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PECHE 473

LEGISLATIVE ACTS AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS

Subject: COUNCIL REGULATION fixing for 2019 and 2020 the fishing opportunities

for Union fishing vessels for certain deep sea fish stocks

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COUNCIL REGULATION (EU) 2018/...

of ...

fixing for 2019 and 2020 the fishing opportunities for Union fishing vessels for certain deep-sea fish stocks

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 43(3) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,

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Whereas:

- (1) Article 43(3) of the Treaty provides that the Council, on a proposal from the Commission, is to adopt measures on the fixing and allocation of fishing opportunities.
- (2) Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹ requires that conservation measures be adopted taking into account available scientific, technical and economic advice, including, where relevant, reports drawn up by the Scientific, Technical and Economic Committee for Fisheries (STECF).
- (3) It is incumbent upon the Council to adopt measures on the fixing and allocation of fishing opportunities, including certain conditions functionally linked thereto, as appropriate. Fishing opportunities should be distributed among Member States in such a way as to assure each Member State relative stability of fishing activities for each stock or fishery and having due regard to the objectives of the common fisheries policy (CFP) established by Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013.

28.12.2013, p. 22).

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Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013 of 11 December 2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Common Fisheries Policy, amending Council Regulations (EC) No 1954/2003 and (EC) No 1224/2009 and repealing Council Regulations (EC) No 2371/2002 and (EC) No 639/2004 and Council Decision 2004/585/EC (OJ L 354,

- **(4)** The total allowable catches ('TACs') should be established on the basis of available scientific advice, taking into account biological and socioeconomic aspects whilst ensuring fair treatment between fishing sectors, as well as in the light of the opinions expressed during the consultation of stakeholders, and in particular the advisory councils concerned.
- (5) Where a TAC relating to a stock is allocated to one Member State only, it is appropriate to empower that Member State in accordance with Article 2(1) of the Treaty to determine the level of such TAC. Provisions should be made to ensure that, when fixing that TAC level, the Member State concerned acts in a manner fully consistent with the principles and rules of the CFP.

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Council Regulation (EC) No 847/96¹ introduced additional conditions for year-to-year management of TACs, including, under Articles 3 and 4 of that Regulation, flexibility provisions for precautionary and analytical TACs. Under Article 2 of that Regulation, when fixing the TACs, the Council is to decide to which stocks Article 3 or 4 of that Regulation is not to apply, in particular on the basis of the biological status of the stocks. More recently, a further year-to-year flexibility mechanism was introduced by Article 15(9) of Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013 for all stocks that are subject to the landing obligation. Therefore, in order to avoid excessive flexibility that would undermine the principle of rational and responsible exploitation of marine biological resources, hinder the achievement of the objectives of the CFP and result in the deterioration of the biological status of the stocks, it should be established that Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply to analytical TACs only where the year-to-year flexibility provided for in Article 15(9) of Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013 is not used.

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Council Regulation (EC) No 847/96 of 6 May 1996 introducing additional conditions for year-to-year management of TACs and quotas (OJ L 115, 9.5.1996, p. 3).

(7) The landing obligation referred to in Article 15 of Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013 is introduced on a fishery-by-fishery basis. In the regions covered by this Regulation, all species subject to catch limits should be landed as of 1 January 2019. Article 16(2) of Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013 provides that, when the landing obligation in respect of a fish stock is introduced, fishing opportunities are to be fixed taking into account the change from fixing fishing opportunities that reflect landings to fixing fishing opportunities that reflect catches. However, specific exemptions from the landing obligation are granted in accordance with Article 15(4) to (7) of that Regulation. On the basis of the joint recommendations submitted by the Member States and in accordance with Article 15 of that Regulation, the Commission adopted a number of delegated regulations laying down specific discard plans applicable for an initial period of no more than three years, renewable for a further total period of three years, implementing the landing obligation.

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- (8) Fishing opportunities should be in accordance with international agreements and principles, such as the 1995 United Nations agreement concerning the conservation and management of straddling stocks and highly migratory fish stocks¹, and the detailed management principles laid down in the 2008 International Guidelines for the Management of Deep-sea Fisheries in the High Seas of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, according to which, in particular, a regulator should be more cautious when information is uncertain, unreliable or inadequate. The absence of adequate scientific information should not be used as a reason for postponing or failing to take conservation and management measures.
- (9) The TAC and the Union quota for black scabbardfish in Union and international waters of 5, 6, 7 and 12 should be set taking into account that there are third-country catches from that stock and that the Union should have fishing opportunities corresponding to the share of historic catches from that stock.
- (10)In view of the International Council for the Exploration of the Sea (ICES) advice concerning a decrease in fishing opportunities, given a high quota uptake and in the light of the introduction of the full landing obligation in 2019, directed fisheries should not be allowed for alfonsinos in subareas 3 to 10, 12 and 14 (North Sea, North- and South-Western waters) and the TAC should be set for bycatches only.

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¹ Agreement on the implementation of the provisions of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea of 10 December 1982 relating to the conservation and management of straddling fish stocks and highly migratory fish stocks (OJ L 189, 3.7.1998, p. 16).

(11)According to the advice provided by ICES, limited on-board observations show that the percentage of roughhead grenadier has been less than 1 % of the reported catches of roundnose grenadier. On the basis of those considerations, ICES advises that there should be no directed fisheries for roughhead grenadier and that bycatches should be counted against the TAC for roundnose grenadier in order to minimise the potential for species misreporting. ICES indicates that there are considerable differences, of more than one order of magnitude (more than ten times), between the relative proportions of roundnose and roughhead grenadier reported in the official landings and the observed catches and scientific surveys in the areas where the fishery for roughhead grenadier currently occurs. There is very limited data available for this species, and some of the reported landing data are considered by ICES to be species misreporting. As a consequence, it is not possible to establish an accurate historical record of catches of roughhead grenadier. Therefore, any bycatches for roughhead grenadier should be limited to 1 % of each Member State's quota of roundnose grenadier and counted against that quota, in line with the scientific advice. If roughhead grenadier is considered a bycatch only to roundnose grenadier and belongs to the same TAC there will no longer be any misreporting.

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- (12) In view of the ICES advice, it is appropriate that the TAC for red seabream in ICES subareas 6, 7 and 8 (North-Western waters) be kept as a bycatch-only TAC.
- Catches of red seabream are taken from the relevant Fishery Committee for the Eastern Central Atlantic (CECAF) and General Fisheries Commission for the Mediterranean (GFCM) areas, which border on ICES subarea 9. Given that ICES data for those adjacent areas are incomplete, the scope of the TAC should remain limited to ICES subarea 9. Nevertheless, with a view to ensuring that management decisions are made on the best available basis, provisions have been made for data reporting for those adjacent areas.
- (14) For red seabream in ICES subarea 10, no ICES advice has been provided for 2020. However, fishing opportunities should be set for both 2019 and 2020. It is possible that an appropriate amendment to the fishing opportunities established by this Regulation will be needed when the scientific advice is issued for 2020.

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- (15) In view of the low uptake and the fact that no targeted fishing is taking place, the TAC for black scabbardfish in ICES subareas 1 to 4 (North Sea and Skagerrak) should no longer be set.
- (16) The TACs for roundnose grenadier in ICES subareas 1, 2 and 4 (North Sea) and greater forkbeard in ICES subareas 1 to 10, 12 and 14 should no longer be set. The ICES advice establishes that the absence of TACs would result in no or a low risk of unsustainable exploitation.
- (17) ICES advises that there should be no catches of orange roughy until 2020. It is appropriate for the fishing, retaining on board, transhipping and landing of that species to be prohibited, as the stock is depleted and is not recovering. ICES notes that there have been no directed Union fisheries for orange roughy in the North-East Atlantic since 2010.

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(18)ICES advises that the fishing mortality of deep-sea sharks should be minimised and no targeted fishing should be permitted. The deep-sea sharks are long-lived species with low reproductive rates and have quickly become overexploited. Fishing opportunities for such species should therefore be fully restricted through a general prohibition on fishing those species. However, directed artisanal deep-sea fisheries for black scabbardfish that use longlines have unavoidable bycatches of deep-sea sharks, which are currently discarded dead. Longlines are recognised as a selective fishing gear in such fisheries. Even with this gear, however, accidental bycatches of deep-sea sharks have proved to be unavoidable. Therefore, a restrictive TAC for unavoidable bycatches of those species in directed fisheries for black scabbardfish that use longlines should be maintained. The Member States concerned should further develop regional management measures for the fishing of black scabbardfish with a view to reducing bycatches of deep-sea sharks. In addition, they should establish specific data-collection measures for deep-sea sharks in order to ensure that those stocks are closely monitored. Fixing a Union bycatch allowance for deep-sea sharks in Union and international waters of ICES subareas 5 to 9, in Union and international waters of ICES subarea 10 and in Union waters of CECAF 34.1.1, 34.1.2 and 34.2 is without prejudice to the principle of relative stability as regards deep-sea sharks in those areas.

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(19) In order to avoid the interruption of fishing activities and to ensure the livelihood of the fishermen of the Union, this Regulation should apply from 1 January 2019. In order to allow the Member States to ensure a timely application of this Regulation, it should enter into force immediately after its publication,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

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Subject matter

This Regulation fixes for the years 2019 and 2020 the annual fishing opportunities available to Union fishing vessels for fish stocks of certain deep-sea species in Union waters and in certain non-Union waters where catch limits are required.

Article 2

Definitions

- 1. For the purposes of this Regulation, the definitions referred to in Article 4 of Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013 shall apply. In addition, the following definitions apply:
 - 'total allowable catch' (TAC) means: (a)
 - (i) in fisheries subject to the exemption of the landing obligation referred to in Article 15(4) to (7) of Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013, the quantity of fish that can be landed from each stock each year;
 - (ii) in all other fisheries, the quantity of fish that can be caught from each stock each year;

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- 'quota' means a proportion of the TAC allocated to the Union or a Member State; (b)
- (c) 'international waters' means waters falling outside the sovereignty or jurisdiction of any State;
- 'analytical assessment' means quantitative evaluations of trends in a given stock, (d) based on data about the stock's biology and exploitation, which scientific review has indicated to be of sufficient quality to provide scientific advice on options for future catches.
- 2. For the purposes of this Regulation, the following zone definitions shall apply:
 - (a) ICES (International Council for the Exploration of the Sea) zones are the geographical areas specified in Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 218/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹;
 - CECAF (Committee for Eastern Central Atlantic Fisheries) zones are the (b) geographical areas specified in Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 216/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council².

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¹ Regulation (EC) No 218/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 March 2009 on the submission of nominal catch statistics by Member States fishing in the north-east Atlantic (OJ L 87, 31.3.2009, p. 70).

² Regulation (EC) No 216/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 March 2009 on the submission of nominal catch statistics by Member States fishing in certain areas other than those of the North Atlantic (OJ L 87, 31.3.2009, p. 1).

TACs and allocations

The TACs for deep-sea species caught by Union fishing vessels in Union waters or in certain non-Union waters, the allocation of such TACs among Member States and the conditions functionally linked thereto, where appropriate, are set out in the Annex.

Article 4

TACs to be determined by Member States

- 1. The TAC for black scabbardfish in CECAF 34.1.2 shall be determined by Portugal.
- 2. The TAC to be determined by Portugal shall:
 - (a) be consistent with the principles and rules of the common fisheries policy, in particular the principle of the sustainable exploitation of the stock; and
 - (b) result:
 - if an analytical assessment is available, in the exploitation of the stock (i) consistent with maximum sustainable yield from 2019 onwards, with as high a probability as possible; or

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- (ii) if an analytical assessment is unavailable or incomplete, in the exploitation of the stock consistent with the precautionary approach to fisheries management.
- 3. By 15 March in each year of the application of this Regulation, Portugal shall submit the following information to the Commission:
 - (a) the TAC adopted;
 - (b) the data collected and assessed by Portugal on which the TAC adopted is based;
 - (c) details on how the TAC adopted complies with paragraph 2.

Special provisions on the allocation of fishing opportunities

- 1. The allocation of fishing opportunities among Member States as set out in this Regulation shall be without prejudice to:
 - (a) exchanges made pursuant to Article 16(8) of Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013;

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- deductions and reallocations made pursuant to Article 37 of Council Regulation (EC) (b) No 1224/2009¹;
- (c) reallocations made pursuant to Article 12(7) of Regulation (EU) 2017/2403 of the European Parliament and of the Council²;
- (d) additional landings allowed under Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 and 15(9) of Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013;
- (e) quantities withheld in accordance with Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 and Article 15(9) of Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013;
- (f) deductions made pursuant to Articles 105, 106 and 107 of Regulation (EC) No 1224/2009.

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Council Regulation (EC) No 1224/2009 of 20 November 2009 establishing a Community control system for ensuring compliance with the rules of the common fisheries policy, amending Regulations (EC) No 847/96, (EC) No 2371/2002, (EC) No 811/2004, (EC) No 768/2005, (EC) No 2115/2005, (EC) No 2166/2005, (EC) No 388/2006, (EC) No 509/2007, (EC) No 676/2007, (EC) No 1098/2007, (EC) No 1300/2008, (EC) No 1342/2008 and repealing Regulations (EEC) No 2847/93, (EC) No 1627/94 and (EC) No 1966/2006 (OJ L 343, 22.12.2009, p. 1).

² Regulation (EU) 2017/2403 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2017 on the sustainable management of external fishing fleets, and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 1006/2008 (OJ L 347, 28.12.2017, p. 81).

- 2. Stocks which are subject to precautionary or analytical TACs are identified in the Annex to this Regulation for the purposes of the year-to-year management of TACs and quotas provided for in Regulation (EC) No 847/96.
- 3. Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 shall apply to stocks subject to precautionary TACs, whereas Article 3(2) and (3) and Article 4 of that Regulation shall apply to stocks subject to analytical TACs, except where otherwise specified in the Annex to this Regulation.
- 4. Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 shall not apply where a Member State uses the year-to-year flexibility provided for in Article 15(9) of Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013.

Conditions for landing catches and bycatches

Catches that are not subject to the landing obligation established in Article 15 of Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013 shall be retained on board or landed only if they:

- (a) have been taken by vessels flying the flag of a Member State having a quota and that quota has not been exhausted; or
- (b) consist of a share in a Union quota which has not been allocated by quota among Member States, and that Union quota has not been exhausted.

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Prohibition

- 1. It shall be prohibited for Union fishing vessels to fish for orange roughy (*Hoplostethus atlanticus*) in Union and international waters of ICES subareas 1 to 10, 12 and 14, and to retain on board, to tranship or to land orange roughy caught in that area.
- 2. It shall be prohibited for Union fishing vessels to fish for deep-sea sharks in ICES subareas 5 to 9, in Union and international waters of ICES subarea 10, in international waters of ICES subarea 12 and in Union waters of CECAF 34.1.1, 34.1.2 and 34.2 and to retain on board, tranship, relocate or land deep-sea sharks caught in those areas, with the exception of cases where TACs apply for bycatches in fisheries for black scabbardfish that use longlines as set out in the Annex.

Article 8

Data transmission

When, pursuant to Articles 33 and 34 of Regulation (EC) No 1224/2009, Member States submit to the Commission data relating to landings of quantities of stocks caught, they shall use the stock codes set out in the Annex to this Regulation.

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Article 9 Entry into force

This Regulation shall enter into force on the date following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

It shall apply from 1 January 2019.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council
The President

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ANNEX

The references to fishing zones are references to ICES zones, unless otherwise specified.

PART 1

Definition of species and species groups

1. In the list set out in Part 2 of this Annex, fish stocks are referred to following the alphabetical order of the Latin names of the species. However, the deep-sea sharks are placed at the beginning of that list. For the purposes of this Regulation, the following comparative table of common names and Latin names is provided:

Common name	Alpha-3 code	Scientific name
Black scabbardfish	BSF	Aphanopus carbo
Alfonsinos	ALF	Beryx spp.
Roundnose grenadier	RNG	Coryphaenoides rupestris
Roughhead grenadier	RHG	Macrourus berglax
Red seabream	SBR	Pagellus bogaraveo

2. For the purposes of this Regulation, 'deep-sea sharks' means the following list of species:

Common name	Alpha-3 code	Scientific name
Deep-water catsharks	API	Apristurus spp.
Frilled shark	HXC	Chlamydoselachus anguineus
Gulper shark	CWO	Centrophorus spp.
Portuguese dogfish	CYO	Centroscymnus coelolepis
Longnose velvet dogfish	CYP	Centroscymnus crepidater
Black dogfish	CFB	Centroscyllium fabricii
Birdbeak dogfish	DCA	Deania calcea
Kitefin shark	SCK	Dalatias licha
Great lanternshark	ETR	Etmopterus princeps
Velvet belly	ETX	Etmopterus spinax
Mouse catshark	GAM	Galeus murinus
Bluntnose sixgill shark	SBL	Hexanchus griseus
Sailfin roughshark (Sharpback shark)	OXN	Oxynotus paradoxus
Knifetooth dogfish	SYR	Scymnodon ringens
Greenland shark	GSK	Somniosus microcephalus

PART 2
Annual fishing opportunities (in tonnes live weight)

Species:	Deep-sea sharks				Zone: Union and international waters of 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9
					(DWS/56789-)
Year	2019		2020		Precautionary TAC
Union	7	(1)	7	(1)	Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 shall not apply
TAC	7	(1)	7	(1)	
(1)	Exclusively for bycatche permitted under this quo		heries for blac	bbardfish that use longlines. No directed fisheries are	

Species:	Deep-sea sharks				Zone: Union and international waters of 10
					(DWS/10-)
Year	2019		2020		Precautionary TAC
Portugal	7	(1)	7	(1)	Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 shall not apply
Union	7	(1)	7	(1)	
TAC	7	(1)	7	(1)	
(1)	Exclusively for bycatche permitted under this quo		eries for black	scal	bbardfish that use longlines. No directed fisheries are

Species:	: Deep-sea sharks				Zone: Union waters of CECAF 34.1.1, 34.1.2 and 34.2		
					(DWS/F3412C)		
Year	2019		2020		Precautionary TAC		
Union	7	(1)	7	(1)	Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 shall not apply		
TAC	7	(1)	7	(1)			
(1)	Exclusively for bycatches in fisheries for black scabbardfish that use longlines. No directed fisheries are permitted under this quota.						

Species:	Black scabbardfish	ı	Zone: Union and international waters of 5, 6, 7 and 12
	Aphanopus carbo		(BSF/56712-)
Year	2019	2020	Precautionary TAC
Germany	28	28	
Estonia	14	14	
Ireland	71	71	
Spain	140	140	
France	1 976	1 976	
Latvia	92	92	
Lithuania	1	1	
Poland	1	1	
United Kingdom	140	140	
Others	7	(1) 7	(1)
Union	2 470	2 470	
TAC	2 470	2 470	
(1) Exclusiv	vely for bycatches. N	o directed fisherie	s are permitted under this quota.

Species:	Black scabbardfish		Zone: Union and international waters of 8, 9 and 10
	Aphanopus carbo		(BSF/8910-)
Year	2019	2020	Precautionary TAC
Spain	9	9	
France	22	22	
Portugal	2 801	2 801	
Union	2 832	2 832	
TAC	2 832	2 832	

Species:	Black scabbardfish		Zone: Union and international waters of CECAF 34.1.2					
	Aphanopus carbo		(BSF/C3412-)					
Year	2019	2020	Precautionary TAC					
Portugal	To be established	To be established	Article 4 of this Regulation applies.					
Union	To be established (1)	To be established	(1)					
TAC	To be established (1)	To be established	(1)					
(1)	Established at the same quantity as the quota for Portugal.							

Species:	Alfonsinos				Zone:	Union and international waters of 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12 and 14
	Beryx spp.					(ALF/3X14-)
Year	20	19	20	20	Precaut	tionary TAC
Ireland	8	(1)	8	(1)		
Spain	57	(1)	57	(1)		
France	15	(1)	15	(1)		
Portugal	164	(1)	164	(1)		
United Kingdom	8	(1)	8	(1)		
Union	252	(1)	252	(1)		
TAC	252	(1)	252	(1)		
(1) Ex	xclusively for bycat	ches. No	directed fishe	ries are	e permitted	l under this quota.

Species:	Roundnose	grenadier			Zone:	Union and international waters of 3
	Coryphaeno	oides rupestris	ï			(RNG/03-)
Year	2	019		2020	Precauti	onary TAC
Denmark	48	(1)(2)	48	(1)(2)		
Germany	0	(1)(2)	0	(1)(2)		
Sweden	2	(1)(2)	2	(1)(2)		
Union	50	(1)(2)	50	(1)(2)		
TAC	50	(1)(2)	50	(1)(2)		
(1)	Exclusively for	bycatches. No	directed	l fisheries are	permitted	l under this quota.
(2)	No directed fisheries of roughhead grenadier are permitted. Bycatches of roughhead grenadier (RHG/03-) shall be counted against this quota. They may not exceed 1 % of the quota.					

Species:	Roundnose g	renadier			Zone:	Union and international waters of 5b, 6 and 7
	Coryphaenoi	des rupestris				(RNG/5B67-)
Year	2019		2020		Precaut	ionary TAC
Germany	5	(1)(2)	5	(1)(2)		
Estonia	37	(1)(2)	37	(1)(2)		
Ireland	166	(1)(2)	166	(1)(2)		
Spain	41	(1)(2)	41	(1)(2)		
France	2 108	(1)(2)	2 108	(1)(2)		
Lithuania	a 48	(1)(2)	48	(1)(2)		
Poland	24	(1)(2)	24	(1)(2)		
United Kingdon	124	(1)(2)	124	(1)(2)		
Others	5	(1)(2)(3)	5	(1)(2)(3)		
Union	2 558	(1)(2)	2 558	(1)(2)		
TAC	2 558	(1)(2)	2 558	(1)(2)		
(1)						nd international waters of 8, 9, 10, 12 and 14 ghhead grenadier bycatches).
(2)	No directed fisheries of roughhead grenadier are permitted. Bycatches of roughhead grenadier (RHG/5B67-) shall be counted against this quota. They may not exceed 1 % of the quota.					
(3)	Exclusively for by	catches. No c	lirected fis	heries are	permitted	

Species:	Roundnose gre	enadier			Zone:	Union and international waters of 8, 9, 10, 12 and 14	
	Coryphaenoid	es rupes	tris			(RNG/8X14-)	
Year	2019		2020		Precaut	tionary TAC	
Germany	15	(1)(2)	15	(1)(2)			
Ireland	3	(1)(2)	3	(1)(2)			
Spain	1 638	(1)(2)	1 638	(1)(2)			
France	76	(1)(2)	76	(1)(2)			
Latvia	26	(1)(2)	26	(1)(2)			
Lithuania	a 3	(1)(2)	3	(1)(2)			
Poland	513	(1)(2)	513	(1)(2)			
United	7	(1)(2)	7	(1)(2)			
Kingdon		(1)(2)	2 201	(1)(2)			
Union	2 281		2 281				
TAC	2 281	(1)(2)	2 281	(1)(2)			
(1)	A maximum of 10 % for roundnose grenad					nd international waters of 5b, 6, 7 (RNG/*5B67-er bycatches).	
(2)	No directed fisheries of roughhead grenadier are permitted. Bycatches of roughhead grenadier (RHG/8X14-) shall be counted against this quota. They may not exceed 1 % of the quota.						

Species:	Red se	abream			Zone:	Union and international waters of 6, 7 and 8	
	Pagell	us bogarave	ro			(SBR/678-)	
Year	2019		2020	2020		Precautionary TAC	
Ireland	3	(1)	3	(1)			
Spain	94	(1)	84	(1)			
France	5	(1)	4	(1)			
United Kingdom	12	(1)	11	(1)			
Others	3	(1)	3	(1)			
Union	117	(1)	105	(1)			
TAC	117	(1)	105	(1)			
(1) Excl	usively for b	ycatches. No	o directed fish	eries ar	re permitted	under this quota.	

Species:	Red seabream		Zone: Union and international waters of 9 ⁽¹⁾
	Pagellus bogaraveo		(SBR/9-)
Year	2019	2020	Precautionary TAC
Spain	117	117	
Portugal	32	32	
Union	149	149	
TAC	149	149	
	atches in the GFCM area 37.1.1		ss be reported (SBR/F3711). Catches in the CECAF a

Species:	Red seabream		Zone: Union and international waters of 10
	Pagellus bogaraveo		(SBR/10-)
Year	2019	2020	Precautionary TAC
Spain	5	5	
Portugal	566	566	
United Kingdom	5	5	
Union	576	576	
TAC	576	576	