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From: General Secretariat of the Council
To: Delegations

Subject: Draft Council Decision requesting the Commission to submit a study complementing the impact assessment of the proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on the sustainable use of plant protection products and amending Regulation (EU) 2021/2115 - comments from Cyprus

Delegations will find in annex comments from Cyprus on the above subject.

Comments from Cyprus**DRAFT COUNCIL DECISION (EU) 2022/...
of ...**

requesting the Commission to submit a study complementing the impact assessment of the proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on the sustainable use of plant protection products and amending Regulation (EU) 2021/2115, and to propose follow-up actions, if appropriate in view of the outcomes of the study

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 241 thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) In its Conclusions on the Farm to Fork Strategy from 19 October 2020, the Council took note of the reduction targets for pesticides proposed by the Strategy and highlighted the need for effort and intensive collaboration of all stakeholders involved in achieving such target.
- (2) On 22 June 2022, the Commission submitted to the European Parliament and to the Council a proposal for a Regulation on the sustainable use of plant protection products and amending Regulation (EU) 2021/2115. The proposal aims to provide an ambitious approach to address growing societal concerns around the use and risk of pesticides and its impact on the environment and human health. It includes new rules on the sustainable use of pesticides widely restricting their use in sensitive areas, while promoting the use of alternative non-chemical pest control techniques and the implementation of Integrated Pest Management. The proposal introduces legally binding Union reduction targets of 50% in pesticide use and risk, while obliging the Member States to set national reduction targets to achieve this overall target. These

national targets may deviate from the 50% Union targets only within the parameters of a binding formula.

- (3) Since the impact assessment supporting the proposal was prepared before the war in Ukraine and the energy and food price crises, the Council is concerned that it does not take into account the possible long-term impacts of these crises on the food security in the Union and the rest of the world. The Council therefore considers that additional quantitative analysis on a number of indicators needs to be conducted in order to determine whether the assessment of the economic and social effects of the proposal need to be adjusted. In particular, the Council considers that an additional analysis reflecting the EU's agricultural production, the expected decrease in yields in the EU as a result of reducing and restricting the use of plant protection products, as well as the potential dependence on food imports should be carried out. The Council also considers that a more in-depth analysis of the status of small and medium enterprises and the profitability along their supply chain would be necessary.
- (4) The Council welcomes the Commission non-paper on sensitive areas¹ and its proposal to reduce the extent of these areas to ensure feasibility of a ban or partial-ban on the use of chemical pesticides in these areas. However, the Council is of the opinion that further data and an analysis of the impact of such measures in those areas that could potentially be considered sensitive as well as in forest areas would still be necessary.
- (5) The Council considers that a study is necessary in order to complement the existing impact assessment of the proposal, in accordance with the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law Making², notably paragraphs 10, 12 and 13 on the compulsory content of impact assessments, and on the application of Article 241 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

¹ ST 14000/22 ADD 14

² OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

1. The Council requests the Commission to submit, by *[3/6 months]* at the latest, a study complementing the existing impact assessment of the proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on the sustainable use of plant protection products and amending Regulation (EU) 2021/2115 on the following aspects and with respect to the binding reduction targets in the use of plant protection products and the restrictions in their use in the areas covered by the “sensitive areas” definition:
 - a) the quantitative impacts on food production in the Union, in particular by quantifying the impact on agricultural yields for the main type of relevant crops and plant products individually, while taking into account the specific conditions in each Member State, including the different climate regions;
 - b) the analysis of the consequences on the food availability in the Union, assessed on the basis of the main types of basic food products;
 - c) the potential increase in food prices in general and in particular for staple food products as a result of reduced yields and increased plant protection costs using alternative methods;
 - d) the possibility of increased dependence on food imports for the main types of crops;
 - e) the potential increased risk of introduction and spread of harmful organisms (quarantine pests and invasive alien species) in the Union due to the limited of availability of alternative means to mitigate it;
 - f) quantification of the impact in each Member State and on Union level of banning, totally or partially, of the use of plant protection products in the following sensitive and forest areas: *[list to be added]*
 - g) quantification of the impacts of the proposed restrictions concerning the use of plant protection products on forest stands and forests dependent biodiversity;
 - h) the quantified the impacts on competitiveness and profitability of small and medium-sized farms.
2. The Council requests the Commission to propose any follow-up action justified in light of the outcome of the study.