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8536/18

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NOTE

From:	General Secretariat of the Council
To:	Permanent Representatives Committee
No. Cion doc.:	15090/1/16 ENER 412 CLIMA 167 IA 123 CODEC 1788 REV 1 + ADD 1 REV 1
Subject:	Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on the Governance of the Energy Union, amending Directive 94/22/EC, Directive 98/70/EC, Directive 2009/31/EC, Regulation (EC) No 663/2009, Regulation (EC) No 715/2009, Directive 2009/73/EC, Council Directive 2009/119/EC, Directive 2010/31/EU, Directive 2012/27/EU, Directive 2013/30/EU and Council Directive (EU) 2015/652 and repealing Regulation (EU) No 525/2013 Preparation of third trilogue

1. On 14 February, after a discussion on the basis of doc. 5683/18, Coreper agreed on a mandate for the first trilogue which took place on 21 February¹. On 11 April, after a discussion on the basis of doc. 6794/18 + COR 1, Coreper agreed on a mandate for the second trilogue which took place on 26 April. The co-legislators estimate that in total four trilogue meetings will be needed; a fourth and final trilogue is due to take place in the second half of June.

8536/18 AT/st 1

Note: the overall 2030 EU 'headline targets' for Renewables (AM 64) and Energy Efficiency (AM 73) are being examined in the context of the discussions on the corresponding sectoral legislative proposals. Several technical provisions (mostly reporting requirements) will need to be aligned with the corresponding mirror provisions from the draft Directive on the Energy Performance of Buildings, the draft Effort Sharing and Land use, land use change and forestry Regulations and the draft Directive on Energy Efficiency. Issues relating to the delivery of the targets, including trajectories, will be discussed in the context of this draft Regulation on Governance.

2. Thanks to progress and clear guidance provided by the second trilogue meeting on 26 April and a constructive attitude from all sides, further progress could be made in the Energy Working Party and during a Technical Meeting held with the representatives of the three institutions. The current state of play on main issues is set out in points 3 (climate issues) and 4 (energy issues) below.

3. Climate issues

- On the Committees in Article 37, good progress was made on a compromise text that foresees two Committees (as agreed in the second trilogue meeting) and that at the same time prevents overlaps of competences between the two Committees, in particular as regards the task that clearly concerns both energy and climate issues as set out in Article 15(3). The text could not yet be discussed with the EP at technical level and may have to undergo some final changes. The EP maintains its request for using **delegated acts** instead of implementing acts in Article 27(4ter) and Article 30(6).
- On the issue of **methane**, the Presidency offers a compromise text in **Article 14(2bis)(b)**. The Presidency underlines that the current text could not yet be discussed at technical level with the EP, and that the EP had requested to have these provisions relating to methane as a separate Article in order to increase its political visibility. If delegations could agree to such an approach, the text of that new Article would be based on the relevant text of Art. 14(2bis).
- On adaptation, the Presidency proposes compromise texts in Article 15(2)(d) and in Annex I in response to AM 219.
- On Article 26 on the follow-up in case of inconsistencies with Energy Union objectives and targets under the Effort Sharing Regulation, and having regard to the negotiations in the second trilogue, the Presidency proposes to accept as a compromise a new paragraph 1a, on the condition that the EP will also show similar flexibility and drop its position on para 2, 2a and 2c (para 2b is incorporated in Article 14).

8536/18 AT/st 2

4. Energy issues

In Article 4 (AM 60-91, 287, 291 and 292) which outlines the main objectives, targets and contributions of the national plans, and on the related reporting provisions in Annex I and Articles 20-22, much progress was made, in particular on paragraphs (c), (d) and (e) relating respectively to 'energy security', 'internal energy market' and 'research, innovation and competitiveness'. In Article 4(d)(3) (AM 85), the Presidency suggests a new compromise wording with "wholesale price formation" as a last effort to address the EP's request on "free price formation" that is resisted by many delegations. In AM 152, the EP maintains its request concerning reporting obligations on **bidding zones**, which delegations generally oppose. In response to AM 88, the Presidency proposed a compromise text relating to **capacity mechanisms**, placed in Article 21(1)(f). The Council has shown considerable flexibility: it has accepted additional reporting provisions and other administrative burdens as requested by the EP - notably establishing new national objectives where none exist today - in order to reach a compromise. However, several delegations have indicated that their red lines in terms of administrative burden have been crossed or are near; some delegations underlined that one of the original 'selling points' of the governance process was the supposed "simplification and streamlining" of all existing reporting obligations. However, the acceptance of too many new reporting provisions and other EP requests to change the Council's compromise reached in its General Approach has by now severely compromised this original benefit of the governance of the Energy Union. The issue of reference points (Art. 4(a)(2)) has so far not been subject to negotiations with the EP and thus has only been discussed proactively in the Energy Working Party. The first reference point was moved forward by one year, to 2022, as requested by the EP. The level of that reference point was lowered accordingly, from 24% to 16%. The footnote to Article 4(a)(2) provides further explanations and options forward for a later stage of the negotiations.

8536/18 AT/st 3

- In Article 5 relating to the Member States' contribution setting process in the area of renewable energy, the only outstanding issue (besides the necessary ulterior alignment with the Renewables Directive) is the 'early efforts' in the area of renewable energy (Art. 5, para. 1 (d)(v)) which needs to be further discussed together with the definition of 'early efforts' in AM 53 (new Art. 2(2)(11a) and the ambition/progress gap-filling mechanism in Art. 27, which will include a formula in response to the EP's AM 270 for the draft Renewables Directive². It is underlined that Council insists that 'early efforts' be counted as from 2005, whereas the EP proposes to count them from 2021 onwards.
- In Article 8 relating to the analytical basis of the NECPs and the related provisions in Annex I, Council has shown flexibility on several elements requested by the EP, and on those issues the text could be provisionally agreed. However, in the context of an overall balanced compromise Council can not agree to all of the additional assessments by Member States that the EP requests (AM 103), such as assessing the synergies of sectorial coupling, digitalisation and the air quality benefits.
- In **Article 9** on the *draft* **national plans**, some progress was made: in the first paragraph, the EP has indicated that it will no longer insist that Member States submit their first draft national plans by 1 June 2018 and that it is ready to discuss a later date ³. In the second paragraph, a compromise on the timing of the Commission recommendations to Member States is within reach.

8536/18 AT/st 4
DG E 2B EN

Note: Council could agree to the formula being negotiated in the context of the Renewables Directive, but is of the opinion that the eventual Annex containing the formula should be placed in the Governance Regulation.

p.m. the Council maintains its General Approach, which specifies 31 December 2018; the Commission's original proposal was 1 January 2018.

- The EP has proposed to add a new **Article 10a** establishing in each Member State a permanent **Multilevel Climate and Energy Dialogue Platform**. As a compromise, Council could accept the addition of an Article along these lines, and has by now finalised its compromise offer (including a compromise recital 20ter), taking into account the negotiation on this issue in the second trilogue meeting. This Article obliges all Member States, in particular those that have no such structure in place yet, to consider establishing such a permanent Dialogue Platform. Whereas the EP has indicated flexibility on the detailed parameters of such a platform, it maintains its request to make it obligatory for any Member State that does not have such a structure in place to establish such a platform. However, delegations refuse this in view of the subsidiarity principle.
- On the issue of **fossil fuel subsidies** (AMs 156, 193, 248, 258 and 17), good progress was made thanks to the flexibility shown by a majority of delegations in accepting reporting obligations thereon.
- On Article 27 and the 'what if' issue, good progress was made in the Energy Working Party in preparing a text that is much closer to the EP's position. The Presidency underlines that, after repeated discussions and text revisions, the present text appears to strike a fair balance between those delegations that want to move even closer to the EP's positions and those that don't. On the one hand, the specification that the Commission can only issue "non-quantitative" recommendations was removed (Art. 27(1) first subpara), and the principle of having a formula as a basis for the Commission's assessement of national contributions, proposed by the EP in the Renewables Directive (AM 270), was accepted (Art. 27(1) second subpara). On the other hand, however, the Commission remains obliged to have due regard to "relevant circumstances affecting renewable energy deployment" in addition to the formula (Art. 27(1) second subpara), not just when assessing the draft plans, but also later on, when it assesses the biennial progress reports (Art. 27(2bis), referring to paragraph 2 of that Article, which refers to Art. 25(1)(b)). Furthermore, the specific reference to recommendations on "energy efficiency" was removed in paragraph 1.

8536/18 AT/st 5

- On Article 29bis on the political monitoring of the governance, inserted by Council, the EP has indicated that it will refuse to accept this provision. It argues that its content does not reflect the interinstitutional balance of powers and is more suitable for a Council declaration than a legislative text. In the absence of compromise proposals from the EP, the Presidency has therefore adapted the text in order to propose an appropriate role for the EP in the political monitoring of progress at *Union* level, but not as regards the individual national plans.
- On the issue of 'energy poverty', a compromise text⁴ was provisionally agreed at technical level between the representatives of the Presidency and the EP. However, delegations in the Working Party opposed the inclusion of "Commission guidance", "geographical dispersion indicators" and some other elements. The Presidency urges delegations to recognise the need to strike a balanced compromise on this issue, and proposes a slightly amended compromise text. For Council, the key elements of these compromise texts (in Art. 3(3)(e) and a new Article 21a) are that they contain no obligation for Member States to define 'energy poverty' at national level, and that reporting obligations thereon are applicable in case the Member State finds that it has a significant number of households in 'energy poverty'.
- 5. <u>Coreper</u> is invited to agree on a mandate for the Presidency for the third trilogue on 23 May on the basis of the text reflected in the Annex.

4 cf. WK 5379/2018

8536/18 AT/st 6
DG E 2B EN

FOURTH COLUMN explanations

The **fourth column** contains Presidency compromise suggestions. In that column, **bold italics** text indicates text as it was proposed by the EP.

Bold text indicates compromise texts proposed by the Presidency in response to EP amendments *).

Underlined bold text (normal or *italics*) indicates new text as compared to document 8068/2/18 REV 2 and WKs 5342, 5379, and 5275.

Where the fourth column is unmarked, or marked "Maintain Council GA", at this stage, it is proposed that Council maintains its General Agreement position as reflected in the third column.

"Provisionally agreed at technical level" means that the text has been provisionally agreed in a trilateral Technical Meeting; that text is subject to formal approval in a trilogue meeting.

"To be discussed with EP" means that further explanations will be sought from the EP or that the amendment will be discussed with the EP without prejudice to Council's ulterior position on that amendment.

- N.B. Compromise suggestions for the Recitals are provisional and are always subject to alignment with the corresponding provisions in the Articles.
- N.B. Where footnotes from the Commission proposal remain unchanged across the four columns, the footnote is only reproduced once; such deleted footnotes are marked with *.
- *) N.B. in some cases, the bold text is simply copied from the Council GA text, where it indicates a change compared to the Commission proposal.

8536/18 AT/st 7

Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on the Governance of the Energy Union, amending Directive 94/22/EC, Directive 98/70/EC, Directive 2009/31/EC, Regulation (EC) No 663/2009, Regulation (EC) No 715/2009, Directive 2009/73/EC, Council Directive 2009/119/EC, Directive 2010/31/EU, Directive 2012/27/EU, Directive 2013/30/EU and Council Directive (EU) 2015/652 and repealing Regulation (EU) No 525/2013

COMMISSION PROPOSAL (COD 2016/0375 - docs. 15090/1/16 REV 1 (en) + ADD 1 REV 1 (en))	EP AMENDMENTS Provisional text (as adopted 17/1/2018, doc. 5351/18)	COUNCIL GENERAL APPROACH (docs. 15235/17 and 15891/17)	Presidency compromise proposals
Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on the Governance of the Energy Union, amending Directive 94/22/EC, Directive 98/70/EC, Directive 2009/31/EC, Regulation (EC) No 663/2009, Regulation (EC) No 715/2009, Directive 2009/73/EC, Council Directive 2009/119/EC, Directive 2010/31/EU, Directive 2012/27/EU, Directive 2013/30/EU and Council Directive (EU) 2015/652 and repealing Regulation (EU) No 525/2013 (Text with EEA relevance)		Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on the Governance of the Energy Union and Climate Action, amending Directive 94/22/EC, Directive 98/70/EC, Directive 2009/31/EC, Regulation (EC) No 663/2009, Regulation (EC) No 715/2009, Directive 2009/73/EC, Council Directive 2009/119/EC, Directive 2010/31/EU, Directive 2012/27/EU, Directive 2013/30/EU and Council Directive (EU) 2015/652 and repealing Regulation (EU) No 525/2013 (Text with EEA relevance)	N.B. any compromise proposals for the recitals are provisional, and without prejudice to any alignment with the content of the Articles that may prove necessary.

THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,
Having regard to the Treaty on the	Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,
Functioning of the European Union,	and in particular Article 192(1) and
and in particular Article 192(1) and Article 194(2) thereof,	Article 194(2) thereof,
	Having regard to the proposal from the
Having regard to the proposal from the	European Commission,
European Commission,	After transmission of the draft
After transmission of the draft	legislative act to the national
legislative act to the national	parliaments,
parliaments,	[Having regard to the opinion of the
[Having regard to the opinion of the	European Economic and Social
European Economic and Social	Committee ⁵ ,]
Committee*,]	[Having regard to the opinion of the
[Having regard to the opinion of the	[Having regard to the opinion of the Committee of the Regions ⁶ ,]
Committee of the Regions*,]	
Acting in accordance with the andinem.	Acting in accordance with the ordinary
Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,	legislative procedure,
	Whereas:

Whereas:

OJ C , , p. . OJ C , , p. .

RECITALS				
(1) This Regulation sets out the necessary legislative foundation for a reliable and transparent Governance that ensures the achievement of the objectives and targets of the Energy Union through complementary, coherent and ambitious efforts by the Union and its Member States, while promoting the Union's Better Regulation principles.	AM 1 (1) This Regulation sets out the necessary legislative foundation for a reliable, inclusive, cost-efficient, transparent and predictable Governance that ensures the achievement of the 2030 and long-term objectives and targets of the Energy Union in line with the 2015 Paris Agreement on climate change following the 21st Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (the "Paris Agreement"), through complementary, coherent, and ambitious efforts by the Union and its Member States, while limiting administrative complexity.	(1) This Regulation sets out the necessary legislative foundation for a reliable and transparent Governance that ensures the achievement of the objectives and targets of the Energy Union through complementary, coherent and ambitious efforts by the Union and its Member States, while promoting the Union's Better Regulation principles.	Accept	
(2) The European Energy Union should cover five key dimensions: energy security; the internal energy market; energy efficiency; decarbonisation; and research, innovation and competitiveness.		(2) The European Energy Union should cover five key dimensions: energy security; the internal energy market; energy efficiency; decarbonisation; and research, innovation and competitiveness.		

Union with an ambitious climate policy at its core is to give Union consumers, both households and businesses, secure, sustainable, competitive and affordable energy, which requires a fundamental transformation of Europe's energy system. That objective can only be achieved through coordinated action, combining both legislative and non-legislative acts at Union and national level.

AM₃

The goal of a resilient Energy Union with an ambitious climate policy at its core is to give Union consumers, both households and businesses, secure, sustainable, competitive and affordable energy, and to foster research and innovation by means of attracting investments, which requires a fundamental transformation of Europe's energy system. That objective can only be achieved through coordinated action, combining both legislative and nonlegislative acts at Union, macroregional, regional, national, and local level.

The goal of a resilient Energy Union with an ambitious climate policy at its core is to give Union consumers, both households and businesses, secure, sustainable, competitive and affordable energy, which requires a fundamental transformation of Europe's energy system. This transformation of the energy system is also closely linked to the need to preserve, protect and improve the quality of the environment and to promote the prudent and rational utilisation of natural resources, notably through the promotion of energy efficiency and energy savings and the development of new and renewable forms of energy. That goal [] can only be achieved through coordinated action, combining both legislative and non-legislative acts at Union and national level.

Accept in part

(3) The goal of a resilient Energy Union with an ambitious climate policy at its core is to give Union consumers, both households and businesses, secure, sustainable, competitive and affordable energy, and to foster research and innovation by means of attracting investments, which requires a fundamental transformation of Europe's energy system. This transformation of the energy system is also closely linked to the need to preserve, protect and improve the quality of the environment and to promote the prudent and rational utilisation of natural resources, notably through the promotion of energy efficiency and energy savings and the development of new and renewable forms of energy. That goal [] can only be achieved through coordinated action, combining both legislative and non-legislative acts at Union, [] regional, [] national and local level.

	AM 4 Recital 3 a (new) (3a) A fully functional and resilient Energy Union would convert the Union into a leading region for innovation, investments, growth and social and economic development, in turn providing a good example of how pursuing high ambitions in terms of climate change mitigation is intertwined with measures to foster innovation, investments and growth. AM 5		Accept in part:
(4) The Commission's proposal was developed in parallel to and is adopted	(4) The Commission's proposal was developed in parallel to and is adopted	(4) The Commission's proposal was developed in parallel to and is adopted	(4) The Commission's proposal was developed in parallel to and is adopted
together with a series of initiatives in sectorial energy policy, notably with regard to renewable energy, energy	together with a series of initiatives in sectorial energy policy, notably with regard to renewable energy, energy	together with a series of initiatives in sectorial energy policy, notably with regard to renewable energy, energy	together with a series of initiatives in sectorial energy policy, notably with regard to renewable energy, energy
efficiency and market design. Those initiatives form a package under the	efficiency (including on the energy performance of buildings) and market	efficiency and market design. Those initiatives form a package under the	efficiency (including on the energy performance of buildings) and market
overarching theme of energy efficiency first, the Union's global leadership in	design. Those initiatives form a package under the overarching theme	overarching theme of energy efficiency first, the Union's global leadership in	design. Those initiatives form a package under the overarching theme
renewables, and a fair deal for energy	of energy efficiency first, the Union's	renewables, and a fair deal for energy	of energy efficiency first, the Union's
consumers.	global leadership in renewables, and a fair deal for energy consumers,	consumers.	global leadership in renewables, and a fair deal for energy consumers,
	including by addressing energy		including by promoting fair
	poverty and promoting fair competition on the internal market.		competition on the internal market.

The European Council agreed on 24 October 2014 on the 2030 Framework for Energy and Climate for the Union based on four key targets: at least 40% cut in economy wide greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions, at least 27% improvement in energy efficiency with a view to a level of 30%, at least 27% for the share of renewable energy consumed in the Union, and at least 15% for electricity interconnection. It specified that the target for renewable energy is binding at Union level and that it will be fulfilled through Member States' contributions guided by the need to deliver collectively the Union target.

AM 6

The European Council *proposed* (5) on 24 October 2014 a 2030 Framework for Energy and Climate for the Union based on four key targets: at least 40% cut in economy wide greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions, at least 27% improvement in energy efficiency with a view to a level of 30%, at least 27% for the share of renewable energy consumed in the Union, and at least 15% for electricity interconnection. It specified that the target for renewable energy is binding at Union level and that it will be fulfilled through Member States' contributions guided by the need to deliver collectively the Union target. However, this Regulation reflects the targets agreed upon in the sectoral legislation.

(5) The European Council agreed on 24 October 2014 on the 2030 (5) The European Council agreed on 24 October 2014 on *a* 2030 Framework for Energy and Climate for Framework for Energy and Climate for

the Union based on four key EU level targets: at least 40% cut in economy wide greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions, an indicative target of at least 27% improvement in energy efficiency, to be reviewed by 2020 with a view to a level of 30%, at least 27% for the share of renewable energy consumed in the Union, and at least 15% for electricity interconnection. It specified that the target for renewable

energy is binding at Union level and

States' contributions guided by the

target.

need to deliver collectively the Union

that it will be fulfilled through Member

the Union based on four key **EU level** targets: at least 40% cut in economy wide greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions, **an indicative target of** at

Accept in part:

least 27% improvement in energy efficiency, to be reviewed by 2020 with a view to a level of 30%, at least 27% for the share of renewable energy consumed in the Union, and at least

15% for electricity interconnection. It specified that the target for renewable energy is binding at Union level and that it will be fulfilled through Member States' contributions guided by the

need to deliver collectively the Union target.

AM 7 Recital 5 a (new)

(5a) The European Council agreed on 24 October 2014 that the Commission, supported by the Member States, will take urgent measures in order to ensure the achievement of a minimum target of 10 % of existing electricity interconnections, as a matter of urgency, and no later than 2020, at least for Member States which have not yet attained a minimum level of integration in the internal energy market.

Maintain Council GA

(Accepted in new recital 11a of Council GA)

(6) The binding target of at least a		(6) The binding target of at least a	
40% domestic reduction in economy-		40% domestic reduction in economy-	
wide greenhouse gas emissions by		wide greenhouse gas emissions by	
2030 compared to 1990 was formally		2030 compared to 1990 was formally	
approved as the Intended Nationally		approved as the Intended Nationally	
Determined Contribution of the Union		Determined Contribution of the Union	
and its Member States to the Paris		and its Member States to the Paris	
Agreement at the Environment Council		Agreement at the Environment Council	
meeting on 6 March 2015. The Paris		meeting on 6 March 2015. The Paris	
Agreement was ratified by the Union		Agreement was ratified by the Union	
on 5 October 2016 ⁷ and entered into		on 5 October 20168 and entered into	
force on 4 November 2016. It replaces		force on 4 November 2016. It replaces	
the approach taken under the 1997		the approach taken under the 1997	
Kyoto Protocol which will not be		Kyoto Protocol which will not be	
continued beyond 2020. Therefore the		continued beyond 2020. Therefore the	
Union's system for monitoring and		Union's system for monitoring and	
reporting emissions and removals		reporting emissions and removals	
should be updated in the light of this.		should be updated in the light of this.	
	AM 8		Accept in part, with changes
	Recital 6 a (new)		
	(6a) The Paris Agreement		(6a) The Paris Agreement []
	substantially increased the level of		increased the level of global ambition
	global ambition on climate change		on climate change mitigation and sets
	mitigation, with signatories to it		out a long-term goal in line with the
	committing to "holding the increase		objective to keep the global
	in the global average temperature to		temperature increase [] well below
	well below 2°C above pre-industrial		2°C above pre- industrial levels and to
	levels and to pursue efforts to limit the		pursue efforts to keep it to 1,5°C
	temperature increase to 1,5°C above		above pre-industrial levels.
	pre-industrial levels". The Union		
	needs to prepare for much deeper and		

8536/18 ANNEX AT/st

EN

14

Council Decision (EU) 2016/1841 of 5 October 2016 on the conclusion, on behalf of the European Union, of the Paris Agreement adopted under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (OJ L 282, 19.10.2016, p. 1).

<i>C</i> , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
faster cuts in emissions than	
previously foreseen. At the same time	
such reductions are feasible at a	
lower cost than previously assessed,	
given the pace of development and	
deployment of renewable energy	
technologies.	
AM 9	Accept in part, with changes
Recital 6 b (new)	gen
receitar o b (new)	(6b) [] The Union should aim
(6b) In line with the aim of the Paris	through its policies to achieve a
Agreement to achieve a balance	
between anthropogenic emissions by	balance between anthropogenic
	emissions by sources and removals of
sources and removals of GHG by	GHG by sinks in the second half of
sinks in the second half of the 21st	the 21st century [] in line with the
century, the Union should aim, on an	Paris Agreement [].
equitable basis, to reach net-zero	
emissions domestically by 2050,	
followed by a period of negative	
emissions.	
AM 10	Maintain Council GA
Recital 6 c (new)	
(6c) For the climate system it is the	
cumulative total anthropogenic	
emissions over time that are relevant	
for the total concentration of	
greenhouse gases in the atmosphere.	
In order to be consistent with the	
commitments of Paris Agreement, it is	
necessary to analyse the global	
carbon budget which is consistent	
with pursuing efforts to limit the	
temperature increase to 1,5°C above	
pre-industrial levels, and establish a	
· ·	
Union fair share of the remaining	

	global carbon budget for the Union.	
	Long-term climate and energy	
	strategies should be consistent with	
	that carbon budget.	
	AM 11	Maintain Council GA
	Recital 6 d (new)	
	(6d) The Union and the Member	
	States should keep the climate and	
	energy targets under regular review	
	and should revise the targets upwards	
	as necessary, to reflect successive	
	reviews carried out within the	
	UNFCCC process and to reflect the	
	latest scientific evidence on the pace	
	and impacts of climate change.	
	AM 12	Accept with changes
	Recital 6 e (new)	1 8
	(6e) Even though the Union pledged	(6e) Whereas the Union pledged to
	to deliver by far the most ambitious	deliver [] ambitious cuts in GHG
	cuts in GHG emissions by 2030, it	emissions by 2030, [] the threat of
	cannot combat the threat of climate	climate change is a global issue.
	change alone. The Commission and	Therefore, the Union and its <i>Member</i>
	the Member States should use every	States should work with their
	opportunity to persuade in particular	international partners in order to
	countries profiting from international	ensure a high level of ambition by all
	trade with the Union to assume a	Parties to the Paris Agreement.
	proportional share of global	The total of the Large representation of the Large represe
	responsibility and raise the level of	
	their ambition to the one of the	
	Union.	
1	Cittott.	

The European Council also concluded on 24 October 2014* that a reliable and transparent governance system, without any unnecessary administrative burden, should be developed to help ensure that the Union meets its energy policy goals, with the necessary flexibility for Member States and fully respecting their freedom to determine their energy mix. It emphasized that such governance system should build on existing building blocks, such as national climate programmes, national plans for renewable energy and energy efficiency as well as the need to streamline and bring together separate planning and reporting strands. It also agreed to step up the role and rights of consumers, transparency and predictability for investors, inter alia by systematic monitoring of key indicators for an affordable, safe, competitive, secure and sustainable energy system and to facilitate coordination of national energy policies and foster regional cooperation between Member States.

AM 13

The European Council also concluded on 24 October 2014¹⁴ that a reliable and transparent governance system, without any unnecessary administrative burden and with sufficient flexibility for Member *States*, should be developed to help ensure that the Union meets its energy policy goals, while fully respecting **Member States**' freedom to determine their energy mix. It emphasized that such governance system should build on existing building blocks, such as national climate programmes, national plans for renewable energy and energy efficiency as well as the need to streamline and bring together separate planning and reporting strands. It also agreed to step up the role and rights of consumers, transparency and predictability for investors, inter alia by systematic monitoring of key indicators for an affordable, safe, competitive, secure and sustainable energy system and to facilitate coordination of national climate and energy policies and foster regional cooperation between Member States.

The European Council also concluded on 24 October 20149 that a reliable and transparent governance system, without any unnecessary administrative burden, should be developed to help ensure that the Union meets its energy policy goals, with the necessary flexibility for Member States and fully respecting their freedom to determine their energy mix. It emphasized that such governance system should build on existing building blocks, such as national climate programmes, national plans for renewable energy and energy efficiency as well as the need to streamline and bring together separate planning and reporting strands. It also agreed to step up the role and rights of consumers, transparency and predictability for investors, inter alia by systematic monitoring of key indicators for an affordable, safe, competitive, secure and sustainable energy system and to facilitate coordination of national energy policies and foster regional cooperation between Member States.

Accept

⁹ Conclusions of the European Council 23 - 24 October 2014 (EUCO 169/14).

(8) The Commission's Energy	(8) The Commission's Energy
Union Strategy of 25 February 2015	Union Strategy of 25 February 2015
states the need for an integrated	states the need for an integrated
Governance to make sure that energy-	Governance to make sure that energy-
related actions at Union, regional,	related actions at Union, regional,
national and local level all contribute	national and local level all contribute
to the Energy Union's objectives,	to the Energy Union's objectives,
thereby broadening the scope of	thereby broadening the scope of
Governance – beyond the 2030	Governance – beyond the 2030
Framework for Climate and Energy –	Framework for Climate and Energy –
to all five key dimensions of the	to all five key dimensions of the
Energy Union.	Energy Union.
(9) In its Communication on the	(9) In its Communication on the
State of the Energy Union of 18	State of the Energy Union of 18
November 2015* the Commission	November 2015 ¹⁰ the Commission
further specified that integrated	further specified that integrated
national energy and climate plans,	national energy and climate plans,
addressing all five key dimensions of	addressing all five key dimensions of
the Energy Union, are necessary tools	the Energy Union, are necessary tools
for a more strategic energy and climate	for a more strategic energy and climate
policy planning. As part of the State of	policy planning. As part of the State of
the Energy Union, the Commission	the Energy Union, the Commission
Guidance to Member States on	Guidance to Member States on
integrated national energy and climate	integrated national energy and climate
plans provided the basis for Member	plans provided the basis for Member
States to start developing national	States to start developing national
plans for the period 2021 to 2030 and	plans for the period 2021 to 2030 and
set out the main pillars of the	set out the main pillars of the
governance process. The State of the	governance process. The State of the
Energy Union also specified that the	Energy Union also specified that the
Governance should be anchored in	Governance should be anchored in
legislation.	legislation.

Communication State of the Energy Union 2015 of 18.11.2015, COM(2015)572 final.

(10) The Conclusions of the Council of 26 November 2015¹¹ recognised that the Governance of the Energy Union will be an essential tool for the efficient and effective construction of the Energy Union and the achievement of its objectives. They underlined that the governance system should be based on the principles of integration of strategic planning and reporting on the implementation of climate and energy policies and coordination between actors responsible for energy and climate policy, at Union, regional and national level. They also underlined that the Governance should ensure that the agreed energy and climate targets for 2030 are met and that the Governance would monitor the Union's collective progress towards the achievement of the policy objectives across the five dimensions of the Energy Union.

AM 14

(10) The Conclusions of the Council of 26 November 2015* recognised that the Governance of the Energy Union will be an essential tool for the efficient and effective construction of the Energy Union and the achievement of its objectives. They underlined that the governance system should be based on the principles of integration of strategic planning and reporting on the implementation of climate and energy policies and coordination between actors responsible for energy and climate policy, at Union, regional and national level. They also underlined that the Governance should ensure that the agreed energy and climate targets for 2030 are met: and that the Governance would monitor each **Member State's and** the Union's collective progress towards the achievement of *targets and* objectives across the five dimensions of the Energy Union.

(10) The Conclusions of the Council of 26 November 2015* recognised that the Governance of the Energy Union

Maintain Council GA

will be an essential tool for the efficient and effective construction of the Energy Union and the achievement of its objectives. They underlined that the governance system should be based on the principles of integration of strategic planning and reporting on the implementation of climate and energy policies and coordination between actors responsible for energy and climate policy, at Union, regional and national level. They also underlined that the Governance should ensure that the agreed energy and climate targets for 2030 are met and that the Governance would monitor the Union's collective progress towards the achievement of the policy objectives across the five dimensions of the Energy Union.

ANNEX

¹¹ Conclusions of the Council of 26 November 2015 (14632/15).

(11) The European Parliament's	(11) The European Parliament's
resolution "Towards a European	resolution "Towards a European
Energy Union" of 15 December 2015*	Energy Union" of 15 December 2015 ¹²
called for the Governance framework	called for the Governance framework
for the Energy Union to be ambitious,	for the Energy Union to be ambitious,
reliable, transparent, democratic and	reliable, transparent, democratic and
fully inclusive of the European	fully inclusive of the European
Parliament and to ensure that the 2030	Parliament and to ensure that the 2030
climate and energy targets are	climate and energy targets are
achieved.	achieved.
	(11a) The European Council has
	repeatedly stressed the need to take
	urgent measures in order to ensure
	the achievement of a minimum
	target of 10% of electricity
	interconnections. The European
	Council of 23 and 24 October 2014
	decided that the European
	Commission supported by the
	Member States will take urgent
	measures in order to ensure the
	achievement of a minimum target of
	10% of electricity interconnections,
	as a matter of urgency, and no later
	than 2020 at least for Member States
	which have not yet attained a
	minimum level of integration in the
	internal energy market. The recent
	Commission 'Communication on
	strengthening Europe's energy
	networks' 13 assesses progress
	towards achieving the 10%
	interconnection target and suggests
	ways to operationalise the 15%
	interconnection target.

European Parliament resolution of 15 December 2015 on "Towards a European Energy Union" (2015/2113(INI)). COM(2017) 718 final 12

ANNEX

¹³

(12) Therefore, the main objective of the Energy Union Governance should be to enable the achievement of the objectives of the Energy Union and in particular the targets of the 2030 Framework for Climate and Energy. This Regulation is therefore linked to sectorial legislation implementing the 2030 targets for energy and climate. While Member States need flexibility to choose policies that are bestmatched to their national energy mix and preferences, that flexibility should be compatible with further market integration, increased competition, the attainment of climate and energy objectives and the gradual shift towards a low-carbon economy.

AM 15

(12) Therefore, the main objective of the Energy Union Governance should be to enable the achievement of the objectives of the Energy Union and in particular the targets of the 2030 Framework for Climate and Energy, in the field of GHG emissions reduction, renewable energy sources and energy efficiency. This Regulation is therefore linked to sectorial legislation implementing the 2030 targets for energy and climate. While Member States need flexibility to choose policies that are best-matched to their national energy mix and preferences, that flexibility should be compatible with further market integration, increased competition, the attainment of climate and energy objectives and the gradual shift towards a *sustainable* low-carbon economy based on a highly energy-efficient, renewablesbased energy system. A mandatory template for the long-term climate and energy strategies should be introduced to ensure their quality and comparability.

(12) Therefore, the main objective of the Energy Union Governance should be to enable the achievement of the objectives of the Energy Union and in particular the targets of the 2030 Framework for Climate and Energy. These objectives and targets stem from the Union policy on energy and from the need to preserve, protect and improve the quality of the environment and to promote the prudent and rational utilisation of natural resources, as provided for under the EU Treaties. Neither of these indissociably linked objectives can be regarded as secondary to the other. This Regulation is therefore linked to sectorial legislation implementing the 2030 targets for energy and climate. While Member States need flexibility to choose policies that are best-matched to their national energy mix and preferences, that flexibility should be compatible with further market integration, increased competition, the attainment of climate and energy objectives and the gradual shift towards a low-carbon economy.

To be discussed with EP

(12) Therefore, the main objective of the Energy Union Governance should be to enable the achievement of the objectives of the Energy Union and in particular the targets of the 2030 Framework for Climate and Energy, in the field of GHG emissions reduction, renewable energy sources and energy efficiency. These objectives and targets stem from the Union policy on energy and from the need to preserve, protect and improve the quality of the environment and to promote the prudent and rational utilisation of natural resources, as provided for under the EU Treaties. Neither of these indissociably linked objectives can be regarded as secondary to the other. This Regulation is therefore linked to sectorial legislation implementing the 2030 targets for energy and climate. While Member States need flexibility to choose policies that are bestmatched to their national energy mix and preferences, that flexibility should be compatible with further market integration, increased competition, the attainment of climate and energy objectives and the gradual shift towards a *sustainable* low-carbon economy.

(13) The transition to a low-carbon economy requires changes in investment behaviour and incentives across the entire policy spectrum. Achieving greenhouse gas emission reductions requires a boost to efficiency and innovation in the European economy and in particular should also lead to improvements of air quality.	AM 16 (13) The socially acceptable transition to a sustainable, low-carbon economy requires substantial changes in investment behaviour, particularly regarding public and private investment, and incentives across the entire policy spectrum as well as regional market reform. Achieving greenhouse gas emission reductions requires a boost to efficiency and innovation in the European economy and in particular should also create sustainable jobs and lead to improvements of air quality.	(13) The transition to a low-carbon economy requires changes in investment behaviour and incentives across the entire policy spectrum. Achieving greenhouse gas emission reductions requires a boost to efficiency and innovation in the European economy and in particular should also lead to improvements of air quality.	Accept with changes (13) A socially acceptable transition to a sustainable, low-carbon economy requires changes in investment behaviour, as regards both public and private investment, and incentives across the entire policy spectrum. Achieving greenhouse gas emission reductions requires a boost to efficiency and innovation in the European economy and in particular should also create sustainable jobs, including in high-tech sectors, and lead to improvements of air quality and public health *). *) Cf. AM 18
	AM 17 Recital 13 a (new) (13a) The Union and the Member States should undertake concrete actions by which to ban energy subsidies, at least for fossil fuels, in order to comply with the international commitments of the G-7 and the G-20 and in the Paris Agreement.		Recital 13 a (new) (13a) In view of international commitments [] undertaken in the Paris Agreement, Member States should report on actions that they undertake to phase out energy subsidies, in particular for fossil fuels. When reporting, Member States may choose to base themselves on existing definitions for fossil fuels used internationally. Note: cf. EP Amendment on fossil fuel subsidies' in AM 156, 193, 248 and 258

	AM 18		Accept
(14) As greenhouse gases and air	(14) As greenhouse gases and air	(14) As greenhouse gases and air	1
pollutants largely derive from common	pollutants largely derive from common	pollutants largely derive from common	
sources, policy designed to reduce	sources, policy designed to reduce	sources, policy designed to reduce	
GHGs can have co-benefits for air	GHGs can have co-benefits for <i>public</i>	GHGs can have co-benefits for air	
quality that could offset some or all of	health and air quality, in particular in	quality that could offset some or all of	
the near-term costs of GHG mitigation.	urban areas, that could offset the near-	the near-term costs of GHG mitigation.	
As data reported under Directive	term costs of GHG mitigation. As data	As data reported under Directive	
2001/81/EC of the European	reported under Directive 2001/81/EC	2001/81/EC of the European	
Parliament and the Council* represent	of the European Parliament and the	Parliament and the Council ¹⁴ represent	
an important input for the compilation	Council* represent an important input	an important input for the compilation	
of the GHG inventory and the national	for the compilation of the GHG	of the GHG inventory and the national	
plans, the importance of compilation	inventory and the national plans, the	plans, the importance of compilation	
and reporting of consistent data	importance of compilation and	and reporting of consistent data	
between Directive 2001/81/EC and the	reporting of consistent data between	between Directive 2001/81/EC and the	
GHG inventory should be recognised.	Directive 2001/81/EC and the GHG	GHG inventory should be recognised.	
	inventory should be recognised.		
(15) The experience gained in		(15) The experience gained in	
implementing Regulation (EU) No		implementing Regulation (EU) No	
525/2013 of the European Parliament		525/2013 of the European Parliament	
and the Council* indicated the need for		and the Council ¹⁵ indicated the need	
synergies and coherence with reporting		for synergies and coherence with	
under other legal instruments, in		reporting under other legal	
particular with Directive 2003/87/EC		instruments, in particular with	
of the European Parliament and the		Directive 2003/87/EC of the European	
Council, Regulation (EC) No 166/2006		Parliament and the Council ¹⁶ ,	
of the European Parliament and the		Regulation (EC) No 166/2006 of the	

Directive 2001/81/EC of the European Parliament and the Council on National Emission Ceilings for certain pollutants (OJ L 309, 27.11.2001, p. 22).

Regulation (EU) No 525/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 May 2013 on a mechanism for monitoring and reporting greenhouse gas emissions and for reporting other information at national and Union level relevant to climate change and repealing Decision No 280/2004/EC (OJ L 165, 18.6.2013, p. 13).

Directive 2003/87/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 October 2003 establishing a scheme for greenhouse gas emission allowance trading within the Community (OJ L 275, 25.10.2003, p. 32).

	national, <i>and local</i> level with regard to		national level with regard to the
carbon economy.	Union, macro-regional, regional,	greenhouse gas emission economy.	of policies and measures at Union and
of the energy system towards a low-	adequacy of policies and measures at	of the energy system towards a [] low	help to ensure coherence and adequacy
level with regard to the transformation	should help to ensure coherence and	level with regard to the transformation	other Union Institutions and it should
and measures at Union and national	and other Union Institutions and it	and measures at Union and national	stakeholders, the Commission and
coherence and adequacy of policies	<i>relevant stakeholders</i> , the Commission	coherence and adequacy of policies	for the Member States and relevant
Institutions and it should help to ensure	complexity for the Member States and	Institutions and it should help to ensure	administrative burden and <i>complexity</i>
Commission and other Union	significant reduction of administrative	Commission and other Union	result in a significant reduction of
burden for the Member States, the	Governance should result in a	burden for the Member States, the	Energy Union Governance should
significant reduction of administrative	<i>investments</i> , the Energy Union	significant reduction of administrative	innovation and investments, the
Governance should result in a	policy for research, innovation and	Governance should result in a	policy that promotes research,
Regulation, the Energy Union	Regulation <i>and consistent with a</i>	Regulation, the Energy Union	Regulation <i>and consistent with a</i>
strong commitment to Better	strong commitment to Better	strong commitment to Better	strong commitment to Better
(16) In line with the Commission's	AM 19 (16) In line with the Commission's	(16) In line with the Commission's	Accept with changes (16) In line with the Commission's
	AN/ 10	the quality of emissions reporting.	A sa and a widle all mass as
the quality of emissions reporting.		gas emissions is essential to ensuring	
gas emissions is essential to ensuring		of consistent data to report greenhouse	
of consistent data to report greenhouse		Parliament and the Council ¹⁹ . The use	
Parliament and the Council*. The use		No 517/2014 of the European	
No 517/2014 of the European		and the Council ¹⁸ and Regulation (EC)	
and the Council* and Regulation (EC)		1099/2008 of the European Parliament	
1099/2008 of the European Parliament		Council ¹⁷ , Regulation (EC) No	
Council*, Regulation (EC) No		European Parliament and the	

transformation of the energy system

gas emission economy

towards a sustainable low greenhouse

the transformation of the energy

carbon economy

system towards a sustainable low-

¹⁷ Regulation (EC) No 166/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 January 2006 concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (OJ L 33, 4.2.2006, p. 1).

¹⁸ Regulation (EC) No 1099/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 October 2008 on energy statistics (OJ L 304, 14.11.2008, p. 1).

Regulation (EC) No 517/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 on fluorinated greenhouse gases and repealing Regulation (EC) No 842/2006 19 (OJ L 150, 20.5.2014, p. 195).

Union objectives should be ensured through a combination of Union initiatives and coherent national policies set out in integrated national energy and climate plans. Sectorial Union legislation in the energy and climate fields sets out planning requirements, which have been useful tools to drive change at the national level. Their introduction at different moments in time has led to overlaps and insufficient consideration of synergies and interactions between policy areas. Current separate	AM 20 (17) The achievement of the Energy Union <i>targets and</i> objectives should be ensured through a combination of Union initiatives and coherent national policies set out in integrated national energy and climate plans. Sectorial Union legislation in the energy and climate fields sets out planning requirements, which have been useful tools to drive change at the national level. Their introduction at different moments in time has led to overlaps and insufficient consideration of synergies and interactions between	Union objectives should be ensured through a combination of Union initiatives and coherent national policies set out in integrated national energy and climate plans. Sectorial Union legislation in the energy and climate fields sets out planning requirements, which have been useful tools to drive change at the national level. Their introduction at different moments in time has led to overlaps and insufficient consideration of synergies and interactions between policy areas. Current separate	Accept in part (17) The achievement of the Energy Union targets and objectives should be ensured through a combination of Union initiatives and coherent national policies set out in integrated national energy and climate plans. Sectorial Union legislation in the energy and climate fields sets out planning requirements, which have been useful tools to drive change at the national level. Their introduction at different moments in time has led to overlaps and insufficient consideration of synergies and interactions between
planning, reporting and monitoring in the climate and energy fields should therefore as far as possible be	policy areas, to the detriment of cost- efficiency. Current separate planning, reporting and monitoring in the climate	planning, reporting and monitoring in the climate and energy fields should therefore as far as possible be	policy areas, to the detriment of cost- efficiency. Current separate planning, reporting and monitoring in the climate
streamlined and integrated.	and energy fields should, <i>where relevant</i> , be streamlined and integrated.	streamlined and integrated.	and energy fields should therefore as far as possible be streamlined and integrated.
	AM 21 Recital 17 a (new)		Maintain Council GA
	(17a) An assessment of the interactions between existing and		
	planned policies and measures to achieve decarbonisation is necessary		
	and Member States should produce a quantitative or qualitative evaluation.		
	AM 22 Recital 17 b (new)		To be discussed with EP
	(17b) Member States should ensure policy coherence between their		
	national energy and climate plans and their long-term low emission		
	strategies with the UN 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development.		

(18) The integrated national energy and climate plans should cover tenyear periods and provide an overview of the current energy system and policy situation. They should set out national objectives for each of the five key dimensions of the Energy Union and corresponding policies and measures to meet those objectives and have an analytical basis. The national plans covering the first period from 2021 to 2030 should pay particular attention to the 2030 targets for greenhouse gas emission reductions, renewable energy, energy efficiency and electricity interconnection. Member States should aim to ensure that the national plans are consistent with and contribute to achieving the Sustainable Development Goals.

AM 23

(18) The integrated national energy and climate plans should cover tenyear periods and provide an overview of the current energy system and policy situation. They should set out national targets or objectives for each of the five key dimensions of the Energy Union and corresponding policies and measures to meet those objectives and have an analytical basis. The national plans covering the first period from 2021 to 2030 should pay particular attention to the 2030 targets for greenhouse gas emission reductions, renewable energy, energy efficiency and electricity interconnection. Member States should aim to ensure that the national plans are consistent with and contribute to achieving the Sustainable Development Goals.

(18) The integrated national energy and climate plans should cover tenyear periods and provide an overview of the current energy system and policy situation. They should set out national objectives for each of the five key dimensions of the Energy Union and corresponding policies and measures to meet those objectives and have an analytical basis. The national plans covering the first period from 2021 to 2030 should pay particular attention to the 2030 targets for greenhouse gas emission reductions, renewable energy, energy efficiency and electricity interconnection. Member States should aim to ensure that the national plans are consistent with and contribute to achieving the Sustainable Development Goals. In setting out the national plans, Member States may build upon existing national strategies or plans. For the first draft national plan and national plan, a different deadline is provided as compared to subsequent plans, in order to provide Member **States with adequate preparation** time for their first plans after the adoption of this Regulation.

Nevertheless, the Member States are encouraged to provide their first draft national plans as early as possible in 2018, in order to allow

Maintain Council GA

	proper preparations, in particular for the facilitative dialogue to be convened under the Paris Agreement in 2018.	
AM 24 Recital 18 a (new) (18a) When preparing their integrated national energy and climate plan, Member States should assess the number of households in energy poverty, taking into account the necessary domestic energy services needed to guarantee basic standards of living in the relevant national context, which they may not be able to afford due to a combination of low income, high energy expenditure and poor energy efficiency of their households. Member States should outline existing and planned policies and measures addressing energy poverty and, where necessary, include a national objective to reduce the number of households in energy poverty. The Commission should adopt a common methodology for Member States to define energy poverty and each Member State should define households in energy poverty in accordance with their specific national circumstances.		(18a) When preparing their integrated national energy and climate plan, Member States should assess the number of households in energy poverty, taking into account the necessary domestic energy services needed to guarantee basic standards of living in the relevant national context, existing social policy and other relevant policies, as well as Commission indicative guidance on relevant indicators for energy poverty []. In the event that a Member State finds that it has a significant number of households in energy poverty, it should include in its plan a national indicative objective to reduce energy poverty.

Maintain Council GA **AM 25** Recital 18 b (new) (18b) Member States should ensure that Union funding from the 2014 to 2020 multiannual financial framework is included in their integrated national energy and climate plans. National allocations from the post-2020 multiannual financial framework should actively contribute to the achievement of Energy Union targets and objectives, in particular in the sectors of greenhouse gas emission reductions including removals by sinks, renewable energy and energy efficiency. To that end, the programming process at national and local level for the post-2020 multiannual financial framework should take place in combination with a Commission assessment of integrated national energy and climate plans to reflect a high ambition, in particular in the light of the long-term objectives of the Paris

Agreement and the Sustainable

Development Goals.

(19) A mandatory template for the national plans should be established to ensure that all national plans are sufficiently comprehensive and to facilitate comparison and aggregation		(19) A mandatory template for the national plans should be established to ensure that all national plans are sufficiently comprehensive and to facilitate comparison and aggregation	
of national plans, while at the same time ensuring sufficient flexibility to		of national plans, while at the same time ensuring sufficient flexibility to	
Member States to set out the details of		Member States to set out the details of	
national plans reflecting national		national plans reflecting national	
preferences and specificities.		preferences and specificities.	
	AM 26 Recital 19 a (new) (19a) Member States should establish a permanent multi-level energy dialogue platform gathering local authorities, civil society organisations, business community, investors and other relevant stakeholders to discuss the different options envisaged for energy and climate policies. Integrated national energy and climate plans as well as long-term climate and energy strategies should be discussed within the framework of that platform.		Cf. AM 113 Note: see new compromise recital 20(ter) (which is best placed after recital 20 which explains the public consultation process)

(20) The implementation of policies and measures in the areas of the energy and climate has an impact on the environment. Member States should therefore ensure that the public is given early and effective opportunities to participate in and to be consulted on the preparation of the integrated national energy and climate plans in accordance, where applicable, with the provisions of Directive 2001/42/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council²⁰ and the United Nations **Economic Commission for Europe** ("UNECE") Convention on Access to Information, Public Participation in Decision-making and Access to Justice in Environmental Matters of 25 June 1998 (the "Aarhus convention"). Member States should also ensure involvement of social partners in the preparation of the integrated national energy and climate plans.

AM 27

(20) The implementation of policies and measures in the areas of the energy and climate has an impact on the environment. Member States should therefore ensure that the public is given early and effective opportunities to participate *actively* in and to be consulted on the preparation of the integrated national energy and climate plans and long-term climate and energy strategies in accordance, where applicable, with the provisions of Directive 2001/42/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council²⁴ and the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe ("UNECE") Convention on Access to Information, Public Participation in Decision-making and Access to Justice in Environmental Matters of 25 June 1998 (the "Aarhus convention"). Member States should also ensure involvement of *the* social partners, local authorities and all relevant stakeholders from early stages of the planning and reporting processes and in the preparation of the integrated national energy and climate plans and long-term strategies.

(20) The implementation of policies and measures in the areas of the energy and climate has an impact on the environment. Member States should therefore ensure that the public is given early and effective opportunities to participate in and to be consulted on the preparation of the integrated national energy and climate plans in accordance, where applicable, with the provisions of Directive 2001/42/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe ("UNECE") Convention on Access to Information, Public Participation in Decision-making and Access to Justice in Environmental Matters of 25 June 1998 (the "Aarhus convention"). Member States should also ensure involvement of social partners in the preparation of the integrated national energy and climate plans.

(20) The implementation of policies and measures in the areas of the energy and climate has an impact on the environment. Member States should therefore ensure that the public is given early and effective opportunities to participate in and to be consulted on the preparation of the integrated national energy and climate plans in accordance, where applicable, with the provisions of Directive 2001/42/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and the United Nations **Economic Commission for Europe** ("UNECE") Convention on Access to Information, Public Participation in Decision-making and Access to Justice in Environmental Matters of 25 June 1998 (the "Aarhus convention"). Member States should also ensure involvement of social partners in the preparation of the integrated national energy and climate plans, and aim at limiting administrative complexity when implementing their obligations on public consultation.

Note: addition responds to AM 112

8536/18 AT/st 30
ANNEX DG E 2B EN

Directive 2001/42/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 June 2001 on the assessment of the effects of certain plans and programmes on the environment (OJ L 197, 21.7.2001, p.30).

	(20 bis) When implementing their public consultation obligations, and in line with the Aarhus Convention, Member States should aim at equal participation, ensure that the public is informed by public notices or other appropriate means, such as electronic media, that the public can access all relevant documents, and put in place practical arrangements related to the public's participation.
	Note: addition responds to AM 109
	(Art. 10) (20ter) Many Member States have public consultation mechanisms in place for climate and/or energy policies. Having regard to the implementation of the Paris Agreement as well as of the Union's climate and energy policies, it would be appropriate for [] Member States [] that have no such structure in place, to [] consider establishing such a public consultation mechanism, which could take the form of [] a permanent multi-level energy dialogue platform gathering local authorities, civil society organisations, business community, investors and other relevant
	stakeholders to discuss the different options envisaged for energy and climate policies and review progress. Integrated national energy and

(21) Regional cooperation is key to ensure an effective achievement of the objectives of the Energy Union. Member States should get the opportunity to comment on other Member States' plans before they are finalised to avoid inconsistencies and potential negative impacts on other Member States and ensure that common objectives are met collectively. Regional cooperation in elaborating and finalising national plans as well as in the subsequent implementation of national plans should be essential to improve effectiveness and efficiency of measures and foster market integration and energy security.

AM 28

(21) Macro-regional and regional cooperation are necessary for Member States to implement, jointly, certain policies and measures contributing to the achievement of common targets and objectives in a cost-optimal manner. The Commission should facilitate such cooperation between the Member States. Member States should *also* get the opportunity to comment on other Member States' plans before they are finalised to avoid inconsistencies and potential negative impacts on other Member States and ensure that common objectives are met collectively. *Macro-regional and* regional cooperation in elaborating and finalising national plans as well as in the subsequent implementation of national plans should be essential to improve effectiveness and efficiency of measures and foster market integration and energy security.

(21) Regional cooperation is key to ensure an effective achievement of the objectives of the Energy Union.

Member States should get the opportunity to comment on other Member States' plans before they are finalised to avoid inconsistencies and potential negative impacts on other Member States and ensure that common objectives are met collectively. Regional cooperation in elaborating and finalising national plans as well as in the subsequent implementation of national plans should be essential to improve

effectiveness and efficiency of

and energy security.

measures and foster market integration

climate plans [] could be discussed within the framework of [] such a platform.

Note: see AM 26 and 113

Accept in part

(21) Regional cooperation is key to ensure an effective achievement of the objectives of the Energy Union in a cost-optimal manner. The Commission should facilitate such cooperation between the Member **States**. Member States should get the opportunity to comment on other Member States' plans before they are finalised to avoid inconsistencies and potential negative impacts on other Member States and ensure that common objectives are met collectively. Regional cooperation in elaborating and finalising national plans as well as in the subsequent implementation of national plans should be essential to improve effectiveness and efficiency of measures and foster market integration and energy security.

Note: in response to AM 114 (Art. 11):

(21 bis) Where cooperating in the framework of this Regulation, Member States should take into consideration existing set-ups of regional cooperation, such as the Baltic Energy Market Interconnection Plan (BEMIP), Central and South-Eastern Europe Connectivity (CESEC), Central-West Regional Energy Market (CWREM), the North Seas Countries' Offshore Grid Initiative (NSCOGI), the Pentalateral Energy Forum and the Euro-Mediterranean Partnership.

Moreover, the Commission may, with a view to promoting market integration, cost-efficient policies, effective cooperation, partnerships and consultations, identify further opportunities for regional cooperation covering one or several of the five dimensions of the Energy Union in line with the provisions of this Regulation, with a long-term vision and based on existing market conditions.

(22) National plans should be stable to ensure transparency and predictability of national policies and measures in order to ensure investor certainty. Updates of national plans should however be foreseen once during the ten-year period covered to give Member States the opportunity to adapt to significant changing circumstances. For the plans covering the period from 2021 to 2030, Member States should be able to update their plans by 1 January 2024. Targets, objectives and contributions should only be modified to reflect an increased overall ambition in particular as regards the 2030 targets for energy and climate. As part of the updates, Member States should make efforts to mitigate any adverse environmental impacts that become apparent as part of the integrated reporting.

AM 30

(22) National plans should be stable to ensure transparency and predictability of national policies and measures in order to ensure investment certainty. The regular submission of national plans over ten-year rolling periods give Member States the opportunity to adapt to significant changing circumstances. Targets and objectives should only be modified to reflect an increased overall ambition in particular as regards the targets for energy and climate. As part of *those* plans, Member States should make efforts to mitigate any adverse environmental impacts that become apparent as part of the integrated reporting.

(22) National plans should be stable to ensure transparency and predictability of national policies and measures in order to ensure investor certainty. Updates of national plans should however be foreseen once during the ten-year period covered to give Member States the opportunity to adapt to significant changing circumstances. For the plans covering the period from 2021 to 2030, Member States should be able to update their plans by **30 June** [] 2024. Targets, objectives and contributions should only be modified to reflect an increased overall ambition in particular as regards the 2030 targets for energy and climate. As part of the updates, Member States should make efforts to mitigate any adverse environmental impacts that become apparent as part of the integrated reporting.

(22) National plans should be stable to ensure transparency and predictability of national policies and measures in order to ensure [1] *investment* certainty. Updates of national plans should however be foreseen once during the ten-year period covered to give Member States the opportunity to adapt to significant changing circumstances. For the plans covering the period from 2021 to 2030, Member States should be able to update their plans by **30 June** [] 2024. Targets, objectives and contributions should only be modified to reflect an increased overall ambition in particular as regards the 2030 targets for energy and climate. As part of the updates, Member States should make efforts to mitigate any adverse environmental impacts that become apparent as part of the integrated reporting.

(23) Stable long-term low emission strategies are crucial to contribute towards economic transformation, jobs, growth and the achievement of broader sustainable development goals, as well as to move in a fair and cost-effective manner towards the long-term goal set by the Paris Agreement. Furthermore, Parties to the Paris Agreement are invited to communicate, by 2020, their midcentury, long-term low greenhouse gas emission development strategies.	AM 31 (23) Stable long-term <i>climate and energy</i> strategies are crucial to contribute towards economic transformation, jobs, growth and the achievement of broader sustainable development goals, as well as to move in a fair and cost-effective manner towards the long-term goal set by the Paris Agreement. Furthermore, Parties to the Paris Agreement are invited to communicate, by 2020, their mid- century, long-term low greenhouse gas emission development strategies.	(23) Stable long-term low emission strategies are crucial to contribute towards economic transformation, jobs, growth and the achievement of broader sustainable development goals, as well as to move in a fair and cost-effective manner towards the long-term goal set by the Paris Agreement. Furthermore, Parties to the Paris Agreement are invited to communicate, by 2020, their midcentury, long-term low greenhouse gas emission development strategies.	Maintain Council GA
	AM 32 Recital 23 a (new) (23a) Member States should develop long-term climate and energy strategies for 2050 and beyond identifying the necessary transformations in different sectors that are necessary to shift to a renewable energy system and achieve the goals of the Paris Agreement. The strategies should be consistent with the Union's fair share of remaining global carbon budget and should be developed in an open and transparent manner and with the full involvement of relevant stakeholders. The integrated national energy and climate plans should be based on the long-term climate and energy strategies and consistent with them.		Maintain Council GA Note: see AM 122

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AM 33	To be discussed with EP
Recital 23 b (new)	
(23b) The land use, land use change	
and forestry (LULUCF) sector is	
highly exposed and very vulnerable to	
climate change. At the same time, the	
sector has huge potential to provide	
for long-term climate benefits and to	
contribute significantly to the	
achievement of Union and	
international long-term climate goals.	
It can contribute to climate change	
mitigation in several ways, in	
particular by reducing emissions,	
maintaining and enhancing sinks and	
carbon stocks, and providing bio-	
materials that can substitute fossil or	
carbon-intensive materials. In order	
for measures aiming in particular at	
increasing carbon sequestration to be	
effective, the sustainable resource	
management and long-term stability	
and adaptability of carbon pools is	
essential. Long-term strategies are	
essential to allow for sustainable	
investments in the long run.	

AM 34 Accept Recital 23 c (new) (23c) When developing further interconnections, it is important to make a complete assessment of the costs and benefits, including the full technical, socio-economic and environmental impacts, thereof as required by the TEN-E Regulation and take into account the positive externalities of interconnections, such as the integration of renewables, the security of supply and the increased competition in the internal market. **AM 35** Accept, with changes (24) As is the case for planning, sectorial Union legislation in the energy and climate fields sets out reporting requirements, many of which have been useful tools to drive change at the national level, but those at the national level, complementary to at the national level, but those at the national level, complementary to requirements have been introduced at market reforms, but those requirements have been introduced at market reforms, but those requirements have been introduced at requirements have been introduced at different moments in time which has led to overlaps and insufficient led to overlaps and insufficient consideration of synergies and led to overlaps and cost-inefficiency, consideration of synergies and led to overlaps and cost-inefficiency, interactions between policy areas such as well as insufficient consideration of interactions between policy areas such as well as insufficient consideration of as GHG mitigation, renewable energy. as GHG mitigation, renewable energy. synergies and interactions between synergies and interactions between energy efficiency and market policy areas such as GHG mitigation, energy efficiency and market policy areas such as GHG mitigation, integration. To strike the right balance integration. To strike the right balance renewable energy, energy efficiency renewable energy, energy efficiency between the need to ensure a proper and market integration. To strike the between the need to ensure a proper and market integration. To strike the follow-up of the implementation of right balance between the need to follow-up of the implementation of right balance between the need to

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plans and other developments in the energy system. Some reporting however, particularly with regard to reporting requirements in the climate field stemming from the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change ("UNFCCC") and Union Regulations, would still be necessary on a yearly basis.

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establish biennial progress reports on the implementation of the plans and other developments in the energy system. Some reporting however, particularly with regard to reporting requirements in the climate field stemming from the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change ("UNFCCC") and Union Regulations, would still be necessary on a yearly basis.

(25) Member States' integrated progress reports should mirror the elements set out in the template for the national plans. A template for the integrated progress reports should be detailed in subsequent implementing act(s) given their technical nature and the fact that the first progress reports are due in 2021. The progress reports should be carried out in order to ensure transparency towards the Union, other Member States and market actors including consumers. They should be comprehensive across the five dimensions of the Energy Union and, for the first period, at the same time put emphasis on areas covered by the targets of the 2030 Climate and Energy Framework.

AM 36

(25) Member States' integrated progress reports should mirror the elements set out in the template for the national plans. A template for the integrated progress reports should be detailed in subsequent implementing act(s) given their technical nature and the fact that the first progress reports are due in 2021. The progress reports should be carried out in order to ensure transparency towards the Union, other Member States, regional and local authorities, market actors including consumers, any other relevant stakeholders and the general public. They should be comprehensive across the five dimensions of the Energy Union and, for the first period, at the same time put emphasis on areas covered by the targets of the 2030 Climate and Energy Framework.

(25) Member States' integrated progress reports should mirror the elements set out in the template for the national plans. A template for the integrated progress reports should be detailed in subsequent implementing act(s) given their technical nature and the fact that the first progress reports are due in 2023. The progress reports should be carried out in order to ensure transparency towards the Union, other Member States and market actors including consumers. They should be comprehensive across the five dimensions of the Energy Union and, for the first period, at the same time put emphasis on areas covered by the targets of the 2030 Climate and Energy Framework.

Accept, with changes

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(26) Under the UNFCCC, the Union and its Member States are required to develop, regularly update, publish and report to the Conference of the Parties national inventories of anthropogenic emissions by sources and removals by sinks of all greenhouse gases using comparable methodologies agreed by the Conference of the Parties. The GHG inventories are key to enabling the tracking of progress with the implementation of the decarbonisation dimension and for assessing compliance with the legislation in the field of climate, in particular Regulation [OP: act number XXX on binding annual greenhouse gas emission reductions by Member States from 2021 to 2030 for a resilient Energy Union and to meet commitments under the Paris Agreement and amending Regulation (EU) No 525/2013 of the European Parliament and the Council on a mechanism for monitoring and reporting greenhouse gas emissions and other information relevant to climate change] ("Regulation [] [ESR]") and Regulation [OP: act number XXX on the inclusion of greenhouse gas emissions and removals from land use, land use change and forestry into the 2030

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8536/18 AT/st 39
ANNEX DG E 2B EN

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climate and energy framework and		climate and energy framework and	
amending Regulation (EU) No		amending Regulation (EU) No	
525/2013 of the European Parliament		525/2013 of the European Parliament	
and the Council on a mechanism for		and the Council on a mechanism for	
monitoring and reporting greenhouse		monitoring and reporting greenhouse	
gas emissions and other information		gas emissions and other information	
relevant to climate change]		relevant to climate change]	
("Regulation [] [LULUCF]").		("Regulation [] [LULUCF]") ²² .	
(27) Decision 1/CP.16 of the		(27) Decision 1/CP.16 of the	
Conference of the Parties to the		Conference of the Parties to the	
UNFCCC requires the establishment of		UNFCCC requires the establishment of	
national arrangements to estimate		national arrangements to estimate	
anthropogenic emissions by sources		anthropogenic emissions by sources	
and removals by sinks of all		and removals by sinks of all	
greenhouse gases. This Regulation		greenhouse gases. This Regulation	
should enable the establishment of		should enable the establishment of	
those national arrangements.		those national arrangements.	
	AM 37		(cf. AM 59, Art. 3(3b) (new))
(28) The experience in the	(28) The experience in the	(28) The experience in the	
implementation of Regulation (EU) No	implementation of Regulation (EU) No	implementation of Regulation (EU) No	(28) The experience in the
525/2013 demonstrated the importance	525/2013 demonstrated the importance	525/2013 demonstrated the importance	implementation of Regulation (EU) No
of transparency, accuracy, consistency,	of transparency, accuracy, consistency,	of transparency, accuracy, consistency,	525/2013 demonstrated the importance
completeness and comparability of	completeness and comparability of	completeness and comparability of	of transparency, accuracy, consistency,
information. Building on that	information. Building on that	information. Building on that	completeness and comparability of
experience, this Regulation should	experience, this Regulation should	experience, this Regulation should	information. Building on that
ensure that Member States report on	ensure that Member States use credible	ensure that Member States report on	experience, this Regulation should
their policies and measures and	and consistent data and assumptions	their policies and measures and	ensure that Member States <i>use</i> robust
projections as a key component of the	across the five dimensions and make	projections as a key component of the	and consistent data and assumptions
progress reports. The information in	publicly available data used in	progress reports. The information in	across the five dimensions and report
those reports should be essential for	making scenarios and modelling and	those reports should be essential for	on their policies and measures and
demonstrating the timely	report on their policies and measures	demonstrating the timely	projections as a key component of the
implementation of commitments under	and projections as a key component of	implementation of commitments under	progress reports. The information in
Regulation [] [ESR]. Operating and	the progress reports. The information	Regulation [] [ESR]. Operating and	those reports should be essential for

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8536/18 AT/st 40 ANNEX DG E 2B E $\bf N$

continuously improving systems at Union and Member State level coupled with better guidance on reporting should significantly contribute towards an on-going strengthening of the information necessary in order to track progress in the decarbonisation dimension.	in those reports should be essential for demonstrating the timely implementation of commitments under Regulation [] [ESR]. Operating and continuously improving systems at Union and Member State level coupled with better guidance on reporting should significantly contribute towards an on-going strengthening of the information necessary in order to track progress in the decarbonisation dimension.	continuously improving systems at Union and Member State level coupled with better guidance on reporting should significantly contribute towards an on-going strengthening of the information necessary in order to track progress in the decarbonisation dimension.	demonstrating the timely implementation of commitments under Regulation [] [ESR]. Operating and continuously improving systems at Union and Member State level coupled with better guidance on reporting should significantly contribute towards an on-going strengthening of the information necessary in order to track progress in the decarbonisation dimension.
reporting by Member States on adaptation to climate change and the provision of financial, technological and capacity-building support to developing countries, thereby facilitating the implementation of the Union's commitments under the UNFCCC and Paris Agreement. Furthermore, information on national adaptation actions and support is also important in the context of the integrated national energy and climate plans, especially as regards adaptation to those adverse effects of climate change related to the security of the Union's energy supply such as the availability of cooling water for power plants and biomass availability for energy, and information on support relevant to the external dimension of the Energy Union.		reporting by Member States on adaptation to climate change and the provision of financial, technological and capacity-building support to developing countries, thereby facilitating the implementation of the Union's commitments under the UNFCCC and Paris Agreement. Furthermore, information on national adaptation actions and support is also important in the context of the integrated national energy and climate plans, especially as regards adaptation to those adverse effects of climate change related to the security of the Union's energy supply such as the availability of cooling water for power plants and biomass availability for energy, and information on support relevant to the external dimension of the Energy Union.	

(30) In order to limit administrative burden on Member States and the Commission, the latter should establish an online reporting platform to facilitate communication and promote cooperation. That should ensure timely submission of reports and facilitate improved transparency on national reporting. The e-reporting platform should complement, build on and benefit from existing reporting processes, databases and e-tools, such as those of the European Environment Agency, Eurostat, the Joint Research Centre and the lessons learned from the Union's Eco-Management and Audit Scheme.

AM 38

(30) In order to *increase* transparency in energy and climate policy-making and to limit administrative *complexity* on Member States and the Commission, the latter should establish a public online platform to facilitate public access to information. communication between the Commission and the Member States as well as cooperation among **Member States.** That should ensure timely submission of reports and facilitate improved transparency on national reporting. The *e-platform* platform should complement, build on and benefit from existing reporting processes, databases and e-tools, such

(30) In order to limit administrative burden on Member States and the Commission, the latter should establish an online reporting platform to facilitate communication and promote cooperation. That should facilitate [] timely submission of reports as well as Il improved transparency on national reporting. The e-reporting platform should complement, build on and benefit from existing reporting processes, databases and e-tools, such as those of the European Environment Agency, Eurostat, the Joint Research Centre and the lessons learned from the Union's Eco-Management and Audit Scheme.

(29bis) The Paris Agreement

on human rights and gender equality. Therefore Member States should adequately integrate the dimensions of human rights and gender equality in their integrated national energy and climate plans and long-term low emission strategies. Through their biennial progress reports they should report

information on how the

implementation of their integrated national energy and climate plans contributes to the promotion of both human rights and gender equality.

reaffirms that Parties should, when taking action to address climate change, respect, promote and

consider their respective obligations

Note: aligned with Art. 24

(30) In order to limit administrative burden on Member States and the Commission, the latter should establish an online [] platform to facilitate communication, [] promote cooperation and facilitate public access to information. That should facilitate [] timely submission of reports as well as [] improved transparency on national reporting. The e-reporting platform should complement, build on and benefit from existing reporting processes, databases and e-tools, such as those of the European Environment Agency, Eurostat, the Joint Research Centre and

	as those of the European Environment Agency, Eurostat, the Joint Research Centre and the lessons learned from the Union's Eco-Management and Audit Scheme.		the lessons learned from the Union's Eco-Management and Audit Scheme.
			(30bis) The Commission should ensure that the final integrated national energy and climate plans are publicly available online. The eplatform, once operational, should be used by the Commission to host and make publicly available the final integrated national energy and climate plans, the updates thereof, the long-term low emission strategies and other relevant reporting information provided by Member States. Before the e-platform becomes operational, the Commission should use its own websites to facilitate public online access to the final integrated national energy and climate plans.
			Note: see also Art. 24(2a)
(31) As concerns data to be provided to the Commission by means of national planning and reporting, information from Member States should not duplicate data and statistics which have already been made available via Eurostat in the context of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 of the European Parliament and of the	AM 39 (31) In order to avoid delayed action at Union level, the Commission should use annual GHG, renewables and energy efficiency estimates provided by the European Environment Agency to assess progress towards 2030 targets. As concerns data to be provided to the Commission by means of national	(31) As concerns data to be provided to the Commission by means of national planning and reporting, information from Member States should not duplicate data and statistics which have already been made available via Eurostat in the context of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 of the	Maintain Council GA

Council* in the same form as under the planning and reporting obligations of this Regulation and are still available from Eurostat with the same values. Where available and appropriate in terms of timing, reported data and projections provided in the national energy and climate plans should build on and be consistent with Eurostat data and the methodology used for reporting European statistics in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.

planning and reporting, information from Member States should not duplicate data and statistics which have already been made available via Eurostat in the context of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council* in the same form as under the planning and reporting obligations of this Regulation and are still available from Eurostat with the same values. Where available and appropriate in terms of timing. reported data and projections provided in the national energy and climate plans should build on and be consistent with Eurostat data and the methodology used for reporting European statistics in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.

European Parliament and of the Council²³ in the same form as under the planning and reporting obligations of this Regulation and are still available from Eurostat with the same values Where available and appropriate in terms of timing, reported data and projections provided in the national energy and climate plans should build on and be consistent with Eurostat data and the methodology used for reporting European statistics in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.

(32) In view of the collective achievement of the objectives of the Energy Union Strategy, it will be essential for the Commission to assess national plans and, based on progress reports, their implementation. For the first ten-year period, this concerns in particular the achievement of the Union-level 2030 targets for energy and climate and national contributions to those targets. Such assessment should be undertaken on a biennial

AM 40

(32) In view of the collective achievement of the objectives of the five dimensions of the Energy Union Strategy, in particular the creation of a fully functional and resilient Energy *Union*. it will be essential for the Commission to assess *draft national* plans as well as the implementation of notified national plans by means of progress reports. This is particularly the case with regard to the Unionlevel 2030 targets for energy and

(32) In view of the collective achievement of the objectives of the Energy Union Strategy, it will be essential for the Commission to assess national plans and, based on progress reports, their implementation. For the first ten-year period, this concerns in particular the achievement of the Union-level 2030 targets for energy and climate and national contributions to those targets. Such assessment should be undertaken on a biennial

Accept in part

(32) In view of the collective achievement of the objectives of the Energy Union Strategy, in particular the creation of a fully functional and resilient Energy Union, it will be essential for the Commission to assess draft national plans, national plans and, based on progress reports, their implementation. For the first ten-year period, this concerns in particular the achievement of the Union-level 2030 targets for energy and climate and

8536/18 AT/st DG E 2B **ANNEX**

²³ Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 March 2009 on European statistics and repealing Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 1101/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the transmission of data subject to statistical confidentiality to the Statistical Office of the European Communities, Council Regulation (EC) No 322/97 on Community Statistics, and Council Decision 89/382/EEC, Euratom establishing a Committee on the Statistical Programmes of the European Communities (OJ L 87, 31.3.2009, p. 164).

basis, and on an annual basis only where necessary, and should be consolidated in the Commission's State of the Energy Union reports.	climate <i>for the first ten-year period</i> . Such assessment should be undertaken on a biennial basis, and on an annual basis where necessary, and should be consolidated in the Commission's State of the Energy Union reports.	basis, and on an annual basis only where necessary, and should be consolidated in the Commission's State of the Energy Union reports.	national contributions to those targets. Such assessment should be undertaken on a biennial basis, and on an annual basis only where necessary, and should be consolidated in the Commission's State of the Energy Union reports.
(33) Aviation has impacts on the global climate as a result of the release of CO2 as well as of other emissions, including nitrogen oxides emissions, and mechanisms, such as cirrus cloud enhancement. In the light of the rapidly developing scientific understanding of those impacts, an updated assessment of the non-CO2 impacts of aviation on the global climate is already foreseen in Regulation (EU) No 525/2013. The modelling used in this respect should be adapted to scientific progress. Based on its assessments of such impacts, the Commission could consider relevant policy options for addressing them.	AM 41 (33) Aviation has impacts on the global climate as a result of the release of CO2 as well as of other emissions, including nitrogen oxides emissions, and mechanisms, such as cirrus cloud enhancement. In the light of the rapidly developing scientific understanding of those impacts, an updated assessment of the non-CO2 impacts of aviation on the global climate is already foreseen in Regulation (EU) No 525/2013. The modelling used in this respect should be adapted to scientific progress. Based on its assessments of such impacts, the Commission should, by 1 March 2020, consider relevant policy options for addressing them and present a legislative proposal, if appropriate.	(33) Aviation has impacts on the global climate as a result of the release of CO ₂ as well as of other emissions, including nitrogen oxides emissions, and mechanisms, such as cirrus cloud enhancement. In the light of the rapidly developing scientific understanding of those impacts, an updated assessment of the non-CO ₂ impacts of aviation on the global climate is already foreseen in Regulation (EU) No 525/2013. The modelling used in this respect should be adapted to scientific progress. Based on its assessments of such impacts, the Commission could consider relevant policy options for addressing them.	N.B.: see Regulation 2017/2392 of 13 December 2017 amending Directive 2003/87/EC to continue current limitations of scope for aviation activities [], Art. 1(8): "in Article 30, the following paragraph is added: '5.Before 1 January 2020, the Commission shall present an updated analysis of the non-CO2 effects of aviation, accompanied, where appropriate, by a proposal on how best to address those effects.';"
	AM 42 Recital 33 a (new) (33a) In accordance with the current UNFCCC greenhouse gas reporting guidelines, the calculation and reporting of methane emissions is based on global warming potentials (GWP) relating to a 100-year time horizon. Given the high GWP and relatively short atmospheric lifetime		Maintain Council GA Note: see compromise proposal in Art. 14(2bis) (cf. AM 175 + 307)

of methane, leading to a significant impact on the climate in the short and middle term, the Commission should analyse the implications for policies and measures of adopting a 20-year time horizon for methane. Based on its analysis, the Commission should consider relevant policy options for rapidly addressing methane emissions through a Union Methane Strategy, prioritising energy and waste-related methane emissions.

AM 43

(34) To help ensure coherence between national and Union policies and objectives of the Energy Union, there should be an on-going dialogue between the Commission and the Member States. As appropriate, the Commission should issue recommendations to Member States including on the level of ambition of the draft national plans, on the subsequent implementation of policies and measures of the notified national plans, and on other national policies and measures of relevance for the implementation of the Energy Union. Member States should take utmost account of such recommendations and explain in subsequent progress reports

(34) To help ensure coherence between national and Union policies and objectives of the Energy Union, there should be an on-going dialogue between the Commission and the Member States and, where appropriate, between the Member States. The Commission should issue recommendations to Member States including on the level of ambition of the draft national plans, on the subsequent implementation of policies and measures of the notified national plans, and on other national policies and measures of relevance for the implementation of the Energy Union. Member States should take such recommendations into account and explain in subsequent

(34) To help ensure coherence between national and Union policies and objectives of the Energy Union, there should be an ongoing dialogue between the Commission and the Member States. As appropriate, the Commission should issue recommendations to Member States including on the level of ambition of the draft national plans, on the subsequent implementation of policies and measures of the notified national plans, and on other national policies and measures of relevance for the implementation of the Energy Union. Whereas recommendations have no binding force, as set out in Article 288 of the TFEU. Member States should **nevertheless** take **due** [] account of such recommendations and explain in subsequent progress reports how this has been done []. With regard to renewable energy the Commission assessment shall be based on the objective critera. Whereas the analysis of Accept in part

(34) To help ensure coherence between national and Union policies and objectives of the Energy Union, there should be an ongoing dialogue between the Commission and the Member States and, where appropriate, between the Member States. As appropriate, the Commission should issue recommendations to Member States including on the level of ambition of the draft national plans, on the subsequent implementation of policies and measures of the notified national plans, and on other national policies and measures of relevance for the implementation of the Energy Union. Whereas recommendations have no binding force, as set out in Article 288 of the TFEU, Member States should **nevertheless** take **due** [] account of such recommendations and explain in subsequent progress reports how this has been done []. With regard to renewable energy the Commission assessment shall be based on the objective critera. Whereas the

how they have been	progress reports how they have	the Commission underlying its	analysis of the Commission underlying its
implemented.	been implemented.	assessments may contain quantitative	assessments may contain quantitative
		elements, the Commission	elements, the Commission
		recommendations should remain	recommendations should remain
		qualitative in nature and not include	qualitative in nature and not include
		quantitative levels of national ambition	quantitative levels of national ambition for
		for the year 2030. If the Commission	the year 2030. If the Commission issues a
		issues a recommendation on a Member	recommendation on a Member State's draft
		State's draft national plan, it should do	national plan, it should do so as quickly as
		so as quickly as possible, having regard	possible, having regard to, on the one hand,
		to, on the one hand, the need for the	the need for the Commission to add up
		Commission to add up certain quantified	certain quantified planned contributions of
		planned contributions of all Member	all Member States in order to assess
		States in order to assess ambition at	ambition at Union level, and on the other
		Union level, and on the other hand, the	hand, the need to provide adequate time for
		need to provide adequate time for the	the Member State concerned to take due
		Member State concerned to take due	consideration of the Commission's
		consideration of the Commission's	recommendations before finalising its
		recommendations before finalising its	national plan, and the need to avoid the
		national plan, and the need to avoid the	risk of delay of the Member State's national
		risk of delay of the Member State's	plan.
		national plan.	

(34bis) Cost-effective deployment of renewable energy is one of the [] key objective criteria [] for assessing Member States' contributions. The cost structure of deploying renewable energy is complex and varies significantly between Member States. It includes not only simply the costs of support schemes, but, inter alia, the connection costs of installations, system backup, providing system security and costs that need to be borne when complying with environmental restrictions. Thus when comparing Member States based on this criterion, all costs related to deployment, whether they are borne by the Member State, final consumers or project developers, should be accounted for. The Commission's recommendations on the Member States' renewable ambitions should be based on a methodology that takes into account various objective criteria affecting the renewable energy development. Thus, the methodology for evaluating the renewable energy ambition of the Member States should indicate the relative effort made by the Member States, while also taking into consideration relevant circumstances affecting the renewable energy development. The methodology should include data originating from independent quantitative and/or qualitative data sources.

AM 44

(35) Should the ambition of integrated national energy and climate plans or their updates be insufficient for the collective achievement of the Energy Union objectives and, for the first period, in particular the 2030 targets for renewable energy and energy efficiency, the Commission should take measures at Union level in order to ensure the collective achievement of these objectives and targets (thereby closing any 'ambition gap'). Should progress made by the Union towards these objectives and targets be insufficient for their delivery, the Commission should, in addition to issuing recommendations, take measures at Union level or Member States should take additional measures in order to ensure achievement of these objectives and targets (thereby closing any 'delivery gap'). Such measures should take into account early ambitious contributions made by Member States to the 2030 targets for renewable energy and energy efficiency when sharing the effort for collective target achievement. In the area of renewable energy, such measures can also include financial contributions by Member States to a financing platform managed by the Commission, which would be

(35) Should the ambition *and the* targets, policies and measures described in the integrated national energy and climate plans be insufficient for the collective achievement of the Energy Union objectives and, for the first period, in particular the 2030 targets for renewable energy and energy efficiency, the Commission should take measures at Union level in order to ensure the collective achievement of these objectives and targets and Member States should review upwards their national targets in the field of renewable energy sources by 31 December 2020 (thereby closing any 'ambition gap'). Should progress made by the Union towards these objectives and targets be insufficient for their delivery, the Commission may, in addition to issuing recommendations, take measures at Union level or request additional measures from Member States in order to ensure their achievement (thereby closing any 'delivery gap').

Such measures should take into account early ambitious *efforts* made by Member States to the 2030 targets

(35) Should the ambition of integrated national energy and climate plans or their updates be insufficient for the collective achievement of the Energy Union objectives and, for the first period, in particular the 2030 targets for renewable energy and energy efficiency, the Commission should take measures at Union level in order to ensure the collective achievement of these objectives and targets (thereby closing any 'ambition gap'). Should progress made by the Union towards these objectives and targets be insufficient for their delivery, the Commission should, in addition to issuing recommendations, l propose measures and make use of relevant empowerments at Union level or Member States should take additional measures in order to ensure achievement of these objectives and targets (thereby closing any 'delivery gap'). Such measures should take into account early ambitious contributions made by Member States to the 2030 target[] for [] energy efficiency when sharing the effort for collective target achievement. Such measures should also take into account early efforts made by Member States to the 2030

Accept in part & To be discussed with EP (accepted in Council text: early efforts, voluntary contributions)

(35) Should the ambition of integrated national energy and climate plans or their updates be insufficient for the collective achievement of the Energy Union objectives and, for the first period, in particular the 2030 targets for renewable energy and energy efficiency, the Commission should take measures at Union level in order to ensure the collective achievement of these objectives and targets (thereby closing any 'ambition gap'). Should progress made by the Union towards these objectives and targets be insufficient for their delivery, the Commission should, in addition to issuing recommendations, [propose measures and make use of relevant empowerments at Union level or Member States should take additional measures in order to ensure achievement of these objectives and targets (thereby closing any 'delivery gap'). Such measures should take into account early ambitious contributions made by Member States to the 2030 target[] for [] energy efficiency when sharing the effort for collective target achievement. Such measures should also take into account early efforts made by Member States to the 2030

used to contribute to renewable energy projects across the Union. Member States' national renewable energy targets for 2020 should serve as baseline shares of renewable energy from 2021 onwards. In the area of energy efficiency, additional measures can in particular aim at improving the energy efficiency of products, buildings and transport.

for renewable energy and energy efficiency when sharing the effort for collective target achievement.

In the area of renewable energy, such measures can also include *voluntary* financial contributions by Member States to a financing platform managed by the Commission, which would be used to contribute to renewable energy projects across the Union, *including those of Energy Union interest*.

Member States' national renewable energy targets for 2020 should serve as baseline shares of renewable energy from 2021 onwards *and should be maintained throughout the period*. In the area of energy efficiency, additional measures can in particular aim at improving the energy efficiency of products, buildings and transport.

target for renewable energy by reaching in or before 2020 a share of energy from renewable sources above its national binding target, or by making early progress in the period 2005-2020 or in the implementation of its contribution to the Union's binding target of at least 27% of renewable energy in 2030.

In the area of renewable energy, such measures can also include voluntary financial contributions by Member States to a financing mechanism managed by the Commission, which would be used to contribute to the most cost-efficient renewable energy projects across the Union, thus providing the Member State with the option to contribute to the EU target achievement at the lowest possible cost. []. In the area of energy efficiency, additional measures can in particular aim at improving the energy efficiency of products, buildings and transport.

target for renewable energy by reaching in or before 2020 a share of energy from renewable sources above its national binding target, or by making early progress in the period 2005-2020 or in the implementation of its contribution to the Union's binding target of at least 27% of renewable energy in 2030. In the area of renewable energy, such measures can also include voluntary financial contributions by Member States to a financing mechanism managed by the Commission, which would be used to contribute to the most cost-efficient renewable energy projects across the Union, thus providing the Member State with the option to contribute to the EU target achievement at the lowest possible cost. []. Member States' national renewable energy targets for 2020 should serve as baseline shares of renewable energy from 2021 onwards and should be maintained throughout the **period.** In the area of energy efficiency, additional measures can in particular aim at improving the energy efficiency of products, buildings and transport.

(35bis) Member States' national
renewable energy targets for 2020 as
set out in Annex I of [recast of
Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by
COM(2016) 767] should serve as the
starting point for their national
indicative trajectory for the period
2021 to 2030, unless a Member State
voluntarily decides to set an higher
starting point. In addition, they
should constitute for this period a
mandatory baseline share that forms
equally part of [recast of Directive
2009/28/EC as proposed by
COM(2016) 767]. Consequently, in
this period the share of energy from
renewable sources in each Member
State's gross final consumption of
energy should not be lower than its
baseline share.
Dascinic share.
(35ter) If a Member State does
not maintain its baseline share as
measured over a one-year period, it
should, within one year, take
additional measures to cover this
gap to its baseline scenario. Where a
Member State has effectively taken
such necessary measures and
fulfilled its obligation to cover the
gap, it should be deemed to comply
with the mandatory requirements of
its base-line scenario as from the
moment in time when the gap in
question occurred and both under
this Regulation and under [recast of
Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by
COM(2016) 767].

(35quater) In order to enable adequate monitoring and early corrective action by Member States and the Commission, and in order to avoid the 'free rider' effect, the indicative trajectories of all Member States (and, as a result, also the indicative trajectory of the Union) should reach, in 2023, [] 2025 and 2027 at least certain minimum percentages of the total increase in renewable energy foreseen for 2030, as set out in this Regulation. The achievement of these 'reference points' in 2023, [] 2025 and 2027 will be assessed by the Commission on the basis of, inter alia, the Member States' integrated national energy and climate progress reports that Member States should present in 2025, [] 2027 and 2029, respectively. If the indicative reference points of the Union are not met. Member **States below their reference points** should cover the gap [] by implementing additional measures [

(35quater) In order to enable adequate monitoring and early corrective action by Member States and the Commission, and in order to avoid the 'free rider' effect, the indicative trajectories of all Member States (and, as a result, also the indicative trajectory of the Union) should reach, in 2022, 2025 and 2027 at least certain minimum percentages of the total increase in renewable energy foreseen for 2030, as set out in this Regulation. The achievement of these 'reference points' in 2022, 2025 and 2027 will be assessed by the Commission in 2024, 2027 and 2029, respectively, on the basis of, inter alia, the Member States' integrated national energy and climate progress reports that Member States should present []. If the indicative reference points of the **Union are not met. Member States** below their reference points should cover the gap by implementing additional measures.

(36) The Union and the Member	(36) The Union and the Member
States should strive to provide the most	States should strive to provide the most
up-to-date information on their	up-to-date information on their
greenhouse gas emissions and	greenhouse gas emissions and
removals. This Regulation should	removals. This Regulation should
enable such estimates to be prepared in	enable such estimates to be prepared in
the shortest timeframes possible by	the shortest timeframes possible by
using statistical and other information,	using statistical and other information,
such as, where appropriate, space-	such as, where appropriate, space-
based data provided by the Global	based data provided by the Global
Monitoring for Environment and	Monitoring for Environment and
Security programme and other satellite	Security programme and other satellite
systems.	systems.
(37) Under Regulation [] [ESR], the	(37) Under Regulation [] [ESR], the
approach of the annual commitment	approach of the annual commitment
cycle taken in Decision No	cycle taken in Decision No
406/2009/EC of the European	406/2009/EC of the European
Parliament and of the Council should	Parliament and of the Council ²⁴ should
continue. That requires a	continue. That requires a
comprehensive review of Member	comprehensive review of Member
States' greenhouse gas inventories to	States' greenhouse gas inventories to
enable the assessment of compliance	enable the assessment of compliance
and the application of corrective	and the application of corrective
action, where necessary. A review	action, where necessary. A review
process at Union level of the	process at Union level of the
greenhouse gas inventories submitted	greenhouse gas inventories submitted
by Member States is necessary to	by Member States is necessary to
ensure that compliance with	ensure that compliance with
Regulation [] [ESR] is assessed in a	Regulation [] [ESR] is assessed in a
credible, consistent, transparent and	credible, consistent, transparent and
timely manner.	timely manner.

Decision No 406/2009/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 April 2009 on the effort of Member States to reduce their greenhouse gas emissions to meet the Community's greenhouse gas emission reduction commitments up to 2020 (OJ L 140, 5.6.2009, p. 136).

8536/18 AT/st 53
ANNEX DG E 2B EN

(38) Member States and the Commission should ensure close cooperation on all matters relating to the implementation of the Energy Union and this Regulation, with close involvement of the European Parliament. The Commission should as appropriate assist Member States in implementing this Regulation, particularly with regard to the establishment of the national plans and associated capacity building.	AM 45 (38) Member States and the Commission should ensure close cooperation on all matters relating to the implementation of the Energy Union and this Regulation, with close involvement of the European Parliament. The Commission should assist Member States in implementing this Regulation, particularly with regard to the establishment, implementation and monitoring of the integrated national energy and climate plans and the long-term climate and energy strategy and associated capacity building by mobilising internal resources from the European Environment Agency, the Joint Research Centre internal modelling	(38) Member States and the Commission should ensure close cooperation on all matters relating to the implementation of the Energy Union, [] with close involvement of the European Parliament on matters related to this Regulation []. The Commission should as appropriate assist Member States in implementing this Regulation, particularly with regard to the establishment of the national plans and associated capacity building.	Accept in part, with changes (38) Member States and the Commission should ensure close cooperation on all matters relating to the implementation of the Energy Union, [] with close involvement of the European Parliament on matters related to this Regulation []. The Commission should as appropriate assist Member States in implementing this Regulation, particularly with regard to the establishment of the integrated national energy and climate plans and associated capacity building, including by mobilising internal resources from internal modelling capacity and, where appropriate, external expertise.
	Research Centre, internal modelling capacity and, where appropriate, external expertise.		
(39) Member States should ensure that integrated national energy and		(39) Member States should ensure that integrated national energy and	
climate plans take into consideration		climate plans take into consideration	
the latest country-specific recommendations issued in the context		the latest country-specific recommendations issued in the context	
of the European Semester.		of the European Semester.	

(40) The European Environment	(40) The European Environment	
Agency should assist the Commission,	Agency should assist the Commission,	
as appropriate and in accordance with	as appropriate and in accordance with	
its annual work programme, with	its annual work programme, with	
assessment, monitoring and reporting	assessment, monitoring and reporting	
work.	work.	
(41) The power to adopt acts in	(41) The power to adopt acts in	
accordance with Article 290 of the	accordance with Article 290 of the	
Treaty on the Functioning of the	Treaty on the Functioning of the	
European Union (TFEU) should be	European Union (TFEU) should be	
delegated to the Commission in order	delegated to the Commission in order	
to amend the general framework for	to amend the general framework for	
integrated national energy and climate	integrated national energy and climate	
plans (template), set up a financing	plans (template) in order to adapt this	
platform to which Member States can	to amendments to the Union Energy	
contribute in case the Union trajectory	and Climate policy framework that	
towards the 2030 Union renewable	are directly and specifically related	
energy target is not collectively met,	to the Union's contributions under	
take account of changes in the global	the UNFCCC and Paris Agreement [
warming potentials ("GWPs") and], take account of changes in the global	
internationally agreed inventory	warming potentials ("GWPs") and	
guidelines, set substantive	internationally agreed inventory	
requirements for the Union inventory	guidelines, set substantive	
system and set up the registries	requirements for the Union inventory	
pursuant to Article 33. It is of	system and set up the registries	
particular importance that the	pursuant to Article 33. It is of	
Commission carries out appropriate	particular importance that the	
consultations during its preparatory	Commission carries out appropriate	
work, including at expert level, and	consultations during its preparatory	
that those consultations be conducted	work, including at expert level, and	
in accordance with the principles laid	that those consultations be conducted	
down in the Inter-institutional	in accordance with the principles laid	
Agreement on Better Law-Making of	down in the Inter-institutional	
13 April 2016. In particular, to ensure	Agreement on Better Law-Making of	
equal participation in the preparation	13 April 2016. In particular, to ensure	

of delegated acts, the European		equal participation in the preparation	
Parliament and the Council should		of delegated acts, the European	
receive all documents at the same time		Parliament and the Council should	
as Member States' experts, and their		receive all documents at the same time	
experts should systematically have		as Member States' experts, and their	
access to meetings of Commission		experts should systematically have	
expert groups dealing with the		access to meetings of Commission	
preparation of delegated acts. It should		expert groups dealing with the	
also take into account, where		preparation of delegated acts. It should	
necessary, decisions adopted under the		also take into account, where	
UNFCCC and the Paris Agreement.		necessary, decisions adopted under the	
		UNFCCC and the Paris Agreement.	
	AM 46		Addressed in compromise text for AM
	Recital 41 a (new)		54.
	(41a) This Regulation includes		
	provisions related to the treatment of		
	energy efficiency as an infrastructure		
	priority, recognising that it fulfils the		
	definition of infrastructure used by		
	the IMF and other economic		
	institutions, and to make it a crucial		
	element and a priority consideration		
	in future investment decisions on the		
	Union's energy infrastructure ^{1a} .		
	^{1a} European Parliament report of 2		
	June 2016 on the implementation of		
	the Energy Efficiency Directive		
	(2012/27/EU)-(2015/2232(INI))		

(42) In order to ensure uniform conditions for the implementation of Articles 15(3), Article 17(4), Article 23(6), Article 31(3) and (4) and Article 32(3) of this Regulation, implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission. Those powers should be exercised in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.		(42) In order to ensure uniform conditions for the implementation of Articles 15(3), Article 17(4), Article 23(6), Article 27(1), Article 27(4ter), Article 30(6), Article 31(3) and (4) and Article 32(3) of this Regulation, implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission. Those powers should be exercised in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 ²⁵ .	
(43) The Commission should be assisted in its tasks under this Regulation by an Energy Union Committee to prepare implementing acts. It should replace and take on the assignments of the Climate Change Committee and other committees as appropriate.	AM 47 (43) The Commission should be assisted in its tasks under this Regulation by an Energy and Climate Committee to prepare implementing acts. As regards matters related to the implementation of climate specific provisions, the Commission should be assisted by the Climate Change Committee established under Regulation (EU) No 525/2013.	(43) The Commission should be assisted in its tasks under this Regulation by an Energy Union Committee and a Climate Change Committee to prepare implementing acts.	(43) In order to exercise the implementing powers laid down in this Regulation, the Commission should be assisted in its tasks by an Energy Union Committee and by a Climate Change Committee which reinstates the existing Climate Change Committee established by Article 8 of Decision 93/389/EEC, Article 9 of Decision 280/2004/EC and Article 26 of Regulation (EU) No 525/2013. In order to ensure consistency of policies and aim at maximising synergies between sectors, both climate and energy experts should be invited to the meetings of both committees when implementing this Regulation.

8536/18 ANNEX

57

Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February 2011 laying down the rules and general principles concerning mechanisms for control by Member States of the Commission's exercise of implementing powers (OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13).

(44) The Commission should review the implementation of this Regulation in 2026 and make amending proposals as appropriate to ensure the proper implementation of the Regulation and the achievement of its objectives. The review should take into account evolving circumstances and be informed by the results of the global stocktake of the Paris Agreement, where necessary.		(44) The Commission should review the implementation of this Regulation in 2026 and make amending proposals as appropriate to ensure the proper implementation of the Regulation and the achievement of its objectives. The review should take into account evolving circumstances and be informed by the results of the global stocktake of the Paris Agreement, where necessary.	
	AM 48 Recital 44 a (new) (44a) In preparation for a future review of this Regulation and in the context of the Union cyber security strategy, the Commission should, in close cooperation with the Member States, assess whether it might be necessary to add additional uniform planning and reporting requirements on the Member States' efforts to improve the protection of critical infrastructure of the Union's energy system against any form of cyber threats, in particular in the view of the increasing number of potentially critical cyber attacks during the last decade, in order to guarantee energy security in any circumstances. However, such an improved coordination within the Union should not affect Member States' national security interest by revealing sensitive information.		Maintain Council GA (COM right of initiative)

(45) This Regulation should	(45) This Regulation should
integrate, amend, replace and withdraw	integrate, amend, replace and withdraw
certain planning, reporting and	certain planning, reporting and
monitoring obligations currently	monitoring obligations currently
contained in sectorial energy and	contained in sectorial energy and
climate Union legislation to ensure a	climate Union legislation to ensure a
streamlined and integrated approach to	streamlined and integrated approach to
the main planning, reporting and	the main planning, reporting and
monitoring strands. The following acts	monitoring strands. The following acts
should therefore be amended	should therefore be amended
accordingly:	accordingly:
- Directive 94/22/EC of the	- Directive 94/22/EC of the
European Parliament and of the	European Parliament and of the
Council of 30 May 1994 on the	Council of 30 May 1994 on the
conditions for granting and using	conditions for granting and using
authorizations for the prospection,	authorizations for the prospection,
* *	
exploration and production of	exploration and production of
hydrocarbons;	hydrocarbons ²⁶ ;
– Directive 98/70/EC of the	- Directive 98/70/EC of the
European Parliament and of the	European Parliament and of the
Council of 13 October 1998 relating to	Council of 13 October 1998 relating to
the quality of petrol and diesel fuels	the quality of petrol and diesel fuels
and amending Council Directive	and amending Council Directive
93/12/EEC;	93/12/EEC ²⁷ ;

²⁶

OJ L 164, 30.6.1994, p. 3. OJ L 350, 28.12.1998, p. 58. 27

– Directive 2009/31/EC of the	- Directive 2009/31/EC of the
European Parliament and of the	European Parliament and of the
Council of 23 April 2009 on the	Council of 23 April 2009 on the
geological storage of carbon dioxide	geological storage of carbon dioxide
and amending Council Directive	and amending Council Directive
85/337/EEC, European Parliament and	85/337/EEC, European Parliament and
Council Directives 2000/60/EC,	Council Directives 2000/60/EC,
2001/80/EC, 2004/35/EC, 2006/12/EC,	2001/80/EC, 2004/35/EC, 2006/12/EC,
2008/1/EC and Regulation (EC) No	2008/1/EC and Regulation (EC) No
1013/2006;	$1013/2006^{28}$;
- Regulation (EC) No 663/2009 of	— Regulation (EC) No 663/2009 of
the European Parliament and of the	the European Parliament and of the
Council of 13 July 2009 establishing a	Council of 13 July 2009 establishing a
programme to aid economic recovery	programme to aid economic recovery
by granting Community financial	by granting Community financial
assistance to projects in the field of	assistance to projects in the field of
energy;	energy ²⁹ ;
- Regulation (EC) No 715/2009 of	- Regulation (EC) No 715/2009 of
the European Parliament and of the	the European Parliament and of the
Council of 13 July 2009 on conditions	Council of 13 July 2009 on conditions
for access to the natural gas	for access to the natural gas
transmission networks and repealing	transmission networks and repealing
Regulation (EC) No 1775/2005;	Regulation (EC) No 1775/2005 ³⁰ ;
– Directive 2009/73/EC of the	– Directive 2009/73/EC of the
European Parliament and of the	European Parliament and of the
Council of 13 July 2009 concerning	Council of 13 July 2009 concerning
common rules for the internal market	common rules for the internal market
in natural gas and repealing Directive	in natural gas and repealing Directive
2003/55/EC;	2003/55/EC ³¹ ;

²⁸

²⁹

OJ L 140, 5.6.2009, p. 114. OJ L 200, 31.7.2009, p. 31. OJ L 211, 14.8.2009, p. 36. OJ L 211, 14.8.2009, p. 94 30

³¹

- Council Directive 2009/119/EC	- Council Directive 2009/119/EC
of 14 September 2009 imposing an	of 14 September 2009 imposing an
obligation on Member States to	obligation on Member States to
maintain minimum stocks of crude oil	maintain minimum stocks of crude oil
and/or petroleum products;	and/or petroleum products ³² ;
- Directive 2010/31/EU of the	– Directive 2010/31/EU of the
European Parliament and of the	European Parliament and of the
Council of 19 May 2010 on the energy	Council of 19 May 2010 on the energy
performance of buildings;	performance of buildings ³³ ;
– Directive 2012/27/EU of the	– Directive 2012/27/EU of the
European Parliament and of the	European Parliament and of the
Council of 25 October 2012 on energy	Council of 25 October 2012 on energy
efficiency, amending Directives	efficiency, amending Directives
2009/125/EC and 2010/30/EU and	2009/125/EC and 2010/30/EU and
repealing Directives 2004/8/EC and	repealing Directives 2004/8/EC and
2006/32/EC;	2006/32/EC ³⁴ ;
– Directive 2013/30/EU of the	– Directive 2013/30/EU of the
European Parliament and of the	European Parliament and of the
Council of 12 June 2013 on safety of	Council of 12 June 2013 on safety of
offshore oil and gas operations and	offshore oil and gas operations and
amending Directive 2004/35/EC;	amending Directive 2004/35/EC ³⁵ ;

³²

OJ L 265, 9.10.2009, p. 9. OJ L 153, 18.6.2010, p. 13. OJ L 315, 14.11.2012, p. 1. OJ L 178, 28.6.2013, p. 66. 33

³⁴

³⁵

Council Directive (EU) 2015/652 of 20 April 2015 laying down calculation methods and reporting requirements pursuant to Directive 98/70/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council relating to the quality of petrol and diesel fuels.	- Council Directive (EU) 2015/652 of 20 April 2015 laying down calculation methods and reporting requirements pursuant to Directive 98/70/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council relating to the quality of petrol and diesel fuels ³⁶ .	
(46) This Regulation should also	(46) This Regulation should also	
integrate in full the provisions of	integrate in full the provisions of	
Regulation (EU) No 525/2013. As a	Regulation (EU) No 525/2013. As a	
consequence, Regulation (EU) No	consequence, Regulation (EU) No	
525/2013 should be repealed as of 1	525/2013 should be repealed as of 1	
January 2021. However, in order to	January 2021. However, in order to	
ensure that the implementation of	ensure that the implementation of	
Decision No 406/2009/EC continues	Decision No 406/2009/EC continues	
under Regulation (EU) No 525/2013	under Regulation (EU) No 525/2013	
and that certain aspects linked to the	and that certain aspects linked to the	
implementation of the Kyoto Protocol	implementation of the Kyoto Protocol	
remain covered by legislation, it is	remain covered by legislation, it is	
necessary that certain provisions	necessary that certain provisions	
remain applicable after this date.	remain applicable after this date.	

³⁶ OJ L 107, 25.4.2015, p. 26.

(47) Since the objectives of this	(47) Since the objectives of this
Regulation cannot be sufficiently	Regulation cannot be sufficiently
achieved by the Member States alone	achieved by the Member States alone
and can therefore, by reason of the	and can therefore, by reason of the
scale and effects of the proposed	scale and effects of the proposed
action, be better achieved at Union	action, be better achieved at Union
level, the Union may adopt measures	level, the Union may adopt measures
in accordance with the principle of	in accordance with the principle of
subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of	subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of
the Treaty on European Union. In	the Treaty on European Union. In
accordance with the principle of	accordance with the principle of
proportionality, as set out in that	proportionality, as set out in that
Article, this Regulation does not go	Article, this Regulation does not go
beyond what is necessary to achieve	beyond what is necessary to achieve
those objectives.	those objectives.
HAVE ADOPTED THIS	HAVE ADOPTED THIS
REGULATION:	REGULATION:

CHAPTER 1 GENERAL PROVISIONS			
	Arti		
		ter and scope	
This Regulation establishes a Governance mechanism to:	1. This Regulation establishes a Governance mechanism to:	This Regulation establishes a Governance mechanism to:	Maintain Council GA Maintain Council GA
	(-a) implement long-term climate and energy strategies and measures designed to fulfil Union greenhouse gas emissions commitments consistent with the Paris Agreement;		Note: accepted in part (cf. para (a) and recital 6a)
(a) implement strategies and measures designed to meet the objectives and targets of the Energy Union, and for the first ten-year period from 2021 to 2030 in particular the EU's 2030 targets for energy and climate;	(a) implement strategies and measures designed to meet the objectives and targets of the Energy Union, and for the first ten-year period from 2021 to 2030 in particular the <i>Union's</i> 2030 targets for energy and climate;	(a) implement strategies and measures designed to meet the objectives and targets of the Energy Union and the longer term objectives of the Paris agreement, and for the first ten-year period from 2021 to 2030 in particular the Union's [] 2030 targets for energy and climate;	(a) implement strategies and measures designed to meet the objectives and targets of the Energy Union and the long-term Union greenhouse gas emissions commitments consistent with the Paris agreement, and for the first tenyear period from 2021 to 2030 in particular the Union's [] 2030 targets for energy and climate;
	(aa) structure partnerships and cooperation between Member States at macro-regional and regional level, designed to achieve the targets, objectives and commitments of the Energy Union;		(aa) stimulate cooperation between Member States, including, where appropriate, at regional level, designed to achieve the objectives and targets of the Energy Union.
(b) ensure the timeliness, transparency, accuracy, consistency, comparability and completeness of reporting by the Union and its Member States to the UNFCCC and Paris Agreement secretariat.	(b) ensure the timeliness, transparency, accuracy, consistency, comparability and completeness of reporting by the Union and its Member States to the UNFCCC and Paris Agreement secretariat;	(b) ensure the timeliness, transparency, accuracy, consistency, comparability and completeness of reporting by the Union and its Member States to the UNFCCC and Paris Agreement secretariat.	

	(ba) contribute to greater regulatory certainty as well as contribute to greater investor certainty and help take full advantage of opportunities for economic development, investment stimulation, job creation and social cohesion; (bc) support a just transition for		Accept Maintain Council GA
	citizens and regions which could be negatively impacted by the transition to a low-carbon economy. The governance mechanism shall be		(p.m. not reflected in [AM on] Articles; linked to ETS Just Transition Fund) Accept in part
The governance mechanism shall be based on integrated national energy and climate plans covering ten-year periods starting from 2021 to 2030, corresponding integrated national energy and climate progress reports by the Member States and integrated monitoring arrangements by the European Commission. It shall define a structured, iterative process between the Commission and Member States in view of the finalisation of the national plans and their subsequent implementation, including with regard to regional cooperation, and corresponding Commission action.	based on integrated national energy and climate plans covering ten-year periods starting from 2021 to 2030, corresponding integrated national energy and climate progress reports by the Member States and integrated monitoring arrangements by the European Commission. It shall define a structured, <i>transparent</i> , iterative process between the Commission and Member States <i>ensuring full participation of the general public and local authorities</i> in view of the finalisation of the national plans and their subsequent implementation, including with regard to <i>macroregional and</i> regional cooperation, and corresponding Commission action.	The governance mechanism shall be based on national long-term low emission strategies, integrated national energy and climate plans covering ten-year periods starting from 2021 to 2030, corresponding integrated national energy and climate progress reports by the Member States and integrated monitoring arrangements by the European Commission. It shall define a structured, iterative process between the Commission and Member States in view of the finalisation of the national plans and their subsequent implementation, including with regard to regional cooperation, and corresponding Commission action.	The governance mechanism shall be based on national long-term low emission strategies, integrated national energy and climate plans covering ten-year periods starting from 2021 to 2030, corresponding integrated national energy and climate progress reports by the Member States and integrated monitoring arrangements by the European Commission. It shall define a structured, transparent, iterative process between the Commission and Member States in view of the finalisation of the national plans and their subsequent implementation, including with regard to regional cooperation, and corresponding Commission action.
2. This Regulation shall apply to the following five dimensions of the Energy Union:	2. This Regulation shall apply to the following five dimensions of the Energy Union:	2. This Regulation shall apply to the [] five dimensions of the Energy Union that are closely related and mutually reinforcing:	

(a) energy security,	(a) energy security,	(a) energy security,	
(b) energy market,	(b) <i>internal</i> energy market,		cept
(c) energy efficiency,	(c) energy efficiency,	(c) energy efficiency,	
(d) decarbonisation and	(d) decarbonisation and	(d) decarbonisation and	
(e) research, innovation and	(e) research, innovation and	(e) research, innovation and	
competitiveness.	competitiveness.	competitiveness.	
		cle 2	
		itions	
	AM 50		Accept
For the purposes of this Regulation, the	For the purposes of this	For the purposes of this Regulation, the	
definitions in [recast of Directive	Regulation, the definitions in	definitions in [recast of Directive 2009/28/EC	
2009/28/EC as proposed by COM(2016)		as proposed by COM(2016) 767], Directive	
767], Directive 2010/31/EU and Directiv	e proposed by COM(2016) 767],	2010/31/EU and Directive 2012/27/EU shall	
2012/27/EU shall apply.	[recast of Directive 2009/72/EC	apply.	
The following definitions shall also apply	y: as proposed by COM(2016) XXXJ,	The following definitions shall also apply:	
	Directive 2010/31/EU and		
	Directive 2012/27/EU apply.		
(1) 'existing policies and measures' me	ean	(1) 'existing policies and measures' mean	
implemented and adopted policies and		implemented and adopted policies and	
measures;		measures;	
(2) 'implemented policies and measure	es'	(2) 'implemented policies and measures'	
mean policies and measures for which or		mean policies and measures for which one or	
or more of the following applies at the da	ate	more of the following applies at the date of	
of submission of the national plan or		submission of the national plan or progress	
progress report: directly applicable		report: directly applicable European	
European legislation or national legislation	on	legislation or national legislation is in force,	
is in force, one or more voluntary		one or more voluntary agreements have been	
agreements have been established, finance	eial	established, financial resources have been	
resources have been allocated, human		allocated, human resources have been	
resources have been mobilized;		mobilized;	

	AM 51		Maintain Council GA
(3) 'adopted policies and measures'	(3) 'adopted policies and measures'	(3) 'adopted policies and measures'	
mean policies and measures for which	mean policies and measures for which	mean policies and measures for which	
an official government decision has	an official central or sub-national	an official government decision has	
been made by the date of submission	government decision has been made by	been made by the date of submission	
of the national plan or progress report	the date of submission of the national	of the national plan or progress report	
and there is a clear commitment to	plan or progress report and there is a	and there is a clear commitment to	
proceed with implementation;	clear commitment to proceed with	proceed with implementation;	
	implementation;		
(4) 'planned policies and measures'	•	(4) 'planned policies and measures'	
are options under discussion and		are options under discussion and	
having a realistic chance of being		having a realistic chance of being	
adopted and implemented after the date		adopted and implemented after the date	
of submission of the national plan or		of submission of the national plan or	
progress report;		progress report;	
(5) 'projections' means forecasts of		(5) 'projections' means forecasts of	
anthropogenic greenhouse gas		anthropogenic greenhouse gas	
emissions by sources and removals by		emissions by sources and removals by	
sinks or developments of the energy		sinks or developments of the energy	
system including at least quantitative		system including at least quantitative	
estimates for a sequence of four future		estimates for a sequence of four future	
years ending with 0 or 5 immediately		years ending with 0 or 5 immediately	
following the reporting year;		following the reporting year;	
(6) 'projections without measures'		(6) 'projections without measures'	
means projections of anthropogenic		means projections of anthropogenic	
greenhouse gas emissions by sources		greenhouse gas emissions by sources	
and removals by sinks that exclude the		and removals by sinks that exclude the	
effects of all policies and measures		effects of all policies and measures	
which are planned, adopted or		which are planned, adopted or	
implemented after the year chosen as		implemented after the year chosen as	
the starting point for the relevant		the starting point for the relevant	
projection;		projection;	

Article 2(7)			
(7) 'projections with measures'		(7) 'projections with measures'	
means projections of anthropogenic		means projections of anthropogenic	
greenhouse gas emissions by sources		greenhouse gas emissions by sources	
and removals by sinks that encompass		and removals by sinks that encompass	
the effects, in terms of greenhouse gas		the effects, in terms of greenhouse gas	
emission reductions or developments		emission reductions or developments	
of the energy system, of policies and		of the energy system, of policies and	
measures that have been adopted and		measures that have been adopted and	
implemented;		implemented;	
(8) 'projections with additional		(8) 'projections with additional	
measures' means projections of		measures' means projections of	
anthropogenic greenhouse gas		anthropogenic greenhouse gas	
emissions by sources and removals by		emissions by sources and removals by	
sinks or developments of the energy		sinks or developments of the energy	
system that encompass the effects, in		system that encompass the effects, in	
terms of greenhouse gas emission		terms of greenhouse gas emission	
reductions, of policies and measures		reductions, of policies and measures	
which have been adopted and		which have been adopted and	
implemented to mitigate climate		implemented to mitigate climate	
change or meet energy objectives, as		change or meet energy objectives, as	
well as policies and measures which		well as policies and measures which	
are planned for that purpose;		are planned for that purpose;	

(0) 11 11 1 2 2000	135.50	(0) 11 11 1 2000	16.
(9) 'the Union's 2030 targets for	AM 52	(9) 'the Union's 2030 targets for	Maintain Council GA
energy and climate' means the Union-	deleted	energy and climate' means the Union-	
wide binding target of at least 40%		wide binding target of at least 40%	
domestic reduction in economy-wide		domestic reduction in economy-wide	
greenhouse gas emissions as compared		greenhouse gas emissions as compared	
to 1990 to be achieved by 2030, the		to 1990 to be achieved by 2030, the	
Union-level binding target of at least		Union-level binding target of at least	
27% for the share of renewable energy		27% for the share of renewable energy	
consumed in the Union in 2030, the		consumed in the Union in 2030, the []	
Union-level target of at least 27% for		Union-level headline target of [] 30%	
improving energy efficiency in 2030,		for improving energy efficiency in	
to be reviewed by 2020 having in mind		2030, [] and the 15% electricity	
an EU level of 30%, and the 15%		interconnection target for 2030 or any	
electricity interconnection target for		subsequent targets in this regard agreed	
2030 or any subsequent targets in this		by the European Council or Council	
regard agreed by the European Council		and Parliament for the year 2030.	
or Council and Parliament for the year			
2030.			
(10) 'national inventory system'		(10) 'national inventory system'	
means a system of institutional, legal		means a system of institutional, legal	
and procedural arrangements		and procedural arrangements	
established within a Member State for		established within a Member State for	
estimating anthropogenic emissions by		estimating anthropogenic emissions by	
sources and removals by sinks of		sources and removals by sinks of	
greenhouse gases, and for reporting		greenhouse gases, and for reporting	
and archiving inventory information;		and archiving inventory information;	

	Article 2(11)			
(11) 'indicator' means a quantitative		(11) 'indicator' means a quantitative		
or qualitative factor or variable that		or qualitative factor or variable that		
contributes to better understanding		contributes to better understanding		
progress in implementing;		progress in implementing;		
	AM 53 Article 2 - para 2 - point 11 a (new)		Accepted in part, with changes: cf. paragraph (19) of Council GA text, reproduced here:	
	(11a) 'early efforts' means early progress of a Member State made, from 2021 onwards, towards its target for renewable energy as referred to in Article 3 of [recast of Renewable Energy Directive] and its target for improving energy efficiency as referred to in Article 1(1) and Article 3(4) of Directive 2012/27/EU;		(19) 'early efforts' means: a Member State's achievement, in or before 2020, of a share of energy from renewable sources above its national binding 2020 target or a Member State's early progress in the period 2005-2020 or in the implementation of its contribution to the Union's binding target of at least 27% of renewable energy in 2030 as referred to in Article 3 of [recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by COM(2016) 767].	
(12) 'policies and measures' means all		(12) 'policies and measures' means all	COM(2010) 707].	
instruments which contribute to		instruments which contribute to		
meeting the objectives of the integrated		meeting the objectives of the integrated		
national energy and climate plans		national energy and climate plans		
and/or to implement commitments		and/or to implement commitments		
under Article 4(2)(a) and (b) of the		under Article 4(2)(a) and (b) of the		
UNFCCC, which may include those		UNFCCC, which may include those		
that do not have the limitation and		that do not have the limitation and		
reduction of greenhouse gas emissions		reduction of greenhouse gas emissions		
or change in the energy system as a		or change in the energy system as a		
primary objective;		primary objective;		

(13) 'system for policies and	(13) 'system for policies and	
measures and projections' means a	measures and projections' means a	
system of institutional, legal and	system of institutional, legal and	
procedural arrangements established	procedural arrangements established	
for reporting policies and measures and	for reporting policies and measures and	
projections relating to anthropogenic	projections relating to anthropogenic	
emissions by sources and removals by	emissions by sources and removals by	
sinks of greenhouse gases and to the	sinks of greenhouse gases and to the	
energy system, inter alia as required by	energy system, inter alia as required by	
Article 32;	Article 32;	
(14) 'technical corrections' means	(14) 'technical corrections' means	
adjustments to the national greenhouse	adjustments to the national greenhouse	
gas inventory estimates made in the	gas inventory estimates made in the	
context of the review carried out	context of the review carried out	
pursuant to Article 31 when the	pursuant to Article 31 when the	
submitted inventory data are	submitted inventory data are	
incomplete or are prepared in a way	incomplete or are prepared in a way	
that is not consistent with relevant	that is not consistent with relevant	
international or Union rules or	international or Union rules or	
guidelines and that are intended to	guidelines and that are intended to	
replace originally submitted estimates;	replace originally submitted estimates;	
(15) 'quality assurance' means a	(15) 'quality assurance' means a	
planned system of review procedures	planned system of review procedures	
to ensure that data quality objectives	to ensure that data quality objectives	
are met and that the best possible	are met and that the best possible	
estimates and information are reported	estimates and information are reported	
to support the effectiveness of the	to support the effectiveness of the	
quality control programme and to	quality control programme and to	
assist Member States;	assist Member States;	

Article 2(16)					
(16) 'quality control' means a system		(16) 'quality control' means a	system		
of routine technical activities to		of routine technical activities to			
measure and control the quality of the		measure and control the quality of the			
information and estimates compiled		information and estimates comp	iled		
with the purpose of ensuring data		with the purpose of ensuring dat	ra		
integrity, correctness and		integrity, correctness and			
completeness, identifying and		completeness, identifying and			
addressing errors and omissions,		addressing errors and omissions,			
documenting and archiving data and		documenting and archiving data and			
other material used, and recording all		other material used, and recording all			
quality assurance activities;		quality assurance activities;			
(17) 'key indicators' mean the		(17) 'key indicators' mean the			
indicators for the progress made with		indicators for the progress made	with		
regard to the five dimensions of the		regard to the five dimensions of the			
Energy Union as proposed by the		Energy Union as proposed by the			
Commission;		Commission;			
	AM 54		Compromise proposal for a new recital 39bis :		
	Article 2 - para 2 - point 17 a (new)				
	(17a) 'energy efficiency first' means		Member States should use the 'energy		
	the prioritisation, in all energy		efficiency first' principle, which means to		
	planning, policy and investment		consider, before taking energy planning,		
	decisions, of measures to make energy		policy and investment decisions, whether cost-		
	demand and energy supply more		efficient, technically, economically and		
	efficient, by means of cost-optimal		environmentally sound alternative energy		
	energy end-use savings, demand-side		efficiency measures could replace in whole or		
	response initiatives and more efficient		in part the envisaged planning, policy and		
	conversion, transmission and		investment measures, whilst still achieving		
	distribution of energy;		the objectives of the [] respective decisions,		
			in particular the objectives of security of		
			supply, interconnections and system		
			reliability. This includes notably the treatment		
			of energy efficiency as a crucial element and a		
			key consideration in future investment		
			decisions on energy infrastructure in the		

		Union. Such cost-efficient alternatives could include measures to make energy demand and energy supply more efficient, by means of cost-optimal energy end-use savings, demand-side response initiatives and more efficient conversion, transmission and distribution of energy. Member States should also encourage the spread of this principle in regional and local government, as well as in the private sector.
(18) 'SET-Plan' means the Strategic	(18) 'SET-Plan' means the Strat	
Energy Technology Plan as set out in	Energy Technology Plan as set o	
Commission Communication (2015)	Commission Communication (20	15)
6317.	6317.	GC 11/52
	(19) 'early efforts' means: a	Cf. AM 53
	Member State's achievement, in	
	before 2020, of a share of energ	
	from renewable sources above	
	national binding 2020 target or	
	Member State's early progress	in the
	period 2005-2020 or in the	ion to
	implementation of its contribut the Union's binding target of at	
	27% of renewable energy in 20	
	referred to in Article 3 of [reca	
	Directive 2009/28/EC as propos	
	COM(2016) 767].	icu by

CHAPTER 2 INTEGRATED NATIONAL ENERGY AND CLIMATE PLANS

Article 3 **Integrated national energy and climate plans**

AM 59

- By 1 January 2019 and every ten years thereafter, each Member State shall notify to the Commission an integrated national energy and climate plan. The plans shall contain the elements set out in paragraph 2 and Annex I. The first plan shall cover the period from 2021 to 2030. The following plans shall cover the tenyear period immediately following the end of the period covered by the previous plan.
- By 1 January 2019 and every ten years thereafter, each Member State shall notify to the Commission an integrated national energy and climate plan. The plans shall contain the elements set out in paragraph 2 and Annex I. The first plan shall cover the period from 2021 to 2030. The following plans shall cover the tenyear period immediately following the end of the period covered by the previous plan.
- By [] 31 December 2019, and subsequently by 1 January 2029 and every ten years thereafter*), each Member State shall notify to the Commission an integrated national energy and climate plan. The plans shall contain the elements set out in paragraph 2. The content of the plans is further specified in [] Annex I. The first plan shall cover the period from 2021 to 2030, bearing in mind the longer term perspective. The following plans shall cover the tenyear period immediately following the end of the period covered by the previous plan.
- By [] 31 December 2019, and subsequently by 1 January 2029 and every ten years thereafter ³⁷, each Member State shall notify to the Commission an integrated national energy and climate plan. The plans shall contain the elements set out in paragraph 2 [] and Annex I. The first plan shall cover the period from 2021 to 2030, bearing in mind the longer **term perspective**. The following plans shall cover the ten-year period immediately following the end of the period covered by the previous plan.

- The integrated national energy and climate plans shall consist of the following main sections:
- The integrated national energy and climate plans shall consist of the following main sections:
- The integrated national energy and climate plans shall consist of the following main sections:

37 Explanatory note: "I January 2029 and every ten years thereafter" is in effect identical to the Commission proposal, which is carefully aligned with the Paris Agreement cycle. The amendments in this first sentence merely enable a later presentation of the *first* plan. This also applies to Art. 9(1). See also recital 18 of Council GA.

	-	·	,
(a) an overview of the process followed for establishing the integrated national energy and climate plan consisting of an executive summary, a description of the consultation and involvement of stakeholders and their results, and of regional cooperation with other Member States in preparing the plan;	(a) an overview of the process followed for establishing the integrated national energy and climate plan consisting of: (1) an executive summary, (2) a description of the consultation and involvement of local authorities, civil society, business, the social partners and citizens and their results, (3) a description of macro-regional and regional cooperation with other Member States in preparing the plan;	(a) an overview of the process followed for establishing the integrated national energy and climate plan consisting of an executive summary, a description of the public consultation and involvement of stakeholders and their results, and of regional cooperation with other Member States in preparing the plan;	Maintain Council GA
(b) a description of the national	(b) a description of the national	(b) a description of [] national	Maintain Council GA
objectives, targets and contributions	objectives <i>and</i> targets for each of the	objectives, targets and contributions []	
for each of the five dimensions of the	five dimensions of the Energy Union;	relating to the [] dimensions of the	
Energy Union;		Energy Union, as set out in Article 4	
		and Annex I;	
(c) a description of the policies and	(c) a description of the <i>planned</i>	(c) a description of the policies and	(c) a description of the <i>planned</i>
measures foreseen to meet the corresponding objectives, targets and	policies, measures <i>and investment</i> strategies foreseen to meet the	measures foreseen in relation to [] the corresponding objectives, targets and	policies and measures [] foreseen in relation to the corresponding
contributions set out under point (b);	corresponding objectives <i>and</i> targets	contributions set out under point (b);	objectives, targets and contributions set
contributions set out under point (b),	set out under point (b);	contributions set out under point (b),	out under point (b) as well as a
	F = = = (),		general overview of the investments
			needed to meet the corresponding
			objectives and targets/contributions;
			Note: text provisionally agreed at
			technical level

	Article 3(2)(d)			
(d) a description of the current situation of the five dimensions of the Energy Union including with regard to the energy system and greenhouse gas emissions and removals as well as projections with regard to the objectives referred to in point (b) with already existing (implemented and adopted) policies and measures;	(d) a description of the current situation of the five dimensions of the Energy Union including with regard to the energy system and greenhouse gas emissions and removals as well as projections with regard to the objectives and targets referred to in point (b) with already existing (implemented and adopted) policies and measures and a description of the regulatory and non-regulatory barriers and hurdles to delivering the targets and objectives;	(d) a description of the current situation of the five dimensions of the Energy Union including with regard to the energy system and greenhouse gas emissions and removals as well as projections with regard to the objectives referred to in point (b) with already existing (implemented and adopted) policies and measures;	Accept in part, with changes: (d) a description of the current situation of the five dimensions of the Energy Union including with regard to the energy system and greenhouse gas emissions and removals as well as projections with regard to the objectives referred to in point (b) with already existing (implemented and adopted) policies and measures; (da) if applicable, a description of the regulatory and non-regulatory barriers and hurdles to delivering the targets, contributions or [] objectives related to renewable energy and	
(e) an assessment of the impacts of the planned policies and measures to meet the objectives referred to in point (b);	(e) an assessment of the impacts of individual and aggregated planned policies and measures to meet the targets and objectives referred to in Articles 1, 4, 13a and 14 and on environmental, including air quality and nature protection, health, macroeconomic, and social impacts; (ea) an assessment of the impacts of the planned policies and measures on competitiveness linked to the five dimensions of the Energy Union;	(e) an assessment of the impacts of the planned policies and measures to meet the objectives referred to in point (b), including their consistency with the long term greenhouse gas emission reduction objectives under the Paris Agreement and the long term low emissions strategies as referred to in Article 14;	Accept with changes (ea) a general assessment of the impacts of the planned policies and measures on competitiveness linked to the five dimensions of the Energy Union;	

	(eb) an assessment of the potential impacts of climate in the Member State, including direct and indirect impacts, and resilience strategies to manage the climate impacts, such as national adaptation plans;		Maintain Council GA
	(ec) following the development of an investment strategy, an estimation of the public and private investment necessary to implement the planned policies and measures;		Maintain Council GA Note: provisionally agreed at technical level - (see (c) above)
(f) an annex, drawn up in accordance with the requirements and structure laid down in Annex II to this Regulation, setting out the Member State's methodologies and policy measures for achieving the energy savings requirement in accordance with Article 7 to Directive 2012/27/EU [version as amended in accordance with proposal COM(2016)761] and Annex V thereto.	(f) an annex, drawn up in accordance with the requirements and structure laid down in Annex II to this Regulation, setting out the Member State's methodologies and policy measures for achieving the energy savings requirement in accordance with Article 7 to Directive 2012/27/EU [version as amended in accordance with proposal COM(2016)761] and Annex V thereto.	(f) an annex, drawn up in accordance with the requirements and structure laid down in Annex II to this Regulation, setting out the Member State's methodologies and policy measures for achieving the energy savings requirement in accordance with Article 7 to Directive 2012/27/EU [version as amended in accordance with proposal COM(2016)761] and Annex V thereto.	
3. When preparing the national plans referred to in paragraph 1, Member States shall take into account the interlinkages between the five dimensions of the Energy Union and they shall use consistent data and assumptions across the five dimensions where relevant.	3. When preparing the national plans referred in paragraph 1, Member States shall:	3. When preparing the national plans referred to in paragraph 1, Member States shall take into account the interlinkages between the five dimensions of the Energy Union and they shall use consistent data and assumptions across the five dimensions where relevant.	Accept 3. When preparing the national plans referred in paragraph 1, Member States shall:
	(a) limit administrative complexity and costs for all relevant stakeholders;		Accept (a) limit administrative complexity and costs for all relevant stakeholders;

Ar	ticle 3(3)(b)
(b) take into account the interlinkages between the five dimensions of the Energy Union, in particular the energy efficiency fi principle;	(b) take into account the interlinkages between the five dimensions of the Energy Union; Note: 'energy efficiency first' to be discussed in context of AM 54 - Art. 2(2)(17a)
(c) use credible and consistent data and assumptions across the five dimensions when relevant and make the data used for modelli exercises publicly available;	(c) use robust and consistent data and assumptions across the five dimensions where relevant.
(d) ensure consistency with the objective set out in Article 1 and with the national lot term climate and energy strategies as provid in Article 14;	ng-
(e) assess the number of households in energy poverty, taking into account the necessary domestic energy services needed a guarantee basic standards of living in the relevant national context, and outline exists and planned policies and measures address energy poverty, including social policy measures and other relevant national programmes;	standards of living in the relevant national context, existing social policy and other relevant
In the event that a Member State has a significant number of households in energy poverty, as supported by the assessment bas on verifiable data, using geographical dispersion indicators, it should include in it plan a national indicative objective to reduce energy poverty;	poverty as supported by its assessment based on verifiable data, it should include in its plan a national indicative objective to reduce energy

Article 3(3)(f)		
(f) include provisions to avoid, mitigate or, if the project is of publi	Maintain Council GA	
interest and no alternatives are		
available, compensate any adverse		
environmental impacts that become		
apparent as part of the integrated		
reporting pursuant to Articles 15 to 22;		
(g) take into consideration the	Maintain Council GA	
latest country-specific		
recommendations issued in the	Note: see similar text in recital 39	
context of the European Semester.		
3a. Member State shall ensure th	Maintain Council GA	
following their first integrated		
national energy and climate plans	(Addressed in part in Art. 13(3) of	
each of their subsequent plans,	Council GA text)	
notified to the Commission in		
accordance with paragraph 1,, mod		
their national targets and objective		
as referred to in Article 4, to reflect		
increase in ambition as compared t		
that set out in its previous integrate	a	
national energy and climate plan. 3b. Member States shall make	A count	
	Accept	
available to the public the plans submitted to the Commission		
pursuant to this Article.		

4. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 36 to amend Annex I in order to adapt it to amendments to the Union Energy and Climate policy framework, energy market developments and new UNFCCC and Paris Agreement requirements.	4. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 36 to amend Annex I in order to adapt it to amendments to the Union Energy and Climate policy framework, energy market developments and new UNFCCC and Paris Agreement requirements.	4. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 36 to amend Annex I, Part 1, Section A, points 2.1.1 and 3.1.1; Section B points 4.1 and 4.2.1; and Part 2 point 3 in order to adapt these points [] to amendments to the Union Energy and Climate policy framework [] that are directly and specifically related to the Union's contributions under the [] UNFCCC and Paris Agreement [].	
	Artio	cle 4	
National objectives, targets and contributions for each of the five dimensions of the Energy Union Member States shall set out in their integrated national energy and climate plan the following main objectives, targets and contributions, as specified in Section A.2. of Annex I:	AM 60 Targets and objectives for each of the five dimensions of the Energy Union AM 61 Member States shall set out in their integrated national energy and climate plan the following main objectives and targets, as specified in Section A.2. of Annex I:	National objectives, targets and contributions for [] the five dimensions of the Energy Union Member States shall set out in their integrated national energy and climate plan their [] objectives, targets and contributions relating to the five dimensions of the Energy Union, as specified in Section A.2. of Annex I. These five dimensions and the main objectives, targets and contributions are set out below:	Member States shall set out in their integrated national energy and climate plan [] the following main objectives, targets and contributions, [] as specified in Section A.2. of Annex I.
(a) as regards the dimension "Decarbonisation":		(a) as regards the dimension "Decarbonisation":	
(1) with respect to greenhouse gas emissions and removals and with a view to contributing to the achievement of the economy wide EU greenhouse gas emissions reduction target:		(1) with respect to greenhouse gas emissions and removals and with a view to contributing to the achievement of the economy wide EU greenhouse gas emissions reduction target:	

: 41 M 1 C4 - 4 - 1 - 1 - 1 · 1'		: 41 - M 1 C4 - 4 - 1 - 1 - 1 · 1'	
i. the Member State's binding		i. the Member State's binding	
national target for greenhouse gas		national target for greenhouse gas	
emissions and the annual binding		emissions and the annual binding	
national limits pursuant to Regulation [national limits pursuant to Regulation [
] [ESR];] [ESR];	
ii. the Member State's		ii. the Member State's	
commitments pursuant to Regulation [commitments pursuant to Regulation [
] [LULUCF];] [LULUCF];	
	AM 62		Maintain Council GA
	Article 4 – para 1 – point a – point 1		
	– point ii a (new)		
	(iia) trajectories that the Member		
	State plans to maintain and enhance		
	the carbon removals from sinks		
	consistent with the long-term climate		
	and energy strategies as referred to in		
	Article 14;		
	Arucie 14, AM 63	[1]	Maintain Council GA
iii when andiashle athernational		[]	Mainiain Councii GA
iii. where applicable, other national	iii. other national objectives and		
objectives and targets consistent with	targets consistent with the Paris		
existing long-term low emission	Agreement and the long-term climate		
strategies;	and energy strategies;		
iv. where applicable, other		iv. where applicable, other relevant	Note: revert to the Commission
objectives and targets, including sector		objectives and targets, including sector	proposal with changes:
targets and adaptation goals;		targets [];	iv. where applicable to meet the
			objectives and targets of the Energy
			Union and the long term union
			greenhouse gas emissions
			commitments consistent with Paris
			Agreement, other objectives and
			targets, including sector targets and
			adaptation goals, if available;

Article 4(a)(2)			
(2) with respect to renewable		(2) with respect to renewable	
energy:		energy:	
i. with a view to achieving the Union's binding target of at least 27% renewable energy in 2030 as referred to in Article 3 of [recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by COM(2016) 767], a contribution to this target in terms of the Member State's share of energy from renewable sources in gross final consumption of energy in 2030, with a linear trajectory for that contribution from 2021 onwards;	i. with a view to achieving the Union's binding target of at least 35 % renewable energy in 2030 as referred to in [Article 3] of [recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by COM(2016) 767],	i. with a view to achieving the Union's binding target of at least 27% renewable energy in 2030 as referred to in Article 3 of [recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by COM(2016) 767], a contribution to this target in terms of the Member State's share of energy from renewable sources in gross final consumption of energy in 2030, with an indicative [] trajectory for that contribution from 2021 onwards. By 2023, the indicative trajectory shall reach a reference point of at least 24% [] of the total increase in the share of energy from renewable sources between that Member State's binding 2020 national target, and its contribution to the 2030 target. By 2025, the indicative trajectory shall reach a reference point of at least 40% of the total increase in the share of energy from renewable sources between that Member State's binding 2020 national target and its contribution to the 2030 target. By 2027, the	i. with a view to achieving the Union's binding target of at least 27% renewable energy in 2030 as referred to in Article 3 of [recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by COM(2016) 767], a contribution to this target in terms of the Member State's share of energy from renewable sources in gross final consumption of energy in 2030, with an indicative [] trajectory for that contribution from 2021 onwards. By 2022, the indicative trajectory shall reach a reference point of at least 16% [] of the total increase in the share of energy from renewable sources between that Member State's binding 2020 national target, and its contribution to the 2030 target. By 2025, the indicative trajectory shall reach a reference point of at least 40% of the total increase in the share of energy from renewable sources between that Member State's binding 2020 national target and its contribution to the 2030 target. By 2025, the indicative trajectory shall reach a reference point of at least 40% of the total increase in the share of energy from renewable sources between that Member State's binding 2020 national target and its contribution to the 2030 target. By 2027, the indicative trajectory shall reach a reference point of at least 60% of the

indicative trajectory shall reach a reference point of at least 60% of the total increase in the share of energy from renewable sources between that Member State's binding 2020 national target and its contribution to the 2030 target. By 2030, the indicative trajectory shall reach at least the Member State's planned contribution. If a Member State expects to surpass its binding 2020 national target, its indicative trajectory may start at the level it is projected to achieve. The Member States' indicative trajectories, taken together, shall add up to the Union reference points in 2023, [] 2025 and 2027 and to the Union's binding target of at least 27% renewable energy in 2030. Separately from its contribution to the Union target and its indicative trajectory for the purposes of this Regulation, a Member State shall be free to indicate higher ambitions for national policy purposes;

total increase in the share of energy from renewable sources between that Member State's binding 2020 national target and its contribution to the 2030 target. By 2030, the indicative trajectory shall reach at least the Member State's planned contribution. If a Member State expects to surpass its binding 2020 national target, its indicative trajectory may start at the level it is projected to achieve. The Member States' indicative trajectories, taken together, shall add up to the Union reference points in 2022, [] 2025 and 2027 and to the Union's binding target of at least 27% renewable energy in 2030. Separately from its contribution to the Union target and its indicative trajectory for the purposes of this Regulation, a Member State shall be free to indicate higher ambitions for national policy purposes;³⁸

³⁸

Note: in legal terms, a target for a given year (for example "by 2022") must be met at the latest on the last day of that year, *i.e.* 31 December. In the context of the renewables trajectories, the national contributions start from '0%' on 1 January 2021 and reach at least 100% by 31 December 2030. A linear trajectory would mean 20% by (31 December) 2022, 30% by 2023, 50% by 2025 and 70% by 2027.

The Council GA and the current Presidency compromise contain percentages corresponding to 80% linearity in 2022 (16%) and 2025 (40%), and to 86% linearity in 2027 (60%). The EP requests 100% linearity: 20% in 2022, 50% in 2025 and 70% in 2027.

Having regard to the concern of most delegations to have a non-linear trajectory, and to the concern shared by all delegations, the EP and the Commission to guarantee the collective achievement of the binding EU target by 2030, a final compromise offer could correspond to 80%, 85% and 90% of linearity, *i.e.* 16% in 2022, 43% in 2025 (rounded up from 42.5), and 63% in 2027.

AM 291 Article 4 – para 1 – point a – point 2 – point i a (new) ia. the Member State's national target of energy from renewable sources in gross final consumption of energy in 2030 established pursuant to Article 3 and Annex Ia to Directive (EU)/ [recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by COM(2016) 767], with a progressive trajectory ensuring a regular deployment of renewable energy from 2021 onwards as set out in Annex Ia to this Regulation;	Maintain Council GA Cf. Council text Art. 4(a)(2)(i) above (similar progressive trajectory)
	4(a)(2)
AM 292 Article 4 – para 1 – point a – point 2 – point i b (new) ib. The trajectory referred to in paragraph ia shall:	Maintain Council GA
(i) start from the share of energy from renewable sources in 2020 as set out in the third column of the table in part A of Annex I to Directive (EU)/ [recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by COM(2016) 767]. If a Member State surpasses its binding 2020 national target, its trajectory may start at the level achieved in 2020;	Maintain Council GA Last sentence accepted, with changes, in Council text paragraph 2(i) above

(ii) consist of a minimum of three reference points calculated as an average of the two or three preceding	Maintain Council GA Cf. Council text paragraph 2(i) above
years as set out in Annex Ia;	(three reference points)
(iii) reach at least its 2030 national target;	
AM 67	Maintain Council GA
Article 4 – para 1 – point a – point 2 – point i c (new) ic. The Member State's trajectory referred to in points ia and ib, taken together, shall add up to the Union's binding linear trajectory and shall reach the Union's binding target of at least 35 % energy from renewable sources in gross final consumption of energy in 2030;	Cf. Council text paragraph 2(i) above (MS trajectories shall add up to the Union's binding target) The issue of the Union trajectory is also reflected in Art. 25(2) of the Council GA whereby the EU trajectory matches the national reference points.
AM 68	Maintain Council GA
Article 4 – para 1 – point a – point 2 – point i d (new)	(cf. AM 32)
id. the Member State's trajectories for the overall share of renewable energy in final energy consumption from 2031 onwards shall be consistent with the long-term climate and energy strategies.	

	Article 4(a)(2)			
ii. trajectories for the sectorial share of renewable energy in final energy consumption from 2021 to 2030 in the heating and cooling, electricity, and transport sectors;	AM 69 and 287 ii. the Member State's indicative trajectories for the sectorial share of renewable energy in final energy consumption from 2021 to 2030 in the heating and cooling, electricity, and transport sectors;		Maintain Council GA	
iii. trajectories by renewable energy technology that the Member State plans to use to achieve the overall and sectorial trajectories for renewable energy from 2021 to 2030 including total expected gross final energy consumption per technology and sector in Mtoe and total planned installed capacity per technology and sector in MW;	iii. <i>indicative</i> trajectories by renewable energy technology that the Member State plans to use to achieve the overall and sectorial trajectories for renewable energy from 2021 to 2030 including total expected gross final energy consumption per technology and sector in Mtoe, total planned installed capacity per technology and sector <i>including repowering</i> in MW;		Maintain Council GA	

	Article 4(a)(2)			
	AM 71 Article 4 – para 1 – point a – point 2 – point iii a (new) iiia. the Member State's share of, as well as objectives and trajectories for energy from renewable energy produced by cities, renewable energy communities and self-consumers from 2021 to 2030, including expected gross final energy consumption in Mtoe.		To be discussed with EP Note: the substance of AM 71 is very similar to the requirement of Annex I, part 1, Section A, point 2.1.2(vi) of the Council GA (with the addition of "if available" and the deletion of "shares")	
(b) as regards the dimension "Energy Efficiency": (1) the indicative national energy efficiency contribution to achieving the Union's binding energy efficiency target of 30% in 2030 as referred to in Article 1(1) and Article 3(4) of Directive 2012/27/EU [version as amended in accordance with proposal COM(2016)761], based on either primary or final energy consumption, primary or final energy savings, or energy intensity.	AM 73 (1) the binding national energy efficiency target to achieving the Union's binding energy efficiency target of 40% in 2030 as referred to in Article 1(1) and Article 3(4) of Directive 2012/27/EU [version as amended in accordance with proposal COM(2016)761], based on either primary or final energy consumption, primary or final energy savings, or energy intensity, with a linear trajectory for that target from 2021 onwards.	(b) as regards the dimension "Energy Efficiency": (1) the indicative national energy efficiency contribution to achieving the Union's [] energy efficiency target of 30% in 2030 as referred to in Article 1(1) and Article 3(4) of Directive 2012/27/EU [version as amended in accordance with proposal COM(2016)761], based on either primary or final energy consumption, primary or final energy savings, or energy intensity.	Maintain Council GA Union target to be negotiated in EED (trajectories, national contributions etc. to be negotiated in Governance)	
Member States shall express their contribution in terms of absolute level of primary energy consumption and final energy consumption in 2020 and 2030, with a linear trajectory for that	Member States shall express their energy efficiency targets in terms of absolute level of primary energy consumption and final energy consumption in 2020 and 2030. They	Member States shall express their contribution in terms of absolute level of primary energy consumption and final energy consumption in 2020, and in terms of absolute level of primary	To be discussed with EP	

contribution from 2021 onwards. They	shall explain their underlying	energy consumption and[] final	
shall explain their underlying	methodology and the conversion	energy consumption in 2030, with an	
methodology and the conversion	factors used in accordance with	indicative [] trajectory for that	
factors used;	Annexes IV and V to [of the version	contribution from 2021 onwards. They	
	as amended in accordance with	shall explain their underlying	
	proposal COM(2016)761];	methodology and the conversion factors used;	
	The trajectory referred to in the first	ractors used,	Maintain Council GA
	sub-paragraph shall consist of		
	biennial interim targets starting in		
	2022 and then every two years;		
	AM 74		Maintain Council GA
(2) the cumulative amount of energy	(2) the cumulative amount of	(2) the cumulative amount of energy	
savings to be achieved over the period	additional energy savings to be	savings to be achieved over the period	Note: to be aligned with EED
2021-2030 under Article 7 on energy	achieved over the period 2021-2030	2021-2030 under Article 7 on energy	
saving obligations of Directive	and beyond under Article 7 on energy	saving obligations of Directive	
2012/27/EU [version as amended in	saving obligations of Directive	2012/27/EU [version as amended in	
accordance with proposal	2012/27/EU [version as amended by	accordance with proposal	
COM(2016)761];	proposal COM(2016)761];	COM(2016)761];	
	AM 75		Maintain Council GA
(3) the objectives for the long-term	(3) based on an analysis of the	(3) the [] indicative milestones of	
renovation of the national stock of	existing building stock, the milestones	[] the long-term strategy for the	Note: to be aligned with final text of
residential and commercial buildings	for 2030 and 2040 for the long-term	renovation of the national stock of	EPBD
(both public and private);	strategies for the renovation of the	residential and [] non-residential	
	national stock of residential and <i>non-</i>	buildings, [] both public and private[],	
	residential buildings, both public and	in accordance with Article 2a of the	
	private, measuring progress towards	Directive revising Directive	
	the 2050 goal in accordance with	2010/31/EU on the energy	
	Article 2a of Directive 2010/31/EU [as	performance of buildings;	
	amended by proposal		
	COM(2016)765];		

	Article 4(b)			
	AM 76 Article 4 – para 1 – point b – point 3 a (new)		Maintain Council GA To be negotiated in EED	
	(3a) the planned policies and actions as well as progress towards transforming the national building stock into highly energy efficient and decarbonised building stock, including an evidence-based estimate of expected energy savings and wider benefits, to be achieved from 2020 to 2030;			
(4) the total floor area to be renovated or equivalent annual energy savings to be achieved from 2020 to 2030 under Article 5 on the exemplary role of public bodies' buildings of Directive 2012/27/EU;	AM 77 (4) the total floor area to be renovated and corresponding energy savings achieved through the renovation or equivalent annual energy savings stemming from the alternative approach to be achieved from 2020 to 2030 under Article 5 of Directive 2012/27/EU [as amended by proposal COM(2016)761];	(4) the total floor area to be renovated or equivalent annual energy savings to be achieved from 2020 to 2030 under Article 5 on the exemplary role of public bodies' buildings of Directive 2012/27/EU;	Maintain Council GA To be negotiated in EED	
	AM 78 Article 4 – para 1 – point b – point 4 a (new)		Maintain Council GA To be negotiated in EED	
	(4a) the identified potential for energy savings in heating and cooling, including the outcome of the comprehensive assessment of the potential for the application of highefficiency cogeneration and efficient and innovative district heating and cooling;			

(5) other national energy efficiency objectives, including long term targets or strategies and sectorial targets in areas such as transport, heating and cooling;	(5) other national energy efficiency objectives, including long term targets or strategies and sectorial targets in areas such as transport, the manufacturing industry and water and waste water or from sector coupling policies; as well as efficiency in other sectors with high energy efficiency potential throughout the entire flow chain from primary energy to end-users or such as data centres;	[]	Maintain Council GA Note: the Council GA moved this reporting provision to Annex I, part 1, Section A, point 2.2(ii) (with the addition of "if applicable")
(c) as regards the dimension "Energy Security":		c) as regards the dimension "Energy Security": - national objectives with regard energy security and security of supply, inter alia, with regard to the readiness to cope with constrained or interrupted supply of an energy source, in coherence with the plans to be established under Regulation (EU) No 2017/1938 as well as under Regulation [as proposed by COM(2016) 862 on risk-preparedness in the electricity sector and repealing Directive 2005/89/EC] including a timeframe for when the objectives should be met; ³⁹	Note: in response to AM 80 & 81 below: (1) national objectives with regard to: -increasing the diversification of energy sources and supply from third countries, which may be aimed at [] reducing energy import dependency where appropriateincreasing the flexibility of the national energy system, and -[] coping with constrained or interrupted supply of an energy source, for the purpose of improving the resilience of regional and national energy systems, including a timeframe for when the objectives should be met; Note: see related provisions in Annex I Part 1 Section A(2.3).

³⁹ Consistency shall be ensured with the preventive action and emergency plans under Regulation [as proposed by COM(2016) 52] concerning measures to safeguard the security of gas supply and repealing Regulation (EU) No 994/2010, as well as the risk preparedness plans under Regulation [as proposed by COM(2016) 862] on riskpreparedness in the electricity sector and repealing Directive 2005/89/EC.

(1) national objectives with regard to increasing the diversification of energy sources and supply from third countries;	AM 80 (1) national objectives with regard to increasing the diversification of energy sources and supply from third countries, for the purpose of increasing the resilience of macroregional, regional and national	[]	Note: addressed in para (c) above and in Annex I Part 1 Section A(1)2.3 (I bis) Maintain Council GA Note: Council moved this provision to
(2) national objectives with regard to reducing energy import dependency from third countries;	energy systems; AM 81 (2) national objectives with regard to reducing energy import dependency from third countries for the purpose of increasing the resilience of macroregional, national and regional energy systems;	[]	Annex I Part 1 Section A(1)2.3 (I bis) Note: addressed in para (c) above and in Annex I Part 1 Section A(1)2.3 (ii) Maintain Council GA Note: Council moved this provision to Annex I Part 1 Section A(1)2.3 (ii)
(3) national objectives with regard to the readiness to cope with constrained or interrupted supply of an energy source, in coherence with the plans to be established under Regulation [as proposed by COM(2016) 52 concerning measures to safeguard the security of gas supply and repealing Regulation (EU) No 994/2010] as well as under Regulation [as proposed by COM(2016) 862 on risk-preparedness in the electricity sector and repealing Directive 2005/89/EC] including a timeframe for when the objectives should be met;		[] Note: see above	

(4) national objectives with regard to deployment of domestic energy sources (notably renewable energy);	AM 82 (4) national objectives with regard to increasing the flexibility of the national energy system, in particular by means of deploying energy efficiency measures, domestic and regional renewable energy sources, demand response and storage;	[]	Maintain Council GA Note: accepted in part in Council text ("increasing the flexibility of the national energy system", "demand response and storage", cf. Annex I Part I Section A(1)2.3 and AM 232)
(d) as regards the dimension "Internal Energy Market":		(d) as regards the dimension "Internal Energy Market":	
(1) the level of electricity interconnectivity that the Member State aims for in 2030 in consideration of the electricity interconnection target for 2030 of at least 15 %; Member States shall explain the underlying methodology used;	(1) the level of electricity interconnectivity that the Member State aims for in 2030 in consideration of the indicative electricity interconnection target for 2030 of at least 15%, taking into account the 2020 interconnection target of 10%, national and regional market conditions and potential, all aspects of cost-benefit analyses, the actual level of implementation of PCIs, as well as measures to increase the tradable capacity in existing interconnections; Member States shall explain the underlying methodology used, taking into account the methodology proposed by the Commission;	- the level of electricity interconnectivity that the Member State aims for in 2030 in consideration of the electricity interconnection target for 2030 of at least 15%, with a strategy with the level from 2021 onwards defined in close cooperation with affected Member States, taking into account the indicators of the urgency of action needed []: (1) Price differential in the wholesale market exceeding an indicative threshold of 2€/MWh between Member States, regions or bidding zones; (2) Nominal transmission capacity of interconnectors below 30% of their peak load; (3) Nominal transmission capacity of interconnectors below 30% of installed renewable generation. Each new interconnector must be subject to a socioeconomic and environmental cost-benefit analysis and implemented only if the potential benefits outweigh the costs.	- the level of electricity interconnectivity that the Member State aims for in 2030 in consideration of the electricity interconnection target for 2030 of at least 15%, with a strategy with the level from 2021 onwards defined in close cooperation with affected Member States, taking into account the 2020 interconnection target of 10% and the indicators of the urgency of action needed as set out in Annex I, Part I, Section A, Part 2.4.1.

	Article 4(d)(2)			
(2) key national objectives for electricity and gas transmission infrastructure that are necessary for the achievement of objectives and targets under any of the five dimensions of the Energy Union Strategy;	AM 84 (2) key national objectives for electricity and gas transmission and distribution infrastructure and its modernisation that are necessary for the achievement of objectives and targets under any of the five dimensions of the Energy Union Strategy. For any planned major infrastructure project, a preliminary assessment of its compatibility with and contributions to the five dimensions of the Energy Union, in particular with regard to security of		(2) Key electricity and gas transmission I infrastructure projects, aggregated data on electricity distribution infrastructure projects and, where relevant, modernisation projects, that are necessary for the achievement of objectives and targets under the five dimensions of the Energy Union Strategy. Note: see mirror provisions in Annex I Part 1 Section A(1)2.4.2(i) – AM 234 Note: for the last sentence of the AM, see also EP compromise text for Article 21(b).	
(3) national objectives related to other aspects of the internal energy market such as market integration and coupling, including a timeframe for when the objectives should be met;	supply and competition; AM 85 (3) national objectives related to other aspects of the internal energy market such as increasing system flexibility, in particular through the removal of obstacles to free price formation, market integration and coupling, smart grids, aggregation, demand response, storage, distributed generation, mechanisms for dispatching, re-dispatching and curtailment, real-time price signals, including a timeframe for when the objectives should be met;		(3) national objectives related to other aspects of the internal energy market such as increasing system flexibility, in particular related to the promotion of wholesale price formation, market integration and coupling, smart grids, aggregation, demand response, storage, distributed generation, mechanisms for dispatching, re-dispatching and curtailment and real-time price signals , including a timeframe for when the objectives should be met, and other national objectives related to the internal energy market as set out in Annex I, part 1, Section A, Part 2.4.3; Note: see also AM 147, 235 and 253.	

	AM 86		Maintain Council GA
	Article 4 – para 1 – point d – point 3		
	a (new)		Note: accept in part in Art. 21(1) (AM
			149) and Annex I part 1 section A,
	(3a) national objectives related to		Part 2.4.3 (ia) (new) (AM 236) and
	the non-discriminatory participation		AM 254, in line with Council's
	of renewable energy, demand		approach not to overburden Article 4
	response and storage, including via		and to avoid to the extent possible
	aggregation in all energy markets,		unnecessary overlaps between Article
	including a timeframe for when the		4 and other Articles and Annexes.
	objectives should be met;		
	AM 87		Maintain Council GA
	Article 4 – para 1 – point d – point 3		
	b (new)		Note: accept in part in Art. 21(1) (AM
			150) and Annex I part 1 section A,
	(3b) national objectives with regard		Part 2.4.3 (ib) (new) (AM 237), in line
	to ensuring that consumers		with Council's approach not to
	participate in the energy system and		overburden Article 4 and to avoid to
	benefit from self-generation and new		the extent possible unnecessary
	technologies, including smart meters;		overlaps between Article 4 and other
			Articles and Annexes.
	AM 88		Maintain Council GA
(4) national objectives with regard	(4) national objectives with regard	П	
to ensuring electricity system adequacy	to ensuring electricity system		Note: see also new Presidency
as well as flexibility of the energy	adequacy, ensuring that no capacity		compromise proposal adding a
system with regard to renewable	mechanisms are implemented, or		reference to capacity mechanisms AM
energy production, including a	where implemented for the purpose of		151
timeframe for when the objectives	security of supply are limited to the		
should be met;	extent possible including a timeframe		
,	for when the objectives should be met;		
(e) as regards the dimension	,	(e) as regards the dimension	
"Research, Innovation and		"Research, Innovation and	
Competitiveness":		Competitiveness":	

(1) national objectives and funding targets for public and private research and innovation relating to the Energy Union; if applicable, including a timeframe for when the objectives should be met. Such targets and objectives should be coherent with those set out in the Energy Union Strategy and the SET-Plan;	(1) national objectives and funding targets for public <i>support for</i> research and innovation relating to the Energy Union <i>and its expected leveraging effect on private research</i> ; if applicable, including a timeframe for when the objectives should be met. Such targets and objectives should be coherent with those set out in the Energy Union Strategy and the SET-Plan;	- national objectives and funding targets for public and, where available, private research and innovation relating to the Energy Union including, if appropriate, a timeframe for when the objectives shall be met; reflecting the priorities of the Energy Union Strategy and, where appropriate, of the SET-Plan.	- national objectives and funding targets for public and, where available, private research and innovation relating to the Energy Union including, if appropriate, a timeframe for when the objectives shall be met; reflecting the priorities of the Energy Union Strategy and, where [] relevant, of the SET-Plan.
		In setting out the abovementioned main objectives, targets and contributions, Member States may build upon existing national strategies or plans that are compatible with Union legislation.	
(2) national 2050 objectives for the deployment of low carbon technologies;	AM 90 (2) national 2050 objectives related to the promotion of sustainable technologies;		(2) where available, national 2050 objectives related to the promotion of low carbon technologies []. Note: aligned with Annex I part 1 section A, Part 2.5 (iia) (new) (AM 241).
(3) national objectives with regard to competitiveness.	AM 91 deleted	[]	Maintain Council GA Note: Council has moved this provision, with changes, to Annex I Part I Section A Part 2(5)(iii)

	Article 5 Text of this Article provisionally agreed at technical level			
Member States' contribution setting process in the area of renewable energy	AM 92 Member States' <i>target</i> setting process in the area of renewable energy	Member States' contribution setting process in the area of renewable energy	To be aligned with RED ('target/contribution')	
1. When setting their contribution for their share of energy from renewable sources in gross final consumption of energy in 2030 and the last year of the period covered for the subsequent national plans, pursuant to Article 4(a)(2)(i), Member States shall take into account the following: (a) the measures provided for in [recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by COM(2016) 767]; (b) the measures adopted to reach the energy efficiency target adopted pursuant to Directive 2012/27/EU [version as amended in accordance with proposal COM(2016)761]; (c) other measures to promote renewable energy within Member States and at Union level; and	AM 93 1. When setting their <i>target</i> for their share of energy from renewable sources in gross final consumption of energy in 2030 and the last year of the period covered for the subsequent national plans, pursuant to Article 4(a)(2)(i), Member States shall take into account the following:	1. When setting their contribution for their share of energy from renewable sources in gross final consumption of energy in 2030 and the last year of the period covered for the subsequent national plans, pursuant to Article 4(a)(2)(i), Member States shall take into account the following: (a) the measures provided for in [recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by COM(2016) 767]; (b) the measures adopted to reach the energy efficiency target adopted pursuant to Directive 2012/27/EU [version as amended in accordance with proposal COM(2016)761]; (c) where relevant, other measures to promote renewable energy within Member States and at Union level; and	(c) any other existing [] measures to promote renewable energy within Member States and, where relevant, at Union level; and	
(d) circumstances affecting renewable energy deployment, such as:		(d) any relevant circumstances affecting renewable energy deployment, such as <i>inter alia</i> :	(d) any relevant circumstances affecting renewable energy deployment, such as []:	
(i) equitable distribution of deployment across the European Union;	AM 94 (i) equitable <i>and cost-effective</i> distribution of deployment across the European Union;	(i) equitable distribution of deployment across the European Union;	Maintain Council GA	

(ii) economic potential;		(ii) economic conditions and potential, including GDP per capita, and potential for cost-effective deployment;	(ii) economic conditions and potential, including GDP per capita [] Note: split into (ii) and (iia)(new).
			(iia) potential for cost-effective renewable energy deployment
(iii) geographical and natural constraints, including those of non-interconnected areas and regions; and		(iii) geographical, environmental and natural constraints, including those of non-interconnected areas and regions; []	32 1 2
	Arti	cle 5	
(iv) the level of power interconnection between Member States.		(iv) the level of power interconnection between Member States; and	
		(v) early efforts as defined in Article 2(19).	Note: to be discussed in context of AM 53: new Art. 2(2)(11a) & Art. 27
		A Member State may indicate in its integrated national energy and climate plan which relevant circumstances affecting renewable energy deployment it has taken into account.	A Member State shall [] indicate in its integrated national energy and climate plan which relevant circumstances affecting renewable energy deployment it has taken into account.
	AM 95 Article 5 – para 1 – point d a (new) (da) the baseline share of energy from renewable sources in its gross final consumption of energy set out in Article 3(3) of Directive (EU)/ [recast Directive 2009/28/EC];		Accept (da) the Member State binding 2020 national target of energy from renewable sources in its gross final consumption of energy set out in Annex I of Directive (EU)/ [recast Directive 2009/28/EC];

2. Member States shall collectively ensure that the sum of their contributions adds up to at least 27% of energy produced from renewable sources in gross final energy consumption at Union level by 2030.	AM 96 2. Member States shall collectively ensure that the sum of their <i>targets</i> adds up to <i>a linear trajectory reaching at least 35</i> % from renewable <i>energy</i> sources in gross final energy consumption at Union level by 2030. Arti	2. Member States shall collectively ensure that the sum of their contributions adds up to at least 27% of energy produced from renewable sources in gross final energy consumption at Union level by 2030.	2. Member States shall collectively ensure that the sum of their [contributions] adds up to at least [27%] of energy produced from renewable energy sources in gross final energy consumption at Union level by 2030. Note: text provisionally agreed at technical level (points within [] to be discussed in RED)
Member States' contribution setting process in the area of energy efficiency	AM 97 Member States' <i>binding target</i> setting process in the area of energy efficiency	Member States' contribution setting process in the area of energy efficiency	Member States' [contribution/target] setting process in the area of energy efficiency Note: nature of EU target to be discussed in EED (p.m. process for setting the national contributions and its implementation to be discussed in the Governance)
			Note: both the Council and the EP support the indicative nature of the national [targets/contributions].
1. When setting their indicative national energy efficiency contribution for 2030 and the last year of the period covered for the subsequent national plans pursuant to Article 4(b)(1), Member States shall ensure that:	AM 98 1. When setting their <i>binding</i> national energy efficiency <i>target</i> for 2030 and the last year of the period covered for the subsequent national plans pursuant to Article 4(b)(1), Member States shall ensure that:	1. When setting their indicative national energy efficiency contribution for 2030 and the last year of the period covered for the subsequent national plans pursuant to Article 4(b)(1), Member States shall take into account [] that [] the Union's 2020 energy consumption [] has to be no more than 1 483 Mtoe of primary energy and/or no more than 1 086 Mtoe of	Maintain Council GA Nature and level of EU target to be discussed in EED Note: both the Council and the EP support the indicative nature of the national [targets/contributions].

		final energy, the Union's 2030 energy consumption [] has to be no more than 1 321 Mtoe of primary energy and/or no more than 987 Mtoe of final energy for the first ten-year period [] ('the Union's [] headline target for 2030 referred to in Articles 1 and 3 of Directive 2012/27/EU [version as amended in accordance with proposal COM(2016)761]') [];	
(a) the Union's 2020 energy consumption is no more than 1 483 Mtoe of primary energy and no more than 1 086 Mtoe of final energy, the Union's 2030 energy consumption is no more than 1 321 Mtoe of primary energy and no more than 987 Mtoe of final energy for the first ten-year period;	(a) the Union's 2020 energy consumption is no more than 1 483 Mtoe of primary energy and no more than 1 086 Mtoe of final energy, the Union's 2030 energy consumption is no more than 1 132 Mtoe of primary energy and no more than 849 Mtoe of final energy for the first ten-year period;	(See above)	Maintain Council GA To be negotiated in EED
(b) the Union's binding target for 2030 referred to in Articles 1 and 3 of Directive 2012/27/EU [version as amended in accordance with proposal COM(2016)761] is met.		(See above)	
In addition, Member States shall take into account:		In addition, Member States shall take into account:	
(a) the measures provided for in Directive 2012/27/EU [version as amended in accordance with proposal COM(2016)761]; (b) other measures to promote energy efficiency within Member States and at Union level.		(a) the measures provided for in Directive 2012/27/EU [version as amended in accordance with proposal COM(2016)761]; (b) other measures to promote energy efficiency within Member States and at Union level.	

Article 6(2)			
2. When setting their contribution	AM 100 2. When setting their <i>target</i>	2. When setting their contribution	2. When setting their contribution referred to in paragraph 1 Member
referred to in paragraph 1 Member States may take into account circumstances affecting primary and	referred to in paragraph 1 Member States may take into account circumstances affecting primary and	referred to in paragraph 1 Member States may take into account national circumstances affecting primary and	States may take into account national circumstances affecting primary and final energy consumption, such as []:
final energy consumption, such as:	final energy consumption, such as:	final energy consumption, such as, inter alia:	G5 1 7 11
(a) remaining cost-effective energy-saving potential;		(a) remaining cost-effective energy-saving potential;	
(b) evolution and forecast of gross domestic product;		(b) evolution and forecast of gross domestic product;	
(c) changes of energy imports and exports;		(c) changes of energy imports and exports;	
(d) development of all sources of renewable energies, nuclear energy, carbon capture and storage; and		(d) development of all sources of low carbon [] energy [], [] carbon capture and storage; and	Note: Council has decided to revert to the text of the Commission proposal: (d) development of all sources of renewable energies, nuclear energy,
(e) early actions.		(e) early actions.	carbon capture and storage; and
(-)		A Member State may indicate in its integrated national energy and climate plan which relevant	If a Member State has taken into account in its integrated national energy and climate plan relevant
		circumstances affecting primary and final energy consumption it has taken into account.	circumstances affecting primary and final energy consumption under this paragraph, it shall indicate them.

Article 7			
AM 101			
National policies and measures for each of the five dimensions of the Energy Union	National policies, measures <i>and investment strategies</i> for each of the five dimensions of the Energy Union	National policies and measures for each of the five dimensions of the Energy Union	Maintain Council GA
Member States shall describe, in accordance with Annex I, in their integrated national energy and climate plan, the main existing (implemented and adopted) and planned policies and measures to achieve in particular the objectives set out in the national plan, including measures to ensure regional cooperation and appropriate financing at national and regional level.	Member States shall describe, in accordance with Annex I, in their integrated national energy and climate plan, the main existing (implemented and adopted) and planned policies and measures to achieve in particular the objectives set out in the national plan, including measures to ensure regional cooperation and appropriate financing at national, regional and local level, including mobilisation of Union programmes and instruments. The description of the main existing and planned policies and measures to achieve the objectives set out in the national plans shall be accompanied by a general overview of the investments needed to achieve those objectives.	Member States shall describe, in accordance with Annex I, in their integrated national energy and climate plan, the main existing (implemented and adopted) and planned policies and measures to achieve in particular the objectives set out in the national plan, including, where applicable, measures foreseen for [] regional cooperation and appropriate financing at national and regional level.	Member States shall describe, in accordance with Annex I, in their integrated national energy and climate plan, the main existing (implemented and adopted) and planned policies and measures to achieve in particular the objectives set out in the national plan, including, where applicable, measures foreseen for [] regional cooperation and appropriate financing at national and regional level, including mobilisation of Union programmes and instruments. Member States shall provide a general overview of the investments needed to achieve the objectives and targets/contributions set out in the national plan, as well as a general assessment on the sources of those investments. Note: text provisionally agreed at technical level Note: see also AM 59, 106 and 118. Note: reporting obligation on "Financing measures, including EU support and the use of EU funds, in the area at national level." as regards

	Member States shall treat energy efficiency as an infrastructure priority. They shall include energy efficiency programs as part of their infrastructure planning and make renovation of buildings a priority investment.		decarbonisation; renewable energy; energy efficiency; internal energy market; energy security; research, innovation and competitiveness are already included in: Annex I Part 1 Section A 3.1.1(iii); 3.1.2(iii); 3.2(vii); point 3(4)(2)(iii); point 3.3(iii); point 3.5(iii). Maintain Council GA Note: see also AM 46 for new recital 41a. To be discussed together with the issue of "energy efficiency first" (AM 54, Art. 2(2)(17a)).
	Artio	cle 8	
	Analytical basis of the integrated	national energy and climate plans	
1. Member States shall describe, in accordance with the structure and format specified in Annex I, the current situation for each of the five dimensions of the Energy Union including of the energy system and greenhouse gas emissions and removals at the time of submission of the national plan or on the basis of the latest available information. Member States shall also set out and describe projections for each of the five dimensions of the Energy Union for the first ten-year period at least until 2040 (including for the year 2030) expected to result from existing (implemented and adopted) policies	1. Member States shall describe, in accordance with the structure and format specified in Annex I, the current situation for each of the five dimensions of the Energy Union including of the energy system and greenhouse gas emissions and removals at the time of submission of the national plan or on the basis of the latest available information. Member States shall also set out and describe projections for each of the five dimensions of the Energy Union for the first ten-year period at least until 2030 (including for the year 2030) expected to result from existing (implemented and adopted) policies	1. Member States shall describe, in accordance with the structure and format specified in Annex I, the current situation for each of the five dimensions of the Energy Union including of the energy system and greenhouse gas emissions and removals at the time of submission of the national plan or on the basis of the latest available information. Member States shall also set out and describe projections for each of the five dimensions of the Energy Union, for at least the [] duration of the plan, [] expected to result from existing (implemented and adopted) policies and measures. Member States shall	Maintain Council GA Note: accepted, with changes, in paragraph 3 below of Council text)

and measures.	and measures. Member States shall	endeavour to describe additional	
	make available to the public the	longer term perspectives for the five	
	assumptions, parameters and	dimensions beyond the duration of	
	methodologies used for projections	the plan, where relevant and	
	and scenarios.	possible.	
2. Member States shall describe in		2. Member States shall describe in	
their integrated national energy and		their integrated national energy and	
climate plan their assessment, at		climate plan their assessment, at	
national and where applicable regional		national and where applicable regional	
level, of:		level, of:	
	AM 103		Maintain Council GA
(a) the impacts on the development	(a) the impacts on the development	(a) the impacts on the development	
of the energy system and greenhouse	of the energy system and greenhouse	of the energy system and greenhouse	Note: the Presidency proposes a new
gas emissions and removals for the	gas emissions and removals for the	gas emissions and removals for the []	compromise to address this
first ten-year period at least until 2040	first ten-year period at least until 2040	duration of the plan and for a period	amendment in Annex I Part 1 Section
(including for the year 2030) under the	(including for the year 2030) under the	of ten years following the last year	B5.1(ii) ("policy interactions"), AM
planned policies and measures	planned policies and measures	covered by the plan, under the	263.
including a comparison with the	including a comparison with the	planned policies and measures	
projections based on existing	projections based on existing	including a comparison with the	
(implemented and adopted) policies	(implemented and adopted) policies	projections based on existing	
and measures referred to in paragraph	and measures referred to in paragraph	(implemented and adopted) policies	
1;	1. This should include an assessment	and measures referred to in paragraph	
	of synergies deriving from sectorial	1;	
	coupling, digitalisation and improved		
	market design as well as of the		
	benefits in terms of air quality and		
	security of supply;		

Article 8

- (b) the macroeconomic, environmental, skills and social impact of the planned policies and measures referred to in Article 7 and further specified in Annex I, for the first tenyear period at least until the year 2030 including a comparison with the projections based on existing (implemented and adopted) policies and measures referred to in paragraph 1;
- AM 104
 (b) the macroeconomic, health, environmental, skills and social impact of individual and aggregated planned policies and measures referred to in Article 7 and further specified in Annex I, for the first ten-year period at least until the year 2030 including a comparison with the projections of existing (implemented and adopted) policies and measures referred to in paragraph 1. The methodology used to assess these impacts shall be made public and the use of cost-benefit analysis shall be encouraged;
- (b) where relevant and to the extent feasible, the macroeconomic, environmental, skills and social impact of the planned policies and measures referred to in Article 7 and further specified in Annex I, for the first tenyear period at least until the year 2030 including a comparison with the projections based on existing (implemented and adopted) policies and measures referred to in paragraph 1;
- (b) [] the macroeconomic and, [] to the extent feasible, the *health*, environmental, skills and social impact of the planned policies and measures referred to in Article 7 and further

Accept in part

of the planned policies and measures referred to in Article 7 and further specified in Annex I, for the first tenyear period at least until the year 2030 including a comparison with the projections of [] existing (implemented and adopted) policies and measures referred to in paragraph 1. The methodology used to assess these impacts shall be made public [].

Note: the use of cost-benefit analysis is reflected in Annex I part 1 section B 5.2 ("costs and benefits as well as cost-effectiveness").

Article 8(2)(c)				
(c) interactions between existing (implemented and adopted) and planned policies and measures within a policy dimension and between existing (implemented and adopted) and planned policies and measures of different dimensions for the first tenyear period at least until the year 2030. Projections concerning security of supply, infrastructure and market integration shall be linked to robust energy efficiency scenarios.	AM 105 (c) interactions between existing (implemented and adopted) and planned policies and measures within a policy dimension and between existing (implemented and adopted) and planned policies and measures of different dimensions for the first ten year period at least until the year 2030. The assessment shall include a quantitative or qualitative evaluation of any documented interactions between national policies and measures, and Union climate and energy policy measures. Projections concerning security of supply, infrastructure and market integration shall be linked to robust energy efficiency scenarios;	(c) interactions between existing (implemented and adopted) and planned policies and measures within a policy dimension and between existing (implemented and adopted) and planned policies and measures of different dimensions for the first tenyear period at least until the year 2030. Projections concerning security of supply, infrastructure and market integration shall be linked to robust energy efficiency scenarios.	Maintain Council GA Note: similar provision already included in Annex I Part 1 Section B 5.1(ii) (with the exception of specifying 'quantitative/ qualitative' assessment of 'any documented' interaction) The Pres. proposes as a compromise to maintain Council GA on this text and to accept the EP proposal in AM 264	
	AM 106 Article 8 – para 2 – point c a (new) (ca) the way individual and aggregated existing and planned policies and measures will attract private investment alongside public finance necessary to their implementation.		(ca) the way existing and planned policies and measures will attract the investment necessary to their implementation. Note: text provisionally agreed at technical level Note: cf. "investment strategies" (AM 59, Art. 3(2)(c) and AM 118)	

3. To the extent feasible, comprehensive information concerning the assumptions, parameters and methodologies used for the scenarios and projections shall be made available to the public, taking into account statistical restrictions and the need to comply with applicable confidentiality and data protection rules.

In response to EP concerns as regards Art. 3(3)(c):

3. [] Member States shall make available to the public comprehensive information concerning the [] assumptions, parameters and methodologies used for the final scenarios and projections [], taking into account statistical restrictions, commercially sensitive data, and the need to comply with data protection rules.

Article 9 Draft integrated national energy and climate plans

AM 107

1. By 1 January 2018 and every ten years thereafter Member States shall prepare and submit to the Commission a draft of the integrated national energy and climate plan referred to in Article 3(1).

1. By 1 June 2018, each Member State shall prepare and submit to the Commission a draft of its first the integrated national energy and climate plan referred to in Article 3(1). Each Member State shall prepare and submit to the Commission a draft of its second plan by 1 January 2023 and drafts of its subsequent plans every five years thereafter.

1. By **31 December** 2018, and subsequently by 1 January 2028 and every ten years thereafter, Member States shall prepare and submit to the Commission a draft of the integrated national energy and climate plan referred to in Article 3(1).

Maintain Council GA

Note: the EP indicated it will no longer insist on "1 June 2018" and is open to discussing a date between 1 September and 31 December 2018.

Note: EP agreed to withdraw the last sentence of its amendment in this paragraph.

(a) the level of ambition of objectives, targets and contributions in view of collectively achieving the Energy Union objectives and notably the Union's 2030 targets for renewable energy and energy efficiency;	(a) ensure the collective achievement by Member States of the Energy Union objectives and targets of all dimensions of the Energy Union;	(a) the level of ambition of objectives, targets and contributions in view of collectively achieving the Energy Union objectives and notably the Union's 2030 targets for renewable energy, [] energy efficiency and electricity interconnection; in doing	Maintain Council GA Note: non-binding COM recommendations cannot 'ensure' etc.
2. The Commission may issue recommendations on the draft plans to Member States in accordance with Article 28. Those recommendations shall in particular set out:	2. The Commission shall assess the draft plans and shall issue country-specific recommendations to Member States in accordance with Article 28 no later than three months before the deadline for submitting the plan, referred to in Article 3(1) in order to:	2. The Commission may issue recommendations, based on the submitted draft plans, within 4 months of the date of reception of the draft plan, to Member States in accordance with Article 28. * [] Those recommendations [] may address:	2. The Commission shall assess the draft plans and may issue country-specific recommendations to Member States in accordance with Article 28, based on the submitted draft plans. It shall do so no later than six months before the deadline for submitting the plan, referred to in Article 3(1), or within 3 months of the date of reception by the Commission of the last draft plan by a Member State, whichever date is earlier. 40 [] Those recommendations may address: Note: the Presidency proposes to offer the EP as a compromise the deletion of "or within 3 months () date is earlier" on the condition that the EP accepts the rest of the text, i.e. the "six months". Note: cf. recital 34 Council GA

Explanatory note: according to this compromise text: MS shall in any case receive the COM recommendation on 30 June 2019, six months before the deadline for submitting the national plans (31.12.2019 in Council GA Art. 3(1)). Only in case the COM receives the last of the MS DRAFT plans BEFORE 31 March 2019, the MS would receive the COM recommendation even earlier than 30 June 2019, namely "within 3 months of the date of reception by the COM of the last draft plan".

		so, the Commission shall take due account of relevant circumstances affecting renewable energy deployment indicated by the Member State in question, as set out in Article 5(1)(d), and of circumstances affecting primary and final energy consumption indicated by the Member State in question, as set out in Article 6(2) and of indicators of the urgency of actions as set out in Article 4(d);"	
	Article	9(2)(aa)	
	(aa) ensure the achievement by Member States of national targets and objectives;		Maintain Council GA Note: non-binding COM recommendations cannot 'ensure' etc.
(b) policies and measures relating to Member States' and Union level objectives and other policies and measures of potential cross-border relevance;	(b) improve individual existing and planned policies and measures included in national energy and climate plans including those of potential cross-border relevance; (ba) suggest the adoption of additional policies and measures in national energy and climate plans;	(b) policies and measures relating to Member States' and Union level objectives and other policies and measures of potential cross-border relevance;	Maintain Council GA (ba) additional policies and measures that might be required in the national energy and climate plans;

(c) interactions between and	(c) <i>ensure</i> consistency of existing	(c) interactions between and	Maintain Council GA
consistency of existing (implemented	(implemented and adopted) and	consistency of existing (implemented	
and adopted) and planned policies and	planned policies and measures	and adopted) and planned policies and	Note: non-binding COM
measures included in the integrated	included in the integrated national	measures included in the integrated	
national energy and climate plan	energy and climate plan within one	national energy and climate plan	recommendations cannot 'ensure' etc.
within one dimension and among different dimensions of the Energy	dimension and among different dimensions of the Energy Union;	within one dimension and among different dimensions of the Energy	
Union.	difficultions of the Energy Official,	Union.	
Official.	(ca) ensure the consistency of the	Union.	Maintain Council GA
	(ca) ensure the consistency of the investment strategies and instruments		Maimain Council GA
	with the Member States' policies and		Note: provisionally agreed in trilogue
	measures provided for to meet the		Troic. provisionally agreed in traogue
	corresponding targets and objectives.		

- 3. Member States shall take utmost account of any recommendations from the Commission when finalising their integrated national energy and climate plan.
- 3. Member States shall take utmost account of any recommendations from the Commission when finalising their integrated national energy and climate plan. Where the position of the Member State concerned diverges from the Commission's recommendation, that Member State shall provide and make public the reasons for its position.
- 3. Member States shall take [] due account of any recommendations from the Commission when finalising their integrated national energy and climate plan.
- 3. Member States shall take [] due account of any recommendations from the Commission when finalising their integrated national energy and climate plan. If the Member State concerned does not address a recommendation or a substantial part thereof, that Member State shall provide a reasoning.

Note: similar compromise provision as proposed in Art. 15 and 28

3a. Member States shall make available to the public the draft plans referred to in paragraph 1.

Maintain Council GA

Article 10 Public consultation

Without prejudice to any other Union law requirements, Member States shall ensure that the public is given early and effective opportunities to participate in the preparation of draft plans referred to in Article 9 and attach to the submission of their draft integrated national energy and climate plan to the Commission a summary of the public's views. In so far as the provisions of Directive 2001/42/EC are applicable, consultations undertaken in

AM 108

Without prejudice to any other Union law requirements, Member States shall ensure that the public is given early and effective opportunities to participate in the preparation of draft plans referred to in Article 9, of long-term strategies referred to in Article 14, when all options are open and effective public consultation can take place.

Without prejudice to any other Union law requirements, Member States shall ensure that the public is given early and effective opportunities to participate in the preparation of the draft plan [] or, well before its adoption, of the final plan[] and attach to the submission of their draft [] or final integrated national energy and climate plan to the Commission a summary of the public's views or provisional views. In so far as the

Without prejudice to any other Union law requirements, Member States shall ensure that the public is given early and effective opportunities to participate in the preparation of the draft plans - or, as regards the plans for the 2021-2030 period, in the preparation of the final plans well before their [] adoption - as well as of the long-term low emission strategies referred to in Article 14. Member States shall [] attach to the

accordance with that Directive shall be		provisions of Directive 2001/42/EC are	submission of [] such documents to
deemed to satisfy also the obligations		applicable ⁴¹ , consultations undertaken	the Commission a summary of the
to consult the public under this		on the draft in accordance with that	public's views or provisional views.
Regulation.		Directive shall be deemed to satisfy	In so far as the provisions of Directive
Regulation.		also the obligations to consult the	2001/42/EC are applicable ⁴² ,
		public under this Regulation.	consultations undertaken on the draft
		public under this Regulation.	in accordance with that Directive shall
			be deemed to satisfy also the
			obligations to consult the public under
	177.400		this Regulation.
	AM 109		1a. Member States shall set
	Article 10 – para 1 a (new)		reasonable timeframes allowing
	1a. Member States shall set		sufficient time for the public to be
	reasonable timeframes allowing		informed, to participate and express
	sufficient time for the public to be		its views. Member States shall ensure
	informed and to prepare and		that the public is informed.
	participate effectively in the different		
	stages of planning process. Member		Note: see also new compromise recital
	States shall take due account of equal		20bis
	participation and ensure that the		
	public is informed, whether by public		
	notices or other appropriate means,		
	such as electronic media where		
	available, of all practical		
	arrangements related to their		
	participation and that they can access		
	all relevant documents.		
	au reievant aocuments.		

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AT/st 111

DG E 2B

Explanatory note: Art. 6 (1) of Directive 2001/42/EC (SEA - Strategic Environmental_Assessment Directive) on the assessment of the effects of certain plans and programmes on the environment requires consultations to be carried out on the *draft* plans or programmes. The Commission underlined that to the extent that a public consultation under Directive 2001/42/EC has taken place, the request for public consultation in the meaning of Article 10 is fulfilled.

Explanatory note: Art. 6 (1) of Directive 2001/42/EC (SEA - Strategic Environmental_Assessment Directive) on the assessment of the effects of certain plans and programmes on the environment requires consultations to be carried out on the *draft* plans or programmes. The Commission underlined that to the extent that a public consultation under Directive 2001/42/EC has taken place, the request for public consultation in the meaning of Article 10 is fulfilled.

AM 110	Maintain Council GA
Article 10 – para 1 b (ne	w)
1b. Member States sho	Il include in (Accepted in part in first subparagraph
the submission of their d	raft and final above (in COM proposal and Council
integrated national energ	y and GA text))
climate plan and of their	long-term
strategies to the Commis	ion a Note: already broadly covered also in
summary of the public's	
way they have been taken	into
consideration.	
AM 111	Maintain Council GA
Article 10 – para 1 c (ne	w)
1c. In so far as the pro	visions of (Accepted, with changes, in part in
Directive 2001/42/EC are	applicable, first subparagraph above in Council
consultations undertaken	in GA text)
accordance with that Dir	ective shall
be deemed to satisfy also	the
obligations to consult the	public
under this Regulation.	
AM 112	Accept
Article 10 – para 1 d (ne	w)
1d. Member States sho	Il limit Note: see also addition to recital 20
administrative complexit	when
implementing this Article	

Article 10a(new)			
A A	AM 113 Article 10 a (new) Article 10a Multilevel Climate and Energy Dialogue Platform		Accept
	In a spirit of partnership, Member State shall establish a permanent Multilevel Climate and Energy Dialogue Platform to support active engagement of local authorities, civil society organisations, business community, investors, any other relevant stakeholders and the general public in managing the energy transition.		Note: cf. also Presidency compromise for recital 20(ter)) In a spirit of partnership, Member States, in particular those that have no such structure in place yet, shall consider establishing [] a permanent Multilevel Climate and Energy Dialogue Platform where local authorities, civil society organisations, business community, investors and other relevant stakeholders and the general public can actively engage and discuss the different scenarios [] envisaged for energy and climate policies, including for the long term, and review progress. Integrated national energy and climate plans [] could be discussed within the framework of [] such a platform.

2. Member States shall submit to their national Climate and Energy Dialogue Platform different options and scenarios envisaged for their short, medium and long-term energy and climate policies, together with a	Maintain Council GA
cost-benefit analysis for each option. Climate and Energy Dialogue Platforms shall be forums for discussion on and elaboration of plans, strategies and reports pursuant to Article 10.	
3. Member States shall ensure that Climate and Energy Dialogue Platforms benefit from adequate human and financial resources and. shall function in a transparent way.	Maintain Council GA

	AM 114		Maintain Council GA
Article 11	Article 11	Article 11	
Regional cooperation	Macro-regional and regional	Regional cooperation	
,	cooperation		
1. Member States shall cooperate with each other at regional level to effectively meet the targets, objectives and contributions set out in their	1. Member States shall cooperate with each other at macro-regional and regional level, taking into utmost consideration all existing and	1. Member States shall cooperate with each other at regional level to effectively meet the targets, objectives and contributions set out in their	Member States shall cooperate with each other at regional level, taking utmost consideration of all existing and potential forms of cooperation, to
integrated national energy and climate plan.	potential forms of cooperation to effectively meet the targets and objectives set out in their integrated national energy and climate plan.	integrated national energy and climate plan.	effectively meet the targets, objectives and contributions set out in their integrated national energy and climate plan.
2. Member States shall, well before submitting their draft integrated national energy and climate plan to the Commission pursuant to Article 9(1), identify opportunities for regional cooperation and consult neighbouring Member States and the other Member States expressing an interest. Member States shall set out in their draft integrated national energy and climate plans the results of such regional consultation, including where applicable how comments have been taken into account.	2. Member States shall, well before submitting their draft integrated national energy and climate plan to the Commission pursuant to Article 9(1), identify opportunities for macroregional and regional cooperation, taking into consideration existing macro-regional cooperations, in particular the Baltic Energy Market Interconnection Plan (BEMIP), Central and South-Eastern Europe Connectivity (CESEC), Central-West Regional Energy Market (CWREM), the North Seas Countries' Offshore Grid Initiative (NSCOGI), the Euro-Mediterranean Partnership and consult neighbouring Member States and the other Member States expressing an interest, in accordance with Directive 2011/92/EU and the Espoo Convention.	2. Member States shall, well before submitting their draft integrated national energy and climate plan to the Commission pursuant to Article 9(1), identify opportunities for regional cooperation and consult neighbouring Member States and, if deemed appropriate by the Member State authoring the plan, [] other Member States expressing an interest. For insular Member States without energy interconnections to other Member States, such consultations shall be with those neighbouring Member States with maritime borders. Consulted Member States should be	Note: see new compromise recital 21bis

Member States shall set out in their draft integrated national energy and climate plans the results of such regional consultation, including where applicable how comments have been taken into account. When engaging in macro-regional cooperation, Member States shall agree on a governance structure allowing for meeting at ministerial level at least annually.	given a reasonable timeframe to react, set by the authoring Member State. Member States shall set out in their draft integrated national energy and climate plans at least the provisional results of such regional consultation, including where applicable how comments have been taken into account.	To be discussed with ED
2a. The Commission shall, upon the request by two or more Member States, facilitate the joint drafting of parts of their integrated national energy and climate plans, inter alia by means of establishing an enabling framework. When Member States pursue macro-regional or regional cooperation, they shall set out in their draft integrated national energy and climate plans the results and submit them to the Commission. The result of such macro-regional or regional cooperation may replace the equivalent parts of the relevant integrated national energy and climate plan.		To be discussed with EP

Article 11(2) (continued)			
	2b. The Commission shall, with a view to promoting market integration and cost-efficient policies, identify opportunities for macro-regional or regional cooperation covering one or several of the five dimensions of the Energy Union and in accordance with this Article, with a long-term vision, based on existing market conditions. Based on such opportunities, the Commission may issue recommendations to Member States pursuant to Article 28 in order to facilitate effective cooperation, partnerships and consultations.		Note: see new compromise recital 21bis
3. The Commission shall facilitate cooperation and consultation among the Member States on the draft plans submitted to it under Article 9 in view of their finalisation.	3. The Commission shall facilitate cooperation and consultation among the Member States on the draft plans submitted to it under Article 9 in view of their finalisation.	3. Where necessary, the Commission shall facilitate cooperation and consultation among the Member States on the draft plans submitted to it under Article 9 in view of their finalisation, and provide indicative guidance as required.	
4. Member States shall take into consideration the comments received from other Member States pursuant to paragraphs 2 and 3 in their final integrated national energy and climate plan and explain how such comments have been taken into account.	4. Member States shall take into consideration the comments received from other Member States pursuant to paragraphs 2 and 3 in their final integrated national energy and climate plan and explain how such comments have been taken into account.	4. Member States shall consider [] the comments received from other Member States pursuant to paragraphs 2 and 3 when preparing [] their final integrated national energy and climate plan, and explain in those plans how such comments have been considered [].	
5. For the purposes specified in paragraph 1, Member States shall continue to cooperate at regional level when implementing the policies and measures of their plans.	5. For the purposes specified in paragraph 1, Member States shall continue to cooperate at <i>macro-regional</i> level when implementing the policies and measures of their plans.	5. For the purposes specified in paragraph 1, Member States shall continue to cooperate at regional level when implementing the relevant policies and measures of their plans.	Maintain Council GA

countries that are members of the European Economic Area. 5bis. In so far as the provisions of Directive 2001/42/EC are applie transboundary consultation undertaken on the draft in accordance with Article 7 of the	
In so far as the provisions of Directive 2001/42/EC are applied transboundary consultation undertaken on the draft in accordance with Article 7 of the	
Directive 2001/42/EC are applied transboundary consultation undertaken on the draft in accordance with Article 7 of the	
Directive shall be deemed to say also the obligations on regional cooperation under this Regulat provided that the requirements the present article are also me	at tisfy l tion s of

Article 12 Assessment of the integrated national energy and climate plans			
The Commission shall assess the integrated national energy and climate plans and their updates as notified pursuant to Articles 3 and 13. It shall assess in particular whether:	AM 116 The Commission shall assess the integrated national energy and climate plans as notified pursuant to <i>Article</i> 3. It shall assess in particular whether:	[] On the basis of the integrated national energy and climate plans and their updates as notified pursuant to Articles 3 and 13, the Commission [] shall assess, in particular, whether:	Maintain Council GA
(a) the targets, objectives and contributions are sufficient for the collective achievement of the Energy Union objectives and for the first tenyears period in particular the targets of the Union's 2030 Climate and Energy Framework;	AM 117 (a) the targets <i>and objectives</i> [] are sufficient for the collective achievement of the Energy Union objectives and for the first ten-years period in particular the targets of the Union's 2030 Climate and Energy Framework;	(a) the targets, objectives and contributions are sufficient for the collective achievement of the Energy Union objectives and for the first tenyears period in particular the targets of the Union's 2030 Climate and Energy Framework;	Maintain Council GA
	AM 118 Article 12 – para 1 – point a a (new) (aa) the existing policies and those that are provided for and measures and related investment strategies are sufficient for the achievement of the national targets referred to in Article 4;		Maintain Council GA Note: provisionally agreed at technical level (cf. AM 59 & 101 on investment)
(b) the plans comply with requirements of Articles 3 to 11 and the Commission recommendations issued pursuant to Article 28.		(b) the plans comply with requirements of Articles 3 to 11 and Member States have taken [] due account of the Commission recommendations issued pursuant to Article 28.	

Article 13 Update of the integrated national energy and climate plan			
	AM	[120	
1. By 1 January 2023, and every 10 years thereafter, Member States shall submit to the Commission a draft update of the latest notified integrated national energy and climate plan referred to in Article 3 or confirm to		1. By [] 30 June 2023, and every 10 years thereafter, Member States shall submit to the Commission a draft update of the latest notified integrated national energy and climate plan referred to in Article 3 or confirm to	Maintain Council GA (p.m. cf. AM 107 "second plan by 1.1.2023")
the Commission that the plan remains valid.		the Commission that the plan remains valid.	
2. By 1 January 2024, and every 10 years thereafter, Member States shall notify to the Commission an update of the latest notified integrated national energy and climate plan referred to in Article 3, unless they have confirmed that the plan remains valid pursuant to paragraph 1 of this Article.		2. By [] 30 June 2024, and every 10 years thereafter, Member States shall notify to the Commission an update of the latest notified integrated national energy and climate plan referred to in Article 3, unless they have confirmed that the plan remains valid pursuant to paragraph 1 of this Article.	
3. Member States shall only modify the targets, objectives and contributions set out in the update referred to in paragraph 2 to reflect an increased ambition as compared to the ones set in the latest notified integrated national energy and climate plan.		3.43 In the update referred to in paragraph 2, Member States shall only modify their national [] target[], objective[] or contribution[] for any of the quantified EU targets, objectives or contributions set out in Article 4(a) and (b) [] to reflect an equal or increased ambition as compared to the one[] set in the latest notified integrated national energy and climate plan.	Note: linked to AM 59 (new Art. 3(3a))

Explanatory note: the changes aim to make it clear that (without prejudice to sectoral obligations under EU law) MS have the flexibility to make adjustments on their subtargets etc. at national level, provided that their national overall target/objective/contribution on the 'EU headline targets' as listed in Art. 4(a) and (b) is not decreased, and provided of course that the obligations in the sectorial Directives is respected. For example, a MS could decrease its national subtargets for renewable energy in transport or solar energy, provided it offsets this decrease by at least 100%, for example by increasing its national subtargets for renewable energy in Heating and Cooling and wind energy.

4. Member States shall make	4. Member States shall make
efforts to mitigate in the updated plan	efforts to mitigate in the updated plan
any adverse environmental impacts	any adverse environmental impacts
that become apparent as part of the	that become apparent as part of the
integrated reporting pursuant to	integrated reporting pursuant to
Articles 15 to 22.	Articles 15 to 22.
	Article 13(5)
5. Member States shall take into	5. Member States shall take into
consideration the latest country-	consideration the latest country-
specific recommendations issued in the	specific recommendations issued in the
context of the European Semester	context of the European Semester
when preparing the update referred to	when preparing the update referred to
in paragraph 2.	in paragraph 2.
6. The procedures laid down in	6. The procedures laid down in
Article 9(2) and Article 11 shall apply	Article 9(2) and Article 11 shall apply
to the preparation and assessment of	to the preparation and assessment of
the updated integrated national energy	the updated integrated national energy
and climate plans.	and climate plans.
	6bis. Nothing in this Article
	prevents Member States from
	making changes and adaptations in
	national policies set out or referred
	to in their integrated national energy
	and climate plans at any time,
	provided such changes and
	adaptations will be included in the
	integrated report as foreseen in
	Article 15 and respect the provisions
	of this Article.

CHAPTER 3	AM 121 CHAPTER 3	CHAPTER 3	Maintain Council GA
		LONG-TERM LOW EMISSION	
LONG-TERM LOW EMISSION	Long-term climate and energy		
STRATEGIES	strategies	STRATEGIES	
	AM 122		Maintain Council GA
	Article 13 a (new)		
	Article 13a		
	Consistency with overall climate		Note: see suggested compromise
	objective		wording in Article 14(2bis)
	The Commission shall, by 1 July		
	2018, report on the remaining global		Note: see also AM 32
	carbon budget that is consistent with		
	pursuing efforts to limit the		Note: IPCC Special Report on Global
	temperature increase to well below		Warming of 1.5°C is due in October
	2°C, in particular 1,5°C, above pre-		2018
	industrial levels and shall publish an		
	analysis of the Union's fair share for		
	2050 and 2100.		

Article 14			
	AM	123	
Long-term low emission strategies	Long-term <i>climate and energy</i>	Long-term low emission strategies	Maintain Council GA
	strategies		
1. Member States shall prepare and report to the Commission by 1 January 2020 and every 10 years thereafter their long-term low emission strategies	1. Member States and the Commission on behalf of the Union shall adopt, by 1 January 2019 and every five years thereafter, their long-	1. Member States shall prepare and report to the Commission by 1 January 2020 and every 10 years thereafter their long-term low emission strategies	Accepted with changes: 1. Member States shall prepare and report to the Commission by 1 January 2020 and every 10 years thereafter
with a 50 years perspective, to contribute to:	term <i>climate and energy</i> strategies with a <i>30</i> years perspective, to contribute to:	with a [] perspective of at least 30 years, to contribute to:	their long-term low emission strategies with a [] perspective of at least 30 years.
			The Commission shall adopt, by 1 April 2019, a proposal for a long-term strategy for greenhouse gas emissions reduction in accordance with the Paris Agreement, taking into account the national plans.
			Member States' and the Union's long-term low emissions strategies shall contribute to:

(a) fulfilling the Union's and the Member States' commitments under the UNFCCC and the Paris Agreement to reduce anthropogenic greenhouse gas emissions and enhance removals by sinks;	(a) fulfilling the Union's and the Member States' commitments under the UNFCCC and the Paris Agreement to reduce anthropogenic greenhouse gas emissions and enhance removals by sinks <i>in 10-year steps</i> ;	(a) fulfilling the Union's and the Member States' commitments under the UNFCCC and the Paris Agreement to reduce anthropogenic greenhouse gas emissions and enhance removals by sinks;	Note: redrafted, reinforced language on Paris Agreement: (a) fulfilling the Union's and the Member States' commitments under the UNFCCC and the Paris Agreement to reduce anthropogenic greenhouse gas emissions and enhance removals by sinks and to promoting increased carbon sequestration by long term stability and adaptability of carbon pools; Note: quoted agreed language from the LULUCF
(b) fulfilling the objective of holding the increase in the global average temperature to well below 2°C above pre-industrial levels and to pursue efforts to limit the temperature increase to 1.5°C above pre-industrial levels;	(b) fulfilling the objective of holding the increase in the global average temperature to well below 2°C above pre-industrial levels and to pursue efforts to limit the temperature increase to 1.5°C above pre-industrial levels by limiting the Union's greenhouse gas emissions below its fair share of the remaining global carbon budget;	(b) fulfilling the objective of holding the increase in the global average temperature to well below 2°C above pre-industrial levels and to pursue efforts to limit the temperature increase to 1.5°C above pre-industrial levels;	Accept in part with changes: (b) fulfilling the objective of the Paris Agreement of holding the increase in the global average temperature to well below 2°C above pre-industrial levels and to pursue efforts to limit the temperature increase to 1.5°C above pre-industrial levels with a view to achieving as early as possible in the second half of this century a balance between anthropogenic emissions by sources and removals by sinks of greenhouse gases; Note: quoted language from the Paris Agreement

(c) achieving long-term greenhouse	(c) achieving long-term greenhouse	(c) achieving long-term greenhouse	Maintain Council GA
gas emission reductions and	gas emission reductions and	gas emission reductions and	
enhancements of removals by sinks in	enhancements of removals by sinks in	enhancements of removals by sinks in	Note: accepted in part in (b) above
all sectors in line with the Union's	all sectors in line with the Union's	all sectors in line with the Union's	
objective, in the context of necessary	objective, in the context of necessary	objective, in the context of necessary	
reductions according to the IPCC by	reductions according to the IPCC [] to	reductions according to the IPCC by	
developed countries as a group, to	reduce the Union's greenhouse gas	developed countries as a group, to	
reduce emissions by 80 to 95 % by	emissions in a cost-effective manner	reduce emissions by 80 to 95 % by	
2050 compared to 1990 levels in a	and enhance removals by sinks in	2050 compared to 1990 levels in a	
cost-effective manner.	pursuit of the temperature goals in	cost-effective manner.	
	the Paris Agreement so as to achieve		
	a net-zero greenhouse gas emissions		
	within the Union by 2050 and go into		
	negative emissions soon thereafter;		
			Accept in part with changes:
	(ca) by no later than 2050, achieve a		(ca) achieving a <i>highly energy</i>
	highly energy efficient and		efficient [] energy system within the
	renewables-based energy system		Union []
	within the Union.		
2. The long-term low emission	2. The long-term <i>climate and</i>	2. The long-term low emission	Accept in part
strategies shall cover:	energy strategies shall contain the	strategies shall cover:	
	elements set out in Annex IIa and		2. Member States' long-term low
	shall cover:		emission strategies should contain the
			elements set out in Annex IIa.
			Furthermore, they [] shall cover:

	Article 14(2)(a)			
(a) total greenhouse gas emissions reductions and enhancements of removals by sinks;	(a) total greenhouse gas emissions reductions and enhancements of removals by sinks with separate target for enhancing removals by sinks that is consistent with pursuing efforts to limit the temperature increase goals in the Paris Agreement;	(a) total greenhouse gas emissions reductions and enhancements of removals by sinks;	Maintain Council GA	
(a) emissions reductions and enhancement of removals in individual sectors including electricity, industry, transport, the buildings sector (residential and tertiary), agriculture and land use, land-use change and forestry (LULUCF);	(b) with a view to decarbonisation, greenhouse gases' emissions reductions and enhancement of removals in individual sectors including among others electricity, industry, transport, the heating and cooling and buildings sector (residential and tertiary), agriculture and land use, land-use change and forestry (LULUCF);	(b) emissions reductions and enhancement of removals in individual sectors including among others electricity, industry, transport, the buildings sector (residential and tertiary), agriculture, waste and land use, land-use change and forestry (LULUCF);	Accepted in part: (b) emissions reductions and enhancement of removals in individual sectors including among others electricity, industry, transport, the heating and cooling and buildings sector (residential and tertiary), agriculture, waste and land use, landuse change and forestry (LULUCF);	
(c) expected progress on transition to a low greenhouse gas emission economy including greenhouse gas intensity, CO ₂ intensity of gross domestic product and strategies for related research, development and innovation;	(c) expected progress on transition to a low greenhouse gas emission economy including greenhouse gas intensity, CO ₂ intensity of gross domestic product and strategies for related <i>long-term investments</i> , research, development and innovation;	(c) expected progress on transition to a low greenhouse gas emission economy including greenhouse gas intensity, CO ₂ intensity of gross domestic product and strategies for related research, development and innovation;	Accepted with changes: (c) expected progress on transition to a low greenhouse gas emission economy including greenhouse gas intensity, CO ₂ intensity of gross domestic product, related estimates of long-term investments and strategies for related research, development and innovation	
	(ca) expected progress on energy transition including energy savings, total share of renewable energy and planned renewable energy installed capacity;		Maintain Council GA	

	(cb) expected contribution of deep decarbonisation of the economy on macro-economic development, and social development, and health risks and benefits and the environmental protection;		Accept with changes: (cb) to the extent feasible, expected socio-economic effect of the decarbonisation measures including inter alia aspects related to macro-economic and social development, health risks and benefits and environmental protection;
(d) links to other national long-term planning.	(d) links to other national long-term objectives, planning and other policies and measures and investments.		Accept
		changes: 2bis. The Commission's and emission strategy shall incl (a) the implications of varied the EU's contribution towal 1 inter alia a scenario on accemissions within the Union thereafter; (b) the implications for polemissions given the high glesshort atmospheric lifetime take into account the circul with a priority on energy a and could form the basis for integral part of the EU's loc) the implications of the seglobal and Union carbon by	alysis for the Union's long-term low ude: ous scenarios including scenarios for rds the objectives set out in paragraph chieving net zero greenhouse gas by 2050 and negative emissions icies and measures for methane obal warming potential and relatively of this gas. Such analysis shall inter alia lar economy objectives as appropriate, and waste related methane emissions, or an EU approach to methane, as an ing-term low emission strategy. The energy of the union of the udget in order to inform a discussion iveness and fairness of greenhouse gas

	2a. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 36 to amend Annex IIa in order to adapt it to amendments to the Union Energy and Climate policy framework, energy market developments and new UNFCCC and Paris Agreement requirements.	2a. add Art ada End tha the UN	opt delegated acts in accordance with cicle 36 to amend Annex IIa in order to upt it to the amendments to the Union ergy and Climate policy framework t are directly and specifically related to Union's contributions under the FCCC and the Paris Agreement. The ergodesic framework that the the the the the following the follo
 3. The long-term low emission strategies and the integrated national energy and climate plans referred to in Article 3 should be consistent with each other. 4. The Member States shall make available to the public forthwith their respective long-term low emission strategies and any updates thereof. 	3. The integrated national energy and climate plans referred to in Article 3 shall be consistent with the long-term climate and energy strategies. 4. The Member States and the Commission shall develop their strategies openly and transparently, and ensure that the public, the social partners, businesses, investors, civil society and other stakeholders are given early and effective opportunities to participate in the preparation of the long-term climate and energy strategies and make the strategies and any supporting analyses and data public, including through the eplatform as referred to in Article 24.	and climate plans referred to in Article 3 [] shall be consistent with [] the long-term low emission strategies referred to in this Article. 4. The Member States shall make available to the public forthwith their respective long-term low emission strategies and any updates thereof.	Accept in part with changes: 4. Member States and the Commission shall inform and make available to the public forthwith their respective long-term low emission strategies and any updates thereof, including by means of the e-platform referred in Article 24. Member States and the Commission shall make relevant data of the final results available to the public, taking into account commercially sensitive data and the need to comply with data protection rules. Note: language consistent with Art. 24(2a) and Art. 8(3)

Article 14(4a)		
4a. The Commission shall support Member States in their preparation of long-term strategies by providing information on the state of the	Accept in part, with changes 4a. The Commission should support Member States in their preparation of	
underlying scientific knowledge and technological development relevant to achieving the objectives referred to in Article 1. The Commission shall also	long-term strategies by providing information on the state of the underlying scientific knowledge [], by providing opportunities for	
provide for opportunities for Member States and other stakeholders to provide additional information and discuss their perspectives, and produce best practices and guidance for Member States to use during the development and implementation	sharing knowledge and best practices including, where relevant, guidance for Member States to use during the development and implementation phase of their strategies.	
phase of their strategies. 4b. The Commission shall assess whether the national long-term strategies are adequate for the	Accept in part with changes:	
collective achievement of the Union objectives set out in Article 1. The Commission may issue recommendations to Member States to facilitate this end and to assist Member States in their efforts to prepare and implement their longterm strategies.	4b. The Commission shall assess whether the national long-term strategies are adequate for the collective achievement of the objectives and targets of the Energy Union [] set out in Article 1 [] and provide information on any remaining collective gap.	

CHAPTER 4 REPORTING **SECTION 1** BIENNIAL PROGRESS REPORTS AND THEIR FOLLOW UP Article 15 **Integrated National Energy and Climate Progress Reports** Without prejudice to Article 23, by 15 Without prejudice to Article 23, by 15 March [] 2023, and every two years thereafter, March 2021, and every two years thereafter, each Member State shall report to the each Member State shall report to the Commission on the status of implementation Commission on the status of implementation of the integrated national energy and climate of the integrated national energy and climate plan by means of integrated national energy plan by means of integrated national energy and climate progress reports covering all five and climate progress reports covering all five key dimensions of the Energy Union. key dimensions of the Energy Union. The report referred to in paragraph 1 The report referred to in paragraph 1 shall cover the following elements: shall cover the following elements: **AM 124** Accept in part information on the progress (a) information on the progress information on the progress information on the progress (a) accomplished towards reaching the accomplished towards reaching the accomplished towards reaching the accomplished towards reaching the targets, objectives and contributions set targets, objectives and contributions set targets and objectives set out in the targets, objectives and contributions set out in the integrated national energy integrated national energy and climate out in the integrated national energy out in the integrated national energy and climate plan, and towards plan, and towards financing and and climate plan, and towards and climate plan, and towards financing and implementing the implementing the policies and implementing the policies and implementing the policies and measures necessary to meet them; measures necessary to meet them; measures necessary to meet them; policies and measures necessary to meet them, including a review of actual investments against initial assumptions; Note: if accepted, EP could drop its paragraphs (v) and (vi) of its AM 267. Maintain Council GA AM 125 (aa) the results of the public consultations made in accordance with Article 10:

	AM 126 Article 15 – para 2 – point a b (new) (ab) information on the progress accomplished supporting active engagement in accordance with Article 10a; AM 127 Article 15 – para 2 – point a c (new) (ac) the information referred to and on the progress accomplished towards reaching the goals, objectives and commitments set out in the long-term energy and climate strategies in Article 14;		Maintain Council GA
(b) the information referred to in Articles 18 to 22 and, where appropriate, updates on policies an measures, in accordance with those articles; (c) policies and measures and projections of anthropogenic greenhouse gas emissions by source and removals by sinks in accordance with Article 16;	d es	 (b) the information referred to in Articles 18 to 22 and, where appropriate, updates on policies and measures, in accordance with those articles; (c) policies and measures and projections of anthropogenic greenhouse gas emissions by sources and removals by sinks in accordance with Article 16; 	
 (d) information on national climchange adaptation planning and strategies in accordance with Artic 17(1); (e) copies of biennial reports and the applicable years, national communications submitted to the UNFCCC Secretariat; 	le		Note: revert to the Commission proposal: (d) information on [] adaptation in accordance with Article 4(1);

Article 15(2)(f)		
(f) estimates as appropriate of	(f) [] as far as possible	
improved air quality and emission	quantification of the impact of the	
reductions of air pollutants, and other	policies and measures in the	
benefits of specific energy efficiency	Integrated National Energy and	
measures;	Climate plan on air quality and on	
	emissions [] of air pollutants [].	
(g) the annual reports referred to in	(g) the annual reports referred to in [
Article 17(2) and Article 23.] Article 23(2).	
The Union and the Member States	The Union and the Member States	
shall submit biennial reports in	shall submit biennial reports in	
accordance with Decision 2/CP.17 of	accordance with Decision 2/CP.17 of	
the Conference of the Parties to the	the Conference of the Parties to the	
UNFCCC, and national	UNFCCC, and national	
communications in accordance with	communications in accordance with	
Article 12 of the UNFCCC to the	Article 12 of the UNFCCC to the	
UNFCCC Secretariat.	UNFCCC Secretariat.	
3. The Commission shall adopt	3. The Commission, assisted by	
implementing acts to set out the	the Energy Union Committee	
structure, format, technical details and	referred to in Article 37(1)(a), shall	
process for the information referred to	adopt implementing acts to set out the	
in paragraphs 1 and 2. Those	structure, format, technical details and	
implementing acts shall be adopted in	process for the information referred to	
accordance with the examination	in paragraphs 1 and 2. Those	
procedure referred to in Article 37(3).	implementing acts shall be adopted in	
	accordance with the examination	
	procedure referred to in Article 37(3).	
4. The frequency and scale of the	4. The frequency and scale of the	
information and updates referred to in	information and updates referred to in	
paragraph 2(b) shall be balanced	paragraph 2(b) shall be balanced	
against the need to ensure sufficient	against the need to ensure sufficient	
certainty for investors.	certainty for investors.	

5. Where the Commission has issued recommendations pursuant to Article 27(2) or (3), the Member State concerned shall include in its report referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article information on the policies and measures adopted, or intended to be adopted and implemented, to address those recommendations. Such information shall include a detailed timetable for implementation.	5. Where the Commission has issued recommendations pursuant to Article 27(2) or (3), the Member State concerned shall include in its report referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article information on the policies and measures adopted, or intended to be adopted and implemented, to address those recommendations. Such information shall include a detailed timetable for implementation. Where the Member State concerned deviates from a recommendation issued, that Member State shall provide and make public a well-substantiated	5. Where the Commission has issued recommendations pursuant to Article 27(2) or (3), the Member State concerned shall include in its report referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article information on the policies and measures adopted, or intended to be adopted and implemented, to address those recommendations. If applicable, such information shall include a detailed timetable for implementation.	5. Where the Commission has issued recommendations pursuant to Article 27(2) or (3), the Member State concerned shall include in its report referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article information on the policies and measures adopted, or intended to be adopted and implemented, to address those recommendations. If applicable, such information shall include a detailed timetable for implementation. If the Member State concerned decides not to address a recommendation or a substantial
	public a well-substantiated justification, based on reliable data and objective criteria.		part thereof, that Member State shall provide a reasoning. Note: similar compromise provision also proposed in Article 9 and 28
			Note: see also Art. 28(2)(b)
	AM 129 Article 15 – para 5 a (new) 5a. Member States shall make available to the public the reports submitted to the Commission pursuant to this Article.		Accept

Article 16 Integrated reporting on GHG policies and measures and on projections			
1. By 15 March 2021, and every	1. By 15 March 2021, and every		
two years thereafter, Member States	two years thereafter, Member States		
shall report to the Commission	shall report to the Commission		
information on:	information on:		
(a) their national policies and	(a) their national policies and	Note: text provisionally agreed at	
measures as set out in Annex IV, and	measures or group of measures as set	technical level	
	out in Annex IV, and		
(b) their national projections of	(b) their national projections of		
anthropogenic greenhouse gas	anthropogenic greenhouse gas		
emissions by sources and removals by	emissions by sources and removals by		
sinks, organised by gas or group of	sinks, organised by gas or group of		
gases (Hydrofluorocarbons and	gases (Hydrofluorocarbons and		
Perfluorocarbons) listed in Part 2 of	Perfluorocarbons) listed in Part 2 of		
Annex III. National projections shall	Annex III. National projections shall		
take into consideration any policies	take into consideration any policies		
and measures adopted at Union level	and measures adopted at Union level		
and shall include the information set	and shall include the information set		
out in Annex V.	out in Annex V.		
2. Member States shall report the	2. Member States shall report the		
most up-to-date projections available.	most up-to-date projections available.		
Where a Member State does not	Where a Member State does not		
submit complete projection estimates	submit complete projection estimates		
by 15 March every second year, and	by 15 March every second year, and		
the Commission has established that	the Commission has established that		
gaps in the estimates cannot be filled	gaps in the estimates cannot be filled		
by that Member State once identified	by that Member State once identified		
through the Commission's quality	through the Commission's quality		
assurance or quality control	assurance or quality control		
procedures, the Commission may	procedures, the Commission may		
prepare estimates as required to	prepare estimates as required to		
compile Union projections, in	compile Union projections, in		
consultation with the Member State	consultation with the Member State		
concerned.	concerned.		

3. A Member State shall communicate to the Commission any substantial changes to the information reported pursuant to paragraph 1 during the first year of the reporting period, by 15 March of the year following the previous report. 4. Member States shall make available to the public, in electronic form, their national projections pursuant to paragraph 1 and any relevant assessment of the costs and effects of national policies and measures on the implementation of Union policies relevant for limiting GHG emissions along with any relevant underpinning technical reports. Those projections and assessments should include descriptions of the models and methodological approaches used, definitions and underlying assumptions. 3. A Member States shall communicate to the Commission and strategies, outlining their implement of the Commission and strategies, outlining their implement of the Commission in paragraph 1 during the first year of the reporting period, by 15 March 2021, and every two years thereafter, Member States shall make available to the public, in electronic form, their national climate change adaptation planning and strategies, outlining their implemented or planned actions to facilitate						
to the information reported pursuant to paragraph 1 during the first year of the reporting period, by 15 March of the year following the previous report. 4. Member States shall make available to the public, in electronic form, their national projections pursuant to paragraph 1 and any relevant assessment of the costs and effects of national policies and measures on the implementation of Union policies relevant for limiting GHG emissions along with any relevant underpinning technical reports. Those projections and assessments should include descriptions of the models and methodological approaches used, definitions and underlying assumptions. **Article 17** Integrated reporting on national adaptation actions, financial and technology support provided to developing countries, auctioning revenue 1. By 15 March 2021, and every two years thereafter, Member States shall report to the Commission information on their national climate change adaptation planning and strategies, outlining their implemented	3. A Member State shall communicate	3.	A Member State shall communicate			
paragraph 1 during the first year of the reporting period, by 15 March of the year following the previous report. 4. Member States shall make available to the public, in electronic form, their national projections pursuant to paragraph 1 and any relevant assessment of the costs and effects of national policies and measures on the implementation of Union policies relevant for limiting GHG emissions along with any relevant underpinning technical reports. Those projections and assessments should include descriptions of the models and methodological approaches used, definitions and underlying assumptions. Article 17 Integrated reporting on national adaptation actions, financial and technology support provided to developing countries, auctioning revenue 1. By 15 March 2021, and every two years thereafter, Member States shall report to the Commission information on their national climate change adaptation planning and strategies, outlining their implemented paragraph 1 during the first year of the reporting porting, by 15 March of the year following the previous report. definitions financial financial financial financial financial financial financial climate change adaptation planning and strategies, outlining their implemented	to the Commission any substantial change	s to	the Commission any substantial changes			
reporting period, by 15 March of the year following the previous report. 4. Member States shall make available to the public, in electronic form, their national projections pursuant to paragraph 1 and any relevant assessment of the costs and effects of national policies and measures on the implementation of Union policies relevant for limiting GHG emissions along with any relevant underpinning technical reports. Those projections and assessments should include descriptions of the models and methodological approaches used, definitions and underlying assumptions. Article 17	to the information reported pursuant to	to f	the information reported pursuant to			
following the previous report. following the previous report.	paragraph 1 during the first year of the	par	ragraph 1 during the first year of the			
4. Member States shall make available to the public, in electronic form, their national projections pursuant to paragraph 1 and any relevant assessment of the costs and effects of national policies and measures on the implementation of Union policies relevant for limiting GHG emissions along with any relevant underpinning technical reports. Those projections and assessments should include descriptions of the models and methodological approaches used, definitions and underlying assumptions. Article 17 Integrated reporting on national adaptation actions, financial and technology support provided to developing countries, auctioning revenue 1. By 15 March 2021, and every two years threafter, Member States shall report to the Commission information on their national climate change adaptation planning and strategies, outlining their implemented 4. Member States shall make available to the public, in electronic form, their national policies network to the to the consts and any relevant assessment of the costs and effects of national policies and measures on the implemented to the implemented to the consts and effects of national policies and measures on the implemented to the implemented to the costs and effects of national policies and measures on the implemented to the implemented to the consts and effects of national policies and measures on the implemented to the consts and effects of national policies and measures on the implemented to the consts and effects of national policies and measures on the implemented to the consts and effects of national policies and measures on the implementation of Union policies relevant for limiting GHG emissions along with any relevant assessment of the costs and effects of national policies and measures on the implementation of Union policies relevant for limiting GHG emissions along with any relevant underpinning technical reports. Those projections and assessments should include descriptions of the models and methodological approaches used, definitions and underlying assumpt	reporting period, by 15 March of the year	rer	porting period, by 15 March of the year			
to the public, in electronic form, their national projections pursuant to paragraph 1 and any relevant assessment of the costs and effects of national policies and measures on the implementation of Union policies relevant for limiting GHG emissions along with any relevant underpinning technical reports. Those projections and assessments should include descriptions of the models and methodological approaches used, definitions and underlying assumptions. Article 17	following the previous report.	fol	llowing the previous report.			
national projections pursuant to paragraph 1 and any relevant assessment of the costs and effects of national policies and measures on the implementation of Union policies relevant for limiting GHG emissions along with any relevant underpinning technical reports. Those projections and assessments should include descriptions of the models and methodological approaches used, definitions and underlying assumptions. Article 17 Integrated reporting on national adaptation actions, financial and technology support provided to developing countries, auctioning revenue	4. Member States shall make available	4.	Member States shall make available			
1 and any relevant assessment of the costs and effects of national policies and measures on the implementation of Union policies relevant for limiting GHG emissions along with any relevant underpinning technical reports. Those projections and assessments should include descriptions of the models and methodological approaches used, definitions and underlying assumptions. Article 17	to the public, in electronic form, their	to	the public, in electronic form, their			
1 and any relevant assessment of the costs and effects of national policies and measures on the implementation of Union policies relevant for limiting GHG emissions along with any relevant underpinning technical reports. Those projections and assessments should include descriptions of the models and methodological approaches used, definitions and underlying assumptions. Article 17						
and effects of national policies and measures on the implementation of Union policies relevant for limiting GHG emissions along with any relevant underpinning technical reports. Those projections and assessments should include descriptions of the models and methodological approaches used, definitions and underlying assumptions. Article 17						
measures on the implementation of Union policies relevant for limiting GHG emissions along with any relevant underpinning technical reports. Those projections and assessments should include descriptions of the models and methodological approaches used, definitions and underlying assumptions. Integrated reporting on national adaptation actions, financial and technology support provided to developing countries, auctioning revenue	and effects of national policies and					
policies relevant for limiting GHG emissions along with any relevant underpinning technical reports. Those projections and assessments should include descriptions of the models and methodological approaches used, definitions and underlying assumptions. Integrated reporting on national adaptation actions, financial and technology support provided to developing countries, auctioning revenue 1. By 15 March 2021, and every two years thereafter, Member States shall report to the Commission information on their national climate change adaptation planning and strategies, outlining their implemented policies relevant for limiting GHG emissions along with any relevant underpinning technical reports. Those projections and assessments should include descriptions of the models and methodological approaches used, definitions and underlying assumptions. Article 17 Integrated reporting on national adaptation actions, financial and technology support provided to developing countries, auctioning revenue 1. By 15 March 2021, and every two years thereafter, Member States shall report to the Commission information on their national climate change adaptation planning and strategies, outlining their implemented strategies, outlining their implemented						
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				adaptation to climate change including		
				the information specified in Part 1 of		
				Annex VI [] and in accordance with		
11				the reporting requirements agreed		
				upon under the UNFCCC and the		
Agreement. Paris Agreement.						
Note: text provisionally agreed at			9			
technical level						

2. By 15 March 2021 and every year thereafter (year X), Member States shall report to the Commission information on:	year th States s inform general auction Article of Dire	By [] 31 July 2021 and every nereafter (year X), Member shall report to the Commission nation on [] the use of revenues atted by the Member State by ning allowances pursuant to e 10(1) and Article 3d(1) or (2) ective 2003/87/EC including the nation specified in Part 3 of a VI. []	Note: text provisionally agreed at technical level
(a) support to developing countries, including the information specified in Part 2 of Annex VI;	every y Memb Comm to deve inform Annex relevar agreed	by 30 September 2021 and year thereafter (year X), per States shall report to the mission information on support eloping countries, including the mation specified in Part 2 of a VI and in accordance with the ent reporting requirements d upon under the UNFCCC ne Paris Agreement.	Note: text provisionally agreed at technical level
(b) the use of revenues generated by the Member State by auctioning allowances pursuant to Article 10(1) and Article 3d(1) or (2) of Directive 2003/87/EC including the information specified in Part 3 of Annex VI. 3. Member States shall make available to the public the reports submitted to the Commission pursuant to this Article.	3. I availab submit to this the inf	Member States shall make ble to the public the reports tted to the Commission pursuant Article, with the exception of formation specified in Annex rt 2(b).	The EP expressed concern on the text of the Council GA

4. The Commission shall adopt implementing acts to set out the structure, format and submission processes for Member States' reporting of information pursuant to this Article. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 37(3).	4. The Commission, assisted by the Climate Change Committee referred to in Article 37(1)(b), shall adopt implementing acts to set out the structure, format and submission processes for Member States' reporting of information pursuant to this Article. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 37(3).
	ele 18 on renewable energy
Member States shall include in the integrated national energy and climate progress reports the information:	Member States shall include in the integrated national energy and climate progress reports the information:
(a) on the implementation of the following trajectories and objectives:	(a) on the implementation of the following trajectories and objectives:
(1) national trajectory for the overall share of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption from 2021 to 2030;	(1) indicative national trajectory for the overall share of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption from 2021 to 2030;
(2) national trajectories for the sectorial share of renewable energy in final energy consumption from 2021 to 2030 in the electricity, heating and cooling and transport sector;	(2) estimated [] trajectories for the sectorial share of renewable energy in final energy consumption from 2021 to 2030 in the electricity, heating and cooling and transport sector;

(3) trajectories by renewable energy technology to use to achieve the overall and sectorial trajectories for renewable energy from 2021 to 2030 including total expected gross final energy consumption per technology and sector in Mtoe and total planned installed capacity per technology and sector in MW; (4) trajectories on bioenergy demand, disaggregated between heat, electricity and transport, and on biomass supply, by feedstock and origin (distinguishing between domestic production and imports). For forest biomass, an assessment of its source and impact on the LULUCF sink;	AM 130 (4) trajectories on bioenergy demand, disaggregated between heat, electricity and transport, including the share of biofuels, share of advanced biofuels, share of biofuel produced from crops produced on agricultural land, and on biomass supply, by feedstock and origin (distinguishing between domestic production and imports). For forest biomass, an assessment of its source and impact on the LULUCF sink;	(3) assessed contributions [] by renewable energy technology to use to achieve the overall and sectorial trajectories for renewable energy from 2021 to 2030 including total expected gross final energy consumption per technology and sector in Mtoe and total planned installed capacity per technology and sector in MW; (4) data on the share of biofuels, share of advanced biofuels, share of biofuel produced from main crops produced on agricultural land and if available, data [] on bioenergy demand, disaggregated between heat, electricity and transport [], and data on biomass supply, by feedstock and origin (distinguishing between domestic production and imports). For forest biomass, an assessment of its source and impact on the LULUCF sink should be provided upon its availability;	Maintain Council GA (Accepted, with changes, in Council GA text)
	AM 131 Article 18 – para 1 – point a – point 4 a (new) (4a) objectives and trajectories for renewable energy produced by regions, cities, energy communities and self-consumers;		Maintain Council GA (included in subparagraph 5 below, in COM proposal and Council GA text) Note: Art. 18(4a) and (5) should be consistent with what is decided on this issue in Annex I (see AM 224 and 225)

Article 18(a)(5)			
(5) if applicable, other national trajectories and objectives including long-term and sectorial ones (such as	AM 132 (5) if applicable, other national trajectories and objectives including	(5) if [] available, other national trajectories and objectives including long-term and sectorial ones (such as [Maintain Council GA
share of biofuels, share of advanced biofuels, share of biofuel produced from main crops produced on agricultural land, share of electricity produced from biomass without the utilisation of heat, share of renewable energy in district heating, renewable energy use in buildings, renewable energy produced by cities, energy communities and self-consumers);	long-term and sectorial ones (such as share of electricity produced from biomass without the utilisation of heat, share of renewable energy in district heating, renewable energy use in buildings, energy recovered from the sludge acquired through the treatment of wastewater;	I share of electricity produced from biomass without the utilisation of heat, share of renewable energy in district heating, renewable energy use in buildings, renewable energy produced by cities, energy communities and self-consumers);	Note: Art. 18(4a) and (5) should be consistent with what is decided on this issue in Annex I (see AM 224 and 225)
(b) on the implementation of the following policies and measures:		(b) on the implementation of the following policies and measures:	
(1) implemented, adopted and planned policies and measures to achieve the national contribution to the binding Union-level 2030 target for renewable energy as indicated in Article 4(a)(2)(i), including sector- and technology-specific measures, with a specific review of the implementation of measures laid down in Articles 23, 24 and 25 of [recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by COM(2016) 767];	AM 133 (1) implemented, adopted and planned policies and measures to achieve the national <i>targets</i> to <i>meet</i> the binding Union-level 2030 target for renewable energy as indicated in Article 4(a)(2)(i), including sector- and technology-specific measures, with a specific review of the implementation of measures laid down in Articles 23, 24 and 25 of [recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by COM(2016) 767];	(1) [] implemented, adopted and planned policies and measures to achieve the national contribution to the binding Union-level 2030 target for renewable energy as indicated in Article 4(a)(2)(i), including sector- and technology-specific measures, with a specific review of the implementation of measures laid down in Articles 23, 24 and 25 of [recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by COM(2016) 767];	Maintain Council GA

(2) where available, specific cooperation; (3) without prejudice to Articles 107 and 108 TFEU, specific measures on financial support, including Union support and the use of Union funds, for the promotion of the use of energy from renewable sources in electricity, heating and cooling, and transport; (4) specific measures to fulfil the requirements of Articles 15, 16, 17, 18, 21 and 22 of [recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by COM(2016) 767]; (5) measures promoting the use of energy from biomass, especially for new biomass mobilisation taking into account biomass availability (both the domestic potential and the imports from third countries) and other biomass uses (agriculture and forest-based sectors), as well as measures for the sustainability of biomass produced and transport; (2) where available, specific measures for the sustainability of biomass produced and transport; (3) without prejudice to Articles 107 and 108 TFEU, specific measures on financial support, including Union support and the use of Union funds, for the promotion of the use of Union funds, for the promotion of the use of Union funds, for the promotion of the use of Union funds, for the promotion of the use of Union funds, for the promotion of the use of Union funds, for the use of Union funds, for the use of Union funds, for the use of Union funds of Union funds, for the Union funds of Union funds of Union funds, for the Union funds of Union funds, for the Union funds of Union funds, for the Union funds of Union funds of Union funds, for the Union funds of Union funds, for the Union funds of Union funds, for the Union funds		AM 134 Article 18 – para 1 – point b – point 4 a (new) (4a) specific measures to assess, make transparent and reduce the need for must-run capacity that can lead to curtailment of renewable energy sources;		(4a) If applicable, specific measures to assess, make transparent and reduce the need for must-run capacity that can lead to curtailment of renewable energy sources;
(3) without prejudice to Articles 107 and 108 TFEU, specific measures on financial support, including Union support and the use of Union funds, for the promotion of the use of energy from renewable sources in electricity, heating and cooling, and transport; (4) specific measures to fulfil the requirements of Articles 15, 16, 17, 18, 21 and 22 of [recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by COM(2016) 767]; (5) measures promoting the use of energy from biomass, especially for new biomass mobilisation taking into account biomass availability (both the domestic potential and the imports from third countries) and other biomass uses (agriculture and forest-based sectors), as well as measures for the sustainability of biomass produced (3) without prejudice to Articles 107 and 108 TFEU, specific measures on financial support, including Union support and 108 TFEU, specific measures on financial support, including Union support and 108 TFEU, specific measures on financial support, including Union support and 108 TFEU, specific measures on financial support, including Union support and 108 TFEU, specific measures on financial support, including Union support and 108 TFEU, specific measures on financial support, including Union support, including Union support, including Union support, including Union support and the use of Union funds, for the promotion of the use of Union funds, for the promotion of the use of energy from biomass [1] as well as preasures to fulfil the requirements of Articles 15, 16, 17, 18, 21 and 22 of [recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by COM(2016) 767]; (5) measures promoting the use of energy from biomass promoting the use of energy from biomass [1] as well as measures for the sustainability of the production and use of energy from biomass [1];	(2) specific measures for regional		(2) where available, specific	
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the sustainability of biomass produced				
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	and used;			

(c) as set out in Part 1 of Annex VII.		 (6) measures in place to increase the share of renewable energy in the heating and cooling and transport sector. (c) as set out in Part 1 of Annex VII. 	
		ele 19 g on energy efficiency	
Member States shall include in the integrated national energy and climate progress reports the information:		Member States shall include in the integrated national energy and climate progress reports the information:	
(a) on the implementation of the following national trajectories, objectives and targets:		(a) on the implementation of the following national trajectories, objectives and targets:	
(1) the trajectory for primary and final energy consumption from 2020 to 2030 as the national energy savings contribution to achieving the Union-level 2030 target including underlying methodology;	AM 135 (1) the trajectory for primary and final energy consumption from 2020 to 2030 as the national energy savings binding targets to achieving the Union-level 2030 target including underlying methodology;	(1) the indicative trajectory for primary and [1] final annual energy consumption from 2021 to 2030 as the national energy savings contribution to achieving the Union-level 2030 target including underlying methodology;	Maintain Council GA
(2) objectives for the long-term renovation of the national stock of both public and private residential and commercial buildings;	AM 136 (2) objectives of the long-term strategy for the renovation of the national stock of residential as well as public and private non-residential buildings;	(2) []indicative milestones [] of the long-term strategy for the renovation of the national stock of [] residential and [] non-residential buildings, both public and private, in accordance with Article 2a of Directive 2010/31/EU on the energy performance of buildings;	Maintain Council GA To be negotiated in EED
(3) if applicable, an update of other national objectives set out in the national plan;		(3) if applicable, an update of other national objectives set out in the national plan;	

(b) on the implementation of the		(b) on the implementation of the	
following policies and measures:		following policies and measures:	
	AM 137		Maintain Council GA
(1) implemented, adopted and	(1) implemented, adopted and	(1) implemented, adopted and	
planned policies, measures and	planned policies, measures and	planned policies, measures and	
programmes to achieve the indicative	programmes to achieve the <i>binding</i>	programmes to achieve the indicative	
national energy efficiency contribution	national energy efficiency <i>target</i> for	national energy efficiency contribution	
for 2030 as well as other objectives	2030 as well as other objectives	for 2030 as well as other objectives	
presented in Article 6, including	presented in Article 6, including	presented in Article 6, including	
planned measures and instruments	planned measures and instruments	planned measures and instruments	
(also of financial nature) to promote	(also of financial nature) to promote	(also of a financial nature) to promote	
the energy performance of buildings,	the energy performance of buildings,	the energy performance of buildings,	
measures to utilise energy efficiency	measures to utilise energy efficiency	measures to utilise energy efficiency	
potentials of gas and electricity	potentials of gas and electricity	potentials of gas and electricity	
infrastructure and other measures to	infrastructure and other measures to	infrastructure and other measures to	
promote energy efficiency;	promote energy efficiency;	promote energy efficiency;	
(2) if applicable, market-based		(2) if applicable, market-based	
instruments that incentivise energy		instruments that incentivise energy	
efficiency improvements, including but		efficiency improvements, including but	
not limited to energy taxes, levies and		not limited to energy taxes, levies and	
allowances;		allowances;	

Article 19(b)(3)				
(3) national energy efficiency	AM 138 (3) national energy efficiency	(3) national energy efficiency	Maintain Council GA	
obligation scheme and alternative measures pursuant to Article 7a and 7b of Directive 2012/27/EU [version as amended in accordance with proposal COM(2016) 761] in accordance with Annex II to this Regulation;	obligation scheme and alternative measures pursuant to Article 7a and 7b of Directive 2012/27/EU [version as amended in accordance with proposal COM(2016) 761] in accordance with Annex II to this Regulation, including the energy savings achieved through national energy efficiency obligations and/or alternative measures adopted in application Articles 7a and 7b and Article 20(6) of Article 7 of Directive 2012/27/EU [as amended by proposal COM(2016) 761] and the impact on consumer bills and including requirements with a social aim;	obligation scheme and alternative measures pursuant to Article 7a and 7b of Directive 2012/27/EU, [version as amended in accordance with proposal COM(2016) 761] and in accordance with Annex II to this Regulation;	To be negotiated in EED	
(4) long-term strategy for the renovation of the national stock of both public and private residential and commercial buildings, including policies and measures to stimulate cost-effective deep and staged deep renovation;	AM 139 (4) long-term strategy for the renovation of the national stock of both public and private residential and non-residential buildings, including policies and measures to guide investment to stimulate cost-effective deep and staged deep renovation taking in particular into account an evidence-based estimate of expected energy savings and wider benefits in accordance with Article 2a of Directive (EU)/ [EPBD, COD 0381/16];	(4) long-term strategy for the renovation of the national stock of [] residential and [] non-residential buildings, both public and private, including policies and measures to stimulate cost-effective deep [] renovations of buildings, including staged deep renovations;	To be aligned with EPBD text	

(5) policy and measures to promote		(5) policy and measures to promote	
energy services in the public sector and		energy services in the public sector and	
measures to remove regulatory and		measures to remove regulatory and	
non-regulatory barriers that impede the		non-regulatory barriers that impede the	
uptake of energy performance		uptake of energy performance	
contracting and other energy efficiency		contracting and other energy efficiency	
service models;		service models;	
	AM 140		Maintain Council GA
	Article 19 – para 1 – point b – point		
	5 a (new)		To be negotiated in EED
	(5a) policies and measures to		
	develop the economic potential of		
	high efficient cogeneration and		
	efficient heating and cooling systems		
	pursuant to Article 14 (2) of Directive		
	(EU)/ [Directive 2012/27/EU as		
	amended by proposal		
	COM(2016)761];		
	AM 141		To be aligned with EPBD text
	Article 19 – para 1 – point b – point		
	5 b (new)		
	(5b) If applicable, progress on other		
	implemented, adopted and planned		
	policies, measures and actions		
	resulting from the long-term		
	renovation strategies pursuant to		
	Article 2a of Directive (EU)/		
	[EPBD, COD 0381/16], including		
	those targeting the worst performing		
	segments of the national building		
	stock and on access to information		
	and financing.		

(6) regional cooperation in the area		(6) regional cooperation in the area	
of energy efficiency, if applicable;		of energy efficiency, if applicable;	
(7) without prejudice to Articles 107		(7) without prejudice to Articles 107	
and 108 TFEU, financing measures,		and 108 TFEU, financing measures,	
including Union support and the use of		including Union support and the use of	
Union funds, in the area of energy		Union funds, in the area of energy	
efficiency at national level, if		efficiency at national level, if	
applicable;		applicable;	
(c) as set out in Part 2 of Annex		(c) as set out in Part 2 of Annex	
VII.		VII.	
VII.		V 11.	
	Artic	ele 20	
	Integrated reportin	g on energy security	
Member States shall include in the		Member States shall include in the	
integrated national energy and climate		integrated national energy and climate	
progress reports the information on the		progress reports the information on the	
implementation of:		implementation of:	
mipromentation or.	AM 142		Accept in part
(a) national objectives for the	(a) national objectives for <i>improved</i>	(a) national objectives for the	(a) national objectives for the
diversification of energy sources and	energy efficiency and renewable	diversification of energy sources [],	diversification of energy sources <i>and</i>
supply countries, storage, demand	energy sources and a diversification of	storage, demand response;	supply [], storage, demand response;
		storage, demand response,	supply [1, storage, demand response,
response;	supply, supply routes and countries,		
(1-)	storage, demand response;	(h) If!:!!!	Maintain Council GA
(b) national objectives with regard	AM 143	(b) If applicable, national	Maintain Council GA
to reducing energy import dependency	(b) national objectives <i>and</i>	objectives with regard to reducing	
from third countries;	<i>measures</i> with regard to reducing	energy import dependency from third	
	energy import dependency from third	countries;	
	countries and which do not create		
	obstacles to the successful		
	implementation of the Energy Union;		
(c) national objectives for the		(c) national objectives for the	
development of the ability to cope with		development of the ability to cope with	
constrained or interrupted supply of an		constrained or interrupted supply of an	
energy source, including gas and		energy source, including gas and	
electricity;		electricity;	
	1	1 · J i	I

	AM 144 Article 20 – paragraph 1 – point c a (new) (ca) national objectives with regard to increasing the flexibility of the national energy system, in particular by means of deploying energy efficiency measures, domestic renewable energy sources, demand response and storage;		Maintain Council GA (cf. subparagraphs (a) and (d); cf. Art. 18 on Integrated reporting on renewable energy and Art. 19 on Integrated reporting on energy efficiency)
(d) national objectives for the deployment of domestic energy sources, notably renewable energy;		(d) If applicable, national objectives for the deployment of domestic energy sources [];	(d) National objectives with regard to increasing the flexibility of the national energy system, in particular by means of deploying [] national domestic energy sources, demand response and energy storage. Note: aligned with compromise text for AM 232
(e) implemented, adopted and planned policies and measures to achieve the objectives referred to in		(e) implemented, adopted and planned policies and measures to achieve the objectives referred to in	
points (a) to (d); (f) regional cooperation in implementing the objectives and policies referred to in points (a) to (d); (g) without prejudice to Articles 107 and 108 TFEU, financing measures, including Union support and the use of Union funds, in this area at national level, if applicable;		points (a) to (d); (f) regional cooperation in implementing the objectives and policies referred to in points (a) to (d); (g) without prejudice to Articles 107 and 108 TFEU, financing measures, including Union support and the use of Union funds, in this area at national level, if applicable;	

Article 21 Integrated reporting on the internal energy market			
Member States shall include in the integrated national energy and climate progress reports information on the implementation of the following objectives and measures: (a) the level of electricity interconnectivity that the Member State aims for in 2030 in relation to the 15% target on electricity interconnection;	AM 145 (a) the level of electricity interconnectivity that the Member State aims for in 2030 in relation to the indicative at least 15% target on electricity interconnection;	1. Member States shall include in the integrated national energy and climate progress reports information on the implementation of the following objectives and measures: (a) the level of electricity interconnectivity that the Member State aims for in 2030 in relation to the 15% target on electricity interconnection and to the indicators set out in Article 4(d), and measures for the implementation of the roadmap for the achievement of this level, including measures relating to the granting of authorisations and specific measures on financial support, including Union support and the use of Union funds, without prejudice to Articles 107 and 108 TFEU, if applicable.	(a) the level of electricity interconnectivity that the Member State aims for in 2030 in consideration of the electricity interconnection target for 2030 of at least 15% and the indicators set out in Annex I, Part I, Section A, Part 2.4.1, as well as [] measures for the implementation of the strategy []*) for the achievement of this level, including those [] relating to the granting of authorisations []*). Note: the word 'roadmap' was replaced since it does not appear elsewhere in the text. The last deleted part of the sentence is moved to, and already covered by, para (i) below. Note: the EP indicated it can drop "indicative" Note: wording aligned with Art. 4(d)

(b) key national objectives for	AM 146	(b) key [] electricity and gas	(b) key [] electricity and gas
electricity and gas transmission	(b) key national objectives for	transmission infrastructure projects	transmission and distribution
infrastructure that are necessary for the	electricity and gas transmission and	that are necessary for the achievement	infrastructure projects that are
achievement of objectives and targets	distribution infrastructure and its	of objectives and targets [];	necessary for the achievement of
under any of the five key dimensions	<i>modernisation</i> that are necessary for		objectives and targets under [] the five
of the Energy Union;	the achievement of objectives and		key dimensions of the Energy Union
	targets under any of the five key		and, where relevant, a general
	dimensions of the Energy Union;		assessment of the compatibility of
	dimensions of the Energy officer,		envisaged infrastructure projects with
			the objectives of the Energy Union];
			1.
			1,
			Notes deleted provision would to (a)
			Note: deleted provision moved to (c)
			<u>below</u>
			N. 1 1704 14 F
			Note: see also AM 84 and Annex I
			Part 1 Section A(1)2.4.2(i) – AM 234
(c) if applicable, main infrastructure		(c) if applicable, main infrastructure	(c) if applicable, main infrastructure
projects envisaged other than Projects		projects envisaged other than Projects	projects envisaged other than Projects
of Common Interest;		of Common Interest;	of Common Interest <i>including</i>
,		,	infrastructure projects involving third
			countries, including, to the extent
			feasible, a general assessment of its
			compatibility with, and contributions
			to, the aims and targets of the Energy
			Union.
			Union.

(d) national objectives related to other aspects of the internal energy market such as market integration and coupling, if applicable;	AM 147 (d) national objectives and measures related to the system flexibility, in particular through the removal of obstacles to free price formation, market integration and coupling, smart grids, aggregation, demand response, storage, distributed generation, mechanisms for dispatching, re-dispatching and curtailment, real-time price signals;	(d) if applicable, national objectives related to other aspects of the internal energy market such as market integration and coupling [];	(d) [] National objectives related to other aspects of the internal energy market such as increasing system flexibility [], market integration and coupling, smart grids, aggregation, demand response, storage, distributed generation, mechanisms for dispatching, redispatching and curtailment, realtime price signals; (cf. AM 85 + 235 + 253)
(e) national objectives with regards to energy poverty, including the number of households in energy poverty;	AM 148 deleted	(e) if applicable , national objectives with regards to energy poverty, including the number of households in energy poverty;	Accept Note: see proposed Presidency compromise for AM 154 below
	AM 149 Article 21 – para 1 – point e a (new) (ea) national objectives and measures related to the non- discriminatory participation of renewable energy, demand response and storage, including via aggregation, in all energy markets; AM 150 Article 21 – para 1 – point e b (new) (eb) national objectives and measures with regard to ensuring that consumers participate in the energy system and benefits from self- generation and new technologies, including smart meters;		(ea) If applicable, national objectives and measures related to the non-discriminatory participation of renewable energy, demand response and storage, including via aggregation, in all energy markets; Note: see AM 86, 236 and 254 (eb) If applicable, national objectives and measures with regard to ensuring that consumers participate in the energy system and benefits from self-generation and new technologies, including smart meters;

	Article 21(1)(f)			
(f) national objectives with regard	AM 151	(f) [] measures with regard to	(f) [] measures with regard to	
to ensuring electricity system	(f) national objectives with regard	ensuring electricity system adequacy [ensuring electricity system adequacy	
adequacy, if applicable;	to ensuring electricity system];	and to limiting capacity mechanisms	
	adequacy, ensuring that no capacity		to the extent necessary for the	
	mechanisms are implemented, or		purpose of security of supply;	
	where implemented for the purpose of		Note: see also AM 88	
	security of supply are limited to the			
	extent possible;		16.	
	AM 152		Maintain Council GA	
	Article 21 – para 1 – point f a (new)			
	(fa) national measures to establish			
	or review bidding zones so as to address structural congestion,			
	maximise economic efficiency and			
	cross-border trading and ensure			
	security of supply;			
	AM 153		Maintain Council GA	
(g) implemented, adopted and	(g) implemented, adopted and	(g) implemented, adopted and		
planned policies and measures to	planned policies and measures to	planned policies and measures to		
achieve the objectives referred to in	achieve the objectives referred to in	achieve the objectives referred to in		
points (a) to (f);	points (a) to (fa);	points (a) to (f);		
(h) regional cooperation in		(h) regional cooperation in		
implementing the objectives and		implementing the objectives and		
policies referred to in points (a) to (g);		policies referred to in points (a) to (g);		
(i) without prejudice to Articles 107		(i) without prejudice to Articles 107	(i) without prejudice to Articles 107	
and 108 TFEU, financing measures,		and 108 TFEU, financing measures,	and 108 TFEU, financing measures at	
including Union support and the use of		including Union support and the use of	national level, including Union	
Union funds, in the area of the internal		Union funds, in the area of the internal	support and the use of Union funds, in	
energy market at national level, if		energy market at national level, if	the area of the internal energy market	
applicable;		applicable;		
			interconnection target, if applicable;	

(j) measures to increase the		(j) measures to increase the	
flexibility of the energy system with		flexibility of the energy system with	
regard to renewable energy production,		regard to renewable energy production,	
including the roll-out of intraday		including the roll-out of intraday	
market coupling and cross-border		market coupling and cross-border	
balancing markets.		balancing markets.	
2. The information provided by		2. The information provided by	
Member States under paragraph 1 shall		Member States under paragraph 1 shall	
be coherent with and as appropriate be		be coherent with and as appropriate be	
based on the report by the national		based on the report by the national	
regulators referred to in Article		regulators referred to in	
59(1)(h) of the [recast of Directive		Article 59(1)(h) of the [recast of	
2009/72/EC as proposed by		Directive 2009/72/EC as proposed by	
COM(2016) 864] and Article 41(1)(e)		COM(2016) 864] and Article 41(1)(e)	
of Directive 2009/73/EC.		of Directive 2009/73/EC.	
	AM 154		Accept
	Article 21 a (new)		
	Article 21a		
	Integrated Reporting on Energy		
	Poverty		
	Where applicable, a Member State		Note: see below
	shall include in the integrated		
	national energy and climate progress		
	report quantitative information on the		
	number of households in energy		
	poverty as well as information on		
	policies and measures addressing		
	energy poverty pursuant to Article 3		
	(3)(v).		

Artic State integ clim on th natic the r pove		[] Where the second subparagraph of Article 3(3)(e) applies, the Member State concerned shall include in its integrated national energy and climate progress report: (a) information on progress towards the national indicative objective to reduce the number of households in energy poverty; and (b) quantitative information on the number of households in energy poverty, and, where available, information on policies and measures addressing energy poverty.
comi	Commission shall share data municated by Member States uant to this Article with the opean Energy Poverty	The Commission shall share data communicated by Member States pursuant to this Article with the European Energy Poverty
Obse	ervatory.	Observatory.

Article 22 Integrated reporting on research, innovation and competitiveness			
Member States shall include in the integrated national energy and climate progress reports referred to in Article 15 the information on the implementation of the following objectives and measures:		Member States shall include in the integrated national energy and climate progress reports [] the information on the implementation of the following objectives and measures:	
(a) national objectives and policies translating to a national context the SET Plan objectives and policies;		(a) where applicable, national objectives and policies translating to a national context the SET Plan objectives and policies;	
(b) national objectives for total (public and private) spending in research and innovation relating to clean energy technologies as well as for technology cost and performance development;	AM 155 (b) national objectives for total public and, <i>where available</i> , private spending in research and innovation relating to clean energy technologies as well as for technology cost and performance development;	(b) national objectives for total [] public and, where available, private [] spending in research and innovation relating to [] low greenhouse gas emission energy technologies as well as for technology cost and performance development;	Maintain Council GA (Accepted in Council GA text)

(c) if appropriate, national objectives including long term targets for 2050 for the deployment of technologies for decarbonising energy-and carbon-intensive industrial sectors and, if applicable, for related carbon transport, use, and storage infrastructure;		(c) if appropriate, national objectives including long term targets for 2050 for the deployment of technologies for decarbonising energy-and carbon-intensive industrial sectors and, if applicable, for related carbon transport, use, and storage infrastructure;	
(d) national objectives to phase out energy subsidies;	AM 156 (d) national objectives to phase out energy subsidies, in particular for fossil fuels;	(d) national objectives to phase out energy subsidies, especially those with an adverse effect on climate policy;	Accept Note: cf. EP Amendment on fossil fuel subsidies' in AM 17, 193, 248 and 258
(e) implemented, adopted and planned policies and measures to achieve the objectives referred to in points (b) and (c);		(e) implemented, adopted and planned policies and measures to achieve the objectives referred to in points (b) and (c);	
(f) cooperation with other Member States in implementing the objectives and policies referred to in points (b) to (d), including coordination of policies and measures through the SET Plan, such as alignment of research programmes and common programmes;		(f) cooperation with other Member States in implementing the objectives and policies referred to in points (b) to (d), including coordination of policies and measures in the context of [] the SET Plan, such as alignment of research programmes and common programmes;	
(g) financing measures, including Union support and the use of Union funds, in this area at national level, if applicable.	AM 157 (g) financing measures, including Union support and the use of Union funds, in this area at national level, if applicable. The use made of any financial contribution by the Commission to funding instruments in which Member States jointly commit national resources shall be published.	(g) financing measures, including Union support and the use of Union funds, in this area at national level, if applicable.	Maintain Council GA

SECTION 2 ANNUAL REPORTING Article 23 **Annual Reporting** By 15 March 2021, and every By **31** [] **July** 2021, and every year thereafter (year X), Member year thereafter (year X), Member States shall report to the Commission: States shall report to the Commission: their approximated greenhouse Maintain Council GA their approximated greenhouse AM 158 gas inventories for the year X-1; gas inventories for the year X-1; deleted Note: text provisionally agreed at technical level Note: EP moved this provision (AM 161) to para 1a below, with an annual deadline of 31 July. the information referred to in the information referred to in Article 6(2) of Directive 2009/119/EC: Article 6(2) of Directive 2009/119/EC: (c) the information referred to in the information referred to in Annex IX, point 3, to Directive Annex IX, point 3, to Directive 2013/30/EU, in accordance with 2013/30/EU, in accordance with Article 25 of that directive. Article 25 of that directive. Maintain Council GA AM 159 Article 23 – para 1 – point a (ca) approximated gross final consumption of energy from renewable sources and their approximated gross, primary and final energy consumption for the year *X-1*.

	1.75.460		16.
For the purposes of point (a), the	AM 160	For the purposes of point (a), the	Maintain Council GA
Commission shall, on the basis of the	For <i>those</i> purposes the Commission	Commission shall, on the basis of the	(depends on AM 159)
Member States' approximated	shall, on the basis of the Member	Member States' approximated	
greenhouse gas inventories or, if a	States' approximated greenhouse gas	greenhouse gas inventories or, if a	Note: text provisionally agreed at
Member State has not communicated	inventories or, if a Member State has	Member State has not communicated	technical level
its approximated inventories by that	not communicated its approximated	its approximated inventories by that	
date, on the basis of its own estimates,	inventories by that date, on the basis of	date, on the basis of its own estimates,	
annually compile a Union	its own estimates, annually compile a	annually compile a Union	
approximated greenhouse gas	Union approximated greenhouse gas	approximated greenhouse gas	
inventory. The Commission shall make	inventory. The Commission shall make	inventory. The Commission shall make	
that information available to the public	that information available to the public	that information available to the public	
by 30 September every year.	by 30 September every year.	by 30 September every year.	
	AM 161		Maintain Council GA
	Article 23 – para 1 a (new)		
	1a. By 31 July 2021, and annually		(Accepted in Council text para 1(a)
	thereafter (year X), Member States		above)
	shall report to the Commission its		,
	approximated greenhouse gas		Note: text provisionally agreed at
	inventories for the year X-1;		technical level
2. As of 2023, Member States shall		2. As of 2023, Member States shall	Note: text provisionally agreed at
determine and report to the		determine and report to the	technical level
Commission final greenhouse gas		Commission final greenhouse gas	
inventory data by 15 March each year		inventory data by 15 March each	
(X) and preliminary data by 15 January		reporting year (X) and preliminary	
each year including the greenhouse		data by 15 January each year including	
gases and the inventory information		the greenhouse gases and the inventory	
listed in Annex III. The report on the		information listed in Annex III. The	
final greenhouse gas inventory data		report on the final greenhouse gas	
shall also include a complete and up-		inventory data shall also include a	
to-date national inventory report.		complete and up-to-date national	
is and inventory report.		inventory report. Within three	
		months of receiving the reports, the	
		Commission shall make the	
		information referred to in Annex III,	
		part 1, point (n) available to the	
		Climate Change Committee referred	
		to in Article 37.	
		to in the detect of t	

Article 23(3)		
3. Member States shall submit to	3. Member States shall submit to	
the UNFCCC Secretariat national	the UNFCCC Secretariat national	
inventories containing the information	inventories containing the information	
submitted to the Commission on the	submitted to the Commission on the	
final greenhouse gas inventory data in	final greenhouse gas inventory data in	
accordance with paragraph 2 of this	accordance with paragraph 2 of this	
Article by 15 April each year. The	Article by 15 April each year. The	
Commission shall, in cooperation with	Commission shall, in cooperation with	
the Member States, annually compile a	the Member States, annually compile a	
Union greenhouse gas inventory and	Union greenhouse gas inventory and	
prepare a Union greenhouse gas	prepare a Union greenhouse gas	
inventory report and shall submit them	inventory report and shall submit them	
to the UNFCCC Secretariat by 15	to the UNFCCC Secretariat by 15	
April each year.	April each year.	
4. Member States shall report to	4. Member States shall report to	
the Commission the preliminary and	the Commission the preliminary and	
the final national inventory data, by 15	the final national inventory data, by 15	
January and 15 March respectively in	January and 15 March respectively in	
the years 2027 and 2032, prepared for	the years 2027 and 2032, prepared for	
their LULUCF accounts for the	their LULUCF accounts for the	
purpose of the compliance reports in	purpose of the compliance reports in	
accordance with Article 12 of	accordance with Article 12 of	
Regulation [] [LULUCF].	Regulation [] [LULUCF].	
	[] 44	
5. The Commission is empowered	5. The Commission is empowered	Note: text provisionally agreed at
to adopt delegated acts in accordance	to adopt delegated acts in accordance	technical level
with Article 36 to:	with Article 36 to:	

⁴⁴

Note: para 4bis was moved to the new Section 2bis, Art. 23bis.

		1
(a) amend Part 2 of Annex III by	(a) amend Part 2 of Annex III by	
adding or deleting substances in the list	adding or deleting substances in the list	
of greenhouse gases;	of greenhouse gases, in accordance	
	with relevant decisions adopted by	
	the bodies of the UNFCCC or Paris	
	Agreement;	
(b) supplement this Regulation by	(b) supplement this Regulation by	
adopting values for global warming	adopting values for global warming	
potentials and specifying the inventory	potentials and specifying the inventory	
guidelines applicable in accordance	guidelines applicable in accordance	
with relevant decisions adopted by the	with relevant decisions adopted by the	
bodies of the UNFCCC or Paris	bodies of the UNFCCC or Paris	
Agreement.	Agreement.	
6. The Commission shall adopt	6. The Commission, assisted by	
implementing acts to set out the	the Climate Change Committee	
structure, technical details, format and	referred to in Article 37(1)(b), shall	
processes for the Member States'	adopt implementing acts to set out the	
submission of approximated	structure, technical details, format and	
greenhouse gas inventories pursuant to	processes for the Member States'	
paragraph 1, greenhouse gas	submission of approximated	
inventories pursuant to paragraph 2	greenhouse gas inventories pursuant to	
and accounted greenhouse gas	paragraph 1, greenhouse gas	
emissions and removals in accordance	inventories pursuant to paragraph 2	
with Articles 5 and 12 of Regulation []	and accounted greenhouse gas	
[LULUCF]. When proposing such	emissions and removals in accordance	
implementing acts the Commission	with Articles 5 and 12 of Regulation []	
shall take into account the UNFCCC or	[LULUCF]. When proposing such	
Paris Agreement timetables for the	implementing acts the Commission	
monitoring and reporting of that	shall take into account the UNFCCC or	
information and the relevant decisions	Paris Agreement timetables for the	
adopted by the bodies of the UNFCCC	monitoring and reporting of that	
or Paris Agreement in order to ensure	information and the relevant decisions	
compliance by the Union with its	adopted by the bodies of the UNFCCC	
reporting obligations as a Party to the	or Paris Agreement in order to ensure	
UNFCCC and the Paris Agreement.	compliance by the Union with its	

Those implementing acts shall also specify the timescales for cooperation and coordination between the Commission and the Member States in preparing the Union greenhouse gas inventory report. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure	reporting obligations as a Party to the UNFCCC and the Paris Agreement. Those implementing acts shall also specify the timescales for cooperation and coordination between the Commission and the Member States in preparing the Union greenhouse gas inventory report. Those implementing			
referred to in Article 37(3).	acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 37(3).			
	SECTION 2BIS REPORTING ON THE 2020 TARGETS			
	Article 23 bis Reporting on the 2020 targets			
	By 30 April 2022, Member States shall report to the Commission on the achievement of the 2020 energy efficiency national targets by providing the information set out in Part 2 of Annex VII of this Regulation, and of the national overall targets for the share of energy from renewable sources in 2020 as set out in Directive 2009/28/EC as in force on 31 December 2020 by providing the following information: (a) the sectoral (electricity,			
	(a) the sectoral (electricity, heating and cooling, and transport) and overall shares of energy from renewable sources in 2020;			

		(b) the measures taken to achieve		
		the 2020 national renewable energy		
		targets, including measures related		
		to support schemes, guarantees of		
		origin and simplification of		
		administrative procedures;		
		(c) the share of energy from		
		biofuels and bioliquids produced		
		from cereal and other starch-rich		
		crops, sugars and oil crops in energy		
		consumption in transport;		
		(d) the share of energy from		
		biofuels produced from feedstocks		
		and of other fuels listed in part A of		
		Annex IX of Directive 2009/28/EC as		
		in force on 31 December 2020 in		
		energy consumption in transport.		
SECTION 3				
REPORTING PLATFORM				
	Article 24 Text of this Article provisionally agreed at technical level			
	AM 162			
E-reporting platform	E-platform	E-reporting platform	E-platform	
1. The Commission shall establish	1. As a means of ensuring cost-	1. The Commission shall establish	1. The Commission shall establish	
an online reporting platform to	efficiency, the Commission shall	an online reporting platform to	an online [] platform to facilitate	
facilitate communication between the	establish <i>a public online</i> platform to	facilitate communication between the	communication between the	
Commission and Member States and	facilitate communication between the	Commission and Member States and	Commission and Member States, to []	
promote cooperation among Member	Commission and Member States,	promote cooperation among Member	promote cooperation among Member	
States.	promote cooperation among Member	States.	States and to [] facilitate public	
	States and facilitate public access to		access to information.	
	information.			

2. Member States shall use the online platform for the purposes of submitting to the Commission the reports referred to in this Chapter once the platform becomes operational.	2. Member States shall use the online platform for the purposes of submitting to the Commission the reports referred to in this Chapter once the platform becomes operational. Member States shall make available these reports to the public.	2. Member States shall use the online platform for the purposes of submitting to the Commission the reports referred to in this Chapter once the platform becomes operational.	2. Member States shall use the online platform for the purposes of submitting to the Commission the reports referred to in this Chapter once the platform becomes operational.
	2a. The Commission shall use the e-platform to facilitate public online access to the draft and final integrated national energy and climate plans and national long-term climate and energy referred to in Articles 3, 9 and 14.		2a. [] The e-platform shall become operational [] by 1 January 2020. The Commission shall use the e-platform to facilitate public online access to the reports referred to in this Chapter, the final integrated national energy and climate plans, the updates thereof, and the long-term low emission strategies referred to in Article 14, taking into account commercially sensitive data and the need to comply with data protection rules. Note: see also new recital 30bis

CHAPTER 5 AGGREGATE ASSESSMENT OF PROGRESS AND POLICY RESPONSE TO ENSURE UNION TARGETS ACHIEVEMENT — COMMISSION MONITORING

Article 25 Assessment of progress

1. By 31 October 2021 and every
second year thereafter, the
Commission shall assess, in particular
on the basis of the integrated national
energy and climate progress reports, of
other information reported under this
Regulation, of the indicators and of
European statistics where available:
•

- AM 163
 1. By 31 October 2021 and every second year thereafter the Commission shall assess, in particular on the basis of the integrated national energy and climate progress reports, of other information reported under this Regulation, of data from the European Environment Agency and of the indicators and of European statistics where available:
- 1. By 31 October 2021 and every second year thereafter, the Commission shall assess, in particular on the basis of the integrated national energy and climate progress reports, of other information reported under this Regulation, of the indicators and of European statistics where available:
- Maintain Council GA

Maintain Council GA

- (a) the progress made at Union level towards meeting the objectives of the Energy Union, including for the first ten-year period the Union's 2030 targets for energy and climate, notably in view of avoiding any gaps to the Union's 2030 targets for renewable energy and energy efficiency;
- AM 164
 (a) the progress made at Union level towards meeting the objectives of the Energy Union, including for the first ten-year period the Union's 2030 targets for energy and climate, notably in view of avoiding any gaps to the Union's 2030 targets for renewable energy and energy efficiency and in view of the revised Union climate and energy action as appropriate, as outlined in Article 38;
- (a) the progress made at Union level towards meeting the objectives of the Energy Union, including for the first ten-year period the Union's 2030 targets for energy and climate, notably in view of avoiding any gaps to the Union's 2030 targets for renewable energy and energy efficiency;

8536/18 AT/st 162 ANNEX DG E 2B F N

	AM 165 Article 25 – para 1 – point a a (new) (aa) the progress made at Union level towards diversifying its energy sources and suppliers, contributing to a fully functioning and resilient Energy Union based on security of supply, solidarity and trust;		Maintain Council GA
	AM 166		Maintain Council GA
(b) the progress made by each	(b) the progress made by each	(b) the progress made by each	
Member State towards meeting its	Member State towards meeting its	Member State towards meeting its	
targets, objectives and contributions	targets and objectives and	targets, objectives and contributions	
and implementing the policies and	implementing the policies and	and implementing the policies and	
measures set out in its integrated	measures set out in its integrated	measures set out in its integrated	
national energy and climate plan;	national energy and climate plan;	national energy and climate plan;	
(c) the overall impact of aviation on		(c) the overall impact of aviation on	
the global climate including through		the global climate including through	
non-CO2 emissions or effects, based		non-CO ₂ emissions or effects, based on	
on the emission data provided by		the emission data provided by Member	
Member States pursuant to Article 23,		States pursuant to Article 23, and	
and improve that assessment by		improve that assessment by reference	
reference to scientific advancements		to scientific advancements and air	
and air traffic data, as appropriate.		traffic data, as appropriate.	

Article 25(1)(ca)			
AM 167 Article 25 – para 1 – point c a (new) (ca) the overall impact of the policies and measures of integrated national plans on the operation of the Union climate and energy policy measures, with a view to revising the Union nationally determined contribution and increasing ambition in line with Paris Agreement commitments;	Maintain Council GA		
AM 168 Article 25 – para 1 – point c b (new) (cb) the overall impact of the policies and measures of integrated national plans on the operation of the EU ETS;	Accept with changes (cb) the overall impact of the policies and measures included in the integrated national plans on the operation of the EU ETS and on the supply-demand balance of allowances in the European carbon market; Note: see Annex I Part 1 Section A point 3.1.3(i)		
AM 169 Article 25 – para 1 – point c c (new) (cc) the accuracy of Member State estimates of the effect of national level overlapping policies and measures on the supply-demand balance of the EU ETS, or, in absence of such estimates, conduct its own assessment of the same impact;	Maintain Council GA Note: see Annex I Part 1 Section A point 3.1.3(i)		

2. In the area of renewable energy, as part of its assessment referred to in paragraph 1, the Commission shall assess the progress made in the share of energy from renewable sources in the Union's gross final consumption on the basis of a linear trajectory starting from 20% in 2020 and reaching at least 27% in 2030 as referred to in Article 4(a)(2)(i).	AM 170 Article 25 – para 1 a (new) Ia. The Commission shall announce in advance the indicators that it intends to use to make such assessments. AM 171 2. In the area of renewable energy, as part of its assessment referred to in paragraph 1, the Commission shall assess the progress made in the share of energy from renewable sources in the Union's gross final consumption on the basis of a binding linear trajectory starting from 20% in 2020 and reaching at least 35% in 2030 as referred to in Article 4(a)(2)(ic).	2. In the area of renewable energy, as part of its assessment referred to in paragraph 1, the Commission shall assess the progress made in the share of energy from renewable sources in the Union's gross final consumption on the basis of an indicative [] trajectory that starts from 20% in 2020, reaches reference points of at least 24% [] in 2023, [] 40% in 2025 and 60% in 2027 of the total increase in the share of energy from renewable sources between the Union's 2020 renewable energy target and the Union's 2030 renewable energy target of at least 27% in 2030 [].	(p.m. level of EU 2030 target to be negotiated in RED) 2. In the area of renewable energy, as part of its assessment referred to in paragraph 1, the Commission shall assess the progress made in the share of energy from renewable sources in the Union's gross final consumption on the basis of an indicative Union [] trajectory that starts from 20% in 2020, reaches reference points of at least 16% [] in 2022, [] 40% in 2025 and 60% in 2027 of the total increase in the share of energy from renewable sources between the Union's 2020 renewable energy target and the Union's 2030 renewable energy target, and reaches the Union's 2030 renewable energy target of at least 27% in 2030 [].
3. In the area of energy efficiency, as part of its assessment referred to in paragraph 1, the Commission shall assess progress towards collectively achieving a maximum energy consumption at Union level of 1 321 Mtoe of primary energy consumption and 987 Mtoe of final energy consumption in 2030 as referred to in Article 6(1)(a).	AM 172 In the area of energy efficiency, as part of its assessment referred to in paragraph 1, the Commission shall assess progress towards collectively achieving a maximum energy consumption at Union level of 1 132 Mtoe of primary energy consumption and 849 Mtoe of final energy consumption in 2030 as referred to in Article 6(1)(a).	3. In the area of energy efficiency, as part of its assessment referred to in paragraph 1, the Commission shall assess progress towards collectively achieving a maximum energy consumption at Union level of 1 321 Mtoe of primary energy consumption and 987 Mtoe of final energy consumption in 2030 as referred to in Article 6(1)(a);	Maintain Council GA (p.m. level of EU 2030 target to be negotiated in EED)

In carrying out its assessment, the		In carrying out its assessment, the	
Commission shall take the following		Commission shall take the following	
steps:		steps:	
	Article	25(3)(a)	
	AM 173		Maintain Council GA
(a) consider whether the Union's	(a) assess whether individual	(a) consider whether the Union's	
milestone of no more than 1483 Mtoe	Member States are on track to meet	milestone of no more than 1483 Mtoe	
of primary energy and no more than	their national binding target and	of primary energy and no more than	
1086 Mtoe of final energy in 2020 is	whether the Union's <i>target</i> of no more	1086 Mtoe of final energy in 2020 is	
achieved;	than 1483 Mtoe of primary energy and	achieved;	
	no more than 1086 Mtoe of final		
	energy in 2020 is achieved;		
(b) assess whether Member States'	-	(b) assess whether Member States'	
progress indicates that the Union as a		progress indicates that the Union as a	
whole is on track towards the level of		whole is on track towards the level of	
energy consumption in 2030 as		energy consumption in 2030 as	
referred to in the first subparagraph,		referred to in the first subparagraph,	
taking into account the assessment of		taking into account the assessment of	
information provided by Member		information provided by Member	
States in their integrated national		States in their integrated national	
energy and climate progress reports;		energy and climate progress reports;	
(c) use results from modelling		(c) use results from modelling	
exercises in relation to future trends in		exercises in relation to future trends in	
energy consumption at Union level and		energy consumption at Union level and	
national level and use other		national level and use other	
complementary analysis.		complementary analysis.	
		(d) take due account of relevant	
		circumstances affecting primary and	
		final energy consumption indicated	
		by the Member States in their	
		national energy and climate plans, in	
		line with Article 6(2).	

	3bis. In the area of the internal
	energy market, as part of its
	assessment referred to in paragraph
	1, the Commission shall assess the
	progress made towards the level of
	electricity interconnectivity that the
	Member State aims for in 2030.
4. By 31 October 2021 and every	4. By 31 October 2021 and every
year thereafter, the Commission shall	year thereafter, the Commission shall
assess, in particular on the basis of the	assess, in particular on the basis of the
information reported pursuant to this	information reported pursuant to this
Regulation, whether the Union and its	Regulation, whether the Union and its
Member States have made sufficient	Member States have made sufficient
progress towards meeting the	progress towards meeting the
following points:	following points: 45
(a) commitments under Article 4 of	(a) commitments under Article 4 of
the UNFCCC and Article 3 of the Paris	the UNFCCC and Article 3 of the Paris
Agreement as set out in decisions	Agreement as set out in decisions
adopted by the Conference of the	adopted by the Conference of the
Parties to the UNFCCC, or by the	Parties to the UNFCCC, or by the
Conference of the Parties to the	Conference of the Parties to the
UNFCCC serving as the meeting of the	UNFCCC serving as the meeting of the
Parties to the Paris Agreement;	Parties to the Paris Agreement;
(b) obligations set out in Article 4 of	(b) obligations set out in Article 4 of
Regulation [] [ESR] and Article 4 of	Regulation [] [ESR] and Article 4 of
Regulation [] [LULUCF];	Regulation [] [LULUCF];
(c) the objectives set in the	(c) the objectives set in the
integrated national energy and climate	integrated national energy and climate
plan in view of achieving the Energy	plan in view of achieving the Energy
Union objectives and for the first ten-	Union objectives and for the first ten-
year period in view of fulfilling the	year period in view of fulfilling the
2030 targets for energy and climate.	2030 targets for energy and climate.

45

Explanatory note: corresponds to Article 21 MMR.

5. By 31 October 2019 and every	AM 174	5. By 31 October 2019 and every	[]
four years thereafter, the Commission	deleted	four years thereafter, the Commission	
shall assess the implementation of		shall assess the implementation of	Note: provision moved to Art. 29(2)(l
Directive 2009/31/EC.		Directive 2009/31/EC.	
			Note: text provisionally agreed at technical level
6. In its assessment the		6. In its assessment the	
Commission should take into		Commission should take into	
consideration the latest country-		consideration the latest country-	
specific recommendations issued in the		specific recommendations issued in the	
context of the European Semester.		context of the European Semester.	
7. The Commission shall report on		7. The Commission shall report on	
its assessment according to this Article		its assessment according to this Article	
as part of the State of the Energy		as part of the State of the Energy	
Union report referred to in Article 29.		Union report referred to in Article 29.	
-	AMs 175	3 and 307	
	Artic	ele 26	
Follow-up in case of inc	onsistencies with overarching Energy U	nion objectives and targets under the E	ffort Sharing Regulation
Based on the assessment	Based on the assessment	Based on the assessment pursuant to	Maintain Council GA
pursuant to Article 25, the Commission	pursuant to Article 25, the Commission	Article 25, the Commission shall issue	
shall issue recommendations to a	shall issue recommendations to a	recommendations to a Member State	
Member State pursuant to Article 28 if	Member State pursuant to Article 28 if	pursuant to Article 28 if policy	
policy developments in that Member	policy developments in that Member	developments in that Member State	
State show inconsistencies with the	State show inconsistencies with the	show inconsistencies with the	
overarching objectives of the Energy	overarching objectives of the Energy	overarching objectives of the Energy	
Union.	Union and with the Union's long-term	Union.	
	greenhouse gas reductions targets.		

	1a. A Member State that intends to use the flexibility pursuant to Article 7 of Regulation (EU)/ [Effort Sharing] shall include in the plan pursuant to Article 3 of this Regulation the level of intended use and the planned policies and measures to exceed the requirements under Article 4 of Regulation (EU)/ [LULUCF] for the period from 2021 to 2030 to the level necessary.	1a. A Member State that intends to use the flexibility pursuant to Article 7 of Regulation (EU)/ [Effort Sharing] shall, as this information becomes available, include in the plan pursuant to Article 3 of this Regulation the level of intended use and the planned policies and measures to [] meet the requirements under Article 4 of Regulation (EU)/ [LULUCF] for the period from 2021 to 2030 []. Note: acceptable under the condition that the EP will drop its position on para 2, 2a and 2c; para 2b is incorporated in Art. 14
2. The Commission may issue opinions on the action plans submitted by Member States according to Article 8(1) of Regulation [] [ESR].	2. The Commission may issue opinions on the action plans submitted by Member States according to Article <i>7 and Article</i> 8(1) of Regulation [] [ESR].	Maintain Council GA Note: text provisionally agreed at technical level (i.e. EP could drop its amendment)

2a. The Commission may	Maintain Council GA
temporarily suspend the possibility of	
a Member State to transfer annual	Note: text provisionally agreed at
emission allocations to other Member	technical level (i.e. EP could drop its
States.	amendment)
2b. Given the high global warming	Maintain Council GA
potential and relatively short	
atmospheric lifetime of methane, the	(cf. AM 42)
Commission shall analyse the	
implications for policies and	Note: see compromise proposal in Art.
measures of adopting a 20-year time	14(2bis)
horizon for methane. The	
Commission shall consider policy	
options for rapidly addressing	
methane emissions and come forward	
with a Union Methane Strategy,	
taking into account the circular	
economy objectives as appropriate,	
with a priority to energy and waste	
related methane emissions.	

2c.	The Commission shall report in	Maintain Council GA
2027	for the period from 2021 to	
2025,	and in 2032 for the period 2026	
to 203	30, on the Union's total	
emiss	ions and removals of	
green	house gases for each of the land	
accou	unting categories referred to in	
Artici	le 2 under Regulation (EU)/	
	UCFJ, calculated as the total	
	ted emissions and removals for	
	eriod minus the value obtained	
	ultiplying by five the Union's	
	ge annual reported emissions	
	emovals in the period 2000 to	
	On the basis of the findings of	
	eport, the Commission shall, as	
	ppriate, make proposals to ensure	
	tegrity of the Union's overall	
	greenhouse gas emission	
	tion target and its contribution	
to the	goals of the Paris Agreement.	

Article 27

Response to insufficient ambition of integrated national energy and climate plans and insufficient progress towards the Union's energy and climate targets and objectives

AM 309

Article 27 – para -1 (new)

-1. If, on the basis of the assessment of the draft integrated national energy and climate plans pursuant to Article 9, the Commission concludes that Member States' targets are insufficient for the collective achievement of the Union's 2030 binding overall targets for renewable energy sources and energy efficiency, it may request Member States whose targets it deems to be insufficient to increase their level of ambition in order to ensure the relevant level of collective ambition.

- If, on the basis of its assessment of the draft integrated national energy and climate plans pursuant to Article 9 or its assessment of the draft updates of the final plans pursuant to Article 13, the Commission concludes that the targets, objectives and contributions of the Member States are insufficient for the collective achievement of the Energy Union objectives and in particular, for the first ten-year period, for the Union's binding 2030 target for renewable energy, it may issue non-quantitative recommendations requesting [] **Member States whose contributions** it deems insufficient to increase their ambition in their draft integrated national energy and climate plans and their draft updates in order to ensure a sufficient level of collective ambition.
- If, on the basis of its assessment of the draft integrated national energy and climate plans pursuant to Article 9 or its assessment of the draft updates of the final plans pursuant to Article 13, the Commission concludes that the targets, objectives and contributions of the Member States are insufficient for the collective achievement of the Energy Union objectives and in particular, for the first ten-year period, for the Union's binding 2030 target for renewable energy [], it may issue [] recommendations [] to Member States whose contributions it deems insufficient to increase their ambition in their draft integrated national energy and climate plans and their draft updates in order to ensure a sufficient level of collective ambition.

AM 310

Article 27 – para -1 a (new)
-1a. In the area of renewable
energy, the Commission shall use the
circumstances listed in Article 5(1) as
the objective criteria for its
assessment referred to in Article
12. Member States with a target below
that resulting from applying the
formula set out in Annex Ia shall
increase their target accordingly.

In the area of renewable energy, the **Commission shall use the relevant** circumstances listed in Article 5 (1) (d) (i) - (v) as the objective criteria for its assessment, whilst having due regard to any relevant circumstances affecting renewable energy deployment as indicated by the Member State in accordance with Article 5(1)(d). The Commission, assisted by the Energy **Union Committee referred to in** Article 37(1)(a), shall adopt implementing acts to establish the relevant methodology in close consultation with Member States based on these objective criteria. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 37(3).

(Accepted in part, with changes, in Council GA text)

In the area of renewable energy, the Commission shall base its assessment on the formula set out in Annex Ia of [XXXX] which is based on [] the objective criteria [] listed in Article 5 (1) (d) (i) - (v) [], whilst having due regard to [] relevant circumstances affecting renewable energy deployment as indicated by the Member State in accordance with Article 5(1)(d). []*)

*) Note: text deleted and amended in view of the development of a compromise on a formula, which Council can agree to be negotiated in the context of the proposed Renewables Directive (cf. RED AM 270) but which Council considers should be placed in an Annex to this Regulation.

Article 27(1)

If, on the basis of its assessment of the integrated national energy and climate plans and their updates pursuant to Article 12, the Commission concludes that the targets, objectives and contributions of the national plans or their updates are insufficient for the collective achievement of the Energy Union objectives and, in particular, for the first ten-years period, for the Union's 2030 targets for renewable energy and energy efficiency, it shall take measures at Union level in order to ensure the collective achievement of those objectives and targets. With regard to renewable energy, such measures shall take into consideration the level of ambition of contributions to the Union's 2030 target by Member States set out in the national plans and their updates.

1. If, on the basis of its assessment of the integrated national energy and climate plans pursuant to Article 12, the Commission concludes that the targets *and* objectives of the national plans are insufficient, it shall take measures at Union level in order to ensure the achievement of those objectives and targets.

AM 176

With regard to renewable energy, without prejudice to other measures, Member States' national 2030 target shall be revised pursuant to Article 3(2) and Annex Ia to Directive (EU) .../... [RED recast] by 31 December 2020.

1bis. If, on the basis of its assessment of the integrated national energy and climate plans and their updates pursuant to Article 12, the Commission concludes that the targets, objectives and contributions of the national plans or their updates are insufficient for the collective achievement of the Energy Union objectives and, in particular, for the first ten-years period, for the Union's 2030 targets for renewable energy and energy efficiency, it shall propose [] measures and make use of relevant empowerments at Union level in order to ensure the collective achievement of those objectives and targets. With regard to renewable energy such measures shall take into consideration the level of ambition of contributions to the Union's 2030 target by Member States set out in the national plans and their updates.

Maintain Council GA

AM 177 Maintain Council GA If on the basis of its assessment If, on the basis of its assessment If, on the basis of its assessment pursuant to Article 25(1)(b), the pursuant to Article 25(1)(b), the pursuant to Article 25(1)(b), the Commission concludes that Commission concludes that Commission concludes that insufficient progress is made by a insufficient progress is made by a insufficient progress is made by a Member State towards meeting the Member State towards meeting their Member State towards meeting the targets, objectives and contributions or trajectories, targets and objectives or targets, objectives and contributions or implementing the policies and implementing the policies and implementing the policies and measures set out in its integrated measures set out its integrated national measures set out in its integrated national climate and energy plan, it climate and energy plan, it shall issue national climate and energy plan, it shall issue recommendations to the recommendations to the Member State shall issue recommendations to the Member State concerned pursuant to concerned pursuant to Article 28. Member State concerned pursuant to Article 28. In issuing such Article 28 recommendations, the Commission shall take into consideration ambitious early efforts by Member States to contribute to the Union's 2030 target for renewable energy. **2bis.** In issuing the [] **2bis.** In issuing the [] recommendations in the area of recommendations in the area of renewable energy, the Commission renewable energy according to shall take into consideration the paragraph 2, the Commission shall relevant circumstances as referred take into consideration the relevant to in Article 5 (1) (d). The circumstances as referred to in Commission shall also take into Article 5 (1) (d). The Commission consideration renewable energy shall also take into consideration projects for which a final investment renewable energy projects for which decision has been taken or that have a final investment decision has been been awarded support under the taken or that have been awarded relevant support scheme, provided support under the relevant support scheme, provided that these projects that these projects will become operational in the period 2021-2030 will become operational in the and will have a significant impact on period 2021-2030 and will have a a Member State's national significant impact on a Member contribution. State's national contributribution.

Article 27(3)

If, on the basis of its aggregate assessment of Member States' integrated national energy and climate progress reports pursuant to Article 25(1)(a), and supported by other information sources, as appropriate, the Commission concludes that the Union is at risk of not meeting the objectives of the Energy Union and, in particular, for the first ten-years period, the targets of the Union's 2030 Framework for Climate and Energy, it may issue recommendations to all Member States pursuant to Article 28 to mitigate such risk. The Commission shall, as appropriate, take measures at Union level in addition to the recommendations in order to ensure, in particular, the achievement of the Union's 2030 targets for renewable energy and energy efficiency. With regard to renewable energy, such measures shall take into consideration ambitious early efforts by Member States to contribute to the Union's 2030 target.

AM 178 If, on the basis of its assessment of Member States' integrated national energy and climate progress reports or supported by other information sources, as appropriate, pursuant to *Article 25* the Commission concludes that the Union is at risk of not meeting the objectives of the Energy Union and, in particular, for the first ten-years period, the targets of the Union's 2030 Framework for Climate and Energy, it shall issue recommendations to all Member States pursuant to Article 28 to mitigate such risk. *In issuing such* recommendations, the Commission shall take into consideration the Member State's level of ambition to the Union's 2030 targets. The Commission shall, as appropriate, take measures at Union level in addition to the recommendations in order to ensure in particular the achievement of the Union's 2030 targets for renewable energy and energy efficiency. Such measures shall take into consideration ambitious early efforts, in particular those from 2021 onwards by Member States to contribute to the Union's 2030 targets, the level of compliance by Member States with their national targets and trajectories as well as any contribution to the financial platform pursuant to paragraph 4(c).

If, on the basis of its aggregate assessment of Member States' integrated national energy and climate progress reports pursuant to Article 25(1)(a), and supported by other information sources, as appropriate, the Commission concludes that the Union is at risk of not meeting the objectives of the Energy Union and, in particular, for the first ten-years period, the targets of the Union's 2030 Framework for Climate and Energy, it may issue recommendations to all Member States pursuant to Article 28 to mitigate such risk. The Commission shall, as appropriate, [] propose measures and make use of relevant empowerments at Union level in addition to the recommendations in order to ensure, in particular, the achievement of the Union's 2030 targets for renewable energy and energy efficiency. [] EU measures shall be taken only if the national measures foreseen in paragraph 4 are not sufficient to achieve the EU renewable energy targets.

Maintain Council GA

AM 179 Article 27 – para 3 – subparagraph 1	Accept
a (new)	
In the area of energy efficiency, such	
additional measures may in particular	
improve the energy efficiency of:	
(a) products, pursuant to Directives	Accept
2009/125/EC and 2010/30/EU;	
(b) buildings, pursuant to	Accept
Directives 2010/31/EU and	
2012/27/EU; and	
(c) transport.	Accept
AM 180	Maintain Council GA
Article 27 – paragraph 3 a (new)	
3a. If, on the basis of its assessment	
pursuant to Article 25(1)(a), the	
Commission concludes that an	
infrastructure project is potentially	
obstructing the development of a	
resilient Energy Union, the	
Commission shall issue a preliminary	
assessment of the project's	
compatibility with the long-term	
objectives of the internal energy	
market, in particular taking into	
account the long-term objective, and	
include recommendations to the	
Member State concerned pursuant to	
Article 28. Prior to issuing such an	
assessment, the Commission may	
consult other Member States.	

Article 27(4)

- 4. If, in the area of renewable energy, without prejudice to the measures at Union level set out in paragraph 3, the Commission concludes, based on its assessment pursuant to Article 25(1) and (2) in the year 2023, that the linear Union trajectory referred to in Article 25(2) is not collectively met, Member States shall ensure by the year 2024 that any emerging gap is covered by additional measures, such as:
- **AM 293** If, in the area of renewable energy, without prejudice to the measures at Union level set out in paragraph 3, the Commission concludes, based on its assessment pursuant to Article 25(1) and (2), that a Member State is not making sufficient progress to comply with its 2030 national target, in particular by not complying with its reference points in 2022, 2025 and 2027 as set out in Annex Ia, the Member State concerned shall ensure that any emerging gap with its trajectory is covered within one year by additional measures, such as:
- If, in the area of renewable energy [] the Commission concludes. based on its assessment carried out by 2025, [] 2027 and 2029 pursuant to Article 25(1) and (2) [], that the reference points of the [] indicative Union trajectory referred to in Article 25(2) [] were not collectively met in 2023, [] 2025 and 2027, Member States [] that have fallen below their national reference points as referred to Article 4(a)(2)(i) in 2023, [] 2025 or 2027 [] shall ensure by the year 2026, [] 2028 and 2030, respectively, that [] the gap compared to their indicative Union trajectory in 2023, [**| 2025 or 2027 [] is covered [] [] by** implementing additional measures [] such as:
- Note: text aligned with the three reference points as reflected in Art. 4(a)(2)(i)
- If, in the area of renewable energy the Commission concludes, based on its assessment [] pursuant to Article 25(1) and (2), that the reference points of the indicative Union trajectory referred to in Article 25(2) were not collectively met in 2022, 2025 and 2027, Member States that have fallen below their national reference points as referred to Article 4(a)(2)(i) in 2022, 2025 or 2027 shall ensure by the year 2025, 2028 and 2030, respectively, that the gap compared to their indicative [] trajectory in 2022, 2025 or 2027 is covered by implementing additional measures, such as:

		(d) [] national measures to increase deployment of renewable energy;	
		Note: moved up by Council	
(a) adjusting the share of renewable energy in the heating and cooling sector set out in Article 23(1) of [recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by COM(2016) 767]; (b) adjusting the share of renewable		(a) adjusting the share of renewable energy in the heating and cooling sector set out in Article 23(1) of [recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by COM(2016) 767]; (b) adjusting the share of renewable	
energy in the transport sector set out in		energy in the transport sector set out in	
Article 25(1) of [recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by		Article 25(1) of [recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by	
COM(2016) 767];		COM(2016) 767];	
	AM 182 Article 27 – para 4 – point b a (new) (ba) action to promote a higher share of electricity generated by renewable energy based on the		To be discussed with EP (EP to provide explanations)
	criteria in Article 4 of Directive (EU)/ [recast of Directive 2009/28/EC];A		

(c) making a financial contribution to a financing platform set up at Union level, contributing to renewable energy projects and managed directly or indirectly by the Commission;	AM 183 (c) making a <i>voluntary</i> financial contribution to a financing platform set up at Union level contributing to renewable energy projects, <i>in particular those having an Energy Union interest,</i> and managed directly or indirectly by the Commission;	(c) making a voluntary financial contribution to a financing mechanism [] set up at Union level, contributing to renewable energy projects and managed directly or indirectly by the Commission;	To be discussed with EP; Council proposes to maintain "financing mechanism" throughout the text. (EP to provide explanations: are "projects of common interest" - PCIs - meant?)
	AM 184 Article 27 – paragraph 4 – point c a (new) (ca) using cooperation mechanisms set out in Directive (EU)/ [recast of the RED];		Accept
(d) other measures to increase deployment of renewable energy.		Note: Council placed (d) before (a)	
Such measures shall take into account the level of ambition of early contributions to the Union's 2030 target for renewable energy by the Member State concerned.	AM 185 Such measures shall take into account the Member State's level of compliance with its national target and trajectory for renewable energy.	Such measures shall take into account the Commission's considerations as set out in paragraph 2bis []. Member States concerned may present these measures as part of the progress report referred in Article 15.	Maintain Council GA

Article 27(4)(d) (continued)			
	The Commission shall, as appropriate, take measures at Union level in addition to measures at national level in order to ensure the achievement of the Union's binding linear trajectory and the Union's 2030 binding target for renewable energy.	y (commuca)	Maintain Council GA
If a Member State does not maintain the baseline share of energy from renewable sources in its gross final consumption of energy set out in Article 3(3) of [recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by COM(2016) 767] from 2021 onwards, the Member State concerned shall ensure that any gap to the baseline share is covered by making a financial contribution to the financing platform referred to in point (c) of the first subparagraph. For the purposes of this subparagraph and point (c) of the first subparagraph, Member States may use their revenues from annual emission allowances under Directive 2003/87/EC.		4bis. From 1 January 2021 onwards, the share of energy from renewable sources in each Member State's gross final consumption of energy shall not be lower than a baseline share [] that is equal to its mandatory national overall target for the share of energy from renewable sources in 2020 set out in Article 3(3) of [recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by COM(2016) 767]. If a Member State does not maintain its baseline share as measured over a one-year period, the Member State concerned shall take, within one year, additional measures such as those as set out in points (a) to (d) of paragraph 4 sufficient to cover the gap within two years. Member States fulfilling the obligation to cover the gap to the baseline [] shall be deemed to be in compliance with the obligations set	

out in the first sentence of the first
subparagraph of paragraph 4bis and
in Article 3(3) of [recast of Directive
2009/28/EC as proposed by
COM(2016) 767] throughout the
period where the gap occurred.
For the purposes of [] point (c) of the
first subparagraph of paragraph 4,
Member States may use their revenues
from annual emission allowances
under Directive 2003/87/EC.
The financing mechanism referred
to in point 4(c) of this Article shall
tender support for new renewable
energy projects in or connected to
the Union. Such projects shall
respect the relevant law in force in
the hosting Member State. Member
States shall retain the right to decide
whether, and if so, under which
conditions, they allow installations
located on their territory to receive
support from the financing
mechanism. Support may be
provided inter alia in the form of a
<u> </u>
premium paid on top of market
prices, and support shall be
allocated to projects bidding for the
lowest cost or premium. Every year,
renewable energy generated by
installations financed by the
financing mechanism shall be
statistically attributed to the
participating Member States,
reflecting their relative financial
contribution.

Article 27(4ter)		
The Commission is empowered to	4ter. The Commission, assisted by	
adopt delegated acts in accordance	the Energy Union Committee	
with Article 36 to set out any necessary	referred to in Article 37(1)(a), []	
provisions for the establishment and	shall adopt implementing [] acts [] to	
functioning of the financing platform	set out [] the necessary provisions for	
referred to in point (c).	the establishment and functioning of	
	the financing mechanism [] referred to	
	in point 4(c), in particular:	
	- the methodology for the	
	calculation of the maximum level of	
	the premium for each tender;	
	- the tender design to be applied,	
	including conditions for delivery and	
	associated penalties;	
	- the methodology for calculating	
	the financial contributions of Member	
	States and the resulting (statistical)	
	benefits for the contributing	
	Member States ('distribution key');	
	- minimum requirements for	
	Member States' participation,	
	having regard to the need to ensure	
	both continuity of the mechanism by	
	means of a sufficient duration of the	
	Member State contribution, as well	
	as the maximum amount of	
	flexibility for Member States'	
	participation.	
	- provisions ensuring the	
	participation and/or approval of	
	hosting Member States, and where	
	necessary provisions relating to	
	additional system cost charges.	

5. If, in the area of energy efficiency, without prejudice to other	AM 186 5. If, in the area of energy efficiency, without prejudice to other	Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 37(3). 5. If, in the area of energy efficiency, without prejudice to other	Maintain Council GA
measures at Union level pursuant to paragraph 3, the Commission concludes, based on its assessment pursuant to Article 25(1) and (3), in the year 2023 that progress towards collectively achieving the Union's energy efficiency target mentioned in the first subparagraph of Article 25(3)	measures at Union level pursuant to paragraph 3, the Commission concludes, based on its assessment pursuant to Article 25(1) and (3), in the year 2023 and every two years thereafter that a Member State is not making sufficient progress to comply with its 2030 national binding target	measures at Union level pursuant to paragraph 3, the Commission concludes, based on its assessment pursuant to Article 25(1) and (3), in the year 2023 that progress towards collectively achieving the Union's energy efficiency target mentioned in the first subparagraph of Article 25(3)	
is insufficient, it shall take measures by the year 2024 in addition to those set out in Directive 2010/31/EU [version as amended in accordance with proposal COM(2016) 765] and Directive 2012/27/EU [version as amended in accordance with proposal COM(2016) 761] to ensure that the Union's binding 2030 energy efficiency targets are met. Such	and trajectory, the Member State concerned shall ensure by the year 2024 and every two years thereafter, respectively, that any emerging gap to its trajectory is covered by additional measures within one year.	is insufficient, it shall [] propose measures and make use of relevant empowerments at Union level by the year 2024 in addition to those set out in Directive 2010/31/EU [version as amended in accordance with proposal COM(2016) 765] and Directive 2012/27/EU [version as amended in accordance with proposal COM(2016) 761] to ensure that the Union's [] 2030	
additional measures may in particular improve the energy efficiency of: (a) products, pursuant to Directive 2010/30/EU and Directive 2009/125/EC;	(Deleted)	energy efficiency targets are met. Such additional measures may in particular improve the energy efficiency of: (a) products, pursuant to Directive 2010/30/EU and Directive 2009/125/EC;	Maintain Council GA

	Article 27(5)(b)			
(b) buildings, pursuant to Directive 2010/31/EU [version as amended in accordance with COM(2016) 765] and Directive 2012/27/EU [version as amended in accordance with COM(2016) 761];	(Deleted)	(b) buildings, pursuant to Directive 2010/31/EU [version as amended in accordance with COM(2016) 765] and Directive 2012/27/EU [version as amended in accordance with COM(2016) 761];	Maintain Council GA	
(c) transport.	(Deleted)	(c) transport.	Maintain Council GA	
(-/	AM 187 Article 27 – para 5 a (new) 5a. Each Member State concerned referred to in paragraph 4 or 5 shall detail the additional implemented, adopted and planned measures to cover the gap to comply with its 2030 national targets and trajectories as part of its following progress report referred to in Article 15.		Note: see also similar provision in Art. 13(6bis) of Council GA 5a. Each Member State concerned referred to in paragraph 4 or 5 shall detail the additional implemented, adopted and planned measures [] as part of its following progress report referred to in Article 15.	
		(6) If, in the area of interconnections, the Commission concludes, based on its assessment pursuant to Article 25(1) and (4), in the year 2025 that progress is insufficient, the Commission shall cooperate with concerned Member States by the year 2026 aiming at addressing the circumstances encountered.		

Article 28			
Commission recommendations to Member States			
1. The Commission shall as		1. The Commission shall as	
appropriate issue recommendations to		appropriate issue recommendations to	
Member States to ensure the		Member States to ensure the	
achievement of the objectives of the		achievement of the objectives of the	
Energy Union.		Energy Union. The Commission shall	
		make its recommendations publicly	
		available.	
2. Where reference in this		2. Where reference in this	
Regulation is made to this Article the		Regulation is made to this Article the	
following principles shall apply:		following principles shall apply:	
		(-a) the Commission shall take into	
		consideration substantial policy and	
		market developments;	
(a) the Member State concerned		(a) the Member State concerned	
shall take utmost account of the		shall take [] due account of the	
recommendation in a spirit of		recommendation in a spirit of	
solidarity between Member States and		solidarity between Member States and	
the Union and between Member States;		the Union and between Member States:	
the official did between Weinber States,		the chion and between Member States,	
	AM 188		(b) the Member State shall set out,
(b) the Member State shall set out,	(b) the Member State shall set out,	(b) the Member State shall set out,	in its integrated national energy and
in its integrated national energy and	in its integrated national energy and	in its integrated national energy and	climate progress report made in the
climate progress report made in the	climate progress report made in the	climate progress report made in the	year following the year the
year following the year the	year following the year the	year following the year the	recommendation was issued, how it
recommendation was issued, how it	recommendation was issued, how it	recommendation was issued, how it	has taken [] due account of the
has taken utmost account of the	has taken account of the	has taken [] due account of the	recommendation []. If the Member
recommendation and how it has	recommendation and how it has	recommendation [];	State concerned decides not to address
implemented or intends to implement	implemented or intends to implement		a recommendation or a substantial
it. It shall provide justifications where	it. It shall provide <i>reasons</i> where it		part thereof, that Member State shall
it deviates from it;	deviates from it.		provide a reasoning.
			Note: addition in line with
			compromise proposed in Art. 9 and 15

(c) the recommendations should be complementary to the latest country-specific recommendations issued in the context of the European Semester.	AM 189 (c) the recommendations should be complementary to the latest country-specific recommendations issued <i>pursuant to Article 9(2) and</i> in the context of the European Semester.	(c) the recommendations should be complementary to the latest country-specific recommendations issued in the context of the European Semester.	Maintain Council GA (p.m. there is no obligation for COM to issue recommendations pursuant to Art. 9(2))
	AM 190 Article 28 – para 2 a (new) 2a. The Commission shall make the recommendations to all the Member States public forthwith.		Accepted in Council GA text in paragraph 1 above
Article 29 State of the Energy Union report			
 By 31 October every year, the Commission shall submit to the European Parliament and to the Council a State of the Energy Union report. The State of the Energy Union report shall include, inter alia, the following elements: (a) the assessment carried out pursuant to Article 25; (b) where appropriate, recommendations pursuant to Article 28; 		 By 31 October every year, the Commission shall submit to the European Parliament and to the Council a State of the Energy Union report. The State of the Energy Union report shall include, inter alia, the following elements: (a) the assessment carried out pursuant to Article 25; (b) where appropriate, recommendations pursuant to Article 28; 	1. By 31 October every year, the Commission shall submit to the European Parliament and to the Council a State of the Energy Union report. []

(c) functioning of the carbon market	(c) functioning of the carbon market	
referred to in Article 10(5) of Directive	referred to in Article 10(5) of Directive	
2003/87/EC, including information on	2003/87/EC, including information on	
the application of Directive	the application of Directive	
2003/87/EC referred to in Article 21(2)	2003/87/EC referred to in Article 21(2)	
of the same Directive;	of the same Directive;	
(d) biennially, a report on Union	(d) biennially, from 2023 , a report	(d) biennially, [] a report on Union
bioenergy sustainability, containing the	on Union bioenergy sustainability,	bioenergy sustainability, containing the
information specified in Annex VIII;	containing the information specified in	information specified in Annex VIII;
	Annex VIII;	
(e) biennially, a report on voluntary	(e) biennially, a report on voluntary	
schemes in respect of which the	schemes in respect of which the	
Commission has adopted a decision	Commission has adopted a decision	
according to Article 27(4) of [recast of	according to Article 27(4) of [recast of	
Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by	Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by	
COM(2016) 767], containing the	COM(2016) 767], containing the	
information specified in Annex IX to	information specified in Annex IX to	
this Regulation;	this Regulation;	
(f) an overall progress report on the	(f) an overall progress report on the	
application of [recast of Directive	application of [recast of Directive	
2009/72/EC as proposed by	2009/72/EC as proposed by	
COM(2016) 864] pursuant to Article	COM(2016) 864] pursuant to Article	
69 of that Directive;	69 of that Directive;	
(g) an overall progress report on the	(g) an overall progress report on the	
application of Directive 2009/73/EC	application of Directive 2009/73/EC	
pursuant to Article 52 of that	pursuant to Article 52 of that	
Directive;	Directive;	
(h) an overall progress report on	(h) an overall progress report on	
energy efficiency obligation schemes	energy efficiency obligation schemes	
as referred to in Article 7a of	as referred to in Articles 7a and 7b of	
Directive 2012/27/EU [version as	Directive 2012/27/EU [version as	
amended in accordance with	amended in accordance with	
COM(2016) 761];	COM(2016) 761];	

(i) an overall progress report on		(i) an overall progress report on	
Member States' progress in creating a		Member States' progress in creating a	
complete and operational energy		complete and operational energy	
market;		market;	
	Article	29(2)(j)	
(j) actual fuel quality in the different Member States and geographical coverage of fuels with a maximum sulphur content of 10 mg/kg, aiming to provide an overview of the fuels quality data in the different Member States as reported pursuant to Directive 98/70/EC;		(j) actual fuel quality in the different Member States and geographical coverage of fuels with a maximum sulphur content of 10 mg/kg, aiming to provide an overview of the fuels quality data in the different Member States as reported pursuant to Directive 98/70/EC;	
	AM 191 Article 29 – para 2 – point j a (new) (ja) an overall assessment of the progress towards the full integration of the energy efficiency first principle and fair treatment for energy consumers;		Maintain Council GA (cf. AM 54)
	AM 192 Article 29 – para 2 – point j b (new) (jb) a progress report on competitiveness;		Accept
	AM 193 (jc) Member States' progress towards phasing out direct and indirect fossil fuel subsidies by 2020;		(jc) Member States' progress towards phasing out [] fossil fuel subsidies []; Note: cf. EP Amendment on fossil
			fuel subsidies' in AM 17, 156, 193, 248 and 258
(k) other issues of relevance to the		(k) other issues of relevance to the	
implementation of the Energy Union,		implementation of the Energy Union,	
including public and private support.		including public and private support.	

		Note: technical change and shift form Art. 25(5) to Art. 29 Note: text provisionally agreed at technical level
		(1) by 31 October 2019 and every four years thereafter, an assessment of the implementation of Directive 2009/31/EC.
(new) (ka) a financial assessment costs supported by the final cost of electricity based on indicate monitoring actual spending f	f the nsumer rs r the	Maintain Council GA
- V	Article 29bis	
The releva the govern to, and dis The Cound basis the p and the M of Energy	t stages during the cycle of nce system will be presented ussed by the Council. will address on an annual ogress achieved by the Union nber states on all dimension of Climate policies as laid	the European Parliament and the Council on the main stages achieved in the implementation of the integrated national energy and climate plans. The European Parliament and the Council shall address on an annual basis the progress achieved by the Union
	Article 29 – paragraph 2 – pol (new) (ka) a financial assessment of costs supported by the final confelectricity based on indicator monitoring actual spending for five dimensions of the Energy Political manual The relevant the governation, and discussis the profession of Energy and the Memory and the memo	Article 29 – paragraph 2 – point k a (new) (ka) a financial assessment of the costs supported by the final consumer of electricity based on indicators monitoring actual spending for the five dimensions of the Energy Union. Article 29bis Political monitoring of the governance The relevant stages during the cycle of the governance system will be presented to, and discussed by the Council. The Council will address on an annual basis the progress achieved by the Union and the Member states on all dimension of Energy and Climate policies as laid out in the national plans for Energy and

CHAPTER 6 NATIONAL AND UNION SYSTEMS ON GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS AND REMOVALS BY SINKS

Article 30

National and Union inventory systems

National and Union inventory systems			
		Article 30	
		National and Union inventory	
		systems	
1. By 1 January 2021, Member	AM 195	1. By 1 January 2021, Member	Maintain Council GA
States shall establish, operate and seek	1. By 1 January 2021, Member	States shall establish, operate and seek	
to continuously improve national	States shall establish, operate and seek	to continuously improve national	Note: text provisionally agreed at
inventory systems to estimate	to continuously improve national	inventory systems to estimate	technical level (i.e. EP could drop its
anthropogenic emissions by sources	inventory systems in accordance with	anthropogenic emissions by sources	amendment)
and removals by sinks of greenhouse	UNFCCC requirements to estimate	and removals by sinks of greenhouse	
gases listed in Part 2 of Annex III to	anthropogenic emissions by sources	gases listed in Part 2 of Annex III to	
this Regulation and to ensure the	and removals by sinks of greenhouse	this Regulation and to ensure the	
timeliness, transparency, accuracy,	gases listed in Part 2 of Annex III to	timeliness, transparency, accuracy,	
consistency, comparability and	this Regulation and to ensure the	consistency, comparability and	
completeness of their greenhouse gas inventories.	timeliness, transparency, accuracy,	completeness of their greenhouse gas inventories.	
inventories.	consistency, comparability and completeness of their greenhouse gas	inventories.	
	inventories.		
2. Member States shall ensure that	inventories.	2. Member States shall ensure that	
their competent inventory authorities		their competent inventory authorities	
have access to the information		have access to the information	
specified in Annex X to this		specified in Annex X to this	
Regulation, make use of reporting		Regulation, make use of reporting	
systems established pursuant to Article		systems established pursuant to Article	
20 of Regulation (EU) No 517/2014 to		20 of Regulation (EU) No 517/2014 to	
improve the estimate of fluorinated		improve the estimate of fluorinated	
gases in the national greenhouse gas		gases in the national greenhouse gas	
inventories and are able to undertake		inventories and are able to undertake	
the annual consistency checks referred		the annual consistency checks referred	
to in points (i) and (j) of Part 1 of		to in points (i) and (j) of Part 1 of	
Annex III to this Regulation.		Annex III to this Regulation.	

3. A Union inventory system to	3. A Union inventory system to
ensure the timeliness, transparency,	ensure the timeliness, transparency,
accuracy, consistency, comparability	accuracy, consistency, comparability
and completeness of national	and completeness of national
inventories with regard to the Union	inventories with regard to the Union
greenhouse gas inventory is hereby	greenhouse gas inventory is hereby
established. The Commission shall	established. The Commission shall
manage, maintain and seek to	manage, maintain and seek to
continuously improve that system	continuously improve that system
which shall include the setting of a	which shall include the setting of a
quality assurance and quality control	quality assurance and quality control
programme, setting quality objectives	programme, setting quality objectives
and drafting an inventory quality	and drafting an inventory quality
assurance and quality control plan,	assurance and quality control plan,
procedures for completing emission	procedures for completing emission
estimates to compile the Union	estimates to compile the Union
inventory pursuant to paragraph 5 of	inventory pursuant to paragraph 5 of
this Article and the reviews referred to	this Article and the reviews referred to
in Article 31.	in Article 31.
4. The Commission shall perform	4. The Commission shall perform
an initial check of the accuracy of the	an initial check of the accuracy of the
preliminary greenhouse gas inventory	preliminary greenhouse gas inventory
data to be submitted by Member States	data to be submitted by Member States
pursuant to Article 23(2). It shall send	pursuant to Article 23(2). It shall send
the results of that check to Member	the results of that check to Member
States within six weeks of the	States within six weeks of the
submission deadline. Member States	submission deadline. Member States
shall respond to any relevant questions	shall respond to any relevant questions
raised by the initial check by 15	raised by the initial check by 15
March, together with the final	March, together with the final
inventory submission for the year X-2.	inventory submission for the year X-2.

Article 30(5)		
5. Where a Member State does not	5. Where a Member State does not	
submit the inventory data required to	submit the inventory data required to	
compile the Union inventory by 15	compile the Union inventory by 15	
March, the Commission may prepare	March, the Commission may prepare	
estimates to complete the data	estimates to complete the data	
submitted by the Member State, in	submitted by the Member State, in	
consultation and close cooperation	consultation and close cooperation	
with the Member State concerned. The	with the Member State concerned. The	
Commission shall use, for that	Commission shall use, for that	
purpose, the guidelines applicable for	purpose, the guidelines applicable for	
preparing the national greenhouse gas	preparing the national greenhouse gas	
inventories.	inventories.	
6. The Commission is empowered	6. The Commission, assisted by <i>Note: to be discussed under</i>	
to adopt delegated acts in accordance	the Climate Change Committee "'delegation of powers"	
with Article 36 in order to set out rules	referred to in Article 37(1), shall []	
on the content, structure, format and	adopt [] implementing acts [] in The EP is opposed to the changes	in
submission process of the information	order to set out rules on the content, the Council GA	
relating to national inventory systems	structure, format and submission	
and requirements on the establishment,	process of the information relating to	
operation and functioning of national	national inventory systems and	
and Union inventory systems. In the	requirements on the establishment,	
preparation of such acts, the	operation and functioning of national [
Commission shall take into account] inventory systems. Those	
any relevant decisions adopted by the	implementing acts shall be adopted	
bodies of the UNFCCC or of the Paris	in accordance with the examination	
Agreement.	procedure referred to in Article	
	37(3). In the preparation of such acts,	
	the Commission shall take into account	
	any relevant decisions adopted by the	
	bodies of the UNFCCC or of the Paris	
	Agreement.	

6bis. The Commission shall adopt delegated Note: to be discussed under acts in accordance with Article 36 in order to "delegation of powers" supplement this Regulation by setting out rules concerning the requirements on the establishment, operation and functioning of the Union inventory system. In the preparation of such acts, the Commission shall take into account any relevant decisions adopted by the bodies of the UNFCCC or of the Paris Agreement. Article 31 *Note: text of this Article provisionally agreed at technical level* **Inventory review Inventory review AM 196** Accepted in principle (Note: rearranged wording:) In 2027 and 2032, the 1. [1] The Commission shall carry out a In 2027 and 2032, the Note: text provisionally agreed at comprehensive review of the national Commission shall carry out a Commission shall carry out a technical level comprehensive review of the national inventory data submitted by Member comprehensive review of the national [] With a view to monitoring inventory data submitted by Member States pursuant to Article 23(3) of this inventory data submitted by Member Member States' greenhouse gas States pursuant to Article 23(3) of this Regulation with a view to monitoring States pursuant to Article 23(3) of this emission reductions or limitations Regulation with a view to monitoring Member States' greenhouse gas Regulation with a view to monitoring pursuant to Articles 4, 9 and 10 of Member States' greenhouse gas Member States' greenhouse gas emission reductions or limitations Regulation [] [ESR] and their emission reductions or limitations pursuant to Articles 4, 9 and 10 of emission reductions or limitations reduction of emissions and Regulation [] [ESR] and their pursuant to Articles 4, 9 and 10 of pursuant to Articles 4, 9 and 10 of enhancement of removals by sinks Regulation [] [ESR] and their reduction of emissions and Regulation [] [ESR] and their pursuant to Articles 4 and 12 of reduction of emissions and enhancement of removals by sinks reduction of emissions and Regulation [] [LULUCF] and any pursuant to Articles 4 and 12 of enhancement of removals by sinks enhancement of removals by sinks other greenhouse gas emission pursuant to Articles 4 and 12 of pursuant to Articles 4 and 12 of Regulation [] [LULUCF] and any reduction or limitation targets set out other greenhouse gas emission Regulation [] [LULUCF] and any Regulation [] [LULUCF] and any in Union legislation, the Commission other greenhouse gas emission reduction or limitation targets set out other greenhouse gas emission shall carry out in 2027 and 2032 a reduction or limitation targets set out in Union legislation. Member States reduction or limitation targets set out comprehensive review of the in Union legislation. Member States shall participate fully in that process. in Union legislation. Member States national inventory data submitted shall participate fully in that process. shall participate fully in that process. by Member States pursuant to Article 23(3) of this Regulation. Member States shall participate fully in

that process.

2. The comprehensive review	2. The comprehensive review
referred to in paragraph 1 shall	referred to in paragraph 1 shall
include:	include:
(a) checks to verify the	(a) checks to verify the
transparency, accuracy, consistency,	transparency, accuracy, consistency,
comparability and completeness of	comparability and completeness of
information submitted;	information submitted;
(b) checks to identify cases where	(b) checks to identify cases where
inventory data is prepared in a manner	inventory data is prepared in a manner
which is inconsistent with UNFCCC	which is inconsistent with UNFCCC
guidance documentation or Union	guidance documentation or Union
rules;	rules;
(c) checks to identify cases where	(c) checks to identify cases where
LULUCF accounting is carried out in a	LULUCF accounting is carried out in a
manner which is inconsistent with	manner which is inconsistent with
UNFCCC guidance documentation or	UNFCCC guidance documentation or
Union rules, and	Union rules, and
(d) where appropriate, calculating	(d) where appropriate, calculating
the resulting technical corrections	the resulting technical corrections
necessary, in consultation with the	necessary, in consultation with the
Member States.	Member States.
3. The Commission shall adopt	3. The Commission, assisted by
implementing acts to determine the	the Climate Change Committee
timing and the procedure for carrying	referred to in Article 37(1)(b), shall
out the comprehensive review	adopt implementing acts to determine
including the tasks set out in paragraph	the timing and the procedure for
2 of this Article and ensuring due	carrying out the comprehensive review
consultation of the Member States with	including the tasks set out in paragraph
regard to the conclusions of the	2 of this Article and ensuring due
reviews. Those implementing acts shall	consultation of the Member States with
be adopted in accordance with the	regard to the conclusions of the
examination procedure referred to in	reviews. Those implementing acts shall
Article 37(3).	be adopted in accordance with the
	examination procedure referred to in
	Article 37(3).

Article 31(4)			
4. The Commission shall, by	4	. The Commission shall, by	
means of an implementing act,	n	neans of an implementing act,	
determine the total sum of emissions	d	letermine the total sum of emissions	
for the relevant years arising from the	fo	or the relevant years arising from the	
corrected inventory data for each	c c	orrected inventory data for each	
Member State upon completion of the		Member State upon completion of the	
review split between emissions data		eview split between emissions data	
relevant for Article 9 of Regulation []		elevant for Article 9 of Regulation []	
[ESR] and emission data referred to in		ESR] and emission data referred to in	
Annex III part 1 (c) to this Regulation		Annex III part 1 (c) to this Regulation	
and also determine the total sum of		nd also determine the total sum of	
emissions and removals relevant for		missions and removals relevant for	
Article 4 of Regulation [] [LULUCF].	A	Article 4 of Regulation [] [LULUCF].	
5. The data for each Member State	5		Maintain Council GA
as recorded in the registries set up		s recorded in the registries set up	
pursuant to Article 13 of Regulation []		oursuant to Article 13 of Regulation []	Note: text provisionally agreed at
[LULUCF] one month following the		LULUCF] [] [] four months	technical level
date of publication of an implementing		following the date of publication of an	
act adopted pursuant to paragraph 4 of		mplementing act adopted pursuant to	
this Article, shall be used for the		paragraph 4 of this Article, shall be	
compliance check with Article 4 of		sed for the compliance check with	
Regulation [] [LULUCF] including		Article 4 of Regulation [] [LULUCF]	
changes to such data arising as a result		ncluding changes to such data arising	
of that Member State making use of		s a result of that Member State	
the flexibilities pursuant to Article 11		naking use of the flexibilities pursuant	
of Regulation [] [LULUCF].		o Article 11 of Regulation [][
	L	LULUCF].	

The data for each Member State as recorded in the registries set up pursuant to Article 11 of Regulation [] [ESR] one month following the compliance check date with Regulation [] [LULUCF] referred to in paragraph 5 of this Article, shall be used for the compliance check pursuant to Article 9 of Regulation [] [ESR] for the years 2021 and 2026. The compliance check pursuant to Article 9 of Regulation [] [ESR] for each of the years 2022 to 2025 and 2027 to 2030 shall be performed at a date falling one month following the date of the compliance check for the previous year. This check shall include changes to such data arising as a result of that Member State making use of the flexibilities pursuant to Articles 5, 6 and 7 of Regulation [] [ESR].

AM 197

The data for each Member State as recorded in the registries set up pursuant to Article 11 of Regulation [] [ESR] one month following the compliance check date with Regulation [] [LULUCF] referred to in paragraph 5 of this Article, shall be used for the compliance check pursuant to Article 9 of Regulation [] [ESR]. The compliance check pursuant to Article 9 of Regulation [] [ESR] for each of the [years consistent with the compliance cycle referred to in Article 9 of Regulation (EU) .../... [ESR] shall be performed at a date falling one month following the date of the compliance check for the previous year. This check shall include changes to such data arising as a result of that Member State making use of the flexibilities pursuant to Articles 5, 6 and 7 of Regulation [] [ESR].

The data for each Member State as recorded in the registries set up pursuant to Article 11 of Regulation [] [ESR] [] two months following the compliance check date with Regulation [] [LULUCF] referred to in paragraph 5 of this Article, shall be used for the compliance check pursuant to Article 9 of Regulation [] [ESR] for the years 2021 and 2026. The compliance check pursuant to Article 9 of Regulation [] [ESR] for each of the years 2022 to 2025 and 2027 to 2030 shall be performed at a date falling one month following the date of the compliance check for the previous year. This check shall include changes to such data arising as a result of that Member State making use of the flexibilities pursuant to Articles 5, 6 and 7 of Regulation [] [ESR].

Maintain Council GA

Note: text provisionally agreed at technical level (i.e. EP could drop its amendment)

	AM 198 Article 31 – para 6 a (new) 6a. The last compliance check referred to in paragraph 6 of this Article, a check of the requirements pursuant to [Article 9a; Early Action Reserve] [ESR] shall be performed by the Commission, upon request by a Member State to make use of the reserve. That check may be followed by changes to data for each eligible Member State where the requirements pursuant to [Article 9a; Early Action Reserve] [ESR] are fulfilled. Article 32 Note: text of this Article p	rovisionally agreed at technical level	Maintain Council GA Note: text provisionally agreed at technical level (i.e. EP could drop its amendment)
	National and Union systems for policies and measures and projections		
1. By 1 January 2021, Member States and the Commission shall operate and seek to continuously improve national and Union systems respectively, for reporting on policies and measures and for reporting on projections of anthropogenic greenhouse gas emissions by sources and removals by sinks. Those systems shall include the relevant institutional, legal and procedural arrangements established within a Member State and the Union for evaluating policy and making projections of anthropogenic greenhouse gas emissions by sources and removals by sinks.		States and the Commission shall operate and seek to continuously improve national and Union systems respectively, for reporting on policies and measures and for reporting on projections of anthropogenic greenhouse gas emissions by sources and removals by sinks. Those systems shall include the relevant institutional, legal and procedural arrangements established within a Member State and the Union for evaluating policy and making projections of anthropogenic greenhouse gas emissions by sources and removals by sinks.	

2. Member States and the	2. Member States and the
Commission respectively shall aim to	Commission respectively shall aim to
ensure the timeliness, transparency,	ensure the timeliness, transparency,
accuracy, consistency, comparability	accuracy, consistency, comparability
and completeness of the information	and completeness of the information
reported on policies and measures and	reported on policies and measures and
projections of anthropogenic	projections of anthropogenic
greenhouse gas emissions by sources	greenhouse gas emissions by sources
and removals by sinks, as referred to in	and removals by sinks, as referred to in
Article 16, including the use and	Article 16, including the use and
application of data, methods and	application of data, methods and
models, and the implementation of	models, and the implementation of
quality assurance and quality control	quality assurance and quality control
activities and sensitivity analysis.	activities and sensitivity analysis.
3. The Commission shall adopt	3. The Commission, assisted by
implementing acts to set out the	the Climate Change Committee
structure, format and submission	referred to in Article 37(1)(b), shall
process of information on national and	adopt implementing acts to set out the
Union systems for policies and	structure, format and submission
measures and projections pursuant to	process of information on national and
paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article and	Union systems for policies and
Article 16. When proposing such acts,	measures and projections pursuant to
the Commission shall take into account	paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article and
the relevant decisions adopted by the	Article 16. When proposing such acts,
bodies of the UNFCCC or the Paris	the Commission shall take into account
Agreement, including internationally	the relevant decisions adopted by the
agreed reporting requirements as well	bodies of the UNFCCC or the Paris
as timetables for monitoring and	Agreement, including internationally
reporting of that information. Those	agreed reporting requirements as well
implementing acts shall be adopted in	as timetables for monitoring and
accordance with the examination	reporting of that information. Those
procedure referred to in Article 37(3).	implementing acts shall be adopted in
	accordance with the examination
	procedure referred to in Article 37(3).

Article 33 Establishment and operation of registries		
	Article 33 Establishment and operation of registries	
1. The Union and the Member States shall set up and maintain registries to accurately account for nationally determined contribution pursuant to Article 4(13) of the Paris Agreement and for internationally transferred mitigation outcomes pursuant to Article 6 of that agreement.	1. The [] Member States and the Union shall set up and maintain registries to accurately account for nationally determined contributions pursuant to Article 4(13) of the Paris Agreement and for internationally transferred mitigation outcomes pursuant to Article 6 of that agreement.	Note: text provisionally agreed at technical level
2. The Union and the Member States may maintain their registries in a consolidated system, together with one or more other Member States. 3. The data in the registries	 2. The Union and the Member States may maintain their registries in a consolidated system, together with one or more other Member States. 3. The data in the registries 	
referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article shall be made available to the central administrator designated pursuant to Article 20 of Directive 2003/87/EC.	referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article shall be made available to the central administrator designated pursuant to Article 20 of Directive 2003/87/EC.	
4. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 36 in order to set up the registries referred to in paragraph 1 of	4. The Commission [] shall adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 36 in order to set up the registries referred to in paragraph 1 of	(In response to EP query: maintain Council GA) Note: formulation is in line with the
this Article and in order to give effect, by means of the registries of the Union and of the Member States, to the necessary technical implementation of	this Article and in order to give effect, by means of the registries of the Union and of the Member States, to the necessary technical implementation of	standard formulations contained in the annex to the Interinstitutional Agreement
relevant decisions of the UNFCCC or Paris Agreement bodies, in accordance with paragraph 1 of this Article.	relevant decisions of the UNFCCC or Paris Agreement bodies, in accordance with paragraph 1 of this Article.	Note: to be discussed under "delegation of powers"

COOPERATION AND SUPPORT Article 34 Cooperation between the Member States and the Union The Member States shall The Member States shall cooperate and coordinate fully with cooperate and coordinate fully with each other and with the Union in each other and with the Union in relation to obligations under this relation to obligations under this Regulation, in particular concerning: Regulation, in particular concerning: the process for preparing, the process for preparing, adopting, notifying and assessing the adopting, notifying and assessing the integrated national energy and climate integrated national energy and climate plans pursuant to Articles 9 to 12; plans pursuant to Articles 9 to 12; the process for preparing, the process for preparing, adopting, notifying and assessing the adopting, notifying and assessing the integrated national energy and climate integrated national energy and climate

progress report pursuant to Article 15

and annual reporting pursuant to

Article 23:

CHAPTER 7

(c) the process related to the	(c) the process related to the
Commission recommendations and	Commission recommendations and
addressing those recommendations	addressing those recommendations
pursuant to Article 9(2) and (3), Article	pursuant to Article 9(2) and (3), Article
15(5), Article 26(1) and Article 27(2)	15(5), Article 26(1) and Article 27(2)
and (3);	and (3);
(1) '1' (1 TT ' 1	(1) '1' (1 TT ' 1

progress report pursuant to Article 15

and annual reporting pursuant to

Article 23:

(e) preparing the Union national	(e) preparing the Union national
communication pursuant to Article 12	communication pursuant to Article 12
of the UNFCCC and the Union	of the UNFCCC and the Union
biennial report pursuant to Decision	biennial report pursuant to Decision
2/CP.17 or subsequent relevant	2/CP.17 or subsequent relevant
decisions adopted by the bodies of the	decisions adopted by the bodies of the
UNFCCC;	UNFCCC;
(f) review and compliance	(f) review and compliance
procedures under the UNFCCC and the	procedures under the UNFCCC and the
Paris Agreement in accordance with	Paris Agreement in accordance with
any applicable decision under the	any applicable decision under the
UNFCCC as well as the Union's	UNFCCC as well as the Union's
procedure to review Member States	procedure to review Member States
greenhouse gas inventories referred to	greenhouse gas inventories referred to
in Article 31;	in Article 31;
(g) any adjustments following the	(g) any adjustments following the
review process referred to in Article 31	review process referred to in Article 31
or other changes to inventories and	or other changes to inventories and
inventory reports submitted, or to be	inventory reports submitted, or to be
submitted, to the UNFCCC Secretariat;	submitted, to the UNFCCC Secretariat;
(h) compiling the Union	(h) compiling the Union
approximated greenhouse gas	approximated greenhouse gas
inventory, pursuant to Article 23(1)(a)	inventory, pursuant to Article 23(1)(a)
and the last subparagraph of Article	and the last subparagraph of Article
23(1).	23(1).
2. The Commission may provide	2. The Commission may provide
technical support to the Member States	technical support to the Member States
in relation to obligations under this	in relation to obligations under this
Regulation upon request from a	Regulation upon request from a
Member State.	Member State.

Article 35 Role of the European Environment Agency			
		Article 35 Role of the European Environment Agency 46	
The European Environment Agency shall assist the Commission in its work as regards the decarbonisation and energy efficiency dimensions to comply with Articles 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 23, 24, 25, 29, 30, 31, 32 and 34 in accordance with its annual work programme. That shall include assistance, as required, with:	AM 199 The European Environment Agency shall assist the Commission in its work as regards the decarbonisation and energy efficiency dimensions to comply with Articles <i>13a</i> , 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 23, 24, 25, 29, 30, 31, 32 and 34 in accordance with its annual work programme. That shall include assistance, as required, with:	The European Environment Agency shall assist the Commission in its work as regards the decarbonisation and energy efficiency dimensions to comply with Articles 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 23, 24, 25, 29, 30, 31, 32 and 34 in accordance with its annual work programme. That shall include assistance, as required, with:	To be discussed with EP (Linked to AM 122)
(a) compiling the information reported by Member States on policies and measures and projections;		(a) compiling the information reported by Member States on policies and measures and projections;	
(b) performing quality assurance and quality control procedures on the information reported by Member States on projections and policies and measures;		(b) performing quality assurance and quality control procedures on the information reported by Member States on projections and policies and measures;	
(c) preparing estimates or complementing the ones available to the European Commission for data on projections not reported by the Member States;		(c) preparing estimates or complementing the ones available to the European Commission for data on projections not reported by the Member States;	

47

Explanatory note: corresponds to Article 24 MMR.

(d) compiling data, wherever	(d) compiling data, wherever
available taken from European	available taken from European
statistics and appropriate in terms of	statistics and appropriate in terms of
timing, as required for the State of the	timing, as required for the State of the
Energy Union report to the European	Energy Union report to the European
Parliament and the Council prepared	Parliament and the Council prepared
by the Commission;	by the Commission;
(e) disseminating information	(e) disseminating information
collected under this Regulation,	collected under this Regulation,
including maintaining and updating a	including maintaining and updating a
database on Member States' mitigation	database on Member States' mitigation
policies and measures and the	policies and measures and the
European Climate Adaptation Platform	European Climate Adaptation Platform
relating to impacts, vulnerabilities and	relating to impacts, vulnerabilities and
adaptation to climate change;	adaptation to climate change;
(f) performing quality assurance	(f) performing quality assurance
and quality control procedures in the	and quality control procedures in the
preparation of the Union greenhouse	preparation of the Union greenhouse
gas inventory;	gas inventory;
(g) compiling the Union greenhouse	(g) compiling the Union greenhouse
gas inventory and preparing the Union	gas inventory and preparing the Union
greenhouse gas inventory report;	greenhouse gas inventory report;
(h) preparing estimates for data not	(h) preparing estimates for data not
reported in the national greenhouse gas	reported in the national greenhouse gas
inventories;	inventories;
(i) conducting the review referred	(i) conducting the review referred
to in Article 31;	to in Article 31;
(j) compiling the Union	(j) compiling the Union
approximated greenhouse gas	approximated greenhouse gas
inventory.	inventory.

	AM 200 Article 35 – para 1 – point j a (new) (ja) compiling the Union approximated share of renewable energy sources in the final energy consumption and approximated primary and final energy consumption.		To be discussed with EP
		TER 8 GATION	
		cle 36 he delegation	
1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.		1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.	
2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Articles 3(4), 23(5), 27(4), 30(6) and 33(4) shall be conferred on the Commission for a		2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Articles 3(4), 23(5), [] 30(6) bis and 33(4) shall be conferred on the Commission for a	
period of five years from [the date of entry into force of this Regulation]. The Commission shall draw up a report in respect of the delegation of		period of five years from [the date of entry into force of this Regulation]. The Commission shall draw up a report in respect of the delegation of	
power not later than nine months before the end of the five-year period. The delegation of power shall be tacitly extended for periods of an		power not later than nine months before the end of the five-year period. The delegation of power shall be tacitly extended for periods of an	
identical duration, unless the European Parliament or the Council opposes such extension not later than three months before the end of each period.		identical duration, unless the European Parliament or the Council opposes such extension not later than three months before the end of each period.	

3. The delegation of power referred	3. The delegation of power referred
to in Articles 3(4), 23(5), 27(4), 30(6)	to in Articles 3(4), 23(5), [] 30(6) bis
and 33(4) may be revoked at any time	and 33(4) may be revoked at any time
by the European Parliament or by the	by the European Parliament or by the
Council. A decision to revoke shall put	Council. A decision to revoke shall put
an end to the delegation of the power	an end to the delegation of the power
specified in that decision. It shall take	specified in that decision. It shall take
effect the day following the publication	effect the day following the publication
of the decision in the Official Journal	of the decision in the Official Journal
of the European Union or at a later	of the European Union or at a later
date specified therein. It shall not	date specified therein. It shall not
affect the validity of any delegated acts	affect the validity of any delegated acts
already in force.	already in force.
4. Before adopting a delegated act,	4. Before adopting a delegated act,
the Commission shall consult experts	the Commission shall consult experts
designated by each Member State in	designated by each Member State in
accordance with the principles laid	accordance with the principles laid
down in the Interinstitutional	down in the Interinstitutional
Agreement on Better Law-Making of	Agreement on Better Law-Making of
13 April 2016.	13 April 2016.
5. As soon as it adopts a delegated	5. As soon as it adopts a delegated
act, the Commission shall notify it	act, the Commission shall notify it
simultaneously to the European	simultaneously to the European
Parliament and to the Council.	Parliament and to the Council.

Article 36(6)		
6. A delegated act adopted	6. A delegated act adopted	
pursuant to Articles 3(4), 23(5), 27(4),	pursuant to Articles 3(4), 23(5), 27(4),	
30(6) and 33(4) shall enter into force	30(6) bis and 33(4) shall enter into	
only if no objection has been expressed	force only if no objection has been	
either by the European Parliament or	expressed either by the European	
the Council within a period of two	Parliament or the Council within a	
months of notification of that act to the	period of two months of notification of	
European Parliament and the Council	that act to the European Parliament and	
or if, before the expiry of that period,	the Council or if, before the expiry of	
the European Parliament and the	that period, the European Parliament	
Council have both informed the	and the Council have both informed	
Commission that they will not object.	the Commission that they will not	
That period shall be extended by two	object. That period shall be extended	
months at the initiative of the	by two months at the initiative of the	
European Parliament or of the Council.	European Parliament or of the Council.	

CHAPTER 9 FINAL PROVISIONS

Article 37

AM 201

Energy Union Committee	Energy <i>and Climate</i> Committee	Article 37	[] Committees
		Energy Union and Climate Change	
		Committees 47	
1. The Commission shall be	AM 202	1. The Commission shall be	1. The Commission shall be
assisted by an Energy Union	1. In the implementation of this	assisted by:	assisted by:
Committee. That committee shall be a	Regulation , the Commission shall be		
committee within the meaning of	assisted by an Energy and Climate		Note: see also new compromise text
Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 and	Committee. That committee shall be a		<u>for</u> AM 47
work in the respective sectorial	committee within the meaning of		
formations relevant for this Regulation.	Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.		
		a) [] the Energy Union Committee and	a) a Climate Change Committee with
			regard to the implementation of the
			climate issues in general and in
			particular of those aspects in
			Articles 17(4), 23(6), 30(6), 31(3) and
			32(3) that are not covered under
			Article 15(3); and

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Note: in the Council text (Art. 15(3), 17(4), 23(6), 27(1), 27(4ter), 30(6), 31(3), 32(3)) it was clarified for each empowerment, by means of a precise reference, which of the two Committees is to *vote*, based on delegations' preliminary indications as given on 30 November. It is also recalled that MS may decide which experts are to represent them in a Committee and that pursuant to its rules of procedure each Committee may decide to hold a joint meeting with another Committee with the consequence that the deliberations *(but not the vote)* would be joint ones.

		b) the Climate Change Committee.	b) an Energy Union Committee with regard to the implementation of horizontal [] issues, energy issues in general and in particular of Article 15(3), including climate aspects covered under it, Article 27(1) and Article 27(4ter).
		These committees shall be [] committees within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 [].	2. These committees shall be [] committees within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 [].
2. This Committee replaces the committee established by Article 8 of Decision 93/389/EEC, Article 9 of Decision 280/2004/EC and Article 26 of Regulation (EU) No 525/2013. References to the committee set up pursuant to those legal acts shall be construed as references to the committee established by this Regulation.	AM 203 2. Notwithstanding paragraph 1 of this Article, as regards the implementation of Articles 15, 17, 23, 31 and 32 of this Regulation, the Commission shall be assisted by the Climate Change Committee established by Article 26 of Regulation (EU) No 525/2013.	2. The Climate Change Committee [] reinstates the committee established by Article 8 of Decision 93/389/EEC, Article 9 of Decision 280/2004/EC and Article 26 of Regulation (EU) No 525/2013. References to the committee set up pursuant to those legal acts shall be construed as references to the committee established by this Regulation.	
		2bis. The Committees shall hold joint meetings where the topic warrants this, to discuss common actions, ensure consistency of policies and aim at maximising synergies between sectors.	2bis. When a Committee referred to in paragraph 1 considers horizontal issues and common actions, it shall consult the other Committee referred to in paragraph 1 and take due regard of its opinion in order to ensure consistency of policies and to maximise synergies between sectors.

	2ter. Each Member State shall appoint its representative(s) for the Climate Change Committee and for the Energy Union Committee.
	The representative(s) of the Energy Union Committee shall be invited to the meetings of the Climate Change Committee, and vice-versa.
	2quater. The Climate Change Committee replaces the committee established by Article 8 of Decision 93/389/EEC, Article 9 of Decision 280/2004/EC and Article 26 of Regulation (EU) No 525/2013. References to the committee set up pursuant to those legal acts shall be construed as references to the Climate Change Committee established in this Article.
3. Where reference is made to this article, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	3. Where reference is made to this article, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply. 3. Where reference is made to this article, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.

Article 38 Review

The Commission shall report to the European Parliament and to the Council by 28 February 2026 and every five years thereafter on the operation of this Regulation, its contribution to the Governance of the Energy Union and the conformity of the planning, reporting and monitoring provisions of this Regulation with other Union legislation or future decisions relating to the UNFCCC and the Paris Agreement. The Commission may make proposals if appropriate.

AM 204

Within six months of the facilitative dialogue to be convened under the UNFCCC in 2018 to take stock of the collective efforts of Parties in relation to progress towards the global longterm goal, and within six months of the global stocktake in 2023 and subsequent global stocktakes thereafter. the Commission shall report to the European Parliament and to the Council on the operation and implementation of this Regulation, its contribution to the Governance of the Energy Union and the conformity of the planning, reporting and monitoring provisions of this Regulation with other Union legislation or future decisions relating to the UNFCCC and the adequacy of its contribution to the goals of Paris Agreement. The *reports shall be* accompanied by proposals to enhance the Union's climate and energy action as appropriate.

The Commission shall report to the European Parliament and to the Council by 28 February 2026 and every five years thereafter on the operation of this Regulation, its contribution to the Governance of the Energy Union and Climate Action, the progress towards the achievement of the 2030 climate and energy targets and additional Energy Union objectives, and the long-term objectives of the Paris Agreement. In addition the Commission shall report on [] the conformity of the planning, reporting and monitoring provisions of this Regulation with other Union legislation or future decisions relating to the UNFCCC and the Paris Agreement. The Commission may make proposals if appropriate.

To be discussed with EP

AM 205	To be discussed with EP
Article 38 – paragr	
Within six months a	
submits a new or re	
Determined Contrib	ation (NDC)
under the Paris Agr	ement, the
Commission shall, a	appropriate,
submit the necessar	
proposals to amend	he relevant
Union legal acts.	
	The Commission shall examine the
	impact of any changes with regard
	to the change in the IPCC guidelines
	or UNFCCC methodologies used for
	National Greenhouse Gas
	Inventories that leads to a difference
	of more than 1% in a Member
	State's total greenhouse gas
	emissions relevant for [Article 4 of
	the ESR], and may revise Member
	States' annual emissions allocations
	as estimated according to [Article 4
	of the ESR].

Article 39 Amendments to Directive 94/22/EC			
Directive 94/22/EC is amended as follows:		Directive 94/22/EC is amended as follows:	
(1) in Article 8, paragraph 2 is deleted;		(1) in Article 8, paragraph 2 is deleted;	
(2) Article 9 is deleted.		(2) Article 9 is deleted.	
		cle 40 Directive 98/70/EC	
Directive 98/70/EC is amended as follows:		Directive 98/70/EC is amended as follows:	
(1) in Article 8(4), the second sentence is deleted;		(1) in Article 8(4), the second sentence is deleted;	
(2) in the third subparagraph of Article 7a(1), point (a) is replaced by the following:	AM 206 deleted	(2) in the third subparagraph of Article 7a(1), point (a) is replaced by the following:	Maintain Council GA
"the total volume of each type of fuel or energy supplied; and"; (3) in Article 7a(2), the first		"the total volume of each type of fuel or energy supplied; and"; (3) in Article 7a(2), the first	
sentence is replaced by the following: "Member States shall require suppliers		sentence is replaced by the following: "Member States shall require suppliers	
to reduce as gradually as possible life cycle greenhouse gas emissions per		to reduce as gradually as possible life cycle greenhouse gas emissions per	
unit of energy from fuel and energy supplied by up to 10 % by 31		unit of energy from fuel and energy supplied by up to 10 % by 31	
December 2020, compared with the fuel baseline standard set out in Annex II to Council Directive (EU)		December 2020, compared with the fuel baseline standard set out in Annex II to Council Directive (EU)	
2015/652.".		2015/652.".	

Article 41 Amendment to Directive 2009/31/EC			
In Article 38 of Directive 2009/31/EC,	In Article 38 of Directive 2009/31/EC,		
paragraph 1 is deleted.	paragraph 1 is deleted.		
	Article 42		
Amendmen	ts to Regulation (EC) No 663/2009		
Regulation (EC) No 663/2009 is	Regulation (EC) No 663/2009 is		
amended as follows:	amended as follows:		
(1) in Article 27, paragraphs 1 and 3	(1) in Article 27, paragraphs 1 and 3		
are deleted;	are deleted;		
(2) Article 28 is deleted.	(2) Article 28 is deleted.		
Article 43 Amendment to Regulation (EC) No 715/2009			
Article 29 of Regulation (EC) No	Article 29 of Regulation (EC) No		
715/2009 is deleted.	715/2009 is deleted.		
Amend	Article 44 ments to Directive 2009/73/EC		
Directive 2009/73/EC is amended as	Directive 2009/73/EC is amended as		
follows:	follows:		
(1) Article 5 is deleted;	(1) Article 5 is deleted;		
(2) Article 52 is replaced by the	(2) Article 52 is replaced by the		
following:	following:		
"Article 52	"Article 52		
Reporting	Reporting		
The Commission shall monitor and	The Commission shall monitor and		
review the application of this Directive	review the application of this Directive		
and submit an overall progress report	and submit an overall progress report		
to the European Parliament and the	to the European Parliament and the		
Council as an annex to the State of the	Council as an annex to the State of the		
Energy Union Report referred to in	Energy Union Report referred to in		
Article 29 of Regulation [XX/20XX]	Article 29 of Regulation [XX/20XX]		
[this regulation].".	[this regulation].".		

Article 45 Amendment to Council Directive 2009/119/EC			
In Article 6 of Council Directive	In Article 6 of Council Directive		
2009/119/EC, paragraph 2 is replaced	2009/119/EC, paragraph 2 is replaced		
by the following:	by the following:		
"2. By 15 March each year, each	[] 31 July ⁴⁸ each year, each Member		
Member State shall send the	State shall send the Commission a		
Commission a summary copy of the	summary copy of the stock register		
stock register referred to in paragraph	referred to in paragraph 1 showing at		
1 showing at least the quantities and	least the quantities and nature of the		
nature of the emergency stocks	emergency stocks included in the		
included in the register on the last day	register on the last day of the preceding		
of the preceding calendar year.".	calendar year.".		
	Article 46		
	Amendments to Directive 2010/31/EU		
Directive 2010/31/EU is amended as	Directive 2010/31/EU is amended as		
follows:	follows:		
(1) In Article 2a of Directive	(1) In Article 2a of Directive		
2010/31/EU [version as amended in	2010/31/EU [version as amended in		
accordance with proposal COM(2016)	accordance with proposal COM(2016)		
765], the following paragraph 4 is	765], the following paragraph 4 is		
inserted:	inserted:		
"4. The long-term strategy under	"4. The long-term strategy under		
paragraph 1 shall be submitted to the	paragraph 1 shall be submitted to the		
Commission, as part of the Integrated	Commission, as part of the Integrated		
National Energy and Climate Plan,	National Energy and Climate Plan,		
pursuant to Article 3 of Regulation	pursuant to Article 3 of Regulation		
[XX/20XX] [this regulation].";	[XX/20XX] [this regulation].";		

⁴⁸ Note: deadline of annual reporting pursuant to Art. 23

(2) in Article 5(2), second	(2) in Article 5(2), second	
subparagraph, the sentence "The report	subparagraph, the sentence "The report	
may be included in the Energy	may be included in the Energy	
Efficiency Action Plans referred to in	Efficiency Action Plans referred to in	
Article 14(2) of Directive 2006/32/EC"	Article 14(2) of Directive 2006/32/EC"	
is deleted;	is deleted;	
(3) in Article 9, paragraph 5 is	(3) in Article 9, paragraph 5 is	
replaced by the following:	replaced by the following:	
"As part of its State of the Energy	"As part of its State of the Energy	
Union report referred to in Article 29	Union report referred to in Article 29	
of Regulation [XX/20XX] [this	of Regulation [XX/20XX] [this	
regulation], the Commission shall	regulation], the Commission shall	
report every two years to the European	report every two years to the European	
Parliament and to the Council on the	Parliament and to the Council on the	
progress of Member States in	progress of Member States in	
increasing the number of nearly zero-	increasing the number of nearly zero-	
energy buildings. On the basis of this	energy buildings. On the basis of this	
reported information the Commission	reported information the Commission	
shall develop an action plan and, if	shall develop an action plan and, if	
necessary, propose recommendations	necessary, propose recommendations	
and measures pursuant to Articles 27	and measures pursuant to Articles 27	
and 28 of Regulation [XX/20XX] [this	and 28 of Regulation [XX/20XX] [this	
regulation] to increase the number of	regulation] to increase the number of	
those buildings and encourage best	those buildings and encourage best	
practices as regards the cost-effective	practices as regards the cost-effective	
transformation of existing buildings	transformation of existing buildings	
into nearly zero-energy buildings.";	into nearly zero-energy buildings.";	
(4) in Article 10, paragraphs 2 and 3	(4) in Article 10, paragraphs 2 and 3	
are deleted.	are deleted.	

Article 47 Amendments to Directive 2012/27/EU			
Directive 2012/27/EU is amended as		Directive 2012/27/EU is amended as	
follows:		follows:	
(1) in Article 4, the last paragraph is		(1) in Article 4, the last paragraph is	
deleted;		deleted;	
(2) in Article 18(1), point (e) is	AM 207	(2) in Article 18(1), point (e) is	To be discussed with EP
deleted;	deleted	deleted;	
(3) in Article 24, paragraphs 1 to 4		(3) in Article 24, paragraphs 1, 3 , []	
and 11, are deleted;		4 and 11 are deleted;	
		(3bis) in Article 24, paragraph 2 is	
		deleted; ⁴⁹	
(4) Annex XIV is deleted.		(4) Annex XIV is deleted;	
		cle 48 rective 2013/30/EU	
In Article 25 of Directive 2013/30/EU,		In Article 25 of Directive 2013/30/EU,	
paragraph 1 is replaced by the		paragraph 1 is replaced by the	
following:		following:	
"1. Member States shall report		"1. Member States shall report annually	
annually to the Commission, as part of		to the Commission, as part of the	
the annual reporting pursuant to Article		annual reporting pursuant to Article 23	
23 of Regulation [XX/20XX] [this		of Regulation [XX/20XX] [this	
regulation], the information specified		regulation], the information specified	
in Annex IX, point 3.".		in Annex IX, point 3.".	

49

Note: cf. Art. 52

	Article 49 Amendments to Council Directive (EU) 2015/652			
Council Directive (EU) 2015/652 is amended as follows:		Council Directive (EU) 2015/652 is amended as follows:		
(1) in Annex I, Part 2, points 2, 3, 4 and 7 are deleted.	AM 208 (1) in Annex I, Part 2, points [] 4 and 7 are deleted.	(1) in Annex I, Part 2, points 2, 3, 4 and 7 are deleted.	(1) in Annex I, Part 2, points 1(h), 2, 3, 4 and 7 are deleted. Note: the EP has expressed concern about this Council text change	
		(1bis) Article 5(1) is replaced by the following:		
		"Each year by 31 December Member States shall provide the Commission with data for the preceding calendar year related to compliance with Article 7a of Directive 98/70/EC, as defined in Annex III to this Directive."		
(2) Annex III is amended as follows:		(2) Annex III is amended as follows:		
(a) point 1 is replaced by the following:		(a) point 1 is replaced by the following:		
"1. Member States are to report the data listed in point 3. These data must be reported for all fuel and energy placed on the market in each Member State. Where multiple biofuels are blended with fossil fuels, the data for each biofuel must be provided."	AM 209 "1. Member States are to report annually the data listed in point 3. These data must be reported for all fuel and energy placed on the market in each Member State. Where multiple biofuels are blended with fossil fuels, the data for each biofuel must be provided."	"1. Member States are to report the data listed in point 3. These data must be reported for all fuel and energy placed on the market in each Member State. Where multiple biofuels are blended with fossil fuels, the data for each biofuel must be provided."	Maintain Council GA	
(b) in point 3, points (e) and (f) are deleted; (3) Annex IV is amended as follows:	AM 210 deleted	(b) in point 3, points (e) and (f) are deleted; (3) Annex IV is amended as follows:	Maintain Council GA	

(a) the following templates for		(a) the following templates for	
reporting information for consistency		reporting information for consistency	
of the reported data are deleted:		of the reported data are deleted:	
- Origin — Single Suppliers		- Origin — Single Suppliers	
- Origin — Joint Suppliers		- Origin — Joint Suppliers	
- Place of Purchase		- Place of Purchase	
(b) in the format notes, points 8 and		(b) in the format notes, points 8 and	
9 are deleted.		9 are deleted.	
	AM 211		Maintain Council GA
	Article 49 a (new)		
	Article 49a		
	EEA		
	1. By [six months after the date		
	of entry into force of this Regulation],		
	the Commission shall submit a draft		
	Joint Committee decision to the EEA		
	Joint Committee pertaining to this		
	Regulation with a view to allow EEA		
	EFTA countries to fully implement		
	the provisions of this Regulation,		
	thereby contributing to the goals of		
	the Energy Union.		
	2. Once incorporated in the EEA		
	EFTA following a Joint Committee		
	decision, obligations of Member		
	States vis-à-vis other Member States		
	under this Regulation shall extend		
	also to those EEA EFTA countries		
	which have implemented the		
	Regulation on their territory.		

	Article 50 Repeal			
Regulation (EU) No 525/2013 shall be repealed with effect as from 1 January 2021, subject to transitional provisions laid down in Article 51. References to the repealed Regulation shall be construed as references to this Regulation and shall be read in accordance with the correlation table in Annex XI.	AM 212 Article 50 a (new) Article 50a Energy Community By [six months after the date of entry into force of this Regulation], the Commission shall propose its incorporation in the Energy Community under Article 79 of the Treaty establishing the Energy Community. Once incorporated by a decision of the Ministerial Council of the Energy Community and subject to any modifications under Article 24 of the Treaty establishing the Energy Community, obligations of Member States vis-à-vis other Member States under this Regulation shall extend also to those Contracting Parties of the Energy Community which have	Regulation (EU) No 525/2013 shall be repealed with effect as from 1 January 2021, subject to transitional provisions laid down in Article 51. References to the repealed Regulation shall be construed as references to this Regulation and shall be read in accordance with the correlation table in Annex XI.	Maintain Council GA	
	implemented the Regulation on their territory.			

Article 51 Transitional provisions			
By way of derogation from Article 50 of this Regulation, Articles 7 and 17(1)(a) and (d) of Regulation (EU) No 525/2013 shall continue to apply to the reports containing the data required under those Articles for the years 2018, 2019 and 2020.	AM 213 By way of derogation from Article 50 of this Regulation, Articles 7 and 17(1)(a) and (d) of Regulation (EU) No 525/2013 shall continue to apply to the reports containing the data required under those Articles for the years 2018, 2019 and 2020.	By way of derogation from Article 50 of this Regulation, Articles 7 and 17(1)(a) and (d) of Regulation (EU) No 525/2013 shall continue to apply to the reports containing the data required under those Articles for the years 2018, 2019 and 2020.	
	Article 11(3) of Regulation (EU) No 525/2013 shall continue to apply as regards the second commitment period of the Kyoto Protocol.		Maintain Council GA
Article 19 of Regulation (EU) No 525/2013 shall continue to apply to the reviews of the GHG inventory data for the years 2018, 2019 and 2020.	Article 19 of Regulation (EU) No 525/2013 shall continue to apply to the reviews of the GHG inventory data for the years 2018, 2019 and 2020.	Article 19 of Regulation (EU) No 525/2013 shall continue to apply to the reviews of the GHG inventory data for the years 2018, 2019 and 2020.	
Article 22 of Regulation (EU) No 525/2013 shall continue to apply to the submission of the report required under that Article.	Article 22 of Regulation (EU) No 525/2013 shall continue to apply to the submission of the report required under that Article.	Article 22 of Regulation (EU) No 525/2013 shall continue to apply to the submission of the report required under that Article.	
	Article 26(1) of Regulation (EU) No 525/2013 shall continue to apply for the purpose of the implementation of Articles 15, 17, 23, 31 and 32 of this Regulation as well as where referred to in other Union legal acts.		Maintain Council GA

Article 52 Entry into force		
This Regulation shall enter into force	This Regulation shall enter into force	
on the twentieth day following that of	on the twentieth day following that of	
its publication in the Official Journal	its publication in the Official Journal	
of the European Union.	of the European Union.	
Articles 33, 46(2) to (4) and 47(3) and	Articles 33, 46(2) to (4) and 47(3) and	
(4) shall apply from 1 January 2021.	(4) and Article 48 shall apply from 1	
	January 2021.	
This Regulation shall be binding in its	This Regulation shall be binding in its	
entirety and directly applicable in all	entirety and directly applicable in all	
Member States.	Member States.	
Done at Brussels,	Done at Brussels,	
For the European Parliament	For the European Parliament	
The President	The President	
For the Council	For the Council	
The President	The President	

ANNEXI

GENERAL FRAMEWORK FOR INTEGRATED NATIONAL ENERGY AND CLIMATE PLANS

Part 1

General framework

SECTION A: NATIONAL PLAN

1. OVERVIEW AND PROCESS FOR ESTABLISHING THE PLAN

	Part 1	
	General framework of the plan	
1.1. Executive Summary	1.1. Executive Summary	
i. Political, economic,	i. Political, economic,	
environmental, and social context of	environmental, and social context of	
the plan	the plan	
ii. Overarching strategy covering	ii. [] Strategy [] relating to the	
the five dimensions of the Energy	five dimensions of the Energy Union	
Union		
iii. Overview table with key	iii. Overview table with key	
objectives, policies and measures of	objectives, policies and measures of	
the plan	the plan	
1.2. Overview of current policy	1.2. Overview of current policy	
situation	situation	
i. National and EU energy system	i. National and EU energy system	
and policy context of the national plan	and policy context of the national plan	
ii. Current energy and climate	ii. Current energy and climate	
policies and measures across the five	policies and measures [] relating to	
dimensions of the Energy Union	the five dimensions of the Energy	
	Union	

iii. Key issues of cross-border		iii. Key issues of cross-border	
relevance		relevance	
iv. Administrative structure of		iv. Administrative structure of	
implementing national energy and		implementing national energy and	
climate policies		climate policies	
1.3. Consultations and involvement		1.3. Consultations and involvement	
of national and EU entities and their		of national and EU entities and their	
outcome		outcome	
i. Involvement of the Parliament		i. Involvement of the Parliament	
ii. Involvement of local and		ii. Involvement of local and	
regional authorities		regional authorities	
	AM 214		
iii. Consultations with stakeholders,	iii. Consultations with stakeholders,	iii. Consultations with stakeholders,	iii. Consultations with stakeholders,
including social partners, and	including <i>the</i> social partners, and	including social partners, and	including social partners, and
engagement of civil society	engagement of civil society and the	engagement of civil society	engagement of civil society and the
	general public		general public
iv. Consultations with other		iv. Consultations with other	
Member States		Member States	
v. Iterative process with the		v. Iterative process with the	
European Commission		European Commission	
	AM 215		Maintain Council GA
1.4. Regional cooperation in	1.4. <i>Macro-regional and</i> regional	1.4. Regional cooperation in	
preparing the plan	cooperation in preparing the plan	preparing the plan	
i. Elements subject to joint or		i. Elements subject to joint or	
coordinated planning with other		coordinated planning with other	
Member States		Member States	
	AM 216		Maintain Council GA
ii. Explanation of how regional	ii. Explanation of how <i>macro-</i>	ii. Explanation of how regional	
cooperation is considered in the plan	regional and regional cooperation is	cooperation is considered in the plan	
	considered in the plan		

Annex I Part I Section A Part 2					
2. NATIONAL OBJECTIVES AN	2. NATIONAL OBJECTIVES AND TARGETS				
2.1. Dimension Decarbonisation		2.1. Dimension Decarbonisation			
2.1.1. GHG emissions and removals	AM 217	2.1.1. GHG emissions and removals	Accepted in Council GA text		
(for the plan covering the period	2.1.1. GHG emissions and removals ¹	50 []			
from 2021 to 2030, the 2030					
Framework target of at least 40%					
domestic reduction in economy-wide					
greenhouse gas emissions as					
compared to 1990)					
i. The Member State's binding		i. The elements set out in Article			
national 2030 target for greenhouse gas		4(a)(1) []			
emissions in the non-ETS-sectors, the					
annual binding national limits ⁵¹ and the					
commitments under the LULUCF					
Regulation ⁵²					
	AM 218		Maintain Council GA		
	Annex I – part 1 – section A – para 2		(cf. AM 62)		
	– point 2.1 – point 2.1.1 – point i a				
	(new)				
	ia. The Member State's national				
	trajectories from 2021 onwards for				
	maintaining and enhancing the				
	carbon removals from sinks				
	consistent with the Paris Agreement				

52

⁵⁰

Consistency to be ensured with long-term low emission strategies pursuant to Article 14. For the plan covering the period from 2021 to 2030: Member State's binding national 2030 target for greenhouse gas emissions in the non-ETS sectors and the annual 51 binding limits as set under Regulation [] [ESR]. Regulation [] [LULUCF].

ii. If applicable, other national objectives and targets consistent with existing long-term low emission strategies. If applicable, other objectives and targets, including sector targets and adaptation goals	ii. Other national objectives and targets consistent with <i>the Paris Agreement and the</i> long-term <i>climate and energy</i> strategies. If applicable, other objectives and targets, including sector targets and adaptation goals	ii. If applicable, other national objectives and targets consistent with existing long-term low emission strategies. If applicable, other objectives and targets, including sector targets []	Accepted in part with changes: ii. If applicable, other national objectives and targets consistent with the Paris Agreement and the existing long-term low emission strategies. If applicable for the contribution to the overall Union commitment of reducing the greenhouse gas emmissions, other objectives and targets, including sector targets and adaptation goals, if available.
2.1.2. Renewable energy (2030 Framework target)		2.1.2. Renewable energy []	
i. The Member State's planned share of energy from renewable sources in gross final consumption of energy in 2030 as its national contribution to achieve the binding EU-level target of at least 27% in 2030	i. The Member State's <i>national</i> target for energy from renewable sources in gross final consumption of energy in 2030	i. The elements set out in Article 4(a)(2) []	Maintain Council GA
ii. A linear trajectory for the overall share of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption from 2021 to 2030		[]	
iii. Trajectories for the sectorial share of renewable energy in final energy consumption from 2021 to 2030 in the electricity, heating and cooling, and transport sectors	AM 221 iii. The Member State's trajectories for the sectorial share of renewable energy in final energy consumption from 2021 to 2030 in the electricity, heating and cooling, and transport (disaggregated between road, rail and air) sector	iii. Estimated trajectories [] for the sectorial share of renewable energy in final energy consumption from 2021 to 2030 in the electricity, heating and cooling, and transport sectors	Maintain Council GA

Annex I Part I Section A Part 2.1.2 (continued)			
	AM 222		Maintain Council GA
iv. Trajectories by renewable energy technology that the Member State projects to use to achieve the overall and sectorial trajectories for renewable energy from 2021 to 2030 including expected total gross final energy consumption per technology and sector in Mtoe and total planned installed capacity (divided by new capacity and repowering) per technology and sector in MW	iv. Trajectories by renewable energy technology that the Member State projects to use to achieve the overall and sectorial trajectories for renewable energy from 2021 to 2030 including expected total gross final energy consumption per technology and sector in Mtoe and total <i>net</i> planned installed capacity (divided by new capacity and repowering) per technology and sector in MW	iv. [] assessed contributions [] by renewable energy technology that the Member State projects to use to achieve the overall and sectorial trajectories for renewable energy from 2021 to 2030 including expected total gross final energy consumption per technology and sector in Mtoe and total planned installed capacity (divided by new capacity and repowering) per technology and sector in MW	
v. Trajectories on bioenergy demand, disaggregated between heat, electricity and transport, and on biomass supply, by feedstocks and origin (distinguishing between domestic production and imports). For forest biomass, an assessment of its source and impact on the LULUCF sink	v. The Member State's trajectories on bioenergy demand, disaggregated between heat, electricity and transport, and on biomass supply by feedstocks, domestic production vs imports. For forest biomass, an assessment of its source and impact on the LULUCF sink	v. [] If available, estimated trajectories on bioenergy demand, disaggregated between heat, electricity and transport, and on biomass supply, by feedstocks and origin (distinguishing between domestic production and imports). For forest biomass, an assessment of its source and impact on the LULUCF sink, if available.	Maintain Council GA

	AM 224		Maintain Council GA
	Annex I – part 1 – section A – para 2		(cf. AM 71)
	- point 2.1 - point 2.1.2 - point v a		
	(new)		Note: see (vi) below ('cities, energy
	va. The Member State's share of as		communities and self-consumers')
	well as trajectories and objectives for		, ,
	energy from renewable sources		
	produced by cities, energy		
	communities and self-consumers in		
	2030 and renewable energy		
	trajectories from 2021 to 2030		
	including expected total gross final		
	energy consumption		
	AM 225		Maintain Council GA
vi. If applicable, other national	vi. If applicable, other national	vi. If available [], other national	(cf. AM 132)
rajectories and objectives, including	trajectories and objectives, including	trajectories and objectives, including	
ong-term or sectorial ones (e.g. share	long-term or sectorial ones (e.g. share	long-term or sectorial ones (e.g. [],	
of advanced biofuels, share of	of renewable energy in district heating,	share of renewable energy in district	
renewable energy in district heating, renewable energy use in buildings,	renewable energy use in buildings, energy recovered from the sludge	heating, renewable energy use in buildings, renewable energy produced	
enewable energy produced by cities,	acquired through the treatment of	by cities, energy communities and self-	
energy communities and self-	wastewater)	consumers)	
consumers)	rusicruici)	consumers)	

	Annex I Part I Section A Part 2.2			
2.2. Dimension Energy efficiency		2.2.	Dimension Energy efficiency [
(2030 Framework target)]		
i. The indicative national energy efficiency contribution to achieving the Union's binding energy efficiency target of 30% in 2030 as referred to in Article 1(1) and Article 3(4) of Directive 2012/27/EU [version as amended in accordance with proposal COM(2016)761], based on either primary or final energy consumption, primary or final energy savings, or energy intensity; expressed in terms of absolute level of primary energy consumption and final energy consumption in 2020 and 2030, with a linear trajectory for that contribution from 2021 onwards; including the underlying methodology and the conversion factors used	i. The Member State's binding target for energy efficiency in 2030 as referred to in Article 1(1), Article 3(4) of Directive 2012/27/EU [version as amended in accordance with proposal COM(2016)761], expressed in terms of absolute level of primary energy consumption and final energy consumption in 2020 and 2030, with a linear trajectory for that target from 2021 onwards; including the underlying methodology and the conversion factors used	i. Th 4(b)	ne elements set out in Article	Maintain Council GA
ii. Cumulative amount of energy savings to be achieved over the period 2021-2030 under Article 7 on energy saving obligations of Directive 2012/27/EU [version as amended in accordance with proposal COM(2016)761],	ii. Cumulative amount of additional energy savings to be achieved over the period 2021-2030 and following periods under Article 7 on energy saving obligations of Directive 2012/27/EU [version as amended in accordance with proposal COM(2016)761],	[]		Maintain Council GA To be negotiated in EED

iii. Objectives for the long-term renovation of the national stock of residential and commercial buildings (both public and private)	AM 228 iii. Objectives for 2030 and 2040 for the long-term renovation of the national stock of residential and non-residential buildings (both public and private), in line with the 2050 goal of a nearly zero energy and	[]	To be aligned with final EPBD text
	decarbonised building stock		
	AM 229		Maintain Council GA
iv. The total floor area to be renovated or equivalent annual energy savings to be achieved from 2021 to 2030 under Article 5 on the exemplary role of public bodies' buildings of Directive 2012/27/EU,	iv. The total floor area to be renovated <i>and corresponding energy savings</i> or equivalent annual energy savings to be achieved from 2021 to 2030 under Article 5 on the exemplary role of public bodies' buildings of Directive 2012/27/EU		To be negotiated in EED
v. If applicable, other national objectives, including long-term targets or strategies and sectorial targets. National objectives in areas such as energy efficiency in the transport sector and with regard to heating and cooling		v. If applicable, other national objectives, including long-term targets or strategies and sectorial targets, and national objectives in areas such as energy efficiency in the transport sector and with regard to heating and cooling	

Annex I Part I Section A Part 2.3			
2.3. Dimension Energy security		2.3. Dimension Energy security	
i. National objectives with regard to increasing the diversification of energy sources and supply from third countries, storage and demand response	i. National objectives with regard to increasing the diversification of energy sources and supply from third countries, <i>the uptake of energy savings measures</i> , storage and demand response	i. The elements set out in Article 4(c) []	Maintain Council GA
	•	i bis. Where appropriate, national objectives with regard to increasing: the diversification of energy sources and supply from third countries; storage; and demand response;	cf. AM 80 i bis. [] National objectives with regard to increasing: the diversification of energy sources and supply from third countries; []*), for the purpose of increasing the resilience of regional and national energy systems;
			Note: "storage and demand response" moved to (iv) below at EP request.
ii. National objectives with regard to reducing energy import dependency from third countries	ii. National objectives with regard to reducing energy import dependency dependency from fossil fuels (oil, coal and gas) and, if applicable, other fuels from third countries	ii. If applicable, national objectives with regard to reducing energy import dependency from third countries	ii. If applicable, national objectives with regard to reducing energy import dependency from third countries, for the purpose of increasing the resilience of regional and national energy systems;

iii. National objectives with regard to readiness to cope with constrained or interrupted supply of an energy source (including gas and electricity) and, where appropriate, a timeframe for when the objectives shall be met ⁵³		iii. []	
iv. National objectives with regard to deployment of domestic energy sources (notably renewable energy)	iv. National objectives with regard to increasing the flexibility of the national energy system	iv. If applicable, national objectives with regard to deployment of national domestic energy sources []	iv. [] National objectives with regard to increasing the flexibility of the national energy system, in particular by means of deploying [] national domestic energy sources, demand response and energy storage. Note: demand response and storage moved from (i bis) above at EP request.
2.4. Dimension Internal energy market		2.4. Dimension Internal energy market	
2.4.1. Electricity interconnectivity (2030 Framework target)		2.4.1. Electricity interconnectivity []	
i. The level of electricity interconnectivity that the Member State aims for in 2030 in relation to the October 2014 European Council objective	AM 233 i. The level of electricity interconnectivity that the Member State aims for in 2030 of at least 15 %, taking into account the 2020 interconnection target of 10 %	i. The element set out in Article 4(d)	i. The level of electricity interconnectivity that the Member State aims for in 2030 in consideration of the electricity interconnection target for 2030 of at least 15%, with a strategy with the level from 2021 onwards defined in close cooperation with affected

Consistency shall be ensured with the preventive action and emergency plans under Regulation [as proposed by COM(2016) 52] concerning measures to safeguard the security of gas supply and repealing Regulation (EU) No 994/2010, as well as the risk preparedness plans under Regulation [as proposed by COM(2016) 862] on risk-preparedness in the electricity sector and repealing Directive 2005/89/EC.

Member States, taking into account
the 2020 interconnection target of
10% and the following indicators of
the urgency of action:
(1) Price differential in the
wholesale market exceeding an
indicative threshold of 2€/MWh
between Member States, regions or
bidding zones;
(2) Nominal transmission capacity
of interconnectors below 30% of
their peak load;
(3) Nominal transmission capacity
of interconnectors below 30% of
installed renewable generation.
Each new interconnector shall be
subject to a socioeconomic and
environmental cost-benefit analysis
and implemented only if the
potential benefits outweigh the costs;

Annex I Part I Section A Part 2.4.2.			
2.4.2. Energy transmission		2.4.2. Energy transmission	
infrastructure		infrastructure	
i. Key national objectives for electricity and gas transmission infrastructure that are necessary for the achievement of objectives and targets under any of the dimensions of the Energy Union strategy	i. Key national objectives for electricity and gas transmission <i>and distribution</i> infrastructure <i>and its modernisation</i> that are necessary for the achievement of objectives and targets under any of the dimensions of the Energy Union <i>listed in point 2</i>	i. Key [] electricity and gas transmission infrastructure projects that are necessary for the achievement of objectives and targets []	i. Key [] electricity and gas transmission and distribution infrastructure projects, and, where relevant, modernisation projects, that are necessary for the achievement of objectives and targets []
ii. If applicable, main infrastructure projects envisaged other than Projects of Common Interest (PCIs) ⁵⁴		ii. If applicable, main infrastructure projects envisaged other than Projects of Common Interest (PCIs)	

8536/18 AT/st 234
ANNEX I DG E 2B **E N**

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In accordance with Regulation (EU) No 347/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 April 2013 on guidelines for trans-European energy infrastructure and repealing Decision No 1364/2006/EC and amending Regulations (EC) No 713/2009, (EC) No 714/2009 and (EC) No 715/2009 (OJ L 115, 25.4.2013, p. 39).

Annex I Part I Section A Part 2.4.3			
2.4.3. Market integration		2.4.3. Market integration	
i. National objectives related to other aspects of the internal energy market such as market integration and coupling, including a timeframe for when the objectives shall be met	i. National objectives related to other aspects of the internal energy market such as increasing system flexibility, market integration and coupling, smart grids, aggregation, demand response, storage, distributed generation, mechanisms for dispatching, re-dispatching and curtailment, real-time price signals, including a timeframe for when the objectives should be met;	i. National objectives related to other aspects of the internal energy market such as market integration and coupling, including a timeframe for when the objectives shall be met	i. National objectives related to other aspects of the internal energy market such as <i>increasing system</i> flexibility, in particular related to the promotion of wholesale price formation, market integration and coupling, smart grids, aggregation, demand response, storage, distributed generation, mechanisms for dispatching, re-dispatching and curtailment, and real-time price signals [], including a timeframe for when the objectives shall be met (p.m. cf. AM 85 + 147 + 253)
	AM 236 Annex I – part 1 – section A – para 2 – point 2.4 – point 2.4.3 – point i a (new) ia. National objectives related to the non-discriminatory participation of renewable energy, demand response and storage, including via aggregation, in all energy markets including a timeframe for when the objectives should be met;		ia. If applicable, national objectives related to the non-discriminatory participation of renewable energy, demand response and storage, including via aggregation, in all energy markets including a timeframe for when the objectives should be met; Note: cf. AM 86, 149 and 254)
	AM 237 Annex I – part 1 – section A – para 2 – point 2.4 – point 2.4.3 – point i b (new) ib. National objectives with regard to ensuring that consumers participate in the energy system and benefit from self-generation and new technologies, including smart meters;		ib. If applicable, national objectives with regard to ensuring that consumers participate in the energy system and benefit from selfgeneration and new technologies, including smart meters; (p.m. cf. AM 87 + 150)

ii. National objectives with regard		ii. National objectives with regard	
to ensuring electricity system		to ensuring electricity system	
adequacy, as well as for the flexibility		adequacy, as well as for the flexibility	
of the energy system with regard to		of the energy system with regard to	
renewable energy production,		renewable energy production,	
including a timeframe for when the		including a timeframe for when the	
objectives shall be met		objectives shall be met	
	AM 238		Maintain Council GA
iii. National objectives to protect	iii. National objectives to protect	iii. If applicable, national	
energy consumers and improve the	energy consumers, <i>increase</i>	objectives to protect energy consumers	
competitiveness of the retail energy	transparency, encourage supplier	and improve the competitiveness of the	
sector	switch and improve the	retail energy sector	
	competitiveness of the retail energy		
	sector		
2.4.4. Energy poverty		2.4.4. Energy poverty	
National objectives with regard to		If applicable, national objectives with	
energy poverty including a timeframe		regard to energy poverty including a	
for when the objectives shall be met		timeframe for when the objectives	
		shall be met	
2.5. Dimension Research,		2.5. Dimension Research,	
innovation and competitiveness		innovation and competitiveness	
	AM 240		Maintain Council GA
i. National objectives and funding	i. National objectives and funding	i. [] National objectives and	
targets for public and private research	targets for public <i>support for</i> research	funding targets for public and, where	(cf. AM 89)
and innovation relating to the Energy	and innovation relating to the Energy	available, private research and	
Union including, if appropriate, a	Union and its expected leveraging	innovation relating to the Energy	
timeframe for when the objectives	effect on private research including, if	Union including, if appropriate, a	
shall be met; reflecting the priorities of	appropriate, a timeframe for when the	timeframe for when the objectives	
the Energy Union Strategy and the	objectives shall be met; reflecting the	shall be met; []	
SET-Plan	priorities of the Energy Union Strategy		
	and the SET-Plan		

	Annex I Part I Section	A Part 2.5 (continued)	
ii. If appropriate, national objectives including long-term targets (2050) for the deployment of low-carbon technologies, including for decarbonising energy- and carbonintensive industrial sectors and, if applicable, for related carbon transport and storage infrastructure	ii. National 2050 objectives related to the promotion of sustainable technologies	ii. If appropriate, national objectives including long-term targets [] for the deployment of low-carbon technologies, including for decarbonising energy- and carbonintensive industrial sectors and, if applicable, for related carbon transport and storage infrastructure	ii. Where available, national 2050 objectives related to the promotion of low carbon technologies and, if appropriate, national objectives including long-term targets [] for the deployment of low-carbon technologies, including for decarbonising energy- and carbonintensive industrial sectors and, if applicable, for related carbon transport and storage infrastructure Note: cf. AM 90
iii. National objectives with regard to competitiveness		iii. If applicable, N ational objectives with regard to competitiveness	Note: provisionally agreed at technical level
3. POLICIES AND MEASURES		3. POLICIES AND MEASURES	
3.1. Dimension Decarbonisation		3.1. Dimension Decarbonisation	
3.1.1. GHG emissions and removals (for the plan covering the period from 2021 to 2030, the 2030 Framework target)	AM 242 3.1.1 GHG emissions and removals	3.1.1. GHG emissions and removals [Accepted in Council GA text
i. Policies and measures to achieve the target set under Regulation [] [ESR] as referred to in 2.1.1 and policies and measures to comply with Regulation [] [LULUCF], covering all key emitting sectors and sectors for the enhancement of removals, with an outlook to the long-term vision and goal to become a low-carbon economy with a 50 years perspective and achieving a balance between emissions and removals in accordance with the Paris Agreement	i. Policies and measures to achieve the target set under Regulation [] [ESR] as referred to in 2.1.1 and policies and measures to comply with Regulation [] [LULUCF], and the trajectories for maintaining and enhancing the carbon removals from sinks as referred in 2.1.1, covering all key emitting sectors and sectors for the enhancement of removals, with an outlook to the long-term vision and goal so as to achieve a net-zero greenhouse gas emissions within the	i. Policies and measures to achieve the target set under Regulation [] [ESR] as referred to in 2.1.1 and policies and measures to comply with Regulation [] [LULUCF], covering all key emitting sectors and sectors for the enhancement of removals, with an outlook to the long-term vision and goal to become a low emission [] economy [] and achieving a balance between emissions and removals in accordance with the Paris Agreement	Maintain Council GA (cf. AM 62, 218)

ii. Regional cooperation in this area iii. If applicable, without prejudice to the applicability of State aid rules, financing measures, including EU support and the use of EU funds, in this area at national level	Union by 2050 and go into negative emissions soon thereafter in accordance with the Paris Agreement ii. Regional cooperation in this area iii. Without prejudice to the applicability of state aid rules, financing measures, including EU support and the use of EU funds, in this area at national level, if applicable	ii. Where relevant, regional cooperation in this area iii. If applicable, without prejudice to the applicability of State aid rules, financing measures, including EU support and the use of EU funds, in this area at national level	
3.1.2. Renewable energy (2030 Framework target)		3.1.2. Renewable energy []	
i. Policies and measures to achieve the national contribution to the binding EU-level 2030 target for renewable energy and trajectories as presented in 2.1.2 including sector- and technology-specific measures	AM 243 i. Policies and measures to achieve the 2030 national target and the 2030 binding EU-level target for renewable energy and trajectories as presented in 2.1.2 including sector- and technology-specific measures ⁶	i. Policies and measures to achieve the national contribution to the binding EU-level 2030 target for renewable energy and trajectories as referred to in Article 4(a)(2), and, if applicable or available, the elements presented in 2.1.2 including sector- and technology-specific measures ⁵⁵	Maintain Council GA
ii. Specific measures for regional cooperation, as well as the estimated excess production of energy from renewable sources which could be transferred to other Member States in order to achieve the national contribution and trajectories presented in 2.1.2		ii. Where relevant, specific measures for regional cooperation, as well as, optionally, the estimated excess production of energy from renewable sources which could be transferred to other Member States in order to achieve the national contribution and trajectories presented in 2.1.2	

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When planning these measures, Member States shall take into account the end of life of existing installations and the potential for repowering.

Annex I Part I Section A Part 3.1.2 (continued)			
iii. Specific measures on financial support, including EU support and the use of EU funds, for the promotion of the production and use of energy from renewable sources in electricity, heating and cooling, and transport	AM 244 iii. Specific <i>national</i> measures on financial support <i>and fiscal measures</i> as well as including EU support and the use of EU funds, for the promotion of the production and use of energy from renewable sources in electricity, heating and cooling, and transport	iii. Specific measures on financial support, where applicable including EU support and the use of EU funds, for the promotion of the production and use of energy from renewable sources in electricity, heating and cooling, and transport	To be discussed with EP
iv. Specific measures to introduce a one-stop-shop, streamline administrative procedures, provide information and training, and empower renewable self-consumers and energy communities	iv. Specific measures to remove excessively burdening costs and barriers to renewable deployment and to introduce a one-stop-shop, streamline administrative procedures, provide information and training []. Expected impact in terms of triggered new renewable energy capacity	iv. Specific measures to introduce [] one or more contact points, streamline administrative procedures, provide information and training, and empower renewable self-consumers and energy communities	To be discussed with EP
	AM 246 Annex I – part 1 – section A – para 3 – point 3.1 – point 3.1.2 – point iv a (new) iva. Specific measures to confer the right to and encourage all consumers to become renewable self-consumers, individually and collectively, producing, storing, self-consuming and selling their renewable energy, and expected impact in terms of triggered new renewable energy capacity		To be discussed with EP

v. Assessment of the necessity to		v. Assessment of the necessity to	
build new infrastructure for district		build new infrastructure for district	
heating and cooling produced from		heating and cooling produced from	
renewable energy sources		renewable energy sources	
vi. Specific measures on the		vi. If applicable, s pecific measures	
promotion of the use of energy from		on the promotion of the use of energy	
biomass, especially for new biomass		from biomass, especially for new	
mobilisation taking into account:		biomass mobilisation taking into	
		account:	
- biomass availability: both domestic		- biomass availability: both domestic	
potential and imports from third		potential and imports from third	
countries		countries	
- other biomass uses by other sectors		- other biomass uses by other sectors	
(agriculture and forest-based sectors);		(agriculture and forest-based sectors);	
as well as measures for the		as well as measures for the	
sustainability of biomass production		sustainability of biomass production	
and use		and use	
	AM 247		To be discussed with EP
	Annex I – part 1 – section A – para 3		
	- point 3.1 - point 3.1.2 - point vi a		
	(new)		
	via. Other planned or adopted		
	measures to promote renewable		
	energy, in particular, but not limited		
	to the following:		
	(a) measures aimed to ensure that		
	all public administrations (national,		
	regional or local) integrate the		
	consumption of renewable energy in		
	their activities;		

Annex I Part I Section A Part 3.1.2 (continued)			
	(b) provisions included in the context of public procurement legislation aimed to guarantee that public administrations (national, regional and local) incorporate green public procurement awarding criteria for the purpose of encouraging the use of renewable energy sources by legal entities that intend to contract with them, regardless of the product or service to be awarded; (c) provisions concerning the use of renewable energies as a requirement for the granting of any public subsidies or support, when		
3.1.3. Other elements of the	appropriate.	3.1.3. Other elements of the	
dimension		dimension	
i. If applicable, national policies and measures affecting the EU ETS sector and assessment of the complementarity and impacts on the EU ETS		i. If applicable, national policies and measures affecting the EU ETS sector and assessment of the complementarity and impacts on the EU ETS	
ii. Strategies, plans and measures on adaptation to climate change		ii. []	Note: this could be considered covered under (iii) below ("Policies and measures to achieve other national targets, if applicable").
iii. Policies and measures to achieve		iii. Policies and measures to achieve	
other national targets, if applicable		other national targets, if applicable	
iv. Policies and measures to achieve		iv. Policies and measures to achieve	
low-emission mobility (including		low-emission mobility (including	
electrification of transport)		electrification of transport)	

	AM 248 Annex I – part 1 – section A – para 3 – point 3.1 – point 3.1.3 – point iv a (new) iva. National policies, timelines and measures planned to phase out indirect and indirect fossil fuel subsidies by 2020		iva. National policies, timelines and measures planned to phase out [] fossil fuel subsidies [] Note: cf. EP Amendment on fossil fuel subsidies' in AM 17, 156, 193 and 258
3.2. Dimension Energy efficiency (2030 Framework target)		3.2. Dimension Energy efficiency [
Planned policies, measures and programmes to achieve the indicative national energy efficiency target for 2030 as well as other objectives presented in 2.2, including planned measures and instruments (also of financial nature) to promote the energy performance of buildings, in particular as regards the following:	AM 249 Planned policies, measures and programmes to achieve the <i>binding</i> national energy efficiency target for 2030 as well as other objectives presented in 2.2, including planned measures and instruments (also of financial nature) to promote the energy performance of buildings, in particular as regards to the following:	Planned policies, measures and programmes to achieve the indicative national energy efficiency target for 2030 as well as other objectives presented in 2.2, including planned measures and instruments (also of financial nature) to promote the energy performance of buildings, in particular as regards the following:	Note: EP clarified it does not seek 'binding' national energy efficiency targets. See also AM 101 of EED: "4. Each Member State shall set indicative national energy efficiency targets towards the Union's 2030 target().".
i. Energy efficiency obligation schemes and alternative measures under Article 7a and 7b of Directive 2012/27/EU [version as amended in accordance with proposal COM(2016)761] (to be prepared in accordance with Annex II)		i. Energy efficiency obligation schemes and alternative measures under Article 7a and 7b of Directive 2012/27/EU, [version as amended in accordance with proposal COM(2016)761] and [(to be prepared in accordance with Annex II)]	

	Annex I Part I Section A Part 3.2 (continued)			
ii. Long-term strategy for the renovation of the national stock of residential and commercial buildings (both public and private) ⁵⁶ including policies and measures to stimulate cost-effective deep and staged deep renovations	ii. Long-term strategy for the renovation of the national stock of residential and non-residential buildings (both public and private) ⁷ including energy efficiency and savings policies, measures and actions to stimulate cost-effective deep and staged deep renovations as well as those targeting the worst performing building stock and households in energy poverty	ii. Long-term strategy for the renovation of the national stock of residential and [] non-residential buildings, []both public and private[]	To be aligned with final EPBD text	
iii. Description of policy and measures to promote energy services in the public sector and measures to remove regulatory and non-regulatory barriers that impede the uptake of energy performance contracting and other energy efficiency service models ⁵⁷		iii. Description of policy and measures to promote energy services in the public sector and measures to remove regulatory and non-regulatory barriers that impede the uptake of energy performance contracting and other energy efficiency service models		

In accordance with Article 2a of Directive 2010/31/EU [version as amended in accordance with proposal COM(2016)765].

In accordance with Article 18 of Directive 2012/27/EU.

	AM 251		Maintain Council GA
iv. Other planned policies, measures and programmes to achieve the indicative national energy efficiency target for 2030 as well as other objectives presented in 2.2 (for example measures to promote the exemplary role of public buildings and <i>energy-efficient public procurement</i> , measures to promote energy audits and energy management systems ⁵⁸ , consumer information and training measures ⁵⁹ , and other measures to promote energy efficiency ⁶⁰)	iv. Other planned policies, measures and programmes to achieve <i>binding</i> national energy efficiency target for 2030 as well as other objectives presented in 2.2 (for example measures to promote the exemplary role of public buildings and energy-efficient public procurement, measures to promote energy audits and energy management systems*, consumer information and training measures*, and other measures to promote energy efficiency*	iv. Other planned policies, measures and programmes to achieve the indicative national energy efficiency target for 2030 as well as other objectives presented in 2.2 (for example measures to promote the exemplary role of public buildings and energy-efficient public procurement, measures to promote energy audits and energy management systems, consumer information and training measures, and other measures to promote energy efficiency)	Note: EP clarified it does not seek 'binding' national energy efficiency targets. See also AM 101 of EED: "4. Each Member State shall set indicative national energy efficiency targets towards the Union's 2030 target().".
v. Description of measures to utilise energy efficiency potentials of gas and electricity infrastructure ⁶¹		v. D escription of measures to utilise energy efficiency potentials of gas and electricity infrastructure	
vi. Regional cooperation in this area, if applicable		vi. Regional cooperation in this area, if applicable	
vii. Financing measures, including EU support and the use of EU funds, in the area at national level		vii. Financing measures, including EU support and the use of EU funds, in the area at national level	

60

⁵⁸ In accordance with Article 8 of Directive 2012/27/EU.

⁵⁹ In accordance with Articles 12 and 17 of Directive 2012/27/EU

In accordance with Article 19 of Directive 2012/27/EU.

⁶¹ In accordance with Article 15(2) of Directive 2012/27/EU.

Annex I Part I Section A Part 3.2 (continued)			
	AM 252 Annex I – part 1 – section A – para 3 – point 3.2 – point iv a (new) iva. Description of policies and measures to promote the role of local energy communities in contributing to the implementation of policies and measures in points i, ii, iii and iv		iva. Where applicable, a description of policies and measures to promote the role of local energy communities in contributing to the implementation of policies and measures in points i, ii, iii and iv
3.3. Dimension Energy security*		3.3. Dimension Energy security ⁶²	
i. Policies and measures to achieve the objectives set out in 2.3*		i. Policies and measures related to the elements [] set out in 2.3 ⁶³	
ii. Regional cooperation in this area iii. If applicable, financing measures in this area at national level, including EU support and the use of EU funds,		ii. Regional cooperation in this area iii. If applicable, financing measures in this area at national level, including EU support and the use of EU funds,	
3.4. Dimension Internal energy market*		3.4. Dimension Internal energy market ⁶⁴	
i. Policies and measures to achieve the targeted level of interconnectivity presented in 2.4.1 ii. Regional cooperation in this area*		i. Policies and measures to achieve the targeted level of interconnectivity [] as set out in Article 4(d) ii. Regional cooperation in this area ⁶⁵	
iii. If applicable, financing		iii. If applicable, financing	

Policies and measures shall reflect the energy efficiency first principle.

Consistency shall be ensured with the preventive action and emergency plans under Regulation [as proposed by COM(2016) 52] concerning measures to safeguard the security of gas supply and repealing Regulation (EU) No 994/2010, as well as the risk preparedness plans under Regulation [as proposed by COM(2016) 862] on risk-preparedness in the electricity sector and repealing Directive 2005/89/EC.

Policies and measures shall reflect the energy efficiency first principle.

Other than the PCI Regional Groups established under Regulation (EU) No 347/2013.

measures in this area at national level, including EU support and the use of EU funds 3.4.2. Energy transmission infrastructure	measures in this area at national level, including EU support and the use of EU funds 3.4.2. Energy transmission infrastructure	
i. Policies and measures to achieve the key infrastructure objectives presented in 2.4.2, including, if applicable, specific measures to enable the delivery of Projects of Common Interest (PCIs) and other key infrastructure projects	i. Policies and measures related to the elements set out [] in 2.4.2, including, if applicable, specific measures to enable the delivery of Projects of Common Interest (PCIs) and other key infrastructure projects	
ii. Regional cooperation in this area*	ii. Regional cooperation in this area ⁶⁶	
iii. If applicable, financing measures in this area at national level, including EU support and the use of EU funds	iii. If applicable, financing measures in this area at national level, including EU support and the use of EU funds	
i. Policies and measures to achieve the objectives set out in 2.4.3	i. Policies and measures related to the elements [] set out in 2.4.3	

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Other than the PCI Regional Groups established under Regulation (EU) No 347/2013.

Annex I Part I Section A Part 3.4.3 (continued)			
ii. Measures to increase the flexibility of the energy system with regard to renewable energy production, including the roll-out of intraday market coupling and cross-border balancing markets	ii. Measures to increase the flexibility of the energy system, including the roll-out of intraday market coupling and cross-border balancing markets, the deployment of smart grids and storage, the growth of demand response and distributed generation as well as the adjustment of price formation, including via real-time price signals	ii. If applicable, measures to increase the flexibility of the energy system with regard to renewable energy production, including the rollout of intraday market coupling and cross-border balancing markets	ii. [] Measures to increase the flexibility of the energy system with regard to renewable energy production such as smart grids, aggregation, demand response, storage, distributed generation, mechanisms for dispatching, re-dispatching and curtailment, real-time price signals, including the roll-out of intraday market coupling and cross-border balancing markets (cf. AM 85 + 235 + 147)
	AM 254 Annex I – part 1 – section A – paragraph 3 – point 3.4 – point 3.4.3 – point ii a (new) iia. Measures to ensure the non- discriminatory participation of renewable energy, demand response and storage, including via aggregation, in all energy markets		iia. If applicable, measures to ensure the non-discriminatory participation of renewable energy, demand response and storage, including via aggregation, in all energy markets (cf. AM 86 + 149 + 236)

iii. Measures to ensure priority access and dispatch of electricity produced from renewable energy sources or high-efficiency cogeneration and prevent the curtailment or re-dispatch of this electricity ⁶⁷	AM 255 iii. Measures related to the adaptation of system operation rules and practices to enhance system flexibility; measures related to the use of dispatching rules which serve the achievement of the national renewable energy and greenhouse gas emissions reduction targets; measures related to the use of rules which minimise and compensate renewable energy re-dispatching and curtailment; measures to advance aggregation ¹⁸		Maintain Council GA
iv. Policies and measures to protect consumers, especially vulnerable and energy poor consumers, and to improve the competitiveness and contestability of the retail energy market		iv. [] Policies and measures to protect consumers, especially vulnerable and, where applicable, energy poor consumers, and to improve the competitiveness and contestability of the retail energy market	
v. Description of measures to enable and develop demand response including those addressing tariffs to support dynamic pricing ⁶⁸		v. Description of measures to enable and develop demand response including those addressing tariffs to support dynamic pricing ⁶⁹	

In accordance with [recast of Directive 2009/72/EC as proposed by COM(2016) 864 and recast of Regulation (EC) No 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016) 861]

⁶⁸ In accordance with Article 15(8) of Directive 2012/27/EU.

⁶⁹ In accordance with Article 15(8) of Directive 2012/27/EU.

Annex I Part I Section A Part 3.4.4			
3.4.4. Energy Poverty		3.4.4. Energy Poverty	
i. Policies and measures to achieve the objectives set out in 2.4.4		i. If applicable, policies and measures to achieve the objectives set out in 2.4.4	
3.5. Dimension Research,		3.5. Dimension Research,	
innovation and competitiveness		innovation and competitiveness	
i. Policies and measures including those to achieve the objectives set out in 2.5		i. Policies and measures related to the elements [] set out in 2.5	
ii. Cooperation with other Member States in this area, including information on how the SET Plan objectives and policies are being translated to a national context		ii. If applicable, c ooperation with other Member States in this area, including information on how the SET Plan objectives and policies are being translated to a national context, where appropriate	
iii. If applicable, financing measures in this area at national level, including EU support and the use of EU funds		iii. If applicable, financing measures in this area at national level, including EU support and the use of EU funds	
	AM 256 Annex I – part 1 – section A – paragraph 3 – point 3.5 a (new) 3.5a. Energy efficiency first principle Description of how the dimensions and the policies and measures are taking into account the energy efficiency first principle		Maintain Council GA (cf. AM 54)

	Annex I Part 1 Section B			
SECTION B: ANALYTICAL		SECTION B: ANALYTICAL		
BASIS* 4. CURRENT SITUATION AND		BASIS ⁷⁰ 4. CURRENT SITUATION AND		
PROJECTIONS WITH EXISTING		PROJECTIONS WITH EXISTING		
POLICIES AND MEASURES*,*		POLICIES AND MEASURES ^{71,72}		
4.1. Projected evolution of main		4.1. Projected evolution of main		
exogenous factors influencing energy system and GHG emission		exogenous factors influencing energy system and GHG emission		
developments		developments		
•		•		
i. Macroeconomic forecasts (GDP		i. Macroeconomic forecasts (GDP		
and population growth)		and population growth)		
ii. Sectorial changes expected to		ii. Sectorial changes expected to		
impact the energy system and GHG		impact the energy system and GHG		
emissions		emissions		

See Part 2 for a detailed list of parameters and variables to be reported in Section B of the Plan.

Current situation shall reflect the date of submission of the national plan (or latest available date). Existing policies and measures encompass implemented and adopted policies and measures. Adopted policies and measures are those for which an official government decision has been made by the date of submission of the national plan and there is a clear commitment to proceed with implementation. Implemented policies and measures are those for which one or more of the following applies at the date of submission of the national plan or progress report: directly applicable European legislation or national legislation is in force, one or more voluntary agreements have been established, financial resources have been allocated, human resources have been mobilised.

The selection of exogenous factors may be based on the assumptions made in the EU Reference Scenario 2016 or other subsequent policy scenarios for the same variables. Besides, Member States specific results of the EU Reference Scenario 2016 as well as results of subsequent policy scenarios may also be a useful source of information when developing national projections with existing policies and measures and impact assessments.

iii. Global energy trends,	iii. Global energy trends,
international fossil fuel prices, EU ETS	international fossil fuel prices, EU ETS
carbon price	carbon price
iv. Technology cost developments	iv. Technology cost developments
4.2. Dimension Decarbonisation	4.2. Dimension Decarbonisation
4.2.1. GHG emissions and removals	4.2.1. GHG emissions and removals
i. Trends in current GHG	i. Trends in current GHG
emissions and removals in the EU	emissions and removals in the EU
ETS, Effort Sharing Regulation and	ETS, Effort Sharing Regulation and
LULUCF sectors and different energy	LULUCF sectors and different energy
sectors	sectors
ii. Projections of sectorial	ii. Projections of sectorial
developments with existing national	developments with existing national
and EU policies and measures at least	and EU policies and measures at least
until 2040 (including for the year	until 2040 (including for the year
2030)	2030)
<i>)</i>	====
4.2.2. Renewable energy	4.2.2. Renewable energy
4.2.2. Renewable energyi. Current share of renewable	i. Current share of renewable
i. Current share of renewable energy in gross final energy	i. Current share of renewable energy in gross final energy
i. Current share of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption and in different sectors	i. Current share of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption and in different sectors
i. Current share of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption and in different sectors (heating and cooling, electricity and	i. Current share of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption and in different sectors (heating and cooling, electricity and
i. Current share of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption and in different sectors (heating and cooling, electricity and transport) as well as per technology in	i. Current share of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption and in different sectors (heating and cooling, electricity and transport) as well as per technology in
i. Current share of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption and in different sectors (heating and cooling, electricity and transport) as well as per technology in each of these sectors	i. Current share of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption and in different sectors (heating and cooling, electricity and transport) as well as per technology in each of these sectors
i. Current share of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption and in different sectors (heating and cooling, electricity and transport) as well as per technology in each of these sectors ii. Projections of development with	i. Current share of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption and in different sectors (heating and cooling, electricity and transport) as well as per technology in each of these sectors iii. Indicative projections of
i. Current share of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption and in different sectors (heating and cooling, electricity and transport) as well as per technology in each of these sectors ii. Projections of development with existing policies and measures at least	i. Current share of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption and in different sectors (heating and cooling, electricity and transport) as well as per technology in each of these sectors iii. Indicative projections of development with existing policies for
i. Current share of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption and in different sectors (heating and cooling, electricity and transport) as well as per technology in each of these sectors ii. Projections of development with existing policies and measures at least until 2040 (including for the year	i. Current share of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption and in different sectors (heating and cooling, electricity and transport) as well as per technology in each of these sectors iii. Indicative projections of development with existing policies for the year 2030 (with an outlook to the
i. Current share of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption and in different sectors (heating and cooling, electricity and transport) as well as per technology in each of these sectors ii. Projections of development with existing policies and measures at least until 2040 (including for the year 2030)	i. Current share of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption and in different sectors (heating and cooling, electricity and transport) as well as per technology in each of these sectors iii. Indicative projections of development with existing policies for the year 2030 (with an outlook to the year 2040) []
i. Current share of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption and in different sectors (heating and cooling, electricity and transport) as well as per technology in each of these sectors ii. Projections of development with existing policies and measures at least until 2040 (including for the year 2030) 4.3. Dimension Energy efficiency	i. Current share of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption and in different sectors (heating and cooling, electricity and transport) as well as per technology in each of these sectors iii. Indicative projections of development with existing policies for the year 2030 (with an outlook to the year 2040) [] 4.3. Dimension Energy efficiency
i. Current share of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption and in different sectors (heating and cooling, electricity and transport) as well as per technology in each of these sectors ii. Projections of development with existing policies and measures at least until 2040 (including for the year 2030) 4.3. Dimension Energy efficiency i. Current primary and final energy	i. Current share of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption and in different sectors (heating and cooling, electricity and transport) as well as per technology in each of these sectors iii. Indicative projections of development with existing policies for the year 2030 (with an outlook to the year 2040) [] 4.3. Dimension Energy efficiency i. Current primary and final energy
i. Current share of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption and in different sectors (heating and cooling, electricity and transport) as well as per technology in each of these sectors ii. Projections of development with existing policies and measures at least until 2040 (including for the year 2030) 4.3. Dimension Energy efficiency i. Current primary and final energy consumption in the economy and per	i. Current share of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption and in different sectors (heating and cooling, electricity and transport) as well as per technology in each of these sectors iii. Indicative projections of development with existing policies for the year 2030 (with an outlook to the year 2040) [] 4.3. Dimension Energy efficiency i. Current primary and final energy consumption in the economy and per
i. Current share of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption and in different sectors (heating and cooling, electricity and transport) as well as per technology in each of these sectors ii. Projections of development with existing policies and measures at least until 2040 (including for the year 2030) 4.3. Dimension Energy efficiency i. Current primary and final energy	i. Current share of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption and in different sectors (heating and cooling, electricity and transport) as well as per technology in each of these sectors iii. Indicative projections of development with existing policies for the year 2030 (with an outlook to the year 2040) [] 4.3. Dimension Energy efficiency i. Current primary and final energy

	Annex I Part 1 Section B 4.3 (continued)			
ii. Current potential for the application of high-efficiency cogeneration and efficient district heating and cooling ⁷³		ii. Current potential for the application of high-efficiency cogeneration and efficient district heating and cooling ⁷⁴		
iii. Projections considering existing energy efficiency policies, measures and programmes as described under 1.2. ii) for primary and final energy consumption for each sector at least until 2040 (including for the year 2030)*		iii. Projections considering existing energy efficiency policies, measures and programmes as described under 1.2. ii) for primary and final energy consumption for each sector at least until 2040 (including for the year 2030) ⁷⁵		
iv. Cost-optimal levels of minimum energy performance requirements resulting from national calculations, according to Article 5 of Directive 2010/31/EU		iv. Cost-optimal levels of minimum energy performance requirements resulting from national calculations, according to Article 5 of Directive 2010/31/EU		
i. Current energy mix, domestic energy resources, import dependency, including relevant risks	AM 257 i. Current energy mix, domestic energy resources, <i>including demand response</i> , import dependency, including relevant risks	i. Current energy mix, domestic energy resources, import dependency, including relevant risks	Maintain Council GA	
ii. Projections of development with existing policies and measures at least until 2040 (including for the year 2030)		ii. Projections of development with existing policies and measures at least until 2040 (including for the year 2030)		

⁷³

In accordance with Article 14(1) of Directive 2012/27/EU.

In accordance with Article 14(1) of Directive 2012/27/EU.

This reference business as usual projection shall be the basis for the 2030 final and primary energy consumption target which is described in 2.3 and for conversion factors.

4.5. Dimension Internal energy	4.5. Dimension Internal energy	
market	market	
4.5.1. Electricity interconnectivity	4.5.1. Electricity interconnectivity	
i. Current interconnection level and main interconnectors ⁷⁶	i. Current interconnection level and main interconnectors ⁷⁷	
ii. Projections of interconnector expansion requirements at least until 2040 (including for the year 2030) ⁷⁸	ii. Projections of interconnector expansion requirements [] (including for the year 2030) ⁷⁹	
4.5.2. Energy transmission infrastructure	4.5.2. Energy transmission infrastructure	
i. Key characteristics of the existing transmission infrastructure for electricity and gas ⁸⁰	i. Key characteristics of the existing transmission infrastructure for electricity and gas ⁸¹	
ii. Projections of network expansion requirements at least until 2040 (including for the year 2030)*	ii. Projections of network expansion requirements at least until 2040 (including for the year 2030) ⁸²	
4.5.3. Electricity and gas markets, energy prices	4.5.3. Electricity and gas markets, energy prices	
i. Current situation of electricity and gas markets, including energy	i. Current situation of electricity and gas markets, including energy	
prices	prices	

With reference to overviews of existing transmission infrastructure by Transmission System Operators (TSOs). With reference to overviews of existing transmission infrastructure by Transmission System Operators (TSOs). 76

⁷⁷

⁷⁸

With reference to national network development plans and regional investment plans of TSOs. With reference to national network development plans and regional investment plans of TSOs. 79

⁸⁰ With reference to overviews of existing transmission infrastructure by TSOs.

With reference to overviews of existing transmission infrastructure by TSOs. 81

⁸² With reference to national network development plans and regional investment plans of TSOs.

	Annex I Part 1 Section	on B 4.5.3 (continued)	
ii. Projections of development with existing policies and measures at least		ii. Projections of development with existing policies and measures at least	
until 2040 (including for the year 2030)		until 2040 (including for the year 2030)	
4.6. Dimension Research,		4.6. Dimension Research,	
innovation and competitiveness		innovation and competitiveness	
i. Current situation of the low-		i. Current situation of the low-	
carbon-technologies sector and its		carbon-technologies sector and, to the	
position on the global market		extent possible, its position on the global market (this analysis should be	
		done on the European and/or global	
		level)	
ii. Current level of public and		ii. Current level of public and, if	
private research and innovation		available, private research and	
spending on low-carbon-technologies,		innovation spending on low-carbon-	
current number of patents, and current		technologies, current number of	
number of researchers		patents, and current number of researchers	
iii. Current level of energy costs			
including in the international context		iii. Breakdown of current price elements that make up the main	
including in the international context		three price components (energy,	
		network, taxes/levies)	
	AM 258	network, taxes/revies/	Accept
	Annex I – part 1 – section B –		
	paragraph 4 – point 4.6 – point iii a		Note: cf. EP Amendment on fossil
	(new)		fuel subsidies' in AM 17, 156, 193 and
	iiia. Current level of national fossil		248
	fuel subsidies		
iv. Projections of developments in i.	AM 259	[]	Maintain Council GA
to iii. with existing policies and	iv. Projections of developments in i.		
measures at least until 2040 (including	to <i>iiia</i> . with existing policies and		
for the year 2030)	measures at least until 2040 (including for the year 2030)		
	101 me year 2030)		

	AM 260 Annex I – part 1 – section B – paragraph 4 – point 4.6 a (new) 4.6a. Energy efficiency first principle Description of how the dimensions and the policies and measures are taking into account the energy efficiency first principle		Maintain Council GA (cf. AM 54)
5. IMPACT ASSESSMENT OF PLANNED POLICIES AND MEASURES*	AM 261 5. IMPACT ASSESSMENT OF PLANNED POLICIES MEASURES AND INVESTMENT STRATEGIES	5. IMPACT ASSESSMENT OF PLANNED POLICIES AND MEASURES ⁸³	Maintain Council GA Note: provisionally agreed at technical level (cf. AM 59, 101, 107)
5.1. Impacts of planned policies and measures described in section 3 on energy system and greenhouse gas emissions and removals including comparison to projections with existing policies and measures (as described in section 4).	AM 262 5.1. Impacts of planned policies, measures and <i>investment strategies</i> described in section 3 on energy system and greenhouse gas emissions and removals including comparison to projections with existing policies and measures (as described in section 4).	5.1. Impacts of planned policies and measures described in section 3 on energy system and greenhouse gas emissions and removals including comparison to projections with existing policies and measures (as described in section 4).	Maintain Council GA Note: provisionally agreed at technical level (cf. AM 59, 101, 107)

8536/18 AT/st 255
ANNEX I DG E 2B

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Planned policies and measures are options under discussion and having a realistic chance of being adopted and implemented after the date of submission of the national plan. The resulting projections under section 5.1.i shall therefore include not only implemented and adopted policies and measures (projections with existing policies and measures), but also planned policies and measures.

Annex I Part 1 Section B 5.1 (continued)		
i. Projections of the development of the energy system and greenhouse gas emissions and removals as well as of emissions of air pollutants in accordance with Directive [as proposed by COM/2013/0920] under the planned policies and measures at least until ten years after the period covered by the plan (including for the last year of the period covered by the plan), including relevant EU policies and measures.	i. Projections of the development of the energy system and greenhouse gas emissions and removals as well as, where relevant of emissions of air pollutants in accordance with Directive 2016/2284/EU [] under the planned policies and measures at least until ten years after the period covered by the plan (including for the last year of the period covered by the plan), including relevant EU policies and measures.	
ii. Assessment of policy interactions (between existing and planned policies and measures within a policy dimension and between existing and planned policies and measures of different dimensions) at least until the last year of the period covered by the plan AM 263 ii. Assessment of policy interactions (between existing and planned policies and measures within a policy dimension and between exist and planned policies and measures of different dimensions) at least until the last year of the period covered by the plan, in particular to establish a robust understanding of the impact energy efficiency / energy savings policies on the sizing of the energy system and to reduce the risk of stranded investments in energy supply.	policy dimension and between existing and planned policies and measures of different dimensions) at least until the last year of the period covered by the plan	Note: this Presidency compromise proposal is related to AM 103 ii. Assessment of policy interactions (between existing and planned policies and measures within a policy dimension and between existing and planned policies and measures of different dimensions) at least until the last year of the period covered by the plan, in particular to establish a robust understanding of the impact of energy efficiency / energy savings policies on the sizing of the energy system and to reduce the risk of stranded investments in energy supply. The benefits of digitalisation on the energy system and air quality shall also be covered.

	AM 264		Accept
	Annex I – part 1 – section B –		
	paragraph 5 – point 5.1 – point ii a		Note: see AM 105
	(new)		
	iia. Assessment of interactions		
	between existing and planned		
	national policies and measures, and		
	Union climate and energy policy measures.		
5.2. Macroeconomic,		5.2. Where relevant and to the	
environmental, skills and social		extent feasible, macroeconomic,	
impacts (in terms of costs and		environmental, skills and social	
benefits as well as cost-effectiveness)		impacts (in terms of costs and	
of the planned policies and measures		benefits as well as cost-effectiveness)	
described in section 3 at least until the		of the planned policies and measures	
last year of the period covered by the		described in section 3 at least until the	
plan, including comparison to		last year of the period covered by the	
projections with existing policies and		plan, including comparison to	
measures		projections with existing policies and	
		measures	
	AM 265		Maintain Council GA
	Annex I – part 1 – section B –		
	paragraph 5 – point 5.2 a (new)		
	5.2a Health and wellbeing		
	i. Implications for air quality and		
	related health effects		
	ii. Other health and wellbeing		
	impacts (e.g. water, noise or other		
	pollution, walking and cycling		
	expansion, commuting or other		
	transport changes etc.)		

Annex I Part 1 Section B 5.2b (new)			
	AM 266		Maintain Council GA
	Annex I – part 1 – section B –		
	paragraph 5 – point 5.2 b (new)		
	5.2b. Environmental impacts		
	i. Details of any strategic		
	environmental assessment or		
	environmental impact assessments		
	related to the strategy or national		
	plans		
	ii. Water-related aspects e.g. water		
	demand or extraction (taking account		
	of potential future climate change),		
	impacts on water or marine habitats		
	of hydro or tidal power etc.		
	iii. Environmental (and climate)		
	impacts of any increased mobilisation		
	of bioenergy use (crop-based biofuels,		
	forest biomass etc.) and relationship		
	to strategy for removals in the land		
	use sector		

AM 267 Annex I – part 1 – section B – paragraph 5 – point 5.2 c (new) 5.2c Investment impacts	Note: compromise on AM 267 provisionally agreed at technical level, with the exception of points (v) and (vi), which the Presidency proposes that EP should drop in the context of this compromise: 5.2c Overview of investment needs
i. existing investment flows;	i. existing investment flows and forward investment assumptions with regards to the planned policies and measures;
ii. forward investment assumptions linked to each of the planned policies and measures, including the risk profile of the planned policies and measures;	Maintain Council GA
iii. sector or market risk factors or barriers in the national (or macro-regional) context;	<pre>iii. sector or market risk factors or barriers in the national [or macro- regional*)] context;</pre>
	*) Note: subject to outcome of negotiations on 'macro-regional']
iv. analysis of additional public finance support or resources to fill identified gaps identified under (iii);	iv. analysis of additional public finance support or resources to fill identified gaps identified under (iii);

	v. qualitative assessment of investor confidence, including visibility of a project pipeline and viability or attractiveness of investment opportunities;		Maintain Council GA Note: EP can drop if compromise text for AM 124 is accepted
	vi. review of previous year against assumptions, forward view including substantive factors facing investors.		Maintain Council GA Note: EP can drop if the (simplified) compromise text for AM 124 is accepted
5.3. Impacts of planned policies and measures described in section 3 on other Member States and regional cooperation at least until the last year of the period covered by the plan, including comparison to projections with existing policies and measures		5.3. Impacts of planned policies and measures described in section 3 on other Member States and regional cooperation at least until the last year of the period covered by the plan, including comparison to projections with existing policies and measures	
i. Impacts on the energy system in neighbouring and other Member States in the region to the extent possible		i. Impacts on the energy system in neighbouring and other Member States in the region to the extent possible	
ii. Impacts on energy prices, utilities and energy market integrationiii. Impacts on regional cooperation		ii. Impacts on energy prices, utilities and energy market integrationiii. Where relevant, impacts on regional cooperation	

Annex I Part 2		
Part 2	Part 2	
List of parameters and variables to be	List of parameters and variables to be	
reported in Section B of National	reported in Section B of National	
Plans	Plans ^{84 85 86 87}	
The following parameters, variables,	The following parameters, variables,	
energy balances and indicators are to	energy balances and indicators are to	
be reported in Section B 'Analytical	be reported in Section B 'Analytical	
Basis' of the National Plans:	Basis' of the National Plans, if used :	
1. General parameters and	1. General parameters and	
variables	variables	
(1) Population [million]	(1) Population [million]	
(2) GDP [euro million]	(2) GDP [euro million]	
(3) Sectorial gross value added	(3) Sectorial gross value added	
(including main industrial,	(including main industrial,	
construction, services, and agriculture	construction, services, and agriculture	
sectors) [euro million]	sectors) [euro million]	
(4) Number of households	(4) Number of households	
[thousands]	[thousands]	
(5) Household size	(5) Household size	1
[inhabitants/households]	[inhabitants/households]	
(6) Disposable income of	(6) Disposable income of]
households [euro]	households [euro]	

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For the plan covering the period from 2021 to 2030: for each parameter/variable in the list, trends over the years 2005-2040 (2005-2050 where appropriate) including for the year 2030 in five year intervals shall be reported both in section 4 and 5. Parameter based on exogenous assumptions vs. modelling output shall be indicated.

As far as possible, reported data and projections shall build on and be consistent with EUROSTAT data and methodology used for reporting European statistics in respective sectorial legislations, as European statistics are the primary source of statistical data used for reporting and monitoring, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 on European statistics.

Note: all projections are to be performed on the basis of constant prices (2016 prices used as base year)

The Commission will provide recommendations for key parameters for projections, at least covering oil, gas, and coal import prices as well as EU ETS carbon prices.

(7) Number of passenger-	(7) Number of passenger-
kilometres: all modes, i.e. split	kilometres: all modes, i.e. split
between road (cars and buses separated	between road (cars and buses separated
if possible), rail, aviation and domestic	if possible), rail, aviation and domestic
navigation (when relevant) [million	navigation (when relevant) [million
pkm]	pkm]
(8) Freight transport tonnes-	(8) Freight transport tonnes-
kilometres: all modes excluding	kilometres: all modes excluding
international maritime, i.e. split	international maritime, i.e. split
between road, rail, aviation, domestic	between road, rail, aviation, domestic
navigation (inland waterways and	navigation (inland waterways and
national maritime) [million tkm]	national maritime) [million tkm]
(9) International oil, gas and coal	(9) International oil, gas and coal
fuel import prices [euro/GJ or euro/toe]	fuel import prices [euro/GJ or euro/toe]
– aligned with Commission's	[] based on the Commission's
recommendations	recommendations
(10) EU-ETS carbon price	(10) EU-ETS carbon price
[euro/EUA] - aligned with	[euro/EUA] – [] based on the
Commission's recommendations	Commission's recommendations
(11) Exchange rates to euro and to	(11) Exchange rates to euro and to
US Dollar (if applicable) assumptions	US Dollar (if applicable) assumptions
[euro/ currency and USD/currency]	[euro/ currency and USD/currency]
(12) Number of Heating Degree Days	(12) Number of Heating Degree Days
(HDD)	(HDD)
(13) Number of Cooling Degree	(13) Number of Cooling Degree
Days (CDD)	Days (CDD)
(14) Technology cost assumptions	(14) Technology cost assumptions
used in modelling for main relevant	used in modelling for main relevant
technologies	technologies
2. Energy balances and	2. Energy balances and
indicators	indicators
2.1. Energy supply	2.1. Energy supply

Annex I Part 2.2.1 (continued)		
(1) Indigenous Production by fuel	(1) Indigenous Production by fuel	
type (all energy products: coal, crude	type (all energy products [] that are	
oil, natural gas, nuclear energy,	produced in significant quantities)	
renewable energy sources) [ktoe]	[ktoe]	
(2) Net imports by fuel type	(2) Net imports by fuel type	
(including electricity and split into	(including electricity and split into	
intra- and extra EU net imports) [ktoe]	intra- and extra EU net imports) [ktoe]	
(3) Import dependency from third	(3) Import dependency from third	
countries [%]	countries [%]	
(4) Main import sources (countries)	(4) Main import sources (countries)	
for main energy carriers (including gas	for main energy carriers (including gas	
and electricity)	and electricity)	
(5) Gross Inland Consumption by	(5) Gross Inland Consumption by	
fuel type source (including solids, all	fuel type source (including solids, all	
energy products: coal, crude oil and	energy products: coal, crude oil and	
petroleum products, natural gas,	petroleum products, natural gas,	
nuclear energy, electricity, derived	nuclear energy, electricity, derived	
heat, renewables, waste) [ktoe]	heat, renewables, waste) [ktoe]	
2.2. Electricity and heat	2.2. Electricity and heat	
(1) Gross electricity generation	(1) Gross electricity generation	
[GWh]	[GWh]	
(2) Gross electricity generation by	(2) Gross electricity generation by	
fuel (all energy products) [GWh]	fuel (all energy products) [GWh]	
(3) Share of combined heat and	(3) Share of combined heat and	
power generation in total electricity	power generation in total electricity	
and heat generation [%]	and heat generation [%]	
(4) Capacity electricity generation	(4) Capacity electricity generation	
by source including retirements and	by source including retirements and	
new investments [MW]	new investments [MW]	
(5) Heat generation from thermal	(5) Heat generation from thermal	
power generation	power generation	
(6) Heat generation from combined	(6) Heat generation from combined	
heat and power plants, including	heat and power plants, including	
industrial waste heat	industrial waste heat	
(7) Cross-border interconnection	(7) Cross-border interconnection	
(1) Cross-border interconnection	(1) Cross-border interconnection	

and the Constant of the Consta	
capacities for gas and electricity	capacities for gas and electricity
[Definition for electricity in line with	[Definition for electricity in line with
outcome of ongoing discussions on	outcome of ongoing discussions on
basis for 15% interconnection target]	basis for 15% interconnection target]
and their projected usage rates	and their projected usage rates
2.3. Transformation sector	2.3. Transformation sector
(1) Fuel inputs to thermal power	(1) Fuel inputs to thermal power
generation (including solids, oil, gas)	generation (including solids, oil, gas)
[ktoe]	[ktoe]
(2) Fuel inputs to other conversion	(2) Fuel inputs to other conversion
processes [ktoe]	processes [ktoe]
2.4. Energy consumption	2.4. Energy consumption
(1) Primary and final energy	(1) Primary and final energy
consumption [ktoe]	consumption [ktoe]
(2) Final energy consumption by	(2) Final energy consumption by
sector (including industry, residential,	sector (including industry, residential,
tertiary, agriculture and transport	tertiary, agriculture and transport
(including split between passenger and	(including split between passenger and
freight transport, when available))	freight transport, when available))
[ktoe]	[ktoe]
(3) Final energy consumption by	(3) Final energy consumption by
fuel (all energy products) [ktoe]	fuel (all energy products) [ktoe]
(4) Final non-energy consumption	(4) Final non-energy consumption
[ktoe]	[ktoe]
(5) Primary energy intensity of the	(5) Primary energy intensity of the
overall economy (primary energy	overall economy (primary energy
consumption per GDP [toe/euro]	consumption per GDP [toe/euro]
(6) Final energy intensity by sector	(6) Final energy intensity by sector
(including industry, residential, tertiary	(including industry, residential, tertiary
and transport (including split between	and transport (including split between
passenger and freight transport, when	passenger and freight transport, when
available))	available))
	··············//

Annex I Part 2.2.5 (continued)		
2.5. Prices	2.5. Prices	
(1) Electricity prices by type of	(1) Electricity prices by type of	
using sector (residential, industry,	using sector (residential, industry,	
tertiary)	tertiary)	
(2) National retail fuel prices	(2) National retail fuel prices	
(including taxes, per source and sector)	(including taxes, per source and sector)	
[euro/ktoe]	[euro/ktoe]	
2.6. Investments	2.6. Investments	
Energy-related investment costs	[] Investment costs in energy	
compared to GDP (and compared to	transformation, supply, transmission	
gross value added for the industry	and distribution sectors.	
sector)		
2.7. Renewables	2.7. Renewables	
(1) Gross final consumption of	(1) Gross final consumption of	
energy from renewable sources and	energy from renewable sources and	
share of renewable energy in gross	share of renewable energy in gross	
final energy consumption and by sector	final energy consumption and by sector	
(electricity, heating and cooling,	(electricity, heating and cooling,	
transport) and by technology	transport) and by technology	
(2) Electricity and heat generation	(2) Electricity and heat generation	
from renewable energy in buildings (as	from renewable energy in buildings (as	
defined in Article 2(1) of Directive	defined in Article 2(1) of Directive	
2010/31/EU); this shall include	2010/31/EU); this shall include, where	
disaggregated data on energy	available, disaggregated data on	
produced, consumed and injected into	energy produced, consumed and	
the grid by solar photovoltaic systems,	injected into the grid by solar	
solar thermal systems, biomass, heat	photovoltaic systems, solar thermal	
pumps, geothermal systems, as well as	systems, biomass, heat pumps,	
all other decentralized renewables	geothermal systems, as well as all	
systems)	other decentralized renewables	
	systems)	

trajectories, including long-term or sectorial ones (the share of food-based and advanced biofuels, the share of renewable energy in district heating, as well as the renewable energy produced by cities and energy communities as defined by Article 22 of [recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by COM(2016) 767]) 3. GHG emissions and removals related indicators (1) GHG emissions by policy sector (EU ETS, Effort Sharing Regulation and LULUCF) (2) GHG emissions by IPCC sector and by gas (where relevant split into EU ETS and Effort Sharing sectors) [EU ETS and Effort Sharing sectors) [EU COzeq] (3) Carbon intensity of the overall economy [tCOzeq/GDP] (4) COz emission related indicators (b) Carbon intensity of final energy demand by sector [including industry, residential, tertiary, passenger transport, freight tr		
sectorial ones (the share of food-based and advanced biofuels, the share of renewable energy in district heating, as well as the renewable energy produced by cities and energy communities as defined by Article 22 of [recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by COM(2016) 767]) 3. GHG emissions and removals related indicators (1) GHG emissions by policy sector (EU ETS, Effort Sharing Regulation and LULUCF) (2) GHG emissions by IPCC sector and by gas (where relevant split into EU ETS and Effort Sharing sectors) [tCO2eq] (3) Carbon intensity of the overall economy [tCO2eq/GDP] (4) CO2 emission related indicators (a) Garbon intensity of final energy demand by sector ([ICO2eq/MWh]) (b) Carbon intensity of final energy demand by sector [I [ICO2eq/WWh]] (b) Carbon intensity of final energy demand by sector [I [ICO2eq/Ito]] [ICO2eq/Ito]	(3) If applicable, other national	(3) If applicable, other national
and advanced biofuels, the share of renewable energy in district heating, as well as the renewable energy produced by cities and energy communities as defined by Article 22 of [recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by COM(2016) 767]) 3. GHG emissions and removals related indicators (1) GHG emissions by policy sector (EU ETS, Effort Sharing Regulation and LULUCF) (2) GHG emissions by IPCC sector and by gas (where relevant split into EU ETS and Effort Sharing sectors) [ICO2eq] (3) Carbon intensity of the overall economy [tCO2eq/GDP] (4) CO2 emission related indicators (a) Carbon intensity of electricity and steam production [tCO2eq/MWh] (b) Carbon intensity of final energy demand by sector (including industry, residential, tertiary, passenger transport, freight transport)		
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well as the renewable energy produced by cities and energy communities as defined by Article 22 of [recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by COM(2016) 767]) 3. GHG emissions and removals related indicators (1) GHG emissions by policy sector (EU ETS, Effort Sharing Regulation and LULUCF) (2) GHG emissions by IPCC sector and by gas (where relevant split into EU ETS and Effort Sharing sectors) [ICO2eq] (3) Carbon intensity of the overall economy [ICO2eq/GDP] (4) CO2 emission related indicators (a) Carbon intensity of electricity and steam production [ICO2eq/MWh] (b) Carbon intensity of final energy demand by sector (including industry, residential, tertiary, passenger transport, freight transport) well as the renewable energy produced by cities and energy communities as defined by cities and energy communities as defined by cities and energy communities as defined by Article 22 of [recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by COM(2016) 767]) 3. GHG emissions and removals related indicators (1) GHG emissions by policy sector (EU ETS, Effort Sharing Regulation and LULUCF) (2) GHG emissions by IPCC sector and by gas (where relevant split into EU ETS and Effort Sharing sectors) [ICO2eq] (3) Carbon intensity of the overall economy [ICO2eq/GDP] (4) CO2 emission related indicators (a) Carbon intensity of the overall economy [ICO2eq/GDP] (b) Carbon intensity of final energy communities as defined and by sector [I] [ICO2eq/MWh]	and advanced biofuels, the share of	and advanced biofuels, the share of
by cities and energy communities as defined by Article 22 of [recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by COM(2016) 767]) 3. GHG emissions and removals related indicators (1) GHG emissions by policy sector (EU ETS, Effort Sharing Regulation and LULUCF) (2) GHG emissions by IPCC sector and by gas (where relevant split into EU ETS and Effort Sharing sectors) [ICO2eq] (3) Carbon intensity of the overall economy [tCO2eq/GDP] (4) CO2 emission related indicators (a) Carbon intensity of final energy demand by sector (including industry, residential, tertiary, passenger transport, freight transport) by cities and energy communities as defined by Article 22 of [recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by COM(2016) 767[) Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by COM(2016) 767[) 3. GHG emissions and removals related indicators (1) GHG emissions by policy sector (EU ETS, Effort Sharing Regulation and LULUCF) (2) GHG emissions by IPCC sector and by gas (where relevant split into EU ETS and Effort Sharing sectors) [ICO2eq] (3) Carbon intensity of the overall economy [ICO2eq/GDP] (4) CO2 emission related indicators (4) CO2 emission related indicators (5) GHG intensity of domestic conduction [ICO2eq/MWh] (6) GHG intensity of final energy demand by sector (including industry, residential, tertiary, passenger transport, freight transport)	renewable energy in district heating, as	renewable energy in district heating, as
defined by Article 22 of [recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by COM(2016) 767]) 3. GHG emissions and removals related indicators (1) GHG emissions by policy sector (EU ETS, Effort Sharing Regulation and LULUCF) (2) GHG emissions by IPCC sector and by gas (where relevant split into EU ETS and Effort Sharing sectors) [tCO2eq] (3) Carbon intensity of the overall economy [tCO2eq/GDP] (4) CO2 emission related indicators (a) Carbon intensity of final energy demand by sector [iCO2eq/Mwh] (b) Carbon intensity of final energy demand by sector (including industry, residential, tertiary, passenger transport, freight transport, freight transport)		
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COM(2016) 767]) 3. GHG emissions and removals related indicators (1) GHG emissions by policy sector (EU ETS, Effort Sharing Regulation and LULUCF) (2) GHG emissions by IPCC sector and by gas (where relevant split into EU ETS and Effort Sharing sectors) [tCO2eq] (3) Carbon intensity of the overall economy [tCO2eq/GDP] (4) CO2 emission related indicators (a) Carbon intensity of electricity and steam production [tCO2eq/MWh] (b) Carbon intensity of final energy demand by sector (including industry, residential, tertiary, passenger transport, freight transport) COM(2016) 767]) 3. GHG emissions and removals related indicators (1) GHG emissions by policy sector (EU ETS, Effort Sharing Regulation and LULUCF) (2) GHG emissions by IPCC sector and by gas (where relevant split into EU ETS and Effort Sharing sectors) [ICO2eq] (3) Carbon intensity of the overall economy [tCO2eq/GDP] (4) CO2 emission related indicators (a) GHG intensity of domestic power and heat generation [] [tCO2eq/MWh] (b) GHG intensity of final energy consumption by sector [] [tCO2eq/toe]	defined by Article 22 of [recast of	defined by Article 22 of [recast of
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and by gas (where relevant split into EU ETS and Effort Sharing sectors) [tCO2eq] (3) Carbon intensity of the overall economy [tCO2eq/GDP] (4) CO2 emission related indicators (a) Carbon intensity of electricity and steam production [tCO2eq/MWh] (b) Carbon intensity of final energy demand by sector (including industry, residential, tertiary, passenger transport, freight transport) and by gas (where relevant split into EU ETS and Effort Sharing sectors) [tCO2eq] (3) Carbon intensity of the overall economy [tCO2eq/GDP] (4) CO2 emission related indicators (a) GHG intensity of domestic power and heat generation [] [tCO2eq/MWh] (b) GHG intensity of final energy consumption by sector [] [tCO2eq/toe]	and LULUCF)	and LULUCF)
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economy [tCO2eq/GDP] (4) CO2 emission related indicators (a) Carbon intensity of electricity and steam production [tCO2eq/MWh] (b) Carbon intensity of final energy demand by sector (including industry, residential, tertiary, passenger transport, freight transport) economy [tCO2eq/GDP] (4) CO2 emission related indicators (a) GHG intensity of domestic power and heat generation [] [tCO2eq/MWh] (b) GHG intensity of final energy consumption by sector [] [tCO2eq/toe]	(3) Carbon intensity of the overall	(3) Carbon intensity of the overall
(4) CO ₂ emission related indicators (a) Carbon intensity of electricity and steam production [tCO2eq/MWh] (b) Carbon intensity of final energy demand by sector (including industry, residential, tertiary, passenger transport, freight transport) (4) CO ₂ emission related indicators (a) GHG intensity of domestic power and heat generation [] [tCO ₂ eq/MWh] (b) GHG intensity of final energy consumption by sector [] [tCO ₂ eq/toe]		economy [tCO ₂ eq/GDP]
and steam production [tCO2eq/MWh] (b) Carbon intensity of final energy demand by sector (including industry, residential, tertiary, passenger transport, freight transport) power and heat generation [] [tCO2eq/MWh] (b) GHG intensity of final energy consumption by sector [] [tCO2eq/toe]		(4) CO ₂ emission related indicators
and steam production [tCO2eq/MWh] (b) Carbon intensity of final energy demand by sector (including industry, residential, tertiary, passenger transport, freight transport) power and heat generation [] [tCO2eq/MWh] (b) GHG intensity of final energy consumption by sector [] [tCO2eq/toe]	(a) Carbon intensity of electricity	(a) GHG intensity of domestic
[tCO ₂ eq/MWh] (b) Carbon intensity of final energy demand by sector (including industry, residential, tertiary, passenger transport, freight transport) [tCO ₂ eq/MWh] (b) GHG intensity of final energy consumption by sector [] [tCO ₂ eq/toe]		power and heat generation []
demand by sector (including industry, residential, tertiary, passenger transport, freight transport) consumption by sector [] [tCO ₂ eq/toe]		[tCO ₂ eq/MWh]
residential, tertiary, passenger [tCO ₂ eq/toe]	(b) Carbon intensity of final energy	(b) GHG intensity of final energy
residential, tertiary, passenger [tCO ₂ eq/toe]	demand by sector (including industry,	consumption by sector []
transport, freight transport)		[tCO ₂ eq/toe]
	transport, freight transport)	
	[tCO2eq/toe]	
(5) Non-CO ₂ emission related (5) Non-CO ₂ emission related		(5) Non-CO ₂ emission related
parameters parameters	parameters	

Annex I Part 2.3.5 (continued)		
(a) Livestock: dairy cattle [1000	(a) Livestock: dairy cattle [1000	
heads], non-dairy cattle [1000 heads],	heads], non-dairy cattle [1000 heads],	
sheep [1000 heads], pig [1000 heads],	sheep [1000 heads], pig [1000 heads],	
poultry [1000 heads]	poultry [1000 heads]	
(b) Nitrogen input from application	(b) Nitrogen input from application	
of synthetic fertilizers [kt nitrogen]	of synthetic fertilizers [kt nitrogen]	
(c) Nitrogen input from application	(c) Nitrogen input from application	
of manure [kt nitrogen]	of manure [kt nitrogen]	
(d) Nitrogen fixed by N-fixing crops	(d) Nitrogen fixed by N-fixing crops	
[kt nitrogen]	[kt nitrogen]	
(e) Nitrogen in crop residues	(e) Nitrogen in crop residues	
returned to soils [kt nitrogen]	returned to soils [kt nitrogen]	
(f) Area of cultivated organic soils	(f) Area of cultivated organic soils	
[hectares]	[hectares]	
(g) Municipal solid waste (MSW)	(g) Municipal solid waste (MSW)	
generation	generation	
(h) Municipal solid waste (MSW)	(h) Municipal solid waste (MSW)	
going to landfills	going to landfills	
(i) Share of CH4 recovery in total	(i) Share of CH4 recovery in total	
CH4 generation from landfills [%]	CH4 generation from landfills [%]	

AM 294/rev	Maintain Council GA
Annex I a (new)	
 Annex Ia	
 NATIONAL TRAJECTORIES FOR	
THE SHARE OF ENERGY FROM	
RENEWABLE SOURCES IN	
GROSS FINAL CONSUMPTION OF	
ENERGY BETWEEN 2020 AND	
2030	
 The trajectory referred to in the	
second subparagraph of Article	
4(a)(2) shall consist of the following	
reference points:	
S2020 + 0.20 (S2030 - S2020), as an	
average for the period 2021 to 2022;	
S2020 + 0.45 (S2030 – S2020), as an	
average for the period 2023 to 2025;	
and	
S2020 + 0.70 (S2030 - S2020), as an	
average for the period 2025 to 2027;	
where:	
S2020 = the target for that Member	
State in 2020 pursuant to Article 3	
and Annex I - part A of Directive/	
[recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as	
 proposed by COM(2016)767]	
 and	
S2030 = the target for that Member	
State in 2030.	

ANNEX II

NOTIFICATION OF MEMBER STATES' MEASURES AND METHODOLOGIES TO IMPLEMENT ARTICLE 7 OF DIRECTIVE 2012/27/EU [VERSION AS AMENDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PROPOSAL COM(2016)761]

Member States shall notify to the		Member States shall notify to the	
Commission their proposed detailed		Commission their proposed detailed	
methodology pursuant to Annex V(5)		methodology pursuant to Annex V(5)	
to Directive 2012/27/EU for the		to Directive 2012/27/EU for the	
operation of the energy efficiency		operation of the energy efficiency	
obligation schemes and alternative		obligation schemes and alternative	
measures referred to in Articles 7a and		measures referred to in Articles 7a and	
7b and Article 20(6) of that Directive.		7b and Article 20(6) of that Directive.	
1. Calculation of the level of the		1. Calculation of the level of the	
energy savings requirement to be		energy savings requirement to be	
achieved over the whole period from 1		achieved over the whole period from	
January 2021 to 31 December 2030,		1 January 2021 to 31 December 2030,	
showing how the following elements		showing how the following elements	
are taken into account:		are taken into account:	
(a) annual energy sales, by, volume		(a) annual energy sales, by, volume	
to final customers of all energy		to final customers of all energy	
distributors or all retail energy		distributors or all retail energy	
companies averaged over the three		companies averaged over the most	
years (2016, 2017, 2018) prior 1		recent three-year period [][] prior	
January 2019 [in ktoe];		to 1 January 2019, for which the data	
		is available [in ktoe];	
(b) volume of sales of energy used	AM 270	(b) volume of sales of energy used	To be discussed with EP
in transport excluded from the	(b) volume of sales of energy used	in transport excluded from the	
calculation [in ktoe];	in transport excluded from the	calculation [in ktoe];	
	calculation, <i>if any</i> [in ktoe];		

(c) quantity of energy generated for own use excluded from the calculation [in ktoe];	AM 271 (c) quantity of energy generated for own use excluded from the calculation <i>if any</i> [in ktoe];	(c) quantity of energy generated for own use excluded from the calculation [in ktoe];	To be discussed with EP
(d) sources used in the calculation of energy sales data including justification for the use of alternative statistical sources and any differences of the resulting quantities (if other sources than Eurostat are used);		(d) sources used in the calculation of energy sales data including justification for the use of alternative statistical sources and any differences of the resulting quantities (if other sources than Eurostat are used);	
(e) cumulative amount of energy savings to be achieved over the whole period from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2030 (before the exemptions under paragraph 2) [in ktoe];		(e) cumulative amount of energy savings to be achieved over the whole period from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2030 (before the exemptions (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) referred to Article 7(2) and (3) of Directive 2012/27/EU []) [in ktoe];	
(f) application of exemptions (b), (c), (d) and (e) referred to Article 7(2) and (3) of Directive 2012/27/EU:	AM 272 (f) volumes of sales of energy or amount of energy savings [in ktoe] that are exempted pursuant to Article 7(2) and (3) of Directive 2012/27/EU;	(f) application of exemptions (b), (c), [] (d) [], (e) and (f) referred to Article 7(2) and (3) of Directive 2012/27/EU:	To be discussed with EP
(i) volume of sales of energy used in industrial activities [in ktoe] listed in Annex I to Directive 2003/87/EC excluded from the calculation in line with point (b),		(i) volume of sales of energy used in industrial activities [in ktoe] listed in Annex I to Directive 2003/87/EC excluded from the calculation in line with point (b),	
(ii) amount of energy savings [in ktoe] achieved in the energy transformation, distribution and transmission sectors in line with point (c),	AM 274 deleted	(ii) amount of energy savings [in ktoe] achieved in the energy transformation, distribution and transmission sectors in line with point (c),	To be discussed with EP

Annex II (1)(f)(iii)			
(iii) amount of energy savings [in ktoe]	AM 275	(iii) amount of energy savings [in ktoe]	To be discussed with EP
resulting from individual actions newly		resulting from individual actions newly	
implemented since 31 December 2008	deleted	implemented since 31 December 2008	
that continue to have an impact in 2020		that continue to have an impact in 2020	
and beyond and in line with point (d);		and beyond and in line with point (d),	
(iv) amount of energy generated on or	AM 276		To be discussed with EP
in buildings for own use as a result of		(iv) amount of energy savings [in	
policy measures promoting new	deleted	ktoe] from the individual actions	
installation of renewable energy		undertaken after 1 January 2018	
technologies in line with point (e) [in		and before 31 December 2020 which	
ktoe];		deliver savings after 31 December	
		2020, including the lifetimes	
		assumed for each category of	
		measure in line with point (e),	
		(v) amount of energy generated on or	
		in buildings for own use as a result	
		of policy measures promoting new	
		installation of renewable energy	
		technologies, in line with point (f) [in	
		ktoe];]	
(g) total cumulative amount of		(g) total cumulative amount of	
energy savings (after the exemptions		energy savings (after the exemptions	
under paragraph 2 applied) [in ktoe].		(b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) referred to	
		Article 7(2) and (3) of Directive	
		2012/27/EU []) [in ktoe];	
		(h) amount of savings that exceeds	
		the required total cumulative	
		amount of savings for the period	
		from 1 January 2014 to 31	
		December 2020 [in ktoe] if this is to	
		be carried forward to the period	
		from 1 January 2021 to 31	
		December 2030, in line with Article	
		7(4a).	

2. Policy measures in view of the	2. Policy measures in view of the
achievement of the savings	achievement of the savings
requirement referred to in Article	requirement referred to in Article
7(1) of Directive 2012/27/EU:	7(1) of Directive 2012/27/EU:
2.1. Energy efficiency obligation	2.1. Energy efficiency obligation
schemes referred to in Article 7a of	schemes referred to in Article 7a of
Directive 2012/27/EU:	Directive 2012/27/EU:
(a) description of the energy	(a) description of the energy
efficiency obligation scheme;	efficiency obligation scheme;
(b) expected cumulative and annual	(b) expected cumulative and annual
amount of savings and duration of the	amount of savings and duration of the
obligation period(s);	obligation period(s);
(c) obligated parties and their	(c) obligated parties and their
responsibilities;	responsibilities;
(d) target sectors;	(d) target sectors;
(e) eligible actions foreseen under	(e) eligible actions foreseen under
the measure;	the measure;
(f) information on the application of	(f) information on the application of
provisions under Article 7a (5) of	the following provisions [] of
Directive 2012/27/EU:	Directive 2012/27/EU:
(i) specific actions, share of savings to	(i) if applicable, specific actions,
be achieved in households affected by	share of savings to be achieved in
energy poverty and in social housing in	households affected by energy poverty
line with point (a) of Article 7a (5);	in line with Article 7 (6a)[];
(ii) savings achieved by energy service	(ii) savings achieved by energy
providers or other third parties in line	service providers or other third parties
with point (b) of Article 7a (5);	in line with point (b) of Article 7a (5);
(iii) banking and borrowing in line	"banking and borrowing" in line with [
with point (c) of Article 7a (5).] Article 7 [] 4b .
(g) Information on trading of energy	(g) Information on trading of energy
savings (if relevant).	savings (if relevant).

Annex II (2.2)		
2.2. Alternative measures referred	2.2. Alternative measures referred	
to in Article 7b and Article 20(6) of	to in Article 7b and Article 20(6) of	
Directive 2012/27/EU (except	Directive 2012/27/EU (except	
taxation):	taxation):	
(a) type of policy measure;	(a) type of policy measure;	
(b) brief description of the policy	(b) brief description of the policy	
measure including the design features	measure including the design features	
per each policy measure notified;	per each policy measure notified;	
(c) expected total cumulative and	(c) expected total cumulative and	
annual amount of savings per each	annual amount of savings per each	
measure and/ or amount of energy	measure and/ or amount of energy	
savings in relation to any intermediate	savings in relation to any intermediate	
periods;	periods;	
(d) implementing, participating,	(d) implementing public	
entrusted parties and their	authorities, participating or entrusted	
responsibilities for implementing the	parties and their responsibilities for	
policy measure(s);	implementing the policy measure(s);	
(e) target sectors;	(e) target sectors;	
(f) eligible actions foreseen under	(f) eligible actions foreseen under	
the measure;	the measure;	
(g) specific policy measures or	(g) if applicable , specific policy	
individual actions targeting energy	measures or individual actions	
poverty.	targeting energy poverty [].	
2.3. Information on taxation	2.3. Information on taxation	
measures:	measures:	
(a) brief description of taxation	(a) brief description of taxation	
measure;	measure;	
(b) duration of taxation measure;	(b) duration of taxation measure;	
	(ba) implementing public authority;	
(c) expected cumulative and annual	(c) expected cumulative and annual	
amount of savings per measure;	amount of savings per measure;	
(d) target sectors;	(d) target sectors and segment of	
	taxpayers;	

⁸⁸ Note: should be in line with annex V(4) of directive 2012/27/EU

4. Monitoring and verification (a) brief description of the monitoring and verification system and the process of the verification; (b) implementing public authority and its main responsibilities in charge of monitoring and verification system in relation to the energy efficiency obligation scheme and/ or alternative measures; (c) independence of monitoring and verification from the obligated parties and participating, entrusted parties; (d) statistically significant proportion and criteria used to define and select a representative sample; (e) reporting obligations for obligated party, or each subcategory of obligated party, or each subcategory of obligated party, or each subcategory of obligated party, and in total under the scheme). (f) publication of energy savings achieved the scheme and select a representative sample. (g) publication of energy savings achieved the scheme and select a representative sample. (g) reporting obligations for obligated party, or each subcategory of obligated party, or each subcategory of obligated party, and in total under the scheme). (f) publication of energy savings achieved the scheme and select a representative sample savings achieved (each year) under the energy efficiency obligation scheme and select a representative sample savings achieved (each year) under the energy efficiency obligation scheme and select a representative sample savings achieved (each year) under the energy efficiency obligation scheme and select a representative sample savings achieved (each year) under the energy efficiency obligation scheme and select a representative sample savings achieved (each year) under the energy efficiency obligation scheme and select a representative sample savings achieved (each year) under the energy efficiency obligation scheme and select a representative sample savings achieved (each year) under the energy efficiency obligation scheme and select a representation sample savings achieved (each year) under the energy efficiency obligation scheme and select a repre	Annex II (4)		
monitoring and verification system and the process of the verification; (b) implementing public authority and its main responsibilities in charge of monitoring and verification system in relation to the energy efficiency obligation scheme and/ or alternative measures; (c) independence of monitoring and verification system in relation to the energy efficiency obligation scheme and/ or alternative measures; (c) independence of monitoring and verification from the obligated parties and participating, entrusted parties; (d) statistically significant proportion of energy efficiency improvement measures and proportion and criteria used to define and select a representative sample; (c) reporting obligations for obligated party, or each subcategory of obligated party, and in total under the scheme). (f) publication of energy savings achieved (each year) under the energy efficiency obligation scheme and efficiency obligation scheme and	4. Monitoring and verification	4. Monitoring and verification	
monitoring and verification system and the process of the verification; (b) implementing public authority and its main responsibilities in charge of monitoring and verification system in relation to the energy efficiency obligation scheme and/ or alternative measures; (c) independence of monitoring and verification system in relation to the energy efficiency obligation scheme and/ or alternative measures; (c) independence of monitoring and verification from the obligated parties and participating, entrusted parties; (d) statistically significant proportion of energy efficiency improvement measures and proportion and criteria used to define and select a representative sample; (c) reporting obligations for obligated party, or each subcategory of obligated party, and in total under the scheme). (f) publication of energy savings achieved (each year) under the energy efficiency obligation scheme and efficiency obligation scheme and			
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efficiency obligation scheme and efficiency obligation scheme and			
I AUCHIALIVE HEASULES.	alternative measures;	alternative measures;	

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Note: according to Article 7a.4 and 7b.3 EED GA.

(g) information on penalties applied		(g) information on Member States	
in case of non-compliance;		legislation on penalties to be applied	
		in case of non-compliance; 90.	
(h) Information on measures		(h) [⁹¹]	
foreseen if progress is not satisfactory.			
1 5	AM 277		(cf. AM 123)
	Annex II a (new)		
	Annex IIa		Accept in part with changes
	GENERAL FRAMEWORK FOR		
	LONG-TERM CLIMATE AND		GENERAL FRAMEWORK FOR
	ENERGY STRATEGIES		LONG-TERM LOW EMISSION
	1. OVERVIEW AND PROCESS		STRATEGIES
	FOR DEVELOPING THE		1. OVERVIEW AND PROCESS
	STRATEGIES		FOR DEVELOPING THE
	1.1. Executive Summary		STRATEGIES
	1.2. Context		1.1. Executive summary
	1.2.1. National, EU and international		1.2. Legal and policy context
	policy context for the long term		1.3. Public consultation
	strategies		
	1.2.2. Legal context		
	1.3. Consultations		
	1.3.1. Consultations with public and		
	stakeholders (national parliament,		
	local and regional, public and other		
	relevant stakeholders)		
	1.3.2. Consultations with other		
	Member States, third countries and		
	EU institutions		

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Note: according to the general condition in Article 13 EED. Note: according to Annex V 3(f) EED General Approach. 91

Annex IIa(2) (new)		
2. NATIONAL LONG TERM	2. CONTENT	
CLIMATE AND ENERGY		
STRATEGIES		
2.1. TOTAL GREENHOUSE GAS		
EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS AND	EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS AND	
ENHANCEMENTS OF REMOVAL		
BYSINK	BY SINKS	
2.1.1. Carbon budget until 2100	2.1.1. Projected emission reductions	
consistent with Paris Agreement	and enhancement of removals by	
	2050	
2.1.2. Trajectory for cost-effective		
pathway for net zero greenhouse gas		
emission - by 2050 and negative		
emissions soon thereafter	2.1.2 National tanget for 2020 and	
2.1.3. National target for 2030 and milestones for at least 2040 and 205	2.1.2. National target for 2030 and beyond, if available, and indicative	
aligned with the trajectory referred t		
under 2.1.2.	muesiones for 2040 una 2050	
2.1.4. International dimension		
2.1.5. Long-term adaptation goals	2.1.3. Adaptation policies and	
2.1.3. Long-term anaptation goals	measures	
2.2. RENEWABLE ENERGY	2.2. RENEWABLE ENERGY	
2.2.1. Trajectory for reaching a	2.2.1. To the extent feasible, the	
renewables-based energy system in	estimated likely share of renewable	
gross final consumption of energy -	energy in final energy consumption	
by 2050	by 2050	
2.2.2. National target for the share of	V	
energy from renewable sources in		
gross final consumption of energy in		
2030 and the milestones for at least		
2035, 2040 and 2045 aligned with th	e	
trajectory referred to under 2.2.2.		

 2.3. ENERGY EFFICIENCY	2.3. ENERGY EFFICIENCY
 2.3.1. Trajectory for reaching the	2.3.1. To the extent feasible, the
most energy efficient based economy	estimated likely energy consumption
by 2050 in line with the objectives	by 2050
referred to in 2.1.2 and 2.2.1	
2.3.2. National energy efficiency	
target expressed in terms of absolute	
level of primary energy consumption	
and final energy consumption in	
2030, and the milestones for at least	
2035, 2040 and 2045	
3. SECTORIAL STRATEGIES	2.4. Sector-specific related content
3.1. Energy system	2.4.1. Energy system
3.1.1. Likely future demand, by	
energy carrier	
3.1.2. Likely future generation	
capacity, including centralised and	
distributed storage, by technology	
3.1.3. Intended or likely future	2.4.1.1 Intended or likely future
emissions trajectory or range	emissions trajectory or range
3.1.4. Description of main drivers for	2.4.1.2 General description of main
energy efficiency, demand-side	drivers for energy efficiency, demand-
flexibility and energy consumption	side flexibility and energy
and their evolution from 2021 and	consumption and their evolution from
 beyond	2021 and beyond
3.1.5. Outline of policies and	
measures envisaged to achieve the	
renewables-based energy system	
referred to in 2.2.1 in gross final	
consumption of energy and the most	
energy efficient and flexible economy	
by 2050, including trajectories per	
technology	

Annex IIa(3.2) (new)			
3.2	. Industry		2.4.2 Industry
3.2	.1. Expected emissions trajectories		2.4.2.1. Expected emissions
by	sector and sources of energy		reductions by sector and energy
SUL	pply		demands
3.2	.2. Decarbonisation options or		2.4.2.2. General overview of the
pol	icy approaches and any existing		policies, existing plans and measures
	gets, plans or strategies, including		for decarbonisation as described in
ele	ctrification, alternative fuels,		Annex I, Part I, Section A, Part 2.1.
	ergy efficiency measures, etc		of this Regulation
3.3	. Buildings		-
3.3	.1. Expected energy demand in in		
	ildings, differentiated by building		
	egory, including commercial,		
res	idential and public buildings		
3.3	.2. Future energy supply source		Note: already covered by AM 250 and
			Art. 2a of EPBD
3.3	.3. Potential for energy demand		Note: already covered by AM 250 and
red	luction through renovation of		Art. 2a of EPBD
	sting buildings and related societal,		
eco	nomic and environmental benefits		
3.3	.4. Policy measures to stimulate		
	ovation of the existing building		
sto	ck		
3.4	. Transport		2.4.3. Transport
3.4	.1. Expected emissions and energy		2.4.3.1. Expected emissions and
sou	rces by transport type (e.g. cars		energy sources by transport type (e.g.
and	d vans, heavy duty road transport,		cars and vans, heavy duty road
	pping, aviation, rail)		transport, shipping, aviation, rail)
	.2. Decarbonisation options or		2.4.3.2. Decarbonisation options
	icy approaches		
	. Agriculture and land use, land-		2.4.4. Agriculture and land use, land-
	change and forestry (LULUCF)		use change and forestry (LULUCF)
3.5	.1. Current emissions by all		2.4.4.1. To the extent feasible,
Sou	rces and by individual greenhouse		expected emissions by sources and by
gas	ses		individual greenhouse gases

3.5.2. Emissions reduction options and policy measures to maintain and enhance sinks including national targets or objectives	2.4.4.2. Emission reduction options envisaged
3.5.3. Links to agricultural and rural development policies	2.4.4.3. Links to agricultural and rural development policies
3.6. Cross-sectorial strategy elements and other relevant sectors	
4. FINANCING	3. FINANCING
4.1. Estimates of investment needed	3.1. Estimates of investment needed
4.2. Policies and measures related to use of public finance and incentivising private investment	
4.3. Strategies for related research, development and innovation	3.2. Policies and measures for related research, development and innovation
5. ANALYTICAL BASIS AND SOCIO-ECONOMIC IMPACTS	4. IMPACT ASSESSMENT OF THE SOCIO-ECONOMIC ASPECTS
5.1. Modelling, scenarios or analysis drawn on in developing the strategy	
5.2. Competitiveness and economic impacts	
5.3. Health, environment and social impacts	
5.4. Strategy to ensure long-term resilience of the sectors in section 3	
6. Annexes (as necessary) 6.1. Supporting analysis	5. Annexes (as necessary)
6.1.1. Details of any 2050 modelling (including assumptions) and/or other quantitative analysis, indicators etc	5.1. Details on modelling (including assumptions) and/or analysis, indicators etc.
6.1.2. Data tables or other technical annexes 6.2. Other sources	
0.4. Uiner sources	

ANNEX III GHG INVENTORIES INFORMATION Part 1			
Information to be included in the reports referred to in Article 23(2): (a) their anthropogenic emissions of	re	nformation to be included in the eports referred to in Article 23(2):	
(a) their anthropogenic emissions of greenhouse gases listed in part 2 of this Annex and the anthropogenic emissions of greenhouse gases referred to in Article 2(1) of Regulation [] [ESR] for the year X-2;	gr A en to	a) their anthropogenic emissions of greenhouse gases listed in part 2 of this Annex and the anthropogenic emissions of greenhouse gases referred to in Article 2(1) of Regulation [] ESR] for the year X-2;	
(b) data on their anthropogenic emissions of carbon monoxide (CO), sulphur dioxide (SO2), nitrogen oxides (NOx) and volatile organic compounds, consistent with data already reported pursuant to Article 7 of Directive 2001/81/EC for the year X-2;	(b) er st (f) co al	b) data on their anthropogenic emissions of carbon monoxide (CO), ulphur dioxide (SO ₂), nitrogen oxides NOx) and volatile organic compounds, consistent with data already reported pursuant to Article 8 of Directive 2016/2284/EU [] for the year X-2;	Note: text provisionally agreed at technical level
(c) their anthropogenic greenhouse gas emissions by sources and removals of CO ₂ by sinks resulting from LULUCF, for the year X-2, in accordance with the methodologies specified in part 3 of this Annex. This data shall also be relevant for the compliance report under Article 12 of Regulation [] [LULUCF];	ga of L ac sp da	their anthropogenic greenhouse gas emissions by sources and removals of CO2 by sinks resulting from LULUCF, for the year X-2, in accordance with the methodologies pecified in part 3 of this Annex. This lata shall also be relevant for the compliance report under Article 12 of Regulation [] [LULUCF];	

(d) any changes to the information	(d) any changes to the information	
referred to in points (a) to (c) for the	referred to in points (a) to (c) for the	
years between the relevant base year or	years between the relevant base year or	
period and the year X-3, indicating the	period and the year X-3, indicating the	
reasons for these changes;	reasons for these changes;	
(e) information on indicators, as set	(e) information on indicators, as set	
out in part 4 of this Annex, for the year	out in part 4 of this Annex, for the year	
X-2;	X-2;	
(f) summary information on	(f) summary information on	
concluded transfers pursuant to Article	concluded transfers pursuant to Article	
5 of Regulation [] [ESR] and Article	5 of Regulation [] [ESR] and Article	
11 of Regulation [] [LULUCF] for the	11 of Regulation [] [LULUCF] for the	
year X-1;	year X-1;	
(g) information on the steps taken to	(g) information on the steps taken to	
improve inventory estimates, in	improve inventory estimates, in	
particular in areas of the inventory that	particular in areas of the inventory that	
have been subject to adjustments or	have been subject to adjustments or	
recommendations following expert	recommendations following expert	
reviews;	reviews;	
(h) the actual or estimated allocation	(h) the actual or estimated allocation	
of the verified emissions reported by	of the verified emissions reported by	
installation operators under Directive	installation operators under Directive	
2003/87/EC to the source categories of	2003/87/EC to the source categories of	
the national greenhouse gas inventory	the national greenhouse gas inventory	
and the ratio of those verified	and the ratio of those verified	
emissions to the total reported	emissions to the total reported	
greenhouse gas emissions in those	greenhouse gas emissions in those	
source categories, for the year X-2;	source categories, for the year X-2;	
(i) the results of the checks	(i) where relevant, the results of	Note: text provisionally agreed at
performed on the consistency of the	the checks performed on the	technical level
emissions reported in the greenhouse	consistency of the emissions reported	to the total to total
gas inventories, for the year X-2, with	in the greenhouse gas inventories, for	
the verified emissions reported under	the year X-2, with the verified	
Directive 2003/87/EC;	emissions reported under Directive	
Zacouro Zoosrom Zoo,	2003/87/EC;	
	2003/07/20,	

Annex III Part 1(j)			
(j) the results of the checks		(j) where relevant, the results of	Note: text provisionally agreed at
performed on the consistency of the		the checks performed on the	technical level
data used to estimate emissions in		consistency of the data used to	
preparation of the greenhouse gas		estimate emissions in preparation of	
inventories, for the year X-2, with:		the greenhouse gas inventories, for the	
		year X-2, with:	
(i) the data used to prepare		(i) the data used to prepare	Note: text provisionally agreed at
inventories of air pollutants under		inventories of air pollutants under	technical level
Directive 2001/81/EC;		Directive 2016/2284/EU [];	
(ii) the data reported pursuant to		(ii) the data reported pursuant to	
Article 19(1) and Annex VII to		Article 19(1) and Annex VII to	
Regulation (EU) No 517/2014;		Regulation (EU) No 517/2014;	
(iii) the energy data reported		(iii) the energy data reported	
pursuant to Article 4 of, and Annex B		pursuant to Article 4 of, and Annex B	
to Regulation (EC) No 1099/2008;		to Regulation (EC) No 1099/2008;	
(k) a description of changes to their		(k) a description of changes to their	Note: text provisionally agreed at
national inventory system;		national inventory system, if any;	technical level
(l) a description of changes to the		(l) a description of changes to the	Note: text provisionally agreed at
national registry;		national registry, if any;	technical level
(m) information on their quality		(m) information on their quality	
assurance and quality control plans, a		assurance and quality control plans, a	
general uncertainty assessment, a		general uncertainty assessment, a	
general assessment of completeness		general assessment of completeness	
and, any other elements of the national		and, any other elements of the national	
greenhouse gas inventory report		greenhouse gas inventory report	
needed to prepare the Union		needed to prepare the Union	
greenhouse gas inventory report;		greenhouse gas inventory report;	
(n) information of the Member	AM 278	(n) information of the Member	Maintain Council GA
State's intentions to make use of the	(n) information of the Member	State's intentions to make use of the	
flexibilities in Article 5(4) and (5) of	State's intentions to make use of the	flexibilities in Article 5(4) and (5) and	(Accepted in Council GA text)
Regulation [] [ESR].	flexibilities in Article 5(4) and (5), 7,	Article 7(1) and of the use of	
	and of the use of revenues under	revenues under Article 5(5a) of	Note: text provisionally agreed at
	Article 5(5a) of Regulation [] [ESR].	Regulation [] [ESR].	technical level

A Member State may request derogation from point c to apply a different methodology than specified in Part 3 of this Annex if the methodology improvement required could not be achieved in time for the improvement to be taken into account in the greenhouse gas inventories of the period from 2021 to 2030, or the cost of the methodology improvement would be disproportionately high compared to the benefits of applying such methodology to improve accounting for emissions and removals due to the low significance of the emissions and removals from the carbon pools concerned. Member States wishing to benefit from the derogation shall submit a reasoned request to the Commission by 31 December 2020, indicating the timeline by when the methodology improvement could be implemented and/or the alternative methodology proposed, and an assessment of the potential impacts on the accuracy of accounting. The Commission may request additional information to be submitted within a reasonable time period specified. Where the Commission considers that the request is justified, it shall grant the derogation. If the request is rejected, the Commission shall give reasons for its decision.

A Member State may request derogation from point c to apply a different methodology than specified in Part 3 of this Annex if the methodology improvement required could not be achieved in time for the improvement to be taken into account in the greenhouse gas inventories of the period from 2021 to 2030, or the cost of the methodology improvement would be disproportionately high compared to the benefits of applying such methodology to improve accounting for emissions and removals due to the low significance of the emissions and removals from the carbon pools concerned. Member States wishing to benefit from the derogation shall submit a reasoned request to the Commission by 31 December 2020, indicating the timeline by when the methodology improvement could be implemented and/or the alternative methodology proposed, and an assessment of the potential impacts on the accuracy of accounting. The Commission may request additional information to be submitted within a reasonable time period specified. Where the Commission considers that the request is justified, it shall grant the derogation. If the request is rejected, the Commission shall give reasons for its decision.

Part 2	
The greenhouse gases to be covered	The greenhouse gases to be covered
are:	are:
Carbon dioxide (CO2)	Carbon dioxide (CO ₂)
Methane (CH4)	Methane (CH ₄)
Nitrous Oxide (N2O)	Nitrous Oxide (N ₂ O)
Sulphur hexafluoride (SF6)	Sulphur hexafluoride (SF ₆)
Nitrogen trifluoride (NF3)	Nitrogen trifluoride (NF ₃)
Hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs):	Hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs):
- HFC-23 CHF ₃	- HFC-23 CHF ₃
- HFC-32 CH2F2	- HFC-32 CH2F2
- HFC-41 CH ₃ F	- HFC-41 CH₃F
- HFC-125 CHF ₂ CF ₃	- HFC-125 CHF ₂ CF ₃
- HFC-134 CHF ₂ CHF ₂	- HFC-134 CHF ₂ CHF ₂
- HFC-134a CH ₂ FCF ₃	- HFC-134a CH ₂ FCF ₃
- HFC-143 CH ₂ FCHF ₂	- HFC-143 CH ₂ FCHF ₂
- HFC-143a CH ₃ CF ₃	- HFC-143a CH ₃ CF ₃
- HFC-152 CH ₂ FCH ₂ F	- HFC-152 CH ₂ FCH ₂ F
- HFC-152a CH ₃ CHF ₂	- HFC-152a CH ₃ CHF ₂
- HFC-161 CH ₃ CH ₂ F	- HFC-161 CH ₃ CH ₂ F
- HFC-227ea CF ₃ CHFCF ₃	- HFC-227ea CF ₃ CHFCF ₃
- HFC-236cb CF ₃ CF ₂ CH ₂ F	- HFC-236cb CF ₃ CF ₂ CH ₂ F
- HFC-236ea CF ₃ CHFCHF ₂	- HFC-236ea CF ₃ CHFCHF ₂
- HFC-236fa CF ₃ CH ₂ CF ₃	- HFC-236fa CF ₃ CH ₂ CF ₃
- HFC-245fa CHF ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃	- HFC-245fa CHF ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
- HFC-245ca CH ₂ FCF ₂ CHF ₂	- HFC-245ca CH ₂ FCF ₂ CHF ₂
- HFC-365mfc CH ₃ CF ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃	- HFC-365mfc CH ₃ CF ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
- HFC-43-10mee	- HFC-43-10mee
CF ₃ CHFCHFCF ₂ CF ₃ or (C ₅ H ₂ F ₁₀)	CF ₃ CHFCHFCF ₂ CF ₃ or (C ₅ H ₂ F ₁₀)
Perfluorocarbons (PFCs):	Perfluorocarbons (PFCs):
- PFC-14, Perfluoromethane, CF ₄	- PFC-14, Perfluoromethane, CF ₄
- PFC-116, Perfluoroethane, C ₂ F ₆	- PFC-116, Perfluoroethane, C ₂ F ₆

- PFC-218, Perfluoropropane,	- PFC-218, Perfluoropropane,	
C_3F_8	C_3F_8	
- PFC-318, Perfluorocyclobutane,	- PFC-318, Perfluorocyclobutane,	
$c-C_4F_8$	$c-C_4F_8$	
- Perfluorocyclopropane c-C ₃ F ₆	- Perfluorocyclopropane c-C ₃ F ₆	
- PFC-3-1-10, Perfluorobutane,	- PFC-3-1-10, Perfluorobutane,	
, i	C_4F_{10}	
C_4F_{10}		
- PFC-4-1-12, Perfluoropentane,	- PFC-4-1-12, Perfluoropentane,	
C_5F_{12}	C_5F_{12}	
- PFC-5-1-14, Perfluorohexane,	- PFC-5-1-14, Perfluorohexane,	
C_6F_{14}	C_6F_{14}	
- PFC-9-1-18, C ₁₀ F ₁₈	- PFC-9-1-18, C ₁₀ F ₁₈	
Part 3 - Methodol	logies for monitoring and reporting in LULUCF sector	
Spatially-explicit land-use conversion	Geographically-explicit land-use Note: text provisionally agree	d at
data for the identification and tracking	conversion data in accordance with technical level	
of land-use categories and conversions	the 2006 IPCC Guidelines for	
between land-use categories.	National Greenhouse Gas	
	Inventories.	
Tier 1 methodology using globally	Tier 1 methodology [] in accordance Note: text provisionally agree	d at
calibrated standard emission factors	with the 2006 IPCC guidelines for technical level	
and parameter values in accordance	National Greenhouse Gas Inventories.	
with the 2006 IPCC guidelines for		
National Greenhouse Gas Inventories.		

		T
For emissions and removals for a	For emissions and removals for a	
carbon pool that accounts for at least	carbon pool that accounts for at least	
25-30% of emissions or removals in a	25-30% of emissions or removals in a	
source or sink category which is	source or sink category which is	
prioritised within a Member State's	prioritised within a Member State's	
national inventory system because its	national inventory system because its	
estimate has a significant influence on	estimate has a significant influence on	
a country's total inventory of	a country's total inventory of	
greenhouse gases in terms of the	greenhouse gases in terms of the	
absolute level of emissions and	absolute level of emissions and	
removals, the trend in emissions and	removals, the trend in emissions and	
removals, or the uncertainty in	removals, or the uncertainty in	
emissions and removals in the land-use	emissions and removals in the land-use	
categories, at least Tier 2 methodology	categories, at least Tier 2 methodology	
using nationally determined emission	[] in accordance with the 2006 IPCC	
factors and parameter values calibrated	Guidelines for National Greenhouse	
to national circumstances in	Gas Inventories.	
accordance with the 2006 IPCC		
guidelines for National Greenhouse		
Gas Inventories.		
Member States are encouraged to	Member States are encouraged to	Note: text provisionally agreed at
apply Tier 3 methodology using non-	apply Tier 3 methodology [], in	technical level
parametric modelling calibrated to	accordance with the 2006 IPCC	
national circumstances, describing the	Guidelines for National Greenhouse	
physical interaction of the bio-physical	Gas Inventories.	
system, in accordance with the 2006		
IPCC guidelines for National		
Greenhouse Gas Inventories.		

Part 4 - Inventory indicators		
Indicator title	Indicator	
TRANSFORMATION B0	Specific CO ₂ emissions of public and auto-producer power plants, t/TJ	
	CO ₂ emissions from public and auto-producer thermal power stations, kt divided by all products — output by	
	public and auto-producer thermal power stations, PJ	
TRANSFORMATION E0	Specific CO ₂ emissions of auto-producer plants t/TJ	
	CO ₂ emissions from auto-producers, kt divided by All products output by auto-producer thermal power stations, PJ	
INDUSTRY A1.1	Total CO ₂ intensity — iron and steel industry, t/million euro	
	Total CO ₂ emissions from iron and steel, kt divided by gross value added – iron and steel industry	
INDUSTRY A1.2	Energy-related CO ₂ intensity — chemical industry, t/million euro	
	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions chemical industries, kt divided by gross value added – chemical industry	
INDUSTRY A1.3	Energy-related CO ₂ intensity — glass, pottery and building materials industry, t/million euro	
	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions glass, pottery and building materials, kt divided by gross value added – glass,	
	pottery and buildings material industry	
INDUSTRY A1.4	Energy-related CO ₂ intensity — food, drink and tobacco industry, t/million euro	
	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions from food, drink and tobacco industry, kt divided by gross value-added — food, drink and tobacco industry, million euro (EC95)	
INDUSTRY A1.5	Energy-related CO ₂ intensity — paper and printing industry, t/million euro Energy-related CO 2 emissions	
	paper and printing, kt - Gross value-added — paper and printing industry, million euro (EC95)	
HOUSEHOLDS A0	Specific CO ₂ emissions of households for space heating, t/m2	
	CO ₂ emissions of households for space heating divided by surface area of permanently occupied dwellings, million m2	
SERVICES B0	Specific CO ₂ emissions of commercial and institutional sector for space heating, kg/m2	
	CO 2 emissions from space heating in commercial and institutional, kt divided by Surface area of services	
	buildings, million m2	
TRANSPORT B0	Specific diesel related CO ₂ emissions of passenger cars, g/100 km	
TRANSPORT B0	Specific petrol related CO ₂ emissions of passenger cars, g/100 km	

ANNEX IV POLICIES AND MEASURES INFORMATION IN THE AREA OF GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS		
Information to be included in the	Information to be included in the	
reports referred to in Article 16:	reports referred to in Article 16:	
(a) a description of their national	(a) a description of their national	Note: text provisionally agreed at
system for reporting on policies and	system for reporting on policies and	technical level
measures and for reporting on	measures, or groups of measures, and	
projections of anthropogenic	for reporting on projections of	
greenhouse gas emissions by sources	anthropogenic greenhouse gas	
and removals by sinks pursuant to	emissions by sources and removals by	
Article 32(1) or information on any	sinks pursuant to Article 32(1) or	
changes made to that system where	information on any changes made to	
such a description has already been	that system where such a description	
provided;	has already been provided;	
(b) updates relevant to their long-	(b) updates relevant to their long-	
term low emission strategies referred	term low emission strategies referred	
to in Article 14 and progress in	to in Article 14 and progress in	
implementing those strategies;	implementing those strategies;	
(c) information on national policies	(c) information on national policies	
and measures, or groups of measures,	and measures, or groups of measures,	
and on implementation of Union	and on implementation of Union	
policies and measures, or groups of	policies and measures, or groups of	
measures, that limit or reduce	measures, that limit or reduce	
greenhouse gas emissions by sources	greenhouse gas emissions by sources	
or enhance removals by sinks,	or enhance removals by sinks,	
presented on a sectoral basis and	presented on a sectoral basis and	
organised by gas or group of gases	organised by gas or group of gases	
(HFCs and PFCs) listed in Part 2 of	(HFCs and PFCs) listed in Part 2 of	
Annex III. That information shall refer	Annex III. That information shall refer	
to applicable and relevant national or	to applicable and relevant national or	
Union policies and shall include:	Union policies and shall include:	

(i) the objective of the policy or	(i) the objective of the policy or	
measure and a short description of the	measure and a short description of the	
policy or measure;	policy or measure;	
(ii) the type of policy instrument;	(ii) the type of policy instrument;	
(iii) the status of implementation of	(iii) the status of implementation of	
the policy or measure or group of	the policy or measure or group of	
measures;	measures;	
(iv) indicators to monitor and	(iv) indicators used to monitor and	Note: text provisionally agreed at
evaluate progress over time;	evaluate progress over time;	technical level
(v) quantitative estimates of the	(v) where available, quantitative	Note: text provisionally agreed at
effects on emissions by sources and	estimates of the effects on emissions	technical level
removals by sinks of greenhouse gases	by sources and removals by sinks of	
broken down into:	greenhouse gases broken down into:	
- the results of ex ante	— the results of ex ante	
assessments of the effects of individual	assessments of the effects of individual	
or groups of policies and measures on	or groups of policies and measures on	
the mitigation of climate change.	the mitigation of climate change.	
Estimates shall be provided for a	Estimates shall be provided for a	
sequence of four future years ending	sequence of four future years ending	
with 0 or 5 immediately following the	with 0 or 5 immediately following the	
reporting year, with a distinction	reporting year, with a distinction	
between greenhouse gas emissions	between greenhouse gas emissions	
covered by Directive 2003/87/EC,	covered by Directive 2003/87/EC,	
Regulation [] [ESR] and Regulation []	Regulation [] [ESR] and Regulation []	
[LULUCF];	[LULUCF];	
- the results of ex post	 the results of ex post 	
assessments of the effects of individual	assessments of the effects of individual	
or groups of policies and measures on	or groups of policies and measures on	
the mitigation of climate change where	the mitigation of climate change where	
available, with a distinction between	available, with a distinction between	
greenhouse gas emissions covered by	greenhouse gas emissions covered by	
Directive 2003/87/EC, Regulation []	Directive 2003/87/EC, Regulation []	
[ESR] and Regulation [] [LULUCF];	[ESR] and Regulation[][LULUCF];	

	Annex I	V (c)(vi)	
(vi) estimates of the projected costs		(vi) available estimates of the	Note: text provisionally agreed at
and benefits of policies and measures,		projected costs and benefits of policies	technical level
as well as estimates of the realised		and measures, as well as estimates of	
costs and benefits of policies and		the realised costs and benefits of	
measures;		policies and measures;	
(vii) all references to the assessments		(vii) all existing references to the	Note: text provisionally agreed at
of the costs and effects of national		assessments of the costs and effects of	technical level
policies and measures, to information		national policies and measures, to	
in the implementation of Union		information in the implementation of	
policies and measures that limit or		Union policies and measures that limit	
reduce greenhouse gas emissions by	 	or reduce greenhouse gas emissions by	
sources or enhance removals by sinks	 	sources or enhance removals by sinks	
and to the underpinning technical		and to the underpinning technical	
reports;		reports;	
(viii) an assessment of the		(viii) an assessment of the	
contribution of the policy or measure		contribution of the policy or measure	
to the achievement of the long-term		to the achievement of the long-term	
low emission strategy referred to in		low emission strategy referred to in	
Article 14;		Article 14;	
(d) information on planned		(d) information on planned	Note: text provisionally agreed at
additional national policies and		additional national policies and	technical level
measures envisaged with a view to		measures, or groups of measures,	
limiting greenhouse gas emissions		envisaged with a view to limiting	
beyond their commitments under		greenhouse gas emissions beyond their	
Regulation [] [ESR] and Regulation []		commitments under Regulation []	
[LULUCF];		[ESR] and Regulation [] [LULUCF];	
(e) information regarding the links		(e) information regarding the links	Note: text provisionally agreed at
between the different policies and	 	between the different policies and	technical level
measures reported pursuant to point c	 	measures, or groups of measures,	
and the way such policies and	 	reported pursuant to point c and the	
measures contribute to different	 	way such policies and measures, or	
projection scenarios.	 	groups of measures, contribute to	
		different projection scenarios.	

$ANNEX\ V$ PROJECTIONS INFORMATION IN THE AREA OF GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS		
		JIONS
Information to be included in the	Information to be included in the	
reports referred to in Article 16:	reports referred to in Article 16:	
(a) projections without measures	(a) projections without measures	Note: text provisionally agreed at
where available, projections with	where available, projections with	technical level
measures, and projections with	measures, and where available	
additional measures;	projections with additional measures;	
(b) total greenhouse gas projections	(b) total greenhouse gas projections	
and separate estimates for the projected	and separate estimates for the projected	
greenhouse gas emissions for the	greenhouse gas emissions for the	
emission sources covered by Directive	emission sources covered by Directive	
2003/87/EC and by Regulation []	2003/87/EC and by Regulation []	
[ESR] and the projected emissions by	[ESR] and the projected emissions by	
sources and removals by sinks under	sources and removals by sinks under	
the Regulation [] [LULUCF];	the Regulation [] [LULUCF];	
(c) the impact of policies and	(c) the impact of policies and	
measures identified pursuant to Article	measures identified pursuant to Article	
16(1)(a). Where such policies and	16(1)(a). Where such policies and	
measures are not included, this shall be	measures are not included, this shall be	
clearly stated and explained;	clearly stated and explained;	
(d) results of the sensitivity analysis	(d) results of the sensitivity analysis	
performed for the projections and	performed for the projections and	
information on the models and	information on the models and	
parameters used;	parameters used;	
(e) all relevant references to the	(e) all relevant references to the	
assessment and the technical reports	assessment and the technical reports	
that underpin the projections referred	that underpin the projections referred	
to in Article 16(4).	to in Article 16(4).	

ANNEX VI

INFORMATION ON NATIONAL ADAPTATION ACTIONS, FINANCIAL AND TECHNOLOGY SUPPORT PROVIDED TO DEVELOPING COUNTRIES, AUCTIONING REVENUE

Part 1

Reporting on Adaptation

Information to be included in the reports	Information to be included in the reports	
	.	
referred to in Article 17(1):	referred to in Article 17(1):	
(a) the main goals, objectives and	(a) the main goals, objectives and	
institutional framework for adaptation;	institutional framework for adaptation;	
(b) climate change projections	(b) climate change projections	
including weather extremes, climate-	including weather extremes, climate-	
change impacts, assessment of climate	change impacts, assessment of climate	
vulnerability and risks and key climate	vulnerability and risks and key climate	
hazards;	hazards;	
(c) adaptive capacity;		Note: revert to the Commission proposal:
		(c) adaptive capacity;
(d) adaptation plans and strategies;	(d) adaptation plans and strategies;	
(e) institutional settings including		(e) monitoring and evaluation framework;
vertical and horizontal governance and		Note: information already reported to the
coordination, monitoring and evaluation		UNFCCC in the National communications -
systems;		See Annex I, part
		"VII. Vulnerability assessment, climate
		change impacts and adaptation measures"
		of FCCC/SBI/2016/8;
		No additional requirements or
		administrative burden created
(f) progress made in implementation,	(f) progress made in implementation,	deministrative our den eredied
including good practices and governance	including good practices and governance	
changes.	changes.	

Part 2		
Reporting	on support to developing countries	
Information to be included in the	Information to be included in the	
reports referred to in Article 17(2)(a):	reports referred to in Article 17(2)(a):	
(a) information on financial support	(a) information on financial support	
committed and provided to developing	[] to developing countries for the year	
countries for the year X-1, including:	X-1, including:	
(i) quantitative information on	(i) quantitative information on	
public and mobilised financial	public and mobilised financial	
resources by the Member State. The	resources by the Member State. The	
information on financial flows is to be	information on financial flows is to be	
based on the so-called 'Rio markers'	based on the so-called 'Rio markers'	
for climate change mitigation-related	for climate change mitigation-related	
support and climate change adaptation-	support and climate change adaptation-	
related support and other tracking	related support and other tracking	
systems introduced by the OECD	systems introduced by the OECD	
Development Assistance Committee;	Development Assistance Committee;	
(ii) qualitative methodological	(ii) qualitative methodological	
information explaining the method	information explaining the method	
used to calculate the quantitative	used to calculate the quantitative	
information, including an explanation	information, including an explanation	
of methodology for quantifying their	of methodology for quantifying their	
data, and where relevant, also other	data, and where relevant, also other	
information on the definitions and	information on the definitions and	
methodologies used to determine any	methodologies used to determine any	
figures, notably for information	figures, notably for information	
reported on mobilised financial flows;	reported on mobilised financial flows;	

(iii) available information on activities by the Member State related to public-funded technology transfer projects and capacity-building projects for developing countries under the UNFCCC, including whether the technology transferred or capacity-building project was used for mitigating or adapting to the effects of	(iii) available information on activities by the Member State related to public-funded technology transfer projects and capacity-building projects for developing countries under the UNFCCC, including whether the technology transferred or capacity-building project was used for mitigating or adapting to the effects of	
climate change, recipient country,	climate change, recipient country,	
amount of support provided, and type	amount of support provided (if	
of technology transferred or capacity-	possible), and type of technology	
building project;	transferred or capacity-building	
	project;	77.0
(b) information for the year X and	(b) available information for the	Note: see Art. 17(3)
subsequent years on the planned	year X and subsequent years on the	
provision of support, including	planned provision of support, including	
information on planned activities	information on planned activities	
related to public-funded technology	related to public-funded technology	
transfer projects or capacity building	transfer projects or capacity building	
projects for developing countries under	projects for developing countries under	
the UNFCCC and on technologies to	the UNFCCC and on technologies to	
be transferred and capacity-building	be transferred and capacity-building	
projects, including whether the	projects, including whether the	
technology transferred or capacity-	technology transferred or capacity-	
building project is intended for	building project is intended for	
mitigating or adapting to the effects of	mitigating or adapting to the effects of	
climate change, recipient country,	climate change, recipient country,	
amount of support provided, and type	amount of support provided (if	
of technology transferred or capacity-	possible), and type of technology	
building project.	transferred or capacity-building	
	project.	

Part 3			
Re	Reporting on auctioning revenues		
Information to be included in the	Information to be included in the		
reports referred to in Article 17(2)(b):	reports referred to in Article 17(2)(b):		
(a) information on the use of	(a) information on the use of		
revenues during the year X-1 generated	revenues during the year X-1 generated		
by the Member State by auctioning	by the Member State by auctioning		
allowances pursuant to Article 10(1) of	allowances pursuant to Article 10(1) of		
Directive 2003/87/EC, including	Directive 2003/87/EC, including		
information on such revenue that has	information on such revenue that has		
been used for one or more of the	been used for one or more of the		
purposes specified in Article 10(3) of	purposes specified in Article 10(3) of		
that Directive, or the equivalent in	that Directive, or the equivalent in		
financial value of that revenue, and the	financial value of that revenue, and the		
actions taken pursuant to that Article;	actions taken pursuant to that Article;		
(b) information on the use, as	(b) information on the use, as		
determined by the Member State, of all	determined by the Member State, of all		
revenue generated by the Member	revenue generated by the Member		
State by auctioning aviation	State by auctioning aviation		
allowances pursuant to Article 3d(1) or	allowances pursuant to Article 3d(1) or		
(2) of Directive 2003/87/EC; that	(2) of Directive 2003/87/EC; that		
information shall be provided in	information shall be provided in		
accordance with Article 3d(4) of that	accordance with Article 3d(4) of that		
Directive;	Directive;		
Auctioning revenue not disbursed at	Auctioning revenue not disbursed at		
the time a Member State submits a	the time a Member State submits a		
report to the Commission pursuant to	report to the Commission pursuant to		
Article 17(2)(b) shall be quantified and	Article 17(2)(b) shall be quantified and		
reported in reports for subsequent	reported in reports for subsequent		
years.	years.		

ANNEX VII			
	ADDITIONAL REPOR	TING OBLIGATIONS	
Part 1		Part 1 Additional reporting obligations in the	
Additional reporting obligations in the area of renewable energy		area of renewable energy	
The following additional information		The following additional information	
shall, unless otherwise stated, be		shall, unless otherwise stated, be	
included pursuant to Article 18(c):		included pursuant to Article 18(c):	
(a) the functioning of the system of		(a) the functioning of the system of	
guarantees of origin for electricity, gas		guarantees of origin for electricity, gas	
and heating and cooling from		and heating and cooling from	
renewable energy sources, the levels of		renewable energy sources, the levels of	
issuance and cancellation of guarantees		issuance and cancellation of guarantees	
of origin and the resulting annual		of origin and the resulting annual	
national renewable energy		national renewable energy	
consumption, as well as the measures		consumption, as well as the measures	
taken to ensure the reliability and		taken to ensure the reliability and	
protection against fraud of the system;		protection against fraud of the system;	

(b) aggregated information from the	(b) amounts of biofuels, biogas,	
national databases referred to in Article	renewable transport fuels of non-	
25(4) of [recast of Directive	biological origin, recycled carbon	
2009/28/EC as proposed by	fuels and renewable electricity	
COM(2016) 767] on biofuels, biogas	consumed in the transport sector	
produced from feedstock listed in	and, if relevant, their greenhouse	
Annex IX to [recast of Directive	saving performance. Reporting shall	
2009/28/EC as proposed by	distinguish between fuels produced	
COM(2016) 767], renewable transport	from different types of food and feed	
fuels of non-biological origin, waste-	crops and each type of feedstock	
based fossil fuels and electricity placed	listed in IX to [recast of Directive	
on the market by fuel suppliers,	2009/28/EC as proposed by	
including information on the type of	COM(2016) [];	
fuels, their energy content and, if	, , ,	
applicable, their feedstock base and, if		
relevant, their greenhouse saving		
performance; where the national		
database do not contain actual values,		
Member States may use typical values		
or, where appropriate, default values		
given in part A and part B of Annex V		
and part A of Annex VI to [recast of		
Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by		
COM(2016) 767];		
(c) developments in the availability,	(c) [] origin and use of biomass	
origin and use of biomass resources for	resources for energy purposes;	
energy purposes;		
(d) changes in commodity prices		
and land use within the Member State		
associated with its increased use of		
biomass and other forms of energy		
from renewable sources;		

	Annex VII Part 1 (e)		
(e) the estimated excess production	(e) the estimated excess production		
of energy from renewable sources	of energy from renewable sources		
which could be transferred to other	which could be transferred to other		
Member States so that these comply	Member States so that these comply		
with Article 3, paragraph 3 of [recast]	with Article 3, paragraph 3 of [recast]		
of Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed	of Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed		
by COM(2016) 767] and achieve the	by COM(2016) 767] and achieve the		
national contributions and trajectories	national contributions and trajectories		
referred to in Article 4(a)(2)(i);	referred to in Article $4(a)(2)(i)$;		
(f) the estimated demand for energy	(f) where available, the estimated		
from renewable sources to be satisfied	demand for energy from renewable		
by means other than domestic	sources to be satisfied by means other		
production until 2030, including	than domestic production until 2030, [
imported biomass feedstock;];		
(g) the development and share of	(g) the development and share of		
biofuels made from feedstocks listed in	biofuels made from feedstocks listed in		
Annex IX to [recast of Directive	Annex IX to [recast of Directive		
2009/28/EC as proposed by	2009/28/EC as proposed by		
COM(2016) 767] including a resource	COM(2016) 767] including a resource		
assessment focusing on the	assessment focusing on the		
sustainability aspects relating to the	sustainability aspects relating to the		
effect of the replacement of food and	effect of the replacement of food and		
feed products for biofuel production,	feed products for biofuel production, [
taking due account of the principles of			
the waste hierarchy established in			
Directive 2008/98/EC and the biomass			
cascading principle, taking into			
consideration the regional and local			
economic and technological			
circumstances, the maintenance of the			
necessary carbon stock in the soil and			
the quality of the soil and the			
ecosystems;			

(h) the estimated impact of the	(h)	if available, the estimated
production or use of biofuels,	impact	of the production or use of
bioliquids and biomass fuels on	biofue	ls, bioliquids and biomass fuels
biodiversity, water resources, water	on bio	diversity, water resources, water
availability and quality, soils and air	availal	pility and quality, soils and air
quality within the Member State;		within the Member State;
(i) risks or observed cases of fraud	(i)	observed cases of fraud in the
in the chain of custody of biofuels,	chain c	of custody of biofuels, bioliquids
bioliquids and biomass fuels;	and bio	omass fuels;
(j) information on how the share of	(j)	information on how the share of
biodegradable waste in waste used for	biodeg	radable waste in waste used for
producing energy has been estimated,		sing energy has been estimated,
and what steps have been taken to	and wh	nat steps have been taken to
improve and verify such estimates;	improv	ve and verify such estimates;
(k) electricity and heat generation	(k)	where available, electricity and
from renewable energy in buildings (as		eneration from renewable energy
defined in Article 2(1) of Directive	in buil	dings (as defined in Article 2(1)
2010/31/EU). This shall include		ective 2010/31/EU) that []
disaggregated data on energy	include	es [] data on energy [] injected
produced, consumed and injected into		e grid by solar photovoltaic
the grid by solar photovoltaic systems,	system	s, solar thermal systems,
solar thermal systems, biomass,		ss, heatpumps, geothermal
heatpumps, geothermal systems, as		is, as well as all other
well as all other decentralized		ralized renewables systems;
renewables systems;		
(l) if applicable, the share of food-	(1)	if applicable, the share of food-
based and advanced biofuels, the share		and advanced biofuels, the share
of renewable energy in district heating,		ewable energy in district heating,
as well as the renewable energy		as the renewable energy
produced by cities and energy		eed by cities and energy
communities as defined by Article 22		unities as defined by Article 22
of [recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as		ast of Directive 2009/28/EC as
proposed by COM(2016) 767];		ed by COM(2016) 767];
(m) Primary supply of solid biomass	[]	
(in 1000 m3, except 1)b)iii) in tons)		

	Annex VII Part 1 (l)			
(1) Forest biomass used for energy				
production (domestic production,				
import and export)				
(a) Primary biomass from forest	AM 279	П	Maintain Council GA	
used directly for energy production	(a) Primary biomass from forest			
	used directly for energy production or			
	for producing processed wood-based fuel			
i) Branches and tree tops	juei -			
(reporting is voluntary)				
ii) Stumps (reporting is voluntary)		[]		
iii) Round wood (split into	AM 280		Maintain Council GA	
industrial roundwood and fuelwood)	iii) Round wood (split into			
	industrial roundwood, precommercial			
	thinnings and fuelwood)			
(b) Forest-based industry co-				
products used directly for energy				
i) Bark (reporting is voluntary)		Ш		
ii) Chips, sawdust and other wood		[1]		
particles				
iii) Black liquor and crude tall oil	A N // 201	Ш		
	AM 281		To be discussed with EP	
	Annex VII – part 1 – point m – point 2 – point b a (new)			
	(ba) Manure			
(c) Post-consumer wood used	(bu) Munure	[]		
directly for energy production				
(d) Processed wood-based fuel,				
produced from feedstocks not				
accounted under points 1a), 1b) or 1c):				
i) Wood charcoal				
ii) Wood pellets and wood				
briquettes				

(2) Agricultural biomass used for	
energy production (domestic	
production, import and export)	
(a) Energy crops for electricity or	
heat (including short rotation coppice)	
(b) Agricultural crop residues for	
electricity or heat	
(3) Organic waste biomass for	
energy production (domestic	
production, import and export)	
(a) Organic fraction of industrial	
waste	
(b) Organic fraction of municipal	
waste	
(c) Waste sludges	
(n) final energy consumption of	
solid biomass (amount of solid	
biomass used for energy production in	
the following sectors):	
(1) Energy sector	
(a) Electricity	
(b) Combined heat and power	
(c) Heat	
(2) Industry sector internal	
(consumed and autoproduced	
electricity, CHP and heat)	
(3) Direct final consumption	
residential	
(4) Other	

Part 2				
	Additional reporting obligations in the area of energy efficiency			
In the area of energy efficiency, the following additional information shall be included pursuant to Article 19(c): (a) major legislative and non-legislative policies, measures,		In the area of energy efficiency, the following additional information shall be included pursuant to Article 19(c): (a) major legislative and non-legislative policies, measures,		
financing measures and programmes implemented in year X-2 and X-1 (with X as the year when the report is due) to achieve their objectives set under Article 4(b) which promote energy service markets, improve the energy performance of buildings, measures to utilise energy efficiency potentials of gas and electricity infrastructure and heating and cooling, improve information and qualification,		financing measures and programmes implemented in year X-2 and X-1 (with X as the year when the report is due) to achieve their objectives set under Article 4(b) which promote energy service markets, improve the energy performance of buildings, measures to utilise energy efficiency potentials of gas and electricity infrastructure and heating and cooling, improve information and qualification,		
other measures to promote energy efficiency;		other measures to promote energy efficiency;		
(b) energy savings achieved through Article 7 of Directive 2012/27/EU [version as amended in accordance with proposal COM(2016)761] in years X-3 and X-2;	AM 282 (b) the cumulative amount of energy savings achieved through Article 7 of Directive 2012/27/EU [version as amended in accordance with proposal COM(2016)761] in years X-3 and X-2, as well as:	(b) energy savings achieved through Article 7 of Directive 2012/27/EU [version as amended in accordance with proposal COM(2016)761] in years X-3 and X-2;	To be discussed in EED	
	(i) the amount of savings achieved by each policy, measure and individual action (ii) an explanation on how and on the basis of which data these savings have been estimated			

	(iii) an explanation on whether or		
	not the Member State is on track to		
	achieve the total amount of savings		
	required by the end of the period		
	described in Article 7 of Directive		
	2012/27/EU [as amended by proposal		
	COM(2016)761]. If the Member State		
	is not on track, it shall provide further		
	explanation on the corrective actions		
	it intends to take to deliver the savings		
	(iv) in case the measures included		
	in the progress report deviate from the		
	measures included in the Member		
	State's notification, a justification;		
(c) progress in each sector and		(c) progress in each sector and	
reasons why energy consumption		reasons why energy consumption	
remained stable or was growing in year		remained stable or was growing in year	
X-3 and X-2 in final energy		X-3 and X-2 in final energy	
consumption sectors;		consumption sectors;	
(d) total building floor area of the		(d) total building floor area of the	
buildings with a total useful floor area		buildings with a total useful floor area	
over 250 m2 owned and occupied by		over 250 m2 owned and occupied by	
the Member States' central		the Member States' central	
government that, on 1 January in year		government that, on 1 January in year	
X-2 and X-1, which did not meet the		X-2 and X-1, which did not meet the	
energy performance requirements		energy performance requirements	
referred to in Article 5(1) of Directive		referred to in Article 5(1) of Directive	
2012/27/EU;		2012/27/EU;	

Annex VII Part 2 (e)		
(e) total building floor area of	(e) total building floor area of	
heated and/or cooled buildings owned	heated and/or cooled buildings owned	
and occupied by the Member States'	and occupied by the Member States'	
central government that was renovated	central government that was renovated	
in year X-3 and X-2 referred to in	in year X-3 and X-2 referred to in	
Article 5(1) of the Directive	Article 5(1) of the Directive	
2012/27/EU or the amount of energy	2012/27/EU or the amount of energy	
savings in eligible buildings owned	savings in eligible buildings owned	
and occupied by their central	and occupied by their central	
government as referred to in Article	government as referred to in Article	
5(6) of Directive 2012/27/EU;	5(6) of Directive 2012/27/EU;	
(f) number of energy audits carried	(f) number of energy audits carried	
out in in year X-3 and X-2. In addition,	out in in year X-3 and X-2. In addition,	
the total number of large companies in	the total estimated number of large	
their territory to which Article 8(4) of	companies in their territory to which	
Directive 2012/27/EU is applicable	Article 8(4) of Directive 2012/27/EU is	
and the number of energy audits	applicable and the number of energy	
carried out in those enterprises in the	audits carried out in those enterprises	
year X-3 and X-2;	in the year X-3 and X-2;	
(g) applied national primary energy	(g) applied national primary energy	
factor for electricity;	factor for electricity;	
(h) number and floor area of new	(h) number and floor area of new	
and renovated nearly zero-energy	and renovated nearly zero-energy	
buildings in year X-2 and X-1, as	buildings in year X-2 and X-1, as	
defined in Article 9 of the Directive	defined in Article 9 of the Directive	
2010/31/EU;	2010/31/EU, if necessary based on	
	statistical sampling;	
(i) the internet link to the website	(i) the internet link to the website	
where the list or the interface of energy	where the list or the interface of energy	
services providers referred to in point	services providers referred to in point	
(c) of Article 18(1) of Directive	(c) of Article 18(1) of Directive	
2012/27/EU can be accessible.	2012/27/EU can be accessible.	

ANNEX VIII UNION BIOENERGY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT			
The EU bioenergy sustainability report on energy from biomass to be adopted biennially by the Commission together with the State of the Energy Union report pursuant to Article 29(2)(d), shall contain as a minimum the following information: (a) the relative environmental benefits and costs of different biofuels, bioliquids and biomass fuels, the effects of the Union's import policies thereon, the security of supply implications and the ways of achieving a balanced approach between domestic production and imports (b) the impact of the production and use of biomass on sustainability in the Union and in third countries, including impacts on biodiversity;	AM 283 (b) the impact of the production and use of biomass on sustainability in the Union and in third countries, including impacts on biodiversity, water and air quality and land-use rights, taking due account of the principles of the waste hierarchy established in Directive 2008/98/EC;	The EU bioenergy sustainability report on energy from biomass to be adopted biennially by the Commission together with the State of the Energy Union report pursuant to Article 29(2)(d), shall contain as a minimum the following information: (a) the relative environmental benefits and costs of different biofuels, bioliquids and biomass fuels, the effects of the Union's import policies thereon, the security of supply implications and the ways of achieving a balanced approach between domestic production and imports (b) the impact of the production and use of biomass on sustainability in the Union and in third countries, including impacts on biodiversity;	Maintain Council GA
(c) data and analysis of current and projected sustainable biomass availability and demand, including the impact of increased demand for biomass on biomass using sectors;		projected sustainable biomass availability and demand, including the impact of increased demand for biomass on biomass using sectors;	

(d) the technological development,	(d) the technological development	
availability and sustainability of	and deployment [] of biofuels made	
biofuels made from feedstocks listed in	from feedstocks listed in Annex IX to	
Annex IX to [recast of Directive	[recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as	
2009/28/EC as proposed by	proposed by COM(2016) 767], and an	
COM(2016) 767], including an	assessment of the the feedstock	
assessment of the effect of the	availability [];	
replacement of food and feed products		
for biofuel production, taking due		
account of the principles of the waste		
hierarchy established in Directive		
2008/98/EC and the biomass cascading		
principle, taking into consideration the		
regional and local economic and		
technological circumstances, the		
maintenance of the necessary carbon		
stock in the soil and the quality of soil		
and ecosystems;		
(e) information on, and analysis of,	(e) information on, and analysis of,	
the available scientific research results	the available scientific research results	
regarding indirect land-use change in	regarding indirect land-use change in	
relation to all production pathways,	relation to all production pathways,	
accompanied by an assessment of	accompanied by an assessment of	
whether the range of uncertainty	whether the range of uncertainty	
identified in the analysis underlying	identified in the analysis underlying	
the estimations of indirect land-use	the estimations of indirect land-use	
change emissions can be narrowed and	change emissions can be narrowed and	
the possible impact of Union policies,	the possible impact of Union policies,	
such as environment, climate and	such as environment, climate and	
agricultural policies, can be factored	agricultural policies, can be factored	
in; and	in; and	

Annex VIII (f)			
	AM 284		To be discussed with EP
(f) in respect of both third countries	(f) in respect of both third countries	(f) in respect of both third countries	
and Member States that are a	and Member States that are a source of	and Member States that are a	
significant source of biofuels,	raw materials for and of biofuels,	significant source of biofuels,	
bioliquids and biomass fuels consumed	bioliquids and biomass fuels consumed	bioliquids and biomass fuels consumed	
within the Union, on national measures	within the Union, on national measures	within the Union, on national measures	
taken to respect the sustainability	taken to respect the sustainability	taken to respect the sustainability	
criteria and greenhouse gas saving	criteria and greenhouse gas saving	criteria and greenhouse gas saving	
criteria set out in Article 26,	criteria set out in Article 26,	criteria set out in Article 26,	
paragraphs 2 to 7, of [recast of	paragraphs 2 to 7, of [recast of	paragraphs 2 to 7, of [recast of	
Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by	Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by	Directive 2009/28/EC as proposed by	
COM(2016) 767], for soil, water and	COM(2016) 767], for soil, water and	COM(2016) 767], for soil, water and	
air protection.	air protection.	air protection.	
In reporting on greenhouse gas		In reporting on greenhouse gas	
emission savings from the use of		emission savings from the use of	
biomass, the Commission shall use the		biomass, the Commission shall use the	
amounts reported by Member States in		amounts reported by Member States in	
accordance to Annex VII, Part 1 (b),		accordance to Annex VII, Part 1 (b),	
including the provisional mean values		including the provisional mean values	
of the estimated indirect land-use		of the estimated indirect land-use	
change emissions and the associated		change emissions and the associated	
range derived from the sensitivity		range derived from the sensitivity	
analysis as set out in Annex VIII to		analysis as set out in Annex VIII to	
[recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as		[recast of Directive 2009/28/EC as	
proposed by COM(2016) 767]. The		proposed by COM(2016) 767]. The	
Commission shall make data on the		Commission shall make data on the	
provisional mean values of the		provisional mean values of the	
estimated indirect land-use change		estimated indirect land-use change	
emissions and the associated range		emissions and the associated range	
derived from the sensitivity analysis		derived from the sensitivity analysis	
publicly available. In addition, the		publicly available. In addition, the	
Commission shall evaluate whether		Commission shall evaluate whether	
and how the estimate for direct		and how the estimate for direct	
emission savings would change if co-		emission savings would change if co-	
products were accounted for using the		products were accounted for using the	
substitution approach.		substitution approach.	

AM 285	Maintain Council GA
Annex VIII – point f a (new)	
(fa) an evaluation of the	
effectiveness of bioenergy	
sustainability criteria as outlined in	
Directive (EU)/ [Renewable	
Energy Directive] in providing	
greenhouse gas savings, protecting	
carbon sinks, biodiversity, food	
security and peoples' land use rights.	

ANNEX IX

VOLUNTARY SCHEMES IN RESPECT OF WHICH THE COMMISSION HAS ADOPTED A DECISION ACCORDING TO ARTICLE 27(4) OF [RECAST OF DIRECTIVE 2009/28/EC AS PROPOSED BY COM(2016) 767]

The report on voluntary schemes in	The report on voluntary schemes in
respect of which the Commission has	respect of which the Commission has
adopted a decision according to Article	adopted a decision according to Article
27(4) of [recast of Directive	27(4) of [recast of Directive
2009/28/EC as proposed by	2009/28/EC as proposed by
COM(2016) 767], to be adopted	COM(2016) 767], to be adopted
biennially by the Commission together	biennially by the Commission together
with the State of the Energy Union	with the State of the Energy Union
report pursuant to Article 29(2)(e),	report pursuant to Article 29(2)(e),
shall contain the Commission's	shall contain the Commission's
assessment of, as a minimum, the	assessment of, as a minimum, the
following:	following:
(a) the independence, modality and	(a) the independence, modality and
frequency of audits, both in relation to	frequency of audits, both in relation to
what is stated on those aspects in the	what is stated on those aspects in the
scheme documentation, at the time the	scheme documentation, at the time the
scheme concerned was approved by	scheme concerned was approved by
the Commission, and in relation to	the Commission, and in relation to
industry best practice;	industry best practice;
(b) the availability of, and	(b) the availability of, and
experience and transparency in the	experience and transparency in the
application of, methods for identifying	application of, methods for identifying
and dealing with non-compliance, with	and dealing with non-compliance, with
particular regard to dealing with	particular regard to dealing with
situations or allegations of serious	situations or allegations of serious
wrongdoing on the part of members of	wrongdoing on the part of members of
the scheme;	the scheme;

(c) transparency, particularly in	(c) transparency, particularly in	
relation to the accessibility of the	relation to the accessibility of the	
scheme, the availability of translations	scheme, the availability of translations	
in the applicable languages of the	in the applicable languages of the	
countries and regions from which raw	countries and regions from which raw	
materials originate, the accessibility of	materials originate, the accessibility of	
a list of certified operators and relevant	a list of certified operators and relevant	
certificates, and the accessibility of	certificates, and the accessibility of	
auditor reports;	auditor reports;	
(d) stakeholder involvement,	(d) stakeholder involvement,	
particularly as regards the consultation	particularly as regards the consultation	
of indigenous and local communities	of indigenous and local communities	
prior to decision making during the	prior to decision making during the	
drafting and reviewing of the scheme	drafting and reviewing of the scheme	
as well as during audits and the	as well as during audits and the	
response to their contributions;	response to their contributions;	
(e) the overall robustness of the	(e) the overall robustness of the	
scheme, particularly in light of rules on	scheme, particularly in light of rules on	
the accreditation, qualification and	the accreditation, qualification and	
independence of auditors and relevant	independence of auditors and relevant	
scheme bodies;	scheme bodies;	
(f) market updates of the scheme,	(f) where available, market	
the amount of feedstocks and biofuels	updates of the scheme, the amount of	
certified, by country of origin and type,	feedstocks and biofuels certified, by	
the number of participants;	country of origin and type, the number	
	of participants;	

Annex IX (g)		
(g) the ease and effectiveness of	(g) the ease and effectiveness of	
implementing a system that tracks the	implementing a system that tracks the	
proofs of conformity with the	proofs of conformity with the	
sustainability criteria that the scheme	sustainability criteria that the scheme	
gives to its member(s), such a system	gives to its member(s), such a system	
intended to serve as a means of	intended to serve as a means of	
preventing fraudulent activity with a	preventing fraudulent activity with a	
view, in particular, to the detection,	view, in particular, to the detection,	
treatment and follow-up of suspected	treatment and follow-up of suspected	
fraud and other irregularities and	fraud and other irregularities and	
where appropriate, number of cases of	where appropriate, number of cases of	
fraud or irregularities detected;	fraud or irregularities detected;	
(h) options for entities to be	(h) options for entities to be	
authorised to recognise and monitor	authorised to recognise and monitor	
certification bodies;	certification bodies;	
(i) criteria for the recognition or	(i) criteria for the recognition or	
accreditation of certification bodies;	accreditation of certification bodies;	
(j) rules on how the monitoring of	(j) rules on how the monitoring of	
the certification bodies is to be	the certification bodies is to be	
conducted;	conducted;	
(k) ways to facilitate or improve the	(k) ways to facilitate or improve the	
promotion of best practice.	promotion of best practice.	

ANNEX X NATIONAL INVENTORY SYSTEMS		
Information referred to in Article 30	Information referred to in Article 30	
includes the following:	includes the following:	
(a) data and methods reported for	(a) data and methods reported for	
activities and installations under	activities and installations under	
Directive 2003/87/EC for the purpose	Directive 2003/87/EC for the purpose	
of preparing national greenhouse gas	of preparing national greenhouse gas	
inventories in order to ensure	inventories in order to ensure	
consistency of the reported greenhouse	consistency of the reported greenhouse	
gas emissions under the Union's	gas emissions under the Union's	
emissions trading scheme and in the	emissions trading scheme and in the	
national greenhouse gas inventories;	national greenhouse gas inventories;	
(b) data collected through the	(b) where relevant, data collected	
reporting systems on fluorinated gases	through the reporting systems on	
in the various sectors, set up pursuant	fluorinated gases in the various sectors,	
to Article 20 of Regulation (EU) No	set up pursuant to Article 20 of	
517/2014 for the purpose of preparing	Regulation (EU) No 517/2014 for the	
national greenhouse gas inventories;	purpose of preparing national	
	greenhouse gas inventories;	
(c) emissions, underlying data and	(c) emissions, underlying data and	
methodologies reported by facilities	methodologies reported by facilities	
under Regulation (EC) No 166/2006	under Regulation (EC) No 166/2006	
for the purpose of preparing national	for the purpose of preparing national	
greenhouse gas inventories;	greenhouse gas inventories;	

(d) data reported under Regulation	(d) data reported under Regulation
(EC) No 1099/2008;	(EC) No 1099/2008;
(e) data collected via the	(e) data collected via the
geographical tracking of land areas in	geographical tracking of land areas in
the context of existing Union and	the context of existing Union and
Member State programmes and	Member State programmes and
surveys including the LUCAS Land	surveys including the LUCAS Land
Use Cover Area frame Survey and the	Use Cover Area frame Survey and the
European Earth observation	European Earth observation
programme Copernicus.	programme Copernicus.

ANNEX XI CORRELATION TABLE

Regulation (EU) No 525/2013	This Regulation
Article 1	Article 1(1)
Article 2	
Article 3	
Article 4	Article 14
Article 5	Article 30(1); 30(2); 30(6); Annex X
Article 6	Article 30(3); 30(6)
Article 7	Article 23(2); 23(3); 23(5); 23(6); Annex III
Article 8	Article 23(1)(a); last subparagraph of Article 23(1); 23(6)
Article 9	Article 30(4); 30(5)
Article 10	Article 33

Article 11	
Article 12	Article 32
Article 13	Article 16(1)(a); 16(3); 16(4); Annex IV
Article 14	Article 16(1)(b); 16(2); 16(3); 16(4); Annex V
Article 15	Article 17(1); Annex VI, Part 1
Article 16	Article 17(2)(a); Annex VI, Part 2
Article 17	Article 17(2)(b); 17(3); 17(4); Annex VI, Part 3
Article 18	Article 15(2)(e); the second subparagraph of Article 15(2)
Article 19	
Article 20	
Article 21	Article 25(1)(c); 25(4); 25(7)
Article 22	
Article 23	Article 34(1)(d); 34(1)(e); 34(1)(f); 34(1)(g); 34(1)(h)

Article 24	Article 35
Article 25	
Article 26	Article 37
Article 27	
Article 28	Article 50
Article 29	