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POP RATNA BILJEŠKA

Od: Piotr SERAFIN, član Europske komisije
Datum primitka: 19. rujna 2025.
Za: Nicolai WAMMEN, predsjednik Vijeća Europske unije

Br. dok. Kom.: BUDGET DEC(2025) 14

Predmet: Prijedlog za prijenos odobrenih sredstava br. DEC 14/2025 u okviru dijela III. – Komisija – općeg proračuna za 2025.

Za delegacije se u prilogu nalazi dokument BUDGET DEC(2025) 14.

Priloženo: BUDGET DEC(2025) 14



BRUXELLES, 19/09/2025

OPĆI PRORAČUN – 2025.
DIO III. – KOMISIJA, GLAVE: 14, 30PRIJENOS ODOBRENIH SREDSTAVA BR. **DEC 14/2025****I****POGLAVLJA – 30 04 Instrumenti solidarnosti (posebni instrumenti)**

STAVKE – 30 04 01 02 Pričuva za pomoć u nuždi	Obveze	–233 532 319,00
	Plaćanja	–233 532 319,00

POGLAVLJA – 14 20 Pilot-projekti, pripremna djelovanja, djelovanja na temelju ovlasti Komisije i druga djelovanja

STAVKE – 14 20 03 01 Bespovratna sredstva u okviru makrofinancijske pomoći (MFP)	Obveze	–18 817 773,00
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STAVKE – 14 20 03 06 Međunarodne organizacije i sporazumi	Obveze	–923 822,20
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STAVKE – 14 20 04 04 Strateške evaluacije i revizije	Obveze	–599 290,00
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U**POGLAVLJE – 14 03 Humanitarna pomoć**

ČLANAK – 14 03 01 Humanitarna pomoć	Obveze	253 873 204,20
	Plaćanja	233 532 319,00

I. SMANJENJE

I.1.

a) Naslov

30 04 01 02 – Pričuva za pomoć u nuždi

b) Iznosi na dan 16.9.2025.

	Obveze	Plaćanja
1. Odobrena sredstva u proračunu (početni proračun + IP)	583 532 319,00	583 532 319,00
2. Prijenosi	-350 000 000,00	-350 000 000,00
3. Ukupna odobrena sredstva za godinu (1 + 2)	583 532 319,00	583 532 319,00
4. Već iskorištena odobrena sredstva	350 000 000,00	350 000 000,00
5. Raspoloživa odobrena sredstva (3 – 4)	233 532 319,00	233 532 319,00
6. Predloženo smanjenje	233 532 319,00	233 532 319,00
7. Ukupna odobrena sredstva do kraja godine (5 – 6)	0 ,00	0 ,00
8. Smanjenje kao postotak odobrenih sredstava u proračunu (6 / 1)	40,02 %	40,02 %
9. Smanjenje zbroja prijenosa iz članka 30. stavka 1. točke (b) Financijske uredbe kao postotak završnih odobrenih sredstava za godinu	nije primjenjivo	nije primjenjivo

c) Primici proizašli iz povrata (preneseni iz prethodne godine)

	Obveze	Plaćanja
1. Odobrena sredstva raspoloživa na početku godine	0,00	0,00
2. Odobrena sredstva raspoloživa na dan 16.9.2025.	0,00	0,00
3. Stopa izvršenja [(1 – 2) / 1]	0 %	0 %

d) Detaljni razlozi smanjenja

U skladu s člankom 9. stavkom 1. točkom (b) Uredbe Vijeća (EU, Euratom) 2020/2093 kojom se utvrđuje višegodišnji financijski okvir za razdoblje 2021. – 2027., kako je izmijenjena Uredbom (EU, Euratom) 2024/765 od 29. veljače 2024., pričuva za pomoć u nuždi namijenjena je za financiranje „brzih odgovora na posebne hitne potrebe u Uniji ili u trećim zemljama nakon događaja koje nije bilo moguće predvidjeti kad je proračun donesen, osobito za hitne odgovore i aktivnosti potpore nakon prirodnih katastrofa koje nisu obuhvaćene točkom (a), katastrofa uzrokovanih ljudskim djelovanjem, humanitarnih kriza u slučajevima velikih prijetnji za javno zdravlje, odnosno velikih veterinarskih ili fitosanitarnih prijetnji, te u situacijama u kojima migracijski tokovi dovode do osobitog pritiska na vanjskim granicama Unije, ako okolnosti to zahtijevaju („pričuva za pomoć u nuždi“).

Nakon revizije VFO-a u sredini programskog razdoblja (Uredba Vijeća (EU, Euratom) 2024/765 o izmjeni Uredbe (EU, Euratom) 2020/2093 kojom se utvrđuje višegodišnji financijski okvir za razdoblje 2021. – 2027.) u pričuvi za pomoć u nuždi za 2025. na raspolaganju je ukupno 583 532 319 milijuna EUR u odobrenim sredstvima za preuzimanje obveza i odobrenim sredstvima za plaćanje. Prijenosom br. DEC 03/2025 350 milijuna EUR odobrenih sredstava za preuzimanje obveza i odobrenih sredstava za plaćanje preneseno je u liniju za humanitarnu pomoć. Ovim predloženim prijenosom iznosa od 233,5 milijuna EUR iscrpit će se sva preostala raspoloživa sredstva u toj liniji.

I. SMANJENJE

I.2.

a) Naslov

14 20 03 01 – Bespovratna sredstva u okviru makrofinancijske pomoći (MFP)

b) Iznosi na dan 16.9.2025.

	Obveze
1. Odobrena sredstva u proračunu (početni proračun + IP)	59 267 773,00
2. Prijenosi	-40 000 000,00
3. Ukupna odobrena sredstva za godinu (1 + 2)	19 267 773,00
4. Već iskorištena odobrena sredstva	0,00
5. Raspoloživa odobrena sredstva (3 – 4)	19 267 773,00
6. Predloženo smanjenje	18 817 773,00
7. Ukupna odobrena sredstva do kraja godine (5 – 6)	450 000,00
8. Smanjenje kao postotak odobrenih sredstava u proračunu (6 / 1)	32,50 %
9. Smanjenje zbroja prijenosa iz članka 30. stavka 1. točke (b) Financijske uredbe kao postotak završnih odobrenih sredstava za godinu	nije primjenjivo

c) Primici proizašli iz povrata (preneseni iz prethodne godine)

	Obveze
1. Odobrena sredstva raspoloživa na početku godine	0,00
2. Odobrena sredstva raspoloživa na dan 16.9.2025.	0,00
3. Stopa izvršenja [(1 – 2) / 1]	0 %

d) Detaljni razlozi smanjenja

Višak odobrenih sredstava za preuzimanje obveza u proračunskoj liniji „Bespovratna sredstva u okviru makrofinancijske pomoći (MFP)” proizlazi iz činjenice da dosad u 2025. nije donesen nijedan program makrofinancijske pomoći s komponentom bespovratnih sredstava te nije vjerojatno da će se takav program donijeti do kraja godine. Budući da je makrofinancijska pomoć krizni instrument, teško je predvidjeti koji će programi u konačnici biti doneseni. Stoga se predlaže da se iznos od 18,8 milijuna EUR u odobrenim sredstvima za preuzimanje obveza prenese u proračunsku liniju za humanitarnu pomoć. Odgovarajuća odobrena sredstva za plaćanje koja su stavljena na raspolaganje u toj proračunskoj liniji iskoristit će se u postupku globalnog prijenosa.

I. SMANJENJE

I.3.

a) Naslov

14 20 03 06 – Međunarodne organizacije i sporazumi

b) Iznosi na dan 16.9.2025.

	Obveze
1. Odobrena sredstva u proračunu (početni proračun + IP)	24 593 350,00
2. Prijenosi	0,00
3. Ukupna odobrena sredstva za godinu (1 + 2)	24 593 350,00
4. Već iskorištena odobrena sredstva	22 296 258,16
5. Raspoloživa odobrena sredstva (3 – 4)	2 297 091,84
6. Predloženo smanjenje	923 822,20
7. Ukupna odobrena sredstva do kraja godine (5 – 6)	1 373 269,64
8. Smanjenje kao postotak odobrenih sredstava u proračunu (6 / 1)	3,76 %
9. Smanjenje zbroja prijenosa iz članka 30. stavka 1. točke (b) Financijske uredbe kao postotak završnih odobrenih sredstava za godinu	nije primjenjivo

c) Primici proizašli iz povrata (preneseni iz prethodne godine)

	Obveze
1. Odobrena sredstva raspoloživa na početku godine	487 396,21
2. Odobrena sredstva raspoloživa na dan 16.9.2025.	462 316,44
3. Stopa izvršenja [(1 – 2) / 1]	5,14 %

d) Detaljni razlozi smanjenja

Komisija je u 2025. već preuzela obveze i platila većinu obveznih i dobrovoljnih doprinosa u okviru proračunske linije „Međunarodne organizacije i sporazumi”. Stoga se predlaže da se iznos od 923 822 EUR u odobrenim sredstvima za preuzimanje obveza prenese u proračunsku liniju za humanitarnu pomoć. Odgovarajuća odobrena sredstva za plaćanje koja su stavljena na raspolaganje u toj proračunskoj liniji iskoristit će se u postupku globalnog prijenosa.

I. SMANJENJE

I.4.

a) Naslov

14 20 04 04 – Strateške evaluacije i revizije

b) Iznosi na dan 16.9.2025.

	Obveze
1. Odobrena sredstva u proračunu (početni proračun + IP)	18 799 637,00
2. Prijenosi	0,00
3. Ukupna odobrena sredstva za godinu (1 + 2)	18 799 637,00
4. Već iskorištena odobrena sredstva	14 847 531,17
5. Raspoloživa odobrena sredstva (3 – 4)	3 952 105,83
6. Predloženo smanjenje	599 290,00
7. Ukupna odobrena sredstva do kraja godine (5 – 6)	3 352 815,83
8. Smanjenje kao postotak odobrenih sredstava u proračunu (6 / 1)	3,19 %
9. Smanjenje zbroja prijenosa iz članka 30. stavka 1. točke (b) Financijske uredbe kao postotak završnih odobrenih sredstava za godinu	nije primjenjivo

c) Primici proizašli iz povrata (preneseni iz prethodne godine)

	Obveze
1. Odobrena sredstva raspoloživa na početku godine	0,00
2. Odobrena sredstva raspoloživa na dan 16.9.2025.	0,00
3. Stopa izvršenja [(1 – 2) / 1]	0 %

d) Detaljni razlozi smanjenja

Manje potrebe za sredstvima za preuzimanje obveza u proračunskoj liniji „Strateške evaluacije i revizije” 2025. povezane su s razvojem novih strategija unutarnje kontrole, revizije i borbe protiv prijevara. Nakon prestanka primjene prijašnjeg plana strateške evaluacije, Komisija će uskoro provesti internu anketu za prikupljanje prijedloga i mišljenja o tome kako oblikovati novi plan strateške evaluacije od 2026. nadalje. Stoga za strateške evaluacije u okviru ove proračunske linije nisu predviđena nova odobrena sredstva za preuzimanje obveza. S druge strane, ugovaraju se operativne evaluacije na razini intervencija jer se one financiraju iz operativnih/nacionalnih dodijeljenih sredstava u okviru Instrumenta za susjedstvo, razvoj i međunarodnu suradnju NDICI-GE. Stoga se predlaže da se iznos od 599 290 EUR u odobrenim sredstvima za preuzimanje obveza prenese u proračunsku liniju za humanitarnu pomoć. Odgovarajuća odobrena sredstva za plaćanje koja su stavljena na raspolaganje u toj proračunskoj liniji iskoristit će se u postupku globalnog prijenosa.

II. POVEĆANJE

II.1.

a) Naslov

14 03 01 – Humanitarna pomoć

b) Iznosi na dan 16.9.2025.

	Obveze	Plaćanja
1. Odobrena sredstva u proračunu (početni proračun + IP)	1 851 398 746,00	1 770 356 120,00
2. Prijenosi	370 000 000,00	350 000 000,00
3. Ukupna odobrena sredstva za godinu (1 + 2)	2 221 398 746,00	2 120 356 120,00
4. Već iskorištena odobrena sredstva	2 174 098 746,00	1 914 322 646,37
5. Raspoloživa odobrena sredstva (3 – 4)	47 300 000,00	206 033 473,63
6. Zatraženo povećanje	253 876 316,31	233 532 319,00
7. Ukupna odobrena sredstva do kraja godine (5 + 6)	301 176 316,31	439 565 792,63
8. Povećanje kao postotak odobrenih sredstava u proračunu (6 / 1)	13,71 %	13,19 %
9. Povećanje zbroja prijenosa iz članka 30. stavka 1. točke (b) Financijske uredbe kao postotak završnih odobrenih sredstava za godinu	nije primjenjivo	nije primjenjivo

c) Primici proizašli iz povrata (preneseni iz prethodne godine)

	Obveze	Plaćanja
1. Odobrena sredstva raspoloživa na početku godine	220 765,34	169 934,67
2. Odobrena sredstva raspoloživa na dan 16.9.2025.	0,00	1 183,50
3. Stopa izvršenja $[(1 - 2) / 1]$	100 %	99,3 %

d) Detaljni razlozi povećanja

Komisija zahtijeva mobilizaciju pričuve za pomoć u nuždi u ukupnom iznosu od 233,5 milijuna EUR u odobrenim sredstvima za preuzimanje obveza i odobrenim sredstvima za plaćanje i prijenos iznosa od 20,3 milijuna EUR u odobrenim sredstvima za preuzimanje obveza u okviru naslova 6. radi pružanja humanitarne pomoći za nekoliko humanitarnih kriza:

- krizu na Rogu Afrike (obveze + plaćanja u iznosu od 95 milijuna EUR),
- krizu u zapadnoj i središnjoj Africi (obveze + plaćanja u iznosu od 48,5 milijuna EUR),
- krizu u Palestini¹ (obveze + plaćanja u iznosu od 50 milijuna EUR),
- krizu u Ukrajini (obveze + plaćanja u iznosu od 40 milijuna EUR),
- krizu u Jemenu (obveze u iznosu od 20,3 milijuna EUR).

Dok se čeka odluka proračunskog tijela, Komisija planira najaviti povećanje sredstava za Palestinu i Jemen u okviru doprinosa na koji će se EU obvezati na zasjedanju Opće skupštine Ujedinjenih naroda 24. rujna 2025. u New Yorku. Time će se omogućiti odgovor na povećane potrebe i iskoristiti politička prilika da se tim zemljama pošalje pozitivan signal.

¹ Ovaj naziv ne tumači se kao priznanje Države Palestine niti se njime dovode u pitanje pojedinačna stajališta država članica o tom pitanju.

ANNEX 1

1. Horn of Africa Crisis – Total increase of EUR 95 million needed

Countries in the Horn of Africa are facing mounting humanitarian needs as conflict, armed insurgencies, insecurity, natural disasters, epidemics and protracted crises continue to affect vulnerable populations and displace them. The situation is compounded by significant funding reductions, as well as humanitarian space restrictions, leaving humanitarian organisations struggling to cope with needs. Worsening nutritional values (including famine conditions), spread of epidemics such as cholera, and increase of protection issues are some of the trends observed.

1.1. Ethiopia – EUR 30 million needed

Current allocated amount in 2025: EUR 46 million

Ethiopia is facing three new humanitarian hotspots on top of ongoing crises. The conflict in South Sudan has driven **50,000 refugees** into Gambella, where no facilities exist to host them. Inter-communal **clashes in July 2025** on the Somali–Oromia border have further displaced more than **200,000 people**. In Amhara, intensifying conflict continues to disrupt services and drive displacement. Across the country, food assistance needs are currently at their peak due the lean season, with some pockets already reaching **emergency levels** at Integrated Food Security Phase (IPC) Phase 4. Simultaneously, **cholera outbreaks** in Amhara and malaria in northwestern Tigray are adding new pressures on already vulnerable communities.

Additional funding will support multi-sectoral life-saving assistance, including cash where feasible, as well as WASH, health, nutrition, protection, and education in Emergencies.

1.2. Somalia – EUR 30 million needed

Current allocated amount in 2025: EUR 36 million

Somalia is sliding back into crisis as **conflict intensifies** on multiple fronts and critical services collapse due to funding shortfalls. Since May 2025, fighting between the Federal Government, non-state armed groups, and federal member states has displaced more than **100,000 people**. The food security situation has sharply deteriorated, with **4.7 million people** in acute food insecurity, including **713,000** in IPC Phase 4 – a 29% increase compared to January 2025. Health and nutrition outcomes are also worsening as more than **150 health facilities** have closed since the beginning of the year due to funding gaps and insecurity.

Urgent funding is required to provide life-saving assistance for populations affected by recent conflict and drought. This includes food and nutrition support, shelter and essential household items, WASH, health, and protection.

1.3. South Sudan – EUR 35 million needed

Current allocated amount in 2025: EUR 70 million

Since March 2025, escalating violence has further worsened the already fragile humanitarian situation in South Sudan. Medical facilities have been attacked, weakening a health system that is struggling to contain a cholera outbreak and widespread malnutrition. According to the June 2025 IPC update, **2.3 million children** under five now require treatment for acute malnutrition, up from **2.1 million** earlier in the year. Alarming, **83,000 people** are facing **catastrophic food insecurity** at IPC Phase 5. Moreover, violence has displaced several hundred thousand people, including 139,000 who fled to Sudan, Ethiopia, Uganda, and the DRC.

Additional funds are urgently needed to most acute needs through life-saving assistance including food, health and nutrition, protection, WASH and shelter/non-food items.

2. West and Central Africa Crises – Total increase of EUR 48.5 million needed

Current allocated amount in 2025: EUR 119.4 million

The West and Central Africa region is facing **multiple overlapping crises** in regions such as the Central Sahel, Lake Chad Basin, and Central African Republic, compounded by the ongoing conflict in Sudan. These crises are exacerbated by **increasing violence**, **political instability**, and the effects of **climate change**, leading to extreme displacement and

food insecurity. In 2025, nearly **34.6 million people**, representing around **10%** of the population, will need humanitarian assistance, with about **11.9 million people** being displaced.

Food insecurity remains indeed a significant issue across the region. The March 2025 Cadre Harmonisé (CH) projects that a record **55 million people** will be in crisis or worse food insecurity between June and August, with almost **3 million** projected in emergency conditions. The **2025 lean season** is expected to be particularly severe, resulting in rising malnutrition rates, with both children and adults suffering from acute conditions, further complicating the humanitarian landscape.

The additional funds will be used to address emergency needs of vulnerable populations through a multi-sectoral approach which will range from food assistance (in kind/cash distribution for population under blockades/hard to reach, prolonged lean season needs), to health, nutrition, water, sanitation, shelter and protection.

The requested amount will be allocated to respond to urgent needs in Burkina Faso, Niger, Mali, Nigeria, and Central African Republic (CAR). Securing the **flexibility of the funds** by initially not allocating them at country level is necessary to address the overlapping cross-border crises in West and Central Africa more effectively. The distribution of funds will therefore be determined in line with evolving **humanitarian needs** and **operational access**, to ensure that the most pressing needs are effectively addressed.

3. Palestine – EUR 50 million needed

Current allocated amount in 2025: EUR 169 million

Gaza continues to face a catastrophic humanitarian crisis, with the entire population now **fully dependent on aid**. In parallel, the situation in the West Bank has significantly deteriorated, showing clear signs of following a similar path. Regardless of future developments in Gaza, the needs will remain immense. Sustained humanitarian aid is essential to maintain response capacity, prevent further deterioration, and respond to the unfolding famine. In the context of a heavily limited influx of aid, the United Nations officially declared a **famine in Gaza** on 22 August - the first such declaration in the Middle East, with experts warning that **500,000 people** face "catastrophic" hunger. On the same day, a joint press release by FAO, UNICEF, WHO and WFP estimated that by the end of September, more than **640,000 people** across the Gaza Strip will face **catastrophic levels of food insecurity** at IPC Phase 5.

In Gaza, the funding will target critical gaps in health (support for Emergency Medical Teams and local partners, as well as health supply chains) and nutrition (addressing malnutrition among babies, children, and adolescent girls), shelter (focusing on displacement and winterisation efforts), water and sanitation (including infrastructure, solid waste management, and water trucking), logistics/support to operations (such as procuring machinery for rubble removal), food assistance, and Multi-Purpose Cash Assistance (MPCA). Protection and Education in Emergencies will also be further supported. Given recent restrictions on goods, emphasis will be on scalable service delivery approaches within the current access environment while ensuring preparedness through stockpiling for large-scale responses.

In the West Bank, additional funding will help partners adjust their multi-sectoral responses to the worsening situation, including emergency preparedness and response for displaced populations. Rapid Response Mechanisms are expanding to address increasing displacement, while cash-based shelter solutions and MPCA is emerging as a key approach to meet diverse and unpredictable needs.

All humanitarian partner organisations have demonstrated **operational capacity in Gaza** – among them UNRWA, WHO, WFP, UNICEF – particularly under extreme conditions before the ceasefire. The **improved access conditions following the ceasefire** have facilitated **more effective implementation**, which this funding will further support. In the West Bank, partners are actively adjusting to a coercive environment with restricted access. The Commission will continue to prioritise support for humanitarian partner organisations capable of responding within this evolving operational context.

4. Ukraine – EUR 40 million needed

Current allocated amount in 2025: EUR 220 million (of which EUR 40 million frontloaded from the operational reserve – to be replenished by the Emergency Aid Reserve).

The humanitarian situation in Ukraine continues to worsen, with civilian casualties remaining high and large-scale drone and missile attacks on cities and critical infrastructure **intensifying since April 2025**. This ongoing violence - along with systematic assaults on urban centres and infrastructure - exacts a devastating toll on the civilian population, increasing the urgent need for assistance. Displacement is rising rapidly. According to IOM, over **179,000 people** were newly displaced in 2024, with more than **47,600 evacuated** from frontline areas between January and May 2025. A further **40,000** are **expected to be displaced** by September from key oblasts including Sumska, Chernihivska, Kharkivska,

Donetska, and Dnipropetrovska. Over half a million people remain dangerously close to the frontlines, where access to essential services is shrinking and needs for protection, healthcare, shelter, and basic supplies are growing. The upcoming **winter season** is a key concern, with most organisations lacking resources for early procurement of essential items, despite the season beginning in October. Ukrainian authorities have stressed the urgency of **timely winter preparedness** to avoid severe risks for conflict-affected populations.

In line with the 2025 Humanitarian Needs and Response Plan's objectives, the requested amount will be used to alleviate the suffering of the increasing number of war-affected people, in particular through preparedness measures for the upcoming winter season.

5. Yemen – EUR 20.3 million needed

Current allocated amount in 2025: EUR 80 million

Yemen's humanitarian crisis has deepened drastically since early 2025. According to the latest IPC data, by September 2025, **18.1 million people** – more than half of the population - will face acute food insecurity. This is the highest prevalence since 2022 and marks an increase of 1 million people, including some **41,000 people** projected to face famine. Without urgent action, famine is expected to spread to a total of 12 districts across Hajjah, Al Hodeidah, Sa'dah, Amran, Ad Dali', Al Jawf, Shabwa and Marib. Yemen is experiencing some of the highest malnutrition rates ever recorded. Nearly half of all children under five (approximately **2.3 million**) are acutely malnourished. The situation is worsening, and improvements are unlikely without a significant scale-up of integrated curative and preventive nutrition responses. The disruption of Ready to Use Therapeutic and Supplementary Food (RUTF), due to military escalation in the Red Sea and repeated airstrikes, represents an additional challenge. Due to the drastic funding cuts, health facilities are closing and disease outbreaks multiplying, with predictions of higher mortality and morbidity rates. Nearly **170 health facilities** across 80 districts have been forced to close, affecting **3.48 million people**.

The additional EUR 20.3 million will address urgent food, nutrition, and health needs to avert famine, disease, and irreversible harm, especially to children assistance.

ANNEX 2

COMMISSION TRANSFER PROPOSALS RELATED TO THE EMERGENCY AID RESERVE IN 2025

The table below shows the transfer proposals transmitted to the Budgetary Authority to date during 2025, which relate to the Emergency Aid Reserve (EAR), and the remaining amount under the EAR reserve following the approval of these proposals.

Commitment and Payment Appropriations 2025 Reserve (EUR)

Transfer Ref	Content	TOTAL Commitments	TOTAL Payments
	General Budget 2025 - Initial appropriations	583,532,319	583,532,319
DEC 03	Mobilisation of the EAR for humanitarian aid for Sudan, DRC, Palestine, Syria, Ukraine and Afghanistan (total value of DEC: EUR 350 million in CA and PA)	<i>350,000,000</i>	<i>350,000,000</i>
DEC 14	Mobilisation of the EAR for humanitarian assistance in the context of the crises in Africa, Palestine and Ukraine – EUR 233.5 million in CA + PA	<i>233,532,319</i>	<i>233,532,319</i>
	Total DEC transfer proposals	350,532,319	350,532,319
	Remainder	0,00	0,00