fulfilled, it shall publish the product specification in the Official Journal of the European Union.	in this Chapter are fulfilled, it shall publish the product specification in the Official Journal of the European Union.	in Articles 55, 56, 57 and 58 this Chapter are fulfilled, it shall publish the product specification in the Official Journal of the European Union.	in <u>Articles 55, 56, 57</u> and <u>58</u> this Chapter are fulfilled, it shall publish the product specification in the Official Journal of the European Union. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 61			
G	543	Article 61 National challenge to an application for registration	Article 61 National challenge to an application for registration	Article 61 National challenge to an application for registration	Article 61 National challenge to an application for registration Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 61(1)		Г	
G	544	1. Member States shall keep the Commission informed of any national administrative or judicial proceedings that may affect the registration of a traditional speciality guaranteed. In such a case, Member States may request the Commission to suspend the examination procedure for a period of 12 months which can be renewed.	1. Member States shall keep the Commission informed of any national administrative or judicial proceedings that may affect the registration of a traditional speciality guaranteed. In such a case, Member States may <i>submit a</i> <i>reasoned</i> request <i>to</i> the Commission to suspend the examination procedure for a period of 12 months which can be renewed.	1. Member States shall keep the Commission informed of any national administrative or judicial proceedings that may affectprejudice the registration of a traditional speciality guaranteed. In such a case, Member States may request the Commission to suspend the examination procedure for a period of 12 months which can be renewed.	 Member States shall keep the Commission informed of any national administrative or judicial proceedings that may <i>affectprejudice</i> the registration of a traditional speciality guaranteed. <i>In such a</i> <i>case, Member States</i> <i>may request the</i> <i>Commission to</i> <i>suspend the</i> <i>examination</i> <i>procedure for a</i> <i>period of 12 months</i> <i>which can be</i> <i>renewed.</i> Text Origin: Council Mandate

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Artio	cle 61(2)			
c 545	2. The Member State shall inform the Commission without delay if the application to the Commission has been invalidated at national level by an immediately applicable but not final judicial decision. In this case, the Commission shall be exempted from the obligation to meet the deadline to perform the scrutiny referred to in Article 60(2) and to inform the applicant of the reasons for the delay.	2. The Member State shall inform the Commission without delay if the application to the Commission has been invalidated at national level by an immediately applicable but not final judicial decision. In this case, the Commission shall be exempted from the obligation to meet the deadline to perform the scrutiny referred to in Article 60(2) and to inform the applicant of the reasons for the delay.	2. The Member State shall inform the Commission without delay if the application to the Commission has been invalidated at national level by an immediately applicable but not final judicial decision. In this case, The Commission shall be exempted from the obligation to meet the deadline to perform the scrutiny referred to in Article 60(2) and to inform the applicantMember State of the reasons for the delay- where it receives a communication from a Member State, concerning an application in accordance with Article 57, which:	2. The Member State shall inform the Commission without delay if the application to the Commission has been invalidated at national level by an immediately applicable but not final judicial decision. In this case, The Commission shall be exempted from the obligation to meet the deadline to perform the scrutiny referred to in Article 60(2) and to inform the applicantMember State of the reasons for the delay: where it receives a communication from a Member State, concerning an application in accordance with Article 57, which: Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artio	cle 61(2), point (a)	<u> </u>	I	
545 a			(a) informs the Commission that the decision referred to in Article 57(3) has been invalidated at national level by an immediately applicable but not final administrative or judicial decision;	(a) informs the Commission that the decision referred to in Article 57(3) has been invalidated at national level by an immediately applicable but not final administrative or judicial decision;

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		or	<u>or</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article 61(2), point (b)			
545 b		(b) requests the Commission to suspend the scrutiny because national administrative or judicial proceedings have been initiated to challenge the validity of the application and the Member State considers that those proceedings are based on valid grounds.	<pre>(b) requests the Commission to suspend the scrutiny because national administrative or judicial proceedings have been initiated to challenge the validity of the application and the Member State considers that those proceedings are based on valid grounds.</pre>
Article 61(2), point (c)		Ī	
⁶ 545 c		2a. The exemption shall have effect until the Commission is informed by the Member State that the original application has been restored or that the Member State withdraws its request for suspension.	<pre>(c) The exemption shall have effect until the Commission is informed by the Member State that the original application has been restored or that the Member State withdraws its request for suspension.</pre>
Article 61(2), point (d)			
⁶ 545 d		2b. If the favourable	(d) If the favourable

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				decision of a Member State referred to in Article 57(3) has been invalidated in full or in part by a final decision taken by a national court, the Member State shall consider appropriate action such as withdrawal or modification of the application for registration at Union stage, as necessary.	decision of a Member State referred to in Article 57(3) has been invalidated in full or in part by a final decision taken by a national court, the Member State shall consider appropriate action such as withdrawal or modification of the application for registration at Union stage, as necessary. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 61(3)			
G	546	3. If the application to the Commission has been invalidated by a final decision taken by a national court, the Member State shall consider appropriate action such as withdrawal or modification of the application, as necessary.	3. If the application to the Commission has been invalidated by a final decision taken by a national court, the Member State shall consider appropriate action such as withdrawal or modification of the application, as necessary.An opposition shall claim that the application could infringe the conditions laid down in this Chapter and give pertinent and adequate reasons. An opposition that does not contain the said claim shall be void.	3. If the application to the Commission has been invalidated by a final decision taken by a national court, the Member State shall consider appropriate action such as withdrawal or modification of the application, as necessary.	
	Artic	le 62			
G	547	Article 62 Union opposition procedure	Article 62 Union opposition procedure	Article 62 Union opposition procedure	Article 62 Union opposition procedure
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		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Artic				Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 62(1)			
G	548	1. Within 3 months from the date of publication of the product specification in the Official Journal of the European Union pursuant to Article 60(4), the authorities of a Member State or of a third country, or a natural or legal person having a legitimate interest and established in a third country, may lodge an opposition with the Commission.	1. Within 3 months from the date of publication of the product specification in the Official Journal of the European Union pursuant to Article 60(4), the authorities of a Member State or of a third country, or a natural or legal person having a legitimate interest and established in a third country, may lodge an opposition with the Commission.	1. Within 3 months from the date of publication of the product specification in the Official Journal of the European Union pursuant to Article 60(4), the authorities of a Member State or of a third country, or a natural or legal person having a legitimate interest and established in a third country, may lodge an opposition with the Commission.	1. Within 3 months from the date of publication of the product specification in the Official Journal of the European Union pursuant to Article 60(4), the authorities of a Member State or of a third country, or a natural or legal person having a legitimate interest and established in a third country, may lodge an opposition with the Commission. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 62(2)			
G	549	2. Any natural or legal person having a legitimate interest, established or resident in a Member State other than the one from which the Union application for registration was submitted, may lodge an opposition with the Member State in which it is established, within a time limit permitting an opposition to be lodged pursuant to the	2. Any natural or legal person having a legitimate interest, established or resident in a Member State other than the one from which the Union application for registration was submitted, may lodge an opposition with the Member State in which it is established, within a time limit permitting an opposition to be lodged pursuant to the	2. Any natural or legal person having a legitimate interest, established or resident in a Member State other than the one from which the Union application for registration at Union stage was submitted, may lodge an opposition with the Member State in which it is established, within a time limit permitting an-that Member	2. Any natural or legal person having a legitimate interest, established or resident in a Member State other than the one from which the <i>Union</i> application for registration <i>at Union</i> <i>stage</i> was submitted, may lodge an opposition with the Member State in which it is established, within a time limit permitting <i>an-that Member State</i>

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		first paragraph.	first paragraph.	State to examine this opposition and to decide whether to lodge it with the Commissionto be lodged pursuant to the first paragraph. Member States may specify that time limit in their national legislation.	to examine this opposition and to decide whether to lodge it with the Commission to be lodged pursuant to the first paragraph. Member States may specify that time limit in their national legislation. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 62(3)			
G	550	3. An opposition shall claim that the application could infringe the conditions laid down in this Chapter and give reasons. An opposition that does not contain the said claim shall be void.	3. An opposition shall claim that the application could infringe the conditions laid down in this Chapter and give reasons. An opposition that does not contain the said claim shall be void.	3. An opposition shall claim that the application could infringe the conditions laid down in this Chapter and give reasonsstate that it opposes the registration of a traditional speciality guaranteed. An opposition that does not contain the said claimthis statement shall be void.	 An opposition shall claim that the application could infringe the conditions laid down in this Chapter and give reasonsstate that it opposes the registration of a traditional speciality guaranteed. An opposition that does not contain the said claimthis statement shall be void. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 62(4)			
G	551	4. The Commission shall check the admissibility of the opposition. If the Commission considers that the opposition is admissible it shall, within 5 months from	4. The Commission shall check the admissibility of the opposition. If the Commission considers that the opposition is admissible it shall, within 5 months from	4. The Commission shall check the admissibility of the opposition. If the Commission considers that the opposition is admissible it shall, within 5 months from	4. The Commission shall check the admissibility of the opposition. If the Commission considers that the opposition is admissible it shall, within 5 months from

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		the date of publication of the product specification in the Official Journal of the European Union invite the authority or person that lodged the opposition and the authority or the applicant that lodged the application to engage in appropriate consultations for a reasonable period that shall not exceed 3 months. At any time during that period, the Commission may, at the request of the authority or the applicant, extend the deadline for the consultations by a maximum of 3 months.	the date of publication of the product specification in the Official Journal of the European Union invite the authority or person that lodged the opposition and the authority or the applicant that lodged the application to engage in appropriate consultations for a reasonable period that shall not exceed 3 months. At any time during that period, the Commission may, at the request of the authority or the applicant, extend the deadline for the consultations by a maximum of 3 months.	the date of publication referred to in Article 60(4) of the product specification in the Official Journal of the European Union invite the authority or person that lodged the oppositionopponent and the authority or the-applicant that lodged the application to engage in appropriate consultations for a reasonable period that shall not exceed 3 months. The Commission shall transmit to the applicant the opposition and all he documents provided by the opponent. At any time during that period, the Commission may, at the request of the authority or the applicant, extend the deadline for the consultations once by a maximum of 3 months.	the date of publication <u>referred to in Article</u> 60(4) of the product specification in the Official Journal of the European Union invite the <u>authority or</u> person that lodged the opposition opponent and the <u>authority or</u> the applicant that lodged the application to engage in appropriate consultations for a reasonable period that shall not exceed 3 months. <u>The</u> <u>Commission shall</u> <u>transmit to the</u> applicant the opposition and all he documents provided by the opponent. At any time during that period, the Commission may, at the request of the authority or the applicant, extend the deadline for the consultations <u>once</u> by a maximum of 3 months. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 62(5)			
G	552	5. The authority or person that lodged the opposition and the authority or applicant that lodged the application shall start consultations without undue delay. They shall provide each other with the relevant	5. The authority or person that lodged the opposition and the authority or applicant that lodged the application shall start consultations without undue delay. They shall provide each other with the relevant	5. The authority or person that lodged the opposition opponent and the authority or applicant that lodged the application shall start consultations without undue delay. They shall provide each other with the	5. The <i>authority or</i> <i>person that lodged the</i> <i>oppositionopponent</i> and the <i>authority or</i> applicant <i>that lodged</i> <i>the application</i> shall start consultations without undue delay. They shall provide each other with the
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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	information to assess whether the application for registration complies with the conditions of this Regulation.	information to assess whether the application for registration complies with the conditions of this Regulation.	relevant information to assess whether the application for registration complies with the conditions of this RegulationChapter.	relevant information to assess whether the application for registration complies with the conditions of this <i>Regulation<u>Chapter</u></i> . Text Origin: Council Mandate
Arti	cle 62(6)			
₅ 553	6. Within 1 month from the end of the consultations referred to in paragraph(4), the applicant established in the third country or the authorities of the Member State or of the third country from which the Union application for registration was lodged shall notify the Commission of the result of the consultations, including all the information exchanged, whether agreement was reached with one or all of the opponents, and of any consequent changes to the application. The authority or person that lodged an opposition to the Commission may also notify the Commission of its position at the end of the consultations.	6. Within 1 month from the end of the consultations referred to in paragraph(4), the applicant established in the third country or the authorities of the Member State or of the third country from which the Union application for registration was lodged shall notify the Commission of the result of the consultations, including all the information exchanged, whether agreement was reached with one or all of the opponents, and of any consequent changes to the application. The authority or person that lodged an opposition to the Commission may also notify the Commission of its position at the end of the consultations.	6. Within 1 month from the end of the consultations referred to in paragraph(4), the applicant established in the third country or the authorities of the Member State or of the third country from which the Union application for registration was lodged-shall notify the Commission of the result of the consultations, including all the information exchanged, whether agreement was reached with one or all of the opponents, and of any consequent changes to the application. The authority or person that lodged an opposition to the Commission of its position at the end of the consultations.	6. Within 1 month from the end of the consultations referred to in paragraph(4), the applicant <i>established</i> <i>in the third country or</i> <i>the authorities of the</i> <i>Member State or of</i> <i>the third country from</i> <i>which the Union</i> <i>application for</i> <i>registration was</i> <i>lodged</i> shall notify the Commission of the result of the consultations, including all the information exchanged, whether agreement was reached with one or all of the opponents, and of any consequent changes to the application. The <i>authority or person</i> <i>that lodged an</i> <i>opposition to the</i> <i>Commission opponent</i> may also notify the Commission of its position at the end of the consultations. Text Origin:
	•	-	*	the

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
					Mandate
	Artic	e 62(7)			
G	554	7. Where, following the end of the consultations, the product specification published in accordance with Article 60(4) has been modified, the Commission shall repeat its scrutiny of the application for registration as modified. Where the application has been modified in a substantial manner, and the Commission considers the modified application meets the conditions for registration, it shall publish the application once more in accordance with that paragraph.	7. Where, following the end of the consultations, the product specification published in accordance with Article 60(4) has been modified, the Commission shall repeat its scrutiny of the application for registration as modified. Where the application has been modified in a substantial manner, and the Commission considers the modified application meets the conditions for registration, it shall publish the application once more in accordance with that paragraph.	7. Where, following the end of the consultations, the product specification published in accordance with Article 60(4) has been modified, the Commission shall repeat its scrutiny of the application for registration as modified. Where the application has been modified in a substantial manner, and the Commission considers the modified application meets the conditions for registration, it shall publish the application product specification once more in accordance with that paragraph.	7. Where, following the end of the consultations, the product specification published in accordance with Article 60(4) has been modified, the Commission shall repeat its scrutiny of the application for registration as modified. Where the application has been modified in a substantial manner, and the Commission considers the modified application meets the conditions for registration, it shall publish the <i>applicationproduct</i> <i>specification</i> once more in accordance with that paragraph. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	e 62(8)			
G	555	8. The documents referred to in this Article shall be drafted in one of the official languages of the Union.	8. The documents referred to in this Article shall be drafted in one of the official languages of the Union.	8. The documents referred to in this Article shall be drafted in one of the official languages of the Union.	 8. The documents referred to in this Article shall be drafted in one of the official languages of the Union. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	e 62(9)			



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
₅ 556	9. After completion of the opposition procedure, the Commission shall finalise its assessment of the Union application for registration, taking into account any request for transitional periods, the outcome of the opposition procedure and any other matters arising subsequently to its scrutiny that may imply a change of the product specification.	9. After completion of the opposition procedure, the Commission shall finalise its assessment of the Union application for registration, taking into account any request for transitional periods, the outcome of the opposition procedure and any other matters arising subsequently to its scrutiny that may imply a change of the product specification.	9. After completion of the opposition procedure, The Commission shall finalise its assessment of the Union application for registration at Union stage, taking into account any request for transitional periods, the outcome of the opposition procedure and any other matters arising subsequently to its scrutiny that may imply a change of the product specification.	9. After completion of the opposition procedure, The Commission shall finalise its assessment of the Union application for registration at Union stage, taking into account any request for transitional periods, the outcome of the opposition procedure and any other matters arising subsequently to its scrutiny that may imply a change of the product specification. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 62(10)			
₅ 557	10. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 complementing the rules for the opposition procedure to establish detailed procedures and deadlines.	10. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 complementing the rules for the opposition procedure to establish detailed procedures and deadlines.	10. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 complementing the rules for the opposition procedure to establishsupplementi ng this Regulation by detailed procedures and deadlines for the opposition procedure.	 10. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 complementing the rules for the opposition procedure to establish supplementing this Regulation by detailed procedures and deadlines for the opposition procedure. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 62(11)		1	1
۶ 558	11. The Commission	11. The Commission	11. The Commission	11. The Commission

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	may adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on procedures, the form and presentation of oppositions. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2).	may adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on procedures, the form and presentation of oppositions. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2).	mayshall adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on procedures, the form and presentation of oppositions defining the format and online presentation of oppositions and providing for the exclusion or anonymisation of personal data. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2) 84a(2) .	<pre>mayshall adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on procedures, the form and presentation of oppositions defining the format and online presentation of oppositions and providing for the exclusion or anonymisation of personal data. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2) 84a(2).</pre>
Artic	le 63			
s 559	Article 63 Grounds for opposition	Article 63 Grounds for opposition	Article 63 Grounds for opposition	Article 63 Grounds for opposition Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 63(1)			
₅ 560	1. An opposition lodged in accordance with Article 62shall be admissible only if the opponent:	1. An opposition lodged in accordance with Article 62shall be admissible only if the opponent:	1. An opposition lodged in accordance with Article 62shall 62 shall be admissible only if the opponent shows that :	 An opposition lodged in accordance with Article <u>62shall62</u> <u>shall</u> be admissible only if the opponent <u>shows that</u>: Text Origin: Council Mandate

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Arti	cle 63(1), point (a)			
₅ 561	(a) gives duly substantiated reasons for the incompatibility of the proposed registration with the provisions of this Chapter; or	(a) gives duly substantiated <u>and</u> <u>pertinent</u> reasons for the incompatibility of the proposed registration with the provisions of this Chapter; or	(a) gives duly substantiated reasons for the incompatibility of the proposed registrationthe proposed traditional speciality guaranteed does not comply with the provisions of this Chapter; or	 (a) gives duly substantiated reasons for the incompatibility of the proposed registration proposed traditional speciality guaranteed does not comply with the provisions of this Chapter; or Text Origin: Council Mandate
Arti	cle 63(1), point (b)	<u> </u>	I	
₅ 562	(b) demonstrates that the use of the name is lawful, renowned and economically significant for similar agricultural products.	(b) demonstrates that the use of the name is lawful, renowned and economically significant for similar agricultural products.	(b) demonstrates that the use the registration of the name would jeopardise the existence of an entirely or partly identical name-is lawful, renowned and economically significant for similar agricultural products.	<pre>(b) demonstrates that the usethe registration of the name_would jeopardise the existence of an entirely or partly identical name-is lawful, renowned and economically significant for similar agricultural products. Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Arti	cle 63(2)			
۶ 563	2. The criteria referred to in paragraph 1, point (b), shall be assessed in relation to the territory of the Union.	2. The criteria referred to in paragraph 1, point (b), shall be assessed in relation to the territory of the Union.	2. The criteria referred to in paragraph 1, point (b),admissibility of an opposition shall be assessed in relation to the territory of the Union.	 2. The criteria referred to in paragraph 1, point (b),admissibility of an opposition shall be assessed in relation to the territory of the Union. Text Origin: Council

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Mandate
Artic	le 64			
564	Article 64 Transitional periods for the use of traditional specialities guaranteed	Article 64 Transitional periods for the use of traditional specialities guaranteed	Article 64 Transitional periods for the use of traditional specialities guaranteed	Article 64 Transitional periods for the use of traditional specialities guaranteed Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 64(1)			
565	1. The Commission may by means of implementing acts grant a transitional period of up to 5 years to enable, for products the designation of which consists of or contains a name that contravenes Article 69, the continued use of that designation, under which they were marketed, provided that an admissible opposition, under Article 57(3) or Article 62, to the application for registration of the traditional speciality guaranteed whose protection is contravened, shows that such desingnation has been legally used on the internal market for at least 5 years preceding the date of the publication provided for in Article 60(4).	1. The Commission may by means of implementing acts grant a transitional period of up to 5 years to enable, for products the designation of which consists of or contains a name that contravenes Article 69, the continued use of that designation, under which they were marketed, provided that an admissible opposition, under Article 57(3) or Article 62, to the application for registration of the traditional speciality guaranteed whose protection is contravened, shows that such desingnation has been legally used on the internal market for at least 5 years preceding the date of the publication provided for in Article 60(4).	1. The Commission may by means of implementing acts grant a transitional period of up to 5 years to enable, for products the designation of which consists of or contains a name that contravenes Article 69, the continued use of that designation, under which they were marketed, provided that an admissible opposition, under Article 57(3) or Article 62, to the application for registration of the traditional speciality guaranteed whose protection is contravened, shows that such desingnationdesignati on has been legally used on the internal market for at least 5 years preceding the date of the publication provided for in Article 60(4).	1. The Commission may by means of implementing acts grant a transitional period of up to 5 years to enable, for products the designation of which consists of or contains a name that contravenes Article 69, the continued use of that designation, under which they were marketed, provided that an admissible opposition, under Article 57(3) or Article 62, to the application for registration of the traditional speciality guaranteed whose protection is contravened, shows that such <i>desingnationdesignati</i> <i>on</i> has been legally used on the internal market for at least 5 years preceding the date of the publication provided for in Article 60(4).

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
					Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	e 64(2)			
G	566	2. The implementing acts referred to in paragraph 1 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2), except those where an admissible opposition is lodged under Article 57(3), which shall be adopted without applying that examination procedure.	2. The implementing acts referred to in paragraph 1 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2), except those where an admissible opposition is lodged under Article 57(3), which shall be adopted without applying that examination procedure.	2. The implementing acts referred to in paragraph 1 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2), except those where an admissible opposition is lodged under Article 57(3), which shall be adopted without applying that examination procedure.	2. The implementing acts referred to in paragraph 1 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2), except those where an admissible opposition is lodged under Article 57(3), which shall be adopted without applying that examination procedure. Text Origin:
	A mti a				Commission Proposal
	Artic	e 65			
G	567	Article 65 Commission decision on the application for registration	Article 65 Commission decision on the application for registration	Article 65 Commission decision on the application for registration	Article 65 Commission decision on the application for registration Text Origin:
					Commission Proposal
	Artic	e 65(1)			
G	568	1. Where, on the basis of the information available to the Commission from the scrutiny carried out pursuant to Article 58(3), the Commission considers that any of	1. Where, on the basis of the information available to the Commission from the scrutiny carried out pursuant to Article 58(3), the Commission considers that any of	1. Where, on the basis of the information available to the Commission from the scrutiny carried out pursuant to Article $\frac{58(3)60}{60}$, the Commission considers that any of	1. Where, on the basis of the information available to the Commission from the scrutiny carried out pursuant to Article $\frac{58(3)60}{58(3)60}$, the Commission considers that any of

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		the requirements referred therein is not fulfilled, it shall adopt implementing acts rejecting the application. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2).	the requirements referred therein is not fulfilled, it shall adopt implementing acts rejecting the application. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2).	the requirementsconditio ns referred therein is not fulfilled, it shall adopt implementing acts rejecting the application. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2) 84a(2)	the requirementsconditio ms referred therein is not fulfilled, it shall adopt implementing acts rejecting the application. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article $\frac{80(2)84a(2)}{2}$. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 65(2)			
G	569	2. Where it receives no admissible opposition, the Commission shall adopt implementing acts, without applying the procedure referred to in Article 80(2), registering the traditional speciality guaranteed.	2. Where it receives no admissible opposition, the Commission shall adopt implementing acts, without applying the procedure referred to in Article 80(2), registering the traditional speciality guaranteed.	2. Where it receives noIn the absence of an admissible opposition, the Commission shall adopt implementing acts, without applying the procedure referred to in Article 80(2)84a(2), registering the traditional speciality guaranteed.	 Where it receives no In the absence of an admissible opposition, the Commission shall adopt implementing acts, without applying the procedure referred to in Article 80(2)84a(2), registering the traditional speciality guaranteed. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 65(3)			
G	570	3. Where an admissible opposition had been received, the Commission shall:	3. Where an admissible opposition had been received, the Commission shall:	3. Where it receives an admissible opposition, the Commission shall had been received, following the procedure referred to in Article 62 and	3. Where <i>it receives</i> an admissible opposition, <i>the</i> <i>Commission shall</i> <i>had been received</i> , <i>following the</i> <i>procedure referred to</i> <i>in Article 62 and</i>

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement	
			taking into account the results thereof the Commission shall:	taking into account the results thereof the Commission shall: Text Origin: Council Mandate	
Artic	le 65(3), point (a)				
¢ 571	(a) register the name by means of implementing acts adopted without applying the procedure referred to in Article 80(2), if an agreement has been reached, after checking that the agreement complies with Union law, and, if necessary, amend the information published pursuant to Article 60(4) provided such amendments are not substantial; or	(a) register the name by means of implementing acts adopted without applying the procedure referred to in Article 80(2), if an agreement has been reached, after checking that the agreement complies with Union law, and, if necessary, amend the information published pursuant to Article 60(4) provided such amendments are not substantial; or	(a) register the name by means of implementing acts adopted adopt implementing acts registering the traditional speciality guaranteed without applying the procedure referred to in Article 80(2)84a(2), if an agreement has been reached, after checking that the agreement complies with Union law, and, if necessary, amend the information published pursuant to Article 60(4) provided such amendments are not substantial; or	(a) register the name by means of implementing acts adoptedadopt implementing acts registering the traditional speciality guaranteed without applying the procedure referred to in Article $\frac{80(2)84a(2)}{2}$, if an agreement has been reached, after checking that the agreement complies with Union law, and, if necessary, amend the information published pursuant to Article 60(4) provided such amendments are not substantial; or Text Origin: Council Mandate	c
Artic	le 65(3), point (b)		1	1	ļ
۶ 572	(b) adopt implementing acts deciding on the application for registration if an agreement has not been reached. Those implementing acts	(b) adopt implementing acts deciding on the application for registration if an agreement has not been reached. Those implementing acts	(b) adopt implementing acts deciding on the application for registration, if an agreement has not been reached. Those implementing acts	(b) adopt implementing acts deciding on the application for registration, if an agreement has not been reached. Those implementing acts	G

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2).	shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2).	shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2) 84a(2) .	shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article <u>80(2)</u> <u>84a(2)</u> . Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 65(4)			
573	4. The acts registering a traditional speciality guaranteed shall provide for any condition applicable to the registration and for the republication for information of the single document published for opposition in the Official Journal of the European Union in case of any necessary amendments that are not substantial.	4. The acts registering a traditional speciality guaranteed shall provide for any condition applicable to the registration and for the republication for information of the single document published for opposition in the Official Journal of the European Union in case of any necessary amendments that are not substantial.	4. The acts registering a traditional speciality guaranteed shall provide for any condition applicable to the registration and for the republication for information of the single documentproduct specification published for opposition in the Official Journal of the European Unionaccording to Article 60(4) and amended following the opposition procedure in case of any necessary amendments that are not substantial amendmen ts other than those referred to in Article 62(7).	4. The acts registering a traditional speciality guaranteed shall provide for any condition applicable to the registration and for the republication for information of the <i>single</i> <i>documentproduct</i> <i>specification</i> published <i>for</i> <i>opposition in the</i> <i>Official Journal of the</i> <i>European</i> <i>Unionaccording to</i> <i>Article 60(4) and</i> <i>amended following</i> <i>the opposition</i> <i>procedure</i> in case of <i>any necessary</i> <i>amendments that are</i> <i>not</i> <i>substantialamendmen</i> <i>ts other than those</i> <i>referred to in Article</i> <i>62(7)</i> . Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 65(5)	•		
574	5. Regulations of	5. Regulations of	5. Regulations of	5. Regulations of on

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		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		registration and decisions on rejection shall be published in the Official Journal of the European Union, L series.	registration and decisions on rejection shall be published in the Official Journal of the European Union, L series.	registration and decisions on rejection shall be published in the Official Journal of the European Union, L series.	registration and decisions on rejection shall be published in the Official Journal of the European Union, L series. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 66	L		
G	575	Article 66 Union register of traditional specialities guaranteed	Article 66 Union register of traditional specialities guaranteed	Article 66 Union register of traditional specialities guaranteed	Article 66 Union register of traditional specialities guaranteed Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 66(1)		ſ	
G	576	1. The Commission shall adopt implementing acts, without applying the procedure referred to in Article 80(2), establishing and maintaining a publicly accessible electronic register of traditional specialities guaranteed recognised under this Regulation (the 'Union register of traditional specialities guaranteed').	1. The Commission shall adopt implementing acts, without applying the procedure referred to in Article 80(2), establishing and maintaining a publicly accessible electronic register of traditional specialities guaranteed recognised under this Regulation (the 'Union register of traditional specialities guaranteed').	1. The Commission shall adopt implementing acts, without applying the procedure referred to in Article 80(2)84a(2) , containing provisions on establishing and maintaining a publicly accessible electronic register of traditional specialities guaranteed recognised under this Regulation (the 'Union register of traditional specialities guaranteed').	1. The Commission shall adopt implementing acts, without applying the procedure referred to in Article 80(2), 84a(2), containing provisions on establishing and maintaining a publicly accessible electronicUnion register of traditional specialities guaranteed. The register shall be accessible to the public. Files entered into the register after the entry into force of recognised under this Regulation shall be in a machine-readable format as defined in Article 2, point (the

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
					<pre>'Union register of traditional specialities guaranteed')13), of Directive (EU) 2019/1024 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
	Artic	le 66(1a)			
G	576 a			1a. The Commission shall retain documentation related to the registration of a traditional speciality guaranteed in digital or paper form. In case of cancellation, it shall retain the documentation for 10 years thereafter.	<pre>Ia. The Commission shall retain documentation related to the registration of a traditional speciality guaranteed in digital or paper form. In case of cancellation, it shall retain the documentation for 10 years thereafter. Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
	Artic	le 66(2)			
G	577	2. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on the form and content of the Union register of traditional specialities guaranteed. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2).	2. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on the form and content of the Union register of traditional specialities guaranteed. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2).	2. The Commission mayshall adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on the form and content defining the content and presentation of the Union register of traditional specialities guaranteed. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to	2. The Commission mayshall adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on the form and content defining the content and presentation of the Union register of traditional specialities guaranteed. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			in Article 80(2) 84a(2).	<pre>in Article 80(2)84a(2). Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Artic	le 67			
₅ 578	Article 67 Amendments to a product specification	Article 67 Amendments to a product specification	Article 67 Amendments to a product specification	Article 67 Amendments to a product specification Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 67(1)			
₅ 579	1. A producer group having a legitimate interest may apply for the approval of an amendment to the product specification of a traditional speciality guaranteed. Applications shall describe and give reasons for the amendments requested.	1. A producer group having a legitimate interest may apply for the approval of an amendment to the product specification of a traditional speciality guaranteed. Applications shall describe and give reasons for the amendments requested.	1. A producer group having a legitimate interestof a product the name of which is a registered traditional speciality guaranteed may apply for the approval of an amendment to the product specification-of a traditional speciality guaranteed. Applications shall describe and give reasons for the amendments requested.	 A producer group having a legitimate interest of a product the name of which is a registered traditional speciality guaranteed may apply for the approval of an amendment to the product specification of a traditional speciality guaranteed. Applications shall describe and give reasons for the amendments requested. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 67(2)			
₅ 580	2. The procedure for the amendment of a product specification shall follow, mutatis	2. The procedure for the amendment of a product specification shall follow, mutatis	2. The procedure for the amendment of a product specification shall follow, <i>mutatis</i>	2. The procedure for the amendment of a product specification shall follow, <u><i>mutatis</i></u>

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	mutandis, the procedure laid down from Article 57 to Article 65.	mutandis, the procedure laid down from Article 57 to Article 65.	<i>mutandis</i> mutatis mutandis, the procedure laid down from Article 57 to Article 65.	mutandismutatis mutandis, the procedure laid down from Article 57 to Article 65. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 67(3)			
581	3. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing the rules regarding the procedure for the amendment of a product specification.	3. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing the rules regarding the procedure for the amendment of a product specification.	3. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing the rules regarding the procedure for the amendment of a product specification.	3. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing the rules regarding the procedure for the amendment of a product specification. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 67(4)			
582	4. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on procedures, the form and presentation of an application for the amendment of a product specification. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to inArticle 80(2).	4. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on procedures, the form and presentation of an application for the amendment of a product specification. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to inArticle 80(2).	4. The Commission mayshall adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on procedures, the form and presentation of an application for the amendment of a product specification. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to inArticle 80(2) in Article 84a(2).	4. The Commission <i>mayshall</i> adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on procedures, the form and presentation of an application for the amendment of a product specification. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to <i>inArticle 80(2) in</i> <i>Article 84a(2)</i> . Text Origin:
	581 Artic	Proposalmutandis, the procedure laid down from Article 57 to Article 65.Article 65.Article 67(3)Article 67(3)3. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing the rules regarding the procedure for the amendment of a product specification.581Article 67(4)Article 67(4)582582582	ProposalEP Mandatemutandis, the procedure laid down from Article 57 to Article 65.mutandis, the procedure laid down from Article 57 to Article 57.Article 67(3)3. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing the rules regarding the procedure for the amendment of a product specification.3. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing the rules regarding the procedure for the amendment of a product specification.3. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing the rules regarding the procedure for the amendment of a product specification.5814. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on procedures, the form and presentation of an application for the amendment of a product specification.4. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on procedures, the form and presentation of an application for the amendment of a product specification. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to582Product specification. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to	ProposalLP MandateCouncil Mandatemutandis, the procedure laid down from Article 57 to Article 65.mutandis, the procedure laid down from Article 57 to Article 65.mutandis, the procedure laid down from Article 57 to Article 65.Article 65.3. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing the rules regarding the product specification.3. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing the rules regarding the product specification.3. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing the rules regarding the product specification.3. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing the rules regarding the product specification.3. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing the rules regarding the product specification.4. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on procedures, the form and presentation of an application for the amendment of a product specification.4. The Commission mayshall adopt implementing acts laying down detailed ruses on procedures, the form and presentation of an application for the amendment of a product specification.4. The Commission mayshall adopt implementing acts laying down detailed ruses on procedures, the form and presentation of an application for the amendment of a product specification. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance wi

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Mandate
Articl	e 68			
◦ 583	Article 68 Cancellation of the registration	Article 68 Cancellation of the registration	Article 68 Cancellation of the registration	Article 68 Cancellation of the registration Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Articl	e 68(1)			~
⁶ 584	1. The Commission may, on its own initiative or at the request of any natural or legal person having a legitimate interest, adopt implementing acts to cancel the registration of a traditional speciality guaranteed in the following cases:	1. The Commission may, on its own initiative or at the request of any natural or legal person having a legitimate interest, adopt implementing acts to cancel the registration of a traditional speciality guaranteed in the following cases:	1. The Commission may, on its own initiative or at theon a duly substantiated request ofby a Member State, a third country or any natural or legal person having a legitimate interest, established or resident in a third country, adopt implementing acts to cancel the registration of a traditional speciality guaranteed in the following cases:	 The Commission may, on its own initiative or at the on a duly substantiated request of by a Member State, a third country or any natural or legal person having a legitimate interest, established or resident in a third country, adopt implementing acts to cancel the registration of a traditional speciality guaranteed in the following cases: Text Origin: Council Mandate
Articl	e 68(1), point (a)			
≤ 585	(a) where compliance with the product specification is not ensured;	(a) where <i>compliance</i> <i>with</i> -the product specification is not <i>ensured</i> <u>complied</u> <i>with</i> ;	(a) where compliance with the product specification is notcan no longer be ensured;	 (a) where compliance with the product specification <i>is notcan no longer be</i> ensured; Text Origin: Council Mandate
	e 68(1), point (b)			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
586	(b) where no product is placed on the market under the traditional speciality guaranteed for at least 7 years.	(b) where no product is placed on the market under the traditional speciality guaranteed for at least 7 years.	(b) where no product is placed on the market under the traditional speciality guaranteed for at least the last 7 consecutive7 years.	 (b) where no product is placed on the market under the traditional speciality guaranteed for at least <u>the last 7</u> consecutive⁷ years. Text Origin: Council Mandate
				Manualle
Artic	le 68(2)			
587	2. The Commission may also adopt implementing acts cancelling a registration at the request of the producers of the product marketed under the registered name.	2. The Commission may also adopt implementing acts cancelling a registration at the request of the producers of the product marketed under the registered name.	2. The Commission may also adopt implementing acts cancelling a registration at the request of the producers of the product marketed under the registered name.	2. The Commission may also adopt implementing acts cancelling a registration at the request of the producers of the product marketed under the registered name.
				Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 68(3)			
588	3. The implementing acts referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2).	3. The implementing acts referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2).	3. The implementing acts referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article $\frac{80(2)84a(2)}{2}$.	3. The implementing acts referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article $\frac{80(2)84a(2)}{2}$.
				Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 68(3a)(4)	•	T	
589				1 1

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		4. Article 57 to Article 63 and Article 65 shall apply mutatis mutandis to the cancellation procedure.	4. Article 57 to Article 63 and Article 65 shall apply mutatis mutandis to the cancellation procedure.	4. Article 57 to Article 63 and Article 65 shall apply <i>mutatis</i> <i>mutandis</i> mutatis mutandis to the cancellation procedure.	4. Article 57 to Article 63 and Article 65 shall apply <u>mutatis</u> <u>mutandismutatis</u> <u>mutandis</u> to the cancellation procedure. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 68(4), second subpara	graph	Γ	
G	589 a			Oppositions shall be admissible only if they show continued commercial reliance by an interested person on the registered name.	<u>Oppositions shall be</u> <u>admissible only if</u> <u>they show continued</u> <u>commercial reliance</u> <u>by an interested</u> <u>person on the</u> <u>registered name</u> . Text Origin:
	Artic	le 68(5)			Council Mandate
G	590	5. Before adopting	5. Before adopting the implementing acts referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2, the Commission shall consult the authorities of the Member State concerned, the authorities of the third country concerned or, where possible, the third country producer which had originally applied for the registration of the traditional speciality guaranteed, unless the cancellation is directly requested by those original applicants.	5. Before adopting the implementing acts referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2, the Commission shall consult the authorities of the Member State concerned, the authorities of the third country concerned or, where possible, the third country producer which had originally applied for the registration of the traditional speciality guaranteed, unless the cancellation is directly requested by those original applicants. The consultation	5. Before adopting the implementing acts referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2, the Commission shall consult the authorities of the Member State concerned, the authorities of the third country concerned or, where possible, the third country producer which had originally applied for the registration of the traditional speciality guaranteed, unless the cancellation is directly requested by those original applicants. <u>The consultation</u>

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				period shall be at least one month.	period shall be at least one month. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 68(6)			
G	591	6. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing the rules regarding the cancellation procedure.	6. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing the rules regarding the cancellation procedure.	6. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing the rules regarding the cancellation procedure.	
	Artic	le 68(7)			
G	592	7. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on procedures, the form and presentation of an application for the cancellation of a registration. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2).	7. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on procedures, the form and presentation of an application for the cancellation of a registration. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2).	7. The Commission mayshall adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on procedures; as well as the form and presentation of the requests-an application for the cancellation of a registration. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article $\frac{80(2)}{4}$	7. The Commission mayshall adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on procedures, as well as the form and presentation of the requests an application for the cancellation of a registration. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2)84a(2). Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 69			
G	593	Article 69 Restriction on the use	Article 69 Restriction on the use	Article 69 Restriction on the use	Article 69 Restriction on the use

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	of registered traditional specialities guaranteed	of registered traditional specialities guaranteed	of registered traditional specialities guaranteed	of registered traditional specialities guaranteed Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 69(1)			
₅ 594	1. Registered traditional specialities guaranteed shall be protected against any misuse or imitation, including as regards products used as ingredients, or against any other practice liable to mislead the consumer.	1. Registered traditional specialities guaranteed shall be protected against any misuse or imitation, including as regards products used as ingredients, or against any other practice liable to mislead the consumer.	1. Registered traditional specialities guaranteed shall be protected against any misuse, imitation or evocation-or imitation , including as regards products used as ingredients, or against any other practice liable to mislead the consumer.	 Registered traditional specialities guaranteed shall be protected against any misuse, <i>imitation or</i> <u>evocation, even if the</u> <u>protected name is</u> <u>translated or</u> <i>imitation</i>, including as regards products used as ingredients, or against any other practice liable to mislead the consumer. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 69(2)			
₅ 595	2. Member States shall ensure that food names used at national level do not give rise to confusion with registered traditional specialities guaranteed.	2. Member States shall ensure that food names used at national level do not give rise to confusion with registered traditional specialities guaranteed.	2. Member States shall ensure that food names used The names used for agricultural products at national level doshall not give rise to confusion with registered traditional specialities guaranteed.	2. Member States shall ensure that food names used The names used for agricultural products and foodstuffs at national level doshall not give rise to confusion with registered traditional specialities guaranteed. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 69(3)	1	1	• •



		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
G	596	3. The protection referred to in paragraph 1 shall also apply with regard to products sold through means of distance selling, such as electronic commerce.	3. The protection referred to in paragraph 1 shall also apply with regard to products sold through means of distance selling, such as electronic commerce.	3. The protection referred to in paragraph 1 shall also apply with regard to products sold through means of distance selling, such as electronic commerce.	3. The protection referred to in paragraph 1 shall also apply with regard to products sold through means of distance selling, such as electronic commerce. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 69(4)			
G	597	4. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 laying down additional rules to further detail the protection of traditional specialities guaranteed.	4. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 laying down additional rules to <i>further</i> -detail the protection of traditional specialities guaranteed.	4. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 laying down additional rules to further detail the protection of traditional specialities guaranteed.	6
	Artic	le 69(5)			
6	598	5. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down procedural and formal requirements for the protection of traditional specialities guaranteed. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2).	5. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down procedural and formal requirements for the protection of traditional specialities guaranteed. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2).	5. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down procedural and formal requirements for the protection of traditional specialities guaranteed. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2) 84a(2) .	5. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down procedural <i>and formal</i> requirements for the protection of traditional specialities guaranteed. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article <u>80(2)</u> <u>84a(2)</u> .
					Council Mandate

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
G	Artic	le 69(5a)		6. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by additional rules on the use of traditional specialities guaranteed in the name of processed products with reference to the use of comparable ingredients and the criteria of conferring essential characteristics on the processed products.	Sa. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84a supplementing this Regulation by additional rules on the use of traditional specialities guaranteed in the name of processed products with reference to the use of comparable ingredients and the criteria of conferring essential characteristics on the processed products. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 70			
G	599	Article 70 Exceptions for certain uses	Article 70 Exceptions for certain uses	Article 70 Exceptions for certain uses	Article 70 Exceptions for certain uses Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 70(1)		Ι	
G	600	1. The provisions of this Chapter shall be without prejudice to:	1. The provisions of this Chapter shall be without prejudice to:	1. The provisions of this Chapter shall be without prejudice to:	 The provisions of this Chapter shall be without prejudice to: Text Origin: Commission Proposal

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Artic	le 70(1), point (a)			
601	(a) the use of terms that are generic in the Union, even if the generic term is part of a name that is protected as a traditional speciality guaranteed;	(a) the use of terms that are generic in the Union, even if the generic term is part of a name that is protected as a traditional speciality guaranteed;	(a) the use of terms that are generic in the Union, even if the generic term is part of a name that is protected as a traditional speciality guaranteed;	 (a) the use of terms that are generic in the Union, even if the generic term is part of a name that is protected as a traditional speciality guaranteed; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 70(1), point (b)			
602	(b) the placing on the market of products the labelling of which contains or comprises the denomination of a plant variety or animal breed used in good faith;	(b) the placing on the market of products the labelling of which contains or comprises the denomination of a plant variety or animal breed used in good faith;	(b) the placing on the market of products the labelling of which contains or comprises the denomination of a plant variety or animal breed denomination used in good faith;	 (b) the placing on the market of products the labelling of which contains or comprises the denomination of a plant variety or animal breed denomination used in good faith; Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 70(1), point (c)			
603	(c) the application of Union rules or those of Member States governing intellectual property, and in particular those concerning geographical indications and trade marks and rights granted under those rules.	(c) the application of Union rules or those of Member States governing intellectual property, and in particular those concerning geographical indications and trade marks and rights granted under those rules.	(c) the application of Union rules or those of Member States governing intellectual property, and in particular those concerning designations of origin and geographical indications and trade marks and rights granted under those rules.	 (c) the application of Union rules or those of Member States governing intellectual property, and in particular those concerning <i>designations of origin</i> <i>and</i> geographical indications and trade marks and rights granted under those rules.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Mandate
Artic	e 70(2)			
604	2. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by additional rules for determining the generic status of terms, conditions for use of plant variety and animal breed denominations for a traditional speciality guaranteed, and their relation to intellectual property rights referred to in this Article.	2. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by additional rules for determining the generic status of terms, conditions for use of plant variety and animal breed denominations for a traditional speciality guaranteed, and their relation to intellectual property rights referred to in this Article.	2. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by additional rules for determining the generic status of terms, conditions for use of plant variety and animal breed denominations for a traditional speciality guaranteed, and their relation to intellectual property rights referred to in this Article.	
Artic	e 71		[
605	Article 71 Name, Union symbol and indication of a traditional speciality guaranteed	Article 71 Name, Union symbol and indication of a traditional speciality guaranteed	Article 71 Name, Union symbol and, indication of a traditional speciality guaranteedand abbreviation	Article 71 Name, Union symbol and, indication of a traditional speciality guarantecdand abbreviation Text Origin: Council Mandato
				Mandate
Artic	e 71(1)			
606	1. A name registered as a traditional speciality guaranteed may be used by any operator marketing a product that conforms to the corresponding product specification.	1. A name registered as a traditional speciality guaranteed may be used by any operator marketing a product that conforms to the corresponding product specification.	1. A name registered as a traditional speciality guaranteed may be used by any operator marketing a product that conforms to the corresponding product specification.	

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Artic	le 71(2)			
G	607	2. A Union symbol shall be established for use on the labelling of products designated as traditional speciality guaranteed. The indication 'traditional speciality guaranteed', the abbreviation 'TSG', and the Union symbol referring to the traditional speciality guaranteed may only be used in connection with products produced in conformity with the relevant product specification.	2. A Union symbol shall be established for use on the labelling of products designated as traditional speciality guaranteed. The indication 'traditional speciality guaranteed', the abbreviation 'TSG', and the Union symbol referring to the traditional speciality guaranteed may only be used in connection with products produced in conformity with the relevant product specification.	2. A Union symbol shall be established for use on the labelling of products designated as traditional speciality guaranteed. The indication 'traditional speciality guaranteed', the abbreviation 'TSG', and the Union symbol referring to the traditional speciality guaranteed may only be used in connection with products produced in conformitycomplianc e with the relevant product specification. They may also be used for information and educational purposes, provided that such use is not liable to mislead the consumer.	2. A Union symbol shall be established for use on the labelling of products designated as traditional speciality guaranteed. The indication 'traditional speciality guaranteed', the abbreviation 'TSG', and the Union symbol referring to the traditional speciality guaranteed may only be used in connection with products produced in conformity compliance with the relevant product specification. They may also be used for information and educational purposes, provided that such use is not liable to mislead the consumer. The indication 'traditional speciality guaranteed' or the corresponding abbreviation 'TSG' may appear in the labelling. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 71(3)			
G	608	3. In the case of products originating in the Union that are marketed as traditional speciality guaranteed registered in accordance with this Regulation, the	3. In the case of products originating in the Union that are marketed as traditional speciality guaranteed registered in accordance with this Regulation, the	3. In the case of products originating in the Union that are marketed as traditional speciality guaranteed registered in accordance with this Regulation, the	3. In the case of products originating in the Union that are marketed as traditional speciality guaranteed registered in accordance with this Regulation, the
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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Union symbol referred to in paragraph 2 shall appear on the labelling and advertising materials. The labelling requirements set out in Article 13(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011 for the presentation of mandatory particulars shall apply to the registered traditional speciality guaranteed. The indication 'traditional speciality guaranteed' or the corresponding abbreviation 'TSG' may appear on the labelling.	Union symbol referred to in paragraph 2 shall appear on the labelling and advertising materials. The labelling requirements set out in Article 13(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011 for the presentation of mandatory particulars shall apply to the registered traditional speciality guaranteed. The indication 'traditional speciality guaranteed' or the corresponding abbreviation 'TSG' may appear on the labelling.	Union symbol referred to in paragraph 2 shall appear onin the labelling and advertising materials together with the registered name in the same field of vision . The labelling requirements set out in Article 13(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011 for the presentation of mandatory particulars shall apply to the registered traditional speciality guaranteed. The indication 'traditional speciality guaranteed' or the corresponding abbreviation 'TSG' may appear onin the labelling.	Union symbol referred to in paragraph 2 shall appear <i>onin</i> the labelling and advertising materials <i>together with the</i> <i>registered name in</i> <i>the same field of</i> <i>vision</i> . The labelling requirements set out in Article 13(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011 for the presentation of mandatory particulars shall apply to the registered traditional speciality guaranteed. <i>The indication</i> <i>'traditional speciality</i> <i>guaranteed' or the</i> <i>corresponding</i> <i>abbreviation 'TSG'</i> <i>may appear on the</i> <i>labelling.</i> Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 71(4)		I 	
609	4. The Union symbol shall be optional on the labelling of traditional specialities guaranteed which are produced outside the Union.	4. The Union symbol shall be optional on the labelling of traditional specialities guaranteed which are produced outside the Union.	4. The Union symbol shall be optional onmay be used in the labelling of traditional specialities guaranteed which are produced outside the Union.	 4. The Union symbol shall be optional on may be used in the labelling of traditional specialities guaranteed which are produced outside the Union. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 71(5)		· 	
610	5. The Commission	5. The Commission	5. The Commission	5. The Commission

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Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
shall adopt implementing acts establishing the Union symbol and conditions for its obligatory use, laying down rules for the uniform protection of the indication, abbreviation and the Union symbol referred to in paragraph (2), its use and technical characteristics. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2).	shall adopt implementing acts establishing the Union symbol and conditions for its obligatory use, laying down rules for the uniform protection of the indication, abbreviation and the Union symbol referred to in paragraph (2), its use and technical characteristics. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2).	shall adopt implementing acts establishingdefining the technical characteristics of the Union symbol and conditions for its obligatory use, laying down rules for the uniform protectionas well as the technical rules on their use and the use of the indication; abbreviation and the Union symbol referred to in paragraph (2), its use and technical characteristicsabbrevi ation on products marketed under a traditional speciality guaranteed, including linguistic versions. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article $\frac{80(2)}{2}84a(2)$.	shall adopt implementing acts establishingdefining the technical characteristics of the Union symbol and conditions for its obligatory use, laying down rules for the uniform protectionas well as the technical rules on their use and the use of the indication; abbreviation and the Union symbol referred to in paragraph (2), its use and technical characteristics abbrevi ation on products marketed under a traditional speciality guaranteed, including linguistic versions. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article $\frac{80(2)84a(2)}{2}$.
le 72			
Article 72 Participation in the quality schemes	Article 72 Participation in the quality schemes	Article 72 Participation in the quality schemes traditional speciality guaranteed scheme	Article 72 Participation in the quality schemestraditional speciality guaranteed scheme Text Origin: Council
	Proposalshall adopt implementing acts establishing the Union symbol and conditions for its obligatory use, laying down rules for the uniform protection of the indication, abbreviation and the Union symbol referred to in paragraph (2), its use and technical characteristics. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2) .cle 72Article 72 Participation in the	ProposalLP Wandateshall adopt implementing acts establishing the Union symbol and conditions for its obligatory use, laying down rules for the uniform protection of the indication, abbreviation and the Union symbol referred to in paragraph (2), its use and technical characteristics. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2) .shall adopt implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2) .the variance in the article 72Article 72 Participation in the	ProposalLP MandateCouncil Mandateshall adopt implementing acts establishing the Union symbol and conditions for its obligatory use, laying down rules for the uniform protection of the indication, abbreviation and the Union symbol referred to in paragraph (2), its use and technical characteristics. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2).shall adopt implementing acts establishing the Union symbol and conditions for its obligatory use, laying down rules for the indication, abbreviation and the Union symbol referred to in paragraph (2), its use and technical characteristics. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2).shall adopt implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2).shall seadopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Arti

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Artic	le 72(0)			
611 a			0. A name registered as a traditional speciality guaranteed may be used by any operator marketing a product that complies with the corresponding product specification.	<u>-1. A name</u> registered as a traditional speciality guaranteed may be used by any operator marketing a product that complies with the corresponding product specification. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 72(1)			
612	1. Member States shall ensure that any operator complying with the rules set out in this Chapter is covered by the verification of compliance with the product specification established pursuant to Article 73. Member States may charge a fee to cover their costs of the verification of compliance.	1. Member States shall ensure that any operator complying with the rules set out in this Chapter is covered by the verification of compliance with the product specification established pursuant to Article 73. Member States may charge a fee to cover their costs of the verification of compliance.	1. Member States shall ensure that any operator complying with the rules set out in this Chapter is covered by the verification of compliance with the product specification established pursuant to Article 73. Member States may charge a fee to cover their costs of the verification of compliance.	 Member States shall ensure that any operator complying with the rules set out in this Chapter is covered by the verification of compliance with the product specification established pursuant to Article 73. <u>Member States may charge a fee to cover their costs</u> of the verification of compliance. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic 612 a	le 72(1a)	<u>1a.</u> <u>Member States</u> <u>shall draw up a list of</u> <u>producers of</u> <u>guaranteed</u> <u>traditional</u> <u>specialities that are</u> entered in the Union		Text Origin: EP Mandate

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		register of geographical indications. Member States may publish the list, for instance on the internet;		
Arti	cle 72(1b)	[
₅ 612 b		1b. Producers of guaranteed traditional specialities that are entered in the Union register of geographical indications shall be required to register with the relevant authorities or product certification bodies in accordance with Article 73(2) for the purposes of checking the products before they are offered for sale for the first time.		
Arti	cle 72(2)			
۶ 613	2. Operators who prepare and store a product marketed under the traditional speciality guaranteed or who place such products on the market shall also be subject to the controls and enforcement measures referred to in Article 73.	2. Operators who prepare and store a product marketed under the traditional speciality guaranteed or who place such products on the market shall also be subject to the controls and enforcement measures referred to in Article 73.	2. Operators who prepare and store a product marketed under the traditional speciality guaranteed or who place such products on the market shall also be subject to the controls and enforcement measures referred to in Article 73.	
Arti	cle 73	1		
614	Article 73 Controls and enforcement	Article 73 Controls and enforcement	Article 73 Controls and enforcement	Article 73 Controls and enforcement

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Articl	e 73(-1), first subparagra	aph		
615	1. Controls of traditional specialities guaranteed include:	1. Controls of traditional specialities guaranteed include:	1. Controls of traditional specialities guaranteed includemean:	 Controls of traditional specialities guaranteed <i>includemean</i>: Text Origin: Council Mandate
Articl	e 73(-1), first subparagra	aph, point (a)	[
616	(a) verification that a product designated by a traditional speciality guaranteed has been produced in conformity with the corresponding product specification; and	(a) verification that a product designated by a traditional speciality guaranteed has been produced in conformity with the corresponding product specification; and	 (a) verification that a product designated by a traditional speciality guaranteed has been produced in conformitycomplianc e with the corresponding product specification; and 	 (a) verification that a product designated by a traditional speciality guaranteed has been produced in conformity compliance with the corresponding product specification; and Text Origin: Council Mandate
Articl	e 73(-1), first subparagra	aph, point (b)		
617	(b) monitoring of the use of traditional speciality guaranteed in the marketplace, including on the internet.	(b) monitoring of the use of traditional speciality guaranteed in the marketplace, including on the internet.	(b) monitoringverificatio n of the use of traditional specialityspecialities guaranteed in the marketplace, including on the internetmarket.	<pre>(b) monitoringverificatio n of the use of traditional specialityspecialities guaranteed in the marketplace, including on the internetmarket. Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
_с 617 а			1a. For the purposes of this Chapter, enforcement includes any action that aims to ensure compliance with Articles 69, 70 and 71 of this Regulation.	<pre>Ia. For the purposes of this Chapter, enforcement includes any action that aims to ensure compliance with Articles 69, 70 and 71 of this Regulation. Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Artic	le 73(-1), third subparagr	aph		
_с 617 b			1b. Competent authorities, delegated bodies and natural persons to which certain official control tasks have been delegated shall comply with the respective requirements laid down in Regulation (EU) 2017/625.	<pre>Ib. Competent authorities, delegated bodies and natural persons to which certain official control tasks have been delegated shall comply with the respective requirements laid down in Regulation (EU) 2017/625.</pre>
Artic	le 73(-1), fourth subparag	graph		
_с 617 с			1c. Each operator wishing to participate in any activity subject to one or more obligations provided for in the product specification of a product bearing a traditional speciality guaranteed shall notify the competent authorities, delegated bodies or	<u>Ic.</u> <u>Each operator</u> <u>wishing to participate</u> <u>in any activity subject</u> <u>to one or more</u> <u>obligations provided</u> <u>for in the product</u> <u>specification of a</u> <u>product bearing a</u> <u>traditional speciality</u> <u>guaranteed shall</u> <u>notify the competent</u> <u>authorities, delegated</u> <u>bodies or natural</u> <u>persons referred to in</u>

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		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				natural persons referred to in paragraph (2)(a) and (b).	<pre>paragraph (2)(a) and (b). Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
	Artic	le 73(-1), fourth subpara	graph, point (a)		
G	617 d				<u>Member States</u> <u>shall draw up a list of</u> <u>producers of</u> <u>traditional</u> <u>specialities</u> <u>guaranteed that are</u> <u>entered in the Union</u> <u>register of traditional</u> <u>specialities</u> <u>guaranteed;</u>
	Artic	le 73(-1a)			
G	617 e			1d. Producers are responsible for own controls that ensure compliance with the product specification of products designated by traditional specialities guaranteed before the products are placed on the market.	Id.Producers are responsible for own controls that ensure compliance with the product specification of products designated by traditional specialities guaranteed before the products are placed on the market.Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 73(2)			
G	618	2. In accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/625, Member States shall designate:	2. In accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/625, Member States shall designate:	2. In addition to own controls referred to in paragraph (1cIn accordance with Regulation (EU), prior to placing on	2. <u>In addition to</u> <u>own controls referred</u> <u>to in paragraph (1dIn</u> accordance with <u>Regulation (EU),</u> <u>prior to placing on</u> <u>the market a product</u>

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				the market a product designated by a traditional speciality guaranteed and originating in the Union, verification of compliance with the product specification 2017/625, Member States shall designatebe carried out by:	designated by a traditional speciality guaranteed and originating in the Union, verification of compliance with the product specification 2017/625, Member States shall designate be carried out by: Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 73(2), point (a)			
G	619	(a) one or more competent authorities responsible for controls of traditional specialities guaranteed; and	(a) one or more competent authorities responsible for controls of traditional specialities guaranteed; and	(a) one or more competent authorities within the meaning of Article 3, point (3) of Regulation (EU) 2017/625-responsible for controls of traditional specialities guaranteed; and or	 (a) one or more competent authorities within the meaning of Article 3, point (3) of Regulation (EU) <u>2017/625 responsible</u> for controls of traditional specialities guaranteed; and or Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 73(2), point (b)		[
G	620	(b) one or more enforcement authorities, which may be the same as the competent authorities referred to in point (a), responsible for the enforcement of rules on traditional specialities guaranteed.	(b) one or more enforcement authorities, which may be the same as the competent authorities referred to in point (a), responsible for the enforcement of rules on traditional specialities guaranteed.	(b) one or more enforcement authorities,moredeleg ated bodies or natural persons to which may be the same as the competent authoritiescertain official control tasks have been delegated as referred to in Regulation (EU) 2017/625, Title II, Chapter III-point (a), responsible for the	(b) one or <i>more</i> <i>enforcement</i> <i>authorities,moredeleg</i> <i>ated bodies or natural</i> <i>persons to</i> which <i>may</i> <i>be the same as the</i> <i>competent</i> <i>authoritiescertain</i> <i>official control tasks</i> <i>have been delegated</i> <i>as</i> referred to in <i>Regulation (EU)</i> <i>2017/625, Title II,</i> <i>Chapter III-point (a),</i> <i>responsible for the</i>

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			enforcement of rules on traditional specialities guaranteed.	enforcement of rules on traditional specialitics guaranteed. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	cle 73(3)			
621	3. Tasks referred to in paragraph (2), point (a), may be delegated to one or more product certification bodies in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/625.	3. Tasks referred to in paragraph (2), point (a), may be delegated to one or more product certification bodies in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/625.	3. Tasks referred to in paragraph (2), point (a), may be delegated to one or more product certification bodies in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/625.	
Artic	le 73(4)			
622	4. Member States shall undertake controls, based on a risk analysis, to ensure compliance with the requirements of this Chapter and, in the event of breach, shall apply appropriate penalties.	4. Member States shall undertake controls, based on a risk analysis, to ensure compliance with the requirements of this Chapter and, in the event of breach, shall apply appropriate penalties.	4. Member States shall undertake controls, based on a risk analysis, to ensure compliance with the requirements of this Chapter and, in the event of breach, shall apply appropriate penalties.	
Artic	cle 73(5)			·
6 623	5. When performing the controls and enforcement activities provided for in this Article, the competent authorities and product certification bodies shall comply with the respective requirements laid down in Regulation (EU) 2017/625. However, Title VI, Chapter I of	5. When performing the controls and enforcement activities provided for in this Article, the competent authorities and product certification bodies shall comply with the respective requirements laid down in Regulation (EU) 2017/625. However, Title VI, Chapter I of	5. When performing the controls and enforcement activities provided for in this Article, the competent authorities and product certification bodies shall comply with the respective requirements laid down in Regulation (EU) 2017/625. However, Title VI, Chapter I of	

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		Regulation (EU) 2017/625 shall not apply to controls of traditional specialities guaranteed.	Regulation (EU) 2017/625 shall not apply to controls of traditional specialities guaranteed.	Regulation (EU) 2017/625 shall not apply to controls of traditional specialities guaranteed.	
	Artic	le 73(6)			
G	624	6. In respect of traditional specialities guaranteed that designate products originating in a third country, the verification of compliance with the product specification before the placing on the market of the product shall be carried out by:	6. In respect of traditional specialities guaranteed that designate products originating in a third country, the verification of compliance with the product specification before the placing on the market of the product shall be carried out by:	6. In respect of traditional specialities guaranteed that designate products originating in a third country, the verification of compliance with the product specification before the placing on the market of the product shall be carried out by:	6. In respect of traditional specialities guaranteed that designate products originating in a third country, the verification of compliance with the product specification before the placing on the market of the product shall be carried out by: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 73(6), point (a)		Γ	
G	625	(a) one or more of the public authorities designated by the third country; and/or	(a) one or more of the public authorities designated by the third country; and/or	(a) one or more of the publica competent authorities designated by the third country; and/oror	 (a) one or more of the public competent authorities designated by the third country; and/or or Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 73(6), point (b)		Γ	
G	626	(b) one or more product certification bodies.	(b) one or more product certification bodies.	(b) one or more product certification bodies.	<pre>(b) one or more product certification bodies. Text Origin: Commission Proposal</pre>



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Artic	le 73(6), point (ba)			
626 a			6a. The costs of verification of compliance with the product specification may be borne by the operators which are subject to those controls. Member States may charge a fee to cover their costs of verification of compliance with the product specification.	(ba) The costs of verification of compliance with the product specification may be borne by the operators which are subject to those controls. Member States may charge a fee to cover their costs of verification of compliance with the product specification. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 73(7)	L		I
627	7. Member States shall make public the name and address of the competent authorities and product certification bodies referred to in paragraphs 2, point (a) and 3 respectively, and keep that information up-to- date.	7. Member States shall make public the name and address of the competent authorities and product certification bodies referred to in paragraphs 2, point (a) and 3 respectively, and keep that information up-to- date.	7. Member States shall make public the name and addressnames and addresses of the competent authorities, delegated bodies and natural persons and product certification bodies referred to in paragraphs 2, point (a) and 3 respectively, paragra ph 2 for each product designated by a traditional speciality guaranteed and keep that information up- to-date.	7. Member States shall make public the name and addressnames and addresses of the competent authorities delegated bodies and natural persons and product certification bodies referred to in paragraphs 2, point (a) and 3 respectively, paragrap h 2 for each product designated by a traditional speciality guaranteed and keep that information up- to-date. Text Origin:
				Council Mandate
Artic 628	le 73(8)			Council



		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		8. The Commission shall make public the name and address of the competent authorities and product certification bodies referred to in paragraph 6 and update that information periodically.	8. The Commission shall make public the name and address of the competent authorities and product certification bodies referred to in paragraph 6 and update that information periodically.	8. The Commission shall make public the name and addressnames and addresses of the competent authorities and product certification bodies referred to in paragraph 6 and update that information periodically.	8. The Commission shall make public the name and addressnames and addresses of the competent authorities and product certification bodies referred to in paragraph 6 and update that information periodically. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 73(9)			
G	629	9. The Commission may establish a digital portal where the name and the address of the competent authorities and product certification bodies referred to in paragraphs 2, point (a), 3 and 6 are made public.	9. The Commission may establish a digital portal where the name and the address of the competent authorities and product certification bodies referred to in paragraphs 2, point (a), 3 and 6 are made public.	9. The Commission may establish a digital portal where the name and the address of the competent authorities, delegated and product certification bodies and natural persons referred to in paragraphs 2 , point (a), 3 and 6 are made public.	 9. The Commission may establish a digital portal where the name and the address of the competent authorities, <u>delegated</u> and product certification bodies <u>and natural persons</u> referred to in paragraphs 2, <u>point</u> (a), 3 and 6 are made public. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 73(10)			
G	630	10. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by additional rules to provide for appropriate	10. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by additional rules to provide for appropriate	10. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by additional rules to provide for appropriate	

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	certification and accreditation procedures to apply in respect of product certification bodies referred to in paragraphs 2 and 5.	certification and accreditation procedures to apply in respect of product certification bodies referred to in paragraphs 2 <u>, 5 and 6</u> and 5.	certification and accreditation procedures to apply in respect of product certification bodies referred to in paragraphs 2 and 5.	
Artic	le 73(10a)			
G 630 a			10a. The Commission shall adopt implementing acts concerning the communication to be made by the third countries to the Commission. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 84a(2).	<u>10a. The</u> <u>Commission shall</u> <u>adopt implementing</u> <u>acts concerning the</u> <u>communication to be</u> <u>made by the third</u> <u>countries to the</u> <u>Commission. Those</u> <u>implementing acts</u> <u>shall be adopted in</u> <u>accordance with the</u> <u>examination</u> <u>procedure referred to</u> <u>in Article 84a(2).</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 73(11)			
₅ 631	11. The Commission may adopt implementing acts, without applying the procedure referred to in Article 80(2), defining the means by which the name and address of competent authorities and product certification bodies referred to in this Article shall be made public.	11. The Commission may adopt implementing acts, without applying the procedure referred to in Article 80(2), defining the means by which the name and address of competent authorities and product certification bodies referred to in this Article shall be made public.	11. The Commission may adopt implementing acts, without applying the procedure referred to in Article 80(2)84a(2) , defining the means by which the name and address of competent authorities and product certificationdelegated bodies referred to in this Article shall be made public.	 11. The Commission may adopt implementing acts, without applying the procedure referred to in Article <u>80(2)84a(2)</u>, defining the means by which the name and address of competent authorities and product certification<u>delegated</u> bodies referred to in this Article shall be made public. Text Origin:

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Council Mandate
Artic	le 73a			
_с 631 а			Article 73a Accreditation of delegated and product certification bodies	Article 73a Accreditation of delegated and product certification bodies Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 73a(1)			
631 b			1. The delegated bodies referred to in Article 73(2), point (b) and the product certification bodies referred to in Article 73(6), point (b) shall comply with and be accredited in accordance with either of the following standards as relevant for the delegated tasks:	 <u>The delegated</u> <u>bodies referred to in</u> <u>Article 73(2), point</u> (b) and the product certification bodies referred to in Article 73(6), point (b) shall comply with and be accredited in accordance with either of the following standards as relevant for the delegated tasks: Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 73a(1), point (a)			
631 c			(a) Standard EN ISO/IEC 17065 'Conformity assessment — Requirements for bodies certifying products, processes and services; or	(a) Standard EN ISO/IEC 17065 'Conformity assessment — Requirements for bodies certifying products, processes and services; or Text Origin:

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Council Mandate
Articlo	722(1) point (b)			
Article	73a(1), point (b)			
631 d			(aa) Standard EN ISO/IEC 17020 'Conformity assessment — Requirements for the operation of various types of bodies performing inspection.	(b) Standard EN ISO/IEC 17020 'Conformity assessment — Requirements for the operation of various types of bodies performing inspection.
				Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article	73a(2)			
			2. Accreditation referred to in paragraph 1 shall be	2. <u>Accreditation</u> <u>referred to in</u> paragraph 1 shall be
			performed by a national accreditation body	<u>performed by a</u> <u>national</u> accreditation body
			recognised in accordance with	<u>recognised in</u> accordance with
			Regulation (EC) No 765/2008, that is a signatory of a	<u>Regulation (EC) No</u> 765/2008, that is a signatory of a
631			Multilateral Agreement in the framework of the	<u>Multilateral</u> <u>Agreement in the</u> framework of the
e			European Cooperation for Accreditation	<u>European</u> Cooperation for
			covering the standards referred	<u>Accreditation</u> <u>covering the</u> <u>standards referred to</u>
			to in paragraph 1, or by an accreditation body outside the	in paragraph 1, or by an accreditation body outside the Union
			Union that is a signatory of a	<u>that is a signatory of</u> <u>a Multilateral</u>
			Multilateral Recognition Arrangement of the	<u>Recognition</u> <u>Arrangement of the</u> International
			International	Accreditation Forum

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				or a Mutual Recognition Arrangement of the International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation covering the standards referred to paragraph 1.	Recognition Arrangement of the International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation covering the standards referred to paragraph I. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 73b			
G	631 f			Article 73b Verification of the use of traditional speciality guaranteed in the market and enforcement	Article 73b Verification of the use of traditional speciality guaranteed in the market and enforcement Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 73b(1)			
G	631 g			1. Member States shall designate one or more competent authorities responsible for verification of and enforcement actions on the use of traditional speciality guaranteed after the product designated by a traditional speciality guaranteed has been placed on the market, which includes operations such as storage, transit, distribution, or offering for sale,	1. <u>Member States</u> <u>shall designate one or</u> <u>more competent</u> <u>authorities</u> <u>responsible for</u> <u>verification of and</u> <u>enforcement actions</u> <u>on the use of</u> <u>traditional speciality</u> <u>guaranteed after the</u> <u>product designated by</u> <u>a traditional</u> <u>speciality guaranteed</u> <u>has been placed on</u> <u>the market, which</u> <u>includes operations</u> <u>such as storage,</u> <u>transit, distribution,</u> <u>or offering for sale,</u> <u>including in</u>

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			including in electronic commerce. These authorities may be the same as the competent authorities referred to in Article 73(2)(a). Verification of the use of traditional specialities guaranteed shall be carried out on the basis of a risk analysis.	electronic commerce. These authorities may be the same as the competent authorities referred to in Article 73(2)(a). Verification of the use of traditional specialities guaranteed shall be carried out on the basis of a risk analysis. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	l le 73b(2)			
6 631 h			2. The authorities referred to in paragraph 1 act to ensure compliance with the product specification for the traditional speciality guaranteed concerned.	2. The authorities referred to in paragraph 1 act to ensure compliance with the product specification for the traditional speciality guaranteed concerned. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	l le 73b(3)			
ه 631 i			3. Member States shall take appropriate administrative and judicial steps to prevent or stop the use of names of products or services that are produced, provided or marketed in their territory, or intended for export	3. Member States shall take appropriate administrative and judicial steps to prevent or stop the use of names of products or services that are produced, provided or marketed in their territory, or intended for export to third countries, and that contravenes the

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Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		to third countries, and that contravenes the protection of traditional specialities guaranteed provided for in Article 69.	<pre>protection of traditional specialities guaranteed provided for in Article 69. Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Article 73b(4)			
c 631 j		4. The authority or authorities designated in accordance with paragraph 1 shall facilitate the information exchange among relevant departments, agencies and bodies, such as police, anti- counterfeiting agencies, customs, intellectual property offices, food law authorities and retail inspectors, to ensure efficient enforcement.	4. The authority or authorities designated in accordance with paragraph 1 shall facilitate the information exchange among relevant departments, agencies and bodies, such as police, anti- counterfeiting agencies, customs, intellectual property offices, food law authorities and retail inspectors, to ensure efficient enforcement. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article 73c		1	I
ه 631 k		Article 73c Obligations of providers on the online market	Article 73c Obligations of providers on the online market Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article 73c(1)			
⁶ 631			e



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
1			1. Any information related to the advertising, promotion and sale of goods to which persons established in the Union have access that contravenes the protection of traditional speciality guaranteed provided for in Article 69 of this Regulation shall be considered illegal content within the meaning of Article 3, point (h) of Regulation (EU) 2022/2065 ¹ .	I. Any information related to the advertising, promotion and sale of goods to which persons established in the Union have access that contravenes the protection of traditional speciality guaranteed provided for in Article 69 of this Regulation shall be considered illegal content within the meaning of Article 3, point (h) of Regulation (EU) 2022/2065 ¹ . I. Regulation (EU) 2022/2065 ¹ . I. Regulation (EU) 2022/2065 of the European Parliament and of the Council on a Single Market For Digital Services (DSA) and amending Directive 2000/31/EC (OJ L 277, 27.10.2022, p. 1). Text Origin: Council Mandate
Arti	cle 73c(2)			
631 m			2. Relevant national judicial or administrative authorities of the Member States may, in accordance with Article 9 of Regulation (EU) 2022/2065, issue an order to act against	2. <u>Relevant national</u> <u>judicial or</u> <u>administrative</u> <u>authorities of the</u> <u>Member States may,</u> <u>in accordance with</u> <u>Article 9 of</u> <u>Regulation (EU)</u> <u>2022/2065, issue an</u> <u>order to act against</u>

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			illegal content referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article.	<pre>illegal content referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article. Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Artic	le 73d			
631 n			Article 73d Mutual assistance and exchange of information	Article 73d Mutual assistance and exchange of information Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 73d(1)			1
6 631 o			1. Member States shall assist each other for the purpose of carrying out the controls and enforcement provided for in this Chapter in accordance with Title IV of Regulation (EU) 2017/625.	<pre>1. Member States shall assist each other for the purpose of carrying out the controls and enforcement provided for in this Chapter in accordance with Title IV of Regulation (EU) 2017/625.</pre>
Artic	ile 73d(2)		1	·
_с 631 р			2. The Commission may adopt implementing acts detailing the nature and the type of the information to be exchanged among Member States and the methods for	2. <u>The Commission</u> <u>may adopt</u> <u>implementing acts</u> <u>detailing the nature</u> <u>and the type of the</u> <u>information to be</u> <u>exchanged among</u> <u>Member States and</u> <u>the methods for</u>

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				exchanging that information for the purpose of controls and enforcement under this Chapter. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 84a(2).	exchanging that information for the purpose of controls and enforcement under this Chapter. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 84a(2). Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 73e			
G	631 q			Article 73e Attestation of compliance with the product specification	Article 73e Attestation of compliance with the product specification Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 73e(1)			
G	631 r			1. An operator whose product, following the verification of compliance referred to in Article 73, is found to comply with the product specification of a traditional speciality guaranteed protected in accordance with this Regulation shall, on request, either:	1. An operator whose product, following the verification of compliance referred to in Article 73, is found to comply with the product specification of a traditional speciality guaranteed protected in accordance with this Regulation shall, on request, either: Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 73e(1), point (a)			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
د 631 s			(a) be accorded an attestation, which may be a certified copy, certifying compliance with the product specification;	<pre>(a) be accorded an attestation, which may be a certified copy, certifying compliance with the product specification; Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Artic	le 73e(1), point (b)			
ه 631 t			(b) be included in a list of approved operators established by the competent authority the relevant extract (listing) of which shall be made available to each approved operator.	<pre>(b) be included in a list of approved operators established by the competent authority the relevant extract (listing) of which shall be made available to each approved operator. Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Artic	le 73e(2)			
₅ 631 u			2. The attestation of compliance and the listing referred to in paragraph 1 shall be updated periodically, based on a risk assessment.	2. The attestation of compliance and the listing referred to in paragraph 1 shall be updated periodically, based on a risk assessment. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 73e(3)			
₆ 631 v			2a. In the event that an operator is no longer accorded the attestation of	3. In the event that an operator is no longer accorded the attestation of

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				compliance or has been delisted, Member States shall ensure that the operator shall not continue to display or use the attestation of compliance or the listing.	<pre>compliance or has been delisted, Member States shall ensure that the operator shall not continue to display or use the attestation of compliance or the listing. Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
	Artic	le 73e(4)			
G	631 w			2b. The Commission shall adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on the form and content of the attestation of compliance and listing, the forms in which they are made available to the operators and the circumstances under which they have to be made available by the operators or importers for control or in the course of business, including in case of products originating in third countries.	4. The Commission shall adopt implementing acts laying down detailed rules on the form and content of the attestation of compliance and listing, the forms in which they are made available to the operators and the circumstances under which they have to be made available by the operators or importers for control or in the course of business, including in case of products originating in third counctil Mandate
	Chap	ter 2			
G	632	Chapter 2 Optional quality terms	Chapter 2 Optional quality terms	Chapter 2 Optional quality terms	Chapter 2 Optional quality terms Text Origin:

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
					Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 74			
G	633	Article 74 Objective and scope	Article 74 Objective and scope	Article 74 Objective and scope	Article 74 Objective- <i>and scope</i> Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 74(1)	Γ		
G	634	1. A scheme for optional quality terms is established in order to facilitate the communication within the internal market on the value-adding characteristics or attributes of agricultural products by the producers thereof.	1. A scheme for optional quality terms is established in order to facilitate the communication within the internal market on the value-adding characteristics or attributes of agricultural products by the producers thereof.	1. A scheme for optional quality terms is established in order to facilitate the communication within the internal market on the value-adding characteristics or attributes of agricultural products by the producers thereof.	 A scheme for optional quality terms is established in order to facilitate the communication within the internal market on the value-adding characteristics or attributes of agricultural products by the producers thereof. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 74(2), first subparagra	ph		
G	635	2. This Chapter covers agricultural products.	2. This Chapter covers agricultural products.	2. This Chapter covers agricultural products.	
	Artic	le 74(2), second subpara	graph		
G	636	For the purposes of this Chapter, agricultural products means agricultural products intended for human consumption listed in Annex I to the Treaty and other	For the purposes of this Chapter, agricultural products means agricultural products intended for human consumption listed in Annex I to the Treaty and other	For the purposes of this Chapter, agricultural products means agricultural products intended for human consumption listed in Annex I to the Treaty and other	

7	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	agricultural products and foodstuffs listed in Annex II to this Regulation.	agricultural products and foodstuffs listed in Annex II to this Regulation.	agricultural products and foodstuffs listed in Annex II to this Regulation.	
Artic	le 74(2), third subparagra	aph		
637	This Chapter shall not apply to spirit drinks, aromatised wines or grapevine products as defined in Part II of Annex VII to Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013, with the exception of wine- vinegars.	This Chapter shall not apply to spirit drinks, aromatised wines or grapevine products as defined in Part II of Annex VII to Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013, with the exception of wine- vinegars.	This Chapter shall not apply to spirit drinks, aromatised wines or grapevine products as defined in Part II of Annex VII to Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013, with the exception of wine- vinegars. ¹ 1. * This paragraph has been moved to Art. 53a.	
Artic	le 75		[
638	Article 75 National rules	Article 75 National rules	Article 75 National rules	Article 75 National rules Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 75(1)		[[
639	1. Member States may maintain national rules on optional quality terms and schemes which are not covered by this Regulation, provided that such rules comply with Union law.	1. Member States may maintain national rules on optional quality terms and schemes which are not covered by this Regulation, provided that such rules comply with Union law.	1. Member States may maintain national rules on optional quality terms and schemes which are not covered by this Regulation, provided that such rules comply with Union law.	1. Member States may maintain national rules on optional quality terms and schemes which are not covered by this Regulation, provided that such rules comply with Union law. Text Origin: Commission Proposal

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Artic	le 75(2)			
640	2. The Commission may establish a digital system for the inclusion of the terms and schemes referred to in paragraph 1 with a view to fostering knowledge of the products and schemes across the Union. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down technical details, necessary for the notification of the optional quality terms. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2).	2. <u>By [one year</u> <u>after the entry into</u> <u>force of this</u> <u>Regulation], the</u> Commission <u>mayshall</u> establish <u>and provide</u> <u>support for</u> a digital system for the inclusion of the terms and schemes referred to in paragraph 1 with a view to fostering knowledge of the products and schemes across the Union. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down technical details, necessary for the notification of the optional quality terms. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2).	2. The Commission may establish a digital system for the inclusion of the terms and schemes referred to in paragraph 1 with a view to fostering knowledge of the products and schemes across the Union. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down technical details, necessary for the notification of the optional quality terms. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2).	2. The Commission may establish <u>and</u> <u>provide support for</u> a digital system for the inclusion of the terms and schemes referred to in paragraph 1 with a view to fostering knowledge of the products and schemes across the Union. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down technical details, necessary for the notification of the optional quality terms. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2). Text Origin: EP Mandate
Artic	le /6			
641	Article 76 Optional quality terms	Article 76 Optional quality terms	Article 76 Optional quality terms	Article 76 Optional quality terms Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 76(1)			
642	1. Optional quality terms shall satisfy the following criteria:	1. Optional quality terms shall satisfy the following criteria:	1. Optional quality terms shall satisfy the following criteria:	 Optional quality terms shall satisfy the following criteria: Text Origin: Commission Proposal

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
A	rticl	e 76(1), point (a)			
۶ 6.	43	(a) they relate to a characteristic of one or more categories of products, or to a farming or processing attribute which applies in specific areas;	(a) they relate to a characteristic of one or more categories of products, or to a farming or processing attribute which applies in specific areas;	(a) they relate to a characteristic of one or more categories of products, or to a farming or processing attribute which applies in specific areas;	 (a) they relate to a characteristic of one or more categories of products, or to a farming or processing attribute which applies in specific areas; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
А	rticl	e 76(1), point (b)			
с б.	44	(b) their use adds value to the product as compared to products of a similar type; and	(b) their use adds value to the product as compared to products of a similar type; and	(b) their use adds value to the product as compared to products of a similar type; and	(b) their use adds value to the product as compared to products of a similar type; and Text Origin: Commission Proposal
A	rticl	e 76(1), point (c)			
ه 6	45	(c) they have a Union dimension.	(c) they have a Union dimension.	(c) they have a Union dimension.	<pre>(c) they have a Union dimension. Text Origin: Commission Proposal</pre>
A	rticl	e 76(2)			
ه 6	46	2. Optional quality terms that describe technical product qualities with the purpose of putting into effect compulsory marketing standards and are not intended to inform consumers	2. Optional quality terms that describe technical product qualities with the purpose of putting into effect compulsory marketing standards and are not intended to inform consumers	2. Optional quality terms that describe technical product qualities with the purpose of putting into effect compulsory marketing standards and are not intended to inform consumers	2. Optional quality terms that describe technical product qualities with the purpose of putting into effect compulsory marketing standards and are not intended to inform consumers

		Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		about those product qualities fall outside the scope of this Chapter.	about those product qualities fall outside the scope of this Chapter.	about those product qualities fall outside the scope of this Chapter.	about those product qualities fall outside the scope of this Chapter. Text Origin: Commission
					Proposal
А	\rticl	e 76(3)			
۶ 6	547	3. Optional quality terms shall exclude optional reserved terms which support and complement specific marketing standards determined on a sectoral or product category basis.	3. Optional quality terms shall exclude optional reserved terms which support and complement specific marketing standards determined on a sectoral or product category basis.	3. Optional quality terms shall exclude optional reserved terms which support and complement specific marketing standards determined on a sectoral or product category basis.	3. Optional quality terms shall exclude optional reserved terms which support and complement specific marketing standards determined on a sectoral or product category basis. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
A	Articl	e 76(4)			
	548	4. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by detailed rules relating to the criteria referred to in paragraph 1.	4. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by detailed rules relating to the criteria referred to in paragraph 1.	4. In order to take into account the specific characteristics of certain sectors as well as consumer expectations, the Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by detailed rules relating to the criteria referred to in paragraph 1.	4. In order to take into account the specific characteristics of certain sectors as well as consumer expectations, the Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 supplementing this Regulation by detailed rules relating to the criteria referred to in paragraph 1. Text Origin: Council

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Arti	cle 76(5)	Ι		
₅ 649	5. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down rules related to forms, procedures or other technical details, necessary for the application of this Chapter. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2).	5. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down rules related to forms, procedures or other technical details, necessary for the application of this Chapter. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2).	5. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down rules related to forms, procedures or other technical details, necessary for the application of this Chapter. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2).	5. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down rules related to forms, procedures or other technical details, necessary for the application of this Chapter. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2). Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Arti	cle 76(6)			
₅ 650	6. When adopting delegated and implementing acts in accordance with paragraphs 4 and 5, the Commission shall	6. When adopting delegated and implementing acts in accordance with paragraphs 4 and 5, the Commission shall take account of any relevant international standards.	6. When adopting delegated and implementing acts in accordance with paragraphs 4 and 5, the Commission shall take account of any relevant international standards.	 6. When adopting delegated and implementing acts in accordance with paragraphs 4 and 5, the Commission shall take account of any relevant international standards. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Arti	cle 77			
₅ 651	Article 77 Reservation of additional optional quality terms	Article 77 Reservation of additional optional quality terms	Article 77 Reservation of additional optional quality terms	Article 77 Reservation of additional optional quality terms Text Origin:

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
					Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 77(1)			
G	652	1. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 reserving additional optional quality terms and laying down their conditions of use.	1. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 reserving additional optional quality terms and laying down their conditions of use.	1. In order to take account of the expectations of consumers, developments in scientific and technical knowledge, the market situation, and developments in marketing standards and in international standards, the Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 reserving additional optional quality terms and laying down their conditions of use.	1. <u>In order to take</u> <u>account of the</u> <u>expectations of</u> <u>consumers,</u> <u>developments in</u> <u>scientific and</u> <u>technical knowledge,</u> <u>the market situation,</u> <u>and developments in</u> <u>marketing standards</u> <u>and in international</u> <u>standards,</u> the Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 reserving additional optional quality terms and laying down their conditions of use. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 78			
G	653	Article 78 Mountain product	Article 78 Mountain product	Article 78 Mountain product	Article 78 Mountain product Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 78(1)	I		
G	654	1. The term 'mountain product' is established as an optional quality term. This term shall only be used to describe	1. The term 'mountain product' is established as an optional quality term. This term shall only be used to describe	1. The term 'mountain product' is established as an optional quality term. This termIt is reserved as a	1. The term 'mountain product' is established as an optional quality term. This term <u>It is</u> reserved as a

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement	
		products intended for human consumption listed in Annex I to the Treaty in respect of which:	products intended for human consumption listed in Annex I to the Treaty in respect of which:	compound term. It shall only be used to describe products intended for human consumption listed in Annex I to the Treaty in respect of which:	<pre>compound term. It shall only be used to describe products intended for human consumption listed in Annex I to the Treaty in respect of which: Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>	
	Artic	le 78(1), point (a)				
G	655	(a) both the raw materials and the feedstuffs for farm animals come essentially from mountain areas;	(a) both the raw materials and the feedstuffs for farm animals come essentially from mountain areas;	(a) both the raw materials and the feedstuffsfeed for farm animals come essentially from mountain areas;	 (a) both the raw materials and the <i>feedstuffsfeed</i> for farm animals come essentially from mountain areas; Text Origin: Council Mandate 	G
	Artic	le 78(1), point (b)				
G	656	(b) in the case of processed products, the processing also takes place in mountain areas.	(b) in the case of processed products, the processing also takes place in mountain areas.	(b) in the case of processed products, the processing also takes place in mountain areas.	 (b) in the case of processed products, the processing also takes place in mountain areas. Text Origin: Commission Proposal 	G
	Artic	le 78(2)				
G	657	2. For the purposes of this Article, mountain areas within the Union are those delimited pursuant to Article 32(2) of Regulation (EU) No 1305/2013 of the European Parliament	2. For the purposes of this Article, mountain areas within the Union are those delimited pursuant to Article 32(2) of Regulation (EU) No 1305/2013 of the European Parliament	2. For the purposes of this Article, mountain areas within the Union are those delimited pursuant to Article 32(2) of Regulation (EU) No 1305/2013 of the European Parliament	2. For the purposes of this Article, mountain areas within the Union are those delimited pursuant to Article 32(2) of Regulation (EU) No 1305/2013 of the European Parliament	G

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	and of the Council ¹ . For third-country products, mountain areas include areas officially designated as mountain areas by the third country or that meet criteria equivalent to those set out in that paragraph. 1. Regulation (EU) No 1305/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 on support for rural development by the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development (EAFRD) and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 1698/2005 (OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, p. 487).	and of the Council ¹ . For third-country products, mountain areas include areas officially designated as mountain areas by the third country or that meet criteria equivalent to those set out in that paragraph. 1. Regulation (EU) No 1305/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 on support for rural development by the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development (EAFRD) and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 1698/2005 (OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, p. 487).	and of the Council ¹ . For third-country products, mountain areas include areas officially designated as mountain areas by the third country or that meet criteria equivalent to those set out in that paragraph. 1. Regulation (EU) No 1305/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 on support for rural development by the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development (EAFRD) and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 1698/2005 (OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, p. 487).	and of the Council ¹ . For third-country products, mountain areas include areas officially designated as mountain areas by the third country or that meet criteria equivalent to those set out in that paragraph. 1. Regulation (EU) No 1305/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 on support for rural development by the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development (EAFRD) and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 1698/2005 (OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, p. 487). Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 78(3)			
658	3. In duly justified cases, the Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 laying down derogations from the conditions of use referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article, in particular the conditions under	3. In duly justified cases, the Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 laying down derogations from the conditions of use referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article, in particular the conditions under	3. In duly justified cases and in order to take into account natural constraints affecting agricultural production in mountain areas, the Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 laying	3. In duly justified cases <u>and in order to</u> <u>take into account</u> <u>natural constraints</u> <u>affecting agricultural</u> <u>production in</u> <u>mountain areas</u> , the Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 laying down derogations

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	which raw materials or feedstuffs are permitted to come from outside the mountain areas, the conditions under which the processing of products is permitted to take place outside the mountain areas in a geographical area to be defined, and the definition of that geographical area.	which raw materials or feedstuffs are permitted to come from outside the mountain areas, the conditions under which the processing of products is permitted to take place outside the mountain areas in a geographical area to be defined, and the definition of that geographical area.	down derogations from the conditions of use referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article, in particular the conditions under which raw materials or feedstuffsfeed are permitted to come from outside the mountain areas, the conditions under which the processing of products is permitted to take place outside the mountain areas in a geographical area to be defined, and the definition of that geographical area.	from the conditions of use referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article, in particular the conditions under which raw materials or <i>feedstuffsfeed</i> are permitted to come from outside the mountain areas, the conditions under which the processing of products is permitted to take place outside the mountain areas in a geographical area to be defined, and the definition of that geographical area. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artio	cle 78(4)			
₅ 659	4. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 concerning the establishment of the methods of production, and other criteria relevant for the application of the optional quality term established in paragraph 1 of this Article.	4. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 concerning the establishment of the methods of production, and other criteria relevant for the application of the optional quality term established in paragraph 1 of this Article.	4. In order to take into account natural constraints affecting agricultural production in mountain areas, the Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 concerning the establishment of the methods of production, and other criteria relevant for the application of the optional quality term established in paragraph 1 of this Article.	4. <u>In order to take</u> <u>into account natural</u> <u>constraints affecting</u> <u>agricultural</u> <u>production in</u> <u>mountain areas</u> , the Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 84 concerning the establishment of the methods of production, and other criteria relevant for the application of the optional quality term established in paragraph 1 of this Article. <u>Text Origin:</u> Council

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Mandate
Articl	le 79			
660	Article 79 Restrictions on use and monitoring	Article 79 Restrictions on use and monitoring	Article 79 Restrictions on use and monitoring	Article 79 Restrictions on use and monitoring Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 79(1)			
661	1. An optional quality term may only be used to describe products that comply with the corresponding conditions of use.	1. An optional quality term may only be used to describe products that comply with the corresponding conditions of use.	1. An optional quality term may only be used to describe products that comply with the corresponding conditions of use.	 An optional quality term may only be used to describe products that comply with the corresponding conditions of use. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 79(1a)			
661 a				1a. "The provisions of this Chapter shall be without prejudice to the application of Union rules or those of Member States governing intellectual property, and in particular those concerning designations of origin and geographical indications and trade marks and rights granted under those rules.
		1	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Artic	le 79(2)			



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	2. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down rules for the use of optional quality terms. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2).	2. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down rules for the use of optional quality terms. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2).	2. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down rules for the use of optional quality terms. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2).	2. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down rules for the use of optional quality terms. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 80(2). Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Articl	e 79(3)			[
663 Cha	3. Member States shall undertake controls, based on a risk analysis, to ensure compliance with the requirements of this Chapter and, in the event of breach, shall apply appropriate administrative penalties.	3. Member States shall undertake controls, based on a risk analysis, to ensure compliance with the requirements of this Chapter and, in the event of breach, shall apply appropriate administrative penalties.	3. Member States shall undertake controls, based on a risk analysis, to ensure compliance with the requirements of this Chapter and, in the event of breach, shall apply appropriate administrative penalties.	3. Member States shall undertake controls, based on a risk analysis, to ensure compliance with the requirements of this Chapter and, in the event of breach, shall apply appropriate administrative penalties. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Chap	ter 3			
664	Chapter 3 Procedural provisions	Chapter 3 Procedural provisions	Chapter 3 Procedural provisions	
Articl	e 80			
665	Article 80 Committee procedure	Article 80 Committee procedure	Article 80 Committee procedure	
	e 80(1)		1	
Articl				

LIFE.1

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		1. The Commission shall be assisted by a committee called the Agricultural Quality Committee. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	1. The Commission shall be assisted by a committee called the Agricultural Quality Committee. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	1. The Commission shall be assisted by a committee called the Agricultural Quality Committee. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	
	Artic	le 80(2)		[
G	667	2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	
	Title	IV			
¥	668	Title IV Amendments to Regulations (EU) No 1308/2013, (EU) 2017/1001 and (EU) 2019/787	Title IV Amendments to Regulations (EU) No 1308/2013, (EU) 2017/1001 and (EU) 2019/787	Title IV Amendments to Regulations (EU) No 1308/2013, (EU) 2017/1001 and (EU) 2019/787 (EU) 2019/787 and (EU) 2019/1753	
	Artic	le 81		Γ	
G	669	Article 81 Amendments to Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013	Article 81 Amendments to Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013	Article 81 Amendments to Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013	Article 81 Amendments to Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph			
G	670	Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 is amended as follows:	Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 is amended as follows:	Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 is amended as follows:	Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 is amended as follows:

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
					Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (1)		
G	671	(1) in Article 93(1), point (b) is replaced by the following	(1) in Article 93(1), point (b) is replaced by the following	(1) in Article 93(1), point (b) is replaced by the following	<pre>(1) in Article 93(1), point (b) is replaced by the following Text Origin: Commission Proposal</pre>
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (1), amending provision	on, first paragraph	
G	672	, (b) "geographical indication" means a name, including a traditionally used name, which identifies a product referred to in Article 92(1):	, (b) "geographical indication" means a name, including a traditionally used name, which identifies a product referred to in Article 92(1):	, (b) "geographical indication" means a name, including a traditionally used name, which identifies a product referred to in Article 92(1):	<pre>, (b) "geographical indication" means a name, including a traditionally used name, which identifies a product referred to in Article 92(1): Text Origin: Commission Proposal</pre>
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (1), amending provision	on, first paragraph, point	(i)
G	673	(i) whose specific quality, reputation or other characteristics are attributable to its geographical origin;	(i) whose specific quality, reputation or other characteristics are attributable to its geographical origin;	(i) whose specific quality, reputation or other characteristics are attributable to its geographical origin;	(i) whose specific quality, reputation or other characteristics are attributable to its geographical origin;
					Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (1), amending provisio	on, first paragraph, point I	(ii)
Y	674	(ii) as originating in a specific place, region or country;	 (ii) as originating in a specific place, region or, <i>in exceptional</i> 	(ii) as originating in a specific place, region or country;	,

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement	1
			<u>cases,</u> country;			
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (1), amending provision	on, first paragraph, point	(iii)	
G	675	(iii) as having at least 85 % of the grapes used for its production originating exclusively from that geographical area;	(iii) as having at least 85 % of the grapes used for its production originating exclusively from that geographical area;	(iii) as having at least 85 % of the grapes used for its production originating exclusively from that geographical area;	 (iii) as having at least 85% of the grapes used for its production originating exclusively from that geographical area; Text Origin: Commission Proposal 	G
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (1), amending provision	on, first paragraph, point	(iv)	
G	676	(iv) the production of which takes place in that geographical area; and	(iv) the production of which takes place in that geographical area; and	(iv) the production of which takes place in that geographical area; and	<pre>(iv) the production of which takes place in that geographical area; and Text Origin: Commission Proposal</pre>	G
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (1), amending provision	on, first paragraph, point	(v)	
G	677	(v) which is obtained from vine varieties belonging to Vitis vinifera or a cross between the Vitis vinifera species and other species of the genus Vitis.;	(v) which is obtained from vine varieties belonging to Vitis vinifera or a cross between the Vitis vinifera species and other species of the genus Vitis.;	(v) which is obtained from vine varieties belonging to <i>Vitis</i> <i>vinifera</i> Vitis vinifera or a cross between the <i>Vitis vinifera</i> Vitis vinifera species and other species of the genus <i>Vitis</i> Vitis.;	<pre>(v) which is obtained from vine varieties belonging to <u>Vitis</u> <u>viniferaVitis vinifera</u> or a cross between the <u>Vitis viniferaVitis</u> <u>vinifera</u> species and other species of the genus <u>VitisVitis</u>.; , Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>	G
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (1a)			
Y	677 a		(1a) In Article 93 the following paragraph			Y

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			is added: '1a. For the purpose of paragraph 1, point (b), 'other characteristic' may include traditional production practices, traditional product attributes and farming practices that protect environmental value including biodiversity, habitats, nationally recognised environmental zones and landscape.';		
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (2)		
G	678	(2) Article 94 is replaced by the following:	(2) Article 94 is replaced by the following:	(2) Article 94 is replaced by the following:	<pre>(2) Article 94 is replaced by the following: Text Origin: Commission Proposal</pre>
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (2), amending provision	on, first paragraph	
G	679	، Article 94	، Article 94	، Article 94	' Article 94 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (2), amending provision	on, second paragraph	
G	680	Product specification	Product specification	Product specification	Product specification Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (2), amending provision	on, numbered paragraph	(1)



		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
G	681	1. The product specification shall enable interested parties to verify the relevant conditions of production relating to the designation of origin or geographical indication. The product specification shall comprise:	1. The product specification shall enable interested parties to verify the relevant conditions of production relating to the designation of origin or geographical indication. The product specification shall comprise:	1. The product specification shall enable interested parties to verify the relevant conditions of production relating to the designation of origin or geographical indication. The product specification shall comprise:	1. The product specification shall enable interested parties to verify the relevant conditions of production relating to the designation of origin or geographical indication. The product specification shall comprise: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
_	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (2), amending provision	on, numbered paragraph	(1), point (a)
G	682	(a) the name to be protected;	(a) the name to be protected;	(a) the name to be protected;	<pre>(a) the name to be protected; Text Origin: Commission Proposal</pre>
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (2), amending provision	on, numbered paragraph	(1), point (aa)
G	682 a			(aa) the categories of grapevine products;	(aa) the categories of grapevine products; Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (2), amending provision	on, numbered paragraph	(1), point (b)
G	683	(b) the type of geographical indication, being a protected designation of origin or a protected geographical indication;	(b) the type of geographical indication, being a protected designation of origin or a protected geographical indication;	(b) the type of geographical indication, being a protected designation of origin or a protected geographical indication;	 (b) the type of geographical indication, being a protected designation of origin or a protected geographical indication; Text Origin:
					Commission

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Proposal
Artic	le 81, first paragraph, poi	int (2), amending provision	on, numbered paragraph	(1), point (c)
₅ 684	(c) a description of the wine or wines, including the principal analytical organoleptic characteristics;	(c) a description of the wine or wines, including the principal analytical organoleptic characteristics;	(c) a description of the wine or wines , including the principal analytical organoleptic characteristics;:	<pre>(c) a description of the wine or wines; including the principal analytical organoleptic characteristics;: Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (2), amending provision	on, numbered paragraph	(1), point (c)(i)
₅ 684 a			(i) in respect of a designation of origin, the principal analytical organoleptic characteristics;	(i) in respect of a designation of origin, the principal analytical and organoleptic characteristics; Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 81, first paragraph, poi	int (2), amending provisio	on, numbered paragraph	(1), point (c)(ii)
₀ 684 b			(ii) in respect of a geographical indication, the principal analytical characteristics as well as an evaluation or indication of its organoleptic characteristics;	<pre>(ii) in respect of a geographical indication, the principal analytical characteristics as well as an evaluation or indication of its organoleptic characteristics; Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Artic	le 81, first paragraph, poi	int (2), amending provision	on, numbered paragraph	(1), point (d)
∝ 685	(d) where applicable,	(d) where applicable,	(d) where applicable,	(d) where applicable,

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		the specific oenological practices used to make the wine or wines, as well as relevant restrictions on making them;	the specific oenological practices used to make the wine or wines, as well as relevant restrictions on making them;	the specific oenological practices used to make the wine or wines, as well as relevant restrictions on making them;	the specific oenological practices used to make the wine or wines, as well as relevant restrictions on making them; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, poi	nt (2), amending provision	on, numbered paragraph	(1), point (e)
G	686	(e) the definition of the geographical area delimited with regard to the link referred to in point (h);	(e) the definition of the geographical area delimited with regard to the link referred to in point (h);	(e) the definition of the geographical area delimited with regard to the link referred to in point (h);	<pre>(e) the definition of the geographical area delimited with regard to the link referred to in point (h); Text Origin: Commission Proposal</pre>
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, poi	nt (2), amending provision	on, numbered paragraph	(1), point (f)
G	687	(f) the maximum yields per hectare;	(f) the maximum yields per hectare;	(f) the maximum yields per hectare;	<pre>(f) the maximum yields per hectare; Text Origin: Commission Proposal</pre>
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, poi	nt (2), amending provision	on, numbered paragraph	(1), point (g)
G	688	(g) an indication of the wine grape variety or varieties the wine or wines are obtained from;	(g) an indication of the wine grape variety or varieties the wine or wines are obtained from;	(g) an indication of the wine grape variety or varieties the wine or wines are obtained from;	 (g) an indication of the wine grape variety or varieties the wine or wines are obtained from; Text Origin: Commission
					Proposal
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, poi	nt (2), amending provision	on, numbered paragraph	(1), point (h)
G	689	(h) the details on the			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	link referred to in Article 93(1), point (a)(i), or, as the case may be, point (b)(i):	link referred to in Article 93(1), point (a)(i), or, as the case may be, point (b)(i):	link referred to in Article 93(1), point (a)(i), or, as the case may be, point (b)(i):	link referred to in Article 93(1), point (a)(i), or, as the case may be, point (b)(i): Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (2), amending provision	on, numbered paragraph	(1), point (h)(i)
€ 690	(i) as regards a protected designation of origin, the link between the quality or characteristics of the product and the geographical environment referred to in Article 93(1), point (a)(i); the details concerning the human factors of that geographical environment may, where relevant, be limited to a description of the soil, plant material and landscape management, cultivation practices or any other relevant human contribution to the maintenance of the natural factors of the geographical environment referred to in that point;	(i) as regards a protected designation of origin, the link between the quality or characteristics of the product and the geographical environment referred to in Article 93(1), point (a)(i); the details concerning the human factors of that geographical environment may, where relevant, be limited to a description of the soil, plant material and landscape management, cultivation practices or any other relevant human contribution to the maintenance of the natural factors of the geographical environment referred to in that point;	(i) as regards a protected designation of origin, the link between the quality or characteristics of the product and the geographical environment referred to in Article 93(1), point (a)(i); the details concerning the human factors of that geographical environment may, where relevant, be limited to a description of the soil, plant material and landscape management, cultivation practices or any other relevant human contribution to the maintenance of the natural factors of the geographical environment referred to in that point;	(i) as regards a protected designation of origin, the link between the quality or characteristics of the product and the geographical environment referred to in Article 93(1), point (a)(i); the details concerning the human factors of that geographical environment may, where relevant, be limited to a description of the soil, plant material and landscape management, cultivation practices or any other relevant human contribution to the maintenance of the natural factors of the geographical environment referred to in that point; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (2), amending provision	on, numbered paragraph	(1), point (h)(ii)
۶ 691	(ii) as regards a protected geographical	(ii) as regards a protected geographical	(ii) as regards a protected geographical	(ii) as regards a protected geographical

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		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		indication, the link between a specific quality, the reputation or other characteristic of the product, and the geographical origin referred to in Article 93(1), point (b)(i);	indication, the link between a specific quality, the reputation or other characteristic of the product, and the geographical origin referred to in Article 93(1), point (b)(i);	indication, the link between a specific quality, the reputation or other characteristic of the product, and the geographical origin referred to in Article 93(1), point (b)(i);	indication, the link between a specific quality, the reputation or other characteristic of the product, and the geographical origin referred to in Article 93(1), point (b)(i); Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, poi	int (2), amending provision	on, numbered paragraph	(1), point (i)
G	692	(i) other applicable requirements where provided for by Member States or by a recognised producer group, if applicable, having regard to the fact that such requirements must be objective, non- discriminatory and compatible with national and Union law.	(i) other applicable requirements where provided for by Member States or by a recognised producer group, if applicable, having regard to the fact that such requirements must be objective, non- discriminatory and compatible with national and Union law.	(i) other applicable requirements where provided for by Member States or by a recognised producer group, if applicable, having regard to the fact that such requirements must be objective, non- discriminatory and compatible with national and Union law.	 (i) other applicable requirements where provided for by Member States or by a recognised producer group, if applicable, having regard to the fact that such requirements must be objective, non-discriminatory and compatible with national and Union law. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, poi	int (2), amending provision	on, numbered paragraph	(2)
¥	693	2. The product specification may contain sustainability undertakings pursuant to Article 12 of Regulation (EU) / of the European Parliament and of the Council [Regulation on GI's]*.	2. The product specification may contain sustainability undertakings <i>pursuant</i> to Article 12 of Regulation (EU)/ of the European Parliament and of the Council [Regulation on GI's]*within the meaning of Article 94a.	2. The product specification may contain sustainability undertakingssustaina ble practices pursuant to Article +29a of Regulation (EU) / of the European Parliament and of the Council <i>[Regulation on GI's]</i> [Regulation on GI's]*.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Artic		int (2), amending provisio	on, numbered paragraph	(2a)
693 a		2a. The following <u>Articles are inserted:</u> 'Article 94a Sustainability undertakings 1. For the purpose of this <u>Article, a</u> 'sustainability undertaking' refers to an undertaking which contributes to one or more social, environmental or economic objectives, including: (a) climate change mitigation and adaptation, including energy efficiency and decrease water consumption; (b) preservation and sustainable use of soil, landscapes and natural resources; (c) improving soil fertility; (d) preservation of biodiversity and plant varieties; (e) transition to a circular economy; (f) reduction of the use of pesticides; g) reduction of greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions; (h) securing viable income and improving resilience for producers of products benefiting from a protected designation of origin or a protected geographical indication; (i) improving the		

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Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Proposal	EP Mandatequality and the economic value of products benefiting from a protected 		Draft Agreement

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	rural areas as well as cultural and gastronomic heritage to promote education on themes concerning the quality system, food safety and balanced and diversified diets; (o) improving coordination between producers through improved efficiency of the governance instruments.		
	2. <u>A producer</u> <u>group may agree on</u> <u>sustainability</u> <u>undertakings to be</u> <u>adhered to in the</u> <u>production of the</u> <u>product designated by</u> <u>a protected</u> <u>designation of origin</u> <u>or a protected</u> <u>geographical</u> <u>indication. Such</u> <u>undertakings shall</u> <u>aim to apply a</u>		
	sustainability standard that goes beyond that required by Union or national law and goes beyond good practice in significant respects in terms of social, environmental, or economic undertakings. Such undertakings shall be		
	specific, shall take account of existing sustainable practices employed for products designated by protected designation of origin or a protected geographical indications, may		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<u>complement and</u> <u>contribute to</u> <u>producers' broader</u> <u>agro-ecological</u> <u>strategies to combat</u> <u>climate change and</u> <u>may refer to existing</u> <u>sustainability</u> <u>schemes.</u>		
		3. The sustainability undertakings agreed in accordance with paragraph 2 shall be included in the product specification or shall be developed under separate initiatives.		
		4. The sustainability undertakings referred to in paragraph 1 shall be without prejudice to requirements for compliance with hygiene, safety standards and competition rules.		
A	Article 81, first paragraph, po	pint (2), amending provision	on, numbered paragraph	(2b)
Y	593 b	2b. Sustainability report 1. Producer groups may prepare a sustainability report based on internal audit activities, comprising a description of existing sustainable practices implemented in the product, of the impacts of the method of obtaining		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		the product on sustainability, in terms of social, environmental, or economic commitments, and information necessary to understand how sustainability affects the development, performance and position of the product.		
		The sustainability report may be updated to take account in particular of progress compared with the outcome of previous internal audit activities.		×
		Commission may adopt implementing acts setting out a harmonised format and the online presentation of the report provided for in paragraph 1 of this Article, contributing		
		to the aim of sharing and replicating sustainable practices, including through advisory services and the development of a network for the exchange of such practices. Those implementing acts		
Article	81, first paragraph. po	shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 53(2).'; int (2), amending provisio	on, numbered paragraph	(3), first subparagraph

Article 81, first paragraph, point (2), amending provision, numbered paragraph (3), first subparagraph

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
G	694	3. Where the wine or wines may be partially de- alcoholised, the product specification shall also contain a description of the partially de- alcoholised wine or wines in accordance with paragraph (2), point (c), mutatis mutandis, and, where applicable, the specific oenological practices used to make the partially de- alcoholised wine or wines, as well as the relevant restrictions on making them.	3. Where the wine or wines may be partially de- alcoholised, the product specification shall also contain a description of the partially de- alcoholised wine or wines in accordance with paragraph (2), point (c), mutatis mutandis, and, where applicable, the specific oenological practices used to make the partially de- alcoholised wine or wines, as well as the relevant restrictions on making them.	3. Where the wine or wines may be partially de- alcoholised, the product specification shall also contain a description of the partially de- alcoholised wine or wines in accordance with paragraph (2)(1), point (c), <i>mutatis</i> <i>mutandis</i> , and, where applicable, the specific oenological practices used to make the partially de- alcoholised wine or wines, as well as the relevant restrictions on making them.	3. Where the wine or wines may be partially de- alcoholised, the product specification shall also contain a description of the partially de- alcoholised wine or wines in accordance with paragraph (2)(1), point (c), <u>mutatis</u> <u>mutandis</u> , and, where applicable, the specific oenological practices used to make the partially de- alcoholised wine or wines, as well as the relevant restrictions on making them. Text Origin: Council Mandate
		le 81, first paragraph, po aragraph	int (2), amending provisio	on, numbered paragraph	(3), second
G	695	* Regulation (EU) / of the European Parliament and of the Council of [][] (OJ L [, p]).;	* Regulation (EU) / of the European Parliament and of the Council of [][] (OJ L [, p]).;	* Regulation (EU) / of the European Parliament and of the Council of [][] (OJ L [, p]).;	* Regulation (EU) / of the European Parliament and of the Council of [][] (OJ L [, p]).; , Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (2a)		
Y	695 a			(2a) Article 95 is replaced by the following:	
		le 81, first paragraph, po	int (2a), amending provis		

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Y	695 b			"Article 95	
	Artic	e 81, first paragraph, poi	nt (2a), amending provi	sion, second paragraph	
Y	695 c			Single document	
	Artic	e 81, first paragraph, poi	nt (2a), amending provi	sion, third paragraph	
Y	695 d			1. The single document shall include the following:	
	Artic	e 81, first paragraph, poi	nt (2a), amending provi	sion, numbered paragraph	n (1), point (a)
¥	695 e			(a) the name to be protected as a designation of origin or a geographical indication;	
	Artic	e 81, first paragraph, poi	nt (2a), amending provi	sion, numbered paragrap	n (1), point (a)
¥	695 f			(b) the Member State or third country to which the demarcated area belongs;	
	Artic	e 81, first paragraph, poi	nt (2a), amending provi	sion, numbered paragraph	n (1), point (a)
Y	695 g			(c) the type of geographical indication;	
	Artic	e 81, first paragraph, poi	nt (2a), amending provi	sion, numbered paragraph	n (1), point (a)
Y	695 h			(d) a description of the wine or wines;	
	Artic	e 81, first paragraph, poi	nt (2a), amending provi	sion, numbered paragraph	n (1), point (a)
Y	695 i			(e) the categories of	

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				grapevine products;	
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, poi	nt (2a), amending prov	ision, numbered paragrapl	n (1), point (a)
Y	695 j			(f) the maximum yields per hectare;	9
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, poi	nt (2a), amending prov	ision, numbered paragrapl	n (1), point (a)
Y	695 k			(g) the indication of the wine grape variety or varieties from which the wine or wines are obtained;	
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, poi	nt (2a), amending prov	ision, numbered paragrapl	n (1), point (a)
Y	695 1			(h) a concise definition of the demarcated geographical area;	
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, poi	nt (2a), amending prov	ision, numbered paragrapl	n (1), point (a)
Y	695 m			(i) a description of the link referred to in point (a)(i) or in point (b)(i) of Article 93(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013;	
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, poi	int (2a), amending prov	ision, numbered paragrapl	n (1), point (a)
¥	695 n			(j) where applicable, the specific oenological practices used to make the wine or wines, as well as the relevant restrictions on making them;	
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, poi	int (2a), amending prov	ision, numbered paragrapl	n (1), point (a)
Y	695 0			(k) where	

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement	
				applicable, the specific rules concerning packaging and labelling and all other essential relevant requirements.		
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (2a), amending provis	ion, numbered paragrap	h (1), point (a)	
¥	695 p			2. Where an application covers different categories of grapevine products, the details bearing out the link shall be demonstrated for each of the grapevine products concerned.		¥
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (3)			
Y	696	(3) Articles 95 to 99, Articles 101 to 106 and Article 107 are deleted.	(3) Articles 95 to 99 , Articles 101 to 106 and Article 107 are deleted.;	(3) Articles 9596 to 99, the first and second subparagraph of Article 100(1) and Article 100(2), Articles 101 to 106 and Article 107107(2), (3) and (4) are deleted.		Y
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (3a)			
Y	696 a			(3a) Article 110 is replaced by the following:		Y
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (3a), amending provis	ion, first paragraph		
Y	696 b			" Article 110		Y



		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
_	Artic	e 81, first paragraph, poi	nt (3a), amending prov	ision, second paragraph	
Y	696 c			Implementing powers	
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, poi	nt (3a), amending prov	ision, third paragraph	
¥	696 d			1. The Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down rules concerning:	
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, poi	nt (3a), amending prov	ision, numbered paragraph	n (1), point (a)
Y	696 e			(a) the form of the product specification;	
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, poi	nt (3a), amending prov	ision, numbered paragraph	n (1), point (a)
¥	696 f			(b) the definition of the format and the online presentation of the single document provided for in Article 95;	
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, poi	nt (3a), amending prov	ision, numbered paragraph	n (1), point (a)
Y	696 g			(c) the exclusion or anonymisation of personal data.	
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, poi	nt (3a), amending prov	ision, fourth paragraph	
¥	696 h			2. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 84a(2) of Regulation (EU) 202X/XXXX of the European Parliament and of	

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		2.000		the Council on European Union geographical indications for wine spirit drinks and agricultural products.	
A	rticl	e 81, first paragraph, poi	int (3a)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
_у б	96 i		(3a) Article 100 is replaced by the following: 'Article 100 Homonyms 1. A protected designation of origin or a protected geographical indication that has been applied for after a wholly or homonymous protected designation of origin or a protected designation of origin or a protected in the geographical indication had been applied for or protected in the Union, shall not be registered unless there is sufficient distinction in practice between the conditions of local and traditional usage and the presentation of the two homonymous indications, taking into account the need to ensure equitable treatment of the producers concerned and that consumers are not misled as to the true identity or geographical origin of the products.		



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	A wholly or partly homonymous name which is suggestive of another product or misleads the consumer into believing that products come from another territory shall not be registered even if the name is accurate as far as the actual territory, region or place of origin of those products is concerned.		C
	Ia.For the purposes of thisArticle, ahomonymousprotected designationof origin or aprotectedgeographicalindication applied foror protected in theUnion refers to:(a)protectedgeographicalindications of originor protecteddesignations of originor protectedgeographicalindications that areentered in the Unionregister ofgeographicalindications;(b)protected		
	designations of origin or protected geographical indications that have been applied for provided that they are subsequently entered in the Union register of geographical indications; (c) appellations of origin and geographical		

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Proposal	indications protected in the Union pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2019/1753 of the European Parliament and of the Council; and (d) protected designation of origin or a protected geographical indications, names of origin and equivalent terms protected pursuant to an international agreement between the Union and one or more third countries. 2. Paragraph 1 of this Article shall apply mutatis mutandis if a name for which an application is submitted is wholly or partially homonymous with a geographical indication protected under the national law of Member States. 2a. The Commission shall cancel the protected designation of origin or protected geographical indication registered in breach of paragraph 1. 3. Where the name of a wine grape variety contains or consists of a protected geographical indication, that name		
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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		shall not be used for the purposes of labelling agricultural products. 3a. In order to take into account existing labelling practices, the Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 227 of this Regulation laying down exceptions from that rule. 4. The protection of designations of origin and geographical indications of products covered by Article 93 of this Regulation shall be without prejudice to protected geographical indications applying to spirit drinks as defined in Article 2 of Regulation (EC) No 110/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council.';		
Artio	l le 81, first paragraph, po	int (3b)		
, 696 ј		(3b) Articles 102 and 103 are replaced by the following: 'Article 102 Relationship with trade marks 1. An application for the registration of a trade mark the use of which would contravene Article 103, shall be rejected if the application for registration of the		



Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Proposal	LP Mandatetrade mark issubmitted after thedate of submission tothe Commission ofthe application forthe registration of theprotected designationof origin or theprotectedgeographicalindication.1a. Anyregistration in thename of a personother than theproducer group of atrade markincorporating,imitating or evokingthe name protected bya geographicalindication shall beregistered in breachof paragraph 1 shallbe invalidated byEUIPO and, whenapplicable, thecompetent nationalauthorities.2. Withoutprejudice toparagraph 3 of thisArticle, a trade markthe use of whichcontravenes Article103, which has beenapplied for,registered, orestablished by use ingood faith within theterritory of theUnion, if thatpossibility is providedfor by the legislationconcerned, before thedate on which theapplication of theprotected designationof origin or protected		

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	geographical indication is submitted to the Commission, may continue to be used and renewed notwithstanding the registration of a protected designation of origin or a protected geographical indication, provided that no grounds for invalidity or revocation of the trade mark exist under Directive (EU) 2015/2436 of the European Parliament and of the Council or Regulation (EU) 2017/1001. In such cases, the use of the protected designation of origin or protected geographical indication and that of the relevant trade mark shall be permitted.		
	2a. For protected designations of origin or protected geographical indications registered in the Union without the submission of a Union application for registration, the date of the first day of protection shall be deemed to be the date of submission to the Commission of the application for registration of the protected designation of origin or protected geographical indication for the		



		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			purposes of paragraphs 1 and 4.2b.Without prejudice to Regulation (EU) No 		
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (3c)		
¥	696 k		(3c) 'Article 103 Protection 2. Designations of origin or geographical indications entered in the Union register of protected designations of origin or protected geographical indications shall be protected against: (a) any direct or indirect commercial use of the protected designation of origin or protected geographical indication in respect of products not covered by the registration, where those products are comparable to the products registered		



Proposal Or Window or where use of a name exploits, weakens, diffuse, or is detrimental to the protected name, including where those products are used as ingredients; (b) any misuse, counterfeiting, initiation or evocation, even if the true origin of the protected name is translated, transcribed, transiterated or is indicated or if the protected name, is indicated or if the protected name, is indicated, transcribed, transiterated or accompatible, type?, 'method', 'as produced in'; 'initiation', 'Invour', 'itikation', 'Invour', 'itikation'
impression as to its

Commi Propo	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	origin; (d) any other practice liable to mislead the consumer 		
	4. The protection referred to in paragraph 1 shall also apply to: (a) goods entering the customs territory of the Union without being released for free circulation within that territory; (aa) goods produced in the Union and destined to be exported and marketed in third countries; and (b) goods sold by means of distance selling, such as		
	electronic commerce. 4a. Where the protected designation of origin or a protected geographical indication contains one or more non- generic terms, the use of one, some or all of them in the same or in a different order from the one registered shall		

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	<u>constitute one of the</u> <u>types of conduct</u> <u>referred to in</u> <u>paragraph 1, points</u> (a) and (b).		
	4b. The recognised group of producers or any operator that is entitled to use the protected designation of origin or protected geographical indication shall be entitled to prevent all third parties from bringing goods, in the course of trade, into the Union without being released for free circulation there, where such goods, including packaging, come from third countries and are in breach of paragraph 1.		
	4c. Designation of origin or geographical indications protected under this Regulation shall not become generic in the Union.		
	4d. Where a designation of origin or geographical indication is a compound name which contains a term which is considered to be generic, the use of that term shall not constitute, as a general rule, a conduct referred to in paragraph 1, points (a) and (b).		



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		4e.Each Member State shall take appropriate administrative and 		
	Article 81, first paragraph, pc	int (3d)		
Y	696 1	(3d) In Article 113, the following paragraph is inserted: <u>'-1. A traditional</u> term shall be comprised in the product specification of the product		



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<u>marketed under a</u> <u>designation of origin</u> <u>or a geographical</u> <u>indication.';</u>		
Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (3e)		\mathbf{O}
y 696 m		(3e) The following Article is inserted: 'Article 113a Relationship with designations of origin and geographical indications 1. The registration of a traditional term the use of which would contravene Article 27 of Regulation / (the new GI Regulation) shall be registration of the traditional term is submitted after the date of submission to the Commission of the application for the application of the traditional term is submitted after the date of submission to the Commission of the registration of the designation of origin or of the geographical indication. 2. Traditional terms registered in breach of paragraph 1 shall be invalidated by the Commission and, where applicable, the competent national <		
Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (3f)		



		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement	
Y	696 n		(3f) Articles 104 to 106 and Article 107 are deleted;			Y
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (3g)]
¥	696 0		(3g) in Article 120(1), the following point is added: (ga) the abbreviations 'PDO' or 'PGI', corresponding to the indications 'protected designation of origin' or 'protected geographical indication.'.			¥
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (3b)			
Y	696 p			(3b) Subsection 4 shall be replaced as follows:		Y
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (3i), amending provisi	on, first paragraph		
Y	696 q			" Article 116a		Y
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (3i), amending provisi	on, second paragraph		
Y	696 r			Checks		Y
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (3i), amending provisi	on, third paragraph]
Y	696 s			1. Member States shall take the necessary steps to stop the unlawful use of traditional terms referred to in this Regulation.		Y
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (3i), amending provisi	on, fourth paragraph		

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
696 t			2. Member States shall designate the competent authority responsible for carrying out checks in respect of the obligations laid down in this Subsection. To that end, Article 4(2) and (4) and Article 5(1), (4) and (5) of Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council shall apply.	
Artio	cle 81, first paragraph, poi	int (3i), amending provi	sion, fifth paragraph	
696 u			3. Within the Union, the competent authority referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article or one or more delegated bodies within the meaning of Article 3, point (5), of Regulation (EU) 2017/625 operating as a delegated body in accordance with the criteria laid down in Title II, Chapter III, of that Regulation, shall verify conformity with the definition provided for in Article 112 or , where relevant, the conditions of use of the traditional term, as referred to in Article 115(3).	

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement	l
Y	696 v			4. The Commission shall adopt implementing acts concerning the following:		Y
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (3b), amending provis	ion, numbered paragrap	h (4), point (a)	
Y	696 w			(a) the communication to be made by the Member States to the Commission;	C	Y
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, poi	int (3b), amending provis	ion, numbered paragrap	h (4), point (a)	
Y	696 x			(b) rules governing the authority responsible for verifying compliance with the definition provided for in Article 112 and, where relevant, the conditions of use of the traditional term;		Y
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, poi	int (3b), amending provis	ion, numbered paragrap	h (4), point (a)	
¥	696 y			(c) the actions to be implemented by the Member States to prevent the unlawful use of protected traditional terms;		Y
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, po	int (3b), amending provis	ion, numbered paragrap	h (4), point (a)	
Y	696 z			(d) the checks and verification to be carried out by the Member States.		Y
		le 81, first paragraph, poi aragraph	int (3b), amending provis	ion, numbered paragrap	h (4), second	I
Y	696					Y

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	aa			Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 229(2).	
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, poi	int (3c)	-	
Y	696 ab			(3c) Article 120(1)(e) is replaced by the following:	,
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, poi	int (3j), amending provi	sion, first paragraph	
Y	696 ac			" '(e) the Union symbol indicating the protected designation of origin or the protected geographical indication and the abbreviations PDO or PGI;'.	Y
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, poi	nt (3j), amending provi	sion, second paragraph	
G	696 ad				" <u>Article 166a(1) and</u> (4(c)) are replaced by the following:
	Artic	le 81, first paragraph, poi	nt (3j), amending provi	sion, third paragraph	
G	696 ae				1. Without prejudice to Articles 167 and 167a of this Regulation, at the request of a producer organisation or association of producer organisations recognised under



		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
6	696 af				4.(c) may be made binding for no more than three years, except at a request of recognised producer group as referred to in Article 33 of [G] Regulation] where the period may be up to [6] years, but may be renewed after that period following a new request, as referred to in paragraph 1;
	Artic	le 82			
¥	697	Article 82 Amendments to Regulation (EU) 2017/1001	Article 82 Amendments to Regulation (EU) 2017/1001	Article 82 Amendments to Regulation (EU) 2017/1001	
	Artic	le 82, first paragraph			
Y	698	Regulation (EU) 2017/1001 is amended as follows:	Regulation (EU) 2017/1001 is amended as follows:	Regulation (EU) 2017/1001 is amended as follows:	
	Artic	le 82, first paragraph, po	int (1)		
¥	699	(1) in Article 151(1), the following point is inserted:	(1) in Article 151(1), the following point is inserted:	(1) in Article 151(1), the following point is inserted:	
	Artic	le 82, first paragraph, po	int (1), amending provisio	on, first paragraph, first s	ubparagraph
Y	700	(f) administration of geographical indications, notably the tasks conferred on it by means of Commission delegated acts adopted in accordance with	(f) administration of geographical indications, notably the tasks conferred on it by means of Commission delegated acts adopted in accordance with	 (f) administration of geographical indications, notably the tasks conferred on it by means of Commission delegated acts adopted in accordance with 	

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		Article [] of Regulation (EU) / of the European Parliament and of the Council[Regulation on GIs]*	Article [] of Regulation (EU) / of the European Parliament and of the Council[Regulation on GIs]*	Article [] of Regulation (EU) / of the European Parliament and of the Council[Regulation on GIs]*	
	Artic	le 82, first paragraph, po	int (1), amending provision	on, first paragraph, secon	d subparagraph
¥	701	* Regulation (EU) / of the European Parliament and of the Council of [][] (OJ L [, p])	* Regulation (EU) / of the European Parliament and of the Council of [][] (OJ L [, p])	* Regulation (EU) / of the European Parliament and of the Council of [][] (OJ L [, p])	, contraction of the second se
_	Artic	le 83			
G	702	Article 83 Amendments to Regulation (EU) 2019/787	Article 83 Amendments to Regulation (EU) 2019/787	Article 83 Amendments to Regulation (EU) 2019/787	Article 83 Amendments to Regulation (EU) 2019/787 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 83, first paragraph			
G	703	Regulation (EU) 2019/787 is amended as follows:	Regulation (EU) 2019/787 is amended as follows:	Regulation (EU) 2019/787 is amended as follows:	Regulation (EU) 2019/787 is amended as follows: Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 83, first paragraph, po	int (1)	Γ	
G	704	(1) in Article 3, points 6 and 7 are deleted;	(1) in Article 3, points 6 and 7 are deleted;	(1) in Article 3, points 6 and 7 are deleted;	 (1) in Article 3, points 6 and 7 are deleted; Text Origin: Commission Proposal

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Artic	le 83, first paragraph, po	int (1a)		
G 704 a		(1a) In Article 13, the following paragraph is inserted: '4a. For spirit drinks marketed under a compound name as referred to in Article 11, a label as referred to in Article 12, as a mixture as referred to in paragraph 3 of this Article or as a combination as referred to in paragraph 3a of this Article, the indication of the quantity of ingredients mentioned in compound terms, as allusion(s), in mixtures or in combinations shall not be required in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011.';		
Artic	le 83, first paragraph, po	int (2)	[
o 705	(2) Articles 16 and 21 are deleted;	(2) Articles 16 and 21 are deleted;	(2) Articles 16 and 21 are deleted;	<pre>(2) Articles 16 and 21 are deleted; Text Origin: Commission Proposal</pre>
Artic	l le 83, first paragraph, po	int (2a)		
⁶ 705 a			(2a) in Article 22, the following paragraph 1a is inserted:	(2a) in Article 22, the following paragraph la is inserted: Text Origin:

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
					Council Mandate
	Artic	le 83, first paragraph, po	int (2a), amending provis	ion, first paragraph	
G	705 b			" The product specification may also include sustainable practices. "	" <u>The product</u> <u>specification may</u> <u>also include</u> <u>sustainable practices.</u> " Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 83, first paragraph, po	int (3)		
G	706	(3) Article 23 is replaced by the following:	(3) Article 23 is replaced by the following:	(3) Article 23 is replaced by the following:	<pre>(3) Article 23 is replaced by the following: Text Origin: Commission Proposal</pre>
	Artic	le 83, first paragraph, po	int (3), amending provision	on, first paragraph	
G	707	، Article 23	، Article 23	، Article 23	' Article 23 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 83, first paragraph, po	int (3), amending provision	on, second paragraph	
G	708	Single document	Single document	Single document	Single document Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 83, first paragraph, po	int (3), amending provision	on, third paragraph	
G	709	The single document	The single document	The single document	The single document

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		shall set out the following:	shall set out the following:	shall set out the following:	<pre>shall set out the following: Text Origin: Commission Proposal</pre>
	Artic	le 83, first paragraph, po	int (3), amending provision	on, third paragraph, poin	t (a)
G	710	(a) the main points of the product specification, including the name to be protected, the category to which the spirit drink belongs or the term 'spirit drink', the production method, a description of the characteristics of the spirit drink, a concise definition of the geographical area, and, where appropriate, specific rules concerning packaging and labelling;	(a) the main points of the product specification, including the name to be protected, the category to which the spirit drink belongs or the term 'spirit drink', the production method, a description of the characteristics of the spirit drink, a concise definition of the geographical area, and, where appropriate, specific rules concerning packaging and labelling;	(a) the main points of the product specification, including the name to be protected, the category to which the spirit drink belongs or the term 'spirit drink', the production method, a description of the characteristics of the spirit drink, a concise definition of the geographical area, and, where appropriate, specific rules concerning packaging and labelling;	(a) the main points of the product specification, including the name to be protected, the category to which the spirit drink belongs or the term 'spirit drink', the production method, a description of the characteristics of the spirit drink, a concise definition of the geographical area, and, where appropriate, specific rules concerning packaging and labelling; Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 83, first paragraph, po	int (3), amending provision	on, third paragraph, poin	t (b)
6	711	(b) a description of the link between the spirit drink and its geographical origin as referred to in Article 3, point (4), including, where appropriate, the specific elements of the product description or production method justifying that link.;	(b) a description of the link between the spirit drink and its geographical origin as referred to in Article 3, point (4), including, where appropriate, the specific elements of the product description or production method justifying that link.;	(b) a description of the link between the spirit drink and its geographical origin as referred to in Article 3, point (4), including, where appropriate, the specific elements of the product description or production method justifying that link.;	(b) a description of the link between the spirit drink and its geographical origin as referred to in Article 3, point (4), including, where appropriate, the specific elements of the product description or production method justifying that link.;



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 83, first paragraph, po	int (4)		
⁶ 712	(4) Articles 24 to 33 and Articles 35 to 40 are deleted.	(4) Articles 24 to 33 and Articles 35 to 40 are deleted.	(4) Articles 24 to 33, Article 34(1) and (2), and Articles 35, 36 and Articles 38 to 40 are deleted.	<pre>(4) Articles 24 to 33, Article 34(1) and (2), and Articles 35, 36 and Articles 38 to 40 are deleted. Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Artic	le 83, first paragraph, po	int (4a)	l	
_б 712 а			(4a) Article 42 is replaced by the following:	<u>(4a)</u> <u>Article 42 is</u> <u>replaced by the</u> <u>following:</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	l cle 83, first paragraph, po	int (4a), amending provis	sion, first paragraph	
۶ 712 b			" Article 42	" <u>Article 42</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 83, first paragraph, po	int (4a), amending provis	sion, second paragraph	
⁶ 712 c			Implementing powers	<u>Implementing powers</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate
	le 83, first paragraph, po	int (4a), amending provis	sion, third paragraph	
^в 712 d			1. The Commission	The Commission may

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement	
				may adopt implementing acts concerning:	adopt implementing acts concerning: Text Origin: Council Mandate	
	Artic	le 83, first paragraph, poi	nt (4a), amending provis	ion, numbered paragrapl	n (1), point (a)	
G	712 e			(a) the form of the product specification;	(a) the form of the product specification; Text Origin: Council Mandate	G
	Artic	e 83, first paragraph, poi	int (4a), amending provis	ion, numbered paragrapl	n (1), point (a)	
G	712 f			(b) the definition of the format and the online presentation of the single document provided for in Article 23(1)(c);	<pre>(b) the definition of the format and the online presentation of the single document provided for in Article 23(1)(c): Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>	G
	Artic	le 83, first paragraph, poi	nt (4a), amending provis	ion, numbered paragrapl	n (1), point (a)	
G	712 g			(c) the exclusion or anonymisation of personal data.	<pre>(c) the exclusion or anonymisation of personal data. Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>	G
	Artic	le 83, first paragraph, poi	nt (4a), amending provis	ion, fourth paragraph		
G	712 h			2. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred	Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 84a(2) of	G

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			to in Article 84a(2) of Regulation (EU) 202X/XXXX of the European Parliament and of the Council on European Union geographical indications for wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products.	Regulation (EU) 202X/XXXX of the European Parliament and of the Council on European Union geographical indications for wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products.
Artio	cle 83, first paragraph, po	int (4b)		
₅ 712 i		 (4a) In Annex I, the following point is inserted: '9a. Potato spirit (a) Potato spirit is a spirit drink produced exclusively by alcoholic fermentation and distillation at less than 94,8 % vol. of potato tubers, so that the distillate has an aroma and taste derived from the raw materials used. (b) The maximum methanol content of potato spirit shall be 1 000 grams per hectolitre of 100 % vol. alcohol. (c) The minimum alcoholic strength by volume of potato spirit shall be 38 %. (d) No alcohol, diluted or otherwise, shall be added. (e) Potato spirit shall not be flavoured. (f) Potato spirit may only contain 		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		added caramel as a means to adapt colour. (g) Potato spirit may be sweetened in order to give it its final taste. However, the final product may not contain more than 10 grams of sweetening products per litre, expressed as invert sugar.';		
Artic	l <mark>e 83, first paragraph, po</mark>	int (4c)		
s 712 j		(4b) In Annex I, the following point is inserted:'13a. Bread spirit'13a. Bread spirit(a) Bread spirit is a spirit drink produced exclusively by alcoholicfermentation and distillation at less than 86 % vol. of fresh bread, so that the resulting distillate has an aroma and taste derived from the raw materials used.(b) The minimum alcoholic strength by volume of bread spirit shall be 38 %.(c) No alcohol, diluted or otherwise, shall be added.(d) Bread spirit shall be added.(e) Bread spirit shall not be flavoured.(f) Bread spirit may only contain added caramel as a means to adapt colour.(f) Bread spirit may be sweetened in order to give it its final taste. However,		(4c) In Annex I, the following point is inserted:'13a. Bread spirit'13a. Bread spirit is a spirit drink produced exclusively by alcoholic fermentation and distillation at less than 86 % vol. of fresh bread, so that the resulting distillate has an aroma and taste derived from the raw materials used. (b) The minimum alcoholic strength by volume of bread spirit shall be 38 %. (c) No alcohol, diluted or otherwise, shall be added. (d) Bread spirit shall be added. (d) Bread spirit shall not be flavoured. (e) Bread spirit may only contain added caramel as a means to adapt colour. (f) Bread spirit may be sweetened in order to give it its final taste. However,

۶ 712 k	Proposal	<u>the final product may</u> <u>not contain more</u> <u>than 20 grams of</u> <u>sweetening products</u> <u>per litre, expressed as</u> <u>invert sugar.';</u> nt (4d)	(4b) In Annex I, the following categories of spirit drinks are added:	the final product may not contain more than 20 grams of sweetening products per litre, expressed as invert sugar.'; Text Origin: EP Mandate
۶ 712 k	, first paragraph, poi	nt (4d)	following categories of spirit drinks are	following categories
⁶ k			following categories of spirit drinks are	following categories
			auutu.	added:
Aut: d. 02				Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article 83	, first paragraph, poi	nt (4d), amending provis	ion, first paragraph	
⁶ 712 1			" 9a. Potato spirit	" <u>9a. Potato spirit</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article 83	, first paragraph, poi	nt (4d), amending provis	ion, first paragraph, poin	t (a)
^в 712 т			(a) Potato spirit is a spirit drink produced exclusively by alcoholic fermentation and distillation of potato tubers at less than 94,8 % vol., so that the distillate has an aroma and taste derived from the raw materials used.	(a) Potato spirit is a spirit drink produced exclusively by alcoholic fermentation and distillation of potato tubers at less than 94,8 % vol., so that the distillate has an aroma and taste derived from the raw materials used. Text Origin: Council

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Artic	le 83, first paragraph, poi	nt (4d), amending provis	ion, first paragraph, poin	t (b)
G	712 n			(b) The maximum methanol content of potato spirit shall be 1 000 grams per hectolitre of 100 % vol. alcohol.	(b) The maximum methanol content of potato spirit shall be <u>1000 grams per</u> hectolitre of 100 % vol. alcohol. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	e 83, first paragraph, poi	nt (4d), amending provis	ion, first paragraph, poin	t (c)
G	712 o			(c) The minimum alcoholic strength by volume of potato spirit shall be 38 %.	<pre>(c) The minimum alcoholic strength by volume of potato spirit shall be 38 %. Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
	Artic	le 83, first paragraph, poi	nt (4d), amending provis	ion, first paragraph, poin	t (d)
G	712 p			(d) No addition of alcohol, diluted or not, shall take place.	(d) <u>No addition of</u> <u>alcohol, diluted or</u> <u>not, shall take place.</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	e 83, first paragraph, poi	nt (4d), amending provis	ion, first paragraph, poin	t (e)
G	712 q			(e) Potato spirit shall not be flavoured.	(e) Potato spirit shall not be flavoured. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	e 83, first paragraph, poi	nt (4d), amending provis	ion, first paragraph, poin	t (f)
G	712				G

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	r			(f) Potato spirit may only contain added caramel as a means of adjusting the colour.	<pre>(f) Potato spirit may only contain added caramel as a means of adjusting the colour. Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
	Artic	le 83, first paragraph, poi	int (4d), amending provi	sion, first paragraph, poir	nt (g)
G	712 s			(g) Potato spirit may be sweetened in order to round off the final taste. However, the final product may not contain more than 10 grams of sweetening products per litre, expressed as invert sugar.'	(g) Potato spirit may be sweetened in order to round off the final taste. However, the final product may not contain more than 10 grams of sweetening products per litre, expressed as invert sugar.' Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 83, first paragraph, poi	int (4d), amending provi	sion, second paragraph	
G	712 t			'13a. Birch sap spirit, maple sap spirit and birch and maple sap spirit	<pre>'13a. Birch sap spirit, maple sap spirit and birch and maple sap spirit Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
	Artic	le 83, first paragraph, poi	int (4d), amending provi	sion, second paragraph, p	point (a)
G	712 u			(a) Birch sap spirit, maple sap spirit and birch and maple sap spirit is a spirit drink produced exclusively by the direct distillation of mash obtained from	(a) <u>Birch sap spirit,</u> maple sap spirit and birch and maple sap spirit is a spirit drink produced exclusively by the direct distillation of mash obtained from

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				fermentation of fresh birch or maple sap or both under normal pressure to an alcohol content of less than 88% by volume, so that the resulting distillate has organoleptic properties derived from birch or maple sap or both.	fermentation of fresh birch or maple sap or both under normal pressure to an alcohol content of less than 88% by volume, so that the resulting distillate has organoleptic properties derived from birch or maple sap or both. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 83, first paragraph, poi	nt (4d), amending provis	sion, second paragraph, p	ooint (b)
G	712 v			(b) The minimum alcoholic strength by volume of birch sap spirit, maple sap spirit and birch and maple sap spirit shall be 38%.	<pre>(b) The minimum alcoholic strength by volume of birch sap spirit, maple sap spirit and birch and maple sap spirit shall be 38%. Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
	Artic	le 83, first paragraph, poi	nt (4d), amending provis	sion, second paragraph, p	point (c)
G	712 w			(c) No addition of alcohol, diluted or not, shall take place.	(c) No addition of alcohol, diluted or not, shall take place. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 83, first paragraph, poi	nt (4d), amending provis	l sion, second paragraph, p	point (d)
G	712 x		· • • • •	(d) Birch sap spirit, maple sap spirit and birch and maple sap spirit shall not be flavoured.	(d) Birch sap spirit, maple sap spirit and birch and maple sap spirit shall not be flavoured.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 83, first paragraph, poi	int (4d), amending provi	ision, second paragraph, p	point (e)
g 712 y			(e) Birch sap spirit, maple sap spirit and birch and maple sap spirit may only contain added caramel as a means of adjusting the colour.	(e) Birch sap spirit, maple sap spirit and birch and maple sap spirit may only contain added caramel as a means of adjusting the colour.
				Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 83, first paragraph, poi	int (4d), amending provi	ision, second paragraph, p	point (f)
^с 712 z			(f) Birch sap spirit, maple sap spirit and birch and maple sap spirit may be sweetened in order to round off the final taste. However, the final product may not contain more than 20 grams of sweetening products per litre, expressed as invert sugar.	(f) Birch sap spirit, maple sap spirit and birch and maple sap spirit may be sweetened in order to round off the final taste. However, the final product may not contain more than 20 grams of sweetening products per litre, expressed as invert sugar.
				Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 83a			
_с 712 аа			Article 83a Amendment to Regulation (EU) No 2019/1753	<u>Article 83a</u> <u>Amendment to</u> <u>Regulation (EU) No</u> <u>2019/1753</u>

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	cle 83a, first paragraph			
712 ab				In Article 2, paragraph 2a is added:
Artio	le 83a, second paragraph			
; 712 ac				2a. "By way of derogation from paragraph 2, when the request addressed to the Member State referred to in paragraph 2 comes from a recognised producer group, as referred to in Article 33 of [GI Regulation] that request shall comprise verifiable information on the economic interest in international protection of the geographical indication concerned."
Artio	le 83a, third paragraph			
712 ad				"On the basis of that request, the Member State concerned shall evaluate the economic interest in international protection of that geographical indication. Provided that the evaluation establishes such economic interest, the Member State shall request the



		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement	
					<u>Commission to</u> <u>register that</u> <u>geographical</u> <u>indication."</u>	
	Artic	le 83a, fourth paragraph				
G	712 ae			In Article 11, the following paragraph is inserted:	<u>In Article 11, the</u> <u>following paragraph</u> <u>is inserted:</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate	G
	Artic	le 83a, fourth paragraph,	amending provision, firs	t paragraph	Ι	
G	712 af			" 2a. In respect of each appellation of origin originating in a Member State which is party to the Lisbon Agreement, for a product which was not within the scope of Regulation (EU) No 1151/2012 but which falls within the scope of Regulation [Regulation on GIs], the Member State concerned shall, on the basis of a request by a natural person or legal entity referred to in point (ii) of Article 5(2) of the Geneva Act or a beneficiary as defined in point (xvii) of Article 1 of the Geneva Act, or on its own initiative, choose to request either:	" <u>2a. In respect of each</u> <u>appellation of origin</u> <u>originating in a</u> <u>Member State which</u> <u>is party to the Lisbon</u> <u>Agreement, for a</u> <u>product which was</u> <u>not within the scope</u> <u>of Regulation (EU)</u> <u>No 1151/2012 but</u> <u>which falls within the</u> <u>scope of Regulation</u> <u>[Regulation on GIs]</u> , <u>the Member State</u> <u>concerned shall, on</u> <u>the basis of a request</u> <u>by a natural person</u> <u>or legal entity</u> <u>referred to in point</u> (ii) of Article 5(2) of <u>the Geneva Act or a</u> <u>beneficiary as defined</u> <u>in point (xvii) of</u> <u>Article 1 of the</u> <u>Geneva Act, or on its</u> <u>own initiative, choose</u> <u>to request either:</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate	6

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article	83a, fourth paragraph,	, amending provision, fi	rst paragraph, point (a)	
712 ag			(a) the international registration of that appellation of origin under the Geneva Act, within twelve months from the date of registration under Regulation [Regulation on GIs], if that Member State has ratified or acceded to the Geneva Act pursuant to the authorisation referred to in Article 3 of Decision (EU) 2019/1754, or	(a) the international registration of that appellation of origin under the Geneva Act, within twelve months from the date of registration under Regulation [Regulation on GIs], if that Member State has ratified or acceded to the Geneva Act pursuant to the authorisation referred to in Article 3 of Decision (EU) 2019/1754, or Text Origin: Council Mandate
Article	83a, fourth paragraph,	, amending provision, fi	rst paragraph, point (b)	
712 ah			(b) the cancellation of the registration of that appellation of origin in the International Register.	<pre>(b) the cancellation of the registration of that appellation of origin in the International Register. Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
Article	83a, fourth paragraph	, amending provision, se	econd paragraph	
712 ai			The Member State concerned shall notify the Commission of the choice referred to in the first	<u>The Member State</u> <u>concerned shall</u> <u>notify the</u> <u>Commission of the</u> <u>choice referred to in</u> the first

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			date of registration of that appellation of origin under Regulation [Regulation on GIs] in case of request of international registration under the Geneva Act and by [note to OJ: please set the date twelve months from the date of application of Regulation [Regulation on GIs] in case of request of cancellation.	date of registration of that appellation of origin under Regulation [Regulation on GIs] in case of request of international registration under the Geneva Act and by [note to OJ: please set the date twelve months from the date of application of Regulation [Regulation on GIs] in case of request of cancellation. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artio	l le 83a, fourth paragraph,	amending provision, thi	rd paragraph	
G 712 aj			In the situations referred to in point (a) of the first subparagraph, the Member State concerned shall, in coordination with the Commission, verify with the International Bureau whether there are any modifications to be made under Rule 7(4) of the Common Regulations for the purpose of registration under the Geneva Act. The Commission shall, by means of an implementing act, authorise the Member State concerned to provide for the necessary modifications and to	In the situations referred to in point (a) of the first subparagraph, the <u>Member State</u> concerned shall, in coordination with the Commission, verify with the International Bureau whether there are any modifications to be made under Rule 7(4) of the Common Regulations for the purpose of registration under the Geneva Act. The Commission shall, by means of an implementing act, authorise the Member State concerned to provide for the necessary modifications and to notify the International

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				notify the International Bureau. That implementing act shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2).	Bureau. That implementing act shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2). Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 83a, fourth paragraph,	amending provision, fou	irth paragraph	
6	712 ak			If the request for registration under Regulation [Regulation on GIs] is refused and related administrative and judicial remedies have been exhausted, or if the request for registration under the Geneva Act has not been made pursuant to the third subparagraph of this paragraph, the Member State concerned shall, without delay, request the cancellation of the registration of that appellation of origin in the International Register.	If the request for registration under Regulation [Regulation on GIs] is refused and related administrative and judicial remedies have been exhausted, or if the request for registration under the Geneva Act has not been made pursuant to the third subparagraph of this paragraph, the Member State concerned shall, without delay, request the cancellation of the registration of that appellation of origin in the International Register. " Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Title	V		Γ	
G	713	Title V Delegation of powers, transitional and final	Title V Delegation of powers, transitional and final	Title V Delegation of powers, procedural,	Title V Delegation of powers, <u>procedural,</u>

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		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		provisions	provisions	transitional and final provisions	transitional and final provisions Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 84			
G	714	Article 84 Delegation of powers	Article 84 Delegation of powers	Article 84 Delegation of powers	Article 84 Delegation of powers Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 84(1)			
G	715	1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.	1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.	1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.	 The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
_	Artic	le 84(2)			
Y	716	2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article 12(4), Article 14(2), Article 15(6), Article 17(5), Article 19(10), Article 23(7), Article 25(10), Article 26(6), Article 28(3), Article 29(3), Article 34(3), Article 46(1), Article 46, Article 47(1), Article 48(6), Article 48(7), Article 49(4), Article 51(3), Article 55(5), Article 56(2), Article 73(10), Article 69(4),	2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article 12(4), <i>Article</i> -14(2), Article 15(6), <i>Article</i> 17(5), <i>Article</i> -19(10), Article 23(7), Article 25(10), <i>Article</i> 26(6), <i>Article</i> 28(3), <i>Article</i> 29(3), <i>Article</i> -34(3), Article 46(1)47(1), Article 4648(7), Article 4648(7), Article 48(6), <i>Article</i> 48(7)50 (3b), Article 49(4), <i>Article</i> -51(3), Article 55(5), Article 56(2),	2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article $12(4)$, Article 14(2), Article 15(6), Article 17(5), Article 19(10), Article 23(7), Article $25(10)$, Article $26(6)$ 25(10) , Article $26(6)$ 25(10) , Article 28(3), Article 29(3), Article $34(3)$, Article 46(1), Article 46, Article 47(1), Article 48(6), Article 48(7) 48a(3) , Article 49(4), - Article 51(3), Article 55(5), Article 56(2), -Article $73(10)$,	2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article $\frac{12(4)}{7}$, Article 14(2), Article $\frac{15(6)}{7}$, Article 17(5), Article 19(10), Article $\frac{23(7)}{7}$, Article 25(10), Article 26(6)25(10), Article 26(6)25(10), Article 28(3), Article $\frac{29(3)}{7}$, Article 34(3), Article 46(1), Article $\frac{46}{7}$, Article 47(1), Article 48(6), Article $\frac{48(7)48a(3)}{7}$, Article 51(3), Article 55(5), Article 56(2), Article 73(10),

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Article 70(2), Article 58(3), Article 62(10), Article 67(3), Article 68(6), Article 76(4), Article 77(1), Article 78(3), Article 78(4), shall be conferred on the Commission for a period of 7 years from [date of entry into force of this Regulation]. The Commission shall draw up a report in respect of the delegation of power not later than 9 months before the end of the seven-year period. The delegation of power shall be tacitly extended for periods of an identical duration, unless the European Parliament or the Council opposes such extension not later than 3 months before the end of each period.	Article 73(10), Article 69(4), Article 70(2), Article 58(3), Article 62(10), Article 67(3), Article 68(6), Article 76(4), Article 77(1), Article 78(3), Article 78(4), shall be conferred on the Commission for a period of <i>7three</i> years from [<i>the</i> date of entry into force of this Regulation]. The Commission shall draw up a report in respect of the delegation of power not later than <i>9nine</i> months before the end of the <i>seven</i> - <i>yearthree-year</i> period. The delegation of power shall be tacitly extended for periods of an identical duration, unless the European Parliament or the Council opposes such extension not later than <i>3three</i> months before the end of each period.	Article 69(4), Article 70(2), Article 58(3), Article 62(10), Article 67(3),- Article 76(4), Article 76(4), Article 78(3), Article 78(4), shall be conferred on the Commission for a period of 7 years from [date of entry into force of this Regulation]. The Commission shall draw up a report in respect of the delegation of power not later than 9 months before the end of the seven-year period. The delegation of power shall be tacitly extended for periods of an identical duration, unless the European Parliament or the Council opposes such extension not later than 3 months before the end of each period.	Article 69(4), Article 70(2), Article 58(3), Article 62(10), Article 67(3),Article 68(6) 69(6), Article 76(4), Article 77(1)77, Article 78(3), Article 78(4), shall be conferred on the Commission for a period of 7 years from [date of entry into force of this Regulation]. The Commission shall draw up a report in respect of the delegation of power not later than 9 months before the end of the seven-year period. The delegation of power shall be tacitly extended for periods of an identical duration, unless the European Parliament or the Council opposes such extension not later than 3 months before the end of each period. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 84(3)			
717	3. The delegation of power related to in the Articles referred to in paragraph 2 may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of power specified in	3. The delegation of power related to in the Articles referred to in paragraph 2 may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of power specified in	3. The delegation of power related to in the Articles referred to in paragraph 2 may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of power specified in	3. The delegation of power related to in the Articles referred to in paragraph 2 may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of power specified in
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		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.	that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.	that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.	that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 84(4)			
6	718	4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making.	4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making.	4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making.	4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 84(5)			
G	719	5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.	5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.	5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.	5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council. Text Origin: Commission

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	·			Proposal
Artic	e 84(6)			
720	6. A delegated act adopted pursuant to the Articles referred to in paragraph 2 shall enter into force only if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or by the Council within a period of 2 months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by 2 months at the initiative of the European Parliament or of the Council.	6. A delegated act adopted pursuant to the Articles referred to in paragraph 2 shall enter into force only if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or by the Council within a period of 2 months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by 2 months at the initiative of the European Parliament or of the Council.	6. A delegated act adopted pursuant to the Articles referred to in paragraph 2 shall enter into force only if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or by the Council within a period of 2 months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by 2 months at the initiative of the European Parliament or of the Council.	6. A delegated act adopted pursuant to the Articles referred to in paragraph 2 shall enter into force only if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or by the Council within a period of 2 months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by 2 months at the initiative of the European Parliament or of the Council. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	e 84a		[
720 a			Article 84a Committee procedure	<u>Article 84a</u> <u>Committee procedure</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	e 84a(1)		I	
720 b			1. The Commission	1. The Commission



		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				shall be assisted by the Quality Policy Committee for agricultural products, wine and spirit drinks. That Committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	shall be assisted by the Quality Policy Committee for agricultural products, wine and spirit drinks. That Committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 84a(2)			
G	720 c			2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	<pre>2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply. Text Origin: Council Mandate</pre>
	Artic	le 85			
G	721	Article 85 Transitional provision for the classification of geographical indications	Article 85 Transitional provision for the classification of geographical indications	Article 85 Transitional provision for the classification of geographical indications	Article 85 Transitional provision for the classification of geographical indications Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Artic	le 85, first paragraph			
G	722	The classification, referred to in Article 6(1), of geographical indications registered or applied for before	The classification, referred to in Article 6(1), of geographical indications registered or applied for before	The classification, referred to in Article 6(1), of geographical indications registered or applied for before	The classification, referred to in Article 6(1), of geographical indications registered or applied for before

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	the date of entry into force of this Regulation shall be made in accordance with the table set out in Annex III.	the date of entry into force of this Regulation shall be made in accordance with the table set out in Annex III.	the date of entry into forceapplication of this Regulation shall be made in accordance with the table set out in Annex III.	the date of entry into force of this Regulation shall be made in accordance with the table set out in Annex III. Text Origin: EP Mandate
Artic	le 86	L	L	
⁶ 723	Article 86 Transitional provisions for pending applications	Article 86 Transitional provisions for pending applications	Article 86 Transitional provisions for pending applications and registered names	Article 86 Transitional provisions for pending applications <u>and</u> <u>registered names</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 86(1)			
G 724	1. Rules applicable before the entry into force of this Regulation shall continue to apply to applications for registration, applications for approval of a Union amendment to the product specification and requests for cancellation of geographical indications received by the Commission before the date of entry into force of this Regulation.	1. Rules applicable before the entry into force of this Regulation shall continue to apply to applications for registration, applications for approval of a Union amendment to the product specification and requests for cancellation of geographical indications received by the Commission before the date of entry into force of this Regulation.	1. Rules applicable before the entry into forcedate of application of this Regulation shall continue to apply to applications for registration, applications for approval of a Union amendment to the product specification and requests for cancellation of geographical indications received by the Commission before the date of entry into force application.	1. Rules applicable before the entry into force of this Regulation shall continue to apply to applications for registration, applications for approval of a Union amendment to the product specification and requests for cancellation of geographical indications received by the Commission before the date of entry into force of this Regulation. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 86(2)			

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
s 725	2. However, Article 19 to Article 22 shall apply to those applications and requests for which the publication for opposition of the application for registration, of the application for approval of a Union amendment to the product specification or of the request for cancellation of a geographical indication in the EU Official Journal takes place after [date of the entry into force of this regulation].	2. However, Article 19 to Article 22 shall apply to those applications and requests for which the publication for opposition of the application for registration, of the application for approval of a Union amendment to the product specification or of the request for cancellation of a geographical indication in the EU Official Journal takes place after [date of the entry into force of this regulation].	2. However, Article 19 to ArticleArticles 19, 20, 21(1) to (5) and 22 shall apply to those applications and requests for which the publication for opposition of the application for registration, of the application for approval of a Union amendment to the product specification or of the request for cancellation of a geographical indication in the EU Official Journal takes place after [date of the entry into forceapplication of this Regulation].	2. However, Article 19 to Article Articles 19, 20, 21(1) to (5) and 22 shall apply to those applications and requests for which the publication for opposition of the application for registration, of the application for approval of a Union amendment to the product specification or of the request for cancellation of a geographical indication in the EU Official Journal takes place after [date of the entry into force of this Regulation]. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 86(2a)		[
G 725 a	e 86(3)		2a. The provision on the extension of the transitional period referred to in Article 21(6a) shall also apply in relation to transitional periods still ongoing on the date of the entry into force of this Regulation.	 2a. The provision on the extension of the transitional period referred to in Article 21(6a) shall also apply in relation to transitional periods still ongoing on the date of the entry into force of this Regulation. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	le 86(3)			
۶ 726	3. Rules applicable	3. Rules applicable	3. Rules applicable	3. Rules applicable

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	before the entry into force of this Regulation shall continue to apply to applications for registration, approval of a Union amendment to the product specification and requests for cancellation of traditional specialities guaranteed received by the Commission before the date of entry into force of this Regulation.	before the entry into force of this Regulation shall continue to apply to applications for registration, applications for approval of a Union amendment to the product specification and requests for cancellation of traditional specialities guaranteed received by the Commission before the date of entry into force of this Regulation.	before the entry into forcedate of application of this Regulation shall continue to apply to applications for registration, applications for approval of a Union amendment to the product specification and requests for cancellation of traditional specialities guaranteed received by the Commission before the date of entry into forceapplication of this Regulation.	before the entry into force of this Regulation shall continue to apply to applications for registration, applications for approval of a Union amendment to the product specification and requests for cancellation of traditional specialities guaranteed received by the Commission before the date of entry into force of this Regulation. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
 Arti 727 	4. However, Article 62 to Article 65 shall apply to those applications and requests for which the publication for opposition of the application for registration, of the application for approval of a Union amendment to the product specification or of the request of cancellation of a traditional speciality guaranteed in the EU Official Journal takes place after [date of the entry into force of this regulation].	4. However, Article 62 to Article 65 shall apply to those applications and requests for which the publication for opposition of the application for registration, of the application for approval of a Union amendment to the product specification or of the request of cancellation of a traditional speciality guaranteed in the EU Official Journal takes place after [date of the entry into force of this regulation].	4. However, Article 62 to Article 65 shall apply to those applications and requests for which the publication for opposition of the application for registration, of the application for approval of a Union amendment to the product specification or of the request of cancellation of a traditional speciality guaranteed in the EU Official Journal takes place after [date of the entry into forceapplication of this Regulation].	4. However, Article 62 to Article 65 shall apply to those applications and requests for which the publication for opposition of the application for registration, of the application for approval of a Union amendment to the product specification or of the request of cancellation of a traditional speciality guaranteed in the EU Official Journal takes place after [date of the entry into force of this regulation]. Text Origin: Commission Proposal

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Artic	le 86(4a)			
y 727				
a Autio	le 86a			
۶ 727 b			Article 86a Transitional provisions for national geographical indications	Article 86a Transitional provisions for national geographical indications Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 86a(1)	I	1	
G 727 C			1. Protection of geographical indications which designate products which were not within the scope of Regulation (EU) No 1151/2012 but which fall within the scope of this Regulation, granted under national law, shall cease on [one year after the date of application of this Regulation] if no application for registration is submitted to the Commission pursuant to Article 15 of this Regulation.	 1. Protection of geographical indications which designate products which were not within the scope of Regulation (EU) No 1151/2012 but which fall within the scope of this Regulation, granted under national law, shall cease on [one year after the date of application of this Regulation] if no application for registration is submitted to the Commission pursuant to Article 15 of this Regulation. Text Origin: Council Mandate
	le 86a(2), first subparagra	aph		
g 727				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement	
d			2. If an application for the registration of a geographical indication, as referred to in paragraph 1, is submitted to the Commission before the date referred to in paragraph 1, national protection shall cease on the date the Commission decides on the registration of that geographical indication in accordance with Article 22. Article 9 shall not apply to this application. In case of rejection of the application for registration, national protection shall continue until all judicial remedies have been exhausted, if relevant.	2. If an application for the registration of a geographical indication, as referred to in paragraph 1, is submitted to the Commission before the date referred to in paragraph 1, national protection shall cease on the date the Commission decides on the registration of that geographical indication in accordance with Article 22. Article 9 shall not apply to this application. In case of rejection of the application for registration, national protection shall continue until all judicial remedies have been exhausted, if relevant. After the national protection has ceased, the concerned Member State shall, without delay, request the cancellation of the registration of the registration of the registration of the the Register of the International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organisation.	
Artio	cle 86a(2), second subpara	agraph	I)	
_с 727 е			Where the Commission rejects		G



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			the application for registration in accordance with this Regulation, the Member State concerned shall, without delay, request the cancellation of the registration of the corresponding Appellation of Origin in the Register of the International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organisation.	
Artic	le 87	[[
₅ 728	Article 87 Continuity of the registers	Article 87 Continuity of the registers	Article 87 Continuity of the registers	Article 87 Continuity of the registers Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 87(1)	<u> </u>		
• 729	1. Each designation of origin and geographical indication of wine and of agricultural products, and each geographical indication of spirit drinks, with all relevant data, and data concerning pending applications for registration, amendment or cancellation, entered in the respective geographical indications registers shall be entered	1. Each designation of origin and geographical indication of wine and of agricultural products, and each geographical indication of spirit drinks, with all relevant data, and data concerning pending applications for registration, amendment or cancellation, entered in the respective geographical indications registers shall be entered	1. Each designation of origin and geographical indication of wine and of agricultural products, and each geographical indication of spirit drinks, with all relevant data, and data concerning pending applications for registration, amendment or cancellation, entered in the respective geographical indications registers shall be entered	1. Each designation of origin and geographical indication of wine and of agricultural products, and each geographical indication of spirit drinks, with all relevant data, and data concerning pending applications for registration, amendment or cancellation, entered in the respective geographical indications registers shall be entered

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	automatically into the Union register of geographical indications.	automatically into the Union register of geographical indications.	automatically into the Union register of geographical indications.	automatically into the Union register of geographical indications. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Arti	cle 87(2)		Ι	
۶ 730	2. Each traditional speciality guaranteed entered in the traditional specialities guaranteed register, with all relevant data, and data concerning pending applications for registration amendment or cancellation, on the day before the entry into application of this Regulation, shall be entered automatically into the Union register of traditional specialities guaranteed.	2. Each traditional speciality guaranteed entered in the traditional specialities guaranteed register, with all relevant data, and data concerning pending applications for registration amendment or cancellation, on the day before the entry into application of this Regulation, shall be entered automatically into the Union register of traditional specialities guaranteed.	2. Each traditional speciality guaranteed entered in the traditional specialities guaranteed register, with all relevant data, and data concerning pending applications for registration amendment or cancellation, on the day before the entry into application of this Regulation, shall be entered automatically into the Union register of traditional specialities guaranteed.	2. Each traditional speciality guaranteed entered in the traditional specialities guaranteed register, with all relevant data, and data concerning pending applications for registration amendment or cancellation, on the day before the entry into application of this Regulation, shall be entered automatically into the Union register of traditional specialities guaranteed.
Arti	cle 88			
۶ 731	Article 88 Repeal	Article 88 Repeal	Article 88 Repeal	Article 88 Repeal Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Arti	cle 88, first paragraph			
۶ 732	Regulation (EU) No 1151/2012 is			

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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	repealed.	repealed.	repealed.	repealed. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Artic	le 88, second paragraph			
۶ 733	References to the repealed Regulation shall be construed as references to this Regulation.	References to the repealed Regulation shall be construed as references to this Regulation.	References to the repealed Regulation shall be construed as references to this Regulation.	C
Artic	le 88a			
_б 733 а			Article 88a Correlation table	Article 88a Correlation table Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 88a, unnumbered para	agraph		
^с 733 b			References to the repealed Regulation (EU) No 1151/2012 and references to the deleted provisions as referred to in Articles 81(3) and 83(4) shall be construed as references to this Regulation and shall be read in accordance with the correlation table in [Annex IV].	References to the repealed Regulation (EU) No 1151/2012 and references to the deleted provisions as referred to in Articles 81(3) and 83(4) shall be construed as references to this Regulation and shall be read in accordance with the correlation table in [Annex IV]. Text Origin: Council Mandate
Artic	le 88b		· 	
_с 733 с			Article 88b	<u>Article 88b</u>



		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Repeal and amendment of delegated and implementing acts	Repeal and amendment of delegated and implementing acts Text Origin: Council Mandate
	Artic	le 88b, unnumbered para	agraph		
G	733 d			The Commission shall repeal or replace, as appropriate, the delegated and implementing acts adopted on the basis of Regulation (EU) No 1151/2012 or on the basis of the provisions referred to in Articles 81 and 83, to the extent necessary to bring them in conformity with the empowerments provided for in this Regulation and so as to enable their application by the date of application referred to in Article 89.	The Commission shall repeal or replace, as appropriate, the delegated and implementing acts adopted on the basis of Regulation (EU) No 1151/2012 or on the basis of the provisions referred to in Articles 81 and 83, to the extent necessary to bring them in conformity with the empowerments provided for in this Regulation.
	Artic	le 89			
G	734	Article 89 Entry into force	Article 89 Entry into force	Article 89 Entry into force and date of application	Article 89 Entry into force <u>and</u> <u>date of application</u> Text Origin: Council Mandate
		le 89, first paragraph			
G	735				G



	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	This Regulation shall enter into force on the [] day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	This Regulation shall enter into force on the [] day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	This Regulation shall enter into force on the []twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European UnionOfficial Journal of the European Union.	This Regulation shall enter into force on the f]twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union. Articles 9(4) and (5), 39(1) and 45 shall apply as of [1] January 2025].
Artic	le 89, first paragraph a			
735 a			It shall apply as from [one year after the date of the entry into force]. However, Articles 21(6a) and 86(2a) shall apply as of [date of entry into force].	
Artic	le 89, second paragraph			1
736	This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.	This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.	This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.	This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States. Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Form	nula		[[
737	Done at Brussels,	Done at Brussels,	Done at Brussels,	Done at Brussels, Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Form	nula			
	For the European Parliament	For the European Parliament	For the European Parliament	For the European Parliament

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		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
					Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Form	iula	Γ		
G	739	The President	The President	The President	The President Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Form	iula		1	
G	740	For the Council	For the Council	For the Council	For the Council Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Form	iula		· ·	
G	741	The President	The President	The President	The President Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Form	ula			
G	742	() ()	() ()	() ()	() () Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	ex l	l	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
G	743	Annex I	Annex I	Annex I	Annex I Text Origin: Commission Proposal

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Anne	ex I, first paragraph			
G	744	Additional agricultural products referred to in Article 5(1)	Additional agricultural products referred to in Article 5(1)	Additional agricultural products referred to in Article 5(1)	Additional agricultural products referred to in Article 5(1) Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	ex I, second paragraph			
G	745	Products	Products	Products	Products Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	ex I, third paragraph	• •	•	
G	746	CN Heading 25.01 (salt)	CN Heading 25.01 (salt)	CN Heading 25.01 (salt)	CN Heading 25.01 (salt) Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x I, fourth paragraph			1
G	747	CN Code 29.05.43 (mannitol)	CN Code 29.05.43 (mannitol)	CN Code 29.05.43 (mannitol)	
	Anne	ex I, fifth paragraph			-
G	748	CN Code 29.05.44 (sorbitol)	CN Code 29.05.44 (sorbitol)	CN Code 29.05.44 (sorbitol)	
	Anne	x I, sixth paragraph			
G	749	CN Heading 32.03 (cochineal)	CN Heading 32.03 (cochineal)	CN Heading 32.03 (cochineal)	CN Heading 32.03 (cochineal) Text Origin: Commission Proposal

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Anne	x I, seventh paragraph			
G	750	CN Heading 33.01 (essential oils)	CN Heading 33.01 (essential oils)	CN Heading 33.01 (essential oils)	CN Heading 33.01 (essential oils) Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x I, eighth paragraph			
G	751	CN Headings 35.01 to 35.05 (albuminoidal substances, modified starches, glues)	CN Headings 35.01 to 35.05 (albuminoidal substances, modified starches, glues)	CN Headings 35.01 to 35.05 (albuminoidal substances, modified starches, glues)	CN Headings 35.01 to 35.05 (albuminoidal substances, modified starches, glues) Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x I, ninth paragraph			
G	752	CN Code 38.09.10 (finishing agents)	CN Code 38.09.10 (finishing agents)	CN Code 38.09.10 (finishing agents)	
	Anne	x I, tenth paragraph			
G	753	CN Code 38.23.60 (sorbitol n.e.p.)	CN Code 38.23.60 (sorbitol n.e.p.)	CN Code 38.23.60 (sorbitol n.e.p.)	
	Anne	x I, eleventh paragraph			
G	754	CN Headings 41.01 to 41.03 (hides and skins)	CN Headings 41.01 to 41.03 (hides and skins)	CN Headings 41.01 to 4 1.03 (hides and skins)	CN Headings 41.01 to 41.03 (hides and skins) Text Origin: EP Mandate
	A				
	Anne	x I, twelfth paragraph			
G	755	CN Heading 43.01 (raw furskins)			

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
					Text Origin: EP Mandate
	Anne	x I, thirteenth paragraph			
G	756	CN Heading 45.01 (cork)	CN Heading 45.01 (cork)	CN Heading 45.01 (cork)	CN Heading 45.01 (cork) Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x I, fourteenth paragraph	ו		
G	757	CN Headings 50.01 to 50.03 (raw silk and silk waste)	CN Headings 50.01 to 50.03 (raw silk and silk waste)	CN Headings 50.01 to 50.03 (raw silk and silk waste)	CN Headings 50.01 to 50.03 (raw silk and silk waste) Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x I, fifteenth paragraph		Γ	
G	758	CN Headings 51.01 to 51.03 (wool and animal hair)	CN Headings 51.01 to 51.03 (wool and animal hair)	CN Headings 51.01 to 51.03 (wool and animal hair)	CN Headings 51.01 to 51.03 (wool and animal hair) Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x I, sixteenth paragraph			
G	759	CN Headings 52.01 to 52.03 (raw cotton, waste and cotton carded or combed)	CN Headings 52.01 to 52.03 (raw cotton, waste and cotton carded or combed)	CN Headings 52.01 to 52.03 (raw cotton, waste and cotton carded or combed)	CN Headings 52.01 to 52.03 (raw cotton, waste and cotton carded or combed) Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x I, seventeenth paragra	ph		
G	760	CN Heading 53.01	CN Heading 53.01	CN Heading 53.01	CN Heading 53.01

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		(raw flax)	(raw flax)	(raw flax)	(raw flax) Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x I, eighteenth paragrap	h		
G	761	CN Heading 53.02 (raw hemp)	CN Heading 53.02 (raw hemp)	CN Heading 53.02 (raw hemp)	CN Heading 53.02 (raw hemp) Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	ex II		1	
G	762	Annex II	Annex II	Annex II	Annex II Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	ex II, first paragraph	L		
G	763	Additional agricultural products referred to in Article 54(2)	Additional agricultural products referred to in Article 54(2)	Additional agricultural productsFoodstuffs referred to in Article 54(2)	Additional Foodstuffs and agricultural products referred to in Article 54(2)53a Text Origin: Council Mandate
_	Anne	ex II, second paragraph			
G	764	Traditional specialities guaranteed	Traditional specialities guaranteed	Traditional specialities guaranteed	Traditional specialities guaranteed Text Origin: Commission Proposal
		ex II, second paragraph, p	oint (a)		
G	765				



		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		(a) prepared meals,	(a) prepared meals,	(a) prepared meals,	(a) prepared meals, Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x II, second paragraph, p	oint (b)		
G	766	(b) beer,	(b) beer,	(b) beer,	(b) beer, Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	ex II, second paragraph, p	oint (c)		
G	767	(c) chocolate and derived products,	(c) chocolate and derived products,	(c) chocolate and derived products,	(c) chocolate and derived products, Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x II, second paragraph, p	oint (d)		
G	768	(d) bread,	(d) bread,	(d) bread,	(d) bread, Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x II, second paragraph, p	oint (e)		
G	769	(e) pastry and cakes,	(e) pastry and cakes,	(e) pastry and cakes,	(e) pastry and cakes, Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x II, second paragraph, p	oint (f)		1
G	770	(f) confectionery,	(f) confectionery,	(f) confectionery,	(f) confectionery, Text Origin: Commission

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Proposal
Anne	x II, second paragraph, p	oint (g)		
	(g) biscuits and other baker's wares,	(g) biscuits and other baker's wares,	(g) biscuits and other baker's wares,	(g) biscuits and other baker's wares,
771				Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Anne	x II, second paragraph, p	oint (h)	1	
772	(h) beverages made from plant extracts,	(h) beverages made from plant extracts,	(h) beverages made from plant extracts,	<pre>(h) beverages made from plant extracts, Text Origin: Commission Proposal</pre>
Anne	x II, second paragraph, p	oint (i)		
773	(i) pasta,	(i) pasta,	(i) pasta,	(i) pasta, Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Anne	x II, second paragraph, p	oint (j)	1	
774	(j) salt.	(j) salt.	(j) salt.	(j) salt. Text Origin:
				Commission Proposal
Anne	x II, second paragraph, p	oint (ja)		
774 a			(k) aerated waters.	<u>(ja)</u> aerated waters. Text Origin: Council Mandate
				l

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
G	774 b				<u>(jb)</u> <u>cork</u>
	Anne	x III			
G	775	Annex III	Annex III	Annex III	Annex III Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x III, first paragraph		1	
G	776	Table of correspondence referred to in Article 85	Table of correspondence referred to in Article 85	Table of correspondence referred to in Article 85	Table of correspondence referred to in Article 85 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 1, I	Row 1	1	
G	777	Existing product classification	Existing product classification	Existing product classification	Existing product classification Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 1, I	Row 2		
G	778	Wines	Wines	Wines	Wines Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 1, I	Row 3		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
G	779	Spirit drinks	Spirit drinks	Spirit drinks	Spirit drinks Text Origin: Commission Proposal

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 1, I	Row 4		
G	780	Class 1.1. Fresh meat (and offal)	Class 1.1. Fresh meat (and offal)	Class 1.1. Fresh meat (and offal)	Class 1.1. Fresh meat (and offal) Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 1, I	Row 5		
G	781	Class 1.2. Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)	Class 1.2. Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)	Class 1.2. Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)	Class 1.2. Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.) Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 1, I	Row 6		
G	782	Class 1.3. Cheeses	Class 1.3. Cheeses	Class 1.3. Cheeses	Class 1.3. Cheeses Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 1, I	Row 7		
G	783	Class 1.4. Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)	Class 1.4. Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)	Class 1.4. Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)	Class 1.4. Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.) Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 1, I	Row 8		
G	784	Class 1.5. Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)	Class 1.5. Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)	Class 1.5. Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)	Class 1.5. Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 1, I	Row 9		
∝ 785	Class 1.6. Fruit, vegetables and cereals fresh or processed	Class 1.6. Fruit, vegetables and cereals fresh or processed	Class 1.6. Fruit, vegetables and cereals fresh or processed	Class 1.6. Fruit, vegetables and cereals fresh or processed Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 1, I	Row 10		
∘ 786	Class 1.7. Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom	Class 1.7. Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom	Class 1.7. Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom	Class 1.7. Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 1, F	Row 11		
۶ 787	Class 1.8. Other products listed in Annex I to the Treaty (spices etc.)	Class 1.8. Other products listed in Annex I to the Treaty (spices etc.)	Class 1.8. Other products listed in Annex I to the Treaty (spices etc.)	Class 1.8. Other products listed in Annex I to the Treaty (spices etc.) Text Origin: Commission
				Proposal
Anne	x III <mark>, Table 1, Column 1, I</mark>	Row 12		
۶ 788	Class 2.1. Beer,	Class 2.1. Beer,	Class 2.1. Beer,	Class 2.1. Beer, Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 1, I	Row 13	1	

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
G	789	Class 2.2. Chocolate and derived products	Class 2.2. Chocolate and derived products	Class 2.2. Chocolate and derived products	Class 2.2. Chocolate and derived products Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 1, I	Row 14		
G	790	Class 2.3. Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares	Class 2.3. Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares	Class 2.3. Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares	Class 2.3. Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 1, I	Row 15		
G	791	Class 2.4. Beverages made from plant extracts,	Class 2.4. Beverages made from plant extracts,	Class 2.4. Beverages made from plant extracts,	Class 2.4. Beverages made from plant extracts, Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 1, I	Row 16		
G	792	Class 2.5. Pasta	Class 2.5. Pasta	Class 2.5. Pasta	Class 2.5. Pasta Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 1, I	Row 17		
G	793	Class 2.6. Salt	Class 2.6. Salt	Class 2.6. Salt	Class 2.6. Salt Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 1, F	Row 18		

د 794 ٤ Annex	Class 2.7. Natural gums and resins III, Table 1, Column 1, R Class 2.8. Mustard	Class 2.7. Natural gums and resins	Class 2.7. Natural gums and resins	Class 2.7. Natural gums and resins Text Origin: Commission Proposal
(I		Row 19		
1	Class 2.8 Mustard			
	paste	Class 2.8. Mustard paste	Class 2.8. Mustard paste	Class 2.8. Mustard paste Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Annex	III, Table 1, Column 1, R	Row 20		
∘ 796	Class 2.9. Hay	Class 2.9. Hay	Class 2.9. Hay	Class 2.9. Hay Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Annex	III, Table 1, Column 1, R	Row 21		_
	Class 2.10. Essential oils	Class 2.10. Essential oils	Class 2.10. Essential oils	Class 2.10. Essential oils Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Annex	III, Table 1, Column 1, R	Row 22		
₅ 798	Class 2.11. Cork	Class 2.11. Cork	Class 2.11. Cork	Class 2.11. Cork Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Annex	III, Table 1, Column 1, R	Row 23		
ه 799 و	Class 2.12. Cochineal	Class 2.12. Cochineal	Class 2.12. Cochineal	Class 2.12. Cochineal

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		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
					Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 1, I	Row 24		
G	800	Class 2.13. Flowers and ornamental plants	Class 2.13. Flowers and ornamental plants	Class 2.13. Flowers and ornamental plants	Class 2.13. Flowers and ornamental plants Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 1, I	Row 25		
G	801	Class 2.14. Cotton	Class 2.14. Cotton	Class 2.14. Cotton	Class 2.14. Cotton Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 1, I	Row 26		
G	802	Class 2.15. Wool	Class 2.15. Wool	Class 2.15. Wool	Class 2.15. Wool Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 1, I	Row 27		
G	803	Class 2.16. Wicker	Class 2.16. Wicker	Class 2.16. Wicker	Class 2.16. Wicker Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 1, I	Row 28	1	
G	804	Class 2.17. Scutched flax	Class 2.17. Scutched flax	Class 2.17. Scutched flax	Class 2.17. Scutched flax Text Origin: Commission Proposal

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement		
Anne	Annex III, Table 1, Column 1, Row 29					
s 805	Class 2.18. Leather	Class 2.18. Leather	Class 2.18. Leather	Class 2.18. Leather Text Origin: Commission Proposal		
Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 1, I	Row 30	-			
۶ 806	Class 2.19. Fur	Class 2.19. Fur	Class 2.19. Fur	Class 2.19. Fur Text Origin: Commission Proposal		
Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 1, I	Row 31				
۶ 807	Class 2.20. Feather	Class 2.20. Feather	Class 2.20. Feather	Class 2.20. Feather Text Origin: Commission Proposal		
Anne	ex III, Table 1, Column 1, I	Row 32				
۶ 808	Class 2.21. Aromatised wines	Class 2.21. Aromatised wines	Class 2.21. Aromatised wines	Class 2.21. Aromatised wines Text Origin: Commission Proposal		
Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 1,	Row 33				
۶ 809	Class 2.22 Other alcoholic beverages	Class 2.22 Other alcoholic beverages	Class 2.22 Other alcoholic beverages	Class 2.22 Other alcoholic beverages Text Origin: Commission Proposal		
Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 1,	Row 34		·		
۶ 810						

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Class 2.23. Beeswax	Class 2.23. Beeswax	Class 2.23. Beeswax	Class 2.23. Beeswax
				Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 2,	ROW 1		
811	Combined nomenclature headings corresponding to the existing product classification			
				Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 2,	Row 2	1	
012	CN 22 04	CN 22 04	CN 22 04	CN 22 04
812				Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 2,	Row 3	T	
	CN 22 08	CN 22 08	CN 22 08	CN 22 08
813				Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 2,	Row 4		
	CN 02	CN 02	CN 02	CN 02
814				Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 2,	Row 5		
	CN 16	CN 16	CN 16	CN 16

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
					Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 2, I	Row 6		
G	816	CN 04 06	CN 04 06	CN 04 06	CN 04 06 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 2, I	Row 7	·	
G	817	CN 04	CN 04	CN 04	CN 04 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 2, I	Row 8		
G	818	CN 15	CN 15	CN 15	CN 15 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 2, I	Row 9	1	
G	819	CN 07; CN 08; CN 10; CN 11; CN 20	CN 07; CN 08; CN 10; CN 11; CN 20	CN 07; CN 08; CN 10; CN 11; CN 20	CN 07; CN 08; CN 10; CN 11; CN 20 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 2, I	Row 10	1	
G	820	CN 03; CN 16	CN 03; CN 16	CN 03; CN 16	CN 03; CN 16 Text Origin: Commission Proposal

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 2, I	Row 11		
821	Class 1.8 covers diverse headings of the combined nomenclature	Class 1.8 covers diverse headings of the combined nomenclature	Class 1.8 covers diverse headings of the combined nomenclature	Class 1.8 covers diverse headings of the combined nomenclature Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 2, I	Row 12		
822	CN 22 03	CN 22 03	CN 22 03	CN 22 03 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 2, I	Row 13		
823	CN 18 06	CN 18 06	CN 18 06	CN 18 06 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 2, I	Row 14		1
824	CN 19 05	CN 19 05	CN 19 05	CN 19 05 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 2, I	Row 15		I
825	CN 22 05; CN 22 06	CN 22 05; CN 22 06	CN 22 05; CN 22 06	CN 22 05; CN 22 06 Text Origin: Commission Proposal

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
G	826	CN 19 02	CN 19 02	CN 19 02	CN 19 02 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 2, I	Row 17		
G	827	CN 25 01	CN 25 01	CN 25 01	CN 25 01 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 2, I	Row 18		
G	828	CN 13 01	CN 13 01	CN 13 01	CN 13 01 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 2, I	Row 19	-	
G	829	CN 21 03	CN 21 03	CN 21 03	CN 21 03 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 2, I	Row 20	I	
G	830	CN 12 14 90	CN 12 14 90	CN 12 14 90	CN 12 14 90 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 2, I	Row 21	1	
G	831	CN 33 01	CN 33 01	CN 33 01	CN 33 01 Text Origin: Commission

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
				Proposal
Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 2,	Row 22		
832	CN 45 01	CN 45 01	CN 45 01	CN 45 01 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 2, I	Row 23		
833	CN 32 03	CN 32 03	CN 32 03	CN 32 03 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 2,	Row 24	Γ	Τ
834	CN 06 02; CN 06 03; CN 06 04	CN 06 02; CN 06 03; CN 06 04	CN 06 02; CN 06 03; CN 06 04	CN 06 02; CN 06 03; CN 06 04 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 2,	Row 25	I	1
835	CN 52 01	CN 52 01	CN 52 01	CN 52 01 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 2,	Row 26		
836	CN 51 01	CN 51 01	CN 51 01	CN 51 01 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 2,	Row 27		·
837				



		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		CN 14 01	CN 14 01	CN 14 01	CN 14 01 Text Origin:
	4.0.00		2011/20		Commission Proposal
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 2, I	Row 28		
G	838	CN 53 01 21	CN 53 01 21	CN 53 01 21	CN 53 01 21 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 2, I	Row 29		
		CN 41	CN 41	CN 41	CN 41
G	839				Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 2, I	Row 30		
		CN 43 01	CN 43 01	CN 43 01	CN 43 01
G	840				Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 2, I	Row 31		
		CN 05 05	CN 05 05	CN 05 05	CN 05 05
G	841				Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 2, I	Row 32	1	
G	842	CN 22 05	CN 22 05	CN 22 05	CN 22 05
	072				Text Origin: Commission Proposal

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Anne	x III, Table 1, Column 2, I	Row 33		
G	843	CN 22 06	CN 22 06	CN 22 06	CN 22 06 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
_	Anne	ex III, Table 1, Column 2, I	Row 34	1	
c	844	CN 15 21 90	CN 15 21 90	CN 15 21 90	CN 15 21 90 Text Origin: Commission Proposal
	Anne	ex IV			
Y	844 a			Annex IV	Y

