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LIMITE

DATAPROTECT 62 JAI 257 MI 269 DIGIT 24 DAPIX 67 FREMP 87 COMIX 196 CODEC 607

NOTE

From:	Swedish delegation
To:	Working Group on Information Exchange and Data Protection (DAPIX)
No. prev. doc.:	7700/15 DATAPROTECT 42 JAI 212 MI 207 DIGIT 12 DAPIX 50 FREMP 67 COMIX 150 CODEC 449
Subject:	Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data (General Data Protection Regulation)
	- Chapters I and XI

Delegations will find in Annex Sweden's proposal for an amendment to Article 4(10) in the GDPR. New text is in **bold underlined**. The proposal is made on the basis of the text in document 7700/15.

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DG D 2C **LIMITE EN**

The starting point must be, that only sensitive data should be subject to the regulation in Article 9 in the GDPR. To accomplish this, it is important that the terms used in Article 9 gets an adequate definition.

In Sweden's opinion, the definition of genetic data in the Presidency's text is too broad and covers all kind of genetic data. However, all genetic data is not to be considered as 'sensitive data' and should therefore not be subject to the stricter regulation in Article 9. For example; when non-coding DNA sequences are used for identification purposes. This kind of genetic data does not reveal more information about a person then a fingerprint does and should in Sweden's opinion therefore not be considered as 'sensitive'. We believe, that it is only genetic data that reveals information about the physiology or health of an individual, that should be considered 'sensitive' and therefore be submitted to the stricter regulation in Article 9.

It is also of great importance for the legal certainty, that the definition of "genetic data" in the GDPR and the Directive correlate with each other.

SE therefore propose the following amendment to Article 4(10)

'genetic data' means all personal data relating to the genetic characteristics of an individual that have been inherited or acquired **and which give unique information about the physiology or health of that individual**, resulting from an analysis of a biological sample from the individual in question.