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17067/23

Interinstitutional File: 2023/0177 (COD)

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COVER NOTE

From:	General Secretariat of the Council	
To:	Delegations	
Subject:	Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on the transparency and integrity of Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) rating activities - Initial positions of the three Institutions prior to commencement of trilogues	

Delegations will find enclosed the opening position of the three institutions on the proposal mentioned above, prior to the commencement of the trilogue phase in January 2024.

Encl.

17067/23 MP/lhg ECOFIN.1.B **EN**

Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on the transparency and integrity of Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) rating activities (Text with EEA relevance)

2023/0177(COD)

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
1	2023/0177 (COD)	2023/0177 (COD)	2023/0177 (COD)
2	Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on the transparency and integrity of Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) rating activities (Text with EEA relevance)	Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on the transparency and integrity of Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) rating activities (Text with EEA relevance)	Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on the transparency and integrity of Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) rating activities (Text with EEA relevance)
3			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,
4	Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 114 thereof,	Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 114 thereof,	Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 114 thereof,
5	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,
6	After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,	After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,	After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,
7	Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee ¹ , ————	Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee ¹ , ————	Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee ¹ ,

17067/23 MP/lhg 2 ECOFIN.1.B EN

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	1. OJ C , , p	1. OJ C , , p	1. OJ C , , p
8	Acting in accordance with the ordinary	Acting in accordance with the ordinary	Acting in accordance with the ordinary
0	legislative procedure,	legislative procedure,	legislative procedure,
9	Whereas:	Whereas:	Whereas:
	(1) On 25 September 2015, the UN General	(1) On 25 September 2015, the UN General	(1) On 25 September 2015, the UN General
	Assembly adopted a new global sustainable	Assembly adopted a new global sustainable	Assembly adopted a new global sustainable
	development framework: the 2030 Agenda for	development framework: the 2030 Agenda for	development framework: the 2030 Agenda for
	Sustainable Development ¹ , having at its core the	Sustainable Development ¹ , having at its core the	Sustainable Development ¹ , having at its core the
10	Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). The	Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). The	Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). The
	Commission's Communication of 2016 on the	Commission's Communication of 2016 on the	Commission's Communication of 2016 on the
	next steps for a sustainable European future ²	next steps for a sustainable European future ²	next steps for a sustainable European future ²
	links the SDGs to the Union policy framework	links the SDGs to the Union policy framework	links the SDGs to the Union policy framework
	to ensure that all Union actions and policy	to ensure that all Union actions and policy	to ensure that all Union actions and policy
	initiatives, within the Union and globally, take	initiatives, within the Union and globally, take	initiatives, within the Union and globally, take

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
the SDGs on board at the outset. The European	the SDGs on board at the outset. The European	the SDGs on board at the outset. The European
Council conclusions of 20 June 2017 ³	Council conclusions of 20 June 2017 ³	Council conclusions of 20 June 2017 ³
confirmed the commitment of the Union and the	confirmed the commitment of the Union and the	confirmed the commitment of the Union and the
Member States to the implementation of the	Member States to the implementation of the	Member States to the implementation of the
2030 Agenda in a full, coherent,	2030 Agenda in a full, coherent,	2030 Agenda in a full, coherent,
comprehensive, integrated and effective manner	comprehensive, integrated and effective manner	comprehensive, integrated and effective manner
and in close cooperation with partners and other	and in close cooperation with partners and other	and in close cooperation with partners and other
stakeholders. On 11 December 2019, the	stakeholders. In addition, the UN Principles	stakeholders. On 11 December 2019, the
Commission published its communication on	for Responsible Investment has over 3000	Commission published its communication on
'The European Green Deal'4.	signatories representing over EUR 100 trillion	'The European Green Deal'4.
	of assets under management. On 11 December	
1. Transforming our World: The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development (UN 2015). 2. COM(2016) 739 final. 3. CO EUR 17, CONCL. 5. 4. Communication from the Commission of 11 December 2019 on the European Green Deal, COM(2019) 640 final.	2019, the Commission published its communication on 'The European Green Deal'4. On 30 June 2021, the European Parliament and the Council signed the European Climate Law which enshrines into Union law the goal set out in the Commission's communication of 11 December 2019 entitled 'The European Green Deal' (the European Green Deal') of Union economy and society becoming climate-neutral by 2050.	1. Transforming our World: The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development (UN 2015). 2. COM(2016) 739 final. 3. CO EUR 17, CONCL. 5. 4. Communication from the Commission of 11 December 2019 on the European Green Deal, COM(2019) 640 final.

17067/23 MP/lhg 4
ECOFIN.1.B

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		 Transforming our World: The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development (UN 2015). COM(2016) 739 final. CO EUR 17, CONCL. 5. Communication from the Commission of 11 December 2019 on the European Green Deal, COM(2019) 640 final. 	
11	(2) The transition to a sustainable economy is key to ensuring the long-term competitiveness of the Union economy. Sustainability has long been at the heart of the Union project and the Union Treaties give recognition to its social and environmental dimensions.	(2) The transition to a sustainable economy is key to ensuring the long-term competitiveness and sustainability of the Union economy and the quality of life of citizens in the Union and to keeping global warming well below the 1.5 degree Celsius threshold. Sustainability has long been at the heart of the Union project and the Union Treaties give recognition to its social and environmental dimensions.	(2) The transition to a sustainable economy is key to ensuring the long-term competitiveness of the Union economy. Sustainability has long been at the heart of the Union project and the Union Treaties give recognition to its social and environmental dimensions.
12	(3) Achieving SDG objectives in the Union requires the channelling of capital flows towards sustainable investments. It is important	(3) Achieving SDG objectives in the Union requires the channelling of capital flows towards sustainable investments. It is	(3) Achieving SDG objectives in the Union requires the channelling of capital flows towards sustainable investments. It is important

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	to exploit fully the potential of the internal	important necessary to exploit fully the potential	to exploit fully the potential of the internal
	market for the achievement of those goals. In	of the internal market for the achievement of	market for the achievement of those goals. In
	that context, it is crucial to remove obstacles to	those goals. In that context, it is crucial to	that context, it is crucial to remove obstacles to
	the efficient movement of capital towards	remove obstacles to the efficient movement of	the efficient movement of capital towards
	sustainable investments in the internal market	capital towards sustainable investments in the	sustainable investments in the internal market
	and to prevent such obstacles from emerging.	internal market and to prevent such obstacles	and to prevent such obstacles from emerging.
		from emerging and to set rules and standards	
		to, on the one hand, incentivise sustainable	
		finance and, on the other, disincentivise	
		investments that can adversely impact the	
		achievement of SDG objectives.	
	(4) The EU's approach to sustainable and	(4) The EU's approach to sustainable and	(4) The EU's approach to sustainable and
	inclusive growth is anchored in the 20	inclusive growth is anchored in the 20	inclusive growth is anchored in the 20
	principles of the European Pillar of Social	principles of the European Pillar of Social	principles of the European Pillar of Social
13	Rights to ensure a fair transition towards this	Rights to ensure a fair transition towards this	Rights to ensure a fair transition towards this
	goal and policies which leave no one behind.	goal and policies which leave no one behind.	goal and policies which leave no one behind.
	Furthermore, the EU social acquis including the	Furthermore, the EU social acquis including the	Furthermore, the EU social acquis including the
	Union of Equality Strategies ¹ provides	Union of Equality Strategies ¹ provides	Union of Equality Strategies ¹ provides
	standards in the areas of labour law, equality,	standards in the areas of labour law, equality,	standards in the areas of labour law, equality,

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	accessibility, health and safety at work, and anti-discrimination.	accessibility, health and safety at work, and anti-discrimination.	accessibility, health and safety at work, and anti-discrimination.
	1. Gender equality strategy; LGBTIQ equality strategy; Roma strategic framework; Strategy for the Rights of Persons with Disability.	1. Gender equality strategy; LGBTIQ equality strategy; Roma strategic framework; Strategy for the Rights of Persons with Disability.	1. Gender equality strategy; LGBTIQ equality strategy; Roma strategic framework; Strategy for the Rights of Persons with Disability.
14	(5) In March 2018, the Commission published its Action Plan 'Financing Sustainable Growth' ¹ , setting up its strategy on sustainable finance. The objectives of that Action Plan are to mainstream sustainability factors into risk management and reorient capital flows towards sustainable investment to achieve sustainable and inclusive growth. 1. European Commission, Action Plan: Financing Sustainable Growth, COM(2018) 97 final.	(5) Financial markets play a crucial role in the channelling of capital toward investments necessary for the achievement of the Union climate and environmental objectives. In March 2018, the Commission published its Action Plan 'Financing Sustainable Growth', setting up its strategy on sustainable finance. The objectives of that Action Plan are to mainstream sustainability factors into risk management and reorient capital flows towards sustainable investment to achieve sustainable and inclusive growth. 1. European Commission, Action Plan: Financing	(5) In March 2018, the Commission published its Action Plan 'Financing Sustainable Growth' ¹ , setting up its strategy on sustainable finance. The objectives of that Action Plan are to mainstream sustainability factors into risk management and reorient capital flows towards sustainable investment to achieve sustainable and inclusive growth. 1. European Commission, Action Plan: Financing Sustainable Growth, COM(2018) 97 final.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		Sustainable Growth, COM(2018) 97 final.	
	(6) As part of the Action Plan, the Commission	(6) As part of the Action Plan, the Commission	(6) As part of the Action Plan, the Commission
	commissioned a study entitled "Study on	commissioned a study entitled "Study on	commissioned a study entitled "Study on
	Sustainability Related Ratings, Data and	Sustainability Related Ratings, Data and	Sustainability Related Ratings, Data and
	Research" to take stock of the developments in	Research" to take stock of the developments in	Research" to take stock of the developments in
	the sustainability-related products and services	the sustainability-related products and services	the sustainability-related products and services
	market, identify the main market participants	market, identify the main market participants	market, identify the main market participants
	and highlight potential shortcomings. That	and highlight potential shortcomings. That	and highlight potential shortcomings. That
	study provided an inventory and classification	study provided an inventory and classification	study provided an inventory and classification
15	of market actors, sustainability products and	of market actors, sustainability products and	of market actors, sustainability products and
13	services available in the market and an analysis	services available in the market and an analysis	services available in the market and an analysis
	of the use and perceived quality of	of the use and perceived quality of	of the use and perceived quality of
	sustainability-related products and services by	sustainability-related products and services by	sustainability-related products and services by
	market participants. The study highlighted the	market participants. The study highlighted the	market participants. The study highlighted the
	lack of transparency and accuracy of	existence of conflicts of interest, the lack of	lack of transparency and accuracy of
	Environmental, Social and Governance ('ESG')	transparency and accuracy of Environmental,	Environmental, Social and Governance ('ESG')
	ratings methodologies and the lack of clarity	Social and Governance ('ESG') ratings	ratings methodologies and the lack of clarity
	over the operations of ESG rating providers.	methodologies and the lack of clarity over the	over the operations of ESG rating providers.
		terminology and the operations of ESG rating	
	1. European Commission, Directorate-General for	providers.	1. European Commission, Directorate-General for

17067/23 MP/lhg 8
ECOFIN.1.B

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	Financial Stability, Financial Services and Capital Markets Union, Study on sustainability-related ratings, data and research, Publications Office of the European Union, 2021, https://data.europa.eu/doi/10.2874/14850.	1. European Commission, Directorate-General for Financial Stability, Financial Services and Capital Markets Union, Study on sustainability-related ratings, data and research, Publications Office of the European Union, 2021, https://data.europa.eu/doi/10.2874/14850.	Financial Stability, Financial Services and Capital Markets Union, Study on sustainability-related ratings, data and research, Publications Office of the European Union, 2021, https://data.europa.eu/doi/10.2874/14850.
16	(7) In the framework of the European Green Deal, the Commission put forward a renewed sustainable strategy. The renewed sustainable finance strategy was adopted on 6 July 2021 ¹ . 1. Communication from the Commission on the Strategy for Financing the Transition to a Sustainable Economy COM(2021) 390 final.	(7) In the framework of the European Green Deal, the Commission put forward a renewed sustainable strategy. The renewed sustainable finance strategy was adopted on 6 July 2021 ¹ . 1. Communication from the Commission on the Strategy for Financing the Transition to a Sustainable Economy COM(2021) 390 final.	(7) In the framework of the European Green Deal, the Commission put forward a renewed sustainable strategy. The renewed sustainable finance strategy was adopted on 6 July 2021 ¹ . 1. Communication from the Commission on the Strategy for Financing the Transition to a Sustainable Economy COM(2021) 390 final.
17	(8) As a follow-up, the Commission announced in the renewed sustainable finance strategy, a public consultation on ESG ratings to feed into an impact assessment. In the public consultation	(8) As a follow-up, the Commission announced in the renewed sustainable finance strategy, a public consultation on ESG ratings to feed into an impact assessment. In the public consultation	(8) As a follow-up, the Commission announced in the renewed sustainable finance strategy, a public consultation on ESG ratings to feed into an impact assessment. In the public consultation

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	that took place in 2022, stakeholders confirmed concerns with the lack of transparency of ESG	that took place in 2022, stakeholders confirmed concerns with the lack of transparency of ESG	that took place in 2022, stakeholders confirmed concerns with the lack of transparency of ESG
	ratings methodologies and objectives and clarity	ratings methodologies and objectives and clarity	ratings methodologies and objectives and clarity
	over ESG rating activities.	over ESG rating activities. As trust is pivotal in	over ESG rating activities.
		the functioning of financial markets, such lack	
		of transparency and reliability of ESG ratings	
		should be urgently addressed.	
18	(9) At international level, the International Organization of Securities Commissions ('IOSCO') has issued a report in November 2021 containing a set of recommendations on ESG ratings providers¹. 1. IOSCO Report on ESG ratings and data products providers, available at: https://www.iosco.org/library/pubdocs/pdf/IOSCOPD690.pdf.	(9) At international level, the International Organization of Securities Commissions ('IOSCO') has issued a report in November 2021 containing a set of recommendations on ESG ratings providers¹. 1. IOSCO Report on ESG ratings and data products providers, available at: https://www.iosco.org/library/pubdocs/pdf/IOSCOPD690. pdf.	(9) At international level, the International Organization of Securities Commissions ('IOSCO') has issued a report in November 2021 containing a set of recommendations on ESG ratings <i>and data product</i> providers¹. 1. [11IOSCO Report on ESG ratings and data products providers, available at: https://www.iosco.org/library/pubdocs/pdf/IOSCOPD690. pdf.
19	(10) ESG ratings play an important role in	(10) ESG ratings play an important role in	(10) ESG ratings play an important role in

17067/23 MP/lhg 10
ECOFIN.1.B EN

global capital markets, as investors, borrowers and issuers increasingly use those ESG ratings as part of making informed, sustainable investment and financing decisions. Credit institutions, investment firms, insurance undertakings, assurance undertakings, and reinsurance undertakings, amongst others, often use those ESG ratings as a reference for the sustainability performance or for the sustainability risks and opportunities in their investment activity. Consequently, ESG ratings have a significant impact on the operation of the markets and on the trust and confidence of investors and consumers. To ensure that ESG ratings used in the Union are independent, objective and of adequate quality, it is important that ESG rating activities are conducted in accordance with the principles of integrity, transparency, responsibility, and good governance. Better comparability and increased reliability of ESG ratings would enhance the efficiency of that fast-growing market, thereby

Commission Proposal

global capital markets, as investors, borrowers and issuers increasingly use those ESG ratings as part of making informed, sustainable investment and financing decisions. Credit institutions, investment firms, insurance undertakings, assurance undertakings, and reinsurance undertakings, amongst others, often use those ESG ratings as a reference for the sustainability performance or for the sustainability risks and opportunities in their investment activity. Consequently, ESG ratings have a significant impact on the operation of the markets and on the trust and confidence of investors and consumers. To ensure that ESG ratings used in the Union are independent, objective comparable and of adequate quality, it is important that ESG rating activities are conducted in accordance with the principles of integrity, transparency, responsibility, and good governance as well as with core concepts of *Union law*. Better comparability and increased reliability of ESG ratings would enhance the

EP Mandate

global capital markets, as investors, borrowers and issuers increasingly use those ESG ratings as part of the process of making informed, sustainable investment and financing decisions. Credit institutions, investment firms, insurance undertakings, assurance undertakings, and reinsurance undertakings, amongst others, often use those ESG ratings as a reference for the sustainability performance or for the sustainability risks and opportunities in their investment activity. Consequently, ESG ratings have a significant impact on the operation of the markets and on the trust and confidence of investors and consumers. To ensure that ESG ratings used in the Union are independent, objective impartial, systematic and of adequate quality, it is important that ESG rating activities are conducted in accordance with the principles of integrity, transparency, responsibility, and good governance. Better comparability and increased reliability of ESG ratings would enhance the efficiency of that fast-growing

Council Mandate

17067/23 MP/lhg 11 ECOFIN.1.B **EN**

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	facilitating progress towards the objectives of the Green Deal.	efficiency of that fast-growing market, thereby facilitating progress towards the objectives of the Green Deal.	market, thereby facilitating progress towards the objectives of the Green Deal.
20	(11) ESG ratings play an enabling role for the proper functioning of the Union sustainable finance market by providing important information for investment strategies, risk management and disclosure obligations by investors and financial institutions. It is therefore necessary to ensure that ESG ratings provide material decision-useful information to the users, and that users of ESG ratings better understand the objectives which ESG ratings pursue and what specific issues and metrics those ratings measure.	(11) ESG ratings play an enabling role for the proper functioning of the Union sustainable finance market by providing important information for investment strategies, risk management and disclosure obligations by investors and financial institutions. It is therefore necessary to ensure that ESG ratings provide material decision-useful information to the users, and that users of ESG ratings better understand the objectives which ESG ratings pursue and what specific issues and metrics those ratings measure.	(11) ESG ratings play an enabling role for the proper functioning of the Union sustainable finance market by providing important information for investment strategies, risk management and disclosure obligations by investors and financial institutions. It is therefore necessary to ensure that ESG ratings provide material decision-useful information to the users, and that users of ESG ratings better understand the objectives which ESG ratings pursue and what specific issues and metrics those ratings measure.
21	(12) It is necessary to acknowledge the various business models of the ESG rating market. A	(12) It is necessary to acknowledge the various business models of the ESG rating market. A	(12) It is necessary to acknowledge the various business models of the ESG rating market. A

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	first business model is the user-paid model,	first business model is the user-paid model,	first business model is the user-paid model,
	where users are mainly investors that purchase	where users are mainly investors that purchase	where users are mainly investors that purchase
	ESG ratings for investment decisions. A second	ESG ratings for investment decisions. A second	ESG ratings for investment decisions. A second
	business model is the issuer-pay model, where	business model is the issuer-pay model, where	business model is the issuer-payissuer-paid
	undertakings purchase ESG ratings for	undertakings purchase ESG ratings for	model, where undertakings purchase ESG
	assessing risks and opportunities with their	assessing risks and opportunities with their	ratings for assessing risks and opportunities
	operations.	operations.	with their operations. <i>In both situations</i>
			relationships with rated entities can represent
			risks and opportunities that must be addressed
			through this Regulation to ensure the quality
			and reliability of ESG ratings. In particular,
			this Regulation should define a framework for
			constructive exchange between rated entities
			and ESG rating providers that would
			contribute to the general quality of ESG
			ratings, while putting in place the necessary
			safeguards to monitor, manage, mitigate and
			ultimately avoid conflicts of interest.
22	(13) Member States neither regulate nor	(13) Member States neither regulate nor	(13) Member States neither regulate nor

supervise the activities of ESG rating providers or the conditions for the provision of ESG ratings. In ensuring alignment with the objectives of the SDGs and the European Green Deal, and given the existing divergences, lack of transparency and absence of common rules, it is likely that Member States would adopt diverging measures and approaches, which would have a direct negative impact on, and create obstacles to, the proper functioning of the internal market, and be detrimental to the ESG rating market. ESG rating providers issuing ESG ratings for the use of financial institutions and undertakings in the Union would be subject to different rules in different Member States. Divergent standards and market practices would make it difficult to have clarity over the construction of ESG ratings and to compare them, thus creating uneven market conditions for users, causing additional barriers within the internal market, and risking distorting investment decisions.

Commission Proposal

supervise the activities of ESG rating providers or the conditions for the provision of ESG ratings. In ensuring alignment with the objectives of the SDGs and the European Green Deal, and given the existing divergences, lack of transparency and absence of common rules, it is likely that Member States would adopt diverging measures and approaches, which would have a direct negative impact on, and create obstacles to, the proper functioning of the internal market, and be detrimental to the ESG rating market. ESG rating providers issuing ESG ratings for the use of financial institutions and undertakings in the Union would be subject to different rules in different Member States. Divergent standards and market practices would make it difficult to have clarity over the construction of ESG ratings and to compare them, thus creating uneven market conditions for users, causing additional barriers within the internal market, and risking distorting investment decisions.

EP Mandate

supervise the activities of ESG rating providers or the conditions for the provision of ESG ratings. In ensuring alignment with the objectives of the SDGs and the European Green Deal, and given the existing divergences, lack of transparency and absence of common rules, it is likely that Member States would adopt diverging measures and approaches, which would have a direct negative impact on, and create obstacles to, the proper functioning of the internal market, and be detrimental to the ESG rating market. ESG rating providers issuing ESG ratings for the use of financial institutions and undertakings in the Union would be subject to different rules in different Member States. Divergent standards and market practices would make it difficult to have clarity over the construction of ESG ratings and to compare them, thus creating uneven market conditions for users, causing additional barriers within the internal market, and risking distorting investment decisions.

Council Mandate

17067/23 MP/lhg ECOFIN.1.B

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
23	(14) This Regulation complements the existing EU sustainable finance framework. Ultimately, ESG ratings should facilitate information flows in order to facilitate investment decisions.	(14) This Regulation complements the existing EU sustainable finance framework. Ultimately, ESG ratings should facilitate information flows in order to facilitate investment decisions.	(14) This Regulation complements the existing EU sustainable finance framework. Ultimately, ESG ratings should facilitate information flows in order to facilitate investment decisions.
23a			(14a) To adequately define the territorial scope, this Regulation should be based on the concept of "operating in the Union", distinguishing between cases where ESG rating providers are established within or outside the Union. In the first case, providers established in the Union should be deemed to operate in the Union when they issue and publish their ESG ratings on their website or through other means, or when they issue and distribute their ESG ratings through subscription or other contractual relationships to regulated financial undertakings in the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			Union, to undertakings falling under the scope of Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council, to undertakings under the scope of Directive 2004/109/EC or to Union's or Member States' public authorities. In the second case, providers established outside the Union should only be considered operating in the Union when they issue and distribute their ratings by subscription or other contractual relationships to the same entities as for ESG rating providers established in the Union.
23b			(14b) This Regulation is designed to govern the issuance, distribution and, where relevant, publication of ESG ratings, without intending to regulate their use. Given the territorial scope of this Regulation tied to the concept of operating in the Union, users of ESG rating should engage with ESG rating providers that

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			are authorised or registered under the provisions of this Regulation. Nevertheless, in specific cases a user in the Union may opt to engage with an ESG rating provider established outside the Union and not authorised under this Regulation. Such cases should strictly adhere to specific conditions to avoid any risk of circumvention.
23c			(14c) To adequately define the range of products to which this Regulation applies, the definition of ESG rating is limited to opinions or scores that are based on both an established methodology and a defined ranking system. For instance, the assignment of an item in a category or a scale that is either positive or negative, based on an established methodology with regard to environmental, social and human rights, or governance factors or to exposure to risks, should be considered as a

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			ranking system under this Regulation.
24	(15) Rules on ESG rating providers should not apply to private ESG ratings produced pursuant to an individual order and provided exclusively to the person who placed the order and which are not intended for public disclosure or distribution by subscription or other means. Neither should such rules apply to ESG ratings produced by European financial undertakings that are used for internal purposes. ESG ratings developed by European or national authorities and by central banks should also be exempted from such rules. Finally, such rules should not apply to the provision of ESG data that do not include an element of rating or scoring and are not subject to any modelling or analysis resulting in the development of an ESG rating.	(15) Rules on ESG rating providers should not apply to private ESG ratings produced pursuant to an individual order and provided exclusively to the person who placed the order and which are not intended for public disclosure or distribution by subscription or other means. Neither should such rules apply to ESG ratings produced by European financial undertakings that are used exclusively for internal purposes or shared within their group. ESMA should develop draft regulatory standards to strictly delineate what constitutes an internal use. To preserve the level playing field, ESMA should ensure that the exclusion does not apply to: ESG ratings developed by provided by a financial undertaking to other parties, other than in the case of certain disclosures under Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 of the European or	(15) Rules on ESG rating providers should not apply to private ESG ratings produced pursuant to an individual order and provided exclusively to the person who placed the order and which are not intended for public disclosure or distribution by subscription or other means. Neither should such rules apply to ESG ratings produced by European financial undertakings that are used for internal purposes or incorporated to products or services which are provided by credit institutions, investment firms, fund managers, insurers, benchmark administrators or financial institutions, or required by or derived from a regulatory obligation applicable to such services or products, where such products or services are already regulated under Union law. ESG ratings developed by European or national

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	hational authorities and by central banks Parliament and of the Council and Regulation (EU) 2020/852 of the European Parliament and of the Council. ESG ratings developed by European or national authorities should also be exempted from such rules. Finally, Such rules should not apply to the provision of ESG data that do not include an element of rating or scoring and are not subject to any modelling or analysis resulting in the development of an ESG rating. 1. Regulation (EU) of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 November 2019 on sustainability- related disclosures in the financial services sector (OJ L 317, 9.12.2019, p. 1). 2. Regulation (EU) 2020/852 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 June 2020 on the establishment of a framework to facilitate sustainable investment, and amending Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 (OJ L 198, 22.6.2020, p.13).	authorities and by central banks should also be exempted from such rules. Finally, such rules should not apply to the provision of ESG publication or distribution of data on environmental, social and human rights, and governance factors that do not include an element of result in the development of an ESG rating. Moreover, such rules should not be applicable to products or services that use an ESG rating as a benchmark or as an evaluation or screening tool, including for instance ESG ratings used for the purposes of research or for an academic, journalistic or consumer paper and the content produced by financial analysts within the investment research division of a regulated financial undertaking. External reviews of European Green Bonds and second-party opinions on green bonds, bonds marketed as environmentally sustainable, sustainability-linked bonds, loans and other types of debt instruments, should also be out of the scope of

17067/23 MP/lhg 19
ECOFIN.1.B EN

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		these rules to the extent that such external
		reviews and second-party opinions do not
		contain ESG ratings produced by the reviewer
		or the second-party opinion provider. External
		reviews include pre-issuance reports, such as
		those of financing frameworks, post-issuance
		reviews, such as allocation reports, and impact
		reports. Furthermore, these rules should not
		be applicable to ratings developed for
		accreditation or certification processes,
		specifically those that are not primarily
		targeting investment and financial or scoring
		and are not subject to any modelling or analysis
		resulting or decision-making. In addition, in
		supervising ESG rating providers, ESMA
		should consider the distinction of ESG ratings
		used in the development procurement and
		supply chain context. Lastly, these rules
		should not be applicable to ESG labelling
		activities when granted to entities, financial
		instruments or products. This exemption is
		contingent upon ESG labels not involving the

17067/23 MP/lhg 20 ECOFIN.1.B **EN**

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
24a		(15a) Rules on ESG rating providers should in principle not apply to ratings produced by members of the European System of Central Banks (ESCB). That is because it is necessary to ensure that this Regulation does not unintentionally have an impact on measures of the ESCB that seek to take climate considerations into account in the ESCB's monetary policy collateral framework when pursuing its primary objective of maintaining price stability and supporting the general economic policies in the Union.	disclosure of an ESG rating.
24b			(15a) Where an undertaking or financial institution discloses information about its own sustainability impacts, risks and opportunities or those of its value chain, such information

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			should not be considered as an ESG rating under this Regulation.
24c		(15b) Non-profit civil society organisations that compile scoreboards or rankings for non- commercial purposes and that make those rankings accessible free of charge, should not be deemed to fall within the scope of this Regulation. However, they should endeavour to integrate the transparency requirements laid down in this Regulation where applicable.	
24d			(15b) Non-profit civil society organisations that issue ESG ratings for non-commercial purposes and that publish those ratings free of charge, should not be deemed to fall within the scope of this Regulation. However, they should endeavour to integrate the transparency requirements laid down in this Regulation

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			where applicable.
		(15c) To assess the ESG profile of companies, and as part of their sustainable investment and	
		institutions, investment firms, insurance	
		undertakings, and reinsurance undertakings, amongst others, rely both on external ESG	
2.4		ratings and on external ESG data products. Financial institutions should bear	
24e		responsibility in the case of greenwashing accusations concerning their financial	
		products, while the distribution of ESG information on entities or financial products,	
		relying on proprietary or established methodology, which includes, among others,	
		data sets on emissions and data on controversies, should not be covered by this	
		Regulation. The Commission should carry out a review of this Regulation that assesses	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		whether the scope identified is sufficient to	
		ensure the confidence of investors and	
		consumers in the sustainability performance	
		of financial products and services and, where	
		needed, envisages broadening the set of ESG	
		data products and ESG data products	
		providers covered by this Regulation.	
	(16) It is important to lay down rules ensuring	(16) It is important to lay down rules ensuring	(16) It is important to lay down rules ensuring
	that ESG ratings provided by ESG rating	that ESG ratings provided by ESG rating	that ESG ratings provided by ESG rating
	providers authorised in the Union are of	providers authorised in the Union are of	providers authorised in the Union are of
	adequate quality, are subject to appropriate	adequate quality, are subject to appropriate	adequate quality, are subject to appropriate
	requirements and ensure market integrity. Those	requirements, recognising the existence of	requirements and ensure market integrity. Those
25	rules would apply to overall ESG ratings	different business models, and ensure market	rules would apply to overall ESG ratings
	capturing Environmental, Social and	integrity. Those rules would apply to overall	capturing Environmental, Social and
	Governance factors, and to ratings that are only	ESG ratings capturing Environmental, Social	Governance factors, and to ratings that are only
	looking at a single Environmental, Social or	and Governance factors, and to ratings that are	looking at a single Environmental, Social or
	Governance factor or sub-component of that	only looking at a single Environmental, Social	Governance factor or sub-component of that
	factor.	or Governance factor or sub-component of that	factor.
		factor. Separate environmental (E), social (S)	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		and governance (G) ratings should be provided rather than a single ESG metric that aggregates E, S and G factors. If ESG rating providers nevertheless decide to provide aggregated ratings, they should disclose and justify the rate and weight granted to each component (E, S and G), which should be based on the same scale in order to ensure that each E, S and G category can be compared with the other ones.	
26	(17) Given the use of ESG ratings from providers located outside the Union, it is necessary to introduce requirements based on which third-country ESG rating providers may offer their services in the Union. This is necessary to ensure market integrity, investor protection and proper enforcement. Therefore, three possible regimes are proposed for those third countries ESG rating providers:	(17) Given the use of ESG ratings from providers located outside the Union, it is necessary to introduce requirements based on which third-country ESG rating providers may offer their services in the Union. This is necessary to ensure market integrity, investor protection and proper enforcement. There should also be an objective reason why a third country ESG rating provider needs to provide	(17) Given the use of ESG ratings from providers located outside the Union, it is necessary to introduce requirements based on which third country ESG rating providers established outside the Union may offer their services in the Union. This is necessary to ensure market integrity, investor protection and proper enforcement. Therefore, three possible regimes are proposed for those third countries

equivalence, endorsement and recognition. As an overarching principle, supervision and regulation in a third country should be equivalent to Union supervision and regulation of ESG ratings. Therefore, ESG ratings provided by an ESG rating provider located in a third country can only be offered in the Union where a positive decision on equivalence of the third-country regime has been taken by the Commission. However, to avoid any adverse impact resulting from a possible abrupt cessation of the offering in the Union of ESG ratings provided by a third country ESG rating provider, it is also necessary to provide for certain other mechanisms, that is endorsement and recognition. Any ESG rating provider with a group structure should be able to use the mechanism of endorsement for the ESG ratings developed outside the Union, provided they establish, within the group, an authorised ESG rating provider in the Union. Smaller ESG rating providers, within the meaning of the

Commission Proposal

the ESG rating and why that ESG rating needs to be endorsed for use in the Union. Therefore, three possible regimes are proposed for those third countries ESG rating providers: equivalence, endorsement and recognition. As an overarching principle, supervision and regulation in a third country should be equivalent to Union supervision and regulation of ESG ratings. Therefore, ESG ratings provided by an ESG rating provider located in a third country can only be offered in the Union where a positive decision on equivalence of the third-country regime has been taken by the Commission. In order to benefit from the Union's equivalent regulatory and supervisory regime, third-country ESG rating providers should be legally established and authorised or registered in a third country. However, to avoid any adverse impact resulting from a possible abrupt cessation of the offering in the Union of ESG ratings provided by a third country ESG rating provider, it is also necessary

EP Mandate

ESG rating providers *established outside the* **Union**: equivalence, endorsement and recognition. As an overarching principle, supervision and regulation in a third country should be equivalent to Union supervision and regulation of ESG ratings. Therefore, ESG ratings provided by an ESG rating provider locatedestablished in a third country can only be offered in the Union where a positive decision on equivalence of the third-country regime has been taken by the Commission. However, to avoid any adverse impact resulting from a possible abrupt cessation of the offering in the Union of ESG ratings provided by *a third* country an ESG rating provider established outside the Union, it is also necessary to provide for certain other mechanisms, that is endorsement and recognition. Any ESG rating provider with a group structure should be able to use the mechanism of endorsement for the ESG ratings developed outside the Union. To do so, they must, provided they establish, within

Council Mandate

17067/23 MP/lhg 26 ECOFIN.1.B

maximum threshold of net turnover to define to provide for certain other mechanisms, that is the group, an authorised ESG rating provider in endorsement and recognition. Any ESG rating small undertakings in Directive 2013/34/EU¹, the Union. Smaller This authorised ESG rating providers, within the meaning of the maximum that generally do not belong to a group, and provider with a group structure should be able may not have the means to have a legal entity to use the mechanism of endorsement for the threshold of net turnover to define small undertakings in Directive 2013/34/EU⁺, authorised in the Union, should be able to ESG ratings developed outside the Union, continue or start offering their services in the provided they establish, within the group, an provider must ensure that the issuance and Union and should therefore benefit from a authorised ESG rating provider in the Union. distribution of endorsed ESG ratings fulfils lighter regime, that is recognition. Where the Smaller ESG rating providers, within the requirements which are at least as stringent as third country ESG provider is subject to meaning of the maximum threshold of net the requirements of this Regulation. supervision, appropriate cooperation turnover to define small undertakings in Additionally, the provider established in the Directive 2013/34/EU¹, that generally do not arrangements should be put in place in order to Union must possess the necessary expertise to ensure the proper exchange of information with belong to a group, and may not have the means monitor the issuance and distribution of ESG the relevant competent authority of the third to have a legal entity authorised in the Union, ratings of the provider established outside the should be able to continue or start offering their country. Union. There should be an objective reason services in the Union and should therefore justifying why the endorsed ratings are issued 1. Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and benefit from a lighter regime, that is by provider established outside the Union. The of the Council of 26 June 2013 on the annual financial recognition. Where the third country ESG requirement to demonstrate compliance, as statements, consolidated financial statements and related provider is subject to supervision, appropriate outlined in this Regulation, should not be reports of certain types of undertakings, amending cooperation arrangements should be put in place proven for each individual rating but rather Directive 2006/43/EC of the European Parliament and of in order to ensure the proper exchange of for the overall methodologies and procedures the Council and repealing Council Directives 78/660/EEC and 83/349/EEC (OJ L 182, 29.6.2013, p. 19). information with the relevant competent implemented by the provider. Smaller ESG authority of the third country. rating providers with a consolidated annual

EP Mandate

Council Mandate

Commission Proposal

17067/23 MP/lhg 27
ECOFIN.1.B EN

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	1. Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on the annual financial statements, consolidated financial statements and related reports of certain types of undertakings, amending Directive 2006/43/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Council Directives 78/660/EEC and 83/349/EEC (OJ L 182, 29.6.2013, p. 19).	12 million for the latest three consecutive years that generally do not belong to a group, and may not have the means to have a legal entity authorised in the Union, should be able to continue or start offering their services in the Union and should therefore benefit from a lighterrecognition regime, that is recognition. Where the third country ESG provider ESG provider established outside the Union is subject to supervision in a third country, appropriate cooperation arrangements should be put in place in order to ensure the proper exchange of information with the relevant competent authority of the third country. 1. Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on the annual financial statements, consolidated financial statements and related reports of certain types of undertakings, amending Directive 2006/43/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Council Directives 78/660/EEC and 83/349/EEC (OJ L 182, 29.6.2013, p. 19).

17067/23 MP/lhg 28
ECOFIN.1.B EN

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
26a			(17a) The notion of establishment extends to any real and effective activity exercised through stable arrangements. When determining whether an entity based outside the EU has an establishment in a Member State, it is pertinent to consider the degree of stability of the arrangements, the effective exercise of activities in the Union, and the specific nature of the economic activities and services provided.
26b			(17b) The European Union represents one of the main markets for ESG ratings. It is also one of the first jurisdictions to develop a regulation on the transparency and integrity of ESG rating activities. The Commission should continue to work with the international partners to foster convergence of the rules

17067/23 MP/lhg 29
ECOFIN.1.B EN

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			applying to ESG rating providers.
27	(18) To ensure a high level of investor and consumer confidence in the internal market, ESG rating providers which provide ESG ratings in the Union should be authorised. It is therefore necessary to lay down harmonised conditions for such authorisation and the procedure for the granting, suspension and withdrawal of such authorisation.	(18) To ensure a high level of investor and consumer confidence in the internal market, ESG rating providers which provide ESG ratings in the Union should be authorised. It is therefore necessary to lay down harmonised conditions for such authorisation and the procedure for the granting, suspension and withdrawal of such authorisation.	(18) To ensure a high level of investor and consumer confidence in the internal market, ESG rating providers which provide ESG ratings in the Union should be authorised. It is therefore necessary to lay down harmonised conditions for such authorisation and the procedure for the granting, suspension and withdrawal of such authorisation.
28	(19) To ensure a high level of information to investors and other users of ESG ratings, information on ESG ratings and ESG rating providers should be made available on the European Single Access Point (ESAP) ¹ . ESAP should provide the public with an easy centralised access to such information.	(19) To ensure a high level of information to investors and other users of ESG ratings, information on ESG ratings and ESG rating providers should be made available on the European Single Access Point (ESAP) ¹ . ESAP should provide the public with an easy centralised access to such information.	(19) To ensure a high level of information to investors and other users of ESG ratings, information on ESG ratings and ESG rating providers should be made available on the European Single Access Point (ESAP) ¹ . ESAP should provide the public with <i>an</i> -easy centralised access to such information.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	1. Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing a European Single Access Point (ESAP) providing centralised access to publicly available information of relevance to financial services, capital markets and sustainability (OJ L [], [], p. []).	1. Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing a European Single Access Point (ESAP) providing centralised access to publicly available information of relevance to financial services, capital markets and sustainability (OJ L [], [], p. []).	1. Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing a European Single Access Point (ESAP) providing centralised access to publicly available information of relevance to financial services, capital markets and sustainability (OJ L [], [], p. []).
29	(20) To ensure the quality and reliability of ESG ratings, ESG rating providers should use rating methodologies that are rigorous, systematic, objective, continuous and subject to validation. ESG rating providers should review ESG ratings methodologies on an on-going basis and at least annually.	(20) To ensure the quality and reliability of ESG ratings, ESG rating providers should use rating methodologies that are rigorous, systematic, objective independent, continuous and subject to validation justification. As a matter of principle, ESG rating providers are encouraged to address the material impact of the rated entity on the environment and on society in general. ESG rating providers should review ESG ratings methodologies on an ongoing basis and at least annually taking into account European and international developments affecting the E, S or G factors. However, it is key to leave it to the ESG rating providers themselves to determine their own	(20) To ensure the quality and reliability of ESG ratings, ESG rating providers should use rating methodologies that are rigorous, systematic, objective, continuous and subject to validationimpartial and applied continuously and in a transparent manner so that these methodologies are verifiable. ESG rating providers should review ESG ratings methodologies on an on-going basis and at least annually.

17067/23 MP/lhg 31
ECOFIN.1.B

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		methodologies in accordance with those	
		principles.	
	(21) To ensure a higher-level transparency,	(21) To ensure a higher-level transparency,	(21) To ensure a higher-level transparency,
	ESG rating providers should disclose	ESG rating providers should disclose	ESG rating providers should disclose
	information to the public on the methodologies,	information to the public on the methodologies,	information to the public on the methodologies,
	models and key rating assumptions which those	models and key rating assumptions which those	models and key rating assumptions which those
	providers use in their ESG rating activities and	providers use in their ESG rating activities and	providers use in their ESG rating activities and
	in each of their ESG ratings product. In light of	in each of their ESG ratings product. In light of	in each of their ESG ratings product products. In
	the uses of ESG ratings by investors, the rating	the uses of ESG ratings by investors, the rating	light of the uses of ESG ratings by investors, the
30	products should explicitly disclose which	products should explicitly disclose which	rating products should explicitly disclose which
30	dimension of the double materiality the rating	dimension of the double materiality the rating	dimension of the double materiality the rating
	addresses, whether it is both material financial	addresses, whether it is the rating addresses	addresses, whether it is both material financial
	risk to the rated entity and the material impact	both material financial risk to the rated entity	risk to the rated entity item or the issuer of the
	of the rated entity on the environment and	and the material impact of the rated entity on	<u>rated item</u> and the material impact of the rated
	society in general or whether it takes into	the environment and society in general or	entityitem or the issuer of the rated item on the
	account only one of them. They should also	whether it takes into account only one of	environment and society in general or whether
	explicitly disclose whether the rating addresses	them the material impact of the rated entity on	it takes into account only one of them. They
	other dimensions. For the same reason, ESG	the environment and on society in general.	should also explicitly disclose whether the
	rating providers should provide more detailed	They should also explicitly disclose whether the	rating addresses other dimensions. For the same

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
information on the methodologies, models and	rating addresses other dimensions. For the same	reason, ESG rating providers should provide
key rating assumptions to subscribers of ESG	reason, ESG rating providers should provide	more detailed information on the
ratings. That information should enable users of	more detailed information on the	methodologies, models and key rating
ESG ratings to perform their own due diligence	methodologies, models and key rating	assumptions to subscribersusers of ESG
when assessing whether to rely or not on those	assumptions to subscribers of ESG ratings. That	ratings. That information should enable users of
ESG ratings. Disclosure of information	information should enable users of ESG ratings	ESG ratings to perform their own due diligence
concerning models should however not reveal	to perform their own due diligence when	when assessing whether to rely or not on those
sensitive business information or impede	assessing whether to rely or not on those ESG	ESG ratings. Disclosure of information
innovation.	ratings. Disclosure of information concerning	concerning <u>methodologies</u> , models <u>and key</u>
	models In particular, ESG rating providers	<u>rating assumptions</u> should however not reveal
	should disclose whether they have taken into	sensitive business information or impede
	account E, S, or G factors, or an aggregation	innovation.
	thereof, the rating given to each relevant	
	factor, and the weighting each of those factors	
	is given in the aggregation. ESG rating	
	providers should however not reveal sensitive	
	business also disclose the limitations of the	
	information available to them, including	
	information about engagement with the	
	various stakeholders of a rated entity and how	
	contradictory, incomplete or subjective	
	information is handledor impede innovation.	

17067/23 MP/lhg 33
ECOFIN.1.B EN

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
30a		(21a) Taking into account the Union objectives and international standards for each factor is recommended to ensure a sufficient level of quality of ESG ratings. As such, ESG ratings providers should provide information on whether the rating considers, amongst others, the alignment with the objectives set in the Paris Agreement adopted under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change on 12 December 2015 (the 'Paris Agreement') for the E factor, the compliance with International Labour Organisation core conventions on the right to organise and collective bargaining for the S factor, and the alignment with international standards on tax evasion and avoidance for the G factor.	
30b		(21b) Regulation (EU) 2019/2088, Regulation	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		(EU) 2020/852 and Directive (EU) 2022/2464 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ represent landmark legislative initiatives to enhance the availability, quality and consistency of ESG requirements across the entire value chain of financial market participants, which should contribute to the continuous improvement of the quality of ESG ratings. 1. Directive (EU) 2022/2464 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 December 2022 amending Regulation (EU) No 537/2014, Directive 2004/109/EC, Directive 2006/43/EC and Directive 2013/34/EU, as regards corporate sustainability reporting (OJ L 322, 16.12.2022, p. 15).	
30c		(21c) This Regulation should not interfere with the ESG rating methodologies or content. Diversity in the methodologies of ESG rating providers ensures that the broad requirements of users can be met and promotes competition	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		in the market.	
30d		(21d) Whilst an ESG rating provider may use alignment with the taxonomy set out in Regulation (EU) 2020/852 as a relevant factor or key performance indicator (KPI) in its rating methodology, ratings within the scope of this Regulation should not be considered as ESG labels indicating or providing assurance of compliance or alignment with Regulation (EU) 2020/852 or with any other standards.	
31	(22) ESG rating providers should ensure that they provide ESG ratings that are independent, objective and of adequate quality. It is important to introduce organisational requirements ensuring the prevention and mitigation of potential conflicts of interests. To ensure their independence, ESG rating	(22) ESG rating providers should ensure that they provide ESG ratings that are independent, objective and of adequate quality. It is important to introduce organisational requirements ensuring the prevention and mitigation of potential conflicts of interests. To ensure their independence, ESG rating	(22) ESG rating providers should ensure that they provide ESG ratings that are independent, objective impartial, systematic and of adequate quality. It is important to introduce organisational requirements ensuring the prevention and mitigation of potential conflicts of interests interest. To ensure their

providers should avoid situations of conflict of interest and manage those conflicts adequately where they are unavoidable. ESG rating providers should disclose conflicts of interest in a timely manner. They should also keep records of all significant threats to the independence of the ESG rating provider and that of its employees and other persons involved in the rating process, and the safeguards applied to mitigate those threats. In addition, to avoid potential conflicts of interest, ESG rating providers should not be allowed to offer a number of other services including consulting services, credit ratings, benchmarks, investment activities, audit, or banking, insurance and reinsurance activities. Finally, to prevent, identify, eliminate or manage and disclose any conflicts of interest and ensure the quality, integrity and thoroughness of the ESG rating and review process at all times, ESG rating providers should establish appropriate internal policies and procedures in relation to employees

Commission Proposal

providers should avoid situations of conflict of interest and manage those conflicts adequately where they are unavoidable. ESG rating providers should disclose conflicts of interest in a timely manner. They should also keep records of all significant threats to the independence of the ESG rating provider and that of its employees and other persons involved in the rating process, and the safeguards applied to mitigate those threats. In addition, to avoid potential conflicts of interest, ESG rating providers should not be allowed to offer a number of other services including consulting services, credit ratings, benchmarks, *investment* or audit activities. Furthermore, ESG rating providers providing, audit, or banking, insurance and reinsurance or investment activities, as well as entities that are part of a group to which an ESG rating provider belongs, should take appropriate measures to prevent conflicts of interest. Finally, to prevent, identify, eliminate or manage and disclose any

EP Mandate

independence, ESG rating providers should avoid situations of conflict of interest and manage those conflicts adequately where they are unavoidable. ESG rating providers should disclose conflicts of interest in a timely manner. They should also keep records of all significant threats to the independence of the ESG rating provider and that of its employees and other persons involved in the rating process, and the safeguards applied to mitigate those threats. In addition, to avoid potential conflicts of interest, ESG rating providers should not be allowed to offer within the same entity a number of other services including consulting services, credit ratings, benchmarks, investment activities, audit, or banking, insurance and reinsurance activities. Consulting activities included in the scope of this Regulation include support to develop sustainability strategies and to manage sustainability risks or impacts. However, ESG rating providers may provide these activities, except for consulting and audit services when

Council Mandate

17067/23 MP/lhg 37 ECOFIN.1.B

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	and other persons involved in the rating process. Such policies and procedures should, in particular, include internal control mechanisms and a compliance function.	conflicts of interest and ensure the quality, integrity and thoroughness of the ESG rating and review process at all times, ESG rating providers should establish appropriate internal policies and procedures in relation to employees and other persons involved in the rating process. Such policies and procedures should, in particular, include internal control mechanisms and a compliance function.	they are provided to entities that are or have been rated by the ESG rating provider, when they put in place specific measures to ensure that the activity is exercised autonomously and avoids creating risks of conflicts of interest within its ESG rating activities. Finally, to prevent, identify, eliminate or manage and disclose any conflicts of interest and ensure the quality, integrity and thoroughness of the ESG rating providers should establish appropriate internal policies and procedures in relation to employees and other persons involved in the rating process. Such policies and procedures
			should, in particular, include internal control mechanisms and a compliance an oversight function.
31a		(22a) Competition among ESG rating providers and an environment in which small	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		ESG rating providers can enter the market are	
		key, as concentration among providers can	
		result in higher prices, barriers to entry, lower	
		competition, reduced innovation, less	
		geographical diversity in providers and poor	
		coverage of smaller issuers. Entities that seek	
		more than one ESG rating should therefore	
		consider choosing at least one ESG rating	
		provider with a market share below 15%.	
	(23) To bring more clarity and to enhance trust	(23) To bring more clarity and to enhance trust	(23) To bring more clarity and to enhance trust
	on the operations of ESG rating providers, it is	on the operations of ESG rating providers, it is	on the operations of ESG rating providers, it is
	necessary to lay down requirements for ongoing	necessary to lay down requirements for ongoing	necessary to lay down requirements for ongoing
	supervision of ESG rating providers at Union	supervision of ESG rating providers at Union	supervision of ESG rating providers atin the
32	level. To ensure a level playing field in terms of	level. To ensure a level playing field in terms of	Union-level. To ensure a level playing field in
	on-going supervision and to eliminate the risk	on-going supervision and to eliminate the risk	terms of on-going supervision and to eliminate
	of regulatory arbitrage across Member States,	of regulatory arbitrage across Member States,	the risk of. In light of the important
	the European Securities and Markets Authority	the European Securities and Markets Authority	similarities between the activities of credit
	(ESMA) should be entrusted with the exclusive	(ESMA) should be entrusted with the exclusive	rating agencies and ESG rating providers and
	responsibility for such authorisation and	responsibility for such authorisation and	the related close alignment of central aspects

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
supervision. At the same time, such exclusive	supervision. At the same time, such exclusive	of the regulatory arbitrage across Member
responsibility should optimise the allocation of	responsibility should optimise the allocation of	States, the European Securities and Markets
supervisory resources at Union level, thus	supervisory resources at Union level, thus	Authority (ESMA framework for ESG rating
making ESMA the centre of supervision.	making ESMA the centre of supervision.	providers to the regulatory framework
		applicable to credit rating agencies under
		Regulation (EC) should be entrusted with the
		exclusive responsibility for such authorisation
		and No 1060/2009, and to ensure a harmonised
		application of the proposed rules as well as
		uniform supervision. At the same time, such
		exclusive responsibility should optimise the
		allocation of supervisory resources at Union
		level, thus making ESMA the centre of
		supervision, it is deemed understandable,
		considering the decision taken under
		Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 to entrust
		supervision to ESMA, to entrust the
		supervision of ESG rating providers also to
		ESMA. This does not constitute a precedent
		and should not be interpreted as establishing a
		practice or policy on the attribution of
		supervisory responsibilities in the financial

17067/23 MP/lhg 40 ECOFIN.1.B EN

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			sector.
32a		(23a) Aside from their use in the financial services sector, ESG rating assessments are also used in the procurement and supply chain context. Therefore, ESMA should take account of the distinction between ESG rating providers in the financial sectors and those in non-financial sectors in its supervision of ESG rating providers.	
33	(24) ESMA should be able to require all information necessary to carry out its supervisory tasks effectively. It should therefore be able to demand such information from ESG rating providers, persons involved in ESG rating activities, rated entities and third parties to whom the ESG rating providers have outsourced operational functions and persons	(24) ESMA should be able to require all information necessary to carry out its supervisory tasks effectively. It should therefore be able to demand such information from ESG rating providers, persons involved in ESG rating activities, rated entities and third parties to whom the ESG rating providers have outsourced operational functions and persons	(24) ESMA should be able to require all information necessary to carry out its supervisory tasks effectively. It should therefore be able to demand such information from ESG rating providers, persons involved in ESG rating activities, <i>legal representatives</i> designated under the recognition regime, rated entities items and issuers of rated items and

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	otherwise closely and substantially related or connected to ESG rating providers or ESG rating activities.	otherwise closely and substantially related or connected to ESG rating providers or ESG rating activities.	third parties to whom the ESG rating providers have outsourced operational functions and persons otherwise closely and substantially related or connected to ESG rating providers or ESG rating activities.
34	(25) ESMA should be able to perform its supervisory tasks, and in particular to compel ESG rating providers to end an infringement, to supply complete and correct information, or to comply with an investigation or an on-site inspection. To ensure that ESMA is able to perform those supervisory tasks, ESMA should be able to impose penalties or periodic penalty payments.	(25) ESMA should be able to perform its supervisory tasks, and in particular to compel ESG rating providers to end an infringement, to supply complete and correct information, or to comply with an investigation or an on-site inspection. To ensure that ESMA is able to perform those supervisory tasks, ESMA should be able to impose penalties or periodic penalty payments.	(25) ESMA should be able to perform its supervisory tasks, and in particular to compel ESG rating providers to end an infringement, to supply complete and correct information, or to comply with an investigation or an on-site inspection. To ensure that ESMA is able to perform those supervisory tasks, ESMA should be able to impose penalties or periodic penalty payments.
35	(26) Given its role to authorise and supervise ESG rating providers, ESMA should develop draft regulatory technical standards that do not	(26) Given its role to authorise and supervise ESG rating providers, ESMA should develop draft regulatory technical standards that do not	(26) Given its role to authorise and supervise ESG rating providers, ESMA should develop draft regulatory technical standards that do not

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
involve policy choices for submission to the	involve policy choices for submission to the	involve policy choices for submission to the
Commission. ESMA should specify further the	Commission. ESMA should specify further the	Commission. ESMA should specify further the
information needed for the authorisation of ESG	information needed for the authorisation of ESG	information needed for the authorisation of ESG
rating providers. The Commission should be	rating providers. The Commission should be	rating providers. The Commission should be
empowered to adopt those implementing	empowered to adopt those implementing	empowered to adopt those implementing
technical standards by means of delegated acts	technical standards by means of delegated acts	technical standards by means of delegated acts
pursuant to Article 290 TFEU and in	pursuant to Article 290 TFEU and in	pursuant to Article 290 TFEU and in
accordance with Articles 10 to 14 of Regulation	accordance with Articles 10 to 14 of Regulation	accordance with Articles 10 to 14 of Regulation
(EU) No 1095/2010 of the European Parliament	(EU) No 1095/2010 of the European Parliament	(EU) No 1095/2010 of the European Parliament
and of the Council ¹ .	and of the Council ¹ .	and of the Council ¹ .
1. Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010 of the European	1. Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010 of the European	1. Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010 of the European
Parliament and of the Council of 24 November 2010	Parliament and of the Council of 24 November 2010	Parliament and of the Council of 24 November 2010
		establishing a European Supervisory Authority (European
		Securities and Markets Authority), amending Decision No 716/2009/EC and repealing Commission Decision
		2009/77/EC (OJ L 331, 15.12.2010, p. 84).
	•	
•	•	(27) In its role to authorise and supervise ESG
		rating providers, ESMA should be able to
		charge supervisory fees to supervised
Such fees should be paid by the supervised	Such fees should be paid by the supervised	entities supervised entities supervisory fees.
	involve policy choices for submission to the Commission. ESMA should specify further the information needed for the authorisation of ESG rating providers. The Commission should be empowered to adopt those implementing technical standards by means of delegated acts pursuant to Article 290 TFEU and in accordance with Articles 10 to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹. 1. Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 24 November 2010 establishing a European Supervisory Authority (European Securities and Markets Authority), amending Decision No 716/2009/EC and repealing Commission Decision 2009/77/EC (OJ L 331, 15.12.2010, p. 84). (27) In its role to authorise and supervise ESG rating providers, ESMA should be able to charge supervisory fees to supervised entities.	involve policy choices for submission to the Commission. ESMA should specify further the information needed for the authorisation of ESG rating providers. The Commission should be empowered to adopt those implementing technical standards by means of delegated acts pursuant to Article 290 TFEU and in accordance with Articles 10 to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹. 1. Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 24 November 2010 establishing a European Supervisory Authority (European Securities and Markets Authority), amending Decision No 716/2009/EC and repealing Commission Decision 2009/77/EC (OJ L 331, 15.12.2010, p. 84). involve policy choices for submission to the Commission. ESMA should specify further the information needed for the authorisation of ESG rating providers. The Commission should be empowered to adopt those implementing technical standards by means of delegated acts pursuant to Article 290 TFEU and in accordance with Articles 10 to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹. 1. Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 24 November 2010 establishing a European Supervisory Authority (European Securities and Markets Authority), amending Decision No 716/2009/EC and repealing Commission Decision 2009/77/EC (OJ L 331, 15.12.2010, p. 84). (27) In its role to authorise and supervise ESG rating providers, ESMA should be able to charge supervisory fees to supervised entities.

17067/23 MP/lhg 43
ECOFIN.1.B EN

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	entities.	entities.	Such fees should be paid by the supervised entities proportionate and adequate to the size of the ESG rating providers.
37	(28) In order to specify further technical elements of this Regulation, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission in respect of the specifications of the procedure impose fines or periodic penalty payments, including provisions on rights of defence, temporal provisions, the collection of fines or periodic penalty payments, and detailed rules on the limitation periods for the imposition and enforcement of penalties and the type of fees, the matters for which fees are due, the amount of the fees, and the manner in which those fees are to be paid. It is of particular importance that the Commission carry out appropriate	(28) In order to specify further technical elements of this Regulation, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission in respect of the specifications of the procedure impose fines or periodic penalty payments, including provisions on rights of defence, temporal provisions, the collection of fines or periodic penalty payments, and detailed rules on the limitation periods for the imposition and enforcement of penalties and the type of fees, the matters for which fees are due, the amount of the fees, and the manner in which those fees are to be paid. It is of particular importance that the Commission carry out appropriate	(28) In order to specify further technical elements of this Regulation, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission in respect of the specifications of the procedure to impose fines or periodic penalty payments, including provisions on rights of defence, temporal provisions, the collection of fines or periodic penalty payments, and detailed rules on the limitation periods for the imposition and enforcement of penalties and the type of fees, the matters for which fees are due, the amount of the fees, and the manner in which those fees are to be paid. It is of particular importance that the Commission carry out appropriate

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	consultations during its preparatory work,	consultations during its preparatory work,	consultations during its preparatory work,
	including at expert level, and that those	including at expert level, and that those	including at expert level, and that those
	consultations be conducted in accordance with	consultations be conducted in accordance with	consultations be conducted in accordance with
	the principles laid down in the Inter-institutional	the principles laid down in the Inter-institutional	the principles laid down in the Inter-institutional
	Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-	Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-	Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-
	Making ¹ . In particular, to ensure equal	Making ¹ . In particular, to ensure equal	Making ¹ . In particular, to ensure equal
	participation in the preparation of delegated	participation in the preparation of delegated	participation in the preparation of delegated
	acts, the European Parliament and the Council	acts, the European Parliament and the Council	acts, the European Parliament and the Council
	should receive all documents at the same time	should receive all documents at the same time	should receive all documents at the same time
	as Member States' experts, and their experts	as Member States' experts, and their experts	as Member States' experts, and their experts
	should systematically have access to meetings	should systematically have access to meetings	should systematically have access to meetings
	of Commission expert groups dealing with the	of Commission expert groups dealing with the	of Commission expert groups dealing with the
	preparation of delegated acts.	preparation of delegated acts.	preparation of delegated acts.
	1. OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1.	1. OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1.	1. OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1.
38	(29) It is necessary to have a number of measures supporting smaller ESG rating providers to enable them to continue their activities, or to enter the market after the date of application of this Regulation. Such measures	(29) It is necessary to have a number of measures supporting smaller ESG rating providers to enable them to continue their activities, or to enter the market after the date of application of this Regulation. Such measures	(29) It is necessary to have a number of measures supporting smaller ESG rating providers to enable them to continue their activities, or to enter the market after the date of application of this Regulation. <i>Such</i>

17067/23 MP/lhg 45
ECOFIN.1.B EN

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
should include the possibility for ESMA to	should include the possibility for ESMA to	measures Against this background, a temporary
exempt smaller ESG rating providers from a	exempt smaller ESG rating providers from a	regime should include the possibility for ESMA
number of organisational requirements where	number of organisational requirements where	to exempt be introduced to facilitate the market
they meet certain criteria. In addition, a	they meet certain criteria. In addition, a	entry of smaller ESG rating providers and
transitional regime should be introduced for the	transitional regime should be introduced for the	support the development of existing smaller
first months following the application of this	first months following the application of this	ESG rating providers from a number of already
Regulation, to facilitate the initial phase of	Regulation, to facilitate the initial phase of	operating in the Union before the entry into
application for smaller ESG rating providers.	application for smaller ESG rating providers.	force of this Regulation. Under this temporary
Finally, supervisory fees should be	Finally, supervisory fees should be	and optional framework, ESG rating providers
proportionate to the annual net turnover of the	proportionate to the annual net turnover of the	categorized as small undertakings or as small
ESG ratings provider concerned.	ESG ratings provider concerned.	groups should register with ESMA, without
		the need for authorisation, and should only be
		<u>subject to specific provisions on</u> organisational
		requirements where they meet certain criteria.
		In addition, a transitional regime should be
		introduced for the first months following the
		application of this Regulation, to facilitate the
		initial phase of application for smaller and to
		provisions on transparency requirements.
		ESMA should be empowered to request
		information and to conduct general
		investigations and on-site inspections and

17067/23 MP/lhg 46 ECOFIN.1.B EN

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			should ensure that risks of circumvention are avoided, particularly by preventing small undertakings within medium-sized or large groups from benefiting from the provisions outlined under this regime. Once this temporary regime ends, these small ESG rating providers. Finally should apply for authorisation and benefit from a proportionate regime as regards governance requirements, accompanied by supervisory fees should be proportionate to the annual net turnover of the ESG ratings provider concerned.
38a		(29a) Where available, a credit rating agency should consider taking into account the ESG rating of the rated entity provided in accordance with this Regulation to define its credit rating.	
39			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	(30) Since the objectives of this Regulation	(30) Since the objectives of this Regulation	(30) Since the objectives of this Regulation
	cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member	cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member	cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member
	States, namely to lay down a consistent and	States, namely to lay down a consistent and	States, namely to lay down a consistent and
	effective regime to address the shortcomings	effective regime to address the shortcomings	effective regime to address the shortcomings
	and vulnerabilities that ESG ratings pose, but	and vulnerabilities that ESG ratings pose, but	and vulnerabilities that ESG ratings pose, but
	can rather, by reasons of the scale and effects,	can rather, by reasons of the scale and effects,	can rather, by reasons of the scale and effects,
	be better achieved at Union level, the Union	be better achieved at Union level, the Union	be better achieved at Union level, the Union
	may adopt measures, in accordance with the	may adopt measures, in accordance with the	may adopt measures, in accordance with the
	principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5	principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5	principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5
	of the Treaty on European Union. In accordance	of the Treaty on European Union. In accordance	of the Treaty on European Union. In accordance
	with the principle of proportionality as set out in	with the principle of proportionality as set out in	with the principle of proportionality as set out in
	that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond	that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond	that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond
	what is necessary in order to achieve those	what is necessary in order to achieve those	what is necessary in order to achieve those
	objectives.	objectives.	objectives.
	(31) This Regulation should apply without	(31) This Regulation should apply without	(31) This Regulation should apply without
40	prejudice to the application of Aricles 101 and	prejudice to the application of Aricles Articles	prejudice to the application of Aricles Articles
	102 TFEU,	101 and 102 TFEU,	101 and 102 TFEU ₇
40a			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			(31a) The European Central Bank delivered its own initiative opinion on 4 October 2023,
41	HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:	HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:	HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:
42	Title I SUBJECT MATTER, SCOPE AND DEFINITIONS	Title I SUBJECT MATTER, SCOPE AND DEFINITIONS	Title I SUBJECT MATTER, SCOPE AND DEFINITIONS
43	Article 1 Subject-matter	Article 1 Subject-matter	Article 1 Subject-matter
44	This Regulation introduces a common regulatory approach to enhance the integrity, transparency, responsibility, good governance, and independence of ESG rating activities,	This Regulation introduces a common regulatory approach to enhance the integrity, transparency, <i>comparability</i> , responsibility, <i>reliability</i> , <i>alignment with Union law</i> , good	This Regulation introduces a common regulatory approach to enhance the integrity, transparency, responsibility, good governance, and independence of ESG rating activities,

17067/23 MP/lhg 49
ECOFIN.1.B EN

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	contributing to the transparency and quality of ESG ratings. It aims to contribute to the smooth functioning of the internal market, while achieving a high level of consumer and investor protection and preventing greenwashing or other types of misinformation, including social-washing, by introducing transparency requirements related to ESG ratings and rules on the organisation and conduct of ESG rating providers.	governance, and independence of ESG rating activities, contributing to the transparency and quality of ESG ratings. It aims to contribute to the smooth functioning of the internal market, while achieving a high level of consumer and investor protection and preventing greenwashing or other types of misinformation, including social-washing, by introducing transparency and minimum requirements related to ESG ratings and rules on the organisation and conduct of ESG rating providers.	contributing to the transparency and quality of ESG ratings. It aims to contribute to the smooth functioning of the internal market, while achieving a high level of consumer and investor protection and preventing greenwashing or other types of misinformation, including social washing practices which may be misleading to consumers, investors or other market participants, by introducing transparency requirements related to ESG ratings and rules on the organisation and conduct of ESG rating providers.
45	Article 2 Scope	Article 2 Scope	Article 2 Scope
46	This Regulation applies to ESG ratings issued by ESG rating providers operating in the Union that are disclosed publicly or that are	This Regulation applies to ESG ratings issued by ESG rating providers operating in the Union that are disclosed publicly or that are	This Regulation applies to ESG ratings issued by ESG rating providers operating in the Union. <i>ESG rating providers are considered as</i>

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	distributed to regulated financial undertakings in the Union, undertakings that fall under the scope of Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council, or Union or Member States public authorities.	distributed to regulated financial undertakings in the Union, undertakings that fall under the scope of Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council, or Union or Member States public authorities.	operating that are disclosed publicly or that are distributed to regulated financial undertakings in the Union, undertakings that fall under the scope of Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council, or Union or Member States public authorities. in the following cases:
46a			(a) for ESG rating providers established in the Union, when they issue and publish their ESG ratings on their website or through other means or when they issue and distribute their ESG ratings by subscription or other contractual relationships to regulated financial undertakings in the Union, to undertakings that fall under the scope of Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council, to undertakings that fall under the scope of Directive 2004/109/EC or to Union or Member

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			State public authorities;
46b			(b) for ESG rating providers established outside the Union, when they issue and distribute their ratings by subscription or other contractual relationships to regulated financial undertakings in the Union, to undertakings that fall under the scope of Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council, to undertakings that fall under the scope of Directive 2004/109/EC or to Union or Member States public authorities.
47	2. This Regulation does not apply to any of the following:	2. This Regulation does not apply to any of the following:	2. This Regulation does not apply to any of the following:
48			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	(a) private ESG ratings which are not intended for public disclosure or for distribution;	(a) private ESG ratings which are not intended for public disclosure or for distribution;	(a) private ESG ratings which are not intended for public disclosure or for distribution;
49	(b) ESG ratings produced by regulated financial undertakings in the Union that are used for internal purposes or for providing inhouse financial services and products;	(b) ESG ratings produced by regulated financial undertakings in the Union that are used <u>exclusively</u> for internal purposes or for providing in-house financial services and products, <u>including services provided to other</u> <u>entities that are part of the same group as long as the ratings are not disclosed to third parties beyond the group;</u>	(b) ESG ratings produced by regulated financial undertakings in the Union that are used for internal purposes or for providing inhouse financial services and products;
49a			(i) used for internal purposes, or provided to other entities that are part of the same consolidated group or;
49b			(ii) incorporated to products or services which

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			are provided by credit institutions, investment firms, fund managers, insurers, benchmark administrators or financial institutions, or required by or derived from a regulatory obligation applicable to such services or products, where such products or services are already regulated under Union law, including under, but not limited to, Regulation (EU) 2019/2088, Directive 2013/36/EU, Directive 2014/65/EU, Directive 2011/61/EC, Regulation 2014/596/EU and Regulation 2016/1011/EU;
49c			(ba) ESG ratings produced by providers established outside the Union which are not authorised under the provisions of Title II and that meet all the following conditions:
49d			(i) the business size of the ESG rating

17067/23 MP/lhg 54
ECOFIN.1.B EN

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			provider in the Union is not substantial;
49e			(ii) the ESG rating is distributed at the exclusive initiative of the user without any prior solicitation, promotion or advertisement by the ESG rating provider, and
49f			(iii) it is demonstrated that there is no substitute for the ratings offered by any ESG rating provider authorized under this Regulation;
50	(c) the provision of raw ESG data that do not contain an element of rating or scoring, and is not subject to any modelling or analysis resulting in the development of an ESG rating;	(c) the provision of raw ESG data that do not contain an element of rating or scoring, and is not subject to any modelling or analysis resulting in the development of an ESG rating;	(c) the provision of raw ESG data that do not contain an element of rating or scoring, and is not subject to any modelling or analysis resulting publication or distribution of data on environmental, social and human rights, and

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
5	(d) credit ratings issued pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ; 1. Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on credit rating agencies (OJ L 302, 17.11.2009, p. 1).	(d) credit ratings issued pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ and any ESG-related scores or factors that are produced or solely used as components of credit ratings as part of the public methodology for credit ratings; 1. Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on credit rating agencies (OJ L 302, 17.11.2009, p. 1).	governance factors that do not result in the development of an ESG rating; (d) credit ratings issued pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ , any ESG-related scores or assessments that are produced or published as part of the methodologies for credit ratings or as an input or output of the creditworthiness assessment; 1. Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on credit rating agencies (OJ L 302, 17.11.2009, p. 1).
5	(e) products or services that incorporate an element of an ESG rating;	(e) products or services that incorporate an element of an ESG rating, including content produced by financial analysts within the investment research division of a regulated	(e) products or services that incorporate an element of an ESG rating as a benchmark or as an evaluation or screening tool;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		financial institution;	
53	(f) second-party opinions on sustainability bonds;	(f) second-party opinions on sustainable debt instrument, including but not limited to sustainability bonds, social bonds, sustainability-linked bonds, loans and other types of debt instrument, as well as financing frameworks that govern the use of such instruments;	(f) external reviews of European Green Bonds and second-party opinions on sustainability green bonds, bonds marketed as environmentally sustainable, sustainability-linked bonds, loans and other types of debt instruments, to the extent that such external reviews and second-party opinions do not contain ESG ratings produced by the reviewer or the second-party opinion provider;
54	(g) ESG ratings produced by Union or Member States' public authorities;	(g) ESG ratings produced by Union or Member States' public authorities;	(g) ESG ratings produced by Union or Member States' public authorities when they are not published or distributed for commercial purposes;
55			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	(h) ESG ratings from an authorised ESG rating provider that are made available to users by a third party;	(h) ESG ratings from an authorised ESG rating provider that are made available to users by a third party or an affiliate of the authorised ESG rating provider within the same group structure;	(h) ESG ratings from produced by an authorised ESG rating provider that are made available to users when they are published or distributed by a third party which does not make part of the same group as the ESG rating provider;
56	(i) ESG ratings produced by central banks that fulfil all of the following conditions:	(i) ESG ratings produced by members of the European System of Central Banks (ESCB) provided that they are not produced or disseminated for commercial purposes; that fulfil all of the following conditions:	(i) ESG ratings produced by members of the European System of Central Banks that fulfil all of the following conditions: when they are not published or distributed for commercial purposes;
56a		(ia) mandatory disclosures pursuant to Articles 6, 8, 9, 10 and 11 of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088;	
56b		(ib) disclosures pursuant to Articles 5, 6 and 8	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		of Regulation (EU) 2020/852.	
57	(a) they are not paid for by the rated entity;	deleted	(a) they are not paid for by the rated entity;
58	(b) they are not disclosed to the public;	deleted	(b) they are not disclosed to the public;
59	(c) they are provided in accordance with the principles, standards and procedures which ensure the adequacy, integrity and independence of rating activities, as provided for by this Regulation, and	deleted	(c) they are provided in accordance with the principles, standards and procedures which ensure the adequacy, integrity and independence of rating activities, as provided for by this Regulation, and
60	(d) they do not relate to financial instruments issued by the respective central banks' Member	deleted	(d) they do not relate to financial instruments issued by the respective central banks' Member

17067/23 MP/lhg 59
ECOFIN.1.B EN

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	States.		States.
60a			(ia) ESG ratings developed for accreditation or certification processes, which are not primarily targeting investment and financial analysis or decision-making;
60b			(ib) labelling activities provided that the labels granted to the relevant entities, financial instruments or financial products do not involve the disclosure of an ESG rating.
60c		2a. ESMA shall develop draft regulatory technical standards to specify further what is considered to constitute a use exclusively for internal purposes or for providing in-house or intra-group financial services and products in	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		accordance with paragraph 2, point (b).	
60d		ESMA shall submit those draft regulatory technical standards to the Commission by [12 months from the entry into force of this Regulation].	
60e		Power is delegated to the Commission to supplement this Regulation by adopting the regulatory technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with the procedure laid down in Articles 10 to 14 of Regulation (EU) 1095/2010.	
61	Article 3 Definitions	Article 3 Definitions	Article 3 Definitions

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
62	For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions apply:	For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions apply:	For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions apply:
63	(1) 'ESG rating' means an opinion, a score or a combination of both, regarding an entity, a financial instrument, a financial product, or an undertaking's ESG profile or characteristics or exposure to ESG risks or the impact on people, society and the environment, that are based on an established methodology and defined ranking system of rating categories and that are provided to third parties, irrespective of whether such ESG rating is explicitly labelled as 'rating' or 'ESG score';	(1) -ESG rating' means a product marketed as providing an ESG an opinion, an ESG score or a combination of both, regarding an entity, a financial instrument, a financial product, or an undertaking's ESGenvironmental, social or governance profile or characteristics or exposure to ESG risks or the impact on people, society and the environment, that are based on both an established and transparent methodology and defined ranking system of rating categories and that are provided marketed to third parties, irrespective of whether such ESG rating is explicitly labelled as 'rating' or 'ESG score', excluding ESG labels;	(1) 'ESG rating' means an opinion, a score or a combination of both, regarding an entity, a financial instrument, a financial product, or an undertaking's ESG profile or characteristics a rated item's profile or characteristics with regard to environmental, social and human rights, or governance factors or exposure to ESG-risks or the impact on people, society and the environmentenvironmental, social and human rights, or governance factors, that are based on both an established methodology and a defined ranking system of rating categories and that are provided to third parties, irrespective of whether such ESG rating is explicitly labelled as 'ESG rating', 'ESG opinion' or 'ESG score';

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
64	(2) 'opinion' means an assessment that based on a rules-based methodology and defined ranking system of rating categories, involving directly a rating analyst in the rating process or systems process;	(2) 'ESG opinion' means an ESG assessment that is based on a rules-based methodology and defined ranking system of rating categories, involving directly a rating analyst in the rating process or systems process;	(2) 'ESG opinion' means an assessment that based on a rules-based methodology and defined ranking system of rating categories, involving directly a rating analyst in the rating process or systems process;
65	(3) 'score' means a measure derived from data, using a rule-based methodology, and based only on a pre-established statistical or algorithmic system or model, without any additional substantial analytical input from an analyst;	(3) 'ESG score' means ann ESG measure derived from data, using a rule-based methodology, and based only on a preestablished statistical or algorithmic system or model, without any additional substantial analytical input from an analyst;	(3) 'ESG score' means a measure derived from data, using a rule-based methodology, and based only on a pre-established statistical or algorithmic system or model, without any additional substantial analytical input from an analyst;
65a			(3a) 'defined ranking system' means a system whereby rated items are graded against predefined criteria across a ranking scale;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	(4) 'ESG rating providers' means a legal	(4) 'ESG rating providers provider means a	(4) 'ESG rating providers provider' means a
66	person whose occupation includes the offering and distribution of ESG ratings or scores on a professional basis;	legal person whose occupation includes the offering and distribution issuance of ESG ratings or scores on a professional basis;	legal person whose occupation includes the offering and issuance, publication or distribution of ESG ratings or scores on a professional basis;
67	(5) 'regulated financial undertaking in the Union' means an undertaking, regardless of its legal form, that is:	(5) 'regulated financial undertaking in the Union' means an undertaking, regardless of its legal form, that is:	(5) 'regulated financial undertaking in the Union' means an undertaking, regardless of its legal form, that is:
68	- (i) a credit institution as defined in Article 4(1), point (1), of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ; 1. Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and	- (i) a credit institution as defined in Article 4(1), point (1), of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ; 1. Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and	- (i) a credit institution as defined in Article 4(1), point (1), of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ; 1. Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	investment firms and amending Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 (OJ L 176, 27.6.2013, p. 1).	investment firms and amending Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 (OJ L 176, 27.6.2013, p. 1).	investment firms and amending Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 (OJ L 176, 27.6.2013, p. 1).
69	- (ii) an investment firm as defined in Article 4(1), point (1), of Directive 2014/65/EU the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ; 1. Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 on markets in financial instruments and amending Directive 2002/92/EC and Directive 2011/61/EU (OJ L 173, 12.6.2014, p. 349).	- (ii) an investment firm as defined in Article 4(1), point (1), of Directive 2014/65/EU the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ; 1. Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 on markets in financial instruments and amending Directive 2002/92/EC and Directive 2011/61/EU (OJ L 173, 12.6.2014, p. 349).	- (ii)—_an investment firm as defined in Article 4(1), point (1), of Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ; 1. Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 on markets in financial instruments and amending Directive 2002/92/EC and Directive 2011/61/EU (OJ L 173, 12.6.2014, p. 349).
70	- (iii) an alternative investment fund manager (AIFM) as defined in Article 4(1), point (b), of Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ , including a manager of a qualifying venture capital fund as defined in Article 3, point (c) of Regulation (EU) No 345/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council ² , a manager of a qualifying	- (iii) an alternative investment fund manager (AIFM) as defined in Article 4(1), point (b), of Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ , including a manager of a qualifying venture capital fund as defined in Article 3, point (c) of Regulation (EU) No 345/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council ² , a manager of a qualifying	- (iii) an alternative investment fund manager (AIFM) as defined in Article 4(1), point (b), of Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ , including a manager of a qualifying venture capital fund as defined in Article 3, point (c) of Regulation (EU) No 345/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council ² , a manager of a qualifying

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
social entrepreneurship fund as defined in	social entrepreneurship fund as defined in	social entrepreneurship fund as defined in
Article 3, point (c) of Regulation (EU) No	Article 3, point (c) of Regulation (EU) No	Article 3, point (c) of Regulation (EU) No
346/2013 of the European Parliament and of the	346/2013 of the European Parliament and of the	346/2013 of the European Parliament and of the
Council ³ and a manager of the ELTIF as	Council ³ and a manager of the ELTIF as	Council ³ and a manager of the ELTIF as
defined in Article 2, point (12) of Regulation	defined in Article 2, point (12) of Regulation	defined in Article 2, point (12) of Regulation
(EU) 2015/760 of the European Parliament and	(EU) 2015/760 of the European Parliament and	(EU) 2015/760 of the European Parliament and
•	•	
of the Council ⁴ ;	of the Council ⁴ ;	of the Council ⁴ ;
1. Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and	1. Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and	1. Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and
of the Council of 8 June 2011 on Alternative Investment	of the Council of 8 June 2011 on Alternative Investment	of the Council of 8 June 2011 on Alternative Investment
Fund Managers and amending Directives 2003/41/EC and	Fund Managers and amending Directives 2003/41/EC and	Fund Managers and amending Directives 2003/41/EC and
2009/65/EC and Regulations (EC) No 1060/2009 and (EU)	2009/65/EC and Regulations (EC) No 1060/2009 and (EU)	2009/65/EC and Regulations (EC) No 1060/2009 and (EU)
No 1095/2010 (OJ L 174, 1.7.2011, p. 1).	No 1095/2010 (OJ L 174, 1.7.2011, p. 1).	No 1095/2010 (OJ L 174, 1.7.2011, p. 1).
2. Regulation (EU) No 345/2013 of the European	2. Regulation (EU) No 345/2013 of the European	2. Regulation (EU) No 345/2013 of the European
Parliament and of the Council of 17 April 2013 on	Parliament and of the Council of 17 April 2013 on	Parliament and of the Council of 17 April 2013 on
European venture capital funds (OJ L 115, 25.4.2013, p.	European venture capital funds (OJ L 115, 25.4.2013, p.	European venture capital funds (OJ L 115, 25.4.2013, p.
1).	1).	1).
3. Regulation (EU) No 346/2013 of the European	3. Regulation (EU) No 346/2013 of the European	3. Regulation (EU) No 346/2013 of the European
Parliament and of the Council of 17 April 2013 on	Parliament and of the Council of 17 April 2013 on	Parliament and of the Council of 17 April 2013 on
European social entrepreneurship funds (OJ L 115,	European social entrepreneurship funds (OJ L 115,	European social entrepreneurship funds (OJ L 115,
25.4.2013, p. 18).	25.4.2013, p. 18).	25.4.2013, p. 18).
4. Regulation (EU) 2015/760 of the European Parliament	4. Regulation (EU) 2015/760 of the European Parliament	4. Regulation (EU) 2015/760 of the European Parliament
and of the Council of 29 April 2015 on European long-	and of the Council of 29 April 2015 on European long-	and of the Council of 29 April 2015 on European long-
term investment funds (OJ L 123, 19.5.2015, p. 98).	term investment funds (OJ L 123, 19.5.2015, p. 98).	term investment funds (OJ L 123, 19.5.2015, p. 98).

17067/23 MP/lhg 66
ECOFIN.1.B EN

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
71	- (iv) an undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities (UCITS) management company as defined Article 2(1), point (b), of Directive 2009/65/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ; 1. Directive 2009/65/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 July 2009 on the coordination of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities (UCITS) (OJ L 302, 17.11.2009, p. 32).	- (iv) an undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities (UCITS) management company as defined Article 2(1), point (b), of Directive 2009/65/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ; 1. Directive 2009/65/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 July 2009 on the coordination of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities (UCITS) (OJ L 302, 17.11.2009, p. 32).	- (iv) an undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities (UCITS) management company as defined Article 2(1), point (b), of Directive 2009/65/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ; 1. Directive 2009/65/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 July 2009 on the coordination of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities (UCITS) (OJ L 302, 17.11.2009, p. 32).
72	- (v) an insurance undertaking as defined in Article 13, point (1), of Directive 2009/138/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ; 1. Directive 2009/138/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 November 2009 on the taking-up and pursuit of the business of Insurance and Reinsurance (Solvency II) (OJ L 335, 17.12.2009, p. 1).	- (v) an insurance undertaking as defined in Article 13, point (1), of Directive 2009/138/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ; 1. Directive 2009/138/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 November 2009 on the taking-up and pursuit of the business of Insurance and Reinsurance (Solvency II) (OJ L 335, 17.12.2009, p. 1).	- (v) an insurance undertaking as defined in Article 13, point (1), of Directive 2009/138/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ; 1. Directive 2009/138/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 November 2009 on the taking-up and pursuit of the business of Insurance and Reinsurance (Solvency II) (OJ L 335, 17.12.2009, p. 1).

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
73	- (vi) a reinsurance undertaking as defined in Article 13, point (4), of Directive 2009/138/EC;	- (vi) a reinsurance undertaking as defined in Article 13, point (4), of Directive 2009/138/EC;	- (vi) a reinsurance undertaking as defined in Article 13, point (4), of Directive 2009/138/EC;
74	- (vii) an institution for occupational retirement provision as defined in Article 1, point (6) of Directive 2016/2341 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ; 1. Directive (EU) 2016/2341 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 December 2016 on the activities and supervision of institutions for occupational retirement provision (IORPs) (OJ L 354, 23.12.2016, p. 37).	- (vii) an institution for occupational retirement provision as defined in Article 1, point (6) of Directive 2016/2341 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ; 1. Directive (EU) 2016/2341 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 December 2016 on the activities and supervision of institutions for occupational retirement provision (IORPs) (OJ L 354, 23.12.2016, p. 37).	- (vii) an institution for occupational retirement provision as defined in Article 1, point (6) of Directive 2016/2341 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ; 1. Directive (EU) 2016/2341 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 December 2016 on the activities and supervision of institutions for occupational retirement provision (IORPs) (OJ L 354, 23.12.2016, p. 37).
75	- (viii) pension institutions operating pension schemes which are considered to be social security schemes covered by Regulation (EC) No 883/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ and Regulation (EC) No 987/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council ² ,	- (viii) pension institutions operating pension schemes which are considered to be social security schemes covered by Regulation (EC) No 883/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ and Regulation (EC) No 987/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council ² ,	- (viii) pension institutions operating pension schemes which are considered to be social security schemes covered by Regulation (EC) No 883/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ and Regulation (EC) No 987/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council ² ,

17067/23 MP/lhg 68
ECOFIN.1.B

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	and any legal entity set up for the purpose of investment of such social security schemes;	and any legal entity set up for the purpose of investment of such social security schemes;	and any legal entity set up for the purpose of investment of such social security schemes;
	1. Regulation (EC) No 883/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on the coordination of social security systems (OJ L 166, 30.4.2004, p. 1). 2. Regulation (EC) No 987/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 laying down the procedure for implementing Regulation (EC) No 883/2004 on the coordination of social security systems (OJ L 284, 30.10.2009, p. 1).	1. Regulation (EC) No 883/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on the coordination of social security systems (OJ L 166, 30.4.2004, p. 1). 2. Regulation (EC) No 987/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 laying down the procedure for implementing Regulation (EC) No 883/2004 on the coordination of social security systems (OJ L 284, 30.10.2009, p. 1).	1. Regulation (EC) No 883/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on the coordination of social security systems (OJ L 166, 30.4.2004, p. 1). 2. Regulation (EC) No 987/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 laying down the procedure for implementing Regulation (EC) No 883/2004 on the coordination of social security systems (OJ L 284, 30.10.2009, p. 1).
76	- (ix) an alternative investment fund (AIF) managed by an AIFM as defined in Article 4(1), point (b), of Directive 2011/61/EU or an AIF supervised under the applicable national law;	- (ix) an alternative investment fund (AIF) managed by an AIFM as defined in Article 4(1), point (b), of Directive 2011/61/EU or an AIF supervised under the applicable national law;	- (ix) an alternative investment fund (AIF) managed by an AIFM as defined in Article 4(1), point (b), of Directive 2011/61/EU or an AIF supervised under the applicable national law;
77	- (x) a UCITS as defined in Article 1(2) of Directive 2009/65/EC;	- (x) a UCITS as defined in Article 1(2) of Directive 2009/65/EC;	- (x) a UCITS as defined in Article 1(2) of Directive 2009/65/EC;

17067/23 MP/lhg 69
ECOFIN.1.B EN

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
78	- (xi) a central counterparty as defined in Article 2, point (1), of Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ;	- (xi) a central counterparty as defined in Article 2, point (1), of Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ;	- (xi) a central counterparty as defined in Article 2, point (1), of Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ;
	1. Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 on OTC derivatives, central counterparties and trade repositories (OJ L 201, 27.7.2012, p. 1).	1. Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 on OTC derivatives, central counterparties and trade repositories (OJ L 201, 27.7.2012, p. 1).	1. Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 on OTC derivatives, central counterparties and trade repositories (OJ L 201, 27.7.2012, p. 1).
	- (xii) a central securities depository as defined in Article 2(1), point (1), of Regulation (EU) No 909/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ;	- (xii) a central securities depository as defined in Article 2(1), point (1), of Regulation (EU) No 909/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ;	- (xii) a central securities depository as defined in Article 2(1), point (1), of Regulation (EU) No 909/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ;
79	1. Regulation (EU) No 909/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 July 2014 on improving securities settlement in the European Union and on central securities depositories and amending Directives 98/26/EC and 2014/65/EU and Regulation (EU) No 236/2012 (OJ L 257, 28.8.2014, p. 1).	1. Regulation (EU) No 909/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 July 2014 on improving securities settlement in the European Union and on central securities depositories and amending Directives 98/26/EC and 2014/65/EU and Regulation (EU) No 236/2012 (OJ L 257, 28.8.2014, p. 1).	1. Regulation (EU) No 909/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 July 2014 on improving securities settlement in the European Union and on central securities depositories and amending Directives 98/26/EC and 2014/65/EU and Regulation (EU) No 236/2012 (OJ L 257, 28.8.2014, p. 1).

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
80	- (xiii) an insurance or reinsurance special purpose vehicle authorised in accordance with Article 211 of Directive 2009/138/EC;	- (xiii) an insurance or reinsurance special purpose vehicle authorised in accordance with Article 211 of Directive 2009/138/EC;	- (xiii) an insurance or reinsurance special purpose vehicle authorised in accordance with Article 211 of Directive 2009/138/EC;
	- (xiv) a 'securitisation special purpose entity' as defined in Article 2, point (2), of Regulation (EU) No 2017/2402 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ;	- (xiv) a 'securitisation special purpose entity' as defined in Article 2, point (2), of Regulation (EU) No 2017/2402 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ;	- (xiv) a 'securitisation special purpose entity' as defined in Article 2, point (2), of Regulation (EU) No 2017/2402 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ;
81	1. Regulation (EU) 2017/2402 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2017 laying down a general framework for securitisation and creating a specific framework for simple, transparent and standardised securitisation, and amending Directives 2009/65/EC, 2009/138/EC and 2011/61/EU and Regulations (EC) No 1060/2009 and (EU) No 648/2012 (OJ L 347, 28.12.2017, p. 35).	1. Regulation (EU) 2017/2402 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2017 laying down a general framework for securitisation and creating a specific framework for simple, transparent and standardised securitisation, and amending Directives 2009/65/EC, 2009/138/EC and 2011/61/EU and Regulations (EC) No 1060/2009 and (EU) No 648/2012 (OJ L 347, 28.12.2017, p. 35).	1. Regulation (EU) 2017/2402 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2017 laying down a general framework for securitisation and creating a specific framework for simple, transparent and standardised securitisation, and amending Directives 2009/65/EC, 2009/138/EC and 2011/61/EU and Regulations (EC) No 1060/2009 and (EU) No 648/2012 (OJ L 347, 28.12.2017, p. 35).
82			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	- (xv) an insurance holding company as defined in Article 212(1), point (f), of Directive 2009/138/EC or a mixed financial holding company as defined in Article 212(1), point (h), of Directive 2009/138/EC, which is part of an insurance group that is subject to supervision at the level of the group pursuant to Article 213 of that Directive and which is not exempted from group supervision pursuant to Article 214(2) of that Directive;	- (xv) an insurance holding company as defined in Article 212(1), point (f), of Directive 2009/138/EC or a mixed financial holding company as defined in Article 212(1), point (h), of Directive 2009/138/EC, which is part of an insurance group that is subject to supervision at the level of the group pursuant to Article 213 of that Directive and which is not exempted from group supervision pursuant to Article 214(2) of that Directive;	- (xv) an insurance holding company as defined in Article 212(1), point (f), of Directive 2009/138/EC or a mixed financial holding company as defined in Article 212(1), point (h), of Directive 2009/138/EC, which is part of an insurance group that is subject to supervision at the level of the group pursuant to Article 213 of that Directive and which is not exempted from group supervision pursuant to Article 214(2) of that Directive;
82a			- (xvbis) a financial holding company as defined in Article 4(1), point (20), of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013;
83	- (xvi) a payment institution as defined in Article 1(1), point (d), of Directive (EU) 2015/2366 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ;	- (xvi) a payment institution as defined in Article 1(1), point (d), of Directive (EU) 2015/2366 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ;	- (xvi) a payment institution as defined in Article 1(1), point (d), of Directive (EU) 2015/2366 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	1. Directive (EU) 2015/2366 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 November 2015 on payment services in the internal market, amending Directives 2002/65/EC, 2009/110/EC and 2013/36/EU and Regulation (EU) No 1093/2010, and repealing Directive 2007/64/EC (OJ L 337, 23.12.2015, p. 35).	1. Directive (EU) 2015/2366 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 November 2015 on payment services in the internal market, amending Directives 2002/65/EC, 2009/110/EC and 2013/36/EU and Regulation (EU) No 1093/2010, and repealing Directive 2007/64/EC (OJ L 337, 23.12.2015, p. 35).	1. Directive (EU) 2015/2366 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 November 2015 on payment services in the internal market, amending Directives 2002/65/EC, 2009/110/EC and 2013/36/EU and Regulation (EU) No 1093/2010, and repealing Directive 2007/64/EC (OJ L 337, 23.12.2015, p. 35).
84	- (xvii) an electronic money institution as defined in Article 2, point (1), of Directive 2009/110/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ; 1. Directive 2009/110/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on the taking up, pursuit and prudential supervision of the business of electronic money institutions amending Directives 2005/60/EC and 2006/48/EC and repealing Directive 2000/46/EC (OJ L 267, 10.10.2009, p. 7).	- (xvii) an electronic money institution as defined in Article 2, point (1), of Directive 2009/110/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ; 1. Directive 2009/110/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on the taking up, pursuit and prudential supervision of the business of electronic money institutions amending Directives 2005/60/EC and 2006/48/EC and repealing Directive 2000/46/EC (OJ L 267, 10.10.2009, p. 7).	- (xvii) an electronic money institution as defined in Article 2, point (1), of Directive 2009/110/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ; 1. Directive 2009/110/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on the taking up, pursuit and prudential supervision of the business of electronic money institutions amending Directives 2005/60/EC and 2006/48/EC and repealing Directive 2000/46/EC (OJ L 267, 10.10.2009, p. 7).
85	- (xviii) a crowdfunding service	- (xviii) a crowdfunding service	- (xviii) a crowdfunding service

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	provider as defined in Article 2(1), point (e), of	provider as defined in Article 2(1), point (e), of	provider as defined in Article 2(1), point (e), of
	Regulation (EU) 2020/1503 of the European	Regulation (EU) 2020/1503 of the European	Regulation (EU) 2020/1503 of the European
	Parliament and of the Council ¹ ;	Parliament and of the Council ¹ ;	Parliament and of the Council ¹ ;
	1. Regulation (EU) 2020/1503 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 7 October 2020 on European crowdfunding service providers for business, and amending Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 and Directive (EU) 2019/1937 (OJ L 347, 20.10.2020, p. 1).	1. Regulation (EU) 2020/1503 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 7 October 2020 on European crowdfunding service providers for business, and amending Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 and Directive (EU) 2019/1937 (OJ L 347, 20.10.2020, p. 1).	1. Regulation (EU) 2020/1503 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 7 October 2020 on European crowdfunding service providers for business, and amending Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 and Directive (EU) 2019/1937 (OJ L 347, 20.10.2020, p. 1).
86	- (xix) a crypto-asset service provider as defined in Article 3(1), point (8), of [the proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on Markets in Crypto-assets ¹] where performing one or more crypto-asset services as defined in Article 3(1), point (9), of [the proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on Markets in Crypto-assets];	- (xix) a crypto-asset service provider as defined in Article 3(1), point (8), of [the proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on Markets in Crypto-assets¹] where performing one or more crypto-asset services as defined in Article 3(1), point (9), of [the proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on Markets in Crypto-assets]; ———————————————————————————————————	- (xix) a crypto-asset service provider as defined in Article 3(1), point (8), of [the proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on Markets in Crypto-assets¹] where performing one or more crypto-asset services as defined in Article 3(1), point (9), of [the proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on Markets in Crypto-assets];

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
87	- (xx) a trade repository as defined in Article 2, point (2), of Regulation (EU) No 648/2012;	- (xx) a trade repository as defined in Article 2, point (2), of Regulation (EU) No 648/2012;	- (xx) a trade repository as defined in Article 2, point (2), of Regulation (EU) No 648/2012;
88	- (xxi) a securitisation repository as defined in Article 2, point (23), of Regulation (EU) 2017/2402;	- (xxi) a securitisation repository as defined in Article 2, point (23), of Regulation (EU) 2017/2402;	- (xxi) a securitisation repository as defined in Article 2, point (23), of Regulation (EU) 2017/2402;
89	- (xxii) an administrator of benchmarks as defined in Article 3(1), point (3), of Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ; 1. Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2016 on indices used as benchmarks in financial instruments and financial contracts or to measure the performance of investment funds and amending Directives 2008/48/EC and 2014/17/EU and Regulation (EU) No 596/2014 (OJ L 171, 29.6.2016, p. 1).	- (xxii) an administrator of benchmarks as defined in Article 3(1), point (3), of Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ; 1. Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2016 on indices used as benchmarks in financial instruments and financial contracts or to measure the performance of investment funds and amending Directives 2008/48/EC and 2014/17/EU and Regulation (EU) No 596/2014 (OJ L 171, 29.6.2016, p. 1).	- (xxii) an administrator of benchmarks as defined in Article 3(1), point (3), of Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ; 1. Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2016 on indices used as benchmarks in financial instruments and financial contracts or to measure the performance of investment funds and amending Directives 2008/48/EC and 2014/17/EU and Regulation (EU) No 596/2014 (OJ L 171, 29.6.2016, p. 1).

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
90	- (xxiii) a credit rating agency as defined in Article 3(1), point (b), of Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009;	- (xxiii) a credit rating agency as defined in Article 3(1), point (b), of Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009;	- (xxiii) a credit rating agency as defined in Article 3(1), point (b), of Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009;
91	(6) 'rating analyst' means a person who performs analytical functions for the purpose of issuing ESG ratings;	(6) 'rating analyst' means a person who performs analytical functions for the purpose of issuing ESG ratings on an ESG profile or characteristics, exposure to ESG risks, or the impact of an entity, financial instrument, company or financial product on people, society and the environment;	(6) 'rating analyst' means a person who performs analytical functions for the purpose of issuing ESG ratings;
92	(7) 'rated entity' means a legal person, a financial instrument, a financial product or a public authority or a body governed by public law which is explicitly or implicitly rated in the	(7) 'rated entity' means a legal person, a financial instrument, a financial product or a public authority or a body governed by public law which is explicitly or implicitly rated in the	(7) 'rated entityitem' means a legal person, a financial instrument, a financial product or a public authority or a body governed by public law which is explicitly or implicitly rated in the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	ESG rating or score, irrespective of whether such rating has been requested for and irrespective of whether the legal person has provided information for that ESG rating or score;	ESG rating or score, irrespective of whether such rating has been requested for and irrespective of whether the legal person has provided information for that ESG rating or score;	ESG rating <i>or score</i> , irrespective of whether such rating has been requested for and irrespective of whether the legal person has provided information for that ESG rating <i>or score</i> ;
92a			(7a) 'financial instrument' means any of the instruments listed in Annex I, Section C, of Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council'; 1. Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 on markets in financial instruments and amending Directive 2002/92/EC and Directive 2011/61/EU (recast) (OJ L 173, 12.6.2014, p. 349).
93	(8) 'user' means a natural or legal person, including a public authority or a body governed by public law, to which an ESG rating is	(8) 'user' means a natural or legal person, including a public authority or a body governed by public law, to which an ESG rating is	(8) 'user' means a natural or legal person, including a public authority or a body governed by public law, to which an ESG rating is

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	provided;	provided;	provided distributed by subscription or other contractual relationships or who accesses the ESG rating via the ESG rating provider's website or through other means;
94	(9) 'competent authorities' means the authorities designated by each Member State for the purposes of this Regulation;	(9) 'competent authorities' means the authorities designated by each Member State for the purposes of this Regulation;	(9) 'competent authorities' means the authorities designated by each Member State <u>in</u> <u>accordance with Article 28 and</u> for the purposes of this Regulation;
94a		(9a) 'management body' means an ESG rating provider's body or bodies which are empowered to define the ESG rating provider's strategy and objectives and which are responsible for overseeing and monitoring the ESG rating provider's activities;	
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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	(10) 'senior management' means the person or persons who effectively direct the business of the ESG rating provider and the member or members of the ESG rating provider's administrative or supervisory board.	(10) 'senior management' means the person or persons who effectively directrum the business of the ESG rating provider and the member or members of the ESG rating provider's administrative or supervisory board.	(10) 'senior management' means the person or persons who effectively direct the business of the ESG rating provider and the member or members of the ESG rating provider's administrative or supervisory board.
96	(11) 'group of ESG rating providers' means a group of undertakings established in the Union consisting of a parent undertaking and its subsidiaries within the meaning of Article 2 of Directive 2013/34/EU, and undertakings linked to each other by a relationship and whose occupation includes the provision of ESG ratings.	(11) 'group of ESG rating providers' means a group of undertakings established in the Union consisting of a parent undertaking and its subsidiaries within the meaning of Article 2 of Directive 2013/34/EU, and undertakings linked to each other by a relationship and whose occupation includes the provision of ESG ratings.	(11) 'group of ESG rating providers' means a group of undertakings established in the Union consisting of a parent undertaking and its subsidiaries within the meaning of Article 2 of Directive 2013/34/EU, and undertakings linked to each other by a relationship and whose occupation includes the provision of ESG ratings.
97	TITLE II Provision of ESG ratings in the Union	TITLE II Provision of ESG ratings in the Union	TITLE II Provision of ESG ratings in the Union

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
98	Article 4 Requirements to provide ESG ratings in the Union	Article 4 Requirements to provide ESG ratings in the Union	Article 4 Requirements to provide ESG ratings operate in the Union
99	Any legal person who wishes to provide ESG ratings in the Union shall be subject to either of the following:	Any legal person who wishes to provide ESG ratings in the Union shall be subject to either of the following:	Any legal person who ESG rating provider that wishes to provide ESG ratings operate in the Union shall be subject to either of the following:
100	(a) an authorisation issued by ESMA as referred to in Article 5;	(a) an authorisation issued by ESMA as referred to in Article 5;	(a) an authorisation issued by ESMA as referred to in Article 5;
101	(b) an implementing decision as referred to in Article 9;	(b) an implementing decision as referred to in Article 9;	(b) an implementing decision as referred to in Article 9;
102			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	(c) an authorisation for endorsement as referred to in Article 10.	(c) an authorisation for endorsement as referred to in Article 10.	(c) an authorisation for endorsement as referred to in Article 10.
103	(d) a recognition as referred to in Article 11;	(d) a recognition as referred to in Article 11;	(d) a recognition as referred to in Article 11,
103a			Article 4a Temporary regime for small ESG rating providers
103b			1. An ESG rating provider established in the Union categorized as a small undertaking or as a small group according to the criteria laid down Article 3 of Directive 2013/34/EU that wants to operate in the Union, will only be subject to the general principles stated in Article 14, paragraphs 1, 5 and 7, to the provisions of Articles 21 and 22 and to the

17067/23 MP/lhg 81
ECOFIN.1.B

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			powers referred to in Articles 30 to 32, provided that it:
103c			(a) notifies ESMA of its intention to operate in the Union;
103d			(b) has been registered by ESMA before its starts operating in the Union.
103e			2. Where an ESG rating provider referred to in paragraph 1 ceases to be categorized as a small undertaking or as a small group according to the criteria laid down in Article 3 of Directive 2013/34/EU or three years after its registration in accordance with paragraph 1, whichever occurs first, the ESG rating provider shall become subject to all the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			provisions of this Regulation and shall within 12 months apply for authorisation pursuant to Chapter 1 of Title II.
103f			3. ESG rating providers referred to in paragraph 1 can choose to opt in under this Regulation. Where ESG rating providers choose to opt in, this Regulation shall become applicable to them in its entirety.
104	CHAPTER 1 Authorisation to provide ESG ratings in the Union	CHAPTER 1 Authorisation to provide ESG ratings in the Union	CHAPTER 1 Authorisation to provide ESG ratings of ESG rating providers established in the Union to operate in the Union
105	Article 5 Application for an authorisation to provide an	Article 5 Application for an authorisation to provide an	Article 5 Application for an authorisation to provide an

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	ESG rating	ESG rating	ESG ratingoperate in the Union
106	1. Legal persons established in the Union that wish to provide ESG ratings in the Union shall apply for authorisation to ESMA.	1. Legal persons established in the Union that wish to provide ESG ratings in the Union shall apply for authorisation to ESMA.	1. Legal persons established in the Union that wish to provide ESG ratings operate in the Union pursuant to Article 2, paragraph 1, subparagraph a, shall apply for authorisation to ESMA.
107	2. The application for authorisation shall contain all of the information listed in Annex I and shall be submitted in any of the official languages of the Union. Council Regulation No 1¹ shall apply mutatis mutandis to any other communication between ESMA and the ESG rating providers and their staff. 1. Council Regulation No 1 determining the languages to be used by the European Economic Community (OJ 17, 6.10.1958, p. 385).	2. The application for authorisation shall contain all of the information listed in Annex I and shall be submitted in any of the official languages of the Union. Council Regulation No 1¹ shall apply mutatis mutandis to any other communication between ESMA and the ESG rating providers and their staff. 1. Council Regulation No 1 determining the languages to be used by the European Economic Community (OJ 17, 6.10.1958, p. 385).	2. The application for authorisation shall contain all of the information listed in Annex I and shall be submitted in any of the official languages of the Union. Council Regulation No 1¹ shall apply mutatis mutandis to any other communication between ESMA and the ESG rating providers and their staff. 1. Council Regulation No 1 determining the languages to be used by the European Economic Community (OJ 17, 6.10.1958, p. 385).

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
108	3. ESMA shall develop draft regulatory technical standards to specify further the information listed in Annex I.	3. ESMA shall develop draft regulatory technical standards to specify further the information listed in Annex I.	3. ESMA shall develop draft regulatory technical standards to specify further the information listed in Annex I.
109	ESMA shall submit those draft regulatory technical standards to the Commission by XX XXXX XXXX.	ESMA shall submit those draft regulatory technical standards to the Commission by [9] months from the date of entry into force of this Regulation] XX XXXX XXXX.	ESMA shall submit those draft regulatory technical standards to the Commission by XX XXXX XXXX [12 months after the date of entry into force of this Regulation].
110	Power is delegated to the Commission to adopt the regulatory technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with the procedure laid down in Articles 10 to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	Power is delegated to the Commission to adopt the regulatory technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with the procedure laid down in Articles 10 to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	Power is delegated to the Commission to adopt the regulatory technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with the procedure laid down in Articles 10 to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.
111			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	4. An authorised ESG rating provider shall comply with the conditions for initial authorisation at all times.	4. An authorised ESG rating provider shall comply with the conditions for initial authorisation at all times.	4. An authorised ESG rating provider shall comply with the conditions for initial authorisation at all times.
112	5. ESG rating providers shall notify ESMA of any material changes to the conditions for initial authorisation, including any opening or closing of a branch within the Union, without undue delay.	5. ESG rating providers shall notify ESMA of any material changes to the conditions for initial authorisation, including any opening or closing of a branch within the Union, without undue delay.	5. ESG rating providers shall notify ESMA of any material changes to the conditions for initial authorisation, including any opening or closing of a branch within the Union, without undue delay.
112a		5a. ESMA shall develop draft regulatory technical standards to specify what is considered to constitute a material change as referred to in paragraph 5. ESMA shall submit those draft regulatory technical standards to the Commission by XX XXXX XXXX.	
112b			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		Power is delegated to the Commission to supplement this Regulation by adopting the regulatory technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with the procedure laid down in Articles 10 to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	
113	Article 6 Examination of the application for authorisation of ESG rating providers by ESMA	Article 6 Examination of the application for authorisation of ESG rating providers by ESMA	Article 6 Examination of the application for authorisation of ESG rating providers by ESMA
114	1. Within 30 working days of receipt of the application referred to in Article 5(2), ESMA shall assess whether the application is complete. Where the application is not complete, ESMA shall set a deadline by which the applicant is to provide additional information.	1. Within 3020 working days of receipt of the application referred to in Article 5(2), ESMA shall assess whether the application is complete. Where the application is not complete, ESMA shall set a deadline by which the applicant is to provide additional information.	1. Within 30 working days of receipt of the application referred to in Article 5(2), ESMA shall assess whether the application is complete. Where the application is not complete, ESMA shall set a deadline by which the applicant is to provide additional information. If the applicant does not provide additional information within the impaired deadline imposed by ESMA, the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			application shall be deemed as rejected.
115	2. After having assessed whether an application is complete, ESMA shall notify the applicant of the result of that assessment.	2. After having assessed whether an application is complete, ESMA shall notify the applicant of the result of that assessment.	2. After having assessed whether an application is complete, ESMA shall notify the applicant of the result of that assessment.
116	3. Within 120 working days of the notification referred to in paragraph 2, ESMA shall adopt a fully reasoned decision to authorise or refuse authorisation.	3. Within <u>12090</u> working days of the notification referred to in paragraph 2, ESMA shall adopt a fully reasoned decision to authorise or refuse authorisation.	3. Within 12090 working days of the notification referred to in paragraph 2, ESMA shall adopt a fully reasoned decision to authorise or refuse authorisation.
117	4. ESMA may extend the period referred to in the paragraph 3 to 140 working days in particular where the applicant:	4. ESMA may extend the period referred to in the paragraph 3 to <u>140100</u> working days in particular where the applicant:	4. ESMA may extend the period referred to in the paragraph 3 to 140120 working days in particular—where the applicant:
118	(a) envisages endorsing ESG ratings as referred	(a) envisages endorsing ESG ratings as referred	(a) envisages endorsing ESG ratings as referred

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	to in Article 10;	to in Article 10;	to in Article 10;
119	(b) envisages using outsourcing; or	(b) envisages using outsourcing; or	(b) envisages using outsourcing; or
120	(c) requests exemption from compliance in accordance with Article 20.	(c) requests exemption from compliance in accordance with Article 20.	(c) requests exemption from compliance in accordance with Article 20.
121	5. The decision adopted by ESMA pursuant to paragraph 3 shall take effect on the fifth working day following its adoption.	5. The decision adopted by ESMA pursuant to paragraph 3 shall take effect on the fifth working day following its adoption.	5. The decision adopted by ESMA pursuant to paragraph 3 shall take effect on the fifth working day following its adoption.
121a		5a. If no decision is adopted by ESMA within the period referred to in paragraph 3 or 4, as applicable, the applicant shall not be considered authorised to provide ESG ratings in the Union.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
122	Article 7 Decision to grant or to refuse the authorisation to provide ESG ratings and notification of that decision	Article 7 Decision to grant or to refuse the authorisation to provide ESG ratings and notification of that decision	Article 7 Decision to grant or to refuse the authorisation to provide ESG ratings operate in the Union and notification of that decision
123	1. ESMA shall authorise the applicant as ESG rating provider where it concludes from the examination of the application referred to in Article 6 that the applicant complies with the conditions for the provision of ratings set out in this Regulation.	1. ESMA shall authorise the applicant as ESG rating provider where it concludes from the examination of the application referred to in Article 6 that the applicant complies with the conditions for the provision of ratings set out in this Regulation.	1. ESMA shall authorise the applicant as ESG rating provider where it concludes from the examination of the application referred to in Article 6 that the applicant complies with the conditions for the provision of ratings set out in this Regulation.
124	2. ESMA shall inform the applicant within five working days of that decision referred to in the first paragraph.	2. ESMA shall inform the applicant within five working days of that decision referred to in the first paragraph.	2. ESMA shall inform the applicant within five working days of that the decision referred to in the first paragraph and the reasons thereof.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
125	3. ESMA shall inform the Commission, the EBA and EIOPA of any decision taken pursuant to paragraph 2.	3. ESMA shall inform the Commission, the EBA and EIOPA of any decision taken pursuant to paragraph 2.	3. ESMA shall inform the Commission, the EBA and EIOPA of any decision taken pursuant to paragraph 2.
126	4. The authorisation shall be effective for the entire territory of the Union.	4. The authorisation shall be effective for the entire territory of the Union.	4. The authorisation shall be effective for the entire territory of the Union.
127	Article 8 Withdrawal or suspension of authorisation	Article 8 Withdrawal or suspension of authorisation	Article 8 Withdrawal or suspension of authorisation
128	1. ESMA shall withdraw or suspend the authorisation of an ESG rating provider in any of the following cases:	1. ESMA shall withdraw or suspend the authorisation of an ESG rating provider in any of the following cases:	1. ESMA shall withdraw or suspend the authorisation of an ESG rating provider in any of the following cases:
129	(a) the ESG rating provider has expressly	(a) the ESG rating provider has expressly	(a) the ESG rating provider has expressly

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	renounced the authorisation or has provided no ESG ratings for nine months preceding that withdrawal or suspension;	renounced the authorisation or has provided no ESG ratings for <i>nine12</i> months preceding that withdrawal or suspension;	renounced the authorisation or has provided no ESG ratings for nine months preceding that withdrawal or suspension;
130	(b) the ESG rating provider has obtained its authorisation by making false statements or by any other irregular means;	(b) the ESG rating provider has obtained its authorisation by making false statements or by any other irregular means;	(b) the ESG rating provider has obtained its authorisation by making false statements or by any other irregular means;
131	(c) the ESG rating provider no longer meets the conditions under which it was authorised;	(c) the ESG rating provider no longer meets the conditions under which it was authorised;	(c) the ESG rating provider no longer meets the conditions under which it was authorised;
132	(d) the ESG rating provider has seriously or repeatedly infringed this Regulation.	(d) the ESG rating provider has seriously or repeatedly infringed this Regulation.	(d) the ESG rating provider has seriously or repeatedly infringed this Regulation.
133	2. The decision on the withdrawal or suspension of authorisation shall take	2. The decision on the withdrawal or suspension of authorisation shall take	2. The decision on the withdrawal or suspension of authorisation shall take

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	immediate effect throughout the Union.	immediate effect throughout the Union.	immediate effect throughout the Union. <u>ESMA</u> <u>shall inform national competent authorities</u> , <u>the Commission, the EBA and the EIOPA of</u> <u>any decision taken pursuant to paragraph 1.</u> <u>The ESG rating provider shall also be</u> <u>informed of the decision taken pursuant to</u> <u>paragraph 1.</u>
133a		2a. In the event of a withdrawal or suspension based on any of the cases listed in paragraph 1, points (b) to (d), ESMA shall publish the decision on the withdrawal or suspension on its website.	
134	CHAPTER 2 Provision of ESG ratings in the Union by third country ESG rating providers	CHAPTER 2 Provision of ESG ratings in the Union by third country ESG rating providers	CHAPTER 2 Provision of ESG ratings Operation in the Union by third country ESG rating providers established outside the Union

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
135	Article 9 Equivalence decision	Article 9 Equivalence decision	Article 9 Equivalence decision
136	1. A third country ESG rating provider that wishes to provide ESG ratings in the Union shall only be able to do so where it is included in the register referred to in Article 13 and provided that all of the following conditions have been complied with:	1. A third country ESG rating provider that wishes to provide ESG ratings in the Union shall only be able to do so where it is included in the register referred to in Article 13 and provided that all of the following conditions have been complied with:	1. A third country An ESG rating provider established outside the Union that wishes to provide ESG ratings operate in the Union pursuant to Article 2, first paragraph, point b, shall only be able to do so where it is included in the register referred to in Article 13 and provided that all of the following conditions have been complied with:
137	(a) the third country ESG rating provider is a legal person, is authorised or registered as an ESG rating provider in the third country concerned, and is subject to supervision by that third country;	(a) the third country ESG rating provider is a legal person, is authorised or registered as an ESG rating provider in the third country concerned, and is subject to supervision by that third country;	(a) the <i>third country</i> -ESG rating provider is a legal person, is authorised or registered as an ESG rating provider in the third country concerned, and is subject to supervision <i>by in</i> that third country;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
138	(b) the third country ESG rating provider has notified ESMA that it wishes to provide ESG ratings in the Union and has informed ESMA with the name of the competent authority responsible for its supervision in the third country;	(b) the third country ESG rating provider has notified ESMA that it wishes to provide ESG ratings in the Union and has informed ESMA with the name of the competent authority responsible for its supervision in the third country;	(b) the <i>third country</i> ESG rating provider has notified ESMA that it wishes to <i>provide ESG</i> ratingsoperate in the Union and has informed ESMA withof the name of the competent authority responsible for its supervision in the third country;
139	(c) the Commission has adopted an equivalence decision pursuant to paragraph 2;	(c) the Commission has adopted an equivalence decision pursuant to paragraph 2;	(c) the Commission has adopted an equivalence decision pursuant to paragraph 2;
140	(d) the cooperation arrangements referred to in paragraph 4 are operational.	(d) the cooperation arrangements referred to in paragraph 4 are operational-;	(d) the cooperation arrangements referred to in paragraph 4 are operational.
140a		(da) the establishment of the third country ESG rating provider in the Union would be disproportionate to the nature, scale and	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		complexity of that provider's ESG rating activities in the Union;	
140b		(db) the third-country ESG rating provider has been authorised by ESMA pursuant to Article 7.	
141	2. The Commission may adopt an implementing decision stating that the legal framework and supervisory practice of a third country ensures that:	2. The Commission mayshall, where appropriate, adopt an implementing decision stating that the legal framework and supervisory practice of a third country ensures that:	2. The Commission may adopt an implementing decision stating that the legal framework and supervisory practice of a third country ensures that:
142	(a) ESG rating providers authorised or registered in that third country comply with binding requirements which are equivalent to the requirements under this Regulation,	(a) ESG rating providers authorised or registered in that third country comply with binding requirements which are equivalent to the requirements under this Regulation,	(a) ESG rating providers authorised or registered in that third country comply with binding requirements which are equivalent to the requirements under this Regulation;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
143	(b) compliance with the binding requirements referred to in point (a) is subject to effective supervision and enforcement on an on-going basis in that third country.	(b) compliance with the binding requirements referred to in point (a) is subject to effective. regular and equivalent supervision and enforcement on an on-going basis in that third country.	(b) compliance with the binding requirements referred to in point (a) is subject to effective supervision and enforcement on an on-going basis in that third country.
144	For the purposes of point (a), the Commission shall take into account whether the legal framework and supervisory practice of a third country ensures compliance with the IOSCO recommendations for ESG Ratings published in November 2021.	For the purposes of point (a), the Commission shall take into account whether the legal framework and supervisory practice of a third country ensures <u>at least</u> compliance with the IOSCO recommendations for ESG Ratings published in November 2021. <u>Compliance with those recommendations does not in and of itself constitute equivalence.</u>	For the purposes of point (a), the Commission shall take into account whether the legal framework and supervisory practice of a third country ensures compliance with the IOSCO recommendations for ESG Ratings published in November 2021.
145	Such implementing decision shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 47.	Such implementing decision shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 47.	Such implementing decision shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 47.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
146	3. The Commission may adopt a delegated act in accordance with Article 45 to specify the conditions referred to in points (a) and (b) of the first subparagraph. The Commission may subject the application of the implementing decision referred to in paragraph 2 to:	3. The Commission may adopt a delegated act in accordance with Article 45 to specify the conditions referred to in points (a) and (b) of the first subparagraph. The Commission may subject the application of the implementing decision referred to in paragraph 2 to:	3. The Commission mayshall adopt a delegated act in accordance with Article 45 to specify the conditions referred to in points (a) and (b) of the first subparagraph second paragraph. The Commission mayshall subject the application of the implementing decision referred to in paragraph 2 to:
147	(a) the effective fulfilment on an ongoing basis by that third country of any condition set out in that implementing decision that aims at ensuring equivalent supervisory and regulatory standards;	(a) the effective fulfilment on an ongoing basis by that third country of any condition set out in that implementing decision that aims at ensuring equivalent supervisory and regulatory standards;	(a) the effective fulfilment on an ongoing basis by that third country of any condition set out in that implementing decision that aims at ensuring equivalent supervisory and regulatory standards;
148	(b) the ability of ESMA to effectively exercise the monitoring responsibilities referred to in	(b) the ability of ESMA to effectively exercise the monitoring responsibilities referred to in	(b) the ability of ESMA to effectively exercise the monitoring responsibilities referred to in

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	Article 33 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	Article 33 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	Article 33 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.
149	4. ESMA shall establish cooperation arrangements with the competent authorities of third countries whose legal framework and supervisory practices have been recognised as equivalent in accordance with paragraph 2. Such arrangements shall specify all of the following:	4. ESMA shall establish cooperation arrangements with the competent authorities of third countries whose legal framework and supervisory practices have been recognised as equivalent in accordance with paragraph 2. Such arrangements shall specify all of the following:	4. ESMA shall establish cooperation arrangements with the competent authorities of third countries whose legal framework and supervisory practices have been recognised as equivalent in accordance with paragraph 2. Such arrangements shall specify all of at least the following:
150	(a) the mechanism for exchanging information between ESMA and the competent authorities of third countries concerned, including access to all relevant information requested by ESMA regarding the ESG rating provider authorised or registered in that third country;	(a) the mechanism for exchanging information on a regular and ad hoc basis between ESMA and the competent authorities of third countries concerned, including access to all relevant information requested by ESMA regarding the ESG rating provider authorised or registered in that third country;	(a) the mechanism for exchanging information between ESMA and the competent authorities of third countries concerned, including access to all relevant information requested by ESMA regarding the ESG rating provider authorised or registered in that third country;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
151	(b) the mechanism for prompt notification to ESMA where a third country competent authority deems that the ESG rating provider authorised or registered in that third country and that is supervised by that third country competent authority is breaching the conditions of its authorisation or registration, or other national law in that third country;	(b) the mechanism for prompt notification to ESMA where a third country competent authority deems that the ESG rating provider authorised or registered in that third country and that is supervised by that third country competent authority is breaching the conditions of its authorisation or registration, or other national law in that third country;	(b) the mechanism for prompt notification to ESMA where a third country competent authority deems that the ESG rating provider authorised or registered in that third country and that is supervised by that third country competent authority is breaching the conditions of its authorisation or registration, or other national law in that third country;
152	(c) the procedures concerning the coordination of supervisory activities, including on-site inspections.	(c) the procedures concerning the coordination of supervisory activities, including on-site inspections.	(c) the procedures concerning the coordination of supervisory activities, including on-site inspections.
153	Article 10 Endorsement of ESG ratings provided by a third country ESG rating provider	Article 10 Endorsement of ESG ratings provided by a third country ESG rating provider	Article 10 Endorsement of ESG ratings provided by a third country of an ESG rating provider established outside the Union

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
154	1. An ESG rating provider located in the Union and authorised in accordance with Article 7 may endorse ESG ratings provided by a third country ESG rating provider belonging to the same group, provided that all of the following conditions have been met:	1. An ESG rating provider located in the Union and authorised in accordance with Article 7 may endorse ESG ratings provided by a third country ESG rating provider belonging to the same group, provided that all of the following conditions have been met:	1. An ESG rating provider locatedestablished in the Union and authorised in accordance with Article 7 may endorse ESG ratings provided by a third country of an ESG rating provider belongingestablished outside the Union which belongs to the same group, provided that all of the following conditions have been met:
155	(a) the ESG rating provider located in the Union has applied to ESMA for authorisation of such endorsement;	(a) the ESG rating provider located in the Union has applied to ESMA for authorisation of such endorsement;	(a) the ESG rating provider locatedestablished in the Union has applied to ESMA for authorisation of such endorsement;
155a		(aa) the ESG rating provider located in the Union fulfils the indicators of minimum substance set out in Article 7(1) of [Council Directive laying down rules to prevent the misuse of shell entities for tax purposes and amending Directive 2011/16/EU];	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
155b		(ab) the endorsement of the ESG rating does not impair the quality of the assessment of the rated entity or the arrangement of on-site reviews or inspections, where provided for in the ESG rating methodology used by the ESG rating provider;	
156	(b) the ESG rating provider located in the Union has verified and is able to demonstrate on an on-going basis to ESMA that the provision of the ESG rating to be endorsed fulfils requirements which are at least as stringent as the requirements of this Regulation;	(b) the ESG rating provider located in the Union has verified and is able to demonstrate on an on-going basis to ESMA that the provision of the ESG rating to be endorsed fulfils requirements which are at least as stringent as the requirements of this Regulation;	(b) the ESG rating provider locatedestablished in the Union has verified and is able to demonstrate on an on-going basis to ESMA that the provision of the ESG rating to be endorsedissuance and distribution of endorsed ESG ratings fulfils requirements which are at least as stringent as the requirements of this Regulation. The ESG rating provider shall demonstrate compliance with those requirements without having to refer to the specific process followed for each individual

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
157	(c) the ESG rating provider located in the Union has the necessary expertise to monitor the provision of ESG ratings by the third country ESG rating provider effectively, and to manage any associated risks;	(c) the ESG rating provider located in the Union has the necessary expertise to monitor the provision of ESG ratings by the third country ESG rating provider effectively, and to manage any associated risks;	(c) the ESG rating provider locatedestablished in the Union has the necessary expertise to monitor the provision of the ESG ratings by the third country of the ESG rating provider established outside the Union effectively, and to manage any associated risks, and has appropriate analytical and decision-making presence in the Union considering the nature, scale or complexity of its activities in the Union;
158	(d) there is an objective reason why the third country ESG rating provider has to provide the ESG rating and why that ESG rating has to be endorsed for their use in the Union;	(d) there is an objective reason why the third country ESG rating provider has to provide the ESG rating and why that ESG rating has to be endorsed for their use in the Union, which could include proximity to the issuer, a particular industry, centres of excellence for	(d) there is an objective reason why the third eountry ESG ratings have to be endorsed for their use in the Union. Those objective reasons may include factors such as the specificities of the underlying ESG rating, the need for proximity of the production of the rating to

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	(e) the ESG rating provider located in the Union provides ESMA at its request with all the	sub-components of ESG factors, expertise of staff employed outside the Union, and the development of ratings through the collaboration of global teams; (e) the ESG rating provider located in the Union provides ESMA at its request with all the	specific economic reality, the material availability of input data or the availability of specific skills required for the production of specific ratings provider has to provide the ESG rating and why that ESG rating has to be endorsed for their use in the Union; (e) the ESG rating provider locatedestablished in the Union provides ESMA at its request with
159	information necessary to enable ESMA to supervise the compliance by the third country ESG rating provider with this Regulation on an ongoing basis;	information necessary to enable ESMA to supervise the compliance by the third country ESG rating provider with this Regulation on an ongoing basis <i>in accordance with Article 30</i> ;	all the information necessary to enable ESMA to supervise the compliance by the third country ESG rating provider of the issuance and distribution of the endorsed ESG ratings in the Union with this Regulation on an ongoing basis;
160	(f) where a third country ESG rating provider is subject to supervision, an appropriate cooperation arrangement is in place between	(f) where a third country ESG rating provider is subject to supervision, an appropriate cooperation arrangement is in place between	(f) where a third countryan ESG rating provider established outside the Union is subject to supervision, an appropriate

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	ESMA and the competent authority of the third country where the ESG rating provider is located, to ensure an efficient exchange of information;	ESMA and the competent authority of the third country where the ESG rating provider is located, to ensure an efficient exchange of information;	cooperation arrangement is in place between ESMA and the competent authority of the third country where the ESG rating provider is <i>locatedestablished</i> , to ensure an efficient exchange of information;.
160a		(fa) the endorsement of ESG ratings does not represent the main activity of the ESG rating provider.	
161	For the purposes of point (b) of the first subparagraph, ESMA may consider that compliance of the provision of the ESG rating to be endorsed with the IOSCO recommendations for ESG ratings is equivalent to compliance with the requirements of this Regulation.	For the purposes of point (b) of the first subparagraph, ESMA may consider that shall examine compliance of the provision of the ESG rating to be endorsed with with the requirements of this Regulation, particularly those of Article 5 and Articles 14 to 25. ESMA shall consider the application of the IOSCO recommendations for ESG ratings. Compliance with those recommendations does not in and	For the purposes of point (b) of the first subparagraph, ESMA may consider that compliance of the provision of the ESG rating to be endorsed with the IOSCO recommendations for ESG ratings is equivalent to compliance with the requirements of this Regulation.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		of itself satisfy the condition set out in point (b) of the first subparagraph is equivalent to compliance with the requirements of this Regulation.	
162	2. An ESG rating provider that applies for endorsement as referred to in paragraph 1 shall provide ESMA with all information necessary to satisfy ESMA that, at the time of application, all the conditions referred to in that paragraph are fulfilled.	2. An ESG rating provider that applies for endorsement as referred to in paragraph 1 shall provide ESMA with all information necessary to satisfy ESMA that, at the time of application, all the conditions referred to in that paragraph are fulfilled.	2. An ESG rating provider that applies for endorsement as referred to in paragraph 1, <i>point</i> (a) shall provide ESMA with all information necessary to satisfy ESMA that, at the time of application, all the conditions referred to in that paragraph are fulfilled.
163	3. Within 90 working days of receipt of the application for endorsement referred to in paragraph 1, ESMA shall examine the application and decide either to authorise the endorsement or to refuse it. ESMA shall publicly notify the decision to endorse provided by a third country ESG rating provider.	3. Within 9030 working days of receipt of the application for endorsement referred to in paragraph 1, ESMA shall examine assess whether the application is complete. Where the application is not complete, ESMA shall notify the ESG rating provider that applied for endorsement and shall set a deadline by which	3. Within 90 working days of receipt of the application for endorsement referred to in paragraph 1, <i>point (a)</i> , ESMA shall examine the application and decide either to authorise the endorsement or to refuse it. ESMA shall <i>publicly notify the decision to endorse provided</i> by a third country ESG rating provider inform

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		that ESG rating provider is to provide additional information. Where the application is complete, ESMA shall notify the ESG rating provider thereof. Within 45 working days of receipt of a complete application for and decide either to authorise the endorsement, ESMA shall verify that the requirements laid down in paragraphs 1 and 2 are fufilled or to refuse it. ESMA shall publicly notify the decision to endorse provided by a third country ESG rating provider.	the applicant within five working days of that decision.
164	4. An endorsed ESG rating shall be considered to be an ESG rating provided by the endorsing ESG rating provider. The endorsing provider shall not use the endorsement to avoid or circumvent the requirements of this Regulation.	4. An endorsed ESG rating shall be considered to be an ESG rating provided by the endorsing ESG rating provider. The endorsing provider shall not use the endorsement to avoid or circumvent the requirements of this Regulation.	4. An endorsed ESG rating shall be considered to be an ESG rating provided by the endorsing ESG rating provider. The endorsing provider shall not use the endorsement to avoid or circumvent the requirements of this Regulation.
165	5. An ESG rating provider that has endorsed an	5. An ESG rating provider that has endorsed an	5. An ESG rating provider that has endorsed an

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	ESG rating provided by a third country ESG rating provider shall remain fully responsible for such an ESG rating and for compliance with the obligations under this Regulation.	ESG rating provided by a third country ESG rating provider shall remain fully responsible for such an ESG rating and for compliance with the obligations under this Regulation.	ESG rating provided by a third country ESG ratings issued by an ESG rating provider established outside the Union shall remain fully responsible for such an ESG rating ESG ratings and for compliance with the obligations under this Regulation.
166	6. Where ESMA has well-founded reasons to consider that the conditions laid down in paragraph 1 are no longer fulfilled, it shall have the power to require the endorsing ESG rating provider to cease the endorsement.	6. Where ESMA has well-founded reasons to consider that the conditions laid down in paragraph Ithis Article are no longer fulfilled, it shall have the power to require the endorsing ESG rating provider to cease the endorsement.	6. Where ESMA has well-founded reasons to consider that the conditions laid down in paragraph Ithis Article are no longer fulfilled, it shall have the power to require the endorsing ESG rating provider to cease the endorsement, without prejudice to the applicable sanctions in accordance with Articles 33 to 35 of this Regulation.
166a		The first subpararaph of this paragraph is without prejudice to any penalties that could be imposed on the authorised ESG rating	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		provider pursuant to Articles 33 to 35.	
167	Article 11 Recognition of third country ESG rating providers	Article 11 Recognition of third country ESG rating providers	Article 11 Recognition of third country ESG rating providers provider established outside the Union
168	1. Until the Commission has adopted an equivalence decision as referred to in Article 9 or, where adopted, in the event that the equivalence decision is repealed, third country ESG rating providers with an annual net turnover on their ESG rating activities below EUR 12 million for three consecutive years may provide ESG ratings to regulated financial undertakings in the Union, provided that ESMA has recognised that third country ESG rating provider in accordance with this paragraphs XX and YY.	1. Until the Commission has adopted an equivalence decision as referred to in Article 9 or, where adopted, in the event that the equivalence decision is repealed, third country ESG rating providers with an annual net turnover on their ESG rating activities below EUR 12 million for three consecutive years may provide ESG ratings to regulated financial undertakings in the Union, provided that ESMA has recognised that third country ESG rating provider in accordance with this paragraphs XX and YYArticle.	1. Until the Commission has adopted an equivalence decision as referred to in Article 9 or, where adopted, in the event that the equivalence decision is repealed, third country ESG rating providers established outside the Union with a consolidated with an annual net turnover on their ESG rating of all their activities below EUR 12 million for the latest three consecutive years may provide ESG ratings to regulated financial undertakings operate in the Union, provided that ESMA has recognised that third country ESG

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			rating provider in accordance with this paragraphs XX and YY Article. Where the ESG rating provider established outside the Union belongs to a group within the meaning of Article 2(11) of Directive 2013/34/EU, the consolidated net turnover should be assessed on a consolidated basis. To that end, ESMA may take into account either an assessment by an independent external auditor or a certification of the competent authority of the third country where the ESG rating provider is established.
168a		1a. A third country ESG rating provider recognised by ESMA as referred to in paragraph 1 shall demonstrate that establishing a legal presence within the Union would be disproportionate to the nature, size and complexity of the third country ESG rating provider. ESMA shall take into account	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		whether the third country ESG rating provider belongs to a group.	
169	2. Third country ESG rating providers that wish to be recognised as referred to in paragraph 1 shall comply with the requirements established in this Regulation and apply for recognition to ESMA. ESG rating providers may fulfil that condition by applying the IOSCO recommendations on ESG ratings provided that such application is equivalent to compliance with the requirements established in this Regulation.	2. Third country ESG rating providers that wish to be recognised as referred to in paragraph 1 shall comply with the requirements established in this Regulation and apply for recognition to ESMA. ESG rating providers may fulfil that condition by applying the IOSCO recommendations on ESG ratings provided that such application is equivalent to compliance with the requirements established in this Regulation.	2. Third country ESG rating providers established outside the Union that wish to be recognised as referred to in paragraph 1 shall comply with the requirements established in this Regulation and apply for recognition to ESMA. ESG rating providers may fulfil that condition by applying the IOSCO recommendations on ESG ratings provided that such application is equivalent to compliance with the requirements established in this Regulation.
169a		When ESMA assesses whether third-country ESG providers comply with the requirements of this Regulation, it shall consider the application of the IOSCO recommendations for ESG ratings. Compliance with those	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		recommendations does not in and of itself constitute recognition.	
170	For the purposes of the first subparagraph, ESMA may take into account either an assessment by an independent external auditor or a certification of the competent authority of the third country where the third country ESG rating provider is located.	For the purposes of the first subparagraph, ESMA may take into account either an assessment by an independent external auditor or a certification of the competent authority of the third country where the third country ESG rating provider is located.	For the purposes of the first subparagraph, ESMA may take into account either an assessment by an independent external auditor or a certification of the competent authority of the third country where the third country ESG rating provider is located.
170a		2a. Third-country ESG rating providers that wish to be recognised as referred to in paragraph 1 shall provide ESMA with all information listed in Annex I.	
171	3. Third country ESG rating providers that wish to be recognised as referred to in	3. Third country ESG rating providers that wish to be recognised as referred to in	3. Third country ESG rating providers established outside the Union that wish to be

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	paragraph 1 shall have a legal representative. That legal representative shall be a legal person located in the Union and expressly appointed by that third country ESG rating provider to act on behalf of that ESG rating provider with regard to that ESG rating provider's obligations under this Regulation and, in that respect, be accountable to ESMA.	paragraph 1 shall have a legal representative. That legal representative shall be a legal person located in the Union and expressly appointed by that third country ESG rating provider to act on behalf of that ESG rating provider with regard to that ESG rating provider's obligations under this Regulation and, in that respect, be accountable to ESMA.	recognised as referred to in paragraph 1 shall have a legal representative. That legal representative shall be a legal person located in the Union and expressly appointed by that third country. ESG rating provider to act on its behalf, demonstrating and being accountable to ESMA that the of that ESG rating provider with regard to that ESG rating provider with regard to that ESG rating provider the obligations under laid down in this Regulation and, in that respect, be accountable to ESMA on an ongoing basis. The legal representative shall, upon request, provide ESMA with all the information necessary to satisfy ESMA that the ESG rating provider fulfils the requirements laid down in this Regulation.
172	4. The third country ESG rating provider shall provide ESMA, prior to the recognition referred to in paragraph 1, with the following	4. The third country ESG rating provider shall provide ESMA, prior to the recognition referred to in paragraph 1, with the following	4. The third country ESG rating provider providers established outside the Union shall provide ESMA, prior to the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	information:	information:	recognition referred to in paragraph 1, with the following information:
172a			(-a) all information necessary to demonstrate that the conditions laid down in paragraph 1 are met;
173	(a) all information necessary to satisfy ESMA that that third country ESG rating provider has established all the necessary arrangements to meet the requirements referred to in paragraph 2;	(a) all information necessary to satisfy ESMA that that third country ESG rating provider has established all the necessary arrangements to meet the requirements referred to in paragraph 2;	(a) all information necessary to satisfy ESMA that that third countrythe ESG rating provider has established all the necessary arrangements to meet the requirements referred to in paragraph 2 and 3;
174	(b) the list of its actual or prospective ESG ratings which are intended for provision in the Union;	(b) the list of its actual or prospective ESG ratings which are intended for provision in the Union;	(b) the list of its actual or prospective ESG ratings which are intended for provision distribution in the Union;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
175	(c) where applicable, the name and contact details of the competent authority in the third country responsible for its supervision.	(c) where applicable, the name and contact details of the competent authority in the third country responsible for its supervision.	(c) where applicable, the name and contact details of the competent authority in the third country responsible for its supervision.
176	ESMA shall verify that the conditions laid down in paragraphs 2 and 3 are fulfilled within 90 working days of receipt of the application referred to in the first subparagraph of this paragraph.	ESMA shall verify that the conditions laid down in paragraphs 2 and 3 are fulfilled within 90 working days of receipt of the application referred to in the first subparagraph of this paragraph.	ESMA shall verify that the conditions laid down in paragraphs 2 and 3 are fulfilled within 90 working days of receipt of the application referred to in the first subparagraph of this paragraph Within 90 working days of receipt of the application for recognition referred to in paragraph 2, ESMA shall examine the application and decide on the recognition. ESMA shall inform the applicant of its decision within five working days of the decision.
177	5. ESMA shall recognise the third country ESG rating provider as referred to in paragraph 1	5. ESMA shall recognise the third country ESG rating provider as referred to in paragraph 1	5. ESMA shall recognise the third country ESG rating provider as referred to in paragraph 1

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	provided that all of the following conditions are met:	provided that all of the following conditions are met:	provided that all of the following conditions are met:
178	(a) the third country ESG rating provider has complied with all the conditions laid down in paragraphs 2, 3 and 4	(a) the third country ESG rating provider has complied with all the conditions laid down in paragraphs 2, 3 and 4	(a) the third country ESG rating provider has complied with all the conditions laid down in paragraphs 2, 3 and 4;
179	(b) where the third country ESG rating provider is subject to supervision, ESMA shall seek to put in place an appropriate cooperation arrangement with the relevant competent authority of the third country where the ESG rating provider is located, to ensure an efficient exchange of information;	(b) where the third country ESG rating provider is subject to supervision, ESMA shall seek to put in place an appropriate cooperation arrangement with the relevant competent authority of the third country where the ESG rating provider is located, to ensure an efficient exchange of information;	(b) where the third country ESG rating provider is subject to supervision, ESMA shall seek to put in place an appropriate cooperation arrangement with the relevant competent authority of the third country where the ESG rating provider is located, to ensure an efficient exchange of information;
180	6. No recognition shall be granted where the effective exercise by ESMA of its supervisory	6. No recognition shall be granted where the effective exercise by ESMA of its supervisory	6. No recognition shall be granted where the effective exercise by ESMA of its supervisory

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	functions under this Regulation is either prevented by the laws, regulations or administrative provisions of the third country where the third country ESG rating provider is established, or, where applicable, by limitations in the supervisory and investigatory powers of that third country's competent authority.	functions under this Regulation is either prevented by the laws, regulations or administrative provisions of the third country where the third country ESG rating provider is established, or, where applicable, by limitations in the supervisory and investigatory powers of that third country's competent authority.	functions under this Regulation is either prevented by the laws, regulations or administrative provisions of the third country where the third country ESG rating provider is established, or, where applicable, by limitations in the supervisory and investigatory powers of that third country's competent authority.
181	7. ESMA shall impose fines, in accordance with Article 30, suspend or, where appropriate, withdraw the recognition referred to in paragraph 1 where it has well-founded reasons, based on documented evidence, to consider that the ESG rating provider:	7. ESMA shall impose fines, in accordance with Article 30, suspend or, where appropriate, withdraw the recognition referred to in paragraph 1 where it has well-founded reasons, based on documented evidence, to consider that the ESG rating provider:	7. ESMA shall impose fines, in accordance with Article 30, suspend or, where appropriate, withdraw the recognition referred to in paragraph 1 where it has well-founded reasons, based on documented evidence, to consider that the ESG rating provider:
182	(a) is acting, or has been acting, in a manner which is clearly prejudicial to the interests of users of its ESG ratings or to the orderly functioning of markets;	(a) is acting, or has been acting, in a manner which is clearly prejudicial to the interests of users of its ESG ratings or to the orderly functioning of markets;	(a) is acting, or has been acting, in a manner which is clearly prejudicial to the interests of users of its ESG ratings or to the orderly functioning of markets;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
183	(b) has seriously infringed the applicable requirements set out in this Regulation;	(b) has seriously infringed the applicable requirements set out in this Regulation;	(b) has seriously infringed the applicable requirements set out in this Regulation;
184	(c) made false statements or used any other irregular means to obtain the recognition.	(c) made false statements or used any other irregular means to obtain the recognition.	(c) <u>has</u> made false statements or used any other irregular means to obtain the recognition.
184a			7a. Where the ESG rating provider recognised under the provisions of this Article by ESMA no longer meets the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, it shall notify ESMA without undue delay.
184b			The ESG rating provider shall notify ESMA within 3 months if it wants to continue offering its services in the Union and apply for

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
185	8. ESMA shall develop draft regulatory technical standards to determine the form and content of the application referred to in paragraph 2 and, in particular, the presentation of the information required in paragraph 4. ESMA shall submit them to the Commission.	8. ESMA shall develop draft regulatory technical standards to determine the form and content of the application referred to in paragraph 2 and, in particular, the presentation of the information required in paragraph 4. ESMA shall submit them to the Commission.	authorisation within 12 months. In the absence of such notification, the ESG rating provider shall cease to operate in the Union. 8. ESMA shall develop draft regulatory technical standards to determine the form and content of the application referred to in paragraph 2 and, in particular, the presentation of the information required in paragraph 4. ESMA shall submit them to the Commission by [12 months after the date of entry into force].
186	Power is conferred on the Commission to adopt the regulatory technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with the procedure laid down in Articles 10 to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	Power is conferred on the Commission to adopt the regulatory technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with the procedure laid down in Articles 10 to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	Power is conferred on the Commission to adopt the regulatory technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with the procedure laid down in Articles 10 to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
187	Article 12 Cooperation arrangements	Article 12 Cooperation arrangements	Article 12 Cooperation arrangements
188	1. Any cooperation arrangement as referred to in Article 9(4), Article 10(1), point (f) and Article 11(5), point (b), shall be subject to guarantees of professional secrecy which are at least equivalent to those set out in Article 44. The exchange of information performed under such cooperation arrangements shall be intended for the performance of the tasks of ESMA or the competent authorities.	1. Any cooperation arrangement as referred to in Article 9(4), Article 10(1), point (f) and Article 11(5), point (b), shall be subject to guarantees of professional secrecy which are at least equivalent to those set out in Article 44. The exchange of information performed under such cooperation arrangements shall be intended for the performance of the tasks of ESMA or the competent authorities.	1. Any cooperation arrangement as referred to in Article 9(4), Article 10(1), point (f) and Article 11(5), point (b), shall be subject to guarantees of professional secrecy which are at least equivalent to those set out in Article 44. The exchange of information performed under such cooperation arrangements shall be intended for the performance of the tasks of ESMA or the competent authorities.
189	2. With regard to transfer of personal data to a third country, ESMA shall apply Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ .	2. With regard to transfer of personal data to a third country, ESMA shall apply Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ .	2. With regard to transfer of personal data to a third country, ESMA shall apply Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ .

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	1. Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2018 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by the Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and Decision No 1247/2002/EC (OJ L 295, 21.11.2018, p. 39).	1. Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2018 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by the Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and Decision No 1247/2002/EC (OJ L 295, 21.11.2018, p. 39).	1. Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2018 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by the Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and Decision No 1247/2002/EC (OJ L 295, 21.11.2018, p. 39).
190	CHAPTER 3 Register and accessibility of information	CHAPTER 3 Register and accessibility of information	CHAPTER 3 Register and accessibility of information
191	Article 13 Register of ESG rating providers and accessibility of information on the European Single Access Point (ESAP)	Article 13 Register of ESG rating providers and accessibility of information on the European Single Access Point (ESAP)	Article 13 Register of ESG rating providers and accessibility of information on the European Single Access Point (ESAP)
192	ESMA shall establish and maintain a register that contains information on all of the following:	ESMA shall establish and maintain a register that contains information on all of the following:	ESMA shall establish and maintain a register that contains information on all of the following:

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
193	(a) the identities of the ESG rating providers authorised pursuant to Article 7;	(a) the identities of the ESG rating providers authorised pursuant to Article 7;	(a) the identities of the ESG rating providers authorised pursuant to Article 7;
193a			(aa) the identities of the ESG rating providers registered pursuant to Article 4a;
194	(b) the identities of third country ESG rating providers that comply with the conditions laid down in Article 9 and the third country competent authorities responsible for the supervision of those third country ESG rating providers;	(b) the identities of third country ESG rating providers that comply with the conditions laid down in Article 9 and the third country competent authorities responsible for the supervision of those third country ESG rating providers;	(b) the identities of third country ESG rating providers established outside the Union that comply with the conditions laid down in Article 9 and the third country competent authorities responsible for the supervision of those third country ESG rating providers;
195	(c) the identities of the endorsing ESG rating provider and the endorsed third country ESG	(c) the identities of the endorsing ESG rating provider and the endorsed third country ESG	(c) the identities of the endorsing ESG rating provider and the endorsed third country ESG

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	rating provider referred to in Article 10, and, where applicable, the third country competent authorities that are responsible for the supervision of the endorsed third country ESG rating provider;	rating provider referred to in Article 10, and, where applicable, the third country competent authorities that are responsible for the supervision of the endorsed third country ESG rating provider;	rating provider providers established outside the Union referred to in Article 10, and, where applicable, the third country competent authorities that are responsible for the supervision of the endorsed third country ESG rating provider;
196	(d) the identities of the third country ESG rating providers that have been recognised in accordance with Article 11, and, where applicable, the third country competent authorities responsible for the supervision of those third country ESG rating providers;	(d) the identities of the third country ESG rating providers that have been recognised in accordance with Article 11, and, where applicable, the third country competent authorities responsible for the supervision of those third country ESG rating providers;	(d) the identities of the third country ESG rating providers established outside the Union that have been recognised in accordance with Article 11, the legal representative located in the Union of that ESG rating provider and, where applicable, the third country competent authorities responsible for the supervision of those third country ESG rating providers;
197	2. The register referred to in paragraph 1 shall be publicly accessible on the website of ESMA and shall be updated promptly, as necessary.	2. The register referred to in paragraph 1 shall be publicly accessible on the website of ESMA and shall be updated promptly, as necessary.	2. The register referred to in paragraph 1 shall be publicly accessible on the website of ESMA and shall be updated <i>promptly without delay</i> , as

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			necessary.
198	3. From 1 January 2028, when making public any information pursuant to Article 18(1) and 21(1), the ESG rating provider shall submit that information to the relevant collection body referred to in paragraph 6 of this Article at the same time for accessibility on ESAP established under Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [ESAP Regulation] of the European Parliament and of the Council*.	3. From 1 January 2028, when making public any information pursuant to Article 18(1) and 21(1), the ESG rating provider shall submit that information to the relevant collection body referred to in paragraph 6 of this Article at the same time for accessibility on ESAP established under Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [ESAP Regulation] of the European Parliament and of the Council*.	3. From 1 January 2028, when making public any information pursuant to Article 18(1) and 21(1), the ESG rating provider shall submit that information to the relevant collection body referred to in paragraph 6 of this Article at the same time for accessibility on ESAP established under Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [ESAP Regulation] of the European Parliament and of the Council*.
199	4. That information shall comply with all of the following requirements:	4. That information shall comply with all of the following requirements:	4. That information shall comply with all of the following requirements:
200	(a) the information shall be prepared in a data extractable format as defined in Article 2, point	(a) the information shall be prepared in a data extractable format as defined in Article 2, point	(a) the information shall be prepared in a data extractable format as defined in Article 2, point

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	(3), of Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [ESAP Regulation] or, where required under Union law, in a machine-readable format, as defined in Article 2, point (4), of Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [ESAP Regulation];	(3), of Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [ESAP Regulation] or, where required under Union law, in a machine-readable format, as defined in Article 2, point (4), of Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [ESAP Regulation];	(3), of Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [ESAP Regulation] or, where required under Union law, in a machine-readable format, as defined in Article 2, point (4), of Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [ESAP Regulation];
201	(b) the information shall be accompanied by the following metadata:	(b) the information shall be accompanied by the following metadata:	(b) the information shall be accompanied by the following metadata:
202	(1) all the names of the ESG rating provider submitting the information;	(1) all the names of the ESG rating provider submitting the information;	(1) all the namesa full business name and, if applicable, the name used for marketing purposes and the abbreviation of the name of the ESG rating provider submitting the information;
203	(2) the legal entity identifier of the ESG rating provider as specified pursuant to Article 7(4) of	(2) the legal entity identifier of the ESG rating provider as specified pursuant to Article 7(4) of	(2) the legal entity identifier of the ESG rating provider as specified pursuant to Article 7(4) of

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [ESAP Regulation];	Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [ESAP Regulation];	Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [ESAP Regulation];
204	(3) the size of the ESG rating provider as specified pursuant to Article 7(4) of Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [ESAP Regulation];	(3) the size of the ESG rating provider as specified pursuant to Article 7(4) of Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [ESAP Regulation];	(3) the size of the ESG rating provider as specified pursuant to Article 7(4) of Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [ESAP Regulation];
205	(4) the type of information as classified pursuant to Article 7(4) of Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [ESAP Regulation];	(4) the type of information as classified pursuant to Article 7(4) of Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [ESAP Regulation];	(4) the type of information as classified pursuant to Article 7(4) of Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [ESAP Regulation];
206	(5) metadata specifying whether the information includes personal data.	(5) metadata specifying whether the information includes personal data.	(5) metadata specifying whether the information includes personal data.
207	5. For the purposes of paragraph 1, point (b)(ii) the ESG rating provider shall acquire the legal	5. For the purposes of paragraph 1, point (b)(ii) the ESG rating provider shall acquire the legal	5. For the purposes of paragraph 44, point (b)(ii)(b)(2) the ESG rating provider shall

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	entity identifier as specified pursuant to Article 7(4) of Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [ESAP Regulation].	entity identifier as specified pursuant to Article 7(4) of Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [ESAP Regulation].	acquire the legal entity identifier as specified pursuant to Article 7(4) of Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [ESAP Regulation].
208	6. For the purposes of making accessible on ESAP the information referred to in paragraph 1, the collection body as defined in Article 2, point (2), of Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [ESAP Regulation] shall be ESMA.	6. For the purposes of making accessible on ESAP the information referred to in paragraph 1, the collection body as defined in Article 2, point (2), of Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [ESAP Regulation] shall be ESMA.	6. For the purposes of making accessible on ESAP the information referred to in paragraph 1, the collection body as defined in Article 2, point (2), of Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [ESAP Regulation] shall be ESMA.
209	7. From 1 January 2028, the information referred to in paragraph 1 and in Articles 10(3), 33(1), 34 and 35 shall be made accessible on ESAP. For that purpose, the collection body as defined in Article 2, point (2), of that Regulation shall be ESMA. That information shall be prepared in a data extractable format as defined in Article 2, point (3), of Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [ESAP Regulation], include	7. From 1 January 2028, the information referred to in paragraph 1 and in Articles 10(3), 33(1), 34 and 35 shall be made accessible on ESAP. For that purpose, the collection body as defined in Article 2, point (2), of that Regulation shall be ESMA. That information shall be prepared in a data extractable format as defined in Article 2, point (3), of Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [ESAP Regulation], include	7. From 1 January 2028, the information referred to in paragraph 1 and in Articles 10(3), 33(1), 34 and 3533(4) and 36(1) shall be made accessible on ESAP. For that purpose, the collection body as defined in Article 2, point (2), of that Regulation shall be ESMA. That information shall be prepared in a data extractable format as defined in Article 2, point (3), of Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [ESAP

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	the metadata as regards the names and, where available, the legal entity identifier of the ESG rating provider as specified pursuant to Article 7(4) of that Regulation, the type of information as classified pursuant to Article 7(4) of that Regulation and whether the information includes personal data.	the metadata as regards the names and, where available, the legal entity identifier of the ESG rating provider as specified pursuant to Article 7(4) of that Regulation, the type of information as classified pursuant to Article 7(4) of that Regulation and whether the information includes personal data.	Regulation], include the metadata as regards the names and, where available, the legal entity identifier of the ESG rating provider as specified pursuant to Article 7(4) of that Regulation, the type of information as classified pursuant to Article 7(4) of that Regulation and whether the information includes personal data.
210	8. For the purposes of ensuring an efficient collection and administration of data submitted in accordance with paragraph 3, ESMA shall develop draft implementing technical standards to specify:	8. For the purposes of ensuring an efficient collection and administration of data submitted in accordance with paragraph 3, ESMA shall develop draft implementing technical standards to specify:	8. For the purposes of ensuring an efficient collection and administration of data submitted in accordance with paragraph 3, ESMA shall develop draft implementing technical standards to specify:
211	(a) any other metadata to accompany the information;	(a) any other metadata to accompany the information;	(a) any other metadata to accompany the information;
212			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	(b) the structuring of data in the information;	(b) the structuring of data in the information;	(b) the structuring of data in the information;
213	(c) for which information a machine-readable format is required and which machine-readable format is to be used.	(c) for which information a machine-readable format is required and which machine-readable format is to be used.	(c) for which information a machine-readable format is required and which machine-readable format is to be used.
214	Before developing the draft implementing technical standards, ESMA shall carry out a cost-benefit analysis. For the purposes of point (c), ESMA shall assess the advantages and disadvantages of different machine-readable formats and conduct appropriate field tests.	Before developing the draft implementing technical standards, ESMA shall carry out a cost-benefit analysis. For the purposes of point (c), ESMA shall assess the advantages and disadvantages of different machine-readable formats and conduct appropriate field tests <i>in cooperation with ESG rating providers</i> .	Before developing the draft implementing technical standards, ESMA shall carry out a cost-benefit analysis. For the purposes of point (c), ESMA shall assess the advantages and disadvantages of different machine-readable formats and conduct appropriate field tests.
215	ESMA shall submit those draft implementing technical standards to the Commission.	ESMA shall submit those draft implementing technical standards to the Commission.	ESMA shall submit those draft implementing technical standards to the Commission.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
216	Power is conferred on the Commission to adopt the implementing technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with Article 15 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	Power is conferred on the Commission to adopt the implementing technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with Article 15 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	Power is conferred on the Commission to adopt the implementing technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with Article 15 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.
217	9. If necessary, ESMA shall adopt guidelines for entities to ensure that the metadata submitted in accordance with paragraph 8, first subparagraph, point (a), is correct.	9. If necessary, ESMA shall adopt guidelines for entities to ensure that the metadata submitted in accordance with paragraph 8, first subparagraph, point (a), is correct.	9. If necessary, ESMA shall adopt guidelines for entities to ensure that the metadata submitted in accordance with paragraph 8, first subparagraph, point (a), is correct.
218	TITLE III INTEGRITY AND RELIABILITY OF ESG RATING ACTIVITIES	TITLE III INTEGRITY AND RELIABILITY OF ESG RATING ACTIVITIES	TITLE III INTEGRITY AND RELIABILITY OF ESG RATING ACTIVITIES
219	CHAPTER 1 Organisational requirements, processes and	CHAPTER 1 Organisational requirements, processes and	CHAPTER 1 Organisational requirements, processes and

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	documents concerning governance	documents concerning governance	documents concerning governance
220	Article 14 General principles	Article 14 General principles	Article 14 General principles
221	ESG rating providers shall ensure the independence of their rating activities, including from all political and economic influences or constraints.	ESG rating providers shall ensure the independence of their rating activities, including from all political and economic influences or constraints.	ESG rating providers shall ensure the independence of their rating activities, including from all political and economic influences or constraints.
222	2. ESG rating providers shall have in place rules and procedures that ensure that their ESG rating are provided and published or made available in accordance with this Regulation.	2. ESG rating providers shall have in place rules and procedures that ensure that their ESG rating are provided and published or made available in accordance with this Regulation.	2. ESG rating providers shall have in place rules and procedures that ensure that their ESG rating are provided ratings are issued and published or made available distributed in accordance with this Regulation. In order to ensure consistent application of this Article, ESMA shall submit draft implementing

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			technical standards to the Commission.
222a			2a. The Commission is empowered to adopt the implementing technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with Article 15 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.
223	3. ESG rating providers shall employ systems, resources and procedures that are adequate and effective to comply with their obligations under this Regulation.	3. ESG rating providers shall employ systems, resources and procedures that are adequate and effective to comply with their obligations under this Regulation.	3. ESG rating providers shall employ systems, resources and procedures that are adequate and effective to comply with their obligations under this Regulation.
224	4. ESG rating providers shall adopt and implement written policies and procedures that ensure that their ESG ratings are based on a thorough analysis of all relevant information	4. ESG rating providers shall adopt and implement written policies and procedures that ensure that their ESG ratings are based on a thorough analysis of all relevant information	4. ESG rating providers shall adopt and implement written policies and procedures that ensure that their ESG ratings are based on a thorough analysis of all relevant information

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	available to them.	available to them.	available to them.
225	5. ESG rating providers shall adopt and implement internal due diligence policies and procedures that ensure that their business interests do not impair the independence or accuracy of the assessment activities.	5. ESG rating providers shall adopt and implement internal due diligence policies and procedures that ensure that their business interests do not impair the independence or accuracy of the assessment activities.	5. ESG rating providers shall adopt and implement internal due diligence policies and procedures that ensure that their business interests do not impair the independence or accuracy of the assessment activities.
226	6. ESG rating providers shall adopt and implement sound administrative and accounting procedures, internal control mechanisms, and effective control and safeguard arrangements for information processing systems.	6. ESG rating providers shall adopt and implement sound administrative and accounting procedures, internal control mechanisms, and effective control and safeguard arrangements for information processing systems.	6. ESG rating providers shall adopt and implement sound administrative and accounting procedures, internal control mechanisms, and effective control and safeguard arrangements for information processing systems.
227	7. ESG rating providers shall use rating methodologies for the ESG ratings they provide that are rigorous, systematic, objective and	7. ESG rating providers shall use rating methodologies for the ESG ratings they provide that are rigorous, systematic,	7. ESG rating providers shall use rating methodologies for the ESG ratings they provide that are rigorous, systematic, <i>objective and</i>

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	capable of validation and shall apply those rating methodologies continuously.	objective independent and capable of validation justification and shall apply those rating methodologies continuously.	eapable of validation and impartial, and shall apply those rating methodologies continuously and in a transparent manner.
228	8. ESG rating providers shall review the rating methodologies referred to in paragraph 6 on an on-going basis and at least annually.	8. ESG rating providers shall review the rating methodologies referred to in paragraph 67 on an on-going basis and at least annually.	8. ESG rating providers shall review the rating methodologies referred to in paragraph 67 on an on-going basis and at least annually.
229	9. ESG rating providers shall monitor and evaluate the adequacy and effectiveness of the systems, resources and procedures referred to in paragraph 2 at least annually and take appropriate measures to address any deficiencies.	9. ESG rating providers shall monitor and evaluate the adequacy and effectiveness of the systems, resources and procedures referred to in paragraph 2 at least annually and take appropriate measures to address any deficiencies.	9. ESG rating providers shall monitor and evaluate the adequacy and effectiveness of the systems, resources and procedures referred to in paragraph 23 at least annually and take appropriate measures to address any deficiencies.
230	10. ESG rating providers shall establish and maintain a permanent and effective oversight	10. ESG rating providers shall establish and maintain a permanent, <i>independent</i> and	10. ESG rating providers shall establish and maintain a permanent and effective oversight

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	function to ensure oversight of all aspects of the provision of their ESG ratings.	effective oversight function to ensure oversight of all overall aspects of the provision of their ESG ratings. The oversight function shall have the necessary resources and expertise and have access to all information necessary to perform its functions. It shall have direct access to the management body of the ESG rating provider.	function to ensure oversight of all aspects of the provision of their ESG ratings.
231	ESG rating providers shall develop and maintain robust procedures regarding their oversight function.	ESG rating providers shall develop and maintain robust procedures regarding their oversight function.	ESG rating providers shall develop and maintain robust procedures regarding their oversight function.
232	11. ESG rating providers shall adopt, implement, and enforce measures to ensure that their ESG ratings are based on a thorough analysis of all the information that is available to them and that is relevant to their analysis in accordance with their rating methodologies.	11. ESG rating providers shall adopt, implement, and enforce measures to ensure that their ESG ratings are based on a thorough analysis of all the information that is available to them and that is relevant to their analysis in accordance with their rating methodologies.	11. ESG rating providers shall adopt, implement, and enforce measures to ensure that their ESG ratings are based on a thorough analysis of all the information that is available to them and that is relevant to their analysis in accordance with their rating methodologies.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	They shall adopt all necessary measures to ensure that the information they use in assigning ESG ratings is of sufficient quality and from reliable sources. ESG rating providers shall explicitly mention that their ESG ratings are their own opinion .	They shall adopt all necessary measures to ensure that the information they use in assigning ESG ratings is of sufficient quality and from reliable sources. ESG rating providers shall explicitly mention that their ESG ratings are their own opinion.	They shall adopt all necessary measures to ensure that the information they use in assigning ESG ratings is of sufficient quality and from reliable sources. ESG rating providers shall clearly and explicitly mention declare that their ESG ratings are their own opinion
232a			11a. ESG rating providers shall inform the rated item or the issuer of the rated item during its working hours and at least two full working days before the first issuance of the ESG rating. The information shall include at least the principal grounds on which the ESG rating is based in order to give the rated item or the issuer of the rated item an opportunity to inform the ESG rating provider of any factual errors. To that end and with a view to make use of the complaint-handling mechanism outlined in Article 18, ESG rating providers shall make available, upon request

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			by the rated item or by the issuer of the rated item, free of charge and on a non-commercial basis, any data related to them that was collected, estimated or computed by the ESG rating provider to issue that rating.
233	12. ESG rating providers shall not disclose information about their intellectual capital, intellectual property, know-how or the results of innovation that would qualify as trade secrets as defined in Article 2, point (1), of Directive (EU) 2016/943 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ . 1. Directive (EU) 2016/943 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2016 on the protection of undisclosed know-how and business information (trade	12. ESG rating providers shall not disclose information about their intellectual capital, intellectual property, know-how or the results of innovation that would qualify as trade secrets as defined in Article 2, point (1), of Directive (EU) 2016/943 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ . 1. Directive (EU) 2016/943 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2016 on the protection of undisclosed know-how and business information (trade	12. ESG rating providers shall not disclose information about their intellectual capital, intellectual property, know-how or the results of innovation that would qualify as trade secrets as defined in Article 2, point (1), of Directive (EU) 2016/943 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ . 1. Directive (EU) 2016/943 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2016 on the protection of undisclosed know-how and business information (trade
234	secrets) against their unlawful acquisition, use and disclosure (OJ L 157, 15.6.2016, p. 1).	secrets) against their unlawful acquisition, use and disclosure (OJ L 157, 15.6.2016, p. 1).	secrets) against their unlawful acquisition, use and disclosure (OJ L 157, 15.6.2016, p. 1).

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	13. ESG rating providers shall only make changes to their ESG ratings in accordance with their rating methodologies published pursuant to Article 21.	13. ESG rating providers shall only make changes to their ESG ratings in accordance with their rating methodologies published pursuant to Article 21.	13. ESG rating providers shall only make changes to their ESG ratings in accordance with their rating methodologies published pursuant to Article 21.
235	Article 15 Separation of business and activities	Article 15 Separation of business and activities	Article 15 Separation of business and activities
236	ESG rating providers shall not provide any of the following activities:	ESG rating providers shall not provide any of the following activities:	ESG rating providers shall not provide any of the following activities:
237	(a) consulting activities to investors or undertakings;	(a) consulting activities to investors, or financial or non-financial or undertakings;	(a) consulting activities to investors or undertakings;
238	(b) the issuance and sale of credit ratings;	(b) the issuance and saledistribution of credit ratings;	(b) the issuance and sale of credit ratings within the meaning of Regulation (EC) No

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
239	(c) the development of benchmarks;	(c) the development of benchmarks by an administrator of benchmarks as defined in Article 3(1), point (3), of Regulation (EU)	1060/2009; (c) the development of benchmarks within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2016/1011;
		2016/1011 of the European Parliament and of the Council;	
240	(d) investment activities;	deleted	(d) investment activities within the meaning of Directive 2014/65/EU;
241	(e) audit activities;	(e) audit activities:	(e) audit activities within the meaning of Directive (EU) No 2006/43/EC;
242	(f) banking, insurance, or reinsurance activities.	deleted	(f) banking, insurance, or reinsurance activities within the meaning of Directive 2013/36/EU

17067/23 MP/lhg 139
ECOFIN.1.B EN

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			and Directive 2009/138/EC.
242a		1a. Appropriate measures to prevent conflicts of interest shall be put in place by:	
242b		(a) ESG rating providers that provide investment activities;	
242c		(b) ESG rating providers that provide banking, insurance or reinsurance activities;	
242d		(c) entities that are part of a group to which an ESG rating provider belongs, that provide services referred to in paragraph 1.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
2426		Appropriate measures include the measures referred to in Articles 23 and 24.	
242:			1a. 1a. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, ESG rating providers may provide the activities listed in that paragraph when they put in place specific measures to ensure that each activity is exercised autonomously and avoid creating risks of conflicts of interest within its ESG rating activities. In addition, ESG rating providers and any other entity of the same group shall take appropriate measures, including the measures in Articles 23 and 24, to ensure that conflicts of interest do not arise in decision-making, both within the institution itself and between institutions belonging to the same group. This derogation shall not be applicable to the activities listed in paragraph 1, points

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			(a) and (e), when they are provided to entities that are or have been rated by the ESG rating provider.
242g			For the purposes of the first subparagraph, ESMA shall develop draft regulatory technical standards to specify the measures to ensure the avoidance of conflict of interest and autonomy in the provision of the activities listed in paragraph 1. ESMA shall submit them to the Commission by [12 months after the date of entry into force].
242h			Power is conferred on the Commission to adopt the regulatory technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with the procedure laid down in Articles 10 to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.

17067/23 MP/lhg 142 ECOFIN.1.B **EN**

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
242i		1b. Employees of ESG rating providers involved in the assessment process of an entity shall not provide any of the activities referred to in paragraph 1.	
243	2. ESG rating providers shall ensure that the provision of other services than those referred to in paragraph 1 does not create risks of conflicts of interest within its ESG rating activities.	2. ESG rating providers shall ensure that the provision of other services than those referred to in paragraph 1 does not create risks of conflicts of interest within its ESG rating activities.	2. ESG rating providers shall ensure that the provision of other services than those referred to in paragraph 1 does not create risks of conflicts of interest within its ESG rating activities. <i>In case of risks of conflict of interest, ESG rating providers shall refrain from offering such other services.</i>
243a		2a. ESMA shall develop draft regulatory technical standards to specify the details of the safeguards to be implemented pursuant to	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		paragraphs 1a and 1b, as well as to specify the conditions under which ESG rating providers could provide other services as referred to in paragraph 2.	
243b		When developing the draft regulatory technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph, ESMA shall take into account the potential conflicts of interest for the provision of ESG ratings and credit ratings that could arise between the rated entity and the rating entity as well as between their employees. ESMA shall submit the draft regulatory technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph to the Commission by XX XX XXXXX.	
243c		Power is delegated to the Commission to supplement this Regulation by adopting the	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		regulatory technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with Articles 10 to 14 of Regulations (EU) No 1093/2010, (EU) No 1094/2010 and (EU) No 1095/2010.	
244	Article 16 Rating analysts, employees and other persons involved in the provision of ESG ratings	Article 16 Rating analysts, employees and other persons involved in the provision of ESG ratings	Article 16 Rating analysts, employees and other persons involved in the provision of ESG ratings
245	1. ESG rating providers shall ensure that rating analysts, employees and any other natural person whose services are placed at its disposal or under its control and who are directly involved in the provision of ESG ratings, including analysts directly involved in the rating process and persons involved in the provision of scores, have the knowledge and experience that is necessary for the performance of the duties	1. ESG rating providers shall ensure that rating analysts, employees and any other natural person whose services are placed at its disposal or under its control and who are directly involved in the provision of ESG ratings, including analysts directly involved in the rating process and persons involved in the provision of scores, are appropriately trained and have the knowledge and experience that is necessary for	1. ESG rating providers shall ensure that rating analysts, employees and any other natural person under their control or whose services are placed at itstheir disposal, for example by way of a contractual arrangement, or under its control and who are directly involved in the provision of ESG ratings, including analysts directly involved in the rating process and persons involved in the provision of ESG

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	and tasks assigned.	the performance of the duties and tasks assigned, in particular a sufficient understanding of potential material financial risk to the rated entity and potential material impact of the rated entity on the environment and on society in general.	scores, are appropriately trained and have the knowledge and experience that is necessary for the performance of the duties and tasks assigned.
246	2. ESG rating providers shall ensure that the persons referred to in paragraph 1 are not allowed to initiate or participate in negotiations regarding fees or payments with any rated entity or any person directly or indirectly linked to the rated entity by control.	2. ESG rating providers shall ensure that the persons referred to in paragraph 1 are not allowed to initiate or participate in negotiations regarding fees or payments with any rated entity or any person directly or indirectly linked to the rated entity by control.	2. ESG rating providers shall ensure that the persons referred to in paragraph 1 are not allowed to initiate or participate in negotiations regarding fees or payments with any rated entity item or issuer of a rated item or any person directly or indirectly linked to the rated entity item by control.
247	3. The persons referred to in paragraph 1 shall not buy or sell any financial instrument issued, guaranteed, or otherwise supported by any rated entity other than holdings in diversified	3. The persons referred to in paragraph 1, as well as persons occupying a senior management position in the ESG rating provider, shall not buy or sell any financial	3. The persons referred to in paragraph 1 that are directly involved in the determination of an individual rating on a rated item shall not buy or sell any financial instrument issued,

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	collective investment schemes, including managed funds, nor engage in any transaction in such financial instruments.	instrument issued, guaranteed, or otherwise supported by any rated entity or any entity within the group of the rated entity, other than holdings in diversified collective investment schemes, including managed funds, nor engage in any transaction in such financial instruments.	guaranteed, or otherwise supported by anythe relevant rated entity item or issuer of a rated item other than holdings in diversified collective investment schemes, including managed funds, nor engage in any transaction in such financial instruments.
248	4. The persons referred to in paragraph 1 shall not participate in or otherwise influence the determination of an ESG rating of any rated entity where those persons:	4. The persons referred to in paragraph 1 shall not participate in or otherwise influence the determination of an ESG rating of any rated entity where those persons:	4. The persons referred to in paragraph 1 shall not participate be directly involved in or otherwise influence the determination of an ESG rating of anythe relevant rated entityitem where those persons:
249	(a) own financial instruments of the rated entity, other than holdings in diversified collective investment schemes;	(a) own financial instruments of the rated entity, other than holdings in diversified collective investment schemes;	(a) own financial instruments of the rated entityitem, other than holdings in diversified collective investment schemes;
250			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	(b) own financial instruments of any entity related to a rated entity, the ownership of which may cause or may be generally perceived as causing a conflict of interest, other than holdings in diversified collective investment schemes;	(b) own financial instruments of any entity related to a rated entity, the ownership of which may cause or may be generally perceived as causing a conflict of interest, other than holdings in diversified collective investment schemes;	(b) own financial instruments of any entity related to a rated <i>entityitem</i> , the ownership of which may cause or may be generally perceived as causing a conflict of interest, other than holdings in diversified collective investment schemes;
251	(c) have had a recent employment, business or other relationship with the rated entity that may cause or may be generally perceived as causing a conflict of interest.	(c) have had, over the last year an a recent employment, business or other relationship with the rated entity or any entity within the group of the rated entity that may cause or may be generally perceived as causing a conflict of interest.	(c) have had a recent in the last two years an employment, business or other relationship with the rated entity item or the issuer of the rated item that may cause or may be generally perceived as causing a conflict of interest.
252	5. ESG rating providers shall ensure that the persons referred to in paragraph 1:	5. ESG rating providers shall ensure that the persons referred to in paragraph 1, as well as persons occupying a senior management position in the ESG rating provider:	5. ESG rating providers shall ensure that the persons referred to in paragraph 1:

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
253	(a) take all reasonable measures to protect property and records in possession of the ESG rating provider from fraud, theft or misuse, taking into account the nature, scale and complexity of the ESG rating provider's business and the nature and range of ESG rating activities;	(a) take all reasonable measures to protect property and records in possession of the ESG rating provider from fraud, theft or misuse, taking into account the nature, scale and complexity of the ESG rating provider's business and the nature and range of ESG rating activities;	(a) take all reasonable measures to protect property and records in possession of the ESG rating provider from fraud, theft or misuse, taking into account the nature, scale and complexity of the ESG rating provider's business and the nature and range of ESG rating activities;
254	(b) do not share confidential information that has been entrusted to the ESG rating provider with anyone who is not directly involved in the provision of ESG rating activities, including rating analysts and employees of any person directly or indirectly linked to the ESG rating provider by control, and any other natural person whose services are or have been placed at the disposal of, or are under the control of, any person directly or indirectly linked to the ESG rating provider by control;	(b) do not share confidential information that has been entrusted to the ESG rating provider with anyone who is not directly involved in the provision of ESG rating activities, including rating analysts and employees of any person directly or indirectly linked to the ESG rating provider by control, and any other natural person whose services are or have been placed at the disposal of, or are under the control of, any person directly or indirectly linked to the ESG rating provider by control;	(b) do not share confidential information that has been entrusted to the ESG rating provider with anyone who is not directly involved in the provision of ESG est ating activities, including rating analysts and employees of any person directly or indirectly linked to the ESG rating provider by control, and any other natural person whose services are or have been placed at the disposal of, or are under the control of, any person directly or indirectly linked to the ESG rating provider by control;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	(c) do not use or share confidential information	(c) do not use or share confidential information	(c) do not use or share confidential information
255	for any other purpose than the provision of ESG rating activities, including for the trading of financial instruments.	for any other purpose than the provision of ESG rating activities, including for the trading of financial instruments.	for any other purpose than the provision of ESG rating activities, including for the trading of financial instruments-:
255a			(ca) do not solicit or accept money, gifts or favours from anyone with whom the ESG rating provider does business.
256	6. Persons as referred to in paragraph 1 that consider that any other person as referred to in paragraph 1 has engaged in conduct that they consider to be illegal shall immediately inform the compliance function thereof. The ESG rating provider shall ensure that such reporting does not have any negative consequences for	6. Persons as referred to in paragraph 1 that consider that any other person as referred to in paragraph 1 has engaged in conduct that they consider to be illegal shall immediately inform the compliance function thereof. The ESG rating provider shall ensure that such reporting does not have any negative consequences for	6. Persons as referred to in paragraph 1 that consider that any other person as referred to in paragraph 1 has engaged in conduct that they consider to be illegal shall immediately inform the compliance oversight function thereof. The ESG rating provider shall ensure that such reporting does not have any negative

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	the person reporting.	the person reporting.	consequences for the person reporting.
257	7. Where a rating analyst terminates his or her employment with the ESG rating provider and joins a rated entity which he or she has been involved in rating, the ESG rating provider shall review the work of the rating analyst over one year preceding his or her departure.	7. Where a rating analyst terminates his or her employment with the ESG rating provider and within one year, joins a rated entity which he or she has been involved in rating, the ESG rating provider shall review the work of the rating analyst over one year preceding his or her departure.	7. Where a rating analyst terminates his or her employment with the ESG rating provider and joins a rated entityitem or an issuer of a rated item which he or she has been directly involved in rating, the ESG rating provider shall review the work of the rating analyst over one year preceding his or her departure.
258	8. Persons as referred to in paragraph 1 shall not take up a key management position within a rated entity which they have been involved in rating for six months after the provision of such rating.	8. Persons as referred to in paragraph 1, as well as persons occupying a senior management position in the ESG rating provider, shall not take up a keysenior management position within a rated entity which they have been involved in rating for six monthsone year after the provision of such rating.	8. Persons as referred to in paragraph 1 shall not take up a key management position within a rated entity item or an issuer of a rated item which they have been involved in rating for six months after the provision of such rating.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
258a		8a. ESG rating providers shall ensure that, when carrying out an assessment, the persons referred to in paragraph 1 shall be independent of the rated entity and shall not be involved in the decision making of the rated entity during the period of the assessment leading to the issuance of an ESG rating and for one year thereafter.	
258b		ESG rating providers shall take all reasonable steps to ensure that, when the persons referred to in paragraph 1 participate in or otherwise influence the determination of an ESG rating of any rated entity, their independence is not affected by any existing or potential conflict of interest or business or other direct relationship involving those persons.	
258c			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		The persons referred to in paragraph 1 shall not participate in or otherwise influence the determination of an ESG rating of any rated entity if there is any evidence of self-review, self-interest, advocacy, familiarity or intimidation created by financial, personal, business, employment or other relationships between those persons and the rated entity as a result of which an objective, reasonable and informed third party, taking into account the safeguards applied, would conclude that those persons' independence is compromised.	
258d		8b. The persons referred to in paragraph 1 shall not solicit or accept pecuniary or non-pecuniary gifts or favours from a rated entity unless an objective, reasonable and informed third party would consider the value thereof as trivial or inconsequential.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
258e		8c. If, during the period in which the persons referred to in paragraph 1 are involved in the assessment activities, a rated entity merges with, or acquires, another entity, the ESG rating provider shall ensure that those persons identify and evaluate any current or recent interests or relationships which, taking into account available safeguards, could compromise those persons' independence and ability to continue being involved in the assessment activities after the effective date of the merger or acquisition.	
258f		Article 16a Use of multiple ESG rating providers	
258g		1. Where an entity or investor seeks an ESG rating from at least two ESG rating providers,	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		it shall consider appointing at least one ESG rating provider with a market share of no more than 15% in the Union.	
258h		2. ESMA shall publish annually on its website a list of ESG rating providers listed in the register referred to in Article 13(1), indicating their total market share in the Union.	
258i		3. For the purposes of this Article, total market share shall be measured by reference to the annual turnover generated from ESG rating activities and ancillary services, at group level in the Union.	
259	Article 17 Record-keeping requirements	Article 17 Record-keeping requirements	Article 17 Record-keeping requirements

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
260	1. ESG rating providers shall record their ESG rating activities. Those records shall contain the information listed in Annex II.	1. ESG rating providers shall record their ESG rating activities. Those records shall contain the information listed in <i>Annex Annexes I and</i> II.	1. ESG rating providers shall record their ESG rating activities. Those records shall contain the information listed in Annex II.
260a		1a. ESG rating providers shall keep a record of key rating-related information, including rating, the rated legal entity or financial instrument, the rating type, the horizon or outlook used for the rating, and the rating status, and make that information available upon request to competent authorities in charge of the supervision of the regulated financial undertakings in the Union.	
261	2. ESG rating providers shall keep the information referred to in paragraph 1 for at	2. ESG rating providers shall keep the information referred to in paragraph 1 for at	2. ESG rating providers shall keep the information referred to in paragraph 1 for at

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	least five years and in such a form that it is possible to replicate and fully understand the determination of an ESG rating.	least five years and in such a form that it is possible to replicate and fully understand the determination of an ESG rating.	least five years and in such a form that it is possible to replicate and fully understand the determination of an ESG rating.
262	Article 18 Complaints-handling mechanism	Article 18 Complaints-handling mechanism	Article 18 Complaints-handling mechanism
263	ESG rating providers shall have in place and publish on their website procedures for receiving, investigating and retaining records concerning complaints made.	1. ESG rating providers shall have in place and publish on their website procedures for receiving, investigating and retaining records concerning complaints made.	1. ESG rating providers shall have in place and publish on their website procedures for receiving, investigating and retaining records concerning complaints made by users of ESG ratings, rated items and issuers of rated items. ESG rating providers shall also clearly provide information on their website about their complaints-handling mechanism and contact details.
263a			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		1a. The complaint procedures referred to in paragraph 1 shall be open and accessible, and shall disclose the name of the complainant, unless there are objective grounds for not doing so.	
264	2. The procedures referred to in paragraph 1 shall ensure that:	2. The procedures referred to in paragraph 1 shall ensure that:	2. The procedures referred to in paragraph 1 shall ensure that:
265	(a) the ESG rating provider makes publicly available the complaints-handling policy through which complaints may be submitted on:	(a) the ESG rating provider makes publicly available the complaints-handling policy through which complaints may be submitted on:	(a) the ESG rating provider makes publicly available the complaints-handling policy through which complaints may be submitted on:
266	(1) the sources of data used for a specific ESG rating;	(1) the sources of data used for a specific ESG rating;	(1) the sources of data used for a specific ESG rating;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
267	(2) the way in which the rating methodology in relation to a specific ESG rating has been applied;	(2) the way in which the rating methodology in relation to a specific ESG rating has been applied;	(2) the way in which the rating methodology in relation to a specific ESG rating has been applied;
268	(3) whether a specific ESG rating is representative of the rated entity;	(3) whether a specific ESG rating is representative of the rated entity;	(3) whether a specific ESG rating is representative of the rated entity;
269	(4) a proposed change to the ESG rating determination process;	deleted	(4) a proposed change to the ESG rating determination process;
270	(5) other decisions in relation to the ESG rating;	(5) other decisions in relation to the ESG rating that appear inconsistent with the applicable methodologies, policies or procedures of the ESG rating provider;	(5) other decisions in relation to the ESG rating;
271			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	(b) complaints are investigated in a timely and fair manner and that the outcome of the investigation is communicated to the complainant within a reasonable period of time, unless such communication would be contrary to objectives of public policy or to Regulation (EU) No 596/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹; 1. Regulation (EU) No 596/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 on market abuse (market abuse regulation) and repealing Directive 2003/6/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and Commission Directives 2003/124/EC, 2003/125/EC and 2004/72/EC (OJ L 173, 12.6.2014, p. 1).	(b) complaints are investigated in a timely and fair manner and that the outcome of the investigation is communicated to the complainant within a reasonable period of time, unless such communication would be contrary to objectives of public policy or to Regulation (EU) No 596/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ; 1. Regulation (EU) No 596/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 on market abuse (market abuse regulation) and repealing Directive 2003/6/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and Commission Directives 2003/124/EC, 2003/125/EC and 2004/72/EC (OJ L 173, 12.6.2014, p. 1).	(b) complaints are investigated in a timely and fair manner and that the outcome of the investigation is communicated to the complainant within a reasonable period of time, unless such communication would be contrary to objectives of public policy or to Regulation (EU) No 596/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ ; 1. Regulation (EU) No 596/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 on market abuse (market abuse regulation) and repealing Directive 2003/6/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and Commission Directives 2003/124/EC, 2003/125/EC and 2004/72/EC (OJ L 173, 12.6.2014, p. 1).
272	(c) the inquiry is conducted independently of any personnel that has been involved in the subject-matter of the complaint.	(c) the inquiry is conducted independently of any personnel that has been involved in the subject-matter of the complaint.	(c) the inquiry is conducted independently of any personnel that has been involved in the subject-matter of the complaint.
272a			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			2a. Complaints may be submitted on:
272b			(a) the sources of data used for a specific ESG rating, factual errors and mistakes;
272c			(b) the way in which the rating methodology in relation to a specific ESG rating has been applied;
272d			(c) whether a specific ESG rating is representative of the rated item or the issuer of the rated item.
273	Article 19 Outsourcing	Article 19 Outsourcing	Article 19 Outsourcing

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
274	1. ESG rating providers shall not outsource important operational functions where such outsourcing would materially impair the quality of the ESG rating provider's internal control policies and procedures, or the ability of the European Supervisory and Markets Authority (ESMA) to supervise the ESG rating provider's compliance with its obligations under this Regulation.	1. ESG rating providers shall not outsource Outsourcing of important operational functions where such outsourcing would shall not materially impair the quality of the ESG rating provider's internal control policies and procedures, or and the ability of the European Supervisory and Markets Authority (ESMA) to supervise the ESG rating provider's compliance with its obligations under this Regulation.	1. ESG rating providers Outsourcing of important operational functions shall not outsource important operational functions where such outsourcing would be undertaken in such a way as to impair materially impair the quality of the ESG rating provider in the ability of the European Supervisory and Markets Authority (ESMA) ESMA to supervise the ESG rating provider is compliance with its obligations under this Regulation.
275	2. ESG rating providers that outsource functions or any services or activities that are relevant for the provision of an ESG rating shall remain fully responsible for discharging all of the obligations under this Regulation.	2. ESG rating providers that outsource functions or any services or activities that are relevant for the provision of an ESG rating shall remain fully responsible for discharging all of the obligations under this Regulation.	2. ESG rating providers that outsource functions or any services or activities that are relevant for the provision of an ESG rating shall remain fully responsible for discharging all of the obligations under this Regulation.
276			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	3. ESG rating providers that outsource functions or any services or activities that are relevant for the provision of an ESG rating shall remain fully responsible for disclosing the information referred to in Annex II.	3. ESG rating providers that outsource functions or any services or activities that are relevant for the provision of an ESG rating shall remain fully responsible for disclosing the information referred to in Annex II.	3. ESG rating providers that outsource functions or any services or activities that are relevant for the provision of an ESG rating shall remain fully responsible for disclosing the information referred to in Annex II.
277	Article 20 Exemptions on governance requirements	Article 20 Exemptions on governance requirements	Article 20 Exemptions on governance requirements
278	1. ESMA may exempt an ESG rating provider at its request from complying with some of the requirements laid down in Article 14 where that ESG rating provider is able to demonstrate that those requirements are not proportionate in view of the nature, scale and complexity of its business and the nature and range of the issuance of ESG ratings and provided that:	1. ESMA may exempt an ESG rating provider at its request from complying with some of thethe organisational requirements laid down in Article 14(10) where that ESG rating provider is able to demonstrate that those requirements are not proportionate in view of the nature, scale and complexity of its business and the nature and range of the issuance of ESG ratings and provided that:	1. ESMA mayshall exempt an ESG rating provider at its request from complying with some of the requirements laid down in Article 14, paragraphs 6, 8 and 10, Article 17 and Article 19 where that ESG rating provider is able to demonstrate that those requirements are not proportionate in view of the nature, scale and complexity of its business and the nature and range of the issuance of ESG ratings and provided that:

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
279	(a) the ESG rating provider is a small or medium-sized undertaking according to the criteria laid down in Article 3 of Directive 2013/34/EU;	(a) the ESG rating provider is a small or medium-sized undertaking according to the criteria laid down in Article 3 of Directive 2013/34/EU and is not part of a group;	(a) the ESG rating provider is a small undertaking or a small group or medium sized undertaking according to the criteria laid down in Article 3 of Directive 2013/34/EU;
280	(b) the ESG rating provider has implemented measures and procedures, and in particular internal control mechanisms, reporting arrangements and measures, that ensure the independence of rating analysts and persons approving ESG ratings and that ensure the effective compliance with this Regulation;	(b) the ESG rating provider has implemented measures and procedures, and in particular internal control mechanisms, reporting arrangements and measures, that ensure the independence of rating analysts and persons approving ESG ratings and that ensure the effective compliance with this Regulation;	(b) the ESG rating provider has implemented measures and procedures, and in particular internal control mechanisms, reporting arrangements and measures, that ensure the independence of rating analysts and persons approving ESG ratings and that ensure the effective compliance with this Regulation;
281	(c) the size of the ESG rating provider is not determined in such a way as to avoid compliance with the requirements of this	(c) the size of the ESG rating provider is not determined in such a way as to avoid compliance with the requirements of this	(c) the size of the ESG rating provider is not determined in such a way as to avoid compliance with the requirements of this

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	Regulation by an ESG rating provider or a group of ESG rating providers.	Regulation by an ESG rating provider or a group of ESG rating providers.	Regulation by an ESG rating provider or a group of ESG rating providers.
282	2. In the case of a group of ESG rating providers, ESMA shall ensure that at least one of the ESG rating providers in the group is not exempted from the requirements laid down in this Regulation.	deleted	2. In the case of a group of ESG rating providers, ESMA shall ensure that at least one of the ESG rating providers in the group is not exempted from the requirements laid down in this Regulation.
283	CHAPTER 2 Transparency requirements	CHAPTER 2 Transparency requirements	CHAPTER 2 Transparency requirements
284	Article 21 Disclosure of the methodologies, models, and key rating assumptions used in ESG rating activities to the public	Article 21 Disclosure of the methodologies, models, and key rating assumptions used in ESG rating activities to the public	Article 21 Disclosure of the methodologies, models, and key rating assumptions used in ESG rating activities to the public

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
285	1. ESG rating providers shall disclose on their website the methodologies, models and key rating assumptions they use in their ESG rating activities, including the information referred to in point 1 of Annex III.	1. ESG rating providers shall disclose on their website, <i>as a minimum</i> , the methodologies, models and key rating assumptions they use in their ESG rating activities, including the information referred to in— <i>points (d) and (g) of Annex I and</i> point 1 of Annex III.	1. ESG rating providers shall disclose on their website the methodologies, models and key rating assumptions they use in their ESG rating activities, including the information referred to in—point 1 of Annex III. <i>This information</i> should be published in a clear and transparent manner and identified in a separate section of the ESG rating provider's website.
285a		1a. Separate E, S and G ratings shall be provided rather than a single ESG metric that aggregates E, S and G factors. ESG rating providers shall provide the disclosures referred to in this Article and in Article 22 separately for each factor.	
285b		1b. By way of derogation from paragraph 1a of this Article, ESG rating providers may	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		provide a single ESG rating that aggregates E, S and G factors, if they provide, without prejudice to further disclosure obligations under this Regulation, the information referred to in point (f) of Annex III.	
286	2. ESMA shall develop draft regulatory technical standards to specify further the elements that are to be disclosed in accordance with paragraph 1.	2. ESMA shall develop draft regulatory technical standards to specify further the elements that are to be disclosed in accordance with paragraph 1.	2. ESMA shall develop draft regulatory technical standards to specify further the elements that are to be disclosed in accordance with paragraph 1. These elements shall not include any additional disclosure requirements than those listed in Annex III.
286a		2a. ESMA shall develop draft implementing technical standards to specify the data standards, formats and templates that ESG rating providers are to use to present the information referred to in paragraph 1.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
287	3. ESMA shall submit those draft regulatory technical standards to the Commission by XX XXXX XXXX.	3. ESMA shall submit thosethe draft regulatory technical standards referred to in paragraphs 2 and 2a to the Commission by XX XXXX XXXX [6 months from the date of entry into force of this Regulation].	3. ESMA shall submit those draft regulatory technical standards to the Commission by XX XXXX XXXX [12 months after the date of entry into force].
288	Power is delegated to the Commission to adopt the regulatory technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with the procedure laid down in Articles 10 to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	Power is delegated to the Commission to adopt the <i>regulatory</i> technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with the procedure laid down in Articles 10 to 14 <i>and Article 15</i> of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	Power is delegated to the Commission to adopt the regulatory technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with the procedure laid down in Articles 10 to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.
288a		3a. The ESG rating provider shall provide the information referred to in Annex III as soon as it has been authorised or recognised pursuant to this Regulation.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
288b		The ESG rating provider shall make the changes needed following the entry into force of the regulatory technical standards referred to in the second subparagraph of this paragraph.	
289	Article 22 Disclosures to subscribers of ESG ratings and rated entities	Article 22 Disclosures to subscribers of ESG ratings and rated entities	Article 22 Disclosures to subscribersusers of ESG ratings and rated entities
290	1. ESG rating providers shall disclose, as a minimum, the information referred to in point 2 of Annex III to their subscribers and to the rated entities.	1. ESG rating providers shall disclose, as a minimum, the information referred to in point 2 of Annex III to their subscribers and to the rated entities. Where ESG rating providers publicly disclose ESG ratings, they shall publicly disclose the underlying information referred to in point 2 of Annex III for those specific ratings.	1. ESG rating providers shall disclose, as a minimum, the information referred to in point 2 of Annex III to their subscribers the users of ESG ratings and to the rated entities.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
290a		1a. Where subscribers of ESG ratings or rated entities disclose or distribute the ESG ratings, they shall disclose the information referred to in point 2 of Annex III to the persons receiving the ESG ratings or provide a link to the website of the ESG rating providers where that information is available.	
290b		Where subscribers of ESG ratings or rated entities publicly disclose ESG ratings, the information referred to in point 2 of Annex III shall be made publicly available.	
290c		1b. ESG rating providers shall notify a rated entity that it will be rated.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
290d		1c. Where an ESG rating provider issues an unsolicited rating, it shall include a prominent statement to that effect in the rating, including information on whether the entity or a related third party participated in the rating process and whether the ESG rating provider had access to the management and other relevant internal documents for the rated entity or a related third party.	
291	2. ESMA shall develop draft regulatory technical standards to specify further the elements that are to be disclosed in accordance with paragraph 1.	2. ESMA shall develop draft regulatory technical standards to specify further the elements that are to be disclosed in accordance with paragraph 1.	2. ESMA shall develop draft regulatory technical standards to specify further the elements that are to be disclosed in accordance with paragraph 1. Those elements shall not include any additional disclosure requirements than those listed in Annex III.
291a		2a. ESMA shall develop draft implementing	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		technical standards to specify the data standards, formats and templates that ESG rating providers are to use to present the information as referred to in paragraph 1.	
292	3. ESMA shall submit those draft regulatory technical standards to the Commission by XX XXXX XXXX.	3. ESMA shall submit thosethe draft regulatory technical standards referred to in paragraphs 2 and 2a to the Commission by XX XXXX XXXX [6 months from the date of entry into force of this Regulation].	3. ESMA shall submit those draft regulatory technical standards to the Commission by XX XXXX XXXX [12 months after the date of entry into force].
293	Power is delegated to the Commission to adopt the regulatory technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with the procedure laid down in Articles 10 to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	Power is delegated to the Commission to adopt the <i>regulatory</i> technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with the procedure laid down in Articles 10 to 14 <i>and 15</i> of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	Power is delegated to the Commission to adopt the regulatory technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with the procedure laid down in Articles 10 to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.
294			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	CHAPTER 3 Independence and conflicts of interest	CHAPTER 3 Independence and conflicts of interest	CHAPTER 3 Independence and conflicts of interest
295	Article 23 Independence and avoidance of conflicts of interest	Article 23 Independence and avoidance of conflicts of interest	Article 23 Independence and avoidance of conflicts of interest
296	1. ESG rating providers shall have in place robust governance arrangements, including a clear organisational structure with well-defined, transparent, and consistent roles and responsibilities for all persons involved in the provision of an ESG rating.	1. ESG rating providers shall have in place robust governance arrangements, including a clear organisational structure with well-defined, transparent, and consistent roles and responsibilities for all persons involved in the provision of an ESG rating.	1. ESG rating providers shall have in place robust governance arrangements, including a clear organisational structure with well-defined, transparent, and consistent roles and responsibilities for all persons involved in the provision of an ESG rating.
297	2. ESG rating providers shall take all necessary steps to ensure that any ESG rating provided is not affected by any existing or potential conflict	2. ESG rating providers shall take all necessary steps to ensure that any ESG rating provided is not affected by any existing or potential conflict	2. ESG rating providers shall take all necessary steps to ensure that any ESG rating provided is not affected by any existing or potential conflict

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	of interest, or by any business relationship, either from the ESG rating provider itself or from their shareholders, managers, rating analysts, employees or any other natural person whose services are placed at the disposal or under the control of the ESG rating providers, or any person directly or indirectly linked to them by control.	of interest, or by any business relationship, either from the ESG rating provider itself or from their shareholders, managers, rating analysts, employees or any other natural person whose services are placed at the disposal or under the control of the ESG rating providers, or any person directly or indirectly linked to them by control or any third-party provider to whom functions or any services or activities have been outsourced.	of interest, or by any business relationship, either from the ESG rating provider itself or from their shareholders, managers, rating analysts, employees or any other natural person whose services are placed at the disposal or under the control of the ESG rating providers, or any person directly or indirectly linked to them by control.
298	3. Where there is a risk of a conflict of interest within an ESG rating provider due to the ownership structure, controlling interests, or activities of that ESG rating provider, of any entity owning or controlling the ESG rating provider, of an entity that is owned or controlled by the ESG rating provider, or of any the ESG rating provider's affiliates, ESMA may require the ESG rating provider to take	3. Where there is a risk of a conflict of interest within an ESG rating provider due to the ownership structure, controlling interests, or activities—of that ESG rating provider, of any entity owning or controlling the ESG rating provider, of an entity that is owned or controlled by the ESG rating provider, or of any the ESG rating provider's affiliates or third-party provider, ESMA may ESMA shall take	3. Where there is a risk of a conflict of interest within an ESG rating provider due to the ownership structure, controlling interests, or activities of that ESG rating provider, of any entity owning or controlling the ESG rating provider, of an entity that is owned or controlled by the ESG rating provider, or of any the ESG rating provider's affiliates, ESMA may require the ESG rating provider to take

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	measures to mitigate that risk. Such measures may include the establishment of an independent oversight function representing stakeholders, including users of the ESG ratings and contributors to such ratings, in a balanced manner.	action. ESMA shall require the ESG rating provider to take measures to mitigate that risk. Such measures may include the establishment of an independent oversight function representing stakeholders, including users of the ESG ratings and contributors to such ratings, in a balanced manner.	measures to mitigate that risk. Such measures may include the establishment of an independent oversight function representing stakeholders, including users of the ESG ratings and contributors to such ratings, in a balanced manner.
298a		A shareholder or a member of an ESG rating provider holding at least 5 % of either the capital or the voting rights in that ESG rating provider, or in a company which has the power to exercise control or a dominant influence over that ESG rating provider, shall be prohibited from doing any of the following:	
298b		(a) holding 5 % or more of the capital of any other ESG rating provider;	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
298c		(b) having the right or the power to exercise 5 % or more of the voting rights in any other ESG rating provider;	
298d		(c) having the right or the power to appoint or remove members of the administrative or supervisory board of any other ESG rating provider;	
298e		(d) being a member of the administrative or supervisory board of any other ESG rating provider;	
298f		(e) exercising or having the power to exercise control or a dominant influence over any other ESG rating provider.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
298g		This paragraph does not apply to investments in other ESG rating agencies belonging to the same group of ESG rating agencies or to investments in ESG rating providers that are micro or small-sized undertakings according to the criteria laid down in Article 3 of Directive 2013/34/EU.	
299	Where a conflict of interest as referred to in the first subparagraph cannot be adequately managed, ESMA may require the ESG rating provider to cease the activities or relationships that create the conflict of interest, or may require the ESG rating provider to cease providing the ESG ratings.	Where a conflict of interest as referred to in the first subparagraph cannot be adequately managed through specific risk mitigation. ESMA shall, ESMA may require the ESG rating provider to cease the activities or relationships that create the conflict of interest, or may require the ESG rating provider to cease providing the ESG ratings.	Where a conflict of interest as referred to in the first subparagraph cannot be adequately managed, ESMA may require the ESG rating provider to cease the activities or relationships that create the conflict of interest, or may require the ESG rating provider to cease providing the ESG ratings.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
300	4. ESG rating providers shall disclose to ESMA all existing or potential conflicts of interest, including conflicts of interest arising from the ownership or control of the ESG rating providers.	4. ESG rating providers shall disclose to ESMA all existing or potential conflicts of interest, including conflicts of interest arising from the ownership or control of the ESG rating providers.	4. ESG rating providers shall disclose to ESMA all existing or potential conflicts of interest, including conflicts of interest arising from the ownership or control of the ESG rating providers.
301	5. ESG rating providers shall establish and operate policies, procedures, and effective organisational arrangements for the identification, disclosure, prevention, management and mitigation of conflicts of interest. ESG rating providers shall regularly review and update those policies, procedures and arrangements. Those policies, procedures and arrangements shall specifically prevent, manage and mitigate conflicts of interest due to the ESG rating provider's ownership or control or due to other interests in the ESG rating provider's group, or conflicts of interest that are	5. ESG rating providers shall establish and operate policies, procedures, and effective organisational arrangements for the identification, disclosure, prevention, management and mitigation of conflicts of interest. ESG rating providers shall regularly review and update those policies, procedures and arrangements. Those policies, procedures and arrangements shall specifically prevent, manage and mitigate conflicts of interest due to the ESG rating provider's ownership or control or due to other interests in the ESG rating provider's group, or conflicts of interest that are	5. ESG rating providers shall establish and operate policies, procedures, and effective organisational arrangements for the identification, disclosure, prevention, management and mitigation of conflicts of interest. ESG rating providers shall regularly review and update those policies, procedures and arrangements. Those policies, procedures and arrangements shall specifically prevent, manage and mitigate conflicts of interest due to the ESG rating provider's ownership or control or due to other interests in the ESG rating provider's group, or conflicts of interest that are

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	caused by other persons that exercise influence or control over the ESG rating provider in relation to determining the ESG rating.	caused by other persons that exercise influence or control over the ESG rating provider in relation to determining the ESG rating.	caused by other persons that exercise influence or control over the ESG rating provider in relation to determining the ESG rating.
302	6. ESG rating providers shall review their operations to identify potential conflicts of interests at least each year.	6. ESG rating providers shall review their operations to identify potential conflicts of interests at least each year.	6. ESG rating providers shall review their operations to identify potential conflicts of interests at least each year.
303	Article 24 Management of potential conflicts of interests from employees	Article 24 Management of potential conflicts of interests from employees	Article 24 Management of potential conflicts of interests from employees
304	1. ESG rating providers shall ensure that their employees and any other natural persons whose services are placed at their disposal or under their control and who are directly involved in the provision of an ESG rating:	1. ESG rating providers shall ensure that their employees and any other natural persons whose services are placed at their disposal or under their control and who are directly involved in the provision of an ESG rating:	1. ESG rating providers shall ensure that their employees and any other natural persons whose services are placed at their disposal or under their control and who are directly involved in the provision of an ESG rating:

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
305	(a) have the skills that are necessary for performing their tasks and duties and are subject to effective management and supervision;	(a) have the skills that are necessary for performing their tasks and duties and are subject to effective management and supervision;	(a) have the skills that are necessary for performing their tasks and duties and are subject to effective management and supervision;
306	(b) are not subject to undue influence or conflicts of interest;	(b) are not subject to undue influence or conflicts of interest;	(b) are not subject to undue influence or conflicts of interest;
307	(c) that the compensation and performance evaluation of those persons do not create conflicts of interest or otherwise impinge upon the integrity of the ESG rating determination process;	(c) that the compensation and performance evaluation of those persons do not create conflicts of interest or otherwise impinge upon the integrity of the ESG rating determination process;	(c) that the compensation and are not compensated and their performance evaluation of those persons do not is not evaluated in such a manner as to create conflicts of interest or otherwise impinge upon the integrity of the ESG rating determination process;
308			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	(d) do not have any interests or business connections that compromise the activities of the ESG rating provider;	(d) do not have any interests or business connections that compromise the activities of the ESG rating provider;	(d) do not have any interests or business connections that compromise the activities of the ESG rating provider;
309	(e) are prohibited from contributing to an ESG rating determination by way of engaging in bids, offers and trades on a personal basis or on behalf of market participants, except where such contribution is explicitly required as part of the ESG rating methodology and is subject to specific rules laid down therein;	(e) are prohibited from contributing to an ESG rating determination by way of engaging in bids, offers and trades on a personal basis or on behalf of market participants, except where such contribution is explicitly required as part of the ESG rating methodology and is subject to specific rules laid down therein;	(e) are prohibited from contributing to an ESG rating determination by way of engaging in bids, offers and trades on a personal basis or on behalf of market participants, except where such contribution is explicitly required as part of the ESG rating methodology and is subject to specific rules laid down therein;
310	(f) are subject to effective procedures to control the exchange of information with other employees involved in activities that may create a risk of conflicts of interest or with third parties, where that information may affect the ESG rating.	(f) are subject to effective procedures to control the exchange of information with other employees involved in activities that may create a risk of conflicts of interest or with third parties, where that information may affect the ESG rating.	(f) are subject to effective procedures to control the exchange of information with other employees involved in activities that may create a risk of conflicts of interest or with third parties, where that information may affect the ESG rating.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
311	2. ESG rating providers shall establish specific internal control procedures to ensure the integrity and reliability of the employee or person determining the ESG rating, including internal sign-off by management before the dissemination of the ESG rating.	2. ESG rating providers shall establish specific internal control procedures to ensure the integrity and reliability of the employee or person determining the ESG rating, including internal sign-off by management before the dissemination of the ESG rating. <i>ESMA may</i> require <i>ESG rating providers to provide</i> information about such control procedures.	2. ESG rating providers shall establish specific internal control procedures to ensure the integrity and reliability of the employee or person determining the ESG rating, including internal sign-off by management before the dissemination of the ESG rating.
312	Article 25 Fair, reasonable, transparent and non-discriminatory treatment of users of ESG ratings	Article 25 Fair, reasonable, transparent and non-discriminatory treatment of users of ESG ratings	Article 25 Fair, reasonable, transparent and non-discriminatory treatment of users of ESG ratings
313	1. ESG rating providers shall take steps that are adequate to ensure that fees charged to clients are fair, reasonable, transparent, non-discriminatory and are based on costs.	1. ESG rating providers shall take steps that are adequate to ensure that fees charged to clients are fair, reasonable, transparent, non-discriminatory and are based on costs and non-	1. ESG rating providers shall take steps that are adequate to ensure that fees charged to clients are fair, reasonable, transparent, non-discriminatory and are based on costs and non-

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		<u>discriminatory</u> .	<u>discriminatory</u> .
314	2. For the purposes of paragraph 1, ESMA may require ESG rating providers to provide it with documented evidence, may take supervisory measures in accordance with Article 33, and may decide to impose fines in accordance with Article 34 where it finds that fees from ESG rating providers are not fair, reasonable, transparent, non-discriminatory and not based on actual costs.	2. For the purposes of paragraph 1, ESMA may require ESG rating providers to provide it with documented evidence, may take supervisory measures in accordance with Article 33, and may decide to impose fines in accordance with Article 34 where it finds that fees from ESG rating providers are not fair, reasonable, transparent, non-discriminatory and not based on actual costs and non-discriminatory.	2. For the purposes of paragraph 1, ESMA may require ESG rating providers to provide it with documented evidence on their pricing policy, including the fee structure and pricing criteria. ESMA—may take supervisory measures in accordance with Article 33, and may decide to impose fines in accordance with Article 34 where it finds that fees from ESG rating providers are not fair, reasonable, transparent, non discriminatory and not based on actual costs and non-discriminatory.
315	CHAPTER 4 Supervision by ESMA	CHAPTER 4 Supervision by ESMA	CHAPTER 4 Supervision by ESMA
316			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	Section 1 General principles	Section 1 General principles	Section 1 General principles
317	Article 26 Non-interference with the content of ratings or methodologies	Article 26 Non-interference with the content of ratings or methodologies	Article 26 Non-interference with the content of ratings or methodologies
318	In carrying out their duties under this Regulation, ESMA, the Commission or any public authorities of a Member State shall not interfere with the content of ESG ratings or methodologies.	In carrying out their duties under this Regulation, ESMA, the Commission or any public authorities of a Member State shall not interfere with the content of ESG ratings or methodologies, provided those ratings and methodologies meet the criteria set out in this Regulation.	In carrying out their duties under this Regulation, ESMA, the Commission or any public authorities of a Member State shall not interfere with the content of ESG ratings or methodologies.
319	Article 27 ESMA	Article 27 ESMA	Article 27 ESMA

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
320	1. In accordance with Article 16 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010, ESMA shall issue and update guidelines on the cooperation between ESMA and the competent authorities for the purposes of this Regulation, including the procedures and detailed conditions relating to the delegation of tasks.	1. In accordance with Article 16 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010, ESMA shall issue and update guidelines on the cooperation between ESMA and the competent authorities for the purposes of this Regulation, including the procedures and detailed conditions relating to the delegation of tasks.	1. In accordance with Article 16 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010, ESMA shall issue and update guidelines on the cooperation between ESMA and the competent authorities for the purposes of this Regulation, including the procedures and detailed conditions relating to the delegation of tasks.
321	2. In accordance with Article 16 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010, ESMA shall, in cooperation with the EBA and EIOPA, issue and update guidelines on the application of the endorsement regime referred to in Article 10 of this Regulation by XX XXXX XXXX.	2. In accordance with Article 16 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010, ESMA shall, in cooperation with the EBA and EIOPA, issue and update guidelines on the application of the endorsement regime referred to in Article 10 of this Regulation by XX XXXX XXXX.	2. In accordance with Article 16 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010, ESMA shall, in cooperation with the EBA and EIOPA, issue and update guidelines on the application of the endorsement regime referred to in Article 10 of this Regulation by **XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
322	3. ESMA shall publish an annual report on the application of this Regulation, including on	3. ESMA shall publish an annual report on the application of this Regulation, including on	3. ESMA shall publish an annual report on the application of this Regulation, including on

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	supervisory measures taken and penalties imposed by ESMA under this Regulation, including fines and periodic penalty payments. That report shall contain, in particular, information on the evolution of ESG Ratings market and an assessment of the application of the third country regimes referred to in Articles 9, 10 and 11.	supervisory measures taken and penalties imposed by ESMA under this Regulation, including fines and periodic penalty payments. That report shall contain, in particular, information on the evolution of ESG Ratings market and an assessment of the application of the third country regimes referred to in Articles 9, 10 and 11.	supervisory measures taken and penalties imposed by ESMA under this Regulation, including fines and periodic penalty payments. That report shall contain, in particular, information on the evolution of ESG Ratings market and an assessment of the application of the third country regimes referred to in Articles 9, 10 and 11.
323	ESMA shall present the annual report referred to in the first subparagraph to the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission.	ESMA shall present the annual report referred to in the first subparagraph to the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission.	ESMA shall present the annual report referred to in the first subparagraph to the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission.
324	4. ESMA shall cooperate with the EBA and EIOPA in performing its tasks and shall consult the EBA and EIOPA before issuing and updating guidelines and submitting draft regulatory technical standards.	4. ESMA shall cooperate with the EBA and EIOPA in performing its tasks and shall consult the EBA and EIOPA before issuing and updating guidelines and submitting draft regulatory technical standards.	4. ESMA shall cooperate with the EBA and EIOPA in performing its tasks and shall consult the EBA and EIOPA before issuing and updating guidelines and submitting draft regulatory technical standards.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
325	Article 28 Competent authorities	Article 28 Competent authorities	Article 28 Competent authorities
326	By XX XXXX XXXX, each Member State shall designate a competent authority for the purposes of this Regulation.	By XX XXXX XXXX, each Member State shall designate a competent authority for the purposes of this Regulation.	1. By XX XXXX XXXX [18 months after the entry into force of this Regulation], each Member State shall designate a competent authority for the purposes of this Regulation.
327	2. Competent authorities shall be adequately staffed, with regard to capacity and expertise, to be able to apply this Regulation.	2. Competent authorities shall be adequately staffed, with regard to capacity and expertise, to be able to apply this Regulation.	2. Competent authorities shall be adequately staffed, with regard to capacity and expertise, to be able to apply this Regulation.
328	Article 29 Exercise of the powers referred to in Articles 30 to 32	Article 29 Exercise of the powers referred to in Articles 30 to 32	Article 29 Exercise of the powers referred to in Articles 30 to 32

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
329	The powers conferred on ESMA or any official of or other person authorised by ESMA by Articles 30 to 32 shall not be used to require the disclosure of information or documents which are subject to legal privilege.	The powers conferred on ESMA or any official of or other person authorised by ESMA by Articles 30 to 32 shall not be used to require the disclosure of information or documents which are subject to legal privilege.	The powers conferred on ESMA or any official of or other person authorised by ESMA by Articles 30 to 32 shall not be used to require the disclosure of information or documents which are subject to legal privilege.
330	Article 30 Requests for information	Article 30 Requests for information	Article 30 Requests for information
331	1. ESMA may by simple request or by decision require ESG rating providers, persons involved in ESG rating activities, rated entities, third parties to whom the ESG rating providers have outsourced operational functions or activities, and persons otherwise closely and substantially related or connected to ESG rating providers or ESG rating activities, to provide all information that it needs to carry out its duties under this	1. ESMA may by simple request or by decision require ESG rating providers, persons involved in ESG rating activities, rated entities, third parties to whom the ESG rating providers have outsourced operational functions or activities, and persons otherwise closely and substantially related or connected to ESG rating providers or ESG rating activities, to provide all information that it needs to carry out its duties under this	1. ESMA may by simple request or by decision require ESG rating providers, persons involved in ESG rating activities, rated <u>items and</u> <u>issuers of rated items entities</u> , third parties to whom the ESG rating providers have outsourced operational functions or activities, and persons otherwise closely and substantially related or connected to ESG rating providers or ESG rating activities, to provide all information

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	Regulation.	Regulation.	that it needs to carry out its duties under this Regulation.
332	2. When sending a simple request for information under paragraph 1, ESMA shall:	2. When sending a simple request for information under paragraph 1, ESMA shall:	2. When sending a simple request for information under paragraph 1, ESMA shall:
333	(a) refer to this Article as the legal basis for the request;	(a) refer to this Article as the legal basis for the request;	(a) refer to this Article as the legal basis for the request;
334	(b) state the purpose of the request;	(b) state the purpose of the request;	(b) state the purpose of the request;
335	(c) specify what information is required;	(c) specify what information is required;	(c) specify what information is required;
336	(d) set a time-limit within which the	(d) set a <u>reasonable</u> time-limit within <u>which</u>	(d) set a time-limit within which the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	information is to be provided;	the information is to be provided and the format in which the information is to be provided;	information is to be provided;
337	(e) inform the person from whom the information is requested that there is no obligation to provide the information but that any reply to the request for information must not be incorrect or misleading;	(e) inform the person from whom the information is requested that there is no obligation to provide the information but that any reply to the request for information must not be incorrect or misleading;	(e) inform the person from whom the information is requested that there is no obligation to provide the information but that any reply to the request for information must not be incorrect or misleading;
338	(f) indicate the fine provided for in Article 34, where the answers to questions asked are incorrect or misleading.	(f) indicate the fine provided for in Article 34, where the answers to questions asked are incorrect or misleading.	(f) indicate the fine provided for in Article 34, where the answers to questions asked are incorrect or misleading.
339	3. When requiring the supply of information under paragraph 1 by decision, ESMA shall:	3. When requiring the supply of information under paragraph 1 by decision, ESMA shall:	3. When requiring the supply of information under paragraph 1 by decision, ESMA shall:

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
340	(a) refer to this Article as the legal basis for the request;	(a) refer to this Article as the legal basis for the request;	(a) refer to this Article as the legal basis for the request;
341	(b) state the purpose of the request;	(b) state the purpose of the request;	(b) state the purpose of the request;
342	(c) specify what information is required;	(c) specify what information is required;	(c) specify what information is required;
343	(d) set a time-limit within which the information is to be provided;	(d) set a <u>reasonable</u> time-limit within <u>which</u> <u>the information is to be provided and the</u> <u>format in</u> which the information is to be provided;	(d) set a time-limit within which the information is to be provided;
344	(e) indicate the periodic penalty payments provided for in Article 35 where the production of the required information is incomplete;	(e) indicate the periodic penalty payments provided for in Article 35 where the production of the required information is incomplete;	(e) indicate the periodic penalty payments provided for in Article 35 where the production of the required information is incomplete;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
345	(f) indicate the fine provided for in Article 34, where the answers to questions asked are incorrect or misleading;	(f) indicate the fine provided for in Article 34, where the answers to questions asked are incorrect or misleading;	(f) indicate the fine provided for in Article 34, where the answers to questions asked are incorrect or misleading;
346	(g) indicate the right to appeal the decision before the Board of Appeal and to have the decision reviewed by the Court of Justice of the European Union in accordance with Articles 60 and 61 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	(g) indicate the right to appeal the decision before the Board of Appeal and to have the decision reviewed by the Court of Justice of the European Union in accordance with Articles 60 and 61 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	(g) indicate the right to appeal the decision before the Board of Appeal and to have the decision reviewed by the Court of Justice of the European Union in accordance with Articles 60 and 61 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.
347	4. The persons referred to in paragraph 1 or their representatives and, in the case of legal persons or of associations having no legal personality, the persons authorised to represent them by law or by their constitution, shall supply the information requested. Lawyers duly	4. The persons referred to in paragraph 1 or their representatives and, in the case of legal persons or of associations having no legal personality, the persons authorised to represent them by law or by their constitution, shall supply the information requested. Lawyers duly	4. The persons referred to in paragraph 1 or their representatives and, in the case of legal persons or of associations having no legal personality, the persons authorised to represent them by law or by their constitution, shall supply the information requested. Lawyers duly

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	authorised to act may supply the information on behalf of their clients. Those clients shall remain fully responsible if the information supplied by the lawyers is incomplete, incorrect or misleading.	authorised to act may supply the information on behalf of their clients. Those clients shall remain fully responsible if the information supplied by the lawyers is incomplete, incorrect or misleading.	authorised to act may supply the information on behalf of their clients. Those clients shall remain fully responsible if the information supplied by the lawyers is incomplete, incorrect or misleading.
348	5. ESMA shall, without delay, send a copy of the simple request or of its decision to the competent authority of the Member State where the persons referred to in paragraph 1 who are concerned by the request for information are domiciled or established.	5. ESMA shall, without delay, send a copy of the simple request or of its decision to the competent authority of the Member State where the persons referred to in paragraph 1 who are concerned by the request for information are domiciled or established.	5. ESMA shall, without delay, send a copy of the simple request or of its decision to the competent authority of the Member State where the persons referred to in paragraph 1 who are concerned by the request for information are domiciled or established.
349	Article 31 General investigations	Article 31 General investigations	Article 31 General investigations
350	In order to carry out its duties under this	In order to carry out its duties under this	In order to carry out its duties under this

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	Regulation, ESMA may conduct all necessary investigations of persons referred to in Article 30(1). To that end, the officials of and other persons authorised by ESMA shall be empowered to:	Regulation, ESMA may conduct all necessary investigations of persons referred to in Article 30(1). To that end, the officials of and other persons authorised by ESMA shall be empowered to:	Regulation, ESMA may conduct all necessary investigations of persons referred to in Article 30(1). To that end, the officials of and other persons authorised by ESMA shall be empowered to:
351	(a) examine any records, data, procedures and any other material relevant to the execution of its tasks irrespective of the medium on which they are stored;	(a) examine any records, data, procedures and any other material relevant to the execution of its tasks irrespective of the medium on which they are stored;	(a) examine any records, data, procedures and any other material relevant to the execution of its tasks irrespective of the medium on which they are stored;
352	(b) take or obtain certified copies of or extracts from such records, data, procedures and other material;	(b) take or obtain certified copies of or extracts from such records, data, procedures and other material;	(b) take or obtain certified copies of or extracts from such records, data, procedures and other material;
353	(c) summon and ask any person referred to in Article 30(1),or their representatives or staff for	(c) summon and ask any person referred to in Article 30(1),or their representatives or staff for	(c) summon and ask any person referred to in Article 30(1),or their representatives or staff for

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	oral or written explanations on facts or documents related to the subject matter and purpose of the inspection and to record the answers;	oral or written explanations on facts or documents related to the subject matter and purpose of the <i>inspectioninvestigation</i> and to record the answers;	oral or written explanations on facts or documents related to the subject matter and purpose of the inspection and to record the answers;
354	(d) interview any other natural or legal person who consents to be interviewed for the purpose of collecting information relating to the subject matter of an investigation;	(d) interview any other natural or legal person who consents to be interviewed for the purpose of collecting information relating to the subject matter of an investigation;	(d) interview any other natural or legal person who consents to be interviewed for the purpose of collecting information relating to the subject matter of an investigation;
355	(e) request records of telephone and data traffic.	(e) request records of telephone and data traffic.	(e) request records of telephone and data traffic.
356	2. The officials of and other persons authorised by ESMA for the purposes of the investigations referred to in paragraph 1 shall exercise their powers upon production of a written	2. The officials of and other persons authorised by ESMA for the purposes of the investigations referred to in paragraph 1 shall exercise their powers upon production of a written	2. The officials of and other persons authorised by ESMA for the purposes of the investigations referred to in paragraph 1 shall exercise their powers upon production of a written

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	authorisation specifying the subject matter and purpose of the investigation. That authorisation shall also indicate the periodic penalty payments provided for in Article 35(1) where the production of the required records, data, procedures or any other material, or the answers to questions asked of the persons referred to in Article are not provided or are incomplete, and the fines provided for in Article 34, where the answers to questions asked of the persons referred to in Article are incorrect or misleading.	authorisation specifying the subject matter and purpose of the investigation. That authorisation shall also indicate the periodic penalty payments provided for in Article 35(1) where the production of the required records, data, procedures or any other material, or the answers to questions asked of the persons referred to in Article are not provided or are incomplete, and the fines provided for in Article 34, where the answers to questions asked of the persons referred to in Article are incorrect or misleading.	authorisation specifying the subject matter and purpose of the investigation. That authorisation shall also indicate the periodic penalty payments provided for in Article 35(1) where the production of the required records, data, procedures or any other material, or the answers to questions asked of the persons referred to in Article 30(1) are not provided or are incomplete, and the fines provided for in Article 34, where the answers to questions asked of the persons referred to in Article 30(1) are incorrect or misleading.
357	3. The persons referred to in Article 30(1) shall submit to investigations launched on the basis of a decision of ESMA. The decision shall specify the subject matter and purpose of the investigation, the periodic penalty payments provided for in Article 3, the legal remedies available under Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010	3. The persons referred to in Article 30(1) shall submit to investigations launched on the basis of a decision of ESMA. The decision shall specify the subject matter and purpose of the investigation, the periodic penalty payments provided for in Article 3, the legal remedies available under Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010	3. The persons referred to in Article 30(1) shall submit to investigations launched on the basis of a decision of ESMA. The decision shall specify the subject matter and purpose of the investigation, the periodic penalty payments provided for in Article 3, the legal remedies available under Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	and the right to have the decision reviewed by the Court of Justice of the European Union.	and the right to have the decision reviewed by the Court of Justice of the European Union.	and the right to have the decision reviewed by the Court of Justice of the European Union.
358	4. In good time before the investigation, ESMA shall inform the competent authority of the Member State where the investigation is to be carried out of the investigation and of the identity of the authorised persons. Officials of the competent authority concerned shall, upon the request of ESMA, assist those authorised persons in carrying out their duties. Officials of the competent authority concerned may also attend the investigations upon request.	4. In good time before the investigation, ESMA shall inform the competent authority of the Member State where the investigation is to be carried out of the investigation and of the identity of the authorised persons. Officials of the competent authority concerned shall, upon the request of ESMA, assist those authorised persons in carrying out their duties. Officials of the competent authority concerned may also attend the investigations upon request.	4. In good time before the investigation, ESMA shall inform the competent authority of the Member State where the investigation is to be carried out of the investigation and of the identity of the authorised persons. Officials of the competent authority concerned shall, upon the request of ESMA, assist those authorised persons in carrying out their duties. Officials of the competent authority concerned may also attend the investigations upon request.
359	5. If a request for records of telephone or data traffic referred to in point (e) of paragraph 1 requires authorisation from a judicial authority according to national rules, such authorisation shall be applied for. Such authorisation may	5. If a request for records of telephone or data traffic referred to in point (e) of paragraph 1 requires authorisation from a judicial authority according to national rules, such authorisation shall be applied for. Such authorisation may	5. If a request for records of telephone or data traffic referred to in point (e) of paragraph 1 requires authorisation from a judicial authority according to national rules, such authorisation shall be applied for. Such authorisation may

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	also be applied for as a precautionary measure.	also be applied for as a precautionary measure.	also be applied for as a precautionary measure.
	6. Where authorisation as referred to in paragraph 5 is applied for, the national judicial authority shall control that the decision of ESMA is authentic and that the coercive measures envisaged are neither arbitrary nor excessive having regard to the subject matter of the investigations. In its control of the	6. Where authorisation as referred to in paragraph 5 is applied for, the national judicial authority shall control that the decision of ESMA is authentic and that the coercive measures envisaged are neither arbitrary nor excessive having regard to the subject matter of the investigations. In its control of the	6. Where authorisation as referred to in paragraph 5 is applied for, the national judicial authority shall control that the decision of ESMA is authentic and that the coercive measures envisaged are neither arbitrary nor excessive having regard to the subject matter of the investigations. In its control of the
360	proportionality of the coercive measures, the national judicial authority may ask ESMA for	proportionality of the coercive measures, the national judicial authority may ask ESMA for	proportionality of the coercive measures, the national judicial authority may ask ESMA for
	detailed explanations, in particular relating to the grounds ESMA has for suspecting that an	detailed explanations, in particular relating to the grounds ESMA has for suspecting that an	detailed explanations, in particular relating to the grounds ESMA has for suspecting that an
	infringement of this Regulation has taken place and the seriousness of the suspected	and the seriousness of the suspected	infringement of this Regulation has taken place and the seriousness of the suspected
	infringement and the nature of the involvement of the person subject to the coercive measures. However, the national judicial authority shall	infringement and the nature of the involvement of the person subject to the coercive measures. However, the national judicial authority shall	infringement and the nature of the involvement of the person subject to the coercive measures. However, the national judicial authority shall
	not review the necessity for the investigation or demand that it be provided with the information	not review the necessity for the investigation or demand that it be provided with the information	not review the necessity for the investigation or demand that it be provided with the information

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	on ESMA's file. The lawfulness of ESMA's decision shall be subject to review only by the Court of Justice of the European Union following the procedure set out in Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	on ESMA's file. The lawfulness of ESMA's decision shall be subject to review only by the Court of Justice of the European Union following the procedure set out in Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	on ESMA's file. The lawfulness of ESMA's decision shall be subject to review only by the Court of Justice of the European Union following the procedure set out in Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.
361	Article 32 On-site inspections	Article 32 On-site inspections	Article 32 On-site inspections
362	1. In order to carry out its duties under this Regulation, ESMA may conduct all necessary on-site inspections at the business premises of the legal persons referred to in Article 30(1). Where the proper conduct and efficiency of the inspection so require, ESMA may carry out the on-site inspection without prior announcement.	1. In order to carry out its duties under this Regulation, ESMA may conduct all necessary on-site inspections at the business premises and land of the legal persons referred to in Article 30(1). Where the proper conduct and efficiency of the inspection so require, ESMA may carry out the on-site inspection without prior announcement.	1. In order to carry out its duties under this Regulation, ESMA may conduct all necessary on-site inspections at the business premises of the legal persons referred to in Article 30(1). Where the proper conduct and efficiency of the inspection so require, ESMA may carry out the on-site inspection without prior announcement.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
363	2. The officials of and other persons authorised by ESMA to conduct an on-site inspection may enter any business premises and land of the legal persons subject to an investigation decision adopted by ESMA and shall have all the powers stipulated in Article 31(1). They shall also have the power to seal any business premises and books or records for the period of, and to the extent necessary for, the inspection.	2. The officials of and other persons authorised by ESMA to conduct an on-site inspection may enter any business premises and land of the legal persons subject to an investigation decision adopted by ESMA and shall have all the powers stipulated in Article 31(1). They shall also have the power to seal any business premises and books or records for the period of, and to the extent necessary for, the inspection.	2. The officials of and other persons authorised by ESMA to conduct an on-site inspection may enter any business premises and land of the legal persons subject to an investigation decision adopted by ESMA and shall have all the powers stipulated in Article 31(1). They shall also have the power to seal any business premises and books or records for the period of, and to the extent necessary for, the inspection.
364	3. The officials of and other persons authorised by ESMA to conduct an on-site inspection shall exercise their powers upon production of a written authorisation specifying the subject matter and purpose of the inspection, and the periodic penalty payments provided for in Article 31 where the persons concerned do not submit to the inspection. In good time before the inspection, ESMA shall give notice of the	3. The officials of and other persons authorised by ESMA to conduct an on-site inspection shall exercise their powers upon production of a written authorisation specifying the subject matter and purpose of the inspection, and the periodic penalty payments provided for in Article 31 where the persons concerned do not submit to the inspection. In good time before the inspection, ESMA shall give notice of the	3. The officials of and other persons authorised by ESMA to conduct an on-site inspection shall exercise their powers upon production of a written authorisation specifying the subject matter and purpose of the inspection, and the periodic penalty payments provided for in Article 31 where the persons concerned do not submit to the inspection. In good time before the inspection, ESMA shall give notice of the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	inspection to the competent authority of the Member State where it is to be conducted.	inspection to the competent authority of the Member State where it is to be conducted.	inspection to the competent authority of the Member State where it is to be conducted.
365	4. The persons referred to in Article 30(1) shall submit to on-site inspections ordered by decision of ESMA. The decision shall specify the subject matter and purpose of the inspection, specify the date on which it is to begin and indicate the periodic penalty payments provided for in Article 31, the legal remedies available under Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010 as well as the right to have the decision reviewed by the Court of Justice of the European Union. ESMA shall take such decisions after consulting the competent authority of the Member State where the inspection is to be conducted.	4. The persons referred to in Article 30(1) shall submit to on-site inspections ordered by decision of ESMA. The decision shall specify the subject matter and purpose of the inspection, specify the date on which it is to begin and indicate the periodic penalty payments provided for in Article 31, the legal remedies available under Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010 as well as the right to have the decision reviewed by the Court of Justice of the European Union. ESMA shall take such decisions after consulting the competent authority of the Member State where the inspection is to be conducted.	4. The persons referred to in Article 30(1) shall submit to on-site inspections ordered by decision of ESMA. The decision shall specify the subject matter and purpose of the inspection, specify the date on which it is to begin and indicate the periodic penalty payments provided for in Article 31, the legal remedies available under Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010 as well as the right to have the decision reviewed by the Court of Justice of the European Union. ESMA shall take such decisions after consulting the competent authority of the Member State where the inspection is to be conducted.
366	5. Officials of, as well as those authorised or appointed by, the competent authority of the	5. Officials of, as well as those authorised or appointed by, the competent authority of the	5. Officials of, as well as those authorised or appointed by, the competent authority of the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	Member State where the inspection is to be conducted shall, upon the request of ESMA, actively assist the officials of and other persons authorised by ESMA. To that end, they shall enjoy the powers set out in paragraph 2. Officials of the competent authority of the Member State concerned may also attend the on-site inspections upon request.	Member State where the inspection is to be conducted shall, upon the request of ESMA, actively assist the officials of and other persons authorised by ESMA. To that end, they shall enjoy the powers set out in paragraph 2. Officials of the competent authority of the Member State concerned may also attend the on-site inspections upon request.	Member State where the inspection is to be conducted shall, upon the request of ESMA, actively assist the officials of and other persons authorised by ESMA. To that end, they shall enjoy the powers set out in paragraph 2. Officials of the competent authority of the Member State concerned may also attend the on-site inspections upon request.
367	6. ESMA may also require competent authorities to carry out specific investigatory tasks and on-site inspections as provided for in this Article and in Article 31(1) on its behalf. To that end, competent authorities shall enjoy the same powers as ESMA as set out in this Article and in Article 31(1).	6. ESMA may also require competent authorities to carry out specific investigatory tasks and on-site inspections as provided for in this Article and in Article 31(1) on its behalf. To that end, competent authorities shall enjoy the same powers as ESMA as set out in this Article and in Article 31(1).	6. ESMA may also require competent authorities to carry out specific investigatory tasks and on-site inspections as provided for in this Article and in Article 31(1) on its behalf. To that end, competent authorities shall enjoy the same powers as ESMA as set out in this Article and in Article 31(1).
368	7. Where the officials of and other accompanying persons authorised by ESMA	7. Where the officials of and other accompanying persons authorised by ESMA	7. Where the officials of and other accompanying persons authorised by ESMA

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	find that a person opposes an inspection ordered pursuant to this Article, the competent authority of the Member State concerned shall afford them the necessary assistance, requesting, where appropriate, the assistance of the police or of an equivalent enforcement authority, so as to enable them to conduct their on-site inspection.	find that a person opposes an inspection ordered pursuant to this Article, the competent authority of the Member State concerned shall afford them the necessary assistance, requesting, where appropriate, the assistance of the police or of an equivalent enforcement authority, so as to enable them to conduct their on-site inspection.	find that a person opposes an inspection ordered pursuant to this Article, the competent authority of the Member State concerned shall afford them the necessary assistance, requesting, where appropriate, the assistance of the police or of an equivalent enforcement authority, so as to enable them to conduct their on-site inspection.
369	8. If the on-site inspection provided for in paragraph 1 or the assistance provided for in paragraph 7 requires authorisation by a judicial authority according to national rules, such authorisation shall be applied for. Such authorisation may also be applied for as a precautionary measure.	8. If the on-site inspection provided for in paragraph 1 or the assistance provided for in paragraph 7 requires authorisation by a judicial authority according to national rules, such authorisation shall be applied for. Such authorisation may also be applied for as a precautionary measure.	8. If the on-site inspection provided for in paragraph 1 or the assistance provided for in paragraph 7 requires authorisation by a judicial authority according to national rules, such authorisation shall be applied for. Such authorisation may also be applied for as a precautionary measure.
370	9. Where authorisation as referred to in paragraph 8 is applied for, the national judicial	9. Where authorisation as referred to in paragraph 8 is applied for, the national judicial	9. Where authorisation as referred to in paragraph 8 is applied for, the national judicial

Commission Proposal EP Mandate Council Mandate authority shall control that the decision of authority shall control that the decision of authority shall control that the decision of ESMA is authentic and that the coercive ESMA is authentic and that the coercive ESMA is authentic and that the coercive measures envisaged are neither arbitrary nor measures envisaged are neither arbitrary nor measures envisaged are neither arbitrary nor excessive having regard to the subject matter of excessive having regard to the subject matter of excessive having regard to the subject matter of the inspection. In its control of the the inspection. In its control of the the inspection. In its control of the proportionality of the coercive measures, the proportionality of the coercive measures, the proportionality of the coercive measures, the national judicial authority may ask ESMA for national judicial authority may ask ESMA for national judicial authority may ask ESMA for detailed explanations, in particular relating to detailed explanations, in particular relating to detailed explanations, in particular relating to the grounds ESMA has for suspecting that an the grounds ESMA has for suspecting that an the grounds ESMA has for suspecting that an infringement of this Regulation has taken place infringement of this Regulation has taken place infringement of this Regulation has taken place and the seriousness of the suspected and the seriousness of the suspected and the seriousness of the suspected infringement and the nature of the involvement infringement and the nature of the involvement infringement and the nature of the involvement of the person subject to the coercive measures. of the person subject to the coercive measures. of the person subject to the coercive measures. However, the national judicial authority shall However, the national judicial authority shall However, the national judicial authority shall not review the necessity for the inspection or not review the necessity for the inspection or not review the necessity for the inspection or demand to be provided with the information on demand to be provided with the information on demand to be provided with the information on ESMA's file. The lawfulness of ESMA's ESMA's file. The lawfulness of ESMA's ESMA's file. The lawfulness of ESMA's decision shall be subject to review only by the decision shall be subject to review only by the decision shall be subject to review only by the Court of Justice of the European Union Court of Justice of the European Union Court of Justice of the European Union following the procedure set out in Regulation following the procedure set out in Regulation following the procedure set out in Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010. (EU) No 1095/2010. (EU) No 1095/2010.

17067/23 MP/lhg 204 ECOFIN.1.B

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
371	Section 2 Administrative sanctions and other administrative measures	Section 2 Administrative sanctions and other administrative measures	Section 2 Administrative sanctions and other administrative measures
372	Article 33 Supervisory measures by ESMA	Article 33 Supervisory measures by ESMA	Article 33 Supervisory measures by ESMA
373	1. Where ESMA' finds that a ESG rating provider has not complied with its obligations under this Regulation, it shall take one or more of the following supervisory measures:	1. Where ESMA' finds that a ESG rating provider has not complied with its obligations under this Regulation, it shall require the ESG rating provider to bring the infringement to an end. In addition, ESMA may take one or more of the following supervisory measures:	1. Where ESMA-2 finds that ann ESG rating provider has not complied with its obligations under this Regulation, it shall take one or more of the following supervisory measures:
374	(a) withdraw the authorisation of the ESG rating provider;	(a) withdraw the authorisation of the ESG rating provider;	(a) withdraw <u>or suspend</u> the authorisation <u>or</u> <u>recognition</u> of the ESG rating provider;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
375	(b) temporarily prohibit the ESG rating provider from providing ESG ratings, until the infringement has been brought to an end;	(b) temporarily prohibit the ESG rating provider from providing ESG ratings, until the infringement has been brought to an end;	(b) temporarily prohibit the ESG rating provider from providing publishing or distributing ESG ratings, until the infringement has been brought to an end;
376	(c) suspend the use of the ESG ratings provided by the ESG rating provider, until the infringement has been brought to an end;	(c) suspend the use of the ESG ratings provided by the ESG rating provider, until the infringement has been brought to an end;	(c) suspend the use of the ESG ratings provided by the ESG rating provider, until the infringement has been brought to an end;
377	(d) require the ESG rating provider to bring the infringement to an end;	deleted	(d) require the ESG rating provider to bring the infringement to an end;
378	(e) impose fines pursuant to Article 34;	(e) impose fines pursuant to Article 34;	(e) impose fines pursuant to Article 34;
379	(f) issue public notices.	(f) issue public notices.	(f) issue public notices.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
379a			1a. ESMA may also take one or more of the supervisory measures, referred to in paragraph 1, points (b) to (e), in case the ESG rating provider has not applied for authorisation or when ESMA has withdrawn or suspended the authorisation or recognition. ESMA's decisions referred to in this paragraph shall be adequately reasoned.
380	2. The supervisory measures referred to in paragraph 1 shall be effective, proportionate, and dissuasive.	2. The supervisory measures referred to in paragraph 1 shall be effective, proportionate, and dissuasive.	2. The supervisory measures referred to in paragraph 1 shall be effective, proportionate, and dissuasive.
381	3. When taking the supervisory measures referred to in paragraph 1, ESMA shall take into account the nature and seriousness of the	3. When taking the supervisory measures referred to in paragraph 1, ESMA shall take into account the nature and seriousness of the	3. When taking the supervisory measures referred to in paragraph 1, ESMA shall take into account the nature and seriousness of the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	infringement, having regard to the following criteria:	infringement, having regard to the following criteria:	infringement, having regard to the following criteria:
382	(a) the duration and frequency of the infringement;	(a) the duration and frequency of the infringement;	(a) the duration and frequency of the infringement;
383	(b) whether financial crime has been occasioned, facilitated or otherwise attributable to the infringement;	(b) whether financial crime has been occasioned, facilitated or otherwise attributable to the infringement;	(b) whether financial crime has been occasioned, facilitated or otherwise attributable to the infringement;
384	(c) whether the infringement has been committed intentionally or negligently;	(c) whether the infringement has been committed intentionally or negligently;	(c) whether the infringement has been committed intentionally or negligently;
385	(d) the degree of responsibility of the person responsible for the infringement;	(d) the degree of responsibility of the person responsible for the infringement;	(d) the degree of responsibility of the person responsible for the infringement;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
386	(e) the financial strength of the ESG rating provider, as indicated by its total annual net turnover;	(e) the financial strength of the ESG rating provider, as indicated by its total annual net turnover;	(e) the financial strength of the ESG rating provider, as indicated by its total annual net turnover;
387	(f) the impact of the infringement on retail investors' interests;	(f) the impact of the infringement on retail investors' interests and on other ESG rating users;	(f) the impact of the infringement on <i>retail</i> investors' interests;
388	(g) the importance of the profits gained and losses avoided by the ESG rating provider or the losses for third parties derived from the infringement, insofar as such profits and losses can be determined;	(g) the importance of the profits gained and losses avoided by the ESG rating provider or the losses for third parties derived from the infringement, insofar as such profits and losses can be determined;	(g) the importance of the profits gained and losses avoided by the ESG rating provider or the losses for third parties derived from the infringement, insofar as such profits and losses can be determined;
389	(h) the level of cooperation of the ESG rating provider with ESMA, without prejudice to the	(h) the level of cooperation of the ESG rating provider with ESMA, without prejudice to the	(h) the level of cooperation of the ESG rating provider with ESMA, without prejudice to the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	need to ensure disgorgement of profits gained or losses avoided by that ESG rating provider;	need to ensure disgorgement of profits gained or losses avoided by that ESG rating provider;	need to ensure disgorgement of profits gained or losses avoided by that ESG rating provider;
390	(i) previous infringements by the ESG rating provider;	(i) previous infringements by the ESG rating provider;	(i) previous infringements by the ESG rating provider;
391	(j) measures taken after the infringement by the ESG rating provider to prevent its repetition.	(j) measures taken after the infringement by the ESG rating provider to prevent its repetition.	(j) measures taken after the infringement by the ESG rating provider to prevent its repetition.
392	4. ESMA shall notify any action taken pursuant to paragraph 1 to the person responsible for the infringement without undue delay. ESMA shall publish any such action on its website within 10 working days from the date when it was adopted.	4. ESMA shall notify any action taken pursuant to paragraph 1 to the person responsible for the infringement without undue delay. ESMA shall publish any such action on its website within 10 working days from the date when it was adopted.	4. ESMA shall notify any action taken pursuant to paragraph 1 to the person responsible for the infringement without undue delay. ESMA shall publish any such action on its website within 10 working days from the date when it was adopted.
393			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	The publication referred to in the first subparagraph shall contain all of the following:	The publication referred to in the first subparagraph shall contain all of the following:	The publication referred to in the first subparagraph shall contain all of the following:
394	(a) a statement affirming the right of the ESG rating provider to appeal the decision;	(a) a statement affirming the right of the ESG rating provider to appeal the decision;	(a) a statement affirming the right of the ESG rating provider to appeal the decision;
395	(b) where relevant, a statement affirming that an appeal has been lodged and specifying that such an appeal does not have suspensive effect;	(b) where relevant, a statement affirming that an appeal has been lodged and specifying that such an appeal does not have suspensive effect;	(b) where relevant, a statement affirming that an appeal has been lodged and specifying that such an appeal does not have suspensive effect;
396	(c) a statement asserting that it is possible for ESMA to suspend the application of the contested decision in accordance with Article 60(3) of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	(c) a statement asserting that it is possible for ESMA to suspend the application of the contested decision in accordance with Article 60(3) of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	(c) a statement asserting that it is possible for ESMA to suspend the application of the contested decision in accordance with Article 60(3) of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.
396a		4a. Where an ESG rating provider has	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		committed material infringements of this Regulation in respect of the development of an ESG rating, ESMA may require the infringing ESG rating provider to inform the ESG rating subscribers and users that the ESG rating is no longer valid. ESMA shall publish on its website its decision to that effect on the day following the adoption of that decision.	
397	Article 34 Fines	Article 34 Fines	Article 34 Fines
398	1. Where ESMA finds that an ESG rating provider, or, where applicable, its legal representative, has, intentionally or negligently, infringed this Regulation, it shall adopt a decision imposing a fine. The maximum amount of the fine shall be 10 % of the total annual net turnover of the ESG rating provider,	1. Where ESMA finds that an ESG rating provider, or, where applicable, its legal representative, has, intentionally or negligently, infringed this Regulation, it shall adopt a decision imposing a fine. The maximum amount of the fine shall be 10 % of the total annual net turnover of the ESG rating provider,	1. Where ESMA finds that an ESG rating provider, or, where applicable, **itstheir* legal representative, has, intentionally or negligently, infringed this Regulation, it shall adopt a decision imposing a fine. The maximum amount of the fine shall be 10 % of the total annual net turnover of the ESG rating provider,

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	calculated on the basis of the most recent available financial statements approved by the management body of the ESG rating provider.	calculated on the basis of the most recent available financial statements approved by the management body of the ESG rating provider. An infringement shall be considered to have been committed intentionally if ESMA finds objective elements which demonstrate that a person acted deliberately to commit the infringement.	calculated on the basis of the most recent available financial statements approved by the management body of the ESG rating provider. Where applicable, an infringement shall be considered to have been committed intentionally if ESMA finds objective elements which demonstrate that a person acted deliberately to commit the infringement. If applicable, when determining the amount of the fine, ESMA shall take into account whether the infringement was committed intentionally or negligently.
399	2. Where the ESG ratings provider is a parent undertaking or a subsidiary of a parent undertaking which is required to prepare consolidated financial accounts pursuant to Directive 2013/34/EU, the relevant total annual net turnover shall be either the total annual net turnover, or the corresponding type of income	2. Where the ESG ratings provider is a parent undertaking or a subsidiary of a parent undertaking which is required to prepare consolidated financial accounts pursuant to Directive 2013/34/EU, the relevant total annual net turnover shall be either the total annual net turnover, or the corresponding type of income	2. Where the ESG ratings provider is a parent undertaking or a subsidiary of a parent undertaking which is required to prepare consolidated financial accounts pursuant to Directive 2013/34/EU, the relevant total annual net turnover shall be either the total annual net turnover, or the corresponding type of income

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	in accordance with the relevant Union law in the area of accounting, according to the most recent available consolidated accounts approved by the management body of the ultimate parent undertaking.	in accordance with the relevant Union law in the area of accounting, according to the most recent available consolidated accounts approved by the management body of the ultimate parent undertaking.	in accordance with the relevant Union law in the area of accounting, according to the most recent available consolidated accounts approved by the management body of the ultimate parent undertaking.
400	3. When determining the level of a fine pursuant to paragraph 1, ESMA shall take into account the criteria set out in Article 33(3).	3. When determining the level of a fine pursuant to paragraph 1, ESMA shall take into account the criteria set out in Article 33(3).	3. When determining the level of a fine pursuant to paragraph 1, ESMA shall take into account the criteria set out in Article 33(3).
401	4. Notwithstanding paragraph 3, where the ESG rating provider has directly or indirectly benefited financially from the infringement, the amount of the fine shall be at least equal to that benefit.	4. Notwithstanding paragraph 3, where the ESG rating provider has directly or indirectly benefited financially from the infringement, the amount of the fine shall be at least equal to that benefit.	4. Notwithstanding paragraph 3, where the ESG rating provider has directly or indirectly benefited financially from the infringement, the amount of the fine shall be at least equal to that benefit.
402	5. Where an act or omission of a ESG rating	5. Where an act or omission of a ESG rating	5. Where an act or omission of aun ESG rating

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	provider constitutes more than one infringement to this Regulation, only the higher fine calculated in accordance with paragraph 2 and relating to one of those infringements shall apply.	provider constitutes more than one infringement to this Regulation, only the higher fine calculated in accordance with paragraph 2 and relating to one of those infringements shall apply.	provider constitutes more than one infringement to this Regulation, only the higher fine calculated in accordance with paragraph 2—and relating to one of those infringements shall apply.
403	Article 35 Periodic penalty payments	Article 35 Periodic penalty payments	Article 35 Periodic penalty payments
404	ESMA shall, by decision, impose periodic penalty payments to compel:	ESMA shall, by decision, impose periodic penalty payments to compel:	ESMA shall, by decision, impose periodic penalty payments to compel:
405	(a) an ESG ratings provider to put an end to an infringement in accordance with a decision taken pursuant to Article 33;	(a) an ESG ratings provider to put an end to an infringement in accordance with a decision taken pursuant to Article 33;	(a) an ESG ratings provider to put an end to an infringement in accordance with a decision taken pursuant to Article 33;
406			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	(b) the persons referred to in Article 30(1):	(b) the persons referred to in Article 30(1):	(b) the persons referred to in Article 30(1):
407	(1) to supply complete information which has been requested by a decision taken pursuant to Article 30;	(1) to supply complete information which has been requested by a decision taken pursuant to Article 30;	(1) to supply complete information which has been requested by a decision taken pursuant to Article 30;
408	(2) to submit to an investigation and in particular to produce complete records, data, procedures or any other material required and to complete and correct other information provided in an investigation launched by a decision taken pursuant to Article 30;	(2) to submit to an investigation and in particular to produce complete records, data, procedures or any other material required and to complete and correct other information provided in an investigation launched by a decision taken pursuant to Article 30;	(2) to submit to an investigation and in particular to produce complete records, data, procedures or any other material required and to complete and correct other information provided in an investigation launched by a decision taken pursuant to Article 30;
409	(3) to submit to an on-site inspection ordered by a decision taken pursuant to Article 32.	(3) to submit to an on-site inspection ordered by a decision taken pursuant to Article 32.	(3) to submit to an on-site inspection ordered by a decision taken pursuant to Article 32.
410			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	2. A periodic penalty payment shall be effective and proportionate. ESMA shall impose the periodic penalty payment on a daily basis until the ESG rating provider or person concerned complies with the relevant decision referred to in paragraph 1.	2. A periodic penalty payment shall be effective and proportionate. ESMA shall impose the periodic penalty payment on a daily basis until the ESG rating provider or person concerned complies with the relevant decision referred to in paragraph 1.	2. A periodic penalty payment shall be effective and proportionate. ESMA shall impose the periodic penalty payment on a daily basis until the ESG rating provider or person concerned complies with the relevant decision referred to in paragraph 1.
411	3. Notwithstanding paragraph 2, the amount of the periodic penalty payments shall be 3 % of the average daily turnover in the preceding business year, or, in the case of natural persons, 2 % of the average daily income in the preceding calendar year. It shall be calculated from the date stipulated in the decision imposing the periodic penalty payment.	3. Notwithstanding paragraph 2, the amount of the periodic penalty payments shall be 3 % of the average daily turnover in the preceding business year, or, in the case of natural persons, 2 % of the average daily income in the preceding calendar year. It shall be calculated from the date stipulated in the decision imposing the periodic penalty payment.	3. Notwithstanding paragraph 2, the amount of the periodic penalty payments shall be 3 % of the average daily turnover in the preceding business year, or, in the case of natural persons, 2 % of the average daily income in the preceding calendar year. It shall be calculated from the date stipulated in the decision imposing the periodic penalty payment.
412	4. A periodic penalty payment shall be imposed for a maximum period of six months following the notification of ESMA's decision. Following	4. A periodic penalty payment shall be imposed for a maximum period of six months following the notification of ESMA's decision. Following	4. A periodic penalty payment shall be imposed for a maximum period of six months following the notification of ESMA's decision. Following

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	the end of that period, ESMA shall review the measure.	the end of that period, ESMA shall review the measure.	the end of that period, ESMA shall review the measure.
413	Article 36 Disclosure, nature, enforcement and allocation of fines and periodic penalty payments	Article 36 Disclosure, nature, enforcement and allocation of fines and periodic penalty payments	Article 36 Disclosure, nature, enforcement and allocation of fines and periodic penalty payments
414	1. ESMA shall disclose to the public every fine and every periodic penalty payment that it has imposed pursuant to Articles 34 and 35, unless such disclosure to the public would seriously jeopardise the Union financial markets or cause disproportionate damage to the parties involved. Such disclosure shall not contain personal data within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹. 1. Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament	1. ESMA shall disclose to the public every fine and every periodic penalty payment that it has imposed pursuant to Articles 34 and 35, unless such disclosure to the public would seriously jeopardise the Union financial markets or cause disproportionate damage to the parties involved. Such disclosure shall not contain personal data within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ . 1. Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament	1. ESMA shall disclose to the public every fine and every periodic penalty payment that it has imposed pursuant to Articles 34 and 35, unless such disclosure to the public would seriously jeopardise the Union financial markets or cause disproportionate damage to the parties involved. Such disclosure shall not contain personal data within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹. 1. Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	and of the Council of 23 October 2018 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by the Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and Decision No 1247/2002/EC (OJ L 295, 21.11.2018, p. 39).	and of the Council of 23 October 2018 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by the Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and Decision No 1247/2002/EC (OJ L 295, 21.11.2018, p. 39).	and of the Council of 23 October 2018 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by the Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and Decision No 1247/2002/EC (OJ L 295, 21.11.2018, p. 39).
415	2. Fines and periodic penalty payments imposed pursuant to Articles 34 and 35 shall be of an administrative nature.	2. Fines and periodic penalty payments imposed pursuant to Articles 34 and 35 shall be of an administrative nature.	2. Fines and periodic penalty payments imposed pursuant to Articles 34 and 35 shall be of an administrative nature.
416	3. Fines and periodic penalty payments imposed pursuant to Articles 34 and 35 shall be enforceable.	3. Fines and periodic penalty payments imposed pursuant to Articles 34 and 35 shall be enforceable.	3. Fines and periodic penalty payments imposed pursuant to Articles 34 and 35 shall be enforceable.
417	Enforcement of the fines and periodic payments shall be governed by the rules of procedure in force in the Member State or third country in	Enforcement of the fines and periodic payments shall be governed by the rules of procedure in force in the Member State or third country in	Enforcement of the fines and periodic payments shall be governed by the rules of procedure in force in the Member State or third country in

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		which it is carried out.	which it is carried out.	which it is carried out.
4	118	4. The fines and periodic penalty payments shall be allocated to the general budget of the European Union.	4. The fines and periodic penalty payments shall be allocated to the general budget of the European Union.	4. The fines and periodic penalty payments shall be allocated to the general budget of the European Union.
4	119	Section 3 Procedures and review	Section 3 Procedures and review	Section 3 Procedures and review
4	120	Article 37 Procedural rules for taking supervisory measures and imposing fines	Article 37 Procedural rules for taking supervisory measures and imposing fines	Article 37 Procedural rules for taking supervisory measures and imposing fines
4	121	Where ESMA finds that there are serious indications of a possible infringement of this Regulation, ESMA shall appoint an independent investigation officer within ESMA to	Where ESMA finds that there are serious indications of a possible infringement of this Regulation, ESMA shall appoint an independent investigation officer within ESMA to	Where ESMA finds that there are serious indications of a possible infringement of this Regulation, ESMA shall appoint an independent investigation officer within ESMA to

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	investigate the matter. That appointed officer shall not be involved or have been directly or indirectly involved in the supervision of the ESG ratings to which the infringement relates and shall perform his or her functions independently from ESMA's Board of Supervisors.	investigate the matter. That appointed officer shall not be involved or have been directly or indirectly involved in the supervision of the ESG ratings to which the infringement relates and shall perform his or her functions independently from ESMA's Board of Supervisors.	investigate the matter. That appointed officer shall not be involved or have been directly or indirectly involved in the supervision of the ESG ratings to which the infringement relates and shall perform his or her functions independently from ESMA's Board of Supervisors.
422	2. The investigation officer referred to in paragraph 1 shall investigate the alleged infringements, take into account any comments submitted by the persons who are subject to the investigation, and shall submit a complete file with his or her findings to ESMA's Board of Supervisors.	2. The investigation officer referred to in paragraph 1 shall investigate the alleged infringements, take into account any comments submitted by the persons who are subject to the investigation, and shall submit a complete file with his or her findings to ESMA's Board of Supervisors.	2. The investigation officer referred to in paragraph 1 shall investigate the alleged infringements, take into account any comments submitted by the persons who are subject to the investigation, and shall submit a complete file with his or her findings to ESMA's Board of Supervisors.
423	3. The investigation officer shall have the power to request information in accordance with Article 30 and to conduct investigations	3. The investigation officer shall have the power to request information in accordance with Article 30 and to conduct investigations	3. The investigation officer shall have the power to request information in accordance with Article 30 and to conduct investigations

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	and on-site inspections in accordance with Articles 31 and 32.	and on-site inspections in accordance with Articles 31 and 32.	and on-site inspections in accordance with Articles 31 and 32.
424	4. When carrying out his or her tasks, the investigation officer shall have access to all documents and information that have been gathered by ESMA in its supervisory activities.	4. When carrying out his or her tasks, the investigation officer shall have access to all documents and information that have been gathered by ESMA in its supervisory activities.	4. When carrying out his or her tasks, the investigation officer shall have access to all documents and information that have been gathered by ESMA in its supervisory activities.
425	5. The rights of defence of the persons subject to the investigation shall be fully respected during investigations under this Article.	5. The rights of defence of the persons subject to the investigation shall be fully respected during investigations under this Article.	5. The rights of defence of the persons subject to the investigation shall be fully respected during investigations under this Article.
426	6. Upon submission of the file with his or her findings to ESMA's Board of Supervisors, the investigation officer shall notify the persons who are subject to the investigation.	6. Upon submission of the file with his or her findings to ESMA's Board of Supervisors, the investigation officer shall notify the persons who are subject to the investigation.	6. Upon submission of the file with his or her findings to ESMA's Board of Supervisors, the investigation officer shall notify the persons who are subject to the investigation.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
427	7. On the basis of the file containing the investigation officer's findings and, where requested by the persons concerned after having heard those persons in accordance with Article 38, the Board of Supervisors of ESMA shall assess whether one or more persons subject to the investigation have committed the infringements concerned and shall, where it comes to the conclusion that such infringements have been committed, take a supervisory measure as referred to in Article 33 and impose a fine in accordance with Article 34.	7. On the basis of the file containing the investigation officer's findings and, where requested by the persons concerned after having heard those persons in accordance with Article 38, the Board of Supervisors of ESMA shall assess whether one or more persons subject to the investigation have committed the infringements concerned and shall, where it comes to the conclusion that such infringements have been committed, take a supervisory measure as referred to in Article 33 and impose a fine in accordance with Article 34.	7. On the basis of the file containing the investigation officer's findings and, where requested by the persons concerned after having heard those persons in accordance with Article 38, the Board of Supervisors of ESMA shall assess whether one or more persons subject to the investigation have committed the infringements concerned and shall, where it comes to the conclusion that such infringements have been committed, take a supervisory measure as referred to in Article 33 and impose a fine in accordance with Article 34.
428	8. The investigation officer shall not participate in the deliberations of ESMA's Board of Supervisors or in any other way intervene in the decision-making process of ESMA's Board of Supervisors.	8. The investigation officer shall not participate in the deliberations of ESMA's Board of Supervisors or in any other way intervene in the decision-making process of ESMA's Board of Supervisors.	8. The investigation officer shall not participate in the deliberations of ESMA's Board of Supervisors or in any other way intervene in the decision-making process of ESMA's Board of Supervisors.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
429	9. The Commission shall supplement this Regulation by adopting further rules of procedure for the exercise of ESMA's power to impose fines or periodic penalty payments, including provisions on rights of defence, temporal provisions, and the collection of fines or periodic penalty payments, and by adopting detailed rules on the limitation periods for the imposition and enforcement of penalties.	9. The Commission shall supplement this Regulation by adopting further rules of procedure for the exercise of ESMA's power to impose fines or periodic penalty payments, including provisions on rights of defence, temporal provisions, and the collection of fines or periodic penalty payments, and by adopting detailed rules on the limitation periods for the imposition and enforcement of penalties.	9. The Commission shall supplement this Regulation by adopting further rules of procedure for the exercise of ESMA's power to impose fines or periodic penalty payments, including provisions on rights of defence, temporal provisions, and the collection of fines or periodic penalty payments, and by adopting detailed rules on the limitation periods for the imposition and enforcement of penalties.
430	The rules referred to in the first subparagraph shall be adopted by means of delegated acts in accordance with Article 45.	The rules referred to in the first subparagraph shall be adopted by means of delegated acts in accordance with Article 45.	The rules referred to in the first subparagraph shall be adopted by means of delegated acts in accordance with Article 45.
431	10. ESMA shall refer matters for criminal prosecution to the national authorities concerned where, in carrying out its tasks under this Regulation, it finds that there are serious	10. ESMA shall refer matters for criminal prosecution to the national authorities concerned where, in carrying out its tasks under this Regulation, it finds that there are serious	10. ESMA shall refer matters for criminal prosecution to the national authorities concerned where, in carrying out its tasks under this Regulation, it finds that there are serious

EN

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	indications of the possible existence of facts liable to constitute criminal offences. ESMA shall refrain from imposing fines or periodic penalty payments where a prior acquittal or conviction arising from an identical fact or facts which are substantially the same has already acquired the force of res judicata as the result of criminal proceedings under national law.	indications of the possible existence of facts liable to constitute criminal offences. ESMA shall refrain from imposing fines or periodic penalty payments where a prior acquittal or conviction arising from an identical fact or facts which are substantially the same has already acquired the force of res judicata as the result of criminal proceedings under national law.	indications of the possible existence of facts liable to constitute criminal offences. ESMA shall refrain from imposing fines or periodic penalty payments where a prior acquittal or conviction arising from an identical fact or facts which are substantially the same has already acquired the force of res judicata as the result of criminal proceedings under national law.
432	Article 38 Hearing of the persons subject to investigations	Article 38 Hearing of the persons subject to investigations	Article 38 Hearing of the persons subject to investigations
433	1. Before taking any decision pursuant to Article 33, 34 and 35, ESMA shall give the persons subject to the proceedings the opportunity to be heard on its findings. ESMA shall base its decisions only on findings on which the persons subject to the proceedings have had an opportunity to comment.	1. Before taking any decision pursuant to Article 33, 34 and 35, ESMA shall give the persons subject to the proceedings the opportunity to be heard on its findings. ESMA shall base its decisions only on findings on which the persons subject to the proceedings have had an opportunity to comment.	1. Before taking any decision pursuant to Article 33, 34 and 35, ESMA shall give the persons subject to the proceedings the opportunity to be heard on its findings. ESMA shall base its decisions only on findings on which the persons subject to the proceedings have had an opportunity to comment.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
434	The first subparagraph shall not apply where urgent action pursuant to Article 33 is needed to prevent significant and imminent damage to the financial system. In such a case, ESMA may adopt an interim decision and shall give the persons concerned the opportunity to be heard as soon as possible after taking its decision.	The first subparagraph shall not apply where urgent action pursuant to Article 33 is needed to prevent significant and imminent damage to the financial system. In such a case, ESMA may adopt an interim decision and shall give the persons concerned the opportunity to be heard as soon as possible after taking its decision.	The first subparagraph shall not apply where urgent action pursuant to Article 33 is needed to prevent significant and imminent damage to the financial system. In such a case, ESMA may adopt an interim decision and shall give the persons concerned the opportunity to be heard as soon as possible after taking its decision.
435	2. The rights of defence of the persons subject to the proceedings shall be fully respected in the investigations. They shall be entitled to have access to ESMA's file, subject to the legitimate interest of other persons in the protection of their business secrets. The right of access to the file shall not extend to confidential information or ESMA's internal preparatory documents.	2. The rights of defence of the persons subject to the proceedings shall be fully respected in the investigations. They shall be entitled to have access to ESMA's file, subject to the legitimate interest of other persons in the protection of their business secrets. The right of access to the file shall not extend to confidential information or ESMA's internal preparatory documents.	2. The rights of defence of the persons subject to the proceedings shall be fully respected in the investigations. They shall be entitled to have access to ESMA's file, subject to the legitimate interest of other persons in the protection of their business secrets. The right of access to the file shall not extend to confidential information or ESMA's internal preparatory documents.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
436	Article 39 Review by the Court of Justice	Article 39 Review by the Court of Justice	Article 39 Review by the Court of Justice
437	The Court of Justice shall have unlimited jurisdiction to review decisions whereby ESMA has imposed a fine or a periodic penalty payment. It may annul, reduce, or increase the fine or periodic penalty payment imposed.	The Court of Justice shall have unlimited jurisdiction to review decisions whereby ESMA has imposed a fine or a periodic penalty payment. It may annul, reduce, or increase the fine or periodic penalty payment imposed.	The Court of Justice shall have unlimited jurisdiction to review decisions whereby ESMA has imposed a fine or a periodic penalty payment. It may annul, reduce, or increase the fine or periodic penalty payment imposed.
438	Section 4 Fees and delegation	Section 4 Fees and delegation	Section 4 Fees and delegation
439	Article 40 Supervisory fees	Article 40 Supervisory fees	Article 40 Supervisory fees
440	ESMA shall charge fees to the ESG rating	ESMA shall charge proportionate fees to the	ESMA shall charge fees to the ESG rating

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	providers in accordance with the delegated act adopted pursuant to paragraph 2. Those fees shall fully cover ESMA's necessary expenditure relating to the supervision of ESG rating providers and the reimbursement of any costs that the competent authorities may incur carrying out work pursuant to this Regulation, and in particular as a result of any delegation of tasks in accordance with Article 41.	ESG rating providers in accordance with the delegated act adopted pursuant to paragraph 2. Those fees shall fully have as reference the amount needed to cover ESMA's necessary expenditure relating to the supervision of ESG rating providers and the reimbursement of any costs that the competent authorities may incur carrying out work pursuant to this Regulation, and in particular as a result of any delegation of tasks in accordance with Article 41, and shall fully cover that amount.	providers in accordance with the delegated act adopted pursuant to paragraph 2. Those fees shall fully cover ESMA's necessary expenditure relating to the supervision of ESG rating providers and the reimbursement of any costs that the competent authorities may incur carrying out work pursuant to this Regulation, and in particular as a result of any delegation of tasks in accordance with Article 41.
441	2. The amount of an individual fee shall be proportionate to the annual net turnover of the ESG ratings provider concerned.	2. The amount of an individual fee shall be proportionate to the annual net turnover of the ESG ratings provider concerned.	2. The amount of an individual fee shall be proportionate to the annual net turnover of the ESG ratings provider concerned.
442	By XX XXXX XXXX, the Commission shall adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 45 to supplement this Regulation by specifying	By XX XXXX XXXX [12 months from the date of entry into force of this Regulation], the Commission shall adopt delegated acts in	By XX XXXX XXXX [12 months after the date of entry into force], the Commission shall adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article_45 to

17067/23 MP/lhg 228 ECOFIN.1.B

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	the type of fees, the matters for which fees are due, the amount of the fees, the manner in which they are to be paid and, where applicable, the way in which ESMA is to reimburse competent authorities in respect of any costs that they may have incurred carrying out work pursuant to this Regulation, in particular as a result of any delegation of tasks as referred to in Article 41.	accordance with Article—45 to supplement this Regulation by specifying the type of fees, the matters for which fees are due, the amount of the fees and respective justification, the manner in which they are to be paid and, where applicable, the way in which ESMA is to reimburse competent authorities in respect of any costs that they may have incurred carrying out work pursuant to this Regulation, in particular as a result of any delegation of tasks as referred to in Article 41.	supplement this Regulation by specifying the type of fees, the matters for which fees are due, the amount of the fees, the manner in which they are to be paid and, where applicable, the way in which ESMA is to reimburse competent authorities in respect of any costs that they may have incurred carrying out work pursuant to this Regulation, in particular as a result of any delegation of tasks as referred to in Article 41. Those delegated acts shall establish fees which are proportionate and adequate to the size of the ESG rating providers when they are categorized as small undertakings or small groups according to the criteria laid down in Article 3 of Directive 2013/34/EU. ESG rating providers under the temporary regime for small ESG rating providers under Article 4a shall not be subject to supervisory fees.
443	CHAPTER 5	CHAPTER 5	CHAPTER 5

17067/23 MP/lhg 229
ECOFIN.1.B EN

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	Cooperation between ESMA and national competent authorities	Cooperation between ESMA and national competent authorities	Cooperation between ESMA and national competent authorities
444	Article 41 Delegation of tasks by ESMA to competent authorities	Article 41 Delegation of tasks by ESMA to competent authorities	Article 41 Delegation of tasks by ESMA to competent authorities
445	1. Where necessary for the proper performance of a supervisory task, ESMA may delegate specific supervisory tasks to the competent authority of a Member State in accordance with the guidelines issued by ESMA pursuant to Article 16 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010. Such specific supervisory tasks may, in particular, include the power to carry out requests for information in accordance with Article 30 and to conduct investigations and onsite inspections in accordance with Article 31 and Article 32.	1. Where necessary for the proper performance of a supervisory task, ESMA may delegate specific supervisory tasks to the competent authority of a Member State in accordance with the guidelines issued by ESMA pursuant to Article 16 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010. Such specific supervisory tasks may, in particular, include the power to carry out requests for information in accordance with Article 30 and to conduct investigations and onsite inspections in accordance with Article 31 and Article 32.	1. Where necessary for the proper performance of a supervisory task, ESMA may delegate specificthe following supervisory tasks to the competent authority of a Member State in accordance with the guidelines issued by ESMA pursuant to Article 16 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010. Such specific supervisory tasks may, in particular, include: (a) the power to carry out requests for information in accordance with Article 30; (b) the power-and to conduct investigations

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			and on-site inspections in accordance with Article 31 and Article 32.
446	2. Prior to the delegation of a task in accordance with paragraph 1, ESMA shall consult the relevant competent authority about:	2. Prior to the delegation of a task in accordance with paragraph 1, ESMA shall consult the relevant competent authority about:	2. Prior to the delegation of a task in accordance with paragraph 1, ESMA shall consult the relevant competent authority about:
447	(a) the scope of the task to be delegated;	(a) the scope of the task to be delegated;	(a) the scope of the task to be delegated;
448	(b) the timetable for the performance of the task;	(b) the timetable for the performance of the task;	(b) the timetable for the performance of the task;
449	(c) the transmission of necessary information by and to ESMA.	(c) the transmission of necessary information by and to ESMA.	(c) the transmission of necessary information by and to ESMA.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
450	3. ESMA shall reimburse a competent authority for costs incurred as a result of carrying out delegated tasks in accordance with the delegated act adopted pursuant to Article 45.	3. ESMA shall reimburse a competent authority for costs incurred as a result of carrying out delegated tasks in accordance with the delegated act adopted pursuant to Article 45.	3. ESMA shall reimburse a competent authority for costs incurred as a result of carrying out delegated tasks. Costs to be reimbursed shall comprise all the fixed costs, as well as variable costs related to the performance of the delegated tasks or the assistance provided to ESMA in accordance with the delegated act adopted pursuant to Article 45.
451	4. ESMA shall review any delegation made in accordance with paragraph 1 at appropriate intervals. ESMA may revoke a delegation at any time.	4. ESMA shall review any delegation made in accordance with paragraph 1 at appropriate intervals. ESMA may revoke a delegation at any time.	4. ESMA shall review any delegation made in accordance with paragraph 1 at appropriate intervals. ESMA may revoke a delegation at any time.
452	5. A delegation of tasks shall not affect the responsibility of ESMA nor limit ESMA's ability to conduct and oversee the delegated activity. ESMA shall not delegate supervisory	5. A delegation of tasks shall not affect the responsibility of ESMA nor limit ESMA's ability to conduct and oversee the delegated activity. ESMA shall not delegate supervisory	5. A delegation of tasks shall not affect the responsibility of ESMA nor limit ESMA's ability to conduct and oversee the delegated activity. ESMA shall not delegate supervisory

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	responsibilities, including authorisation decisions, final assessments and follow-up decisions concerning infringements.	responsibilities, including authorisation decisions, final assessments and follow-up decisions concerning infringements.	responsibilities, including authorisation decisions, final assessments and follow-up decisions concerning infringements.
453	Article 42 Exchange of information	Article 42 Exchange of information	Article 42 Exchange of information
454	ESMA and the competent authorities, shall, without undue delay, provide each other with the information required for carrying out their duties under this Regulation.	ESMA and the competent authorities, shall, without undue delay, provide each other with the information required for carrying out their duties under this Regulation or their respective supervisory responsibility and mandates.	ESMA and the competent authorities, shall, without undue delay, provide each other with the information required for carrying out their duties under this Regulation.
455	Article 43 Notifications and suspension requests by competent authorities	Article 43 Notifications and suspension requests by competent authorities	Article 43 Notifications and suspension requests by competent authorities

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
456	1. A competent authority of a Member State that finds that acts infringing this Regulation are being, or have been, carried out on the territory of its own or of another Member State shall inform ESMA thereof. A competent authority that considers it appropriate for investigatory purposes may suggest to ESMA that it assesses the need to use the powers under Article 30 in relation to the ESG rating provider involved in those acts.	1. A competent authority of a Member State that finds that acts infringing this Regulation are being, or have been, carried out on the territory of its own or of another Member State shall inform ESMA thereof. A competent authority that considers it appropriate for investigatory purposes may suggest to ESMA that it assesses the need to use the powers under Article 30 in relation to the ESG rating provider involved in those acts.	1. A competent authority of a Member State that finds that acts infringing this Regulation are being, or have been, carried out on the territory of its own or of another Member State shall inform ESMA thereof. A competent authority that considers it appropriate for investigatory purposes may suggest to ESMA that it assesses the need to use the powers under Article 30 in relation to the ESG rating provider involved in those acts.
457	2. ESMA shall take appropriate action. ESMA shall inform the notifying competent authority of the outcome and, as far as possible, of any significant interim developments.	2. ESMA shall take appropriate action. ESMA shall inform the notifying competent authority of the outcome and, as far as possible, of any significant interim developments.	2. ESMA shall take appropriate action. ESMA shall inform the notifying competent authority of the outcome and, as far as possible, of any significant interim developments.
458	3. A notifying competent authority of a Member State that considers that an ESG rating	3. A notifying competent authority of a Member State that considers that an ESG rating	3. A notifying competent authority of a Member State that considers that an ESG rating

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	provider that is listed in the register referred to	provider that is listed in the register referred to	provider that is listed in the register referred to
	in Article 13 and whose ESG ratings are used	in Article 13 and whose ESG ratings are used	in Article 13 and whose ESG ratings are used
	within the territory of that Member State has	within the territory of that Member State has	within the territory of that Member State has
	infringed this Regulation in such a way that the	infringed this Regulation in such a way that the	infringed this Regulation in such a way that the
	protection of investors or the stability of the	protection of investors or the stability of the	protection of investors or the stability of the
	financial system in that Member State are	financial system in that Member State are	financial system in that Member State are
	significantly impacted, may request ESMA to	significantly impacted, may request ESMA to	significantly impacted, may request ESMA to
	suspend the provision of ESG ratings by the	suspend the provision of ESG ratings by the	suspend the provision of ESG ratings by the
	ESG rating provider concerned. The notifying	ESG rating provider concerned. The notifying	ESG rating provider concerned. The notifying
	competent authority shall provide ESMA with	competent authority shall provide ESMA with	competent authority shall provide ESMA with
	full reasons for its request.	full reasons for its request.	full reasons for its request.
	4. Where ESMA considers that the request	4. Where ESMA considers that the request	4. Where ESMA considers that the request
	referred to in paragraph 3 is not justified, it shall	referred to in paragraph 3 is not justified, it shall	referred to in paragraph 3 is not justified, it shall
	inform the notifying competent authority	inform the notifying competent authority	inform the notifying competent authority
459	thereof in writing, setting out the reasons for its	thereof in writing, setting out the reasons for its	thereof in writing, setting out the reasons for its
	opinion. Where ESMA considers that the	opinion. Where ESMA considers that the	opinion. Where ESMA considers that the
	request is justified, it shall take the measures	request is justified, it shall take the measures	request is justified, it shall take the measures
	appropriate to resolve the issue.	appropriate to resolve the issue.	appropriate to resolve the issue and it shall
			inform the notifying competent authority

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			thereof in writing.
460	Article 44 Professional secrecy	Article 44 Professional secrecy	Article 44 Professional secrecy
461	1. The obligation of professional secrecy shall apply to ESMA, the competent authorities, and all persons who work or who have worked for ESMA, for the competent authorities or for any other person to whom ESMA has delegated tasks, including auditors and experts contracted by ESMA.	1. The obligation of professional secrecy shall apply to ESMA, the competent authorities, and all persons who work or who have worked for ESMA, for the competent authorities or for any other person to whom ESMA has delegated tasks, including auditors and experts contracted by ESMA.	1. The obligation of professional secrecy shall apply to ESMA, the competent authorities, and all persons who work or who have worked for ESMA, for the competent authorities or for any other person to whom ESMA has delegated tasks, including auditors and experts contracted by ESMA. <i>Information covered by professional secrecy may not be disclosed to any other person or authority except by virtue of provisions laid down by Union or national law.</i>
462			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	2. All the information exchanged under this Regulation between ESMA, the competent authorities, the EBA, EIOPA and the ESRB shall be considered confidential, except:	2. All the information exchanged under this Regulation between ESMA, the competent authorities, the EBA, EIOPA and the ESRB shall be considered confidential, except:	2. All the information exchanged under this Regulation between ESMA, the competent authorities, the EBA, EIOPA and the ESRB that concerns business or operational conditions and other economic or personal affairs shall be considered confidential, except:
463	(a) where ESMA or the competent authority or another authority or body concerned states at the time of communication that such information may be disclosed;	(a) where ESMA or the competent authority or another authority or body concerned states at the time of communication that such information may be disclosed;	(a) where ESMA or the competent authority or another authority or body concerned states at the time of communication that such information may be disclosed;
464	(b) where disclosure is necessary for legal proceedings;	(b) where disclosure is necessary for legal proceedings;	(b) where disclosure is necessary for legal proceedings;
465	(c) where the information disclosed is used in a summary or in an aggregate form in which	(c) where the information disclosed is used in a summary or in an aggregate form in which	(c) where the information disclosed is used in a summary or in an aggregate form in which

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	individual financial market participants cannot be identified.	individual financial market participants cannot be identified.	individual financial market participants cannot be identified.
466	TITLE IV DELEGATED AND IMPLEMENTING ACTS	TITLE IV DELEGATED AND IMPLEMENTING ACTS	TITLE IV DELEGATED AND IMPLEMENTING ACTS
467	Article 45 Exercise and revocation of the delegation and objections to delegated acts	Article 45 Exercise and revocation of the delegation and objections to delegated acts	Article 45 Exercise and revocation of the delegation and objections to delegated acts
468	1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.	1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.	The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.
469	2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Articles 5, 21, 22 and 40 shall be conferred	2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Articles 5, 21, 22 and 409(3), 37(9) and	2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Articles 5, <u>15,</u> 21, 22 and 40 shall be

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	on the Commission for an indeterminate period of time from [PO: Please insert date of entry into force].	40(2) shall be conferred on the Commission for an indeterminate a period of time from [PO: Please insert five years from [date of entry into force of this Regulation]. The Commission	conferred on the Commission for an indeterminate period of time from [PO: Please insert date of entry into force].
		shall draw up a report in respect of the delegation of power not later than nine months before the end of that period. The delegation of power shall be tacitly extended for periods of an identical duration, unless the European Parliament or the Council opposes such extension not later than three months before the end of each period.	
470	3. The delegation of power referred to in Articles 5, 21, 22 and 40 may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of the power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the Official	3. The delegation of power referred to in Articles 5, 21, 22 and 409(3), 37(9) and 40(2) may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of the power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the	3. The delegation of power referred to in Articles 5, 15, 21, 22 and 40 may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of the power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the Official

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.	decision in the Official Journal of the European Union Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.	Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.
471	4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Inter-institutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making.	4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Inter-institutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making.	4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Inter-institutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law- Making.
472	5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.	5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.	5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.
473			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	6. A delegated act adopted pursuant to Articles	6. A delegated act adopted pursuant to Articles	6. A delegated act adopted pursuant to Articles
	7, 33, 34 and 40 shall enter into force only if no	7, 33, 34 and 409(3), 37(9) and 40(2) shall	7, 33, 34 and 40 shall enter into force only if no
	objection has been expressed either by the	enter into force only if no objection has been	objection has been expressed either by the
	European Parliament or by the Council within a	expressed either by the European Parliament or	European Parliament or by the Council within a
	period of two months of notification of that act	by the Council within a period of twothree	period of two months of notification of that act
	to the European Parliament and the Council or	months of notification of that act to the	to the European Parliament and the Council or
	if, before the expiry of that period, the European	European Parliament and the Council or if,	if, before the expiry of that period, the European
	Parliament and the Council have both informed	before the expiry of that period, the European	Parliament and the Council have both informed
	the Commission that they will not object. That	Parliament and the Council have both informed	the Commission that they will not object. That
	period shall be extended by [two months] at the	the Commission that they will not object. That	period shall be extended by [two months] at the
	initiative of the European Parliament or of the	period shall be extended by [twothree months]	initiative of the European Parliament or of the
	Council.	at the initiative of the European Parliament or of	Council.
		the Council.	
	7. If, on expiry of the period referred to in	7. If, on expiry of the period referred to in	7. If, on expiry of the period referred to in
	paragraph 6, neither the European Parliament	paragraph 6, neither the European Parliament	paragraph 6, neither the European Parliament
474	nor the Council has objected to the delegated	nor the Council has objected to the delegated	nor the Council has objected to the delegated
	act, it shall be published in the Official Journal	act, it shall be published in the Official Journal	act, it shall be published in the Official Journal
	of the European Union and shall enter into force	of the European Union and shall enter into force	of the European Union and shall enter into force
	on the date stated therein. The delegated act	on the date stated therein. The delegated act	on the date stated therein. The delegated act

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	may be published in the Official Journal of the European Union and enter into force before the expiry of that period if the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission of their intention not to raise objections.	may be published in the Official Journal of the European Union and enter into force before the expiry of that period if the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission of their intention not to raise objections.	may be published in the Official Journal of the European Union and enter into force before the expiry of that period if the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission of their intention not to raise objections.
475	8. If either the European Parliament or the Council objects to the delegated act within the period referred to in paragraph 1, it shall not enter into force. In accordance with Article 296 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, the institution which objects shall state the reasons for objecting to the delegated act.	8. If either the European Parliament or the Council objects to the delegated act within the period referred to in paragraph 1, it shall not enter into force. In accordance with Article 296 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, the institution which objects shall state the reasons for objecting to the delegated act.	8. If either the European Parliament or the Council objects to the delegated act within the period referred to in paragraph 1, it shall not enter into force. In accordance with Article 296 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, the institution which objects shall state the reasons for objecting to the delegated act.
476	Article 46 Amendments to Annexes	deleted	Article 46 Amendments to Annexes

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
477	To take account of developments, including international developments, on financial markets, in particular in relation to sustainable finance, the Commission may adopt, by means of delegated acts in accordance with Article 45, measures to amend the Annexes.	deleted	To take account of developments, including international developments, on financial markets, in particular in relation to sustainable finance, the Commission may adopt, by means of delegated acts in accordance with Article 45, measures to amend the Annexes.
478	Article 47 Committee procedure	Article 47 Committee procedure	Article 47 Committee procedure
479	1. The Commission shall be assisted by the European Securities Committee established by Commission Decision 2001/528/EC¹. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council.² 1. Commission Decision of 6 June 2001 establishing the	1. The Commission shall be assisted by the European Securities Committee established by Commission Decision 2001/528/EC¹. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council.² 1. Commission Decision of 6 June 2001 establishing the	1. The Commission shall be assisted by the European Securities Committee established by Commission Decision 2001/528/EC¹. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council.² 1. Commission Decision of 6 June 2001 establishing the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	European Securities Committee (OJ L 191, 13.7.2001, p. 45) 2. Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February 2011 laying down the rules and general principles concerning mechanisms for control by Member States of the Commission's exercise of implementing powers (OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13).	European Securities Committee (OJ L 191, 13.7.2001, p. 45) 2. Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February 2011 laying down the rules and general principles concerning mechanisms for control by Member States of the Commission's exercise of implementing powers (OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13).	European Securities Committee (OJ L 191, 13.7.2001, p. 45) 2. Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February 2011 laying down the rules and general principles concerning mechanisms for control by Member States of the Commission's exercise of implementing powers (OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13).
480	2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.
481	TITLE V TRANSITIONAL AND FINAL PROVISIONS	TITLE V TRANSITIONAL AND FINAL PROVISIONS	TITLE V TRANSITIONAL AND FINAL PROVISIONS
482	Article 48 Transitional provisions	Article 48 Transitional provisions	Article 48 Transitional provisions

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
483	1. ESG rating providers which provided their services at the date of entry into force of this Regulation shall notify ESMA within 3 months if they want to continue offering their services and apply for authorisation in accordance with Article 5. In that case, they shall apply for authorisation within 6 months after the date of application of this Regulation.	1. ESG rating providers which provided their services at the date of entry into force of this Regulation shall notify ESMA within 3 months if they want to continue offering their services and apply for authorisation in accordance with Article 5. In that case, they shall apply for authorisation within 6 months after the date of application of this Regulation.	1. ESG rating providers which provided their services operated in the Union at the date of entry into force of this Regulation shall notify ESMA within 318 months if they wantwish to continue offering their services operating in the Union and apply for authorisation or recognition in accordance with Article 5the procedures under Title II. In that case, they shall apply for authorisation or recognition within 6 months after the date of application of this Regulation. In the absence of such a notification to ESMA within 18 months after the entry into force of this Regulation, they shall cease their activities.
483a		1a. After notifying ESMA pursuant to paragraph 1, the ESG rating provider shall be registered as temporarily authorised in the register referred to in Article 13 and be	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		authorised to continue providing services in the Union until its application has been approved or denied.	
484	2. By way of derogation of the first paragraph, ESG rating providers categorized as small and medium-sized undertaking under Article 3 of the Directive 2013/34/EU shall apply for authorisation within 24 months after the date of application of this Regulation.	2. By way of derogation of the first paragraph, ESG rating providers categorized as small and medium-sized undertaking under Article 3 of the Directive 2013/34/EU shall apply for authorisation within 24 months after the date of application of this Regulation.	2. By way of derogation of the first paragraph from paragraph 1, ESG rating providers categorized as small and medium sized undertaking underundertakings or as small groups according to the criteria laid down in Article 3 of the Directive 2013/34/EU which operated in the Union at the date of entry into force of this Regulation shall apply for authorisation notify and be registered by ESMA following the provisions of Article 4a within 2418 months after the date of application entry into force of this Regulation. In the absence of such registration within 18 months after the entry into force of this Regulation, they shall cease their activities.

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
485	3. ESG rating providers categorized as small and medium-sized undertaking under Article 3 of Directive 2013/34/EU entering the market after [please insert the date of entry into application] shall notify ESMA prior to starting offering their services and shall apply for authorisation within 12 months of that notification.	3. ESG rating providers categorized as small and medium-sized undertaking under Article 3 of Directive 2013/34/EU entering the market after [please insert the date of entry into application] shall notify ESMA prior to starting offering their services and shall apply for authorisation within 12 months of that notification.	3. ESG rating providers categorized as small and medium sized undertaking under Article 3 of Directive 2013/34/EU entering the market after [please insert the date of entry into application] shall notify ESMA prior to starting offering their services and shall apply for authorisation within 12 months of that notification.
486	Article 49 Review	Article 49 Review	Article 49 Review
487	1. The Commission shall evaluate the application of this Regulation by [five years after the entry into force of this Regulation].	1. The Commission shall evaluate the application of this Regulation by [five years after the entry into force of this Regulation].	1. The Commission shall evaluate the application of this Regulation by [fivetwo] years after the entry into forceapplication of this Regulation].

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
488	2. The Commission shall present a report on the main findings of the evaluation to the European Parliament and the Council. In carrying out the evaluation, the Commission shall take into account market developments and the relevant evidence at its disposal.	2. The Commission shall present a report on the main findings of the evaluation to the European Parliament and the Council. In carrying out the evaluation, the Commission shall take into account market developments and the relevant evidence at its disposal.	2. The Commission shall present a report on the main findings of the evaluation to the European Parliament and the Council. In carrying out the evaluation, the Commission shall take into account market developments and the relevant evidence at its disposal. <i>The</i> report shall in particular assess:
488a			(a) the impact of this Regulation on the transition to a sustainable economy, on the gap of investments needed to meet the Union climate targets as set out in Regulation (EU) 2021/1119 of the European Parliament and of the Council, and on redirecting private capital flows towards sustainable investments;
488b			(b) the impact of this Regulation on the market and how the structure of the market

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			has evolved;
488c			(c) whether the scope of this Regulation is appropriate to achieve its objectives in accordance with Article 1, including whether providers of data products on environmental, social and human rights, and governance factors should be included in the scope of this Regulation;
488d			(d) the implementation of this Regulation concerning the operation in the Union by ESG ratings established outside the Union;
488e			(e) the functioning of the market of ESG rating providers in the EU, including potential conflicts of interests, and its supervision by

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			ESMA.
489	3. Where the Commission finds it appropriate, the report shall be accompanied by a legislative proposal for amendment of relevant provisions of this Regulation.	3. Where the Commission finds it appropriate, the report shall be accompanied by a legislative proposal for amendment of relevant provisions of this Regulation.	3. Where the Commission finds it appropriate, the report shall be accompanied by a legislative proposal for amendment of relevant provisions of this Regulation.
489a		3a. By [3 years from the date of entry into force of this Regulation], the Commission shall, in close cooperation with ESMA, publish a report considering whether the scope of this Regulation is sufficient to ensure confidence in the market and to attain its objectives, including the need to extend the scope to ESG data providers. The report may be accompanied, if appropriate, by a legislative proposal.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
489b		3b. By [3 years from the date of entry into force of this Regulation], the Commission shall publish a report on the functioning of the ESG rating market, including:	
489c		(a) whether its general principles, including the non-interference principle referred to in Article 26, have sufficiently contributed to improving the quality and reliability of ESG ratings and reduced the use of misleading ESG ratings;	
489d		(b) whether the obligation under Article 16a to consider the appointment of an ESG rating provider with a lower market share has sufficed to limit concentration in the ESG rating market; and	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
489e		(c) whether the methodologies used by ESG rating providers are consistent with the Union objectives and the international standards related to each factor, including a consideration of the need to set out in this Regulation minimum requirements regarding the content of ESG ratings and their methodologies.	
489f		The report may be accompanied, if appropriate, by a legislative proposal.	
489g		3c. ESMA shall submit a report to the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission by [three years from the date of entry into force of this Regulation] on the adequacy of the requirements of Articles 9, 10 and 11 in order for third country ESG rating	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		providers to be able to provide ESG ratings in the Union. The Comission shall consider the results of the report and submit, where appropriate, a legislative proposal.	
490	Article 50 Entry into force and application	Article 50 Entry into force and application	Article 50 Entry into force and application
491	This Regulation shall enter into force on the 20 th day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	This Regulation shall enter into force on the 20 th day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	This Regulation shall enter into force on the 20 th day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.
492	It shall apply from [6 months after the entry into force of this Regulation].	It shall apply from [69 months after the entry into force of this Regulation].	It shall apply from [624 months after the entry into force of this Regulation].
492a			By way of derogation from the second

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
			subparagraph, Articles 5, 15, 21, 22 and 40 shall apply from 12 months after the publication in the Official Journal of the European Union of the regulatory technical standards referred to in those Articles and no earlier than the date foreseen in the second subparagraph.
493	This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.	This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.	This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.
494	Done at Brussels,	Done at Brussels,	Done at Brussels,
495	For the European Parliament	For the European Parliament	For the European Parliament
496	The President	The President	The President

17067/23 MP/lhg 254 ECOFIN.1.B **EN**

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
497	For the Council	For the Council	For the Council
498	The President	The President	The President
499	Annex I Information to be provided in the application for authorisation	Annex I Information to be provided in the application for authorisation	Annex I Information to be provided in the application for authorisation
500	An application for authorisation shall contain all of the following information :	An application for authorisation shall contain all of the following information :	An application for authorisation shall contain all of the following information :
501	(a) the full name of the applicant, the address of the registered office within the Union, the applicant's website and, where available, the	(a) the full name of the applicant, the address of the registered office within the Union, the applicant's website and, where available, the	(a) the full name of the applicant, the address of the registered office within the Union, the applicant's website and, where available, the

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	legal entity identifier (LEI);	legal entity identifier (LEI);	legal entity identifier (LEI);
502	(b) the name and contact details of a contact person;	(b) the name and contact details of a contact person;	(b) the name and contact details of a contact person;
503	(c) the legal status of the applicant;	(c) the legal status of the applicant;	(c) the legal status of the applicant;
504	(d) the ownership structure of the applicant;		(d) the ownership structure of the applicant;
504a		(da) the identity of entities within the ownership structure that would provide ESG rating activities or any other services listed in Article 15(1) that create risks of conflicts of interest within the ESG rating activities to be provided by the applicant;	

		Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
:	505	(e) the identity of the members of the senior management of the applicant and their level of qualification, experience and training;	(e) the identity of the members of the senior management of the applicant and their level of qualification, experience and training;	(e) the identity of the members of the senior management of the applicant and their level of qualification, experience and training;
:	506	(f) the number of the analysts, employees and other persons directly involved in assessment activities, and their level of experience and training working for the applicant and their level of experience and training;	(f) the number of the analysts, employees and other persons directly involved in assessment activities with the purpose of providing ESG ratings, and their level of experience and training working for the applicant and their level of experience and training;	(f) the number of the analysts, employees and other persons directly involved in assessment activities, and their level of experience and training working for the applicant and their level of experience and training;
5	506a		(fa) the number of entities, financial products and instruments for which the applicant will provide ESG ratings;	
:	507	(g) a description of the procedures and	(g) a <u>detailed</u> description of the procedures and	(g) a description of the procedures and

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	methodologies used to issue and review ESG ratings implemented by the applicant;	methodologies used to issue and review ESG ratings implemented by the applicant; if ESG rating providers choose to use common data points disclosed under Regulation (EU) 2019/2088, including principal adverse impacts (PAIs) under the delegated act adopted pursuant to Article X of Regulation 2019/2088, or under Directive (EU) 2022/2464, including delegated acts adopted pursuant to Directive 2013/34/EU, they shall include a demonstration of how those common data points are used;	methodologies used to issue and review ESG ratings implemented by the applicant;
507a		(ga) if ESG ratings providers use methodologies that are considered as being based on scientific evidence, information on how they use such scientific evidence, including whether and how they are in line with the Paris Agreement;	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
507b		(gb) a description of data processes including data sources, estimation of input data in case of unavailability, frequency of data updates and data quality controls;	
508	(h) the policies or procedures implemented by the applicant to identify, manage and disclose any conflicts of interests as referred to in Article 14 of the Regulation;	(h) the policies or procedures implemented by the applicant to identify, manage and disclose any conflicts of interests as referred to in Article 14 of the Regulation;	(h) the policies or procedures implemented by the applicant to identify, manage and disclose any conflicts of interests as referred to in Article 14 of the Regulation;
509	(i) where applicable, documents and information related to any existing or planned outsourcing arrangements for activities covered by this Regulation;	(i) where applicable, documents and information related to any existing or planned outsourcing arrangements for activities covered by this Regulation;	(i) where applicable, documents and information related to any existing or planned outsourcing arrangements for activities covered by this Regulation;
510	(j) where applicable, information about other	(j) where applicable, information about other	(j) where applicable, information about other

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	activities carried out by the applicant, or which the applicant intends to provide.	activities carried out by the applicant, or which the applicant intends to provide.	activities carried out by the applicant, or which the applicant intends to provide.
510a		(ja) where applicable, a list of the ESG ratings that the applicant expects to endorse;	
510b		(jb) where applicable, existing track records of ESG rating activities.	
511	Annex II Organisational requirements	Annex II Organisational requirements	Annex II Organisational requirements
512	Part I 1. Record Keeping information	Part I 1. Record Keeping information	Part 1 1Record Keeping information
513	ESG rating providers shall keep records of all of		ESG rating providers shall keep records of all of

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	the following:		the following:
514	(a) for each ESG rating in the form of an opinion, the identity of the rating analysts participating in the determination of the ESG rating, the identity of the persons who have approved the ESG rating, information as to whether the ESG rating was solicited or unsolicited, and the date on which the ESG rating action was taken;	(a) for each ESG rating in the form of an opinion, the identity of the rating analysts participating in the determination of the ESG rating, the identity of the persons who have approved the ESG rating, information as to whether the ESG rating was solicited or unsolicited, and the date on which the ESG rating action was taken; where applicable:	(a) for each ESG rating in the form of an opinion, the identity of the rating analysts participating in the determination of the ESG rating ESG opinion, the identity of the persons who have approved the ESG rating, information as to whether the ESG rating was solicited or unsolicited, and the date on which the ESG rating action was taken;
514a		(i) the identity of the rating analysts participating in the determination of the ESG rating, the identity of the persons who have approved the ESG rating, information as to whether the ESG rating was solicited or unsolicited, and the date on which the ESG rating action was taken;	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
514b		(ii) the identity of the persons responsible for the development of the rule-based methodology, and the identity of the persons who have approved the rating methodology;	
515	(b) for each ESG rating in the form of a score, the identity of the persons responsible for the development of the rule-based methodology, and the identity of the persons who have approved the rating methodology;	deleted	(b) for each ESG rating in the form of a ESG score, the identity of the persons responsible for the development of the rule-based methodology, and the identity of the persons who have approved the rating methodology;
516	(c) the account records relating to fees received from any rated entity or related third party or any user of ratings;	(c) the account records relating to fees received from any rated entity or related third party or any user of ratings;	(c) the account records relating to fees received from any rated entityitem or issuer of the rated item or related third party or any user of ratings;
517	(d) the account records for each subscriber to	(d) the account records for each subscriber to	(d) the account records for each subscriber to

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	the ESG ratings;	the ESG ratings;	the ESG ratings;
518	(e) the records documenting the established procedures and rating methodologies used by the ESG rating provider to determine ESG ratings;	(e) the records documenting the established procedures and rating methodologies used by the ESG rating provider to determine ESG ratings;	(e) the records documenting the established procedures and rating methodologies used by the ESG rating provider to determine ESG ratings;
519	(f) the internal records and external communications and files, including non-public information and work papers, used to form the basis of any ESG rating decision taken;	(f) the internal records and external communications and files, including non-public information and work papers, used to form the basis of any ESG rating decision taken;	(f) the internal records and external communications and files, including non-public information and work papers, used to form the basis of any ESG rating decision taken;
520	(g) records of the procedures and measures implemented by the ESG rating provider to comply with this Regulation;	(g) records of the procedures and measures implemented by the ESG rating provider to comply with this Regulation;	(g) records of the procedures and measures implemented by the ESG rating provider to comply with this Regulation;
521			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	(h) the methodology used for the determination of an ESG rating;	(h) the methodology used for the determination of an ESG rating;	(h) the methodology used for the determination of an ESG rating;
522	(i) changes in or deviations from standard procedures and methodologies;	(i) changes in or deviations from standard procedures and methodologies;	(i) changes in or deviations from standard procedures and methodologies;
523	(j) all documents relating to any complaint, including those submitted by a complainant.	(j) all documents relating to any complaint, including those submitted by a complainant.	(j) all documents relating to any complaint, including those submitted by a complainant.
524	Part II 2. Outsourcing	Part II 2. Outsourcing	Part II 2. Outsourcing
525	Where ESG rating providers outsource to a service provider functions or any relevant services or activities in the provision of an ESG rating, the ESG rating provider shall ensure that the following conditions are met:	Where ESG rating providers outsource to a service provider functions or any relevant services or activities in the provision of an ESG rating, the ESG rating provider shall ensure that the following conditions are met:	Where ESG rating providers outsource to a service provider functions or any relevant services or activities in the provision of an ESG rating, the ESG rating provider shall ensure that the following conditions are met:

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
526	(a) the service provider has the ability, capacity, and any authorisation required by law, to perform the outsourced functions, services or activities reliably and professionally;	(a) the service provider has the ability, capacity, and any authorisation required by law, to perform the outsourced functions, services or activities reliably and professionally;	(a) the service provider has the ability, capacity, and any authorisation required by law, to perform the outsourced functions, services or activities reliably and professionally;
527	(b) the ESG rating provider takes appropriate action if it appears that the service provider may not be carrying out the outsourced functions effectively and in compliance with applicable law and regulatory requirements;	(b) the ESG rating provider takes appropriate action if it appears that the service provider may not be carrying out the outsourced functions effectively and in compliance with applicable law and regulatory requirements;	(b) the ESG rating provider takes appropriate action if it appears that the service provider may not be carrying out the outsourced functions effectively and in compliance with applicable law and regulatory requirements;
528	(c) the ESG rating provider retains the necessary expertise to supervise the outsourced functions effectively and to manage the risks associated with the outsourcing;	(c) the ESG rating provider retains the necessary expertise to supervise the outsourced functions effectively and to manage the risks associated with the outsourcing;	(c) the ESG rating provider retains the necessary expertise to supervise the outsourced functions effectively and to manage the risks associated with the outsourcing;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
529	(d) the service provider discloses to the ESG rating provider any development that may have a material impact on its ability to carry out the outsourced functions effectively and in compliance with applicable law and regulatory requirements;	(d) the service provider discloses to the ESG rating provider any development that may have a material impact on its ability to carry out the outsourced functions effectively and in compliance with applicable law and regulatory requirements;	(d) the service provider discloses to the ESG rating provider any development that may have a material impact on its ability to carry out the outsourced functions effectively and in compliance with applicable law and regulatory requirements;
530	(e) the ESG rating provider is able to terminate the outsourcing arrangements where necessary;	(e) the ESG rating provider is able to terminate the outsourcing arrangements where necessary;	(e) the ESG rating provider is able to terminate the outsourcing arrangements where necessary;
531	(f) the ESG rating provider takes reasonable steps, including contingency plans, to avoid undue operational risk related to the participation of the service provider in the ESG rating determination process.	(f) the ESG rating provider takes reasonable steps, including contingency plans, to avoid undue operational risk related to the participation of the service provider in the ESG rating determination process.	(f) the ESG rating provider takes reasonable steps, including contingency plans, to avoid undue operational risk related to the participation of the service provider in the ESG rating determination process.
532			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	Annex III Disclosure requirements	Annex III Disclosure requirements	Annex III Disclosure requirements
533	Part I 1. Minimum disclosures to the public	Part I 1. Minimum disclosures to the public	Part I 1. Minimum disclosures to the public
534	In accordance with Article 21 of the Regulation, ESG rating providers shall, at the minimum, disclose to the public on their website and through the European Single Access Point (ESAP) the following:	In accordance with Article 21 of the Regulation, ESG rating providers shall, at the minimum, disclose to the public on their website and through the European Single Access Point (ESAP) the following:	In accordance with Article 21 of the Regulation, ESG rating providers shall, at the minimum, disclose <i>in an organised manner</i> to the public on their website and through the European Single Access Point (ESAP) the following:
535	(a) high level overview of the rating methodologies used (and changes thereto), including whether analysis is backward-looking or forward-looking;	(a) high level overview of the rating methodologies used (and changes thereto), including whether analysis is backward looking or forward looking;	(a) high level overviewa description of the rating methodologies used (and changes thereto), including whether analysis is backward-looking or forward-looking;
535a			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		(i) whether analysis is backward-looking or forward-looking and the time horizon covered; and	
535b		(ii) whether the analysis looks at potential material financial risk to the rated entity, or potential material impact of the rated entity on the environment and on society in general, or both, the weighting of the two factors;	
535c		(aa) the industry classification used and why such classification is relevant;	
536	(b) high level overview of data processes (data sources, including if they are public or non–public, and if they are sourced from sustainability statements required by Directive	(b) high level overview of data processes (data sources, including if they data sources including whether data is sourced from information disclosed under Directive 2013/34/EU and	(b) high level overviewa description of data processes (data sources, including if they are public or non-public non-public, and if they are sourced from sustainability statements required

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	(EU) 2022/2464, estimation of input data in case of unavailability, frequency of data updates);	Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and whether sources are public or non-public, and non- public and a high level overview of data processes with data sources, including if they are sourced from sustainability statements required by Directive (EU) 2022/2464, estimation of input data in case of unavailability, frequency of data updates);	by Directive (EU) 2022/24642013/34/EU, estimation of input data in case of unavailability, frequency of data updates);
537	(c) information on whether and how the methodologies are based on scientific evidence;	(c) information on whether and how the methodologies are based on scientific evidence;	(c) information on whether and how the methodologies are based on scientific evidence;
538	(d) information on the ratings' objective, clearly marking whether the rating is assessing risks, impacts or some other dimensions;	(d) information on the ratings' objective, clearly marking whether the rating is assessing risks, impacts or some other dimensionswhere the ESG rating assesses only financial materiality, a clear warning about the limitations of the methodology and the conclusions that can be drawn from that	(d) information on the ratings' objective, clearly <u>defined and</u> marking whether the rating is assessing risks, impacts or <u>someboth</u> <u>according to the double materiality principle</u> , <u>or any</u> other dimensions;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		rating;	
539	(e) the rating's scope – i.e., is it an aggregated rating (aggregating E and S and G factor), or a rating of individual factors or specific issues (e.g., transition risks);	(e) the rating's scope – i.e., is it an aggregated rating (aggregating E and S and G factor), or a rating of individual factors whether it covers a specific factor (E, S, or G) or specific issues (e.g., transition risks);	(e) the rating's scope – i.e., is it an aggregated rating (aggregating E and S and G factor), or a rating of individual factors or specific issues (e.g., transition risks);
540	(f) in the case of an aggregated ESG rating, weighting of the three overarching ESG factors categories (e.g., 33% Environment, 33% Social, 33% Governance), and the explanation of the weighting method, including weight per individual E, S and G factors;	(f) in the case of an aggregated ESG rating, weighting of the three overarching ESG factors categories (e.g., 33% Environment, 33% Social, 33% Governance), and the explanation of the weighting method, including weight per individual E, S and G factors;	(f) in the case of an aggregated ESG rating, weighting of the three overarching ESG factors categories (e.g., 33% Environment, 33% Social, 33% Governance), and the explanation of the weighting method, including weight per individual E, S and G factors and, where applicable, a materiality assessment;
541	(g) within the E, S or G factors, specification of	(g) within the E, S or G factors, specification of	(g) within the E, S or G factors, specification of

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	the topics covered by the ESG rating/score, and whether they correspond to the topics from the sustainability reporting standards developed pursuant to Article 29b of Directive 2013/34/EU;	the topics covered by the ESG rating/score, and whether they correspond to the topics from the sustainability reporting standards developed pursuant to Article 29b of Directive 2013/34/EU;	the topics covered by the ESG rating/score, and whether they correspond to the topics from the sustainability reporting standards developed pursuant to Article 29b of Directive 2013/34/EU;
542	(h) information on whether the rating is expressed in absolute or relative values,	(h) information on whether the rating is expressed in absolute or relative values, and if the ESG rating is expressed in relative value, a clear warning about the limitations of the methodology and the conclusions that can be drawn from that rating;	(h) information on whether the rating is expressed in absolute or relative values,
543	(i) Where applicable, reference to the use of Artificial Intelligence (AI) in the data collection or rating/scoring process;	(i) where applicable, reference to the use of Artificial Intelligence (AI) in the data collection or rating/scoring process <i>including information about current limitations or risks of those tools</i> ;	(i) where applicable, reference to the use of Artificial Intelligence (AI) in the data collection or rating/scoring process;

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
544	(j) general information on criteria used for establishing fees to clients, specifying the various elements taken into consideration, such as the involvement of data analysts, IT equipment, purchasing data;	(j) general information on criteria used for establishing fees to clients, specifying the various elements taken into consideration, such as the involvement of data analysts, IT equipment, purchasing data;	(j) general information on criteria used for establishing fees to clients, specifying the various elements taken into consideration, such as the involvement of data analysts, IT equipment, purchasing data and general information on the business/payment model;
545	(k) any limitation in data sources used for the construction of ESG ratings.	(k) <u>data sources used and</u> any limitation in <u>data sources used relation to them</u> for the construction of ESG ratings-;	(k) any limitation in data sources used for the construction of ESG ratings.
545a		(ka) in sufficient detail taking into account the nature of any conflicts of interest that arise, the general nature or sources of conflicts of interest and the steps taken to mitigate those risks;	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
545b		(kb) if an ESG rating provider chooses to include in its ESG rating KPIs covering the E factor, information on whether that rating considers the alignment of the business model and strategy of the company with the objectives of the transition to a sustainable economy and with the limiting of global warming, in line with the Paris Agreement;	
545c		(kc) if an ESG rating provider chooses to cover the S factor in its ESG rating, information on whether that rating considers the compliance of the rated entity with International Labour Organisation core conventions on Right to Organise and Collective Bargaining;	
545d		(kd) if an ESG rating provider chooses to	

Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	cover the G factor in its ESG rating, whether	
	<u>avoidance;</u>	
	available to ESG rating providers.	
Don't II. 2 Additional disalogues to years	Don't II. 2 Additional disclosures to years	Dent II 2 Additional disalogues to years
		Part II 2.—_Additional disclosures to users of ESG ratingratings and rated undertakings in
		scope of Directive 2013/34/EU
In addition to the elements referred to in Article	In addition to the elements referred to in Article	In accordance with Article 22 and in addition
		to the elements minimum disclosure to the
make available the following information to	where relevant, ESG rating subscribers shall	public referred to in Article 22 of the
European regulated financial undertakings and	make available the following information to	Regulation point 1 of this Annex, ESG rating
to undertakings in the scope of Directive	European regulated financial undertakings and	providers shall make available the following
	Part II 2. Additional disclosures to users of ESG rating and rated undertakings in scope of Directive 2013/34/EU In addition to the elements referred to in Article 22 of the Regulation, ESG rating providers shall make available the following information to European regulated financial undertakings and	cover the G factor in its ESG rating, whether the rated entity considers the alignment with international standard on tax evasion and avoidance; (ke) any limitation on the information available to ESG rating providers. Part II 2. Additional disclosures to users of ESG rating and rated undertakings in scope of Directive 2013/34/EU Part II 2. Additional disclosures to users of ESG rating and rated undertakings in scope of Directive 2013/34/EU In addition to the elements referred to in Article 22 of the Regulation, ESG rating providers shall make available the following information to where relevant, ESG rating subscribers shall make available the following information to

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	2013/34/EU that are subject of such rating:	to undertakings in the scope of Directive 2013/34/EU that are subject of such rating:	information to European regulated financial undertakings and to undertakings in the scope of Directive 2013/34/EU that are <i>the</i> subject of such rating:
548	(a) a more granular overview of the rating methodologies used (and changes thereto), including:	(a) a more granular overview of the rating methodologies used (and changes thereto), including:	(a) a more granular overview of the rating methodologies used (and changes thereto), including:
549	(1) where applicable, scientific evidence and assumptions on which the ratings are based,	(1) where applicable, scientific evidence and assumptions on which the ratings are based,	(1) where applicable, scientific evidence and assumptions on which the ratings are based,
550	(2) whether the analysis is backward-looking or forward-looking,	(2) whether the analysis is backward-looking or forward-looking <i>and the time horizon covered</i> ,	(2) whether the analysis is backward-looking or forward-looking,
550a		(2a) whether the analysis looks at potential	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		material financial risk to the rated entity, or potential material impact of the rated entity on the environment and on society in general, or both,	
550b		(2b) the industry classification used for the rated undertaking and why this classification is relevant,	
551	(3) which metrics have been selected as relevant,	deleted	(3) which metrics have been selected as relevant,
552	(4) the relevant KPIs per E, S and G factor, and weighting method,	(4) the relevant KPIs per E, S and G factor, and weighting method,	(4) the relevant KPIs per E, S and G factor, and weighting method,
552a		(4a) in the case of an aggregated ESG rating,	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
		the result of the assessment for each ESG factor category, each assessment result being based on a same scale, to ensure comparability of the E, S and G category,	
553	(5) any potential shortcomings of methodologies,	(5) any potential shortcomings of methodologies,	(5) any potential shortcomings of methodologies,
554	(6) policies for the revision of methodologies,	(6) policies for the revision of methodologies,	(6) policies for the revision of methodologies,
554a		(6a) any changes to rating methodologies, models, key rating assumptions or data sources (including estimates), reasons for these changes and their implications on ratings,	
555			

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	(7) last date of the revision;	(7) last date of the revision;	(7) last date of the revision;
555a		(7a) timing of data used for evaluation,	
555b		(7b) any errors in its ESG rating methodologies or in their application, including the measures taken once errors have been identified,	
555c		(7c) where the ESG rating includes KPIs covering the E factor, the extent to which the ESG rating is correlated with the percentage of taxonomy-alignment under Regulation (EU) 2020/852, together with an explanation of any significant deviations therefrom.	
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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	(b) a more granular overview of data processes, including:	(b) a more granular overview of data processes, including:	(b) a more granular overview description of data processes, including:
557	(1) more detailed explanation of data sources used – including whether public or non-public, mentioning whether derived from the sustainability reporting standards developed pursuant to Article 29b of Directive 2013/34/EU /Taxonomy/SFDR],	(1) more detailed explanation of data sources used – including whether public or non-public, mentioning whether derived from the sustainability reporting standards developed pursuant to Article 29b of Directive 2013/34/EU /Taxonomy/SFDR],	(1) <u>a</u> more detailed explanation of data sources used – including whether public or non-public, mentioning whether derived from the sustainability reporting standards developed pursuant to <u>Article 29bArticles 19 and 29</u> of Directive 2013/34/EU <u>Taxonomy/SFDRJ concerning sustainable</u> <u>economic activities and disclosure of</u> <u>information pursuant to Regulation (EU)</u> 2020/852 and Regulation (EU) 2019/2088, including whether and how information on companies' transition plans derived from such sustainability reporting standards is used;
558	(2) where applicable the use of estimation and industry average and explanation of the	(2) where applicable the use of estimation and proxies or industry average and explanation	(2) where applicable the use of estimation and industry average and explanation of the

17067/23 MP/lhg 279
ECOFIN.1.B EN

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	underlying methodology,	of the underlying methodology,	underlying methodology;
559	(3) the policies for updating data and revising historical data, date of last updates of data,	(3) the policies for updating data and revising historical data, date of last updates of data,	(3) the policies for updating data and revising historical data, date of last updates of data;
560	(4) data quality controls,	(4) data quality controls,	(4) data quality controls, their frequency and the remediation process if issues arise;
561	(5) any steps taken to address limitations in data sources, where applicable;	(5) any steps taken to address limitations in data sources, where applicable,	(5) any steps taken to address limitations in data sources, where applicable;
561a		(5a) whether the data used has been subject to an assurance review;	
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	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	(c) where applicable, information about engagement with rated entities;	(c) where applicable, information about engagement with rated entities including whether on-site reviews or inspections have been performed by the ESG rating provider and at what frequency;	(c) where applicable, information about engagement with rated entities;
562a		(ca) a statement on the limitations of the ratings, including information about engagement with the various stakeholders of a rated entity and how contradictory, incomplete or subjective information is handled;	
563	(d) where applicable, an explanation of any AI methodology used in the data collection or rating process;	(d) where applicable, an explanation of any AI methodology used in the data collection or rating process;	(d) where applicable, an explanation of any AI methodology used in the data collection or rating process;
564	(e) in case of a major new information on a	(e) in case of a major new information on a	(e) in case of a major new information on a

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate
	rated entity that has the possibility to affect the result of an ESG rating, ESG rating providers shall inform how they have taken that	rated entity that has the possibility to affect the result of an ESG rating, ESG rating providers shall inform how they have taken that	rated entity item that has the possibility to affect the result of an ESG rating, ESG rating providers shall inform how they have taken that
	information into account and whether they have amended the corresponding ESG rating.	information into account and whether they have amended the corresponding ESG rating.	information into account and whether they have amended the corresponding ESG rating.
564a		The information referred to in Part 2 of this Annex shall be specific to each ESG rating distributed.	